UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 1 2 EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA—SACRAMENTO DIVISION 3 WILLIAM LANDES. 4 Case No.: 2:12-CV-01252 MCE-KJN Plaintiff. 5 6 VS. SKIL POWER TOOLS, a Division of ROBERT BOSCH TOOL CORPORATION, a Delaware Corporation; ROBERT BOSCH TOOL CORPORATION, a Delaware Corporation; LOWES' HIW, INC., a Washington Corporation; LOWE'S COMPANIES INC., a Delaware 10 Corporation; and DOES 1 through 30, INCLUSIVE, Defendants. 11 12 13

STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER

IT IS STIPULATED AND AGREED by the parties, plaintiff William Landes, defendant Robert Bosch Tool Corporation (Bosch) and defendant Lowe's HIW, Inc. (Lowe's,) through their undersigned counsel, that:

1. Proceedings and Information Governed

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This protective order and any amendments or modifications to it shall govern any documents, information or thing furnished by any party, including third parties (hereafter referred to as "conveying party"), to any other party (hereafter referred to as "receiving party") in connection with the discovery and pretrial phase of this action.

This protective order shall not preclude any party from withholding any document, information or thing on the basis of the attorney-client privilege or attorney work-product doctrine, or otherwise affect any party's claim of privilege with respect to any such document, information or thing. The inadvertent production of any privileged document, information or thing shall not be deemed a waiver of such privilege or otherwise affect any party's right to seek return of the inadvertently produced document, information or thing. Further, this Protective order shall not preclude any party from withholding any document, information or thing the

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disclosure of which might constitute a breach of an agreement with a third party, nor shall it preclude any party from moving the Court for an order directing the disclosure of such materials.

This protective order does not govern proceedings during trial, nor does it prohibit the parties from seeking a protective order to govern proceedings during trial.

Subject to the terms set forth below, all information produced by a conveying party shall be used by the parties receiving the information solely for the purposes of preparing for and conducting this action, and the information shall not be used for any other purpose.

2. Definitions

"CONFIDENTIAL MATERIALS" are any documents, information or things that constitute, reflect or contain trade secrets or other non-public, proprietary or business-sensitive information, or things, including, without limitation, confidential research, design and development, non-public financial, corporate, or other commercial information belonging to or concerning a party or conveying party that could, if produced without being subject to a protective order, harm the competitive position of the party in the table saw industry as to Bosch, and in the retail sales business, as to Lowe's, and that a party or conveying party designates as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL-2" as described below.

"Confidentiality Pledge" shall mean an undertaking, in the form attached as Exhibit A, to be bound by the provisions of this protective order.

"Inadvertent production" shall mean unintentional or accidental production of privileged documents, information or things for whatever reason irrespective of whether: (i) such production was careless, reckless, or negligent; or (ii) the precautions taken to avoid such inadvertent production were inadequate.

3. The Need for a Protective Order Instead of an Agreement Among Parties

Both Bosch and Lowe's assert they operate in very competitive industries. Bosch is but one of many manufacturers of table saws and Lowe's is but one of many home improvement warehouse store retailers. Both Bosch and Lowe's believe that an agreement among the parties to this action, without the force behind it of a court order, would not likely provide the necessary protection to ensure that confidential information is not made available to the competitors of

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there are currently pending cases against Bosch and other manufacturers in which protective orders have been issued to protect the manufacturers and other parties from the disclosure of confidential information to anyone not directly involved in the litigation, including competitors. In order to provide the parties with protection against disclosure of its confidential information, while allowing the non-conveying parties to access information needed to pursue the claims and defenses in this case, a protective order is the best vehicle to accomplish this goal.

4. Designation of Confidential Information

- Documents, information and things produced by a party during the course of this litigation, including but not limited to responses to discovery requests and interrogatories, may be designated by such party as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL-2" at the time of production. After such time, a document, information or thing may be designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL-2" in writing, by any party, provided that any such designation shall be within a reasonable time after disclosure. In addition, within one month of the execution of this protective order, any party may designate as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL-2" a document, information or thing previously produced in this action.
- h. Documents, information and things produced by a party during the course of this litigation, including but not limited to responses to discovery requests and interrogatories, shall be designated by the conveying party as containing "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL-2" information by placing a "CONFIDENTIAL(or CONFIDENTIAL-2) – Subject to protective order" legend on each page and each thing, by so indicating in any other reasonable manner appropriate to the form in which the documents, information or things are made available to the receiving party, or alternatively, by advising the receiving party in writing as to the particular documents, information or things designated "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL-2."
- A party may designate information disclosed at a deposition, including questions, testimony, documents or exhibits as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL-2"

by requesting that the reporter so designate all or part of the deposition transcript at the time of

the deposition or by requesting such designation in writing within a reasonable time after

receipt of the deposition transcript. Where only a portion of a deposition transcript contains

"CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL-2" information, only such portion of the transcript

may be so designated. Any portions of a deposition transcript designated "CONFIDENTIAL"

or "CONFIDENTIAL-2" and any deposition exhibits so designated shall be bound separately

protection during a deposition may exclude from the room any person who is not authorized

under this protective order to receive information designated "CONFIDENTIAL" or

requests, requests for admissions or other papers of any kind contain another party's

Any party invoking "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL-2"

In the event that a party's motion papers, briefs, memoranda, discovery

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and treated accordingly.

"CONFIDENTIAL-2."

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"CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL-2" information, the papers shall be designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL-2" and shall be treated accordingly.

f. All documents, including attorneys notes and abstracts, that contain another party's "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL-2" information shall be treated as if such documents were also designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL-2."

g. The parties shall use reasonable care to avoid designating as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL-2" any document, information or thing that is not entitled to such designation under the applicable law or that is generally available to the public.

<u>Use of Confidential Information</u>

Documents, information or things designated "CONFIDENTIAL" or

"CONFIDENTIAL-2" shall not be made public by counsel or persons entitled access to such

materials under this protective order unless such materials become part of the public record of

this action other than through a violation of this protective order, and shall not be disclosed to

anyone other than this Court and the persons entitled access to such materials under this

- b. All documents, information and things designated "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL-2" may be used by persons to whom such documents, information and things are properly disclosed pursuant to this protective order solely for purposes of pretrial preparation and proceedings in this action, trial of this action and any appellate proceedings in this action. Such documents, information and things shall be used for no other purpose unless and until agreed to in writing by all parties to this action or authorized by order of the Court. No person who receives any such document, information or thing shall disclose it to any person for any purpose other than for pretrial preparation and proceedings in this action. Notwithstanding the foregoing, counsel for plaintiff may use any documents, information or things disclosed by Bosch, but not by Lowe's HIW, Inc., for purposes of pretrial, trial or appellate proceedings in any other action counsel for plaintiff (Tiedt & Hurd or Kelley/Uustal Law Firm) has pending in which Bosch, or its predecessors or successors, is a defendant, and where the allegations concern design defects in power table saws. Such documents, information or things disclosed by Bosch may only be utilized against Bosch, and not against Lowe's, in any such other action.
- c. Documents, information and things designated "CONFIDENTIAL" may be disclosed by the receiving party only to: (i) officers and employees of the receiving party who the receiving party reasonably and in good faith believes need to know in order for the receiving party to prepare for this action; (ii) counsel in this action, and such counsel's stenographic, clerical and paralegal employees whose functions require access to such "CONFIDENTIAL" information; (iii) court reporters and stenographers engaged to transcribe depositions or proceedings in this action; (iv) the Court and its employees; (v) employees of the designating party during the course of a deposition or other proceeding in this action; (vi) experts or consultants retained by the receiving party and whose advice and consultation are being or will be used by the party in connection with this action, provided that such experts and consultants have first executed a Confidentiality Pledge; (vii) any non-party witness or any person reasonably anticipated to be a witness at a deposition or other proceeding in this action provided such person has executed a Confidentiality Pledge; and (viii) any other person, with the prior written approval of the designating party, provided such person has executed a

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Confidentiality Pledge.

- d. Any and all Confidentiality Pledges signed by experts or consultants shall be maintained by the receiving counsel, but need not be produced to opposing counsel absent an order of the Court. At such time that the parties identify experts pursuant to order of the Court or by Rule 26 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, a copy of the Confidentiality Pledge with respect to each identified expert shall be produced to the opposing counsel within ten days. At the conclusion of the litigation, counsel for each party shall deliver to opposing counsel a copy of each and every Confidentiality Pledge it obtained during the course of the litigation.
- e. Documents, information and things designated "CONFIDENTIAL-2" may be disclosed by the receiving party as allowed in Sections 5(c) and 5(d) above, except that under no circumstances shall documents, information or things designated "CONFIDENTIAL-2" or any of the information contained therein be released or disclosed to Stephen Gass or any agent or employee of SawStop, LLC; SawStop, Inc.; SD3, LLC; or any of their parents, subsidiaries, or affiliated companies. Plaintiff agrees to abide by this designation without waiving its right to challenge the withholding of any or all information from Stephen Gass. Such challenge, if any, shall be made by motion to the Court to lift all or part of any restraint from disclosing such information to Gass. Plaintiff agrees to abide by such designation until any such designation or restraint is lifted by consent or court order.
- f. In the event that a party desires to provide access to or to disseminate CONFIDENTIAL MATERIALS to any person not otherwise entitled to access under this protective order, and if the parties cannot agree in writing to the requested additional disclosure, that party may move the Court for an order that such person be given access to the materials. In the event that the motion is granted, such person may have access to CONFIDENTIAL MATERIALS after first signing a Confidentiality Pledge, a copy of which shall be forwarded promptly thereafter to opposing counsel.
- g. Nothing in this order shall restrict a party's use of its own materials that it produces in discovery.
 - h. Nothing in this order shall restrict a party's use of information which (i)

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violation of this protective order or by any other unlawful means, (iii) was already known to the receiving party under conditions such that its use and/or public disclosure by the receiving party would not violate some obligation to another, which knowledge is established by pre-production documentation, or (iv) has come or shall come into the receiving party's legitimate possession independently of the conveying party under conditions such that its use and/or public disclosure by the receiving party would not violate some obligation to another. Nothing in this order shall restrict or prohibit discussions with any person

- about CONFIDENTIAL MATERIALS if such person already has or obtains legitimate possession of the materials, without restrictions which would independently prohibit such discussion.
- 6. Filing or Lodging CONFIDENTIAL MATERIALS with the Court Under Seal The sealing of documents by the Court is never automatic. Any party seeking to file or lodge CONFIDENTIAL MATERIALS with the Court under seal must file a Notice of Request to Seal Documents in accordance with the Eastern District Local Rules, including Local Rule 141, and the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

7. Inadvertent Failure to Designate

In the event that a conveying party inadvertently fails to designate documents, information or things as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL-2," the conveying party may later correct the error by notifying the receiving party of the error in writing and making the appropriate designation in accordance with paragraph 4 above. The receiving party shall thereafter treat the documents, information or things in accordance with the designation and shall take reasonable steps to ensure that any person to whom the receiving party has previously disclosed the documents, information or things treats them in accordance with the designation.

If the conveying party chooses to produce new copies of the documents, information or things with the appropriate "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAl-2" designation, the receiving party shall return any copies of the documents, information or things that were

inadvertently produced without the proper "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL-2" designation to the conveying party without retaining any copies. The receiving party shall also make reasonable efforts to obtain and return any improperly designated documents, information or things and preclude their dissemination and use by any person to whom the receiving party has previously disclosed the improperly designated documents, information or things.

8. <u>Challenge to Designations</u>

- a. A party may challenge any other party's designation of any document, information or thing as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL-2" at any time. Failure of a party expressly to challenge a designation shall not constitute a waiver by such party of the right to assert at a subsequent time that the designation is not appropriate.
- b. In case of disagreement with the designation of any document, information or thing as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL-2," a party may request in writing that the designating party change the designation.
- c. If a party denies a request to change the designation of any document, information or thing as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL-2" and the requesting party disagrees with the designating party's reasons for such denial or the designating party fails to respond to the request, the requesting party may apply to the Court, in a manner consistent with the Court's rules applicable to discovery disputes, for an order removing or changing the designation in the manner stated in the request. On such application, the designating party shall have the burden of proving that the material in question is within the scope of protection afforded by federal law. No use or disclosure of any document, information or thing designated "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL-2" shall be made, except as otherwise authorized by this protective order, unless and until the parties agree or the Court orders that the designation shall be removed.

9. <u>Inadvertent Disclosure</u>

a. In the event of an inadvertent disclosure of a party's "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENITAL-2" documents, information or things to a person not authorized by this protective order to receive such materials, the party making the inadvertent disclosure shall, upon

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learning	of	the	discl	losure:
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(i)	promptly notify the person to whom the disclosure was made that		
	it contains "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL-2"		
	information subject to this protective order;		
(1.1)			

- (ii) promptly make reasonable efforts to obtain the return of the

 "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL-2" documents,

 information, or things from and preclude its dissemination or use
 by the person to whom disclosure was inadvertently made; and
- (iii) within five (5) business days, serve the conveying party with a written notice stating the identity of the person to whom the disclosure was made, the nature of and circumstances surrounding the disclosure and the steps taken to obtain the return of the improperly disclosed documents, information or things and to ensure against their further dissemination or use.

10. <u>Inadvertent Production of Privileged Documents, Information or Things</u>

To facilitate the timely production of voluminous documents in compliance with the parties' respective requests for production, the inadvertent production of any privileged document, information or thing shall not be deemed a waiver of such privilege or otherwise affect any party's right to seek return of the inadvertently produced document, information or thing. The party receiving a document, information or thing that appears to be privileged shall promptly notify the conveying party upon becoming aware that the document, information or thing may have been inadvertently produced and, in any event, before making any use of the document, information or thing in its submissions to the Court or otherwise. The fact that a document, information or thing is listed on a party's privilege log shall be *prima facie* evidence that such document, information or thing has been inadvertently produced, but the failure to list such document, information or thing shall not preclude the conveying party from claiming that the document, information or thing is privileged and was inadvertently produced.

In the event documents, information or things which are claimed to be privileged or

subject to the work product doctrine are inadvertently produced during discovery, such documents, information or things shall be returned by the receiving party within two days of any written request for their return, unless the receiving party challenges the privileged nature of the documents, information or things in which case the conveying party shall be entitled to make an application to the Court for the return of such documents, information or things. A claimed lack of privilege (and not the inadvertent production) shall be the sole ground for refusing to return inadvertently produced privileged documents, information or things and such documents, information or things shall only be retained while an application to the court is pending. While such application is pending, the receiving party shall not use or divulge the contents of such documents, information or things, except to the Court under seal. If the Court finds that the documents, information or things in question are privileged, the receiving party shall promptly return all copies of the inadvertently produced documents, information, or things and not retain any copies, notes or summaries of the documents, information or things. The receiving party shall also make reasonable efforts to obtain and return any inadvertently produced document(s), information or thing(s) and preclude their dissemination and use by any person to whom the receiving party has previously disclosed the inadvertently produced document(s), information or thing(s).

11. <u>Non-party Information</u>

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Discovery in this proceeding may involve disclosure by a non-party of its "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL-2" documents, information or things. At the option of a non-party, such documents, information or things may be produced subject to the provisions of this protective order and, in that event, shall provide the non-party, with respect to the information produced by such non-party in connection with the discovery and pre-trial phase of this action, with all of the rights and obligations of a party as created by this protective order.

12. Subpoenas

a. In the event any person or party having possession, custody or control of any document, information or thing designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL-2" by another party pursuant to the terms of this protective order receives a subpoena or other

against any other party or any non-party believed to be violating its rights.

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14. No Waiver

Neither the taking of, nor the failure to take, any action to enforce the provisions of this protective order, nor the exercise of, or failure to exercise, any rights created by this protective order, shall constitute a waiver of any right to seek or obtain protection or relief other than as specified in this order or to pursue any claim or defense in this action or any other action. This protective order shall not affect the rights of the parties to object to discovery on grounds other than those related to trade secrets or confidential or proprietary information claims, nor shall it relieve a party of its obligation to respond properly to discovery requests.

15. Disposition of Documents at Termination of Litigation

At the conclusion of this action, and any other action plaintiff's counsel a.. may have pending that is covered under section 4b. above, each receiving party shall either return all CONFIDENTIAL MATERIALS of a conveying party in its possession, custody or control, and any copies of such materials, to counsel for the conveying party, or shall otherwise dispose of such CONFIDENTIAL MATERIALS in a manner agreeable to both parties, except that trial counsel for the receiving party may retain work-product derived from the CONFIDENTIAL MATERIALS of a conveying party.

16. Violation of Order

A violation of this protective order will subject the violating party to sanctions if the Court finds good cause for the awarding of sanctions, following a noticed motion to the Court.

17. Termination of Action

The Parties recognize that Eastern District Local Rule 141.1(f) provides as follows: "Once the clerk has closed this action, unless otherwise ordered, the Court will not retain jurisdiction over enforcement of the terms of any protective order filed in that action." Accordingly, pursuant to Eastern District Local Rule 141.1(f), the Court shall not retain jurisdiction over the case once it has been terminated absent a prior court order retaining iurisdiction.

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1	18. Approval By Court						
2	The parties agree that they will tender this stipulated protective order to the Court to be se						
3	ordered and that, prior to approval by the Court, this stipulated protective order shall be effective						
4	and binding on the parties as if approved by the Court.						
5							
6	Dated: March 5, 2013						
7	Ву:	/s/ Marc Hurd TIEDT & HURD					
8		Marc Hurd					
9		Attorneys for plaintiff					
10		/s/ Jordan M. Lewis KELLEY/UUSTAL LAW FIRM					
11		Jordan M. Lewis Attorneys for plaintiff					
12		Miorneys for plaining					
13		/s/ Jack B. McCowan, Jr. GORDON & REES LLP					
14		Jack B. McCowan, Jr. Attorneys for defendants					
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17	IT IS SO ORDERED.						
18	Date: <u>3/6/2013</u>	V . 10 0 1					
19		KENDALL J. NEWMAN					
20		UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE					
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1	Exhibit A	<u>.</u>				
2	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT					
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4	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA-SACRAMENTO DIVISION					
5	WILLIAM LANDES,) Case No.: 2:12-CV-01252 MCE-KJN				
6	Plaintiff,					
7	vs.)				
8 9 10 11	BOSCH TOOL CORPORATION, a Delaware Corporation; ROBERT BOSCH TOOL CORPORATION, a Delaware Corporation; LOWES' HIW, INC., a Washington Corporation; LOWE'S COMPANIES INC., a Delaware Corporation; and					
12	Defendants.)				
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14	CONFIDENTIALIT	Y PLEDGE				
15	I,	, declare under penalty of perjury under				
16	the laws of the United States that:					
17	1. My present address is					
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20	2. My present employer is					
21	and	the address of my present employer is				
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24	3. My present occupation or job descripti	on is				
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27	4. I have received a copy of the protectiv	e order in this action signed by the Court				
28	and dated					
	-14-					
	STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER (Cas	e No.: 2:12-CV-01252 MCE-KJN)				

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1	5. I have carefully read and understand the provisions of the protective order.					
2	6. I will comply with and be bound by all of the provisions of the protective order					
3	7. I will hold in confidence and will not disclose to anyone not qualified under the					
4	protective order and will use only for purposes of this action, any CONFIDENTIAL					
5	MATERIALS which are disclosed to me. I will take appropriate steps and assume full					
6	responsibility to assure that any other people, e.g., clerical or secretarial personnel, working for					
7	me will abide by the protective order.					
8	8. I will return all CONFIDENTIAL MATERIALS that come into my possession,					
9	and documents or things that I have prepared relating such materials, to counsel for the party by					
10	whom I am employed or retained when requested to do so by that counsel.					
11	9. I declare further that I understand that if I violate the provisions of the protectiv					
12	order, I may be subject to sanctions by the Court and that any party may assert other remedies					
13	against me. I submit to the jurisdiction of this Court for the purpose of enforcement of the					
14	protective order in this action.					
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16	Executed on:					
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