S. 1426

To encourage beneficiary developing countries to provide adequate protection of intellectual property rights, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

NOVEMBER 7, 1997

Mr. Lautenberg introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

A BILL

To encourage beneficiary developing countries to provide adequate protection of intellectual property rights, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Rights of Intellectual
- 5 Property Owners Fairness Facilitation Act of 1997".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress makes the following findings:
- 8 (1) United States industry loses billions of dol-
- 9 lars each year to countries that do not provide ade-
- quate protection of intellectual property rights.

- 1 (2) According to the Department of Commerce, 2 United States companies lose approximately 3 \$50,000,000,000 annually as a result of violations of 4 intellectual property rights by foreign countries.
 - (3) It is in the interest of the United States to leverage its foreign policy to achieve certain trade policy objectives, such as adequate, effective, and timely protection of intellectual property rights.
 - (4) Several countries that qualify under the generalized system of preferences provisions have been identified under section 182 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2242) as countries that do not provide adequate and effective protection of patents, copyrights, and trademarks or deny fair and equitable market access to United States persons that rely on intellectual property rights protection.
 - (5) Several countries that receive United States foreign assistance also have been identified under section 182 of the Trade Act of 1974 as countries that do not provide adequate and effective protection of patents, copyrights, and trademarks or deny fair and equitable market access to United States persons that rely on intellectual property rights protection.

1 SEC. 3. COUNTRIES INELIGIBLE FOR GSP TREATMENT.

2	(a) In General.—
3	(1) Implementation of agreement on
4	TRIPS AND OTHER AGREEMENTS RELATING TO IN-
5	TELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS.—Section 502(b)(2)
6	of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2462(b)(2)) is
7	amended—
8	(A) by inserting immediately after sub-
9	paragraph (G) the following new subpara-
10	graphs:
11	"(H) Such country is not implementing
12	parts I, II, and III of the Agreement on
13	TRIPS—
14	"(i) beginning on the date that is 1
15	year after the date of enactment of the
16	Rights of Intellectual Property Owners
17	Fairness Facilitation Act of 1997; or
18	"(ii) by January 1, 2000, in the case
19	of a least-developed beneficiary developing
20	country.
21	"(I) Beginning on the date that is 90 days
22	after the date of enactment of the Rights of In-
23	tellectual Property Owners Fairness Facilita-
24	tion Act of 1997, such country is not imple-
25	menting—

1	"(i) article 70(9) of part VII of the
2	Agreement on TRIPS; or
3	"(ii) any bilateral or multilateral
4	agreement (other than an agreement de-
5	scribed in subparagraph (H) or clause (i))
6	to protect and enforce intellectual property
7	rights entered into with the United
8	States.".
9	(B) in the last sentence, by striking "(D),
10	(E), (F) , and (G) " and inserting " (D) , (E) ,
11	(F), (G), (H), and (I)".
12	(2) Conforming Amendment.—Section 507
13	of such Act (19 U.S.C. 2467) is amended by adding
14	at the end the following new paragraph:
15	"(6) AGREEMENT ON TRIPS.—
16	"(A) TRIPS.—The term 'Agreement on
17	TRIPS' means the Agreement on Trade-Relat-
18	ed Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights en-
19	tered into as part of the Uruguay Round
20	Agreements.
21	"(B) Uruguay round agreements.—
22	The term 'Uruguay Round Agreements' means
23	the trade agreements resulting from the Uru-
24	guay Round of multilateral trade negotiations

1	under the auspices of the General Agreement
2	on Tariffs and Trade.".
3	(b) Designation as Eligible GSP Country.—
4	Section 502 of such Act (19 U.S.C. 2462) is amended by
5	adding at the end the following new subsection:
6	"(g) Designation Where Country Adheres to
7	THE AGREEMENT ON TRIPS AND OTHER INTELLECTUAL
8	PROPERTY RIGHTS AGREEMENTS; ANNUAL REPORTS.—
9	"(1) Designation as beneficiary develop-
10	ING COUNTRY.—A country—
11	"(A) which has been denied designation as
12	a beneficiary developing country on the basis of
13	subsection (b)(2)(H) or (I), or
14	"(B) with respect to which such designa-
15	tion has been withdrawn or suspended based on
16	subsection (b)(2) (H) or (I),
17	may be designated as a beneficiary developing coun-
18	try under this title, if the President determines that
19	the country is fully implementing parts I, II, III and
20	article 70(9) of part VII of the Agreement on
21	TRIPS, and any other agreement entered into with
22	the United States that relates to intellectual prop-
23	erty rights, and reports the determination to
24	Congress.
25	"(2) Reports.—

"(A) Annual Reports.—Not later than the date that is 1 year after the date of enactment of the Rights of Intellectual Property Owners Fairness Facilitation Act of 1997, and annually thereafter, the President shall determine whether each country designated as a beneficiary developing country under this title is fully implementing parts I, II, and III of the Agreement on TRIPS and shall report such findings to Congress.

"(B) OTHER REPORTS.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of the Rights of Intellectual Property Owners Fairness Facilitation Act of 1997, and annually thereafter, the President shall determine whether each country designated as a beneficiary developing country under this title is fully implementing article 70(9) of part VII of the Agreement on TRIPS and any other agreement entered into with the United States that relates to intellectual property rights and shall report such determination to Congress.".

1 SEC. 4. COORDINATION OF TRADE POLICY AND FOREIGN

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7	DOT TOTT
,	POLICY.

- 3 (a) Other Efforts To Improve Protection of
- 4 Intellectual Property Rights.—The United States
- 5 Trade Representative shall notify the Secretary of State,
- 6 the Secretary of Commerce, and the Administrator of the
- 7 Agency for International Development on a regular basis
- 8 of any country which is not fully implementing parts I,
- 9 II, III and article 70(9) of part VII of the Agreement on
- 10 TRIPS, and any other agreement entered into with the
- 11 United States that relates to intellectual property rights.
- 12 (b) Encouraging Implementation of Agree-
- 13 MENT ON TRIPS.—The Secretary of State, the Secretary
- 14 of Commerce, and the Administrator of the Agency for
- 15 International Development shall cooperate with the United
- 16 States Trade Representative by encouraging any country
- 17 that receives foreign assistance and is not fully implement-
- 18 ing the Agreement on TRIPS or any other agreement en-
- 19 tered into with the United States that relates to intellec-
- 20 tual property rights to enact and enforce laws that will
- 21 enable the country to implement the Agreement on TRIPS
- 22 and any other intellectual property rights agreement. To
- 23 further this objective, the Secretary of State shall instruct
- 24 the head of each United States diplomatic mission abroad
- 25 to include intellectual property rights protection as a pri-
- 26 ority objective of the mission.

- 1 (c) Other Actions To Encourage Protection
 2 of Intellectual Property Rights.—Notwithstanding
 3 any other provision of law, the President is authorized to
 4 undertake the following actions, where appropriate, with
 5 respect to a developing country to encourage and help the
 6 country improve the protection of intellectual property
 7 rights:
- 8 (1) Provide Overseas Private Investment Cor-9 poration insurance for intellectual property assets.
 - (2) Require foreign assistance programs to provide support for the development of national intellectual property laws and regulations and for the development of the infrastructure necessary to protect intellectual property rights.
 - (3) Establish technical cooperation committees on intellectual property standards within regional organizations.
 - (4) Establish, as a joint effort between the United States Government and the private sector, a council to facilitate and provide intellectual property-related technical assistance through the Agency for International Development and the Department of Commerce.
 - (5) Require United States representatives to multilateral lending institutions to seek the estab-

- lishment of programs within the institutions to support strong intellectual property rights protection in
 recipient countries that have fully implemented parts
 I, II, III and article 70(9) of part VII of the Agreement on TRIPS, and any other agreement entered
 into with the United States that relates to intellectual property rights.
 - (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

- (1) AGREEMENT ON TRIPS.—The term "Agreement on TRIPS" means the Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights entered into as part of the trade agreements resulting from the Uruguay Round of multilateral trade negotiations under the auspices of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade.
- (2) Developing country.—The term "developing country" means any country which is—
 - (A) eligible to be designated a beneficiary developing country pursuant to title V of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2461 et seq.); or
 - (B) designated as a least-developed beneficiary developing country pursuant to section 502 of such Act (19 U.S.C. 2462).

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