

INDEX

TO THE

PRINCIPAL MATTERS CONTAINED IN THIS VOLUME.

The References in this Index are to the STAR *pages.

ADMIRALTY.

1. Prosecutions under the non-importation laws are causes of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction, and the proceedings may be by libel in the admiralty. *The Samuel*.....*13
2. Revenue causes are, in their nature, causes of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction. *Id.*.....*19
3. Criminal jurisdiction of the admiralty. *The Octavia*.....*22
4. The admiralty jurisdiction embraces all questions of prize and salvage, and also maritime torts, contracts and offences. *Martin v. Hunter's Lessee*.....*335

See ALIEN ENEMY: AMENDMENTS: CONTRABAND: DEPOSITION: DOMICIL: DUTIES: EVIDENCE, 3, 4: HYPOTHECATION: INFORMATION: JURISDICTION, 1, 2, 3: LICENSE: PRACTICE: PRIZE: SALE, 3, 4, 5: SALVAGE.

ALIEN ENEMY.

1. The fact that the commander of a privateer was an alien enemy, at the time of capture, does not invalidate it. *The Mary and Susan*.....*56
2. Property of an alien enemy, found within the territory, at the declaration of war, is not confiscable as prize, but may be claimed by him, upon the termination of war, unless previously confiscated by the sovereign power. *The Astrea*.....*130

AMENDMENTS.

1. In revenue or instance causes, the circuit court may, upon appeal from the district courts, allow the introduction of a new allegation into the information, by way of

- amendment. *The Samuel*, *94; *The Edward*.....*261
2. In the same causes, the supreme court may remand the cause to the circuit court, with directions to allow the libel to be amended.....*Id.*

ASSIGNMENT OF CHOSES IN ACTION.

1. A nominal plaintiff, suing for the benefit of his assignee, cannot, by a dismissal of the suit, under a collusive agreement with the defendant, create a valid bar against any subsequent suit for the same cause of action. *Welch v. Mandeville*.....*236
2. Roman and French law on the subject of assignment of *choses in action*.....*Id.* *237

BOND.

1. Where a bond was given by the agent of an unincorporated joint-stock company, to the directors, for the time being, for the faithful performance of his duties, &c., and the directors were appointed annually, and changed, before a breach of the condition, the agent and his sureties were held liable to an action brought by the obligees, after they had ceased to be directors. *Anderson v. Longden*.....*85

BOTTOMRY.

See HYPOTHECATION.

CHANCERY.

1. A court of equity will decree specific performance of a contract for the sale of land, if the vendor is able to make a good title at

INDEX.

- any time before the decree is pronounced; but the dismissal of a bill to enforce a specific performance, in such a case, is a bar to a new bill for the same object. *Hepburn v. Dunlop*.....*179
2. The inability of the vendor to make a good title, at the time the decree is pronounced, though it form a sufficient ground for refusing a specific performance, will not authorize a court of equity to rescind the agreement, in a case where the parties have an adequate remedy at law for its breach.....*Id.*
3. The alienage of the vendee is an insufficient ground to entitle the vendor to a decree for rescinding a contract for the sale of lands, though it may afford a reason for refusing a specific performance as against the vendee.....*Id.*
4. But if the parties have not an adequate remedy at law, the vendor may be considered as a trustee for whoever may become purchasers, under a sale by order of the court, for the benefit of the vendee.....*Id.*
5. Under what circumstances, a specific performance will, or will not, be decreed.....*Id.* *203
6. A bill to obtain a specific performance of an alleged agreement to receive a quantity of cotton bagging, at a specified price, in satisfaction of certain judgments at law, dismissed, under the circumstances of the case. *Barr v. Lapsley*.....*151
7. In England, the courts of equity will not, generally, entertain a bill for the specific performance of contracts for the sale of chattels, or relating to merchandise, but leave the parties to their remedy at law.....*Id.* *154
8. Bill to obtain a conveyance of a tract of land in Kentucky, held by the defendants as the property of the original grantee, confiscated to the state, and claimed by the plaintiffs, under an equity arising from a sale made by the original grantee of another tract of land, to which it was alleged, he erroneously supposed himself legally entitled, under the same warrant and survey, dismissed. *Russell v. Trustees of Transylvania University*.....*432

COLLECTOR.

See FINES, PENALTIES AND FORFEITURES.

COMMON LAW.

See CONSTITUTIONAL LAW, 6.

CONSTITUTIONAL LAW.

1. The appellate jurisdiction of the supreme court of the United States extends to a final

- judgment or decree, in any suit in the highest court of law or equity of a state, where is drawn in question the validity of a treaty, &c. *Martin v. Hunter's Lessee*.....*304
2. Such judgment, &c., may be re-examined by writ of error, in the same manner as if rendered in a circuit court.....*Id.*
3. If the cause has been once remanded before, and the state court decline or refuse to carry into effect the mandate of the supreme court thereon, this court will proceed to a final decision of the same, and award execution thereon.....*Id.*
4. *Quare?* Whether this court has authority to issue a *mandamus* to the state court, to enforce a former judgment?.....*Id.* *362
5. If the validity, or construction, of a treaty of the United States be drawn in question, and the decision is against its validity, or the title specially set up by either party, under the treaty, this court has jurisdiction to ascertain that title, and determine its legal validity, and is not confined to the abstract construction of the treaty itself.....*Id.*
6. *Quare?* Whether the courts of the United States have jurisdiction of offences at common law, against the United States? *United States v. Coolidge*.....*415

CONTRABAND.

1. Provisions, neutral property, but the growth of the enemy's country, and destined for the supply of his military or naval forces, are contraband. *The Commercen*.....*482
2. Provisions, neutral property, and the growth of a neutral country, destined for the general supply of human life, in the enemy's country, are not contraband.....*Id.*
3. Freight is never due to the neutral carrier of contraband.....*Id.*
4. Articles, useful for warlike purposes exclusively, are always contraband, when destined for the enemy; those of promiscuous use, only become so under peculiar circumstances.....*Id.*
5. A neutral ship, laden with provisions, enemy's property, and the growth of the enemy's country, specially permitted to be exported for the supply of his forces, is not entitled to freight.....*Id.*
6. It makes no difference, in such a case, that the enemy is carrying on a distinct war in conjunction with his allies, who are friends of the captor's country, and that the provisions are intended for the supply of his troops engaged in that war, and that the ship in which they are transported belongs to subjects of one of those allies.....*Id.*
7. Penalty for the carrying of contraband, ac-

cording to the law of England, France and Holland..... *Id.* *394

CRIMES AND MISDEMEANORS.

See ADMIRALTY, 3, 4: CONSTITUTIONAL LAW, 5.

DEPOSITION.

1. That the deponent is a seaman on board a gun-boat, in a certain harbor, and liable to be ordered to some other place, and not to be able to attend the court at the time of its sitting, is not a sufficient reason for taking his disposition *de bene esse*, under the judiciary act of 1789. *The Samuel.* *9

DISTRIBUTION.

See FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES.

DOMICIL.

1. Goods the property of merchants actually domiciled in the enemy's country, at the breaking out of a war, are subject to capture and confiscation as prize. *The Mary and Susan.* *46
2. The property of a neutral subject, domiciled in the belligerent state, taken in trade with the enemy, is liable to capture and confiscation, in the same manner as that of persons owing permanent allegiance to the state. *The Rugen.* *65
3. The converse rule is applied to subjects of the belligerent state, domiciled in a neutral country, whose trade with the enemy (except in contraband) is lawful. *Id.*
4. It seems, that the property of a house of trade, in the enemy's country, is confiscable as prize, notwithstanding the neutral domicil of one or more of its partners. *The Antonia Johanna.* *159
5. The effect of domicil, on national character, recognised by the continental court of appeals, in prize causes, during the war of the revolution; by the supreme court, in questions of municipal law; by congress, in the navy prize act; by the state courts, and by the lords of appeal in Great Britain. *The Mary and Susan.* *55

DUTIES.

1. Under the prize act of the 26th of June 1812, and the act of the 2d of August 1813, allowing a deduction of 33 and one-third per centum, on "all goods captured from the enemy, and made good and lawful prize of war, &c., and brought into the United States," are not included goods captured and

brought in for adjudication, sold by order of court, and ultimately restored to a neutral claimant, as his property; but such goods are chargeable with the same duties as goods imported in foreign bottoms. *The Nereide.* *171

EMBARGO.

See NON-INTERCOURSE.

ERROR.

1. Where the final judgment or decree in the highest court of law or equity of a state, is re-examinable in the supreme court of the United States, the return of a copy of the record, under the seal of the court, certified by the clerk, is a sufficient return to the writ of error. *Martin v. Hunter's Lessee.* *304
2. It need not appear, that the judge who granted the writ of error, did, upon issuing the citation, take a bond, as required by the 22d section of the judiciary act; that provision being merely directory to the judge. *Id.*

See CONSTITUTIONAL LAW, 1, 2.

EVIDENCE.

1. Evidence, by hearsay and general reputation, is admissible only as to pedigree. *Davis v. Wood.* *6
2. Verdicts are evidence between parties and privies only. *Id.*
3. Where the evidence is so contradictory and ambiguous as to render a decision difficult, further proof will be ordered, in revenue or instance causes. *The Samuel.* *9
4. Rules of evidence, adopted by the court, in such causes. 1st. Where the claimants assume the *onus probandi*, not to restore unless the defence be proved beyond a reasonable doubt. 2d. If the evidence of the claimants be clear and precisely in point, to pronounce restitution, unless that evidence be clouded with incredibility, or encountered by strong presumptions of *mala fides*, from the other circumstances of the case. *The Octavia.* *24

FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES.

1. The personal representatives of a deceased collector and surveyor, who was such at the time of the seizure being made, or prosecution or suit commenced, and not their successors in office, are entitled to that portion of fines, forfeitures and penalties, which is, by law, to be distributed among the revenue-officers of the district, where they were incurred. *Jones v. Shore's Executor.* *462

2. In such case, there being no naval officer in the district, the division adjudged to be made, in equal proportions, between the collector and surveyor.....*Id.*

FOREIGN SUIT.

1. The commencement of another suit, for the same cause of action, in the court of another state, since the last continuance, cannot be pleaded in abatement of the original suit. *Renner v. Marshall*.....*215
 2. The *exceptio rei judicatae* applies only to final or definitive sentences in another state, or in a foreign court, upon the merits of the case.....*Id.* *217

FREIGHT.

See HYPOTHECATION, 1: PRIZE.

FURTHER PROOF.

See EVIDENCE: PRIZE.

HYPOTHECATION.

1. A hypothecation of the ship and freight, by the master, is invalid, unless it be shown by the creditor that the advances were necessary to effectuate the object of the voyage, or the safety of the ship, and the supplies could not be procured upon the owner's credit, or with his funds, at the place. *The Aurora*.....*96
 2. A bottomry-bond, given to pay off a former bond, must stand or fall with the first hypothecation, and the subsequent lenders can only claim upon the same ground with the preceding.....*Id.*
 3. Illustrations of these rules, by foreign writers and codes.....*Id.* *109

INDICTMENT.

See CONSTITUTIONAL LAW, 6.

INFORMATION.

1. An information *in rem*, in a revenue or instance cause, is synonymous with a libel, and is not a common-law proceeding. *The Samuel*.....*9

INSURANCE.

1. The insurer on memorandum articles, is only liable for a total loss, which can never happen, where the cargo, or part of it, has been sent on by the insured, and reaches the original port of its destination. *Morean v. United States Ins. Co.*.....*219

2. Where the ship being cast on shore, near the port of destination, the agent of the insured employed persons to unlade as much of the cargo (of corn) as could be saved, and nearly one-half was landed, dried and sent on to the port of destination, and sold by the consignees, at about one-quarter the price of sound corn, this was held not to be a total loss, and the insurer not to be liable. *Id.*
 3. With respect to such articles, the underwriters are free from all partial losses of every kind, which do not arise from a contribution towards a general average.....*Id.* *227
 4. It is now the established rule, that a damage exceeding the moiety of the value of the thing insured, is sufficient to authorize an abandonment, but this rule has been deemed not to extend to a cargo consisting wholly of memorandum articles.....*Id.* *228
 5. So also, in a cargo of a mixed character, consisting of articles, some within, and some without, the purview of the memorandum, no abandonment, for mere deterioration in value, during the voyage, is valid, unless the damage on the non-memorandum articles exceeds a moiety of the whole cargo, including the memorandum articles.....*Id.*
 6. Law of Italy and France as to memorandum articles.....*Id.* *231

JURISDICTION.

1. The courts of this country have no jurisdiction to redress any supposed wrongs, committed on the high seas, upon the property of its citizens, by a cruiser regularly commissioned by a foreign and friendly power, except when such cruiser has been fitted out in violation of our neutrality. *L'Invincible*.....*238
 2. Law of France and Spain, and practice of the Italian states, as to the restitution of the property of their subjects, captured by foreign cruisers, and brought into their ports.....*Id.* *244
 3. A public vessel of war, belonging to the Emperor Napoleon, which was before the property of a citizen of the United States, and, as alleged, wrongfully seized by the French, coming into our ports, and demeaning herself in a friendly manner, held to be exempt from the jurisdiction of this country, and could not be reclaimed by the former owner in its tribunals.....*Id.* *252
 4. The exclusive cognizance of questions of prize belongs to the courts of the capturing power; but the admiralty courts of a neutral may take jurisdiction, so far as to ascertain whether the capture be piratical, or made in violation of its neutrality.....*Id.* *258
 5. A citizen of a territory cannot sue a citizen of a state, in the court of the United States;

- nor can those courts take jurisdiction, by other parties being joined, who are capable of suing; all the parties, on each side, must be subject to the jurisdiction, or the suit will be dismissed. *Corporation of New Orleans v. Winter*.....*91
6. In this respect, there is no distinction between a territory and the district of Columbia; the citizens of neither can sue a citizen of a state, in the courts of the United States.....*Id.* *94

LIBEL.

See ADMIRALTY, 1: INFORMATION.

LOCAL LAW.

See STATUTES OF KENTUCKY, OF MARYLAND, OF NORTH CAROLINA, OF RHODE ISLAND, OF TENNESSEE, OF VIRGINIA.

LICENSE.

1. Navigating under a license from the enemy, is cause of confiscation, and is closely connected, in principle, with the offence of trading with the enemy; in both cases, the knowledge of the agent will affect the principal, although he may, in reality, be ignorant of the fact. *The Hiram*.....*440
2. Where the ship-owner procured the license, the existence of which was known to the supercargo, but the claimants of the cargo were ignorant that the vessel sailed under the protection of a license, this was held to constitute such constructive notice to the claimants of the cargo, as precluded them from showing the want of actual notice. *Id.*

LIEN.

See STATUTES OF VIRGINIA.

LIMITATION.

See STATUTES OF KENTUCKY, 4.

NATIONAL CHARACTER.

See DOMICIL.

NON-INTERCOURSE.

1. Under the 3d section of the act of congress, of the 28th of June 1809, every vessel bound to a foreign permitted port, was obliged to give bond with a condition not to proceed to any port with which commercial intercourse was not permitted, nor to trade with such port. *The Edward*.....*261

See EVIDENCE, 3, 4.

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

1. Dates and substance of the British orders in council, French decrees, and consequent acts of the United States government. *The Edward*.....*277

PENALTY.

See FINES, FORFEITURES, &c.

PLEADING.

1. If matter in abatement be pleaded *puis d'arre continuance*, the judgment, if against the defendant, is peremptory. *Renner v. Marshall*.....*215

See ADMIRALTY, 1: AMENDMENTS, 1, 2: FOREIGN SUIT: INFORMATION.

PRACTICE.

1. Where an inspection and comparison of original documents is material to the decision of a prize cause, this court will order the original papers to be sent up from the court below. *The Elsinore*.....*439
2. In cases of joint or collusive capture, the usual simplicity of the prize proceedings is necessarily departed from; and where, in these cases, there is the least doubt, other evidence than that arising from the captured vessel, or invoked from other prize causes, may be resorted to. *The George*.....*408
3. If the national character of property, captured and brought in for adjudication, appears ambiguous or neutral, and no claim is interposed, the cause is postponed for a year and a day after the prize proceedings are commenced; and if no claimant appears within that time, the property is condemned to the captors. *The Harrison*.....*298
4. In prize causes, this court has an appellate jurisdiction only, and a claim cannot, for the first time, be interposed here; but where the court below had proceeded to adjudication, before the above period had elapsed, the cause was remanded to that court, with directions to allow a claim to be filed therein, and the libel to be amended, &c.*Id.*
5. An agreement in a court of common law, chancery or prize, made under a clear mistake, will be set aside. *The Hiram*....*440
6. Where the action is brought for a sum certain, or which may be rendered certain by computation, judgment for the damages may be rendered by the court, without a writ of inquiry. *Renner v. Marshall*.....*215
7. Until the cause is heard (in a question of prize), further proof cannot be admitted; but if, upon the opening, it appears to be a

- case for further proof, it may be admitted *instanter*, unless the court should be of opinion, that the captors ought to be allowed to produce further proof also. *The Venus.* *112
8. General principles of the practice in prize causes. *Appendix.* *494
 9. Examination of the captured person upon the standing interrogatories. *Id.* *495, 496
 10. Delivery of the papers found on board the captured vessel. *Id.* *495
 11. Hearing originally confined to the documentary evidence and depositions of the captured persons. *Id.* *498, 499
 12. Claim and monition to proceed to adjudication. *Id.* *500
 13. By what circumstances, a claim may be excluded. *Id.* *501
 14. Delivery upon bail, and sale of prize property. *Id.* *502, 503
 15. Further proof, when admitted, and how excluded. *Id.* *504
 16. Plea and proof. *Id.*
 17. Invocation of papers from other causes, and affidavits of the captors. *Id.* *506

PRESIDENT.

1. The president's instructions of the 28th August 1812, prohibiting the interruption of vessels coming from Great Britain, in consequence of the supposed repeal of the British orders in council, must have been actually known to the commanders of vessels of war, in order to invalidate captures made contrary to the letter and spirit of the instructions. *The Mary and Susan.* *46

PRIZE.

1. Where an enemy's vessel was captured by a privateer, re-captured by another enemy's vessel, and again re-captured by another privateer, and brought in for adjudication, it was held, that the prize vested in the last captor—an interest acquired in war, by possession, being divested by the loss of possession. *The Astrea.* *125
2. A neutral ship, chartered for a voyage from London to St. Michaels, thence to Fayal, thence to St. Petersburg, or any port in the Baltic, and back to London, at the freight of 1000 guineas, on her passage to St. Michaels, was captured, and brought into the port of Wilmington, North Carolina, for adjudication; a part of the cargo was condemned, and part restored: The freight was held to be chargeable upon the whole cargo, as well upon that part restored as upon that part condemned. *The Antonia Johanna.* *159
- Quære? Whether more than a *pro rata* freight was due to the master, in such case? *Id.*

3. The charter-party is not the measure by which the captor is bound, where the freight is inflamed to an extraordinary rate, by the perils of navigation. *Id.* *170
4. Where goods were shipped in the enemy's country, in pursuance of orders from this country, received before the declaration of war, but previous to the execution of the orders, the shippers became embarrassed, and assigned the goods to certain bankers, to secure advances made by them, with a request to the consignees to remit the amount to them (the bankers), and they also repeated the same request, the invoice being for account and risk of the consignees, but stating the goods to be then the property of the bankers: *held*, that the goods having been purchased and shipped in pursuance of orders from the consignees, the property was originally vested in them, and was not divested by the intermediate assignment, which was merely intended to transfer the right to the debt due from the consignees. *The Mary and Susan.* *25
5. The property of a citizen engaged in trade with the enemy is liable to capture and confiscation as prize, whether that trade be carried on between an enemy's port and the United States, or between such port and any foreign country; and the offence of trading with the enemy is complete, the moment the vessel sails, with the intention to carry a cargo to an enemy's port. *The Rugen.* *62
6. Enemy's property cannot be transferred *in transitu*, so as to protect it from capture. Where the invoice of the goods was headed, "consigned to Messrs. D. B. & F., by order, and for account of, J. L.", and in a letter accompanying the invoice from the shippers to the consignees, they say, "for Mr. J. L. we open an account in our books here, and debit him, &c.; we cannot yet ascertain the proceeds of his hides, &c., but we find his order for goods will far exceed the amount of those shipments; therefore, we consign the whole to you, that you may come to a proper understanding with him;" *held*, that the goods were, during their transit, the property, and at the risk of the enemy shippers, and therefore, subject to condemnation. *The St. Jozе Indiano.* *203
7. Where enemy's property is fraudulently blended in the same claim with neutral property, the latter is liable to share the fate of the former. *The St. Nicholas.* *481

See ALIEN ENEMY: CONTRABAND: DOMICIL: DUTIES: ERROR: JURISDICTION, 1-3: LICENSE, 1, 2: PRACTICE, 1-8: PRESIDENT: SALE, 3-5: SALVAGE.

RULE OF 1756.

1. Grounds of the rule of the war of 1756. *The Commerce*.....*396, 397
2. Origin and judicial history of the rule. *Appendix*, note 3.

SALE.

1. Where R. G. agreed with the managers of a lottery to take 2500 tickets, giving approved security on the delivery of the tickets, which were specified in a schedule, and deposited in books of 100 tickets each, thirteen of which books were received and paid for by him, and the remaining twelve were subscribed by him, with his name, in his own handwriting, and indorsed by the managers, "purchased, and to be taken by R. G.," and on the envelope covering the whole, "R. G. 12 books;" on the second day's drawing of the lottery, one of the last designated tickets was drawn a prize of \$20,000, and between the third and fourth day's drawing, R. G. tendered sufficient security, and demanded the last 1200 tickets, and the managers refused to deliver the prize-ticket: held, that the property in the tickets vested, when the selection was made and assented to, and that they remained in the possession of the vendors, merely as collateral security, and that the vendee was entitled to recover the amount of the prize. *Thompson v. Gray*.....*75
2. When commodities are sold by the bulk, for a gross price, the sale is perfect; but if the price is regulated at so much for every piece, pound or measure, the sale is not perfect, except only as to so much as is actually counted, weighed or measured.....*Id.**84
3. But an article, purchased in general terms, from many of the same description, if afterwards selected and set apart, with the assent of the parties, as the thing purchased, is as completely identified, and as completely sold, as if it had been selected previous to the sale, and specified in the contract.....*Id.*
4. The common law and the prize law, as to the vesting of property, are the same, by which the thing sold, after the completion of the contract, is at the risk of the vendee. *The St. Jozé Indiana*.....*212
5. Rules of the Roman and French law on this subject.....*Id.*
6. Where an agent abroad purchases exclusively on the credit of his principal, or makes an absolute appropriation and designation of the property for his principal, the property vests in the principal, immediately on the purchase.....*Id.*
7. But where a merchant abroad, in pursuance of orders, either sells his own goods, or pur-

chases goods, on his own credit, no property in the goods vests in the correspondent, until he has done some notorious act to divest himself of his title, or has parted with the possession, by an actual and unconditional delivery, for the use of such correspondent. *Id.*

8. If the thing agreed to be purchased is to be sent by the vendor to the vendee, it is necessary to the perfection of the contract, that it should be delivered to the purchaser, or to his agent, which the master of a ship, to many purposes, is considered to be.....*Id.*

See PRIZE, 4, 6.

SALVAGE.

1. Where a British ship was captured by two French frigates, and, after a part of the cargo was taken out, presented to the libellants in the cause, citizens of the United States (then neutral), whose vessel the frigate had before taken and burnt, by whom the prize was navigated into a port in this country, and, pending the suit instituted by them, war was declared between the United States and Great Britain, it was determined, that this was a case of salvage. A salvage of one-half was given, and as to the residue, it was placed on the same footing with other property found within the territory at the declaration of war, and might be claimed on the termination of war, unless previously confiscated by the sovereign power. *The Astrea*.....*128

SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE.

See CHANCERY, 1-7.

STATUTES OF KENTUCKY.

1. The law of Kentucky requires, in the location of warrants for land, some general description, designating the place where the particular object is to be found, and a description of the object itself. *Mason v. Hord*.....*130
2. The general description must be such as will enable a person, intending to locate the adjacent *residuum*, and using reasonable care and diligence, to find the object mentioned, and avoid the land already located. If the description will fit another place better, or equally well, it is defective.....*Id.*
3. "The Hunter's trace, leading from Bryant's station, over the waters of Hinkston, on the dividing ridge between the waters of Hinkston and Elkhorn," is a defective description, and will not sustain the entry.....*Id.*
4. A question of fact, respecting the validity of

- the location of a warrant for lands, under the laws of Kentucky. *Taylor v. Walton*....*141
5. Under the act of assembly of Kentucky, of 1798, entitled, "an act concerning champerty and maintenance," a deed will pass the title to lands, notwithstanding an adverse possession. *Walden v. Heirs of Gratz*.....*292
6. The statute of limitations of Kentucky does not differ essentially from the English statute of the 21 Jac. I., c. 1, and is to be construed as that statute, and all other acts of limitation founded upon it, have been construed; the whole possession must be taken together; when the statute has once begun to run, it continues; and an adverse possession, under a survey, previous to its being carried into grant, may be connected with a subsequent possession. *Id.*
7. Extract from the preface to Bibb's reports of cases in the court of appeals of Kentucky. *Appendix*, note 1.....*489

STATUTES OF MARYLAND.

1. The act of assembly of Maryland, prohibiting the importation of slaves into that state for sale, or to reside, does not extend to a temporary residence, nor to an importation by a hirer, or person other than the master or owner of such slave. *Henry v. Ball*....*1

STATUTES OF NORTH CAROLINA.

1. The act of assembly of North Carolina, of 1777, establishing offices for receiving entries of claims for lands in the several counties of the state, did not authorize entries for lands within the Indian boundary, as defined by the treaty of the Long Island of Holston, of the 20th of July 1777. The act of April 1778 is a legislative declaration, explaining and amending the former act, and no title is acquired by an entry contrary to these laws. *Preston v. Browder*.....*115
2. The acts of assembly of North Carolina, passed between the year 1783 and 1789, avoid all entries, surveys and grants of lands, set apart for the Cherokee Indians, and no title can be thereby acquired to such lands. *Danforth's Lessee v. Thomas*.....*155
3. The boundaries of the reservation have been altered by successive treaties with the Indians; but it seems, that the mere extinguishment of their title did not subject the land to appropriation, unless expressly authorized by the legislature.....*Id.*

See STATUTES OF TENNESSEE.

STATUTES OF RHODE ISLAND.

1. A discharge, according to the act of the legislature of Rhode Island, for the relief of

poor prisoners for debt, although obtained by fraud and perjury, is a lawful discharge, and not an escape; and, upon such a discharge, no action can be maintained upon a bond for the liberty of the prison-yard. *Ammidon v. Smith*.....*447

STATUTES OF TENNESSEE.

1. Under the act of the legislature of Tennessee, passed in 1797, to explain an act of the legislature of North Carolina of 1715, a possession of seven years is a bar, only when held under a grant, or a deed, founded on a grant. *Patton's Lessee v. Easton*.....*476
2. The act of assembly, vesting lands in the trustees of the town of Nashville, is a grant of those lands; and where the defendant showed no title under the trustees, nor under any other grant, his possession of seven years was held insufficient to protect his title, or bar that of the plaintiff under a conveyance from the trustees.....*Id.*
3. Where the plaintiff in ejectment claimed lands in the state of Tennessee, under a grant from said state, dated the 26th April 1809 founded on an entry made in the entry-taker's office of Washington county, dated the 2d of January 1779, in the name of J. M'Dowell, on which a warrant issued on the 17th of May 1779, to the plaintiff, as assignee of J. M'Dowell, and the defendants claimed under a grant from the state of North Carolina, dated the 9th of August 1787, it was determined, that the prior entry might be attached to a junior grant, so as to overreach an elder grant, and that a survey having been made, and a grant issued upon M'Dowell's entry, in the name of the plaintiff, calling him assignee of M'Dowell, was *prima facie* evidence that the entry was the plaintiff's property; and that a warrant is sufficiently certain, to be sustained, if the objects called for are identified by the testimony, or unless the calls would equally well suit more than one place. *Ross v. Reed*.....*482

STATUTES OF VIRGINIA.

1. Under the act of assembly of Virginia, of the 22d of December 1794, § 6, 8, property pledged to the Mutual Assurance Society, &c., continues liable for assessments, on account of the losses insured against, in the hands of a *bond fide* purchaser, without notice. *Mutual Assurance Society v. Watts's Executor*..*279
2. A mere change of sovereignty produces no change in the state of rights existing in the soil; and the cession of the district of Colum-

bia to the national government, did not affect the lien created by the above act on real property, situate in the town of Alexandria, though the personal character or liability of a member of the society, could not be thereby forced on a purchaser of such property. *Id.*

See STATUTES OF KENTUCKY.

TRADE WITH THE ENEMY.

See DOMICIL, 2: LICENSE, 1: PRIZE, 5.

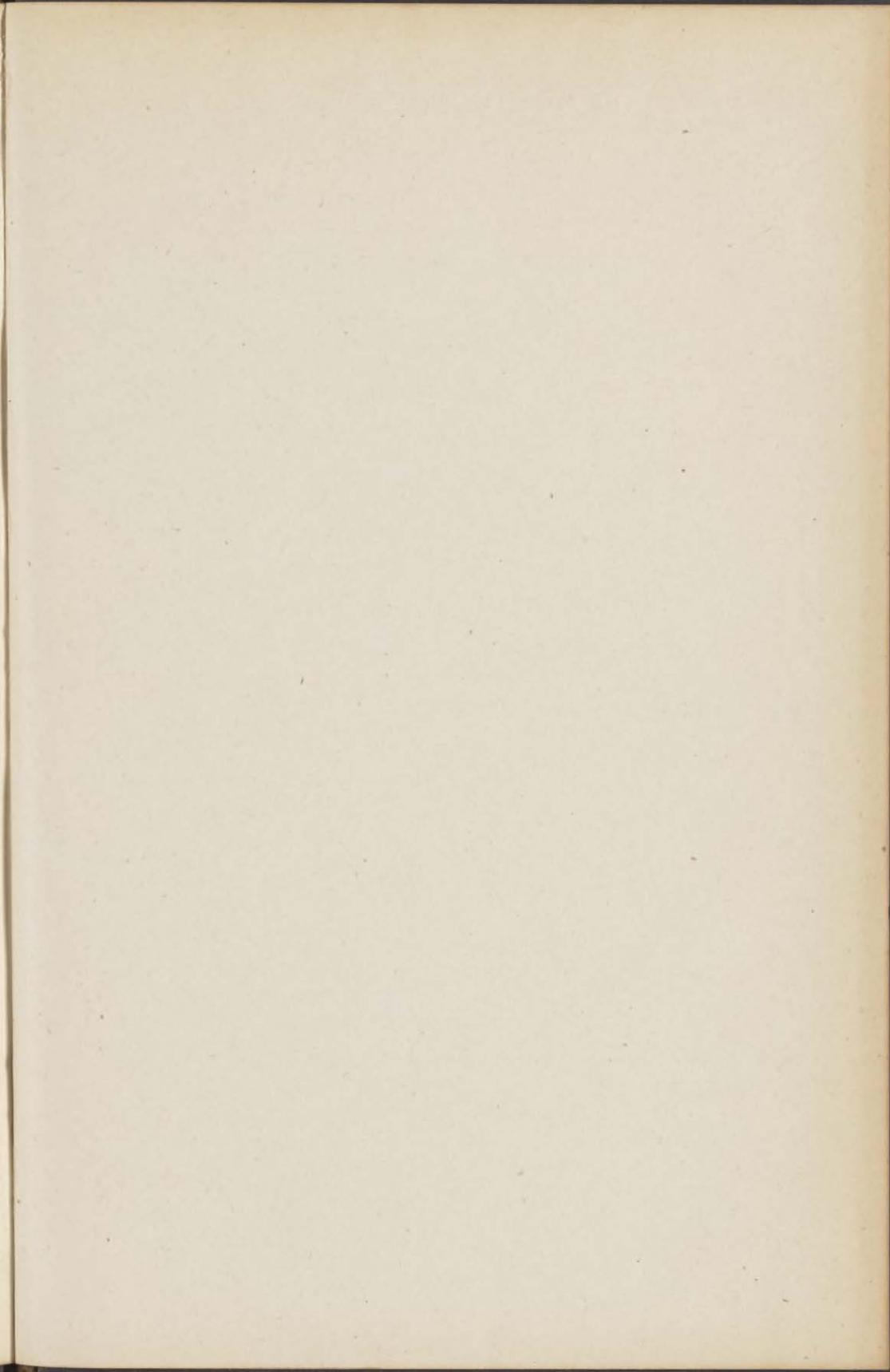
TREATY.

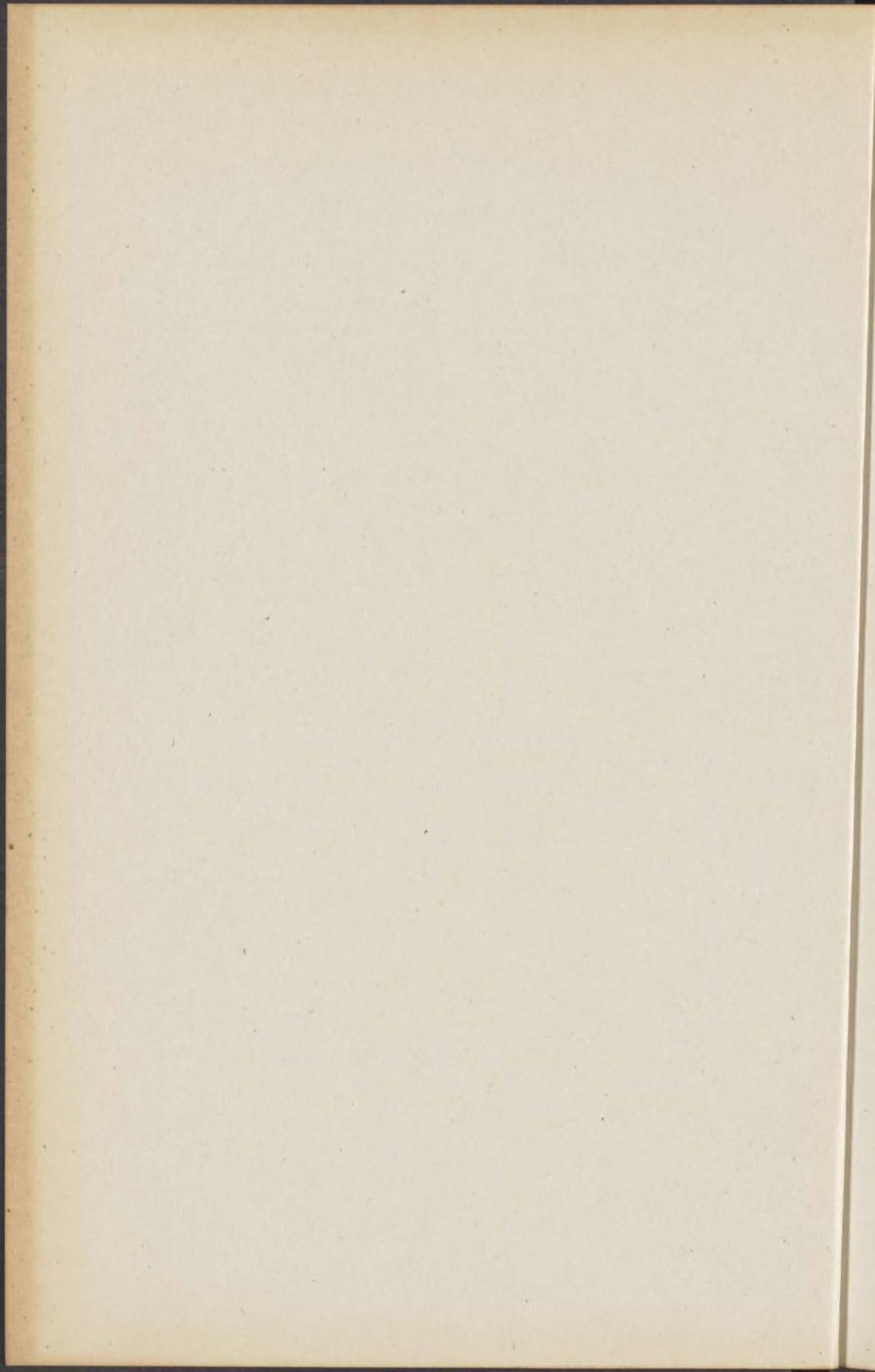
Under the 9th article of the treaty of 1794, between the United States and Great Britain, by which it is provided, that British subjects, holding lands in the United States, and their heirs, so far as respects those lands, and the remedies incident thereto, should not be considered as aliens; the parties must show that the title to the land, for which the suit was commenced, was in them, or their ancestors, at the time the treaty was made. *Har-
den v. Fisher*.....*300

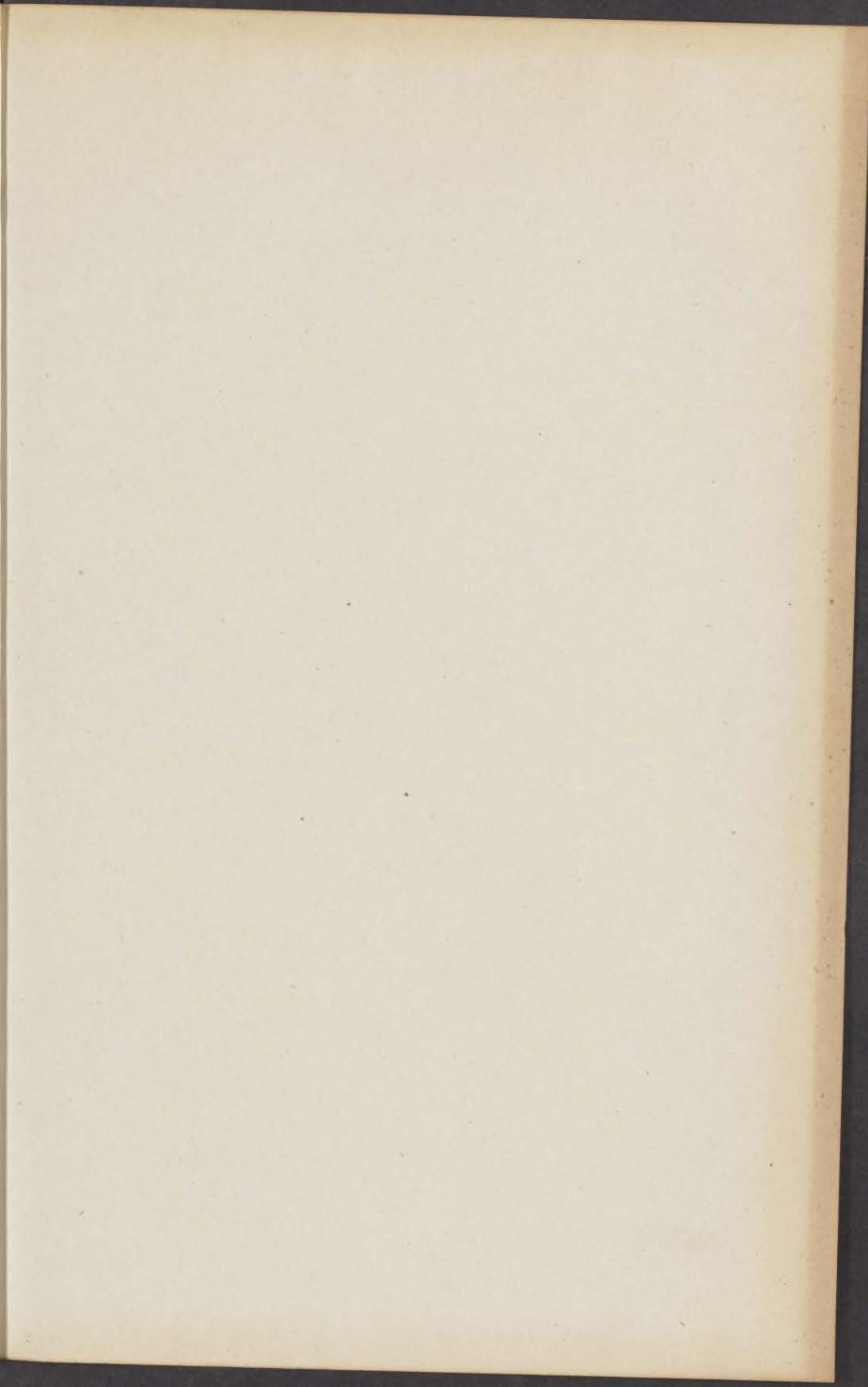
indicates a point of interest. The
line of the road is not always
obvious, but when the terrain
permits, the road may be
evident. The following table
gives the approximate
percentage of roads in
various types of terrain.

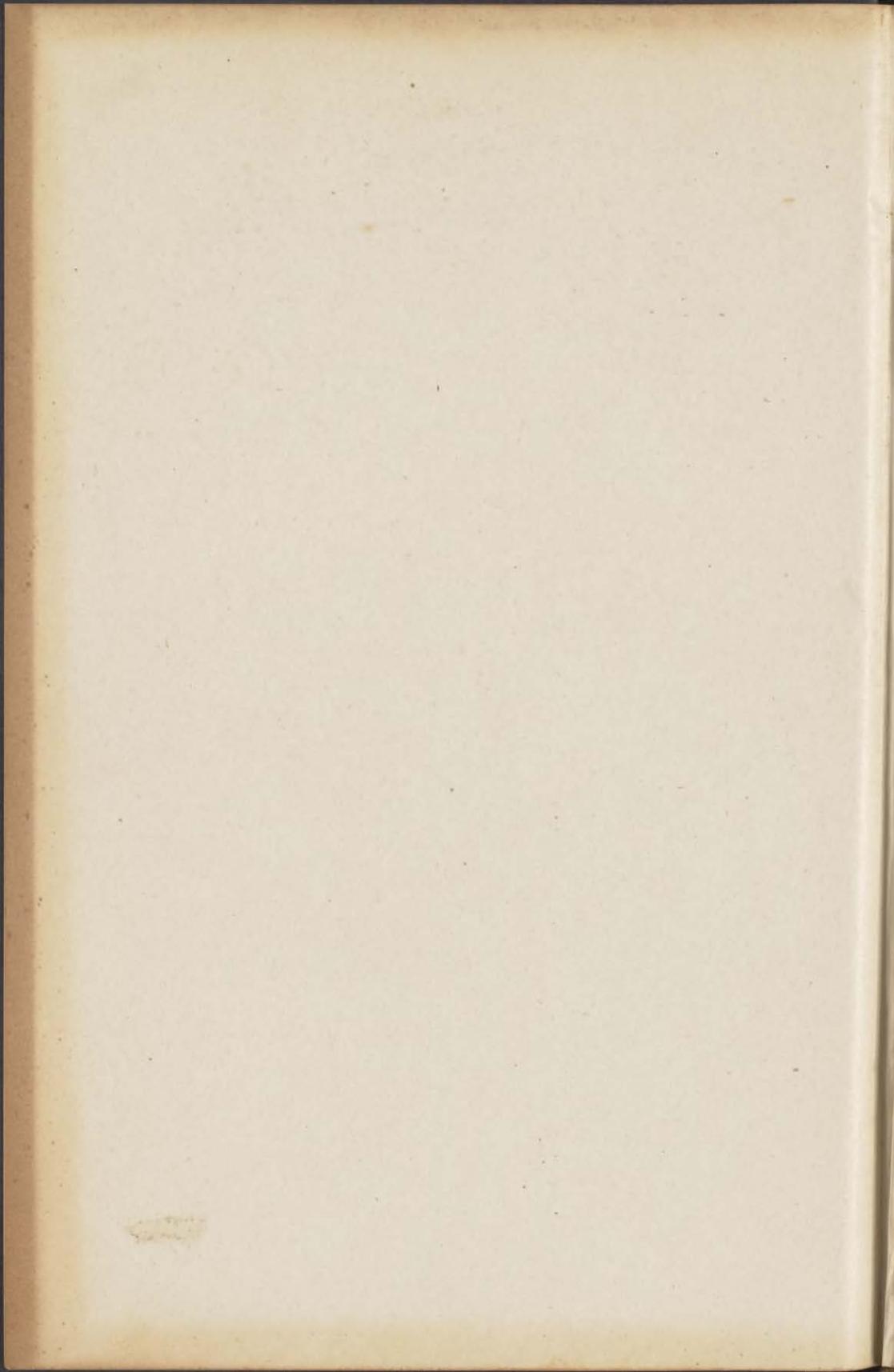
TABLE 1
PERCENTAGE OF ROADS
IN VARIOUS TYPES OF TERRAIN

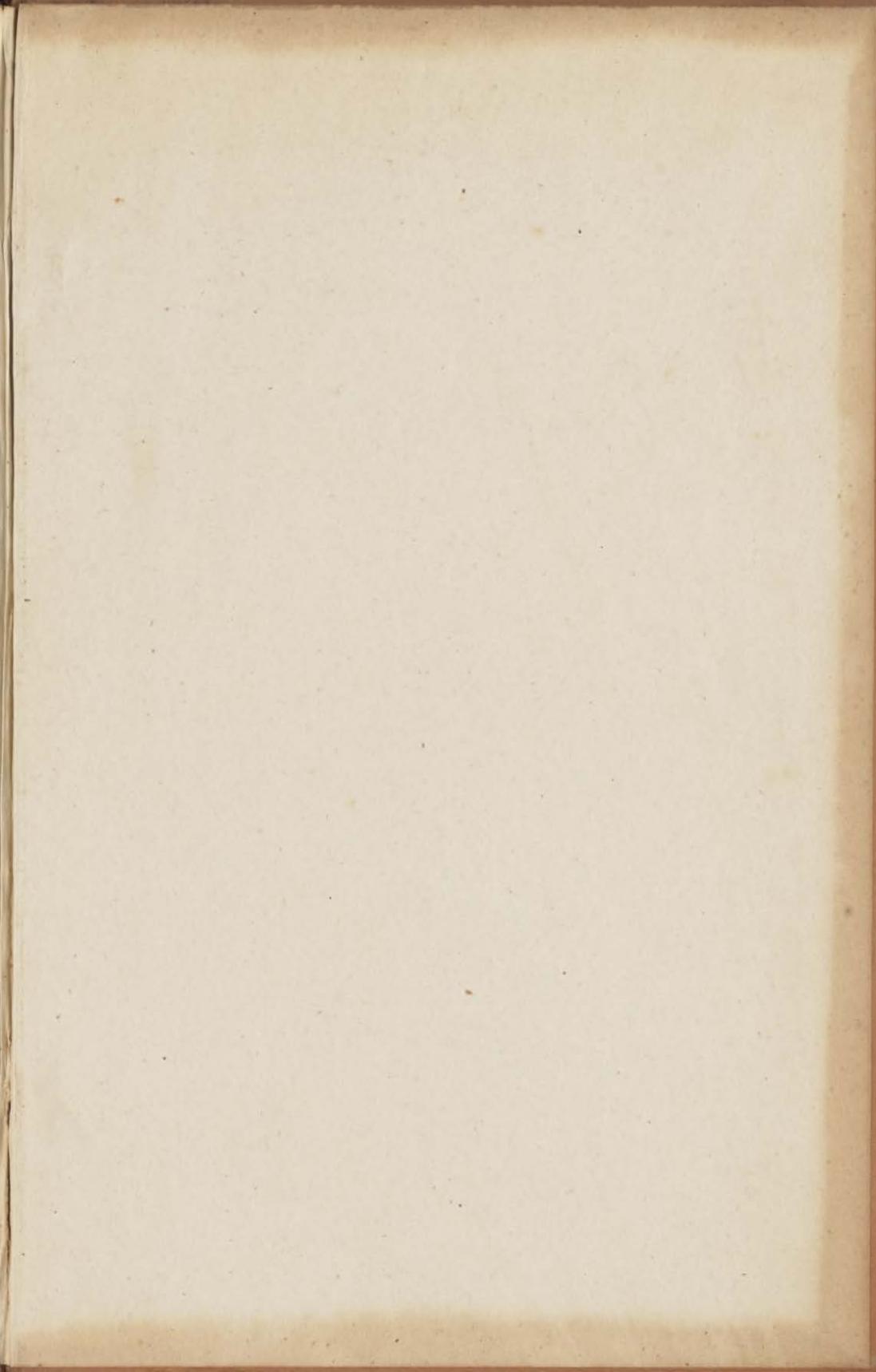
Source: U. S. Bureau of the Census











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