### 105TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# H. R. 4813

To amend the Communications Act of 1934 to protect critical infrastructure radio systems from interference and to promote efficient spectrum management of the private land mobile radio bands, and for other purposes.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

October 12, 1998

Mr. Jones (for himself and Mr. Burr of North Carolina) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Commerce

## A BILL

To amend the Communications Act of 1934 to protect critical infrastructure radio systems from interference and to promote efficient spectrum management of the private land mobile radio bands, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Critical Infrastructure
- 5 Radio Systems Protection Act of 1998".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 The Congress finds the following:

- (1) Radio systems operated by electric, gas, and 1 2 water utilities and natural gas and petroleum pipe-3 lines are essential to the protection of the nation's critical infrastructure and public safety.
- (2) Section 309(j)(2)(A) of the Communications 6 Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 309(j)(2)(A)) obligates the 7 Commission to protect and enhance the communications capabilities of "public safety radio services," 8 9 including electric, gas, and water utilities and natu-10 ral gas and petroleum pipelines.
- (3) The Commission has provided for the pro-12 tection of certain critical infrastructure private land 13 mobile radio services, including police and fire sup-14 pression services, through the establishment of a 15 separate radio pool for these public safety services.

#### SEC. 3. LONG-TERM SOLUTION. 16

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- 17 Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commission shall adopt rules which ensure 18 the ongoing protection and promotion of spectrum used 19 20 by electric, gas, and water utilities and natural gas and 21 petroleum pipelines against interference from other users of spectrum and consistent with the provisions of section
- 309(j)(2)(A) of the Communications Act of 1934.

## 1 SEC. 4. TEMPORARY INTERFERENCE PROTECTION.

| 2  | (a) LICENSING MORATORIUM.—Until the rules pro-               |
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| 3  | mulgated by the Commission pursuant to section 3 of this     |
| 4  | Act become effective, the Commission shall discontinue li-   |
| 5  | censing private mobile radio facilities on—                  |
| 6  | (1) any channels that were formerly allocated                |
| 7  | by the Commission to the Power Radio Service                 |
| 8  | (commonly referred to as the "IW Radio Service")             |
| 9  | or Petroleum Radio Service (commonly referred to             |
| 10 | as the "IP Radio Service") on either an exclusive or         |
| 11 | shared basis; and  |
| 12 | (2) any channels less than 15 kHz removed                    |
| 13 | from such channels.  |
| 14 | (b) Exceptions to Moratorium.—The Commis-                    |
| 15 | sion may, notwithstanding the moratorium imposed by          |
| 16 | subsection (a), grant a license that is subject to such mor- |
| 17 | atorium if—  |
| 18 | (1) the license applicant obtains the concur-                |
| 19 | rence of the designated frequency advisory commit-           |
| 20 | tee for the IW or IP Radio Service, or both, depend-         |
| 21 | ing on whether the channel on which the applicant            |
| 22 | is seeking to be licensed was formerly shared by $1$         |
| 23 | or both of these services; or                                |
| 24 | (2) the license applicant obtains and submits                |
| 25 | written concurrence of all IW and IP radio services          |
| 26 | licensees having a co-channel or adjacent-channel fa-        |

- cility within 70 miles of the applicant's proposed site.
- 3 SEC. 5. DEFINITIONS.

- 4 As used in this Act—
- (1) COMMISSION.—The term "Commission"
  means the Federal Communications Commission.
  - (2) Public safety radio services.—The term "public safety radio services" means those radio services described in section 309(j)(2)(A) of the Communications Act of 1934 which include private internal radio services used by State and local governments and nongovernment entities such as electric, gas, and water utilities and natural gas and petroleum pipelines that are used to protect the safety of life, health, or property and are not made commercially available to the public.

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