105TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 563

To limit the civil liability of business entities that donate equipment to nonprofit organizations.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

APRIL 14, 1997

Mr. Santorum (for himself and Mr. Coverdell) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To limit the civil liability of business entities that donate equipment to nonprofit organizations.

1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	SECTION 1. LIABILITY OF BUSINESS ENTITIES THAT DO-
4	NATE EQUIPMENT TO NONPROFIT ORGANIZA-
5	TIONS.
6	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
7	(1) Business entity.—The term "business
8	entity" means a firm, corporation, association, part-
9	nership, consortium, joint venture, or other form of
10	enterprise.

- 1 (2) EQUIPMENT.—The term "equipment" in-2 cludes mechanical equipment, electronic equipment, 3 and office equipment.
 - (3) GROSS NEGLIGENCE.—the term "gross negligence" means voluntary and conscious conduct by a person with knowledge (at the time of the conduct) that the conduct is likely to be harmful to the health or well-being of another person.
 - (4) Intentional misconduct" means conduct by a person with knowledge (at the time of the conduct) that the conduct is harmful to the health or well-being of another person.
 - (5) Nonprofit organization' means—
 - (A) any organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and exempt from tax under section 501(a) of such Code; or
 - (B) any not-for-profit organization organized and conducted for public benefit and operated primarily for charitable, civic, educational, religious, welfare, or health purposes.
 - (6) STATE.—The term "State" means each of the several States, the District of Columbia, the

- 1 Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands,
- 2 Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Mariana Is-
- lands, any other territory or possession of the Unit-
- 4 ed States, or any political subdivision of any such
- 5 State, territory, or possession.

6 (b) Limitation on Liability.—

- 7 (1) In general.—Subject to subsection (c), a
- 8 business entity shall not be subject to civil liability
- 9 relating to any injury or death that results from the
- use of equipment donated by a business entity to a
- 11 noprofit organization.
- 12 (2) APPLICATION.—This subsection shall apply
- with respect to civil liability under Federal and State
- 14 law.
- 15 (c) Exception for Liability.—Subsection (b)
- 16 shall not apply to an injury or death that results from
- 17 an act or omission of a business entity that constitutes
- 18 gross negligence or intentional misconduct, including any
- 19 misconduct that—
- 20 (1) constitutes a crime of violence (as that term
- 21 is defined in section 16 of title 18, United States
- 22 Code) or act of international terrorism (as that term
- is defined in section 2331 of title 18) for which the
- 24 defendant has been convicted in any court;

- 1 (2) constitutes a hate crime (as that term is 2 used in the Hate Crime Statistics Act (28 U.S.C. 3 534 note)); (3) involves a sexual offense, as defined by ap-5 plicable State law, for which the defendant has been 6 convicted in any court; or 7 (4) involves misconduct for which the defendant 8 has been found to have violated a Federal or State 9 civil rights law. 10 (d) Superseding Provision.— 11 (1) In General.—Subject to paragraph (2) 12 and subsection (e), this Act preempts the laws of 13 any State to the extent that such laws are inconsist-14 ent with this Act, except that this Act shall not pre-15 empt any State law that provides additional protec-16 tion for a business entity for an injury or death de-17 scribed in subsection (b)(1).
- 18 (2) LIMITATION.—Nothing in this Act shall be 19 construed to supersede any Federal or State health 20 or safety law.
- 21 (e) Election of State Regarding Non-22 Applicability.—This Act shall not apply to any civil ac-23 tion in a State court against a business entity in which 24 all parties are citizens of the State if such State enacts 25 a statute—

1	(1) citing the authority of this subsection;
2	(2) declaring the election of such State that this
3	Act shall not apply to such civil action in the State;
4	and
5	(3) containing no other provisions.

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