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16		
17	UNITED STATES	DISTRICT COURT
18	FOR THE EASTERN DIS	TRICT OF CALIFORNIA
19	SACRAMENT	TO DIVISION
20	ARROWOOD INDEMNITY COMPANY,	
21	a Delaware corporation formerly known as ROYAL INDEMNITY COMPANY, as successor to GLOBE INDEMNITY	CASE NO. 2:11-CV-00976-JAM-DAD
22	successor to GLOBE INDEMNITY COMPANY,	
23	Plaintiff,	STIPULATED PROTECTIVE
24	VS.	ORDER
25	BEL AIR MART, a California corporation; R. GERN NAGLER, as Trustee of the John	
26	W. Burns Testamentary Trust; ROBERT GERN NAGLER, an individual,	Hon. John A. Mendez
27		
28	Defendants.	
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2	BEL AIR MART, a California corporation,
3	Counterclaim Plaintiff,
4	VS.
5	ARROWOOD INDEMNITY COMPANY, a Delaware corporation formerly known as ROYAL INDEMNITY COMPANY, as
6 7	successor to GLOBE INDEMNITY COMPANY,
8	Counterclaim Defendant.
9	στιρία άτερ βροτεστινέ οβρερ
10	STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER
11	Subject to the approval of this Court, the parties hereby stipulate to the
12	following protective order:
13	1. <u>Purposes and Limitations</u>
14	Discovery proceedings in this action may involve the production and disclosure
15	of trade secrets or other confidential and proprietary commercial or financial
16	information for which protection from public disclosure and from use for purposes
17	other than prosecuting or defending this litigation may be warranted. The parties
18	acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all responses to
19	discovery and that the protection it affords from public disclosure and use extends only
20	to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential treatment under
20	applicable legal principles. The parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section 8
21	below, that this Stipulated Protective Order does not entitle them to file confidential
22	information under seal; Local Rule 141 sets forth the procedures to be followed when
	a party seeks permission from the Court to file material under seal.
24	2. <u>Definitions</u>
25	For purposes of this Order, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth
26	below:
27	2.1. "Challenging Party" shall mean and refer to a Party that challenges
28	a designation of information under this Order;
	2 STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER [PROPOSED]

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1	2.2. "Confidential Information" shall mean information that qualifies
2	for protection under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c);
3	2.3. "Designating Party" shall mean and refer to a Party that designates
4	information that it produces in responses to discovery as "CONFIDENTIAL";
5	2.4. "Discovery Material" shall mean all information, regardless of the
6	medium or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including, among
7	other things, testimony and transcripts), that are produced or generated in responses to
8	discovery in this action;
9	2.5. "Expert" shall mean and refer to a person with specialized knowledge
10	or experience in a matter pertinent to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its
11	counsel to serve as an expert witness or as a consultant in this action;
12	2.6. "Party" shall mean and refer to any party to this action, including all of
13	its officers, directors, employees, consultants, attorneys, affiliates and subsidiaries (and
14	their support staffs);
15	2.7. "Producing Party" shall mean and refer to a Party that
16	produces Discovery Material in this action;
17	2.8. "Professional Vendors" shall mean and refer to persons or entities that
18	provide litigation support services (e.g., photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing
19	exhibits or demonstrations, and organizing, storing, or retrieving data in any form or
20	medium) and their employees and subcontractors;
21	2.9. "Protected Material" means any Discovery Material that is designated
22	as "CONFIDENTIAL";
23	2.10. "Receiving Party" means a Party that receives Discovery Material
24	from a Producing Party.
25	3. <u>Scope</u>
26	The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order do not cover (a) any
27	information that is in the public domain at the time of disclosure to a Receiving Party or
28	becomes part of the public domain after its disclosure to a Receiving Party as a result of
	3 STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER [PROPOSED]
.	SIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER [PROPOSED]

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publication not involving a violation of this Order, including becoming part of the public record through trial or otherwise; and (b) any information known to the Receiving Party prior to the disclosure or obtained by the Receiving Party after the disclosure from a source who obtained the information lawfully and under no obligation of confidentiality to the Designating Party. Any use of Protected Material at trial shall be governed by a separate agreement or order.

4. <u>Duration</u>

8 This Order shall continue to be binding throughout this action, including any 9 appeal thereof. This Order, as an agreement, shall remain in effect until all Confidential 10 Information is returned to the Producing Party or destroyed, as provided below. Within 11 thirty (30) days after termination of this action by dismissal, final non-appealable 12 judgment or otherwise, each Party shall return to counsel for the Producing Party all 13 Protected Material, including all copies, prints, excerpts, and other reproductions 14 thereof, however generated or maintained. In the alternative, counsel for any Party 15 receiving Protected Material may supervise the destruction thereof, including all copies, 16 prints, excerpts, and other reproductions thereof, however generated or maintained. 17 Counsel shall then advise counsel for the Producing Party in writing that all Protected 18 Material, including all copies, prints, excerpts, and other reproductions thereof, 19 however generated or maintained have been destroyed or returned. Notwithstanding the 20 foregoing, counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy (in electronic form or 21 otherwise) of all pleadings, motion papers, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, 22 legal memoranda, correspondence, deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney 23 work product, and consultant and expert work product, even if such material contain 24 Protected Material. Any such archival copies that contain or constitute Protected 25 Material remain subject to the parties' agreement for confidentiality as set forth herein.

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5. <u>Designating Protected Material</u>

By designating a document, testimony, or information derived therefrom as "CONFIDENTIAL", the Designating Party certifies to the Court and other Parties that

STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER [PROPOSED]

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there is a good faith basis both in law and in fact for the designation within the meaning of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(g).

5.1. Documents

All confidentiality designations shall be made by the Designating Party at the time documents are produced by affixing the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" to each page that contains Confidential Information. If only a portion or portions of material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portions (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins). Affixing the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" on the cover of any multi-page document shall designate all pages of the document as confidential, unless otherwise indicated by the Producing Party.

5.2. Deposition Testimony

Testimony taken at a deposition may be designated as confidential by making a statement to that effect on the record before the close of the deposition or at some reasonable time thereafter. Arrangements shall be made with the court reporter taking and transcribing the deposition to separately bind such portions of the transcript containing information designated as confidential, and to label such portions appropriately.

5.3. Inadvertent Failures to Designate

An inadvertent failure to designate qualified information does not waive the Designating Party's right to secure protection under this Order for such material. Upon timely correction of a designation, the Receiving Party must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

6. <u>Challenging Confidential Designations</u>

Any Party may challenge a designation of confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party's confidentiality designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive its right to

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challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the original designation is disclosed.

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The Challenging Party shall initiate the challenge process by providing written notice of each designation it is challenging (making specific reference therein to this section of the Order) and describing the basis for each challenge. The Designating Party shall respond to each challenge in writing within ten (10) days, stating with particularity the bases for asserting that the material is properly designated. If no timely written response is made to a challenge, the challenged designation is deemed void. If a timely written response is made to a challenge, counsel for the Parties shall, within five (5) days of the Designating Party's written response, confer in good faith in an effort to resolve the dispute.

12 If the Parties are unable to resolve a challenge without court intervention, the 13 Designating Party shall file and serve a motion for a further protective order within 14 twenty-one (21) days of the initial notice of challenge. Failure of the Designating Party 15 to timely make such a motion shall automatically waive the confidentiality designation 16 for each challenged designation. In addition, the Challenging Party may file a motion 17 challenging a confidentiality designation at any time if there is good cause for doing so, 18 including a challenge to the designation of a deposition transcript or any portions 19 thereof.

The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating Party. Unless the Designating Party has waived the confidentiality designation by failing to file a motion to retain confidentiality as described above, all parties shall continue to afford the material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's designation until the Court rules on the challenge.

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Access to and Use of Protected Material

A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is produced by another Party in connection with this case only for prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons

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1	and under the conditions described in this Order.
2	Unless otherwise ordered by the Court or permitted in writing by the
3	Designated Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information designated
4	"CONFIDENTIAL" only to:
5	(a) any Party;
6	(b) counsel for any Party, including their paralegals and clerical staff, consultants,
7	and in-house counsel;
8	(c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom
9	disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have first signed the
10	"Acknowledgment and Agreement to be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A;
11	(d) the Court and its personnel;
12	(e) court reporters (and their staff) engaged for depositions, hearings or trial;
13	(f) Professional Vendors who have first signed the "Acknowledgment
14	and Agreement to be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A;
15	(g) Reinsurance companies and their employees who have first signed the
16	"Acknowledgment and Agreement to be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A;
17	(h) witnesses in this action to the extent necessary for the conduct of this
18	litigation who have first signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to be Bound"
19	that is attached hereto as Exhibit A;
20	(i) the author(s) or any recipient of the document or the original source of the
21	information in any document or a custodian or other person who otherwise possessed
22	or knew the information; and
23	(j) third-party claim monitoring companies who have first signed the
24	"Acknowledgment and Agreement to be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.
25	8. <u>Filing Protected Material</u>
26	Unless written permission is received from the Designating Party, a Party
27	desiring to file Protected Material with the Court in this action must first seek, after
28	appropriate notice to the Designating Party, an order from the Court allowing the filing
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	STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER [PROPOSED]

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of the specific Protected Material at issue under seal, in accordance with Local Rule 141. If a Receiving Party's request to file Protected Material under seal is denied by the Court in whole or in part, then the Receiving Party may file in the public record all of such Protected Material, or such portion thereof as to which a sealing order was not granted.

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9. **Protected Material Subpoenaed or Ordered Produced in Other** Litigation

If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as 10 "CONFIDENTIAL", that Party shall (a) promptly notify in writing the Designating 11 Party, which notification shall include a copy of the subpoena or order; and (b) 12 promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in the 13 other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is 14 subject to this Protective Order, which notification shall include a copy of this 15 Stipulated Protective Order. The Designating Party shall bear the burden and expense 16 of seeking protection in the court that issued the subpoena or order of its confidential 17 material, and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or 18 encouraging a Receiving Party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from another 19 court.

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10. **<u>Right to Further Relief</u>**

21 Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any Party to seek its modification by 22 the Court in the future. This Order and Agreement may be enforced by an Order of 23 specific performance, as well as any claim for damages.

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<u>Right to Assert Other Objections</u> 11.

25 By stipulating to the entry of this Protective Order, no Party waives any right it 26 otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any information or item on 27 any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no Party 28 waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material

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1	covered by this Protective Order.
2	12. <u>Showing That Protection Should Be Addressed By Court Order</u>
3	A court order should be used to protect the parties' Confidential Information
4	than a private agreement for the following reasons:
5	1) A court order provides a more efficient enforcement mechanism for both
6	parties and non-parties to the litigation should confidential documents be used in
7	contravention of this agreement;
8	2) A court order better controls document dissemination, particularly if
9	non-parties receive the information without agreeing to the terms of the protective
10	order;
11	3) The protective order also provides a procedure for the Court to rule on
12	disputes concerning designations of Confidential Information; and
13	4) The protective order will also serve the interests of judicial economy because
14	it will minimize the need for the parties to bring discovery motions concerning
15	documents designated as "CONFIDENTIAL."
16	DATED: January 23, 2012 OSBORNE & NESBITT LLP
17	DATED: January 23, 2012 OSBORNE & NESBITT LLP
18	Pru /s/ Com W. Oshorna (as outhorized on January 22, 2012)
19 20	By: <u>/s/ Gary W. Osborne (as authorized on January 22, 2012)</u> Gary W. Osborne
20 21	Attorney for Defendant and Counterclaim Plaintiff BEL AIR MART
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22	DATED: January 23, 2012 SEDGWICK LLP
23	
24	By: <u>/s/ Eryk R. Gettell</u> Bruce D. Celebrezze
26	Alexander E. Potente Eryk R. Gettell
20	Attorney for Plaintiff and Counterdefendant
28	ARROWOOD INDEMNITY COMPANY, formerly known as ROYAL INDEMNITY
	9 STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER [PROPOSED]

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1	COMPANY, as successor to GLOBE	
2	INDEMNITY COMPANY	
3	DATED: January 23, 2012 WAGNER KIRKMAN BLAINE	
4	KLOMPARENS & YOUMANS LLP	
5	Provide Corl P. Plaine (as authorized on January 20, 2012)	
6	By: <u>/s/ Carl P. Blaine (as authorized on January 20, 2012)</u> Carl P. Blaine	
7	Attorney for Defendants R. GERN NAGLER, Trustee of the Estate of John W. Burns, and	
8	ROBERT GERN NAGLER, individually	
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10	ATTESTATION OF FILING	
11	Pursuant to Local Rule 131, I attest that I have obtained concurrence in the filing	
12	of this document from the counsel listed above.	
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14	<u>/s/ Eryk R. Gettell</u>	
15	Eryk R.Gettell	
16		
17	Based upon the Stipulation of the Parties, IT IS SO ORDERED.	
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19	DATED: January 23, 2012 /s/ John A. Mendez	
20	UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE	
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	10 STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER [PROPOSED]	

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1	EXHIBIT A	
2	ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND	
3	I, [print or type full name], of	
4	[print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and	
5	understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for	
6	the Eastern District of California, Sacramento Division, on [date] in the case entitled	
7	Arrowood Indemnity Co. v. Bel Air Mart, et al., Case No. 2:11-CV-00976-JAM-DAD. I agree to	
8	comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order. I solemnly	
9	promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to this	
10	Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the	
11	provisions of this Order.	
12	I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the	
13	Eastern District of California, Sacramento Division, for the purpose of enforcing the terms of	
14	this Stipulated Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of	
15	this action.	
16	Date:	
17	City and State where sworn and signed:	
18	Printed name:	
19	Signature:	
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