

SUMMARY STATEMENT OF BUSINESS OF THE SUPREME COURT OF THE
UNITED STATES FOR OCTOBER TERM, 1924.

Original Docket.

Cases pending at beginning of term.....	24
New cases docketed during term.....	1
Cases finally disposed of.....	3
Cases not finally disposed of.....	22

Appellate Docket.

Cases pending at beginning of term.....	438
New cases docketed during term.....	853
Cases finally disposed of.....	758
Cases not finally disposed of.....	533

The number of pending cases, original and appellate, was thus increased by 93.

Interlocutory decisions, and adverse decisions upon applications for leave to file, as in mandamus, prohibition, etc., are not here included.

CHAPTER I
THE DISCOVERY OF AMERICA
The first discovery of America was made by Christopher Columbus in 1492. He sailed from Spain in search of a westward route to the Indies. On October 12, 1492, he landed on the island of San Salvador in the West Indies.

CHAPTER II THE EARLY SETTLEMENTS

The first permanent European settlement in North America was founded by the Spanish in 1565 at St. Augustine, Florida. Other early settlements were founded by the French, Dutch, and English. The Pilgrims founded Plymouth in 1620, and the Puritans founded Boston in 1630. The first English colony in the South was founded in 1607 at Jamestown, Virginia.

CHAPTER III THE REVOLUTIONARY WAR

The Revolutionary War began in 1775 and ended in 1783. It was fought between the thirteen original states of the United States and Great Britain. The war resulted in the independence of the United States.

The Constitution of the United States was adopted in 1787. It established the federal government and defined the powers of the three branches: the executive, the legislative, and the judicial.

The Civil War was fought from 1861 to 1865. It was fought between the Union and the Confederacy. The war resulted in the preservation of the Union and the abolition of slavery.

The Reconstruction period followed the Civil War. It was a time of rebuilding the South and integrating African Americans into society.

The Progressive Era was a period of reform in the late 19th and early 20th centuries. It was a time of social and political change.

The World War I period was a time of global conflict. The United States entered the war in 1917.

The Great Depression was a period of economic hardship in the 1930s. The New Deal was a series of programs and policies designed to provide relief and create jobs.

The World War II period was a time of global conflict. The United States entered the war in 1941.

The Cold War period was a time of tension between the United States and the Soviet Union. It lasted from the end of World War II until the early 1990s.

The post-Cold War period has been a time of global change. The United States has been involved in several conflicts, including the Gulf War and the War in Afghanistan.