105TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 776

To provide for greater accuracy in the 2000 decennial census of population, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

February 13, 1997

Mrs. Meek of Florida (for herself, Mr. Ackerman, Mr. Bishop, Mr. BLUMENAUER, Ms. Brown of Florida, Mr. Brown of California, Mrs. CARSON, Ms. CHRISTIAN-GREEN, Mr. CLAY, Mrs. CLAYTON, Mr. CLYBURN, Mr. CONYERS, Mr. CUMMINGS, Mr. DAVIS of Illinois, Mr. DELLUMS, Mr. DIAZ-BALART, Mr. DIXON, Mr. FATTAH, Mr. FILNER, Mr. Flake, Mr. Foglietta, Mr. Ford, Mr. Frank of Massachusetts, Mr. Frost, Mr. Green, Mr. Hastings of Florida, Mr. Hilliard, Mr. Jackson of Illinois, Ms. Jackson-Lee of Texas, Mr. Jefferson, Ms. Eddie Bernice Johnson of Texas, Ms. Kilpatrick, Mr. Lafalce, Mr. Lantos, Mr. Lewis of Georgia, Ms. Lofgren, Ms. McKinney, Mrs. Maloney of New York, Mr. Menendez, Ms. Millender-McDon-ALD, Mr. MILLER of California, Mrs. MINK of Hawaii, Ms. Norton, Mr. OWENS, Mr. PASTOR, Mr. PAYNE, Mr. RANGEL, Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD, Mr. Rush, Mr. Scott, Mr. Stark, Mr. Stokes, Mr. Thompson, Mrs. THURMAN, Mr. TORRES, Mr. TOWNS, Ms. WATERS, Mr. WATT of North Carolina, Mr. WEXLER, Ms. WOOLSEY, and Mr. WYNN) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight

A BILL

To provide for greater accuracy in the 2000 decennial census of population, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

2	This Act may be cited as the "Decennial Census Im-
3	provement Act of 1997".
4	SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.
5	(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—
6	(1) the Constitution requires that the number
7	of persons in the Nation be enumerated every 10
8	years in order to permit the apportionment of Rep-
9	resentatives among the several States;
10	(2) information collected through a decennial
11	census is also used to determine—
12	(A) the boundaries of congressional dis-
13	tricts within States;
14	(B) the boundaries of the districts for the
15	legislature of each State and the boundaries of
16	other political subdivisions within the States;
17	and
18	(C) the allocation of billions of dollars of
19	Federal and State funds;
20	(3) the Constitution requires that those enu-
21	merations be made in such manner as the Congress
22	"shall by law direct";
23	(4) in the 1990 decennial census, the Bureau of
24	the Census used a combination of mail question-
25	naires and personal interviews, involving more than
26	350,000 enumerators, to collect the census data;

1	(5) in August 1992, the Bureau concluded that
2	the 1990 decennial census had failed to count four
3	million persons or 1.6 percent of the population;
4	(6) the extent of the undercount varies by
5	group and by the part of the country involved; for
6	example, the undercount in the 1990 decennial cen-
7	sus was—
8	(A) 4.4 percent for African Americans, 4.5
9	percent for American Indians, 2.3 percent for
10	Asians or Pacific Islanders, and 5 percent for
11	Hispanic Americans; and
12	(B) 3.1 percent for New Mexico, 2.8 per-
13	cent for Texas, 2.7 percent for California, and
14	2 percent for Florida;
15	(7) in 1993, the Bureau concluded that legisla-
16	tion providing that pay for temporary census enu-
17	merators in the 2000 decennial census not be used
18	to reduce benefits under Federal assistance pro-
19	grams would make it easier for the Bureau to hire
20	neighborhood people as temporary census enumera-
21	tors in low-income neighborhoods;
22	(8) a number of lawsuits were filed challenging
23	the accuracy of the 1990 decennial census, and in
24	March 1996 the Supreme Court unanimously upheld

the Secretary of Commerce's decision in July 1991

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- not to adjust the initial enumeration in the 1990 decennial census by using a postenumeration statistical survey;
 - (9) on February 28, 1996, the Bureau announced that, for the 2000 decennial census, it plans to use a combination of mail questionnaires and personal interviews in each county until it has collected data from 90 percent of the households in the county, whereupon it would conduct interviews with respect to one-tenth of the remaining households in the county and use the information obtained from those interviews to make estimates with respect to the remaining nonresponding households;
 - (10) certain witnesses testified, at a hearing held by the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight of the House of Representatives on February 29, 1996, that the Bureau's proposed sampling technique may increase the disparity in the undercount among either geographic areas (such as between rural and urban areas) or racial or ethnic groups (such as with respect to African Americans and Hispanic Americans, as compared to other groups);

- 1 (11) the planning, conduct, and analysis of a 2 decennial census often requires close to a period of 3 10 years;
 - (12) the Bureau estimates that the proposed sampling technique will cost about \$500 million less, over that period of time, than the \$4.4 billion that it estimates would be spent over that same period if the method used in the 1990 decennial census were to be used (instead of such sampling technique) in the 2000 decennial census; and
 - (13) the Chairman of the Panel on Census Requirements in the Year 2000 and Beyond of the National Academy of Sciences testified at the February 29th hearing that there is a trade-off between cost savings associated with using a sampling technique on the one hand, and adverse effects with respect to sampling variability, public perception, and political consequences, on the other.
- 19 (b) Purposes.—It is the purpose of this Act to pro-20 mote the accuracy of the 2000 decennial census, and pub-21 lic confidence with respect to the data obtained therefrom.

22 SEC. 3. REQUIREMENTS.

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The 2000 decennial census shall be conducted in accordance with the following:

1	(1) Direct contact must be attempted.—
2	The Bureau shall attempt to contact every household
3	directly (whether by mail or in person), and may use
4	sampling as a substitute for direct contact in a par-
5	ticular census tract only after direct contact has
6	been made with at least 90 percent of the house-
7	holds in such tract.
8	(2) Greater use of non-federal re-
9	SOURCES.—The Bureau—
10	(A) shall seek to make more effective use
11	of State and local government offices, as well as
12	appropriate local groups, in order to reduce the
13	undercount; and
14	(B) shall include, as part of its report
15	under section 141(f) of title 13, United States
16	Code, next due after the date of the enactment
17	of this Act, a description of the measures it in-
18	tends to pursue to carry out subparagraph (A).
19	SEC. 4. MEASURES TO FACILITATE THE RECRUITMENT OF
20	TEMPORARY EMPLOYEES.
21	(a) Purposes for Which Compensation Shall
22	NOT BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT.—Section 23 of title 13,
23	United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the
24	following:

- 1 "(d) Compensation for services performed by an indi-2 vidual appointed by the Secretary to a temporary position
- 3 for purposes relating to the 2000 decennial census (if the
- 4 position is so designated by the Secretary, in writing, at
- 5 the time of such individual's appointment) shall not be
- 6 taken into account for purposes of determining either the
- 7 eligibility of any individual for or the amount of benefits
- 8 payable to an individual under any Federal, State, or local
- 9 program financed in whole or in part with Federal
- 10 funds.".
- 11 (b) Exemption From Provisions Relating to
- 12 Reemployed Annuitants and Former Members of
- 13 THE UNIFORMED SERVICES.—Public Law 101–86 (13
- 14 U.S.C. 23 note) is amended—
- 15 (1) in section 1(b) and the long title by striking
- 16 "the 1990 decennial census" and inserting "the
- 17 2000 decennial census"; and
- 18 (2) in section 4 by striking "December 31,
- 19 1990." and inserting "December 31, 2000.".
- 20 SEC. 5. DEFINITIONS.
- 21 For purposes of this Act—
- 22 (1) the term "census" means a census of popu-
- lation within the meaning of section 141(g) of title
- 24 13, United States Code;

I	(2) the term "Bureau" means the Bureau of
2	the Census; and
3	(3) the term "census tract" means a statistical
4	subdivision as defined by the Bureau for purposes of
5	the 1990 decennial census.

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