

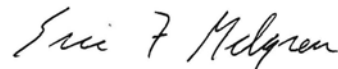


action and increase the damage request by 3 million dollars....” (Doc. 62 at 7).

The Court determines that these allegations are frivolous or malicious, fail to state a claim on which relief may be granted, and/or seek monetary relief against a defendant (or prospective defendant) who is immune from such relief.<sup>1</sup> They present no grounds for relief from the Judgment. Alternatively, the Court determines that it lacks jurisdiction to grant the relief requested by Plaintiff.<sup>2</sup>

**IT IS ACCORDINGLY ORDERED** that Plaintiff’s Motion for Order to Add Party (Doc. 61), Motion for Relief From Judgment (Doc. 62), and Motion for Hearing (Doc. 63) are **DENIED**.

Dated this 10th day of July, 2012.



ERIC F. MELGREN  
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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<sup>1</sup> See 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2). The Court notes that Plaintiff was recently cautioned by Judge Marten in *Tinner v. Farmers Ins. Co.*, No. 11-2694-JTM (D. Kan.), that repeatedly filing frivolous motions for relief from judgment could result in sanctions against Plaintiff. (Doc. 31 in No. 11-2694). The Court cautions Plaintiff that the same applies with respect to this case.

<sup>2</sup> See *Allison v. Bank One-Denver*, 289 F.3d 1223, 1243 (10th Cir. 2002).