Official Form 9 (9/97)

FORM 9. NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT OF CASE UNDER THE BANKRUPTCY CODE, MEETING OF CREDITORS, AND DEADLINES

9ACnapter	/, Individual/Joint, No-Asset Case
9BChapter	7, Corporation/Partnership, No-Asset Case
9CChapter	7, Individual/Joint, Asset Case
9DChapter	7, Corporation/Partnership, Asset Case
9EChapter	11, Individual/Joint Case
9E(Alt.)Chapter	11, Individual/Joint Case
9FChapter	11, Corporation/Partnership Case
9F(Alt.)Chapter	11, Corporation/Partnership Case
9GChapter	12, Individual/Joint Case
9HChapter	12, Corporation/Partnership Case
9IChapter	13, Individual/Joint Case

B9A (Official Form 9A) (Chapter 7 Individual or Joint Debtor No Asset Case) (12/07)

B9A (Official Form 9A) (Chapter / Individual of Joh	in Debior No Asset Case) (12/07)		
UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURTDistrict of			
	Notice of		
Chanter 7 Rankrunte	cy Case, Meeting of Creditors, & Deadlines		
[A chapter 7 bankruptcy case concerning the debtor(s) listed	below was filed on (date).]		
or [A bankruptcy case concerning the debtor(s) listed below wa			
(date) and was converted to a			
	rtant deadlines. You may want to consult an attorney to protect your		
	the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed below. NOTE: The		
staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice			
	erse Side for Important Explanations		
Debtor(s) (name(s) and address):	Case Number:		
ļ	Last four digits of Social-Security or Individual Taxpayer-ID (ITIN) No(s)./Complete EIN:		
All other names used by the Debtor(s) in the last 8 years (include married, maiden, and trade names):	Bankruptcy Trustee (name and address):		
(include married, maiden, and trade names).			
Attorney for Debtor(s) (name and address):			
Telephone number:	Telephone number:		
	Meeting of Creditors		
Date: // Time: () A. M. Lo	cation:		
() P. M.			
Presumnti	on of Abuse under 11 U.S.C. § 707(b)		
	umption of Abuse" on the reverse side.		
566 1763	implion of House on the reverse sine.		
Depending on the documents filed with the petition, one	of the following statements will annear		
Depending on the documents filed with the petition, one of	of the following statements will appear.		
The presumption of abuse does not arise.			
Or			
The presumption of abuse arises.			
Or			
= '	permit the clerk to make any determination concerning the presumption of abuse.		
	rs that the presumption has arisen, creditors will be notified.		
If more complete information, when fried, show	Deadlines:		
D			
Papers must be received by t	the bankruptcy clerk's office by the following deadlines:		
Deadline to File a Complaint Objecting to Dis	charge of the Debtor or to Determine Dischargeability of Certain Debts:		
Deadline to Object to Exemptions:			
Thirty (30) days after the conclusion of the meeting of creditors. Creditors May Not Take Certain Actions:			
	natically stays certain collection and other actions against the debtor and the		
debtor's property. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtor can request the			
court to extend or impose a stay. If you attempt to collect a debt or take other action in violation of the Bankruptcy Code, you may be			
penalized. Consult a lawyer to determine your rights in this case.			
Please Do Not File A Pro	of of Claim Unless You Receive a Notice To Do So.		
Creditor with a Foreign Address:			
A creditor to whom this notice is sent at a foreign address should read the information under "Do Not File a Proof of Claim at This Time" on the reverse side.			
Address of the Bankruptcy Clerk's Office: For the Court:			
Address of the Danki upicy Clerk's Office;	For the Court:		
	Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court:		
Telephone number:			
Hours Open:	Date:		
Tiours Open.			
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	EXPLANATIONS	B9A (Official Form 9A) (12/07)		
Filing of Chapter 7	A bankruptcy case under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code (
Bankruptcy Case	this court by or against the debtor(s) listed on the front side, and an order for relief has been entered.			
Legal Advice	The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal act in this case.	f of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. Consult a lawyer to determine your rights ase.		
Creditors Generally May Not Take Certain Actions	Prohibited collection actions are listed in Bankruptcy Code § include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail, or otherwise money or obtain property from the debtor; repossessing the door foreclosures; and garnishing or deducting from the debtor, may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtaty.	e to demand repayment; taking actions to collect ebtor's property; starting or continuing lawsuits s wages. Under certain circumstances, the stay		
Presumption of Abuse	If the presumption of abuse arises, creditors may have the rig § 707(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. The debtor may rebut the p			
Meeting of Creditors	A meeting of creditors is scheduled for the date, time, and loc spouses in a joint case) must be present at the meeting to be a creditors. Creditors are welcome to attend, but are not requir concluded at a later date without further notice.	questioned under oath by the trustee and by		
Do Not File a Proof of	There does not appear to be any property available to the trus	tee to pay creditors. You therefore should not file		
Claim at This Time	a proof of claim at this time. If it later appears that assets are another notice telling you that you may file a proof of claim, of claim. If this notice is mailed to a creditor at a foreign add the court to extend the deadline.	and telling you the deadline for filing your proof		
Discharge of Debts	The debtor is seeking a discharge of most debts, which may in may never try to collect the debt from the debtor. If you belied discharge under Bankruptcy Code § 727 (a) or that a debt ow Code § 523 (a) (2), (4), or (6), you must start a lawsuit by filit by the "Deadline to File a Complaint Objecting to Discharge of Certain Debts" listed on the front side. The bankruptcy clear required filing fee by that Deadline.	eve that the debtor is not entitled to receive a ed to you is not dischargeable under Bankruptcy ng a complaint in the bankruptcy clerk's office of the Debtor or to Determine Dischargeability		
Exempt Property	The debtor is permitted by law to keep certain property as exc distributed to creditors. The debtor must file a list of all prop list at the bankruptcy clerk's office. If you believe that an ex- by law, you may file an objection to that exemption. The ban objections by the "Deadline to Object to Exemptions" listed of	erty claimed as exempt. You may inspect that emption claimed by the debtor is not authorized akruptcy clerk's office must receive the		
Bankruptcy Clerk's Office	Any paper that you file in this bankruptcy case should be file listed on the front side. You may inspect all papers filed, included and the list of the property claimed as exempt, at the bankrup	luding the list of the debtor's property and debts		
Creditor with a Foreign	Consult a lawyer familiar with United States bankruptcy law			
Address	in this case.	AN C		
	Refer To Other Side For Important Deadlines a	nd Notices		

B9B (Official Form 9B) (Chapter 7 Corporation/Partnership No Asset Case) (12/07)			
UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURTDistrict of			
	Notice of		
Chapter 7 Bankrupto	cy Case, Meeting of Creditors, & Deadlines		
[A chapter 7 bankruptcy case concerning the debtor(s) listed below was filed on			
See Reve	erse Side for Important Explanations		
Debtor(s) (name(s) and address):	Case Number:		
	Last four digits of Social-Security or Individual Taxpayer-ID (ITIN) No(s)./Complete EIN:		
All other names used by the debtor(s) in the last 8 years (include trade names):	Bankruptcy Trustee (name and address):		
Attorney for Debtor(s) (name and address):			
Telephone number:	Telephone number:		
rerephone number.	Meeting of Creditors		
Date: // Time: () A. M. Location:			
Creditors May Not Take Certain Actions: In most instances, the filing of the bankruptcy case automatically stays certain collection and other actions against the debtor and the debtor's property. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtor can request the court to extend or impose a stay. If you attempt to collect a debt or take other action in violation of the Bankruptcy Code, you may be penalized. Consult a lawyer to determine your rights in this case.			
Please Do Not File A Proof of Claim Unless You Receive a Notice To Do So.			
Cı	reditor with a Foreign Address:		
A creditor to whom this notice is sent at a foreign address should read the information under "Do Not File a Proof of Claim at This Time" on the reverse side.			
Address of the Bankruptcy Clerk's Office: For the Court:			
	Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court:		
Telephone number:			
Hours Open: Date:			
	J		

	EXPLANATIONS B9B (Official Form 9B) (12/07)	
Filing of Chapter 7	A bankruptcy case under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code (title 11, United States Code) has been filed in	
Bankruptcy Case	this court by or against the debtor(s) listed on the front side, and an order for relief has been entered.	
Legal Advice	The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. Consult a lawyer to determine your rights in this case.	
Creditors Generally May Not Take Certain Actions	Prohibited collection actions are listed in Bankruptcy Code § 362. Common examples of prohibited actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail, or otherwise to demand repayment; taking actions to collect money or obtain property from the debtor; repossessing the debtor's property; and starting or continuing lawsuits or foreclosures. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtor can request the court to extend or impose a stay.	
Meeting of Creditors	A meeting of creditors is scheduled for the date, time, and location listed on the front side. The debtor's representative must be present at the meeting to be questioned under oath by the trustee and by creditors. Creditors are welcome to attend, but are not required to do so. The meeting may be continued and concluded at a later date without further notice.	
Do Not File a Proof of Claim at This Time	There does not appear to be any property available to the trustee to pay creditors. You therefore should not file a proof of claim at this time. If it later appears that assets are available to pay creditors, you will be sent another notice telling you that you may file a proof of claim, and telling you the deadline for filing your proof of claim. If this notice is mailed to a creditor at a foreign address, the creditor may file a motion requesting the court to extend the deadline.	
Bankruptcy Clerk's Office	Any paper that you file in this bankruptcy case should be filed at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed on the front side. You may inspect all papers filed, including the list of the debtor's property and debts and the list of the property claimed as exempt, at the bankruptcy clerk's office.	
Creditor with a Foreign	Consult a lawyer familiar with United States bankruptcy law if you have any questions regarding your rights	
Address	in this case.	

B9C (Official Form 9C) (Chapter 7 Individual or Joint Debtor Asset Case) (12/07) UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT Notice of Chapter 7 Bankruptcy Case, Meeting of Creditors, & Deadlines [A chapter 7 bankruptcy case concerning the debtor(s) listed below was filed on (date).] or [A bankruptcy case concerning the debtor(s) listed below was originally filed under chapter on (date) and was converted to a case under chapter 7 on (date).] You may be a creditor of the debtor. This notice lists important deadlines. You may want to consult an attorney to protect your Rights. All documents filed in the case may be inspected at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed below. NOTE: The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. See Reverse Side for Important Explanations Debtor(s) (name(s) and address): Case Number: Last four digits of Social-Security or Individual Taxpayer-ID (ITIN) No(s)./Complete EIN: All other names used by the Debtor(s) in the last 8 years Bankruptcy Trustee (name and address): (include married, maiden, and trade names): Attorney for Debtor(s) (name and address): Telephone number: Telephone number: Meeting of Creditors Date: / / Time:) A. M. Location:) P. M. Presumption of Abuse under 11 U.S.C. § 707(b) See "Presumption of Abuse" on the reverse side. Depending on the documents filed with the petition, one of the following statements will appear. The presumption of abuse does not arise. OrThe presumption of abuse arises. OrInsufficient information has been filed to date to permit the clerk to make any determination concerning the presumption of abuse. If more complete information, when filed, shows that the presumption has arisen, creditors will be notified. Deadlines: Papers must be received by the bankruptcy clerk's office by the following deadlines: Deadline to File a Proof of Claim: For a governmental unit: For all creditors (except a governmental unit): Creditor with a Foreign Address: A creditor to whom this notice is sent at a foreign address should read the information under "Claims" on the reverse side. Deadline to File a Complaint Objecting to Discharge of the Debtor or to Determine Dischargeability of Certain Debts: **Deadline to Object to Exemptions:** Thirty (30) days after the conclusion of the meeting of creditors. **Creditors May Not Take Certain Actions:** In most instances, the filing of the bankruptcy case automatically stays certain collection and other actions against the debtor and the debtor's property. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtor can request the court to extend or impose a stay. If you attempt to collect a debt or take other action in violation of the Bankruptcy Code, you may be penalized. Consult a lawyer to determine your rights in this case.

Address of the Bankruptcy Clerk's Office:	For the Court:
	Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court:
Telephone number:	
Hours Open:	Date:
- -	

	EXPLANATIONS B9C (Official Form 9C) (12/07)		
Filing of Chapter 7 Bankruptcy Case	A bankruptcy case under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code (title 11, United States Code) has been filed in this court by or against the debtor(s) listed on the front side, and an order for relief has been entered.		
Legal Advice	The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. Consult a lawyer to determine your rights in this case.		
Creditors Generally May Not Take Certain Actions	Prohibited collection actions are listed in Bankruptcy Code § 362. Common examples of prohibited actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail, or otherwise to demand repayment; taking actions to collect money or obtain property from the debtor; repossessing the debtor's property; starting or continuing lawsuits or foreclosures; and garnishing or deducting from the debtor's wages. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtor can request the court to extend or impose a stay.		
Meeting of Creditors	A meeting of creditors is scheduled for the date, time, and location listed on the front side. <i>The debtor (both spouses in a joint case) must be present at the meeting to be questioned under oath by the trustee and by creditors.</i> Creditors are welcome to attend, but are not required to do so. The meeting may be continued and concluded at a later date without further notice.		
Claims	A Proof of Claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim. If a Proof of Claim form is not included with this notice, you can obtain one at any bankruptcy clerk's office. A secured creditor retains rights in its collateral regardless of whether that creditor files a Proof of Claim. If you do not file a Proof of Claim by the "Deadline to File a Proof of Claim" listed on the front side, you might not be paid any money on your claim from other assets in the bankruptcy case. To be paid you must file a Proof of Claim even if your claim is listed in the schedules filed by the debtor. Filing a Proof of Claim submits the creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court, with consequences a lawyer can explain. For example, a secured creditor who files a Proof of Claim may surrender important nonmonetary rights, including the right to a jury trial. Filing Deadline for a Creditor with a Foreign Address: The deadlines for filing claims set forth on the front of this notice apply to all creditors. If this notice has been mailed to a creditor at a foreign address, the creditor may file a motion requesting the court to extend the deadline.		
Discharge of Debts	The debtor is seeking a discharge of most debts, which may include your debt. A discharge means that you may never try to collect the debt from the debtor. If you believe that the debtor is not entitled to receive a discharge under Bankruptcy Code § 727 (a) or that a debt owed to you is not dischargeable under Bankruptcy Code § 523 (a) (2), (4), or (6), you must start a lawsuit by filing a complaint in the bankruptcy clerk's office by the "Deadline to File a Complaint Objecting to Discharge of the Debtor or to Determine Dischargeability of Certain Debts" listed on the front side. The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive the complaint and any required filing fee by that Deadline.		
Exempt Property	The debtor is permitted by law to keep certain property as exempt. Exempt property will not be sold and distributed to creditors. The debtor must file a list of all property claimed as exempt. You may inspect that list at the bankruptcy clerk's office. If you believe that an exemption claimed by the debtor is not authorized by law, you may file an objection to that exemption. The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive the objections by the "Deadline to Object to Exemptions" listed on the front side.		
Presumption of Abuse	If the presumption of abuse arises, creditors may have the right to file a motion to dismiss the case under § 707(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. The debtor may rebut the presumption by showing special circumstances.		
Bankruptcy Clerk's Office	Any paper that you file in this bankruptcy case should be filed at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed on the front side. You may inspect all papers filed, including the list of the debtor's property and debts and the list of the property claimed as exempt, at the bankruptcy clerk's office.		
Liquidation of the Debtor's Property and Payment of Creditors' Claims	The bankruptcy trustee listed on the front of this notice will collect and sell the debtor's property that is not exempt. If the trustee can collect enough money, creditors may be paid some or all of the debts owed to them, in the order specified by the Bankruptcy Code. To make sure you receive any share of that money, you must file a Proof of Claim, as described above.		
Creditor with a Foreign Address	Consult a lawyer familiar with United States bankruptcy law if you have any questions regarding your rights in this case.		
Refer To Other Side For Important Deadlines and Notices			

B9D (Official Form 9D) (Chapter 7 Corporation/Partnership Asset Case) (12/07)

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT District of			
Chanter 7 Rankrunte	Notice of		
Chapter 7 Bankruptcy Case, Meeting of Creditors, & Deadlines [A chapter 7 bankruptcy case concerning the debtor(s) listed below was filed on			
See Rev	erse Side for Important Explanations		
Debtor(s) (name(s) and address):	Case Number:		
	Last four digits of Social-Security or Individual Taxpayer-ID (ITIN) No(s)./Complete EIN:		
All other names used by the Debtor(s) in the last 8 years (include trade names): Attorney for Debtor(s) (name and address):	Bankruptcy Trustee (name and address):		
Telephone number:	Telephone number:		
receptione number.	Meeting of Creditors		
Date: // Time: () A. M. Location: () P. M.			
Dea	adline to File a Proof of Claim		
Papers must be received	d by the bankruptcy clerk's office by the following deadlines:		
For all creditors (except a gove	ernmental unit): For a governmental unit:		
C A creditor to whom this notice is sent at a	reditor with a Foreign Address: foreign address should read the information under "Claims" on the reverse side.		
Credito	rs May Not Take Certain Actions:		
In most instances, the filing of the bankruptcy case automatically stays certain collection and other actions against the debtor and the debtor's property. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtor can request the court to extend or impose a stay. If you attempt to collect a debt or take other action in violation of the Bankruptcy Code, you may be penalized. Consult a lawyer to determine your rights in this case.			
Address of the Bankruptcy Clerk's Office: For the Court: Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court:			
Telephone number:			
Hours Open:	Date:		

	EXPLANATIONS B9D (Official Form 9D) (12/07)		
Filing of Chapter 7	A bankruptcy case under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code (title 11, United States Code) has been filed in		
Bankruptcy Case	this court by or against the debtor(s) listed on the front side, and an order for relief has been entered.		
Legal Advice	The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. Consult a lawyer to determine your rights in this case.		
Creditors Generally May Not Take Certain Actions	Prohibited collection actions are listed in Bankruptcy Code § 362. Common examples of prohibited actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail, or otherwise to demand repayment; taking actions to collect money or obtain property from the debtor; repossessing the debtor's property; and starting or continuing lawsuits or foreclosures. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtor can request the court to extend or impose a stay.		
Meeting of Creditors	A meeting of creditors is scheduled for the date, time, and location listed on the front side. <i>The debtor's representative must be present at the meeting to be questioned under oath by the trustee and by creditors.</i> Creditors are welcome to attend, but are not required to do so. The meeting may be continued and concluded at a later date without further notice.		
Claims	A Proof of Claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim. If a Proof of Claim form is not included with this notice, you can obtain one at any bankruptcy clerk's office. A secured creditor retains rights in its collateral regardless of whether that creditor files a Proof of Claim. If you do not file a Proof of Claim by the "Deadline to File a Proof of Claim" listed on the front side, you might not be paid any money on your claim from other assets in the bankruptcy case. To be paid, you must file a Proof of Claim even if your claim is listed in the schedules filed by the debtor. Filing a Proof of Claim submits the creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court, with consequences a lawyer can explain. For example, a secured creditor who files a Proof of Claim may surrender important nonmonetary rights, including the right to a jury trial. Filing Deadline for a Creditor with a Foreign Address: The deadlines for filing claims set forth on the front of this notice apply to all creditors. If this notice has been mailed to a creditor at a foreign address, the creditor may file a motion requesting the court to extend the deadline.		
Liquidation of the Debtor's Property and Payment of Creditors' Claims	The bankruptcy trustee listed on the front of this notice will collect and sell the debtor's property that is not exempt. If the trustee can collect enough money, creditors may be paid some or all of the debts owed to them, in the order specified by the Bankruptcy Code. To make sure you receive any share of that money, you must file a Proof of Claim, as described above.		
Bankruptcy Clerk's Office	Any paper that you file in this bankruptcy case should be filed at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed on the front side. You may inspect all papers filed, including the list of the debtor's property and debts and the list of the property claimed as exempt, at the bankruptcy clerk's office.		
Creditor with a Foreign Address	Consult a lawyer familiar with United States bankruptcy law if you have any questions regarding your rights in this case.		
Address	Refer To Other Side For Important Deadlines and Notices		

Hours Open:

B9E (Official Form 9E) (Chapter 11 Individual or Joint Debtor Case) (12/07) UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT_ District of Notice of Chapter 11 Bankruptcy Case, Meeting of Creditors, & Deadlines [A chapter 11 bankruptcy case concerning the debtor(s) listed below was filed on (date).] or [A bankruptcy case concerning the debtor(s) listed below was originally filed under chapter (date) and was converted to a case under chapter 11 on_ (date).] You may be a creditor of the debtor. This notice lists important deadlines. You may want to consult an attorney to protect your rights. All documents filed in the case may be inspected at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed below. NOTE: The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. See Reverse Side for Important Explanations Debtor(s) (name(s) and address): Case Number: Last four digits of Social-Security or Individual Taxpayer-ID (ITIN) No(s)./Complete EIN: All other names used by the Debtor(s) in the last 8 years Attorney for Debtor(s) (name and address): (include married, maiden, and trade names): Telephone number: **Meeting of Creditors**) A. M. Location: Date: / / Time:) P. M. Deadlines: Papers must be received by the bankruptcy clerk's office by the following deadlines: Deadline to File a Proof of Claim: Notice of deadline will be sent at a later time. Creditor with a Foreign Address: A creditor to whom this notice is sent at a foreign address should read the information under "Claims" on the reverse side. Deadline to File a Complaint to Determine Dischargeability of Certain Debts: Deadline to File a Complaint Objecting to Discharge of the Debtor: First date set for hearing on confirmation of plan Notice of that date will be sent at a later time. Deadline to Object to Exemptions: Thirty (30) days after the conclusion of the meeting of creditors. **Creditors May Not Take Certain Actions:** In most instances, the filing of the bankruptcy case automatically stays certain collection and other actions against the debtor and the debtor's property. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtor can request the court to extend or impose a stay. If you attempt to collect a debt or take other action in violation of the Bankruptcy Code, you may be penalized. Consult a lawyer to determine your rights in this case. Address of the Bankruptcy Clerk's Office: For the Court: Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court: Telephone number:

Date:

	EXPLANATIONS B9E (Official Form 9E) (12/07
Filing of Chapter 11 Bankruptcy Case	A bankruptcy case under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code (title 11, United States Code) has been filed in this court by or against the debtor(s) listed on the front side, and an order for relief has been entered. Chapter 11 allows a debtor to reorganize or liquidate pursuant to a plan. A plan is not effective unless confirmed by the court. You may be sent a copy of the plan and a disclosure statement telling you about the plan, and you might have the opportunity to vote on the plan. You will be sent notice of the date of the confirmation hearing, and you may object to confirmation of the plan and attend the confirmation hearing. Unless a trustee is serving, the debtor will remain in possession of the debtor's property and may continue to operate any business.
Legal Advice	The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. Consult a lawyer to determine your rights in this case.
Creditors Generally May Not Take Certain Actions	Prohibited collection actions are listed in Bankruptcy Code § 362. Common examples of prohibited actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail, or otherwise to demand repayment; taking actions to collect money or obtain property from the debtor; repossessing the debtor's property; starting or continuing lawsuits or foreclosures; and garnishing or deducting from the debtor's wages. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtor can request the court to extend or impose a stay.
Meeting of Creditors	A meeting of creditors is scheduled for the date, time, and location listed on the front side. The debtor (both spouses in a joint case) must be present at the meeting to be questioned under oath by the trustee and by creditors. Creditors are welcome to attend, but are not required to do so. The meeting may be continued and concluded at a later date without further notice. The court, after notice and a hearing, may order that the United States trustee not convene the meeting if the debtor has filed a plan for which the debtor solicited acceptances before filing the case.
Claims	A Proof of Claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim. If a Proof of Claim form is not included with this notice, you can obtain one at any bankruptcy clerk's office. You may look at the schedules that have been or will be filed at the bankruptcy clerk's office. If your claim is scheduled and is not listed as disputed, contingent, or unliquidated, it will be allowed in the amount scheduled unless you filed a Proof of Claim or you are sent further notice about the claim. Whether or not your claim is scheduled, you are permitted to file a Proof of Claim. If your claim is not listed at all or if your claim is listed as disputed, contingent, or unliquidated, then you must file a Proof of Claim or you might not be paid any money on your claim and may be unable to vote on a plan. The court has not yet set a deadline to file a Proof of Claim. If a deadline is set, you will be sent another notice. A secured creditor retains rights in its collateral regardless of whether that creditor files a Proof of Claim. Filing a Proof of Claim submits the creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court, with consequences a lawyer can explain. For example, a secured creditor who files a Proof of Claim may surrender important nonmonetary rights, including the right to a jury trial. Filing Deadline for a Creditor with a Foreign Address: The deadline for filing claims will be set in a later court order and will apply to all creditors unless the order provides otherwise. If notice of the order setting the deadline is sent to a creditor at a foreign address, the creditor was a first provide of the provides otherwise. If notice of the order setting the deadline is sent to a creditor at a foreign address, the creditor
Discharge of Debts	may file a motion requesting the court to extend the deadline. Confirmation of a chapter 11 plan may result in a discharge of debts, which may include all or part of your debt. See Bankruptcy Code § 1141 (d). Unless the court orders otherwise, however, the discharge will not be effective until completion of all payments under the plan. A discharge means that you may never try to collect the debt from the debtor except as provided in the plan. If you believe that a debt owed to you is not dischargeable under Bankruptcy Code § 523 (a) (2), (4), or (6), you must start a lawsuit by filing a complaint in the bankruptcy clerk's office by the "Deadline to File a Complaint to Determine Dischargeability of Certain Debts" listed on the front side. The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive the complaint and any required filing fee by that Deadline. If you believe that the debtor is not entitled to receive a discharge under Bankruptcy Code § 1141 (d) (3), you must file a complaint with the required filing fee in the bankruptcy clerk's office not later than the first date set for the hearing on confirmation of the plan. You will be sent another notice informing you of that date.
Exempt Property	The debtor is permitted by law to keep certain property as exempt. Exempt property will not be sold and distributed to creditors, even if the debtor's case is converted to chapter 7. The debtor must file a list of property claimed as exempt. You may inspect that list at the bankruptcy clerk's office. If you believe that an exemption claimed by the debtor is not authorized by law, you may file an objection to that exemption. The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive the objection by the "Deadline to Object to Exemptions" listed on the front side.
Bankruptcy Clerk's Office	Any paper that you file in this bankruptcy case should be filed at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed on the front side. You may inspect all papers filed, including the list of the debtor's property and debts and the list of the property claimed as exempt, at the bankruptcy clerk's office.
Creditor with a Foreign Address	Consult a lawyer familiar with United States bankruptcy law if you have any questions regarding your rights in this case.
	Refer To Other Side For Important Deadlines and Notices

B9E ALT (Official Form 9E ALT) (Chapter 11 Individual or Joint Debtor Case) (12/07) UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT District of Notice of Chapter 11 Bankruptcy Case, Meeting of Creditors, & Deadlines [A chapter 11 bankruptcy case concerning the debtor(s) listed below was filed on (date).] or [A bankruptcy case concerning the debtor(s) listed below was originally filed under chapter on (date) and was converted to a case under chapter 11 on (date).] You may be a creditor of the debtor. This notice lists important deadlines. You may want to consult an attorney to protect your rights. All documents filed in the case may be inspected at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed below. NOTE: The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. See Reverse Side for Important Explanations Debtor(s) (name(s) and address): Case Number: Last four digits of Social-Security or Individual Taxpayer-ID (ITIN) No(s)./Complete EIN: All other names used by the Debtor(s) in the last 8 years Attorney for Debtor(s) (name and address): (include married, maiden, and trade names): Telephone number: **Meeting of Creditors** / / Date: Time:) A. M. Location:) P. M. Deadlines: Papers must be received by the bankruptcy clerk's office by the following deadlines: Deadline to File a Proof of Claim: For all creditors (except a governmental unit): For a governmental unit: Creditor with a Foreign Address: A creditor to whom this notice is sent at a foreign address should read the information under "Claims" on the reverse side. Deadline to File a Complaint to Determine Dischargeability of Certain Debts: Deadline to File a Complaint Objecting to Discharge of the Debtor: First date set for hearing on confirmation of plan Notice of that date will be sent at a later time. **Deadline to Object to Exemptions:** Thirty (30) days after the conclusion of the meeting of creditors. **Creditors May Not Take Certain Actions:** In most instances, the filing of the bankruptcy case automatically stays certain collection and other actions against the debtor and the debtor's property. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtor can request the court to extend or impose a stay. If you attempt to collect a debt or take other action in violation of the Bankruptcy Code, you may be penalized. Consult a lawyer to determine your rights in this case. Address of the Bankruptcy Clerk's Office: For the Court: Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court: Telephone number: Date: Hours Open:

Filing of Chapter 11	EXPLANATIONS B9E ALT (Official Form 9E ALT) (12/07) A hankruptov cose under Chanter 11 of the Rankruptov Code (title 11 United States Code) has been filed in this court	
Bankruptcy Case	A bankruptcy case under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code (title 11, United States Code) has been filed in this court by or against the debtor(s) listed on the front side, and an order for relief has been entered. Chapter 11 allows a debtor to reorganize or liquidate pursuant to a plan. A plan is not effective unless confirmed by the court. You may be sent a copy of the plan and a disclosure statement telling you about the plan, and you might have the opportunity to vote on the plan. You will be sent notice of the date of the confirmation hearing, and you may object to confirmation of the plan and attend the confirmation hearing. Unless a trustee is serving, the debtor will remain in possession of the debtor's property and may continue to operate any business.	
Legal Advice	The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. Consult a lawyer to determine your rights in this case.	
Creditors Generally May Not Take Certain Actions	Prohibited collection actions are listed in Bankruptcy Code § 362. Common examples of prohibited actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail, or otherwise to demand repayment; taking actions to collect money or obtain property from the debtor; repossessing the debtor's property; starting or continuing lawsuits or foreclosures; and garnishing or deducting from the debtor's wages. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtor can request the court to extend or impose a stay.	
Meeting of Creditors	A meeting of creditors is scheduled for the date, time, and location listed on the front side. The debtor (both spouses in a joint case) must be present at the meeting to be questioned under oath by the trustee and by creditors. Creditors are welcome to attend, but are not required to do so. The meeting may be continued and concluded at a later date without further notice. The court, after notice and a hearing, may order that the United States trustee not convene the meeting if the debtor has filed a plan for which the debtor solicited acceptances before filing the case.	
Claims	A Proof of Claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim. If a Proof of Claim form is not included with this notice, you can obtain one at any bankruptcy clerk's office. You may look at the schedules that have been or will be filed at the bankruptcy clerk's office. If your claim is scheduled and is <i>not</i> listed as disputed, contingent, or unliquidated, it will be allowed in the amount scheduled unless you filed a Proof of Claim or you are sent further notice about the claim. Whether or not your claim is scheduled, you are permitted to file a Proof of Claim. If your claim is not listed at all <i>or</i> if your claim is listed as disputed, contingent, or unliquidated, then you must file a Proof of Claim by the "Deadline to File a Proof of Claim" listed on the front side or you might not be paid any money on your claim and may be unable to vote on a plan. A secured creditor retains rights in its collateral regardless of whether that creditor files a Proof of Claim. Filing a Proof of Claim submits the creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court, with consequences a lawyer can explain. For example, a secured creditor who files a Proof of Claim may surrender important nonmonetary rights, including the right to a jury trial. Filing Deadline for a Creditor with a Foreign Address: The deadlines for filing claims set forth on the front of this notice apply to all creditors. If this notice has been mailed to a creditor at a foreign address, the creditor may file a motion requesting the court to extend the deadline.	
Discharge of Debts	Confirmation of a chapter 11 plan may result in a discharge of debts, which may include all or part of your debt. See Bankruptcy Code § 1141 (d). Unless the court orders otherwise, however, the discharge will not be effective until completion of all payments under the plan. A discharge means that you may never try to collect the debt from the debtor except as provided in the plan. If you believe that a debt owed to you is not dischargeable under Bankruptcy Code § 523 (a) (2), (4), or (6), you must start a lawsuit by filing a complaint in the bankruptcy clerk's office by the "Deadline to File a Complaint to Determine Dischargeability of Certain Debts" listed on the front side. The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive the complaint and any required filing fee by that Deadline. If you believe that the debtor is not entitled to receive a discharge under Bankruptcy Code § 1141 (d) (3), you must file a complaint with the required filing fee in the bankruptcy clerk's office not later than the first date set for the hearing on confirmation of the plan. You will be sent another notice informing you of that date.	
Exempt Property	The debtor is permitted by law to keep certain property as exempt. Exempt property will not be sold and distributed to creditors, even if the debtor's case is converted to chapter 7. The debtor must file a list of property claimed as exempt. You may inspect that list at the bankruptcy clerk's office. If you believe that an exemption claimed by the debtor is not authorized by law, you may file an objection to that exemption. The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive the objection by the "Deadline to Object to Exemptions" listed on the front side.	
Bankruptcy Clerk's Office	Any paper that you file in this bankruptcy case should be filed at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed on the front side. You may inspect all papers filed, including the list of the debtor's property and debts and the list of the property claimed as exempt, at the bankruptcy clerk's office.	
Creditor with a Foreign Address	Consult a lawyer familiar with United States bankruptcy law if you have any questions regarding your rights in this case.	

B9F (Official Form 9F) (Chapter 11 Corporation/Partnership Case) (12/08) UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT District of Notice of Chapter 11 Bankruptcy Case, Meeting of Creditors, & Deadlines [A chapter 11 bankruptcy case concerning the debtor(s) listed below was filed on (date).1 or [A bankruptcy case concerning the debtor(s) listed below was originally filed under chapter _(date) and was converted to a case under chapter 11 on_ (date).] You may be a creditor of the debtor. This notice lists important deadlines. You may want to consult an attorney to protect your rights. All documents filed in the case may be inspected at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed below. NOTE: The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. See Reverse Side for Important Explanations Debtor(s) (name(s) and address): Last four digits of Social-Security or Individual Taxpayer-ID (ITIN) No(s)./Complete EIN: All other names used by the Debtor(s) in the last 8 years Attorney for Debtor(s) (name and address): (include trade names): Telephone number: **Meeting of Creditors** Date: / / Time: () A. M. Location:) P. M. Deadline to File a Proof of Claim Proof of Claim must be received by the bankruptcy clerk's office by the following deadline: Notice of deadline will be sent at a later time. Creditor with a Foreign Address: A creditor to whom this notice is sent at a foreign address should read the information under "Claims" on the reverse side. Deadline to File a Complaint to Determine Dischargeability of Certain Debts: **Creditors May Not Take Certain Actions:** In most instances, the filing of the bankruptcy case automatically stays certain collection and other actions against the debtor and the debtor's property. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtor can request the court to extend or impose a stay. If you attempt to collect a debt or take other action in violation of the Bankruptcy Code, you may be penalized. Consult a lawyer to determine your rights in this case. Address of the Bankruptcy Clerk's Office: For the Court: Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court: Telephone number: Hours Open: Date:

	EXPLANATIONS	B9F (Official Form 9F) (12/08
Filing of Chapter 11 Bankruptcy Case	A bankruptcy case under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code (tilled in this court by or against the debtor(s) listed on the front entered. Chapter 11 allows a debtor to reorganize or liquidate peffective unless confirmed by the court. You may be sent a constatement telling you about the plan, and you might have the opperent to be sent notice of the date of the confirmation hearing, and you and attend the confirmation hearing. Unless a trustee is serving of the debtor's property and may continue to operate any busing	side, and an order for relief has been pursuant to a plan. A plan is not py of the plan and a disclosure opportunity to vote on the plan. You will may object to confirmation of the plan g, the debtor will remain in possession ess.
Legal Advice	The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal adv your rights in this case.	ice. Consult a lawyer to determine
Creditors Generally May Not Take Certain Actions	Prohibited collection actions are listed in Bankruptcy Code § 3d actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail, or oth actions to collect money or obtain property from the debtor; reg starting or continuing lawsuits or foreclosures. Under certain c to 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtor can request the	nerwise to demand repayment; taking possessing the debtor's property; and circumstances, the stay may be limited
Meeting of Creditors	A meeting of creditors is scheduled for the date, time, and local debtor's representative must be present at the meeting to be que by creditors. Creditors are welcome to attend, but are not required continued and concluded at a later date without further notice. may order that the United States trustee not convene the meeting which the debtor solicited acceptances before filing the case.	nestioned under oath by the trustee and ired to do so. The meeting may be The court, after notice and a hearing,
Claims	A Proof of Claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's of included with this notice, you can obtain one at any bankruptcy schedules that have been or will be filed at the bankruptcy clerk and is not listed as disputed, contingent, or unliquidated, it will unless you filed a Proof of Claim or you are sent further notice claim is scheduled, you are permitted to file a Proof of Claim. your claim is listed as disputed, contingent, or unliquidated, the might not be paid any money on your claim and may be unable yet set a deadline to file a Proof of Claim. If a deadline is set, y secured creditor retains rights in its collateral regardless of whe Filing a Proof of Claim submits the creditor to the jurisdiction of consequences a lawyer can explain. For example, a secured cresurrender important nonmonetary rights, including the right to Creditor with a Foreign Address: The deadline for filing claim will apply to all creditors unless the order provides otherwise, deadline is sent to a creditor at a foreign address, the creditor mextend the deadline.	clerk's office. You may look at the k's office. If your claim is scheduled be allowed in the amount scheduled about the claim. Whether or not your If your claim is not listed at all or if en you must file a Proof of Claim or you to vote on a plan. The court has not you will be sent another notice. A ether that creditor files a Proof of Claim. of the bankruptcy court, with editor who files a Proof of Claim may a jury trial. Filing Deadline for a ims will be set in a later court order and If notice of the order setting the may file a motion requesting the court to
Discharge of Debts	Confirmation of a chapter 11 plan may result in a discharge of your debt. See Bankruptcy Code § 1141 (d). A discharge mean debt from the debtor, except as provided in the plan. If you be dischargeable under Bankruptcy Code § 1141 (d) (6) (A), you complaint in the bankruptcy clerk's office by the "Deadline to Dischargeability of Certain Debts" listed on the front side. The the complaint and any required filing fee by that deadline.	ns that you may never try to collect the lieve that a debt owed to you is not must start a lawsuit by filing a File a Complaint to Determine e bankruptcy clerk's office must receive
Bankruptcy Clerk's Office	Any paper that you file in this bankruptcy case should be filed address listed on the front side. You may inspect all papers file property and debts and the list of the property claimed as exem	ed, including the list of the debtor's opt, at the bankruptcy clerk's office.
Creditor with a Foreign Address	Consult a lawyer familiar with United States bankruptcy law if rights in this case. Refer To Other Side For Important Deadlines and N	
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B9F ALT (Official Form 9F ALT) (Chapter 11 Corporation/Partnership Case) (12/07) UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT_ District of Notice of Chapter 11 Bankruptcy Case, Meeting of Creditors, & Deadlines [A chapter 11 bankruptcy case concerning the debtor(s) listed below was filed on (date).1 or [A bankruptcy case concerning the debtor(s) listed below was originally filed under chapter_ _(date) and was converted to a case under chapter 11 on_ (date).] You may be a creditor of the debtor. This notice lists important deadlines. You may want to consult an attorney to protect your rights. All documents filed in the case may be inspected at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed below. NOTE: The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. See Reverse Side for Important Explanations Debtor(s) (name(s) and address): Case Number: Last four digits of Social-Security or Individual Taxpayer-ID (ITIN) No(s)./Complete EIN: All other names used by the Debtor(s) in the last 8 years Attorney for Debtor(s) (name and address): (include trade names): Telephone number: **Meeting of Creditors** / / Location: Date: Time: () A. M.) P. M. Deadline to File a Proof of Claim Proof of Claim must be received by the bankruptcy clerk's office by the following deadline: For all creditors (except a governmental unit): For a governmental unit: Creditor with a Foreign Address: A creditor to whom this notice is sent at a foreign address should read the information under "Claims" on the reverse side. Deadline to File a Complaint to Determine Dischargeability of Certain Debts: **Creditors May Not Take Certain Actions:** In most instances, the filing of the bankruptcy case automatically stays certain collection and other actions against the debtor and the debtor's property. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtor can request the court to extend or impose a stay. If you attempt to collect a debt or take other action in violation of the Bankruptcy Code, you may be penalized. Consult a lawyer to determine your rights in this case. Address of the Bankruptcy Clerk's Office: For the Court: Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court: Telephone number: Date: Hours Open:

	EXPLANATIONS B9F ALT (Official Form 9F ALT) (12/0			
Filing of Chapter 11 Bankruptcy Case	A bankruptcy case under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code (title 11, United States Code) has been filed in this court by or against the debtor(s) listed on the front side, and an order for relief has been entered. Chapter 11 allows a debtor to reorganize or liquidate pursuant to a plan. A plan is not effective unless confirmed by the court. You may be sent a copy of the plan and a disclosure statement telling you about the plan, and you might have the opportunity to vote on the plan. You will be sent notice of the date of the confirmation hearing, and you may object to confirmation of the plan and attend the confirmation hearing. Unless a trustee is serving, the debtor will remain in possession of the debtor's property and may continue to operate any business.			
Legal Advice	The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. Consult a lawyer to determine your rights in this case.			
Creditors Generally May Not Take Certain Actions	Prohibited collection actions are listed in Bankruptcy Code § 362. Common examples of prohibited actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail, or otherwise to demand repayment; taking actions to collect money or obtain property from the debtor; repossessing the debtor's property; and starting or continuing lawsuits or foreclosures. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtor can request the court to extend or impose a stay.			
Meeting of Creditors	A meeting of creditors is scheduled for the date, time, and location listed on the front side. The debtor's representative must be present at the meeting to be questioned under oath by the trustee and by creditors. Creditors are welcome to attend, but are not required to do so. The meeting may be continued and concluded at a later date without further notice. The court, after notice and a hearing, may order that the United States trustee not convene the meeting if the debtor has filed a plan for which the debtor solicited acceptances before filing the case.			
Claims	A Proof of Claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim. If a Proof of Claim form is not included with this notice, you can obtain one at any bankruptcy clerk's office. You may look at the schedules that have been or will be filed at the bankruptcy clerk's office. If your claim is scheduled and is not listed as disputed, contingent, or unliquidated, it will be allowed in the amount scheduled unless you filed a Proof of Claim or you are sent further notice about the claim. Whether or not your claim is scheduled, you are permitted to file a Proof of Claim. If your claim is not listed at all or if your claim is listed as disputed, contingent, or unliquidated, then you must file a Proof of Claim by the "Deadline to File Proof of Claim" listed on the front side, or you might not be paid any money on your claim and may be unable to vote on a plan. A secured creditor retains rights in its collateral regardless of whether that creditor files a Proof of Claim. Filing a Proof of Claim submits the creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court, with consequences a lawyer can explain. For example, a secured creditor who files a Proof of Claim may surrender important nonmonetary rights, including the right to a jury trial. Filing Deadline for a Creditor with a Foreign Address: The deadlines for filing claims set forth on the front of this notice apply to all creditors. If this notice has been mailed to a creditor at a foreign address, the creditor may file a motion requesting the court to extend the deadline.			
Discharge of Debts Bankruptcy Clerk's	Confirmation of a chapter 11 plan may result in a discharge of debts, which may include all or part of your debt. See Bankruptcy Code § 1141 (d). A discharge means that you may never try to collect the debt from the debtor, except as provided in the plan. If you believe that a debt owed to you is not dischargeable under Bankruptcy Code § 1141 (d) (6) (A), you must start a lawsuit by filing a complaint in the bankruptcy clerk's office by the "Deadline to File a Complaint to Determine Dischargeability of Certain Debts" listed on the front side. The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive the complaint and any required filing fee by that deadline. Any paper that you file in this bankruptcy case should be filed at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the			
Office	address listed on the front side. You may inspect all papers filed, including the list of the debtor's property and debts and the list of the property claimed as exempt, at the bankruptcy clerk's office.			
Creditor with a Foreign Address	Consult a lawyer familiar with United States bankruptcy law if you have any questions regarding your rights in this case.			
	Refer To Other Side For Important Deadlines and Notices			

B9G (Official Form 9G) (Chapter 12 Individual or Joint Debtor Family Farmer or Family Fisherman) (12/07) UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT District of Notice of Chapter 12 Bankruptcy Case, Meeting of Creditors, & Deadlines [The debtor(s) listed below filed a chapter 12 bankruptcy case on or [A bankruptcy case concerning the debtor(s) listed below was originally filed under chapter_ (date) and was converted to a case under chapter 12 on (date).] You may be a creditor of the debtor. This notice lists important deadlines. You may want to consult an attorney to protect your rights. All documents filed in the case may be inspected at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed below. NOTE: The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. See Reverse Side for Important Explanations Debtor(s) (name(s) and address): Case Number: Last four digits of Social-Security or Individual Taxpayer-ID (ITIN) No(s)./Complete EIN: All other names used by the Debtor(s) in the last 8 years Bankruptcy Trustee (name and address): (include married, maiden, and trade names): Attorney for Debtor(s) (name and address): Telephone number: Telephone number: **Meeting of Creditors** Date: / / Time:) A. M. Location:) P. M. Deadlines: Papers must be received by the bankruptcy clerk's office by the following deadlines: Deadline to File a Proof of Claim: For all creditors(except a governmental unit): For a governmental unit: Creditor with a Foreign Address: A creditor to whom this notice is sent at a foreign address should read the information under "Claims" on the reverse side. Deadline to File a Complaint to Determine Dischargeability of Certain Debts: **Deadline to Object to Exemptions:** Thirty (30) days after the conclusion of the meeting of creditors. Filing of Plan, Hearing on Confirmation of Plan [The debtor has filed a plan. The plan or a summary of the plan is enclosed. The hearing on confirmation will be held: Time:_ _Location:_ or [The debtor has filed a plan. The plan or a summary of the plan and notice of confirmation hearing will be sent separately.] or [The debtor has not filed a plan as of this date. You will be sent separate notice of the hearing on confirmation of the plan.] **Creditors May Not Take Certain Actions:** In most instances, the filing of the bankruptcy case automatically stays certain collection and other actions against the debtor, the debtor's property, and certain codebtors. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtor can request the court to extend or impose a stay. If you attempt to collect a debt or take other action in violation of the Bankruptcy Code, you may be penalized. Consult a lawyer to determine your rights in this case. For the Court: Address of the Bankruptcy Clerk's Office: Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court: Telephone number: Hours Open: Date:

Chapter 12 allows family farmers and family fishermen to adjust their debts pursuant to a plan. A p is not effective unless confirmed by the court. You may object to confirmation of the plan and appear at the confirmation hearing. A copy or summary of the plan [is included with this notice] or [vou will be sent notice of the confirmation hearing.] The debtor will remain in possession of the debtor's property and may continue to operate the debtor's business unless the court orders otherwise. Legal Advice The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. Consult a lawyer to determine your rights in this case. Creditors Generally May Not Take Certain Actions Prohibited collection actions against the debtor and certain codebtors are listed in Bankruptcy Code § 362 and § 1201. Common examples of prohibited actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail, or otherwise to demand repayment; taking actions to collect money or obtain prope from the debtor, repossessing the debtor's property; starting or continuing lawsuits or foreclosures; and garnishing or deducting from the debtor's wages. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited in duration or not exist at all, although the debtor may have the right to request the court to extend or impose a stay. Meeting of Creditors A proof of Claim of a joint case) must be present at the meeting to be questioned the front side. The debtor spouses in a joint case) must be present at the meeting to be questioned they the trus and by creditors. Creditors are welcome to attend, but are not required to do so. The meeting may continued and concluded at a later date without further notice. Claims A Proof of Claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim. If a Proof of Claim form is no included with this notice, you can obtain one at any bankruptcy clerk's office. A secured creditor retains rights in its collateral regardless of whether that creditor files a Proof of Claim by the "Deadline to File a Proof of Claim by the "Deadline	Filing of Chapter 12	EXPLANATIONS B9G (Official Form 9G) (12/0' A bankruptcy case under Chapter 12 of the Bankruptcy Code (title 11, United States Code) has been			
sent to you later], and [the confirmation hearing] will be held on the date indicated on the front of the notice] or [you will be sent notice of the confirmation hearing]. The debtor will remain in possessic of the debtor's property and may continue to operate the debtor's business unless the court orders otherwise. Legal Advice The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. Consult a lawyer to determine your rights in this case. Creditors Generally May Not Take Certain Actions Prohibited collection actions against the debtor and certain codebtors are listed in Bankruptcy Code \$3.62 and § 1201. Common examples of prohibited actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail, or otherwise to demand repayment; taking actions to collect money or obtain prope from the debtor, repossessing the debtor's property; starting or continuing lawsuits or foreclosures; and garnishing or deducting from the debtor's wages. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited in duration or not exist at all, although the debtor may have the right to request the court to extend or impose a stay. Meeting of Creditors A meeting of creditors is scheduled for the date, time, and location listed on the front side. The debtor spouses in a joint case must be present at the meeting to be questioned under oath by the trust and by creditors. Creditors are welcome to attend, but are not required to do so. The meeting may continued and concluded at a later date without further notice. Claims A Proof of Claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim. If a Proof of Claim is its collateral regardless of whether that creditor flies a Proof of Claim. If you do no file a Proof of Claim went if your claim is listed in the schedules filed by the debtor. Filing a Proof of Claim way money on your claim from other assets in the bankruptcy county and the paid any money on your claim from other assets in the bankruptcy county and the paid any money on your claim from other shade in the schedules filed by th	Bankruptcy Case	filed in this court by the debtor(s) listed on the front side, and an order for relief has been entered. Chapter 12 allows family farmers and family fishermen to adjust their debts pursuant to a plan. A pla is not effective unless confirmed by the court. You may object to confirmation of the plan and appear			
Creditors Generally		sent to you later], and [the confirmation hearing will be held on the date indicated on the front of this notice] or [you will be sent notice of the confirmation hearing]. The debtor will remain in possession			
Your rights in this case.		otherwise.			
May Not Take Certain Actions \$ 362 and § 1201. Common examples of prohibited actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail, or otherwise to demand repayment; taking actions to collect memory or obtain prope from the debtor; repossessing the debtor's property; starting or continuing lawsuits or foreclosures; and garnishing or deducting from the debtor's wages. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited in duration or not exist at all, although the debtor may have the right to request the court to extend or impose a stay. Meeting of Creditors A meeting of creditors is scheduled for the date, time, and location listed on the front side. The debtor's property state of the death of the debtor's property starting or continued and concluded at a later date without further notice. A Proof of Claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim. If a Proof of Claim form is no included with this notice, you can obtain one at any bankruptcy clerk's office. A secured creditor retains rights in its collateral regardless of whether that creditor files a Proof of Claim. If you do no file a Proof of Claim even if your claim is listed in the schedules filed by the debtor. Filing a Proof of Claim submists the creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy case. To be paid you must fill Proof of Claim submists the creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy case. To be paid you must fill Proof of Claim submists the creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy case. To be paid you must fill Proof of Claim submists the creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy case. To be paid you must fill Proof of Claim submists the creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy case. To be paid you must fill Proof of Claim submists the creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy case. To be paid you must file and property rights, including the right to a jury trial. Filling Deadline for a Creditor with a Fore Address: The deadlines for filling claims set forth on the front side. The deadlines for fillin	Legal Advice				
from the debtor; repossessing the debtor's property; starting or continuing lawsuits or foreclosures; and garnishing or deducting from the debtor's wages. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited in duration or not exist at all, although the debtor may have the right to request the court to extend or impose a stay. Meeting of Creditors A meeting of creditors is scheduled for the date, time, and location listed on the front side. The debtod footh spouses in a joint case) must be present at the meeting to be questioned under oath by the trus and by creditors. Creditors are welcome to attend, but are not required to do so. The meeting may continued and concluded at a later date without further notice. A Proof of Claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim. If a Proof of Claim form is no included with this notice, you can obtain one at any bankruptcy clerk's office. A secured creditor retains rights in its collateral regardless of whether that creditor files a Proof of Claim. If you do no file a Proof of Claim even if your claim is listed in the schedules filed by the debtor. Filing a Proof of Claim were if your claim is listed in the schedules filed by the debtor. Filing a Proof of Claim were if your claim is listed in the schedules filed by the debtor. Filing a Proof of Claim submits the creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court, with consequences a lawyer of explain. For example, a secured creditor who files a Proof of Claim may surrender important nonmonetary rights, including the right to a jury trial. Filing Deadline for a Creditor with a Fore Address: The deadlines for filing claims set forth on the front of this notice apply to all creditors. I this notice has been mailed to a creditor at a foreign address, the creditor may file a motion requestith the court to extend the deadline. Discharge of Debts The debtor is seeking a discharge of most debts, which may include your debt. A discharge means that you may never try to collect the debt from the debtor. If you belie	-	Prohibited collection actions against the debtor and certain codebtors are listed in Bankruptcy Code § 362 and § 1201. Common examples of prohibited actions include contacting the debtor by			
Meeting of Creditors A meeting of creditors is scheduled for the date, time, and location listed on the front side. The deb. (both spouses in a joint case) must be present at the meeting to be questioned under oath by the trus and by creditors. Creditors are welcome to attend, but are not required to do so. The meeting may continued and concluded at a later date without further notice. A Proof of Claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim. If a Proof of Claim form is no included with this notice, you can obtain one at any bankruptey clerk's office. A secured creditor retains rights in its collateral regardless of whether that creditor files a Proof of Claim. If you do no file a Proof of Claim by the "Deadline to File a Proof of Claim" listed on the front side, you might not be paid any money on your claim from other assets in the bankruptey case. To be paid you must file Proof of Claim even if your claim is listed in the schedules filed by the debtor. Filing a Proof of Claim submits the creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptey court, with consequences a lawyer of Claim submits the creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptey court, with consequences a lawyer of Claim submits the creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptey court, with consequences a lawyer of Claim submits the creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptey court, with consequences a lawyer of Claim submits the creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptey court, with consequences a lawyer of Claim submits the creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptey court, with consequences a lawyer of Claim submits the creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptey court, with consequences a lawyer of Claim submits the creditor who files a Proof of Claim may surrender important nonmonetary rights, including the right to a jury trial. Filing Deadline for a Creditor with a Fore Address: The deadlines of the deadlines of most of the submit of the debtor. Filing Deadline to File a motion request the court to extend the deadline.	Actions	and garnishing or deducting from the debtor's wages. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited in duration or not exist at all, although the debtor may have the right to request the court to			
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		address listed on the front side. You may inspect all papers filed, including the list of the debtor's			
ridices rights in this case.	Creditor with a Foreign Address	Consult a lawyer familiar with United States bankruptcy law if you have any questions regarding your rights in this case.			
Refer To Other Side For Important Deadlines and Notices		Refer To Other Side For Important Deadlines and Notices			

Hours Open:

B9H (Official Form 9H) (Chapter 12 Corporation/Partnership Family Farmer or Family Fisherman) (12/07) UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT District of Notice of Chapter 12 Bankruptcy Case, Meeting of Creditors, & Deadlines [The debtor [corporation] or [partnership] listed below filed a chapter 12 bankruptcy case on You may be a creditor of the debtor. This notice lists important deadlines. You may want to consult an attorney to protect your rights. All documents filed in the case may be inspected at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed below. NOTE: The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. See Reverse Side for Important Explanations Debtor(s) (name(s) and address): Last four digits of Social-Security or Individual Taxpayer-ID (ITIN) No(s)./Complete EIN: All other names used by the Debtor(s) in the last 8 years Bankruptcy Trustee (name and address): (include trade names): Attorney for Debtor(s) (name and address): Telephone number: Telephone number: **Meeting of Creditors** Date: / /) A. M. Location: Time:) P M Deadlines: Papers must be received by the bankruptcy clerk's office by the following deadlines: Deadline to File a Proof of Claim: For all creditors(except a governmental unit): For a governmental unit: Creditor with a Foreign Address: A creditor to whom this notice is sent at a foreign address should read the information under "Claims" on the reverse side. Deadline to File a Complaint to Determine Dischargeability of Certain Debts: Filing of Plan, Hearing on Confirmation of Plan [The debtor has filed a plan. The plan or a summary of the plan is enclosed. The hearing on confirmation will be held: Date: ______ Time: _____ Location: ______]
or [The debtor has filed a plan. The plan or a summary of the plan and notice of confirmation hearing will be sent separately.] or [The debtor has not filed a plan as of this date. You will be sent separate notice of the hearing on confirmation of the plan.] **Creditors May Not Take Certain Actions:** In most instances, the filing of the bankruptcy case automatically stays certain collection and other actions against the debtor and the debtor's property. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtor can request the court to extend or impose a stay. If you attempt to collect a debt or take other action in violation of the Bankruptcy Code, you may be penalized. Consult a lawyer to determine your rights in this case. Address of the Bankruptcy Clerk's Office: For the Court: Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court: Telephone number: Date:

	EXPLANATIONS	B9H (Official Form 9H) (12/07			
Filing of Chapter 12 Bankruptcy Case	A bankruptcy case under Chapter 12 of the Bankruptcy Code (to filed in this court by the debtor listed on the front side, and an of Chapter 12 allows family farmers and family fishermen to adjust	order for relief has been entered. st their debts pursuant to a plan. A plan			
	is not effective unless confirmed by the court. You may object to confirmation of the plan at the confirmation hearing. A copy or summary of the plan [is included with this notice] sent to you later], and [the confirmation hearing will be held on the date indicated on the				
	notice] or [you will be sent notice of the confirmation hearing]. of the debtor's property and may continue to operate the debtor	The debtor will remain in possession			
Legal Advice	otherwise. The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. Consult a lawyer to determine your rights in this case.				
Creditors Generally May Not Take Certain Actions	Prohibited collection actions against the debtor and certain code § 362 and § 1201. Common examples of prohibited actions inc telephone, mail, or otherwise to demand repayment; taking actifrom the debtor; repossessing the debtor's property; and starting foreclosures. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be liminal though the debtor may have the right to request the court to example 1.	clude contacting the debtor by cons to collect money or obtain property g or continuing lawsuits or ited in duration or not exist at all,			
Meeting of Creditors	A meeting of creditors is scheduled for the date, time, and locat debtor's representative must be present at the meeting to be que by creditors. Creditors are welcome to attend, but are not requi continued and concluded at a later date without further notice.	ion listed on the front side. The estioned under oath by the trustee and			
Claims	A Proof of Claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's c included with this notice, you can obtain one at any bankruptcy retains rights in its collateral regardless of whether that creditor file a Proof of Claim by the "Deadline to File a Proof of Claim" be paid any money on your claim from other assets in the bankr Proof of Claim even if your claim is listed in the schedules filed Claim submits the creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy explain. For example, a secured creditor who files a Proof of C nonmonetary rights, including the right to a jury trial. Filing D Address: The deadlines for filing claims set forth on the front of this notice has been mailed to a creditor at a foreign address, the the court to extend the deadline.	clerk's office. A secured creditor files a Proof of Claim. If you do not 'listed on the front side, you might not ruptcy case. To be paid you must file a d by the debtor. Filing a Proof of court, with consequences a lawyer can 'laim may surrender important eadline for a Creditor with a Foreign of this notice apply to all creditors. If e creditor may file a motion requesting			
Discharge of Debts	The debtor is seeking a discharge of most debts, which may inc that you may never try to collect the debt from the debtor. If yo not dischargeable under Bankruptcy Code § 523 (a) (2), (4), or complaint in the bankruptcy clerk's office by the "Deadline to I Dischargeability of Certain Debts" listed on the front side. The the complaint and any required filing fee by that Deadline.	ou believe that a debt owed to you is (6), you must start a lawsuit by filing a File a Complaint to Determine			
Bankruptcy Clerk's Office	Any paper that you file in this bankruptcy case should be filed a address listed on the front side. You may inspect all papers file property and debts and the list of the property claimed as exempt	d, including the list of the debtor's			
Creditor with a Foreign Address	Consult a lawyer familiar with United States bankruptcy law if rights in this case.	you have any questions regarding your			
	Refer To Other Side For Important Deadlines and N	otices			

B9I (Official Form 9I) (Chapter 13 Case) (12/07) UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT District of Notice of Chapter 13 Bankruptcy Case, Meeting of Creditors, & Deadlines [The debtor(s) listed below filed a chapter 13 bankruptcy case on _ or [A bankruptcy case concerning the debtor(s) listed below was originally filed under chapter (date) and was converted to a case under chapter 13 on (date).] You may be a creditor of the debtor. This notice lists important deadlines. You may want to consult an attorney to protect your rights. All documents filed in the case may be inspected at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed below. NOTE: The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. See Reverse Side for Important Explanations Debtor(s) (name(s) and address): Last four digits of Social-Security or Individual Taxpayer-ID (ITIN) No(s)./Complete EIN: All other names used by the Debtor(s) in the last 8 years Bankruptcy Trustee (name and address): (include married, maiden, and trade names): Attorney for Debtor(s) (name and address): Telephone number: Telephone number: **Meeting of Creditors** Date: Time:) A. M. Location:) P. M. Deadlines: Papers must be received by the bankruptcy clerk's office by the following deadlines: Deadline to File a Proof of Claim: For all creditors (except a governmental unit): For a governmental unit (except as otherwise provided in Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3002(c)(1)): Creditor with a Foreign Address: A creditor to whom this notice is sent at a foreign address should read the information under "Claims" on the reverse side. Deadline to File a Complaint to Determine Dischargeability of Certain Debts: **Deadline to Object to Exemptions:** Thirty (30) days after the conclusion of the meeting of creditors. Filing of Plan, Hearing on Confirmation of Plan [The debtor has filed a plan. The plan or a summary of the plan is enclosed. The hearing on confirmation will be held: Date: Time: Location:]

or [The debtor has filed a plan. The plan or a summary of the plan and notice of confirmation hearing will be sent separately.] or The debtor has not filed a plan as of this date. You will be sent separate notice of the hearing on confirmation of the plan. **Creditors May Not Take Certain Actions:** In most instances, the filing of the bankruptcy case automatically stays certain collection and other actions against the debtor, the debtor's property, and certain codebtors. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtor can request the court to extend or impose a stay. If you attempt to collect a debt or take other action in violation of the Bankruptcy Code, you may be penalized. Consult a lawyer to determine your rights in this case

Address of the Bankruptcy Clerk's Office:	For the Court:	
	Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court:	
Telephone number:		
Hours Open:	Date:	

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Refer To Other Side For Important Deadlines and Notices	

 $(Added\ Aug.\ 1,\ 1991;\ amended\ Sept.\ 22,\ 1992;\ Mar.\ 16,\ 1993;\ Mar.\ 14,\ 1995;\ Oct.\ 1,\ 1997;\ Dec.\ 1,\ 2003;\ Oct.\ 17,\ 2005;\ Oct.\ 1,\ 2006;\ Dec.\ 1,\ 2007;\ Dec.\ 1,\ 2008.)$

NOTES OF ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON RULES-1991

The form has been redesigned to facilitate electronic generation of notice to creditors concerning the filing of the petition, the meeting of creditors, and important deadlines in the case. Adoption of a box format, with significant dates highlighted, is intended to assist creditors who may be unfamiliar with bankruptcy cases to understand the data provided. Nine variations of the form, designated 9A through 9I, have been created to meet the specialized notice requirements for chapters 7, 11, 12, and 13, asset and no-asset cases, and the various types of debtors.

Notes of Advisory Committee on Rules—1992 ${\color{blue} \mathbf{A}} \mathbf{MENDMENT}$

Forms 9B, 9D, 9F, and 9H are amended to make a technical correction in the reference to Rule 9001(5). Form 9H also contains a technical correction deleting the reference to a complaint object to discharge of the debtor.

Notes of Advisory Committee on Rules—1993 ${\rm Amendment}$

The title page of the form has been amended to conform to the headings used on Forms 9A-9I. Alternate versions of Form 9E and Form 9F have been added for the convenience of districts that routinely set a deadline for filing claims in a chapter 11 case. When a creditor receives the alternate form in a case, the box labeled "Filing Claims" will contain information about the bar date as follows: "Deadline for filing a claim: (date)." If no deadline is set in a particular case, either the court will use Form 9E or Form 9F, as appropriate, or the alternate form will be used with the following sentence appearing in the box labeled "Filing Claims": "When the court sets a deadline for filing claims, creditors will be notified."

NOTES OF ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON RULES—1995 AMENDMENT

The form is amended to provide notice of the claims filing period provided to "a governmental unit" by section 502(b)(9) of the Code as amended by the Bankruptcy Reform Act of 1994. A court that routinely sets a deadline for filing proofs of claim at the outset of chapter 11 cases and, accordingly, uses Form 9E(Alt.) or Form 9F(Alt.) retains the option in any case in which no deadlines actually are set to substitute a message stating that creditors will be notified if the court fixes a deadline.

The form also is amended to add, in the paragraph labeled "Discharge of Debts," a reference to dischargeability actions under section 523(a)(15) of the Code, which was added by the 1994 Act.

Notes of Advisory Committee on Rules—1997 Amendment

Forms 9A, 9I (and the alternate versions of Forms 9E and 9F) have been amended, redesigned, and rewritten. Minor conforming changes have been made to respond to amendments made in the Bankruptcy Reform Act of 1994: the longer claims filing period for governmental units in section 502(b)(9) of the Code (see Forms 9C, 9D, 9E(Alt.), 9F(Alt.), 9G, 9H, and 9I); and a reference to dischargeability actions under section 523(a)(15) (see Forms 9A, 9C, 9E, and 9E(Alt.), 9G, and 9H). All of the forms have been substantially revised to make them easier to read and understand. The titles have been simplified. Recipients are told why they are receiving the notice. Explanations are provided on the back of the form and are set in larger type. Plain English is used. Deadlines are highlighted on the front of the form. Recipients are told that papers must be received by the bankruptcy clerk's office by the applicable deadline. The box for the trustee has been deleted from the chapter 11 notices (Forms 9E and 9F and the alternates). Various alternatives are set out in brackets in many of the forms, permitting each bankruptcy clerk's office to tailor the forms even more precisely to fit the needs of a particular case. The court may use blank spaces on the form to include additional information applicable to the particular district.

COMMITTEE NOTES ON RULES—2003 AMENDMENT

The form is amended to add to the information provided to creditors, the trustee and the United States trustee, all the names used by the debtor during the six years prior to the filing of the petition. The form includes the debtor's full employer identification number, if any, as well as the last four digits of the debtor's social security number. Rule 2002(a)(1) also is amended to direct the clerk to include the debtor's full social security number and employer identification number on the notices served on the United States trustee, the trustee, and creditors. This will enable creditors to identify the debtor accurately. The copy of Official Form 9 included in the case file, however, will show only the last four digits of the debtor's social security number. This should afford greater privacy to the individual debtor, whose bankruptcy case records may be available on the Internet.

COMMITTEE NOTES ON RULES—2005 AMENDMENT

The form is amended in a variety of way [sic] to implement the provisions of the Bankruptcy Abuse Prevention and Consumer Protection Act of 2005, Pub. L. No. 109-8, 119 Stat. 23 (April 20, 2005). All versions of the form are amended to advise creditors to consult an attorney concerning what rights they may have in the specific case. All versions of the form are also amended to provide information about filing claims to creditors with foreign addresses and to advise those creditors to consult a lawyer familiar with United States bankruptcy law regarding any questions they may have about their rights in a particular case. These amendments implement § 1514, which was added to the Code in 2005.

Forms 9A and 9C are amended to include a box in which the clerk can notify creditors in a chapter 7 case filed by an individual with primarily consumer debts whether the presumption of abuse has arisen under §707(b) of the Code as amended in 2005. Under §342(d) of the Code, the clerk has a duty to notify creditors concerning the presumption within ten days of the filing of the petition. If [sic] cases in which the debtor does not file Official Form 22A with the petition, the forms provide for the clerk to state that insufficient information has been filed, and to inform creditors that if laterfiled information indicates that the presumption arises, creditors will be sent another notice.

In cases involving serial filers (debtors who have filed more than one case within a specified period), the automatic stay provided by §362(a) of the Code as amended in 2005 may not apply or may be limited in duration, unless the stay is extended or imposed by court order. The form contains a general statement alerting debtors to this possibility.

Section 1514, added to the Code in 2005, also requires that a secured creditor with a foreign address be advised whether the creditor is required to file a proof of claim, and Forms 9B, 9D, 9E, 9E (Alt.), 9F, 9F (Alt.), 9G, 9H, and 9I are amended to include general information addressing that question. Forms 9E, 9E (Alt.), 9F, and 9F (Alt.) also are amended to inform creditors that in a case in which the debtor has filed a plan for which it has solicited acceptances before filing the case, the court may, after notice and a hearing, order that the United States trustee not convene a meeting of creditors.

Forms 9E and 9E Alt. are amended to state that, unless the court orders otherwise, an individual chapter 11 debtor's discharge is not effective until completion of all payments under the plan, as provided in $\S1141(d)(5)$ which was added to the Code in 2005. Forms 9F and 9F (Alt.) are amended to include a deadline to file a complaint to determine the discharge ability of a debt, in conformity with $\S1141(d)(6)$ which was added to the Code in 2005.

Form 9I is amended to include a deadline to file a complaint to determine the discharge ability of certain debts. This amendment implements 2005 amendment [sic] to §1328(a)(1) of the Code.

COMMITTEE NOTES ON RULES-2006 AMENDMENT

Forms 9G and 9H are amended to add "family fisherman" to the title and to the description of chapter 12. The 2005 amendments to the Code added a "family fisherman," as defined in §101(19A), to the persons eligible to file a bankruptcy case under chapter 12. Form 9I is amended to provide general notice to parties in interest of the potential for a claim to be filed late in the case.

COMMITTEE NOTES ON RULES-2005-2007 AMENDMENT

[The 2005-2007 Committee Note incorporates Committee Notes previously published in 2005 and 2006.]

The form is amended in a variety of ways to implement the provisions of the Bankruptcy Abuse Prevention and Consumer Protection Act of 2005, Pub. L. No. 109-8, 119 Stat. 23 (April 20, 2005). All versions of the form are amended to advise creditors to consult an attorney concerning what rights they may have in the specific case. All versions of the form also are amended to provide to creditors with foreign addresses information about filing claims and to advise those creditors to consult a lawyer familiar with United States bankruptcy law regarding any questions they may have about their rights in a particular case. These amendments implement §1514, which was added to the Code in 2005.

Forms 9A and 9C are amended to include a box in which the clerk can notify creditors in a chapter 7 case filed by an individual with primarily consumer debts if the presumption of abuse has arisen under §707(b) of the Code as amended in 2005. Under §342(d) of the Code, the clerk has a duty to notify creditors concerning the presumption within ten days of the filing of the petition. In cases in which the debtor does not file Official Form 22A with the petition, the forms provide for the clerk to state that insufficient information has been filed, and to inform creditors that if later-filed informs.

mation indicates that the presumption arises, creditors will be sent another notice. Forms 9G and 9H are amended to add "family fishermen" to the notices used in chapter 12 cases, in conformity with the 2005 amendments to the Code extending the provisions of chapter 12 to family fishermen.

In cases involving serial filers (debtors who have filed more than one case within a specified period), the automatic stay provided by §362(a) of the Code as amended in 2005 may not apply or may be limited in duration, unless the stay is extended or imposed by court order. The form contains a general statement alerting debtors to this possibility.

Section 1514, added to the Code in 2005, also requires that a secured creditor with a foreign address be advised whether the creditor is required to file a proof of claim, and Forms 9B, 9D, 9E, 9E (Alt.), 9F, 9F (Alt.), 9G, 9H, and 9I are amended to include general information addressing that question. Forms 9E, 9E (Alt.), 9F, and 9F (Alt.) also are amended to inform creditors that in a case in which the debtor has filed a plan for which it has solicited acceptances before filing the case, the court may, after notice and a hearing, order that the United States trustee not convene a meeting of creditors

Forms 9E and 9E (Alt.) are amended to state that, unless the court orders otherwise, an individual chapter 11 debtor's discharge is not effective until completion of all payments under the plan, as provided in §1141(d)(5) which was added to the Code in 2005. Forms 9F and 9F (Alt.) are amended to include a deadline to file a complaint to determine the dischargeability of a debt, in conformity with §1141(d)(6), which also was added to the Code in 2005.

Form 9I is amended to include a deadline to file a complaint to determine the dischargeability of certain debts. This amendment implements a 2005 amendment to §1328(a) of the Code.

In addition, all versions of the form are amended to provide to the public only the last four digits of any individual debtor's taxpayer-identification number. This amendment implements Rule 9037.

B 10 (Official Form 10) (12/08)			
UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT		PROOF OF CLAIM	
Name of Debtor:	Case Numbe	er:	
NOTE: This form should not be used to make a claim for an administrative expense arising after the commencement of administrative expense may be filed pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 503.	f the case. Ar	equest for payment of an	
Name of Creditor (the person or other entity to whom the debtor owes money or property): Name and address where notices should be sent:	☐ Check this box to indicate that this claim amends a previously filed claim.		
Telephone number:		Court Claim Number:(If known) Filed on:	
Name and address where payment should be sent (if different from above):	☐ Check this box if you are aware that anyone else has filed a proof of claim relating to your claim. Attach copy of statement giving particulars.		
Telephone number:	☐ Check this box if you are the debtor or trustee in this case.		
1. Amount of Claim as of Date Case Filed: \$		5. Amount of Claim Entitled to Priority under 11 U.S.C. §507(a). If any portion of your claim falls in one of the following categories, check the box and state the amount.	
Check this box if claim includes interest or other charges in addition to the principal amount of claim. Attach itemized statement of interest or charges.	Specify the priority of the claim.		
2. Basis for Claim: (See instruction #2 on reverse side.)	☐ Domestic support obligations under 11 U.S.C. §507(a)(1)(A) or (a)(1)(B).		
3a. Debtor may have scheduled account as: (See instruction #3a on reverse side.) 4. Secured Claim (See instruction #4 on reverse side.) Check the appropriate box if your claim is secured by a lien on property or a right of setoff and provide the requested information. Nature of property or right of setoff:	to \$10,95 before fill petition or business, U.S.C. §: Contribut plan – 11 Up to \$2, purchase, or service household (a)(7). Taxes or governme (a)(8). Other – S of 11 U.S. Amount	alaries, or commissions (up 50*) earned within 180 days ling of the bankruptcy or cessation of the debtor's whichever is earlier – 11 507 (a)(4). ions to an employee benefit U.S.C. \$507 (a)(5). 425* of deposits toward lease, or rental of property as for personal, family, or duse – 11 U.S.C. \$507 penalties owed to ental units – 11 U.S.C. \$507 pecify applicable paragraph S.C. \$507 (a)(). nt entitled to priority:	
SCANNING. If the documents are not available, please explain:	*Amounts are subject to adjustment on 4/1/10 and every 3 years thereafter with respect to cases commenced on or after the date of adjustment.		
Date: Signature: The person filing this claim must sign it. Sign and print name and title, if any, of the croother person authorized to file this claim and state address and telephone number if different from the address above. Attach copy of power of attorney, if any.		FOR COURT USE ONLY	

Penalty for presenting fraudulent claim: Fine of up to \$500,000 or imprisonment for up to 5 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 152 and 3571.