106TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 1238

To combat the crime of international trafficking and to protect the rights of victims.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

March 23, 1999

Ms. Slaughter introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on International Relations, and in addition to the Committee on the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To combat the crime of international trafficking and to protect the rights of victims.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "International Traf-
- 5 ficking of Women and Children Victim Protection Act of
- 6 1999".
- 7 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 8 Congress makes the following findings:

- 1 (1) The worldwide trafficking of persons has a
 2 disproportionate impact on women and girls and has
 3 been and continues to be condemned by the inter4 national community as a violation of fundamental
 5 human rights.
 - (2) The fastest growing international trafficking business is the trade in women, whereby women and girls seeking a better life, a good marriage, or a lucrative job abroad, unexpectedly find themselves in situations of forced prostitution, sweatshop labor, exploitative domestic servitude, or battering and extreme cruelty.
 - (3) Trafficked women and children, girls and boys, are often subjected to rape and other forms of sexual abuse by their traffickers and often held as virtual prisoners by their exploiters, made to work in slavery-like conditions, in debt bondage without pay and against their will.
 - (4) The President, the First Lady, the Secretary of State, the President's Interagency Council on Women, and the Agency for International Development have all identified trafficking in women as a significant problem.
 - (5) The Fourth World Conference on Women (Beijing Conference) called on all governments to

- take measures, including legislative measures, to provide better protection of the rights of women and girls in trafficking, to address the root factors that put women and girls at risk to traffickers, and to take measures to dismantle the national, regional, and international networks on trafficking.
 - (6) The United Nations General Assembly, noting its concern about the increasing number of women and girls who are being victimized by traffickers, passed a resolution in 1998 calling upon all governments to criminalize trafficking in women and girls in all its forms and to penalize all those offenders involved, while ensuring that the victims of these practices are not penalized.
 - (7) Numerous treaties to which the United States is a party address government obligations to combat trafficking, including such treaties as the 1956 Supplementary Convention on the Abolition of Slavery, the Slave Trade and Institutions and Practices Similar to Slavery, which calls for the complete abolition of debt bondage and servile forms of marriage, and the 1957 Abolition of Forced Labor Convention, which undertakes to suppress and requires signatories not to make use of any forced or compulsory labor.

1 SEC. 3. PURPOSES.

- 2 The purposes of this Act are to condemn and combat
- 3 the international crime of trafficking in women and chil-
- 4 dren and to assist the victims of this crime by—
- 5 (1) setting a standard by which governments
- 6 are evaluated for their response to trafficking and
- 7 their treatment of victims;
- 8 (2) authorizing and funding an interagency task
- 9 force to carry out such evaluations and to issue an
- annual report of its findings to include the identi-
- fication of foreign governments that tolerate or par-
- ticipate in trafficking and fail to cooperate with
- international efforts to prosecute perpetrators;
- 14 (3) assisting trafficking victims in the United
- 15 States by providing humanitarian assistance and by
- providing them temporary nonimmigrant status in
- the United States;
- 18 (4) assisting trafficking victims abroad by pro-
- 19 viding humanitarian assistance; and
- 20 (5) denying certain forms of United States for-
- eign assistance to those governments which tolerate
- or participate in trafficking, abuse victims, and fail
- to cooperate with international efforts to prosecute
- 24 perpetrators.
- 25 SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.
- 26 In this Act:

1	(1) POLICE ASSISTANCE.—The term "police
2	assistance''—
3	(A) means—
4	(i) assistance of any kind, whether in
5	the form of grant, loan, training, or other-
6	wise, provided to or for foreign law en-
7	forcement officials, foreign customs offi-
8	cials, or foreign immigration officials;
9	(ii) government-to-government sales of
10	any item to or for foreign law enforcement
11	officials, foreign customs officials, or for-
12	eign immigration officials; and
13	(iii) any license for the export of an
14	item sold under contract to or for the offi-
15	cials described in clause (i); and
16	(B) does not include assistance furnished
17	under section 534 of the Foreign Assistance
18	Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2346c; relating to the
19	administration of justice) or any other assist-
20	ance under that Act to promote respect for
21	internationally recognized human rights.
22	(2) Trafficking.—The term "trafficking"
23	means the use of deception, coercion, debt bondage,
24	the threat of force, or the abuse of authority to re-
25	cruit, transport within or across borders, purchase,

- sell, transfer, receive, or harbor a person for the purpose of placing or holding such person, whether for pay or not, in involuntary servitude, or slavery or slavery-like conditions, or in forced, bonded, or coerced labor.
- 6 (3) VICTIM OF TRAFFICKING.—The term "vic-7 tim of trafficking" means any person subjected to 8 the treatment described in paragraph (2).

9 SEC. 5. INTER-AGENCY TASK FORCE TO MONITOR AND 10 COMBAT TRAFFICKING.

(a) Establishment.—

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- (1) IN GENERAL.—There is established within the Department of State in the Office of the Secretary of State an Inter-Agency Task Force to Monitor and Combat Trafficking (in this section referred to as the "Task Force"). The Task Force shall be co-chaired by the Assistant Secretary of State for Democracy, Human Rights, and Labor Affairs and the Senior Coordinator on International Women's Issues, President's Interagency Council on Women.
- (2) APPOINTMENT OF MEMBERS.—The members of the Task Force shall be appointed by the Secretary of State. The Task Force shall consist of no more than twelve members.

1	(3) Composition.—The Task Force shall in-
2	clude representatives from the—
3	(A) Violence Against Women Office, Office
4	of Justice Programs, Department of Justice;
5	(B) Office of Women in Development,
6	United States Agency for International Devel-
7	opment; and
8	(C) Bureau of International Narcotics and
9	Law Enforcement Affairs, Department of State.
10	(4) Staff.—The Task Force shall be author-
11	ized to retain up to five staff members within the
12	Bureau of Democracy, Human Rights, and Labor
13	Affairs, and the President's Interagency Council on
14	Women to prepare the annual report described in
15	subsection (b) and to carry out additional tasks
16	which the Task Force may require. The Task Force
17	shall regularly hold meetings on its activities with
18	nongovernmental organizations.
19	(b) ANNUAL REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than
20	March 1 of each year, the Secretary of State, with the
21	assistance of the Task Force, shall submit a report to Con-
22	gress describing the status of international trafficking,
23	including—
24	(1) a list of foreign states where trafficking
25	originates, passes through, or is a destination; and

1	(2) an assessment of the efforts by the govern-
2	ments described in paragraph (1) to combat traf-
3	ficking. Such an assessment shall address—
4	(A) whether any governmental authorities
5	tolerate or are involved in trafficking activities;
6	(B) which governmental authorities are in-
7	volved in anti-trafficking activities;
8	(C) what steps the government has taken
9	toward ending the participation of its officials
10	in trafficking;
11	(D) what steps the government has taken
12	to prosecute and investigate those officials
13	found to be involved in trafficking;
14	(E) what steps the government has taken
15	to prohibit other individuals from participating
16	in trafficking, including the investigation, pros-
17	ecution, and conviction of individuals involved
18	in trafficking, the criminal and civil penalties
19	for trafficking, and the efficacy of those pen-
20	alties on reducing or ending trafficking;
21	(F) what steps the government has taken
22	to assist trafficking victims, including efforts to
23	prevent victims from being further victimized by
24	police, traffickers, or others, grants of stays of
25	deportation, and provision of humanitarian re-

1	lief, including provision of mental and physical
2	health care and shelter;
3	(G) whether the government is cooperating
4	with governments of other countries to extradite
5	traffickers when requested;
6	(H) whether the government is assisting in
7	international investigations of transnational
8	trafficking networks; and
9	(I) whether the government—
10	(i) refrains from prosecuting traf-
11	ficking victims or refrains from other dis-
12	criminatory treatment towards trafficking
13	victims due to such victims having been
14	trafficked, or the nature of their work, or
15	their having left the country illegally; and
16	(ii) recognizes the rights of victims
17	and ensures their access to justice.
18	(c) Reporting Standards and Investigations.—
19	(1) Responsibility of the secretary of
20	STATE.—The Secretary of State shall ensure that
21	United States missions abroad maintain a consistent
22	reporting standard and thoroughly investigate re-
23	ports of trafficking.
24	(2) Contacts with nongovernmental or-
25	GANIZATIONS.—In compiling data and assessing

- 1 trafficking for the Human Rights Report and the
- 2 Inter-Agency Task Force to Monitor and Combat
- 3 Trafficking Annual Report, United States mission
- 4 personnel shall seek out and maintain contacts with
- 5 human rights and other nongovernmental organiza-
- 6 tions, including receiving reports and updates from
- 7 such organizations, and, when appropriate, inves-
- 8 tigating such reports.

9 SEC. 6. INELIGIBILITY FOR POLICE ASSISTANCE.

- 10 (a) Ineligibility.—Except as provided in sub-
- 11 section (b), any foreign government country identified in
- 12 the latest report submitted under section 5 as a govern-
- 13 ment that—
- 14 (1) has failed to take effective action towards
- ending the participation of its officials in trafficking;
- 16 and
- 17 (2) has failed to investigate and prosecute
- meaningfully those officials found to be involved in
- 19 trafficking,
- 20 shall not be eligible for police assistance.
- 21 (b) WAIVER OF INELIGIBILITY.—The President may
- 22 waive the application of subsection (a) to a foreign country
- 23 if the President determines and certifies to Congress that
- 24 the provision of police assistance to the country is in the
- 25 national interest of the United States.

1 SEC. 7. PROTECTION OF TRAFFICKING VICTIMS.

2	(a) Nonimmigrant Classification for Traf-
3	FICKING VICTIMS.—Section 101(a)(15) of the Immigra-
4	tion and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)) is
5	amended—
6	(1) by striking "or" at the end of subparagraph
7	(R);
8	(2) by striking the period at the end of sub-
9	paragraph (S) and inserting "; or"; and
10	(3) by adding at the end the following new sub-
11	paragraph:
12	"(T) an alien who the Attorney General
13	determines—
14	"(i) is physically present in the
15	United States, and
16	"(ii) is or has been a trafficking vic-
17	tim (as defined in section 4 of the Inter-
18	national Trafficking of Women and Chil-
19	dren Victim Protection Act of 1999),
20	for a stay of not to exceed 3 months in the
21	United States, except that any such alien who
22	has filed a petition seeking asylum or who is
23	pursuing civil or criminal action against traf-
24	fickers shall have the alien's status extended
25	until the petition or litigation reaches its con-
26	clusion."

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         (b) Waiver of Grounds for Ineligibility for
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    Admission.—Section 212(d) of the Immigration and Na-
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    tionality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(d)) is amended—
             (1) by inserting "(1)" after "(d)"; and
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             (2) by adding at the end the following:
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             "(2) The Attorney General shall, in the Attor-
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        ney General's discretion, waive the application of
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        subsection (a) (other than paragraph (3)(E)) in the
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        case of a nonimmigrant described in section
         101(a)(15)(T), if the Attorney General considers it
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        to be in the national interest to do so.".
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         (c) Involuntary Servitude.—Section 1584 of title
    18, United States Code, is amended—
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             (1) inserting "(a)" before "Whoever";
             (2) by striking "or" after "servitude";
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             (3) by inserting "transfers, receives or harbors
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        any person into involuntary servitude, or" after
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        "servitude,"; and
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             (4) by adding at the end the following:
        "(b) In this section, the term 'involuntary servitude'
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21
    includes trafficking, slavery-like practices in which persons
22
    are forced into labor through non-physical means, such as
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    debt bondage, blackmail, fraud, deceit, isolation, and psy-
    chological pressure.".
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1	(d) Trafficking Victim Regulations.—Not later
2	than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act
3	the Attorney General and the Secretary of State shall
4	jointly promulgate regulations for law enforcement per-
5	sonnel, immigration officials, and Foreign Service officers
6	requiring that—
7	(1) Federal, State and local law enforcement
8	immigration officials, and Foreign Service officers
9	shall be trained in identifying and responding to
10	trafficking victims;
11	(2) trafficking victims shall not be jailed, fined
12	or otherwise penalized due to having been trafficked
13	or nature of work;
14	(3) trafficking victims shall have access to legal
15	assistance, information about their rights, and trans-
16	lation services;
17	(4) trafficking victims shall be provided protec-
18	tion if, after an assessment of security risk, it is de-
19	termined the trafficking victim is susceptible to fur-
20	ther victimization; and
21	(5) prosecutors shall take into consideration the
22	safety and integrity of trafficked persons in inves-
23	tigating and prosecuting traffickers.

1 SEC. 8. ASSISTANCE TO TRAFFICKING VICTIMS.

- 2 (a) In the United States.—The Secretary of
- 3 Health and Human Services is authorized to provide,
- 4 through the Office of Refugee Resettlement, assistance to
- 5 trafficking victims and their children in the United States,
- 6 including mental and physical health services, and shelter.
- 7 (b) IN OTHER COUNTRIES.—The President, acting
- 8 through the Administrator of the United States Agency
- 9 for International Development, is authorized to provide
- 10 programs and activities to assist trafficking victims and
- 11 their children abroad, including provision of mental and
- 12 physical health services, and shelter. Such assistance
- 13 should give special priority to programs by nongovern-
- 14 mental organizations which provide direct services and re-
- 15 sources for trafficking victims.

16 SEC. 9. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- 17 (a) Authorization of Appropriations for the
- 18 Inter-Agency Task Force.—To carry out the purposes
- 19 of section 5, there are authorized to be appropriated to
- 20 the Secretary of State \$2,000,000 for fiscal year 2000 and
- 21 \$2,000,000 for fiscal year 2001.
- 22 (b) Authorization of Appropriations to the
- 23 Secretary of HHS.—To carry out the purposes of sec-
- 24 tion 8(a), there are authorized to be appropriated to the
- 25 Secretary of Health and Human Services \$20,000,000 for
- 26 fiscal year 2000 and \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2001.

- 1 (c) Authorization of Appropriations to the
- 2 President.—To carry out the purposes of section 8(b),
- 3 there are authorized to be appropriated to the President
- 4 \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2000 and \$20,000,000 for fis-
- 5 cal year 2001.
- 6 (d) Prohibition.—Funds made available to carry
- 7 out this Act shall not be available for the procurement of
- 8 weapons or ammunition.

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