

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

## RALPH COLEMAN.

No. 2:90-cv-0520 KJM DB P

Plaintiff,

V<sub>a</sub>

GAVIN NEWSOM, et al.,

## AMENDED<sup>1</sup> ORDER

## Defendants.

## I. INTRODUCTION

In 1995, the court found defendants in violation of their Eighth Amendment duty to provide California's seriously mentally ill prison inmates with access to adequate mental health care. *Coleman v. Wilson*, 912 F.Supp. 1282 (E.D. Cal. 1995). The court also found Eighth Amendment violations in certain custodial practices as applied to these inmates, including use of force, segregated housing and mechanical restraints. *See id.* Over more than two decades, the court has been overseeing defendants' development and implementation of remedies for these Eighth Amendment violations with the assistance of a Special Master.

<sup>1</sup> This order amends the order filed July 3, 2019, ECF No. 6211, by removing the following language from page 19, lines 3-4: “and the indices to Appendices A and B.”

1 The defendants' remedial plan for the identified violations in the delivery of  
2 mental health care to California's prisoners is the California Department of Corrections and  
3 Rehabilitation (CDCR) Mental Health Services Delivery System (MHSDS) Program Guide  
4 (Program Guide). *See* ECF No. 4361 at 2-6<sup>2</sup> (discussing history of development of Program  
5 Guide as remedial plan for identified constitutional violations). Defendants' proposed remedies  
6 for the Eighth Amendment violations in custodial practices are primarily found in state  
7 regulations and provisions of the CDCR Department Operations Manual (D.O.M.). *See, e.g.*,  
8 ECF No. 5190 (defendants' revised policies and plans for use of force and segregated housing  
9 involving class members, required by court order, ECF No. 5131 at 72-74). Other remedial  
10 measures include a court-ordered mental health staffing plan, *see* ECF Nos. 3613 at 2 (court  
11 order), 3693 (staffing plan), regular mental health bed projections, *see* ECF No. 3629, and  
12 concomitant planning for and building of necessary mental health beds and clinical treatment  
13 space, *see, e.g.*, ECF No. 3556.

14 As required by court order, on June 29, 2018 the Special Master filed a report on  
15 the CDCR MHSDS Program Guide Update, accompanied by two appendices to the 2009 Revised  
16 Program Guide and an index (hereafter Program Guide Update Report). ECF No. 5844. On July  
17 30, 2018, as the court required by minute order, ECF No. 5860, the Special Master filed with the  
18 court for review and approval the complete 2018 Revision to the Program Guide, referred to  
19 throughout this order as the 2018 Program Guide Revision. ECF No. 5864-1. The 2018 Program  
20 Guide Revision consists of : Chapters 1 through 10 of the Program Guide 2009 Revision;  
21 Appendix A, a glossary of terms; Appendix B,<sup>3</sup> a list of 68 policies that the Special Master and  
22 the parties agree should be included in the current consolidated Program Guide, *see* ECF No.

1 5844 at 8; ECF No. 5864 at 1; Appendix C,<sup>4</sup> an index to the same policies listed in Appendix B  
 2 and a complete copy of each policy, *see* ECF No. 5864 at 1-2; Appendix D,<sup>5</sup> a memo clarifying  
 3 “several changes to Chapter 6 of the Program Guide (2009 Revision) concerning inpatient care,”  
 4 ECF No. 5864-1 at 599; and Appendix E,<sup>6</sup> which contains “policies that are currently in flux and  
 5 by agreement will be reviewed by the parties and the Special Master at a later time to determine  
 6 whether they are appropriate for inclusion in the Program Guide.” ECF No. 5864 at 2.

7 The June 29, 2018 Program Guide Update Report contains four recommendations:

8 1. That, the Court formally adopt the policies attached to th[e]  
 9 report as Appendix A and the clarification memo attached as  
 10 Appendix B, as addenda to the MHSDS Program Guide 2009  
 Revision.

11 2. That, the Court enter an order directing the parties, under the  
 12 guidance and supervision of the Special Master, to work on the  
 13 development of an improved method for modifying the Program  
 14 Guide utilizing the workgroup process already in place.

15 3. That, the Court enter an order directing the Special Master to  
 16 report back to the Court on the new proposed Program Guide  
 17 modification process within 60 days of entry of the order.

18 4. That, any proposed Program Guide-related regulations be  
 19 provided to plaintiffs and the Special Master 90 days in advance of  
 20 the public comment period, and/or any Program Guide-related  
 21 policies currently incorporated into regulations that substantively  
 22 change in the future.

23 ECF No. 5844 at 10. On July 20, 2018, defendants filed a response to the Program Guide Update  
 24 Report, ECF No. 5861, and on July 23, 2018, they filed a corrected updated response, ECF No.  
 25 5862. On August 3, 2018, plaintiffs filed a response to defendants’ corrected response. ECF No.  
 26 5875.<sup>7</sup> The only area the parties dispute concerns the Special Master’s fourth recommendation:

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27 <sup>4</sup> See note 2 *supra*.

28 <sup>5</sup> Appendix D to the 2018 Program Guide Revision was originally identified as Appendix B to the Special Master’s June 29, 2018 Program Guide Update Report. *Compare* ECF No. 5864-1 at 598-600 *with* ECF No. 5844 at 388-390.

29 <sup>6</sup> Appendix E to the 2018 Program Guide Revision was originally identified as Appendix C to the Special Master’s June 29, 2018 Program Guide Update Report. *Compare* ECF No. 5864-1 at 601-603 *with* ECF No. 5844 at 391-393.

30 <sup>7</sup> At the outset, the court notes that defendants rely on the twenty-one day period in

1 defendants object to it on several grounds, while plaintiffs support the recommendation. As part  
2 of its overall effort to move this case toward a conclusion, the court now makes the following  
3 findings and orders concerning the 2018 Program Guide Revision and the recommendations  
4 contained in the Program Guide Update Report.

5 The court ordered preparation and submission of the 2018 Program Guide  
6 Revision as part of its ongoing effort to consolidate the court's past decisions and clarify the  
7 record of the case, which the court deems essential to an orderly conclusion of the case once the  
8 durability of the remedy is demonstrated. For the reasons explained below, in addition to giving  
9 final approval to the 2018 Program Guide Revision and addressing the recommendations in the  
10 Program Guide Update Report, the court also clarifies for the record that remedial planning for  
11 this action is substantially complete. To memorialize the additional remedial planning not  
12 reflected in the Program Guide itself, the court will require the parties to submit a companion  
13 document to the 2018 Program Guide Revision that lists any regulations, provisions of the  
14 D.O.M., and any other provisions that control the remedy for the already identified  
15 constitutionally deficient custodial practices and that are not included in the 2018 Program Guide  
16 Revision. With this additional document, except for specific disputes identified in this order, the  
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18 Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 53(f)(2), rather than the ten-day period in the Order of Reference,  
19 ECF No. 640, to support the timeliness of their response. ECF No. 5862 at 3 n.1. Noting that as  
recently as February 2017, this court declined to resolve conflicts between relevant timeline  
provisions of the Order of Reference, ECF No. 640, and those of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure  
53, *see* ECF No. 5875 at 2 n.1 citing ECF No. 5571 at 2-3, plaintiffs object to defendants' failure  
to file within the ten-day period either their objections or a request for leave to file the objections  
within the twenty-one day period granted by Rule 53(f)(2). The court agrees defendants should  
have, within ten days, either filed their objections or moved for application of the twenty-one day  
period of Rule 53(f)(2) to this objection period. Nonetheless, the court is persuaded that where,  
as here, the Special Master's report was not circulated to the parties for review or comment prior  
to its filing, the court should err on the side of considering all of the parties' views. The court has  
therefore considered both defendants' corrected response and plaintiffs' response in making this  
order. To avoid further confusion, the parties will be directed to meet and confer and present a  
proposed stipulation and order for modification of the ten-day objection period in the Order of  
Reference to add a provision governing the objection period for reports the Special Master does  
not circulate to the parties for review and comment prior to filing. The parties shall seek the input  
and concurrence of the Special Master in the proposal to be submitted to the court.

1 content of the completed remedial plan will be made fully transparent and serve as a reference  
2 point for the court and the parties going forward. The court's finding that remedial planning is  
3 substantially complete is, of course, separate and apart from a finding regarding implementation  
4 of the remedy. The record makes clear that a number of implementation tasks remain.

5 To review again, in 1995 the court found defendants in violation of their Eighth  
6 Amendment duty to provide California's seriously mentally ill prison inmates with access to  
7 adequate mental health care. *Coleman v. Wilson*, 912 F.Supp. 1282. Specifically, the court found  
8 (1) defendants lacked "a systematic program for screening and evaluating inmates for mental  
9 illness," *id.* at 1305; (2) California's prison system was "significantly and chronically  
10 understaffed in the area of mental health care services "and defendants did "not have sufficient  
11 staff to treat large numbers of mentally ill inmates" in prison, *id.* at 1307; (3) defendants had no  
12 quality assurance program to ensure competence of staff, *id.* at 1308; (4) there were significant  
13 delays in access to mental health care throughout the system that "result[ed] in exacerbation of  
14 illness and patient suffering," *id.* at 1309; (5) "'defendants' supervision of the use of medication  
15 [was] completely inadequate; prescriptions [were] not timely refilled, there [was] no adequate  
16 system to prevent hoarding of medication, there [was] no adequate system to ensure continuity of  
17 medication, inmates on psychotropic medication [were] not adequately monitored, and . . . some  
18 very useful medications [were] not available because there is not enough staff to do necessary  
19 post-medication monitoring,'" *id.* (quoting June 6, 1994 Findings and Recommendations at 50);  
20 (6) several deficiencies in the availability and utilization of involuntary medication, *id.* at 1311-  
21 13; (7) the absence of any adequate systemwide procedures for use of mechanical restraints on  
22 seriously mentally disordered inmates, *id.* at 1313-14; (8) an "'extremely deficient'" medical  
23 records system, *id.* at 1314 (quoting Findings and Recommendations at 61); (9) inadequate  
24 implementation of defendants' suicide prevention program, *id.* at 1315; (10) inadequate training  
25 of custodial staff "in the identification of signs and symptoms of mental illness," *id.* at 1320; (11)  
26 placement of seriously mentally ill inmates in administrative segregation and segregated housing  
27 units "without any evaluation of their mental status" and without access to necessary mental  
28 health care while housed in such units, *id.*; and (12) use of tasers and 37mm guns against class

1 members without considering whether the behavior leading to use of the weapon was caused by  
2 mental illness, or the impact of such weapon's use on that illness, *id.* at 1321.

3 To remedy these violations, the court "directed defendants to work with the  
4 Special Master and his staff to develop and implement" remedial plans. *Coleman v. Brown*, 938  
5 F.Supp.2d 955, 972 (E.D.Cal. 2013). The Program Guide represents the bulk of the operative  
6 remedy. *See* ECF No. 4361 at 2-3 ("At this time, the Revised Program Guide is the primary  
7 remedial plan in this action. . ."). The Guide contains the structure and requirements for delivery  
8 of mental health care in California's prisons as challenged in this case, and "represents  
9 defendants' considered assessment, made in consultation with the Special Master and his experts,  
10 and approved by this court, of what is required to remedy the Eighth Amendment violations  
11 identified in this action and meet their constitutional obligation to deliver adequate mental health  
12 care to seriously mentally ill inmates." *Coleman v. Brown*, 938 F.Supp.2d at 972 (quoting ECF  
13 No. 4361 at 3). The United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit has determined it is  
14 "established that the Program Guide sets out the objective standards that the Constitution requires  
15 in this context. . . ." *Coleman v. Brown*, 756 Fed.Appx. 677, 679 (9th Cir. 2018).

16 As noted above, the remedies for the identified Eighth Amendment violations in  
17 the custodial management of seriously mentally ill inmates are generally found in state  
18 regulations or provisions of CDCR's D.O.M, while other remedial measures include defendants'  
19 staffing plan, *see* ECF No. 3693, regular mental health bed projections, *see* ECF No. 3629, and  
20 concomitant planning for and building of necessary mental health beds and clinical treatment  
21 space, *see, e.g.*, ECF No. 3556. In addition, the remedy also requires targeted provisions to  
22 address inmate suicides: since 2015 defendants have been under court order to adopt specific  
23 recommendations made by the Special Master's expert on suicide prevention, Lindsey Hayes.  
24 *See* ECF No. 5993 at 2 (citing ECF Nos. 5259, 5271).

25 The remedial phase of this action has been shaped by the court's early recognition  
26 that in a case of this magnitude and complexity "the standards for compliance with the Eighth  
27 Amendment must and indeed 'can only be developed contextually.'" *Coleman v. Brown*, 938  
28 F.Supp.2d at 971 (quoting *Coleman v. Wilson*, 912 F.Supp. at 1301). Thus, the complete remedy

1 for the Eighth Amendment violations identified by the court has continued to evolve over the past  
2 two decades while implementation of court-approved and court-ordered components of the  
3 remedy has been ongoing.

4 Since the time this action was reassigned to this court in 2014, *see* ECF No. 5213,  
5 the court has articulated its understanding that most of the remedial planning in this case was  
6 complete; the court also has stated its intention to keep the case “on a path toward resolution in  
7 our lifetimes, sooner rather than later.” Reporter’s Transcript of Proceedings (RT), Aug. 19,  
8 2015, ECF No. 5342, at 3. In 2017, the court turned its efforts to enforcement of aspects of the  
9 remedy long complete but never fully implemented, including compliance with timelines for  
10 transfer to inpatient care, *see* ECF No. 5610, and full implementation of defendants’ mental  
11 health staffing plan accompanied by compliance with a June 2002 order requiring a maximum ten  
12 percent vacancy rate in psychiatrists and case managers. ECF No. 5711; *see also* ECF No. 1383  
13 at 4. The court’s efforts to enforce these prior orders has been delayed by intervening events,  
14 including the court-ordered independent investigation prompted by whistleblower reports the  
15 court received in October 2018 and defendants’ pending appeal concerning a proposed final  
16 telepsychiatry policy. An additional speed bump has presented itself in the form of defendants’  
17 continued use of unlicensed mental health crisis bed (MHCB) units that were intended only for  
18 temporary use, *see, e.g.*, ECF No. 3516, and defendants’ proposed temporary use of additional  
19 unlicensed MHCBs pending the long drawn-out completion of planned additional permanent  
20 MHCB units, *see, e.g.*, ECF No. 5993-1 at 32-33.

21 In its efforts to enforce prior orders, the court has made clear its need for an  
22 updated comprehensive Program Guide. Before addressing the Special Master’s one  
23 recommendation the parties dispute, the court considers whether in fact the 2018 Program Guide  
24 Revision now presented represents a substantially developed remedial plan for delivering  
25 constitutionally adequate mental health care to class members. If it does, the court, the Special  
26 Master and the parties can bring full focus and effort to the tasks that remain in implementing and  
27 ensuring the durability of that remedy.

1 II. HISTORY OF REMEDIAL PLANNING2 A. June 1997 Remedial Plans

3 On June 6, 1997, the Special Master submitted the first set of remedial plans to the  
 4 court together with a report on those plans. Dkt. No. 850.<sup>8</sup> The Special Master reported to the  
 5 court that “[w]ith few exceptions, the parties agree that the blueprint for the defendants’ mental  
 6 health care delivery system contained in these documents describes a system that comports with  
 7 the requirements of the court in this case.” *Id.* at 2. The remedial plans were framed around the  
 8 twelve “broad areas of concern” “consistently identified” by the court. *Id.* These twelve areas  
 9 corresponded to the twelve areas identified in the court’s 1995 order, as set forth on page 4 of this  
 10 order above. By order filed June 27, 1997, the court gave provisional approval to the initial set of  
 11 remedial plans, with some modifications, and “directed the Special Master to begin monitoring  
 12 defendants’ implementation of and compliance with those plans, and to file quarterly monitoring  
 13 reports.” ECF No. 4361 at 5; *see also* Dkt. No. 858.

14 The Special Master also reported that the parties had “agreed to a process for  
 15 future modifications of the plans” submitted to the court. ECF No. 850 at 21. That three-step  
 16 process required (1) defendants to “submit, with a copy to plaintiffs,” any modification “to the  
 17 special master fourteen days prior to its effective date,” or on a shorter time frame in the event of  
 18 an emergency; (2) the Special Master to determine whether the modification conflicted with any  
 19 court order(s) and, if so, to “work with the defendants to reconcile the conflict,” and (3) if  
 20 reconciliation proved impossible, the Special Master would file a report with the court setting  
 21 forth findings explaining why the modification violated court orders and recommending action to  
 22 be taken on the modification. *Id.*

23 The process contemplated by the court in 1997 never took hold. In 2006, the  
 24 Special Master reported that between 1997 and 2005, many aspects of the original set of remedial  
 25 plans were “revisited and amended by the court, while other provisions were modified and

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26 <sup>8</sup> “Dkt. No.” refers to the docket entry number for documents filed in this action prior to  
 27 implementation of the court’s ECF system that have not subsequently been entered into the ECF  
 28 system.

1 upgraded by the defendants on their own initiative.” ECF No. 1749 at 3. During the same period,  
 2 the scope of this action expanded to include all of California’s adult prison institutions, and the  
 3 mentally ill prison population more than doubled, “growing from 14,293 inmate/patients in July  
 4 1997 to 30,272 in October 2005.” *Id.* In 2002, “after more than five years of experience with the  
 5 provisionally approved program guides,<sup>9</sup> the special master and the parties agreed that the time  
 6 was ripe to revise and update the program guides and seek their final approval.” *Id.* As the  
 7 Special Master reported, that 2002 agreement was followed by three years of “meetings among  
 8 parties, counsel, and the special master and his experts and monitors” and, finally, production of a  
 9 proposed final set of remedial plans. *Id.* When presented to the court in early February 2006,  
 10 those plans were identified as the January 2006 Revised Program Guide.

11       B.     2006 Revised Program Guide

12           On February 3, 2006, defendants filed the January 2006 Revised Program Guide,  
 13 Chapters 1 Through 10 and Glossary. ECF No. 1753. On the same day, the Special Master filed  
 14 a Report and Recommendations on Defendants’ Revised Program Guide. ECF No. 1749. He  
 15 reported that the January 2006 Revised Program Guide had taken over three years to finalize and  
 16 represented a “semantic identity change” from the initial “provisional program guides.” *Id.* at 3-  
 17 4. As he explained:

18           The ‘program guides’ adopted in mid-1997 included a series of  
 19 multiple guides, one for each level of care or program in CDCR’s  
 20 Mental Health Services Delivery System. The revision entitles the  
 21 whole document simply as a “Program Guide” in the singular, with  
 22 chapters within the overall guide devoted to different levels of care  
 and programs. Unlike the original program guides, which were  
 accompanied by a miscellany of materials, including memoranda,  
 reports, bulletins, procedures, etc. the revised Program Guide  
 supersedes and incorporates most of these miscellaneous materials.

23           *Id.* at 4. The Special Master reported that he and the parties had agreed that “ninety-five percent  
 24 of the revised Program Guide” was ready for final approval by the court. *Id.* at 5. The “purpose”  
 25 of his report was twofold: to obtain final approval from the court for that ninety-five percent of

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26           <sup>9</sup> The Program Guide was originally presented to the court in 1997 as a series of plans,  
 27 protocols, and procedures collectively referred to as remedial plans. *See* Dkt. No. 850 (Special  
 Master’s Report on Plans).

1 the revised Program Guide on which full agreement had been reached, and to “initiate a process  
2 for resolving the five percent of remaining issues that continue to elude resolution.” *Id.* In his  
3 February 2006 report, the Special Master described in detail the “five percent” of issues that  
4 remained unresolved at the time, as well as plaintiffs’ continuing objections to other issues. *Id.* at  
5 4-10.<sup>10</sup>

6 On March 3, 2006, the court approved “the undisputed provisions of the January  
7 2006 Revised Program Guide” and ordered defendants to “immediately implement all such  
8 provisions.” ECF No. 1773 at 2. The court also ordered the parties to continue to work under the  
9 auspices of the Special Master to resolve outstanding disputes, setting a deadline of thirty days for  
10 finalizing the “provisions of the Program Guide related to the review of psychiatrist  
11 qualifications, staffing ratios, CPR and video monitoring” and a separate deadline of forty-five  
12 days “to report to the court concerning resolution of those matters.” *Id.* at 3. On April 17, 2006,  
13 the parties filed a joint status report containing, *inter alia*, updates on the four issues. *See* ECF  
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15 <sup>10</sup> The unresolved issues included: (1) application of newly adopted education-based  
16 qualifications for psychiatrists to psychiatrists hired before adoption of those qualifications;  
17 (2) defendants’ development of staffing ratios for incorporation into the Program Guide;  
18 (3) refinement of the Program Guide chapter on Suicide Prevention and Response to incorporate  
19 agreement on use of CPR and video-monitoring; (4) “reduction of psych tech rounds of non-  
20 caseload inmates in administrative segregation units from daily to weekly”; (5) “reduction of the  
21 number of minimally required clinical case managers’ contacts with 3CMS (Correctional Clinical  
22 Case Management System) inmates in administrative segregation units from weekly to every  
23 other week or more frequently if clinically indicated”; (6) frequency of psych tech rounds for  
24 CCCMS and non-caseload inmates in a SHU; (7) frequency of clinical case managers’ contacts  
25 with CCCMS inmates in a SHU; (8) limiting to 60 days the length of stay for Enhanced  
26 Outpatient (EOP) inmates in EOP administrative segregation hubs; (9) limitations on the use of  
27 secure individual treatment modules for inmates in EOP administrative segregation hubs and  
28 psychiatric services units (PSUs); (10) a rule for exclusion of class members from all SHU units  
in CDCR; (11) expanded programming and improved conditions for class members confined in a  
SHU; (12) banning placement of class members in unlicensed Outpatient Housing Units for crisis  
observation or mental health treatment; (13) elimination of the four point addition to classification  
scores for incoming inmates with a history of mental illness, and additional programming and  
housing options for EOP and CCCMS inmates; and (14) development of a computerized  
management information to track all inmates discharged from the MHSDS and all non-MHSDS  
inmates with a suicidal history. *Id.* at 4-9.

1 No. 1785. They reported they had (1) agreed on language to be added to the Revised Program  
2 Guide to cover “the court-mandated policy” for administration of CPR to inmates, *id.* at 2;  
3 (2) agreed on application of the board-eligible status requirement for new psychiatrist hires but  
4 had not agreed on a grandfathering provision for already employed psychiatrists, *id.*;  
5 (3) agreed that video monitoring would no longer be the sole means of suicide watch and were  
6 continuing negotiations for procedures to be followed in the event defendants wanted to  
7 reinstitute video monitoring as the only way to conduct suicide watch, *id.*; but (4) had not reached  
8 agreement on staffing ratios. *Id.* The disagreement on staffing ratios was resolved later by  
9 defendants’ 2009 staffing plan, ECF No. 3693. At this point, the court presumes the disputes  
10 over grandfathering provisions for psychiatrists employed prior to 2006 and procedures to be  
11 followed in the event defendants proposed to resume suicide watch by video monitoring only  
12 have been resolved or mooted by the passage of time. With regard to the latter issue in particular,  
13 the court notes that the 2018 Program Guide Revision provides that video monitoring is “a  
14 supplement to direct visual observation” of inmates on suicide watch, ECF No. 5864-1 at 170.

15 The January 2006 Revised Program Guide contained a specific section entitled  
16 “Program Guides Revision Policy and Procedure.” ECF No. 1753-1 at 14. That section provided  
17 that “[t]he MHSDS Program Guide revisions shall occur annually” and set forth specific  
18 provisions for distribution, review, and approval of such revisions by specifically identified  
19 CDCR staff. *See* ECF No. 1753-1 at 14-15. The section contained no provision for submitting  
20 annual revisions to the court. *See id.* If that relatively cumbersome internal process has been  
21 followed to any extent, it has not resulted in publication of annual updates to the Program Guide  
22 on the court’s docket.

23 C. Program Guide 2009 Revision

24 The Program Guide has undergone one revision since its 2006 approval, resulting  
25 in the Program Guide 2009 Revision.<sup>11</sup> In his June 29, 2018 Report on the California Department  
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27 <sup>11</sup> The Program Guide 2009 Revision has been the operational remedial plan for almost a  
28 decade and is the foundation of the 2018 Program Guide Revision. *See* ECF No. 5864-1 at 2-201.

1 of Corrections and Rehabilitation Mental Health Services Delivery System Program Guide  
2 Update, ECF No. 5844, the Special Master explains the process that resulted in the Program  
3 Guide 2009 Revision.

4 In late 2007, the Special Master determined that the Program Guide  
5 should be reviewed and updated. In 2008, under the guidance of the  
6 Special Master, the parties commenced a series of negotiations over  
7 the course of several months, the outcome of which was the 2009  
8 Revised Program Guide. [Footnote omitted.] In his Twenty-Third  
9 Round Monitoring Report, filed December 1, 2011 (ECF No. 4124),  
10 the Special Master characterized the Program Guide as the standards  
11 which drive the examination, evaluation, findings, and  
recommendations that are found in each of his compliance reports.  
*Id.* at 17. He advised the court that the Revised Program Guide  
remained a work in progress which continued to undergo negotiated  
revision and updating as the need arose, “in order to remain  
responsive to the demands of changing conditions and emerging  
issues in the prisons.” *Id.*

12 ECF No. 5844 at 5-6. The Program Guide 2009 Revision has been the operative remedial plan  
13 since it was promulgated.

14 D. Proceedings Leading to Development of 2018 Program Guide Revision

15 In an order filed April 19, 2017, this court set a deadline for defendants to “come  
16 into full and permanent compliance with Program Guide timelines for transfer of inmate-patients  
17 to acute and intermediate care facility programs” and a mechanism for enforcement of that  
18 deadline. ECF No. 5610 at 13. In that order, the court noted it had been informed by the Special  
19 Master that the parties were “in the preliminary stages of updating the Program Guide to  
20 incorporate modifications required by court orders issued since March 2006, when the court gave  
21 final approval to most of the Program Guide.” *Id.* at 6 n.3. The April 19, 2017 order was the first  
22 in a series of orders that ultimately led the court to order on December 15, 2017 that the parties  
23 file by March 31, 2018 “a current consolidated Program Guide incorporating all modifications  
24 required by court orders since March 2006.” ECF No. 5750 at 4. The court has been clear that  
25 preparation of the consolidated Guide did not provide “an opportunity to renegotiate matters that  
26 have been settled by court order.” ECF No. 5610 at 6 n.3.

27 On April 10, 2018, the court granted an extension of time to complete the required  
28 update and directed the Special Master to file the updated Program Guide on or before May 30,

1 2018. ECF No. 5816. The Special Master requested and received one final extension of time to  
2 June 29, 2018. ECF No. 5832. The 2018 Program Guide Revisions and the Special Master's  
3 Report were filed that day, ECF No. 5844, and, as required by minute order, ECF No. 5860, the  
4 complete 2018 Program Guide Revision, as defined above, was filed July 30, 2018. ECF Nos.  
5 5864, 5864-1.

6 E. Report of the Neutral Expert as Related to the Program Guide

7 On October 5, 2018, plaintiffs notified the court that defendant CDCR's Statewide  
8 Chief Psychiatrist, Dr. Michael Golding, had issued a report alleging data submitted by  
9 defendants to this court has been inaccurate and misleading. ECF No. 5936. During the course  
10 of several proceedings occasioned by Dr. Golding's Report, the court sealed the complete Report,  
11 ECF No. 5990, and concurrently filed a redacted version of the Report on the public docket, ECF  
12 No. 5988. After consultation with the parties, the court appointed its own neutral expert to  
13 conduct an independent investigation into certain allegations contained in the Golding Report to  
14 assist the court "in assessing whether facts exist that require this court to hold an evidentiary  
15 hearing to decide whether fraudulent or misleading information has been presented to this court in  
16 this case, in the specific context of ongoing remedial efforts concerning adequate mental health  
17 staffing in CDCR's prisons." ECF No. 6032 at 8.

18 On April 22, 2019, the neutral expert submitted his report to the court (hereafter  
19 Neutral Expert Report). Without objection, the court filed the Neutral Expert Report on the  
20 public docket on May 3, 2019. ECF No. 6147. As relevant here, the neutral expert "note[s]  
21 throughout [the] report that there are several instances where there are material differences  
22 between CDCR and the Special Master relating to implementation of the Mental Health Services  
23 Delivery System Program Guide (the 'Program Guide') or reporting of compliance with it." *Id.* at  
24 7. The court has referred those matters to the Special Master "to explore and, as appropriate,  
25 resolve in whatever format he deems appropriate." ECF No. 6149 at 3.

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1     III.    ANALYSIS2       A.    Approval of 2018 Program Guide Revision

3           In his June 29, 2018 Program Guide Update Report, the Special Master  
4 recommends the court “formally adopt the policies attached to [that] report as Appendix A and  
5 the clarification memo attached as Appendix B, as addenda to the MHSDS Program Guide, 2009  
6 Revision.” ECF No. 5844 at 10. As discussed above, the court subsequently directed the Special  
7 Master to “file the entire current consolidated Program Guide, including the 2009 Revised  
8 Program Guide, proposed Appendices A and B thereto,” as well as an additional index to  
9 Appendix A, ECF No. 5860, which he did on July 30, 2018. ECF No. 5864-1. As explained  
10 above, the Special Master conformed the complete document he submitted on July 30, 2018 to  
11 comply with the court’s direction. Accordingly, the court understands the Special Master  
12 recommends formal adoption of the Program Guide 2009 Revision and Appendices A through D  
13 thereto, submitted to the court on July 30, 2018. ECF No. 5864-1. There are no objections to this  
14 recommendation. Good cause appearing, the 2018 Program Guide Revision will be adopted as  
15 modified.

16       B.    Future Updates to Program Guide

17           The question of how updates to the 2018 Program Guide Revision can and should  
18 be accomplished going forward still must be clarified. The Special Master’s second  
19 recommendation is that an improved method for modifying the Program Guide be developed in  
20 the workgroup. ECF No. 5844 at 10. There is no objection to this recommendation, which is  
21 well-taken and overdue given the history reviewed above. The recommendation is now bolstered  
22 by the neutral expert’s observations of “material differences” in the Special Master’s and  
23 defendants’ interpretations of provisions of the Program Guide relating to implementation of, or  
24 reporting compliance with, its provisions. *See Section II(E) supra.* The court will adopt this  
25 recommendation, with the following clarification.

26           As the court has made clear, the Program Guide has long “established the  
27 framework for delivering constitutionally adequate mental health care, and the time to materially  
28 alter its provisions has passed. It must be fully implemented and complied with.” ECF No. 5710

1 at 17-18. The purpose of finalizing and filing the 2018 Program Guide Revision is compliance-  
2 driven: “for ease of reference and to ensure the parties and the court all agree on the contents of  
3 the Program Guide.” ECF No. 5750 at 2. The need for a current consolidated Program Guide  
4 and a regular process for filing any updates to its provisions, for example by preparing and filing  
5 “pocket parts” or their equivalent, remains an essential administrative requirement. Any method  
6 for regular, if not annual, modifications to the Program Guide must focus on this fact: going  
7 forward, modifications should not work substantive changes to the approved remedy in this case.  
8 Rather, any change that would effect a material or substantive alteration to the approved remedy  
9 in this case would need to be approved by the court. *See GTE Sylvania, Inc. v. Consumers Union*  
10 *of United States, Inc.*, 445 U.S. 375, 386 (1980), quoted in *Celotex Corp. v. Edwards*, 514 U.S.  
11 300, 306 (1995) (noting “well-established rule that ‘persons subject to an injunctive order issued  
12 by a court with jurisdiction are expected to obey that decree until it is modified or reversed, even  
13 if they have proper grounds to object to the order.’”)).

14 The Special Master’s third recommendation is that he be directed to report back to  
15 the court on this new proposed process within sixty days of entry of this order. Given the court’s  
16 resolution of the Special Master’s fourth recommendation below, the court will instead require a  
17 joint report on this new proposed process from the parties on or before November 15, 2019.

18 C. Recommendation Concerning Program Guide-Related Regulations

19 The Special Master’s fourth recommendation, as noted above, is disputed by the  
20 parties. If adopted, it would require defendants to provide plaintiffs and the Special Master with  
21 “any proposed Program Guide-related regulations” or proposed changes to existing Program  
22 Guide-related regulations ninety days in advance of the applicable state law public comment  
23 period. So long as remediation is ongoing and supervised by this court, the process going  
24 forward for incorporating aspects of the court-approved remedy in this case into state regulation  
25 must be carefully and thoughtfully developed so that the regulatory process does not become a  
26 vehicle for backdoor, substantive modification of the court-ordered remedy. The Special  
27 Master’s fourth recommendation recognizes the complexity of this case, the law of the case and  
28 the need to protect the court-ordered remedy to avoid material modification of the remedy

1 through the state regulatory process and without approval by this court. The fourth  
2 recommendation is also consistent with the court's primary purpose in requiring submission of an  
3 updated Program Guide: ensuring ease of reference and agreement on the contents of the  
4 complete remedy, covering mental health services and custodial considerations as well.

5 That said, the court has determined that adoption of the Special Master's fourth  
6 recommendation at this time is premature, given the complex issues implicated by the interface of  
7 the Program Guide, state regulations and/or the D.O.M., and the range of work that remains to be  
8 done in the All Parties Workgroup. With its eye firmly focused on the twin needs to protect the  
9 approved remedy and preclude disagreement about all of the remedy's contours as the case moves  
10 through the final stages of remediation -- compliance, enforcement as necessary, and durability --  
11 the court will defer resolution of the fourth recommendation at this time. Rather, this matter, as  
12 indicated and as consistent with the Special Master's second recommendation, will be referred  
13 back to the Workgroup to finalize a process for updates to the remedy as contained in the 2018  
14 Program Guide Revision. The process for updating and revising any parts of the remedy not  
15 incorporated in the 2018 Program Guide Revision, and instead found in state regulations and/or  
16 the D.O.M., also will be referred back to the Workgroup to be developed under the guidance of  
17 the Special Master. The Special Master shall submit the final proposal for these processes not  
18 later than November 15, 2019, in advance of the quarterly status conference presently set for  
19 December 13, 2019.

20       D.     Compendium of Additional Settled Remedial Measures

21       As discussed above, the remedy in this case includes some measures to address  
22 violations of law in the custodial management of class members. *See* pages 2, 4-5 *supra*. In  
23 order to ensure the complete remedy is fully identified in the record, the parties will be directed  
24 to, within thirty days, prepare and file a document that identifies all negotiated or court-ordered  
25 remedial measures adopted in this action that cover custodial issues and are not included in the  
26 2018 Program Guide Revision. The parties shall confirm that the Special Master has reviewed  
27 the list and concurs that it is a comprehensive list of such remedial measures.

1       E.     Finalization of Remedial Planning2       1.     Substantial Completion of Planning

3           As part of its consideration of the 2018 Program Guide Revision and the Program  
 4       Guide Update Report, the court has reviewed relevant parts of the extensive record in this action  
 5       and consulted with the Special Master. As discussed in section IIB above, in 2006 the court  
 6       estimated that ninety-five percent of the remedy in this case had been finalized and ordered its  
 7       “immediate” implementation. ECF No. 1773 at 2. At that time, the court also signaled it would  
 8       begin a process for addressing the remaining outstanding disputes. *Id.* at 3. Given the years that  
 9       have passed since that 2006 order, the time has arrived to confirm that, except as specifically  
 10      noted in this order, all remedial planning is complete.

11           This conclusion is supported by the voluminous record in this action, which shows  
 12      that most, if not all, of the issues that remained disputed in 2006<sup>12</sup> have been resolved through  
 13      the following: completion of defendants’ staffing plan in 2009; adoption of recommendations  
 14      from the Special Master arising from results of his ongoing monitoring; agreements achieved in  
 15      meetings of the parties supervised by the Special Master, which have been a regular part of the  
 16      remedial process in this action since its inception;<sup>13</sup> litigation on custody-related issues in this  
 17      court, particularly in 2013 and 2014; and consolidation of claims remaining in the separate  
 18      *Hecker*<sup>14</sup> action into this one, *see* ECF No. 5284. Additionally, the Special Master has advised  
 19      the court that the disputed issues identified in the 2006 Special Master Report either have been  
 20      resolved or are no longer the focus of efforts of the All Parties’ Workgroup.

21       2.     Discreet Disputes Remaining

22           There is an outstanding dispute over the final proposed policy for use of  
 23      telepsychiatry, and defendants’ appeal from the court’s July 3, 2018 order on this issue is still

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24      <sup>12</sup> *See* note 9 *supra*.

25      <sup>13</sup> In 2016, the Special Master increased the frequency of these meetings and began to  
 26      refer to them as meetings of the All Parties Workgroup.

27      <sup>14</sup> *Hecker v. California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, et al.*, Case No.  
 28      2:05-cv-2441 KJM DAD (E.D. Cal.).

1 pending. *See* ECF Nos. 5850, 5867; *see also* *Coleman v. Brown*, No. 18-16445, *appeal docketed*  
2 (9th Cir. Aug. 2, 2018). The court is not in a position to finalize this aspect of the remedy until  
3 the pending appeal is resolved.

4 As the court discussed with the parties at the status conference on April 26, 2019,  
5 the deadline for submission of a final proposed addendum covering exceptions to the twenty-four  
6 hour timeline for transfer to mental health crisis bed (MHCB) care must be reset. To that end, the  
7 court has approved a stipulation filed by the parties addressing this issue. *See* ECF No. 6158. In  
8 addition, a date certain must be set for taking all temporary MHCBs offline and, as necessary,  
9 replacing them with permanent licensed MHCB units.<sup>15</sup> There also is an unresolved issue  
10 currently under consideration by the Workgroup concerning the use of therapeutic treatment  
11 modules (TTMs) in inpatient settings. These matters are the subject of a separate, recent court  
12 order, ECF No. 6135.

13 Finally, while there are specifically identified “policies that are currently in flux,”  
14 which are under review by the parties and the Special Master “to determine whether they are  
15 appropriate for inclusion in the Program Guide,” *see* ECF No. 5864 at 2 (describing Attachment E  
16 to 2018 Program Guide Revision), and while there may be a need to clarify the interpretation of  
17 certain Program Guide provisions as suggested by the neutral expert, there are no substantive  
18 disputes regarding the provisions of the 2018 Program Guide Revision.

19 With the exception of the foregoing issues, the remedial planning in this action is  
20 complete. As noted above, of course, that remedial planning is complete does not mean  
21 implementation of the settled remedies is fulfilled. Quite a number of important implementation  
22 steps remain. But at this juncture, the court’s view is that the stakeholders are in a position to turn  
23 their primary attention to the tasks remaining to ensure complete and durable implementation of  
24 the identified remedy, without further delay.

25 ////

26 \_\_\_\_\_  
27 <sup>15</sup> The need to complete this aspect of the remedy in this case is also addressed in the  
28 court’s order on the Special Master’s Report on his Expert’s Third Re-Audit and Update of  
Suicide Prevention Practices, ECF Nos. 5993, 5993-1, filed concurrently with this order.

1 In accordance with the above, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:

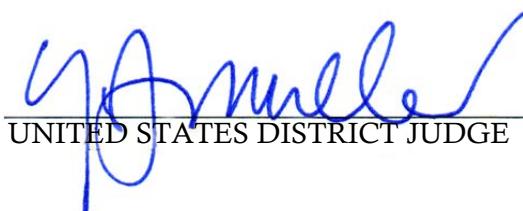
2 1. The 2018 Program Guide Revision, defined as the 2018 Revision to the Mental  
3 Health Services Delivery System Program Guide and Appendices A through D, ECF No.  
4 5864-1, is APPROVED.

5 2. Within thirty days the parties shall prepare and file a document that identifies  
6 all negotiated or court-ordered remedial measures adopted in this action that cover  
7 custodial issues and are not included in the 2018 Program Guide Revision. The parties  
8 shall confirm that the Special Master has reviewed the list and concurs that it is a  
9 comprehensive list of such remedial measures.

10 3. The parties shall, under the guidance and supervision of the Special Master,  
11 work through the All Parties Workgroup process to develop an improved method for  
12 regular administrative updating of the 2018 Program Guide Revision and to develop a  
13 process for updates and revisions to any part of the remedy found in state regulations  
14 and/or provisions of the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation's  
15 Departmental Operations Manual. The Special Master shall submit the final proposed  
16 processes to the court on or before November 15, 2019.

17 4. Within twenty-one days from the date of this order, the parties shall meet and  
18 confer and submit to the court a proposed stipulation and order for modification of the ten-  
19 day objection period in the Order of Reference to add a provision governing the objection  
20 period for reports from the Special Master that are not circulated to the parties for review  
21 and comment prior to filing. The parties shall seek the input and concurrence of the  
22 Special Master in the proposal to be submitted to the court.

23 DATED: July 9, 2019.

24   
25 UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE  
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28