105TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 2169

To encourage States to require a holding period for any student expelled for bringing a gun to school.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

June 12, 1998

Mr. Wyden (for himself and Mr. Smith of Oregon) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To encourage States to require a holding period for any student expelled for bringing a gun to school.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. HOLDING PERIOD FOR STUDENTS BRINGING A
- 4 GUN TO SCHOOL.
- 5 (a) In General.—Notwithstanding section 222 of
- 6 the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of
- 7 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5632) or any other provision of law, for
- 8 fiscal year 2000 and each fiscal year thereafter, the
- 9 amount that would otherwise be allocated to a State under
- 10 that section for a fiscal year shall be increased by 25 per-

- 1 cent, if the State has in effect a State law described in
- 2 subsection (b) by not later than the first day of that fiscal
- 3 year. Any additional amount made available to a State
- 4 under this subsection may be used by the State for preven-
- 5 tion and intervention programs related to school violence.
- 6 (b) State Law Described.—A State law is de-
- 7 scribed in this subsection if it requires that—
- 8 (1) any administrator or employee of a public
- 9 or private school who has reasonable cause to believe
- that a student is or has been in possession of a fire-
- arm while in or on the premises of a school building
- in violation of Federal or State law, shall imme-
- diately report the student's conduct to an appro-
- priate law enforcement agency and to an appropriate
- juvenile department or agency of the State;
- 16 (2) upon receipt of a report under paragraph
- 17 (1), the appropriate law enforcement agency shall
- immediately cause an investigation to be made to de-
- termine whether there is probable cause to believe
- 20 that the student, while in or on the premises of a
- 21 public building, possessed a firearm in violation of
- Federal or State law;
- 23 (3) if a determination of probable cause is made
- 24 under paragraph (2)—

- (A) the student shall immediately be detained by the appropriate law enforcement agency for not more than 72 hours in an appropriate juvenile justice setting for purposes of psychological evaluation and for a judicial determination (pursuant to a hearing) regarding whether the student is a danger to himself or herself or to others; and
 - (B) a parent, guardian, or other adult with responsibility for the student shall be notified of that detention and the purposes of that detention; and
 - (4) if the court makes a determination under paragraph (3)(A) that the student is a danger to himself or herself or others, the student shall be placed in an appropriate juvenile justice setting to receive professional psychological counseling.
- 18 (c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There 19 are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be 20 necessary to carry out this section.