### 105TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# S. 200

To amend the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act to designate a portion of the Columbia River as a recreational river, and for other purposes.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

January 23, 1997

Mrs. Murray (for herself and Mr. Wyden) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources

# A BILL

To amend the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act to designate a portion of the Columbia River as a recreational river, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. FINDINGS.
- 4 Congress finds that—
- 5 (1) the 50-mile Handford Reach is the last free-
- 6 flowing nontidal segment of the Columbia River in
- 7 the United States and has been preserved in a rel-
- 8 atively natural condition because of its location with-
- 9 in the Hanford Nuclear Reservation;

- (2) in 1988, Congress, in Public Law 100–605
  (102 Stat. 3043), called for an analysis of protection
  alternatives for the Hanford Reach and a report to
  Congress by the Secretary of the Interior, who concluded in the Hanford Reach Final Environmental
  Impact Statement dated June 1994 that the Hanford Reach should be designated as a recreational
  river under the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act;
  - (3) the Hanford Reach is a vital migration corridor for anadromous fish and contains some of the most productive spawning areas in the Northwest United States, producing an estimated 80 percent of the Columbia Basin's fall chinook salmon and healthy runs of naturally spawning steelhead trout, sturgeon, and other highly valued fish species;
  - (4) the Hanford Reach provides important habitat for wintering and migrating waterfowl, bald eagles, deer, elk, and a diversity of other wildlife, including numerous Federal and State-listed threatened and endangered plant and animal species, some of which are found nowhere else;
  - (5) the White Bluffs and pristine conditions of the Hanford Reach offer scenic beauty, opportunities

- for solitude, and recreation, including hunting, fishing, boating, hiking, swimming, and wildlife observation, in close proximity to the Tri-Cities area of the State of Washington;
  - (6) the Hanford Reach and its salmon runs have been important to mid-Columbia Native Americans for subsistence, cultural, and religious purposes for more than 10,000 years, and there are 150 registered archaeological sites in the area;
    - (7) the southern shore of the Hanford Reach chronicles the history of the Manhattan Project, defense nuclear production during the cold war, and early Euro-American settlement of the area;
    - (8) the White Bluffs and adjacent shoreline areas are a significant paleontological resource and are rich with fossils remains from the Pliocene period;
    - (9) protection of the Hanford Reach as a national wild and scenic river can enhance local revenues from outdoor recreation and increase economic investment in the Tri-Cities area by highlighting the quality of life and natural amenities of the area;
  - (10) economic activities along the river corridor in existence on the date of enactment of this Act,

- such as agriculture, power production and transmission, and water withdrawal, are compatible with the recreational classification of the river, and the classification made by this Act cannot be changed except by a subsequent Act of Congress;
  - (11) designation of the Hanford Reach as a wild and scenic river can facilitate, and make less costly, the remediation of contaminated areas of the Hanford Nuclear Reservation by determining future land use within the river corridor and helping to ensure the Federal commitment to the cleanup of the Hanford Site;
  - (12) the Hanford Reach has special significance as an outdoor laboratory and classroom and offers a singular opportunity for government agencies, tribes, and community organizations to develop a partnership around an education and interpretation program focused on the area's unique natural and human history;
  - (13) the Columbia River shore immediately downstream of the Hanford Reach in the Tri-Cities area currently contains miles of high, steep levees which create a sterile gauntlet through which migrating anadromous fish must pass, and that flow

- controls on the Columbia River have reduced the need for levees of this height;
- 3 (14) modifying levees in the Tri-Cities area 4 could significantly improve the habitat value of this 5 transition area to the Hanford Reach for fish and 6 wildlife, decrease mortality of migratory fish and wa-7 terfowl, and have the additional benefits of improv-8 ing rivershore access, recreation, and aesthetics; and
- 9 (15) local jurisdictions in the Tri-Cities area 10 have expressed interest in a partnership with the 11 Army Corps of Engineers and other agencies to 12 study rivershore restoration in the Tri-Cities area 13 and develop a plan of action.

#### 14 SEC. 2. PURPOSES.

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- The purposes of this Act are—
- 16 (1) to protect the natural, cultural, scenic, and 17 recreational resources of the Hanford Reach of the 18 Columbia River;
  - (2) to encourage education and interpretation of the Hanford Reach; and
    - (3) to restore and enhance the natural habitat of the rivershore immediately downstream of the Hanford Reach in the vicinity of the Tri-Cities area of the State of Washington.

1	SEC. 3. COLUMBIA RIVER NATIONAL WILD AND SCENIC
2	RIVER.
3	Section 3(a) of the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act (16
4	U.S.C. 1274(a)) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
5	lowing:
6	"( ) Hanford Reach, columbia river, wash-
7	INGTON.—The river segment from river mile 346.5 to
8	river mile 396, Hanford Reach, Columbia River, Washing-
9	ton, as a recreational river, subject to the following:
10	"(A) NO PRIVATELY OWNED LAND.—Only
11	public land adjacent to the river segment, and
12	no privately owned land, may be included in the
13	river segment.
14	"(B) Management.—
15	"(i) In General.—The Secretary of
16	the Interior shall manage the river seg-
17	ment as a recreational river in accordance
18	with the National Wildlife Refuge System
19	Administration Act of 1996 (16 U.S.C.
20	668dd et seq.), this Act, and other applica-
21	ble law.
22	"(ii) Rule of construction.—
23	Nothing in this Act or any other law au-
24	thorizes the Secretary of the Interior or
25	any other governmental officer to alter the

1	classification of the river segment as a rec-
2	reational river.
3	"(C) DEVELOPMENT OF PLAN.—In devel-
4	oping and periodically revising a plan for the
5	management of the river segment, the Secretary
6	of the Interior shall—
7	"(i) consult with—
8	"(I) affected Indian tribes;
9	"(II) the State of Washington;
10	"(III) the Secretary of Energy;
11	"(IV) governments of local juris-
12	dictions adjacent to the river segment;
13	and
14	"(V) and advisory council com-
15	posed of the chairperson of the county
16	commissions for Benton County,
17	Franklin County, and Grant County,
18	Washington, and four citizens selected
19	by the Governor of Washington from
20	those counties to represent environ-
21	mental, recreational, cultural, and
22	other stakeholder interests;
23	"(ii) provide opportunity for public
24	participation;

1	"(iii) develop a strategy for acquiring
2	private land in the area defined by the ap-
3	plicable environmental impact statement by
4	purchase, conservation easement, lease, or
5	donation on a willing-seller basis only;
6	"(iv) recognize recreation as an out-
7	standingly remarkable value of the des-
8	ignated area and give recreation a high
9	management priority, along with protection
10	of natural, cultural, and scenic resources;
11	"(v) coordinate and cooperate with
12	State, local, and tribal governments and
13	other entities in the development and im-
14	plementation of educational and interpre-
15	tive programs related to the Hanford
16	Reach; and
17	"(vi) determine how—
18	"(I) a Hanford Reach edu-
19	cational and interpretive center with
20	appropriate exhibit, conference, and
21	support facilities can be constructed
22	or be incorporated into a compatible
23	community facility;
24	"(II) interpretive education ef-
25	forts can be coordinated with local

1	governments and public school dis-
2	tricts in the region; and
3	"(III) recreational tourism ef-
4	forts associated with the Hanford
5	Reach can be coordinated through a
6	community-based visitor and conven-
7	tion bureau.
8	"(D) Access corridors.—Access cor-
9	ridors in existence on the date of enactment of
10	this paragraph shall be retained.
11	"(E) Rules of Construction.—The des-
12	ignation of the river segment shall not be con-
13	strued as—
14	"(i) prohibiting or approving relicens-
15	ing of any hydroelectric facility by the Fed-
16	eral Energy Regulatory Commission;
17	"(ii) affecting any law, agreement,
18	plan, or policy in effect on the date of en-
19	actment of this paragraph regarding water
20	rights or instream flows on the river seg-
21	ment;
22	"(iii) prohibiting the operation or
23	maintenance of any energy transmission

1	water intake, or water outfall facility in ex-
2	istence on the date of enactment of this
3	paragraph;
4	"(iv) prohibiting the modification, re-
5	pair, or replacement of any energy, trans-
6	mission, water intake, or water outfall fa-
7	cility so long as there is no substantial im-
8	pact on the natural, cultural, or scenic re-
9	sources of the river segment and adjacent
10	land area;
11	"(v) establishing or imposing remedi-
12	ation requirements more restrictive than
13	those that would apply but for this para-
14	graph;
15	"(vi) prohibiting construction of tem-
16	porary facilities essential to the remedi-
17	ation and restoration of contaminated
18	areas within the viewshed of the river seg-
19	ment; or
20	"(vii) relieving the Secretary of En-
21	ergy from any obligation or other liability
22	at the Hanford Nuclear Reservation under
23	the Comprehensive Environmental Re-
24	sponse, Compensation, and Liability Act of
25	1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.), the Solid

1	Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. 6901 et
2	seq.), and other applicable law or imposing
3	any such obligation or other liability on the
4	Secretary of the Interior.
5	"(F) RIVERSHORE RESTORATION AND EN-
6	HANCEMENT.—The Secretary of the Army, act-
7	ing through the Chief of Engineers of the Army
8	Corps of Engineers, in cooperation and coordi-
9	nation with the heads of other relevant Federal
10	agencies and State and local governments, shall
11	develop a comprehensive plan of improvement
12	for restoration and enhancement of fish and
13	wildlife habitat, recreation, river access, and
14	overall aesthetics of the levees and other
15	rivershore areas downstream of the river seg-
16	ment in the Tri-Cities area of the State of
17	Washington.
18	"(G) SECTION 1135 PROJECTS.—The Sec-
19	retary of the Army, acting through the Chief of
20	Engineers of the Army Corps of Engineers—
21	"(i) subject to receipt of a statement
22	of interest from the non-Federal interests
23	for the following projects, shall, not later
24	than 180 days after the date of enactment

of this paragraph, complete a preliminary

1	restoration plan under section 1135 of the
2	Water Resources Development Act of 1986
3	(33 U.S.C. 2309a) for each of—
4	"(I) a portion of the rivershore of
5	Clover Island and a portion of the
6	levee immediately upstream of Clover
7	Island;
8	"(II) the rivershore immediately
9	upstream of the portion described in
10	subclause (I) in the city of Kennewick,
11	Washington, to United States Route
12	395 bridge;
13	"(III) the levee modified in 1994
14	between road 39 and the United
15	States Route 395 bridge in Franklin
16	County, Washington; and
17	"(IV) the levee between the Unit-
18	ed States Route 395 bridge to the
19	area immediately downstream of the
20	10th Avenue bridge in the city of
21	Pasco, Washington;
22	"(ii) shall consider each of the
23	projects described in subclauses (I), (II),
24	(III), and (IV) of clause (i) to be a sepa-
25	rate project for purposes of the program

1	under section 1135 of the Water Resources
2	Development Act of 1986 (33 U.S.C.
3	2309a); and
4	"(iii) subject to receipt of necessary
5	commitments from the non-Federal inter-
6	ests for the projects, shall, not later than
7	18 months after the date of enactment of
8	this paragraph, complete a project modi-
9	fication report for each of the projects.".

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