105TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

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H. R. 203

To designate the Republic of Korea as a visa waiver pilot program country for one year under the Immigration and Nationality Act.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

January 7, 1997

Mr. Kim (for himself, Mr. Abercrombie, and Mr. Underwood) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To designate the Republic of Korea as a visa waiver pilot program country for one year under the Immigration and Nationality Act.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, 3 SECTION 1. CONGRESSIONAL FINDINGS. 4 The Congress makes the following findings: 5 (1) The Republic of Korea and the United 6 States have close historical and military ties. 7 (2) The Republic of Korea has been designated 8 as a major non-NATO ally. 9 (3) The Republic of Korea is the sixth largest

trading partner of the United States.

- 1 (4) There is increasing demand by citizens of 2 the Republic of Korea to visit the United States, 3 with an increased demand for nonimmigrant visas 4 from a 1982 total of 800 to a 1995 total of over 5 2,000 applications per day.
 - (5) During calendar year 1995, a total of 592,000 Korean citizens visited the United States, an increase of 19 percent over calendar year 1994.
 - (6) According to the United States Department of Commerce, overall tourism dollars spent in the United States by tourists from the Republic of Korea exceeded \$680,000,000 in fiscal year 1993.
 - (7) According to the United States Census Bureau, in 1995 the United States exported goods valued at \$25,379,874,000 to the Republic of Korea, and imported goods valued at \$24,183,941,000 from the Republic of Korea, a trade surplus of nearly \$1,200,000,000.
 - (8) Currently all potential Republic of Korea travelers seeking to obtain a travel visa to the United States must apply at the United States Embassy in Seoul, regardless of their place of residence in the Republic of Korea.
- 24 (9) The United States consular affairs office at 25 the United States Embassy in Seoul has not been

- 1 able to meet the growing demand for nonimmigrant
- 2 visas to the United States due to lack of space and
- 3 personnel, resulting in unnecessary delays, frustra-
- 4 tion, and loss of economic opportunity for the
- 5 United States.
- 6 (10) During the past year numerous press re-
- 7 ports and media stories have centered around the
- 8 growing dissatisfaction of the South Korean people
- 9 in relation to such delays and the lack of adequate
- protection against the natural elements.
- 11 (11) The Republic of Korea has a unique place
- of importance with respect to the United States
- under the provisions of the United States-North
- 14 Korea Agreed Framework.
- 15 SEC. 2. DESIGNATION OF THE REPUBLIC OF KOREA AS A
- 16 VISA WAIVER PILOT PROGRAM COUNTRY.
- 17 (a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
- 18 sion of law, beginning 60 days after date of enactment
- 19 of this Act, the Republic of Korea shall be designated for
- 20 one year as a visa waiver pilot program country for the
- 21 purposes of section 217 of the Immigration and National-
- 22 ity Act.
- 23 (b) Authority To Designate.—Notwithstanding
- 24 any other provision of law, the requirements for designa-
- 25 tion of a country under section 217 of the Immigration

- 1 and Nationality Act shall not apply to any designation of
- 2 the Republic of Korea as a visa waiver pilot program coun-
- 3 try under such section.
- 4 (c) REPORT REQUIREMENTS.—No later than one
- 5 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
- 6 of State and the Attorney General shall compile and sub-
- 7 mit to Congress a report evaluating the visa waiver pilot
- 8 program country designation under subsection (a) and the
- 9 qualifications of the Republic of Korea for designation
- 10 under the provisions of section 217 of the Immigration
- 11 and Nationality Act.

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