#### 105TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

## H. R. 3738

To establish a responsible United States international tobacco policy, to prevent tobacco companies from targeting tobacco products to children, to ensure no government promotion of tobacco overseas, to curb smuggling of tobacco products, to establish the American Center on Global Health and Tobacco, and for other purposes.

#### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

April 28, 1998

Mr. Doggett (for himself, Mr. Kennedy of Massachusetts, Mrs. Lowey, Ms. Pelosi, Mr. Hansen, Mr. McDermott, Mr. Olver, Ms. Degette, Ms. Roybal-Allard, Mr. Stark, Ms. Millender-McDonald, Mr. Vento, Mr. Underwood, Mrs. Tauscher, and Mr. Pallone) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Commerce, and in addition to the Committees on Ways and Means, International Relations, National Security, Resources, and the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

## A BILL

To establish a responsible United States international tobacco policy, to prevent tobacco companies from targeting tobacco products to children, to ensure no government promotion of tobacco overseas, to curb smuggling of tobacco products, to establish the American Center on Global Health and Tobacco, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

## 1 TITLE I—PROHIBITIONS RELAT-

## 2 ING TO TOBACCO PRODUCTS

## 3 AND CHILDREN

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4	SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.
5	This title may be cited as the "International Tobacco
6	Responsibility Act''.
7	SEC. 102. PROHIBITIONS RELATING TO TOBACCO PROD-
8	UCTS AND CHILDREN.
9	Chapter VIII of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cos-
10	metic Act is amended by adding at the end the following:
11	"SEC. 804. PROHIBITION ON SALE OR DISTRIBUTION OF TO-
12	BACCO PRODUCTS TO CHILDREN.
13	"(a) General Rule.—It shall be unlawful for any
14	domestic concern or any officer, director, employee, or
15	agent of such concern to make use of the mails or any
16	means or instrumentality of interstate commerce to cause
17	or contribute, either directly or through a foreign subsidi-
18	ary, joint venture, affiliate, or licensee, to—
19	"(1) the sale or distribution of tobacco products
20	in a foreign country to children; or
21	"(2) the advertising or promotion of tobacco
22	products in a foreign country in a manner that does
23	not comply with Federal requirements for the adver-
24	tisement or promotion of tobacco products in the
25	United States.

1	"(b) Defense.—In an action brought to enforce
2	subsection (a), it shall be an affirmative defense that the
3	tobacco products involved were sold, distributed, adver-
4	tised, or promoted in the foreign country involved in a
5	manner that would be lawful if such conduct occurred in
6	the United States.
7	"SEC. 805. LABELING.
8	"It shall be unlawful for any domestic concern or any
9	officer, director, employee, or agent of such concern, either
10	directly or through a foreign subsidiary, joint venture, af-
11	filiate, or licensee, to make use of the mails or any means
12	or instrumentality of interstate commerce to cause or con-
13	tribute to the export from the United States or the sale
14	or distribution in, or export from, any other country any
15	tobacco product the package of which does not contain a
16	warning label that—
17	"(1) is in the primary language or languages of
18	the country in which the tobacco product is sold or
19	distributed to consumers; and
20	"(2) except for the requirement of paragraph
21	(1)—
22	"(A) complies with Federal requirements
23	for labeling of similar tobacco products manu-
24	factured, imported, or packaged for sale or dis-
25	tribution in the United States: or

- 1 "(B) complies with the labeling require2 ments of the foreign country in which the prod3 uct is sold or distributed to consumers and
  4 which labeling requirements the Secretary de5 termines are substantially similar to Federal re6 quirements and are adequately enforced by such
  7 country.".
- 8 SEC. 103. ENFORCEMENT.
- 9 Section 301 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic
- 10 Act (21 U.S.C. 331) is amended by adding at the end the
- 11 following:
- 12 "(aa) To carry out an act made unlawful by section
- 13 804 or 805.
- 14 SEC. 104. REWARD.
- 15 Section 303(b)(5) of the Federal Food, Drug, and
- 16 Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 333)(b)(5)) is amended by add-
- 17 ing at the end the following: "If a person provides infor-
- 18 mation leading to the institution of a criminal proceeding
- 19 against, and conviction of, a person for a violation of sec-
- 20 tion 301(aa), such person shall be entitled to one-half of
- 21 the criminal fine imposed and collected for such violation
- 22 but not more than \$125,000.".

#### 1 SEC. 105. DEFINITIONS.

2 Section 201 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Co	$\operatorname{smetic}$
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- 3 Act (21 U.S.C. 321) is amended by adding at the end the
- 4 following:
- 5 "(kk) The term 'domestic concern' means—
- 6 "(1) any individual who is a citizen, national, or
- 7 resident of the United States; and
- 8 "(2) any corporation, partnership, association,
- 9 joint-stock company, business trust, unincorporated
- organization, or sole proprietorship which has its
- principal place of business in the United States or
- which is organized under the laws of a State of the
- 13 United States or a territory, possession, or common-
- wealth of the United States.
- 15 "(ll) The term 'children' means an individual under
- 16 the age of 18.".

## 17 TITLE II—PROHIBITION ON USE

- 18 OF FUNDS TO FACILITATE
- 19 THE EXPORTATION OR PRO-
- 20 **MOTION OF TOBACCO**
- 21 SEC. 201. PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS TO FACILITATE
- 22 THE EXPORTATION OR PROMOTION OF TO-
- BACCO.
- 24 (a) IN GENERAL.—No funds made available by ap-
- 25 propriations or otherwise made available may be used by

1	any officer, employee, department, or agency of the United
2	States—
3	(1) to promote or encourage the export, re-ex-
4	port, sale, manufacture, advertising, promotion, dis-
5	tribution, or use of tobacco or tobacco products to
6	or in a foreign country; or
7	(2) to seek, through negotiation or otherwise,
8	the removal or reduction by any foreign country of
9	any restriction or proposed restriction in that coun-
10	try on the importation, export, re-export, sale, man-
11	ufacture, advertising, promotion, distribution, pack-
12	aging, labeling, use, content, imposition of tariffs, or
13	taxation, of tobacco or tobacco products.
14	(b) Exception.—Subsection (a)(2) shall not apply
15	to any restriction or proposed restriction by a foreign
16	country if—
17	(1) the restriction is applied in a manner which
18	constitutes a means of arbitrary or unjustifiable dis-
19	crimination between countries;
20	(2) the Secretary of Commerce certifies in writ-
21	ing to Congress that the restriction is being applied
22	in a manner that constitutes a means of arbitrary or
23	unjustifiable discrimination between countries; and
24	(3) the Secretary of Health and Human Serv-
25	ices certifies to Congress in writing that the restric-

1 tion is not a reasonable means of protecting the pub-2 lic health. (c) Definition.—In this section, the term "arbi-3 trary or unjustifiable discrimination" means a restriction 5 or proposed restriction by a foreign country that— 6 (1) is arbitrary or unjustifiable; and 7 (2) does not adhere to the principle of national 8 treatment and applies less favorable treatment to 9 goods that are imported into that country than the 10 country applies to like goods that are the product, 11 growth, or manufacture of that country. III—AMERICAN TITLE CENTER 12 ON GLOBAL HEALTH AND TO-13 **BACCO** 14 15 SEC. 301. INTERNATIONAL TOBACCO CONTROL EFFORTS. 16 Of the funds paid to the United States by tobacco manufacturers in accordance with Federal law to implement the proposed resolution of the controversy between the tobacco manufacturers and the States adopted June 19 20 20, 1997, or an increase in the Federal excise tax on tobacco products, two percent shall be made available as fol-22 lows: 23 (1) Of the funds to be made available, 50 per-24 cent shall be used to carry out the purpose of the

1	American Center on Global Health and Tobacco
2	under section 302.
3	(2) Of the funds to be made available, 50 per-
4	cent shall be made available to the Secretary of
5	Health and Human Services for grants and other
6	forms of assistance to foreign governments, non-
7	governmental organizations, and international orga-
8	nizations to support tobacco control activities in for-
9	eign countries.
10	SEC. 302. AMERICAN CENTER ON GLOBAL HEALTH AND TO-
11	BACCO.
12	(a) Findings and Purpose.—
13	(1) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following
14	findings:
15	(A) Tobacco use is estimated to have
16	caused nearly 3,000,000 deaths a year world-
17	wide in the early 1990's, and is projected to
18	cause in excess of 10,000,000 additional deaths
19	a year globally by 2030, more than any single
20	disease. More than 70 percent of those deaths
21	are expected in developing countries.
22	(B) Many countries are unprepared to ad-
23	dress increases in tobacco deaths, including the
24	impact on health systems and health costs.
25	While tobacco consumption in the United States

- and other established market economies has fallen over the last decade, consumption is rising in China, India, East Asia, and former socialist economies. Tobacco companies in the United States and elsewhere have increasingly targeted those markets.
  - (C) Tobacco use markedly reduces good health and threatens to erode the major health gains in life expectancy of the last century. Only HIV/AIDS infection and tobacco are large and growing causes of death and disease worldwide. The total projected deaths from tobacco over the next 10 years likely will exceed deaths from HIV/AIDS, maternal and childhood conditions, and tuberculosis combined.
  - (D) The United States consistently has provided leadership and funding to address the world's most pressing public health needs, including HIV/AIDS, hunger, maternal and child health, and immunization.
  - (E) Through exports and overseas operations, United States tobacco companies sell more cigarettes overseas than they do in the United States. Foreign sales now account for

1 more than half of all sales for the 2 leading 2 United States tobacco manufacturers.

- (F) United States companies spend billions of dollars on aggressive tobacco marketing campaigns overseas that associate smoking with the United States, affluence, freedom, and liberation. In many markets, American companies reach youthful audiences through television and radio advertising, free samples, and other methods that are outlawed in the United States.
- (G) In light of the role the United States tobacco companies have played in spreading tobacco use globally, and in light of the large financial benefits they continue to enjoy from tobacco exports, it is appropriate that this section be enacted in order to provide assistance and funding for international public education and mass media programs to inform the public about the hazards of tobacco use.
- (2) Purpose.—The purpose of this section is to establish the American Center on Global Health and Tobacco. The Center shall assist organizations in other countries to reduce and prevent the use of tobacco. Activities that the Center shall support include—

1	(A) public education programs that inform
2	the public about the hazards of tobacco use and
3	of environmental tobacco smoke;
4	(B) mass media campaigns, including
5	counter-tobacco advertisements, to reverse the
6	image appeal of pro-tobacco messages, espe-
7	cially those that glamorize and "Westernize" to-
8	bacco use to young people; and
9	(C) education about the economic and soci-
10	etal costs of tobacco use, and effective tobacco
11	use prevention and cessation strategies that are
12	appropriate for the country involved.
13	(b) Establishment.—
14	(1) In general.—There is established in the
15	District of Columbia a private, nonprofit corporation
16	to be known as the American Center on Global
17	Health and Tobacco (in this section referred to as
18	"ACT"). ACT shall—
19	(A) not be an agency or establishment of
20	the United States; and
21	(B) except as otherwise provided in this
22	section, be subject to, and have all the powers
23	conferred upon a nonprofit corporation by the
24	District of Columbia Nonprofit Corporation Act
25	(D.C. Code section 29–501 et sea.).

1	(2) Relation to united states.—Nothing in
2	this section shall be construed as making ACT an
3	agency or establishment of the United States, or as
4	making the members of the Board of ACT, or its
5	employees, officers or employees of the United
6	States.
7	(3) Relation to nongovernmental organi-
8	ZATIONS.—ACT shall have a limited staff, and, to
9	the maximum extent practicable, utilize the available
10	experience and talents of nongovernmental organiza-
11	tions with specialized experience in health, edu-
12	cation, media, and tobacco.
13	(4) GOVERNING BOARD.—ACT shall be gov-
14	erned by a board of up to 25 members including—
15	(A) on a bipartisan basis, Members of the
16	Senate and of the House of Representatives;
17	(B) the heads of American public health
18	organizations;
19	(C) the heads of American media, market-
20	ing, and other nongovernment institutions and
21	corporations; and
22	(D) individuals active in education, public
23	health, and other relevant activities.
24	(5) Eligibility for service on the gov-
25	ERNING BOARD.—No person who receives benefits,

1	either directly or indirectly, from a company which
2	sells or manufactures tobacco products may serve on
3	the Governing Board of ACT.
4	(6) International advisory council.—An
5	International Advisory Council consisting of rep-
6	resentatives from key global, regional, and national
7	public health organizations, and leading individual
8	educators and health professionals shall provide ad-
9	visory assistance to ACT.
10	(c) Requirements for Eligibility for Annual
11	Appropriations.—
12	(1) Oversight.—ACT and its grantees shall
13	be subject to the oversight and supervision of Con-
14	gress, and shall annually submit a report of its ac-
15	tivities to Congress in accordance with paragraph
16	(5)(A)(iii).
17	(2) Compliance.—
18	(A) Funding contingent on compli-
19	ANCE.—Annual appropriations may be made to
20	ACT under this section only if ACT complies
21	with the requirements specified in this section.
22	(B) USE OF FUNDS.—ACT may only fund
23	programs for private sector groups, and may
24	not carry out programs directly. ACT may pro-

1	vide funding only for programs which are con-
2	sistent with the purposes of this section.
3	(3) Salaries and compensation.—
4	(A) NO OTHER SOURCE OF COMPENSA-
5	TION.—Officers and employees of ACT may not
6	receive any salary or other compensation from
7	any source other than ACT for services per-
8	formed for ACT.
9	(B) United states officers and em-
10	PLOYEES.—An individual who is an officer or
11	employee of the United States who also serves
12	on the Board of Directors or as an officer or
13	employee of ACT, may not receive any com-
14	pensation or travel expenses in connection with
15	services performed for ACT.
16	(4) STOCKS AND DIVIDENDS.—ACT shall not
17	issue any shares of stock or declare or pay any divi-
18	dends.
19	(5) Audits.—
20	(A) Independent public account-
21	ANTS.—
22	(i) In general.—The accounts of
23	ACT shall be audited annually in accord-
24	ance with generally accepted auditing
25	standards by independent certified public

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accountants or independent licensed public accountants certified or licensed by a regulatory authority of a State or other political subdivision of the United States. The audits shall be conducted at the place or places where the accounts of ACT are normally kept. All books, accounts, financial records, reports, files, and all other papers, things, or property belonging to or in use by ACT and necessary to facilitate the audits shall be made available to the person or persons conducting the audits, and full facilities for verifying transactions with any assets held by depositories, fiscal agents, and custodians shall be afforded to such person or persons.

(ii) Content of Audit.—The report of each audit conducted under clause (i) shall be included in the annual report required under this subsection. The audit report shall set forth the scope of the audit and include such statements as are necessary to present fairly ACT's assets and liabilities, surplus or deficit, with an analysis of the changes therein during the year,

supplemented in reasonable detail by a statement of the income and expenses of ACT during the year, and a statement of the application of funds, together with the independent auditor's opinion of those statements.

(iii) Report.—Not later than December 31 of each year, ACT shall submit an annual report for the preceding fiscal year to the President for transmittal to Congress. The report shall include a comprehensive and detailed report of ACT's operations, activities, financial condition, and accomplishments under this section and may include such recommendations as ACT deems appropriate.

#### (B) Comptroller general.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—The financial transactions of ACT for each fiscal year may be audited by the Comptroller General in accordance with such principles and procedures and under such rules and regulations as the Comptroller General may prescribe. Any such audit shall be conducted at the place or places where accounts of ACT are

normally kept. The Comptroller General shall have access to all books, accounts, records, reports, files, and all other papers, things, or property belonging to or in use by ACT pertaining to its financial transactions and necessary to facilitate the audit. All books, accounts, records, reports, files, papers, and property of ACT shall remain in the possession and custody of ACT.

(ii) Report.—A report of each audit shall be made by the Comptroller General to Congress. A copy of each report shall be furnished to the President and to ACT at the time the report is submitted to Congress.

#### (6) Recordkeeping.—

(A) In General.—ACT shall ensure that each recipient of assistance from ACT under this section keeps such records as may be reasonably necessary to fully disclose the amount and the disposition by such recipient of the proceeds of such assistance, the total cost of the project or undertaking in connection with which such assistance is given or used, and the

amount and nature of that portion of the cost of the project or undertaking supplied by other sources, and such other records as will facilitate an effective audit.

(B) Access.—ACT shall ensure that it, or any of its duly authorized representatives, shall have access for the purpose of audit and examination to any books, documents, papers, and records of each recipient of assistance from ACT that are pertinent to assistance provided through ACT under this section.

# TITLE IV—PREVENTION OF TOBACCO SMUGGLING

14 SEC. 401. DEFINITIONS.

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- 15 (a) Incorporation of Certain Definitions.—In
- 16 this title, the terms "cigar", "cigarette", "person", "pipe
- 17 tobacco", "smokeless tobacco", "State", "tobacco prod-
- 18 uct", and "United States" shall have the meanings given
- 19 such terms in sections 5702(a), 5702(b), 7701(a)(1),
- 20 5702(o), 5702(n)(1), 3306(j)(1), 5702(c), and 3306(j)(2)
- 21 respectively of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
- (b) OTHER DEFINITIONS.—In this title:
- 23 (1) Affiliate.—The term "affiliate" means
- any one of 2 or more persons if 1 of such persons
- 25 has actual or legal control, directly or indirectly,

- whether by stock ownership or otherwise, of the other or others of such persons, and any one of 2 or more persons subject to common control, actual or legal, directly or indirectly, whether by stock ownership or otherwise.
  - (2) Interstate of foreign commerce.—The term "interstate or foreign commerce" means commerce between any State and any place outside thereof, or commerce within any Territory or the District of Columbia, or between points within the same State but through any place outside thereof.
  - (3) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Treasury.
    - (4) Package.—The term "package" means the innermost sealed container irrespective of the material from which such container is made, in which a tobacco product is placed by the manufacturer and in which such tobacco product is offered for sale to a member of the general public.
- 20 (5) RETAILER.—The term "retailer" means any 21 dealer who sells, or offers for sale, any tobacco prod-22 uct to any person other than a wholesaler.

#### 23 SEC. 402. TOBACCO PRODUCT LABELING REQUIREMENTS.

24 (a) IN GENERAL.—It shall be unlawful for any per-25 son to sell or ship or deliver for sale or shipment, or other-

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- 1 wise introduce in interstate or foreign commerce, to re-
- 2 ceive therein, or to remove from customs custody for use,
- 3 any tobacco product unless such product is packaged and
- 4 labeled in conformity with this section.

#### 5 (b) Labeling.—

- 6 (1) Identification.—Not later than 1 year 7 after the date of enactment of this title, the Sec-8 retary shall promulgate regulations that require each 9 manufacturer of tobacco products to legibly print a 10 unique serial number on all packages of tobacco 11 products manufactured for sale or distribution. Such 12 serial number shall be designed to enable the Sec-13 retary to identify the manufacturer of the product, 14 and the location and date of manufacture. The Sec-15 retary shall determine the size and location of the 16 serial number.
  - (2) Country of final destribution.—Each package of a tobacco product that is exported shall be labeled with the name of the country of final destination. The Secretary shall promulgate regulations to determine the size and location of the label and under what circumstances a waiver of this paragraph shall be granted.
- 24 (c) Prohibition on Alteration.—It shall be un-25 lawful for any person to alter, mutilate, destroy, obliterate,

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1	or remove any mark or label required under this title upon
2	a tobacco product in or affecting commerce, except as au-
3	thorized by Federal law or except pursuant to regulations
4	of the Secretary authorizing relabeling for purposes of
5	compliance with the requirements of this section or of
6	State law.
7	SEC. 403. REQUIREMENTS FOR THE TRACKING OF TO
8	BACCO PRODUCTS.
9	(a) Posting of Bond.—
10	(1) In general.—It shall be unlawful for any
11	person to export any tobacco product unless such
12	person—
13	(A) has posted with the Secretary a to-
14	bacco product bond in accordance with this sec-
15	tion for such product that contains a disclosure
16	of the country to which such product will be ex-
17	ported; and
18	(B) receives a written statement from the
19	recipient of the tobacco products involved that
20	such person—
21	(i) will not knowingly and willfully vio-
22	late any law or regulation of such country
23	with respect to such products; and
24	(ii) has never been convicted of any
25	offense with respect to tobacco products.

- 1 (2) Regulations.—The Secretary shall pro2 mulgate regulations that determine the frequency
  3 and the amount of each bond that must be posted
  4 under paragraph (1), but in no case shall such
  5 amount be less than an amount equal to the Federal
  6 tax imposed under chapter 52 of the Internal Reve7 nue Code of 1986 on the value of the shipment of
  8 the products involved if such products were con-
- 10 (b) Return of Bond.—The Secretary shall return 11 a bond posted under subsection (a) upon a determination 12 by the Secretary (based on documentation provided by the 13 person who posted the bond in accordance with regulations 14 promulgated by the Secretary) that the tobacco products 15 to which the bond applies—
- 16 (1) have been received in the country of final 17 destination as designated in the bond; or
- 18 (2) have been stolen or destroyed.

sumed within the United States.

#### 19 SEC. 404. TOBACCO PRODUCT PERMITS.

20 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the 21 date of enactment of this title, the Secretary shall estab-22 lish a program under which tobacco product permits are 23 issued to persons desiring to sell or ship, or deliver for 24 sale or shipment, or otherwise introduce in interstate or

- 1 foreign commerce, or to receive therein, or to remove from
- 2 customs custody for use, any tobacco product.
- 3 (b) Conditions.—The issuance of a permit to a
- 4 manufacturer under this section shall be conditioned upon
- 5 the compliance of the manufacturer with the requirements
- 6 of this title and with all Federal laws relating to tobacco
- 7 products.
- 8 (c) REVOCATION, SUSPENSION, AND ANNULMENT.—
- 9 The program established under subsection (a) shall permit
- 10 the Secretary to revoke, suspend, or annul a permit issued
- 11 under this section if the Secretary determines that the
- 12 terms or conditions of the permit have not been complied
- 13 with. Prior to any action under this subsection, the Sec-
- 14 retary shall provide the permittee with due notice and the
- 15 opportunity for a hearing.
- 16 (d) Records and Audits.—The Secretary may,
- 17 under the program established under subsection (a), re-
- 18 quire permit holders to keep records concerning the chain
- 19 of custody of the tobacco products that are the subject
- 20 of the permit and make such records available to the Sec-
- 21 retary for inspection and audit.
- (e) Retailers.—This section shall not apply to re-
- 23 tailers of tobacco products, except that retailers shall
- 24 maintain commercial records of receipt, and such records
- 25 shall be available to the Secretary for inspection and audit.

## 1 SEC. 405. PROHIBITIONS.

2	(a) Importation and Sale.—It shall be unlawful,
3	except pursuant to a permit issued by the Secretary under
4	section 504—
5	(1) to engage in the business of importing into
6	the United States tobacco products; or
7	(2) for any person so engaged to sell, offer, or
8	deliver for sale, contract to sell, or ship, in or affect-
9	ing commerce, directly or indirectly or through affili-
10	ate, tobacco products so imported.
11	(b) Manufacture and Sale.—It shall be unlawful,
12	except pursuant to a permit issued by the Secretary under
13	section 504—
14	(1) to engage in the business of manufacturing,
15	packaging or warehousing tobacco products; or
16	(2) for any person so engaged to sell, offer, or
17	deliver for sale, contract to sell, or ship, in interstate
18	or foreign commerce, directly or indirectly or
19	through an affiliate, tobacco products so manufac-
20	tured, packaged or warehoused.
21	(c) Wholesale.—It shall be unlawful, except pursu-
22	ant to a permit issued by the Secretary under section
23	504—
24	(1) to engage in the business of purchasing for
25	resale at wholesale tobacco products: or

1	(2) for any person so engaged to receive or sell,
2	offer or deliver for sale, contract to sell, or ship, in
3	interstate or foreign commerce, directly or indirectly
4	or through an affiliate, tobacco products so pur-
5	chased.
6	(d) Effective Date.—The provisions of this sec-
7	tion shall become effective on the date that is 180 days
8	after the date of enactment of this title.
9	SEC. 406. PRICING AND LABELING OF PRODUCTS SOLD ON
10	MILITARY INSTALLATIONS OR ON INDIAN
11	RESERVATIONS.
12	(a) Military Installations.—
13	(1) In general.—The Secretary of Defense, in
14	consultation with the Secretary, shall promulgate
15	regulations to limit the sale of tobacco products on
16	a military installation (as defined in section
17	2801(c)(2) of title 10, United States Code) to—
18	(A) with respect to cigarettes, 1 carton per
19	individual per day; and
20	(B) with respect to noncigarette tobacco
21	products, a reasonable amount per day as de-
22	termined appropriate by the Secretary of De-
23	fense under such regulations.
24	(2) Label.—The regulations under paragraph
25	(1) shall require that each package of a tobacco

- 1 product that is sold on a military installation be la-
- 2 beled as such. Such regulations shall include require-
- 3 ments for the size and location of the label.
- 4 (b) Indian Tribes.—The Secretary, in consultation
- 5 with the Secretary of Interior, shall promulgate regula-
- 6 tions that require that each package of a tobacco product
- 7 that is sold on an Indian reservation (as defined in section
- 8 403(9) of the Indian Child Protection and Family Violence
- 9 Prevention Act (25 U.S.C. 3202(9))) be labeled as such.
- 10 Such regulations shall include requirements for the size
- 11 and location of the label.
- 12 SEC. 407. PROHIBITION AGAINST SALE OF TOBACCO PROD-
- 13 UCTS IN OR TO DUTY-FREE SHOPS OR FOR-
- 14 WARDING THROUGH OR MANUFACTURE IN
- 15 TRADE ZONES.
- 16 (a) Duty-Free Shops.—The Secretary shall pro-
- 17 mulgate regulations to enforce a reasonable per day limit
- 18 on the sale of tobacco products at duty-free shops.
- 19 (b) Trade Zones.—No person may forward through
- 20 or manufacture a tobacco product in any foreign trade
- 21 zone, as defined for purposes of the Act of June 18, 1934
- 22 (19 U.S.C. 81a et seq.).

1	SEC. 408. JURISDICTION; PENALTIES; COMPROMISE OF LI-
2	ABILITY.
3	(a) Jurisdiction.—The district courts of the United
4	States, and the United States court for any Territory or
5	of the District where the offense is committed or threat-
6	ened or of which the offender is an inhabitant or has its
7	principal place of business, are vested with jurisdiction of
8	any suit brought by the Attorney General in the name of
9	the United States, to prevent and restrain violations of
10	any of the provisions of this title.
11	(b) Penalties.—The provisions of section 3571 of
12	title 18, United States Code, shall apply to any person
13	convicted of violating any of the provisions of this title
14	as if such person were convicted of a felony under such
15	title.
16	(c) Compromise of Liability.—The Secretary is
17	authorized, with respect to any violation of this title, to
18	compromise the liability arising with respect to a violation
19	of this title—
20	(1) upon payment of a sum not in excess of
21	\$10,000 for each offense, to be collected by the Sec-
22	retary and to be paid into the Treasury as mis-
23	cellaneous receipts; and
24	(2) in the case of repetitious violations and in
25	order to avoid multiplicity of criminal proceedings,
26	upon agreement to a stipulation, that the United

1	States may, on its own motion upon 5 days' notice
2	to the violator, cause a consent decree to be entered
3	by any court of competent jurisdiction enjoining the
4	repetition of such violation.
5	SEC. 409. AMENDMENTS TO THE CONTRABAND CIGARETTE
6	TRAFFICKING ACT.
7	(a) Definitions.—Section 2341 of title 18, United
8	States Code, is amended—
9	(1) in paragraph (2)—
10	(A) by striking "60,000" and inserting
11	"30,000"; and
12	(B) by inserting after "payment of ciga-
13	rette taxes," the following: "or in the case of a
14	State that does not require any such indication
15	of tax payment, if the person in possession of
16	the cigarettes is unable to provide any evidence
17	that the cigarettes are moving legally in inter-
18	state commerce,"; and
19	(2) in paragraph (4), by striking "and" at the
20	end;
21	(3) in paragraph (5), by striking the period and
22	inserting a semicolon; and
23	(4) by adding at the end the following:

1	"(6) the term 'tobacco product' means cigars,
2	cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, and pipe tobacco (as
3	such terms are defined in section 501); and
4	"(7) the term 'contraband tobacco product'
5	means a quantity in excess of 30,000 of any tobacco
6	product that is manufactured, sold, shipped, deliv-
7	ered, transferred, or possessed in violation of Fed-
8	eral laws relating to the distribution of tobacco prod-
9	ucts.".
10	(b) Unlawful Acts.—Section 2342 of title 18,
11	United States Code, is amended—
12	(1) in subsection (a), by inserting "or contra-
13	band tobacco products" before the period;
14	(2) in subsection (b)—
15	(A) by striking "cigarettes" and inserting
16	"tobacco products";
17	(B) by striking "60,000" and inserting
18	"30,000"; and
19	(C) by inserting before the period the fol-
20	lowing: "or knowingly to fail to maintain dis-
21	tribution records, alter or obliterate required
22	markings, or interfere with any inspection as
23	required or prohibited under Federal law with
24	respect to such quantity of tobacco products";
25	and

1 (3) by adding at the end the following: 2 "(c) It shall be unlawful for any person knowingly 3 to transport tobacco products under a false bill of lading 4 or without any bill of lading.". 5 (c) Record Keeping.—Section 2343 of title 18, 6 United States Code, is amended— (1) by striking "cigarettes" each place that 7 8 such appears and inserting "tobacco products"; 9 (2) in subsection (a), by striking "60,000" and inserting "30,000"; 10 11 (3) in subsection (b), by striking "60,000" and 12 inserting "30,000". 13 (d) Penalties.—Section 2344 of title 18, United 14 States Code, is amended— 15 (1) in subsection (c), by inserting "or contraband tobacco products" after "cigarettes"; and 16 17 (2) by adding at the end the following: 18 "(d) Any proceeds from the unlawful distribution of tobacco products shall be subject to seizure and forfeiture 19 20 under this chapter.". 21 SEC. 410. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS. 22 There are authorized to be appropriated such sums

as may be necessary to carry out this title.

## 1 TITLE V—SENSE OF CONGRESS

- 2 SEC. 501. SENSE OF CONGRESS.
- 3 It is the sense of Congress that the United States
- 4 Government should support the development, adoption,
- 5 and implementation of the International Framework Con-
- 6 vention on Tobacco Control through all available re-
- 7 sources, including direct financial support, technical as-
- 8 sistance, and any other appropriate measure.

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