CHAPTER 39—MINING ACTIVITY WITHIN NATIONAL PARK SYSTEM AREAS

Sec. 1901. Congressional findings and declaration of policy.

Preservation and management of areas by Secretary of the Interior; promulgation of regulations.

Sections 123 and 450y–2 of this title, and repealed sections 350, 350a, 447, and 450z of this title, is popularly

CHAPTER REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This chapter is referred to in sections 410aaa–48, 410aaa–59 of this title.

§ 1901. Congressional findings and declaration of policy

The Congress finds and declares that—

(a) the level of technology of mineral exploration and development has changed radically in recent years and continued application of the mining laws of the United States to those areas of the National Park System to which it applies, conflicts with the purposes for which they were established; and

(b) all mining operations in areas of the National Park System should be conducted so as to prevent or minimize damage to the environment and other resource values, and, in certain areas of the National Park System, surface disturbance from mineral development should be temporarily halted while Congress determines whether or not to acquire any valid mineral rights which may exist in such areas.


SUGGESTED CODIFICATION

Leases and Prospecting Permits—

Lands subject to disposition, see section 181 of Title 30.

Oil and gas lands, see section 226 of Title 30.

Oil shale lands, see section 241 of Title 30.

Phosphate lands, see section 211 of Title 30.

Potash lands, see section 281 of Title 30.

Sodium lands, see section 261 of Title 30.

Sulphur lands, see section 271 of Title 30.

Mineral Lands and Regulations—

Assignment or subletting of leases, see section 187 of Title 30.

Cancellation of prospecting permits, see section 183 of Title 30.

Limitations on leases held, owned or controlled by persons, associations, or corporations, see section 184 of Title 30.

Prescription of rules and regulations, see section 189 of Title 30.

Reservation of easements or rights-of-way for working purposes, see section 186 of Title 30.

Rights-of-way for pipelines, see section 185 of Title 30.

§§ 1903 to 1906. Omitted

CROSS REFERENCES

Leases and Prospecting Permits—

Lands subject to disposition, see section 181 of Title 30.

Oil and gas lands, see section 226 of Title 30.

Oil shale lands, see section 241 of Title 30.

Phosphate lands, see section 211 of Title 30.

Potash lands, see section 281 of Title 30.

Sodium lands, see section 261 of Title 30.

Sulphur lands, see section 271 of Title 30.

Mineral Lands and Regulations—

Assignment or subletting of leases, see section 187 of Title 30.

Cancellation of prospecting permits, see section 183 of Title 30.

Limitations on leases held, owned or controlled by persons, associations, or corporations, see section 184 of Title 30.

Prescription of rules and regulations, see section 189 of Title 30.

Reservation of easements or rights-of-way for working purposes, see section 186 of Title 30.

Rights-of-way for pipelines, see section 185 of Title 30.
modifications of existing boundaries of the Death Valley Monument and the Glacier Bay National Monument.

Section 1906, Pub. L. 94–429, §7, Sept. 28, 1976, 90 Stat. 1343, provided that within 4 years the Secretary determine the validity of unpatented mining claims within Crater Lake National Park, Coronado National Memorial, and Glacier Bay National Monument, and submit to Congress recommendations for acquisition of valid claims.

§ 1907. Recodification of mining claims; publication of notice

All mining claims under the Mining Law of 1872, as amended and supplemented (30 U.S.C. chapters 2, 12A, and 16 and sections 161 and 162) which lie within the boundaries of units of the National Park System shall be recorded with the Secretary of the Interior within one year after September 28, 1976. Any mining claim not so recorded shall be conclusively presumed to be abandoned and shall be void. Such recodification will not render valid any claim which was not valid on September 28, 1976, or which becomes invalid thereafter. Within thirty days following September 28, 1976, the Secretary shall publish notice of the requirement for such recodification in the Federal Register. He shall also publish similar notices in newspapers of general circulation in the areas adjacent to those units of the National Park System listed in section 3 of this Act.


REFERENCES IN TEXT

Section 3 of this Act, referred to in text, is section 3 of Pub. L. 94–429, which amended sections 123 and 450y–2 of this title; repealed sections 350, 350a, 447, and 450z of this title; and repealed act June 22, 1936 (49 Stat. 1817) of Pub. L. 94–429, which amended sections 123 and 450y–2 of this title, and repealed sections 350, 350a, 447, and 450z of this title.

§ 1908. Damage to natural and historical landmarks; procedures for determination and enforcement of abatement of damaging activities

(a) Whenever the Secretary of the Interior finds on his own motion or upon being notified in writing by an appropriate scientific, historical, or archeological authority, that a district, site, building, structure, or object which has been found to be nationally significant in illustrating natural history or the history of the United States and which has been designated as a natural or historical landmark may be irreparably lost or destroyed in whole or in part by any surface mining activity, including exploration for or removal or production of minerals or materials, he shall notify the person conducting such activity and submit a report thereon, including the basis for his finding that such activity may cause irreparable loss or destruction of a national landmark, to the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation, with a request for advice of the Council as to alternative measures that may be taken by the United States to mitigate or abate such activity.

(b) Omitted


CODIFICATION

Subsec. (b) provided that within 2 years the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation report to Congress on effect on surface mining activities on natural and historical landmarks, including recommendations for protective legislation.

§ 1909. Severability

If any provision of this chapter is declared to be invalid, such declaration shall not affect the validity of any other provision herein.


REFERENCES IN TEXT

This chapter, referred to in text, was in the original “this Act”, meaning Pub. L. 94–429, which, in addition to enacting this chapter, amended sections 123 and 450y–2 of this title, and repealed sections 350, 350a, 447, and 450z of this title.

§ 1910. Civil actions for just compensation by mining claim holders

The holder of any patented or unpatented mining claim subject to this chapter who believes he has suffered a loss by operation of this chapter, or by orders or regulations issued pursuant thereto, may bring an action in a United States district court to recover just compensation, which shall be awarded if the court finds that such loss constitutes a taking of property compensable under the Constitution.


REFERENCES IN TEXT

This chapter, referred to in text, was in the original “this Act”, meaning Pub. L. 94–429, which, in addition to enacting this chapter, amended sections 123 and 450y–2 of this title, and repealed sections 350, 350a, 447, and 450z of this title.

AMENDMENTS

1984—Pub. L. 98–620 struck out provision which required the court to expedite its consideration of any claim brought pursuant to this section.

Effective Date of 1984 Amendment

Amendment by Pub. L. 98–620 not applicable to cases pending on Nov. 8, 1984, see section 403 of Pub. L. 98–620, set out as an Effective Date note under section 1657 of Title 28, Judiciary and Judicial Procedure.

CROSS REFERENCES

Mineral lands and regulations—Procurement procedure for patents for any land claimed and located for valuable deposits, see section 29 of Title 30, Mineral Lands and Mining.

Procurement procedure for patents for any nonmineral lands, see section 42 of Title 30.

§ 1911. Acquisition of land by Secretary

Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to limit the authority of the Secretary to acquire lands and interests in lands within the bound-
REFERENCES IN TEXT

This chapter, referred to in text, was in the original "this Act", meaning Pub. L. 94–429, which, in addition to enacting this chapter, amended sections 123 and 450y–2 of this title, and repealed sections 350, 350a, 447, and 450z of this title.

Section 1905 of this title, referred to in text, was enacted this chapter, amended sections 123 and 450y–2 of this title, and repealed sections 350, 350a, 447, and 450z of this title.

For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Tables.

CROSS REFERENCES

Mineral lands and regulations—
Lands open to purchase by citizens, see section 22 of Title 30, Mineral Lands and Mining.
Mineral lands reserved, see section 21 of Title 30.

§ 1912. Financial disclosure by officer or employee of Secretary

(a) Filing and availability of written statements; contents

Each officer or employee of the Secretary of the Interior who—

(1) performs any function or duty under this Act, or any Acts amended by this Act concerning the regulation of mining within the National Park System; and

(2) has any known financial interest (A) in any person subject to such Acts, or (B) in any person who holds a mining claim within the boundaries of units of the National Park System;

shall, beginning on February 1, 1977, annually file with the Secretary a written statement concerning all such interests held by such officer or employee during the preceding calendar year. Such statement shall be available to the public.

(b) Enforcement procedures

The Secretary shall—

(1) act within ninety days after September 28, 1976—

(A) to define the term "known financial interest" for purposes of subsection (a) of this section; and

(B) to establish the methods by which the requirement to file written statements specified in subsection (a) of this section will be monitored and enforced, including appropriate provisions for the filing by such officers and employees of such statements and the review by the Secretary of such statements; and

(2) report to the Congress on June 1 of each calendar year with respect to such disclosures and the actions taken in regard thereto during the preceding calendar year.

(c) Exemptions

In the rules prescribed in subsection (b) of this section, the Secretary may identify specific positions within such agency which are of a non-regulatory or nonpolicy-making nature and provide that officers or employees occupying such positions shall be exempt from the requirements of this section.

(d) Violation; penalty

Any officer or employee who is subject to, and knowingly violates, this section or any regulation issued thereunder, shall be fined not more than $2,500 or imprisoned not more than one year, or both.

REFERENCES IN TEXT

This Act, referred to in subsec. (a)(1), is Pub. L. 94–429, which enacted this chapter, amended sections 123 and 450y–2 of this title, and repealed sections 350, 350a, 447, and 450z of this title. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Tables.

CHAPTER 40—SOIL AND WATER RESOURCES

CONSERVATION

Sec. 2001. Congressional findings.


(a) Responsiveness to long-term needs.

(b) Full utilization of cooperative arrangements with State agencies.

(c) Attainment of policies and purposes.


(a) Data.

(b) Collection of data.

(c) Public participation.

(d) Completion dates.

2005. Soil and water conservation program.

(a) Program development.

(b) Completion dates.


(a) Findings.

(b) Purpose.

(c) Definitions.

(d) Private grazing land conservation assistance.

(e) Grazing technical assistance self-help.

(f) Authorization of appropriations.

2006. Reports to Congress.

(a) Appraisal, program, and detailed statement of policy when Congress convenes.

(b) Annual report accompanying budget covering program effectiveness.


2008. Utilization of available information and data.

2009. Termination of program.

CHAPTER REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This chapter is referred to in section 582a of this title.

§ 2001. Congressional findings

The Congress finds that:

(1) There is a growing demand on the soil, water, and related resources of the Nation to meet present and future needs.

(2) The Congress, in its concern for sustained use of the resource base, of the United States, has ensured that the Department of Agriculture possesses information, technical expertise, and a delivery system for providing assistance to landowners of any unit of the National Park System. The Secretary is to give prompt and careful consideration to any offer made by the owner of any valid right or other property within the areas named in section 1905 of this title to sell such right or other property, if such owner notifies the Secretary that the continued ownership of such right or property is causing, or would result in, undue hardship.


So in original. The comma probably should not appear.