## S. J. RES. 11

## **JOINT RESOLUTION**

- Commemorating "Juneteenth Independence Day", June 19, 1865, the day on which slavery finally came to an end in the United States.
- Whereas news of the end of slavery came late to frontier areas of the country, especially in the American Southwest;
- Whereas the African-Americans who had been slaves in the Southwest thereafter celebrated June 19 as the anniversary of their emancipation;
- Whereas their descendants handed down that tradition from generation to generation as an inspiration and encouragement for future generations;
- Whereas Juneteenth celebrations have thus been held for 130 years to honor the memory of all those who endured slavery and especially those who moved from slavery to freedom; and
- Whereas their example of faith and strength of character remains a lesson for all Americans today, regardless of background or region or race: Now, therefore, be it
  - 1 Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives
  - 2 of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
  - 3 That the annual observance of June 19 as Juneteenth

- 1 Independence Day is an important and enriching part of
- 2 our country's history and heritage.
- 3 Sec. 2. That the celebration of Juneteenth provides
- 4 an opportunity for all Americans to learn more about our
- 5 common past and to better understand the experiences
- 6 that have shaped our Nation.
- 7 Sec. 3. That a copy of this resolution be transmitted
- 8 to the National Association of Juneteenth Lineage as an
- 9 expression of appreciation for its role in promoting the ob-
- 10 servance of Juneteenth Independence Day.

Passed the Senate April 10, 1997.

Attest:

Secretary.

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