

105TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# H. RES. 29

Expressing the intentions of the House of Representatives concerning the universal service provisions of the Telecommunications Act of 1996 as they relate to telecommunications services to Native Americans, including Alaskan Natives.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 9, 1997

Mr. RICHARDSON (for himself and Mr. MILLER of California) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Commerce

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## RESOLUTION

Expressing the intentions of the House of Representatives concerning the universal service provisions of the Telecommunications Act of 1996 as they relate to telecommunications services to Native Americans, including Alaskan Natives.

Whereas Indian and Alaskan Native people live in some of the most geographically remote areas of the country, with 50 percent of Indian and Alaskan Native people living in Oklahoma, California, South Dakota, Arizona, New Mexico, Alaska, and Washington;

Whereas Indian poverty in reservation areas is 3.9 times the national average rate;

Whereas the average phone penetration rates for rural Native Americans is only 50 percent and actual penetration rates are often much lower;

Whereas what phone service there is in Indian country is often substandard and prohibitively expensive;

Whereas the Telecommunications Act of 1996 establishes a Federal-State Joint Board which issued recommendations on how to make low-cost telephone service affordable to all and to define what is deemed to be “universal service”;

Whereas the Telecommunications Act of 1996 requires the Federal Communications Commission to implement the recommendations from the Joint Board by May 8, 1997; and

Whereas the benefits of Federal universal service policies have often not reached Indian country: Now, therefore, be it

1       *Resolved*, That—

2               (1) in enacting the Telecommunications Act of  
3       1996, the Congress established policies and proce-  
4       dures to ensure the delivery of telecommunications  
5       services to all regions of the Nation, especially rural,  
6       insular, and high-cost areas, and to ensure that  
7       those services are available at just, reasonable, and  
8       affordable rates;

9               (2) such policies and procedures were estab-  
10       lished in the belief that telecommunications services  
11       have become essential to the education, public

1 health, and public safety of all people within the  
2 United States; and

3 (3) no policies or procedures established to im-  
4 plement this new statute can be consistent with the  
5 intent of the Congress if it fails to address the tele-  
6 communications needs of low-income Native Ameri-  
7 cans, including Alaskan Natives.

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