105TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 1221

To amend title 46 of the United States Code to prevent foreign ownership and control of United States flag vessels employed in the fisheries in the navigable waters and exclusive economic zone of the United States, to prevent the issuance of fishery endorsements to certain vessels, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

September 25, 1997

Mr. Stevens (for himself, Mr. Breaux, Mr. Murkowski, and Mr. Hol-Lings) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

A BILL

To amend title 46 of the United States Code to prevent foreign ownership and control of United States flag vessels employed in the fisheries in the navigable waters and exclusive economic zone of the United States, to prevent the issuance of fishery endorsements to certain vessels, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "American Fisheries Act".

- 1 (b) Table of Contents for
- 2 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I—STANDARD OF OWNERSHIP

- Sec. 101. Findings and purposes.
- Sec. 102. Standard of ownership.
- Sec. 103. Enforcement of standard.

TITLE II—ANTI-REFLAGGING ACT EXCEPTIONS

- Sec. 201. Restrictions on build and rebuild savings clause.
- Sec. 202. Repeal of ownership savings clause.

TITLE III—PHASE OUT OF CERTAIN VESSELS

- Sec. 301. Restriction on fishery endorsements.
- Sec. 302. Restriction on loan guarantees.

3 TITLE I—STANDARD OF OWNERSHIP

- 4 SEC. 101. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.
- 5 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—
- 6 (1) non-United States citizens own and control
- 7 many United States flag fishing vessels and are har-
- 8 vesting significant amounts of fishery resources in
- 9 the navigable waters and exclusive economic zone of
- the United States that could otherwise be harvested
- by citizens of the United States;
- 12 (2) in the largest fishery in the exclusive eco-
- nomic zone of the United States (the Bering Sea
- 14 pollock fishery), Norwegian and Japanese entities
- 15 control a substantial majority of the harvesting and
- processing through the ownership and control of
- 17 United States-flag fishing vessels, including factory
- trawlers and large trawlers;

- 1 (3) these levels of ownership and control of
 2 United States flag fishing vessels by non-United
 3 States citizens are inconsistent with the intent and
 4 requirements of the Commercial Fishing Industry
 5 Vessel Anti-Reflagging Act of 1987 (Public Law
 6 100–239);
 - (4) the foreign rebuilding requirements of section 4(a)(4) of such Act were misinterpreted in a manner that rewarded the very speculation Congress sought to prevent with the passage of that Act, resulting in a far greater number of foreign-rebuilt vessels entering the fisheries off Alaska than Congress intended to allow;
 - (5) under customary international law, including the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea, a coastal state has sovereign rights for the purpose of exploiting, conserving, and managing the living marine resources in its navigable waters and exclusive economic zone, including the sovereign right for its citizens to harvest and process the entire allowable catch within its exclusive economic zone if they have sufficient capacity;
 - (6) the United States must have a meaningful and enforceable standard of ownership and control for United States flag vessels employed in the fish-

- eries of the United States in order to ensure that citizens of the United States are given first priority in the harvesting and processing of the allowable catch in the exclusive economic zone of the United States;
 - (7) consistent with customary international law, the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act allows fishing vessels of other nations to harvest or process the portion of the allowable catch within the exclusive economic zone of the United States that United States flag fishing vessels do not have the capacity to harvest or process; and
 - (8) fishing vessels greater than 165 feet in registered length, of more than 750 gross registered tons, or that have engines capable of producing a total of more than 3,000 shaft horsepower, including factory trawlers and other trawlers that exceed these measurements—
 - (A) are less likely than smaller, less powerful vessels with smaller gear to avoid bycatch and minimize the mortality of bycatch that cannot be avoided;
 - (B) have been a cause of overfishing in fisheries both within the navigable waters and

- exclusive economic zone of the United States
 and elsewhere throughout the world; and
- 3 (C) are more likely to be owned by inves-4 tors and under pressure to produce profits at 5 the expense of the long-term health of fishery 6 resources.
 - (b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are to—
 - (1) establish a meaningful and enforceable standard of United States citizen ownership and control for United States flag vessels employed in the fisheries in the navigable water and exclusive economic zone of the United States;
 - (2) revoke existing fishery endorsements within a reasonable period of time and prohibit the issuance of new fishery endorsements for United States flag vessels that do not meet this standard;
 - (3) begin to phase out the use of fishing vessels greater than 165 feet in registered length, of more than 750 gross registered tons, or that have engines capable of producing a total of more than 3,000 shaft horsepower in the navigable waters and exclusive economic zone of the United States by prohibiting the issuance of new fishery endorsements to vessels which exceed these limits;

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- 1 (4) place a capacity reduction burden on the
- 2 fishing vessels that came through the loophole cre-
- ated by the misinterpretation of section 4(a)(4) of
- 4 the Commercial Fishing Vessel Anti-Reflagging Act;
- 5 and
- 6 (5) prohibit Federal loan guarantees for the
- 7 construction of new fishing vessels greater than 165
- 8 feet in registered length, of more than 750 gross
- 9 registered tons, or that have engines capable of pro-
- ducing a total of more than 3,000 shaft horsepower,
- or for the rebuilding or improvement of existing ves-
- sels which would result in a fishing vessel which ex-
- ceeds these limits.
- 14 SEC. 102. STANDARD OF OWNERSHIP.
- 15 (a) Clarification of Documentation Stand-
- 16 ARD.—Section 12102(a) of title 46, United States Code,
- 17 is amended in paragraph (4) by striking "president or
- 18 other chief executive officer" and inserting in lieu thereof
- 19 "chief executive officer, by whatever title,".
- 20 (b) Standard for Fishery Endorsements.—Sec-
- 21 tion 12102(c) of title 46, United States Code, is amended
- 22 to read as follows—
- "(c)(1) A vessel owned by a corporation, partnership,
- 24 association, trust, joint venture, or other entity is not eligi-
- 25 ble for a fishery endorsement under section 12108 of this

- 1 title unless at least 75 per centum of the controlling inter-
- 2 est in such entity, in the aggregate, is owned by citizens
- 3 of the United States.
- 4 "(2) The Secretary shall apply section 2(c) of the
- 5 Shipping Act, 1916 (46 App. U.S.C. 802(c)) in determin-
- 6 ing under this subsection whether at least 75 per centum
- 7 of the controlling interest in an entity is owned by citizens
- 8 of the United States.".
- 9 (c) Effective Date for Vessels Which Meet
- 10 Current Standard.—A vessel owned by an entity which
- 11 satisfies the controlling interest requirements of section
- 12 12102(c) of title 46, United States Code, as that section
- 13 was in effect prior to the amendments made by this Act,
- 14 and for which a fishery endorsement was in effect on Sep-
- 15 tember 25, 1997, shall not be required to comply with
- 16 paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 12102(c) of title 46,
- 17 United States Code, as amended by this Act, until the date
- 18 that is eighteen months from the date of the enactment
- 19 of this Act, provided such entity does not, prior to such
- 20 compliance date, fail to satisfy the controlling interest re-
- 21 quirements of section 12102(c) of title 46, United States
- 22 Code, as that section was in effect prior to the amend-
- 23 ments made by this Act.

1 SEC. 103. ENFORCEMENT OF STANDARD.

- 2 (a) Maritime Administration.—(1) To dem-
- 3 onstrate compliance with section 12102(c) of title 46,
- 4 United States Code, as amended by this Act, with respect
- 5 to vessels of more than 100 gross registered tons, an affi-
- 6 davit of United States citizenship setting forth all relevant
- 7 facts regarding vessel ownership and control by citizens
- 8 of the United States shall be filed with the Administrator
- 9 of the Maritime Administration on an annual basis. Regu-
- 10 lations to implement this paragraph shall conform to the
- 11 extent practicable with the regulations establishing the
- 12 form of citizenship affidavit set forth in part 355 of title
- 13 46, Code of Federal Regulations, as in effect on Septem-
- 14 ber 25, 1997.
- 15 (2) Transfers of ownership and control shall be rigor-
- 16 ously scrutinized by the Administrator, with particular at-
- 17 tention given to leases, charters, mortgages, financing, or
- 18 other arrangements involving other than the purchase over
- 19 extended periods of time of all, or substantially all, of the
- 20 living marine resources harvested by a fishing vessel. Reg-
- 21 ulations to implement this paragraph shall prohibit imper-
- 22 missible transfers of ownership or control.
- 23 (3) The Administrator, on a regular basis, shall pro-
- 24 vide the Commandant of the United States Coast Guard
- 25 with a list of, and relevant information about, all vessels
- 26 that the Administrator determines meet the requirements

- 1 of section 12102(c) of title 46, United States Code, as
- 2 amended by this Act.
- 3 (b) Coast Guard.—The Secretary of Transpor-
- 4 tation shall establish such requirements as are reasonable
- 5 and necessary to demonstrate compliance with section
- 6 12102(c) of title 46, United States Code, as amended by
- 7 this Act, with respect to vessels of less than or equal to
- 8 100 gross registered tons.
- 9 (c) Endorsements Revoked.—The Secretary of
- 10 Transportation shall revoke the fishery endorsement of—
- 11 (1) any vessel of less than or equal to 100 gross
- registered tons that does not demonstrate compli-
- ance under subsection (b) with section 12102(c) of
- title 46, United States Code; and
- 15 (2) any vessel of more than 100 gross reg-
- istered tons that is not identified on the list provided
- by the Administrator under subsection (a)(4) as
- meeting the requirements of section 12102(c) of title
- 19 46, United States Code.
- 20 (d) Regulations.—Regulations to implement this
- 21 section shall be promulgated within 6 months of the date
- 22 of the enactment of this Act.
- (e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
- 24 are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be
- 25 necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

- 1 (f) Penalty.—Section 12122 of title 46, United
- 2 States Code, is amended by inserting at the end the follow-
- 3 ing new subsection:
- 4 "(c) In addition to penalties under subsections (a)
- 5 and (b), the owner of a documented vessel for which a
- 6 fishery endorsement has been issued is liable to the United
- 7 States Government for a civil penalty of up to \$100,000
- 8 for each day in which such vessel has engaged in fishing
- 9 (as such term is defined in section 3 of the Magnuson-
- 10 Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16
- 11 U.S.C. 1802)) within the navigable waters or exclusive
- 12 economic zone of the United States, if the owner or the
- 13 representative or agent of the owner knowingly falsified
- 14 or concealed a material fact, or knowingly make a false
- 15 statement or representation with respect to the eligibility
- 16 of the vessel under section 12102(c) in applying for such
- 17 fishery endorsement.".
- 18 (g) REVIEW OF TRANSFERS.—Section 9(c)(1) of the
- 19 Shipping Act, 1916 (46 U.S.C. 808(c)(1)) is amended by
- 20 striking "in a vessel that has been operated only as a fish-
- 21 ing vessel, fish processing vessel, or fish tender vessel (as
- 22 defined in section 2101 of title 46, United States Code)
- 23 or".

1	IIILE II—ANII-REFLAGGING ACI
2	EXCEPTIONS
3	SEC. 201. RESTRICTIONS ON BUILD AND REBUILD SAVINGS
4	CLAUSE.
5	(a) Repeal.—Notwithstanding section 4 of the Com-
6	mercial Fishing Industry Vessel Anti-Reflagging Act of
7	1987 (Public Law 100–239; 46 U.S.C. 12108 note), a cer-
8	tificate of documentation may not be endorsed with a fish-
9	ery endorsement for a vessel which does not meet the re-
10	quirements of paragraphs (2) and (3) of section 12108(a)
11	of title 46, United States Code, unless the certificate of
12	documentation for such vessel was endorsed with a fishery
13	endorsement that was effective on September 25, 1997
14	and the vessel otherwise qualifies for a fishery endorse-
15	ment, including under sections 12102(c) and 12108(e) of
16	title 46, United States Code, as amended by this Act.
17	(b) Restriction.—Notwithstanding subsection (a)
18	or any other provision of law, any fishing vessel (as de-
19	fined in section 2101 of title 46, United States Code)
20	which—
21	(1) had a fishery endorsement in effect on Sep-
22	tember 25, 1997;
23	(2) is greater than 165 feet in registered
24	length, of more than 750 gross registered tons, or

1	has an engine or engines capable of producing a
2	total of more than 3,000 shaft horsepower; and
3	(3) was built in the United States and was—
4	(A) purchased or contracted for purchase
5	prior to July 29, 1987 for use in the fisheries
6	of the United States;
7	(B) rebuilt in a foreign shipyard under a
8	contract entered into prior to June 12, 1988;
9	(C) delivered after such rebuilding and is-
10	sued a fishery endorsement prior to July 29,
11	1990; and
12	(d) not owned or controlled by the same
13	entity during the occurrence of each of the
14	events described in subparagraphs (A) through
15	(C);
16	shall be ineligible for a fishery endorsement under section
17	12108 of title 46, United States Code, if the controlling
18	interest in the entity that owns the fishing vessel on Sep-
19	tember 25, 1997 is materially changed after such date,
20	unless a fishery endorsement for another fishing vessel of
21	the same or greater registered length, gross registered
22	tons, and shaft horsepower, which actively harvested fish-
23	ery resources in the fisheries under the authority of the
24	same Regional Fishery Management Council during the

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1	year prior to such material change, is permanently surren-
2	dered.
3	SEC. 202. REPEAL OF OWNERSHIP SAVINGS CLAUSE.
4	(a) Repeal.—Section 7(b) of the Commercial Fish-
5	ing Industry Anti-Reflagging Act of 1987 (Public Law
6	100–239; 46 U.S.C. 12102 note) is hereby repealed.
7	(b) Effective Date.—Subsection (a) shall take ef-
8	fect eighteen months after the date of the enactment of
9	this Act.
10	TITLE III—PHASE OUT OF CERTAIN
11	FISHING VESSELS
12	SEC. 301. RESTRICTION ON FISHERY ENDORSEMENTS.
13	(a) Crypper Programmay Castian 19100 of title
	(a) General Prohibition.—Section 12108 of title
14	46, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end
14	46, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end
141516	46, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:
14151617	46, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection: "(e) A certificate of documentation may not be en-
14151617	46, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection: "(e) A certificate of documentation may not be endorsed with a fishery endorsement for a fishing vessel that
1415161718	46, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection: "(e) A certificate of documentation may not be endorsed with a fishery endorsement for a fishing vessel that is greater than 165 feet in registered length, of more than
141516171819	46, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection: "(e) A certificate of documentation may not be endorsed with a fishery endorsement for a fishing vessel that is greater than 165 feet in registered length, of more than 750 gross registered tons, or that has an engine or engines

vessel was endorsed with a fishery endorsement that

was effective on September 25, 1997 and has not

been surrendered at any time thereafter; and

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- 1 "(2) the registered length, gross registered
- 2 tons, and shaft horsepower do not exceed the length,
- 3 tonnage, and horsepower of such vessel on such
- 4 date.".
- 5 (b) New England Fisheries.—(1) Notwithstand-
- 6 ing any other provision of law, the Secretary of Commerce
- 7 may not authorize or permit fishing vessels (as defined
- 8 in section 2101 of title 46, United States Code) greater
- 9 than 165 feet in registered length, of more than 750 gross
- 10 registered tons, or that have an engine or engines capable
- 11 of producing a total of more than 3,000 shaft horsepower
- 12 to engage in directed fishing for Atlantic mackerel or At-
- 13 lantic herring unless the participation of such vessels is
- 14 specifically allowed in fishery management plans developed
- 15 and implemented for those fisheries under the Magnuson-
- 16 Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16
- 17 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.).
- 18 (2) Within 5 days after the date of the enactment
- 19 of this Act, the Secretary of Commerce shall revoke any
- 20 permit issued before that date to any vessel described in
- 21 subsection (a) which would permit such vessel to engage
- 22 in directed fishing for Atlantic mackerel or Atlantic her-
- 23 ring.
- 24 (c) Replacement of Lost Vessels.—Notwith-
- 25 standing section 12108(e) of title 46, United States Code,

- 1 as added by this Act, the owner of an existing vessel great-
- 2 er than 165 feet in registered length, of more than 750
- 3 gross registered tons, or that has an engine or engines
- 4 capable of producing a total of more than 3,000 shaft
- 5 horsepower, and that had a valid fishery endorsement on
- 6 September 25, 1997, may obtain a fishery endorsement
- 7 for a replacement vessel in the event of the actual total
- 8 loss or constructive total loss after September 25, 1997,
- 9 of such existing vessel, provided that: (1) such loss was
- 10 caused by an act of God, an act of war, a collision, an
- 11 act or omission of a party other than the owner or agent
- 12 of the vessel, or any other event not caused by the willful
- 13 misconduct of the owner or agent; (2) the existing vessel
- 14 actively harvested fishery resources in the exclusive eco-
- 15 nomic zone of the United States during the year prior to
- 16 such loss; (3) the replacement vessel is of the same or less-
- 17 er registered length, gross registered tons, and shaft
- 18 horsepower that the existing vessel; (4) the fishery en-
- 19 dorsement for the new vessel is issued within 18 months
- 20 of the loss of the existing vessel; and (5) the replacement
- 21 vessel otherwise qualifies under laws of the United States
- 22 for a fishery endorsement.
- 23 (d) Fishing Vessels Operating Beyond the Ex-
- 24 CLUSIVE ECONOMIC ZONE.—Section 12108(e) of title 46,
- 25 United States Code, as amended by this Act, shall not

- 1 apply to a fishing vessel engaged in fishing exclusively for
- 2 highly migratory species (as that term is defined in section
- 3 3 of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and
- 4 Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1802)) primarily outside of
- 5 the navigable waters and exclusive economic zone of the
- 6 United States.

7 SEC. 302. RESTRICTION ON LOAN GUARANTEES.

- 8 Section 302(b) of the Fisheries Financing Act (46
- 9 U.S.C. 1274 note) is amended—
- 10 (1) by inserting "(1)" before "Until October 1,
- 11 2001"; and
- 12 (2) by inserting at the end the following new
- paragraph:
- 14 "(2) No loans may be guaranteed by the Fed-
- eral Government for the construction or rebuilding
- of a vessel intended for use as a fishing vessel (as
- defined in section 2101 of title 46, United States
- 18 Code), if such vessel will be greater than 165 feet
- in registered length, of more than 750 gross reg-
- 20 istered tons, or have an engine or engines capable of
- 21 producing a total of more than 3,000 shaft horse-
- power, after such construction or rebuilding is com-
- pleted.".