106TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R. 1060

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide that economic subsidies provided by a State or local government for a particular business to locate or remain within the government's jurisdiction shall be taxable to such business, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

March 10, 1999

Mr. MINGE introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

A BILL

- To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide that economic subsidies provided by a State or local government for a particular business to locate or remain within the government's jurisdiction shall be taxable to such business, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Distorting Subsidies
- 5 Limitation Act of 1999".

6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

7 Congress finds the following:

(1) Competition among State and local govern ments for new and existing businesses has become
 the rule rather than the exception.

4 (2) State and local governments are being
5 forced to compete against each other for businesses
6 with scarce tax dollars that would otherwise be used
7 for essential public goods and services.

8 (3) When State and local government competi-9 tion takes the form of preferential treatment for spe-10 cific businesses, it undermines our national economic 11 union by distorting the allocation of resources.

(4) There is a role for competition between
States and localities when it takes the form of general tax policies, regulation structures, and public
services because such competition leads States and
localities to provide better service, cost effective regulation, sound tax policies, and more efficient allocation of public and private goods.

19 (5) Federal program grants have been used by
20 State and local governments to subsidize business lo21 cation decisions to attract businesses from other
22 States and localities.

(6) Proceeds from tax-exempt municipal bonds
have been used by one State or locality to attract
business from other States and localities.

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1 (7) No single State or local government can 2 unilaterally withdraw from this competition. Only 3 Congress with its enumerated powers can end the economic distortions and the public costs caused by 4 5 economic distortions. 6 SEC. 3. TAXATION OF VALUE OF TARGETED SUBSIDIES 7 PROVIDED BY STATE AND LOCAL GOVERN-8 MENTS. 9 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle D of the Internal Reve-10 nue Code of 1986 (relating to miscellaneous excise taxes) is amended by inserting after chapter 44 the following new 11 12 chapter: "CHAPTER 45—EXCISE TAX ON TARGETED 13

14 STATE OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT DE-

15 **VELOPMENT SUBSIDIES**

"Sec. 4986. Targeted State or local government development subsidies.

16 "SEC. 4986. TARGETED STATE OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT DE17 VELOPMENT SUBSIDIES.

18 "(a) GENERAL RULE.—There is hereby imposed for
19 each calendar year an excise tax on any person engaged
20 in a trade or business who derives any benefit during such
21 year from any targeted subsidy provided by any State or
22 local governmental unit.

23 "(b) AMOUNT OF TAX.—The tax imposed by sub-24 section (a) shall consist of a tax computed as provided in

1	section 11(b) as though the aggregate value (determined
2	under regulations prescribed by the Secretary) of benefits
3	referred to in subsection (a) accruing during the calendar
4	year were the taxable income referred to in section 11.
5	"(c) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section—
6	"(1) TARGETED SUBSIDY.—
7	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'targeted
8	subsidy' means, with respect to any person, any
9	subsidy—
10	"(i) which is designed to encourage
11	any trade or business operation of such
12	person to locate in a particular govern-
13	mental jurisdiction or to remain in a par-
14	ticular governmental jurisdiction, or
15	"(ii) which is reasonably expected to
16	have the effect of a subsidy described in
17	clause (i).
18	"(B) CERTAIN MORE BROADLY AVAILABLE
19	SUBSIDIES TREATED AS TARGETED SUB-
20	SIDIES.—
21	"(i) IN GENERAL.—A subsidy shall
22	not fail to be a targeted subsidy by reason
23	of applying to (or being available to) more
24	than 1 trade or business operation if such
25	subsidy is determined (under regulations

- 1 prescribed by the Secretary) not to be part 2 of the general long-term taxing or spending policies of the governmental unit. 3 "(ii) 4 GENERAL LONG-TERM POLI-CIES.—A subsidy shall be treated as part 5 6 of the general long-term taxing or spend-7 ing policies of the governmental unit only 8 if the subsidy is available to all trade or 9 business operations within the jurisdiction 10 of such governmental unit without regard 11 to the period during which any operation 12 has been conducted within such jurisdic-13 tion. 14 "(2) SUBSIDY.—The term 'subsidy' includes— "(A) any grant, 15 "(B) any contribution of property or serv-16 17 ices, 18 "(C) any right to use property or services, 19 or any loan, at rates below those commercially 20 available to the taxpayer, "(D) any reduction or deferral of any tax 21 22 or any fee (including any payment by any State 23 or local governmental unit of any tax or fee), "(E) any guarantee of any payment under 24 25 any loan, lease, or other obligation,
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"(F) any use of governmental facilities (in-1 2 cluding roads, facilities for the furnishing of 3 water, sewage facilities, and solid waste disposal 4 facilities) to the extent that the amount paid by 5 (or assessed against the property of) the trade 6 or business for such use is less than the amount 7 it would pay were the charge for its use (or the 8 assessment) determined under the same for-9 mula or other basis as is used by the State or 10 local government with respect to other com-11 parable facilities used by other trades or busi-12 nesses, and "(G) any other benefit specified in regula-13 14 tions prescribed by the Secretary. 15 "(d) Exception for Subsidies for Employee TRAINING AND EDUCATION.—No tax shall be imposed by 16 17 this section on the value of any subsidy provided for employee training or for other education programs. 18 19 "(e) Special Rules.— 20 "(1) Exception for subsidies provided to GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES .- No tax shall be im-21 22 posed by this section on the value of any subsidy

23 provided to—

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1	"(A) an agency or instrumentality of any
2	government or any political subdivision thereof,
3	or
4	"(B) any entity which is owned and oper-
5	ated by a government or any political subdivi-
6	sion thereof or by any agency or instrumental-
7	ity of one or more governments or political sub-
8	divisions.
9	"(2) Avoidance of double tax.—No amount
10	shall be includible in gross income for purposes of
11	subtitle A by reason of any targeted subsidy on
12	which tax is imposed under this section.
13	"(3) Administrative provisions.—For pur-
14	poses of subtitle F, any tax imposed by this section
15	shall be treated as a tax imposed by subtitle A."
16	(b) Denial of Income Tax Deduction for
17	TAX.—Paragraph (6) of section 275(a) of such Code is
18	amended by inserting "45," after "44,".
19	(c) Clerical Amendment.—The table of chapters
20	for subtitle D of such Code is amended by inserting after
21	the item relating to chapter 44 the following new item:
	"Chapter 45. Excise tax on targeted State or local government de- velopment subsidies."
22	(d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
23	this section shall apply to any subsidy which is provided
24	pursuant to an agreement or arrangement entered into

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more than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this
 Act.

3 SEC. 4. DENIAL OF EXEMPTION FROM TAX FOR INTEREST 4 ON BONDS PROVIDING TARGETED STATE OR 5 LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEVELOPMENT SUB6 SIDIES.

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (b) of section 103 of
8 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to interest
9 on State and local bonds) is amended by adding at the
10 end the following new paragraph:

"(4) BONDS PROVIDING TARGETED DEVELOPMENT SUBSIDIES.—Any bond if any portion of the
proceeds of such bond is to be used to provide any
targeted subsidy (as defined in section 4986(c))."

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by
subsection (a) shall apply to obligations issued after the
date of the enactment of this Act.

18 SEC. 5. PROHIBITION OF USE OF FEDERAL FUNDS FOR 19 TARGETED SUBSIDIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, none of the Federal funds provided to any
State or local government may be used to provide any targeted subsidy (as defined in section 4986(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986).

(b) RECOVERY OF FUNDS USED TO PROVIDE TAR-1 2 GETED SUBSIDIES.—If the Secretary of the Treasury or the Secretary's delegate finds after reasonable notice and 3 4 opportunity for hearing that any State or local govern-5 ment used Federal funds in violation of subsection (a), the Secretary or the Secretary's delegate shall take such 6 7 actions as are necessary (including referring the matter 8 to the Attorney General of the United States with a rec-9 ommendation that an appropriate civil action be insti-10 tuted) to recover the amount so used from the State or local government or the trade or business, whichever the 11 12 Secretary determines to be appropriate.

13 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall apply to14 funds provided after the date of the enactment of this Act.