Calendar No. 427

105TH CONGRESS H. R. 4105

AN ACT

To establish a national policy against State and local interference with interstate commerce on the Internet, to exercise congressional jurisdiction over interstate commerce by establishing a moratorium on the imposition of exactions that would interfere with the free flow of commerce via the Internet, to establish a national policy against Federal and State regulation of Internet access and online services, and for other purposes.

June 24, 1998

Received; read twice and placed on the calendar

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105TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 4105

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

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To establish a national policy against State and local interference with interstate commerce on the Internet, to exercise congressional jurisdiction over interstate commerce by establishing a moratorium on the imposition of exactions that would interfere with the free flow of commerce via the Internet, to establish a national policy against Federal and State regulation of Internet access and online services, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Internet Tax Freedom
- 5 Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. MORATORIUM ON CERTAIN TAXES.
- 7 (a) AMENDMENT.—Title 4 of the United States Code
- 8 is amended by adding at the end the following:

9 "CHAPTER 6—MORATORIUM ON CERTAIN TAXES

"151. Moratorium.

10 **"§ 151. Moratorium**

- 11 "(a) MORATORIUM.—For a period of 3 years follow-
- 12 ing the date of the enactment of this chapter, neither any
- 13 State, nor any political subdivision thereof, shall impose,
- 14 assess, collect, or attempt to collect—
- 15 "(1) taxes on Internet access;
- 16 "(2) bit taxes; or
- 17 "(3) multiple or discriminatory taxes on elec-
- tronic commerce.
- 19 "(b) Exception to Moratorium.—(1) Subject to
- 20 paragraph (2), the moratorium in subsection (a)(1) shall
- 21 not apply to the following taxes (as applicable), as in effect

[&]quot;Sec.

[&]quot;152. Advisory commission on electronic commerce.

[&]quot;153. Legislative recommendations.

[&]quot;154. Expedited consideration of legislative recommendations.

[&]quot;155. Definitions.

- 1 on the date of the enactment of this chapter, on Internet
- 2 access:
- 3 "(A) STATE OF CONNECTICUT.—Section 12-
- 4 407(2)(i)(A) of the General Statutes of Connecticut.
- 5 "(B) STATE OF WISCONSIN.—Section
- 6 77.52(2)(a)5 of the Wisconsin Statutes (1995–96).
- 7 "(C) State of Iowa.—Section 422.43(1) of
- 8 the Code of Iowa (1997).
- 9 "(D) State of North Dakota.—North Da-
- 10 kota Century Code 57–39.2 and 57–34.
- 11 "(E) State of South Dakota.—South Da-
- kota Codified Law Annotated 10–45–5.
- 13 "(F) STATE OF NEW MEXICO.—New Mexico
- 14 Statutes Annotated 7–9–3.
- 15 "(G) STATE OF TENNESSEE.—Tennessee Code
- Annotated 67–6–221, 67–6–102(23)(iii), and 67–6–
- 17 702(g).
- 18 "(H) STATE OF OHIO.—Chapter 5739 of the
- 19 Ohio Revised Code.
- 20 "(2)(A) Paragraph (1) shall apply with respect to a
- 21 tax referred to in such paragraph only if the referenced
- 22 State enacts, during the 1-year period beginning on the
- 23 date of the enactment of this chapter, a law to expressly
- 24 affirm that such tax is imposed on Internet access.

- 1 "(B) A State that satisfies the requirement specified 2 in subparagraph (A) shall be deemed to have satisfied
- 3 such requirement immediately after the enactment of this
- 4 chapter, except that such State may not impute penalties
- 5 or interest on any tax accrued during the period beginning
- 6 on the date of the enactment of this Act and ending on
- 7 the date such State satisfies such requirement.
- 8 "(c) Application of Moratorium.—Subsection (a)
- 9 shall not apply with respect to the provision of Internet
- 10 access that is offered for sale as part of a package of serv-
- 11 ices that includes services other than Internet access, un-
- 12 less the service provider separately states that portion of
- 13 the billing that applies to such services on the user's bill.
- 14 "§ 152. Advisory Commission on Electronic Com-
- 15 merce
- 16 "(a) Establishment of Commission.—There is es-
- 17 tablished a temporary commission to be known as the Ad-
- 18 visory Commission on Electronic Commerce (in this chap-
- 19 ter referred to as the 'Commission'). The Commission
- 20 shall—
- 21 "(1) be composed of 31 members appointed in
- accordance with subsection (b), including the chair-
- person who shall be selected by the members of the
- 24 Commission from among individuals specified in
- subsection (b); and

1	"(2) conduct its business in accordance with the
2	provisions of this chapter.
3	"(b) Membership.—
4	"(1) In general.—The Commissioners shall
5	serve for the life of the Commission. The member-
6	ship of the Commission shall be as follows:
7	"(A) Three representatives from the Fed-
8	eral Government comprised of the Attorney
9	General, the Secretary of Commerce, and the
10	Secretary of the Treasury, or their respective
11	representatives.
12	"(B) Fourteen representatives from State
13	local, and county governments comprised of: (i)
14	two representatives each from the National
15	Governors' Association, the National Con-
16	ference of State Legislatures, the Council of
17	State Governments, the National Association of
18	Counties, the National League of Cities, and
19	the United States Conferences of Mayors; and
20	(ii) one representative each from the Inter-
21	national City/County Management Association
22	and the American Legislative Exchange Coun-
23	cil.
24	"(C) Fourteen representatives of taxpayers
25	and business—

"(i) seven of whom shall be appointed jointly by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the majority leader of the Senate, of whom three shall be individuals employed by or affiliated with persons engaged in providing Internet access or communications or transactions that use the Internet, three shall be individuals employed by or affiliated with persons engaged in electronic commerce (including at least one who is employed by or affiliated with a person also engaged in mail order commerce), and one shall be an individual employed by or affiliated with a person engaged in software publishing; and

"(ii) seven of whom shall be appointed jointly by the minority leader of the House of Representatives and the minority leader of the Senate, of whom three shall be individuals employed by or affiliated with persons engaged in providing Internet access or communications or transactions that use the Internet, three shall be individuals employed by or affiliated with persons engaged in electronic commerce (including at

least one who is employed by or affiliated
with a person also engaged in mail order
commerce), and one shall be an individual
employed by or affiliated with a person engaged in software publishing.

- "(2) APPOINTMENTS.—Appointments to the Commission shall be made not later than 45 days after the date of enactment of this chapter. The chairperson shall be selected not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this chapter.
- "(c) ACCEPTANCE OF GIFTS AND GRANTS.—The
 Commission may accept, use, and dispose of gifts or
 grants of services or property, both real and personal, for
 purposes of aiding or facilitating the work of the Commission. Gifts or grants not used at the expiration of the
 Commission shall be returned to the donor or grantor.
- "(d) OTHER RESOURCES.—The Commission shall have reasonable access to materials, resources, data, and other information from the Department of Justice, the Department of Commerce, and the Department of the Treasury. The Commission shall also have reasonable access to use the facilities of the Department of Justice, the Department of Commerce, and the Department of the

Treasury for purposes of conducting meetings.

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1	"(e) Sunset.—The existence of the Commission
2	shall terminate—
3	"(1) when the last of the committees of juris-
4	diction referred to in section 154 concludes consider-
5	ation of the legislation proposed under section 153;
6	or
7	"(2) 3 years after the date of the enactment of
8	this chapter,
9	whichever occurs first.
10	"(f) Rules of the Commission.—
11	"(1) Sixteen members of the Commission shall
12	constitute a quorum for conducting the business of
13	the Commission.
14	"(2) Any meetings held by the Commission
15	shall be duly noticed at least 14 days in advance and
16	shall be open to the public.
17	"(3) The Commission may adopt other rules as
18	needed.
19	"(g) Duties of the Commission.—The duties of
20	the Commission, to be carried out in consultation with the
21	National Tax Association Communications and Electronic
22	Commerce Tax Project, and other interested persons, may
23	include—

- 1 "(1) conducting a thorough study of State and 2 local taxation of transactions using the Internet and 3 Internet access;
 - "(2) examining the collection and administration of consumption taxes on remote commerce in other countries and the United States, and the impact of such collection on the global economy;
 - "(3) examining the advantages and disadvantages of authorizing States and local governments to require remote sellers to collect and remit sales and use taxes;
 - "(4) proposing a uniform system of definitions of remote and electronic commerce that may be subject to sales and use tax within each State;
 - "(5) examining model State legislation relating to taxation of transactions using the Internet and Internet access, including uniform terminology, definitions of the transactions, services, and other activities that may be subject to State and local taxation, procedural structures and mechanisms applicable to such taxation, and a mechanism for the resolution of disputes between States regarding matters involving multiple taxation;
 - "(6) examining a simplified system for administration and collection of sales and use tax for remote

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- commerce, that incorporates all manner of making consumer payments, that would provide for a single statewide sales or use tax rate (which rate may be zero), and would establish a method of distributing to political subdivisions within each State their proportionate share of such taxes, including an examination of collection of sales or use tax by small volume remote sellers only in the State of origin;
 - "(7) examining ways to simplify the interstate administration of sales and use tax on remote commerce, including a review of the need for a single or uniform tax registration, single or uniform tax returns, simplified remittance requirements, and simplified administrative procedures;
 - "(8) examining the need for an independent third party collection system that would utilize the Internet to further simplify sales and use tax administration and collection;
 - "(9) reviewing the efforts of States to collect sales and use taxes owed on purchases from remote sellers, as well as review the appropriateness of increased activities by States to collect sales and use taxes directly from customers of remote sellers;
- 24 "(10) examining the level of contacts sufficient 25 to permit a State to impose a sales or use tax on

1	remote commerce that would subject a remote seller
2	to collection obligations imposed by the State, in-
3	cluding—
4	"(A) the definition of a level of contacts
5	below which a State may not impose collection
6	obligations on a remote seller;
7	"(B) whether or not such obligations are
8	applied in a nondiscriminatory manner with re-
9	spect to nonremote transactions; and
10	"(C) the impact of such obligation on
11	small business remote sellers;
12	"(11) examining making permanent the tem-
13	porary moratorium described in section 151 with re-
14	spect to Internet access as well as such other taxes
15	that the Commission deems appropriate;
16	"(12) examining ways to simplify State and
17	local taxes imposed on the provision of telecommuni-
18	cations services;
19	"(13) requiring the Commission to hold a pub-
20	lic hearing to provide an opportunity for representa-
21	tives of the general public, taxpayer groups, con-
22	sumer groups, State and local government officials,
23	and tax-supported institutions to testify; and

- 1 "(14) examining other State and local tax 2 issues that are relevant to the duties of the Commis-3 sion. 4 "(h) Federal Advisory Committee Act.—The Federal Advisory Committee Act shall not apply with respect to the Commission. 6 "§ 153. Legislative recommendations 7 8 "(a) Transmission of Proposed Legislation.— Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment 10 of this chapter, the Commission shall transmit to the President and the Congress proposed legislation reflecting any findings concerning the matters described in such sec-13 tion. "(b) Contents of Proposed Legislation.—The 14 proposed legislation submitted under subsection (a) by the Commission shall have been agreed to by at least 19 mem-16 bers of the Commission and may— 18 "(1) define with particularity the level of con-19 tacts between a State and remote seller that the 20 Commission considers sufficient to permit a State to 21 impose collection obligations on the remote seller 22 and the level of contacts which is not sufficient to 23 impose collection obligations on remote sellers;
- 24 "(2) provide that if, and only if, a State has 25 adopted a single sales and use tax rate for remote

commerce and established a method of distributing to its political subdivisions their proportionate share of such taxes, and adopted simplified procedures for the administration of its sales and use taxes, including uniform registration, tax returns, remittance requirements, and filing procedures, then such State should be authorized to impose on remote sellers a duty to collect sales or use tax on remote commerce;

- "(3) provide that, effective upon the expiration of a 4-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of such legislation, a State that does not have in effect a single sales and use tax rate and simplified administrative procedures shall be deemed to have in effect a sales and use tax rate on remote commerce equal to zero, until such time as such State does adopt a single sales and use tax rate and simplified administrative procedures;
- "(4) include uniform definitions of categories of property, goods, services, or information subject to, or exempt from, sales and use taxes;
- "(5) make permanent the temporary moratorium described in section 151 with respect to Internet access, as well as such other taxes (including those described in section 151) that the Commission deems appropriate;

1	"(6) provide a mechanism for the resolution of
2	disputes between States regarding matters involving
3	multiple taxation; and
4	"(7) include other provisions that the Commis-
5	sion deems necessary.
6	"(c) Recommendations of the President.—Not
7	later than 45 days after the receipt of the Commission's
8	legislative proposals, the President shall review such pro-
9	posals and submit to the Congress such policy rec-
10	ommendations as the President deems necessary or expe-
11	dient.
12	"§ 154. Expedited consideration of legislative rec-
13	ommendations
13 14	ommendations "(a) Not later than 90 legislative days after the
14	"(a) Not later than 90 legislative days after the
14 15	"(a) Not later than 90 legislative days after the transmission to the Congress by the Commission of the proposed legislation described in section 153, such legisla-
14 15 16 17	"(a) Not later than 90 legislative days after the transmission to the Congress by the Commission of the proposed legislation described in section 153, such legisla-
14 15 16 17	"(a) Not later than 90 legislative days after the transmission to the Congress by the Commission of the proposed legislation described in section 153, such legislation shall be considered by the respective committees of
14 15 16 17 18	"(a) Not later than 90 legislative days after the transmission to the Congress by the Commission of the proposed legislation described in section 153, such legislation shall be considered by the respective committees of jurisdiction within the House of Representatives and the
14 15 16 17 18	"(a) Not later than 90 legislative days after the transmission to the Congress by the Commission of the proposed legislation described in section 153, such legislation shall be considered by the respective committees of jurisdiction within the House of Representatives and the Senate, and, if reported, shall be referred to the proper
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	"(a) Not later than 90 legislative days after the transmission to the Congress by the Commission of the proposed legislation described in section 153, such legislation shall be considered by the respective committees of jurisdiction within the House of Representatives and the Senate, and, if reported, shall be referred to the proper calendar on the floor of each House for final action.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"(a) Not later than 90 legislative days after the transmission to the Congress by the Commission of the proposed legislation described in section 153, such legislation shall be considered by the respective committees of jurisdiction within the House of Representatives and the Senate, and, if reported, shall be referred to the proper calendar on the floor of each House for final action. "(b) For purposes of this section, the 90-day period

1	days to a day certain or an adjournment of the Con-
2	gress sine die; and
3	"(2) any Saturday and Sunday, not excluded
4	under paragraph (1), when either House is not in
5	session.
6	"§ 155. Definitions
7	"For the purposes of this chapter:
8	"(1) Bit tax.—The term 'bit tax' means any
9	tax on electronic commerce expressly imposed on or
10	measured by the volume of digital information trans-
11	mitted electronically, or the volume of digital infor-
12	mation per unit of time transmitted electronically,
13	but does not include taxes imposed on the provision
14	of telecommunications services.
15	"(2) Computer server.—The term 'computer
16	server' means a computer that functions as a cen-
17	tralized provider of information and services to mul-
18	tiple recipients.
19	"(3) DISCRIMINATORY TAX.—The term 'dis-
20	criminatory tax' means—
21	"(A) any tax imposed by a State or politi-
22	cal subdivision thereof on electronic commerce
23	that—
24	"(i) is not generally imposed and le-
25	gally collectible by such State or such polit-

1	ical subdivision on transactions involving
2	similar property, goods, services, or infor-
3	mation accomplished through other means;
4	"(ii) is not generally imposed and le-
5	gally collectible at the same rate by such
6	State or such political subdivision on
7	transactions involving similar property,
8	goods, services, or information accom-
9	plished through other means, unless the
10	rate is lower as part of a phase-out of the
11	tax over not more than a 5-year period;
12	"(iii) imposes an obligation to collect
13	or pay the tax on a different person or en-
14	tity than in the case of transactions involv-
15	ing similar property, goods, services, or in-
16	formation accomplished through other
17	means; or
18	"(iv) establishes a classification of
19	Internet access provider for purposes of es-
20	tablishing a higher tax rate to be imposed
21	on such providers than the tax rate gen-
22	erally applied to providers of similar infor-
23	mation services delivered through other
24	means; or

1	"(B) any tax imposed by a State or politi-
2	cal subdivision thereof, if—
3	"(i) the use of a computer server by
4	a remote seller to create or maintain a site
5	on the Internet is considered a factor in
6	determining a remote seller's tax collection
7	obligation; or
8	"(ii) a provider of Internet access is
9	deemed to be the agent of a remote seller
10	for determining tax collection obligations
11	as a result of—
12	"(I) the display of a remote sell-
13	er's information or content on the
14	computer server of a provider of
15	Internet access; or
16	"(II) the processing of orders
17	through the computer server of a pro-
18	vider of Internet access.
19	"(4) Electronic commerce.—The term 'elec-
20	tronic commerce' means any transaction conducted
21	over the Internet or through Internet access, com-
22	prising the sale, lease, license, offer, or delivery of
23	property, goods, services, or information, whether or
24	not for consideration, and includes the provision of
25	Internet access.

- 1 "(5) Information services.—The term 'in-2 formation services' has the meaning given such term 3 in section 3(20) of the Communications Act of 1934 4 as amended from time to time.
 - "(6) Internet.—The term 'Internet' means the combination of computer facilities and electromagnetic transmission media, and related equipment and software, comprising the interconnected world-wide network of computer networks that employ the Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol, or any predecessor or successor protocol, to transmit information.
 - "(7) Internet access.—The term 'Internet access' means a service that enables users to access content, information, electronic mail, or other services offered over the Internet, and may also include access to proprietary content, information, and other services as part of a package of services offered to consumers. Such term does not include telecommunications services.
 - "(8) MULTIPLE TAX.—The term 'multiple tax' means:
- 23 "(A) Any tax that is imposed by one State 24 or political subdivision thereof on the same or 25 essentially the same electronic commerce that is

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also subject to another tax imposed by another State or political subdivision thereof (whether or not at the same rate or on the same basis), without a credit (for example, a resale exemption certificate) for taxes paid in other jurisdictions. The term 'multiple tax' shall not include a sales or use tax imposed by a State and 1 or more political subdivisions thereof pursuant to a law referred to in section 151(b)(1) on the same electronic commerce or a tax on persons engaged in electronic commerce which also may have been subject to a sales or use tax thereon. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term 'sales or use tax' means a tax that is imposed on or incident to the sale, purchase, storage, consumption, distribution, or other use of tangible personal property or services as may be defined by laws imposing such tax and which is measured by the amount of the sales price or other charge for such property or service); or

"(B) Any tax on Internet access if the State or political subdivision thereof classifies such Internet access as telecommunications or communications services under State law and such State or political subdivision thereof has

1	also imposed a tax on the purchase or use of
2	the underlying telecommunications services that
3	are used to provide such Internet access with-
4	out allowing a credit for other taxes paid, a sale
5	for resale exemption, or other mechanism for
6	eliminating duplicate taxation.
7	"(9) Remote commerce.—The term 'remote
8	commerce' means the sale, lease, license, offer, or
9	delivery of property, goods, services, or information
10	by a seller in one State to a purchaser in another
11	State.
12	"(10) Remote seller.—The term 'remote
13	seller' means a person who sells, leases, licenses, of-
14	fers, or delivers property, goods, services, or infor-
15	mation from one State to a purchaser in another
16	State.
17	"(11) State.—The term 'State' means any of
18	the several States, the District of Columbia, or any
19	territory or possession of the United States.
20	"(12) Tax.—The term 'tax' means—
21	"(A) any levy, fee, or charge imposed
22	under governmental authority by any govern-
23	mental entity; or
24	"(B) the imposition of or obligation to col-
25	lect and to remit to a governmental entity any

1	such levy, fee, or charge imposed by a govern-
2	mental entity.
3	Such term does not include any franchise fees or
4	similar fees imposed by a State or local franchising
5	authority, pursuant to section 622 or 653 of the
6	Communications Act of 1934.
7	"(13) Telecommunications services.—The
8	term 'telecommunications services' has the meaning
9	given such term in section 3(46) of the Communica-
10	tions Act of 1934, as amended from time to time.".
11	(b) Conforming Amendment.—Title 4 of the
12	United States Code is amended in the table of chapters
13	by adding at the end the following:
	// · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	"6. Moratorium on Certain Taxes 151".
14	**6. Moratorium on Certain Taxes
15	SEC. 3. PROVISION OF INTERNET ACCESS AND ONLINE
15 16	SEC. 3. PROVISION OF INTERNET ACCESS AND ONLINE SERVICES.
15 16 17	SEC. 3. PROVISION OF INTERNET ACCESS AND ONLINE SERVICES. Title II of the Communications Act of 1934 is
15 16 17 18	SEC. 3. PROVISION OF INTERNET ACCESS AND ONLINE SERVICES. Title II of the Communications Act of 1934 is amended by inserting after section 230 (47 U.S.C. 230)
15 16 17 18 19	SEC. 3. PROVISION OF INTERNET ACCESS AND ONLINE SERVICES. Title II of the Communications Act of 1934 is amended by inserting after section 230 (47 U.S.C. 230) the following new section:
15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 3. PROVISION OF INTERNET ACCESS AND ONLINE SERVICES. Title II of the Communications Act of 1934 is amended by inserting after section 230 (47 U.S.C. 230) the following new section: "SEC. 231. PROHIBITION ON REGULATION OF INTERNET AC-
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 3. PROVISION OF INTERNET ACCESS AND ONLINE SERVICES. Title II of the Communications Act of 1934 is amended by inserting after section 230 (47 U.S.C. 230) the following new section: "SEC. 231. PROHIBITION ON REGULATION OF INTERNET ACCESS AND ONLINE SERVICES.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	SEC. 3. PROVISION OF INTERNET ACCESS AND ONLINE SERVICES. Title II of the Communications Act of 1934 is amended by inserting after section 230 (47 U.S.C. 230) the following new section: "SEC. 231. PROHIBITION ON REGULATION OF INTERNET ACCESS AND ONLINE SERVICES. "(a) PROHIBITION.—The Commission shall have no
	SERVICES. Title II of the Communications Act of 1934 is amended by inserting after section 230 (47 U.S.C. 230) the following new section: "SEC. 231. PROHIBITION ON REGULATION OF INTERNET ACCESS AND ONLINE SERVICES. "(a) PROHIBITION.—The Commission shall have no authority or jurisdiction under this title or section 4(i),

- 1 "(b) Preservation of Authority.—Nothing in 2 this subsection shall limit or otherwise affect—
- "(1) the Commission's or State commissions' implementation of the Telecommunications Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–104) or the amendments made by such Act; and
- "(2) the Commission's or State commissions' authority to regulate telecommunications carriers that offer Internet access or online services in conjunction with the provision of any telephone toll, telephone exchange, or exchange access services as such terms are defined in title I.
- 13 "(c) Definitions.—As used in this section:
 - "(1) Internet.—The term 'Internet' means the combination of computer facilities and electromagnetic transmission media, and related equipment and software, comprising the interconnected world-wide network of computer networks that employ the Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol, or any predecessor or successor protocol, to transmit information.
- 22 "(2) Internet access.—The term 'Internet 23 access' means a service that enables users to access 24 content, information, and other services offered over

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- 1 the Internet, but does not mean a telecommuni-
- 2 cations service.
- 3 "(3) Online service.—The term 'online serv-
- 4 ice' means the offering or provision of Internet ac-
- 5 cess with the provision of other information serv-
- 6 ices.".

7 SEC. 4. FEDERAL REGULATORY FEES.

- 8 (a) No Regulatory Fees.—Section 9(h) of the
- 9 Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 159(h)) is
- 10 amended by inserting "; or (3) providers of Internet access
- 11 or online service" after "(47 CFR Part 97)".
- 12 (b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 9(h) of the
- 13 Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 159(h)) is
- 14 amended by striking "or" that appears before "(2)".
- 15 (c) Determination.—Not later than 1 year after
- 16 the date of the enactment of this Act, the National Tele-
- 17 communications and Information Administration shall de-
- 18 termine whether any direct or indirect Federal regulatory
- 19 fees, other than the fees identified in subsection (a), are
- 20 imposed on providers of Internet access or online services,
- 21 and if so, make recommendations to the Congress regard-
- 22 ing whether such fees should be modified or eliminated.
- 23 SEC. 5. REPORT ON FOREIGN COMMERCE.
- 24 (a) Contents of Report.—In order to promote
- 25 electronic commerce, the Secretary of Commerce, in con-

- 1 sultation with appropriate committees of the Congress,
- 2 shall undertake an examination of—
- 3 (1) barriers imposed in foreign markets on
- 4 United States providers of property, goods, services,
- 5 or information engaged in electronic commerce and
- 6 on United States providers of telecommunications
- 7 services;
- 8 (2) how the imposition of such barriers will af-
- 9 feet United States consumers, the competitiveness of
- 10 United States citizens providing property, goods,
- service, or information in foreign markets, and the
- growth and maturing of the Internet; and
- 13 (3) what measures the Government should pur-
- sue to foster, promote, and develop electronic com-
- merce in the United States and in foreign markets.
- 16 (b) Public Comment.—For purposes of this section,
- 17 the Secretary of Commerce shall give all interested per-
- 18 sons an opportunity to comment on the matters identified
- 19 in subsection (a) through written or oral presentations of
- 20 data, views, or arguments.
- 21 (c) Transmittal to the President.—Not later
- 22 than 18 months after the date of the enactment of this
- 23 Act, the Secretary of Commerce shall transmit to the
- 24 President a report containing the results of the examina-
- 25 tion undertaken in accordance with subsection (a).

- 1 (d) Recommendations of the President.—Not
- 2 later than 2 years and 45 days after the date of the enact-
- 3 ment of this Act, the President shall review the report de-
- 4 scribed in subsection (c) and submit to the appropriate
- 5 committees of Congress such policy recommendations as
- 6 the President deems necessary or expedient.
- 7 SEC. 6. DECLARATION THAT THE INTERNET SHOULD BE
- 8 FREE OF FOREIGN TARIFFS, TRADE BAR-
- 9 RIERS, AND OTHER RESTRICTIONS.
- 10 It is the sense of the Congress that the President
- 11 should seek bilateral and multilateral agreements to re-
- 12 move barriers to global electronic commerce, through the
- 13 World Trade Organization, the Organization for Economic
- 14 Cooperation and Development, the International Tele-
- 15 communications Union, the Asia Pacific Economic Co-
- 16 operation Council, the Free Trade Area of the Americas,
- 17 and other appropriate international fora. Such agreements
- 18 should require, inter alia, that the provision of Internet
- 19 access or online services be free from undue and discrimi-
- 20 natory regulation by foreign governments and that elec-
- 21 tronic commercial transactions between United States and
- 22 foreign providers of property, goods, services, and infor-
- 23 mation be free from undue and discriminatory regulation,
- 24 international tariffs, and discriminatory taxation.

1 SEC. 7. NO EXPANSION OF TAX AUTHORITY.

- 2 Nothing in this Act shall be construed to expand the
- 3 duty of any person to collect or pay taxes beyond that
- 4 which existed immediately before the date of the enact-
- 5 ment of this Act.

6 SEC. 8. PRESERVATION OF AUTHORITY.

- 7 Nothing in this Act shall limit or otherwise affect the
- 8 implementation of the Telecommunications Act of 1996
- 9 (Public Law 104–104) or the amendments made by such
- 10 Act.

Passed the House of Representatives June 23, 1998.

Attest:

ROBIN H. CARLE,

Clerk.