105TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 1244

To prescribe labels for packages and advertising for tobacco products, to provide for the disclosure of certain information relating to tobacco products, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

April 8, 1997

Mr. Meehan (for himself, Mr. Hansen, Mr. Riggs, Mr. Waxman, Mr. Serrano, and Mr. Visclosky) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Commerce

A BILL

To prescribe labels for packages and advertising for tobacco products, to provide for the disclosure of certain information relating to tobacco products, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Tobacco Disclosure
- 5 and Warning Act of 1997".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 The Congress finds the following:

- 1 (1) Tobacco products are the largest prevent-2 able cause of illness and premature death, respon-3 sible for 1 of every 5 deaths in the United States.
 - (2) Tobacco is a uniquely harmful product in that it is the only product which kills when used as intended.
 - (3) Cigarettes and spit tobacco products are powerfully addictive because they contain nicotine which is a poisonous, addictive drug.
 - (4) Tobacco-related addiction is a pediatric disease. The vast majority of new smokers are teenagers or younger and children are beginning to smoke today at a younger age than ever before.
 - (5) The United States health care system spends an estimated \$50 billion a year to treat diseases caused by tobacco use. In addition, the United States economy loses \$50 billion a year from lost productivity due to tobacco-related illnesses and premature death.
 - (6) The nicotine in tobacco products is responsible for the addiction of up to one half of all children who experiment with tobacco.
 - (7) More than 3,000 children begin smoking each day. An estimated 1,000 of them will die from a tobacco-related illness.

- 1 (8) Tobacco manufacturers manipulate the lev-2 els and presence of the drug nicotine in their prod-3 ucts with the intent to cause and sustain addiction 4 in consumers.
 - (9) In 1997 the tobacco industry will spend over \$5 billion on advertising and promotion to attract new users, retain current users, increase current consumption, and generate favorable long-term attitudes toward smoking and tobacco use.
 - (10) The Federal Government has a substantial interest in ensuring that those who do not use to-bacco products are not encouraged to use them and those who use tobacco products are discouraged from continuing their use.
 - (11) A failure to provide adequate and complete health warnings and labeling information to fully inform consumers about the risks and dangers of tobacco use is misleading.
 - (12) Health warnings on cigarette packages have not been updated since 1984 and do not fully reflect current scientific knowledge on the adverse health effects of tobacco use.
 - (13) The display format of tobacco health warnings can be more effective as a vehicle for promoting public knowledge of the health risks.

1	(14) Health warnings are most effective when
2	directed at those people who are tempted to try
3	smoking, who are experimenting with smoking, or
4	who are considering a decision to quit smoking.
5	(15) Health warnings will be most effective
6	when they are present each time the opportunity to
7	use a tobacco product occurs and each time tobacco
8	products are promoted and advertised.
9	(16) Changes in warning format and revisions
10	in the text of health warnings further the Federal
11	government's commitment to reduce tobacco-related
12	disease and are a low cost means of enhancing the
13	effectiveness of other tobacco reduction programs.
14	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
15	As used in this Act:
16	(1) The term "advertisement" means—
17	(A) all newspapers and magazine adver-
18	tisements and advertising inserts, billboards,
19	posters, signs, decals, banners, matchbook ad-
20	vertising, point-of-purchase display material
21	and all other written or other material used for
22	promoting the sale or consumption of tobacco
23	products to consumers,
24	(B) advertising at an internet site,
25	(C) advertising promotion allowances,

- 1 (D) the appearance on any item (other 2 than cigarettes or other tobacco products) of 3 the brand name (alone or in conjunction with 4 any other word), logo, symbol, motto, selling message, recognizable color or pattern of colors, 6 or any other indicia of product identification 7 identical or similar to, or identifiable with, 8 those used for any brand of cigarettes or other 9 tobacco products,
 - (E) any other means used to promote the identification or purchase of tobacco products.
 - (2) The term "brand" means a variety of tobacco products distinguished by the tobacco used, tar and nicotine content, flavoring used, size of the tobacco product, filtration, or packaging.

(3) The term "cigarette" means—

- (A) any roll of tobacco wrapped in paper or in any substance not containing tobacco which is to be burned,
- (B) any roll of tobacco wrapped in any substance containing tobacco which, because of its appearance, the type of tobacco used in the filler, or its packaging and labeling is likely to be offered to, or purchased by consumers as a cigarette described in subparagraph (A),

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- 1 (C) little cigars which are any roll of to2 bacco wrapped in leaf tobacco or any substance
 3 containing tobacco (other than any roll of to4 bacco which is a cigarette within the meaning
 5 of subparagraph (A)) and as to which one thou8 sand units weigh not more than 3 pounds, and
 - (D) loose rolling tobacco and papers or tubes used to contain such tobacco.
 - (4) The term "constituent" means any element of tobacco or cigarette mainstream or sidestream smoke, including tar, the components of the tar, nicotine, and carbon monoxide or any other component designated by the Secretary.
 - (5) The term "distributor" does not include a retailer and the term "distribute" does not include retail distribution.
 - (6) The term "ingredient" means any substance the use of which results, or may reasonably be expected to result, directly or indirectly, in its becoming a component of any tobacco product, including any component of the paper or filter of such product.
 - (7) The term "package" means a pack, box, carton, or other container of any kind in which ciga-

1	rettes or other tobacco products are offered for sale,
2	sold, or otherwise distributed to customers.
3	(8) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary
4	of Health and Human Services.
5	(9) The term "spit tobacco" means any finely
6	cut, ground, powdered, or leaf tobacco that is in-
7	tended to be placed in the oral cavity.
8	(10) The term "tar" means the particulate
9	matter from tobacco smoke minus water and nico-
10	tine.
11	(11) The term "tobacco product" means—
12	(A) cigarettes,
13	(B) little cigars,
14	(C) cigars as defined in section 5702 of
15	the Internal Revenue Code of 1954,
16	(D) pipe tobacco,
17	(E) loose rolling tobacco and papers used
18	to contain such tobacco,
19	(F) products referred to as spit tobacco,
20	and
21	(G) any other form of tobacco intended for
22	human consumption.
23	(12) The term "trademark" means any word,
24	name, symbol, logo, or device or any combination
25	thereof used by a person to identify or distinguish

1	such person's goods from those manufactured or
2	sold by another person and to indicate the source of
3	the goods.
4	(13) The term "United States" includes the
5	States and installations of the Armed Forces of the
6	United States located outside a State.
7	(14) The term "State" includes, in addition to
8	the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Guam, the
9	Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Northern Mari-
10	ana Islands, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa
11	and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.
12	SEC. 4. PRODUCT PACKAGE LABELING.
13	(a) In General.—
14	(1) Cigarettes.—
15	(A) Warnings.—It shall be unlawful for
16	any person to manufacture, import, package, or
17	distribute for sale within the United States any
18	cigarettes unless the cigarette package bears, in
19	accordance with the requirements of this sec-
20	tion, one of the following warning labels:
21	WARNING: Cigarettes Kill
22	WARNING: Cigarettes Cause Lung Can-
23	cer and Emphysema
24	WARNING: Cigarettes Cause Infant
25	Death

1	WARNING: Cigarettes Cause Heart At-
2	tacks and Stroke
3	WARNING: Cigarettes Are Addictive
4	WARNING: Nicotine Is An Addictive
5	Drug
6	WARNING: Cigarette Smoking Harms
7	Athletic Performance
8	WARNING: Smoking During Pregnancy
9	Can Harm Your Baby
10	WARNING: Cigarette Smoke Is Harmful
11	to Children
12	WARNING: Smoke From * Cigarettes
13	Can Cause Cancer in Nonsmokers.
14	For purposes of the last warning in the preced-
15	ing sentence, * denotes the name of the brand
16	of cigarettes required to bear such label.
17	(B) Ingredients and constituents.—
18	It shall be unlawful for any person to manufac-
19	ture, import, package, or distribute for sale
20	within the United States any cigarettes unless
21	the cigarette package contains a package insert,
22	in accordance with the requirements of this sec-
23	tion, the ingredients and constituents of the
24	cigarettes which were reported to the Secretary

1	under section 7 and which the Secretary deter-
2	mines should be made public.
3	(C) Package insert.—
4	(i) In general.—It shall be unlawful
5	for any person to manufacture, import,
6	package, or distribute for sale within the
7	United States any cigarettes unless the
8	cigarette package includes a package in-
9	sert, prepared in accordance with guide-
10	lines established by the Secretary by regu-
11	lation, on the carcinogens and other sub-
12	stances posing a risk to human health con-
13	tained in the ingredients and constituents
14	of the cigarettes in such package.
15	(ii) Regulations.—The Secretary
16	shall issue regulations requiring the pack-
17	age insert required by clause (i) to provide
18	the information required by such clause
19	(including carcinogens and other dan-
20	gerous substances) in a prominent, clear
21	fashion and a detailed list of the ingredi-
22	ents and constituents.
23	(2) Spit tobacco product.—
24	(A) Warnings.—It shall be unlawful for
25	any person to manufacture, import, package, or

1	distribute for sale within the United States any
2	spit tobacco product unless the product package
3	bears, in accordance with the requirements of
4	this section, one of the following warning labels:
5	WARNING: Spit Tobacco Causes Mouth
6	Cancer
7	WARNING: Spit Tobacco Is Not a Safe
8	Alternative to Cigarettes
9	WARNING: Spit Tobacco Is Addictive
10	WARNING: Nicotine Is An Addictive
11	Drug
12	WARNING: Use of * Spit Tobacco Can
13	Cause Gum Disease
14	WARNING: Use of * Spit Tobacco Can
15	Cause Tooth Loss
16	For purposes of the last warning in the preced-
17	ing sentence, * denotes the name of the brand
18	of spit tobacco required to bear such label.
19	(B) Ingredients and constituents.—
20	It shall be unlawful for any person to manufac-
21	ture, import, package, or distribute for sale
22	within the United States any spit tobacco un-
23	less the spit tobacco package bears, in accord-
24	ance with the requirements of this section, the
25	ingredients and constituents of the spit tobacco

1 which were reported to the Secretary under sec-2 tion 7 and which the Secretary determines 3 should be made public. (3) Other Tobacco Products.— (A) Warnings.—It shall be unlawful for 6 any person to manufacture, import, package, or distribute for sale within the United States any 7 tobacco product, other than cigarettes or spit 8 9 tobacco, unless the product package bears, in 10 accordance with the requirements of this sec-11 tion, one of the following warning labels: 12 WARNING: Tobacco Kills WARNING: Tobacco Causes Lung Cancer 13 14 and Emphysema 15 WARNING: Tobacco Causes Infant Death WARNING: Tobacco Causes Heart At-16 17 tacks and Stroke 18 WARNING: Tobacco Is Addictive 19 WARNING: Nicotine Is An Addictive 20 Drug 21 WARNING: Tobacco Harms Athletic Per-22 formance 23 WARNING: Tobacco Use During Preg-24 nancy Can Harm Your Baby

1	WARNING: Tobacco Smoke Is Harmful to
2	Children
3	WARNING: Tobacco Smoke Can Cause
4	Cancer in Nonsmokers
5	(B) Ingredients and constituents.—
6	It shall be unlawful for any person to manufac-
7	ture, import, package, or distribute for sale
8	within the United States any tobacco product
9	subject to subparagraph (A) unless the tobacco
10	product package bears, in accordance with the
11	requirements of this section, the ingredients
12	and constituents of the tobacco product which
13	were reported to the Secretary under section 7
14	and which the Secretary determines should be
15	made public.
16	(b) Label Format.—
17	(1) In general.—The warning labels required
18	by paragraphs (1)(A), (2), and (3) of subsection (a)
19	shall—
20	(A) appear on the top of the 2 most promi-
21	nent sides of the product package on which the
22	label is required and 1 label shall be in Spanish,
23	(B) be in a size which is not less than 33
24	percent of the side on which the label is placed,

- (C) appear in white letters on black backing or in black letters on white backing, whichever is more conspicuous and prominent in contrast to the color of the package, except that the words "WARNING" shall appear in bright red letters and if the package does not have any color, the words "WARNING" shall be in black or white as prescribed by this subparagraph and shall be boldly underlined with a black or white underlining,
 - (D) be in a rectangular shape enclosed in a border of color contrasting to the color of the backing prescribed by subparagraph (C) and to the predominant color of the package, and
 - (E) include letters in a height, thickness, and type face which assures that the letters in the space provided for the statement will be no less legible, prominent, and conspicuous than the most legible, prominent, and conspicuous typeface, typography, and size of other matter printed on the side of the package on which the label statement appears.
 - (2) FORMAT FOR OTHER CIGARETTE LABELS.— The label required by paragraph (1)(B) of subsection (a) shall appear on the package in such style

- and format as the Secretary may by regulation pre-
- 2 scribe.
- 3 (c) ROTATION.—The warning labels required by
- 4 paragraphs (1)(A) and (2) of subsection (a) shall be ro-
- 5 tated by each manufacturer of cigarettes and spit tobacco
- 6 products on each brand of cigarettes and spit tobacco
- 7 products in accordance with a plan approved for the man-
- 8 ufacturer by the Secretary. Each such plan shall provide
- 9 for an approximately even distribution of the labels among
- 10 the packages of a brand of the cigarettes and spit tobacco
- 11 products of each manufacturer each year.

12 SEC. 5. LABELING IN ADVERTISING.

- 13 (a) IN GENERAL.—
- 14 (1) CIGARETTE ADVERTISING.—It shall be un-
- lawful for any person to manufacture, import, pack-
- age, or distribute for sale within the United States
- any brand of cigarettes unless the advertising for
- such brand bears the warning label required for
- 19 cigarettes by section 4(a)(1)(A).
- 20 (2) Spit tobacco.—It shall be unlawful for
- any person to manufacture, import, package, or dis-
- tribute for sale within the United States any spit to-
- bacco product unless the advertising for such prod-
- 24 uct bears the warning label required for spit tobacco
- 25 products by section 4(a)(2)).

1 (3) OTHER TOBACCO PRODUCTS.—It shall be unlawful for any person to manufacture, import, package, or distribute for sale within the United States any tobacco product, other than cigarettes or spit tobacco, unless the advertising for such product bears the warning label required for such product by section 4(a)(3)).

(b) Format.—

- (1) WARNING LABELS.—The warning label required by subsection (a) for advertising shall—
 - (A) appear in white letters on black backing or in black letters on white backing, whichever is most prominent relative to the color of the advertisement, except that the word "WARNING" shall appear in bright red letters and in an advertisement without color "WARNING" shall be in black or white as prescribed by this subparagraph and shall be boldly underlined with a black or white underlining,
 - (B) be in a rectangular shape which occupies 33 percent of the space of each advertisement and which is located at the top of the advertisement and enclosed in a border of color contrasting to the color of the backing prescribed by subparagraph (A) and to the pre-

dominant color of the advertisement of the tobacco product being advertised,

- (C) include letters in a type face and size which, within the space limitation prescribed by subparagraph (B), assure that the letters in the statement will be no less legible, prominent, or conspicuous than the most legible, prominent, and conspicuous typeface, typography, and size of other matter printed on the advertisement, and
- (D) be in the same language as the text of the advertising in which it appears.
- (2) BILLBOARDS WITH LIGHTING.—The warning label on billboards which use artificial lighting shall be no less visible than other printed matter on the billboard when the lighting is in use.

(c) Rotation.—

(1) Non-billboard advertising.—Warning labels on advertising (other than billboard advertising) shall be rotated quarterly in alternating sequence for each brand of cigarettes or spit tobacco product manufactured by the manufacturer or imported by the importer in accordance with a plan submitted by the manufacturer or importer and approved by the Secretary.

1	(2) Billboards.—Warning labels on advertis-
2	ing displayed on billboards shall be rotated annually
3	or whenever the advertisement is changed, whichever
4	occurs first.
5	SEC. 6. AUTHORITY TO REVISE HEALTH WARNINGS.
6	The Secretary may by regulation revise any health
7	warning required by section $4(a)(1)(A)$, $4(a)(2)$, or $4(a)(3)$
8	and the format for the display of such warning if the Sec-
9	retary finds that such revision would promote greater un-
10	derstanding of the risks of tobacco.
11	SEC. 7. TOBACCO PRODUCT INGREDIENTS AND CONSTITU-
12	ENTS.
13	(a) General Rule.—Each person which manufac-
14	tures, packages, or imports into the United States any to-
15	bacco product shall annually report, in a form and at a
16	time specified by the Secretary by regulation—
17	(1) the identity of any added constituent of the
18	tobacco product other than tobacco, water, or recon-
19	stituted tobacco sheet made wholly from tobacco,
20	and
21	(2) the nicotine, tar, and carbon monoxide yield
22	ratings which shall accurately predict the nicotine,
23	tar, and carbon monoxide intake from such tobacco
24	product for average consumers based on standards
25	established by the Secretary by regulation,

- 1 if such information is not information which the Secretary
- 2 determines to be trade secret or confidential information
- 3 subject to section 552(b)(4) of title 5, United States Code,
- 4 and section 1905 of title 18, United States Code. The con-
- 5 stituents identified under paragraph (1) shall be listed in
- 6 descending order according to weight, measure, or numeri-
- 7 cal count. If any of such constituents is carcinogenic or
- 8 otherwise poses a risk to human health, as determined by
- 9 the Secretary, such information shall be included in the
- 10 report.
- 11 (b) Public Dissemination.—The Secretary shall
- 12 review the information contained in each report submitted
- 13 under subsection (a) and if the Secretary determines that
- 14 such information directly affects the public health, the
- 15 Secretary shall require that such information be included
- 16 in a label under sections 4(a)(1)(B), 4(a)(2)(B), and
- 17 4(a)(3)(B).
- 18 (c) Other Sources of Information.—The Sec-
- 19 retary shall establish a toll-free telephone number and a
- 20 site on the Internet which shall make available additional
- 21 information on the ingredients of tobacco products, except
- 22 information which the Secretary determines to be trade
- 23 secret or confidential information subject to section
- 24 552(b)(4) of title 5, United States Code, and section 1905
- 25 of title 18, United States Code.

1 SEC. 8. ENFORCEMENT.

2 (a) In General.—

- 3 (1) The Secretary shall carry out the Sec-4 retary's duties under this Act through the Commis-5 sioner of Food and Drugs.
 - (2) The Secretary shall issue such regulations as may be appropriate for the implementation of this Act. The Secretary shall issue proposed regulations for such implementation within 180 days of the date of the enactment of this Act. Not later than 180 days after the date of the publication of such proposed regulations, the Secretary shall issue final regulations for such implementation. If the Secretary does not issue such final regulations before the expiration of such 180 days, the proposed regulations shall become final and the Secretary shall publish a notice in the Federal Register about the new status of the proposed regulations.
 - (3) In carrying out the Secretary's duties under this Act, the Secretary shall, as appropriate, consult with such experts as may have appropriate training and experience in the matters subject to such duties.
 - (4) The Secretary shall monitor compliance with the requirements of this Act.

1 (5) The Secretary shall recommend to the At-2 torney General such enforcement actions as may be 3 appropriate.

(b) Injunction.—

- (1) The district courts of the United States shall have jurisdiction over civil actions brought to restrain violations of sections 4 and 5. Such a civil action may be brought in the United States district court for the judicial district in which any substantial portion of the violation occurred or in which the defendant is found or transacts business. In such a civil action, process may be served on a defendant in any judicial district in which the defendant resides or may be found and subpoenas requiring attendance of witnesses in any such action may be served in any judicial district.
- (2) Any interested organization may bring a civil action described in paragraph (1). If such an organization substantially prevails in such an action, the court may award it reasonable attorney's fees and expenses. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "interested organization" means any nonprofit organization one of whose purposes, and a substantial part of its activities, include the promotion of

- 1 public health through reduction in the use of tobacco
- 2 products.
- 3 (c) Civil Penalty.—Any person who manufactures,
- 4 packages, distributes, or advertises a tobacco product in
- 5 violation of section 4 or 5 shall be subject to a civil penalty
- 6 of not more than \$100,000 for each violation per day.

7 SEC. 9. LIABILITY.

- 8 Compliance with any requirement of this Act, the
- 9 Federal Cigarette Labeling and Advertising Act (15
- 10 U.S.C. 1331 et seq.), or the Comprehensive Smokeless To-
- 11 bacco Health Education Act of 1986 (15 U.S.C. 4401 et
- 12 seq.) shall not relieve any person from liability to any
- 13 other person at common law or under State statutory law.
- 14 SEC. 10. EFFECTIVE DATES AND CONFORMING AMEND-
- 15 MENTS.
- 16 (a) Effective Dates.—This Act shall take effect
- 17 on the date of the enactment of this Act, except that
- 18 (1) sections 4, 5, and 7 shall take effect one
- 19 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and
- 20 (2) section 6 shall take effect 3 years after the
- 21 date of the enactment of this Act.
- 22 (b) Conforming Amendments.—Effective one year
- 23 from the date of the enactment of this Act, the Federal
- 24 Cigarette Labeling and Advertising Act (other than sec-
- 25 tions 6, 9, 10, and 11) (15 U.S.C. 1331 et seq.) and the

- 1 Comprehensive Smokeless Tobacco Health Education Act
- $2\,$ of 1986 (other than sections 1, 2, 3(f), and 8) (15 U.S.C.

 $3\,$ 4401 et seq.) are repealed.

 \bigcirc