105TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. CON. RES. 166

Expressing the sense of the Congress that every effort should be made to assure the complete implementation of, and compliance with, the December 1996 Guatemalan peace accords.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

OCTOBER 2, 1997

Mrs. Morella (for herself and Mr. Lantos) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on International Relations

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Expressing the sense of the Congress that every effort should be made to assure the complete implementation of, and compliance with, the December 1996 Guatemalan peace accords.

Whereas the peace accords signed by the Government of Guatemala and the Guatemalan National Revolutionary Unity (URNG) on December 29, 1996, represent a great achievement for the Guatemalan people and for the signatory parties, and lay the foundation for achieving fundamental political and economic reforms and national reconciliation;

Whereas specific provisions of the peace accords address critical issues that were root causes of the armed conflict or were consequences of the war in Guatemala, including access to land and credit, racial discrimination, grave human rights violations, the lack of effective law enforcement, military impunity, and the absence of democratic government;

Whereas the parties to the peace accords agreed to implement the December 1996 accords over a four-year period, with compliance to be monitored and supported by the Guatemalan Commission for Accompaniment and verified internationally by the United Nations Mission in Guatemala (MINUGUA);

Whereas international donors have pledged financial support to implement the accords, especially those commitments made to strengthen democratic institutions and the rule of law, to improve the efficiency and availability of public services, to promote more equitable economic growth, and to raise living standards, focusing on the very poor, indigenous peoples, and women; and

Whereas the Clarification Commission created under the peace accords to establish responsibility for human rights violations committed during the armed conflict has a maximum of one year to find the truth about many thousands of abuses committed over 36 years: Now, therefore, be it

- 1 Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate
- 2 concurring), That the Congress—
- 3 (1) commends the Government of Guatemala
- 4 and the Guatemalan National Revolutionary Unity
- 5 (URNG) for their actions in carrying out the first
- 6 phase of implementation of the peace accords;

- 1 (2) commends the Government of Guatemala 2 and President Alvaro Arzu for the steps they have 3 taken to tackle corruption and to strengthen civilian 4 control over the armed forces, and for putting in 5 place the joint action commissions that will play a 6 critical role in the implementation of the peace ac-7 cords;
 - (3) commends the United Nations for its work in facilitating the peace agreement and for its role in verifying the accords, and the Group of Friends—Colombia, Mexico, Norway, Spain, the United States, and Venezuela—for their support of the peace process in Guatemala;
 - (4) notes the need for the greatest possible democratic participation in implementing the accords, and calls on the Government of Guatemala, the URNG, and the United Nations Mission in Guatemala (MINUGUA) to promote dialogue and consensus-building with the political parties, the private sector and civil society groups;
 - (5) notes with concern the continued involvement of military intelligence in operational police matters revealed in the "Mincho" case and calls upon the Government of Guatemala, with the cooperation of the URNG and MINUGUA, to conduct

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- a full investigation into this case and to ensure strict compliance with the provisions of the peace accords regarding the role of intelligence structures;
 - (6) calls on the Government of Guatemala to provide the fullest possible financial, logistical, and other support to the Clarification Commission to carry out its work, and to act upon the findings of the Commission's final report;
 - (7) calls on the Government of Guatemala to continue strengthening the climate of respect for human rights and interpreting the Law of National Reconciliation in such a manner that those who committed human rights violations during the armed conflict do not escape justice;
 - (8) calls on the Government of Guatemala to continue to facilitate the return as quickly as possible of all Guatemalan refugees currently living in Mexico who desire to return, as established by the October 8, 1992, agreement between the Government of Guatemala and the Guatemalan refugee groups;
 - (9) calls on the Government of Guatemala to take prompt measures, as required by the accords and recommended by the International Monetary Fund and other financial institutions, to increase its

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

revenues, in an equitable manner, in order to implement the socioeconomic commitments of the peace accords and to resolve peacefully and expeditiously the many land disputes that have raised tensions in the countryside;

- (10) calls on the Clinton Administration to monitor closely the peace process in Guatemala, to support full implementation of the peace accords, and to provide adequate funds for reconstruction and development, with particular emphasis on strengthening the justice system, building a new civilian police force, alleviating extreme poverty, and ensuring the full integration of indigenous people and women into the political and economic system;
- (11) calls on the Clinton Administration to ensure that any United States assistance to the Guatemalan military be limited exclusively to aid that carries out the objectives of the peace accords of increasing civilian control over the military, limiting the role of the Guatemalan armed forces to defense of sovereignty and national security, and fostering greater respect for human rights; and
- (12) calls on the Clinton Administration to support the work of the Guatemalan Clarification Commission by speedily declassifying documents of Unit-

ed States agencies that may shed light on human rights violations committed during the Guatemalan conflict and making those documents available to the Commission and to the public.

 \bigcirc