## S. 306

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide a decrease in the maximum rate of tax on capital gains which is based on the length of time the taxpayer held the capital asset.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

February 12, 1997

Mr. FORD introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

## A BILL

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide a decrease in the maximum rate of tax on capital gains which is based on the length of time the taxpayer held the capital asset.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. DECREASE IN MAXIMUM CAPITAL GAINS RATE
- 4 BASED ON TAXPAYER'S HOLDING PERIOD.
- 5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1(h) of the Internal Reve-
- 6 nue Code of 1986 (relating to maximum capital gains
- 7 rate) is amended to read as follows:
- 8 "(h) Maximum Capital Gains Rate.—

1	"(1) IN GENERAL.—If a taxpayer has a net
2	capital gain for any taxable year, then the tax im-
3	posed by this section shall not exceed the sum of—
4	"(A) a tax computed at the rates and in
5	the same manner as if this subsection had not
6	been enacted on the greater of—
7	"(i) taxable income reduced by the
8	amount of the net capital gain, or
9	"(ii) the 15-percent bracket amount,
10	plus
11	"(B) a tax equal to the sum of the
12	amounts determined by applying the applicable
13	percentage to long-term capital gain taken into
14	account in computing net capital gain.
15	"(2) 15-Percent bracket amount.—For
16	purposes of this subsection—
17	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term '15-percent
18	bracket amount' means the amount of taxable
19	income taxed at a rate below 28 percent, deter-
20	mined without taking into account long-term
21	capital gain attributable to a capital asset for
22	which the taxpayers' holding period exceeds 8
23	years.

1	"(B) LIFO ORDERING RULE.—For pur-
2	poses of applying paragraph (1)(B), the deter-
3	mination as to which long-term capital gain (if
4	any) was taken into account in determining the
5	15-percent bracket amount shall be made on
6	the basis of the holding period of the capital as-
7	sets to which such gain is attributable, begin-
8	ning with assets with the shortest holding pe-
9	riod.
10	"(3) Applicable percentage.—For purposes
11	of paragraph (1)—
12	"(A) In general.—The term 'applicable
13	percentage' means, with respect to any long-
14	term capital gain, 28 percent reduced (but not
15	below 14 percent) by 2 percentage points for
16	each year (or fraction thereof) by which the
17	taxpayer's holding period for the capital asset
18	to which the gain is attributable exceeds 2
19	years.
20	"(B) Limitation on gain to which per-
21	CENTAGE APPLIES.—Subparagraph (A) shall
22	not apply to long-term capital gain on any sale
23	or exchange to the extent the gain exceeds the

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excess (if any) of—

1 "(i) net capital gain for the taxable
2 year, over
3 "(ii) the sum of—
4 "(I) that portion of the 15-per-
5 cent bracket amount which is attrib-
6 utable to net capital gain, plus
7 "(II) other long-term capital gain
8 to which paragraph (1)(B) applies
9 and which is attributable to capital
assets for which the taxpayer's hold-
ing period is longer.
12 "(C) Application to classes of
13 GAIN.—Subject to such rules as the Secretary
may prescribe, all long-term capital gain from
the sale or exchange of capital assets with the
same holding period (determined on the basis of
the number of years or fractions thereof) shall
be treated as gain from the sale or exchange of
19 a single capital asset.
20 "(4) Investment income.—For purposes of
this subsection, the net capital gain for any taxable
year shall be reduced (but not below zero) by the
amount which the taxpayer elects to take into ac-
count as investment income for the taxable year
under section 163(d)(4)(B)(iii)."

- 1 (b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
- 2 this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after

3 December 31, 1996.

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