H. R. 1827

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

March 9, 2000

Received; read twice and referred to the Committee on Governmental Affairs

AN ACT

To improve the economy and efficiency of Government operations by requiring the use of recovery audits and recovery activity by Federal agencies.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION. 1. SHORT TITLE.

- This Act may be cited as the "Government Waste
- 3 Corrections Act of 2000".

4 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

- 5 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:
- 6 (1) Overpayments are a serious problem for 7 Federal agencies, given the magnitude and com-8 plexity of Federal operations and documented and 9 widespread financial management weaknesses. Fed-10 eral agency overpayments waste tax dollars and de-11 tract from the efficiency and effectiveness of Federal 12 operations by diverting resources from their intended
 - (2) In private industry, overpayments to providers of goods and services occur for a variety of reasons, including duplicate payments, pricing errors, and missed cash discounts, rebates, or other allowances. The identification and recovery of such overpayments, commonly referred to as "recovery auditing and activity", is an established private sector business practice with demonstrated large financial returns. On average, recovery auditing and activity in the private sector identify overpayment rates of 0.1 percent of purchases audited and result \$1,000,000 in the recovery of for each \$1,000,000,000 of purchases.

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- 1 (3) Recovery auditing and recovery activity al-2 ready have been employed successfully in limited 3 areas of Federal activity. They have great potential for expansion to many other Federal agencies and 5 activities, thereby resulting in the recovery of sub-6 stantial amounts of overpayments annually. Limited 7 recovery audits conducted by private contractors to 8 date within the Department of Defense have identi-9 fied errors averaging 0.4 percent of Federal pay-10 \$4,000,000 ments audited. orfor everv 11 \$1,000,000,000 of payments. If fully implemented 12 within the Federal Government, recovery auditing 13 and recovery activity have the potential to recover 14 billions of dollars in Federal overpayments annually. 15 (b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are the fol-
 - (1) To ensure that overpayments made by the Federal Government that would otherwise remain undetected are identified and recovered.
 - (2) To require the use of recovery audit and recovery activity by Federal agencies.
 - (3) To provide incentives and resources to improve Federal management practices with the goal of significantly reducing Federal overpayment rates and other waste and error in Federal programs.

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1	SEC. 3. ESTABLISHMENT OF RECOVERY AUDIT REQUIRE-
2	MENT.
3	(a) Establishment of Requirement.—Chapter
4	35 of title 31, United States Code, is amended by adding
5	at the end the following:
6	"SUBCHAPTER VI—RECOVERY AUDITS
7	"§ 3561. Definitions
8	"In this subchapter, the following definitions apply:
9	"(1) Amounts collected.—The term
10	'amounts collected' means monies received or cred-
11	ited, by any means, including setoff, by the United
12	States Government.
13	"(2) CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER.—The term
14	'Chief Financial Officer' means the official estab-
15	lished by section 901 of this title, or the functional
16	equivalent of such official in the case of any agency
17	that does not have a Chief Financial Officer under
18	that section.
19	"(3) DIRECTOR.—The term 'Director' means
20	the Director of the Office of Management and Budg-
21	et.
22	"(4) Disclose.—The term 'disclose' means to
23	release, publish, transfer, provide access to, or other-
24	wise divulge individually identifiable information to
25	any person other than the individual who is the sub-
26	ject of the information.

1	"(5) Facial-discrepancy payment error.—
2	The term 'facial-discrepancy payment error'—
3	"(A) except as provided in subparagraph
4	(B), means any payment error that results
5	from, is substantiated by, or is identified as a
6	result of information contained on any invoice,
7	delivery order, bill of lading, statement of ac-
8	count, or other submission given to the Govern-
9	ment by a supplier of goods or services in the
10	usual and customary conduct of business, or as
11	required by law or contract to substantiate pay-
12	ment for such goods or services, including any
13	such document submitted electronically; and
14	"(B) does not include payment errors iden-
15	tified, resulting, or supported from documents
16	that are—
17	"(i) records of a proprietary nature,
18	maintained solely by the supplier of goods
19	or services;
20	"(ii) not specifically required to be
21	provided to the Government by contract,
22	law, regulation, or to substantiate pay-
23	ment; or
24	"(iii) submitted to the Government for
25	evaluative purposes prior to the award of a

- 1 contract, as part of the evaluation and 2 award process.
 - "(6) Individually identifiable information.—The term 'individually identifiable information' means any information, whether oral or recorded in any form or medium, that identifies the individual or with respect to which there is a reasonable basis to believe that the information can be used to identify the individual.
 - "(7) Oversight.—The term 'oversight' means activities by a Federal, State, or local governmental entity, or by another entity acting on behalf of such a governmental entity, to enforce laws relating to, investigate, or regulate payment activities, recovery activities, and recovery audit activities.
 - "(8) Payment activity.—The term 'payment activity' means an executive agency activity that entails making payments to vendors or other non-governmental entities that provide property or services for the direct benefit and use of an executive agency.
 - "(9) RECOVERY AUDIT.—The term 'recovery audit' means a financial management technique applied internally by Government employees, or by private sector contractors, and used by executive agen-

1 cies to audit their internal records to identify facial-2 discrepancy payment errors made by those executive agencies to vendors and other entities in connection 3 4 with a payment activity, including facial-discrepancy 5 payment errors that result from any of the following: 6 "(A) Duplicate payments. 7 "(B) Invoice errors. "(C) Failure to provide applicable dis-8 9 counts, rebates, or other allowances. 10 "(D) Any other facial-discrepancy errors 11 resulting in inaccurate payments. 12 "(10) Recovery activity.—The term 'recov-13 ery activity' means executive agency activity other-14 wise authorized by law, including chapter 37 of this 15 title, to attempt to collect an identified overpayment. "(11) Recovery audit contractor.—The 16 17 term 'recovery audit contractor' means any person 18 who has been hired by an executive agency to per-19 form a recovery audit pursuant to a recovery audit 20 contract. 21 "§ 3562. Recovery audit requirement 22 "(a) In General.—Except as exempted under section 3565(d) of this title, the head of each executive

agency—

1	"(1) shall conduct for each fiscal year recovery
2	audits and recovery activity with respect to payment
3	activities of the agency if such payment activities for
4	the fiscal year total \$500,000,000 or more (adjusted
5	by the Director annually for inflation);
6	"(2) may conduct for any fiscal year recovery
7	audits and recovery activity with respect to payment
8	activities of the agency if such payment activities for
9	the fiscal year total less than \$500,000,000 (ad-
10	justed by the Director annually for inflation); and
11	"(3) may request that the Director exempt a
12	payment activity, in whole or in part, from the re-
13	quirement to conduct recovery audits under para-
14	graph (1) if the head of the executive agency deter-
15	mines and can demonstrate that compliance with
16	such requirement—
17	"(A) would impede the agency's mission
18	or
19	"(B) would not, or would no longer be
20	cost-effective.
21	"(b) Procedures.—In conducting recovery audits
22	and recovery activity under this section, the head of ar
23	executive agency—

- 1 "(1) shall consult and coordinate with the Chief 2 Financial Officer and the Inspector General of the 3 agency to avoid any duplication of effort;
 - "(2) shall implement this section in a manner designed to ensure the greatest financial benefit to the Government;
 - "(3) may conduct recovery audits and recovery activity internally in accordance with the standards issued by the Director under section 3565(b)(2) of this title, or by procuring performance of recovery audits, or by any combination thereof; and
 - "(4) shall ensure that such recovery audits and recovery activity are carried out consistent with the standards issued by the Director under section 3565(b)(2) of this subchapter.

"(c) Scope of Audits.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Each recovery audit of a payment activity under this section shall cover payments made by the payment activity in the preceding fiscal year, except that the first recovery audit of a payment activity shall cover payments made during the fiscal year in which the Government Waste Corrections Act of 2000 is enacted, and payments made in the preceding fiscal year.

"(2) Additional fiscal years.—The head of 1 2 an executive agency may conduct recovery audits of 3 payment activities for additional preceding fiscal years if determined by the agency head to be prac-5 tical and cost-effective subject to any statute of limi-6 tations constraints regarding recordkeeping under 7 applicable law. 8 "(d) Recovery Audit Contracts.— 9 "(1) AUTHORITY TO USE CONTINGENCY CON-10 TRACTS.—Notwithstanding section 3302(b) of this 11 title, as consideration for performance of any recov-12 ery audit procured by an executive agency, the exec-13 utive agency may pay the recovery audit contractor 14 an amount equal to a percentage of the total amount 15 collected by the United States as a result of overpay-16 ments identified by the contractor in the audit. 17 "(2) Additional functions of recovery 18 AUDIT CONTRACTOR.— 19 "(A) IN GENERAL.—In addition to per-20 formance of a recovery audit, a contract for 21 such performance may authorize the recovery 22 audit contractor (subject to subparagraph (B)) 23 to— "(i) notify any person of possible over-24 25 payments made to the person and identi-

1	fied in the recovery audit under the con-
2	tract; and
3	"(ii) respond to questions concerning
4	such overpayments.
5	"(B) Limitation.—A contract for per-
6	formance of a recovery audit shall not affect—
7	"(i) the authority of the head of an
8	executive agency, or any other person,
9	under the Contract Disputes Act of 1978
10	and other applicable laws, including the
11	authority to initiate litigation or referrals
12	for litigation; or
13	"(ii) the requirements of sections
14	3711, 3716, 3718, and 3720 of this title
15	that the head of an agency resolve dis-
16	putes, compromise, or terminate overpay-
17	ment claims, collect by setoff, and other-
18	wise engage in recovery activity with re-
19	spect to overpayments identified by the re-
20	covery audit.
21	"(3) Limitation on Authority.—Nothing in
22	this subchapter shall be construed to authorize a re-
23	covery audit contractor with an executive agency—
24	"(A) to require the production of any
25	record or information by any person other than

1	an officer, employee, or agent of the executive
2	agency; and
3	"(B) to establish, or otherwise have a
4	physical presence on the property or premises
5	of any private sector entity as part of its con-
6	tractual obligations to an executive agency.
7	"(4) Required contract terms and condi-
8	TIONS.—The head of an executive agency shall in-
9	clude in each contract for procurement of perform-
10	ance of a recovery audit requirements that the con-
11	tractor shall—
12	"(A) protect from improper use, and pro-
13	tect from disclosure to any person who is inter-
14	nal or external to the firm of the recovery audit
15	contractor and who is not directly involved in
16	the identification or recovery of overpayments,
17	otherwise confidential or proprietary business
18	information, and any financial information, that
19	may be viewed or obtained in the course of car-
20	rying out a recovery audit for an executive
21	agency;
22	"(B) provide to the head of the executive
23	agency and the Inspector General of the execu-
24	tive agency periodic reports on conditions giving

rise to overpayments identified by the recovery

audit contractor and any recommendations on
how to mitigate such conditions;

- "(C) notify the head of the executive agency and the Inspector General of the executive agency of any overpayments identified by the contractor pertaining to the executive agency or to another executive agency that are beyond the scope of the contract; and
- "(D) promptly notify the head of the executive agency and the Inspector General of the executive agency of any indication of fraud or other criminal activity discovered in the course of the audit.
- "(5) EXECUTIVE AGENCY ACTION FOLLOWING NOTIFICATION.—The head of an executive agency shall take prompt and appropriate action in response to a notification by a recovery audit contractor pursuant to the requirements under paragraph (4), including forwarding to other executive agencies any information that applies to them.
- "(6) Contracting requirements.—Prior to contracting for any recovery audit, the head of an executive agency shall conduct a public-private cost comparison process. The outcome of the cost comparison process shall determine whether the recovery

- audit is performed in-house or by a recovery audit
- 2 contractor.
- 3 "(e) Inspectors General.—Nothing in this sub-
- 4 chapter shall be construed as diminishing the authority
- 5 of any Inspector General, including such authority under
- 6 the Inspector General Act of 1978.
- 7 "(f) Relationship to Other Audit Author-
- 8 ITY.—Nothing in this subchapter shall be construed as di-
- 9 minishing the authority granted under section 3726 of this
- 10 title.
- 11 "(g) Privacy Protections.—
- 12 "(1) Limitation on disclosure of individ-
- 13 UALLY IDENTIFIABLE INFORMATION.—(A) Any non-
- 14 governmental entity that obtains individually identi-
- 15 fiable information through performance of recovery
- auditing or recovery activity under this chapter may
- disclose that information only for the purpose of
- such auditing or activity, respectively, and oversight
- of such auditing or activity, unless otherwise author-
- ized by the individual that is the subject of the infor-
- 21 mation.
- 22 "(B) Any person that violates subparagraph
- (A) shall be liable for any damages (including non-
- 24 pecuniary damages, costs, and attorneys fees)
- caused by the violation.

1 "(2) Destruction or return of informa-2 TION.—(A) Upon the date described in subpara-3 graph (B), a nongovernmental entity having possession of individually identifiable information disclosed 5 in the course of a recovery audit or recovery activity 6 under this chapter performed by the nongovern-7 mental entity shall destroy the information or return 8 it to the person from whom it was obtained, unless 9 another applicable law requires retention of the in-10 formation.

"(B)(i) Except as provided in clause (ii), the date referred to in subparagraph (A) is the date of conclusion of the matter or need for which the information was disclosed.

"(ii) If on the date referred to in clause (i) the nongovernmental entity has actual notice of any oversight of the recovery auditing or recovery activity, the date referred to in subparagraph (A) is the date of the conclusion of such oversight.

20 "§ 3563. Disposition of amounts collected

"(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 3302(b) of this title, the amounts collected annually by the United States as a result of recovery audits by an executive agency under this subchapter shall be treated in accordance with this section.

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1	"(b) Use for Recovery Audit Costs.—Amounts
2	referred to in subsection (a) shall be available to the execu-
3	tive agency—
4	"(1) to pay amounts owed to any recovery audit
5	contractor for performance of the audit;
6	"(2) to reimburse any applicable appropriation
7	for other recovery audit costs incurred by the execu-
8	tive agency with respect to the audit; and
9	"(3) to pay any fees authorized under chapter
10	37 of this title.
11	"(c) Use for Management Improvement Pro-
12	GRAM.—Of the amount referred to in subsection (a), a
13	sum not to exceed 25 percent of such amount—
14	"(1) shall be available to the executive agency
15	to carry out the management improvement program
16	of the agency under section 3564 of this title;
17	"(2) may be credited for that purpose by the
18	agency head to any agency appropriations that are
19	available for obligation at the time of collection; and
20	"(3) shall remain available for the same period
21	as the appropriations to which credited.
22	"(d) Remainder to Treasury.—Of the amount re-
23	ferred to in subsection (a), there shall be deposited into
24	the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts a sum equal to—
25	"(1) 50 percent of such amount; plus

1 "(2) such other amounts as remain after the 2 application of subsections (b) and (c).

"(e) Limitation on Application.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—This section shall not apply to amounts collected through recovery audits and recovery activity to the extent that such application would be inconsistent with another provision of law that authorizes crediting of the amounts to a non-appropriated fund instrumentality, revolving fund, working capital fund, trust fund, or other fund or account.

"(2) Subsections (c) and (d).—Subsections (c) and (d) shall not apply to amounts collected through recovery audits and recovery activity, to the extent that such amounts are derived from an appropriation or fund that remains available for obligation at the time the amounts are collected.

18 "§ 3564. Management improvement program

"(a) Conduct of Program.—

"(1) Required programs.—The head of each executive agency that is required to conduct recovery audits under section 3562 of this title shall conduct a management improvement program under this section, consistent with guidelines prescribed by the Director.

1	"(2) DISCRETIONARY PROGRAMS.—The head of
2	any other executive agency that conducts recovery
3	audits under section 3562 that meet the standards
4	issued by the Director under section 3565(b)(2) may
5	conduct a management improvement program under
6	this section.
7	"(b) Program Features.—In conducting the pro-
8	gram, the head of the executive agency—
9	"(1) shall, as the first priority of the program,
10	address problems that contribute directly to agency
11	overpayments; and
12	"(2) may seek to reduce errors and waste in
13	other programs and operations of that executive
14	agency by improving the executive agency's staff ca-
15	pacity, information technology, and financial man-
16	agement.
17	"(c) Integration With Other Activities.—The
18	head of an executive agency—
19	"(1) subject to paragraph (2), may integrate
20	the program under this section, in whole or in part,
21	with other management improvement programs and
22	activities of that agency or other executive agencies;
23	and

- 1 "(2) must retain the ability to account specifi-2 cally for the use of amounts made available under 3 section 3563 of this title.
- 4 "§ 3565. Responsibilities of the Office of Management
- 5 and Budget
- 6 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall coordinate
 7 and oversee the implementation of this subchapter.
- 8 "(b) Guidance.—
- 9 "(1) In General.—The Director, in consulta-10 tion with the Chief Financial Officers Council and 11 the President's Council on Integrity and Efficiency, 12 shall issue guidance and provide support to agencies 13 in implementing the subchapter. The Director shall 14 issue initial guidance not later than 180 days after 15 the date of enactment of the Government Waste 16 Corrections Act of 2000.
 - "(2) Recovery audit standards.—The Director shall include in the initial guidance under this subsection standards for the performance of recovery audits under this subchapter, that are developed in consultation with the Comptroller General of the United States and private sector experts on recovery audits, including such experts who currently use recovery auditing as part of their financial management procedures.

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1	"(c) FEE LIMITATIONS.—The Director may limit the
2	percentage amounts that may be paid to contractors under
3	section $3562(d)(1)$ of this title.
4	"(d) Exemptions.—
5	"(1) In general.—The Director may exempt
6	an executive agency, in whole or in part, from the
7	requirement to conduct recovery audits under section
8	3562(a)(1) of this title if the Director determines
9	that compliance with such requirement—
10	"(A) would impede the agency's mission;
11	or
12	"(B) would not, or would no longer be
13	cost-effective.
14	"(2) Report to congress.—The Director
15	shall promptly report the basis of any determination
16	and exemption under paragraph (1) to the Com-
17	mittee on Government Reform of the House of Rep-
18	resentatives and the Committee on Governmental
19	Affairs of the Senate.
20	"(3) Exemption of major defense system
21	ACQUISITION PROGRAMS.—
22	"(A) In General.—Unless determined
23	otherwise by the head of the agency authorized
24	to conduct a Department of Defense major sys-
25	tem acquisition program, the requirements of

section 3562(a) of this title shall not apply to such a program procured with a cost-type contract until the contract has become a closed contract.

"(B) Department of Defense Major system acquisition program defined.—In this paragraph, the term 'Department of Defense major system acquisition program' has the meaning that term has in Office of Management and Budget Circular A–109, as in effect on the date of the enactment of the Government Waste Corrections Act of 2000.

"(e) Reports.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 months after the date of the enactment of the Government Waste Corrections Act of 2000, and annually for each of the 2 years thereafter, the Director shall submit a report on implementation of the subchapter to the President, the Committee on Government Reform of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and of the Senate.

"(2) CONTENTS.—Each report shall include—

1	"(A) a general description and evaluation
2	of the steps taken by executive agencies to con-
3	duct recovery audits, including an inventory of
4	the programs and activities of each executive
5	agency that are subject to recovery audits;
6	"(B) an assessment of the benefits of re-
7	covery auditing and recovery activity, including
8	amounts identified and recovered (including by
9	administrative setoffs);
10	"(C) an identification of best practices that
11	could be applied to future recovery audits and
12	recovery activity;
13	"(D) an identification of any significant
14	problems or barriers to more effective recovery
15	audits and recovery activity;
16	"(E) a description of executive agency ex-
17	penditures in the recovery audit process;
18	"(F) a description of executive agency
19	management improvement programs under sec-
20	tion 3564 of this title; and
21	"(G) any recommendations for changes in
22	executive agency practices or law or other im-
23	provements that the Director believes would en-
24	hance the effectiveness of executive agency re-
25	covery auditing.

1 "§ 3566. General Accounting Office reports

- 2 "Not later than 60 days after issuance of each report
- 3 under section 3565(e) of this title the Comptroller General
- 4 of the United States shall submit a report on the imple-
- 5 mentation of this subchapter to the Committee on Govern-
- 6 ment Reform of the House of Representatives, the Com-
- 7 mittee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate, the Com-
- 8 mittee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives
- 9 and of the Senate, and the Director.".
- 10 (b) Application to All Executive Agencies.—
- 11 Section 3501 of title 31, United States Code, is amended
- 12 by inserting "and subchapter VI of this chapter" after
- 13 "section 3513".
- 14 (c) Deadline for Initiation of Recovery Au-
- 15 DITS.—The head of each executive agency shall begin the
- 16 first recovery audit under section 3562(a)(1) title 31,
- 17 United States Code, as amended by this section, for each
- 18 payment activity referred to in that section by not later
- 19 than 18 months after the date of the enactment of this
- 20 Act.
- 21 (d) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis at the be-
- 22 ginning of chapter 35 of title 31, United States Code, is
- 23 amended by adding at the end the following:

"SUBCHAPTER V—RECOVERY AUDITS

[&]quot;Sec.

[&]quot;3561. Definitions.

[&]quot;3562. Recovery audit requirement.

- "3563. Disposition of amounts collected.
- "3564. Management improvement program.
- "3565. Responsibilities of the Office of Management and Budget.
- "3566. General Accounting Office reports.".

1 SEC. 4. STUDY.

- 2 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the Office of
- 3 Management and Budget shall conduct a study of the ef-
- 4 fects of recovery audits conducted by executive agencies,
- 5 including any significant problems relating to the provi-
- 6 sion of improper or inadequate notice of recovery audits
- 7 to persons who are the subjects of such audits.
- 8 (b) Report.—The Director shall report to the Con-
- 9 gress the findings, conclusions, and recommendations of
- 10 the study under this section.

Passed the House of Representatives March 8, 2000.

Attest: JEFF TRANDAHL,

Clerk.