105TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 3

To provide for fair and accurate criminal trials, reduce violent juvenile crime, promote accountability by juvenile criminals, punish and deter violent gang crime, reduce the fiscal burden imposed by criminal alien prisoners, promote safe citizen self-defense, combat the importation, production, sale, and use of illegal drugs, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

January 21, 1997

Mr. Hatch (for himself, Mr. Lott, Mr. Abraham, Mr. Allard, Mr. Ashcroft, Mr. Craig, Mr. D'Amato, Mr. DeWine, Mr. Domenici, Mr. Enzi, Mr. Faircloth, Mr. Gorton, Mr. Grams, Mr. Grassley, Mr. Hagel, Mr. Helms, Mr. Hutchinson, Mr. Kyl, Mr. Murkowski, Mr. Nickles, Mr. Roberts, Mr. Smith of New Hampshire, Mr. Thomas, Mr. Thurmond, Mr. Warner, Mr. Coverdell, Mr. Mack, Mr. McCain, and Mr. Sessions, introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To provide for fair and accurate criminal trials, reduce violent juvenile crime, promote accountability by juvenile criminals, punish and deter violent gang crime, reduce the fiscal burden imposed by criminal alien prisoners, promote safe citizen self-defense, combat the importation, production, sale, and use of illegal drugs, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 2 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 3 "Omnibus Crime Control Act of 1997".
- 4 (b) Table of Contents for
- 5 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Severability.

TITLE I—TRANSFER OF ALIEN PRISONERS

- Sec. 101. Short title.
- Sec. 102. Transfers of alien prisoners.
- Sec. 103. Consent unnecessary.
- Sec. 104. Certification transfer requirement.
- Sec. 105. International prisoner transfer report.
- Sec. 106. Annual reports on foreign assistance.
- Sec. 107. Annual certification procedures.
- Sec. 108. Prisoner transfers treaties.
- Sec. 109. Judgments unaffected.
- Sec. 110. Definition.
- Sec. 111. Repeals.

TITLE II—EXCLUSIONARY RULE REFORM

Subtitle A—Exclusionary Rule Reform

- Sec. 201. Short title.
- Sec. 202. Admissibility of certain evidence.

Subtitle B—Confession Reform

Sec. 211. Enforcement of confession reform statute.

TITLE III—VIOLENT CRIME, DRUGS, AND TERRORISM

Sec. 301. Short title.

Subtitle A—Criminal Penalties and Procedures

- Sec. 311. Protection of the Olympics.
- Sec. 312. Federal responsibility for security at international athletic competitions.
- Sec. 313. Technical revision to penalties for crimes committed with explosives.
- Sec. 314. Chemical weapons restrictions.

Subtitle B—International Terrorism

- Sec. 321. Multilateral sanctions.
- Sec. 322. Information on cooperation with United States antiterrorism efforts in annual country reports on terrorism.
- Sec. 323. Report on international terrorism.
- Sec. 324. Revision of Department of State rewards program.

Subtitle C—Commissions and Studies

Sec. 331. National commission on terrorism.

TITLE IV—COMMUNITY PROTECTION

Sec. 401. Short title.

Subtitle A—Law Enforcement Assistance

Sec. 411. Exemption of qualified current and former law enforcement officers from State laws prohibiting the carrying of concealed firearms.

Subtitle B—Citizens' Assistance

- Sec. 421. Short title.
- Sec. 422. Authorization to enter into interstate compacts.
- Sec. 423. Authorized uses of Federal grant funds.
- Sec. 424. Self-defense for victims of abuse.

TITLE V—CRIMINAL PROCEDURE IMPROVEMENTS

Subtitle A—Equal Protection for Victims

- Sec. 501. The right of the victim to an impartial jury.
- Sec. 502. Jury trial improvements.
- Sec. 503. Rebuttal of attacks on the character of the victim.
- Sec. 504. Use of notice concerning release of offender.
- Sec. 505. Balance in the composition of rules committees.

Subtitle B—Firearms

- Sec. 521. Mandatory minimum sentences for criminals possessing firearms.
- Sec. 522. Firearms possession by violent felons and serious drug offenders.
- Sec. 523. Use of firearms in connection with counterfeiting or forgery.
- Sec. 524. Possession of an explosive during the commission of a felony.
- Sec. 525. Second offense of using an explosive to commit a felony.
- Sec. 526. Increased penalties for international drug trafficking.

Subtitle C—Federal Death Penalty

- Sec. 541. Strengthening of Federal death penalty standards and procedures.
- Sec. 542. Murder of witness as aggravating factor.
- Sec. 543. Death penalty for murders committed in the District of Columbia.

TITLE VI—INCREASED PENALTIES FOR TRAFFICKING AND MANUFACTURE OF METHAMPHETAMINE AND PRECURSORS

- Sec. 601. Trafficking in methamphetamine penalty increases.
- Sec. 602. Sentencing for violations involving cocaine powder.
- Sec. 603. Implementation of a sentence of death.
- Sec. 604. Limitation on drug enforcement administrator tenure.
- Sec. 605. Serious juvenile drug offenses as armed career criminal act predicates.
- Sec. 606. Mandatory minimum prison sentences for persons who use minors in drug trafficking activities or sell drugs to minors.
- Sec. 607. Penalty increases for trafficking in listed chemicals.

TITLE VII—COMBATING VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN AND CHILDREN

Subtitle A—General Reforms

- Sec. 701. Participation of religious organizations in Violence Against Women Act programs.
- Sec. 702. Domestic violence arrest grants.
- Sec. 703. Rural domestic violence and child abuse enforcement assistance.
- Sec. 704. Runaway, homeless, and street youth assistance grants.

Subtitle B—Domestic Violence

- Sec. 711. Death penalty for fatal interstate domestic violence offenses.
- Sec. 712. Death penalty for fatal interstate violations of protective orders.
- Sec. 713. Evidence of disposition of defendant toward victim in domestic violence cases and other cases.
- Sec. 714. HIV testing of defendants in sexual assault cases.

TITLE VIII—VIOLENT CRIME AND TERRORISM

Subtitle A—Violent Crime and Terrorism

- Sec. 801. Amendments to antiterrorism statutes.
- Sec. 802. Kidnapping; death of victim before crossing State line as not defeating prosecution, and other changes.
- Sec. 803. Expansion of section 1959 of title 18 to cover commission of all violent crimes in aid of racketeering activity and increased penalties
- Sec. 804. Conforming amendment to conspiracy penalty.
- Sec. 805. Inclusion of certain additional serious drug offenses as armed career criminal act predicates.
- Sec. 806. Increased penalties for violence in the course of riot offenses.
- Sec. 807. Elimination of unjustified scienter element for carjacking.
- Sec. 808. Criminal offenses committed outside the United States by persons accompanying the Armed Forces.
- Sec. 809. Assaults or other crimes of violence for hire.
- Sec. 810. Penalty enhancement for certain offenses resulting in death.
- Sec. 811. Violence directed at dwellings in Indian country.

Subtitle B—Courts and Sentencing

- Sec. 821. Allowing a reduction of sentence for providing useful investigative information although not regarding a particular individual.
- Sec. 822. Appeals from certain dismissals.
- Sec. 823. Elimination of outmoded certification requirement.
- Sec. 824. Improvement of hate crimes sentencing procedure.
- Sec. 825. Clarification of length of supervised release terms in controlled substance cases.
- Sec. 826. Authority of court to impose a sentence of probation or supervised release when reducing a sentence of imprisonment in certain
- Sec. 827. Technical correction to assure compliance of sentencing guidelines with provisions of all Federal statutes.

Subtitle C—White Collar Crime

- Sec. 841. Clarification of scienter requirement for receiving property stolen from an Indian tribal organization.
- Sec. 842. Larceny involving post office boxes and postal stamp vending machines.
- Sec. 843. Theft of vessels.
- Sec. 844. Conforming amendment to law punishing obstruction of justice by notification of existence of a subpoena for records in certain types of investigations.
- Sec. 845. Injunctions against counterfeiting and forgery.

Subtitle D—Miscellaneous Provisions

- Sec. 861. Increased maximum penalty for certain RICO violations.
- Sec. 862. Clarification of inapplicability to certain disclosures.
- Sec. 863. Conforming amendments relating to supervised release.
- Sec. 864. Addition of certain offenses as money laundering predicates.
- Sec. 865. Clarification of jurisdictional base involving the mail.
- Sec. 866. Coverage of foreign bank branches in the territories.
- Sec. 867. Conforming statute of limitations amendment for certain bank fraud offenses.
- Sec. 868. Clarifying amendment to section 704.

TITLE IX—PRISON REFORM

Subtitle A—Prison Litigation Reform

- Sec. 901. Amendment to the Prison Litigation Reform Act.
- Sec. 902. Appropriate remedies for prison conditions.
- Sec. 903. Civil rights of institutionalized persons.
- Sec. 904. Proceedings in forma pauperis.
- Sec. 905. Notice to State authorities of malicious filing by prisoner.
- Sec. 906. Payment of damage award in satisfaction of pending restitution awards.
- Sec. 907. Earned release credit or good time credit revocation.
- Sec. 908. Release of prisoner.
- Sec. 909. Effective date.

Subtitle B—Federal Prisons

- Sec. 911. Prison communications.
- Sec. 912. Prison amenities and prisoner work requirement.
- Sec. 913. Elimination of sentencing inequities and aftercare for Federal in-

TITLE X—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- Sec. 1001. Sense of the Senate regarding ONDCP.
- Sec. 1002. Restrictions on doctors prescribing schedule I substances.
- Sec. 1003. Antidrug use public service requirement.
- Sec. 1004. Child pornography.
- Sec. 1005. 2,000 boys & girls clubs before 2000.
- Sec. 1006. Cellular telephone interceptions.

TITLE XI—VIOLENT AND REPEAT JUVENILE OFFENDERS

- Sec. 1101. Short title.
- Sec. 1102. Findings and purposes.
- Sec. 1103. Severability.

Subtitle A—Juvenile Justice Reform

- Sec. 1111. Repeal of general provision.
- Sec. 1112. Treatment of Federal juvenile offenders.
- Sec. 1113. Capital cases.
- Sec. 1114. Definitions.
- Sec. 1115. Notification after arrest.
- Sec. 1116. Detention prior to disposition.
- Sec. 1117. Speedy trial.
- Sec. 1118. Dispositional hearings.
- Sec. 1119. Use of juvenile records.
- Sec. 1120. Incarceration of violent offenders.
- Sec. 1121. Federal sentencing guidelines.

Subtitle B—Juvenile Gangs

- Sec. 1141. Short title.
- Sec. 1142. Increase in offense level for participation in crime as a gang member.
- Sec. 1143. Amendment of title 18 with respect to criminal street gangs.
- Sec. 1144. Interstate and foreign travel or transportation in aid of criminal street gangs.
- Sec. 1145. Solicitation or recruitment of persons in criminal gang activity.
- Sec. 1146. Crimes involving the recruitment of persons to participate in criminal street gangs and firearms offenses as RICO predicates.
- Sec. 1147. Prohibitions relating to firearms.
- Sec. 1148. Amendment of sentencing guidelines with respect to body armor.
- Sec. 1149. Additional prosecutors.

Subtitle C-Juvenile Crime Control and Accountability

- Sec. 1161. Findings; declaration of purpose; definitions.
- Sec. 1162. Youth crime control and accountability block grants.
- Sec. 1163. Runaway and homeless youth.
- Sec. 1164. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 1165. Repeal.
- Sec. 1166. Transfer of functions and savings provisions.
- Sec. 1167. Repeal of unnecessary and duplicative programs.
- Sec. 1168. Civil monetary penalty surcharge.

1 SEC. 2. SEVERABILITY.

- 2 If any provision of this Act, an amendment made by
- 3 this Act, or the application of such provision or amend-
- 4 ment to any person or circumstance is held to be unconsti-
- 5 tutional, the remainder of this Act, the amendments made
- 6 by this Act, and the application of the provisions of such
- 7 to any person or circumstance shall not be affected there-
- 8 by.

1 TITLE I—TRANSFER OF ALIEN 2 PRISONERS

- 3 SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This title may be cited as the "Transfer of Alien Pris-
- 5 oners Act of 1997".
- 6 SEC. 102. TRANSFERS OF ALIEN PRISONERS.
- 7 (a) In General.—Not later than December 31,
- 8 1998, the Attorney General shall begin transferring un-
- 9 documented aliens who are in the United States, incarcer-
- 10 ated in a Federal, State, or local prison, whose convictions
- 11 have become final, to the custody of the government of
- 12 the alien's country of nationality for service of the dura-
- 13 tion of the alien's sentence in the alien's country.
- 14 (b) Inapplicability to Certain Aliens.—This
- 15 section does not apply to aliens who are nationals of a
- 16 foreign country that the Secretary of State has determined
- 17 under section 6(j) of the Export Administration Act of
- 18 1979 has repeatedly provided support for acts of inter-
- 19 national terrorism.
- 20 SEC. 103. CONSENT UNNECESSARY.
- 21 (a) Treaty Renegotiation.—The Secretary of
- 22 State shall renegotiate all treaties requiring the consent
- 23 of an alien who is in the United States, whether present
- 24 lawfully or unlawfully, who is, or who is about to be, incar-
- 25 cerated in a Federal, State, or local prison or jail before

- 1 such person may be transferred to the country of national-
- 2 ity of that person to ensure that no such consent is re-
- 3 quired in any case under any treaty. If the Secretary of
- 4 State is unable to negotiate with a foreign nation a new
- 5 treaty that would go into effect by December 31, 1998,
- 6 that does not require such consent, the Secretary shall
- 7 withdraw the United States as a party to any existing
- 8 treaty requiring such consent.
- 9 (b) GENERAL REPEAL.—Notwithstanding any other
- 10 provision of law, the consent of an alien covered by this
- 11 title shall not be required before such alien may be des-
- 12 ignated for transfer or before such alien may be trans-
- 13 ferred to the country of nationality of that alien.
- 14 SEC. 104. CERTIFICATION TRANSFER REQUIREMENT.
- Not later than March 1 of each year, the President
- 16 shall submit to Congress a certification as to whether each
- 17 foreign country has accepted, and has confined for the du-
- 18 ration of their sentences, the persons described in section
- 19 103(a).
- 20 SEC. 105. INTERNATIONAL PRISONER TRANSFER REPORT.
- 21 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than March 1 of each
- 22 year, the President shall transmit to the Majority Leader

- 1 of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representa-
- 2 tives, the chairmen and ranking members of the Commit-
- 3 tee on the Judiciary and the Committee on Foreign Rela-
- 4 tions of the Senate and the Committee on the Judiciary
- 5 and the Committee on International Relations of the
- 6 House of Representatives a report that—
- 7 (1) describes the operation of the provisions of 8 this title; and
- 9 (2) highlights the effectiveness of those provi-
- sions with regard to the 10 countries having the
- 11 greatest number of their nationals incarcerated in
- the United States, both in transferring such persons
- from the United States to their country of national-
- ity and in confining such persons for the duration of
- their sentences.
- 16 (b) Contents of Report.—The report prepared
- 17 under subsection (a) shall set forth—
- 18 (1) the number of aliens convicted of a Federal,
- 19 State, or local criminal offense in the United States,
- and the types of offenses involved, during the pre-
- 21 ceding calendar year;
- 22 (2) the number of aliens described in paragraph
- 23 (1) who were sentenced to terms of incarceration;

- (3) the number of aliens described in paragraph
 (1) who were eligible for transfer pursuant to those
 provisions;
 - (4) the number of aliens described in paragraph(2) who were transferred pursuant to the provisions of this title;
 - (5) the number, location, length of their period of incarceration in the United States, and present status of aliens described in paragraph (2) who have not yet been transferred to the country of nationality;
 - (6) the extent to which each foreign country whose nationals have been convicted of a Federal, State, or local criminal offense in the United States has accepted the transfer of such persons, including the percentage of such persons accepted by each foreign country;
 - (7) the extent to which each foreign country described in paragraph (6) has confined such persons for 85 percent of the duration of their sentences, including the percentage of such persons confined by each foreign country;
 - (8) the extent to which each foreign country described in paragraph (5) has accomplished (or has

1	failed to accomplish) the goals described in any ap-
2	plicable bilateral or multilateral agreement to which
3	the United States is a party that deals with the sub-
4	ject of the transfer of alien prisoners;
5	(9) for each foreign country described in para-
6	graph (6)—
7	(A) a description of the plans, programs,
8	and timetables adopted by such country to ac-
9	cept its own nationals for crimes committed in
10	the United States;
11	(B) a description of the plans, programs,
12	and timetables adopted by such country for the
13	continued incarceration of its own nationals for
14	crimes committed in the United States;
15	(C) a list of those countries that are nego-
16	tiating in good faith with the United States to
17	establish a mechanism for the transfer, receipt,
18	and continued incarceration of such country's
19	nationals;
20	(D) a list of those countries that have
21	adopted laws or regulations that ensure the
22	transfer, receipt, and incarceration of its na-
23	tionals in accordance with the provisions of this
24	title; and

1 (E) a list of those countries that have 2 adopted laws or regulations that ensure the 3 availability to appropriate United States Gov-4 ernment personnel of adequate records in con-5 nection with the transfer, receipt, and continued 6 incarceration of prisoners pursuant to this title; 7 (10) a description of the policies adopted, 8 agreements concluded, and plans and programs im-9 plemented or proposed by the Federal Government 10 in pursuit of its responsibilities for the prompt 11 transfer of aliens described in subsection (b)(1), as 12 well as for identifying and preventing the re-entry of 13 such persons after their transfer from the United 14 States; and 15 (11) a description of instances of refusals to co-16 operate with the United States Government regard-17 ing the transfer of aliens described in subsection 18 (b)(1).

19 SEC. 106. ANNUAL REPORTS ON FOREIGN ASSISTANCE.

At the time that the report required by section 634 21 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is submitted each 22 year, the Secretary of State shall submit a copy of such 23 report to the Chairmen and Ranking Members of the 24 Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Representa-25 tives and the Senate, the Chairman and Ranking Member

- 1 of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, and
- 2 the Chairman and Ranking Member of the Committee on
- 3 International Relations of the House of Representatives.
- 4 SEC. 107. ANNUAL CERTIFICATION PROCEDURES.
- 5 (a) Withholding of Bilateral Assistance, Op-
- 6 POSITION TO MULTILATERAL DEVELOPMENT ASSIST-
- 7 ANCE, AND WITHHOLDING OF VISAS.—

- (1) Bilateral assistance.—
 - (A) In General.—Fifty percent of the United States assistance allocated each fiscal year for each foreign country shall be withheld from obligation and expenditure to any such country if that country has refused to accept not less than 75 percent of nationals covered by this title and designated for transfer by the Attorney General within either of the 2 immediately preceding fiscal years or to confine such transferred persons for not less than 85 percent of their sentence, except as provided in subsection (b).
 - (B) Inapplicability to certain countries.—This paragraph does not apply with respect to a country if the President determines in accordance with subsection (b) that its application to that country would be contrary to the

1	vital national interests of the United States, ex-
2	cept that any such determination shall not take
3	effect until not less than 30 days after the
4	President submits written notification of that
5	determination to the congressional committees
6	listed in section 306 in accordance with the pro-
7	cedures applicable to reprogramming notifica-
8	tions under section 634A of the Foreign Assist-
9	ance Act of 1961.
10	(C) Bilateral assistance exemp-
11	TION.—In this subsection, the term "bilateral
12	assistance" does not include—
13	(i) narcotics-related assistance under
14	the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961;
15	(ii) disaster relief assistance;
16	(iii) assistance that involves the provi-
17	sion of food (including monetization of
18	food) or medicine; or
19	(iv) assistance for refugees.
20	(2) Multilateral assistance.—
21	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the
22	Treasury may instruct the United States Exec-
23	utive Directors of each multilateral development
24	bank to vote against any loan or other utiliza-
25	tion of the funds of such bank or institution for

the benefit of any country if that country has refused to accept not less than 75 percent of its nationals covered by this title and designated for transfer by the Attorney General or to confine such transferred persons for not less than 85 percent of their sentences within either of the 2 immediately preceding fiscal years, except as provided in subsection (b).

- (B) DEFINITION OF "MULTILATERAL DE-VELOPMENT BANK".—In this paragraph, the term "multilateral development bank" means the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the International Development Association, the Inter-American Development Bank, the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, and the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development.
- (3) VISAS.—All visas shall be denied to nationals employed by the government of any foreign country if that country has refused to accept not fewer than 75 percent of its nationals covered by this title and designated for transfer by the Attorney General within either of the 2 immediately preceding fiscal years or to confine such transferred persons for not less than 85 percent of their sentences, except as

provided in subsection (b), except that the President or the Secretary of State nonetheless may grant visas to heads of state, certified diplomats, or members of a foreign country's mission to the United Nations.

(b) Certification Procedures.—

(1) What must be certified.—Subject to subsection (d), the assistance withheld from a country pursuant to subsection (a)(1) may be obligated and expended, the requirement of subsection (a)(2) to vote against multilateral development bank assistance to a country shall not apply, and the withholding of visas from nationals of a country of subsection (a)(3) shall not apply, if the President determines and certifies to Congress, at the time of the submission of the report required by section 305, that—

(A) during the previous year the country has cooperated fully with the United States, or has taken adequate steps on its own, to achieve full compliance with the goals and objectives established by this title, except that the President may make such a finding only once during any 5-year period;

24 5-year

1	(B) for a country that would not otherwise
2	qualify for certification under subparagraph
3	(A), the vital national interests of the United
4	States require that the assistance withheld pur-
5	suant to subsection (a)(1) be provided, that the
6	United States not vote against multilateral de-
7	velopment bank assistance for that country pur-
8	suant to subsection (a)(2), and that visas not
9	be withheld pursuant to subsection (a)(3); or
10	(C) only in the case of multilateral develop-
11	ment bank assistance, such assistance is di-
12	rected specifically to programs that provide, or
13	support a foreign country's ability itself to pro-
14	vide, food, water, clothing, shelter, and medical
15	care of that country.
16	(2) Considerations regarding coopera-
17	TION.—In making the determinations described in
18	subsection (b)(1), the President shall consider the
19	extent to which the country has—
20	(A) met the goals and objectives of this
21	title;
22	(B) accomplished the goals described in an
23	applicable bilateral agreement with the United
24	States or a multilateral agreement to implement

the provisions and purposes of this title; and

1	(C) taken domestic legal and law enforce-
2	ment measures to implement the provisions and
3	purposes of this title;
4	(3) Case-by-case waiver authority.—
5	(A) AUTHORITY.—The President or the
6	Secretary of State may, on a case-by-case basis,
7	allow an alien subject to transfer under section
8	102 to remain in the custody of the Attorney
9	General if the President or Secretary of State
10	determines that doing so is necessary to serve
11	the vital interests of the United States or to
12	protect the life or health of the citizen or na-
13	tional. It is the sense of Congress that such
14	case-by-case determinations rarely should be
15	made.
16	(B) Nondelegation of Authority.—
17	The authority to make a determination under
18	subparagraph (A) may not be delegated.
19	(4) Information to be included in Na-
20	TIONAL INTEREST CERTIFICATION.—If the President
21	makes a certification with respect to a country pur-
22	suant to subsection (b)(1), the President shall in-
23	clude in such certification—
24	(A) a full and complete description of the

vital national interests placed at risk if United

- States bilateral assistance to that country is terminated pursuant to this section, multilateral development bank assistance is not provided to such country, and visas are not issued to the nationals of such country; and
- 6 (B) a statement weighing the risk de7 scribed in subparagraph (A) against the risks
 8 posed to the vital national interests of the Unit9 ed States by the failure of such country to co10 operate fully with the United States in imple11 menting the provisions and purposes of this
 12 title.
- 13 (c) Congressional Review.—Subsection (d) shall apply if, not later than 30 calendar days after receipt of a certification submitted under subsection (b) at the time of submission of the report required by this title, Congress enacts a joint resolution disapproving the determination of the President contained in such certification.
- (d) Denial of Assistance for Countries Decer-20 tified.—If the President does not make a certification 21 under subsection (b) with respect to a country or Congress 22 enacts a joint resolution disapproving such certification, 23 then until such time as the conditions specified in sub-

- 1 (1) funds may not be obligated for United 2 States assistance for that government, and funds 3 previously appropriated, but unobligated, for United 4 States assistance for that government may not be 5 expended for the purpose of providing assistance for 6 that government;
 - (2) the requirement to vote against multilateral development bank assistance pursuant to subsection (a)(2) shall apply with respect to that country, without regard to the date specified in that subsection; and
 - (3) no visas may be issued to nationals of that country, and no visas already issued shall be held valid by the Department of State, the Immigration and Naturalization Service, or any other department or agency of the Federal Government.
- 17 (e) RECERTIFICATION.—Subsection (d) shall apply to 18 a country described in that subsection until—
 - (1) the President, at the time of submission of the report required by this title, makes a certification under subsection (b)(1)(A) or (b)(1)(B) with respect to that country, and Congress does not enact a joint resolution under subsection (c) disapproving the determination of the President contained in that certification; or

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

19

20

21

22

23

24

1	(2) the President, at any other time, makes the
2	certification described in subsection $(b)(1)(A)$ or
3	subsection (b)(1)(B) with respect to that country,
4	except that this paragraph applies only if either—
5	(A) the President also certifies that—
6	(i) that country has undergone a fun-
7	damental change in government, or
8	(ii) there has been a fundamental
9	change in the conditions that were the rea-
10	sons—
11	(I) why the President had not
12	made a certification with respect to
13	that country under subparagraph (A)
14	or (B) of subsection (b)(1); or
15	(II) if the defendant had made
16	such a certification and Congress en-
17	acted a joint resolution disapproving
18	the determination contained in the
19	certification, why Congress enacted
20	that joint resolution; or
21	(B) Congress enacts a joint resolution ap-
22	proving the determination contained in the cer-
23	tification under subparagraph (A) or (B) of
24	subsection $(b)(1)$.

- 1 Any certification under paragraph (2)(A) shall discuss the
- 2 justification for the certification.
- 3 (f) Senate Procedures.—Any joint resolution
- 4 under this section shall be considered in the Senate in ac-
- 5 cordance with the provisions of section 601(b) of the Inter-
- 6 national Security Assistance and Arms Export Control Act
- 7 of 1976.

8 SEC. 108. PRISONER TRANSFERS TREATIES.

- 9 (a) Negotiation.—The Secretary of State shall
- 10 begin to negotiate and renegotiate, not later than 90 days
- 11 after the date of enactment of this Act, bilateral prisoner
- 12 transfer treaties. The focus of such negotiations should
- 13 be—
- 14 (1) to expedite the transfer of aliens unlawfully
- in the United States who are (or are about to be)
- incarcerated in United States prisons;
- 17 (2) to ensure that a transferred prisoner serves
- the balance of the sentence imposed by the United
- 19 States courts; and
- 20 (3) to allow the Federal Government or the
- 21 States to maintain their original prison sentences in
- 22 effect so that transferred prisoners who return to
- 23 the United States prior to the completion of their
- original United States sentences can be returned to
- custody for the balance of their prison sentences.

- 1 (b) CERTIFICATION.—The President shall submit to
- 2 Congress, annually, a certification as to whether each pris-
- 3 oner transfer treaty in force is effective in returning aliens
- 4 unlawfully in the United States who have committed of-
- 5 fenses for which they are incarcerated in the United States
- 6 to their country of nationality for further incarceration.

7 SEC. 109. JUDGMENTS UNAFFECTED.

- 8 Nothing in this title shall in any way be construed
- 9 to nullify or reduce the effect of a judgment of conviction
- 10 and sentence entered by a Federal, State, or local court
- 11 in the United States.

12 SEC. 110. DEFINITION.

- In this title, the term "United States assistance"
- 14 means any assistance under the Foreign Assistance Act
- 15 of 1961.

16 SEC. 111. REPEALS.

- 17 (a) The first sentence in section 4100(a) of title 18,
- 18 United States Code, is repealed.
- 19 (b) The first, third, fourth, fifth, and sixth sentences
- 20 in section 4100(b) of title 18, United States Code, are re-
- 21 pealed.
- (c) Subsection (c) of section 4100 of title 18, United
- 23 States Code is repealed.
- 24 (d) Subsection (d) of section 4100(a) of title 18,
- 25 United States Code, is redesignated as subsection (c).

- 1 (e) Section 330(a)(2) of the Illegal Immigration Re-
- 2 form and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (Public
- 3 Law 104–208; 110 Stat. 1704) is amended by inserting
- 4 "during fiscal years 1997 and 1998," after "compensa-
- 5 tion,".
- 6 (f) Section 330(c) of the Illegal Immigration Reform
- 7 and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (Public Law
- 8 104–208; 110 Stat. 1704) is amended by striking ", ex-
- 9 cept as required by treaty,".
- 10 (g) Section 332 of the Illegal Immigration Reform
- 11 and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (Public Law
- 12 104–208; 110 Stat. 1712) is repealed.

13 TITLE II—EXCLUSIONARY RULE

- 14 **REFORM**
- 15 Subtitle A—Exclusionary Rule
- 16 **Reform**
- 17 SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.
- 18 This subtitle may be cited as the "Exclusionary Rule
- 19 Reform Act of 1997".
- 20 SEC. 202. ADMISSIBILITY OF CERTAIN EVIDENCE.
- 21 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 223 of title 18, United
- 22 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow-
- 23 ing:

1 "§ 3510. Admissibility of evidence obtained by search 2 or seizure "(a) EVIDENCE OBTAINED BY OBJECTIVELY REA-3 SONABLE SEARCH OR SEIZURE.— 4

- "(1) In general.—Evidence that is obtained as a result of a search or seizure shall not be excluded in a proceeding in a court of the United States on the ground that the search or seizure was in violation of the fourth amendment to the Constitution of the United States, if the search or seizure was carried out in circumstances justifying an objectively reasonable belief that the search or seizure was in conformity with the fourth amendment.
 - "(2) Prima facie evidence.—The fact that evidence was obtained pursuant to and within the scope of a warrant constitutes prima facie evidence of the existence of circumstances justifying an objectively reasonable belief that it was in conformity with the fourth amendment.
- "(b) EVIDENCE NOT EXCLUDABLE BY STATUTE OR 20 21 Rule.—
 - "(1) In general.—Evidence shall not be excluded in a proceeding in a court of the United States on the ground that it was obtained in violation of a statute, an administrative rule or regulation, or a rule of procedure unless the exclusion is

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

22

23

24

- 1 expressly authorized by statute or by a rule pre-
- 2 scribed by the Supreme Court pursuant to statutory
- 3 authority.
- 4 "(2) Special rule relating to objectively
- 5 REASONABLE SEARCHES AN SEIZURES.—Evidence
- 6 that is otherwise excludable under paragraph (1)
- 7 shall not be excluded if the search or seizure was
- 8 carried out in circumstances justifying an objectively
- 9 reasonable belief that the search or seizure was in
- 10 conformity with the statute, administrative rule or
- 11 regulation, or rule of procedure, the violation of
- which occasioned its being excludable.".
- 13 (b) RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.—This section and the
- 14 amendments made by this section shall not be construed
- 15 to require or authorize the exclusion of evidence in any
- 16 proceeding. Nothing in this section or the amendments
- 17 made by this section shall be construed so as to violate
- 18 the fourth amendment to the Constitution of the United
- 19 States.
- 20 (c) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The chapter analysis
- 21 for chapter 223 of title 18, United States Code, is amend-
- 22 ed by adding at the end the following:

[&]quot;3510. Admissibility of evidence obtained by search or seizure.".

Subtitle B—Confession Reform

2	SEC. 211. ENFORCEMENT OF CONFESSION REFORM STAT-
3	UTE.
4	(a) In General.—Section 3501 of title 18, United
5	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow-
6	ing:
7	"(f) Enforcement of Confession Reform.—
8	"(1) In general.—Not later than 90 days
9	after the date of enactment of the Omnibus Crime
10	Control Act of 1997, the Attorney General shall pro-
11	mulgate guidelines that require the Department of
12	Justice to enforce, and defend nationally, the legality
13	of this section. Specifically, the Department shall
14	pursue the admission into evidence of confessions
15	that are voluntarily given.
16	"(2) Voluntariness.—In determining the
17	issue of voluntariness for purposes of this sub-
18	section—
19	"(A) the Department shall take into con-
20	sideration all the circumstances surrounding the
21	giving of the confession, including—
22	"(i) the time elapsing between arrest
23	and arraignment of the defendant making
24	the confession, if the confession was made
25	after arrest and before arraignment;

1	"(ii) whether the defendant knew the
2	nature of the offense with which he was
3	charged or of which he was suspected at
4	the time of making the confession;
5	"(iii) whether the defendant was ad-
6	vised or knew that he was not required to
7	make any statement and that any such
8	statement could be used against him; and
9	"(iv) whether the defendant was with-
10	out the assistance of counsel when he was
11	questioned and when he made a confession;
12	"(B) the presence or absence of any of the
13	factors described in paragraph (1) shall not be
14	conclusive in the Department's determination of
15	whether a confession was voluntary; and
16	"(C) the fact that the defendant had not
17	been advised prior to questioning of his or her
18	right to silence and to the assistance of counsel
19	shall not be dispositive.
20	"(g) Definition of Any Criminal Prosecution
21	BY THE UNITED STATES.—In this section—
22	"(1) the term 'any criminal prosecution by the
23	United States' includes any prosecution by the Unit-
24	ed States under the Uniform Code of Military Jus-
25	tice; and

1	"(2) the term 'offenses against the laws of the
2	United States' includes offense defined by the Uni-
3	form Code of Military Justice.".
4	(b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by
5	subsection (a) shall take effect on the date of enactment
6	of this Act and shall apply to any criminal prosecution
7	brought by or under the authority of the United States,
8	including a military prosecution or a prosecution brought
9	by the District of Columbia, regardless of whether that
10	prosecution has begun or has concluded and has yet to
11	become final.
12	TITLE III—VIOLENT CRIME,
13	DRUGS, AND TERRORISM
14	SEC. 301. SHORT TITLE.
14 15	This title may be cited as the "Drug Investigation
15	This title may be cited as the "Drug Investigation
15 16	This title may be cited as the "Drug Investigation Support and Antiterrorism Act of 1997".
15 16 17	This title may be cited as the "Drug Investigation Support and Antiterrorism Act of 1997". Subtitle A—Criminal Penalties and
15 16 17 18	This title may be cited as the "Drug Investigation Support and Antiterrorism Act of 1997". Subtitle A—Criminal Penalties and Procedures
15 16 17 18 19	This title may be cited as the "Drug Investigation Support and Antiterrorism Act of 1997". Subtitle A—Criminal Penalties and Procedures SEC. 311. PROTECTION OF THE OLYMPICS.
15 16 17 18 19 20	This title may be cited as the "Drug Investigation Support and Antiterrorism Act of 1997". Subtitle A—Criminal Penalties and Procedures SEC. 311. PROTECTION OF THE OLYMPICS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1111 of title 18, United
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	This title may be cited as the "Drug Investigation Support and Antiterrorism Act of 1997". Subtitle A—Criminal Penalties and Procedures SEC. 311. PROTECTION OF THE OLYMPICS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1111 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow-
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	This title may be cited as the "Drug Investigation Support and Antiterrorism Act of 1997". Subtitle A—Criminal Penalties and Procedures SEC. 311. PROTECTION OF THE OLYMPICS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1111 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

1	Games that are held within any State shall be pun-
2	ished in accordance with subsection (b) and section
3	1112.
4	"(2) Amendment.—Whoever attempts to vio-
5	late this subsection shall be punished in accordance
6	with section 1113.
7	"(3) STATE DEFINED.—In this subsection, the
8	term 'State' means each of the several States, the
9	District of Columbia, and any territory or possession
10	of the United States.".
11	(b) Internationally Protected Persons.—Sec-
12	tion 1116 (b)(4) of title 18, United States Code, is amend-
13	ed—
14	(1) by striking "or at the end of subparagraph
15	(A)";
16	(2) by striking the period at the end of sub-
17	paragraph (B), and inserting "; or"; and
18	(3) by adding at the end the following:
19	"(C) any participant or guest attending
20	any international sporting event sponsored or
21	sanctioned by the International Olympic Com-
22	mittee or the United States Olympic Committee
23	incorporated under the Act entitled 'An Act to

1	incorporate the United States Olympic Associa-
2	tion', approved September 21, 1950 (36 U.S.C.
3	371 et seq.).".
4	SEC. 312. FEDERAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR SECURITY AT
5	INTERNATIONAL ATHLETIC COMPETITIONS.
6	(a) In General.—
7	(1) Duty of attorney general.—The Attor-
8	ney General, in consultation with the Secretary of
9	State and the Secretary of the Treasury, shall super-
10	vise other Federal authorities and personnel in the
11	provision of security services (including conducting a
12	comprehensive review of plans for the housing of
13	athletes and other eligible guests) by establishing a
14	task force to be known as the "Olympic Security
15	Task Force" (referred to in this subsection as the
16	"task force").
17	(2) Duties of task force.—The task force
18	shall assist the Attorney General in overseeing secu-
19	rity for any international Olympic Games held in
20	any State.
21	(3) State defined.—In this section, the term
22	"State" means each of the several States, the Dis-
23	trict of Columbia, and any territory or possession of
24	the United States.
25	(b) Task Force Composition.—

1	(1) In general.—The Attorney General shall
2	determine the number of members and composition
3	of the task force in accordance with this section. The
4	Attorney General shall appoint representatives from
5	State and local law enforcement to serve as members
6	of the task force.
7	(2) Representatives.—In addition to the
8	members referred to in paragraph (1), the Attorney
9	General may appoint as members representatives
10	of—
11	(A) the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
12	(B) the Department of Defense;
13	(C) the Secret Service;
14	(D) the United States Marshals Service;
15	(E) the United States Attorney with juris-
16	diction over a venue for Olympic Games (re-
17	ferred to in this section as an "Olympic
18	venue");
19	(F) the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and
20	Firearms;
21	(G) the Central Intelligence Agency; and
22	(H) any other appropriate agency of the
23	Federal Government, as the Attorney General
24	determines to be appropriate.

1	(c) DISBANDING OF TASK FORCE.—The President
2	may disband the task force and relieve the Attorney Gen-
3	eral of responsibility for supervising security at inter-
4	national Olympic Games, if the President finds that ap-
5	propriate State or local law enforcement officials refused
6	or otherwise failed adequately to participate in, the plan-
7	ning, preparation, or execution of a plan providing for se-
8	curity under this section.
9	(d) Assistance.—
10	(1) In general.—In carrying out this section
11	the Attorney General may request assistance from—
12	(A) the head of any department or agency
13	of the United States; and
14	(B) the appropriate officials of any appro-
15	priate department or agency of the State in
16	which an Olympic venue is located (referred to
17	in this section as the "host State"), or any po-
18	litical subdivision of such State, including State
19	and local law enforcement officials in the host
20	State to ensure the effective implementation of
21	security under this subsection.
22	(2) United states olympic organizing com-
23	MITTEE.—The Attorney General may request the
24	United States Olympic Committee (incorporated
25	under the Act entitled "An Act to incorporate the

- 1 United States Olympic Association", approved Sep-
- 2 tember 21, 1950 (36 U.S.C. 371 et seq.)) and the
- 3 Olympic organizing committee of the city in which
- an Olympic venue is located (referred to in this sec-
- 5 tion as a "host city") to provide all reasonable co-
- 6 operation and assistance required to carry out this
- 7 subsection. Upon receipt of such a request, the Unit-
- 8 ed States Olympic Committee and organizing com-
- 9 mittees shall endeavor to provide that assistance.
- 10 (e) AGREEMENTS AND REGULATIONS.—To carry out
- 11 this section, the Attorney General may enter into inter-
- 12 agency or intergovernmental agreements and promulgate
- 13 regulations.
- 14 (f) Expedited Review.—In the case of Olympic
- 15 Games that occur after the date of enactment of this Act
- 16 in the United States with respect to which the Olympic
- 17 venue is selected before the date of enactment of this sec-
- 18 tion, the review of housing required by paragraph (1) shall
- 19 be conducted not later than 120 days after such date of
- 20 enactment. The review shall consider the suitability of the
- 21 proposed Olympic Village site, building options, and any
- 22 other issue the Attorney General considers appropriate to
- 23 ensure maximum security for the Olympic Village, its resi-
- 24 dents, and its environs.

1	(g) Construction.—Nothing in this section shall be
2	construed to create a cause of action against the United
3	States or any officer or employee of the United States in
4	favor of any person who is not otherwise authorized.
5	SEC. 313. TECHNICAL REVISION TO PENALTIES FOR
6	CRIMES COMMITTED WITH EXPLOSIVES.
7	Section 844 of title 18, United States Code, is
8	amended—
9	(1) in subsection $(f)(1)$, by inserting "or any in-
10	stitution or organization receiving Federal financial
11	assistance," after "or agency thereof,"; and
12	(2) by striking subsection (i) and inserting the
13	following:
14	"(i) Malicious Destruction by Fire or Explo-
15	SIVES.—
16	"(1) In general.—Whoever maliciously dam-
17	ages or destroys, or attempts to damage or destroy,
18	by means of fire or an explosive, any building, vehi-
19	cle, public place, or other personal or real property
20	used in interstate or foreign commerce or used in
21	any activity affecting interstate or foreign commerce,
22	shall be imprisoned for a period of not less than 5
23	years and not more than 20 years, fined under this
24	title, or both.

1	"(2) Personal injury.—Whoever engages in
2	conduct prohibited by this subsection, and as a re-
3	sult of such conduct, directly or proximately causes
4	personal injury or creates a substantial risk of injury
5	to any person, including any public safety officer
6	performing duties, shall be imprisoned for a period
7	of not less than 7 years and not more than 40 years,
8	fined under this title, or both.
9	"(3) Death.—Whoever engages in conduct
10	prohibited by this subsection, and as a result of such
11	conduct directly or proximately causes the death of
12	any person, including any public safety officer per-
13	forming duties, shall be subject to the death penalty,
14	or imprisoned for not less than 20 years or for life,
15	fined under this title, or both.".
16	SEC. 314. CHEMICAL WEAPONS RESTRICTIONS.
17	(a) In General.—Section 2332c of title 18, United
18	States Code, is amended—
19	(1) in subsection (a), by inserting after para-
20	graph (2) the following:
21	"(3) Restrictions.—
22	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Whoever without law-
23	ful authority knowingly develops, produces, ac-
24	quires, stockpiles, retains, transfers, owns, or
25	possesses any chemical weapon, or knowingly

1	assists, encourages or induces any person to do
2	so, or attempts or conspires to do so, shall be
3	punished under paragraph (2).
4	"(B) Jurisdiction.—The United States
5	has jurisdiction over an offense under this para-
6	graph if—
7	"(i) the prohibited activity takes place
8	in the United States; or
9	"(ii) the prohibited activity takes
10	place outside the United States and is
11	committed by a national of the United
12	States.
13	"(C) Additional Penalty.—The court
14	shall order any person convicted of an offense
15	under this paragraph to pay to the United
16	States any expenses incurred incident to the
17	seizure, storage, handling, transportation, and
18	destruction or other disposition of property
19	seized for violation of this section.";
20	(2) by adding at the end the following:
21	"(c) Criminal Forfeiture.—
22	"(1) Property subject to criminal for-
23	FEITURE.—A person who is convicted of an offense
24	under this section shall forfeit to the United States
25	the interest of that person in—

1	"(A) any chemical weapon, including any
2	component thereof;
3	"(B) any property, real or personal, con-
4	stituting or traceable to gross profits or other
5	proceeds obtained from such offense; and
6	"(C) any property, real or personal, used
7	or intended to be used to commit or to promote
8	the commission of the offense.
9	"(2) Third party transfers.—
10	"(A) IN GENERAL.—All right, title, and in-
11	terest in property described in subsection (a) of
12	this section vests in the United States upon the
13	commission of the act giving rise to forfeiture
14	under this section.
15	"(B) Forfeiture.—Except as provided in
16	subparagraph (C), any property referred to in
17	subparagraph (A) that is subsequently trans-
18	ferred to a person other than the defendant
19	may be the subject of a special verdict of for-
20	feiture and thereafter shall be ordered forfeited
21	to the United States.
22	"(C) Exception.—The property referred
23	to in subparagraph (B) shall not be ordered for-
24	feited if the transferee establishes in a hearing
25	conducted pursuant to subsection (l) that the

1	party is a bona fide purchaser for value of such
2	property who, at the time of purchase, was rea-
3	sonably without cause to believe that the prop-
4	erty was subject to forfeiture under this section.
5	"(3) Protective orders.—
6	"(A) In general.—Upon application of
7	the United States, the court may enter a re-
8	straining order or injunction, require the execu-
9	tion of a satisfactory performance bond, or take
10	any other action to preserve the availability of
11	property described in subsection (a) for forfeit-
12	ure under this section—
13	"(i) upon the filing of an indictment
14	or information—
15	"(I) charging a violation of this
16	chapter for which criminal forfeiture
17	may be ordered under this section;
18	and
19	"(II) alleging that the property
20	with respect to which the order is
21	sought would, in the event of convic-
22	tion, be subject to forfeiture under
23	this section; or
24	"(ii) prior to the filing of an indict-
25	ment or information referred to in clause

1	(i), if, after providing notice to persons ap-
2	pearing to have an interest in the property
3	and opportunity for a hearing, the court
4	determines that—
5	"(I) there is a substantial prob-
6	ability that the United States will pre-
7	vail on the issue of forfeiture and that
8	failure to enter the order will result in
9	the property being destroyed, removed
10	from the jurisdiction of the court, or
11	otherwise made unavailable for forfeit-
12	ure; and
13	"(II) the need to preserve the
14	availability of the property through
15	the entry of the requested order out-
16	weighs the hardship on any party
17	against whom the order is to be en-
18	tered;
19	except that an order entered pursuant to
20	subparagraph (B) shall be effective for a
21	period not to exceed 90 days, unless ex-
22	tended by the court for good cause shown
23	or unless an indictment or information de-
24	scribed in this subparagraph has been
25	filed.

1	"(B) Temporary restraining or-
2	DERS.—
3	"(i) In general.—A temporary re-
4	straining order under this subsection may
5	be entered upon application of the United
6	States without notice or opportunity for a
7	hearing when an information or indictment
8	has not yet been filed with respect to the
9	property, if the United States dem-
10	onstrates that there is probable cause to
11	believe that—
12	"(I) the property with respect to
13	which the order is sought would, in
14	the event of conviction, be subject to
15	forfeiture under this section; and
16	"(II)(aa) exigent circumstances
17	exist that place the life or health of
18	any person in danger; or
19	"(bb) that provision of notice will
20	jeopardize the availability of the prop-
21	erty for forfeiture.
22	"(ii) Expiration.—A temporary re-
23	straining order described in clause (i) shall
24	expire not later than 10 days after the

1	date on which the order is entered, un-
2	less—
3	"(I) the order is extended for
4	good cause shown; or
5	"(II) the party against whom it
6	is entered consents to an extension for
7	a longer period.
8	"(iii) Hearing.—A hearing requested
9	concerning an order entered under this
10	paragraph shall be held at the earliest pos-
11	sible time and prior to the expiration of
12	the temporary order.
13	"(C) Inapplicability of federal
14	RULES OF EVIDENCE.—The court may receive
15	and consider, at a hearing held pursuant to this
16	paragraph, evidence and information that would
17	otherwise be inadmissible under the Federal
18	Rules of Evidence.
19	"(d) Warrant of Seizure.—
20	"(1) In General.—The Government of the
21	United States may request the issuance of a warrant
22	authorizing the seizure of property subject to forfeit-
23	ure under this section in the same manner as pro-
24	vided for a search warrant.

1	"(2) Determinations by court.—The court
2	shall issue a warrant authorizing the seizure of the
3	property referred to in paragraph (1) if the court de-
4	termines that there is probable cause to believe
5	that—
6	"(A) the property to be seized would, in
7	the event of conviction, be subject to forfeiture;
8	and
9	"(B) an order under subsection (c) may
10	not be sufficient to ensure the availability of the
11	property for forfeiture.
12	"(e) Order of Forfeiture.—The court shall order
13	forfeiture of property referred to in subsection (a) if the
14	trier of fact determines, by a preponderance of the evi-
15	dence, that the property is subject to forfeiture.
16	"(f) Execution.—
17	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Upon entry of an order of
18	forfeiture or temporary restraining order under this
19	section, the court shall authorize the Attorney Gen-
20	eral to seize all property ordered forfeited or re-
21	strained on such terms and conditions as the court
22	determines to be appropriate.
23	"(2) Actions by Court.—Following entry of
24	an order declaring the property forfeited, the court
25	may, upon application of the United States, enter

1	such appropriate restraining orders or injunctions,
2	require the execution of satisfactory performance
3	bonds, appoint receivers, conservators, appraisers,
4	accountants, or trustees, or take any other action to
5	protect the interest of the United States in the prop-
6	erty ordered forfeited.
7	"(3) Offset.—Any income accruing to or de-
8	rived from property ordered forfeited under this sec-
9	tion may be used to offset ordinary and necessary
10	expenses to the property that—
11	"(A) are required by law; or
12	"(B) are necessary to protect the interests
13	of the United States or third parties.
14	"(g) Disposition of Property.—
15	"(1) In general.—Following the seizure of
16	property ordered forfeited under this section, the At-
17	torney General shall, making due provision for the
18	rights of any innocent persons—
19	"(A) destroy or retain for official use any
20	article described in paragraph (1) of subsection
21	(a); and
22	"(B) retain for official use or direct the
23	disposition of any property described in para-
24	graph (2) or (3) of subsection (a) by sale or
25	any other commercially feasible means.

1 "(2) REVERSION PROHIBITED.—With respect to
2 the forfeiture, any property right or interest not ex3 ercisable by, or transferable for value to, the United
4 States shall expire and shall not revert to the de5 fendant, nor shall the defendant or any person act6 ing in concert with the defendant or on behalf of the
7 defendant be eligible to purchase forfeited property
8 at any sale held by the United States.

"(3) Restraint of sale or disposition.—
Upon application of a person, other than the defendant or person acting in concert with the defendant or on behalf of the defendant, the court may restrain or stay the sale or disposition of the property pending the conclusion of any appeal of the criminal case giving rise to the forfeiture, if the applicant demonstrates that proceeding with the sale or disposition of the property will result in irreparable injury, harm, or loss to the applicant.

"(h) AUTHORITY OF ATTORNEY GENERAL.—With respect to property ordered forfeited under this section, the
Attorney General may—

"(1) grant petitions for mitigation or remission of forfeiture, restore forfeited property to victims of a violation of this section, or take any other action to protect the rights of innocent persons that—

1	"(A) is in the interest of justice; and
2	"(B) is not inconsistent with this section;
3	"(2) compromise claims arising under this sec-
4	tion;
5	"(3) award compensation to persons providing
6	information resulting in a forfeiture under this sec-
7	tion;
8	"(4) direct the disposition by the United States,
9	under section 616 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19
10	U.S.C. 1616a), of all property ordered forfeited
11	under this section by public sale or any other com-
12	mercially feasible means, making due provision for
13	the rights of innocent persons; and
14	"(5) take such appropriate measures as are
15	necessary to safeguard and maintain property or-
16	dered forfeited under this section pending the dis-
17	position of that property.
18	"(i) BAR ON INTERVENTION.—Except as provided in
19	subsection (l), no party claiming an interest in property
20	subject to forfeiture under this section may—
21	"(1) intervene in a trial or appeal of a criminal
22	case involving the forfeiture of that property under
23	this section; or
24	"(2) commence an action at law or equity
25	against the United States concerning the validity of

1	the alleged interest of that party in the property
2	subsequent to the filing of an indictment or informa-
3	tion alleging that the property is subject to forfeit-
4	ure under this section.
5	"(j) Jurisdiction To Enter Orders.—Each dis-
6	trict court of the United States shall have jurisdiction to
7	enter an order of forfeiture under this section without re-
8	gard to the location of any property that—
9	"(1) may be subject to forfeiture under this sec-
10	tion; or
11	"(2) has been ordered forfeited under this sec-
12	tion.
13	"(k) Depositions.—In order to facilitate the identi-
14	fication and location of property declared forfeited under
15	this section and to facilitate the disposition of petitions
16	for remission or mitigation of forfeiture, after the entry
17	of an order declaring property forfeited to the United
18	States under this section, the court may, upon application
19	of the United States, order that—
20	"(1) the testimony of any witness relating to
21	the property forfeited be taken by deposition; and
22	"(2) any designated book, paper, document,
23	record, recording, or other material that is not privi-
24	leged be produced at the same time and place, and
25	in the same manner, as provided for the taking of

1	depositions under rule 15 of the Federal Rules of
2	Criminal Procedure.
3	"(l) Third Party Interests.—
4	"(1) In general.—
5	"(A) Notice.—Following the entry of an
6	order of forfeiture under this section, the Unit-
7	ed States Government shall publish notice of
8	the order and of the intent of the Government
9	to dispose of the property in such manner as
10	the Attorney General may direct.
11	"(B) DIRECT WRITTEN NOTICE.—In addi-
12	tion to providing the notice described in sub-
13	paragraph (A), the Government may, to the ex-
14	tent practicable, provide direct written notice to
15	any person known to have alleged an interest in
16	the property that is the subject of the order of
17	forfeiture as a substitute for published notice as
18	to those persons so notified.
19	"(2) Petition by Person other than de-
20	FENDANT.—
21	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Any person, other
22	than the defendant, who asserts a legal interest
23	in property that has been ordered forfeited to
24	the United States pursuant to this section may
25	petition the court for a hearing to adjudicate

1	the validity of his alleged interest in the prop-
2	erty not later than the earlier of—
3	"(i) the date that is 30 days after the
4	final publication of notice; or
5	"(ii) the date that is 30 days after the
6	receipt of notice by the person under para-
7	graph (1).
8	"(B) Requirements for hearing.—A
9	hearing described in subparagraph (A) shall be
10	held before the court without a jury.
11	"(3) Requirements for Petition.—A peti-
12	tion referred to in paragraph (2) shall—
13	"(A) be signed by the petitioner under
14	penalty of perjury; and
15	"(B) set forth—
16	"(i) the nature and extent of the peti-
17	tioner's right, title, or interest in the prop-
18	erty;
19	"(ii) the time and circumstances of
20	the petitioner's acquisition of the right,
21	title, or interest in the property;
22	"(iii) the relief sought; and
23	"(iv) any additional facts supporting
24	the petitioner's claim.
25	"(4) Date; consolidation.—

1	"(A) DAME OF HEADING Mas bearing on
1	"(A) DATE OF HEARING.—The hearing on
2	a petition referred to in paragraph (2) shall, to
3	the extent practicable and consistent with the
4	interests of justice, be held not later than 30
5	days after the filing of the petition.
6	"(B) Consolidation.—The court may
7	consolidate the hearing on the petition with a
8	hearing on any other petition filed by a person
9	other than the defendant under this subsection.
10	"(5) Actions at Hearings.—
11	"(A) In general.—At a hearing referred
12	to in paragraph (4)—
13	"(i) the petitioner may testify and
14	present evidence and witnesses on his or
15	her own behalf, and cross-examine wit-
16	nesses who appear at the hearing; and
17	"(ii) the Government may present evi-
18	dence and witnesses in rebuttal and in de-
19	fense of its claim to the property that is
20	the subject and cross-examine witnesses
21	who appear at the hearing.
22	"(B) Consideration by Court.—In ad-
23	dition to considering testimony and evidence
24	presented at the hearing, the court shall con-
25	sider the relevant portions of the record of the

1	criminal case that resulted in the order of for-
2	feiture.
3	"(6) Amendment of order of forfeit-
4	URE.—If, after holding a hearing under this sub-
5	section, the court determines that a petitioner has
6	established by a preponderance of the evidence —
7	"(A) that—
8	"(i) the petitioner has a legal right,
9	title, or interest in the property that is the
10	subject of the hearing; and
11	"(ii) right, title, or interest renders
12	the order of forfeiture invalid in whole or
13	in part because the right, title, or inter-
14	est—
15	"(I) was vested in the petitioner
16	rather than the defendant; or
17	"(II) was superior to any right,
18	title, or interest of the defendant at
19	the time of the commission of the acts
20	which gave rise to the forfeiture of the
21	property under this section; or
22	"(B) that the petitioner is a bona fide pur-
23	chaser for value of the right, title, or interest
24	in the property and was at the time of purchase
25	reasonably without cause to believe that the

1	property was subject to forfeiture under this
2	section;
3	the court shall amend the order of forfeiture in ac-
4	cordance with its determination.
5	"(7) ACTIONS OF COURT AFTER DISPOSITION
6	OF PETITION.—After the disposition of the court of
7	all petitions filed under this subsection, or if no such
8	petitions are filed after the expiration of the period
9	specified in paragraph (2), the United States—
10	"(A) shall have clear title to property that
11	is the subject of the order of forfeiture; and
12	"(B) may warrant good title to any subse-
13	quent purchaser or transferee.
14	"(m) Construction.—This section shall be liberally
15	construed in such manner as to effectuate the remedial
16	purposes of this section.
17	"(n) Substitute Assets.—
18	"(1) In General.—In accordance with para-
19	graph (2), the court shall order the forfeiture of
20	property of a defendant other than property de-
21	scribed in subsection (a) if, as a result of an act or
22	omission of the defendant, any of the property of the
23	defendant that is described in subsection (a)—
24	"(A) cannot be located upon the exercise of
25	due diligence:

1	"(B) has been transferred or sold to, or
2	deposited with, a third party;
3	"(C) has been placed beyond the jurisdic-
4	tion of the court;
5	"(D) has been substantially diminished in
6	value; or
7	"(E) has been commingled with other
8	property which cannot be divided without dif-
9	ficulty.
10	"(2) Value of Property.—The value of any
11	property subject to forfeiture under paragraph (1)
12	shall not exceed the value of property of the defend-
13	ant with respect to which subparagraph (A), (B),
14	(C), (D), or (E) of paragraph (1) applies."; and
15	(3) by striking the section heading and insert-
16	ing the following:
17	"SEC. 2332c. USE AND STOCKPILING OF CHEMICAL WEAP-
18	ONS.".
19	(b) Conforming Amendment to Federal Rules
20	OF EVIDENCE.—Section 1101(d)(3) of the Federal Rules
21	of Evidence is amended by striking "; and proceedings
22	with respect to release on bail or otherwise" and inserting
23	", proceedings with respect to release on bail or otherwise;
24	and proceedings under section $2232c(c)(3)$ of title 18,
25	United States Code (except that the rules with respect to

- 1 privilege under subsection (c) of this section also shall
- 2 apply).".
- 3 (c) Conforming Amendment.—The chapter analy-
- 4 sis for chapter 113B of title 18, United States Code, is
- 5 amended by striking the item relating to section 2332b
- 6 and inserting the following:

"2332c. Use and stockpiling of chemical weapons.".

7 Subtitle B—International

8 Terrorism

- 9 SEC. 321. MULTILATERAL SANCTIONS.
- 10 (a) Policy on Establishment of Sanctions Re-
- 11 GIMES.—
- 12 (1) Policy.—Congress urges the President to
- commence immediately after the date of enactment
- of this Act diplomatic efforts, in appropriate inter-
- national for (including the United Nations) and bi-
- laterally, with allies of the United States, to estab-
- lish, as appropriate, a multilateral sanctions regime
- against each country that the Secretary of State de-
- termines under section 6(j) of the Export Adminis-
- 20 tration Act of 1979 (50 U.S.C. App. 2405(j)) to
- 21 have repeatedly provided support for acts of inter-
- 22 national terrorism.
- 23 (2) Report.—The President shall include in
- the annual report on patterns of global terrorism

1	prepared under section 143 a description of the ex-
2	tent to which the diplomatic efforts referred to in
3	paragraph (1) have been carried out and the degree
4	of success of those efforts.
5	(b) Action Plans for Designated Terrorist
6	NATIONS.—The President shall provide to Congress as a
7	part of each report on patterns of global terrorism pre-
8	pared under section 143 a plan of action (to be known
9	as an "action plan") for inducing each country referred
10	to in paragraph (1) to cease the support of that country
11	for acts of international terrorism.
12	SEC. 322. INFORMATION ON COOPERATION WITH UNITED
13	STATES ANTITERRORISM EFFORTS IN AN
14	NUAL COUNTRY REPORTS ON TERRORISM.
15	Section 140 of the Foreign Relations Authorization
16	Act, Fiscal Years 1988 and 1989 (22 U.S.C. 2656f) is
17	amended—
18	(1) in subsection (a)—
19	(A) by striking "and" at the end of para-
20	graph (1);
21	(B) by striking the period at the end of
2122	(B) by striking the period at the end of paragraph (2) and inserting a semicolon; and

1	"(3) with respect to each foreign country from
2	which the United States Government has sought co-
3	operation during the preceding 5-year period in the
4	investigation or prosecution of an act of inter-
5	national terrorism against United States citizens or
6	interests, information on—
7	"(A) the extent to which the government of
8	the foreign country is cooperating with the
9	United States Government in apprehending,
10	convicting, and punishing each individual re-
11	sponsible for the act; and
12	"(B) the extent to which the government
13	of the foreign country is cooperating in prevent-
14	ing further acts of terrorism against United
15	States citizens in the foreign country; and
16	"(4) with respect to each foreign country from
17	which the United States Government has sought co-
18	operation during the preceding 5-year period in the
19	prevention of an act of international terrorism
20	against such citizens or interests, the information
21	described in paragraph (3)(B)."; and
22	(2) in subsection (c)—
23	(A) by striking "The report" and inserting
24	the following:

- 1 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-2 graph (2), the report"; and
- 3 (B) by adding at the end the following:
- "(2) Classified form.—If the Secretary of 4 5 State determines that the transmittal of the infor-6 mation under paragraph (3) or (4) of subsection (a) 7 in classified form with respect to a foreign country 8 would increase the likelihood of cooperation of the 9 government of the foreign country (as specified in 10 that paragraph), the Secretary may transmit the in-11 formation under that paragraph in classified form.".

12 SEC. 323. REPORT ON INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM.

13 (a) Annual Report.—Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, 14 15 at the same time as the Secretary of State submits the report required by section 140 of the Foreign Relations 16 Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1988 and 1989 (22) U.S.C. 2656f), the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Director of Central Intelligence, shall submit, in classi-19 20 fied and unclassified versions, to the Speaker and the Mi-21 nority Leader of the House of Representatives, the Majority Leader and the Minority Leader of the Senate, the 23 chairman and the ranking minority member of the Committee on International Relations of the House of Representatives, and the chairman and the ranking minority

1	member of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the
2	Senate a report that includes—
3	(1) an assessment of—
4	(A) the magnitude of the anticipated
5	threat from international terrorism to United
6	States interests, persons, and property in the
7	United States and abroad, including the names
8	and background of major terrorist groups and
9	the leadership of those groups;
10	(B) the sources of financial and logistical
11	support of the groups;
12	(C) the nature and scope of the human
13	and technical infrastructure;
14	(D) the goals, doctrine, and strategies of
15	the groups;
16	(E) the quality and type of education and
17	training of the groups;
18	(F) the level of advancement of the groups;
19	(G) the bases of operation and training of
20	the groups;
21	(H) the operational capabilities of the
22	groups;
23	(I) the bases of recruitment of the groups;
24	(J) the linkages with governmental and
25	nongovernmental actors (such as ethnic groups,

1	religious communities, or criminal organiza-
2	tions) of the groups; and
3	(K) the intent and capability of each of the
4	groups to access and use weapons of mass de-
5	struction;
6	(2) a detailed assessment of any country that
7	provided support of any type for international ter-
8	rorism, terrorist groups, or individual terrorists, in-
9	cluding any country with respect to which the gov-
10	ernment of that country knowingly allowed terrorist
11	groups or individuals to transit or reside in the terri-
12	tory of that country, without regard to whether ter-
13	rorist acts were committed by the terrorist groups or
14	individuals in that territory;
15	(3) a detailed assessment of efforts of individual
16	countries to take effective action against countries
17	that the Secretary of State determines under section
18	6(j) of the Export Administration Act of 1979 (50
19	U.S.C. App. 2405(j)) to have repeatedly supported
20	acts of international terrorism, including the status
21	of—
22	(A) compliance with international sanc-
23	tions; and
24	(B) bilateral economic relations; and

1	(4)(A) a detailed assessment of efforts of the
2	United States Government to carry out this section;
3	and
4	(B) an identification of any failure or insuffi-
5	cient action on the part of the Government to carry
6	out this section.
7	(b) Content of Assessments.—An assessment
8	under subsection (a)(1) shall—
9	(1) characterize the quality of the information
10	that supports the assessment and identify areas that
11	require enhanced information; and
12	(2) identify and analyze potential vulnerabilities
13	of terrorist groups that could serve to guide the de-
14	velopment of governmental policy.
15	(c) Submission to the Commission on Terror-
16	ISM.—During the period that the National Commission or
17	Terrorism established under section 341 is operating, the
18	President shall submit a property of each report prepared
19	under subsection (a).
20	SEC. 324. REVISION OF DEPARTMENT OF STATE REWARDS
21	PROGRAM.
22	(a) In General.—Section 36 of the State Depart-
23	ment Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2708) is
24	amended to read as follows:

1 "SEC. 36. DEPARTMENT OF STATE REWARDS PROGRAM.

2	"(a) Establishment.—
3	"(1) In General.—The Secretary of State
4	shall establish a program for the payment of re-
5	wards by the Secretary in accordance with this sec-
6	tion.
7	"(2) Consultation.—The rewards program
8	established under paragraph (1) shall be adminis-
9	tered by the Secretary of State, in consultation (as
10	appropriate), with the Attorney General.
11	"(b) Rewards Program.—
12	"(1) The rewards program established under
13	subsection (a)(1) shall be designed to assist in the
14	prevention of acts of international terrorism, inter-
15	national narcotics trafficking, and other related
16	criminal acts.
17	"(2) At the sole discretion of the Secretary of
18	State and in consultation, as appropriate, with the
19	Attorney General, the Secretary of State may pay a
20	reward to any individual who furnishes information
21	leading to—
22	"(A) the arrest or conviction in any coun-
23	try of any individual for the commission of an
24	act of international terrorism against a person
25	or property;

1	"(B) the arrest or conviction in any coun-
2	try of any individual conspiring or attempting
3	to commit an act of international terrorism
4	against a United States person or United
5	States property;
6	"(C) the arrest or conviction in any coun-
7	try of any individual for committing, primarily
8	outside the territorial jurisdiction of the United
9	States, any narcotics-related offense if that of-
10	fense involves or is a significant part of conduct
11	that involves—
12	"(i) a violation of United States nar-
13	cotics laws which is such that the individ-
14	ual would be a major violator of such laws;
15	"(ii) the killing or kidnapping of—
16	"(I) any officer, employee, or
17	contract employee of the United
18	States Government while that individ-
19	ual is engaged in official duties, or on
20	account of the performance of official
21	duties of that individual, in connection
22	with—
23	"(aa) the enforcement of
24	United States narcotics laws; or

1	"(bb) the implementation of
2	United States narcotics control
3	objectives; or
4	"(II) a member of the immediate
5	family of any individual described in
6	subclause (I) on account of the official
7	duties of that individual in connection
8	with—
9	"(aa) the enforcement of
10	United States narcotics laws; or
11	"(bb) the implementation of
12	United States narcotics control
13	objectives; or
14	"(iii) an attempt or conspiracy to
15	commit any act described in clause (i) or
16	(ii);
17	"(D) the arrest or conviction in any coun-
18	try of any individual who aids or abets in the
19	commission of an act described in subparagraph
20	(A), (B), or (C); or
21	"(E) the prevention, frustration, or favor-
22	able resolution of an act described in subpara-
23	graph (A), (B), or (C).
24	"(c) Coordination.—

1	"(1) In general.—To ensure that the pay-
2	ment of rewards under this section does not dupli-
3	cate or interfere with the payment of informants or
4	the obtaining of evidence or information, as author-
5	ized for the Department of Justice, the offering, ad-
6	ministration, and payment of rewards under this
7	section shall be conducted in accordance with proce-
8	dures that the Secretary of State, in consultation
9	with the Attorney General, shall establish.
10	"(2) Contents of Procedures.—The proce-
11	dures referred to in paragraph (2) shall include pro-
12	cedures for—
13	"(A) identifying individuals, organizations
14	and offenses with respect to which rewards are
15	to be offered;
16	"(B) the publication of rewards;
17	"(C) the offering of joint rewards with the
18	governments of foreign countries;
19	"(D) the receipt and analysis of data; and
20	"(E) the payment and approval of pay-
21	ment.
22	"(3) Consultation with attorney gen-
23	ERAL.—Before making a reward under this section
24	in a matter subject to Federal criminal jurisdiction

the Secretary of State shall advise and consult with
the Attorney General.

"(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 102 of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1986 and 1987 (99 Stat. 408), and subject to paragraph (2), there are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of State such sums as may be necessary to carry out this section.
- "(2) LIMITATION.—No amount of funds may be appropriated to the Department of State for the purpose specified in paragraph (1) in excess of the difference between \$15,000,000 and the amount of unobligated funds available for that purpose to the Secretary of State for the fiscal year involved.
- "(3) DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS.—To the maximum extent practicable, funds made available to carry out this section shall be distributed in equal amounts for the purpose of preventing acts of international terrorism and for the purpose of preventing international narcotics trafficking.
- "(4) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization under paragraph (1) are authorized to remain available until expended.

1 "((e)	LIMITATION	AND	CERTIFICATION.—
------	-----	------------	-----	-----------------

- "(1) Limitation.—A reward made under this section by the Secretary of State may not exceed \$5,000,000.
 - "(2) APPROVAL OF PRESIDENT OR SECRETARY OF STATE.—A reward under this section in an amount greater than \$100,000 may not be made under the program under this section without the approval of the President or the Secretary of State.
 - "(3) APPROVAL OF SECRETARY OF STATE.—
 Any reward granted under the program under this section shall be approved and certified for payment by the Secretary of State.
 - "(4) Prohibition.—Neither the President nor the Secretary of State may delegate the authority under paragraph (2) to any other officer or employee of the United States Government.
 - "(5) PROTECTION.—If the Secretary of State determines that it is necessary to protect the identity of the recipient of a reward or of the members of the recipient's immediate family, the Secretary may take such measures in connection with the payment of the reward as the Secretary considers necessary to effect that protection.

1	"(f) Ineligibility.—An officer or employee of any
2	governmental entity who, while in the performance of the
3	official duties of that officer, furnishes information de-
4	scribed in subsection (b) shall not be eligible for a reward
5	under this section.
6	"(g) Reports.—
7	"(1) In general.—
8	"(A) Post-Award report.—Not later
9	than 30 days after the payment of any reward
10	under this section, the Secretary of State shall
11	submit a report to the appropriate congres-
12	sional committees with respect to that reward.
13	"(B) Classified form.—If necessary, a
14	report under subparagraph (A) may be submit-
15	ted in classified form.
16	"(C) CONTENT OF REPORT.—A report
17	submitted under subparagraph (A) shall speci-
18	fy—
19	"(i) the amount of the reward paid;
20	"(ii) the recipient of the reward;
21	"(iii) the acts related to the informa-
22	tion for which the reward was paid; and

1	"(iv) the significance of the informa-
2	tion for which the reward was paid in deal-
3	ing with the acts described under clause
4	(iii).
5	"(2) Annual Report.—
6	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60
7	days after the end of each fiscal year, the Sec-
8	retary of State shall submit a report to the ap-
9	propriate congressional committees concerning
10	the operation of the rewards program under
11	this section.
12	"(B) Contents of Reports.—Each re-
13	port under subparagraph (A), shall provide in-
14	formation concerning—
15	"(i) the total amounts expended dur-
16	ing the fiscal year that is the subject of the
17	report to carry out this section, including
18	amounts spent to publicize the availability
19	of rewards; and
20	"(ii) all requests made for the pay-
21	ment of rewards under this section, includ-
22	ing the reasons for the denial of any such
23	request.
24	"(h) Definitions.—In this section:

1	"(1) Act of international terrorism.—
2	The term 'act of international terrorism' includes—
3	"(A) any act substantially contributing to
4	the acquisition of unsafeguarded special nuclear
5	material (as that term is defined in section
6	830(8) of the Nuclear Proliferation Prevention
7	Act of 1994 (108 Stat. 521)) or any nuclear ex-
8	plosive device (as that term is defined in section
9	830(4) of that Act (108 Stat. 521)) by an indi-
10	vidual, group, or non-nuclear weapon state (as
11	that term is defined in section 830(5) of that
12	Act (108 Stat. 521));
13	"(B) any act, as determined by the Sec-
14	retary of State, that materially supports the
15	conduct of international terrorism, including the
16	counterfeiting of United States currency or the
17	illegal use of other monetary instruments by an
18	individual, group, or country supporting inter-
19	national terrorism as determined under section
20	6(j) of the Export Administration Act of 1979;
21	and
22	"(C) any act that would be a violation of
23	chapter 113B of title 18, United States Code,
24	relating to terrorism.

1	"(2) Appropriate congressional commit-
2	TEES.—The term 'appropriate congressional com-
3	mittees' means the Committee on International Re-
4	lations of the House of Representatives and the
5	Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate.
6	"(3) Member of the immediate family.—
7	The term 'member of the immediate family' in-
8	cludes—
9	"(A) a spouse, parent, brother, sister, or
10	child of the individual;
11	"(B) a person to whom the individual
12	stands in loco parentis; and
13	"(C) any other person living in the individ-
14	ual's household and related to the individual by
15	blood or marriage.
16	"(4) United States Narcotics Laws.—The
17	term 'United States narcotics laws' means the laws
18	of the United States for the prevention and control
19	of illicit traffic in controlled substances (as such
20	term is defined in section $102(6)$ of the Controlled
21	Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802(6))).
22	"(i) Judicial Review.—A determination made by
23	the Secretary of State concerning whether to authorize a
24	reward under this section, or the amount of a reward, shall
25	not be subject to judicial review.".

1	(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
2	gress that the Secretary of State should pursue additional
3	means of funding the program established by section 36
4	of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956
5	(22 U.S.C. 2708), including the authority—
6	(1) to seize and dispose of assets used in the
7	commission of any offense under sections 1028
8	1541 through 1544, and 1546 of title 18, United
9	States Code;
10	(2) to retain the proceeds derived from the dis-
11	position of the assets referred to in paragraph (1);
12	(3) to participate in asset-sharing programs
13	conducted by the Department of Justice; and
14	(4) to retain earnings accruing on all assets of
15	foreign countries blocked by the President pursuant
16	to the International Emergency Powers Act (50
17	U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) to carry out the purposes of
18	section 36 of the State Department Basic Authori-
19	ties Act of 1956.
20	Subtitle C—Commissions and
21	Studies
22	SEC. 331. NATIONAL COMMISSION ON TERRORISM.
23	(a) Establishment.—There is established a com-
24	mission to be known as the "National Commission on Ter-
25	rorism" (in this section referred to as the "Commission")

1	(b) Membership.—
2	(1) Number and appointment.—
3	(A) In General.—The Commission shall
4	be composed of 11 members, appointed from
5	persons specially qualified by training and expe-
6	rience to perform the duties of the Commission,
7	of whom—
8	(i) 3 shall be appointed by the Speak-
9	er of the House of Representatives, and 1
10	shall be appointed by the Minority Leader
11	of the House of Representatives;
12	(ii) 3 shall be appointed by the Major-
13	ity Leader of the Senate, and 1 shall be
14	appointed by the Minority Leader of the
15	Senate; and
16	(iii) 3 shall be appointed by the Presi-
17	dent.
18	(B) TIMING OF APPOINTMENTS.—The ap-
19	pointing authorities shall make their appoint-
20	ments to the Commission not later than 45
21	days after the date of enactment of this Act.
22	(2) Designation of the Chairperson and
23	VICE CHAIRPERSON.—The Speaker of the House of
24	Representatives and the Majority Leader of the Sen-
25	ate shall jointly designate a Chairperson and a Vice

- 1 Chairperson from the members of the Commission 2 (in this section referred to as the "Chairperson" and 3 the "Vice Chairperson", respectively).
- 4 (3) Period of appointment; vacancies.—
 5 Members shall be appointed for the life of the Commission. Any vacancy in Commission membership
 7 shall not affect the exercise of the Commission's
 8 powers, and shall be filled in the same manner as
 9 the original appointment.

(c) Meetings.—

10

17

18

- 11 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after
 12 the date on which all initial members of the Com13 mission are appointed under subsection (b), the
 14 Commission shall hold its initial meeting. Each sub15 sequent meeting of the Commission shall be held at
 16 the call of the Chairperson.
 - (2) Quorum.—A majority of the members of the Commission shall constitute a quorum, but a lesser number of members may hold hearings.
- 20 (d) SECURITY CLEARANCES.—Appropriate security 21 clearances shall be required for each member of the Com-22 mission. Each such clearance shall—
- 23 (1) be processed and completed on an expedited 24 basis by appropriate elements of the executive 25 branch of the Federal Government; and

1	(2) to the extent practicable, be completed not
2	later than 90 days after the date on which the mem-
3	ber is appointed.
4	(e) Application of Certain Provisions of
5	Law.—
6	(1) Federal advisory committee act.—The
7	Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.),
8	and the regulations issued pursuant to that Act,
9	shall not apply to the Commission.
10	(2) Freedom of information act.—
11	(A) In general.—Except as provided in
12	subparagraph (B), section 552 of title 5, United
13	States Code (commonly known as the "Freedom
14	of Information Act"), shall not apply to the
15	Commission.
16	(B) Exceptions.—Records of the Com-
17	mission shall be subject to chapters 21 through
18	31 of title 44, United States Code. Any such
19	record that is transferred to the National Ar-
20	chives and Records Agency shall not be exempt
21	from section 552 of title 5, United States Code.
22	(f) Duties of the Commission.—
23	(1) In General.—The Commission shall—
24	(A) prepare and transmit the reports de-
25	scribed in paragraph (2):

1	(B) examine the long-term strategy of the
2	Federal Government in addressing the threat of
3	international terrorism, including intelligence
4	capabilities, international cooperation, military
5	responses, and technological capabilities;
6	(C) examine the efficacy and appropriate-
7	ness of efforts of the Federal Government to
8	prevent, detect, investigate, and prosecute acts
9	of terrorism, including—
10	(i) the coordination of counter terror-
11	ism efforts among Federal departments
12	and agencies, and coordination by the Fed-
13	eral Government of law enforcement with
14	State and local law enforcement entities in
15	responding to terrorist threats and acts;
16	(ii) the ability and utilization of coun-
17	terintelligence or counterterrorism efforts
18	to infiltrate and disable or disrupt inter-
19	national terrorist organizations and the ac-
20	tivities of those organizations;
21	(iii) the impact of Federal immigra-
22	tion laws and policies on acts of terrorism
23	transcending national boundaries;
24	(iv) the effectiveness of regulations
25	and practices in effect at the time of the

1	examination relating to civil aviation safety
2	and security to prevent acts of terrorism,
3	including a study of—
4	(I) the desirability of assigning,
5	on a permanent basis, personnel of
6	the Federal Bureau of Investigation
7	at high-risk airports; and
8	(II) the practicality and desirabil-
9	ity of transferring authority for Unit-
10	ed States airport security to an entity
11	other than the Federal Aviation Ad-
12	ministration;
13	(v) the extent and effectiveness of
14	present cooperative efforts with foreign na-
15	tions to prevent, detect, investigate, and
16	prosecute acts of terrorism; and
17	(vi)(I) the impact on counterterrorism
18	efforts in use at the time of the examina-
19	tion attributable to the failure to expend
20	and utilize resources made available, and
21	authority delegated by law for the imple-
22	mentation of enhanced counter terrorism
23	activities; and

1	(II) the reasons why the resources re-
2	ferred to in subclause (I) have not been ex-
3	pended in a timely manner; and
4	(D) examine all laws (including statutes
5	and regulations) relating to—
6	(i) the collection and dissemination of
7	personal information concerning individ-
8	uals by law enforcement or other govern-
9	mental entities; and
10	(ii) the necessity for additional protec-
11	tions to prevent and deter the inappropri-
12	ate collection and dissemination of the in-
13	formation referred to in clause (i).
14	(2) Reports.—
15	(A) Initial Report.—Not later than 2
16	months after the date on which the initial meet-
17	ing of the Commission is held, the Commission
18	shall transmit to the Committees on the Judici-
19	ary of the House of Representatives and the
20	Senate, the Committee on Foreign Relations of
21	the Senate, the Committee on International Re-
22	lations of the House of Representatives, the Se-
23	lect Committee on Intelligence of the Senate,
24	and the Permanent Select Committee on Intel-

ligence of the House of Representatives a report

1	setting forth a plan for the work of the Com-
2	mission.

(B) Interim reports.—Prior to the submission of the report under subparagraph (C), the Commission may issue such interim reports as the Commission determines to be necessary or appropriate.

(C) Final Report.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—

(I) Submission.—Not later than January 31, 1999, the Commission shall submit to the President and to the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate, the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, the Committee on International Relations of the House of Representatives, the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate, and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives, a report that describes

1	the activities, findings, and rec-
2	ommendations of the Commission, in-
3	cluding any recommendations for the
4	enactment of legislation that the Com-
5	mission considers advisable.
6	(II) Availability of report.—
7	To the extent feasible, the final report
8	shall be unclassified and made avail-
9	able to the public. The report shall be
10	supplemented as necessary by a classi-
11	fied report or annex that shall be pro-
12	vided separately to the President and
13	the committees of the Congress listed
14	in subclause (I).
15	(ii) Protection of individuals.—
16	Prior to the submission of a report under
17	this paragraph—
18	(I) the Commission shall forward
19	a draft of the report to the Director
20	of Central Intelligence; and
21	(II) the Director of Central Intel-
22	ligence shall—

(aa) review the report to en-sure that disclosure of its con-tents will not endanger the life or safety of any person; and (bb) upon completion of the review, promptly provide conclu-sions and recommendations to the Commission.

(g) Powers.—

- (1) Hearings.—The Commission or, at its direction, any panel or member of the Commission, may, for the purpose of carrying out this section, hold hearings, sit and act at times and places, take testimony, receive evidence, and administer oaths to the extent that the Commission or any panel or member considers advisable.
- (2) Information from federal agencies.—
 The Commission may secure directly from any intelligence agency or from any other Federal department or agency any information that the Commission considers necessary to enable the Commission to carry out the responsibilities of the Commission under this section. Upon request of the Chairperson,

the head of any such department or agency expeditiously shall furnish such information to the Commission, unless the head of the department or agency determines that providing such information would threaten national security, the health or safety of any individual, or the integrity of an ongoing investigation or prosecution.

(3) Postal, Printing, and Binding services.—The Commission may use the United States mails and obtain printing and binding services in the same manner and under the same conditions as other departments and agencies of the Federal Government.

(4) Subcommittees.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Commission may establish panels composed of less than the full membership of the Commission for the purpose of carrying out the duties of the Commission.
- (B) ACTIONS OF PANELS.—The actions of each such panel shall be subject to the review and control of the Commission.
- (C) FINDINGS AND DETERMINATIONS OF PANEL.—Any findings and determinations made by such a panel shall not be considered

- the findings and determinations of the Commission unless approved by the Commission.
- 3 (5) AUTHORITY OF INDIVIDUALS TO ACT FOR
 4 COMMISSION.—Any member or agent of the Com5 mission may, if authorized by the Commission, take
 6 any action that the Commission is authorized to
 7 take under this section.

(h) Personnel Matters.—

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

(1) Compensation of members.—Each member of the Commission who is not otherwise employed by the Federal Government shall be paid, if requested, at a rate equal to the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay payable for level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of title 5, United States Code, for each day (including travel time) during which the member is engaged in the performance of the duties of the Commission. Each Federal officer or member of the Commission who is otherwise an officer or employee of the Federal Government (including any Member of Congress or member of the Federal Judiciary) shall serve without compensation in addition to that received for services as an officer or employee of the Federal Government.

(2) Travel expenses.—Each member of the Commission shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, at rates authorized for employees of agencies under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code, while away from their homes or regular places of business in the performance of services for the Commission.

(3) Staff.—

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

(A) IN GENERAL.—

- (i) In General.—The Chairperson may, without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service, appoint a staff director and such additional personnel as may be necessary to enable the Commission to perform its duties.
- (ii) Staff director.—The staff director of the Commission shall be a representative of the private sector. The appointment shall be subject to the approval of the Commission as a whole.
- (B) COMPENSATION.—The Chairperson may fix the pay of the staff director and other personnel without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of

1	title 5, United States Code, relating to classi-
2	fication of positions and General Schedule pay
3	rates, except that—
4	(i) the rate of pay fixed under this
5	paragraph for the staff director may not
6	exceed the rate payable for level V of the
7	Executive Schedule under section 5316 of
8	such title; and
9	(ii) the rate of pay for other personnel
10	may not exceed the maximum rate payable
11	for grade GS-15 of the General Schedule.
12	(4) Detail of government employees.—
13	Upon the request of the Chairperson, the head of
14	any Federal department or agency may detail, on a
15	nonreimbursable basis, any personnel of that depart-
16	ment or agency to the Commission to assist it in
17	carrying out its administrative and clerical func-
18	tions.
19	(5) Procurement of Temporary and inter-
20	MITTENT SERVICES.—The Chairperson may procure
21	temporary and intermittent services under section
22	3109(b) of title 5, United States Code, at rates for
23	individuals which do not exceed the daily equivalent

of the annual rate of basic pay payable for level V

1	of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of
2	such title.
3	(i) PAYMENT OF COMMISSION EXPENSES.—The com-
4	pensation, travel expenses, per diem allowances of mem-
5	bers and employees of the Commission, and other expenses
6	of the Commission shall be paid equally out of funds avail-
7	able to the Attorney General, the Secretary of Defense,
8	and the Secretary of State for the payment of compensa-
9	tion, travel allowances, and per diem allowances, respec-
10	tively, of employees of the Department of Justice, the De-
11	partment of Defense, and the Department of State.
12	(j) Termination of the Commission.—The Com-
13	mission shall terminate 1 month after the date on which
14	the final report is submitted under subsection $(f)(2)(C)$.
15	TITLE IV—COMMUNITY
16	PROTECTION
17	SEC. 401. SHORT TITLE.

- 18 This title may be cited as the "Community Protection
- 19 Initiative Act of 1997".

1	Subtitle A—Law Enforcement
2	Assistance
3	SEC. 411. EXEMPTION OF QUALIFIED CURRENT AND
4	FORMER LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS
5	FROM STATE LAWS PROHIBITING THE CAR-
6	RYING OF CONCEALED FIREARMS.
7	(a) In General.—Chapter 44 of title 18, United
8	States Code, is amended by inserting after section 926A
9	the following:
10	"§ 926B. Carrying of concealed firearms by qualified
11	current and former law enforcement offi-
12	cers
13	"(a) In General.—Notwithstanding any provision
14	of the law of any State or any political subdivision of a
15	State, an individual may carry a concealed firearm if that
16	individual is—
17	"(1) a qualified law enforcement officer or a
18	qualified former law enforcement officer; and
19	"(2) carrying appropriate written identification.
20	"(b) Effect on Other Laws.—
21	"(1) Common Carriers.—Nothing in this sec-
22	tion shall be construed to exempt from section
23	46505(B)(1) of title 49—

1	"(A) a qualified law enforcement officer
2	who does not meet the requirements of section
3	46505(D) of title 49; or
4	"(B) a qualified former law enforcement
5	officer.
6	"(2) Federal Laws.—Nothing in this section
7	shall be construed to supersede or limit any Federal
8	law or regulation prohibiting or restricting the pos-
9	session of a firearm on any Federal property, instal-
10	lation, building, base, or park.
11	"(3) State Laws.—Nothing in this section
12	shall be construed to supersede or limit the laws of
13	any State that—
14	"(A) grant rights to carry a concealed fire-
15	arm that are broader than the rights granted
16	under this section;
17	"(B) permit private persons or entities to
18	prohibit or restrict the possession of concealed
19	firearms on their property; or
20	"(C) prohibit or restrict the possession of
21	firearms on any State or local government prop-
22	erty, installation, building, base, or park.
23	"(4) Definitions.—In this section:

1	"(A) Appropriate written identifica-
2	TION.—The term 'appropriate written identi-
3	fication' means, with respect to an individual, a
4	document that—
5	"(i) was issued to the individual by
6	the public agency with which the individual
7	serves or served as a qualified law enforce-
8	ment officer; and
9	"(ii) identifies the holder of the docu-
10	ment as a current or former officer, agent,
11	or employee of the agency.
12	"(B) QUALIFIED LAW ENFORCEMENT OF-
13	FICER.—The term 'qualified law enforcement
14	officer' means an individual who—
15	"(i) is presently authorized by law to
16	engage in or supervise the prevention, de-
17	tection, or investigation of any violation of
18	criminal law;
19	"(ii) is authorized by the agency to
20	carry a firearm in the course of duty;
21	"(iii) meets any requirements estab-
22	lished by the agency with respect to fire-
23	arms; and

1	"(iv) is not the subject of a discipli-
2	nary action by the agency that prevents
3	the carrying of a firearm.
4	"(C) QUALIFIED FORMER LAW ENFORCE-
5	MENT OFFICER.—The term 'qualified former
6	law enforcement officer' means, an individual
7	who is—
8	"(i) retired from service with a public
9	agency, other than for reasons of mental
10	disability;
11	"(ii) immediately before such retire-
12	ment, was a qualified law enforcement offi-
13	cer with that public agency;
14	"(iii) has a nonforfeitable right to
15	benefits under the retirement plan of the
16	agency;
17	"(iv) was not separated from service
18	with a public agency due to a disciplinary
19	action by the agency that prevented the
20	carrying of a firearm;
21	"(v) meets the requirements estab-
22	lished by the State in which the individual
23	resides with respect to—
24	"(I) training in the use of fire-
25	arms; and

1	"(II) carrying a concealed weap-
2	on; and
3	"(vi) is not prohibited by Federal law
4	from receiving a firearm.
5	"(D) FIREARM.—The term 'firearm'
6	means, any firearm that has, or of which any
7	component has, traveled in interstate or foreign
8	commerce.".
9	(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The chapter analysis
10	for chapter 44 of title 18, United States Code, is amended
11	by inserting after the item relating to section 926A the
12	following:
	"926B. Carrying of concealed firearms by qualified current and former law enforcement officers.".
	Subtitle B—Citizens' Assistance
13	
13 14	SEC. 421. SHORT TITLE.
	SEC. 421. SHORT TITLE. This subtitle may be cited as the "Citizens' Assist-
14	
14 15	This subtitle may be cited as the "Citizens' Assist-
14 15 16	This subtitle may be cited as the "Citizens' Assistance Act of 1997".
14 15 16 17	This subtitle may be cited as the "Citizens' Assistance Act of 1997". SEC. 422. AUTHORIZATION TO ENTER INTO INTERSTATE
14 15 16 17	This subtitle may be cited as the "Citizens' Assistance Act of 1997". SEC. 422. AUTHORIZATION TO ENTER INTO INTERSTATE COMPACTS.
114 115 116 117 118	This subtitle may be cited as the "Citizens' Assistance Act of 1997". SEC. 422. AUTHORIZATION TO ENTER INTO INTERSTATE COMPACTS. (a) IN GENERAL.—The consent of Congress is hereby
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	This subtitle may be cited as the "Citizens' Assistance Act of 1997". SEC. 422. AUTHORIZATION TO ENTER INTO INTERSTATE COMPACTS. (a) In General.—The consent of Congress is hereby given to any 2 or more States—

1	within which the owner of the weapon resides and
2	is authorized to carry a concealed weapon; and
3	(2) to establish agencies or guidelines as they
4	may determine to be appropriate for making effec-
5	tive such agreements and compacts.
6	(b) Reservation of Rights.—The right to alter,
7	amend, or repeal this section is hereby expressly reserved
8	by Congress.
9	SEC. 423. AUTHORIZED USES OF FEDERAL GRANT FUNDS.
10	(a) In General.—Section 501(b) of the Omnibus
11	Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C.
12	3751(b)) is amended—
13	(1) in paragraph (25), by striking "and" at the
14	end;
15	(2) in paragraph (26), by striking the period
16	and inserting "; and"; and
17	(3) by adding at the end the following:
18	"(27) at the discretion of State or local law en-
19	forcement authorities, to train members of the pub-
1920	forcement authorities, to train members of the public in the safe possession, ownership, handling, carry,
	,
20	lic in the safe possession, ownership, handling, carry,
2021	lic in the safe possession, ownership, handling, carry, and use of firearms, including handguns.".

1	(1) by striking "Each" and inserting the follow-
2	ing:
3	"(1) In general.—Each";
4	(2) by redesignating paragraphs (1) and (2) as
5	subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively, and indent-
6	ing appropriately; and
7	(3) by adding at the end the following:
8	"(2) Collection and use of data.—
9	"(A) IN GENERAL.—As a part of any eval-
10	uation required by paragraph (1) or otherwise,
11	the Attorney General may not require the col-
12	lection, and a grant recipient may not under-
13	take any collection, of any data about any per-
14	son who participates in any program funded
15	under this section for the purpose of training
16	members of the public in the safe possession,
17	ownership, handling, carry, and use of firearms,
18	including handguns, other than data necessary
19	to determine whether such a member lawfully
20	may possess a firearm.
21	"(B) DESTRUCTION OF DATA.—Any data
22	described in subparagraph (A) shall be de-
23	stroyed by any party in possession of that data
24	not later than 7 days after the date on which
25	it is collected or once a member of the public

1	receives the training offered, whichever comes
2	first.''.
3	SEC. 424. SELF-DEFENSE FOR VICTIMS OF ABUSE.
4	Section 922(s)(1)(B) of title 18, United States Code,
5	is amended—
6	(1) by striking "the transferee has" and insert-
7	ing "the transferee—
8	"(i) has"; and
9	(2) by adding at the end the following: "or
10	"(ii) is named as a person protected
11	under a court order described in subsection
12	(g)(8).".
13	TITLE V—CRIMINAL
14	PROCEDURE IMPROVEMENTS
15	Subtitle A—Equal Protection for
16	Victims
17	SEC. 501. THE RIGHT OF THE VICTIM TO AN IMPARTIAL
18	JURY.
19	Rule 24(b) of the Federal Rules of Criminal Proce-
20	dure is amended by striking "the government is entitled
21	to 6 peremptory challenges and the defendant or defend-
22	ants jointly to 10 peremptory challenges" and inserting
23	"each side is entitled to 10 peremptory challenges".
24	SEC. 502. JURY TRIAL IMPROVEMENTS.
25	(a) Juries of 6.—

1	(1) In General.—Rule 23(b) of the Federal
2	Rules of Criminal Procedure is amended—
3	(A) by striking "Jury of Less Than
4	Twelve. Juries" and inserting the following:
5	"(b) Number of Jurors.—
6	"(1) In general.—Except as provided in sub-
7	section (2), juries"; and
8	(B) by adding at the end the following:
9	"(2) Juries of 6.—Juries may be of 6 upon
10	request in writing by the defendant with the ap-
11	proval of the court and the consent of the govern-
12	ment.".
13	(2) ALTERNATE JURORS.—Rule 24(c) of the
14	Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure is amended by
15	inserting after the first sentence the following: "In
16	the case of a jury of 6, the court shall direct that
17	not more than 3 jurors in addition to the regular
18	jury be called and impanelled to sit as alternate ju-
19	rors.".
20	(b) Capital Cases.—Section 3593(b) of title 18,
21	United States Code, is amended by striking the last sen-
22	tence and inserting the following: "A jury impanelled pur-
23	suant to paragraph (2) may be made of 6 upon request
24	in writing by the defendant with the approval of the court
25	and the consent of the government. Otherwise, such jury

1	shall be made of 12, unless, at any time before the conclu-
2	sion of the hearing, the parties stipulate, with the approval
3	of the court, that it shall consist of a lesser number."
4	SEC. 503. REBUTTAL OF ATTACKS ON THE CHARACTER OF
5	THE VICTIM.
6	Rule 404(a)(1) of the Federal Rules of Evidence is
7	amended by inserting before the semicolon the following
8	", or, if an accused offers evidence of a pertinent trait
9	of character of the victim of the crime, evidence of a perti-
10	nent trait of character of the accused offered by the pros-
11	ecution".
12	SEC. 504. USE OF NOTICE CONCERNING RELEASE OF OF
13	FENDER.
14	Section 4042(b) of title 18, United States Code, is
15	
15	amended by striking paragraph (4).
16	amended by striking paragraph (4). SEC. 505. BALANCE IN THE COMPOSITION OF RULES COM-
16	SEC. 505. BALANCE IN THE COMPOSITION OF RULES COM-
16 17	SEC. 505. BALANCE IN THE COMPOSITION OF RULES COM-
16 17 18	SEC. 505. BALANCE IN THE COMPOSITION OF RULES COM- MITTEES. Section 2073 of title 28, United States Code, is

recommendations concerning rules that affect crimi-

nal cases, including the Federal Rules of Criminal

22

1 Procedure, the Federal Rules of Evidence, the Fed-2 eral Rules of Appellate Procedure, the Rules Govern-3 ing Section 2254 Cases, and the Rules Governing Section 2255 Cases, the number of members who 5 represent or supervise the representation of defend-6 ants in the trial, direct review, or collateral review of criminal cases shall not exceed the number of 7 8 members who represent or supervise the representa-9 tion of the Government or a State in the trial, direct 10 review, or collateral review of criminal cases."; and 11 (2) in subsection (b), by adding at the end the 12 following: "The number of members of the standing 13 committee who represent or supervise the represen-14 tation of defendants in the trial, direct review, or 15 collateral review of criminal cases shall not exceed 16 the number of members who represent or supervise 17 the representation of the Government or a State in 18 the trial, direct review, or collateral review of crimi-19 nal cases.". Subtitle B—Firearms 20

- 21 SEC. 521. MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCES FOR CRIMI-
- 22 NALS POSSESSING FIREARMS.
- Section 924(c) of title 18, United States Code, is
- 24 amended—

1	(1) by striking "(e)" and all that follows
2	through "(2)" and inserting the following:
3	"(c) Possession of Firearm During Commission
4	OF CRIME OF VIOLENCE OR DRUG TRAFFICKING
5	Crime.—
6	"(1) Term of imprisonment.—
7	"(A) In general.—Except to the extent
8	that a greater minimum sentence is otherwise
9	provided by this subsection or by any other pro-
10	vision of law, any person who, during and in re-
11	lation to any crime of violence or drug traffick-
12	ing crime (including a crime of violence or drug
13	trafficking crime that provides for an enhanced
14	punishment if committed by the use of a deadly
15	or dangerous weapon or device) for which a per-
16	son may be prosecuted in a court of the United
17	States, uses, carries, or possesses a firearm
18	shall, in addition to the punishment provided
19	for such crime of violence or drug trafficking
20	crime—
21	"(i) be sentenced to a term of impris-
22	onment of not less than 5 years;
23	"(ii) if the firearm is discharged, be
24	sentenced to a term of imprisonment of
25	not less than 10 years: and

1	"(iii) if the death of any person re-
2	sults, be sentenced to a term of imprison-
3	ment for life or sentenced to death.
4	"(B) Exception for certain of-
5	FENSES.—If the firearm possessed by a person
6	convicted of a violation of this subsection—
7	"(i) is a short-barreled rifle, short-
8	barreled shotgun, or semiautomatic assault
9	weapon, the person shall be—
10	"(I) sentenced to a term of im-
11	prisonment of not less than 10 years;
12	and
13	"(II) if the death of any person
14	results, sentenced to a term of impris-
15	onment for life or sentenced to death;
16	and
17	"(ii) is a machinegun or a destructive
18	device, or is equipped with a firearm si-
19	lencer or firearm muffler, the person shall
20	be—
21	"(I) sentenced to a term of im-
22	prisonment of not less than 30 years;
23	and

1	"(II) if the death of any person
2	results, sentenced to a term of impris-
3	onment for life or sentenced to death.
4	"(C) Exception for certain offend-
5	ERS.—In the case of a second or subsequent
6	conviction under this subsection, a person shall
7	be sentenced to a term of imprisonment for life.
8	"(D) Probation and concurrent sen-
9	TENCES.—Notwithstanding any other provision
10	of law—
11	"(i) a court shall not place on proba-
12	tion or suspend the sentence of any person
13	convicted of a violation of this subsection;
14	and
15	"(ii) no term of imprisonment im-
16	posed on a person under this subsection
17	shall run concurrently with any other term
18	of imprisonment imposed on the person,
19	including any term of imprisonment im-
20	posed for the crime of violence or drug
21	trafficking crime during which the firearm
22	was used, carried, or possessed.
23	"(2) Definition of 'drug trafficking
24	CRIME'.—''; and
25	(2) in paragraph (3)—

1	(A) by striking "(3) For" and inserting
2	the following:
3	"(3) Definition of 'crime of violence'.—
4	For''; and
5	(B) by indenting each of subparagraphs
6	(A) and (B) 2 ems to the right.
7	SEC. 522. FIREARMS POSSESSION BY VIOLENT FELONS AND
8	SERIOUS DRUG OFFENDERS.
9	Section 924 of title 18, United States Code, is
10	amended—
11	(1) in subsection $(a)(1)$, by inserting before the
12	period the following: ", and if the violation is of sec-
13	tion 922(g)(1) by a person who has a previous con-
14	viction for a violent felony (as defined in subsection
15	(e)(2)(B)) or a serious drug offense (as defined in
16	subsection (e)(2)(A)), a sentence imposed under this
17	paragraph shall include a term of imprisonment of
18	not less than 10 years"; and
19	(2) by adding at the end the following:
20	(0)(1) Notwithstanding paragraph (2) , any person
21	who violates section 922(g) and has 2 previous convictions
22	by any court referred to in section 922(g)(1) for a violent
23	felony (as defined in subsection (e)(2)(B)) or a serious

1	drug offense (as defined in subsection $(e)(2)(A)$) commit-
2	ted on different occasions shall be fined as provided in this
3	title, imprisoned not less than 20 years.
4	"(2) Notwithstanding any other law, the court shall
5	not grant a probationary sentence to a person described
6	in paragraph (1) with respect to the conviction under sec-
7	tion 922(g).".
8	SEC. 523. USE OF FIREARMS IN CONNECTION WITH COUN-
9	TERFEITING OR FORGERY.
10	Section 924(c)(1) of title 18, United States Code, is
11	amended in the first sentence by inserting "or during and
12	in relation to any felony punishable under chapter 25,"
13	after "United States,".
14	SEC. 524. POSSESSION OF AN EXPLOSIVE DURING THE
15	COMMISSION OF A FELONY.
16	Section 844(h) of title 18, United States Code, is
17	amended—
18	(1) in paragraph (2), by striking "carries an ex-
19	plosive during" and inserting "uses, carries, or oth-
20	erwise possesses an explosive during"; and
21	(2) by striking "used or carried" and inserting
22	"used, carried, or possessed".

1	SEC. 525. SECOND OFFENSE OF USING AN EXPLOSIVE TO
2	COMMIT A FELONY.
3	Section 844(h) of title 18, United States Code, is
4	amended by striking "10" and inserting "20".
5	SEC. 526. INCREASED PENALTIES FOR INTERNATIONAL
6	DRUG TRAFFICKING.
7	(a) In General.—Section 1010 of the Controlled
8	Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. 960) is
9	amended by adding at the end the following:
10	"(e)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law,
11	the court shall sentence a person convicted of a violation
12	of subsection (a), consisting of bringing into the United
13	States a mixture or substance—
14	"(A) which is described in subsection $(b)(1)$
15	and
16	"(B) in an amount the Attorney General by
17	rule has determined is equal to 100 usual dosage
18	amounts of such mixture or substance;
19	to imprisonment for life without possibility of release. It
20	the defendant has violated this subsection on more than
21	one occasion and the requirements of chapter 228 of title
22	18, United States Code, are satisfied, the court shall sen-
23	tence the defendant to death.
24	"(2) The maximum fine that otherwise may be im-
25	posed, but for this subsection, shall not be reduced by op-

26 eration of this subsection.".

1	(b) Inclusion of Offense.—Section 3591(b) of
2	title 18, United States Code, is amended—
3	(1) by striking "or" at the end of paragraph
4	(1);
5	(2) by striking the comma at the end of para-
6	graph (2) and inserting "; or" at the end of para-
7	graph (2); and
8	(3) by inserting after paragraph (2) the follow-
9	ing:
10	"(3) an offense described in section 1010(e)(1)
11	of the Controlled Substances Import and Export
12	Act;".
13	(c) Additional Aggravating Factor.—Section
14	3592(d) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by
15	inserting after paragraph (8) the following:
16	"(9) SECOND IMPORTATION OFFENSE.—The of-
17	fense consisted of a second or subsequent violation
18	of section 1010(a) of the Controlled Substances Im-
19	port and Export Act consisting of bringing a con-
20	trolled substance into the United States.".
21	Subtitle C—Federal Death Penalty
22	SEC. 541. STRENGTHENING OF FEDERAL DEATH PENALTY
23	STANDARDS AND PROCEDURES.
24	(a) Amendments to Chapter 228.—Chapter 228
25	of title 18, United States Code, is amended—

1	(1) in section 3592(c), by striking paragraph
2	(2) and inserting the following:
3	"(2) Involvement of a firearm or pre-
4	VIOUS CONVICTION OF VIOLENT FELONY INVOLVING
5	A FIREARM.—For any offense, other than an offense
6	for which a sentence of death is sought on the basis
7	of section 924(c), the defendant—
8	"(A) during and in relation to the commis-
9	sion of the offense or in escaping or attempting
10	to escape apprehension used or possessed a fire-
11	arm (as defined in section 921); or
12	"(B) has previously been convicted of a
13	Federal or State offense punishable by a term
14	of imprisonment of more than 1 year, involving
15	the use or attempted or threatened use of a
16	firearm (as defined in section 921) against an-
17	other person.";
18	(2) in section 3593—
19	(A) in subsection (a)—
20	(i) in the heading, by inserting "AND
21	THE DEFENDANT" after "GOVERNMENT";
22	(ii) by redesignating paragraphs (1)
23	and (2) as subparagraphs (A) and (B), re-
24	spectively, and indenting appropriately;

1	(iii) by striking "If, in a case" and in-
2	serting the following:
3	"(1) In general.—If, in a case";
4	(iv) by designating the matter imme-
5	diately following subparagraph (B), as re-
6	designated, as paragraph (3), and indent-
7	ing appropriately;
8	(v) by inserting after paragraph (1) as
9	redesignated, the following:
10	"(2) Notice of any mitigating factors.—
11	The defendant shall, during a reasonable period of
12	time before a hearing under subsection (b), sign and
13	file with the court a notice setting forth the mitigat-
14	ing factor or factors, if any, upon which the defend-
15	ant intends to present information at the hearing.";
16	and
17	(vi) in paragraph (3), as redesig-
18	nated—
19	(I) by inserting "by the attorney
20	for the Government" after "this sub-
21	section";
22	(II) by striking ", and may in-
23	clude" and all that follows through
24	"relevant information";

1	(III) by inserting "or the defend-
2	ant" after "permit the attorney for
3	the government"; and
4	(IV) by inserting "under this
5	subsection" after "to amend the no-
6	tice".
7	(B) in subsection (c)—
8	(i) in the fourth sentence, by inserting
9	"for which notice has been provided under
10	subsection (a)" after "The defendant may
11	present any information relevant to a miti-
12	gating factor"; and
13	(ii) by inserting after the fifth sen-
14	tence the following: "The information pre-
15	sented by the government in support of
16	factors concerning the effect of the offense
17	on the victim and the family of the victim
18	may include oral testimony, a victim im-
19	pact statement that identifies the victim of
20	the offense and the nature and extent of
21	harm and loss suffered by the victim and
22	the family of the victim, and any other rel-
23	evant information."; and
24	(C) in subsection (e), by striking "shall
25	consider" and all that follows through "lesser

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

sentence." and inserting "shall then consider whether the aggravating factor or factors found to exist outweigh any mitigating factors. The jury, or if there is no jury, the court shall recommend a sentence of death if it unanimously finds not less than 1 aggravating factor and no mitigating factor or if it finds one or more aggravating factors that outweigh any mitigating factors. In any other case, it shall not recommend a sentence of death. The jury shall be instructed that it must avoid any influence of sympathy, sentiment, passion, prejudice, or other arbitrary factors in its decision, and shall make such a recommendation as the information warrants. The jury shall be instructed that its recommendation concerning a sentence of death is to be based on the aggravating factor or factors and any mitigating factor or factors, but that the final decision whether any evidence, in fact, is aggravating or mitigating and concerning the balance of aggravating and mitigating factors is a matter for the judgment of the jury."; and (3) in section 3595(c)(2), by striking the last

(3) in section 3595(c)(2), by striking the last sentence.

```
1
        (b) Uniformity of Procedures.—Section 408 of
 2
   the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 848) is amend-
 3
   ed—
 4
             (1) by striking subsections (g) through (p), (q)
 5
        (1) through (3), and (r); and
 6
             (2) in subsection (q) by—
 7
                  (A) redesignating paragraphs (4) through
 8
             (10) as paragraphs (1) through (7), respec-
 9
             tively; and
                 (B) inserting "(g)" before "(1)" as redes-
10
11
             ignated.
12
            DEATH DURING COMMISSION OF ANOTHER
13
   Crime.—Section 3592(c)(1) of title 18, United States
   Code, is amended by striking "of, or during the immediate
14
15
   flight from the commission of," and inserting "of a felony,
   or during the immediate flight from the commission of a
16
17
   felony, including".
18
        (d) AGGRAVATING FACTORS.—Section 3592(c) of
19
   title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting im-
20
   mediately after paragraph (15) the following:
             "(16) OTHER CIRCUMSTANCES.—With regard
21
22
        to the capital offense—
23
                 "(A) the victim was a custodial parent or
24
             legal guardian of a child who was less than 18
25
             years of age;
```

1	"(B) the offense was committed by a per-
2	son imprisoned as a result of a felony convic-
3	tion;
4	"(C) the offense was committed for the
5	purpose of disrupting or hindering the lawful
6	exercise of any government or political function;
7	"(D) the victim was found to have been
8	murdered due to the association of the victim
9	with a particular group, gang, organization, or
10	other entity;
11	"(E) the offense was committed by a per-
12	son lawfully or unlawfully at liberty after being
13	sentenced to imprisonment as a result of a fel-
14	ony conviction;
15	"(F) the offense was committed by means
16	of a destructive device, bomb, explosive, or simi-
17	lar device that the defendant planted, hid, or
18	concealed in any place, area, dwelling, building,
19	or structure, or mailed or delivered, or caused
20	to be planted, hidden, concealed, mailed, or de-
21	livered, and the defendant knew that the ac-
22	tions of the defendant would create a great risk
23	of death to human life;

1	"(G) the offense was committed for the
2	purpose of avoiding or preventing an arrest or
3	effecting an escape from custody;
4	"(H) the victim was a current or former
5	judge or judicial officer of any civilian, military,
6	or tribal court of record in the United States or
7	the territories of the United States, a law en-
8	forcement officer or official, and the murder
9	was intentionally carried out in retaliation for,
10	or to prevent the performance of, the official
11	duties of the victim;
12	"(I) the defendant has been convicted of
13	more than one offense of murder in the first or
14	second degree either in the proceeding at bar or
15	as the result of any prior proceeding;
16	"(J) the victim was a witness or a relative
17	of a witness—
18	"(i) to a crime who was intentionally
19	killed for the purpose of preventing the
20	testimony of any person in any judicial or
21	administrative proceeding, and the killing
22	was not committed during the commission
23	or attempted commission of the crime to
24	which the testimony would be relevant; or

1	"(ii) in a judicial or administrative
2	proceeding and was intentionally killed in
3	retaliation for the testimony of any person
4	in such proceeding;
5	"(K) the victim was an elected or ap-
6	pointed official or former official of the Federal,
7	State, local, or tribal government, or a relative
8	of such an official, and the killing was inten-
9	tionally carried out in retaliation for, or to pre-
10	vent the performance of, the official duties of
11	the victim;
12	"(L) the defendant intentionally killed the
13	victim while lying in wait;
14	"(M) the victim was intentionally killed be-
15	cause of the race, color, gender, religion, na-
16	tionality, or country of origin of the victim;
17	"(N) the victim was a juror in any court
18	of record in the Federal, State, or local system
19	in any State or judicial district, and the murder
20	was intentionally carried out in retaliation for,
21	or to prevent the performance of the official du-
22	ties of the victim;
23	"(O) the murder was intentional and was
24	perpetrated by means of discharging a firearm
25	from a motor vehicle, whether or not the motor

1	vehicle was moving, intentionally at another
2	person or persons outside the vehicle;
3	"(P) the murder was committed against a
4	person who was held or otherwise detained as
5	a shield or hostage;
6	"(Q) the murder was committed against a
7	person who was held or detained by the defend-
8	ant for ransom or reward;
9	"(R) the defendant caused or directed an-
10	other to commit murder or committed murder
11	as an agent or employee of another person;
12	"(S) the victim was pregnant;
13	"(T) the victim was handicapped or se-
14	verely disabled;
15	"(U) the victim was a child 16 years of
16	age or younger;
17	"(V) at the time of the killing, the victim,
18	or a relative of the victim, was or had been a
19	nongovernmental informant or had otherwise
20	provided any investigative, law enforcement, or
2.1	police agency with information concerning

1	criminal activity, and the killing was in retalia-
2	tion for the activities of any person as a non-
3	governmental informant or in providing infor-
4	mation concerning criminal activity to an inves-
5	tigative, law enforcement, or police agency;
6	"(W) the murder was committed for the
7	purpose of interfering with the free exercise or
8	enjoyment by the victim of any right, privilege,
9	or immunity protected by the first amendment
10	to the Constitution of the United States or be-
11	cause the victim exercised or enjoyed said right;
12	and
13	"(X) the victim was employed in a jail,
14	correctional facility, or halfway house, and was
15	murdered while in the lawful performance of
16	the duties of the victim or in retaliation for the
17	lawful performance of the duties of the victim.".
18	SEC. 542. MURDER OF WITNESS AS AGGRAVATING FACTOR.
19	Section 3592(e)(1) of title 18, United States Code,
20	is amended by inserting "section 1512 (witness tamper-
21	ing), section 1513 (retaliation against witness)," after

22 "(hostage taking),".

1	SEC. 543. DEATH PENALTY FOR MURDERS COMMITTED IN
2	THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
3	(a) In General.—Chapter 51 of title 18, United
4	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow-
5	ing:
6	"§ 1123. Capital punishment for murders in the Dis-
7	trict of Columbia
8	"(a) Offense.—It shall be unlawful to cause the
9	death of a person intentionally, knowingly, or through
10	recklessness manifesting extreme indifference to human
11	life, or to cause the death of a person through the inten-
12	tional infliction of serious bodily injury.
13	"(b) Federal Jurisdiction.—There is Federal ju-
14	risdiction over an offense described in this section if the
15	conduct resulting in death or the death occurs in the Dis-
16	trict of Columbia.
17	"(c) Penalty.—An offense described in this section
18	is a class A felony. A sentence of death may be imposed
19	for an offense described in this section as provided in this
20	section. Sections 3591 and 3592 of this title shall apply
21	in relation to capital sentencing for an offense described
22	in this section.
23	"(d) Definitions.—In this section—
24	"(1) the term 'State' has the meaning stated in
25	section 513; and

1	"(2) the term 'offense', as used in paragraphs
2	(2), (5), and (13) of subsection (e), and in para-
3	graph (5) of this subsection, means an offense under
4	the law of a state or the United States.
5	"(e) Other Charges.—If an offense is charged
6	under this section, the government may join any charge
7	under the District of Columbia Code that arises from the
8	same incident.".
9	(b) Technical Amendment.—The chapter analysis
10	for chapter 51 of title 18, United States Code, is amended
11	by adding at the end the following:
	"1123. Capital punishment for murders in the District of Columbia.".
12	TITLE VI—INCREASED PEN-
	ALMIDO DOD MDADDICIINIO
13	ALTIES FOR TRAFFICKING
13 14	ALTIES FOR TRAFFICKING AND MANUFACTURE OF
14	AND MANUFACTURE OF
14 15 16	AND MANUFACTURE OF METHAMPHETAMINE AND
14 15 16	AND MANUFACTURE OF METHAMPHETAMINE AND PRECURSORS
14 15 16 17	AND MANUFACTURE OF METHAMPHETAMINE AND PRECURSORS SEC. 601. TRAFFICKING IN METHAMPHETAMINE PENALTY
14 15 16 17	AND MANUFACTURE OF METHAMPHETAMINE AND PRECURSORS SEC. 601. TRAFFICKING IN METHAMPHETAMINE PENALTY INCREASES.
14 15 16 17 18	AND MANUFACTURE OF METHAMPHETAMINE AND PRECURSORS SEC. 601. TRAFFICKING IN METHAMPHETAMINE PENALTY INCREASES. (a) CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT.—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	AND MANUFACTURE OF METHAMPHETAMINE AND PRECURSORS SEC. 601. TRAFFICKING IN METHAMPHETAMINE PENALTY INCREASES. (a) CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT.— (1) LARGE AMOUNTS.—Section
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	AND MANUFACTURE OF METHAMPHETAMINE AND PRECURSORS SEC. 601. TRAFFICKING IN METHAMPHETAMINE PENALTY INCREASES. (a) CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT.— (1) LARGE AMOUNTS.—Section 401(b)(1)(A)(viii) of the Controlled Substances Act
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	AND MANUFACTURE OF METHAMPHETAMINE AND PRECURSORS SEC. 601. TRAFFICKING IN METHAMPHETAMINE PENALTY INCREASES. (a) CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT.— (1) LARGE AMOUNTS.—Section 401(b)(1)(A)(viii) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 841(b)(1)(A)(viii)) is amended by—

1	(B) striking "1 kilogram or more of a mix-
2	ture or substance containing a detectable
3	amount of methamphetamine" and inserting
4	"500 grams or more of a mixture or substance
5	containing a detectable amount of methamphet-
6	amine".
7	(2) SMALLER AMOUNTS.—Section
8	401(b)(1)(B)(viii) of the Controlled Substances Act
9	(21 U.S.C. 841(b)(1)(B)(viii)) is amended by—
10	(A) striking "10 grams or more of meth-
11	amphetamine," and inserting "5 grams or more
12	of methamphetamine,"; and
13	(B) striking "100 grams or more of a mix-
14	ture or substance containing a detectable
15	amount of methamphetamine" and inserting
16	"50 grams or more of a mixture or substance
17	containing a detectable amount of methamphet-
18	amine".
19	(b) Import and Export Act.—
20	(1) Large amounts.—Section 1010(b)(1)(H)
21	of the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act
22	(21 U.S.C. 960(b)(1)(H)) is amended by—
23	(A) striking "100 grams or more of meth-
24	amphetamine," and inserting "50 grams or
25	more of methamphetamine.'': and

1	(B) striking "1 kilogram or more of a mix-
2	ture or substance containing a detectable
3	amount of methamphetamine" and inserting
4	"500 grams or more of a mixture or substance
5	containing a detectable amount of methamphet-
6	amine".
7	(2) SMALLER AMOUNTS.—Section
8	1010(b)(2)(H) of the Controlled Substances Import
9	and Export Act (21 U.S.C.960(b)(2)(H)) is amend-
10	ed by—
11	(A) striking "10 grams or more of meth-
12	amphetamine," and inserting "5 grams or more
13	of methamphetamine,"; and
14	(B) striking "100 grams or more of a mix-
15	ture or substance containing a detectable
16	amount of methamphetamine" and inserting
17	"50 grams or more of a mixture or substance
18	containing a detectable amount of methamphet-
19	amine".
20	SEC. 602. SENTENCING FOR VIOLATIONS INVOLVING CO-
21	CAINE POWDER.
22	(a) Amendment of Controlled Substances
23	Act.—
24	(1) Large Quantities.—Section
25	401(b)(1)(A)(ii) of the Controlled Substances Act

- 1 (21 U.S.C. 841(b)(1)(A)(ii)) is amended by striking
- 2 "5 kilograms" and inserting "1 kilogram".
- 3 (2) SMALL QUANTITIES.—Section
- 4 401(b)(1)(B)(ii) of the Controlled Substances Act
- 5 (21 U.S.C. 841(b)(1)(B)(ii)) is amended by striking
- 6 "500 grams" and inserting "100 grams".
- 7 (b) Amendment of Sentencing Guidelines.—
- 8 Pursuant to section 994 of title 28, United States Code,
- 9 the United States Sentencing Commission shall promul-
- 10 gate guidelines or amend existing guidelines to reflect the
- 11 amendment made by subsection (a).
- 12 SEC. 603. IMPLEMENTATION OF A SENTENCE OF DEATH.
- 13 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 3596(a) of title 18, Unit-
- 14 ed States Code, is amended—
- 15 (1) by striking "pursuant to this chapter"; and
- 16 (2) in the second sentence, by striking "in the
- manner" and all that follows through the end of the
- subsection and inserting "pursuant to regulations
- promulgated by the Attorney General.".
- 20 (b) Regulations.—Not later than 6 months after
- 21 the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General
- 22 shall promulgate regulations to provide for the implemen-
- 23 tation of a sentence of death under section 3596 of title
- 24 18, United State Code.

1	(c) In General.—Section 3597 of title 18, United
2	States Code, is amended—
3	(1) by striking the section designation and the
4	section heading and inserting the following:
5	"§ 3597. Use of facilities and employees";
6	(2) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the
7	following:
8	"(a) In General.—A United States marshal
9	charged with supervising the implementation of a sentence
10	of death shall use appropriate Federal facilities for that
11	purpose."; and
12	(3) in subsection (b), by striking "any State de-
13	partment of corrections,".
14	(d) Technical Amendment.—The chapter analysis
15	for chapter 228 of title 18, United States Code, is amend-
16	ed by striking item relating to section 3597 and inserting
17	the following:
	"3597. Use of facilities and employees.".
18	SEC. 604. LIMITATION ON DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINIS
19	TRATOR TENURE.
20	(a) In General.—The term of office of the Adminis-
21	trator of the Drug Enforcement Agency (as established
22	by section 5(a) of the Reorganization Plan No. 2 of 1973
23	(5 U.S.C. App.)) shall be for not more than a single 10-
24	year period

1	(b) APPLICABILITY.—This section does not apply to
2	the individual who is serving as the Administrator of the
3	Drug Enforcement Agency on the date of enactment of
4	this Act, unless that individual is reappointed to the posi-
5	tion on or after the date of enactment of this Act.
6	SEC. 605. SERIOUS JUVENILE DRUG OFFENSES AS ARMED
7	CAREER CRIMINAL ACT PREDICATES.
8	Section 924(e)(2)(A) of title 18, United States Code,
9	is amended—
10	(1) in clause (i), by striking "or" at the end;
11	(2) in clause (ii), by adding "or" at the end;
12	and
13	(3) by adding at the end the following:
14	"(iii) any act of juvenile delinquency,
15	under Federal or State law, that, if com-
16	mitted by an adult, would be an offense
17	described in clause (i) or (ii).".
18	SEC. 606. MANDATORY MINIMUM PRISON SENTENCES FOR
19	PERSONS WHO USE MINORS IN DRUG TRAF-
20	FICKING ACTIVITIES OR SELL DRUGS TO MI-
21	NORS.
22	(a) Employment of Persons Under 18 Years of
23	AGE.—Section 420 of the Controlled Substances Act (21
24	U.S.C. 861) is amended—

(1) in subsection (b), by striking the second sentence and inserting the following: "Except to the extent that a greater minimum sentence is otherwise provided, a term of imprisonment of a person 21 or more years of age convicted under this subsection shall be not less than 10 years, and a term of imprisonment of a person between the ages of 18 and 21 convicted under this subsection shall be not less than 3 years. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the court shall not place on probation or suspend the sentence of any person sentenced under the preceding sentence."; and

(2) in subsection (c)—

- (A) by striking "one year" and inserting "6 years";
- (B) by inserting after the second sentence the following: "Except to the extent that a greater minimum sentence is otherwise provided, a term of imprisonment of a person 21 or more years of age convicted under this subsection shall be a mandatory term of life imprisonment. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the court shall not place on probation or suspend the sentence of any person sentenced under the preceding sentence."; and

1	(C) in the third sentence, by striking
2	"Penalties" and inserting: "Except to the ex-
3	tent that a greater minimum sentence is other-
4	wise provided, penalties".
5	(b) Mandatory Minimum Prison Sentences for
6	Persons Convicted of Distribution of Drugs to
7	MINORS.—
8	(1) In General.—Section 418 of the Con-
9	trolled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 859) is amend-
10	ed —
11	(A) in subsection (a)
12	(i) by striking "at least eighteen" and
13	inserting "not less than 21";
14	(ii) by striking "twenty-one" and in-
15	serting "18";
16	(iii) by striking "not less than one
17	year" and inserting "not less than 10
18	years"; and
19	(iv) by striking the last sentence;
20	(B) in subsection (b)—
21	(i) by striking "at least eighteen" and
22	inserting "not less than 21";
23	(ii) by striking "twenty-one" and in-
24	serting "18";

1	(iii) by striking "not less than one
2	year" and inserting "a mandatory term of
3	life imprisonment"; and
4	(iv) by striking the last sentence; and
5	(C) in the section heading, by striking
6	"TWENTY-ONE" and inserting "18".
7	(2) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of
8	contents for the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Preven-
9	tion and Control Act of 1970 is amended in the item
10	relating to section 418 by striking "TWENTY-ONE"
11	and inserting "18".
12	(c) Penalties for Drug Offenses in Drug-
13	Free Zones.—
13 14	Free Zones.— (1) Increased penalties.—Section 419 of
14	(1) Increased penalties.—Section 419 of
14 15	(1) Increased penalties.—Section 419 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 860) is
14 15 16	(1) Increased penalties.—Section 419 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 860) is amended—
14 15 16 17	(1) Increased penalties.—Section 419 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 860) is amended— (A) in subsection (a)—
14 15 16 17	 (1) Increased penalties.—Section 419 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 860) is amended— (A) in subsection (a)— (i) by striking "not less than one
114 115 116 117 118	 (1) Increased penalties.—Section 419 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 860) is amended— (A) in subsection (a)— (i) by striking "not less than one year" and inserting "not less than 5
114 115 116 117 118 119 220	(1) Increased penalties.—Section 419 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 860) is amended— (A) in subsection (a)— (i) by striking "not less than one year" and inserting "not less than 5 years"; and
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(1) Increased penalties.—Section 419 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 860) is amended— (A) in subsection (a)— (i) by striking "not less than one year" and inserting "not less than 5 years"; and (ii) by striking the last sentence;

1	(C) by redesignating subsections (c), (d),
2	and (e) as subsections (d), (e), and (f), respec-
3	tively.
4	SEC. 607. PENALTY INCREASES FOR TRAFFICKING IN LIST-
5	ED CHEMICALS.
6	(a) Controlled Substances Act.—Section
7	401(d) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C.
8	841(d)) is amended by inserting before the period at the
9	end the following: "or, with respect to a violation of para-
10	graph (1) or (2) of this subsection involving a list I chemi-
11	cal, if the government proves the quantity of controlled
12	substance that could reasonably have been manufactured
13	in a clandestine setting using the quantity of list I chemi-
14	cals possessed or distributed, the penalty corresponding to
15	the quantity of controlled substance that could have been
16	produced under subsection (b)".
17	(b) Controlled Substance Import and Export
18	Act.—Section 1010(d) of the Controlled Substances Im-
19	port and Export Act (21 U.S.C. 960(d)) is amended by
20	inserting before the period at the end the following: ", or,
21	with respect to an importation violation of paragraph (1)
22	or (3) of this subsection involving a list I chemical, if the
23	government proves the quality of controlled substance that
24	could reasonably have been manufactured in a clandestine
25	setting using the quantity of list I chemicals imported, the

1	penalty corresponding to the quantity of controlled sub-
2	stance that could have been produced under title Π ".
3	(c) Determination of Quantity.—
4	(1) In general.—For the purpose of this sec-
5	tion and the amendments made by this section, the
6	quantity of controlled substance that could reason-
7	ably have been provided shall be determined by
8	using a table of manufacturing conversion ratios for
9	list I chemicals.
10	(2) Table.—The table described in paragraph
11	(1) shall be—
12	(A) established by the United States Sen-
13	tencing Commission based on scientific, law en-
14	forcement, and other data the Sentencing Com-
15	mission determines to be appropriate; and
16	(B) dispositive of this issue.
17	TITLE VII—COMBATING VIO-
18	LENCE AGAINST WOMEN AND
19	CHILDREN
20	Subtitle A—General Reforms
21	SEC. 701. PARTICIPATION OF RELIGIOUS ORGANIZATIONS
22	IN VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT PRO-
23	GRAMS.
24	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, religious
25	organizations shall be eligible to participate in any grant

- 1 program authorized pursuant to the Violence Against
- 2 Women Act of 1994 (Title IV of Public Law 103–322)
- 3 which allow for the participation of nongovernmental enti-
- 4 ties, programs, or agencies, or any private organizations.
- 5 No Federal or State governmental agency receiving funds
- 6 under any such program shall discriminate against an or-
- 7 ganization on the basis that the organization has a reli-
- 8 gious character. Nothing in this section shall be construed
- 9 to preempt any provision of a State constitution or State
- 10 statute that prohibits or restricts the expenditure of State
- 11 funds in or by religious organizations.
- 12 SEC. 702. DOMESTIC VIOLENCE ARREST GRANTS.
- Paragraph (20) of section 1001(a) of title I of the
- 14 Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 is
- 15 amended by striking "fiscal year 1998" and inserting "for
- 16 each of the fiscal years 1998 and 1999".
- 17 SEC. 703. RURAL DOMESTIC VIOLENCE AND CHILD ABUSE
- 18 ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE.
- 19 Section 13971(c) of title 42 United States Code is
- 20 amended by striking "fiscal year 1998" and inserting "for
- 21 each of the fiscal years, 1998 and 1999."
- 22 SEC. 704. RUNAWAY, HOMELESS, AND STREET YOUTH AS-
- 23 SISTANCE GRANTS.
- Section 319(c)(3) of part A of the Runaway and
- 25 Homeless Youth Act (42 U.S.C. 5711 et seq.) is amended

1	by striking "fiscal year 1998" and inserting "for each of
2	the fiscal years 1998 and 1999".
3	Subtitle B—Domestic Violence
4	SEC. 711. DEATH PENALTY FOR FATAL INTERSTATE DO-
5	MESTIC VIOLENCE OFFENSES.
6	Sections 2261(b)(1) and 2262(b)(1) of title 18, Unit-
7	ed States Code, are each amended by inserting "or may
8	be sentenced to death," after "years,".
9	SEC. 712. DEATH PENALTY FOR FATAL INTERSTATE VIOLA-
10	TIONS OF PROTECTIVE ORDERS.
11	Section 2262 of title 18, United States Code, is
12	amended by inserting "or may be sentenced to death,"
13	after "years,".
14	SEC. 713. EVIDENCE OF DISPOSITION OF DEFENDANT TO-
15	WARD VICTIM IN DOMESTIC VIOLENCE CASES
16	AND OTHER CASES.
17	Rule 404(b) of the Federal Rules of Evidence is
18	amended by striking "or absence of mistake or accident"
19	and inserting "absence of mistake or accident, or a dis-
20	position toward a particular individual,".
21	
41	SEC. 714. HIV TESTING OF DEFENDANTS IN SEXUAL AS-
22	SEC. 714. HIV TESTING OF DEFENDANTS IN SEXUAL ASSAULT CASES.
22	SAULT CASES.

1	"§ 2249. Testing for human immunodeficiency virus;
2	disclosure of test results to victim; effect
3	on penalty
4	"(a) Testing at Time of Pretrial Release De-
5	TERMINATION.—
6	"(1) In general.—In a case in which a person
7	is charged with an offense under this chapter, upon
8	request of the victim, a judicial officer issuing an
9	order pursuant to section 3142(a) shall include in
10	the order a requirement that a test for the human
11	immunodeficiency virus be performed upon the per-
12	son, and that followup tests for the virus be per-
13	formed 6 months and 12 months following the date
14	of the initial test, unless the judicial officer deter-
15	mines that the conduct of the person created no risk
16	of transmission of the virus to the victim, and so
17	states in the order.
18	"(2) Timing.—The order shall direct that the
19	initial test be performed within 24 hours, or as soon
20	thereafter as feasible.
21	"(3) No release from custody.—Any per-
22	son upon whom a test is performed under this sec-
23	tion—
24	"(A) shall not be released from custody
25	until the test is performed; and

1	"(B) unless indigent, shall be responsible
2	for paying for the test at the time the test is
3	performed.
4	"(b) Testing at Later Time.—
5	"(1) IN GENERAL.—If a person charged with
6	an offense under this chapter was not tested for the
7	human immunodeficiency virus pursuant to sub-
8	section (a), the court may at a later time direct that
9	such a test be performed upon the person, and that
10	followup tests be performed 6 months and 12
11	months following the date of the initial test, if it ap-
12	pears to the court that the conduct of the person
13	may have risked transmission of the virus to the vic-
14	tim.
15	"(2) Timing.—A testing requirement under
16	this subsection may be imposed at any time while
17	the charge is pending, or following conviction at any
18	time prior to the completion of service of the sen-
19	tence by the person.
20	"(c) Termination of Testing Requirement.—A
21	requirement of followup testing imposed under this section
22	shall be canceled if any test is positive for the virus or
23	the person obtains an acquittal on, or dismissal of, all
24	charges under this chapter.

"(d) DISCLOSURE OF TEST RESULTS.—

25

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The results of any test for the human immunodeficiency virus performed pursuant to an order under this section shall be provided to the judicial officer or court.
 - "(2) DISCLOSURE TO VICTIM.—The judicial officer or court shall ensure that the results are disclosed to the victim (or to the parent or legal guardian of the victim, as appropriate), the attorney for the government, and the person tested.
- "(3) APPLICABILITY OF OTHER LAW.—Test results disclosed pursuant to this subsection shall be subject to paragraphs (5) through (7) of section 40503(b) of the Violent Crime Control Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 14011(b)).
 - "(4) Counseling.—Any test result of the defendant given to the victim or the defendant must be accompanied by appropriate counseling, unless the recipient does not wish to receive such counseling.
- "(e) Effect on Penalty.—The United States Sen-20 tencing Commission shall amend the Federal sentencing 21 guidelines for sentences for offenses under this chapter to 22 enhance the sentence if the offender knew or had reason 23 to know that the offender was infected with the human

5

6

7

8

9

15

16

17

18

1	immunodeficiency virus, except if the offender did not en-
2	gage or attempt to engage in conduct creating a risk of
3	transmission of the virus to the victim.".
4	(b) Technical Amendment.—The chapter analysis
5	for chapter 109A of title 18, United States Code, is
6	amended by inserting at the end the following:
	"2249. Testing for human immunodeficiency virus; disclosure of test results to victim; effect on penalty.".
7	(c) Amendments to Testing Provisions.—Sec-
8	tion 40503(b) of the Violent Crime Control and Law En-
9	forcement Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 14011(b)) is amend-
10	ed—
11	(1) by striking the subsection heading and in-
12	serting the following:
13	"(b) Testing of Defendants.—";
14	(2) in paragraph (1)—
15	(A) by inserting ", or the Government in
16	such a case," after "subsection (a)";
17	(B) by inserting "(or to the parent or legal
18	guardian of the victim, as appropriate)" after
19	"communicated to the victim"; and
20	(C) by inserting ", unless the recipient
21	does not wish to receive such counseling" after
22	"counseling"; and
23	(3) in paragraph (2)—

1	(A) by striking "to obtain an order under
2	paragraph (1), the victim must demonstrate
3	that" and inserting "the victim or the Govern-
4	ment may obtain an order under paragraph (1)
5	by showing that";
6	(B) in subparagraph (A)—
7	(i) by striking "the offense" and in-
8	serting "a sexual assault involving alleged
9	conduct that poses a risk of transmission
10	of the etiologic agent for acquired immune
11	deficiency syndrome"; and
12	(ii) by inserting "and" after the semi-
13	colon;
14	(C) in subparagraph (B), by striking
15	"after appropriate counseling; and" and insert-
16	ing a period; and
17	(D) by striking subparagraph (C).
18	TITLE VIII—VIOLENT CRIME
19	AND TERRORISM
20	Subtitle A—Violent Crime and
21	Terrorism
22	SEC. 801. AMENDMENTS TO ANTITERRORISM STATUTES.
23	(a) Explosive Materials.—Section 844(f)(1) of
24	title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting "or

1	any institution or organization receiving Federal financial
2	assistance" after "or agency thereof,"; and
3	(b) BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS.—
4	(1) In general.—Section 178 of title 18,
5	United States Code, is amended—
6	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "means
7	any microorganism, virus, or infectious sub-
8	stance, or biological product that may be engi-
9	neered as a result of biotechnology or any natu-
10	rally occurring or bioengineered component of
11	any such microorganism, virus, infectious sub-
12	stance, or biological product" and inserting
13	"means any microorganism (including bacteria,
14	viruses, fungi, rickettsiae or protozoa), or infec-
15	tious substance, or any naturally occurring, bio-
16	engineered or synthesized component of any
17	such microorganism or infectious substance";
18	(B) in paragraph (2), by striking "means
19	the toxic material of plants, animals, microorga-
20	nisms, viruses, fungi, or infectious substances,
21	or a recombinant molecule, whatever its origin
22	or method of production, including" and insert-
23	ing "means the toxic material or product of
24	plants, animals, microorganisms (including, but

not limited to, bacteria, viruses, fungi,

25

1	rickettsiae or protozoa), or infectious sub-
2	stances, or a recombinant or synthesized mol-
3	ecule, whatever their origin and method of pro-
4	duction, and includes"; and
5	(C) in paragraph (4), by striking "recom-
6	binant molecule, or biological product that may
7	be engineered as a result of biotechnology" and
8	inserting "recombinant or synthesized mol-
9	ecule".
10	(2) Use of weapons of mass destruc-
11	TION.—Section 2332a of title 18, United States
12	Code, is amended—
13	(A) in subsection (a), by striking ", includ-
14	ing any biological agent, toxin, or vector (as
15	those terms are defined in section 178)"; and
16	(B) in subsection (b)(2)(C), by striking
17	"disease organism" and inserting "any biologi-
18	cal agent, toxin, or vector (as those terms are
19	defined in section 178)".
20	SEC. 802. KIDNAPPING; DEATH OF VICTIM BEFORE CROSS-
21	ING STATE LINE AS NOT DEFEATING PROS-
22	ECUTION, AND OTHER CHANGES.
23	Section 1201(a) of title 18, United States Code, is
24	amended—

1	(1) in paragraph (4), by striking "or" at the
2	end; and
3	(2) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(6) an individual travels in interstate or for-
5	eign commerce in furtherance of the offense; or
6	"(7) the mail or a facility in interstate or for-
7	eign commerce is used in furtherance of the of-
8	fense;".
9	SEC. 803. EXPANSION OF SECTION 1959 OF TITLE 18 TO
10	COVER COMMISSION OF ALL VIOLENT
11	CRIMES IN AID OF RACKETEERING ACTIVITY
12	AND INCREASED PENALTIES.
13	Section 1959(a) of title 18, United States Code, is
14	amended—
15	(1) by inserting "or commits any other crime of
16	violence" before "or threatens to commit a crime of
17	violence against";
18	(2) in paragraph (4), by inserting "committing
19	any other crime of violence or for" before "threaten-
20	ing to commit a crime of violence", and by striking
21	"five" and inserting "ten";
22	(3) in paragraph (5) by striking "ten" and in-
23	serting "twenty":

1	(4) in paragraph (6) by striking "or" before
2	"assault resulting in serious bodily injury,", by in-
3	serting "or any other crime of violence" after those
4	same words, and by striking "three" and inserting
5	"ten"; and
6	(5) by inserting "(as defined in section 1365 of
7	this title)" after "serious bodily injury" the first
8	place it appears.
9	SEC. 804. CONFORMING AMENDMENT TO CONSPIRACY PEN-
10	ALTY.
11	(a) Firearms.—Section 924 of title 18, United
12	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow-
13	ing:
14	"(o) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a
15	person who conspires to commit any offense defined in this
16	chapter shall be subject to the same penalties (including
17	the penalty of death) as those prescribed for the offense
18	the commission of which was the object of the conspir-
19	acy.".
20	(b) Explosives.—Section 844(n) of title 18, United
21	States Code, is amended by striking "other than" and in-

22 serting "including".

1	SEC. 805. INCLUSION OF CERTAIN ADDITIONAL SERIOUS
2	DRUG OFFENSES AS ARMED CAREER CRIMI-
3	NAL ACT PREDICATES.
4	Section 924(e)(2)(A)(ii) of title 18, United States
5	Code, is amended by inserting before the semicolon the
6	following: "or which, if it had been prosecuted as a viola-
7	tion of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 801 et
8	seq.) at the time of the offense and because of the type
9	and quantity of the controlled substance involved, would
10	have been punishable by a maximum term of imprison-
11	ment of 10 years or more".
12	SEC. 806. INCREASED PENALTIES FOR VIOLENCE IN THE
13	COURSE OF RIOT OFFENSES.
14	Section 2101(a) of title 18, United States Code, is
15	amended by striking "Shall be fined under this title, or
16	imprisoned not more than five years, or both" and insert-
17	ing "Shall be fined under this title or (i) if death results
18	from such act, be imprisoned for any term of years or for
19	life or both or may be contended to death. (ii) if covious
	life, or both, or may be sentenced to death; (ii) if serious
20	bodily injury (as defined in section 1365 of this title) re-
2021	
	bodily injury (as defined in section 1365 of this title) re-

1	SEC. 807. ELIMINATION OF UNJUSTIFIED SCIENTER ELE-
2	MENT FOR CARJACKING.
3	Section 2119 of title 18, United States Code, is
4	amended by striking ", with the intent to cause death or
5	serious bodily harm".
6	SEC. 808. CRIMINAL OFFENSES COMMITTED OUTSIDE THE
7	UNITED STATES BY PERSONS ACCOMPANY-
8	ING THE ARMED FORCES.
9	Title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting
10	after chapter 211 the following:
11	"CHAPTER 212—CRIMINAL OFFENSES
12	COMMITTED OUTSIDE THE UNITED
13	STATES
14	"§ 3261. Criminal offenses committed by persons for-
15	merly serving with, or presently em-
16	ployed by or accompanying, the armed
17	forces outside the United States
18	"(a) Whoever, while serving with, employed by, or ac-
19	companying the armed forces outside the United States,
20	engages in conduct which would constitute an offense pun-
21	ishable by imprisonment for more than one year if the con-
22	duct had been engaged in within the special maritime and
23	territorial jurisdiction of the United States, shall be guilty
24	of a like offense and subject to a like punishment.
25	"(b) Nothing contained in this chapter deprives
26	courts-martial, military commissions, provost courts, or

- 1 other military tribunals of concurrent jurisdiction with re-
- 2 spect of offenders or offenses that by statute or by the
- 3 law of war may be tried by courts-martial, military com-
- 4 missions, provost courts, or other military tribunals.
- 5 "(c) No prosecution may be commenced under this
- 6 section if a foreign government, in accordance with juris-
- 7 diction recognized by the United States, has prosecuted
- 8 or is prosecuting such person for the conduct constituting
- 9 such offense, except upon the approval of the Attorney
- 10 General of the United States or the Deputy Attorney Gen-
- 11 eral of the United States (or a person acting in either such
- 12 capacity), which function of approval may not be dele-
- 13 gated.
- 14 "(d)(1) The Secretary of Defense may designate and
- 15 authorize any person serving in a law enforcement position
- 16 in the Department of Defense to arrest outside the United
- 17 States any person described in subsection (a) who there
- 18 is probable cause to believe engaged in conduct which con-
- 19 stitutes a criminal offense under such section.
- 20 "(2) A person arrested under paragraph (1) shall be
- 21 released to the custody of civilian law enforcement authori-
- 22 ties of the United States for removal to the United States
- 23 for judicial proceedings in relation to conduct referred to
- 24 in such paragraph unless—

1	"(A) such person is delivered to authorities of
2	a foreign country under section 3262 of this title; or
3	"(B) such person has had charges preferred
4	against him under chapter 47 of title 10 for such
5	conduct.
6	"§ 3262. Delivery to authorities of foreign countries
7	"(a) In General.—Any person designated and au-
8	thorized under section 3261(d) may deliver a person de-
9	scribed in section 3261(a) to the appropriate authorities
10	of a foreign country in which such person is alleged to
11	have engaged in conduct described in such subsection (a)
12	if—
13	"(1) the appropriate authorities of that country
14	request the delivery of the person to such country
15	for trial for such conduct as an offense under the
16	laws of that country; and
17	"(2) the delivery of such person to that country
18	is authorized by a treaty or other international
19	agreement to which the United States is a party.
20	"(b) Determination of Appropriate Authori-
21	TIES.—The Secretary of Defense shall determine what of-
22	ficials of a foreign country constitute appropriate authori-
23	ties for the nurnose of this section

1 "§ 3263. Regulations

2	"The Secretary of Defense shall issue regulations
3	governing the apprehension, detention, and removal of
4	persons under this chapter. Such regulations shall be uni-
5	form throughout the Department of Defense.
6	"§ 3264. Definitions for chapter
7	"In this chapter—
8	"(1) a person is 'employed by the Armed
9	Forces outside the United States'—
10	"(A) if he or she is employed as a civilian
11	employee of a military department or of the De-
12	partment of Defense, as a Department of De-
13	fense contractor, or as an employee of a De-
14	partment of Defense contractor;
15	"(B) is present or residing outside the
16	United States in connection with such employ-
17	ment; and
18	"(C) is not a national of the host nation;
19	and
20	"(2) a person is 'accompanying the Armed
21	Forces outside the United States' if he or she—
22	"(A) is a dependent of a member of the
23	Armed Forces;
24	"(B) is a dependent of a civilian employee
25	of a military department or of the Department
26	of Defense;

1	"(C) is residing with the member or civil-
2	ian employee outside the United States; and
3	"(D) is not a national of the host nation.".
4	SEC. 809. ASSAULTS OR OTHER CRIMES OF VIOLENCE FOR
5	HIRE.
6	Section 1958(a) of title 18, United States Code, is
7	amended by inserting "or other felony crime of violence
8	against the person" after "murder".
9	SEC. 810. PENALTY ENHANCEMENT FOR CERTAIN OF-
10	FENSES RESULTING IN DEATH.
11	(a) Mailmen.—Section 2114 of title 18, United
12	States Code, is amended—
13	(1) by designating the existing matter as sub-
14	section (a); and
15	(2) by adding a new subsection (b) as follows:
16	"(b) Whoever, in committing an offense described in
17	this section, or in avoiding or attempting to avoid appre-
18	hension for the commission of such offense, kills any per-
19	son shall be punished by death or by imprisonment for
20	life.".
21	(b) Controlled Substances.—Section 2118(c)(2)
22	of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking
23	all after "kills any person" and inserting "shall be pun-
24	ished by death or by imprisonment for life.".

1	(c)	Interstate	Domestic	VIOLENCE.—	-Sections

- 2 2261(b)(1) and 2262(b)(1) of title 18, United States
- 3 Code, are each amended by inserting before the semicolon
- 4 ", and may be sentenced to death".
- 5 (d) Animal Enterprise Terrorism.—Section
- 6 43(b)(2) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by
- 7 inserting "or may be sentenced to death" after "impris-
- 8 oned for life or for any term of years".
- 9 (e) Racketering.—Section 1952(a)(3)(B) of title
- 10 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting "or may
- 11 be sentenced to death" after "imprisoned for any term of
- 12 years or for life".
- 13 SEC. 811. VIOLENCE DIRECTED AT DWELLINGS IN INDIAN
- 14 COUNTRY.
- 15 Section 1153(a) of title 18, United States Code, is
- 16 amended by inserting "or 1363" after "section 661".

17 Subtitle B—Courts and Sentencing

- 18 SEC. 821. ALLOWING A REDUCTION OF SENTENCE FOR
- 19 PROVIDING USEFUL INVESTIGATIVE INFOR-
- 20 MATION ALTHOUGH NOT REGARDING A PAR-
- 21 TICULAR INDIVIDUAL.
- Section 3553(e) of title 18, United States Code, sec-
- 23 tion 994(n) of title 28, United States Code, and Rule
- 24 35(b) of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure are each

- 1 amended by striking "substantial assistance in the inves-
- 2 tigation or prosecution of another person who has commit-
- 3 ted an offense" and inserting "substantial assistance in
- 4 an investigation of any offense or the prosecution of an-
- 5 other person who has committed an offense".
- 6 SEC. 822. APPEALS FROM CERTAIN DISMISSALS.
- 7 Section 3731 of title 18, United States Code, is
- 8 amended by inserting "or any part thereof" after "as to
- 9 any one or more counts".
- 10 SEC. 823. ELIMINATION OF OUTMODED CERTIFICATION RE-
- 11 QUIREMENT.
- Section 3731 of title 18, United States Code, is
- 13 amended in the second paragraph by striking ", if the
- 14 United States attorney certifies to the district court that
- 15 the appeal is not taken for purpose of delay and that the
- 16 evidence is a substantial proof of a fact material in the
- 17 proceeding".
- 18 SEC. 824. IMPROVEMENT OF HATE CRIMES SENTENCING
- 19 **PROCEDURE.**
- Section 280003(b) of the Violent Crime Control and
- 21 Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (28 U.S.C. 994 note) is
- 22 amended by striking "the finder of fact at trial" and in-
- 23 serting "the court at sentencing".

1	SEC. 825. CLARIFICATION OF LENGTH OF SUPERVISED RE-
2	LEASE TERMS IN CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE
3	CASES.
4	Section 401(b)(1) of the Controlled Substances Act
5	(21 U.S.C. 841(b)(1)) is amended in each of subpara-
6	graphs (A), (B), (C), and (D), by striking "Any sentence"
7	and inserting "Notwithstanding section 3583 of title 18,
8	United States Code, any sentence".
9	SEC. 826. AUTHORITY OF COURT TO IMPOSE A SENTENCE
10	OF PROBATION OR SUPERVISED RELEASE
11	WHEN REDUCING A SENTENCE OF IMPRISON-
12	MENT IN CERTAIN CASES.
13	Section 3582(c)(1)(A) of title 18, United States
14	Code, is amended by inserting "(and may impose a sen-
15	tence of probation or supervised release with or without
16	conditions)" after "may reduce the term of imprison-
17	ment".
18	SEC. 827. TECHNICAL CORRECTION TO ASSURE COMPLI-
19	ANCE OF SENTENCING GUIDELINES WITH
20	PROVISIONS OF ALL FEDERAL STATUTES.
21	Section 994(a) of title 28, United States Code, is
22	amended by striking "consistent with all pertinent provi-
23	sions of this title and title 18, United States Code," and
24	inserting "consistent with all pertinent provisions of any
25	Federal statute".

1	Subtitle C—white Collar Crime
2	SEC. 841. CLARIFICATION OF SCIENTER REQUIREMENT
3	FOR RECEIVING PROPERTY STOLEN FROM
4	AN INDIAN TRIBAL ORGANIZATION.
5	Section 1163 of title 18, United States Code, is
6	amended in the second paragraph by striking "so".
7	SEC. 842. LARCENY INVOLVING POST OFFICE BOXES AND
8	POSTAL STAMP VENDING MACHINES.
9	Section 2115 of title 18, United States Code, is
10	amended—
11	(1) by striking "or" before "any building";
12	(2) by inserting "or any post office box or post-
13	al stamp vending machine for the sale of stamps
14	owned by the Postal Service," after "used in whole
15	or in part as a post office,"; and
16	(3) by inserting "or in such box or machine,"
17	after "so used".
18	SEC. 843. THEFT OF VESSELS.
19	(a) Definitions.—Section 2311 of title 18, United
20	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow-
21	ing:
22	"'Vessel' means any watercraft or other con-
23	trivance used or designed for transportation or navi-

gation on, under, or immediately above, water.".

1	(b) Transportation, Sale, or Receipt of Sto-
2	LEN VEHICLES.—Sections 2312 and 2313 of title 18,
3	United States Code, are each amended by striking "motor
4	vehicle or aircraft" and inserting "motor vehicle, vessel,
5	or aircraft".
6	SEC. 844. CONFORMING AMENDMENT TO LAW PUNISHING
7	OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE BY NOTIFICATION
8	OF EXISTENCE OF A SUBPOENA FOR
9	RECORDS IN CERTAIN TYPES OF INVESTIGA-
10	TIONS.
11	Section 1510(b)(3)(B) of title 18, United States
12	Code, is amended—
13	(1) in clause (i), by striking "or" at the end;
14	(2) in clause (ii), by striking the period at the
15	end and inserting "; or"; and
16	(3) by adding at the end the following:
17	"(iii) the Controlled Substances Act,
18	the Controlled Substances Import and Ex-
19	port Act, or section 6050I of the Internal
20	Revenue Code of 1986.".
21	SEC. 845. INJUNCTIONS AGAINST COUNTERFEITING AND
22	FORGERY.
23	(a) In General.—Chapter 25 of title 18, United
24	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow-
25	ing:

	220
1	"§ 514. Injunctions against counterfeiting and forgery
2	"(a)(1) If a person is violating or about to violate
3	any provision of this chapter, the Attorney General may

- 4 commence a civil action in any Federal court to enjoin
- 5 such violation.
- 6 "(2) A permanent or temporary injunction or re-
- 7 straining order shall be granted without bond.
- 8 "(b) The court shall proceed as soon as practicable
- 9 to the hearing and determination of such an action, and
- 10 may, at any time before final determination, enter such
- 11 a restraining order or prohibition, or take such other ac-
- 12 tion as is warranted in its discretion. A proceeding under
- 13 this section is governed by the Federal Rules of Civil Pro-
- 14 cedure, except that, if an indictment has been returned
- 15 against the respondent, discovery is governed by the Fed-
- 16 eral Rules of Criminal Procedure.".
- 17 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The chapter analysis
- 18 for chapter 25 of title 18, United States Code, is amended
- 19 by adding at the end the following:
 - "514. Injunctions against counterfeiting and forgery.".

20 Subtitle D—Miscellaneous

- 21 **Provisions**
- 22 SEC. 861. INCREASED MAXIMUM PENALTY FOR CERTAIN
- 23 RICO VIOLATIONS.
- Section 1963(a) of title 18, United States Code, is
- 25 amended by striking "or imprisoned not more than 20

- 1 years (or for life if the violation is based on a racketeering
- 2 activity for which the maximum penalty includes life im-
- 3 prisonment)" and inserting "or imprisoned not more than
- 4 the greater of 20 years or the statutory maximum term
- 5 of imprisonment (including life) applicable to a racketeer-
- 6 ing activity on which the violation is based".

7 SEC. 862. CLARIFICATION OF INAPPLICABILITY TO CER-

- 8 TAIN DISCLOSURES.
- 9 Section 2515 of title 18, United States Code, is
- 10 amended by adding at the end the following: "This section
- 11 does not apply to the disclosure by the United States, a
- 12 State, or political subdivision in a criminal trial or hearing
- 13 or before a grand jury of the contents of a wire or oral
- 14 communication, or evidence derived therefrom, the inter-
- 15 ception of which was in violation of section 2511(2)(d) (re-
- 16 lating to certain interceptions not involving governmental
- 17 misconduct).".
- 18 SEC. 863. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS RELATING TO SU-
- 19 PERVISED RELEASE.
- 20 (a) Sections 1512(a)(1)(C), 1512(b)(3), 1512(c)(2),
- 21 1513(a)(1)(B), and 1513(b)(2) of title 18, United States

- 1 Code, are each amended by striking "violation of condi-
- 2 tions of probation, parole or release pending judicial pro-
- 3 ceedings" and inserting "violation of conditions of proba-
- 4 tion, supervised release, parole, or release pending judicial
- 5 proceedings".
- 6 (b) Section 3142 of title 18, United States Code, is
- 7 amended—
- 8 (1) in subsection (d)(1), by inserting ", super-
- 9 vised release," "probation"; and
- 10 (2) in subsection (g)(3), by inserting "or super-
- vised release" after "probation".
- 12 SEC. 864. ADDITION OF CERTAIN OFFENSES AS MONEY
- 13 LAUNDERING PREDICATES.
- 14 Section 1956(c)(7)(D) of title 18, United States
- 15 Code, is amended by inserting "or section 2339B (relating
- 16 to providing material support to designated foreign terror-
- 17 ist organizations)" before "of this title".
- 18 SEC. 865. CLARIFICATION OF JURISDICTIONAL BASE IN-
- 19 **VOLVING THE MAIL.**
- Section 2422(b) of title 18, United States Code, is
- 21 amended—
- 22 (1) by inserting "the mail" after "using"; and
- 23 (2) by striking "including the mail,".

1	SEC. 866. COVERAGE OF FOREIGN BANK BRANCHES IN THE
2	TERRITORIES.
3	Section 20(9) of title 18, United States Code, is
4	amended by inserting before the period the following: ",
5	except that for purposes of this section the definition of
6	the term 'State' in such Act shall be deemed to include
7	a commonwealth, territory, or possession of the United
8	States".
9	SEC. 867. CONFORMING STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS AMEND-
10	MENT FOR CERTAIN BANK FRAUD OFFENSES.
11	Section 3293 of title 18, United States Code, is
12	amended—
13	(1) by inserting "225," after "215,"; and
14	(2) by inserting "1032," before "1033".
15	SEC. 868. CLARIFYING AMENDMENT TO SECTION 704.
16	Section 704(b)(2) of title 18, United States Code, is
17	amended by striking "with respect to a Congressional
18	Medal of Honor''.
19	TITLE IX—PRISON REFORM
20	Subtitle A—Prison Litigation
21	Reform
22	SEC. 901. AMENDMENT TO THE PRISON LITIGATION RE-
23	FORM ACT.
24	Section 801 of the Prison Litigation Reform Act of
25	1995 is amended by striking "1995" and inserting
26	"1996".

1	SEC. 902. APPROPRIATE REMEDIES FOR PRISON CONDI-
2	TIONS.
3	Section 3626 of title 18, United States Code is
4	amended—
5	(1) in subsection (a)—
6	(A) in paragraph (1)(B)(i), by striking
7	"permits" and inserting "requires"; and
8	(B) in paragraph (3)—
9	(i) in subparagraph (A), by striking
10	"no prisoner release order shall be entered
11	unless—" and inserting "no court shall
12	enter a prisoner release order unless—";
13	(ii) in subparagraph (B), by—
14	(I) striking "(B) In" and insert-
15	ing "(B)(i) In"; and
16	(II) striking "title 28 if the re-
17	quirements of subparagraph (E) have
18	been met" and inserting "title 28";
19	(iii) by redesignating subparagraph
20	(C) as clause (ii);
21	(iv) by redesignating subparagraph
22	(D) as clause (iii);
23	(v) in subparagraph (E), by striking
24	"The three-judge court shall enter a pris-
25	oner release order only if" and inserting
26	"In any civil action with respect to prison

1	conditions, no court shall enter a prisoner
2	release order unless the requirements of
3	subparagraph (A) have been met and";
4	(vi) by redesignating subparagraph
5	(E) as subparagraph (B) and redesignat-
6	ing current subparagraph (B) as subpara-
7	graph (C) and current subparagraph (F)
8	as subparagraph (D); and
9	(vii) in subparagraph (D), as redesig-
10	nated, by striking "program" and inserting
11	"prison";
12	(2) in subsection (b)—
13	(A) in paragraph (3), by striking "the
14	court makes written findings based on the
15	record that prospective relief remains necessary
16	to correct a current or ongoing violation of the
17	Federal right, extends no further than nec-
18	essary to correct the violation of the Federal
19	right, and that the prospective relief is narrowly
20	drawn and the least intrusive means to correct
21	the violation" and inserting "the plaintiff estab-
22	lishes by a preponderance of the evidence and
23	the court makes written findings based on the

record that there is a current and ongoing vio-

lation of a Federal right, that prospective relief

24

1 remains necessary to correct the current and 2 ongoing violation of that Federal right, and 3 that the relief extends no further than nec-4 essary to correct the current and ongoing viola-5 tion of the Federal right, is narrowly drawn, 6 and is the least intrusive means to correct the 7 current and ongoing violation of the Federal 8 right"; and (B) by striking "or (2)" in paragraph 5, as 9

- redesignated;
- (3) in subsection (e)—
- (A) in paragraph (2), by striking "Any prospective relief subject to a pending motion shall be automatically stayed during the period—" and inserting "Any motion to modify or terminate prospective relief made under subsection (b) shall operate as a stay during the period—"; and
 - (B) by adding the following:
- "(3) Order refusing to impose stay.—Any order staying or suspending the operation of the automatic stay described in paragraph (2) shall be treated as an order refusing to dissolve or modify an

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

injunction and shall be appealable pursuant to section 1292(a)(1) of title 28, United States Code, regardless of how the order is styled and whether it

is termed a preliminary or a final ruling.

"(4) Intervention.—The court shall rule within 30 days on any motion to intervene as of right under subsection (a)(3)(D). Mandamus shall lie to remedy any failure to act on such a motion. Any State or local official or unit of government seeking to intervene as of right pursuant to subsection (a)(3)(D) may simultaneously file a motion to modify or terminate a prisoner release order. If the motion to intervene has not been denied by the 30th day after the motion to modify or terminate has been filed, in the case of a motion made under paragraph (1) or (2), or by the 180th day after the motion to modify or terminate has been filed, in the case of a motion made pursuant to any other law, the motion to modify or terminate shall operate as a stay of the prospective relief pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (2) beginning on the 30th or 180th day, respectively, and ending either on the date the court enters a final order denying the motion to intervene, or, if the court grants the motion to intervene, on the date that the court enters a

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

1	final order ruling on the motion to terminate or
2	modify the relief.";
3	(4) in subsection (f)—
4	(A) after "Special Masters" by inserting
5	"In any civil action in a federal court with re-
6	spect to prison conditions";
7	(B) In paragraph (1)(A), by striking from
8	"In any civil action" through "prison condi-
9	tions, the" and inserting "The";
10	(C) in paragraphs (1)(B) and (3), by strik-
11	ing "under this subsection";
12	(D) in paragraph (4), by striking "under
13	this section";
14	(E) in paragraph (6), by striking "ap-
15	pointed under this subsection";
16	(F) in paragraph (2)(A), by striking "in-
17	stitution";
18	(G) in paragraph (2), by adding at the end
19	the following:
20	"(D) The requirements of this paragraph
21	shall apply only to special masters appointed
22	after the date of enactment of the Prison Liti-
23	gation Reform Act of 1995.";

1	(H) in paragraph (4), by adding at the end
2	the following: "In no event shall the court re-
3	quire the parties to pay the compensation, ex-
4	penses or costs of the special master.";
5	(I) in paragraph (5), by striking from "In
6	any civil action" through "subsection, the" and
7	inserting "The"; and
8	(J) in paragraph (6)—
9	(i) in subparagraph (A), by striking
10	"hearings" and inserting "hearings on the
11	record"; and by striking "and prepare pro-
12	posed findings of fact, which shall be made
13	on the record" and inserting ", and shall
14	make any findings based on the record as
15	a whole'';
16	(ii) in subparagraph (B), by adding
17	"and" at the end;
18	(iii) by striking subparagraph (C);
19	and
20	(iv) by redesignating subparagraph
21	(D) as subparagraph (C); and
22	(5) in subsection (g)—
23	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "settle-
24	ments" and inserting "settlement agreements";
25	(B) in paragraph (3)—

1	(i) by inserting "Federal, State, local,
2	or other" before "facility";
3	(ii) by striking "violations" and in-
4	serting "a violation";
5	(iii) by striking "terms and condi-
6	tions" and inserting "terms or conditions";
7	and
8	(iv) by inserting "or other post-convic-
9	tion conditional or supervised release,"
10	after "probation,";
11	(C) in paragraph (5), by striking "or local
12	facility" and inserting "local, or other facility";
13	(D) in paragraph (8), by striking "inher-
14	ent'';
15	(E) in paragraph (9), by striking "agree-
16	ments." and inserting "agreements;";
17	(F) by reversing the order of paragraphs
18	(8) and (9);
19	(G) by inserting at the end of the sub-
20	section the following new paragraph:
21	"(10)(A) the term 'violation of a Federal right'
22	means a violation of a Federal constitutional or Fed-
23	eral statutory right;
24	"(B) the term 'violation of a Federal right' does
25	not include a violation of a court order that is not

1	independently a violation of a Federal statutory or
2	Federal constitutional right;
3	"(C) the term 'violation of a Federal right'
4	shall not be interpreted to expand the authority of
5	any individual or class to enforce the legal rights
6	that individual or class may have pursuant to exist-
7	ing law with regard to institutionalized persons, or
8	to expand the authority of the United States to en-
9	force those rights on behalf of any individual or
10	class."; and
11	(H) by renumbering the paragraphs.
12	SEC. 903. CIVIL RIGHTS OF INSTITUTIONALIZED PERSONS.
13	Section 7 of the Civil Rights of Institutionalized Per-
14	sons Act (42 U.S.C. 1997e), as amended by section 803(d)
15	of the Prison Litigation Reform Act of 1995, is amend-
16	ed—
17	(1) by amending the title of the section to read
18	"Civil Actions with Respect to Prison Conditions";
19	(2) in subsections (a), (c), and (d), by striking
20	"by a prisoner confined in any jail, prison, or other
21	correctional facility";
22	(3) in subsection (a), by striking "No action
23	shall be brought with respect to prison conditions"
24	and inserting "No civil action with respect to prison
25	conditions shall be brought"; and by striking "until

1	such administrative remedies as are available are ex-
2	hausted." and inserting in its place "until the plain-
3	tiff has exhausted such administrative remedies as
4	are available.";
5	(4) in subsection (c), by striking "any action
6	brought with" and inserting "any civil action with";
7	(5) in subsection (d)—
8	(A) in paragraph (1)—
9	(i) by striking "any action brought by
10	a prisoner who is" and inserting "any civil
11	action with respect to prison conditions
12	brought by a plaintiff who is or has been";
13	(ii) by amending subparagraph (A) to read
14	as follows:
15	"(A) the fee was directly and reasonably
16	incurred in—
17	"(i) proving an actual violation of the
18	plaintiff's Federal rights;
19	"(ii) successfully obtaining contempt
20	sanctions for a violation of previously or-
21	dered prospective relief that meets the
22	standards set forth in section 3626 of title
23	18, United States Code, if the plaintiff
24	made a good faith effort to resolve the
25	matter without court action; or

1	"(iii) successfully obtaining court or-
2	dered enforcement of previously ordered
3	prospective relief that meets the standards
4	set forth in section 3626 of title 18, Unit-
5	ed States Code, if the enforcement order
6	was necessary to prevent an imminent risk
7	of serious bodily injury to the plaintiff and
8	the plaintiff made a good faith attempt to
9	resolve the matter without court action;
10	and"; and
11	(iii) by amending subparagraph (B) to
12	read as follows:
13	"(B) the amount of the fee is proportion-
14	ately related to the court ordered relief for the
15	violation.";
16	(B) in paragraph (2), by striking the last
17	sentence and inserting "If a monetary judgment
18	is the sole or principal relief awarded, the
19	award of attorney's fees shall not exceed 100
20	percent of the judgment.";
21	(C) in paragraph (3)—
22	(i) by striking "greater than 150 per-
23	cent" and inserting "greater than the less-
24	er of—
25	"(A) 100 percent"; and

1	(ii) by striking "counsel." and insert-
2	ing "counsel; or
3	"(B) a rate of \$100 per hour."; and
4	(D) in paragraph (4), by striking "pris-
5	oner" and inserting "plaintiff";
6	(6) in subsection (e), by striking "Federal civil
7	action" and inserting "civil action arising under
8	Federal law'';
9	(7) in subsection (f), by striking "action
10	brought with respect to prison conditions" and in-
11	serting "civil action with respect to prison conditions
12	brought";
13	(8) in subsection (g)—
14	(i) by amending the heading to read as fol-
15	lows: "Waiver of Response";
16	(ii) by amending paragraph (1) to read as
17	follows:
18	"(1) Any defendant may waive the right to re-
19	spond to any complaint in any civil action arising
20	under Federal law brought by a prisoner. Notwith-
21	standing any other law or rule of procedure, such

1	waiver shall not constitute an admission of the alle-
2	gations contained in the complaint or waive any af-
3	firmative defense available to the defendant. No re-
4	lief shall be granted to the plaintiff unless a re-
5	sponse has been filed. The court may direct any de-
6	fendant to file a response."; and
7	(iii) by striking paragraph (2); and
8	(9) by amending subsection (h) to read as fol-
9	lows:
10	"(h) As used in this section, the terms 'civil action
11	with respect to prison conditions', 'prison', and 'prisoner'
12	have the meanings given those terms in section 3626(g)
13	of title 18, United States Code.".
14	SEC. 904. PROCEEDINGS IN FORMA PAUPERIS.
15	(a) Section 1915(b)(1)(B) of title 28, United States
16	Code, is amended—
17	(1) by inserting after "average" the following:
18	"of the highest";
19	(2) by inserting after "balance" the following:
20	"recorded for";
21	(3) by striking "in"; and
22	(4) by striking "the 6-month period" and in-
23	serting "each of the 6 months".
24	(b) Section 1915(b)(2) of title 28, United States
25	Code is amended—

1	(1) by striking "forward" and inserting "de-
2	duct'';
3	(2) by striking "to the clerk of the court"; and
4	(3) by adding at the end the following: "The
5	agency having custody of the prisoner shall forward
6	the deducted payments to clerk of the court either
7	upon deduction or on a monthly basis accompanied
8	by appropriate documentation.".
9	(c) Section 1915(f)(2)(A) of title 28, United States
10	Code, is amended by inserting "provides for or" before
11	"includes".
12	(d) Section 1915(f)(2)(B), of title 28, United States
13	Code, is amended to add the following sentence at the end:
14	"If the judgment for costs is held by the agency, or the
15	employees of the agency, having custody of the prisoner,
16	the agency may withdraw 20 percent of each deposit to
17	the prisoner's account and apply that amount to payment
18	of the judgment until the judgment is paid in full.".
19	(e) Section 1915(g) of title 28, United States Code,
20	is amended—
21	(1) by striking "is frivolous" and inserting
22	"was frivolous"; and
23	(2) by striking "fails" and inserting "failed".

1	(f) Section 1915(h) of title 28, United States Code,
2	as added by section 804(e) of the Prison Litigation Re-
3	form Act of 1995, is amended—
4	(1) by inserting "Federal, State, local, or
5	other" before "facility";
6	(2) by striking "violations" and inserting "a
7	violation";
8	(3) by striking "terms and conditions" and in-
9	serting "terms or conditions"; and
10	(4) by inserting "or other post-conviction condi-
11	tional or supervised release," after "probation,".
12	(g) Section 1915A of title 28, United States Code,
13	is amended by striking ", before docketing, if feasible or,
14	in any event,".
15	SEC. 905. NOTICE TO STATE AUTHORITIES OF MALICIOUS
16	FILING BY PRISONER.
17	(a) Amendment.—Chapter 123 of title 28, United
18	States Code, is amended—
19	(1) by inserting after section 1915A the follow-
20	ing new section:
21	"§ 1915B. Notice to state authorities of finding of ma-
22	licious filing by a prisoner
23	"(1) FINDING.—In any civil action brought in
24	Federal court by a prisoner (other than a prisoner
25	confined in a Federal correctional facility), the court

1	may, on its own motion or the motion of any adverse
2	party, make a finding whether—
3	"(A) the claim was filed for a malicious
4	purpose;
5	"(B) the claim was filed to harass the
6	party against which it was filed; or
7	"(C) the claimant testified falsely or other-
8	wise knowingly presented false evidence or in-
9	formation to the court.
10	"(2) The court shall transmit to the State De-
11	partment of Corrections or other appropriate author-
12	ity any affirmative finding under paragraph (1). If
13	the court makes such a finding, the Department of
14	Corrections or other appropriate authority may, pur-
15	suant to State or local law—
16	"(A) revoke such amount of good time
17	credit or the institutional equivalent accrued to
18	the prisoner as is deemed appropriate; or
19	"(B) consider such finding in determining
20	whether the prisoner should be released from
21	prison under any other State or local program
22	governing the release of prisoners, including pa-
23	role, probation, other post-conviction or super-
24	vised release, or diversionary program.";

1	(2) by redesignating subsection $1915A(c)$ as
2	section 1915C, and in that section, as redesig-
3	nated—
4	(A) by striking "this section" and inserting
5	"sections 1915A and 1915B";
6	(B) by inserting "Federal, State, local, or
7	other" before "facility";
8	(C) by striking "violations" and inserting
9	"a violation";
10	(D) by striking "terms and conditions"
11	and inserting "terms or conditions"; and
12	(E) by inserting "or other post-conviction
13	conditional or supervised release," after "proba-
14	tion,"; and
15	(3) by inserting in the analysis for chapter 123
16	of title 28, United States Code, and as further
17	amended by this Act, after the item relating to sec-
18	tion 1915A the following:
	"1915B. Notice to state authorities of finding of malicious filing by a prisoner. "1915C. Definition.".
19	SEC. 906. PAYMENT OF DAMAGE AWARD IN SATISFACTION
20	OF PENDING RESTITUTION AWARDS.
21	(a) Section 807 of the Prison Litigation Reform Act
22	of 1995 is designated as section 1915D(a) of chapter 123
23	of title 28, United States Code.

(b) That section is amended by striking the word
"compensatory" and the last sentence of that section.
(c) Section 808 of the Prison Litigation Reform Act
of 1995 is designated as section 1915D(b) of chapter 123 $$
of title 28, United States Code.
(d) The analysis for chapter 123 of title 28, United
States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relat-
ing to section 1915C the following:
"1915 D. Payment of damage award in satisfaction of pending restitution order.".
SEC. 907. EARNED RELEASE CREDIT OR GOOD TIME CRED-
IT REVOCATION.
(a) Section 1932 of title 28, United States Code, is
redesignated as section 3624A of title 18, United States
redesignated as section 3624A of title 18, United States Code.
Code.
Code. (b) Section 3624A of title 18, United States Code,
Code. (b) Section 3624A of title 18, United States Code, as redesignated by subsection (a) of this section, is amend-
Code. (b) Section 3624A of title 18, United States Code, as redesignated by subsection (a) of this section, is amended—
Code. (b) Section 3624A of title 18, United States Code, as redesignated by subsection (a) of this section, is amended— (1) by striking "In any" and inserting "(a)
Code. (b) Section 3624A of title 18, United States Code, as redesignated by subsection (a) of this section, is amended— (1) by striking "In any" and inserting "(a) Finding—In any";
Code. (b) Section 3624A of title 18, United States Code, as redesignated by subsection (a) of this section, is amended— (1) by striking "In any" and inserting "(a) Finding—In any"; (2) by striking "an adult" and inserting "a per-
Code. (b) Section 3624A of title 18, United States Code, as redesignated by subsection (a) of this section, is amended— (1) by striking "In any" and inserting "(a) Finding—In any"; (2) by striking "an adult" and inserting "a person";
Code. (b) Section 3624A of title 18, United States Code, as redesignated by subsection (a) of this section, is amended— (1) by striking "In any" and inserting "(a) Finding—In any"; (2) by striking "an adult" and inserting "a person"; (3) by striking "order the revocation" and all

1	(4) in paragraph (2), by striking "solely";
2	(5) in paragraph (3)—
3	(A) by striking "testifies" and inserting
4	"testified"; and
5	(B) by striking "presents" and inserting
6	"presented"; and
7	(6) by adding at the end the following:
8	"(b) Transmission of Finding.—The court shall
9	transmit to the Bureau of Prisons any affirmative finding
10	under subsection (a). If the court makes such a finding,
11	the Bureau of Prisons shall revoke an amount of unvested
12	good time credit or the institutional equivalent accrued to
13	the prisoner pursuant to section 3264 as is deemed appro-
14	priate by the Director of the Bureau of Prisons.".
15	(c)(1) The analysis for chapter 123 of title 28, United
16	States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to
17	section 1932.
18	(2) The analysis for chapter 229 of title 18, United
19	States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relat-
20	ing to section 3624 the following:
	"3624A. Revocation of earned release credit.".
21	SEC. 908. RELEASE OF PRISONER.
22	Section 3624(b) of title 18, United States Code, is
23	amended—
24	(1) in paragraph (1), by amending the fifth
25	sentence to read as follows: "Credit that has not

1	been earned may not later be granted, and credit
2	that has been revoked pursuant to section 3624A
3	may not later be reinstated."; and
4	(2) in paragraph (2), by inserting before the pe-
5	riod at the end the following: ", and may be revoked
6	by the Bureau of Prisons for noncompliance with in-
7	stitutional disciplinary regulations at any time be-
8	fore vesting".
9	SEC. 909. EFFECTIVE DATE.
10	This subtitle and the amendments made by this sub-
11	title shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act,
12	and shall apply to all proceedings in all pending cases on
13	the date of enactment of this Act.
14	Subtitle B—Federal Prisons
15	SEC. 911. PRISON COMMUNICATIONS.
16	Section 2522 of title 18, United States Code, is
17	amended by adding at the end the following:
18	"(e) Exemption.—
19	"(1) IN GENERAL.—This chapter and chapter
20	121 do not apply with respect to the interception by
21	a law enforcement officer of any wire, oral, or elec-
22	tronic communication, or the use of a pen register,

a trap and trace device, or a clone pager, if—

1	"(A) in the case of any wire, oral, or elec-
2	tronic communication, at least one of the par-
3	ties to the communication is, an inmate or de-
4	tainee in the custody of the Attorney General of
5	the United States or is in the custody of a
6	State or political subdivision thereof; or
7	"(B) in the case of a pen register, a trap
8	and trace device, or a clone pager, the facility
9	is regularly used by, an inmate or detainee in
10	the custody of the Attorney General of the
11	United States or is in the custody of a State or
12	political subdivision thereof.
13	"(2) State Defined.—As used in this sub-
14	section, the term 'State' means each of the several
15	States of the United States, the District of Colum-
16	bia, and the territories and possessions of the United
17	States.
18	"(f) Regulations.—The Attorney General shall
19	promulgate regulations governing interceptions described
20	in subsection (e) in order to protect communications pro-
21	tected by the attorney-client privilege and the right to

22 counsel guaranteed by the sixth amendment to Constitu-

23 tion of the United States.".

1	SEC. 912. PRISON AMENITIES AND PRISONER WORK RE-
2	QUIREMENT.
3	(a) In General.—Chapter 303 of title 18, United
4	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow-
5	ing:
6	"§ 4048. Certain amenities for prisoners prohibited
7	"(a) In General.—Except as provided in subsection
8	(b), the Bureau of Prisons shall ensure that no prisoner
9	or detainee under its jurisdiction—
10	"(1) engages in any physical activity designed
11	to increase or enhance the fighting ability of the
12	prisoner or detainee;
13	"(2) engages in any physical activity designed
14	to increase the physical strength of such prisoner or
15	detainee; or
16	"(3) is permitted—
17	"(A) access to in-cell television viewing, ex-
18	cept for prisoners segregated from the general
19	prison population for their own safety;
20	"(B) access to the viewing of any movie or
21	film, through whatever medium presented, that
22	has been given a Motion Picture Association of
23	America rating of NC-17, R, or X;
24	"(C) possession of any in-cell coffee pot,
25	hot plate, or other heating element;

1	"(D) access to any pornographic or other
2	sexually explicit printed material;
3	"(E) access to any bodybuilding or
4	weightlifting equipment; or
5	"(F) use or possession of any electric or
6	electronic musical equipment.
7	"(b) Exception for Certain Prisoners.—The
8	Director of the Bureau of Prisons may grant an exception
9	to paragraph (2) or (3)(E) of subsection (a) with respect
10	to a prisoner or detainee, if a licensed medical doctor em-
11	ployed by the Bureau of Prisons certifies that such excep-
12	tion is medically necessary in order to enable the prisoner
13	or detainee to pursue a program of physical therapy or
14	rehabilitation.
15	"(c) Effect on Other Regulations.—Nothing in
16	the section shall be construed to preempt or repeal any
17	regulation or policy of the Bureau of Prisons that imposes
18	greater restrictions on prisoners and detainees than those
19	required by this section, or to prevent the adoption by the
20	Bureau of Prisons of any regulation or policy that imposes
21	greater restrictions on prisoners and detainees than those
22	required by this section.
23	"(d) No Cause of Action.—Nothing in this section
24	shall be construed to create a cause of action by or on

1	behalf of any person against the United States or any offi-
2	cer, employee, or contractor thereof.
3	"§ 4049. Prisoner work requirement
4	"(a) In General.—Subject to subsection (b), the
5	Director of the Bureau of Prisons shall ensure that each
6	convicted inmate in the custody of the Attorney General
7	and confined in any Federal prison, correctional facility,
8	jail, or other facility shall be engaged in work. The type
9	of work that a particular inmate shall be engaged in shall
10	be determined on the basis of appropriate security and dis-
11	ciplinary considerations and by the health of the inmate.
12	"(b) Excuse.—An inmate described in subsection
13	(a) may be excused from the requirement of subsection
14	(a) in whole or in part, only as necessitated by—
15	"(1) security considerations;
16	"(2) disciplinary action;
17	"(3) medical certification of disability, such as
18	would make it impractical for prison officials to ar-
19	range useful work for the inmate to perform; or
20	"(4) a need for the inmate to work less than a
21	full work schedule in order to participate in literacy
22	training, drug rehabilitation, or other similar pro-
23	gram in addition to performing work.

1	"(c) No Compensation.—Nothing in this section
2	shall be construed to entitle any inmate to any wage, com-
3	pensation, or benefit, or be construed to provide a cause
4	of action by or on behalf of any person against the United
5	States or any officer, employee, or contractor thereof.".
6	(b) Clerical Amendment.—The chapter analysis
7	for chapter 303 of title 18, United States Code, is amend-
8	ed by adding at the end the following:
	"4048. Certain amenities for prisoners prohibited. "4049. Prisoner work requirement.".
9	SEC. 913. ELIMINATION OF SENTENCING INEQUITIES AND
10	AFTERCARE FOR FEDERAL INMATES.
11	Section 3621 of title 18, United States Code, is
12	amended—
13	(1) in subsection (b), by striking the last sen-
14	tence and inserting "The Bureau shall endeavor to
15	make available appropriate substance abuse treat-
16	ment for each prisoner the Bureau determines has
17	a treatable drug abuse problem, with a priority to be
18	given to younger offenders and those who would ben-
19	efit most from the treatment"; and
20	(2) in subsection (e), by striking paragraphs
21	(1), (2), and (5), and redesignating paragraphs (3),
22	(4), and (6), as paragraphs (1), (2), and (3), respec-
23	tively.

1 TITLE X—MISCELLANEOUS 2 PROVISIONS

3	SEC. 1001. SENSE OF THE SENATE REGARDING ONDCP.
4	It is the sense of the Senate that—
5	(1) the Office of National Drug Control Policy
6	should, in principle, be reauthorized for an addi-
7	tional 5 years; and
8	(2) prior to any such reauthorization, the Com-
9	mittee on the Judiciary of the Senate should conduct
10	an extensive review of the National Drug Control
11	Strategy for 1997 submitted by President Clinton.
12	SEC. 1002. RESTRICTIONS ON DOCTORS PRESCRIBING
13	SCHEDULE I SUBSTANCES.
14	(a) In General.—Not later than 45 days after the
15	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and
16	Human Services shall promulgate regulations that require
17	any and all hospitals or health care service providers who
18	receive Federal medicare or medicaid payments based
19	upon appropriate compliance certification, as an additional
20	certification requirement, to certify that no physician or
21	other health care professional who has privileges with such
22	hospital or health care service provider, or is otherwise em-
23	ployed by them, is currently, or will in the future, pre-
24	scribe or otherwise recommend a schedule I substance to
25	any person.

1	(b) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date
2	of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and
3	Human Services shall report to Congress the number and
4	names of institutions refusing or otherwise failing to fulfil
5	certification requirement of subsection (a).
6	(c) REVOCATION OF CERTIFICATION.—The Attorney
7	General shall promulgate regulations to revoke the DEA
8	registration of any physician or other health care provider
9	who recommends or prescribes a schedule I controlled sub-
10	stance.
11	SEC. 1003. ANTIDRUG USE PUBLIC SERVICE REQUIREMENT
12	The Federal Communications Commission shall—
13	(1) coordinate with the President's Commission
14	on Alcohol and Drug Abuse Prevention, to develop
15	a comprehensive education and public service pro-
16	gram targeting youth drug abuse pursuant to sec-
17	tion 8003 of Public Law 99–570 (21 U.S.C. 1302)
18	(2) encourage the priority use of public service
19	resources dedicated to promoting youth drug abuse
20	prevention and education;
21	(3) contact and encourage the donation of
22	greater public resources dedicated to youth drug
23	abuse programs from—
24	(A) television, radio, movies, cable commu-
25	nications, and print media;

1	(B) the recording industry;
2	(C) the advertising industry;
3	(D) business; and
4	(E) professional sports; and
5	(4) encourage each of the organizations and in-
6	dustries referred to in paragraph (3) to assist the
7	implementation of new programs and national strat-
8	egies for dissemination of information intended to
9	prevent youth drug abuse.
10	SEC. 1004. CHILD PORNOGRAPHY.
11	(a) In General.—The Secretary of State is directed
12	to review all extradition treaties in force, and, if necessary,
13	to renegotiate all such treaties, in order to ensure that
14	offenses involving the sexual exploitation and abuse of
15	children under sections 2251 through 2258 of title 18,
16	United States Code, are extraditable offenses.
17	(b) STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.—In any case in which
18	a defendant is charged with an offense under chapter 110
19	of title 18, United States Code, and is alleged to have com-
20	mitted an offense, in whole or in part, beyond the jurisdic-
21	tion of the United States, the statute of limitations shall
22	be tolled during any period in which the defendant is be-
23	yond the jurisdiction of the United States.

1 SEC. 1005. 2,000 BOYS AND GIRLS CLUBS BEFORE 2000.

- 2 (a) In General.—Section 401(a) of the Economic
- 3 Espionage Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–294; 110 Stat.
- 4 3496) is amended by striking paragraph (2) and inserting
- 5 the following:
- 6 "(2) Purpose.—The purpose of this section is
- 7 to provide adequate resources in the form of seed
- 8 money for the Boys and Girls Clubs of America to
- 9 establish 1,000 additional local clubs where needed,
- with particular emphasis placed on establishing clubs
- in public housing projects and distressed areas, and
- to insure that there are a total of no less than 2000
- Boys and Girls Club of America facilities in oper-
- ation not later than December 31, 1999.".
- 15 (b) ACCELERATED GRANTS.—Section 401 of the
- 16 Economic Espionage Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–294;
- 17 110 Stat. 3496) is amended by striking subsection (c) and
- 18 inserting the following:
- 19 "(c) Establishment.—
- 20 "(1) IN GENERAL.—For each of the fiscal years
- 21 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, and 2001, the Director of
- the Bureau of Justice Assistance of the Department
- of Justice shall make a grant to the Boys and Girls
- 24 Clubs of America for the purpose of establishing
- Boys and Girls Clubs facilities where needed, with

1	particular emphasis placed on establishing clubs in
2	public housing projects and distressed areas.
3	"(2) Contracting authority.—To the extent
4	that the Secretary of Housing and Urban Develop-
5	ment determines to be appropriate, the Secretary of

5 ment determines to be appropriate, the Secretary of 6 Housing and Urban Development, in consultation 7 with the Attorney General, shall enter into contracts

8 with the Boys and Girls Clubs of America to estab-

lish clubs pursuant to the grants under paragraph

10 (1).

- "(3) APPLICATIONS.—The Attorney General shall accept an application for a grant under this subsection if submitted by the Boys and Girls Clubs of America, and approve or deny the grant not later than 90 days after the date on which the application is submitted, if the application—
 - "(A) includes a long-term strategy to establish 1000 additional Boys and Girls Clubs and detailed summary of those areas in which new facilities will be established during the next fiscal year;
 - "(B) includes a plan to insure that there are a total of not less than 2000 Boys and Girls Clubs of America facilities in operation before January 1, 2000;

1	"(C) certifies that there will be appropriate
2	coordination with those communities where
3	clubs will be located; and
4	"(D) explains the manner in which new fa-
5	cilities will operate without additional, direct
6	Federal financial assistance to the Boys and
7	Girls Clubs once assistance under this sub-
8	section is discontinued.".
9	(c) Role Model Grants.—Section 401 of the Eco-
10	nomic Espionage Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–294; 110
11	Stat. 3496) is amended by adding at the end the following:
12	"(f) Role Model Grants.—Of amounts made
13	available under subsection (e) in any fiscal year—
14	"(1) not more than 5 percent may be used to
15	provide a grant to the Boys and Girls Clubs of
16	America for administrative, travel, and other costs
17	associated with a national role-model speaking tour
18	program; and
19	"(2) no amount may be used to compensate
20	speakers other than to reimburse speakers for rea-
21	sonable travel and accommodation costs associated
22	with the program described in paragraph (1).".

1	SEC. 1006. CELLULAR TELEPHONE INTERCEPTIONS.
2	Subsection 2511 of title 18, United States Code, is
3	amended by inserting ", imprisoned not more than 1 year,
4	or both" after "under this title".
5	TITLE XI—VIOLENT AND REPEAT
6	JUVENILE OFFENDERS
7	SEC. 1101. SHORT TITLE.
8	This title may be cited as the "Violent and Repeat
9	Juvenile Offender Act of 1997".
10	SEC. 1102. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.
11	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
12	(1) at the outset of the twentieth century, the
13	States adopted 2 separate juvenile justice systems
14	for violent and nonviolent offenders;
15	(2) violent crimes committed by juveniles, such
16	as homicide, rape, and robbery, were an unknown
17	phenomenon at that time, but the rate at which ju-
18	veniles commit such crimes has escalated astronomi-
19	cally since that time;
20	(3) in 1994—
21	(A) the number of persons arrested overall
22	for murder in the United States decreased by
23	5.8 percent, but the number of persons who are
24	less than 15 years of age arrested for murder
25	increased by 4 percent; and

[(B) the number of persons arrested for all
2	violent crimes increased by 1.3 percent, but the
3	number of persons who are less than 15 years
1	of age arrested for violent crimes increased by
5	9.2 percent, and the number of persons less
5	than 18 years of age arrested for such crimes
7	increased by 6.5 percent;

- (4) from 1985 to 1996, the number of persons arrested for all violent crimes increased by 52.3 percent, but the number of persons under age 18 arrested for violent crimes rose by 75 percent;
- (5) the number of juvenile offenders is expected to undergo a massive increase during the first 2 decades of the twenty-first century, culminating in an unprecedented number of violent offenders who are less than 18 years of age;
- (6) the rehabilitative model of sentencing for juveniles, which Congress rejected for adult offenders when Congress enacted the Sentencing Reform Act of 1984, is inadequate and inappropriate for dealing with violent and repeat juvenile offenders;
- (7) the Federal Government should encourage the States to experiment with progressive solutions to the escalating problem of juveniles who commit

- violent crimes and who are repeat offenders, including prosecuting all such offenders as adults, but should not impose specific strategies or programs on the States;
 - (8) an effective strategy for reducing violent juvenile crime requires greater collection of investigative data and other information, such as fingerprints and DNA evidence, as well as greater sharing of such information among Federal, State, and local agencies, including the courts, in the law enforcement and educational systems;
 - (9) data regarding violent juvenile offenders must be made available to the adult criminal justice system if recidivism by criminals is to be addressed adequately;
 - (10) holding juvenile proceedings in secret denies victims of crime the opportunity to attend and be heard at such proceedings, helps juvenile offenders to avoid accountability for their actions, and shields juvenile proceedings from public scrutiny and accountability;
 - (11) the injuries and losses suffered by the victims of violent crime are no less painful or devastating because the offender is a juvenile; and

1 (12) the investigation, prosecution, adjudica-2 tion, and punishment of criminal offenses committed 3 by juveniles is, and should remain, primarily the re-4 sponsibility of the States, to be carried out without 5 interference from the Federal Government.

(b) Purposes.—The purposes of this title are—

- (1) to reform juvenile law so that the paramount concerns of the juvenile justice system are providing for the safety of the public and holding juvenile wrongdoers accountable for their actions, while providing the wrongdoer a genuine opportunity for self-reform;
- (2) to revise the procedures in Federal court that are applicable to the prosecution of juvenile offenders;
- (3) to address specifically the problem of violent crime and controlled substance offenses committed by youth gangs; and
- (4) to encourage and promote, consistent with the ideals of federalism, adoption of policies by the States to ensure that the victims of crimes of violence committed by juveniles receive the same level of justice as do victims of violent crimes that are committed by adults.

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

	100
1	SEC. 1103. SEVERABILITY.
2	If any provision of this title, an amendment made by
3	this title, or the application of such provision or amend-
4	ment to any person or circumstance is held to be unconsti-
5	tutional, the remainder of this title, the amendments made
6	by this title, and the application of the provisions of such
7	to any person or circumstance shall not be affected there-
8	by.
9	Subtitle A—Juvenile Justice
10	Reform
11	SEC. 1111. REPEAL OF GENERAL PROVISION.
12	(a) In General.—Chapter 401 of title 18, United
13	States Code, is amended—
14	(1) by striking section 5001; and
15	(2) by redesignating section 5003 as section
16	5001.
17	(b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—The chapter analy-
18	sis for chapter 401 of title 18, United States Code, is
19	amended—
20	(1) by striking the item relating to section
21	5001; and

(2) by redesignating the item relating to section

as 5001.

1	SEC. 1112. TREATMENT OF FEDERAL JUVENILE OFFEND-
2	ERS.
3	(a) In General.—Section 5032 of title 18, United
4	States Code, is amended to read as follows:
5	" \S 5032. Delinquency proceedings in district courts;
6	juveniles tried as adults; transfer for
7	other criminal prosecution
8	"(a) In General.—A juvenile who is not less than
9	14 years of age and who is alleged to have committed an
10	act that, if committed by an adult, would be a criminal
11	offense, shall be tried in the appropriate district court of
12	the United States—
13	"(1) as an adult at the discretion of the United
14	States Attorney in the appropriate jurisdiction, upon
15	a finding by that United States Attorney, which
16	finding shall not be subject to review in or by any
17	court, trial or appellate, that there is a substantial
18	Federal interest in the case or the offense to war-
19	rant the exercise of Federal jurisdiction, if the juve-
20	nile is charged with a Federal offense that—
21	"(A) is a crime of violence (as that term
22	is defined in section 16); or
23	"(B) involves a controlled substance (as
24	that term is defined in section 102 of the Con-
25	trolled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802)) for

1	which the penalty is a term of imprisonment of
2	not less than 5 years; and
3	"(2) in all other cases, as a juvenile.
4	"(b) Referral by United States Attorney.—
5	"(1) IN GENERAL.—If the United States Attor-
6	ney in the appropriate jurisdiction declines prosecu-
7	tion of a charged offense under subsection (a)(2)
8	the United States Attorney may refer the matter to
9	the appropriate legal authorities of the State or In-
10	dian tribe.
11	"(2) Definitions.—In this section—
12	"(A) the term 'State' includes a State of
13	the United States, the District of Columbia
14	and any commonwealth, territory, or possession
15	of the United States; and
16	"(B) the term 'Indian tribe' has the same
17	meaning as in section 4(e) of the Indian Self-
18	Determination and Education Assistance Act.
19	"(c) Applicable Procedures.—Any action pros-
20	ecuted in a district court of the United States under this
21	section—
22	"(1) shall proceed in the same manner as is re-
23	quired by this title and by the Federal Rules of
24	Criminal Procedure in proceedings against an adult

	100
1	in the case of a juvenile who is being tried as an
2	adult in accordance with subsection (a); and
3	"(2) in all other cases, shall proceed in accord-
4	ance with this chapter, unless the juvenile has re-
5	quested in writing, upon advice of counsel, to be pro-
6	ceeded against as an adult.
7	"(d) Capital Cases.—Subject to section 3591, if a
8	juvenile is tried and sentenced as an adult, the juvenile
9	shall be subject to being sentenced to death on the same
10	terms and in accordance with the same procedures as an
11	adult.
12	"(e) Application of Laws.—In any case in which
13	a juvenile is prosecuted in a district court of the United
14	States as an adult, the juvenile shall be subject to the
15	same laws, rules, and proceedings regarding sentencing
16	that would be applicable in the case of an adult. No juve-
17	nile sentenced to a term of imprisonment shall be released
18	from custody simply because the juvenile reaches the age
19	of 18 years.
20	"(f) Open Proceedings.—
21	"(1) In general.—Any offense tried in a dis-
22	trict court of the United States pursuant to this sec-
23	tion shall be open to the general public, in accord-

ance with rules 10, 26, 31(a), and 53 of the Federal

Rules of Criminal Procedure, unless good cause is

24

established by the moving party or is otherwise found by the court, for closure.

"(2) STATUS ALONE INSUFFICIENT.—The status of the defendant as a juvenile, absent other factors, shall not constitute good cause for purposes of this subsection.

"(g) AVAILABILITY OF RECORDS.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—In making a determination concerning the prosecution of a juvenile in a district court of the United States under this section, subject to the requirements of section 5038, the United States Attorney of the appropriate jurisdiction shall have complete access to the prior Federal juvenile records of the subject juvenile, and to the extent permitted by State law, the prior State juvenile records of the subject juvenile.
- "(2) Consideration of entire record.—In any case in which a juvenile is found guilty in an action pursuant to this section, the district court responsible for imposing sentence shall have complete access to the prior juvenile records of the subject juvenile, and, to the extent permitted under State law, the prior State juvenile records of the subject juvenile. At sentencing, the district court shall consider

- the entire available prior juvenile record of the sub-
- 2 ject juvenile.
- 3 "(3) Release of Records.—The United
- 4 States Attorney may release such Federal records,
- 5 and, to the extent permitted by State law, such
- 6 State records, to law enforcement authorities of any
- 7 jurisdiction and to officials of any school, school dis-
- 8 trict, or postsecondary school at which the individual
- 9 who is the subject of the juvenile record is enrolled
- or seeks, intends, or is instructed to enroll, if such
- school officials are held liable to the same standards
- and penalties to which law enforcement and juvenile
- justice system employees are held liable under Fed-
- eral and State law, for the handling and disclosure
- of such information.".
- 16 (b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The chapter analysis
- 17 for chapter 403 of title 18, United States Code, is amend-
- 18 ed by striking the item relating to section 5032 and insert-
- 19 ing the following:

"5032. Delinquency proceedings in district courts; juveniles tried as adults; transfer for other criminal prosecution.".

20 SEC. 1113. CAPITAL CASES.

- 21 Section 3591 of title 18, United States Code, is
- 22 amended by striking "18 years" each place that term ap-
- 23 pears and inserting "16 years".

1 SEC. 1114. DEFINITIONS.

- 2 Section 5031 of title 18, United States Code, is
- 3 amended to read as follows:
- 4 **"§ 5031. Definitions**
- 5 "In this chapter—
- 6 "(1) the term 'juvenile' means a person who is
- 7 less than 18 years of age; and
- 8 "(2) the term 'juvenile delinquency' means the
- 9 violation of a law of the United States committed by
- a juvenile that would be a crime if committed by an
- adult.".
- 12 SEC. 1115. NOTIFICATION AFTER ARREST.
- 13 Section 5033 of title 18, United States Code, is
- 14 amended in the first sentence by striking "Attorney Gen-
- 15 eral" and inserting "United States Attorney of the appro-
- 16 priate jurisdiction".
- 17 SEC. 1116. DETENTION PRIOR TO DISPOSITION.
- 18 Section 5035 of title 18, United States Code, is
- 19 amended—
- 20 (1) by striking "A juvenile" and inserting the
- 21 following:
- 22 "(a) IN GENERAL.—A juvenile"; and
- 23 (2) by adding at the end the following:
- 24 "(b) Detention of Certain Juveniles.—Not-
- 25 withstanding subsection (a), a juvenile who is to be tried
- 26 as an adult pursuant to section 5032 shall be subject to

- detention in accordance with chapter 203 in the same manner and to the same extent as an adult would be subject to that chapter.". SEC. 1117. SPEEDY TRIAL. 5 Section 5036 of title 18, United States Code, is 6 amended— (1) by striking "thirty" and inserting "70"; and 7 8 (2) by striking "the court," and all that follows 9 through the end of the section and inserting "the 10 court. The periods of exclusion under section 11 3161(h) shall apply to this section.". 12 SEC. 1118. DISPOSITIONAL HEARINGS. 13 Section 5037 of title 18, United States Code, is amended— 14 15 (1) in subsection (a), by striking "(a)" and all that follows through "After the" and inserting the 16 17 following: 18 "(a) IN GENERAL.—
- "(1) DISPOSITIONAL HEARING.—In any case in which a juvenile is found to be a juvenile delinquent in district court pursuant to section 5032, but is not tried as an adult under that section, not later than

- 20 days after the hearing in which a finding of juvenile delinquency is made, the court shall hold a disposition hearing concerning the appropriate disposition unless the court has ordered further study pursuant to subsection (d).
- 6 "(2) ACTIONS OF COURT AFTER HEARING.—
 7 After the";
 - (2) in subsection (b), by striking "extend—" and all that follows through "The provisions" and inserting the following: "extend, in the case of a juvenile, beyond the maximum term that would be authorized by section 3561(b), if the juvenile had been tried and convicted as an adult. The provisions";
 - (3) in subsection (c), by striking "extend—" and all that follows through "Section 3624" and inserting the following: "extend beyond the maximum term of imprisonment that would be authorized if the juvenile had been tried and convicted as an adult. No juvenile sentenced to a term of imprisonment shall be released from custody simply because the juvenile reaches the age of 18 years. Section 3624";
- 23 (4) by redesignating subsection (d) as sub-24 section (e); and

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

1	(5) by inserting after subsection (c) the follow-
2	ing:
3	"(d) Applicability of Restitution Provi-
4	SIONS.—If a juvenile has been tried and convicted as an
5	adult, or adjudicated delinquent for any offense in which
6	the juvenile is otherwise tried pursuant to section 5032
7	the restitution provisions contained in this title (including
8	sections 3663, 3663A, 2248, 2259, 2264, and 2327) and
9	title 21 shall apply to that juvenile in the same manner
10	and to the same extent as those provisions apply to
11	adults.".
12	SEC. 1119. USE OF JUVENILE RECORDS.
13	Section 5038 of title 18, United States Code, is
14	amended—
15	(1) in subsection (a)—
16	(A) in paragraph (5), by striking "and" at
17	the end;
18	(B) in paragraph (6), by striking the pe-
19	riod at the end and inserting "; and";
20	(C) by inserting after paragraph (6) the
21	following:
22	"(7) inquiries from any school or other edu-
23	cational institution for the purpose of ensuring the
24	public safety and security at such institution."; and

1	(D) by striking "Unless" and inserting the
2	following:
3	"(c) Prohibition on Release of Certain Infor-
4	MATION.—Unless";
5	(2) by redesignating subsections (b) and (c) as
6	subsections (d) and (e), respectively;
7	(3) by inserting immediately after subsection
8	(a) the following:
9	"(b) Access by United States Attorney.—Not-
10	withstanding subsection (a), in determining the appro-
11	priate disposition of a juvenile matter under section 5032,
12	the United States Attorney of the appropriate jurisdiction
13	shall have complete access to the official records of the
14	juvenile proceedings conducted under this title.";
15	(4) by inserting after subsection (e), as redesig-
16	nated, the following:
17	"(f) Records of Juveniles Tried as Adults.—
18	In any case in which a juvenile is tried as an adult, access
19	to the record of the offenses of the juvenile shall be made
20	available in the same manner as is applicable to adult de-
21	fendants.";
22	(5) by striking "(d) Whenever" and all that fol-
23	lows through "adult defendants." and inserting the
24	following:

1	"(g) Fingerprints and Photographs.—Finger-
2	prints and photographs of a juvenile—
3	"(1) who is prosecuted as an adult, shall be
4	made available in the same manner as is applicable
5	to an adult defendant; and
6	"(2) who is not prosecuted as an adult, shall be
7	made available only as provided in subsection (a).";
8	(6) by striking "(e) Unless," and inserting the
9	following:
10	"(h) No Publication of Name or Picture.—Un-
11	less'';
12	(7) by striking "(f) Whenever" and inserting
13	the following:
14	"(i) Information to Federal Bureau of Inves-
15	TIGATION.—Whenever''; and
16	(8) in subsection (i), as redesignated—
17	(A) by striking "of committing an act"
18	and all that follows through "5032 of this title"
19	and inserting "by a district court of the United
20	States pursuant to section 5032 of committing
21	an act"; and
22	(B) by inserting "involved a juvenile tried
23	as an adult or" before "were juvenile adjudica-
24	tions''.

1	SEC. 1120. INCARCERATION OF VIOLENT OFFENDERS.
2	Section 5039 of title 18, United States Code, is
3	amended—
4	(1) by designating the first 3 undesignated
5	paragraphs as subsections (a) through (c), respec-
6	tively; and
7	(2) by adding at the end the following:
8	"(d) Segregation of Juveniles Convicted of
9	VIOLENT OFFENSES.—
10	"(1) Definition.—In this subsection, the term
11	'crime of violence' has the same meaning as in sec-
12	tion 16 of title 18, United States Code.
13	"(2) Segregation.—The Director of the Bu-
14	reau of Prisons shall ensure that juveniles who are
15	alleged to be or determined to be delinquent are not
16	confined in any institution in which the juvenile has
17	regular sustained physical contact with adult persons
18	who are detained or confined.".
19	SEC. 1121. FEDERAL SENTENCING GUIDELINES.
20	Section 994(h) of title 28, United States Code, is
21	amended by inserting ", or in which the defendant is a
22	juvenile who is tried as an adult," after "old or older".
23	Subtitle B—Juvenile Gangs
24	SEC. 1141. SHORT TITLE.
25	This subtitle may be cited as the "Federal Gang Vio-

26 lence Act".

1	SEC. 1142. INCREASE IN OFFENSE LEVEL FOR PARTICIPA-
2	TION IN CRIME AS A GANG MEMBER.
3	(a) Definition.—In this section, the term "criminal
4	street gang" has the same meaning as in section 521(a)
5	of title 18, United States Code, as amended by section
6	1243 of this subtitle.
7	(b) Amendment of Sentencing Guidelines.—
8	Pursuant to its authority under section 994(p) of title 28,
9	United States Code, the United States Sentencing Com-
10	mission shall amend the Federal sentencing guidelines to
11	provide an appropriate enhancement, increasing the of-
12	fense level by not less than 6 levels, for any offense, if
13	the offense was both committed in connection with, or in
14	furtherance of, the activities of a criminal street gang and
15	the defendant was a member of the criminal street gang
16	at the time of the offense.
17	(c) Construction With Other Guidelines.—
18	The amendment made pursuant to subsection (b) shall
19	provide that the increase in the offense level shall be in
20	addition to any other adjustment under chapter 3 of the
21	Federal sentencing guidelines.
22	SEC. 1143. AMENDMENT OF TITLE 18 WITH RESPECT TO
23	CRIMINAL STREET GANGS.
24	(a) In General.—Section 521 of title 18, United
25	States Code, is amended—
26	(1) in subsection (a)—

1	(A) by striking "(a) Definitions.—" and
2	inserting the following:
3	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:", and
4	(B) by striking "'conviction" and all that
5	follows through the end of the subsection and
6	inserting the following:
7	"(1) Criminal Street Gang.—The term
8	'criminal street gang' means an ongoing group, club,
9	organization, or association of 3 or more persons,
10	whether formal or informal—
11	"(A) a primary activity of which is the
12	commission of 1 or more predicate gang crimes;
13	"(B) any members of which engage, or
14	have engaged during the 5-year period preced-
15	ing the date in question, in a pattern of crimi-
16	nal gang activity; and
17	"(C) the activities of which affect inter-
18	state or foreign commerce.
19	"(2) Pattern of Criminal gang activity.—
20	The term 'pattern of criminal gang activity' means
21	the commission of 2 or more predicate gang crimes
22	committed in connection with, or in furtherance of,
23	the activities of a criminal street gang—

1	"(A) at least 1 of which was committed
2	after the date of enactment of the Federal
3	Gang Violence Act;
4	"(B) the first of which was committed not
5	more than 5 years before the commission of an-
6	other predicate gang crime; and
7	"(C) that were committed on separate oc-
8	casions.
9	"(3) Predicate gang crime.—The term
10	'predicate gang crime' means an offense, including
11	an act of juvenile delinquency that, if committed by
12	an adult, would be an offense that is—
13	"(A) a Federal offense—
14	"(i) that is a crime of violence (as
15	that term is defined in section 16) includ-
16	ing carjacking, drive-by-shooting, shooting
17	at an unoccupied dwelling or motor vehicle,
18	assault with a deadly weapon, and homi-
19	cide;
20	"(ii) that involves a controlled sub-
21	stance (as that term is defined in section
22	102 of the Controlled Substances Act (21
23	U.S.C. 802)) for which the penalty is im-
24	prisonment for not less than 5 years;

1	"(iii) that is a violation of section
2	844, section 875 or 876 (relating to extor-
3	tion and threats), section 1084 (relating to
4	gambling), section 1955 (relating to gam-
5	bling), chapter 44 (relating to firearms), or
6	chapter 73 (relating to obstruction of jus-
7	tice);
8	"(iv) that is a violation of section
9	1956 (relating to money laundering), inso-
10	far as the violation of such section is relat-
11	ed to a Federal or State offense involving
12	a controlled substance (as that term is de-
13	fined in section 102 of the Controlled Sub-
14	stances Act (21 U.S.C. 802)); or
15	"(v) that is a violation of section
16	274(a)(1)(A), 277, or 278 of the Immigra-
17	tion and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
18	1324(a)(1)(A), 1327, or 1328) (relating to
19	alien smuggling);
20	"(B) a State offense involving conduct that
21	would constitute an offense under subparagraph
22	(A) if Federal jurisdiction existed or had been
23	exercised; or

1	"(C) a conspiracy, attempt, or solicitation
2	to commit an offense described in subparagraph
3	(A) or (B).
4	"(4) State.—The term 'State' includes a State
5	of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puer-
6	to Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands, and any other
7	territory of possession of the United States."; and
8	(2) by striking subsections (b), (c), and (d) and
9	inserting the following:
10	"(b) Criminal Penalties.—Any person who en-
11	gages in a pattern of criminal gang activity—
12	"(1) shall be sentenced to—
13	"(A) a term of imprisonment of not less
14	than 10 years and not more than life, fined in
15	accordance with this title, or both; and
16	"(B) the forfeiture prescribed in section
17	413 of the Controlled Substances Act (21
18	U.S.C. 853); and
19	"(2) if any person engages in such activity after
20	1 or more prior convictions under this section have
21	become final, shall be sentenced to—
22	"(A) a term of imprisonment of not less
23	than 20 years and not more than life, fined in
24	accordance with this title, or both; and

1	"(B) the forfeiture prescribed in section
2	412 of the Controlled Substances Act (21
3	U.S.C. 853).".
4	(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 3663(c)(4)
5	of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting
6	before "chapter 46" the following: "section 521 of this
7	title,".
8	SEC. 1144. INTERSTATE AND FOREIGN TRAVEL OR TRANS-
9	PORTATION IN AID OF CRIMINAL STREET
10	GANGS.
11	(a) Travel Act Amendments.—
12	(1) Prohibited conduct and penalties.—
13	Section 1952(a) of title 18, United States Code, is
14	amended to read as follows:
15	"(a) Prohibited Conduct and Penalties.—
16	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Any person who—
17	"(A) travels in interstate or foreign com-
18	merce or uses the mail or any facility in inter-
19	state or foreign commerce, with intent to—
20	"(i) distribute the proceeds of any un-
21	lawful activity; or
22	"(ii) otherwise promote, manage, es-
23	tablish, carry on, or facilitate the pro-
24	motion, management, establishment, or
25	carrying on, of any unlawful activity; and

1	"(B) after travel or use of the mail or any
2	facility in interstate or foreign commerce de-
3	scribed in subparagraph (A), performs, at-
4	tempts to perform, or conspires to perform an
5	act described in clause (i) or (ii) of subpara-
6	graph (A),
7	shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not more
8	than 10 years, or both.
9	"(2) Crimes of Violence.—Any person
10	who—
11	"(A) travels in interstate or foreign com-
12	merce or uses the mail or any facility in inter-
13	state or foreign commerce, with intent to com-
14	mit any crime of violence to further any unlaw-
15	ful activity; and
16	"(B) after travel or use of the mail or any
17	facility in interstate or foreign commerce de-
18	scribed in subparagraph (A), commits, attempts
19	to commit, or conspires to commit any crime of
20	violence to further any unlawful activity,
21	shall be fined under this title, imprisoned for not
22	more than 20 years, or both, and if death results
23	shall be sentenced to death or be imprisoned for any
24	term of years or for life.".

1	(2) Definitions.—Section 1952(b) of title 18,
2	United States Code, is amended to read as follows:
3	"(b) Definitions.—In this section:
4	"(1) Controlled Substance.—The term
5	'controlled substance' has the same meaning as in
6	section 102(6) of the Controlled Substances Act (21
7	U.S.C. 802(6)).
8	"(2) STATE.—The term 'State' includes a State
9	of the United States, the District of Columbia, and
10	any commonwealth, territory, or possession of the
11	United States.
12	"(3) Unlawful activity.—The term 'unlaw-
13	ful activity' means—
14	"(A) predicate gang crime (as that term is
15	defined in section 521);
16	"(B) any business enterprise involving
17	gambling, liquor on which the Federal excise
18	tax has not been paid, narcotics or controlled
19	substances, or prostitution offenses in violation
20	of the laws of the State in which the offense is
21	committed or of the United States;
22	"(C) extortion, bribery, arson, robbery,
23	burglary, assault with a deadly weapon, retalia-
24	tion against or intimidation of witnesses, vic-
25	tims, jurors, or informants, assault resulting in

1	bodily injury, possession of or trafficking in sto-
2	len property, illegally trafficking in firearms,
3	kidnapping, alien smuggling, or shooting at an
4	occupied dwelling or motor vehicle, in each case,
5	in violation of the laws of the State in which
6	the offense is committed or of the United
7	States; or
8	"(D) any act that is indictable under sec-
9	tion 1956 or 1957 of this title or under sub-
10	chapter II of chapter 53 of title 31.".
11	(b) Amendment of Sentencing Guidelines.—
12	(1) In general.—Pursuant to its authority
13	under section 994(p) of title 28, United States Code,
14	the United States Sentencing Commission shall
15	amend chapter 2 of the Federal sentencing guide-
16	lines so that—
17	(A) the base offense level for traveling in
18	interstate or foreign commerce in aid of a
19	criminal street gang or other unlawful activity
20	is increased to 12; and
21	(B) the base offense level for the commis-
22	sion of a crime of violence in aid of a criminal
23	street gang or other unlawful activity is in-
24	creased to 24.
25	(2) Definitions.—In this subsection—

1	(A) the term "crime of violence" has the
2	same meaning as in section 16 of title 18, Unit-
3	ed States Code;
4	(B) the term "criminal street gang" has
5	the same meaning as in 521(a) of title 18,
6	United States Code, as amended by section
7	1243 of this subtitle; and
8	(C) the term "unlawful activity" has the
9	same meaning as in section 1952(b) of title 18,
10	United States Code, as amended by this sec-
11	tion.
12	SEC. 1145. SOLICITATION OR RECRUITMENT OF PERSONS
13	IN CRIMINAL GANG ACTIVITY.
14	(a) Prohibited Acts.—Chapter 26 of title 18,
15	United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the
16	following:
17	"§ 522. Recruitment of persons to participate in
18	criminal street gang activity
19	"(a) Prohibited Act.—It shall be unlawful for any
20	person to—
21	"(1) use any facility in, or travel in, interstate
22	or foreign commerce, or cause another to do so, to
23	recruit, solicit, request, induce, counsel, command,
24	or cause another person to be a member of a crimi-
25	nal street gang, or conspire to do so; or

1	"(2) recruit, solicit, request, induce, counsel,
2	command, or cause another person to engage in a
3	predicate gang crime for which such person may be
4	prosecuted in a court of the United States, or con-
5	spire to do so.
6	"(b) Penalties.—A person who violates subsection
7	(a) shall—
8	"(1) if the person recruited—
9	"(A) is a minor, be imprisoned for a term
10	of not less than 4 years and not more than 10
11	years, fined in accordance with this title, or
12	both; or
13	"(B) is not a minor, be imprisoned for a
14	term of not less than 1 year and not more than
15	10 years, fined in accordance with this title, or
16	both; and
17	"(2) be liable for any costs incurred by the
18	Federal Government or by any State or local govern-
19	ment for housing, maintaining, and treating the
20	minor until the minor reaches the age of 18.
21	"(c) Definitions.—In this section—
22	"(1) the terms 'criminal street gang' and 'pred-
23	icate gang crime' have the same meanings as in sec-
24	tion 521: and

1	"(2) the term 'minor' means a person who is
2	younger than 18 years of age.".
3	(b) Sentencing Guidelines.—Pursuant to its au-
4	thority under section 994(p) of title 28, United States
5	Code, the United States Sentencing Commission shall
6	amend chapter 2 of the Federal sentencing guidelines to
7	provide an appropriate enhancement for any offense in-
8	volving the recruitment of a minor to participate in a gang
9	activity.
10	(c) Technical Amendment.—The chapter analysis
11	for chapter 26 of title 18, United States Code, is amended
12	by adding at the end the following:
	"522. Recruitment of persons to participate in criminal street gang activity.".
	CEC 1146 CDIMEC INVOLVING THE DECDIMENT OF DED
13	SEC. 1146. CRIMES INVOLVING THE RECRUITMENT OF PER-
13 14	SONS TO PARTICIPATE IN CRIMINAL STREET
14	SONS TO PARTICIPATE IN CRIMINAL STREET
14 15	SONS TO PARTICIPATE IN CRIMINAL STREET GANGS AND FIREARMS OFFENSES AS RICO
14 15 16	SONS TO PARTICIPATE IN CRIMINAL STREET GANGS AND FIREARMS OFFENSES AS RICO PREDICATES.
14 15 16 17	SONS TO PARTICIPATE IN CRIMINAL STREET GANGS AND FIREARMS OFFENSES AS RICO PREDICATES. Section 1961(1) of title 18, United States Code, is
14 15 16 17	SONS TO PARTICIPATE IN CRIMINAL STREET GANGS AND FIREARMS OFFENSES AS RICO PREDICATES. Section 1961(1) of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
114 115 116 117 118	SONS TO PARTICIPATE IN CRIMINAL STREET GANGS AND FIREARMS OFFENSES AS RICO PREDICATES. Section 1961(1) of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) by striking "or" before "(F)"; and
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SONS TO PARTICIPATE IN CRIMINAL STREET GANGS AND FIREARMS OFFENSES AS RICO PREDICATES. Section 1961(1) of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) by striking "or" before "(F)"; and (2) by inserting before the semicolon at the end
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SONS TO PARTICIPATE IN CRIMINAL STREET GANGS AND FIREARMS OFFENSES AS RICO PREDICATES. Section 1961(1) of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) by striking "or" before "(F)"; and (2) by inserting before the semicolon at the end the following: ", (G) an offense under section 522 of

1 SEC. 1147. PROHIBITIONS RELATING TO FIREARMS. 2 (a) Penalties.—Section 924(a)(6) of title 18, Unit-3 ed States Code, is amended— 4 (1) by striking subparagraph (A); 5 (2) by redesignating subparagraph (B) as sub-6 paragraph (A); 7 (3) in subparagraph (A), as redesignated— (A) by striking "(B) A person other than 8 a juvenile who knowingly' and inserting "(A) A 9 person who knowingly"; 10 11 (B) in clause (i), by striking "not more 12 than 1 year" and inserting "not less than 1 13 year and not more than 5 years"; and (C) in clause (ii), by inserting "not less 14 15 than 1 year and" after "imprisoned"; and 16 (4) by adding at the end the following: 17 "(B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), no 18 mandatory minimum sentence shall apply to a juve-19 nile who is less than 13 years of age.". 20 (b) Serious Juvenile Drug Offenses as Armed 21 CAREER CRIMINAL PREDICATES.—Section 924(e)(2)(A) 22 of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) in clause (i), by striking "or" at the end; 23 (2) in clause (ii), by adding "or" at the end; 24 25 and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

1	"(iii) any act of juvenile delinquency that
2	if committed by an adult would be an offense
3	described in clause (i) or (ii);".
4	(c) Transfer of Firearms to Minors for Use
5	IN CRIME.—Section 924(h) of title 18, United States
6	Code, is amended by striking "10 years, fined in accord-
7	ance with this title, or both" and inserting "10 years, and
8	if the transferee is a person who is under 18 years of age,
9	imprisoned for a term of not less than 3 years, fined in
10	accordance with this title, or both".
11	SEC. 1148. AMENDMENT OF SENTENCING GUIDELINES
12	WITH RESPECT TO BODY ARMOR.
13	(a) Definitions.—In this section—
14	(1) the term "body armor" means any product
15	sold or offered for sale as personal protective body
16	covering intended to protect against gunfire, regard-
17	less of whether the product is to be worn alone or
18	is sold as a complement to another product or gar-
19	ment; and
20	(2) the term "law enforcement officer" means
21	any officer, agent, or employee of the United States,
22	a State, or a political subdivision of a State, author-
23	ized by law or by a government agency to engage in
24	or supervise the prevention, detection, investigation,
	1 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

- 1 (b) SENTENCING ENHANCEMENT.—The United
- 2 States Sentencing Commission shall amend the Federal
- 3 sentencing guidelines to provide an appropriate sentencing
- 4 enhancement, increasing the offense level not less than 2
- 5 levels, for any crime in which the defendant used body
- 6 armor.
- 7 (c) Applicability.—No Federal sentencing guide-
- 8 line amendment made pursuant to this section shall apply
- 9 if the Federal crime in which the body armor is used con-
- 10 stitutes a violation of, attempted violation of, or conspir-
- 11 acy to violate the civil rights of a person by a law enforce-
- 12 ment officer acting under color of the authority of such
- 13 law enforcement officer.
- 14 SEC. 1149. ADDITIONAL PROSECUTORS.
- There are authorized to be appropriated \$20,000,000
- 16 for each of the fiscal years 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, and
- 17 2002 for the hiring of Assistant United States Attorneys
- 18 and attorneys in the Criminal Division of the Department
- 19 of Justice to prosecute juvenile criminal street gangs (as
- 20 that term is defined in section 521(a) of title 18, United
- 21 States Code, as amended by section 1243 of this subtitle).

1	Subtitle C—Juvenile Crime Control
2	and Accountability
3	SEC. 1161. FINDINGS; DECLARATION OF PURPOSE; DEFINI-
4	TIONS.
5	Title I of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Pre-
6	vention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5601 et seq.) is amended
7	to read as follows:
8	"TITLE I—FINDINGS AND
9	DECLARATION OF PURPOSE
10	"SEC. 101. FINDINGS.
11	"Congress makes the following findings:
12	"(1) During the past several years, the United
13	States has experienced an alarming increase in ar-
14	rests of adolescents for murder, assault, and weap-
15	ons offenses.
16	"(2) In 1994, juveniles accounted for 1 in 5 ar-
17	rests for violent crimes, including murder, robbery,
18	aggravated assault, and rape, including 514 such ar-
19	rests per 100,000 juveniles 10 through 17 years of
20	age.
21	"(3) Understaffed, overcrowded juvenile courts,
22	prosecutorial and public defender offices, probation
23	services, and correctional facilities no longer ade-
24	quately address the changing nature of juvenile

- crime, protect the public, and correct youth offenders.
- "(4) The juvenile justice system has proven inadequate to meet the needs of society, because insufficient sanctions are imposed on serious youth offenders and the needs of children, who may be at risk of becoming delinquents.
 - "(5) Existing programs and policies have not adequately responded to the particular threat of drugs, alcohol abuse, violence, and gangs pose to the youth of the Nation.
 - "(6) Demographic increases projected in the number of youth offenders require reexamination of the prosecution and incarceration policies for serious violent youth offenders.
 - "(7) State and local communities that experience directly the devastating failures of the juvenile justice system require assistance to deal comprehensively with the problems of juvenile delinquency.
 - "(8) Existing Federal programs have not provided the States with necessary flexibility, and have not provided coordination, resources, and leadership required to meet the crisis of youth violence.

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

- 1 "(9) Overlapping and uncoordinated Federal
 2 programs have created a multitude of Federal fund3 ing streams to State and local governments, that
 4 have become a barrier to effective program coordina5 tion, responsive public safety initiatives, and the pro6 vision of comprehensive services for children and
 7 youth.
 - "(10) Violent crime by juveniles constitutes a growing threat to the national welfare that requires an immediate and comprehensive governmental response, combining flexibility and coordinated evaluation.
 - "(11) Limited State and local resources are being wasted complying with the unnecessary Federal mandate that status offenders be deinstitutionalized. Some communities believe that curfews are appropriate for juveniles, and those communities should not be prohibited by the Federal Government from using confinement for status offenses as a means of dealing with delinquent behavior before it becomes criminal conduct.
 - "(12) Limited State and local resources are being wasted complying with the unnecessary Federal mandate that no juvenile be detained or confined in any jail or lockup for adults, because it can

1	be feasible to separate adults and juveniles in 1 fa-
2	cility. This mandate is particularly burdensome for
3	rural communities

"(13) The role of the Federal Government should be to encourage and empower communities to develop and implement policies to protect adequately the public from serious juvenile crime as well as comprehensive programs to reduce risk factors and prevent juvenile delinquency.

"(14) A strong partnership among law enforcement, local government, juvenile and family courts, schools, businesses, philanthropic organizations, families, and the religious community, can create a community environment that supports the youth of the Nation in reaching their highest potential and reduces the destructive trend of juvenile crime.

17 "SEC. 102. PURPOSE AND STATEMENT OF POLICY.

- 18 "(a) In General.—The purposes of this Act are—
- "(1) to protect the public and to hold juvenilesaccountable for their acts;
- "(2) to empower States and communities to develop and implement comprehensive programs that support families and reduce risk factors and prevent serious youth crime and juvenile delinquency;

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

1	"(3) to provide for the thorough and ongoing
2	evaluation of all federally funded programs address-
3	ing juvenile crime and delinquency;
4	"(4) to provide technical assistance to public
5	and private nonprofit entities that protect public
6	safety, administer justice and corrections to delin-
7	quent youth, or provide services to youth at risk of
8	delinquency, and their families;
9	"(5) to establish a centralized research effort on
10	the problems of youth crime and juvenile delin-
11	quency, including the dissemination of the findings
12	of such research and all related data;
13	"(6) to establish a Federal assistance program
14	to deal with the problems of runaway and homeless
15	youth;
16	"(7) to assist State and local governments in
17	improving the administration of justice for juveniles;
18	"(8) to assist the State and local governments
19	in reducing the level of youth violence;
20	"(9) to assist State and local governments in
21	promoting public safety by supporting juvenile delin-
22	quency prevention and control activities;
23	"(10) to encourage and promote programs de-
24	signed to keep in school juvenile delinquents expelled
25	or suspended for disciplinary reasons;

- "(11) to assist State and local governments in promoting public safety by encouraging accountability through the imposition of meaningful sanctions for acts of juvenile delinquency;
 - "(12) to assist State and local governments in promoting public safety by improving the extent, accuracy, availability and usefulness of juvenile court and law enforcement records and the openness of the juvenile justice system;
 - "(13) to assist State and local governments in promoting public safety by encouraging the identification of violent and hardcore juveniles and transferring such juveniles out of the jurisdiction of the juvenile justice system and into the jurisdiction of adult criminal court;
 - "(14) to assist State and local governments in promoting public safety by providing resources to States to build or expand juvenile detention facilities;
 - "(15) to provide for the evaluation of federally assisted juvenile crime control programs, and training necessary for the establishment and operation of such programs;

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

1	"(16) to ensure the dissemination of informa-
2	tion regarding juvenile crime control programs by
3	providing a national clearinghouse; and
4	"(17) to provide technical assistance to public
5	and private nonprofit juvenile justice and delin-
6	quency prevention programs.
7	"(b) Statement of Policy.—It is the policy of
8	Congress to provide resources, leadership, and coordina-
9	tion—
10	"(1) to combat youth violence and to prosecute
11	and punish effectively violent juvenile offenders; and
12	"(2) to improve the quality of juvenile justice in
13	the United States.
14	"SEC. 103. DEFINITIONS.
15	"In this Act:
16	"(1) Administrator.—The term 'Adminis-
17	trator' means the Administrator of the Office of Ju-
18	venile Crime Control and Accountability.
19	"(2) Construction.—The term 'construction'
20	means acquisition, expansion, remodeling, and alter-
21	ation of existing buildings, and initial equipment of
22	any such buildings, or any combination of such ac-
23	tivities (including architects' fees but not the cost of
24	acquisition of land for buildings)

1	"(3) JUVENILE POPULATION.—The term 'juve-
2	nile population' means the population of a State
3	under 18 years of age.
4	"(4) Office.—The term 'Office' means the Of-
5	fice of Juvenile Crime Control and Accountability es-
6	tablished under section 201.
7	"(5) Outcome objective.—The term 'out-
8	come objective' means an objective that relates to
9	the impact of a program or initiative, that measures
10	the reduction of high risk behaviors, such as inci-
11	dence of arrest, the commission of criminal acts or
12	acts of delinquency, failure in school, violence, the
13	use of alcohol or illegal drugs, involvement of youth
14	gangs, and teenage pregnancy, among youth in the
15	community.
16	"(6) Process objective.—The term 'process
17	objective' means an objective that relates to the
18	manner in which a program or initiative is carried
19	out, including—
20	"(A) an objective relating to the degree to
21	which the program or initiative is reaching the
22	target population; and
23	"(B) an objective relating to the degree to
24	which the program or initiative addresses
25	known risk factors for youth problem behaviors

1	and incorporates activities that inhibit the be-
2	haviors and that build on protective factors for
3	youth.
4	"(7) State.—The term 'State' means any
5	State of the United States, the District of Columbia,
6	the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Trust Terri-
7	tory of the Pacific Islands, the Virgin Islands,
8	Guam, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of
9	the Northern Mariana Islands.
10	"(8) State office.—The term 'State office'
11	means an office designated by the chief executive of-
12	ficer of a State to carry out this title, as provided
13	in section 507 of the Omnibus Crime Control and
14	Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3757).
15	"(9) Treatment.—The term 'treatment' in-
16	cludes medical and other rehabilitative services de-
17	signed to protect the public, including any services
18	designed to benefit addicts and other users by—
19	"(A) eliminating their dependence on alco-
20	hol or other addictive or nonaddictive drugs; or
21	"(B) controlling their dependence and sus-
22	ceptibility to addiction or use.
23	"(10) Youth.—The term 'youth' means an in-
24	dividual who is not less than 6 years of age and not
25	more than 17 years of age.".

1	SEC. 1162. YOUTH CRIME CONTROL AND ACCOUNTABILITY
2	BLOCK GRANTS.
3	(a) Office of Juvenile Crime Control and Ac-
4	COUNTABILITY.—Section 201 of the Juvenile Justice and
5	Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5611) is
6	amended—
7	(1) in subsection (a), by striking "Office of Ju-
8	venile Justice and Delinquency Prevention" and in-
9	serting "Office of Juvenile Crime Control and Ac-
10	countability"; and
11	(2) by adding at the end the following:
12	"(d) Delegation and Assignment.—
13	"(1) In general.—Except as otherwise ex-
14	pressly prohibited by law or otherwise provided by
15	this title, the Administrator may—
16	"(A) delegate any of the functions of the
17	Administrator, and any function transferred or
18	granted to the Administrator after the date of
19	enactment of this Act, to such officers and em-
20	ployees of the Office as the Administrator may
21	designate; and
22	"(B) authorize successive redelegations of
23	such functions as may be necessary or appro-
24	priate.
25	"(2) Responsibility.—No delegation of func-
26	tions by the Administrator under this subsection or

- 1 under any other provision of this title shall relieve
- 2 the Administrator of responsibility for the adminis-
- 3 tration of such functions.
- 4 "(e) Reorganization.—The Administrator may al-
- 5 locate or reallocate any function transferred among the
- 6 officers of the Office, and establish, consolidate, alter, or
- 7 discontinue such organizational entities in that Office as
- 8 may be necessary or appropriate.".
- 9 (b) National Program.—Section 204 of the Juve-
- 10 nile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (42
- 11 U.S.C. 5614) is amended to read as follows:
- 12 "SEC. 204. NATIONAL PROGRAM.
- 13 "(a) National Juvenile Crime Control and Ju-
- 14 VENILE OFFENDER ACCOUNTABILITY PLAN.—
- 15 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall
- develop objectives, priorities, and short- and long-
- term plans, and shall implement overall policy and
- a strategy to carry out such plan, for all Federal ju-
- venile crime control and juvenile offender account-
- ability programs and activities relating to improving
- juvenile crime control and the enhancement of ac-
- countability by offenders within the juvenile justice
- 23 system in the United States.
- 24 "(2) Contents of Plans.—

1	"(A) In general.—Each plan described
2	in paragraph (1) shall—
3	"(i) contain specific, measurable goals
4	and criteria for reducing the incidence of
5	crime and delinquency among juveniles,
6	improving juvenile crime control, and en-
7	suring accountability by offenders within
8	the juvenile justice system in the United
9	States, and shall include criteria for any
10	discretionary grants and contracts, for con-
11	ducting research, and for carrying out
12	other activities under this title;
13	"(ii) provide for coordinating the ad-
14	ministration of programs and activities
15	under this title with the administration of
16	all other Federal juvenile crime control and
17	juvenile offender accountability programs
18	and activities, including proposals for joint
19	funding to be coordinated by the Adminis-
20	trator;
21	"(iii) provide a detailed summary and
22	analysis of the most recent data available
23	regarding the number of juveniles taken
24	into custody, the rate at which juveniles

1	are taken into custody, and the trends
2	demonstrated by such data.
3	"(iv) provide a description of the ac-
4	tivities for which amounts are expended
5	under this title;
6	"(v) provide specific information relat-
7	ing to the attainment of goals set forth in
8	the plan, including specific, measurable
9	standards for assessing progress toward
10	national juvenile crime reduction and juve-
11	nile offender accountability goals; and
12	"(vi) provide for the coordination of
13	Federal, State, and local initiatives for the
14	reduction of youth crime and ensuring ac-
15	countability for juvenile offenders.
16	"(B) SUMMARY AND ANALYSIS.—Each
17	summary and analysis under subparagraph
18	(A)(iii) shall set out the information required by
19	clauses (i), (ii), and (iii) of this subparagraph
20	separately for juvenile nonoffenders, juvenile
21	status offenders, and other juvenile offenders.
22	Such summary and analysis shall separately ad-
23	dress with respect to each category of juveniles
24	specified in the preceding sentence—

1	"(i) the types of offenses with which
2	the juveniles are charged;
3	"(ii) the ages of the juveniles;
4	"(iii) the types of facilities used to
5	hold the juveniles (including juveniles
6	treated as adults for purposes of prosecu-
7	tion) in custody, including secure detention
8	facilities, secure correctional facilities, jails,
9	and lockups; and
10	"(iv) the number of juveniles who died
11	while in custody and the circumstances
12	under which each juvenile died.
13	"(3) Annual Review.—The Administrator
14	shall annually—
15	"(A) review each plan submitted under this
16	subsection;
17	"(B) revise the plans, as the Administrator
18	considers appropriate; and
19	"(C) not later than March 1 of each year,
20	present the plans to the Committees on the Ju-
21	diciary of the Senate and the House of Rep-
22	resentatives.
23	"(b) Duties of Administrator.—In carrying out
24	this title, the Administrator shall—

"(1) advise the President through the Attorney
General as to all matters relating to federally assisted juvenile crime control and juvenile offender
accountability programs, and Federal policies regarding juvenile crime and justice, including policies
relating to juveniles prosecuted or adjudicated in the
Federal courts;

- "(2) implement and coordinate Federal juvenile crime control and juvenile offender accountability programs and activities among Federal departments and agencies and between such programs and activities and other Federal programs and activities that the Administrator determines may have an important bearing on the success of the entire national juvenile crime control and juvenile offender accountability effort;
- "(3) provide for the auditing of grants provided pursuant to this title;
- "(4) collect, prepare, and disseminate useful data regarding the prevention, correction, and control of juvenile crime and delinquency, and issue, not less frequently than once each calendar year, a report on successful programs and juvenile crime reduction methods utilized by States, localities, and private entities;

1	"(5) ensure the performance of comprehensive
2	rigorous independent scientific evaluations, each of
3	which shall—
4	"(A) be independent in nature, and shall
5	employ rigorous and scientifically valid stand-
6	ards and methodologies; and
7	"(B) include measures of outcome and
8	process objectives, such as reductions in juve-
9	nile crime, youth gang activity, youth substance
10	abuse, and other high risk factors, as well as in-
11	creases in protective factors that reduce the
12	likelihood of delinquency and criminal behavior;
13	"(6) involve consultation with appropriate au-
14	thorities in the States and with appropriate private
15	entities in the development, review, and revision of
16	the plans required by subsection (a) and in the de-
17	velopment of policies relating to juveniles prosecuted
18	or adjudicated in the Federal courts; and
19	"(7) provide technical assistance to the States,
20	units of local government, and private entities in im-
21	plementing programs funded by grants under this
22	title.
23	"(c) National Juvenile Crime Control and Ju-
24	VENILE OFFENDER ACCOUNTABILITY BUDGET.—
25	"(1) In General.—The Administrator shall—

1	"(A) develop for each fiscal year, with the
2	advice of the program managers of departments
3	and agencies with responsibilities for any Fed-
4	eral juvenile crime control or juvenile offender
5	accountability program, a consolidated National
6	Juvenile Crime Control and Juvenile Offender
7	Accountability Plan budget proposal to imple-
8	ment the National Juvenile Crime Control and
9	Juvenile Offender Accountability Plan; and
10	"(B) transmit such budget proposal to the
11	President and to Congress.
12	"(2) Submission of Juvenile offender ac-
13	COUNTABILITY BUDGET REQUEST.—
14	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Each Federal Govern-
15	ment program manager, agency head, and de-
16	partment head with responsibility for any Fed-
17	eral juvenile crime control or juvenile offender
18	accountability program shall submit the juvenile
19	crime control and juvenile offender accountabil-
20	ity budget request of the program, agency, or
21	department to the Administrator at the same
22	time as such request is submitted to their supe-
	1
23	riors (and before submission to the Office of

1	the budget of the President submitted to Con-
2	gress under section 1105(a) of title 31, United
3	States Code.
4	"(B) Timely development and submis-
5	SION.—The head of each department or agency
6	with responsibility for a Federal juvenile crime
7	control or juvenile offender accountability pro-
8	gram shall ensure timely development and sub-
9	mission to the Administrator of juvenile crime
10	control and juvenile offender accountability
11	budget requests transmitted pursuant to this
12	subsection, in such format as may be des-
13	ignated by the Administrator with the concur-
14	rence of the Administrator of the Office of
15	Management and Budget.
16	"(3) REVIEW AND CERTIFICATION.—The Ad-
17	ministrator shall—
18	"(A) review each juvenile crime control and
19	juvenile offender accountability budget request
20	transmitted to the Administrator under para-
21	graph (2);
22	"(B) certify in writing as to the adequacy
23	of such request in whole or in part to imple-
24	ment the objectives of the National Juvenile

Crime Control and Juvenile Offender Account-ability Plan for the year for which the request is submitted and, with respect to a request that is not certified as adequate to implement the objectives of the National Juvenile Crime Con-trol and Juvenile Offender Accountability Plan, include in the certification an initiative or fund-ing level that would make the request adequate; and

- "(C) notify the program manager, agency head, or department head, as applicable, regarding the certification of the Administrator under subparagraph (B).
- "(4) RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENT.—The Administrator shall maintain records regarding certifications under paragraph (3)(B).
- "(5) Funding requests.—The Administrator shall request the head of a department or agency to include in the budget submission of the department or agency to the Office of Management and Budget, funding requests for specific initiatives that are consistent with the priorities of the President for the National Juvenile Crime Control and Juvenile Offender Accountability Plan and certifications made

1	pursuant to paragraph (3), and the head of the de-
2	partment or agency shall comply with such a re-
3	quest.
4	"(6) Reprogramming and transfer re-
5	QUESTS.—
6	"(A) In General.—No department or
7	agency with responsibility for a Federal juvenile
8	crime control or juvenile offender accountability
9	program shall submit to Congress a reprogram-
10	ming or transfer request with respect to any
11	amount of appropriated amounts greater than
12	\$5,000,000 that is included in the National Ju-
13	venile Crime Control and Juvenile Offender Ac-
14	countability Plan budget unless such request
15	has been approved by the Administrator.
16	"(B) APPEAL TO PRESIDENT.—The head
17	of any department or agency with responsibility
18	for a Federal juvenile crime control or juvenile
19	offender accountability program may appeal to
20	the President any disapproval by the Adminis-
21	trator of a reprogramming or transfer request.
22	"(7) Quarterly reports.—The Adminis-
23	trator shall report to Congress on a quarterly basis
24	regarding the need for any reprogramming or trans-

fer of appropriated amounts for National Juvenile

- 1 Crime Control and Juvenile Offender Accountability
- 2 Plan activities.
- 3 "(d) Information, Reports, Studies, and Sur-
- 4 VEYS FROM OTHER AGENCIES.—The Administrator may
- 5 require, through appropriate authority, Federal depart-
- 6 ments and agencies engaged in any activity involving any
- 7 Federal juvenile crime control and juvenile offender ac-
- 8 countability program to provide the Administrator with
- 9 such information and reports, and to conduct such studies
- 10 and surveys, as the Administrator determines to be nec-
- 11 essary to carry out the purposes of this title.
- 12 "(e) Utilization of Services and Facilities of
- 13 Other Agencies; Reimbursement.—The Adminis-
- 14 trator may utilize the services and facilities of any agency
- 15 of the Federal Government and of any other public agency
- 16 or institution in accordance with appropriate agreements,
- 17 and to pay for such services either in advance or by way
- 18 of reimbursement as may be agreed upon.
- 19 "(f) Coordination of Functions of Adminis-
- 20 TRATOR AND SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERV-
- 21 ICES.—All functions of the Administrator under title shall
- 22 be coordinated as appropriate with the functions of the
- 23 Secretary of Health and Human Services under title III.
- 24 "(g) Annual Juvenile Delinquency Develop-
- 25 MENT STATEMENTS.—

"(1) In General.—The Administrator shall require through appropriate authority each Federal agency that administers a Federal juvenile crime control and juvenile offender accountability program to submit annually to the Office a juvenile crime control and juvenile offender accountability development statement. Such statement shall be in addition to any information, report, study, or survey that the Administrator may require under subsection (d).

"(2) Contents.—Each development statement submitted to the Administrator under paragraph (1) shall contain such information, data, and analyses as the Administrator may require. Such analyses shall include an analysis of the extent to which the program of the Federal agency submitting such development statement conforms with and furthers Federal juvenile crime control and juvenile offender accountability prevention and treatment goals and policies.

"(3) REVIEW AND COMMENT.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall review and comment upon each juvenile crime control and juvenile offender accountability development statement transmitted to the Administrator under paragraph (1).

1 "(B) Inclusion in other documenta-2 TION.—Such development statement, together 3 with the comments of the Administrator, shall 4 be included by the Federal agency involved in 5 every recommendation or request made by such 6 agency for Federal legislation that significantly affects juvenile crime control and juvenile of-7 8 fender accountability.

9 "(h) JUVENILE CRIME CONTROL AND JUVENILE OF-10 FENDER ACCOUNTABILITY INCENTIVE BLOCK GRANTS.—

"(1) In General.—The Administrator shall make, subject to the availability of appropriations, grants to States to assist them in planning, estaboperating, coordinating, and evaluating lishing. projects, directly or through grants and contracts with public and private agencies, for the development of more effective investigation, prosecution, and punishment (including the imposition of graduated sanctions) of crimes or acts of delinquency committed by juveniles, programs to improve the administration of justice for and ensure accountability by juvenile offenders, and programs to reduce the risk factors (such as truancy, drug or alcohol use, and gang involvement) associated with juvenile crime or delinquency.

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

1	"(2) USE OF GRANTS.—Grants under this title
2	may be used—
3	"(A) for programs to enhance the identi-
4	fication, investigation, prosecution, and punish-
5	ment of juvenile offenders, such as—
6	"(i) the utilization of graduated sanc-
7	tions;
8	"(ii) the utilization of short-term con-
9	finement of juveniles who are charged with
10	or who are convicted of—
11	"(I) a crime of violence (as that
12	term is defined in section 16 of title
13	18, United States Code);
14	"(II) an offense involving a con-
15	trolled substance (as that term is de-
16	fined in section 102 of the Controlled
17	Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802);
18	"(III) an offense involving pos-
19	session of a firearm (as that term is
20	defined in section 921(a) of title 18,
21	United States Code); or
22	"(IV) an offense involving posses-
23	sion of a destructive device (as that
24	term is defined in section 921(a) of
25	title 18, United States Code); and

1	"(iii) the incarceration of violent juve-
2	nile offenders for extended periods of time
3	(including up to the length of adult sen-
4	tences);
5	"(B) for programs that provide restitution
6	to the victims of crimes committed by juveniles;
7	"(C) for programs that require juvenile of-
8	fenders to attend and successfully complete
9	school or vocational training;
10	"(D) for programs that require juvenile of-
11	fenders who are parents to demonstrate paren-
12	tal responsibility by working and paying child
13	support;
14	"(E) for programs that seek to curb or
15	punish truancy;
16	"(F) for programs designed to collect,
17	record, and disseminate information useful in
18	the identification, prosecution, and sentencing
19	of offenders, such as criminal history informa-
20	tion, fingerprints, and DNA tests;
21	"(G) for programs that provide that, when-
22	ever a juvenile who is not less than 14 years of
23	age is adjudicated delinquent, as defined by
24	Federal or State law in a juvenile delinquency
25	proceeding for conduct that, if committed by an

1	adult, would constitute a felony under Federal
2	or State law, the State shall ensure that a
3	record is kept relating to the adjudication that
4	is—
5	"(i) equivalent to the record that
6	would be kept of an adult conviction for
7	such an offense;
8	"(ii) retained for a period of time that
9	is equal to the period of time that records
10	are kept for adult convictions;
11	"(iii) made available to law enforce-
12	ment agencies of any jurisdiction; and
13	"(iv) made available to officials of a
14	school, school district, or postsecondary
15	school where the individual who is the sub-
16	ject of the juvenile record seeks, intends,
17	or is instructed to enroll, and that such of-
18	ficials are held liable to the same stand-
19	ards and penalties that law enforcement
20	and juvenile justice system employees are
21	held liable to, under Federal and State
22	law, for handling and disclosing such infor-
23	mation;

"(H) for juvenile crime control and prevention programs (such as curfews, youth organizations, antidrug programs, antigang programs, and after school activities) that include a rigorous, comprehensive evaluation component that measures the decrease in risk factors associated with the juvenile crime and delinquency and employs scientifically valid standards and methodologies;

"(I) for the development and implementation of coordinated multijurisdictional or multiagency programs for the identification, control, supervision, prevention, investigation, and treatment of the most serious juvenile offenses and offenders, sometimes known as a 'SHOCAP Program' (Serious Habitual Offenders Comprehensive Action Program); or

"(J) for the development and implementation of coordinated multijurisdictional or multiagency programs for the identification, control, supervision, prevention, investigation, and disruption of youth gangs.

1	"(3) Requirements.—To be eligible to receive
2	a grant under this title, a State shall make reason-
3	able efforts, as certified by the Governor, to ensure
4	that, not later than July 1, 2000—
5	"(A) juveniles age 14 and older can be
6	prosecuted under State law as adults, as a mat-
7	ter of law or prosecutorial discretion for a crime
8	of violence (as that term is defined in section
9	16 of title 18, United States Code) such as
10	murder or armed robbery, an offense involving
11	a controlled substance (as defined in section
12	102 of the Controlled Substances Act (21
13	U.S.C. 802)), or the unlawful possession of a
14	firearm (as that term is defined in section
15	921(a) of title 18, United States Code) or a de-
16	structive device (as that term is defined in sec-
17	tion 921(a) of title 18, United States Code);
18	"(B) the State has in place a system of
19	graduated sanctions for juvenile offenders;
20	"(C) the State has in place a juvenile court
21	system that treats juvenile offenders uniformly
22	throughout the State;
23	"(D) the State collects, records, and dis-
24	seminates information useful in the identifica-
25	tion, prosecution, and sentencing of offenders,

1	such as criminal history information, finger-
2	prints, and DNA tests (if taken), to other Fed-
3	eral, State, and local law enforcement agencies;
4	"(E) the State ensures that religious orga-
5	nizations can participate in rehabilitative pro-
6	grams designed to purposes authorized by this
7	title; and
8	"(F) the State shall not detain or confine
9	juveniles who are alleged to be or determined to
10	be delinquent in any institution in which the ju-
11	venile has regular sustained physical contact
12	with adult persons who are detained or con-
13	fined.
14	"(i) DISTRIBUTION BY STATE OFFICES TO ELIGIBLE
15	APPLICANTS.—
16	"(1) In general.—Of amounts made available
17	to the State, not more than 20 percent shall be used
18	for programs pursuant to paragraph (2)(ii).
19	"(2) Eligible applicants.—Entities eligible
20	to receive amounts distributed by the State office
21	under this title are—
22	"(A) a unit of local government;
23	"(B) local police or sheriff's departments;
24	"(C) State or local prosecutor's offices;

1	"(D) State or local courts responsible for
2	the administration of justice in cases involving
3	juvenile offenders;
4	"(E) schools;
5	"(F) nonprofit, educational, religious, or
6	community groups active in crime prevention or
7	drug use prevention and treatment; or
8	"(G) any combination of the entities de-
9	scribed in subparagraphs (A) through (F).
10	"(j) Application to State Office.—
11	"(1) In general.—To be eligible to receive
12	amounts from the State office, the applicant shall
13	prepare and submit to the State office an application
14	in written form that—
15	"(A) describes the types of activities and
16	services for which the amount will be provided;
17	"(B) includes information indicating the
18	extent to which the activities and services
19	achieve the purposes of the title;
20	"(C) provide for the evaluation component
21	required by subsection (b)(2), which evaluation
22	shall be conducted by an independent entity;
23	and
24	"(D) provides any other information that
25	the State office may require.

1	"(2) Priority.—In approving applications	
2	under this subsection, the State office should give	
3	priority to those applicants demonstrating coordina-	
4	tion with, consolidation of, or expansion of existing	
5	State or local juvenile crime control and juvenile of-	
6	fender accountability programs.	
7	"(k) Funding Period.—The State office may award	
8	such a grant for a period of not more than 3 years.	
9	"(l) Renewal of Grants.—The State office may	
10	renew grants made under this title. After the initial grant	
11	period, in determining whether to renew a grant to an en-	
12	tity to carry out activities, the State office shall give sub-	
13	stantial weight to the effectiveness of the activities in	
14	achieving reductions in crimes committed by juveniles and	
15	in improving the administration of justice to juvenile of-	
16	fenders.	
17	"(m) Special Grants.—Of amounts made available	
18	under this title in any fiscal year, the Administrator may	
19	use—	
20	"(1) not more than 7 percent for grants for re-	
21	search and evaluation;	
22	"(2) not more than 3 percent for grants to In-	
23	dian tribes for purposes authorized by this title; and	

1	"(3) not more than 5 percent for salaries and
2	expenses of the Office related to administering this
3	title.".
4	(c) Repeals; Administrative Provisions.—Title
5	II of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act
6	of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5611 et seq.) is amended—
7	(1) by striking sections 206 and 207 and insert-
8	ing the following:
9	"SEC. 206. ALLOCATION OF GRANTS AND AUTHORIZATION
10	OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
11	"(a) Allocation of Grant Amounts.—
12	"(1) In general.—Amounts made available
13	under section 204(h) or part B shall be allocated to
14	the States as follows:
15	"(A) 0.25 percent shall be allocated to
16	each State; and
17	"(B) of the total amount remaining after
18	the allocation under subparagraph (A), there
19	shall be allocated to each State an amount that
20	bears the same ratio to the amount of remain-
21	ing funds described in this paragraph as the ju-
22	venile population of such State bears to the ju-
23	venile population of all the States.
24	"(2) Exceptions.—The amount allocated to
25	the Virgin Islands of the United States, Guam,

1	American Samoa, the Trust Territory of the Pacific
2	Islands, and the Commonwealth of the Northern
3	Mariana Islands shall be not less than \$75,000 and
4	not more than \$100,000.
5	"(3) REALLOCATION PROHIBITED.—Any
6	amounts appropriated but not allocated due to the
7	ineligibility or nonparticipation of any State shall
8	not be reallocated, but shall revert to the Treasury
9	at the end of the fiscal year for which they were
10	appropriated.
11	"(4) Restrictions on the use of
12	AMOUNTS.—
13	"(A) Experimentation on individ-
14	UALS.—
15	"(i) In general.—No amounts made
16	available to carry out this title may be
17	used for any biomedical or behavior control
18	experimentation on individuals or any re-
19	search involving such experimentation.
20	"(ii) Definition of 'behavior con-
21	TROL'.—In this subparagraph, the term
22	'behavior control'—
23	"(I) means any experimentation
24	or research employing methods that—

1	"(aa) involve a substantial
2	risk of physical or psychological
3	harm to the individual subject;
4	and
5	"(bb) are intended to modify
6	or alter criminal and other anti-
7	social behavior, including aversive
8	conditioning therapy, drug ther-
9	apy, chemotherapy (except as
10	part of routine clinical care),
11	physical therapy of mental dis-
12	orders, electroconvulsive therapy,
13	or physical punishment; and
14	"(II) does not include a limited
15	class of programs generally recognized
16	as involving no such risk, including
17	methadone maintenance and certain
18	alcohol treatment programs, psycho-
19	logical counseling, parent training, be-
20	havior contracting, survival skills
21	training, restitution, or community
22	service, if safeguards are established
23	for the informed consent of subjects
24	(including parents or guardians of mi-
25	nors).

"(B) Prohibition against use of amounts in construction.—No amount made available to any public or private agency, or institution or to any individual under this title (either directly or through a State office) may be used for construction, except for minor renovations or additions to an existing structure.

"(C) Job training.—No amount made available under this title may be used to carry out a youth employment program to provide subsidized employment opportunities, job training activities, or school-to-work activities for participants.

"(D) Lobbying.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in clause (ii), no amount made available under this title to any public or private agency, organization, or institution or to any individual shall be used to pay for any personal service, advertisement, telegram, telephone communication, letter, printed or written matter, or other device intended or designed to influence a Member of Congress or any other Federal,

State, or local elected official to favor or oppose any Act, bill, resolution, or other legislation, or any referendum, initiative, constitutional amendment, or any other procedure of Congress, any State legislature, any local council, or any similar governing body.

"(ii) EXCEPTION.—This subparagraph does not preclude the use of amounts made available under this title in connection with communications to Federal, State, or local elected officials, upon the request of such officials through proper official channels, pertaining to authorization, appropriation, or oversight measures directly affecting the operation of the program involved.

"(E) Legal action.—No amounts made available under this title to any public or private agency, organization, institution, or to any individual, shall be used in any way directly or indirectly to file an action or otherwise take any legal action against any Federal, State, or local agency, institution, or employee.

"(F) Religious organizations.—

"(i) In general.—The purpose of this subparagraph is to allow State and local governments to contract with religious organizations, or to allow religious organizations to accept certificates, vouchers, or other forms of disbursement under any program described in this title, on the same basis as any other nongovernmental provider without impairing the religious character of such organizations, and without diminishing the religious freedom of beneficiaries of assistance funded under such program.

"(ii) Nondiscrimination against religious organizations.—A State or local government exercising its authority to distribute grants to applicants under this title shall ensure that religious organizations are eligible, on the same basis as any other private organization, as contractors to provide assistance, or to accept certificates, vouchers, or other forms of disbursement, under any program described in this title, so long as the programs are implemented consistent with the Establishment

1	Clause of the United States Constitution.
2	Except as provided in clause (x), neither
3	the Federal Government nor a State re-
4	ceiving funds under such programs shall
5	discriminate against an organization which
6	is or applies to be a contractor to provide
7	assistance, or which is or applies to be a
8	contractor to provide assistance, or which
9	accepts certificates, vouchers, or other
10	forms of disbursement, on the basis that
11	the organization has a religious character.
12	"(iii) Religious character and
13	FREEDOM.—
14	"(I) Religious organiza-
15	TIONS.—A religious organization that
16	participates in a program authorized
17	by this title shall retain its independ-
18	ence from Federal, State, and local
19	governments, including such organiza-
20	tion's control over the definition, de-
21	velopment, practice, and expression of
22	its religious beliefs.

1	"(II) Additional safe-
2	GUARDS.—Neither the Federal Gov-
3	ernment nor a State shall require a
4	religious organization to—
5	"(aa) alter its form of inter-
6	nal governance; or
7	"(bb) remove religious art,
8	icons, scripture, or other symbols;
9	in order to be eligible to contract to
10	provide assistance, or to accept certifi-
11	cates, vouchers, or other forms of dis-
12	bursements, funded under a program
13	described in this title.
14	"(iv) Rights of beneficiaries of
15	ASSISTANCE.—If juvenile offender has an
16	objection to the religious character of the
17	organization or institution from which the
18	juvenile offender receives, or would receive,
19	assistance funded under any program de-
20	scribed in this title, the State in which the
21	individual resides shall provide such indi-
22	vidual (if otherwise eligible for such assist-
23	ance) within a reasonable period of time
24	after the date of such objection with assist-
25	ance from an alternative provider.

1	"(v) Employment practices.—A re-
2	ligious organization's exemption provided
3	under section 702 of the Civil Rights Act
4	of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–1a) regarding
5	employment practices shall not be affected
6	by its participation in, or receipt of funds
7	from, programs described in this title.
8	"(vi) Nondiscrimination against
9	BENEFICIARIES.—Except as otherwise pro-
10	vided in law, a religious organization shall
11	not discriminate against an individual in
12	regard to rendering assistance funded
13	under any program described in this title
14	on the basis of religion, a religious belief,
15	or refusal to actively participate in a reli-
16	gious practice.
17	"(vii) FISCAL ACCOUNTABILITY.—
18	"(I) In general.—Subject to
19	subclause (II), any religious organiza-
20	tion contracting to provide assistance
21	funded under any program described
22	in clause (i)(II) shall be subject to the
23	same regulations as other contractors
24	to account in accord with generally

accepted auditing principles for the

1	use of such funds provided under such
2	programs.
3	"(II) LIMITED AUDIT.—If such
4	organization segregates Federal funds
5	provided under such programs into
6	separate accounts, then only the fi-
7	nancial assistance provided with such
8	funds shall be subject to audit.
9	"(viii) Compliance.—Any party
10	which seeks to enforce its rights under this
11	subparagraph may assert a civil action for
12	injunctive relief exclusively in an appro-
13	priate State court against the entity or
14	agency that allegedly commits such viola-
15	tion.
16	"(ix) Limitations on use of funds
17	FOR CERTAIN PURPOSES.—No funds pro-
18	vided directly to institutions or organiza-
19	tions to provide services and administer
20	programs under this title shall be expended
21	for sectarian worship, instruction, or pros-
22	elytization.
23	"(x) Preemption.—Nothing in this
24	subparagraph shall be construed to pre-
25	empt any provision of a State constitution

1	or State statute that prohibits or restricts
2	the expenditure of State funds in or by re-
3	ligious organizations.
4	"(5) Penalties.—
5	"(A) In general.—If any amounts are
6	used for the purposes prohibited in either sub-
7	paragraph (D) or (E) of paragraph (4)—
8	"(i) all funding for the agency, orga-
9	nization, institution, or individual at issue
10	shall be immediately discontinued; and
11	"(ii) the agency, organization, institu-
12	tion, or individual using amounts for the
13	purpose prohibited in subparagraph (D) or
14	(E) of paragraph (4) shall be liable for re-
15	imbursement of all amounts granted to the
16	individual or entity for the fiscal year for
17	which the amounts were granted.
18	"(B) Liability for expenses and dam-
19	AGES.—In relation to a violation of paragraph
20	(4)(E), the individual filing the lawsuit or re-
21	sponsible for taking the legal action against the
22	Federal, State, or local agency or institution, or
23	individual working for the Government, shall be
24	individually liable for all legal expenses and any

1	other expenses of the government agency, insti-
2	tution, or individual working for the Govern-
3	ment, including damages assessed by the jury
4	against the Government agency, institution, or
5	individual working for the government, and any
6	punitive damages.
7	"(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—
8	"(1) In general.—There are authorized to be
9	appropriated to carry out this title—
10	"(A) \$650,000,000 for fiscal year 1998;
11	"(B) \$650,000,000 for fiscal year 1999;
12	"(C) $$650,000,000$ for fiscal year 2000 ;
13	"(D) \$650,000,000 for fiscal year 2001;
14	and
15	"(E) $$650,000,000$ for fiscal year 2002.
16	"(2) Allocation of appropriations.—Of
17	amounts authorized to be appropriated under para-
18	graph (1) in each fiscal year—
19	"(A) \$500,000,000 shall be for programs
20	under section 204(h); and
21	"(B) \$150,000,000 shall be for programs
22	under part B.
23	"(3) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Amounts made
24	available pursuant to this subsection, and allocated

- 1 pursuant to paragraph (1) in any fiscal year shall
- 2 remain available until expended.
- 3 "SEC. 207. ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.
- 4 "(a) AUTHORITY OF ADMINISTRATOR.—The Office
- 5 shall be administered by the Administrator under the gen-
- 6 eral authority of the Attorney General.
- 7 "(b) Applicability of Certain Crime Control
- 8 Provisions.—Sections 809(c), 811(a), 811(b), 811(c),
- 9 812(a), 812(b), and 812(d) of the Omnibus Crime Control
- 10 and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3789d(c),
- $11 \ 3789f(a), \ 3789f(b), \ 3789f(c), \ 3789g(a), \ 3789g(b),$
- 12 3789g(d)) shall apply with respect to the administration
- 13 of and compliance with this Act, except that for purposes
- 14 of this Act—
- 15 "(1) any reference to the Office of Justice Pro-
- 16 grams in such sections shall be considered to be a
- 17 reference to the Assistant Attorney General who
- heads the Office of Justice Programs; and
- 19 "(2) the term 'this title' as it appears in such
- sections shall be considered to be a reference to this
- 21 Act.
- 22 "(c) Applicability of Certain Other Crime
- 23 Control Provisions.—Sections 801(a), 801(c), and 806
- 24 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of
- 25 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3711(a), 3711(c), and 3787) shall apply

- 1 with respect to the administration of and compliance with
- 2 this Act, except that, for purposes of this Act—
- 3 "(1) any reference to the Attorney General, the
- 4 Assistant Attorney General who heads the Office of
- 5 Justice Programs, the Director of the National In-
- 6 stitute of Justice, the Director of the Bureau of Jus-
- 7 tice Statistics, or the Director of the Bureau of Jus-
- 8 tice Assistance shall be considered to be a reference
- 9 to the Administrator;
- 10 "(2) any reference to the Office of Justice Pro-
- grams, the Bureau of Justice Assistance, the Na-
- tional Institute of Justice, or the Bureau of Justice
- 13 Statistics shall be considered to be a reference to
- the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Pre-
- vention; and
- 16 "(3) the term 'this title' as it appears in such
- sections shall be considered to be a reference to this
- 18 Act.
- 19 "(d) Rules, Regulations, and Procedures.—
- 20 The Administrator may, after appropriate consultation
- 21 with representatives of States and units of local govern-
- 22 ment, establish such rules, regulations, and procedures as
- 23 are necessary for the exercise of the functions of the Office
- 24 and as are consistent with the purpose of this Act.

1	"(e) Withholding.—The Administrator shall initi-
2	ate such proceedings as the Administrator determines to
3	be appropriate if the Administrator, after giving reason-
4	able notice and opportunity for hearing to a recipient of
5	financial assistance under this title, finds that—
6	"(1) the program or activity for which the
7	grant or contract involved was made has been so
8	changed that the program or activity no longer com-
9	plies with this title; or
10	"(2) in the operation of such program or activ-
11	ity there is failure to comply substantially with any
12	provision of this title.";
13	(2) in part B—
14	(A) in section 221(b)—
15	(i) in paragraph (1)—
16	(I) by striking "section 223" and
17	inserting "section 222"; and
18	(II) by striking "section 223(c)"
19	and inserting "section 222(c)"; and
20	(ii) in paragraph (2), by striking "sec-
21	tion $299(c)(1)$ " and inserting "section
22	222(a)(1)"; and
23	(B) by striking sections 222 and 223 and
24	inserting the following:

1 "SEC. 222. STATE PLANS.

2	"(a) In General.—In order to receive formula
3	grants under this part, a State shall submit a plan for
4	carrying out its purposes applicable to a 3-year period.
5	The State shall submit annual performance reports to the
6	Administrator which shall describe progress in implement-
7	ing programs contained in the original plan, and shall de-
8	scribe the status of compliance with State plan require-
9	ments. In accordance with regulations which the Adminis-
10	trator shall prescribe, such plan shall—
11	"(1) designate a State agency as the sole agen-
12	cy for supervising the preparation and administra-
13	tion of the plan;
14	"(2) contain satisfactory evidence that the
14 15	"(2) contain satisfactory evidence that the State agency designated in accordance with para-
	·
15	State agency designated in accordance with para-
15 16	State agency designated in accordance with paragraph (1) has or will have authority, by legislation
15 16 17	State agency designated in accordance with paragraph (1) has or will have authority, by legislation if necessary, to implement such plan in conformity
15 16 17 18	State agency designated in accordance with paragraph (1) has or will have authority, by legislation if necessary, to implement such plan in conformity with this part;
15 16 17 18 19	State agency designated in accordance with paragraph (1) has or will have authority, by legislation if necessary, to implement such plan in conformity with this part; "(3) provide for the active consultation with
15 16 17 18 19 20	State agency designated in accordance with paragraph (1) has or will have authority, by legislation if necessary, to implement such plan in conformity with this part; "(3) provide for the active consultation with and participation of units of general local govern-
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	State agency designated in accordance with paragraph (1) has or will have authority, by legislation if necessary, to implement such plan in conformity with this part; "(3) provide for the active consultation with and participation of units of general local government or combinations thereof in the development of
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	State agency designated in accordance with paragraph (1) has or will have authority, by legislation if necessary, to implement such plan in conformity with this part; "(3) provide for the active consultation with and participation of units of general local government or combinations thereof in the development of a State plan which adequately takes into account the

construed to prohibit or impede the State from making grants to, or entering into contracts with, local private agencies, including religious organizations;

"(4) provide that the chief executive officer of the unit of general local government shall assign responsibility for the preparation and administration of the local government's part of a State plan, or for the supervision of the preparation and administration of the local government's part of the State plan, to that agency within the local government's structure or to a regional planning agency (in this part referred to as the 'local agency') which can most effectively carry out the purposes of this part and shall provide for supervision of the programs funded under this part by that local agency;

"(5)(A) provide for—

"(i) an analysis of juvenile crime problems (including the joining of gangs that commit crimes) and juvenile justice and delinquency prevention needs (including educational needs) within the relevant jurisdiction (including any geographical area in which an Indian tribe performs law enforcement functions), a description of the services to be provided, and a description of performance goals and priorities, including a

specific statement of the manner in which programs are expected to meet the identified juvenile crime problems (including the joining of gangs that commit crimes) and juvenile justice and delinquency prevention needs (including educational needs) of the jurisdiction;

"(ii) an indication of the manner in which the programs relate to other similar State or local programs which are intended to address the same or similar problems; and

"(iii) a plan for the concentration of State efforts which shall coordinate all State juvenile delinquency programs with respect to overall policy and development of objectives and priorities for all State juvenile delinquency programs and activities, including provision for regular meetings of State officials with responsibility in the area of juvenile justice and delinquency prevention;

"(B) contain—

"(i) an analysis of services for the prevention and treatment of juvenile delinquency in rural areas, including the need for such services, the types of such services available in rural

1	areas, and geographically unique barriers to
2	providing such services; and
3	"(ii) a plan for providing needed services
4	for the prevention and treatment of juvenile de-
5	linquency in rural areas; and
6	"(C) contain—
7	"(i) an analysis of mental health services
8	available to juveniles in the juvenile justice sys-
9	tem (including an assessment of the appro-
10	priateness of the particular placements of juve-
11	niles in order to receive such services) and of
12	barriers to access to such services; and
13	"(ii) a plan for providing needed mental
14	health services to juveniles in the juvenile jus-
15	tice system;
16	"(6) provide for the active consultation with
17	and participation of private agencies in the develop-
18	ment and execution of the State plan; and provide
19	for coordination and maximum utilization of existing
20	juvenile delinquency programs and other related pro-
21	grams, such as education, special education, recre-
22	ation, health, and welfare within the State;
23	"(7) provide for the development of an adequate
24	research, training, and evaluation capacity within
25	the State:

1	"(8) provide that not less than 75 percent of
2	the funds made available to the State pursuant to
3	grants under section 221, whether expended directly
4	by the State, by the unit of general local govern-
5	ment, or by a combination thereof, or through
6	grants and contracts with public or private nonprofit
7	agencies, shall be used for—
8	"(A) community-based alternatives (includ-
9	ing home-based alternatives) to incarceration
10	and institutionalization, specifically—
11	"(i) for youth who can remain at
12	home with assistance, home probation and
13	programs providing professional supervised
14	group activities or individualized mentoring
15	relationships with adults that involve the
16	family and provide counseling and other
17	supportive services;
18	"(ii) for youth who need temporary
19	placement, crisis intervention, shelter, and
20	after-care; and
21	"(iii) for youth who need residential
22	placement, a continuum of foster care or
23	group home alternatives that provide ac-
24	cess to a comprehensive array of services;

1	"(B) community-based programs and serv-
2	ices to work with—
3	"(i) parents and other family mem-
4	bers to strengthen families, including par-
5	ent self-help groups, so that juveniles may
6	be retained in their homes;
7	"(ii) juveniles during their incarcer-
8	ation, and with their families, to ensure
9	the safe return of such juveniles to their
10	homes and to strengthen the families; and
11	"(iii) parents with limited-English
12	speaking ability, particularly in areas
13	where there is a large population of fami-
14	lies with limited-English speaking ability;
15	"(C) comprehensive juvenile justice and de-
16	linquency prevention programs that meet the
17	needs of youth through the collaboration of the
18	many local systems before which a youth may
19	appear, including schools, courts, law enforce-
20	ment agencies, child protection agencies, mental
21	health agencies, welfare services, health care
22	agencies, and private nonprofit agencies offer-
23	ing youth services;
24	"(D) projects designed to develop and im-
25	plement programs stressing advocacy activities

1	aimed at improving services for and protecting
2	the rights of youth affected by the juvenile jus-
3	tice system;
4	"(E) educational programs or supportive
5	services for delinquent or other juveniles, pro-
6	vided equitably regardless of sex, race, or family
7	income, designed to—
8	"(i) encourage juveniles to remain in
9	elementary and secondary schools or in al-
10	ternative learning situations, including—
11	"(I) education in settings that
12	promote experiential, individualized
13	learning and exploration of academic
14	and career options;
15	"(II) assistance in making the
16	transition to the world of work and
17	self-sufficiency;
18	"(III) alternatives to suspension
19	and expulsion; and
20	"(IV) programs to counsel delin-
21	quent juveniles and other juveniles re-
22	garding the opportunities that edu-
23	cation provides; and

1	"(ii) enhance coordination with the
2	local schools that such juveniles would oth-
3	erwise attend, to ensure that—
4	"(I) the instruction that juveniles
5	receive outside school is closely
6	aligned with the instruction provided
7	in school; and
8	"(II) information regarding any
9	learning problems identified in such
10	alternative learning situations are
11	communicated to the schools;
12	"(F) expanded use of home probation and
13	recruitment and training of home probation of-
14	ficers, other professional and paraprofessional
15	personnel, and volunteers to work effectively to
16	allow youth to remain at home with their fami-
17	lies as an alternative to incarceration or institu-
18	tionalization;
19	"(G) youth-initiated outreach programs de-
20	signed to assist youth (including youth with
21	limited proficiency in English) who otherwise
22	would not be reached by traditional youth as-
23	sistance programs;

1	"(H) programs designed to develop and
2	implement projects relating to juvenile delin-
3	quency and learning disabilities, including on-
4	the-job training programs to assist community
5	services, law enforcement, and juvenile justice
6	personnel to more effectively recognize and pro-
7	vide for learning disabled and other handi-
8	capped youth;
9	"(I) projects designed both to deter in-
10	volvement in illegal activities and to promote in-
11	volvement in lawful activities on the part of
12	gangs whose membership is substantially com-
13	posed of youth;
14	"(J) programs and projects designed to
15	provide for the treatment of youths' dependence
16	on or abuse of alcohol or other addictive or non-
17	addictive drugs;
18	"(K) law-related education programs (and
19	projects) for delinquent and at-risk youth de-
20	signed to prevent juvenile delinquency;
21	"(L) programs for positive youth develop-
22	ment that assist delinquent and other at-risk
23	youth in obtaining—
24	"(i) a sense of safety and structure;

1	"(ii) a sense of belonging and mem-
2	bership;
3	"(iii) a sense of self-worth and social
4	contribution;
5	"(iv) a sense of independence and con-
6	trol over one's life;
7	"(v) a sense of closeness in inter-
8	personal relationships; and
9	"(vi) a sense of competence and mas-
10	tery including health and physical com-
11	petence, personal and social competence,
12	cognitive and creative competence, voca-
13	tional competence, and citizenship com-
14	petence, including ethics and participation;
15	"(M) programs that, in recognition of
16	varying degrees of the seriousness of delinquent
17	behavior and the corresponding gradations in
18	the responses of the juvenile justice system in
19	response to that behavior, are designed to—
20	"(i) encourage courts to develop and
21	implement a continuum of post-adjudica-
22	tion restraints that bridge the gap between
23	traditional probation and confinement in a
24	correctional setting (including expanded
25	use of probation, mediation, restitution,

1	community service, treatment, home deten-
2	tion, intensive supervision, electronic mon-
3	itoring, boot camps and similar programs,
4	and secure community-based treatment fa-
5	cilities linked to other support services
6	such as health, mental health, education
7	(remedial and special), job training, and
8	recreation); and
9	"(ii) assist in the provision by the Ad-
10	ministrator of information and technical
11	assistance, including technology transfer,
12	to States in the design and utilization of
13	risk assessment mechanisms to aid juvenile
14	justice personnel in determining appro-
15	priate sanctions for delinquent behavior;
16	"(N) programs designed to prevent and re-
17	duce hate crimes committed by juveniles, in-
18	cluding educational programs and sentencing
19	programs designed specifically for juveniles who
20	commit hate crimes and that provide alter-
21	natives to incarceration; and
22	"(O) programs (including referral to lit-
23	eracy programs and social service programs) to
24	assist families with limited-English speaking

ability that include delinquent juveniles to overcome language and cultural barriers that may prevent the complete treatment of such juveniles and the preservation of their families;

"(9) provide for the development of an adequate research, training, and evaluation capacity within the State;

"(10) provide that the State shall not detain or confine juveniles who are alleged to be or determined to be delinquent in any institution in which the juvenile has regular sustained physical contact with adult persons who are detained or confined;

"(11) provide for an adequate system of monitoring jails, detention facilities, correctional facilities, and nonsecure facilities to ensure that the requirements of paragraph (10) are met, and for annual reporting of the results of such monitoring to the Administrator, except that such reporting requirements shall not apply in the case of a State which is in compliance with the other requirements of this paragraph, which is in compliance with the requirements in paragraph (10), and which has enacted legislation which conforms to such requirements and which contains, in the opinion of the Administrator, sufficient enforcement mechanisms to

- ensure that such legislation will be administered effectively;
 - "(12) provide assurance that youth in the juvenile justice system are treated equitably on the basis of gender, race, family income, and mentally, emotionally, or physically handicapping conditions;
 - "(13) provide assurance that consideration will be given to and that assistance will be available for approaches designed to strengthen the families of delinquent and other youth to prevent juvenile delinquency (which approaches should include the involvement of grandparents or other extended family members when possible and appropriate and the provision of family counseling during the incarceration of juvenile family members and coordination of family services when appropriate and feasible);
 - "(14) provide for procedures to be established for protecting the rights of recipients of services and for assuring appropriate privacy with regard to records relating to such services provided to any individual under the State plan;
 - "(15) provide for such fiscal control and fund accounting procedures necessary to assure prudent use, proper disbursement, and accurate accounting of funds received under this title;

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

1 "(16) provide reasonable assurances that Fed-2 eral funds made available under this part for any pe-3 riod shall be so used as to supplement and increase (but not supplant) the level of the State, local, and 5 other non-Federal funds that would in the absence 6 of such Federal funds be made available for the pro-7 grams described in this part, and shall in no event 8 replace such State, local, and other non-Federal 9 funds; and

"(17) provide that the State agency designated under paragraph (1) will from time to time, but not less often than annually, review its plan and submit to the Administrator an analysis and evaluation of the effectiveness of the programs and activities carried out under the plan, and any modifications in the plan, including the survey of State and local needs, which it considers necessary.

- "(b) APPROVAL BY STATE AGENCY.—The State agency designated under subsection (a)(1) shall approve the State plan and any modification thereof prior to submission to the Administrator.
- 22 "(c) Approval by Administrator; Compliance
- 23 WITH STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS.—

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

1	"(1) In General.—The Administrator shall
2	approve any State plan and any modification thereof
3	that meets the requirements of this section.
4	"(2) Reduced Allocations.—If a State fails
5	to comply with any requirement of subsection
6	(a)(10) in any fiscal year beginning after January 1,
7	1998, the State shall be ineligible to receive any allo-
8	cation under that section for such fiscal year un-
9	less—
10	"(A) the State agrees to expend all the re-
11	maining funds the State receives under this
12	part for that fiscal year only to achieve compli-
13	ance with such paragraph; or
14	"(B) the Administrator determines, in the
15	discretion of the Administrator, that the
16	State—
17	"(i) has achieved substantial compli-
18	ance with such paragraph; and
19	"(ii) has made, through appropriate
20	executive or legislative action, an unequivo-
21	cal commitment to achieving full compli-
22	ance within a reasonable time."; and
23	(3) by striking parts C, D, E, F, G, and H, and
24	each part designated as part I.

1 SEC. 1163. RUNAWAY AND HOMELESS YOUTH.

2	Section 385 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
3	Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5751) is amended—
4	(1) in subsection (a)—
5	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "1993
6	and such sums as may be necessary for fiscal
7	years 1994, 1995, and 1996" and inserting
8	"1998 and such sums as may be necessary for
9	fiscal years 1999, 2000, 2001, and 2002"; and
10	(B) by striking paragraph (3) and redesig-
11	nating paragraphs (4) and (5) as paragraphs
12	(3) and (4), respectively;
13	(2) in subsection (b), by striking "1993 and
14	such sums as may be necessary for fiscal years
15	1994, 1995, and 1996" and inserting "1998 and
16	such sums as may be necessary for fiscal years
17	1999, 2000, 2001, and 2002"; and
18	(3) in subsection (e), by striking "1993, 1994,
19	1995, and 1996" and inserting "1998, 1999, 2000,
20	2001, and 2002".
21	SEC. 1164. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
22	Title IV of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Pre-
23	vention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5771 et seq.) is amend-
24	ed—
25	(1) in section 403, by striking paragraph (2)
26	and inserting the following:

1	"(2) the term 'Administrator' means the Ad-
2	ministrator of the Office of Juvenile Crime Control
3	and Accountability.";
4	(2) by striking section 404; and
5	(3) in section 408, by striking "1993, 1994,
6	1995, and 1996" and inserting "1998, 1999, 2000,
7	2001, and 2002".
8	SEC. 1165. REPEAL.
9	Title V of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Pre-
10	vention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5781 et seq.) is repealed.
11	SEC. 1166. TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS AND SAVINGS PROVI-
12	SIONS.
13	(a) Definitions.—In this section, unless otherwise
14	provided or indicated by the context—
15	(1) the term "Administrator of the Office"
16	means the Administrator of the Office of Juvenile
17	Justice and Delinquency Prevention;
18	(2) the term "Bureau of Justice Assistance"
19	means the bureau established under section 401 of
20	title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
21	Streets Act of 1968;
22	(3) the term "Administrator" means the Ad-
23	ministrator of the Office of Juvenile Crime Control
24	and Accountability established by operation of sub-
25	section (b);

1	(4) the term "Federal agency" has the meaning
2	given the term "agency" by section 551(1) of title
3	5, United States Code;
4	(5) the term "function" means any duty, obli-
5	gation, power, authority, responsibility, right, privi-
6	lege, activity, or program;
7	(6) the term "Office of Juvenile Crime Control
8	and Accountability" means the office established by
9	operation of subsection (b);
10	(7) the term "Office of Juvenile Justice and
11	Delinquency Prevention" means the Office of Juve-
12	nile Justice and Delinquency Prevention within the
13	Department of Justice, established by section 201 of
14	the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act
15	of 1974, as in effect on the day before the date of
16	enactment of this Act; and
17	(8) the term "office" includes any office, ad-
18	ministration, agency, institute, unit, organizational
19	entity, or component thereof.
20	(b) Transfer of Functions.—There are trans-
21	ferred to the Office of Juvenile Crime Control and Ac-
22	countability all functions that the Administrator of the Of-
23	fice exercised before the date of enactment of this Act (in-

24 cluding all related functions of any officer or employee of

- 1 the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Preven-
- 2 tion), and authorized after the enactment of this Act, re-
- 3 lating to carrying out the Juvenile Justice and Delin-
- 4 quency Prevention Act of 1974.
- 5 (c) Transfer and Allocations of Appropria-
- 6 TIONS AND PERSONNEL.—
- 7 (1) In General.—Except as otherwise pro-8 vided in this section and in section 101(a) (relating 9 to Juvenile Justice Programs) of the Omnibus Con-10 solidated Appropriations Act, 1997, the personnel 11 employed in connection with, and the assets, liabil-12 ities, contracts, property, records, and unexpended 13 balances of appropriations, authorizations, alloca-14 tions, and other amounts employed, used, held, aris-15 ing from, available to, or to be made available in 16 connection with the functions transferred by this 17 section, subject to section 1531 of title 31, United 18 States Code, shall be transferred to the Office of Ju-19 venile Crime Control and Accountability.
 - (2) UNEXPENDED AMOUNTS.—Any unexpended amounts transferred pursuant to this subsection shall be used only for the purposes for which the amounts were originally authorized and appropriated.
- 25 (d) Incidental Transfers.—

21

22

23

- (1) In general.—The Director of the Office of Management and Budget, at such time or times as the Director of that Office shall provide, may make such determinations as may be necessary with regard to the functions transferred by this section, and to make such additional incidental dispositions of personnel, assets, liabilities, grants, contracts, property, records, and unexpended balances of appropriations, authorizations, allocations, and other amounts held, used, arising from, available to, or to be made available in connection with such functions, as may be necessary to carry out this section.
 - (2) TERMINATION OF AFFAIRS.—The Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall provide for the termination of the affairs of all entities terminated by this section and for such further measures and dispositions as may be necessary to effectuate the purposes of this section.

(e) Effect on Personnel.—

(1) In General.—Except as otherwise provided by this section, the transfer pursuant to this section of full-time personnel (except special Government employees) and part-time personnel holding

- permanent positions shall not cause any such employee to be separated or reduced in grade or compensation for 1 year after the date of transfer of such employee under this section.
 - (2) EXECUTIVE SCHEDULE POSITIONS.—Except as otherwise provided in this section, any person who, on the day before the date of enactment of this Act, held a position compensated in accordance with the Executive Schedule prescribed in chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code, and who, without a break in service, is appointed in the Office of Juvenile Crime Control and Accountability to a position having duties comparable to the duties performed immediately preceding such appointment shall continue to be compensated in such new position at not less than the rate provided for such previous position, for the duration of the service of such person in such new position.

(3) Transition rule.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The incumbent Administrator of the Office as of the date immediately preceding the date of enactment of this Act shall continue to serve as Administrator after the enactment of this Act until such time as the incumbent resigns, is relieved of duty by the

1	President, or an Administrator is appointed by
2	the President, by and with the advice and con-
3	sent of the Senate.
4	(B) Nominee.—Not later than 6 months
5	after the date of enactment of this Act, the
6	President shall submit to the Senate for its con-
7	sideration the name of the individual nominated
8	to be appointed as the Administrator.
9	(f) Savings Provisions.—
10	(1) Continuing effect of legal docu-
11	Ments.—All orders, determinations, rules, regula-
12	tions, permits, agreements, grants, contracts, certifi-
13	cates, licenses, registrations, privileges, and other
14	administrative actions—
15	(A) that have been issued, made, granted,
16	or allowed to become effective by the President,
17	any Federal agency or official thereof, or by a
18	court of competent jurisdiction, in the perform-
19	ance of functions that are transferred under
20	this section; and
21	(B) that are in effect at the time this sec-
22	tion takes effect, or were final before the date

of enactment of this Act and are to become ef-

fective on or after the date of enactment of this

Act, shall continue in effect according to their

23

24

terms until modified, terminated, superseded, set aside, or revoked in accordance with law by the President, the Administrator, or other authorized official, a court of competent jurisdiction, or by operation of law.

(2) Proceedings not affected.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—This section shall not affect any proceedings, including notices of proposed rulemaking, or any application for any license, permit, certificate, or financial assistance pending before the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention on the date on which this section takes effect, with respect to functions transferred by this section but such proceedings and applications shall be continued.
- (B) Orders; appeals; payments.—Orders shall be issued in such proceedings, appeals shall be taken therefrom, and payments shall be made pursuant to such orders, as if this section had not been enacted, and orders issued in any such proceedings shall continue in effect until modified, terminated, superseded, or revoked by a duly authorized official, by a court of competent jurisdiction, or by operation of law.

- (C) DISCONTINUANCE ORMODIFICA-TION.—Nothing in this paragraph shall be con-strued to prohibit the discontinuance or modi-fication of any such proceeding under the same terms and conditions and to the same extent that such proceeding could have been discon-tinued or modified if this paragraph had not been enacted.
 - (3) Suits not affected.—This section shall not affect suits commenced before the date of enactment of this Act, and in all such suits, proceedings shall be had, appeals taken, and judgments rendered in the same manner and with the same effect as if this section had not been enacted.
 - (4) Nonabatement of actions.—No suit, action, or other proceeding commenced by or against the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, or by or against any individual in the official capacity of such individual as an officer of the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, shall abate by reason of the enactment of this section.

1	(5) Administrative actions relating to
2	PROMULGATION OF REGULATIONS.—Any administra-
3	tive action relating to the preparation or promulga-
4	tion of a regulation by the Office of Juvenile Justice
5	and Delinquency Prevention relating to a function
6	transferred under this section may be continued, to
7	the extent authorized by this section, by the Office
8	of Juvenile Crime Control and Accountability with
9	the same effect as if this section had not been en-
10	acted.
11	(g) Transition.—The Administrator may utilize—
12	(1) the services of such officers, employees, and
13	other personnel of the Office of Juvenile Justice and
14	Delinquency Prevention with respect to functions
15	transferred to the Office of Juvenile Crime Control
16	and Accountability by this section; and
17	(2) amounts appropriated to such functions for
18	such period of time as may reasonably be needed to
19	facilitate the orderly implementation of this section.
20	(h) References.—Reference in any other Federal
21	law, Executive order, rule, regulation, or delegation of au-
22	thority, or any document of or relating to—
23	(1) the Administrator of the Office of Juvenile
24	Justice and Delinquency Prevention with regard to
25	functions transferred by operation of subsection (b),

1	shall be considered to refer to the Administrator of
2	the Office of Juvenile Crime Control and Account-
3	ability; and
4	(2) the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delin-
5	quency Prevention with regard to functions trans-
6	ferred by operation of subsection (b), shall be con-
7	sidered to refer to the Office of Juvenile Crime Con-
8	trol and Accountability.
9	(i) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
10	Section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, is amended
11	by striking "Administrator, Office of Juvenile Crime Con-
12	trol and Accountability".
13	SEC. 1167. REPEAL OF UNNECESSARY AND DUPLICATIVE
14	PROGRAMS.
15	(a) VIOLENT CRIME CONTROL AND LAW ENFORCE-
15 16	(a) VIOLENT CRIME CONTROL AND LAW ENFORCE- MENT ACT OF 1994.—
16	MENT ACT OF 1994.—
16 17	MENT ACT OF 1994.— (1) TITLE III.—Title III of the Violent Crime
16 17 18	MENT ACT OF 1994.— (1) TITLE III.—Title III of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (42)
16 17 18 19	MENT ACT OF 1994.— (1) TITLE III.—Title III of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 13741 et seq.) is amended by striking sub-
16 17 18 19 20	MENT ACT OF 1994.— (1) TITLE III.—Title III of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 13741 et seq.) is amended by striking subtitles A through S, subtitle U, and subtitle X.

- 1 (3) TITLE XXVII.—Title XXVII of the Violent
- 2 Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994
- 3 (42 U.S.C. 14191 et seq.) is repealed.
- 4 (b) Elementary and Secondary Education
- 5 Act.—
- 6 (1) TITLE IV.—Title IV of the Elementary and
- 7 Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7101)
- 8 is repealed.
- 9 (2) Title v.—Part C of title V of the Elemen-
- tary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20
- 11 U.S.C. 7261 et seq.) is repealed.
- 12 (c) Public Health Service Act.—Section 517 of
- 13 the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 290bb-23) is
- 14 repealed.
- 15 (d) Human Services Reauthorization Act.—
- 16 Section 408 of the Human Services Reauthorization Act
- 17 is repealed.
- 18 (e) Community Services Block Grants Act.—
- 19 Section 682 of the Community Services Block Grants Act
- 20 (42 U.S.C. 9901) is repealed.
- 21 (f) Anti-Drug Abuse Act.—Subtitle B of title III
- 22 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988 (42 U.S.C. 11801)
- 23 et seq.) is amended by striking chapters 1 and 2.

1 SEC. 1168. CIVIL MONETARY PENALTY SURCHARGE.

- 2 (a) Imposition.—Subject to subsection (b) and not-
- 3 withstanding any other provision of law, a surcharge of
- 4 40 percent of the principal amount of a civil monetary
- 5 penalty shall be added to each civil monetary penalty as-
- 6 sessed by the United States or any agency thereof at the
- 7 time the penalty is assessed.
- 8 (b) LIMITATION.—This section does not apply to any
- 9 monetary penalty assessed under the Internal Revenue
- 10 Code of 1986.
- 11 (c) Use of Surcharges.—Amounts collected from
- 12 the surcharge imposed under this section shall be used for
- 13 Federal programs to combat youth violence.
- 14 (d) Effective Dates.—
- 15 (1) In General.—A surcharge under sub-
- section (b) shall be added to each civil monetary
- penalty assessed on or after the later of October 1,
- 18 1997 and the date of enactment of this Act.
- 19 (2) Expiration of Authority.—The author-
- 20 ity to add a surcharge under this subsection shall
- terminate at the close of September 30, 2002.

C