### 105TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# H. R. 3749

To amend the Communications Act of 1934 to improve the protection of consumers against "slamming" by telecommunications carriers, and for other purposes.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 29, 1998

Mr. Bass (for himself and Mr. Goodlatte) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Commerce

# A BILL

To amend the Communications Act of 1934 to improve the protection of consumers against "slamming" by telecommunications carriers, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. IMPROVED PROTECTION FOR CONSUMERS.
- 4 (a) Verification of Authorization.—Subsection
- 5 (a) of section 258 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47
- 6 U.S.C. 258) is amended to read as follows:
- 7 "(a) Prohibition.—
- 8 "(1) In General.—No telecommunications
- 9 carrier or reseller of telecommunications services

1 shall submit or execute a change in a subscriber's 2 selection of a provider of telephone exchange service or telephone toll service except in accordance with 3 this section and such verification procedures as the Commission shall prescribe. 5 "(2) Verification.— 6 7 "(A) IN GENERAL.—In order to verify a 8 subscriber's selection of a telephone exchange 9 service or telephone toll service provider under this section, the telecommunications carrier or 10 11 reseller shall, at a minimum, require the sub-12 scriber— "(i) to acknowledge the type of service 13 14 to be changed as a result of the selection; "(ii) to affirm the subscriber's intent 15 16 to select the provider as the provider of 17 that service; "(iii) to affirm that the consumer is 18 19 the subscriber or is authorized to select the 20 provider of that service for the telephone 21 number in question; 22 "(iv) to acknowledge that the selection 23 of the provider will result in a change in 24 providers of that service; and

1	"(v) to provide such other information
2	as the Commission considers appropriate
3	for the protection of the subscriber.
4	"(B) Additional requirements.—The
5	procedures prescribed by the Commission to
6	verify a subscriber's selection of a provider
7	shall—
8	"(i) preclude the use of negative op-
9	tion marketing;
10	"(ii) provide for verification of a
11	change in telephone exchange service or
12	telephone toll service provider in oral, writ-
13	ten, or electronic form; and
14	"(iii) require the retention of such
15	verification in such manner and form and
16	for such time as the Commission considers
17	appropriate.
18	"(3) Intrastate services.—Nothing in this
19	section shall preclude any State commission from en-
20	forcing such procedures with respect to intrastate
21	services.
22	"(4) Section not to apply to wireless.—
23	This section does not apply to a provider of commer-
24	cial mobile service, as that term is defined in section
25	332(d)(1) of this Act.".

1	(b) Resolution of Complaints.—Section 258 of
2	the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 258) is
3	amended by adding at the end thereof the following:
4	"(c) Notice to Subscriber.—Whenever there is a
5	change in a subscriber's selection of a provider of tele-
6	phone exchange service or telephone toll service, the tele-
7	communications carrier or reseller selected shall notify the
8	subscriber in writing, not more than 15 days after the
9	change is processed by the telecommunications carrier or
10	the reseller—
11	"(1) of the subscriber's new carrier; and
12	"(2) that the subscriber may request informa-
13	tion regarding the date on which the change was
14	agreed to and the name of the individual who au-
15	thorized the change.
16	"(d) Resolution of Complaints.—
17	"(1) Prompt resolution.—
18	"(A) In General.—The Commission shall
19	prescribe a period of time, not in excess of 120
20	days after a telecommunications carrier or re-
21	seller receives notice, for the telecommuni-
22	cations carrier or reseller to resolve a complaint
23	by a subscriber concerning an unauthorized
24	change in the subscriber's selection of a pro-

1	vider of telephone exchange service or telephone
2	toll service.
3	"(B) Unresolved complaints.—If a
4	telecommunications carrier or reseller fails to
5	resolve a complaint within the time period pre-
6	scribed by the Commission, then, within 10
7	days after the end of that period, the tele-
8	communications carrier or reseller shall—
9	"(i) notify the subscriber in writing of
10	the subscriber's right to file a complaint
11	with the Commission concerning the unre-
12	solved complaint, the subscriber's rights
13	under this section, and all other remedies
14	available to the subscriber concerning un-
15	authorized changes;
16	"(ii) inform the subscriber in writing
17	of the procedures prescribed by the Com-
18	mission for filing such a complaint; and
19	"(iii) provide the subscriber a copy of
20	any evidence in the carrier's or reseller's
21	possession showing that the change in the
22	subscriber's provider of telephone exchange
23	service or telephone toll service was sub-
24	mitted or executed in accordance with the

1	verification procedures prescribed under
2	subsection (a).
3	"(2) Resolution by commission.—The Com-
4	mission shall provide a simplified process for resolv-
5	ing complaints under paragraph (1)(B). The sim-
6	plified procedure shall preclude the use of interrog-
7	atories, depositions, discovery, or other procedural
8	techniques that might unduly increase the expense,
9	formality, and time, involved in the process. The
10	Commission shall issue an order resolving any such
11	complaint at the earliest date practicable, but in no
12	event later than—
13	"(A) 150 days after the date on which it
14	received the complaint, with respect to liability
15	issues; and
16	"(B) 90 days after the date on which it re-
17	solves a complaint, with respect to damages
18	issues, if such additional time is necessary.
19	"(3) Damages awarded by commission.—In
20	resolving a complaint under paragraph (1)(B), the
21	Commission may award damages equal to the great-
22	er of \$500 or the amount of actual damages. The
23	Commission may, in its discretion, increase the

amount of the award to an amount equal to not

- 1 more than 3 times the amount available under the 2 preceding sentence. "(e) Penalty.— 3 "(1) In General.—Unless the Commission determines that there are mitigating circumstances, 5 6 violation of subsection (a) is punishable by a fine of 7 not less than \$40,000 for the first offense, and not 8 less than \$150,000 for each subsequent offense. 9 "(2) Failure to notify treated as viola-TION OF SUBSECTION (a).—If a telecommunications 10 11 carrier or reseller fails to comply with the require-12 ments of subsection (d)(1)(B), then that failure shall 13 be treated as a violation of subsection (a). 14 "(f) Recovery of Fines.—The Commission may 15 take such action as may be necessary— "(1) to collect any fines it imposes under this 16 17 section; and 18 "(2) on behalf of any subscriber, any damages
- 20 "(g) Change Includes Initial Selection.—For

awarded the subscriber under this section.

- 21 purposes of this section, the initiation of service to a sub-
- 22 scriber by a telecommunications carrier or a reseller shall
- 23 be treated as a change in a subscriber's selection of a pro-
- 24 vider of telephone exchange service or telephone toll serv-
- 25 ice.".

- 1 (c) STATE RIGHT-OF-ACTION.—Section 258 of the
- 2 Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 258), as amend-
- 3 ed by subsection (b), is amended by adding at the end
- 4 thereof the following:
- 5 "(h) Actions by States.—
- "(1) AUTHORITY OF STATES.—Whenever the 6 7 attorney general of a State, or an official or agency 8 designated by a State, has reason to believe that a 9 telecommunications carrier or reseller has engaged 10 or is engaging in a pattern or practice of changing 11 telephone exchange service or telephone toll service 12 provider without authority from subscribers in that 13 State in violation of this section or the regulations 14 prescribed under this section, the State may bring a 15 civil action on behalf of its residents to enjoin such 16 unauthorized changes, an action to recover for ac-17 tual monetary loss or receive \$500 in damages for 18 each violation, or both such actions. If the court 19 finds the defendant willfully or knowingly violated 20 such regulations, the court may, in its discretion, in-21 crease the amount of the award to an amount equal 22 to not more than 3 times the amount available 23 under the preceding sentence.
  - "(2) Exclusive jurisdiction of federal courts.—The district courts of the United States,

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the United States courts of any territory, and the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia shall have exclusive jurisdiction over all civil actions brought under this subsection. Upon proper application, such courts shall also have jurisdiction to issue writs of mandamus, or orders affording like relief, commanding the defendant to comply with the provisions of this section or regulations prescribed under this section, including the requirement that the defendant take such action as is necessary to remove the danger of such violation. Upon a proper showing, a permanent or temporary injunction or restraining order shall be granted without bond.

"(3) RIGHTS OF COMMISSION.—The State shall serve prior written notice of any such civil action upon the Commission and provide the Commission with a copy of its complaint, except in any case where such prior notice is not feasible, in which case the State shall serve such notice immediately upon instituting such action. The Commission shall have the right—

- "(A) to intervene in the action;
- 23 "(B) upon so intervening, to be heard on 24 all matters arising therein; and
- 25 "(C) to file petitions for appeal.

"(4) Venue; service of process.—Any civil action brought under this subsection in a district court of the United States may be brought in the district wherein the defendant is found or is an inhabitant or transacts business or wherein the violation occurred or is occurring, and process in such cases may be served in any district in which the defendant is an inhabitant or where the defendant may be found.

- "(5) Investigatory powers.—For purposes of bringing any civil action under this subsection, nothing in this section shall prevent the attorney general of a State, or an official or agency designated by a State, from exercising the powers conferred on the attorney general or such official by the laws of such State to conduct investigations or to administer oaths or affirmations or to compel the attendance of witnesses or the production of documentary and other evidence.
- "(6) Effect on State Court proceed-INGS.—Nothing contained in this subsection shall be construed to prohibit an authorized State official from proceeding in State court on the basis of an alleged violation of any general civil or criminal statute of such State.

- 1 "(7) LIMITATION.—Whenever the Commission
  2 has instituted a civil action for violation of regula3 tions prescribed under this section, no State may,
  4 during the pendency of such action instituted by the
  5 Commission, subsequently institute a civil action
  6 against any defendant named in the Commission's
  7 complaint for any violation as alleged in the Commission's complaint.
- 9 "(8) DEFINITION.—As used in this subsection, 10 the term 'attorney general' means the chief legal of-11 ficer of a State.
- "(i) STATE LAW NOT PREEMPTED.—Nothing in this section or in the regulations prescribed under this section shall preempt any State law that imposes more restrictive intrastate requirements or regulations on, or which prohibits unauthorized changes in, a subscriber's selection of a provider of telephone exchange service or telephone toll service."
- (d) Report on Carriers Executing Unauthor-ized Changes of Telephone Service.—
- 21 (1) Report.—Not later than October 31, 22 1998, the Federal Communications Commission 23 shall submit to Congress a report on unauthorized 24 changes of subscribers' selections of providers of 25 telephone exchange service or telephone toll service.

- 1 (2) Elements.—The report shall include the following:
- 3 (A) A list of the 10 telecommunications 4 carriers that, during the 1-year period ending 5 on the date of the report, were subject to the 6 highest number of complaints of having exe-7 cuted unauthorized changes of subscribers from 8 their selected providers of telephone exchange 9 service or telephone toll service when compared 10 with the total number of subscribers served by 11 such carriers.
  - (B) The telecommunications carriers, if any, assessed fines under section 258(e) of the Communications Act of 1934 (as added by subsection (c)), during that period, including the amount of each such fine and whether the fine was assessed as a result of a court judgment or an order of the Commission or was secured pursuant to a consent decree.

#### 20 SEC. 2. REPORT ON TELEMARKETING PRACTICES.

21 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Federal Communications 22 Commission shall issue a report within 180 days after the 23 date of enactment of this Act on the telemarketing prac-24 tices used by telecommunications carriers or resellers or 25 their agents or employees for the purpose of soliciting

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- 1 changes by subscribers of their telephone exchange service
- 2 or telephone toll service provider.
- 3 (b) Specific Issues.—As part of the report required
- 4 under subsection (a), the Commission shall include find-
- 5 ings on—
- 6 (1) the extent to which imposing penalties on
- 7 telemarketers would deter unauthorized changes in a
- 8 subscriber's selection of a provider of telephone ex-
- 9 change service or telephone toll service;
- 10 (2) the need for rules requiring third-party ver-
- ification of changes in a subscriber's selection of
- such a provider; and
- 13 (3) whether wireless carriers should continue to
- be exempt from the verification and retention re-
- quirements imposed by section 258(a)(2)(B)(iii) of
- the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C.
- 17 258(a)(2)(B)(iii).
- 18 (c) Rulemaking.—If the Commission determines
- 19 that particular telemarketing practices are being used with
- 20 the intention to mislead, deceive, or confuse subscribers
- 21 and that they are likely to mislead, deceive, or confuse
- 22 subscribers, then the Commission shall initiate a rule-
- 23 making to prohibit the use of such practices within 120
- 24 days after the completion of its report.