## S. 753

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide for individuals who are residents of the District of Columbia a maximum rate of tax of 15 percent on income from sources within the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

#### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

May 15, 1997

Mr. Mack (for himself, Mr. Lieberman, and Mr. Brownback) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

### A BILL

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide for individuals who are residents of the District of Columbia a maximum rate of tax of 15 percent on income from sources within the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "District of Columbia
- 5 Economic Recovery Act".

1	SEC. 2. SPECIAL RULES FOR TAXATION OF INDIVIDUALS
2	WHO ARE RESIDENTS OF OR INVESTORS IN
3	THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
4	(a) In General.—Subchapter A of chapter 1 of the
5	Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to determination
6	of tax liability) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
7	lowing new part:
8	"PART VIII—SPECIAL RULES FOR TAXATION OF
9	INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE RESIDENTS OF OR
10	INVESTORS IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
	<ul> <li>"Sec. 59B. Limitation on tax imposed on residents of the District of Columbia.</li> <li>"Sec. 59C. Taxation of capital gains sourced in the District of Columbia.</li> </ul>
11	"SEC. 59B. LIMITATION ON TAX IMPOSED ON RESIDENTS OF
12	THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
13	"(a) General Rule.—If a taxpayer elects the appli-
14	cation of this section, the net income tax of an individual
15	who is a resident of the District of Columbia for the tax-
16	able year shall not exceed the limitation determined under
17	subsection (b) for such year.
18	"(b) Limitation.—
19	"(1) In general.—The limitation determined
20	under this subsection is the sum of the following
21	amounts:

"(A) 15-PERCENT RATE.—15 percent of so
much of District-sourced income as exceeds the
exemption amount.
"(B) Average rate.—An amount equal
to the average rate of the non-District-sourced
adjusted gross income.
"(2) DISTRICT-SOURCED CAPITAL GAINS.—
"For exclusion from tax of capital gains, see section 59C.
"(c) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
"(1) Resident of district of columbia.—
An individual is a resident of the District of Colum-
bia for the taxable year if—
"(A) such individual used a residence in
the District of Columbia as a place of abode
(and was physically present at such place) for
at least 183 days of such taxable year, and
"(B) such individual is subject to the Dis-
trict of Columbia income tax for such taxable
year.
"(2) Net income tax.—The term 'net income
tax' means—
"(A) the sum of regular tax liability and
the tax imposed by section 55 (determined with-
out regard to this section), reduced by

1	"(B) the aggregate credits allowable under
2	part IV (other than section 31).
3	"(3) Exemption amount.—The term 'exemp-
4	tion amount' means—
5	"(A) \$30,000 in the case of a joint return
6	or a surviving spouse,
7	"(B) \$15,000 in the case of—
8	"(i) an individual who is not a mar-
9	ried individual and is not a surviving
10	spouse, and
11	"(ii) a married individual filing a sep-
12	arate return, and
13	"(C) \$25,000 in the case of a head of a
14	household.
15	"(4) Average rate.—The term 'average rate'
16	means the percentage determined by dividing—
17	"(A) the sum (determined without regard
18	to this section) of the taxpayer's regular tax li-
19	ability and the tax imposed by section 55, by
20	"(B) the taxpayer's taxable income.
21	If the percentage determined under the preceding
22	sentence is not a whole number of percentage points,
23	such percentage shall be rounded to the nearest
24	whole number of percentage points.

1	"(5) REGULAR TAX LIABILITY.—The term 'reg-
2	ular tax liability' has the meaning given to such
3	term by section 26(b).
4	"(d) DISTRICT-SOURCED INCOME.—For purposes of
5	this section, the term 'District-sourced income' means ad-
6	justed gross income reduced by the sum of—
7	"(1) non-District-sourced adjusted gross in-
8	come,
9	"(2) the deduction allowed by section 170, and
10	"(3) the deduction allowed by section 163 to
11	the extent attributable to qualified residence interest
12	(as defined in section 163(h)).
13	"(e) Non-District-Sourced Adjusted Gross In-
14	COME.—For purposes of this section, the term 'non-Dis-
15	trict-sourced adjusted gross income' means gross income
16	of the taxpayer from sources outside the District of Co-
17	lumbia reduced (but not below zero) by the deductions
18	taken into account in determining adjusted gross income
19	which are allocable to such income.
20	"(f) Sources of Income.—For purposes of this sec-
21	tion—
22	"(1) Retirement income and other income
23	NOT SOURCED UNDER SUBSECTION.—The source of
24	any income not specifically provided for in this sub-

1	section shall be treated as from sources within the
2	District of Columbia.
3	"(2) Personal Services.—
4	"(A) In General.—Compensation (other
5	than retirement income) for services performed
6	by the taxpayer as an employee, and net earn
7	ings from self-employment (as defined in sec
8	tion 1402)), shall be sourced at the place such
9	services are performed.
10	"(B) Services performed in Washing
11	TON-BALTIMORE AREA TREATED AS PER
12	FORMED IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.—
13	Services performed in the Washington-Balti
14	more area shall be treated as performed in the
15	District of Columbia.
16	"(C) Individuals performing 80 per
17	CENT OF SERVICES WITHIN WASHINGTON-BAL
18	TIMORE AREA.—If, during any taxable year, a
19	least 80 percent of the hours of service per
20	formed by an individual are performed within
21	the Washington-Baltimore area, all such service
22	shall be treated for purposes of this paragraph
23	as performed within the District of Columbia.
24	"(D) Washington-baltimore area —

For purposes of this paragraph, the term

1	'Washington-Baltimore area' means the area
2	consisting of—
3	"(i) the Washington/Baltimore Con-
4	solidated Metropolitan Statistical Area (as
5	designated by the Office of Management
6	and Budget), and
7	"(ii) St. Mary's County, Maryland.
8	"(3) Interest.—
9	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Interest received or
10	accrued during the taxable year shall be treated
11	as from sources outside the District of Colum-
12	bia.
13	"(B) EXCEPTION FOR SMALL AMOUNTS OF
14	NON-DISTRICT-SOURCED INTEREST.—Interest
15	which would (but for this subparagraph) be
16	treated as from sources outside the District of
17	Columbia shall be treated as from sources in
18	the District of Columbia to the extent the
19	amount of such interest does not exceed \$400.
20	"(C) Exception for interest paid by
21	DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA BUSINESSES AND RESI-
22	DENTS.—
23	"(i) Businesses.—In the case of in-
24	terest paid during a calendar year by a
25	debtor which was required to file (and

1	filed) a franchise tax return with the Dis-
2	trict of Columbia for the debtor's taxable
3	year ending with or within the prior cal-
4	endar year, an amount equal to the D.C.
5	percentage (as shown on such return) of
6	such interest shall be treated as from
7	sources within the District of Columbia.
8	The preceding sentence shall apply only if
9	such percentage is furnished to the tax-
10	payer in writing on or before January 31
11	of the year following the calendar year in
12	which such interest is paid.
13	"(ii) Others.—Interest shall be
14	treated as from sources within the District
15	of Columbia if the interest is paid during
16	a calendar year by a debtor—
17	"(I) which was required to file
18	(and filed) an income tax return with
19	the District of Columbia for the debt-
20	or's taxable year ending with or with-
21	in the prior calendar year, and
22	"(II) which is not required to file
23	a franchise tax return with the Dis-
24	trict of Columbia for such taxable
25	year.

"(D) SPECIAL RULE FOR DETERMINATION
OF D.C. PERCENTAGE FOR NEW BUSINESSES.—
Interest shall be treated as from sources within
the District of Columbia if the interest is paid
during a calendar year by a debtor which was
required to file (and filed) a franchise tax return with the District of Columbia for such
debtor's taxable year ending with or within such
calendar year, but which was not required to
file such a return for such debtor's prior taxable year.

#### "(4) DIVIDENDS.—

- "(A) IN GENERAL.—Dividends received or accrued during the taxable year shall be treated as from sources outside the District of Columbia.
- "(B) EXCEPTION FOR SMALL AMOUNTS OF NON-DISTRICT-SOURCED DIVIDENDS.—Dividends which would (but for this subparagraph) be treated as from sources outside the District of Columbia shall be treated as from sources in the District of Columbia to the extent the amount of such dividends do not exceed \$400.
- "(C) EXCEPTION FOR DIVIDENDS PAID BY CORPORATION ENGAGED IN BUSINESS IN THE

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.—In the case of dividends paid during a calendar year by a corporation which was required to file (and filed) a franchise tax return with the District of Columbia for the corporation's taxable year ending with or within the prior calendar year, an amount equal to the D.C. percentage (as shown on such return) of such dividends shall be treated as from sources within the District of Columbia. The preceding sentence shall apply only if such percentage is furnished to the taxpayer in writing on or before January 31 of the year following the calendar year in which such dividends are paid.

"(D) SPECIAL RULE FOR DETERMINATION OF D.C. PERCENTAGE FOR NEW BUSINESSES.—Dividends shall be treated as from sources within the District of Columbia if the dividends are paid during a calendar year by a corporation which was required to file (and filed) a franchise tax return with the District of Columbia for such corporation's taxable year ending with or within such calendar year, but which was not required to file such a return for such corporation's prior taxable year.

1	"(5) Disposition of Tangible Property.—
2	Income, gain, or loss from the disposition of tangible
3	property shall be sourced to the place such property
4	is located at the time of the disposition.
5	"(6) Disposition of Intangible Prop-
6	ERTY.—
7	"(A) In general.—Income, gain, or loss
8	from the disposition of intangible property shall
9	be treated as from sources outside the District
10	of Columbia.
11	"(B) Exception.— If any portion of the
12	most recent income received or accrued by the
13	taxpayer before such disposition which was at-
14	tributable to such property was from sources
15	within the District of Columbia, a like portion
16	of the income, gain, or loss from such disposi-
17	tion shall be treated as from sources within the
18	District of Columbia.
19	"(7) Rentals.—Rents from property shall be
20	sourced at the place where such property is located.
21	"(8) ROYALTIES.—Royalties shall be treated as
22	from sources outside the District of Columbia.
23	"(9) Income from Proprietorship.—
24	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of a trade
25	or business carried on by the taxpayer as a pro-

prietorship, income from such trade or business

(other than income which is included in net

earnings from self-employment by the taxpayer)

shall be treated as from sources outside the

District of Columbia.

"(B) Exception for district of co
LUMBIA BUSINESSES.—If the taxpayer is re-

"(B) EXCEPTION FOR DISTRICT OF CO-LUMBIA BUSINESSES.—If the taxpayer is required to file (and files) a franchise tax return with the District of Columbia for the taxable year, subparagraph (A) shall not apply to an amount equal to the D.C. percentage of such income.

#### "(10) Income from Partnership.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of a taxpayer who is a partner in a partnership, income from such partnership (other than income which is included in net earnings from self-employment by any partner) shall be treated as from sources outside the District of Columbia.

# "(B) Exceptions.—Subparagraph (A) shall not apply to a partnership—

"(i) which was required to file (and filed) a franchise tax return with the District of Columbia for the partnership's taxable year ending with or within the tax-

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1	payer's taxable year to the extent of the
2	D.C. percentage of the taxpayer's distribu-
3	tive share of the partnership income, or
4	"(ii) which was not required to file a
5	franchise tax return with the District of
6	Columbia for the partnership's taxable
7	year ending with or within the taxpayer's
8	taxable year to the extent of the taxpayer's
9	distributive share of partnership income
10	which is not (as determined under this
11	subsection) from sources outside the Dis-
12	trict of Columbia.
13	"(11) Income in respect of a decedent;
14	INCOME FROM AN ESTATE.—Income in respect of a
15	decedent, and income from an estate, shall be
16	sourced at the place where the decedent was domi-
17	ciled at the time of his death.
18	"(12) Income from a Trust.—Income (other
19	than retirement income) from a trust shall be treat-
20	ed as from the same sources as the income of the
21	trust to which it is attributable.
22	"(g) Definitions Relating to Subsection (f).—
23	For purposes of subsection (f)—
24	"(1) Retirement income.—The term 'retire-
25	ment income' has the meaning given such term by

- section 114(b)(1) of title 4, United States Code (determined without regard to subparagraph (I) there-
- 3 of).
- 4 "(2) D.C. PERCENTAGE.—The term 'D.C. per-
- 5 centage' means the percentage determined by divid-
- 6 ing
- 7 "(A) the net income taxable in the District
- 8 of Columbia (as shown on the original return
- 9 for the taxable year), by
- 10 "(B) total net income from all sources (as
- shown on such return).
- The preceding sentence shall be applied based on
- amounts shown on the original applicable District of
- 14 Columbia franchise or income tax return.
- 15 "(h) Section Not To Apply to Estates and
- 16 Trusts.—This section shall not apply to an estate or
- 17 trust.
- 18 "(i) Election.—The election provided in subsection
- 19 (a) shall be made at such time and in such manner as
- 20 the Secretary may by regulations prescribe. Any such elec-
- 21 tion shall apply to the first taxable year for which such
- 22 election was made and for each taxable year thereafter
- 23 until such election is revoked by the taxpayer.

1	"(j) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall prescribe
2	such regulations as may be necessary or appropriate to
3	carry out the purposes of this section.
4	"SEC. 59C. EXCLUSION OF CAPITAL GAINS SOURCED IN THE
5	DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
6	"(a) Exclusion.—
7	"(1) General rule.—Except as provided in
8	paragraph (2), in the case of a taxpayer who is an
9	individual, gross income shall not include any quali-
10	fied capital gain recognized on the sale or exchange
11	of a District asset held for more than 3 years.
12	"(2) Exception for certain gain of non-
13	RESIDENTS.—In the case of a taxpayer who is not
14	a resident of the District of Columbia for any tax-
15	able year, gross income shall not include 50 percent
16	of the qualified capital gain recognized on the sale
17	or exchange of residential rental property (within the
18	meaning of section 168(e)(2)(A)) which is a District
19	asset held for more than 3 years and which is not
20	taken into account under section 1202.
21	"(b) DISTRICT ASSET.—For purposes of this sec-
22	tion—
23	"(1) In general.—The term 'District asset'
24	means—
25	"(A) any District stock,

1	"(B) any District business property,
2	"(C) any District partnership interest, and
3	"(D) any principal residence (within the
4	meaning of section 1034).
5	"(2) District stock.—
6	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'District
7	stock' means any stock in a domestic corpora-
8	tion if—
9	"(i) such stock is acquired by the tax-
10	payer on original issue from the corpora-
11	tion solely in exchange for cash,
12	"(ii) as of the time such stock was is-
13	sued, such corporation was a District busi-
14	ness (or, in the case of a new corporation,
15	such corporation was being organized for
16	purposes of being a District business), and
17	"(iii) during substantially all of the
18	taxpayer's holding period for such stock,
19	such corporation qualified as a District
20	business.
21	"(B) Redemptions.—The term 'District
22	stock' shall not include any stock acquired from
23	a corporation which made a substantial stock
24	redemption or distribution (without a bona fide

1	business purpose therefor) in an attempt to
2	avoid the purposes of this section.
3	"(3) District business property.—
4	"(A) In General.—The term 'District
5	business property' means tangible property if—
6	"(i) such property was acquired by
7	the taxpayer by purchase (as defined in
8	section $179(d)(2)$ ,
9	"(ii) the original use of such property
10	in the District of Columbia commences
11	with the taxpayer, and
12	"(iii) during substantially all of the
13	taxpayer's holding period for such prop-
14	erty, substantially all of the use of such
15	property was in a District business of the
16	taxpayer.
17	"(B) Special rule for substantial im-
18	PROVEMENTS.—
19	"(i) In general.—The requirements
20	of clauses (i) and (ii) of subparagraph (A)
21	shall be treated as satisfied with respect
22	to—
23	"(I) property which is substan-
24	tially improved by the taxpayer, and

1	"(II) any land on which such
2	property is located.
3	"(ii) Substantial improvement.—
4	For purposes of clause (i), property shall
5	be treated as substantially improved by the
6	taxpayer if, during any 24-month period
7	beginning after the date of the enactment
8	of this section, additions to basis with re-
9	spect to such property in the hands of the
10	taxpayer exceed the greater of—
11	"(I) an amount equal to the ad-
12	justed basis at the beginning of such
13	24-month period in the hands of the
14	taxpayer, or
15	"(II) \$5,000.
16	"(C) LIMITATION ON LAND.—The term
17	'District business property' shall not include
18	land which is not an integral part of a District
19	business.
20	"(4) DISTRICT PARTNERSHIP INTEREST.—The
21	term 'District partnership interest' means any inter-
22	est in a partnership if—
23	"(A) such interest is acquired by the tax-
24	payer from the partnership solely in exchange
25	for cash,

- "(B) as of the time such interest was acquired, such partnership was a District business

  (or, in the case of a new partnership, such partnership was being organized for purposes of being a District business), and
  - "(C) during substantially all of the taxpayer's holding period for such interest, such partnership qualified as a District business.
  - A rule similar to the rule of paragraph (2)(B) shall apply for purposes of this paragraph.
    - "(5) TREATMENT OF SUBSEQUENT PURCHASERS.—The term 'District asset' includes any property which would be a District asset but for paragraph (2)(A)(i), (3)(A)(ii), or (4)(A) in the hands of the taxpayer if such property was a District asset in the hands of all prior holders.
    - "(6) 10-YEAR SAFE HARBOR.—If any property ceases to be a District asset by reason of paragraph (2)(A)(iii), (3)(A)(iii), or (4)(C) after the 10-year period beginning on the date the taxpayer acquired such property, such property shall continue to be treated as meeting the requirements of such paragraph; except that the amount of gain to which subsection (a) applies on any sale or exchange of such property shall not exceed the amount which would be

1	qualified capital gain had such property been sold on
2	the date of such cessation.
3	"(c) Other Definitions and Special Rules.—
4	For purposes of this section—
5	"(1) QUALIFIED CAPITAL GAIN.—Except as
6	otherwise provided in this subsection, the term
7	'qualified capital gain' means any long-term capital
8	gain recognized on the sale or exchange of a District
9	asset held for more than 3 years.
10	"(2) CERTAIN GAIN ON REAL PROPERTY NOT
11	QUALIFIED.—The term 'qualified capital gain' shall
12	not include any gain which would be treated as ordi-
13	nary income under section 1250 if section 1250 ap-
14	plied to all depreciation rather than the additional
15	depreciation.
16	"(3) District Business.—The term 'District
17	business' means, with respect to any taxable year,
18	any individual, partnership, or corporation if for
19	such year either—
20	"(A)(i) at least 50 percent of the total
21	gross income of such individual, partnership, or
22	corporation is derived from the active conduct
23	of a trade or business in the District of Colum-
24	bia,

1	"(ii) substantially all of the use of the tan-
2	gible property of such individual, partnership,
3	or corporation (whether owned or leased) is
1	within the District of Columbia, and

- "(iii) at least 35 percent of the employees of such individual, partnership, or corporation are located in the District of Columbia, or
- "(B) at least 50 percent of the employees of such individual, partnership, or corporation are located in the District of Columbia.

#### "(d) Treatment of Pass-Thru Entities.—

"(1) Sales and exchanges.—Gain on the sale or exchange of an interest in a pass-thru entity held by the taxpayer (other than an interest in an entity which was a District business during substantially all of the period the taxpayer held such interest) for more than 3 years shall be treated as gain described in subsection (a) to the extent such gain is attributable to amounts which would be qualified capital gain on District assets (determined as if such assets had been sold on the date of the sale or exchange) held by such entity for more than 3 years and throughout the period the taxpayer held such interest. A rule similar to the rule of paragraph (2)(B) shall apply for purposes of the preceding sentence.

1	"(2) Income inclusions.—
2	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Any amount included
3	in income by reason of holding an interest in a
4	pass-thru entity (other than an entity which
5	was a District business during substantially all
6	of the period the taxpayer held the interest to
7	which such inclusion relates) shall be treated as
8	gain described in subsection (a) if such amount
9	meets the requirements of subparagraph (B).
10	"(B) Requirements.—An amount meets
11	the requirements of this subparagraph if—
12	"(i) such amount is attributable to
13	qualified capital gain recognized on the
14	sale or exchange by the pass-thru entity of
15	property which is a District asset in the
16	hands of such entity and which was held
17	by such entity for the period required
18	under subsection (a), and
19	"(ii) such amount is includible in the
20	gross income of the taxpayer by reason of
21	the holding of an interest in such entity
22	which was held by the taxpayer on the date
23	on which such pass-thru entity acquired

such asset and at all times thereafter be-

1	fore the disposition of such asset by such
2	pass-thru entity.
3	"(C) Limitation based on interest
4	ORIGINALLY HELD BY TAXPAYER.—Subpara-
5	graph (A) shall not apply to any amount to the
6	extent such amount exceeds the amount to
7	which subparagraph (A) would have applied if
8	such amount were determined by reference to
9	the interest the taxpayer held in the pass-thru
10	entity on the date the District asset was ac-
11	quired.
12	"(3) Pass-thru entity.—For purposes of this
13	subsection, the term 'pass-thru entity' means—
14	"(A) any partnership,
15	"(B) any S corporation,
16	"(C) any regulated investment company,
17	and
18	"(D) any common trust fund.
19	"(e) Sales and Exchanges of Interests in
20	PARTNERSHIPS AND S CORPORATIONS WHICH ARE DIS-
21	TRICT BUSINESSES.—In the case of the sale or exchange
22	of an interest in a partnership, or of stock in an S corpora-
23	tion, which was a District business during substantially
24	all of the period the taxpayer held such interest or stock,
25	the amount of qualified capital gain shall be determined

1	without regard to any intangible, and any land, which is
2	not an integral part of the District business.
3	"(f) CERTAIN TAX-FREE AND OTHER TRANSFERS.—
4	For purposes of this section—
5	"(1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of a transfer of
6	a District asset to which this subsection applies, the
7	transferee shall be treated as—
8	"(A) having acquired such asset in the
9	same manner as the transferor, and
10	"(B) having held such asset during any
11	continuous period immediately preceding the
12	transfer during which it was held (or treated as
13	held under this subsection) by the transferor.
14	"(2) Transfers to which subsection ap-
15	PLIES.—This subsection shall apply to any trans-
16	fer—
17	"(A) by gift,
18	"(B) at death, or
19	"(C) from a partnership to a partner
20	thereof of a District asset with respect to which
21	the requirements of subsection (d)(2) are met
22	at the time of the transfer (without regard to
23	the 3-year holding requirement).

1	"(3) CERTAIN RULES MADE APPLICABLE.—
2	Rules similar to the rules of section $1244(d)(2)$ shall
3	apply for purposes of this section."
4	(b) Conforming Amendments.—
5	(1) Section 55(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue
6	Code of 1986 is amended by adding at the end the
7	following: "Such regular tax shall be determined
8	without regard to section 59B."
9	(2) The table of parts for subchapter A of chap-
10	ter 1 of such Code is amended by adding at the end
11	the following new item:
	"Part VIII. Special rules for taxation of individuals who are residents of or investors in the District of Columbia."
12	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
13	this section shall apply to taxable years ending after the
14	date of the enactment of this Act.
15	SEC. 3. EXPENSING OF ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
16	COSTS WITHIN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
17	(a) In General.—Part VI of subchapter B of chap-
18	ter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to
19	itemized deductions for individuals and corporations) is
20	amended by adding at the end the following new section:
21	"SEC. 198. EXPENSING OF ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
22	COSTS WITHIN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
23	"(a) In General.—A taxpayer may elect to treat
24	any qualified environmental remediation expenditure

- 1 which is paid or incurred by the taxpayer as an expense
- 2 which is not chargeable to capital account. Any expendi-
- 3 ture which is so treated shall be allowed as a deduction
- 4 for the taxable year in which it is paid or incurred.
- 5 "(b) QUALIFIED ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
- 6 Expenditure.—For purposes of this section—
- 7 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualified envi-8 ronmental remediation expenditure' means any ex-
- 9 penditure—
- 10 "(A) which is otherwise chargeable to cap-11 ital account, and
- 12 "(B) which is paid or incurred in connec-13 tion with the abatement or control of hazardous 14 substances at a qualified contaminated site.
- 15 "(2) Special rule for expenditures for DEPRECIABLE PROPERTY.—Such term shall not in-16 17 clude any expenditure for the acquisition of property 18 of a character subject to the allowance for deprecia-19 tion which is used in connection with the abatement 20 or control of hazardous substances at a qualified 21 contaminated site; except that the portion of the al-22 lowance under section 167 for such property which 23 is otherwise allocated to such site shall be treated as

a qualified environmental remediation expenditure.

1	"(c) Qualified Contaminated Site.—For pur-
2	poses of this section—
3	"(1) In general.—The term 'qualified con-
4	taminated site' means any area within the District
5	of Columbia—
6	"(A) which is held by the taxpayer for use
7	in a trade or business or for the production of
8	income, or which is property described in sec-
9	tion 1221(1) in the hands of the taxpayer, and
10	"(B) which contains (or potentially con-
11	tains) any hazardous substance.
12	"(2) Taxpayer must receive statement
13	FROM ENVIRONMENTAL AGENCY.—An area shall be
14	treated as a qualified contaminated site with respect
15	to expenditures paid or incurred during any taxable
16	year only if the taxpayer receives a statement from
17	the appropriate agency of the District of Columbia
18	in which such area is located that such area meets
19	the requirements of paragraph (1)(B).
20	"(3) Appropriate agency.— For purposes of
21	paragraph (2), the appropriate agency of the Dis-
22	trict of Columbia is the agency designated by the
23	Administrator of the Environmental Protection
24	Agency for purposes of this section. If no agency is
25	designated under the preceding sentence, the appro-

1	priate agency shall be the Environmental Protection
2	Agency.
3	"(d) Hazardous substance.—For purposes of this
4	section—
5	"(1) In general.—The term 'hazardous sub-
6	stance' means—
7	"(A) any substance which is a hazardous
8	substance as defined in section 101(14) of the
9	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Com-
10	pensation, and Liability Act of 1980, and
11	"(B) any substance which is designated as
12	a hazardous substance under section 102 of
13	such Act.
14	"(2) Exception.—Such term shall not include
15	any substance with respect to which a removal or re-
16	medial action is not permitted under section 104 of
17	such Act by reason of subsection (a)(3) thereof.
18	"(e) Deduction Recaptured as Ordinary In-
19	COME ON SALE, ETC.—Solely for purposes of section
20	1245, in the case of property to which a qualified environ-
21	mental remediation expenditure would have been capital-
22	ized but for this section—
23	"(1) the deduction allowed by this section for
24	such expenditure shall be treated as a deduction for
25	depreciation, and

- 1 "(2) such property (if not otherwise section
- 2 1245 property) shall be treated as section 1245
- 3 property solely for purposes of applying section 1245
- 4 to such deduction.
- 5 "(f) Coordination With Other Provisions.—
- 6 Sections 280B and 468 shall not apply to amounts which
- 7 are treated as expenses under this section.
- 8 "(g) Regulations.—The Secretary shall prescribe
- 9 such regulations as may be necessary or appropriate to
- 10 carry out the purposes of this section."
- 11 (b) Conforming Amendment.—The table of sec-
- 12 tions for part VI of subchapter B of chapter 1 of the Inter-
- 13 nal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at the
- 14 end the following new item:

"Sec. 198. Expensing of environmental remediation costs within the District of Columbia."

- 15 (c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
- 16 this section shall apply to expenditures paid or incurred
- 17 after the date of the enactment of this Act, in taxable
- 18 years ending after such date.
- 19 SEC. 4. FIRST-TIME HOMEBUYER CREDIT FOR DISTRICT OF
- 20 COLUMBIA.
- 21 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart A of part IV of sub-
- 22 chapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of
- 23 1986 (relating to nonrefundable personal credits) is

1	amended by inserting after section 23 the following new
2	section:
3	"SEC. 24. FIRST-TIME HOMEBUYER CREDIT FOR DISTRICT
4	OF COLUMBIA.
5	"(a) Allowance of Credit.—In the case of an in-
6	dividual who is a first-time homebuyer of a principal resi-
7	dence in the District of Columbia during any taxable year,
8	there shall be allowed as a credit against the tax imposed
9	by this chapter for the taxable year an amount equal to
10	so much of the purchase price of the residence as does
11	not exceed \$5,000.
12	"(b) First-Time Homebuyer.—For purposes of
13	this section—
14	"(1) In general.—The term 'first-time home-
15	buyer' means any individual if—
16	"(A) such individual (and if married, such
17	individual's spouse) had no present ownership
18	interest in a principal residence in the District
19	of Columbia during the 1-year period ending on
20	the date of acquisition of the principal residence
21	to which this section applies, and
22	"(B) subsection (h) or (k) of section 1034
23	did not, on the day before the close of such 1-
24	year period, suspend the running of any period
25	of time specified in section 1034 for such indi-

1	vidual with respect to gain on a principal resi-
2	dence in the District of Columbia.
3	"(2) One-time only.—If an individual is
4	treated as a first-time homebuyer with respect to
5	any principal residence, such individual may not be
6	treated as a first-time homebuyer with respect to
7	any other principal residence.
8	"(3) Principal residence.—The term 'prin-
9	cipal residence' has the meaning given such term by
10	section 1034.
11	"(4) Date of acquisition.—The term 'date
12	of acquisition' means the date—
13	"(A) on which a binding contract to ac-
14	quire the principal residence to which this sec-
15	tion applies to is entered into, or
16	"(B) on which construction or reconstruc-
17	tion of such principal residence is commenced.
18	"(c) Carryover of Credit.—If the credit allowable
19	under subsection (a) exceeds the limitation imposed by
20	section 26(a) for such taxable year reduced by the sum
21	of the credits allowable under this subpart (other than this
22	section and section 25), such excess shall be carried to
23	the succeeding taxable year and added to the credit allow-
24	able under subsection (a) for such taxable year.

1	"(d) Special Rules.—For purposes of this sec-
2	tion—
3	"(1) Allocation of Dollar Limitation.—
4	"(A) MARRIED INDIVIDUALS FILING
5	JOINTLY.—In the case of a husband and wife
6	who file a joint return under section 6013, the
7	\$5,000 limitation under subsection (a) shall
8	apply to the joint return.
9	"(B) Married individuals filing sepa-
10	RATELY.—In the case of a married individual
11	filing a separate return, subsection (a) shall be
12	applied by substituting '\$2,500' for '\$5,000'.
13	"(C) Other taxpayers.—If 2 or more
14	individuals who are not married purchase a
15	principal residence, the amount of the credit al-
16	lowed under subsection (a) shall be allocated
17	among such individuals in such manner as the
18	Secretary may prescribe, except that the total
19	amount of the credits allowed to all such indi-
20	viduals shall not exceed \$5,000.
21	"(2) Purchase.—The term 'purchase' means
22	any acquisition, but only if—
23	"(A) the property is not acquired from a
24	person whose relationship to the person acquir-
25	ing it would result in the disallowance of losses

1	under section 267 or 707(b) (but, in applying
2	section 267 (b) and (c) for purposes of this sec-
3	tion, paragraph (4) of section 267(c) shall be
4	treated as providing that the family of an indi-
5	vidual shall include only his spouse, ancestors,
6	and lineal descendants), and
7	"(B) the basis of the property in the hands
8	of the person acquiring it is not determined—
9	"(i) in whole or in part by reference
10	to the adjusted basis of such property in
11	the hands of the person from whom ac-
12	quired, or
13	"(ii) under section 1014(a) (relating
14	to property acquired from a decedent).
15	"(3) Purchase Price.—The term 'purchase
16	price' means the adjusted basis of the principal resi-
17	dence on the date of acquisition."
18	(b) Conforming Amendment.—The table of sec-
19	tions for subpart A of part IV of subchapter A of chapter
20	1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by
21	inserting after the item relating to section 23 the following
22	new item:
	"Sec. 24. First-time homebuyer credit for District of Columbia."

(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by 23 24 this section shall apply to purchases after the date of the

- 1 enactment of this Act, in taxable years ending after such
- 2 date.

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