105TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 1060

To restrict the activities of the United States with respect to foreign laws that regulate the marketing of tobacco products and to subject eigarettes that are exported to the same restrictions on labeling as apply to the sale or distribution of eigarettes in the United States.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

July 23, 1997

Mr. Lautenberg (for himself, Mr. Wyden, Mr. Durbin, and Mr. Harkin) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

A BILL

To restrict the activities of the United States with respect to foreign laws that regulate the marketing of tobacco products and to subject cigarettes that are exported to the same restrictions on labeling as apply to the sale or distribution of cigarettes in the United States.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Worldwide Tobacco
- 5 Disclosure Act of 1997".
- 6 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.
- 7 In this Act:

1	(1) CIGARETTE.—The term "cigarette"
2	means—
3	(A) any roll of tobacco wrapped in paper
4	or in any substance not containing tobacco
5	which is to be burned,
6	(B) any roll of tobacco wrapped in any
7	substance containing tobacco which, because of
8	its appearance, the type of tobacco used in the
9	filler, or its packaging and labeling is likely to
10	be offered to, or purchased by consumers as a
11	cigarette described in subparagraph (A),
12	(C) little cigars which are any roll of to-
13	bacco wrapped in leaf tobacco or any substance
14	containing tobacco (other than any roll of to-
15	bacco which is a cigarette within the meaning
16	of subparagraph (A)) and as to which 1000
17	units weigh not more than 3 pounds, and
18	(D) loose rolling tobacco and papers or
19	tubes used to contain such tobacco.
20	(2) Domestic Concern.—The term "domestic
21	concern" means—
22	(A) any individual who is a citizen, na-
23	tional, or resident of the United States; and
24	(B) any corporation, partnership, associa-
25	tion, joint-stock company, business trust, unin-

- corporated organization, or sole proprietorship
 which has its principal place of business in the
 United States, or which is organized under the
 laws of a State of the United States or a territory, possession, or commonwealth of the United States.
 - (3) Nondiscriminatory LAW or REGULA-TION.—The term "nondiscriminatory law or regulation" means a law or regulation of a foreign country that adheres to the principle of national treatment and applies no less favorable treatment to goods that are imported into that country than it applies to like goods that are the product, growth, or manufacture of that country.
 - (4) Package.—The term "package" means a pack, box, carton, or other container of any kind in which cigarettes or other tobacco products are offered for sale, sold, or otherwise distributed to customers.
 - (5) SALE OR DISTRIBUTION.—The term "sale or distribution" includes sampling or any other distribution not for sale.
 - (6) STATE.—The term "State" includes, in addition to the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Guam, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Com-

1	monwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, the
2	Virgin Islands, American Samoa, the Republic of the
3	Marshall Islands, the Federated States of Microne-
4	sia, and the Republic of Palau.
5	(7) TOBACCO PRODUCT.—The term "tobacco
6	product" means—
7	(A) cigarettes;
8	(B) little cigars;
9	(C) cigars as defined in section 5702 of
10	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;
11	(D) pipe tobacco;
12	(E) loose rolling tobacco and papers used
13	to contain such tobacco;
14	(F) products referred to as spit tobacco;
15	and
16	(G) any other form of tobacco intended for
17	human use or consumption.
18	(8) United states.—The term "United
19	States" includes the States and installations of the
20	Armed Forces of the United States located outside
21	a State.

1	SEC. 3. RESTRICTIONS ON NEGOTIATIONS REGARDING
2	FOREIGN LAWS REGULATING TOBACCO
3	PRODUCTS.
4	No funds appropriated by law may be used by any
5	officer, employee, department, or agency of the United
6	States—
7	(1) to seek, through negotiation or otherwise
8	the removal or reduction by any foreign country of
9	any nondiscriminatory law or regulation, or any pro-
10	posed nondiscriminatory law or regulation, in that
11	country that restricts the advertising, manufacture
12	packaging, taxation, sale, importation, labeling, or
13	distribution of tobacco products; or
14	(2) to encourage or promote the export, adver-
15	tising, manufacture, sale, or distribution of tobacco
16	products.
17	SEC. 4. CIGARETTE EXPORT LABELING.
18	(a) Labeling Requirements for Export of
19	CIGARETTES.—
20	(1) In general.—It shall be unlawful for any
21	domestic concern to export from the United States
22	or to sell or distribute in, or export from, any other
23	country, any cigarettes whose package does not con-
24	tain a warning label that—
25	(A) complies with Federal labeling require-
26	ments for cigarettes manufactured imported or

- packaged for sale or distribution within the
 United States; and
 - (B) is in the primary language of the country in which the cigarettes are intended for consumption.
 - (2) Labeling format.—Federal labeling format requirements shall apply to a warning label described in paragraph (1) in the same manner, and to the same extent, as such requirements apply to cigarettes manufactured, imported, or packaged for sale or distribution within the United States.
 - (3) ROTATION OF LABELING.—Federal rotation requirements for warning labels shall apply to a warning label described in paragraph (1) in the same manner, and to the same extent, as such requirements apply to cigarettes manufactured, imported, or packaged for sale or distributed within the United States.

(4) Waivers.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The President may waive the labeling requirements required by this Act for cigarettes, if the cigarettes are exported to a foreign country included in the list described in subparagraph (B) and if that country is the country in which the cigarettes are in-

1	tended for consumption. A waiver under this
2	subparagraph shall be in effect prior to the ex-
3	portation of any cigarettes not in compliance
4	with the requirements of this section by a per-
5	son to a foreign country included in the list.
6	(B) List of eligible countries for
7	WAIVER.—
8	(i) In general.—Not later than 90
9	days after the date of enactment of this
10	Act, the President shall develop and pub-
11	lish in the Federal Register a list of for-
12	eign countries that have in effect require-
13	ments for the labeling of cigarette pack-
14	ages substantially similar to or more strin-
15	gent than the requirements for labeling of
16	cigarette packages set forth in paragraphs
17	(1) through (3). The President shall use
18	the list to grant a waiver under subpara-
19	graph (A).
20	(ii) Update of list.—The President
21	shall—
22	(I) update the list described in
23	clause (i) to include a foreign country
24	on the list if the country meets the
25	criteria described in clause (i), or to

- 1 remove a foreign country from the list 2 if the country fails to meet the cri-3 teria; and 4 (II) publish the updated list in the Federal Register. 6 (b) Penalties.— 7 (1) Fine.—Any person who violates the provi-8 sions of subsection (a) shall be fined not more than 9 \$100,000 per day for each such violation. Any per-10 son who knowingly reexports from or transships 11 cigarettes through a foreign country included in the 12 list described in subsection (a)(4)(B) to avoid the re-13 quirements of this Act shall be fined not more than 14 \$150,000 per day for each such occurrence. (2) Injunction proceedings.—The district 15 16 courts of the United States shall have jurisdiction, 17 for cause shown, to prevent and restrain violations 18 of subsection (a) upon the application of the Attor-19 ney General of the United States. 20 (c) Repeal.—Section 12 of the Federal Cigarette 21 Labeling and Advertising Act (15 U.S.C. 1340) is re-22 pealed.
- 23 (d) REGULATORY AUTHORITY.—Not later than 90 24 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the President

- 1 shall promulgate such regulations and orders as may be
- 2 necessary to carry out this section.
- 3 (e) Effective Date.—The provisions of subsections
- 4 (a) through (c) shall take effect upon the effective date
- 5 of the regulations promulgated under subsection (d).

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