- "(E) The degree to which changes in military manpower requirements affect recruiting and retention of uniformed medical and dental personnel.
- "(F) The degree to which conversion of the military positions meets the joint medical and dental readiness requirements of the uniformed services, as determined jointly by all the uniformed services.
- "(G) The effect of the conversions of military medical positions to civilian medical and dental positions on the defense health program, including costs associated with the conversions, with a comparison of the estimated costs versus the actual costs incurred by the number of conversions since October 1, 2004.
- "(H) The effectiveness of the conversions in enhancing medical and dental readiness, health care efficiency, productivity, quality, and customer satisfaction.
- "(3) REPORT ON STUDY.—Not later than May 1, 2006, the Comptroller General shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report containing the results of the study under this section.
- "(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) The term 'military medical or dental position' means a position for the performance of health care functions within the Armed Forces held by a member of the Armed Forces.
- "(2) The term 'civilian medical or dental position' means a position for the performance of health care functions within the Department of Defense held by an employee of the Department or of a contractor of the Department.
- "(3) The term 'affected area' means an area in which military medical or dental positions were converted to civilian medical or dental positions before October 1, 2004, or in which such conversions are scheduled to occur in the future.
- "(4) The term 'uniformed services' has the meaning given that term in section 1072(1) of title 10, United States Code."

SPECIAL TRANSITION RULE FOR FISCAL YEAR 1996

Pub. L. 104–106, div. A, title V, §564(b), Feb. 10, 1996, 110 Stat. 326, provided that, for purposes of applying subsec. (b)(1) of this section during fiscal year 1996, the number against which the percentage limitation of 95 percent was to be computed would be the number of medical personnel of the Department of Defense as of the end of fiscal year 1994, rather than the number as of the end of fiscal year 1995.

§ 129d. Disclosure to litigation support contractors

- (a) DISCLOSURE AUTHORITY.—An officer or employee of the Department of Defense may disclose sensitive information to a litigation support contractor if—
 - (1) the disclosure is for the sole purpose of providing litigation support to the Government in the form of administrative, technical, or professional services during or in anticipation of litigation; and
 - (2) under a contract with the Government, the litigation support contractor agrees to and acknowledges—
 - (A) that sensitive information furnished will be accessed and used only for the purposes stated in the relevant contract;
 - (B) that the contractor will take all precautions necessary to prevent disclosure of the sensitive information provided to the contractor;
 - (C) that such sensitive information provided to the contractor under the authority of this section shall not be used by the con-

- tractor to compete against a third party for Government or non-Government contracts;
- (D) that the violation of subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) is a basis for the Government to terminate the litigation support contract of the contractor.

(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

- (1) The term "litigation support contractor" means a contractor (including an expert or technical consultant) under contract with the Department of Defense to provide litigation support.
- (2) The term "sensitive information" means confidential commercial, financial, or proprietary information, technical data, or other privileged information.

(Added Pub. L. 112-81, div. A, title VIII, §802(a)(1), Dec. 31, 2011, 125 Stat. 1484.)

§ 130. Authority to withhold from public disclosure certain technical data

- (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Defense may withhold from public disclosure any technical data with military or space application in the possession of, or under the control of, the Department of Defense, if such data may not be exported lawfully outside the United States without an approval, authorization, or license under the Export Administration Act of 1979 (50 U.S.C. 4601 et seq.) or the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2751 et seq.). However, technical data may not be withheld under this section if regulations promulgated under either such Act authorize the export of such data pursuant to a general, unrestricted license or exemption in such regulations
- (b) Regulations under this section shall be published in the Federal Register for a period of no less than 30 days for public comment before promulgation. Such regulations shall address, where appropriate, releases of technical data to allies of the United States and to qualified United States contractors, including United States contractors that are small business concerns, for use in performing United States Government contracts.
- (c) In this section, the term "technical data with military or space application" means any blueprints, drawings, plans, instructions, computer software and documentation, or other technical information that can be used, or be adapted for use, to design, engineer, produce, manufacture, operate, repair, overhaul, or reproduce any military or space equipment or technology concerning such equipment.

(Added Pub. L. 98–94, title XII, §1217(a), Sept. 24, 1983, 97 Stat. 690, §140c; amended Pub. L. 99–145, title XIII, §1303(a)(3), Nov. 8, 1985, 99 Stat. 738; renumbered §130 and amended Pub. L. 99–433, title I, §§101(a)(3), 110(d)(6), Oct. 1, 1986, 100 Stat. 994, 1003; Pub. L. 100–26, §7(k)(3), Apr. 21, 1987, 101 Stat. 284; Pub. L. 101–510, div. A, title XIV, §1484(b)(1), Nov. 5, 1990, 104 Stat. 1715; Pub. L. 114–328, div. A, title X, §1081(b)(3)(A), Dec. 23, 2016, 130 Stat. 2418.)

Editorial Notes

REFERENCES IN TEXT

The Export Administration Act of 1979, referred to in subsec. (a), is Pub. L. 96–72, Sept. 29, 1979, 93 Stat. 503, which was classified principally to chapter 56 (§ 4601 et seq.) of Title 50, War and National Defense, prior to repeal by Pub. L. 115–232, div. A, title XVII, §1766(a), Aug. 13, 2018, 132 Stat. 2232, except for sections 11A, 11B, and 11C thereof (50 U.S.C. 4611, 4612, 4613).

The Arms Export Control Act, referred to in subsec. (a), is Pub. L. 90–629, Oct. 22, 1968, 82 Stat. 1320, which is classified principally to chapter 39 (§ 2751 et seq.) of Title 22, Foreign Relations and Intercourse. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 2751 of Title 22 and Tables

AMENDMENTS

2016—Subsec. (a). Pub. L. 114-328 substituted "(50 U.S.C. 4601 et seq.)" for "(50 U.S.C. App. 2401-2420)".

1990—Subsecs. (b), (c). Pub. L. 101–510 substituted "Regulations under this section" for "(1) Within 90 days after September 24, 1983, the Secretary of Defense shall propose regulations to implement this section. Such regulations" in subsec. (b) and redesignated former subsec. (b)(2) as subsec. (c).

1987—Subsec. (b)(2). Pub. L. 100-26 inserted "the term" after "In this section,".

1986—Pub. L. 99–433 renumbered section 140c of this title as this section and substituted "Authority" for "Secretary of Defense: authority" in section catchline. 1985—Subsec. (b)(1). Pub. L. 99–145 substituted "September 24, 1983" for "enactment of this section".

§ 130a. Department of Defense support for funerals and memorial events for Members and former Members of Congress

- (a) SUPPORT FOR FUNERALS.—Subject to subsection (b), the Secretary of Defense may provide such support as the Secretary considers appropriate for a funeral or memorial event for a Member or former Member of Congress, including support with respect to transportation to and from such a funeral or memorial event, in accordance with this section.
- (b) REQUESTS FOR SUPPORT; SECRETARY DETERMINATION.—The Secretary may provide support under this section—
 - (1) upon request from the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, the Majority Leader of the Senate, or the Minority Leader of the Senate; or
 - (2) if the Secretary determines such support is necessary to carry out duties or responsibilities of the Department of Defense.
- (c) USE OF FUNDS.—The Secretary may use funds authorized to be appropriated for operation and maintenance to provide support under this section.

(Added Pub. L. 117–263, div. A, title X, §1042(a), Dec. 23, 2022, 136 Stat. 2770.)

Editorial Notes

PRIOR PROVISIONS

A prior section 130a, added Pub. L. 105–85, div. A, title IX, $\S911(a)(1)$, Nov. 18, 1997, 111 Stat. 1857; amended Pub. L. 106–65, div. A, title IX, $\S921(a)(1)$, Oct. 5, 1999, 113 Stat. 722; Pub. L. 106–398, $\S1$ [[div. A], title IX, $\S941$], Oct. 30, 2000, 114 Stat. 1654, 1654A–241; Pub. L. 108–375, div. A, title X, $\S1084(d)(2)$, Oct. 28, 2004, 118 Stat. 2061, related to major Department of Defense headquarters

activities personnel, prior to repeal by Pub. L. 110-181, div. A, title IX, §901(a)(1), Jan. 28, 2008, 122 Stat. 272.

§ 130b. Personnel in overseas, sensitive, or routinely deployable units: nondisclosure of personally identifying information

- (a) EXEMPTION FROM DISCLOSURE.—The Secretary of Defense and, with respect to the Coast Guard when it is not operating as a service in the Navy, the Secretary of Homeland Security may, notwithstanding section 552 of title 5, authorize to be withheld from disclosure to the public personally identifying information regarding—
 - (1) any member of the armed forces assigned to an overseas unit, a sensitive unit, or a routinely deployable unit; and
 - (2) any employee of the Department of Defense or of the Coast Guard whose duty station is with any such unit.
- (b) EXCEPTIONS.—(1) The authority in subsection (a) is subject to such exceptions as the President may direct.
- (2) Subsection (a) does not authorize any official to withhold, or to authorize the withholding of, information from Congress.
 - (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
 - (1) The term "personally identifying information", with respect to any person, means the person's name, rank, duty address, and official title and information regarding the person's pay.
 - (2) The term "unit" means a military organization of the armed forces designated as a unit by competent authority.
 - (3) The term "overseas unit" means a unit that is located outside the United States and its territories.
 - (4) The term "sensitive unit" means a unit that is primarily involved in training for the conduct of, or conducting, special activities or classified missions, including—
 - (A) a unit involved in collecting, handling, disposing, or storing of classified information and materials;
 - (B) a unit engaged in training—
 - (i) special operations units;
 - (ii) security group commands weapons stations; or
 - (iii) communications stations; and
 - (C) any other unit that is designated as a sensitive unit by the Secretary of Defense or, in the case of the Coast Guard when it is not operating as a service in the Navy, by the Secretary of Homeland Security.
 - (5) The term "routinely deployable unit" means a unit that normally deploys from its permanent home station on a periodic or rotating basis to meet peacetime operational requirements that, or to participate in scheduled training exercises that, routinely require deployments outside the United States and its territories. Such term includes a unit that is alerted for deployment outside the United States and its territories during an actual execution of a contingency plan or in support of a crisis operation.

(Added Pub. L. 106-65, div. A, title X, §1044(a), Oct. 5, 1999, 113 Stat. 761; amended Pub. L.