

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

ROBERT ATTEBERY,

Plaintiff,

v.

LOUIS UHL, et al.,

Defendants.

No. 2:10-cv-01341-MCE-DAD

MEMORANDUM AND ORDER

Plaintiff Robert Attebery (“Plaintiff”) initiated this action against Defendants Louis Uhl and Jim Uhl, both doing business as Sherwood Harbor & R.V. Park, and Fenocchio Revocable Trust (collectively, “Defendants”). Presently before the Court is Defendants’ Motion to Dismiss Plaintiff’s Complaint for Failure to Prosecute and for Sanctions (ECF No. 22). For the following reasons, Defendants’ Motion is GRANTED.¹

ANALYSIS

Defendants in this case move to dismiss Plaintiff’s operative First Amended Complaint (“FAC”) for failure to prosecute pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(b).

¹ Because oral argument will not be of material assistance, the Court ordered this matter submitted on the briefing. E.D. Cal. Local Rule 230(g).

1 This Court has the inherent power to dismiss a case, with prejudice, for lack of prosecution.
2 Link v. Wabash Railroad Co., 370 U.S. 626, 629-30 (1962). Such a dismissal is authorized by
3 Rule 41(b), which provides for termination of a lawsuit “for failure of the plaintiff to prosecute,”
4 Morris v. Morgan Stanley & Co., 942 F.2d 648, 652 (9th Cir. 1991), and by Eastern District of
5 California Local Rule 110, which provides that the “[f]ailure of counsel or of a party to comply
6 with [the Local Rules] or with any order of the Court may be grounds for imposition by the Court
7 of any and all sanctions authorized by statute or Rule or within the inherent power of the Court.”
8 Dismissal is largely a matter within the Court’s discretion. Taub v. Hale, 355 F.2d 202 (2d Cir.
9 1966). Prior to dismissing an action, however, this Court must consider: “(1) the public’s interest
10 in expeditious resolution of litigation; (2) the court’s need to manage its docket; (3) the risk of
11 prejudice to the defendants; (4) the public policy favoring disposition of cases on their merits; and
12 (5) the availability of less drastic alternatives.” Yourish v. California Amplifier, 191 F.3d 983,
13 990 (9th Cir. 1999) (quoting Hernandez v. City El Monte, 138 F.3d 393, 399 (9th Cir. 1998)).

14 Having considered each of the above factors, the Court now finds dismissal warranted
15 here based on Plaintiff’s failure to: 1) respond to Defendants’ discovery requests, Declaration of
16 Anthony C. Diepenbrock (“Diepenbrock Depo.”), ¶¶ 5-6; 2) appear for his own deposition, id.,
17 ¶¶ 7-8; 3) attend a settlement conference before the magistrate judge, id., ¶¶ 9-10; 4) respond to
18 an Order to Show Cause (“OSC”) issued by that magistrate judge, ECF Nos. 18, 20; 5) pay
19 sanctions as consequently ordered by that same judge, Diepenbrock Depo., ¶¶ 12-13; and
20 6) oppose Defendants’ instant Motion. This case has already been on file for over two years and
21 neither the Court nor the public have any hope of moving the action expeditiously toward any
22 kind of resolution absent Plaintiff’s participation. In addition, Defendants will suffer prejudice if
23 forced to defend against Plaintiff’s allegations despite Plaintiff’s failure to provide any responses
24 to the discovery propounded on him. Finally, less drastic measures, such as the monetary
25 sanctions already ordered by the magistrate judge, have already proven insufficient to motivate
26 Plaintiff to change his approach to this litigation. Defendants’ Motion is thus GRANTED.

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Given Plaintiff's wholesale disregard of his responsibilities in this case, the Court also finds the imposition of sanctions proper here as well. According to Defendants, counsel spent four hours preparing and drafting the instant Motion, at a billing rate of \$175 per hour. Diepenbrock Depo., ¶ 14. The Court finds both the amount of time charged as well as counsel's rate to be reasonable. Accordingly, Plaintiff is hereby ordered to pay sanctions to Defendants in the amount of \$700.

CONCLUSION

For the reasons just stated, Defendants' Motion to Dismiss for Failure to Prosecute and for Sanctions (ECF No. 22) is GRANTED. The Clerk of the Court is directed to close this case.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: July 31, 2012

MORRISON C. ENGLAND, JR
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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