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UNITED STATES STATUTES AT LARGE

CONTAINING THE

LAWS AND CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS
ENACTED DURING THE FIRST SESSION OF THE
NINETY-EIGHTH CONGRESS
OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

1983

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CONTENTS

	Page
List of Bills Enacted Into Public Law	v
List of Public Laws	vii
List of Bills Enacted Into Private Law	xxiii
List of Private Laws	xxv
List of Concurrent Resolutions	xxvii
List of Proclamations	xxix
Public Laws	3
Private Laws	1483
Concurrent Resolutions	1489
Proclamations	1537
Subject Index	A1
Individual Index	B1

LIST OF BILLS ENACTED INTO PUBLIC LAW

THE NINETY-EIGHTH CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES

FIRST SESSION, 1983

Bill No.	Public Law No.
H.R. 24	98-175
H.R. 594	98-176
H.R. 1035	98-211
H.R. 1062	98-137
H.R. 1213	98-141
H.R. 1271	98-53
H.R. 1296	98-4
H.R. 1556	98-133
H.R. 1572	98-6
H.R. 1646	98-76
H.R. 1718	98-8
H.R. 1746	98-48
H.R. 1900	98-21
H.R. 1935	98-66
H.R. 1936	98-14
H.R. 2065	98-52
H.R. 2077	98-168
H.R. 2112	98-12
H.R. 2196	98-189
H.R. 2230	98-183
H.R. 2293	98-191
H.R. 2355	98-77
H.R. 2369	98-13
H.R. 2395	98-200
H.R. 2479	98-184
H.R. 2590	98-171
H.R. 2592	98-169
H.H. 2600	98-28
H.R. 2637	98-65
H.R. 2681	98-38
H.R. 2713	98-49
H.R. 2755	98-214
H.R. 2780	98-185
H.R. 2785	98-201
H.R. 2840	98-129
H.R. 2895	98-85
H.R. 2906	98-202
H.R. 2910	98-163
H.R. 2915	98-164
H.R. 2920	98-160
H.R. 2968	98-215
H.R. 2972	98-115
H.R. 2973	98-67
H.R. 2990	98-34
H.R. 3044	98-138
H.R. 3069	98-63
H.R. 3132	98-50
H.R. 3133	98-45
H.R. 3135	98-51
H.R. 3190	98-88
H.R. 3222	98-166
H.R. 3232	98-86
H.R. 3263	98-116
H.R. 3321	98-136
H.R. 3329	98-78
H.R. 3348	98-159
H.R. 3363	98-146
H.R. 3379	98-128
H.R. 3385	98-180
H.R. 3392	98-59
H.R. 3394	98-79
H.R. 3409	98-90
H.R. 3415	98-125
H.R. 3549	98-91
H.R. 3677	98-90
H.R. 3706	98-144
H.R. 3765	98-203
H.R. 3813	98-120
H.R. 3835	98-131
H.R. 3871	98-117
H.R. 3885	98-165
H.R. 3913	98-139
H.R. 3914	98-100
H.R. 3929	98-135
H.R. 3959	98-181
H.R. 3962	98-108
H.R. 4013	98-177
H.R. 4101	98-118
H.R. 4185	98-212
H.R. 4252	98-204
H.R. 4294	98-190
H.R. 4476	98-207
H.J. Res. 60	98-2
H.J. Res. 80	98-20
H.J. Res. 93	98-172
H.J. Res. 132	98-96
H.J. Res. 137	98-114
H.J. Res. 139	98-71
H.J. Res. 168	98-178
H.J. Res. 175	98-16
H.J. Res. 201	98-39
H.J. Res. 218	98-97
H.J. Res. 219	98-31
H.J. Res. 229	98-99
H.J. Res. 234	98-41
H.J. Res. 245	98-26
H.J. Res. 258	98-62
H.J. Res. 265	98-35
H.J. Res. 283	98-152
H.J. Res. 284	98-106
H.J. Res. 297	98-87
H.J. Res. 308	98-161
H.J. Res. 311	98-206
H.J. Res. 321	98-75
H.J. Res. 324	98-188
H.J. Res. 353	98-98
H.J. Res. 366	98-109
H.J. Res. 368	98-107
H.J. Res. 381	98-208
H.J. Res. 383	98-156
H.J. Res. 405	98-197
H.J. Res. 408	98-155
H.J. Res. 413	98-151
H.J. Res. 421	98-179
S. 46	98-89
S. 61	98-1
S. 89	98-22
S. 96	98-140
S. 118	98-101
S. 126	98-24
S. 143	98-70

Bill No.	Public Law No.
S. 216	98–127
S. 271	98–11
S. 272	98–72
S. 273	98–47
S. 287	98–32
S. 304	98–25
S. 376	98–167
S. 419	98–64
S. 448	98–157
S. 450	98–186
S. 459	98–61
S. 461	98–150
S. 505	98–205
S. 552	98–148
S. 577	98–196
S. 589	98–213
S. 602	98–111
S. 639	98–43
S. 653	98–36
S. 675	98–94
S. 680	98–46
S. 726	98–192
S. 727	98–74
S. 807	98–170
S. 884	98–123
S. 925	98–44
S. 926	98–17
S. 929	98–57
S. 930	98–73
S. 957	98–33
S. 967	98–37
S. 974	98–209
S. 1011	98–29
S. 1046	98–193
S. 1099	98–210
S. 1148	98–124
S. 1168	98–173
S. 1341	98–199
S. 1465	98–121
S. 1499	98–134
S. 1503	98–195
S. 1625	98–104
S. 1696	98–80
S. 1724	98–122
S. 1797	98–81
S. 1837	98–174
S. 1850	98–105
S. 1872	98–95
S. 1894	98–132
S. 1944	98–149
S. 2129	98–194
S.J. Res. 15	98–5
S.J. Res. 18	98–55
S.J. Res. 21	98–7
S.J. Res. 32	98–18
S.J. Res. 34	98–56
S.J. Res. 35	98–9
S.J. Res. 37	98–3
S.J. Res. 42	98–42
S.J. Res. 44	98–182
S.J. Res. 45	98–147
S.J. Res. 51	98–30
S.J. Res. 52	98–19
S.J. Res. 53	98–23
S.J. Res. 56	98–68
S.J. Res. 57	98–142
S.J. Res. 62	98–27
S.J. Res. 64	98–15
S.J. Res. 65	98–10
S.J. Res. 67	98–69
S.J. Res. 68	98–54
S.J. Res. 75	98–40
S.J. Res. 77	98–60
S.J. Res. 81	98–110
S.J. Res. 82	98–102
S.J. Res. 85	98–82
S.J. Res. 92	98–158
S.J. Res. 96	98–58
S.J. Res. 98	98–83
S.J. Res. 102	98–126
S.J. Res. 111	98–198
S.J. Res. 116	98–84
S.J. Res. 119	98–103
S.J. Res. 121	98–145
S.J. Res. 122	98–153
S.J. Res. 128	98–130
S.J. Res. 131	98–93
S.J. Res. 139	98–162
S.J. Res. 140	98–113
S.J. Res. 141	98–187
S.J. Res. 142	98–112
S.J. Res. 159	98–119
S.J. Res. 188	98–154
S.J. Res. 189	98–143

LIST OF PUBLIC LAWS

CONTAINED IN THIS VOLUME

Public Law		Date	Page
98-1	*Nancy Hanks Center; Old Post Office Building, designation.* AN ACT To designate a "Nancy Hanks Center" and the "Old Post Office Building" in Washington, District of Columbia, and for other purposes	Feb. 15, 1983	3
98-2	*Lithuanian Independence Day.* JOINT RESOLUTION To direct the President to issue a proclamation designating February 16, 1983, as "Lithuanian Independence Day"	Feb. 16, 1983	5
98-3	*Women's History Week.* JOINT RESOLUTION Providing that the week containing March 8, 1983, shall be designated as "Women's History Week"	Mar. 8, 1983	6
98-4	*Payment-in-Kind Tax Treatment Act of 1983.* AN ACT Relating to the treatment for income and estate tax purposes of commodities received under 1983 payment-in-kind programs, and for other purposes	Mar. 11, 1983	7
98-5	*National Eye Donor Month.* JOINT RESOLUTION Designating the month of March 1983 as "National Eye Donor Month"	Mar. 11, 1983	10
98-6	*Federal Public Transportation Act of 1982, amendment.* AN ACT To repeal section 311 of the Federal Public Transportation Act of 1982	Mar. 16, 1983	11
98-7	*National Child Abuse Prevention Month.* JOINT RESOLUTION To designate April 1983 as "National Child Abuse Prevention Month	Mar. 16, 1983	12
98-8	*Emergency jobs appropriations.* AN ACT Making appropriations to provide productive employment for hundreds of thousands of jobless Americans, to hasten or initiate Federal projects and construction of lasting value to the Nation and its citizens, and to provide humanitarian assistance to the indigent for fiscal year 1983, and for other purposes	Mar. 24, 1983	13
98-9	*National Mental Health Counselors Week.* JOINT RESOLUTION Designating the week beginning March 20, 1983, as "National Mental Health Counselors Week"	Mar. 24, 1983	39
98-10	*Afghanistan Day.* JOINT RESOLUTION Designating March 21, 1983, as "Afghanistan Day"	Mar. 24, 1983	41
98-11	*National Trails System Act, amendment.* AN ACT To amend the National Trails System Act by designating additional national scenic and historic trails, and for other purposes	Mar. 28, 1983	42
98-12	*Defense Production Act of 1950, extension.* AN ACT To extend by six months the expiration date of the Defense Production Act of 1950	Mar. 29, 1983	53
98-13	*Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982, amendment.* AN ACT To prevent the temporary termination of the Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982	Mar. 29, 1983	54

Public Law		Date	Page
98–14	*Enlistment and reenlistment bonuses, extension.* AN ACT To amend title 37, United States Code, to extend certain expiring enlistment and reenlistment bonuses for the Armed Forces	Mar. 30, 1983	55
98–15	*Swedish-American Friendship Day.* JOINT RESOLUTION To commemorate the two hundredth anniversary of the signing of the Treaty of Amity and Commerce between Sweden and the United States	Apr. 4, 1983	56
98–16	*National Amateur Baseball Month.* JOINT RESOLUTION To authorize and request the President to proclaim May 1983 as "National Amateur Baseball Month"	Apr. 4, 1983	57
98–17	*Commercial motor vehicle width limitation standards.* AN ACT To establish uniform national standards for the continued regulation, by the several States, of commercial motor vehicle width on interstate highways	Apr. 5, 1983	59
98–18	*National Arthritis Month.* JOINT RESOLUTION To provide for the designation of May 1983 as "National Arthritis Month"	Apr. 5, 1983	61
98–19	*National Mental Health Week.* JOINT RESOLUTION To authorize and request the President to designate the week of April 10, 1983, through April 16, 1983, as National Mental Health Week	Apr. 15, 1983	63
98–20	*Jewish Heritage Week.* JOINT RESOLUTION To authorize and request the President to issue a proclamation designating April 17 through April 24, 1983, as "Jewish Heritage Week"	Apr. 19, 1983	64
98–21	*Social Security Amendments of 1983.* AN ACT To assure the solvency of the Social Security Trust Funds, to reform the medicare reimbursement of hospitals, to extend the Federal supplemental compensation program, and for other purposes	Apr. 20, 1983	65
98–22	*Saccharin Study and Labeling Act Amendment of 1983.* AN ACT To amend the Saccharin Study and Labeling Act	Apr. 22, 1983	173
98–23	*National Physical Fitness and Sports Month.* JOINT RESOLUTION To authorize and request the President to designate the month of May 1983 as "National Physical Fitness and Sports Month	Apr. 26, 1983	174
98–24	*Alcohol and Drug Abuse Amendments of 1983.* AN ACT To remedy alcohol and drug abuse	Apr. 26, 1983	175
98–25	*Burns Paiute Tribe of Indians, land held in trust.* AN ACT To hold a parcel of land in trust for the Burns Paiute Tribe	May 2, 1983	185
98–26	*Emergency jobs appropriations, amendment.* JOINT RESOLUTION To correct Public Law 98–8 due to errors in the enrollment of H.R. 1718	May 4, 1983	186
98–27	*National Parkinson's Disease Week.* JOINT RESOLUTION To provide for the designation of the week beginning on May 15, 1983, as "National Parkinson's Disease Week"	May 4, 1983	187
98–28	*Golden Gate National Recreation Area, dedication.* AN ACT To dedicate the Golden Gate National Recreation Area to Congressman Phillip Burton	May 10, 1983	188
98–29	*Income capital certificates, issuance.* AN ACT To amend the Federal Deposit Insurance Act to provide for the issuance of income capital certificates	May 16, 1983	189
98–30	*National Andrei Sakharov Day.* JOINT RESOLUTION Designating May 21, 1983, as "Andrei Sakharov Day"...	May 18, 1983	190

Public Law		Date	Page
98–31	*World Cup, hosting of soccer event in U.S.* JOINT RESOLUTION Declaring the support of the United States Government for efforts of the United States Soccer Federation to bring the World Cup to the United States in 1986, designating the Secretary of Commerce as the official representative of the United States Government to the Federation Internationale de Football Association, and for other purposes	May 20, 1983	192
98–32	*Harry S Truman National Historic Site, establishment.* AN ACT To establish the Harry S Truman National Historic Site in the State of Missouri, and for other purposes	May 23, 1983	193
98–33	*Congressional Award Board, membership.* AN ACT To provide for an increase in the number of members of the Congressional Award Board, and for other purposes	May 25, 1983	194
98–34	*Public debt limit, increase.* AN ACT To increase the permanent public debt limit, and for other purposes	May 26, 1983	196
98–35	*Housing and community development, extension of insurance programs.* JOINT RESOLUTION To provide for the temporary extension of certain insurance programs relating to housing and community development, and for other purposes	May 26, 1983	197
98–36	*Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine Act of 1983.* AN ACT To amend title 10, United States Code, to establish a Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine, and for other purposes	May 27, 1983	200
98–37	*Independent Safety Board Act of 1974, appropriations authorization.* AN ACT To amend the Independent Safety Board Act of 1974 to authorize appropriations for fiscal years 1984, 1985, and 1986	June 6, 1983	204
98–38	*Securities Exchange Act of 1934, amendment.* AN ACT To make certain amendments to sections 4, 13, 14, 15, and 15B of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934	June 6, 1983	205
98–39	*Baltic Freedom Day.* JOINT RESOLUTION Designating June 14, 1983, as "Baltic Freedom Day"	June 13, 1983	208
98–40	*National Scleroderma Week.* JOINT RESOLUTION To provide for the designation of June 12 through 18, 1983, as "National Scleroderma Week"	June 14, 1983	210
98–41	*National Children's Liver Disease Awareness Week.* JOINT RESOLUTION Designating the week beginning June 19, 1983, as "National Children's Liver Disease Awareness Week"	June 20, 1983	211
98–42	*Alaska Statehood Day.* JOINT RESOLUTION Designating Alaska Statehood Day, January 3, 1984	June 22, 1983	212
98–43	*Lebanon Emergency Assistance Act of 1983.* AN ACT To authorize supplemental assistance to aid Lebanon in rebuilding its economy and armed forces, and for other purposes	June 27, 1983	214
98–44	*Atlantic Salmon Convention Act of 1982, amendment.* AN ACT To make certain technical corrections in the Atlantic Salmon Convention Act of 1982	July 12, 1983	216
98–45	*Department of Housing and Urban Development–Independent Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984.* AN ACT Making appropriations for the Department of Housing and Urban Development, and for sundry independent agencies, boards, commissions, corporations, and offices for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for other purposes	July 12, 1983	219
98–46	*Gladys Noon Spellman Dedication.* AN ACT Entitled the "Gladys Noon Spellman Dedication"	July 12, 1983	241
98–47	*Small Business Act, amendment.* AN ACT To amend section 8(a) of the Small Business Act	July 13, 1983	243

Public Law		Date	Page
98-48	*Navajo and Hopi Indian Relocation Commission, appropriation authorization.* AN ACT To authorize appropriations for the Navajo and Hopi Indian Relocation Commission	July 13, 1983	244
98-49	*Public Health Service Act, amendment.* AN ACT To amend the Public Health Service Act to authorize appropriations to be made available to the Secretary of Health and Human Services for research for the cause, treatment, and prevention of public health emergencies	July 13, 1983	245
98-50	*Energy and Water Development Appropriation Act, 1984.* AN ACT Making appropriations for energy and water development for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for other purposes	July 14, 1983	247
98-51	*Legislative Branch appropriations, fiscal year 1984.* AN ACT Making appropriations for the Legislative Branch for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for other purposes	July 14, 1983	263
98-52	*National Aeronautics and Space Administration Authorization Act, 1984.* AN ACT To authorize appropriations to the National Aeronautics and Space Administration for research and development, construction of facilities, and research and program management, and for other purposes	July 15, 1983	281
98-53	*El Salvador, Presidential certifications on conditions.* AN ACT With regard to Presidential certifications on conditions in El Salvador	July 15, 1983	287
98-54	*National Atomic Veterans' Day.* JOINT RESOLUTION To authorize and request the President to designate July 16, 1983, as "National Atomic Veterans' Day"	July 15, 1983	288
98-55	*American Business Women's Day.* JOINT RESOLUTION Designating September 22, 1983, as "American Business Women's Day"	July 19, 1983	290
98-56	*National Reye's Syndrome Week.* JOINT RESOLUTION Designating "National Reye's Syndrome Week"	July 19, 1983	291
98-57	*Canal Zone Biological Area.* AN ACT To amend the Act of July 2, 1940, as amended, pertaining to appropriations for the Canal Zone Biological Area	July 22, 1983	293
98-58	*Helsinki Human Rights Day.* JOINT RESOLUTION To designate August 1, 1983, as "Helsinki Human Rights Day"	July 25, 1983	294
98-59	*Tobacco price support levels.* AN ACT To amend the Agricultural Act of 1949	July 25, 1983	296
98-60	*National Animal Agriculture Week.* JOINT RESOLUTION Designating "National Animal Agriculture Week"	July 27, 1983	297
98-61	*City of American Falls, Idaho, land conveyance.* AN ACT To authorize and direct the Secretary of the Interior to convey, by quitclaim deed, all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to certain lands that were withdrawn or acquired for the purpose of relocating a portion of the city of American Falls out of the area flooded by the American Falls Reservoir	July 28, 1983	298
98-62	*National Paralyzed Veterans Recognition Day.* JOINT RESOLUTION Designating August 3, 1983, as "National Paralyzed Veterans Recognition Day"	July 29, 1983	300
98-63	*Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1983.* AN ACT Making supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1983, and for other purposes	July 30, 1983	301
98-64	*Indians, per capita payments.* AN ACT To provide that per capita payments to Indians may be made by tribal governments, and for other purposes	Aug. 2, 1983	365

Public Law		Date	Page
98–65	*District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act, amendment.* AN ACT To amend the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act to increase the amount authorized to be appropriated as the annual Federal payment to the District of Columbia	Aug. 2, 1983	367
98–66	*Matagorda Island, Tex., management exchange agreement.* AN ACT To ratify an exchange agreement concerning National Wildlife Refuge System lands located on Matagorda Island in Texas	Aug. 4, 1983	368
98–67	*Interest and dividend withholding tax, repeal; Caribbean Basin economic revitalization.* AN ACT To promote economic revitalization and facilitate expansion of economic opportunities in the Caribbean Basin region, to provide for backup withholding of tax from interest and dividends, and for other purposes	Aug. 5, 1983	369
98–68	*National Child Support Enforcement Month.* JOINT RESOLUTION To designate the month of August 1983 as "National Child Support Enforcement Month"	Aug. 5, 1983	399
98–69	*National Respiratory Therapy Week.* JOINT RESOLUTION To designate the week of September 25, 1983, through October 1, 1983, as "National Respiratory Therapy Week"	Aug. 8, 1983	400
98–70	*Indians, leasing of certain lands held in trust.* AN ACT To authorize the Twenty-nine Palms Band of Luiseno Mission Indians and the Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes of the Flathead Reservation to lease for ninety-nine years certain lands held in trust	Aug. 8, 1983	401
98–71	*Federal Credit Union Week.* JOINT RESOLUTION To designate the week beginning June 24, 1984, as "Federal Credit Union Week"	Aug. 11, 1983	402
98–72	*Small Business Act, amendment.* AN ACT To improve small business access to Federal procurement information	Aug. 11, 1983	403
98–73	*Smithsonian Institution, land purchase in Ariz.* AN ACT To authorize the Smithsonian Institution to purchase land in Santa Cruz County, Arizona	Aug. 11, 1983	406
98–74	*Judgment funds for Three Affiliated Tribes of Fort Berthold Reservation, N. Dak.* AN ACT To authorize the Secretary of the Interior to set aside certain judgment funds of the Three Affiliated Tribes of Fort Berthold Reservation in North Dakota, and for other purposes	Aug. 11, 1983	407
98–75	*Treaty of Paris, two hundredth anniversary of signing.* JOINT RESOLUTION To proclaim a day of national celebration of the two hundredth anniversary of the signing of the Treaty of Paris	Aug. 11, 1983	409
98–76	*Railroad Retirement Solvency Act of 1983.* AN ACT To amend the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 and the Railroad Retirement Tax Act to assure sufficient resources to pay current and future benefits under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974, to make technical changes, and for other purposes	Aug. 12, 1983	411
98–77	*Emergency Veterans' Job Training Act of 1983.* AN ACT To establish an emergency program of job training assistance for unemployed Korean conflict and Vietnam-era veterans, and for other purposes	Aug. 15, 1983	443
98–78	*Department of Transportation and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1984.* AN ACT Making appropriations for the Department of Transportation and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for other purposes	Aug. 15, 1983	453

Public Law		Date	Page
98–79	*Student Loan Consolidation and Technical Amendments Act of 1983.* AN ACT To provide additional authority for the consolidation of student loans and to make certain other changes in Federal student financial assistance	Aug. 15, 1983	476
98–80	*Environmental Protection Agency, appointment authorizations.* AN ACT Authorizing three additional Assistant Administrators of the Environmental Protection Agency	Aug. 23, 1983	485
98–81	*Jack D. Watson Post Office Building, Tex., designation.* AN ACT To name the United States Post Office Building to be constructed in Fort Worth, Texas, as the "Jack D. Watson Post Office Building"	Aug. 23, 1983	487
98–82	*National Historically Black Colleges Day.* JOINT RESOLUTION To designate September 26, 1983, as "National Historically Black Colleges Day"	Aug. 23, 1983	488
98–83	*National Housing Week.* JOINT RESOLUTION To designate October 2 through October 9, 1983, as "National Housing Week"	Aug. 23, 1983	489
98–84	*Youth of America Week.* JOINT RESOLUTION To designate the week of September 4, 1983, through September 10, 1983, as "Youth of America Week"	Aug. 23, 1983	490
98–85	*Phillip Burton Federal Building and U.S. Courthouse, designation.* AN ACT To designate the Federal Building and United States Courthouse at 450 Golden Gate Avenue, San Francisco, California, as the Phillip Burton Federal Building and United States Courthouse	Aug. 26, 1983	491
98–86	*Travel and transportation expenses for Justice Department personnel.* AN ACT To amend title 28 of the United States Code to authorize payment of travel and transportation expenses of newly appointed special agents of the Department of Justice	Aug. 26, 1983	492
98–87	*Smithsonian Institution.* JOINT RESOLUTION Providing for appointment of Jeannine Smith Clark as a citizen regent of the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution	Aug. 26, 1983	493
98–88	*Extra Long Staple Cotton Act of 1983.* AN ACT To establish an improved program for extra long staple cotton	Aug. 26, 1983	494
98–89	*Shipping, enactment as subtitle II of title 46, United States Code.* AN ACT To revise, consolidate, and enact certain laws related to vessels and seamen as subtitle II of title 46, United States Code, "Shipping"	Aug. 26, 1983	500
98–90	*Social Security Act, amendment.* AN ACT To amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to increase the cap amount allowable for reimbursement of hospices under the medicare program	Aug. 29, 1983	606
98–91	*Bankruptcy Rules, amendment.* AN ACT To amend the Bankruptcy Rules with respect to providing notice	Aug. 30, 1983	607
98–92	*Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982, amendment.* AN ACT To amend the Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982 with respect to the number of weeks of benefits paid in any State	Sept. 2, 1983	608
98–93	*National Cystic Fibrosis Week.* JOINT RESOLUTION Designating "National Cystic Fibrosis Week"	Sept. 20, 1983	613
98–94	*Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984.* AN ACT to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 1984 for the Armed Forces for procurement, for research, development, test, and evaluation, and for operation and maintenance, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces and for civilian employees of the Department of Defense, to authorize appropriations for such fiscal year for civil defense, and for other purposes	Sept. 24, 1983	614

Public Law		Date	Page
98-95	*Challenge Grant Amendments of 1983.* AN ACT To increase endowment funds for eligible individuals under part C of title III of the Higher Education Act of 1965...	Sept. 26, 1983	708
98-96	*National Adult Day Care Center Week.* JOINT RESOLUTION Designating the week beginning September 25, 1983, as "National Adult Day Care Center Week"	Sept. 27, 1983	713
98-97	*National Sewing Month.* JOINT RESOLUTION To designate the month of September of 1983 as "National Sewing Month"	Sept. 27, 1983	714
98-98	*Soviet destruction of Korean airliner, condemnation.* JOINT RESOLUTION Condemning the Soviet criminal destruction of the Korean civilian airliner	Sept. 28, 1983	715
98-99	*National Organ Donation Awareness Week.* JOINT RESOLUTION To authorize and request the President to issue a proclamation designating April 22 through April 28, 1984, as "National Organ Donation Awareness Week"	Sept. 28, 1983	717
98-100	*Feed grain programs for 1984 and 1985.* AN ACT To require the Secretary of Agriculture to make an earlier announcement of the 1984 crop feed grain program and of the 1985 crop wheat and feed grain programs	Sept. 29, 1983	718
98-101	*Commission on the Bicentennial of the Constitution, establishment.* AN ACT To provide for the establishment of a Commission on the Bicentennial of the Constitution	Sept. 29, 1983	719
98-102	*National Alzheimer's Disease Month.* JOINT RESOLUTION Designating November 1983 as "National Alzheimer's Disease Month"	Sept. 30, 1983	724
98-103	*National Drunk and Drugged Driving Awareness Week.* JOINT RESOLUTION To designate the week of December 11, 1983, through December 17, 1983, as "National Drunk and Drugged Driving Awareness Week"...	Sept. 30, 1983	725
98-104	*District of Columbia police officers and fire fighters, disability retirement rates.* AN ACT To amend the District of Columbia Retirement Reform Act	Sept. 30, 1983	727
98-105	*Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands, contract and medical service.* AN ACT To amend title 38, United States Code, to extend for one year the authority of the Veterans' Administration to provide certain contract medical services in Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands	Sept. 30, 1983	730
98-106	*National Aeronautics and Space Administration, twenty-fifth anniversary.* JOINT RESOLUTION Commemorating the Twenty-fifth Anniversary of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Oct. 1, 1983	731
98-107	*Continuing appropriations for fiscal year 1984.* JOINT RESOLUTION Making continuing appropriations for the fiscal year 1984, and for other purposes	Oct. 1, 1983	733
98-108	*Export Administration Act of 1979, authority extension.* AN ACT To extend the authorities under the Export Administration Act of 1979 until October 14, 1983	Oct. 1, 1983	744
98-109	*Housing and community development, extension of insurance programs.* JOINT RESOLUTION To provide for the temporary extension of certain insurance programs relating to housing and community development, and for other purposes	Oct. 1, 1983	745
98-110	*World Food Day.* JOINT RESOLUTION To authorize and request the President to designate October 16, 1983, as "World Food Day"	Oct. 3, 1983	747
98-111	*Radio Broadcasting to Cuba Act.* AN ACT To provide for the broadcasting of accurate information to the people of Cuba, and for other purposes	Oct. 4, 1983	749

Public Law		Date	Page
98-112	*National Productivity Improvement Week.* JOINT RESOLUTION Designating the week of October 3 through October 9, 1983, as "National Productivity Improvement Week"	Oct. 4, 1983	754
98-113	*Myasthenia Gravis Awareness Week.* JOINT RESOLUTION To provide for the designation of the week of October 2 through October 8, 1983, as "Myasthenia Gravis Awareness Week"	Oct. 5, 1983	755
98-114	*National Schoolbus Safety Week of 1983.* JOINT RESOLUTION Authorizing and requesting the President to issue a proclamation designating the period from October 2, 1983, through October 8, 1983, as "National Schoolbus Safety Week of 1983"	Oct. 7, 1983	756
98-115	*Military Construction Authorization Act, 1984.* AN ACT To authorize certain construction at military installations for fiscal year 1984, and for other purposes	Oct. 11, 1983	757
98-116	*Military Construction Appropriations Act, 1984.* AN ACT Making appropriations for military construction for the Department of Defense for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for other purposes	Oct. 11, 1983	795
98-117	*Federal employees, determination of hourly pay rates.* AN ACT To amend the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1982 to provide that the figure used in determining hourly rates of pay for Federal employees not be changed before the comparability adjustment in the rates of pay for such employees has been made for fiscal year 1984	Oct. 11, 1983	802
98-118	*Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982, amendment.* AN ACT To extend the Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982, and for other purposes	Oct. 11, 1983	803
98-119	*Multinational Force in Lebanon Resolution.* JOINT RESOLUTION Providing statutory authorization under the War Powers Resolution for continued United States participation in the multinational peacekeeping force in Lebanon in order to obtain withdrawal of all foreign forces from Lebanon	Oct. 12, 1983	805
98-120	*International Coffee Agreement Act of 1980, amendment.* AN ACT To amend the International Coffee Agreement Act of 1980	Oct. 12, 1983	809
98-121	*Charles A. Halleck Federal Building, designation.* AN ACT To designate the Federal Building at Fourth and Ferry Streets, Lafayette, Indiana, as the "Charles A. Halleck Federal Building"	Oct. 12, 1983	813
98-122	*Harold L. Runnels Federal Building, designation.* AN ACT To designate the Federal Building in Las Cruces, New Mexico, as the "Harold L. Runnels Federal Building"	Oct. 12, 1983	814
98-123	*Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians, distribution and use of funds.* AN ACT To provide for the use and distribution of funds awarded the Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians in docket numbered 15-72 of the United States Court of Claims	Oct. 13, 1983	815
98-124	*Assiniboine Tribes of Indians, Mont., distribution and use of funds.* AN ACT To provide for the use and distribution of funds awarded the Assiniboine Tribe of the Fort Belknap Indian Community, Montana, and the Assiniboine Tribe of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation, Montana, in docket numbered 10-81L by the United States Court of Claims, and for other purposes	Oct. 13, 1983	817

Public Law		Date	Page
98-125	*District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1984.* AN ACT Making appropriations for the government of the District of Columbia and other activities chargeable in whole or in part against the revenues of said District for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for other purposes	Oct. 13, 1983	819
98-126	*Lupus Awareness Week.* JOINT RESOLUTION To designate the week of October 16, 1983, through October 22, 1983, as "Lupus Awareness Week"	Oct. 13, 1983	830
98-127	*Federal Anti-Tampering Act.* AN ACT To amend title 18 of the United States Code to prohibit certain tampering with consumer products, and for other purposes	Oct. 13, 1983	831
98-128	*Edwin D. Eshleman Post Office Building, designation.* AN ACT To name a United States Post Office Building in the vicinity of Lancaster, Pennsylvania, the "Edwin D. Eshleman Post Office Building"	Oct. 14, 1983	834
98-129	*Fur Seal Act Amendments of 1983.* AN ACT To provide for the orderly termination of Federal management of the Pribilof Islands, Alaska	Oct. 14, 1983	835
98-130	*Metropolitan Opera Day.* JOINT RESOLUTION To designate the day of October 22, 1983 as "Metropolitan Opera Day"	Oct. 14, 1983	847
98-131	*William A. Steiger Post Office Building, designation.* AN ACT To designate the United States Post Office Building in Oshkosh, Wisconsin, as the "William A. Steiger Post Office Building"	Oct. 17, 1983	848
98-132	*Henry M. Jackson Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine, designation.* AN ACT To designate the Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine as the "Henry M. Jackson Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine", and for other purposes.	Oct. 17, 1983	849
98-133	*Liberty ship John W. Brown, vessel conveyance.* AN ACT To authorize the conveyance of the Liberty ship John W. Brown	Oct. 18, 1983	850
98-134	*Mashantucket Pequot Indian Claims Settlement Act.* AN ACT To settle certain claims of the Mashantucket Pequot Indians	Oct. 18, 1983	851
98-135	*Federal Supplemental Compensation Amendments of 1983.* AN ACT To extend the Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982, and for other purposes	Oct. 24, 1983	857
98-136	*Louisiana World Exposition, commemorative medals.* AN ACT To provide for the striking of medals to commemorate the Louisiana World Exposition	Oct. 24, 1983	863
98-137	*Lane County, Oreg., land conveyance.* AN ACT To authorize the Secretary of the Interior to convey, without consideration, certain lands in Lane County, Oregon	Oct. 25, 1983	864
98-138	*Connecticut River Basin Atlantic salmon compact, congressional consent.* AN ACT To grant the consent of the Congress to an interstate ageement or compact relating to the restoration of Atlantic Salmon in the Connecticut River Basin, and to allow the Secretary of Commerce and the Secretary of the Interior to participate as members in a Connecticut River Atlantic Salmon Commission	Oct. 28, 1983	866
98-139	*Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984.* AN ACT Making appropriations for the Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and related agencies, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for other purposes	Oct. 31, 1983	871

Public Law		Date	Page
98-140	*Lee Metcalf Wilderness and Management Act of 1983.* AN ACT To establish the Lee Metcalf Wilderness and Management Area in the State of Montana, and for other purposes	Oct. 31, 1983	901
98-141	*Public Lands and National Parks Act of 1983.* AN ACT To amend certain provisions of law relating to units of the national park system and other public lands, and for other purposes	Oct. 31, 1983	909
98-142	*National Drug Abuse Education Week.* JOINT RESOLUTION To designate the week of November 2, 1983 through November 9, 1983, as "National Drug Abuse Education Week"	Nov. 1, 1983	915
98-143	*Export-Import Bank Act of 1945, amendment.* JOINT RESOLUTION Extending the expiration date of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945	Nov. 1, 1983	916
98-144	*Birthday of Martin Luther King, Jr., legal public holiday.* AN ACT To amend title 5, United States Code, to make the birthday of Martin Luther King, Jr., a legal public holiday	Nov. 2, 1983	917
98-145	*National Diabetes Month.* JOINT RESOLUTION To designate November 1983 as National Diabetes Month	Nov. 3, 1983	918
98-146	*Interior Department and related agencies, appropriations for fiscal year 1984.* AN ACT Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for other purposes	Nov. 4, 1983	919
98-147	*National Family Week.* JOINT RESOLUTION Designating the week of November 20, 1983, through November 26, 1983, as "National Family Week"	Nov. 4, 1983	956
98-148	*George W. Whitehurst Federal Building and U.S. Courthouse, designation.* AN ACT To designate the Federal Building in Fort Myers, Florida, as the "George W. Whitehurst Federal Building and United States Courthouse"	Nov. 7, 1983	957
98-149	*U.S.S. Albacore, transfer to submarine memorial association.* AN ACT To allow the obsolete submarine United States ship Albacore to be transferred to the Portsmouth Submarine Memorial Association, Incorporated, before the expiration of the otherwise applicable sixty-day congressional review period.	Nov. 7, 1983	958
98-150	*Ethics in Government Act of 1978, amendment.* AN ACT To amend the Ethics in Government Act of 1978 to make certain changes in the authority of the Office of Government Ethics, and for other purposes	Nov. 11, 1983	959
98-151	*Further continuing appropriations for fiscal year 1984.* JOINT RESOLUTION Making further continuing appropriations for the fiscal year 1984	Nov. 14, 1983	964
98-152	*National Disabled Veterans Week.* JOINT RESOLUTION Designating the week beginning November 6, 1983, as "National Disabled Veterans Week"	Nov. 15, 1983	983
98-153	*National Home Care Week.* JOINT RESOLUTION To designate the week of November 27, 1983, through December 3, 1983, as "National Home Care Week"	Nov. 15, 1983	984
98-154	*National Christmas Seal Month.* JOINT RESOLUTION To designate the month of November 1983 as "National Christmas Seal Month"	Nov. 16, 1983	985
98-155	*Anti-Defamation League Day.* JOINT RESOLUTION Designating November 12, 1983, as "Anti-Defamation League Day" in honor of the league's seventieth anniversary	Nov. 16, 1983	987
98-156	*Florence Crittenton Mission Week.* JOINT RESOLUTION To designate the week beginning November 6, 1983, as "Florence Crittenton Mission Week"	Nov. 17, 1983	988

Public Law		Date	Page
98–157	*Belle Fourche irrigation project.* AN ACT To authorize rehabilitation of the Belle Fourche irrigation project, and for other purposes	Nov. 17, 1983	989
98–158	*Municipal Clerk's Week.* JOINT RESOLUTION Designating the week beginning May 13, 1984, as "Municipal Clerk's Week"	Nov. 17, 1983	991
98–159	*Leo J. Ryan, gold medal.* AN ACT To honor Congressman Leo J. Ryan and to award a special congressional gold medal to the family of the late Honorable Leo J. Ryan	Nov. 18, 1983	992
98–160	*Veterans' Health Care Amendments of 1983.* AN ACT To amend title 38, United States Code, to extend and improve various health-care and other programs of the Veterans' Administration; and for other purposes	Nov. 21, 1983	993
98–161	*Public debt, increasing statutory limit.* JOINT RESOLUTION Increasing the statutory limit on the public debt.	Nov. 21, 1983	1012
98–162	*Eleanor Roosevelt, birth centennial commemoration.* JOINT RESOLUTION To commemorate the centennial of Eleanor Roosevelt's birth	Nov. 21, 1983	1013
98–163	*Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Reservation, leases and contracts.* AN ACT To amend the Act of November 2, 1966, regarding leases and contracts affecting land within the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Reservation	Nov. 22, 1983	1016
98–164	*Department of State, U.S. Information Agency, Board for International Broadcasting, Inter-American Foundation, and Asia Foundation, appropriation authorizations.* AN ACT To authorize appropriations for fiscal years 1984 and 1985 for the Department of State, the United States Information Agency, the Board for International Broadcasting, the Inter-American Foundation, and the Asia Foundation, to establish the National Endowment for Democracy, and for other purposes	Nov. 22, 1983	1017
98–165	*Grand Ronde Restoration Act.* AN ACT To provide for the restoration of Federal recognition to the Confederated Tribes of the Grand Ronde Community of Oregon, and for other purposes	Nov. 22, 1983	1064
98–166	*Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1984.* AN ACT Making appropriations for the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for other purposes	Nov. 28, 1983	1071
98–167	*Debt Collection Act of 1982, amendment.* AN ACT To amend the Debt Collection Act of 1982 to eliminate the requirement that contracts for collection services to recover indebtedness owed the United States be effective only to the extent and in the amount provided in advance appropriation Acts	Nov. 29, 1983	1104
98–168	*Federal Physicians Comparability Allowance Act of 1978, amendment.* AN ACT To amend title 5, United States Code, to extend the Federal Physicians Comparability Allowance Act of 1978, and for other purposes	Nov. 29, 1983	1105
98–169	*Catalog of Federal domestic assistance programs.* AN ACT To transfer from the Director of the Office of Mangement and Budget to the Administrator of General Services the responsibility for publication of the catalog of Federal domestic assistance programs, and for other purposes	Nov. 29, 1983	1113
98–170	*Cumberland Island National Seashore.* AN ACT To amend the boundaries of the Cumberland Island National Seashore	Nov. 29, 1983	1116

Public Law		Date	Page
98-171	*Agricultural Adjustment Act and Potato Research and Promotion Act, amendments.* AN ACT To amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act to authorize marketing research and promotion projects, including paid advertizing, for filberts, and to amend the Potato Research and Promotion Act	Nov. 29, 1983	1117
98-172	*Danny Thomas, gold medal.* JOINT RESOLUTION To provide for the awarding of a special gold medal to Danny Thomas in recognition of his humanitarian efforts and outstanding work as an American	Nov. 29, 1983	1119
98-173	*Kaw Tribe of Okla., lands in trust.* AN ACT To declare that the United States holds certain lands in trust for the Kaw Tribe of Oklahoma	Nov. 29, 1983	1121
98-174	*Henry M. Jackson Federal Building, designation.* AN ACT To designate the Federal Building in Seattle, Washington, as the "Henry M. Jackson Federal Building"	Nov. 29, 1983	1122
98-175	*Green Mountain National Forest.* AN ACT To make certain land owned by the United States in the State of New York part of the Green Mountain National Forest	Nov. 29, 1983	1123
98-176	*National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, claims.* AN ACT To amend section 1 of the Act of June 5, 1920, as amended, to authorize the Secretary of Commerce to settle claims for damages of less than $2,500 arising by reason of acts for which the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration is responsible	Nov. 29, 1983	1124
98-177	*Small Business Development Center Program, extension.* AN ACT To extend the Small Business Development Center program administered by the Small Business Administration until January 1, 1985	Nov. 29, 1983	1125
98-178	*National Tourism Week.* JOINT RESOLUTION To designate the week beginning May 27, 1984, as "National Tourism Week"	Nov. 29, 1983	1126
98-179	*98th Congress, second session.* JOINT RESOLUTION Providing for the convening of the second session of the Ninety-eighth Congress, and for other purposes	Nov. 29, 1983	1127
98-180	*Dairy and Tobacco Adjustment Act of 1983.* AN ACT To stabilize the supply and demand for dairy products, to make modifications in the tobacco production adjustment program, to provide emergency livestock feed assistance, and for other purposes	Nov. 29, 1983	1128
98-181	*Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1984.* AN ACT Making supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for other purposes	Nov. 30, 1983	1153
98-182	*National Surveyors Week.* JOINT RESOLUTION To authorize the President to issue a proclamation designating the week beginning on March 11, 1984, as "National Surveyors Week"	Nov. 30, 1983	1300
98-183	*United States Commission on Civil Rights Act of 1983.* AN ACT To amend the Civil Rights Act of 1957 to extend the life of the Civil Rights Commission, and for other purposes	Nov. 30, 1983	1301
98-184	*Masonic Relief Association, District of Columbia.* AN ACT To amend the Act of March 3, 1869, incorporating the Masonic Relief Association of the District of Columbia, now known as Acacia Mutual Life Insurance Company	Nov. 30, 1983	1308
98-185	*Local Government Fiscal Assistance Amendments of 1983.* AN ACT To extend and amend the provisions of title 31, United States Code, relating to the general revenue sharing program	Nov. 30, 1983	1309

Public Law		Date	Page
98–186	*Mail Order Consumer Protection Amendments of 1983.* AN ACT To amend title 39, United States Code, to strengthen the investigatory and enforcement powers of the Postal Service by authorizing certain inspection authority and by providing for civil penalties for violations of orders under section 3005 of such title (pertaining to schemes for obtaining money by false representations or lotteries), and for other purposes	Nov. 30, 1983	1315
98–187	*Carrier Alert Week.* JOINT RESOLUTION To designate the week of December 4, 1983, through December 10, 1983, as "Carrier Alert Week"	Nov. 30, 1983	1319
98–188	*National Fetal Alcohol Syndrome Awareness Week.* JOINT RESOLUTION To designate the week beginning January 15, 1984, as "National Fetal Alcohol Syndrome Awareness Week"	Nov. 30, 1983	1321
98–189	*National Historical Publications and Records Commission, appropriations authorization.* AN ACT To extend the authorization of appropriations of the National Historical Publications and Records Commission for five years	Nov. 30, 1983	1323
98–190	*James E. Van Zandt Veterans' Administration Medical Center; Carl Vinson Veterans' Administration Medical Center, designations.* AN ACT To name the Veterans' Administration Medical Center in Altoona, Pennsylvania, the "James E. Van Zandt Veterans' Administration Medical Center", and to name the Veterans' Administration Medical Center in Dublin, Georgia, the "Carl Vinson Veterans' Administration Medical Center"	Nov. 30, 1983	1324
98–191	*Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act Amendments of 1983.* AN ACT To revise the authority and responsibility of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy, to authorize appropriations for the Office of Federal Procurement Policy for an additional four fiscal years, and for other purposes	Dec. 1, 1983	1325
98–192	*Tribally Controlled Community College Assistance Act of 1978, amendment.* AN ACT To amend and extend the Tribally Controlled Community College Assistance Act of 1978, and for other purposes	Dec. 1, 1983	1335
98–193	*Product Liability Risk Retention Act of 1981, amendment.* AN ACT To clarify the applicability of a provision of law regarding risk retention	Dec. 1, 1983	1344
98–194	*Rural Health Clinics Act of 1983.* AN ACT To provide revised reimbursement criteria for small rural health clinics utilizing National Health Service Corps personnel	Dec. 1, 1983	1345
98–195	*State of Delaware, release of reversionary land interest.* AN ACT To direct the Secretary of Agriculture to release on behalf of the United States a reversionary interest in certain land in the State of Delaware	Dec. 1, 1983	1349
98–196	*Orchard and Lake Shore Drives, Lake Lowell, Boise, Idaho, land conveyance.* AN ACT To provide for the conveyance of certain Federal lands adjacent to Orchard and Lake Shore Drives, Lake Lowell, Boise project, Idaho	Dec. 1, 1983	1352
98–197	*Presidential Commission for the German-American Tricentennial.* JOINT RESOLUTION To extend the term of the Presidential Commission for the German-American Tricentennial, and for other purposes	Dec. 1, 1983	1353
98–198	*International health efforts for children.* JOINT RESOLUTION Expressing the sense of the Congress with respect to international efforts to further a revolution in child health	Dec. 1, 1983	1355

Public Law		Date	Page
98–199	*Education of the Handicapped Act Amendments of 1983.* AN ACT To revise and extend the Education of the Handicapped Act, and for other purposes	Dec. 2, 1983	1357
98–200	*Wetlands Loan Act, extension.* AN ACT To extend the Wetlands Loan Act	Dec. 2, 1983	1378
98–201	*Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, amendment.* AN ACT To amend the provisions of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act relating to the scientific advisory panel and to extend the authorization for appropriations for such Act	Dec. 2, 1983	1379
98–202	*Arms Control and Disarmament Act, amendment.* AN ACT To amend the Arms Control and Disarmament Act in order to extend the authorization for appropriations	Dec. 2, 1983	1381
98–203	*Paiute Tribe of Las Vegas, Nev., lands in trust.* AN ACT To declare that the United States holds certain lands in trust for the Las Vegas Paiute Tribe	Dec. 2, 1983	1383
98–204	*Puerto Rico, nutrition assistance program; food stamp program study.* AN ACT To suspend the noncash benefit requirement for the Puerto Rico nutrition assistance program, to provide States with greater flexibility in the administration of the food stamp program, and for other purposes	Dec. 2, 1983	1385
98–205	*Juliette Gordon Low Federal Building, designation.* AN ACT To designate the Federal building to be constructed in Savannah, Georgia, as the "Juliette Gordon Low Federal Building"	Dec. 2, 1983	1387
98–206	*National Agriculture Day.* JOINT RESOLUTION To proclaim March 20, 1984, as "National Agriculture Day"	Dec. 2, 1983	1390
98–207	*Export Administration Act of 1979, authority extension.* AN ACT To extend the authorities under the Export Administration Act of 1979, and for other purposes	Dec. 5, 1983	1391
98–208	*Smithsonian Institution.* JOINT RESOLUTION To provide for appointment of Samuel Curtis Johnson as a citizen regent of the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution	Dec. 5, 1983	1392
98–209	*Military Justice Act of 1983.* AN ACT To amend chapter 47 of title 10, United States Code (the Uniform Code of Military Justice), to improve the quality and efficiency of the military justice system, to revise the laws concerning review of courts-martial, and for other purposes	Dec. 6, 1983	1393
98–210	*National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Marine Fisheries Program Authorization Act.* AN ACT To consolidate and authorize certain marine fishery programs and functions of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration under the Department of Commerce	Dec. 6, 1983	1409
98–211	*Education Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981, amendment.* AN ACT To make certain technical amendments to improve implementation of the Education Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981, and for other purposes	Dec. 8, 1983	1412
98–212	*Department of Defense Appropriation Act, 1984.* AN ACT Making appropriations for the Department of Defense for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for other purposes	Dec. 8, 1983	1421
98–213	*Guam, capital improvement projects.* AN ACT To authorize $15,500,000 for capital improvement projects on Guam, and for other purposes	Dec. 8, 1983	1459

Public Law		Date	Page
98–214	*Federal Communications Commission Authorization Act of 1983.* AN ACT To authorize appropriations for the Federal Communications Commission for fiscal years 1984 and 1985, and for other purposes	Dec. 8, 1983	1467
98–215	*Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1984.* AN ACT To authorize appropriations for fiscal year 1984 for intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the United States Government, for the Intelligence Community Staff, for the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability System, and for other purposes	Dec. 9, 1983	1473

LIST OF BILLS ENACTED INTO PRIVATE LAW

THE NINETY-EIGHTH CONGRESS, FIRST SESSION

Bill No.	Private Law No.
H.R. 724	98–6
H.R. 726	98–5
H.R. 730	98–2
H.R. 732	98–3
H.R. 745	98–4
H.R. 1372	98–1

LIST OF PRIVATE LAWS

CONTAINED IN THIS VOLUME

Private Law		Date	Page
98–1	*Yukon Princess I and Act-100, vessels in coastwise trade.* AN ACT To provide for the operation of certain foreign-built vessels in the coastwise trade of Alaska	Aug. 26, 1983	1483
98–2	*Ronald Goldstock and Augustus M. Statham.* AN ACT For the relief of Ronald Goldstock and Augustus M. Statham	Nov. 2, 1983	1483
98–3	*Gregory B. Dymond et al.* AN ACT For the relief of Gregory B. Dymond, Samuel K. Gibbons, Jack C. Kean, James D. Nichols, and Roy A. Redmond	Nov. 2, 1983	1484
98–4	*Stephen C. Ruks.* AN ACT For the relief of Stephen C. Ruks	Nov. 2, 1983	1485
98–5	*James A. Ferguson.* AN ACT For the relief of James A. Ferguson	Nov. 29, 1983	1486
98–6	*Carlos M. Gatson.* AN ACT For the relief of Carlos Mebrano Gatson	Nov. 30, 1983	1486

LIST OF PRIVATE LAWS

CONTAINED IN THIS VOLUME

LIST OF CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS

CONTAINED IN THIS VOLUME

	Con. Res.	Date	Page
House of Representatives and Senate. Adjournment from Jan. 3-25, 1983 and Jan. 6 or 7-25, 1983 respectively	S. Con. Res. 1	Jan. 3, 1983	1489
Congress. Joint meeting	H. Con. Res. 1	Jan. 25, 1983	1489
Senate. Adjournment from Feb. 3 or 4-14, 1983	S. Con. Res. 8	Feb. 2, 1983	1489
House of Representatives. Adjournment from Feb. 17-22, 1983	H. Con. Res. 57	Feb. 15, 1983	1489
Queen Elizabeth II and Prince Philip, Duke of Edinburgh. Official visit, welcome	H. Con. Res. 65	Feb. 28, 1983	1490
H.R. 1718. Corrections in enrollment	S. Con. Res. 20	Mar. 24, 1983	1490
House of Representatives and Senate. Adjournment from Mar. 24-Apr. 5, 1983, and Mar. 24 or 25-Apr. 5, 1983 respectively	H. Con. Res. 94	Mar. 24, 1983	1491
H.R. 1900. Corrections in enrollment	H. Con. Res. 102	Apr. 7, 1983	1491
United States and Thailand. One hundred and fiftieth anniversary of diplomatic relations	S. Con. Res. 19	Apr. 28, 1983	1499
MX Missiles. Procurement and basing mode development, approval of funds	S. Con. Res. 26	May 26, 1983	1499
House of Representatives and Senate. Adjournment from May 26-June 1, 1983, and May 26 or 27-June 6, 1983 respectively	S. Con. Res. 41	May 26, 1983	1500
Simon Bolivar. Commemoration of his birth	S. Con. Res. 14	June 23, 1983	1500
Congressional Budget for Fiscal Years 1984-1986 and Revision for Fiscal Year 1983	H. Con. Res. 91	June 23, 1983	1501
House of Representatives and Senate. Adjournment from June 30-July 11, 1983 and June 29, 30 or July 1-July 11, 1983 respectively	S. Con. Res. 48	June 29, 1983	1523
"The Capitol." Printing as Senate document; additional copies	S. Con. Res. 35	July 27, 1983	1523
United Nations Decade of Disabled Persons	H. Con. Res. 39	July 27, 1983	1524
Joint Committee for Harry S Truman. Commemoration of his birth	H. Con. Res. 126	July 29, 1983	1525
House of Representatives and Senate. Adjournment from Aug. 4 or 5-Sept. 12, 1983 and Aug. 3, 4 or 5-Sept. 12, 1983 respectively	H. Con. Res. 153	July 29, 1983	1527
Carl Hayden. Bust placement in Capitol or Senate office buildings	S. Con. Res. 7	Aug. 1, 1983	1527
S. 272. Corrections in enrollment	S. Con. Res. 58	Aug. 1, 1983	1528
H.R. 3190. Corrections in enrollment	S. Con. Res. 63	Aug. 4, 1983	1529
Alice Mitchell Rivlin. Expression of gratitude	H. Con. Res. 154	Aug. 4, 1983	1529
S. 602. Correction in enrollment	S. Con. Res. 68	Sept. 22, 1983	1530
House of Representatives and Senate. Adjournment from Oct. 6 or 7-17, 1983	H. Con. Res. 184	Oct. 6, 1983	1530
Terrorist Attack in Rangoon, Burma on 17 Koreans. Expressions of sympathy and condemnation	S. Con. Res. 82	Nov. 10, 1983	1530

	Con. Res.	Date	Page
Kampuchea Invasion. U.S. support of ASEAN to achieve a peaceful solution	H. Con. Res. 176	Nov. 15, 1983	1531
John F. Kennedy. Commemoration of his death	H. Con. Res. 214	Nov. 15, 1983	1532
Lech Walesa. 1983 Nobel Peace Prize recipient, U.S. congratulations	S. Con. Res. 76	Nov. 17, 1983	1532
Librarian of Congress. Study of the changing role of the book	S. Con. Res. 59	Nov. 18, 1983	1533
Congress. Adjournment sine die	H. Con. Res. 221	Nov. 18, 1983	1534

LIST OF PROCLAMATIONS

CONTAINED IN THIS VOLUME

No.		Date	Page
5008	National Closed-Captioned Television Month	Dec. 29, 1982	1537
5009	Bicentennial of Air and Space Flight	Jan. 3, 1983	1537
5010	One Hundred and Fiftieth Anniversary of Greene County, Missouri	Jan. 3, 1983	1538
5011	National Jaycee Week, 1983	Jan. 7, 1983	1539
5012	Public Employees' Appreciation Day, 1983	Jan. 10, 1983	1539
5013	National Inventors' Day, 1983	Jan. 12, 1983	1540
5014	Tricentennial Anniversary Year of German Settlement in America	Jan. 20, 1983	1541
5015	Red Cross Month, 1983	Jan. 20, 1983	1542
5016	National Consumers' Week, 1983	Jan. 20, 1983	1543
5017	National Day of Prayer, 1983	Jan. 27, 1983	1544
5018	Year of the Bible, 1983	Feb. 3, 1983	1545
5019	American Heart Month, 1983	Feb. 3, 1983	1546
5020	Save Your Vision Week, 1983	Feb. 10, 1983	1547
5021	Temporary Duty Reductions on Certain Articles Pursuant to Legislation Implementing the Nairobi Protocol to the Florence Agreement on the Importation of Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Materials	Feb. 14, 1983	1548
5022	Zoo and Aquarium Month, 1983	Feb. 14, 1983	1551
5023	Lithuanian Independence Day, 1983	Feb. 16, 1983	1551
5024	National Children and Television Week, 1983	Mar. 7, 1983	1552
5025	National Poison Prevention Week, 1983	Mar. 7, 1983	1553
5026	National Agriculture Day, 1983	Mar. 7, 1983	1554
5027	National Coin Week, 1983	Mar. 7, 1983	1554
5028	Small Business Week, 1983	Mar. 7, 1983	1555
5029	Women's History Week, 1983	Mar. 8, 1983	1556
5030	Exclusive Economic Zone of the United States of America	Mar. 10, 1983	1557
5031	National P.O.W.-M.I.A. Recognition Day, 1983	Mar. 14, 1983	1558
5032	Loyalty Day, 1983	Mar. 15, 1983	1559
5033	National Eye Donor Month, 1983	Mar. 21, 1983	1560
5034	Afghanistan Day, 1983	Mar. 21, 1983	1561
5035	National Maritime Day, 1983	Mar. 24, 1983	1562
5036	Asian/Pacific American Heritage Week, 1983	Mar. 25, 1983	1562
5037	National Mental Health Counselors Week, 1983	Mar. 25, 1983	1563
5038	Swedish-American Friendship Day, 1983	Apr. 4, 1983	1564
5039	National Child Abuse Prevention Month, 1983	Apr. 4, 1983	1564
5040	Pan American Day and Pan American Week, 1983	Apr. 4, 1983	1565
5041	Prayer for Peace, Memorial Day, 1983	Apr. 4, 1983	1566
5042	Mother's Day, 1983	Apr. 6, 1983	1567
5043	Cancer Control Month, 1983	Apr. 7, 1983	1568
5044	Crime Victims Week, 1983	Apr. 7, 1983	1569

No.		Date	Page
5045	National Defense Transportation Day and National Transportation Week, 1983	Apr. 7, 1983	1570
5046	World Trade Week, 1983	Apr. 7, 1983	1571
5047	National Arthritis Month, 1983	Apr. 11, 1983	1572
5048	Modification of Proclamation No. 4991 Regarding Suspension of the Application of TSUS Column 1 Rates of Duty to Products of Poland	Apr. 14, 1983	1572
5049	American Indian Day, 1983	Apr. 14, 1983	1573
5050	Temporary Duty Increase and Tariff-Rate Quota on the Importation Into the United States of Certain Heavyweight Motorcycles	Apr. 15, 1983	1574
5051	National Mental Health Week, 1983	Apr. 15, 1983	1578
5052	Law Day U.S.A., 1983	Apr. 15, 1983	1579
5053	Jewish Heritage Week, 1983	Apr. 19, 1983	1580
5054	Death of Federal Diplomatic and Military Personnel in Beirut, Lebanon	Apr. 20, 1983	1581
5055	National Farm Safety Week, 1983	Apr. 22, 1983	1581
5056	National Physical Fitness and Sports Month, 1983	Apr. 26, 1983	1582
5057	National Year of Voluntarism	Apr. 29, 1983	1583
5058	Older Americans Month, 1983	May 6, 1983	1583
5059	Flag Day and National Flag Week, 1983	May 10, 1983	1584
5060	National Amateur Baseball Month, 1983	May 11, 1983	1586
5061	National Parkinson's Disease Week, 1983	May 12, 1983	1587
5062	Management Week in America, 1983	May 17, 1983	1588
5063	National Andrei Sakharov Day	May 18, 1983	1588
5064	Missing Children Day, 1983	May 25, 1983	1589
5065	National Safe Boating Week, 1983	May 25, 1983	1590
5066	Father's Day, 1983	June 1, 1983	1591
5067	Captive Nations Week, 1983	June 6, 1983	1591
5068	Baltic Freedom Day, 1983	June 13, 1983	1592
5069	National Scleroderma Week, 1983	June 17, 1983	1593
5070	National Children's Liver Disease Awareness Week, 1983	June 20, 1983	1594
5071	Import Quotas on Certain Sugars, Sirups, Blends, and Mixtures	June 28, 1983	1595
5072	National Atomic Veterans' Day, 1983	July 15, 1983	1597
5073	Bicentennial Year of the Birth of Simon Bolivar	July 19, 1983	1597
5074	Temporary Duty Increases and Quantitative Limitations on the Importation Into the United States of Certain Stainless Steel and Alloy Tool Steel	July 19, 1983	1598
5075	Helsinki Human Rights Day	July 25, 1983	1604
5076	FBI Day, 1983	July 26, 1983	1605
5077	National Animal Agriculture Week, 1983	July 27, 1983	1605
5078	National Paralyzed Veterans Recognition Day, 1983	July 29, 1983	1606
5079	Women's Equality Day, 1983	Aug. 4, 1983	1607
5080	National Child Support Enforcement Month, 1983	Aug. 5, 1983	1608
5081	Child Health Day, 1983	Aug. 8, 1983	1608
5082	200th Anniversary of the Signing of the Treaty of Paris	Aug. 11, 1983	1609
5083	Minority Enterprise Development Week, 1983	Aug. 11, 1983	1610
5084	National Hispanic Heritage Week, 1983	Aug. 25, 1983	1611
5085	Citizenship Day and Constitution Week, 1983	Aug. 29, 1983	1612
5086	Death of American Citizens on Board Korean Airlines Flight	Sept. 1, 1983	1613
5087	Fire Prevention Week, 1983	Sept. 6, 1983	1613
5088	National School Lunch Week, 1983	Sept. 6, 1983	1614
5089	Columbus Day, 1983	Sept. 6, 1983	1615
5090	General Pulaski Memorial Day, 1983	Sept. 6, 1983	1616
5091	White Cane Safety Day, 1983	Sept. 6, 1983	1617

No.		Date	Page
5092	National Forest Products Week, 1983	Sept. 6, 1983	1617
5093	National Day of Mourning; Sunday, September 11, 1983	Sept. 9, 1983	1618
5094	Youth of America Week, 1983	Sept. 14, 1983	1619
5095	National Respiratory Therapy Week, 1983	Sept. 15, 1983	1620
5096	National Housing Week, 1983	Sept. 15, 1983	1620
5097	Leif Erikson Day, 1983	Sept. 15, 1983	1621
5098	Thanksgiving Day, 1983	Sept. 15, 1983	1622
5099	National Historically Black Colleges Day, 1983	Sept. 19, 1983	1623
5100	Veterans Day, 1983	Sept. 19, 1983	1623
5101	National Cystic Fibrosis Week, 1983	Sept. 20, 1983	1624
5102	National Sickle-Cell Anemia Awareness Month, 1983	Sept. 21, 1983	1625
5103	American Business Women's Day, 1983	Sept. 22, 1983	1626
5104	Modification of Country Allocations of Quotas on Certain Sugars, Sirups and Molasses	Sept. 23, 1983	1627
5105	United Nations Day, 1983	Sept. 27, 1983	1628
5106	National Sewing Month, 1983	Sept. 27, 1983	1629
5107	National Adult Day Care Center Week, 1983	Sept. 27, 1983	1629
5108	National Employ the Handicapped Week, 1983	Sept. 27, 1983	1630
5109	National High School Activities Week, 1983	Sept. 27, 1983	1631
5110	National Alzheimer's Disease Month, 1983	Sept. 30, 1983	1631
5111	Twenty-Fifth Anniversary of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Oct. 1, 1983	1632
5112	National Year of Partnerships in Education 1983-1984	Oct. 3, 1983	1634
5113	National Productivity Improvement Week, 1983	Oct. 4, 1983	1634
5114	Myasthenia Gravis Awareness Week, 1983	Oct. 5, 1983	1635
5115	National Schoolbus Safety Week, 1983	Oct. 7, 1983	1636
5116	Lupus Awareness Week, 1983	Oct. 13, 1983	1637
5117	National Farm-City Week, 1983	Oct. 13, 1983	1637
5118	World Food Day, 1983	Oct. 14, 1983	1638
5119	Wright Brothers Day, 1983	Oct. 17, 1983	1639
5120	Metropolitan Opera Day, 1983	Oct. 21, 1983	1640
5121	Death of American and French Military Personnel in Beirut, Lebanon	Oct. 23, 1983	1641
5122	National Poison Prevention Week, 1984	Oct. 26, 1983	1642
5123	National Drug Abuse Education Week, 1983	Nov. 1, 1983	1643
5124	National Diabetes Month, 1983	Nov. 3, 1983	1644
5125	National Reye's Syndrome Week, 1983	Nov. 4, 1983	1645
5126	National Family Week, 1983	Nov. 4, 1983	1646
5127	National Christmas Seal Month, 1983	Nov. 8, 1983	1647

PUBLIC LAWS

ENACTED DURING THE

FIRST SESSION OF THE NINETY-EIGHTH CONGRESS

OF THE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Begun and held at the City of Washington on Monday, January 3, 1983, and adjourned sine die on Friday, November 18, 1983. RONALD REAGAN, *President;* GEORGE BUSH, *Vice President;* THOMAS P. O'NEILL, JR., *Speaker of the House of Representatives.*

PUBLIC LAWS

ENACTED DURING THE

FIRST SESSION OF THE NINE HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-FIFTH CONGRESS

OF THE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Begun and held at the City of Washington on Monday, January 3, 1955, and adjourned sine die on Friday, December 16, 1955. Dwight D. Eisenhower, President. Richard M. Nixon, Vice President of the United States and President of the Senate. Joseph W. Martin, Jr., Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Public Law 98-1
98th Congress

An Act

To designate a "Nancy Hanks Center" and the "Old Post Office Building" in Washington, District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

Feb. 15, 1983
[S. 61]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Congress hereby finds and declares—

Nancy Hanks Center; Old Post Office Building. Designation.

(1) Nancy Hanks served as Chairman of the National Endowment for the Arts from 1969 to 1977 and during that period presided with distinction over a substantial increase in support for the arts in the United States;

(2) she provided wise leadership in defining a proper role for the Federal Government in the cultural life of the Nation, and safeguarding the creative integrity of artists and arts institutions against Government interference;

(3) her wide-ranging interests in the arts, including architecture, led her to promote initiatives to improve the quality of Federal buildings and to work tirelessly to secure the preservation and renovation of the Old Post Office Building as a headquarters for Federal cultural agencies and as a site for cultural and commercial activities that would enliven the building and its surroundings; and

(4) the renovation of the Old Post Office Building, its occupancy in this year 1983 by Federal cultural agencies and commercial enterprises and its impending use for public performances and exhibits are due in large measure to the foresightedness, persuasiveness, intellect, and vigor of Nancy Hanks.

SEC. 2. There is hereby designated the "Nancy Hanks Center" in Washington, District of Columbia, comprising the building located on the south side of Pennsylvania Avenue, Northwest, between Eleventh and Twelfth Streets which is known as and hereby designated the "Old Post Office Building", the plaza adjoining said building to the east and other immediately adjacent grounds, and the public use spaces within the Old Post Office Building, which include but are not limited to the commercial and performing areas known as the Pavilion and the clock-observation tower.

Markers or displays.

SEC. 3. (a) The Administrator of General Services, in consultation with the Chairman of the National Endowment for the Arts and the Chairman of the National Endowment for the Humanities, shall erect at suitable locations at the Nancy Hanks Center appropriate markers or displays commemorating the accomplishments of Nancy Hanks in the fields of government and culture and describing her actions and those of others in Government and private life that led to the renovation and mixed-use development of the Old Post Office Building.

Appropriation authorization.

(b) The Administrator of General Services is authorized to expend for the purposes of subparagraph (a) of this section a sum not to exceed $50,000 available in any fiscal year out of revenues and collections deposited into the fund established pursuant to section

40 USC 490.

210(f) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended, and any additional contributions of money provided to him by private individuals or organizations for these purposes within six months of enactment of this Act.

Observation tower, operation.

SEC. 4. The Administrator of General Services shall execute an agreement with the Secretary of the Interior providing for operation of the observation tower in the Old Post Office Building by the National Park Service and further providing, if necessary, for transfer to the National Park Service in fiscal year 1983 and each succeeding fiscal year, out of revenues and collections from the Old Post Office Building deposited into the fund established pursuant to section 210(f) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended, such sums as may be necessary to operate the observation tower.

Approved February 15, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 61:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Jan. 27, considered and passed Senate.
Feb. 2, considered and passed House.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 19, No. 7 (1983):
Feb. 15, Presidential statement.

Public Law 98-2
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

To direct the President to issue a proclamation designating February 16, 1983, as "Lithuanian Independence Day".

Feb. 16, 1983
[H.J. Res. 60]

Whereas February 16, 1983, marks the sixty-fifth anniversary of the declaration of independence of Lithuania;

Whereas on February 16, 1918, the Council of Lithuania, the sole representative of the Lithuanian people, in conformity with the recognized right to national self-determination, proclaimed the restitution of the independent and democratic state of Lithuania and declared rupture of all ties which formally bound Lithuania to other nations;

Whereas a free Lithuania existed until the Soviet takeover in 1940;

Whereas the United States opposes tyranny and injustice in all forms and supports the cause of a free Lithuania;

Whereas all Americans of Lithuanian descent protest the Soviet presence in the land of their ancestors; and

Whereas the oppressed people currently living in Lithuania should keep the flame of freedom forever burning in their hearts: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President shall issue a proclamation designating February 16, 1983, as "Lithuanian Independence Day" and calling on the people of the United States to celebrate such day with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

Lithuanian Independence Day.

Approved February 16, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 60 (S.J. Res. 16):

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Feb. 2, considered and passed House.
Feb. 3, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-3
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Mar. 8, 1983
[S.J. Res. 37]

Providing that the week containing March 8, 1983, shall be designated as "Women's History Week".

Whereas American women of every race, class, and ethnic background helped found the Nation in countless recorded and unrecorded ways as servants, slaves, nurses, nuns, homemakers, industrial workers, teachers, reformers, soldiers, pioneers; and in professions and occupations representative of all walks of life;

Whereas American women have played and continue to play a critical economic, cultural, and social role in every sphere of our Nation's life by constituting a significant portion of the labor force working in and outside of the home;

Whereas American women have played a unique role throughout our history by providing the majority of the Nation's volunteer labor force and have been particularly important in the establishment of early charitable philanthropic and cultural institutions in the country;

Whereas American women of every race, class, and ethnic background served as early leaders in the forefront of every major progressive social change movement, not only to secure their own right of suffrage and equal opportunity, but also in the abolitionist movement, the emancipation movement, the industrial labor union movement, and the modern civil rights movement; and

Whereas despite these contributions, the role of American women in history has been consistently overlooked and undervalued in the body of American history: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the week containing March 8, 1983, is designated as "Women's History Week", and the President is requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe such week with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

Women's History Week.

Approved March 8, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 37:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Mar. 2, considered and passed Senate.
Mar. 3, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-4
98th Congress

An Act

Relating to the treatment for income and estate tax purposes of commodities received under 1983 payment-in-kind programs, and for other purposes.

Mar. 11, 1983
[H.R. 1296]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

Payment-in-Kind Tax Treatment Act of 1983.
26 USC 61 note.

This Act may be cited as the "Payment-in-Kind Tax Treatment Act of 1983".

SEC. 2. INCOME TAX TREATMENT OF AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES RECEIVED UNDER A 1983 PAYMENT-IN-KIND PROGRAM.

26 USC 61 note.

(a) INCOME TAX DEFERRAL, ETC.—Except as otherwise provided in this Act, for purposes of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954— 26 USC 1 *et seq.*

(1) a qualified taxpayer shall not be treated as having realized income when he receives a commodity under a 1983 payment-in-kind program,

(2) such commodity shall be treated as if it were produced by such taxpayer, and

(3) the unadjusted basis of such commodity in the hands of such taxpayer shall be zero.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall apply to taxable years ending after December 31, 1982, but only with respect to commodities received for the 1983 crop year.

SEC. 3. LAND DIVERTED UNDER 1983 PAYMENT-IN-KIND PROGRAM TREATED AS USED IN FARMING BUSINESS, ETC.

26 USC 61 note.

(a) GENERAL RULE.—For purposes of the provisions specified in subsection (b), in the case of any land diverted from the production of an agricultural commodity under a 1983 payment-in-kind program—

(1) such land shall be treated as used during the 1983 crop year by the qualified taxpayer in the active conduct of the trade or business of farming, and

(2) any qualified taxpayer who materially participates in the diversion and devotion to conservation uses required under a 1983 payment-in-kind program shall be treated as materially participating in the operation of such land during such crop year.

(b) PROVISIONS TO WHICH SUBSECTION (a) APPLIES.—The provisions specified in this subsection are—

(1) section 2032A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to valuation of certain farm, etc., real property), 26 USC 2032A.

(2) section 6166 of such Code (relating to extension of time for payment of estate tax where estate consists largely of interest in closely held business), 26 USC 6166.

(3) chapter 2 of such Code (relating to tax on self-employment income), and 26 USC 1401 *et seq.*

42 USC 401.

(4) title II of the Social Security Act (relating to Federal old-age, survivors, and disability insurance benefits).

26 USC 61 note.

SEC. 4. ANTIABUSE RULES.

(a) GENERAL RULE.—In the case of any person, sections 2 and 3 of this Act shall not apply with respect to any land acquired by such person after February 23, 1983, unless such land was acquired in a qualified acquisition.

(b) QUALIFIED ACQUISITION.—For purposes of this section, the term "qualified acquisition" means any acquisition—

(1) by reason of the death of a qualified transferor,

(2) by reason of a gift from a qualified transferor, or

(3) from a qualified transferor who is a member of the family of the person acquiring the land.

(c) DEFINITIONS AND SPECIAL RULES.—For purposes of this section—

(1) QUALIFIED TRANSFEROR.—The term "qualified transferor" means any person—

(A) who held the land on February 23, 1983, or

(B) who acquired the land after February 23, 1983, in a qualified acquisition.

(2) MEMBER OF FAMILY.—The term "member of the family" has the meaning given such term by section 2032A(e)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.

26 USC 2032A.

(3) MERE CHANGE IN FORM OF BUSINESS.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to any change in ownership by reason of a mere change in the form of conducting the trade or business so long as the land is retained in such trade or business and the person holding the land before such change retains a direct or indirect 80-percent interest in such land.

(4) TREATMENT OF CERTAIN ACQUISITIONS OF RIGHT TO THE CROP.—The acquisition of a direct or indirect interest in 80 percent or more of the crop from any land shall be treated as an acquisition of such land.

26 USC 61 note.

SEC. 5. DEFINITIONS AND SPECIAL RULES.

(a) GENERAL RULE.—For purposes of this Act—

(1) 1983 PAYMENT-IN-KIND PROGRAM.—The term "1983 payment-in-kind program" means any program for the 1983 crop year—

(A) under which the Secretary of Agriculture (or his delegate) makes payments in kind of any agricultural commodity to any person in return for—

(i) the diversion of farm acreage from the production of an agricultural commodity, and

(ii) the devotion of such acreage to conservation uses, and

(B) which the Secretary of Agriculture certifies to the Secretary of the Treasury as being described in subparagraph (A).

(2) 1983 CROP YEAR.—The term "1983 crop year" means the crop year for any crop the harvesting or planting period for which occurs during 1983.

(3) QUALIFIED TAXPAYER.—The term "qualified taxpayer" means any producer of agricultural commodities (within the meaning of the 1983 payment-in-kind programs) who receives

any agricultural commodity in return for meeting the requirements of clauses (i) and (ii) of paragraph (1)(A).

(4) RECEIPT INCLUDES RIGHT TO RECEIVE, ETC.—A right to receive (or other constructive receipt of) a commodity shall be treated the same as actual receipt of such commodity.

(5) AMOUNTS RECEIVED BY THE TAXPAYER AS REIMBURSEMENT FOR STORAGE.—A qualified taxpayer reporting on the cash receipts and disbursements method of accounting shall not be treated as being entitled to receive any amount as reimbursement for storage of commodities received under a 1983 payment-in-kind program until such amount is actually received by the taxpayer.

(6) COMMODITY CREDIT LOANS TREATED SEPARATELY.—Subsection (a) of section 2 shall apply to the receipt of any commodity under a 1983 payment-in-kind program separately from, and without taking into account, any related transaction or series of transactions involving the satisfaction of loans from the Commodity Credit Corporation.

(b) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate (after consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture) shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act, including (but not limited to) such regulations as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act where the commodity is received by a cooperative on behalf of the qualified taxpayer.

SEC. 6. STUDY. 26 USC 61 note.

(a) GENERAL RULE.—The Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate, after consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture, shall conduct a study of—

(1) the 1983 payment-in-kind program, and

(2) the tax treatment provided with respect to such program by this Act.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than September 1, 1983, the Secretary of the Treasury shall submit to the Congress a report on the study conducted under subsection (a), together with such recommendations as he may deem advisable.

Approved March 11, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 1296 (S. 690):

HOUSE REPORT: No. 98-14 (Comm. on Ways and Means).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Mar. 8, considered and passed House; considered and passed Senate, amended.
Mar. 9, House concurred in Senate amendment with an amendment.
Mar. 10, Senate concurred in House amendment.

Public Law 98-5
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Mar. 11, 1983
[S.J. Res. 15]

Designating the month of March 1983 as "National Eye Donor Month".

Whereas eye banks in the United States have grown from a single institution in 1944 to eighty in 1982;

Whereas over fifteen thousand children and adults in the United States have benefited as a direct result of efforts made by eye banks;

Whereas eye banks have sought to encourage research into the prevention and treatment of eye disease and injury in the United States; and

Whereas increased national awareness of benefits rendered through eye donation may add impetus to efforts to expand research activities, and benefit those persons affected by blinding diseases: Now, therefore, be it

National Eye Donor Month.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the month of March 1983 is designated as "National Eye Donor Month", and the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling on all citizens to join in recognizing this humanitarian cause with appropriate activity.

Approved March 11, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 15:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Feb. 24, considered and passed Senate.
Mar. 3, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-6
98th Congress

An Act

To repeal section 311 of the Federal Public Transportation Act of 1982.

Mar. 16, 1983
[H.R. 1572]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 311 of the Federal Public Transportation Act of 1982 is repealed.

Federal Public Transportation Act of 1982, amendment.
96 Stat. 2152.

Approved March 16, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 1572:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Feb. 24, considered and passed House.
Mar. 2, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-7
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Mar. 16, 1983
[S.J. Res. 21]

To designate April 1983 as "National Child Abuse Prevention Month".

National Child Abuse Prevention Month.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the month of April 1983 is designated as "National Child Abuse Prevention Month" and the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon all Government agencies and the people of the United States to observe such month with appropriate programs, ceremonies, and activities.

Approved March 16, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 21:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Feb. 24, considered and passed Senate.
Mar. 3, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-8
98th Congress
An Act

Making appropriations to provide productive employment for hundreds of thousands of jobless Americans, to hasten or initiate Federal projects and construction of lasting value to the Nation and its citizens, and to provide humanitarian assistance to the indigent for fiscal year 1983, and for other purposes.

Mar. 24, 1983
[H.R. 1718]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year 1983, and for other purposes in order to increase the wealth of the Nation, putting women and men back to productive work made necessary by the conditions described as follows:

Emergency jobs appropriations.

TITLE I—MEETING OUR ECONOMIC PROBLEMS WITH ESSENTIAL AND PRODUCTIVE JOBS

Congressional Findings

It is the sense of the Congress that the continued economic recession has resulted in nearly fourteen million unemployed Americans, including those no longer searching for work, rivaling the actual numbers of unemployed during the Great Depression. Other millions work only part-time due to the lack of full-time gainful employment. The annual cost of unemployment compensation has reached the staggering total of $32,000,000,000. The hardships occasioned by the recession have been much more severe in terms of duration of unemployment and reduced percentage of unemployed receiving jobless benefits than in previous recessions.

Actual filings of business related bankruptcies for the year ending June 30, 1982, reached a total of seventy-seven thousand as compared with a prior year figure of sixty-six thousand. Business failures are up 49 per centum compared to one year ago. Delinquencies are many times greater. The American farmers are more than $215,000,000,000 in debt. Hundreds of thousands of farmers are faced with bankruptcy.

It is essential that interest rates, which have been reduced following a General Accounting Office investigation of the Federal Reserve System at the request of the Committee on Appropriations on April 26, 1982, continue at present or lower rates with due regard for controlling inflation so as not to have an opposite effect of driving interest rates upward for business, industrial and agricultural recovery.

Under these circumstances, the Congress finds that a program to provide for neglected needs of the Nation which results in productive jobs, and to provide humanitarian assistance to the indigent and homeless, to be very strongly in the national interest.

REDUCING AND STABILIZING INTEREST RATES

It is the sense of the Congress that the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve and the Federal Open Market Committee with due regard for controlling inflation so as not to have an opposite effect of driving interest rates upward should continue such actions as are necessary to achieve and maintain a level of interest rates low enough to generate significant economic growth and thereby reduce the current intolerable level of unemployment as they have since the Committee on Appropriations on April 26, 1982 obtained an investigation of the Federal Reserve System by the General Accounting Office.

MAINTAINING AND PROTECTING PUBLIC INVESTMENT FEDERAL BUILDINGS

In order to assist in reducing the backlog of needed maintenance and repair of Federal buildings across the Nation, $125,000,000 for payment to the "Federal Buildings Fund", General Services Administration, to remain available until expended, which shall be available under the subactivity "Alterations and repairs" for projects which do not require prospectuses.

REBUILDING AMERICA'S HIGHWAYS

To accelerate the construction and reconstruction of the Nation's highways and to improve safety on the Nation's highways, which will result in productive jobs, an additional amount of $33,000,000, to remain available until expended, to demonstrate methods to accelerate the widening of existing highways: *Provided,* That nothing in this Act shall be construed to modify the policy for purchases set forth in Public Law 97-424: *Provided further,* That, notwithstanding any other provision of law, the total of all obligations for Federal-aid highways and Highway safety construction programs for fiscal year 1983 shall not exceed $12,375,000,000: *Provided further,* That this limitation shall be administered in accordance with section 104 of Public Law 97-424.

96 Stat. 2097.
23 USC 104 note.
96 Stat. 2098.
23 USC 104 note.

TO SPEED UP IMPROVEMENT OF MASS TRANSPORTATION

To accelerate the construction, modernization and improvement of urban mass transportation systems, to increase the mobility of the urban work force which will result in productive jobs, an additional amount of $132,650,000, to remain available until expended.

The Congress disapproves the proposed deferral of budget authority in the amount of $229,000,000 for the Mass Transportation Capital Fund (deferral numbered D83-59), as set forth in the President's special message which was transmitted to the Congress on February 1, 1983. This disapproval shall be effective on the date of enactment of this Act and the amount of the proposed deferral disapproved herein shall be made available for obligation.

Effective date.

REBUILDING RAILROAD INFRASTRUCTURE

To provide for labor-intensive capital improvements, the Secretary of Transportation shall make capital grants to the National

Railroad Passenger Corporation of $80,000,000, to remain available until expended.

REBUILDING AVIATION INFRASTRUCTURE

Section 302 of the Department of Transportation and Related Agencies Appropriation Act of 1983, Public Law 97-369, is amended: 96 Stat. 1781.

(i) by deleting "$600,000,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$750,000,000"; and

(ii) by deleting the period at the end thereof and inserting in lieu thereof: ": *Provided,* That $150,000,000 of such funds shall be available only for the purposes of section 507(a)(3)(B) of the Airport and Airway Improvement Act of 1982, Public Law 97-248, as added by section 426(a) of the Surface Transportation Assistance Act of 1982, Public Law 97-424: *Provided further,* That in making discretionary grants pursuant to such section 507(a)(3)(B), the Federal Aviation Administrator shall give first consideration to eligible projects with respect to which preapplications have been filed with the Federal Aviation Administration on or before June 1, 1983.". 96 Stat. 2167. 49 USC 2206.

NATIONAL HIGHWAY TRAFFIC SAFETY ADMINISTRATION OPERATIONS AND RESEARCH

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is available from sums otherwise made available to the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, not to exceed $100,000 for the Presidential Commission on Drunk Driving established under E.O. 12358. 3 CFR, 1982 Comp., p. 179.

IMPROVING FACILITIES AND SERVICES PROVIDED TO VETERANS

For an additional amount for "Medical care", Veterans Administration, $75,000,000, which will result in productive jobs to improve the facilities and care being provided to veterans throughout the country.

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT GRANTS

For an additional amount for "Community development grants", to be made available in accordance with the provisions of title I of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended (42 U.S.C. 5301), for worthwhile and necessary projects which will result in productive jobs in communities, including towns and villages, throughout the country through the funding of local community development programs, $750,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1985; and an additional amount of $250,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1985, for "Community development grants", to be made available to metropolitan cities and urban counties in accordance with the provisions of section 106(b) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended (42 U.S.C. 5301), to fund programs in areas of high unemployment: *Provided,* That the Department of Housing and Urban Development shall submit detailed quarterly reports to the appropriate committees of Congress on the use of these funds: *Provided further,* That of the new budget authority provided under this heading up to $500,000,000 shall be available until September 30, 1985, for activities authorized by section 105(a)(8) of the Housing and Community 42 USC 5306. Reports to congressional committees.

42 USC 5305.

Development Act of 1974, as amended: *Provided further,* That the 10 per centum limitation on the amount of funds for public service activities contained in such section 105(a)(8) shall not apply to the funds provided under the immediately preceding proviso: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding the limitation of $60,000,000 contained in section 107(a) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended (42 U.S.C. 5307(a)), one per centum of the new budget authority provided for local community development programs in this Act shall be set aside for the special discretionary fund for grants to Indian tribes as authorized under section 107(b) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended (42 U.S.C. 5307(b)).

URBAN DEVELOPMENT ACTION GRANTS

(DISAPPROVAL OF DEFERRAL)

The Congress disapproves the proposed deferral D83-32A relating to the Department of Housing and Urban Development, Community Planning and Development, Urban development action grants, as set forth in the message of January 6, 1983, which was transmitted to the Congress by the President. This disapproval shall be effective upon the enactment into law of this Act and the amount of the proposed deferral disapproved herein shall be made available for obligation.

Effective date.

ANNUAL CONTRIBUTIONS FOR ASSISTED HOUSING

(DISAPPROVAL OF DEFERRAL)

The Congress disapproves the proposed deferral D83-54 relating to the Department of Housing and Urban Development, Housing Programs, Annual contributions for assisted housing, as set forth in the message of February 1, 1983, which was transmitted to the Congress by the President. This disapproval shall be effective upon enactment into law of this Act and the amount of the proposed deferral disapproved herein shall be made available for obligation: *Provided,* That all contract authority and budget authority, including the amounts disapproved for deferral in this Act, which is available to make reservations to incur obligations in fiscal year 1983 shall be used in accordance with the provisions included in Public Law 97-377, approved December 21, 1982, under the heading "Annual contributions for assisted housing" to carry out the following budget program:

Effective date.

96 Stat. 1830.

ANNUAL CONTRIBUTIONS FOR ASSISTED HOUSING—GROSS RESERVATIONS, FISCAL YEAR 1983

	Units (approximate)	Cost (approximate)	Contract authority	Term	Budget authority
Use of authority:					
Public housing:					
Indian	2,000	$6,460	$12,920,000	28	$361,760,000
Amendments	NA	NA	25,000,000	NA	782,000,000
Interest rate adjustments	NA	NA	11,652,200	NA	405,000,000
Lease adjustments	NA	NA	23,800,000	1	23,800,000
Modernization: From new authority	NA	NA	125,000,000	20	2,500,000,000
Sub. Rehabilitation set-aside	NA	NA	4,466,086	20	89,321,727
Subtotal, public housing	2,000	NA	202,838,286	NA	4,161,881,727
Section 8:					
New/Sub. Rehabilitation:					
Section 202	14,000	6,550	91,700,000	20	1,834,000,000
Property disposition	10,000	4,560	45,600,000	15	684,000,000
Conversions:					
Section 23	5,000	2,820	14,100,000	15	211,500,000
Rent supplement	60,000	2,730	163,800,000	15	2,457,000,000
Subtotal, conversions	65,000	NA	177,900,000	NA	2,668,500,000
Existing	67,146	3,755	252,133,230	15	3,782,000,000
Moderate rehabilitation	15,000	4,800	72,000,000	15	1,080,000,000
Amendments:					
New/Rehabilitation	NA	NA	43,600,000	23	1,048,000,000
Existing	NA	NA	20,792,860	10	208,160,160
Loan management	NA	NA	15,000,000	10	150,000,000
Subtotal, amendments	NA	NA	79,392,860	NA	1,406,160,160
Subtotal, section 8	171,146	NA	718,726,090	NA	11,454,660,160
Total, all programs	173,146	NA	921,564,376	NA	15,616,541,887

Provided further, That the limitation on the Department's fiscal year 1983 official reception and representation expenses contained in Public Law 97-272, approved September 30, 1982, under the heading "Salaries and expenses" is increased by $2,000: *Provided further,* That of the amount made available to the Department of Housing and Urban Development under the heading "Research and

96 Stat. 1160.

96 Stat. 1160.

technology" in Public Law 97-272, no less than $950,000 shall be made available to the Housing Assistance Council within 45 calendar days of enactment of this Act.

TO AID LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT TO OFFSET PRESENT BUSINESS AND PLANT CLOSURES

Toward the objective of restoring the prior level of Federal support for economic development purposes throughout a wide geographic area as provided for by the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965, as amended, and Public Law 91-304, and such laws that were in effect immediately before September 30, 1982, an additional amount of $100,000,000 is appropriated for "Economic development assistance programs", Economic Development Administration.

42 USC 3121 note.
84 Stat. 375.

INCREASING SMALL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

For additional capital for the "Business loan and investment fund", authorized by the Small Business Act, as amended, $2,000,000, to remain available without fiscal year limitation: *Provided,* That the administration may not decline to participate in a project under section 503 of the Small Business Investment Company Act of 1958 because other sources of financing for the project include or are collateralized by obligations described in section 103(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954: *And provided further,* That loans made with the proceeds of debentures guaranteed under section 503 of said Act shall be subordinated to obligations described in section 103(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954: *And provided further,* That the administration and any other agency of the Federal Government shall not restrict the use of debentures guaranteed under this section with obligations described in section 103(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 if the project being so financed otherwise complies with the regulations and procedures of the administration; and for additional capital for new direct loan obligations to be incurred by the "Business loan and investment fund", authorized by section 7(a) of the Small Business Act, as amended, $50,000,000, to remain available without fiscal year limitation, to help small businesses throughout the Nation to employ additional personnel where economically feasible.

15 USC 631 note.
15 USC 697.
26 USC 103.
15 USC 636.

DEVELOPING PARKS AND RECREATION AREAS

An additional amount of $50,000,000 to remain available until expended, is appropriated for "Salaries and expenses", Small Business Administration to be available only for grants for resources development programs pursuant to section 21(a)(1) of the Small Business Act; notwithstanding any other provision of law including any contained herein, such sum shall be allocated to each State, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico on the basis of the average of the number of unemployed individuals who

15 USC 648.

reside in each such area as compared to the total number of unemployed individuals in all of the States, the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico during the fourth quarter of calendar year 1982; upon receipt of a certification, which the Administrator deems appropriate, from the Governor of any State or Puerto Rico or the Mayor of the District of Columbia, the grant to that are may be made immediately, and an expedited review and approval of any rules, regulations or procedures is hereby authorized and shall be completed by April 15, 1983.

REPAIRING AND RESTORING PARKS AND RECREATIONAL FACILITIES

There is appropriated for expenses necessary for the "Urban Parks and Recreation Fund" for rehabilitation grants and repairs, under the provisions of the Urban Park and Recreation Recovery Act of 1978 (title 10 of Public Law 95-625), $40,000,000: *Provided,* That such funds shall be available only for grants for which: (1) obligations are entered into before October 1, 1983, (2) work will be in progress before January 1, 1984, and (3) all Federal funds will be outlayed before September 30, 1984. 16 USC 2501 note.

To accelerate programs of improvement and maintenance of National Park Service existing facilities which will receive an estimated three hundred and fifty-eight million visits in 1983, there is appropriated an additional $25,000,000 for "Operation of the National Park System", National Park Service, under the same conditions provided for under this appropriation in Public Law 97-394, to remain available for obligation until December 31, 1983. 96 Stat. 1970.

HISTORIC PRESERVATION FUND

For assistance to States, $25,000,000 to be derived from the Historic Preservation Fund, established by section 108 of the Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (80 Stat. 915), as amended (16 U.S.C. 470): *Provided further,* That such funds shall be available only for development grants, and for related State administrative expenses not to exceed 5 per centum of the amount available to each State: *Provided further,* That such funds shall be available only for grants for which: (1) obligations are entered into before October 1, 1983, (2) work will be in progress before January 1, 1984, and (3) all Federal funds will be outlayed before September 30, 1984.

LAND AND WATER CONSERVATION FUND

For assistance to States, $40,000,000, to be derived from the Land and Water Conservation Act of 1965, as amended (16 U.S.C. 460l-4-11): *Provided,* That such funds shall be available only for development or redevelopment purposes: *Provided further,* That such funds shall be available only for grants for which: (1) obligations are entered into before October 1, 1983, (2) work will be in progress before January 1, 1984, and (3) all Federal funds will be outlayed before September 30, 1984. 16 USC 460*l*-4-460*l*-11.

PRESERVING THE NATIONAL FOREST SYSTEM

To restore, repair, and provide forest roads, trails, and other existing facilities which are part of the real wealth of this country, there is appropriated an additional amount of $25,000,000, to remain

available for obligation until September 30, 1984, for the "National Forest System".

In order to provide jobs, to improve the growth rate of existing forested land inventories, and to decrease the number of deforested acres of Forest Service lands, there is appropriated an additional $35,000,000 for "National Forest System", Forest Service.

In order to provide jobs which will result in the construction of real assets for this country, an additional amount of $25,000,000 is appropriated, to remain available until expended, for "Construction", Forest Service.

IMPROVING INDIAN HEALTH FACILITIES

In order to provide for construction, repair and improvements, and other services to Indians there is appropriated an additional amount of $39,000,000, to remain available until expended, for "Indian Health Facilities", Indian Health Service.

IMPROVING FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE FACILITIES

To accelerate programs for the rehabilitation and maintenance of wildlife refuges, fish hatcheries, and research facilities, of real benefit to people across the Nation under the jurisdiction of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of the Interior, there is appropriated an additional $20,000,000, for "Resource Management", to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1984.

IMPROVING NATURAL RESOURCES ON INDIAN RESERVATIONS

To accelerate programs to improve natural resources on Indian reservations, including range and agricultural improvements, reforestation and timber stand improvement, there is appropriated an additional amount of $20,000,000 for "Operation of Indian Programs", Bureau of Indian Affairs.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS' CONSTRUCTION

In order to provide for the construction of the Hopi High School and related facilities; for the rehabilitation of existing irrigation systems; and, for renovation of Bureau-owned jails, there is appropriated an additional $64,450,000, to remain available until expended, to the Bureau of Indian Affairs for "Construction".

IMPROVING INDIAN HOUSING

In order to provide for the construction, repair, and improvement of Indian housing, there is appropriated an additional amount of $30,000,000 for "Operation of Indian Programs".

ASSISTING IN RURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RESOURCE CONSERVATION

In order to provide assistance for basic human amenities, to alleviate health hazards, to promote stability of rural areas by meeting the need for new and improved rural water and waste disposal systems and to meet national safe drinking water and clean water standards, there is appropriated an additional amount of $150,000,000 under the 1981 formula and regulations for "Rural

Water and Waste Disposal Grants", Farmers Home Administration, Department of Agriculture, to remain available until expended.

In order to assist eligible borrowers such as communities and others to provide assistance for basic human amenities, alleviate health hazards and promote the orderly growth of rural areas by meeting the need for the financing of new and improved rural water and waste disposal systems and meet the National Clean Water Standards and the Safe Drinking Water Act and to assist in achieving these objectives which create and conserve real wealth throughout the country, $450,000,000 for additional loans to be insured, or made to be sold and insured, under the "Rural Development Insurance Fund", Farmers Home Administration, Department of Agriculture in accordance with and subject to the provisions of 7 U.S.C. 1928 and 86 Stat. 661-664. 42 USC 201 note.

For an additional amount for "Salaries and Expenses", Farmers Home Administration, Department of Agriculture, $6,500,000 for 500 additional permanent full-time staff at the county office level for the purpose of handling and supervising loans in an effort to avoid foreclosures.

In order to assist States, local units of government, groups and individuals in developing area plans for resource conservation and development and to create jobs to increase and conserve the real wealth of this country, there is appropriated an additional amount for "Resource Conservation and Development", Soil Conservation Service, Department of Agriculture, $5,000,000, to remain available until expended.

INCREASING THE EFFECTIVENESS OF SOIL CONSERVATION ACTIVITIES

In order to assist in installing works of improvement and rehabilitation of existing works; reduce damage from floodwater sediment and erosion; for the conservation, development, utilization, and disposal of water; and for the conservation and proper utilization of land, there is appropriated an additional amount for "Watershed and Flood Prevention Operations", Soil Conservation Service, Department of Agriculture, and to assist in providing jobs which will increase and conserve the real wealth of this country, and to meet the needs for emergency work, including repairs to local roads and bridges, to remedy damages resulting from recent floods, $100,000,000, to remain available until expended.

For an additional amount for emergency measures to repair flood damage as authorized by sections 403-405 of the Agricultural Credit Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2203-2205), $7,500,000, to remain available until expended.

AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH SERVICE

CONSTRUCTION

To provide for construction, repair, and maintenance of agricultural research facilities, there is appropriated an additional amount of $3,000,000, for "Buildings and Facilities" for Agricultural Research Service.

FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

For design of facilities used by the Food and Drug Administration, where not otherwise provided, $875,000.

ENHANCEMENT OF WATER RESOURCE BENEFITS AND FOR EMERGENCY DISASTER WORK

For an additional amount to accelerate programmed ongoing construction of the Nation's river and harbor, flood control, shore protection, navigation, recreation, small continuing authority, and related projects, as authorized by law; and to meet emergency requirements and remedy damages and flooding resulting from disastrous storms and rains, $85,000,000, to remain available until expended, is hereby appropriated for "Construction, general", Corps of Engineers—Civil, Department of the Army.

For an additional amount to preserve, operate, maintain, and care for existing river and harbor, flood control, and related works; and to meet emergency requirements and remedy damages and flooding resulting from disastrous storms and rains, $164,000,000, to remain available until expended, is hereby appropriated for "Operation and maintenance, general", Corps of Engineers—Civil, Department of the Army.

To plan, construct, and maintain flood control measures for the river system which drains more than two-fifths of the Nation, to perform necessary rescue work, and repair and restoration of flood control projects including local roads and bridges; together with cooperative projects with the Soil Conservation Service authorized by law, to meet emergency requirements and remedy damages resulting from disastrous rains and floods, and to prevent future damages, an additional amount of $140,000,000, to remain available until expended, is hereby appropriated for "Flood control, Mississippi River and tributaries", Corps of Engineers—Civil, Department of the Army.

RECLAMATION AND IRRIGATION PROJECTS

To accelerate the completion of projects which will provide additional industrial and municipal water, irrigation water, and hydroelectric capability, an additional amount of $65,000,000, to remain

available until expended, is hereby appropriated for "Construction program", Bureau of Reclamation, Department of the Interior.

To accelerate hydrogenerator uprating, soil and moisture conservation operations on reclamation projects, levee construction, repair and restoration, improvements of recreation areas, and to assist in creating new productive jobs, an additional $21,000,000, to remain available until expended, is hereby appropriated for "Operation and maintenance", Bureau of Reclamation, Department of the Interior.

To accelerate loans to irrigation districts and other public agencies for construction of distribution systems on authorized Federal reclamation projects, and for loans and grants to non-Federal agencies, an additional $30,000,000, to remain available until expended, is hereby appropriated for "Loan program", Bureau of Reclamation, Department of the Interior.

In order to provide for improved maintenance, renovation, construction, and repair of Tennessee Valley Authority facilities, there is appropriated an additional amount of $40,000,000, to remain available until expended, for the Tennessee Valley Authority Fund.

FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL PRISON MODERNIZATION

For planning, acquisition of sites and remodeling, and construction of new facilities, and constructing, and equipping necessary buildings and facilities at existing penal and correctional institutions, including all necessary expenses incident thereto, by contract or force account, for "Buildings and facilities", Federal Prison System, Department of Justice, $80,000,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That of this amount, $20,000,000 shall be transferred to "Support of United States Prisoners", Legal Activities for the Cooperative Agreement Program for the purpose of renovating, constructing, and equipping State and local jail facilities that confine Federal prisoners.

CONSTRUCTION AND MODERNIZATION OF HOUSING UNITS FOR MILITARY FAMILIES

In order to accelerate the construction and maintenance of family housing, to increase the quality of life of military personnel and their families, which will result in jobs in the construction industry and its related trades, there is appropriated for expenses of family housing for the Army for maintenance, $73,654,000.

In order to accelerate the construction and maintenance of family housing, to increase the quality of life of military personnel and their families, which will result in jobs in the construction industry and its related trades, there is appropriated for expenses of family housing for the Navy and Marine Corps for construction, including addition, expansion, extension and alteration, and for maintenance, as follows: for construction, $15,691,000; for maintenance,

$17,107,000; in all, $32,798,000: *Provided,* That the amount provided for construction shall remain available until September 30, 1984.

In order to accelerate the construction and maintenance of family housing, to increase the quality of life of military personnel and their families, which will result in jobs in the construction industry and its related trades, there is appropriated for expenses of family housing for the Air Force for construction, including addition, expansion, extension and alteration, and for maintenance, as follows: for construction, $35,948,000; for maintenance, $37,242,000; in all, $73,190,000: *Provided,* That the amount provided for construction shall remain available until September 30, 1984.

96 Stat. 1551, 1556, 1561.

Sections 102(c), 202(c), and 302(c) of the Military Construction Authorization Act, 1983 (Pubic Law 97-321), are each amended by striking out "June 1, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "April 1, 1983".

LOW-INCOME ENERGY CONSERVATION

There is appropriated an additional amount for "Energy conservation", Department of Energy, $100,000,000, to remain available until expended for low-income weatherization: *Provided,* That funds for low-income weatherization activities appropriated under this Act shall be expended according to the regulations pertaining to the maximum allowable expenditures per dwelling unit which were in effect on October 1, 1982, and to the regulations pertaining to priority in providing weatherization assistance which were in effect on October 1, 1982.

SCHOOLS AND HOSPITALS WEATHERIZATION ASSISTANCE

In order to create productive jobs in manufacturing and installation of weatherproofing products, there is appropriated an additional amount for "Energy conservation", Department of Energy, $50,000,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That this amount shall be available for schools and hospitals weatherization assistance as authorized by the National Energy Conservation Policy Act (Public Law 95-619) (42 U.S.C. 6371-6372).

INCREASING EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING OPPORTUNITIES

(EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING ASSISTANCE)

To improve the opportunity for productive work through job training and job creation, an additional $217,400,000 for "Employment and Training Assistance", Department of Labor, of which $32,400,000 shall be for the Job Corps, $100,000,000 shall be for summer youth employment and $185,000,000 shall be for services to displaced workers under title III of the Job Training Partnership Act: *Provided,* That none of the amounts made available by this paragraph for summer youth employment shall be paid to any individual except upon written certification by the supervising official that the assigned job was performed: *Provided,* That the require-

96 Stat. 1364.

ments of section 304 of the Job Training Partnership Act shall not apply to the sums appropriated under this heading. 96 Stat. 1366. 29 USC 1654.

INCREASING EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES FOR OLDER AMERICANS

(COMMUNITY SERVICE EMPLOYMENT FOR OLDER AMERICANS)

For an additional amount to carry out the activities for national grants or contracts with public agencies and public or private nonprofit organizations under paragraph (1)(A) of section 506(a) of title V of the Older Americans Act of 1965, as amended, $29,250,000. 42 USC 3041e.

For an additional amount to carry out the activities for grants to States under paragraph (3) of section 506(a) of title V of the Older Americans Act of 1965, as amended, $8,250,000.

INCREASING ESSENTIAL COMMUNITY AND HOME HEALTH SERVICES

(HEALTH SERVICES)

To expand the availability of essential health care services for the disadvantaged and unemployed, including those in rural towns and villages, an additional $70,000,000 for "Health Services", Department of Health and Human Services, for carrying out titles III and XIX of the Public Health Service Act with respect to community and migrant health centers: *Provided,* That $5,000,000 shall be for the provision of home health services at such centers and $5,000,000 shall be for carrying out section 339 of the Public Health Service Act relating to home health care services and training: *Provided further,* That each center may apply up to 20 per centum of these funds provided to the center for the purchase (at rates not exceeding those prevailing under the applicable State plan approved under title XIX of the Social Security Act) of inpatient hospital services for delivery and post partum care to pregnant women and infants who have no other source of payment for the care. 42 USC 241, 300w. 42 USC 255. 42 USC 1396.

INCREASING MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH SERVICES

(HEALTH SERVICES)

To increase the availability of essential health services for disadvantaged children and mothers, an additional $105,000,000 for "Health Services", Department of Health and Human Services, for maternal and child health grants under title V of the Social Security Act: *Provided,* That such funds shall be allocated as provided for under section 502(b) of the Act: *Provided further,* That no grant shall be made to a State unless such State offers assurances satisfactory to the Secretary that it will use such amounts in addition to rather than in lieu of existing Federal or State funds currently available for these purposes. 42 USC 701. 42 USC 702.

CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL

PREVENTIVE HEALTH SERVICES

For an additional amount for "Preventive Health Services", $15,560,000, which shall remain available until expended and shall be for construction and renovation of facilities.

INCREASING ALCOHOL, DRUG ABUSE AND MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES

(ALCOHOL, DRUG ABUSE AND MENTAL HEALTH)

To expand community care programs for the prevention and treatment of mental illness, alcoholism and drug abuse, especially to meet problems associated with extended unemployment, an additional $30,000,000 for "Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health", Department of Health and Human Services, for carrying out the Alcohol, Drug Abuse and Mental Health Block Grant: *Provided,* That no grant shall be made to a State unless such State offers assurances satisfactory to the Secretary that it will use such amounts in addition to rather than in lieu of existing Federal or State funds currently available for these purposes.

INCREASING DAY CARE AND SOCIAL SERVICES

(SOCIAL SERVICES BLOCK GRANTS)

To expand the availability of day care and other social services available to unemployed and disadvantaged Americans, which also shall include Expanded Food and Nutrition Education (Nutrition Aides), an additional $225,000,000 for "Social Services Block Grants", Department of Health and Human Services, for carrying out title XX of the Social Security Act: *Provided,* That the State allotment for fiscal year 1983 shall not be reduced to offset any reduction in a prior year allotment made pursuant to the Department of Health and Human Services, OIG control number 030550 and 030551: *Provided further,* That no grant shall be awarded to a State under this paragraph unless such State offers assurances satisfactory to the Secretary that it will use these funds in addition to rather than in lieu of existing Federal or State funds currently available for these purposes.

42 USC 1397.

INCREASING COMMUNITY AND HUMANITARIAN SERVICES

(COMMUNITY SERVICES BLOCK GRANT)

To expand the availability of essential humanitarian assistance to the unemployed and disadvantaged including those in rural towns and villages, an additional $25,000,000 for "Community Services Block Grant", Department of Health and Human Services, for carrying out the Community Services Block Grant Act.

42 USC 9901 note.

PROVIDING URGENTLY NEEDED SCHOOL FACILITIES

(SCHOOL ASSISTANCE IN FEDERALLY AFFECTED AREAS)

To construct or improve school facilities to assure adequate, safe, and barrier-free buildings in school districts demonstrating an immediate and urgent need, there is appropriated an additional $25,000,000 to remain available until expended for "School Assistance in Federally Affected Areas", Department of Education for carrying out the Act of September 23, 1950, as amended (20 U.S.C., Ch. 19): *Provided,* That $25,000,000 shall be for sections 5 and 14(c), $10,000,000 shall be for section 10, and $25,000,000 shall be for sections 14 (a) and (b).

20 USC 631 *et seq.*
20 USC 635, 644, 640.

EDUCATION FOR THE HANDICAPPED

To carry out the provisions of section 607 of part A of the Education of the Handicapped Act, relating to the removal of architectural barriers in schools, $40,000,000, which shall remain available until expended. 20 USC 1406.

REHABILITATION SERVICES AND HANDICAPPED RESEARCH

There is appropriated $5,000,000 for section 621 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, relating to projects with industry for handicapped individuals, which is in addition to the amounts otherwise available for that section for fiscal year 1983. 29 USC 795g.

STUDENT FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

For an additional amount for "Student Financial Assistance", $50,000,000 to remain available until September 30, 1984 for carrying out part C of title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965, relating to the College Work Study Program: *Provided,* That notwithstanding subsections (a), (b), (c), and (e) of section 442 of the Higher Education Act of 1965, and section 11 of Public Law 97-301, the Secretary shall allot the sums appropriated pursuant to section 441(b) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 for fiscal year 1983 among the States so that each State's allotment bears the same ratio to the total amount appropriated as that State's allotment in fiscal year 1981 bears to the total amount appropriated pursuant to section 441(b) for the fiscal year 1981. 42 USC 2751. 42 USC 2752 note. 42 USC 2752. 96 Stat. 1403. 42 USC 2752 note. 42 USC 2751.

LIBRARIES

To carry out the provisions of title II of the Library Services and Construction Act, $50,000,000, which shall remain available until expended. 20 USC 355a.

DISTRIBUTION OF AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES

For an additional amount to be added to and merged with the funds currently available to the Department of Agriculture for surplus removal operations in connection with perishable agricultural commodities (7 U.S.C. 612c), $75,000,000. Such funds shall be used to acquire and distribute surplus agricultural commodities in areas of high unemployment for use in cooperative emergency feeding facilities for indigent persons and shall be accounted for separately and in addition to existing funds held in reserve to support the price of perishable commodities as the need may arise. The Secretary's ability to support prices is contingent upon maintaining reserves adequate to announce large scale purchase. Prices tend to stabilize based on the announcement of intent to purchase, thereby reducing the need for actual purchase.

Notwithstanding 15 U.S.C. 713c-2, the Secretary of Agriculture shall purchase domestically produced fresh and processed fishery products from funds appropriated under 7 U.S.C. 612c, and distribute to eligible recipient agencies.

FEEDING PROGRAM FOR WOMEN, INFANTS, AND CHILDREN

(WIC)

In order to provide supplemental food to low-income pregnant, post partum and breastfeeding women, their infants and young children up to five years of age who are at nutritional risk due to inadequate income resulting from the serious decline in the economy and the unacceptably high levels of unemployment, funds shall be made available to local health clinics through State departments of health and to Indian groups; and upon determination of nutritional risk by competent health care professionals supplemental food shall be provided to such needy individuals to prevent health problems and to improve the future status of their health, $100,000,000.

FOOD DISTRIBUTION AND EMERGENCY SHELTERS

There is hereby appropriated $50,000,000 to the Federal Emergency Management Agency to carry out an emergency food and shelter program. Notwithstanding any other provision of this or any other Act, such amount shall be made available under the terms and conditions of the following paragraphs:

The Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency shall, as soon as practicable after enactment of this Act, constitute a national board for the purpose of determining how the program funds are to be distributed to individual localities. The national board shall consist of seven members. The United Way of America, the Salvation Army, the Council of Churches, the National Conference of Catholic Charities, the Council of Jewish Federations, Inc., the American Red Cross, and the Federal Emergency Management Agency shall each designate a representative to sit on the national board. The representative of the Federal Emergency Management Agency shall chair the national board.

Membership.

Each locality designated by the national board to receive funds shall constitute a local board for the purpose of determining how its funds will be distributed. The local board shall consist, to the extent practicable, of representatives of the same organizations as the national board except that the mayor or appropriate head of government will replace the Federal Emergency Management Agency member.

The Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency shall award a grant for $50,000,000 to the national board within thirty days after enactment of this Act for the purpose of providing emergency food and shelter to needy individuals through private voluntary organizations.

Eligible private voluntary organizations should be nonprofit, have a voluntary board, have an accounting system, and practice nondiscrimination.

Program participation.

Participation in the program should be based upon a private voluntary organization's ability to deliver emergency food and shelter to needy individuals and such other factors as are determined by the local boards.

Total administrative costs shall not exceed 2 per centum of the total appropriation.

As authorized by the Charter of the Commodity Credit Corporation, the Corporation shall process and distribute surplus food

owned or to be purchased by the Corporation under the food distribution and emergency shelter program in cooperation with the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

There is hereby appropriated $50,000,000 to the Federal Emergency Management Agency to carry out an emergency food and shelter program. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act or any other law, such amount shall be made available under the terms and conditions of the following paragraphs:

The Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency in consultation with the Director of the Office of Community Services, Department of Health and Human Services shall, within thirty days of the enactment of this Act, make grants totaling $50,000,000 to States (as defined in section 673(4) of Public Law 97-35) for the purposes of carrying out a program of shelter and food distribution within the States. The Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency shall make grants to States in amounts based upon the procedure established for determining allotments to States in section 674 of Public Law 97-35 except that the Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency shall disregard subsection (B) of section 674(a)(1). 42 USC 9902. 42 USC 9903.

No part of the appropriation provided herein shall be expended for the administrative costs of the Federal Emergency Management Agency or any other Federal agency. Administrative costs shall be limited to 2 per centum of the total appropriation: *Provided*, That, the States shall use such funds to supplement and coordinate efforts to supply food and shelter by organizations such as the United Way agencies, the Salvation Army chapters, community action agencies, church organizations, and other voluntary groups and organizations. Limitations.

SEC. 101. (a)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, 75 per centum of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available in this title for each account listed in subsection (a)(5) shall be made available for projects and activities in civil jurisdictions with high unemployment, or in labor surplus areas, or in political units or in pockets of poverty that are currently or should meet the criteria to be eligible under the Urban Development Action Grant program administered by the Department of Housing and Urban Development.

(2) For purposes of this subsection, a "civil jurisdiction" is— "Civil jurisdiction."

(A) a city of 50,000 or more population on the basis of the most recently available Bureau of the Census estimates; or

(B) a town or township in the State of New Jersey, New York, Michigan or Pennsylvania of 50,000 or more population and which possesses powers and functions similar to those of cities; or

(C) a county, except those counties which contain any type of civil jurisdictions defined in paragraphs (A) or (B) of this subsection; or

(D) a "balance of county" consisting of a county less any component cities and townships identified in paragraphs (A) or (B) of this subsection; or

(E) a county equivalent which is a town in the State of Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and Connecticut.

(3) For purposes of this subsection, a "civil jurisdiction with a high level of unemployment" is a civil jurisdiction that has been so classified by the Assistant Secretary for Employment and Training, United States Department of Labor. The Assistant Secretary shall classify a civil jurisdiction as having high unemployment whenever, "Civil jurisdiction with a high level of unemployment."

as determined by the Bureau of Labor Statistics using the latest comparable data available from Departmental, State or local sources, the civil jurisdiction has had an average unadjusted unemployment rate over the previous twelve months of not less than ninety percent of the unadjusted average unemployment rate for all States during the same period. The Assistant Secretary, upon petition submitted by the appropriate State agency, may classify a civil jurisdiction as having high unemployment whenever the civil jurisdiction has experienced or is about to experience a sudden economic dislocation resulting in job loss that is significant both in terms of the number of jobs eliminated and the effect upon the employment rate of the area. The Assistant Secretary shall publish a list of civil jurisdictions with high unemployment, together with geographic descriptions thereof, as soon as practicable, but not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act. This list shall be updated on a monthly basis thereafter, by adding civil jurisdictions that the Assistant Secretary of Labor deems to meet the above criteria.

Unemployment list, publication.

(4) In classifying civil jurisdictions with high unemployment, the Assistant Secretary, in order to include those individuals actually unemployed, should consider modification of the criteria which counts as fully employed persons who worked at all as paid employees in their own business, profession or farm, or who worked fifteen hours or more in an enterprise operated by a member of the family.

Unemployment criteria, modification.

(5) The provisions of this subsection shall apply only to funds appropriated or otherwise made available in this title to:

GSA—Repairing Federal Buildings;
Mass Transit Grants;
Amtrak Grants;
Repairing VA Hospitals;
Economic Development Administration;
SBA Business loan and investment fund;
SBA Natural Resources Development;
Repairing Urban Parks;
Improving and Maintaining National Parks;
Preserving National Forests;
Fish and Wildlife Facilities;
Rural Water and Waste Disposal Grants;
Resource Conservation and Development;
Soil Conservation Service Activities;
Family Housing for the Military;
School Facilities:

Provided, That Corps of Engineers funds shall also be subject to the provisions of this subsection to the extent practicable.

(6) For projects encompassing a civil jurisdiction with high unemployment, labor surplus areas, or political units or pockets of poverty that are currently or should meet the criteria to be eligible under the Urban Development Action Grant program administered by the Department of Housing and Urban Development, as defined in subsections (a)(1), (a)(2), and (a)(3), and a noneligible area, such project shall be eligible for funds under this subsection.

Funding.

(b)(1) Nothwithstanding any other provision of law, and subject to the provisions of subsection (b)(5), the head of each Federal agency to which funds are appropriated or otherwise made available under this title, with respect to any program distributed according to a formula grant by State, shall allot the funds as follows:

(A) One-third of such sums for each such program shall be allotted among the States on the basis of the relative number of unemployed individuals who reside in each State as compared to the total number of unemployed individuals in all of the States.

(B) One-sixth of such sums for each program shall be allotted among "long-term unemployment States", to be allotted among "long-term unemployment States" on the basis of the relative number of unemployed individuals who reside in each "long-term unemployment State" as compared to the total number of unemployed individuals in all "long-term unemployment States".

(C) One-half of such sums for each such program shall be allocated among the States on the basis of the provisions of law authorizing each such program.

(2) States receiving allotment of funds under this subsection shall to the extent practicable utilize such funds in areas of the State where unemployment is highest and has been high for the longest period of time and for authorized purposes which have the greatest immediate employment impact.

(3) For purposes of this subsection: Definitions.

(A) The term "State" means each of the several States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

(B) The number of unemployed individuals who reside in each State, as well as the total number of unemployed individuals in all of the States, shall be determined by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor for the month of January 1983.

(C) The term "long-term unemployment State" means any State in which the average unadjusted unemployment rate was equal to or above the unemployment rate of 9.4 percent for the period of June 1982, through November 1982.

(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and subject to the provisions of subsection (b)(5), the head of each Federal agency to which funds are appropriated or otherwise made available under this title, with respect to any program distributed according to a formula grant to political subdivisions of the States, shall allot the funds or other authority provided by this title first, among the States in the manner specified in section (b)(1) and second, among the political subdivisions of that State, to the extent practicable under subsection (b)(2), in accordance with the allocation factors contained in the provision of law authorizing each such program.

(5) The provisions of subsection (b)(1) or (b)(4), as the case may be, of this subsection shall apply to funds appropriated, or otherwise made available, under this title to—

Community Development Grants;
Social Services Block Grants;
Community Services Block Grant;
Library Services and Construction Act;
Rebuilding Aviation Infrastructure.

(c) The head of each Federal agency to which funds are appropriated or otherwise made available under this title, or States, or political subdivisions of States, which receive allotment of funds under this title shall to the extent practicable utilize such funds in a manner which maximizes immediate creation of new employment opportunities to individuals who were unemployed at least fifteen of the twenty-six weeks immediately preceding the date of enactment of

this Act. It is the intent of the Congress that funds appropriated or otherwise made available under this title be obligated and disbursed as rapidly as possible so as to quickly assist the unemployed and the needy as well as minimize future year budgetary outlays.

Report to Congress.

(d) Funds or authority to be made available for projects and activities in civil jurisdictions or States with high unemployment, labor surplus areas, or political units or pockets of poverty that are currently or should meet the criteria to be eligible under the Urban Development Action Grant program administered by the Department of Housing and Urban Development, or to State or sub-State jurisdictions, in accordance with this section, but which cannot be rapidly or efficiently utilized shall be identified in a report transmitted to Congress by the Office of Management and Budget not later than thirty days following enactment of this Act. Not later than ten days following transmittal of such report, such funds shall be reallocated on the basis of the provisions of law authorizing each such program.

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the head of each Federal agency to which appropriations are made under this title, with respect to project grants or project contracts in this section, shall expedite final approval of projects in areas of high unemployment, labor surplus areas, or in political units or in pockets of poverty that are currently or should meet the criteria to be eligible under the Urban Development Action Grant program administered by the Department of Housing and Urban Development in order to allocate sums as required by this section. Nothing required by this section shall impede the rapid expenditure of funds under this section.

(f) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, any agency rulemaking proceeding conducted in order to implement the provisions of this title shall be conducted expeditiously, and in no case shall an agency hearing on the record be required.

RAILROAD UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

SEC. 102. (a) The Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act (45 U.S.C. 351 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"SUPPLEMENTAL BENEFITS

45 USC 368.
45 USC 351.

"SEC. 17. (a) An employee as defined in section 1(d) of this Act shall be entitled to supplemental unemployment benefits in accordance with the provisions of this section for each day of unemployment in excess of four during any registration period in such employee's period of eligibility if such employee—

45 USC 231.

"(1) has less than ten years of service as defined in section 1(f) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974, did not voluntarily retire, and did not voluntarily leave work without good cause;

"(2) has with respect to the benefit year beginning July 1, 1982, exhausted all rights to unemployment benefits under this Act other than supplemental unemployment benefits payable by reason of this section;

"(3) has no rights to unemployment benefits under any State unemployment compensation law or any other Federal law; and

"(4) is not receiving unemployment compensation with respect to such day under the unemployment compensation law of Canada.

"(b) For purposes of this section, an employee shall be deemed to have exhausted his rights to unemployment benefits under this Act when no unemployment benefits (other than supplemental unemployment benefits payable by reason of this section) can be paid to the employee because he has received the maximum unemployment benefits available to him under this Act, other than this section.

Benefit amounts.

"(c) The amount of supplemental unemployment benefits payable to an employee under this section for any day of unemployment shall be equal to the amount that would be payable to him for such day under section 2(a) of this Act if he were entitled to receive benefits under such section.

Maximum number of benefit days.

"(d) The maximum number of days of unemployment for which supplemental unemployment benefits may be paid to an employee by reason of this section shall be fifty.

Restrictions.

"(e) No supplemental unemployment benefits shall be payable by reason of this section for any day before March 10, 1983, or for any day in any registration period beginning after June 30, 1983.

"Period of eligibility."

"(f) For purposes of this section the term 'period of eligibility' means with respect to any employee, the period beginning with the first day of unemployment following the later of (i) the day on which he exhausted his rights to unemployment benefits (as determined under subsection (b)) in the benefit year beginning July 1, 1982, or (ii) January 31, 1983, and shall consist of five consecutive registration periods, except that no supplemental benefits under this section shall be payable for any day of unemployment in any registration period beginning after June 30, 1983.

Claims.

"(g) The terms and conditions of this Act that apply to claims for unemployment benefits and the payment or recovery thereof shall apply to claims for supplemental unemployment benefits and payment thereof, except where inconsistent with the provisions of this section.

"(h)(1) There are authorized to be appropriated from the general fund in the Treasury to the railroad unemployment insurance account in the Unemployment Trust Fund, without fiscal year limitation, such sums as may be necessary to pay supplemental unemployment benefits payable by reason of this section. Such amounts shall not be required to be repaid.

Repayment.

"(2) There are authorized to be appropriated from the general fund in the Treasury to the railroad unemployment insurance administration account in the Unemployment Trust Fund, without fiscal year limitation, such sums as may be necessary to meet the costs of administering the program of supplemental unemployment benefits established by this section. Such amounts shall not be required to be repaid.".

Repayment.

(b) In addition to any amounts otherwise appropriated in this Act or any other Act, there are appropriated for the Railroad Retirement Board, $125,000,000 for transfer into the railroad unemployment insurance account in the Unemployment Trust Fund in accordance with section 17(h)(1) of the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act, and $750,000 for transfer into the railroad unemployment insurance administration account in the Unemployment Trust Fund in accordance with section 17(h)(2) of such Act.

Ante, p. 32.

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ADMINISTRATION FOR NATIVE AMERICANS

42 USC 2991.

SEC. 103. During fiscal year 1983, general administration of programs authorized under the Native American Programs Act shall remain in the Department of Health and Human Services and shall not be transferred to the Bureau of Indian Affairs and the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall continue to administer the financial assistance grants funded under that Act through the Administration for Native Americans: *Provided,* That this provision shall not prohibit interagency funding agreements between the Administration for Native Americans and other agencies of the Federal Government for the development and implementation of specific grants or projects.

NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE

15 USC 313 note.

SEC. 104. Since the Administration has proposed to sell the weather (METSAT) and land (LANDSAT) satellite systems;

Since there are concerns about possible commercialization of the National Weather Service;

Since our country should provide weather service information for the protection of life and property;

Since our Nation's economy—its agriculture, aviation, ocean shipping and construction—is heavily affected by weather and our ability to forecast and disseminate vital information about its behavior: Now, therefore,

It is the sense of the Congress that a reliable and compehensive national weather information system responsive to the needs of national security; agriculture, transportation and other affected sectors; and individual citizens must be maintained through a strong central National Weather Service that can work closely with the private sector, other Federal and State government agencies, and the weather services of other nations.

Further, the Nation's civil operational remote sensing satellites (METSAT and LANDSAT) shall remain under the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. No effort shall be made to dismantle, transfer, lease or sell any portion of these systems without prior congressional approval.

SHEA'S BUFFALO THEATER AND KLEINHANS MUSIC HALL, BUFFALO, NEW YORK

42 USC 3121 note.

SEC. 105. Upon request of the city of Buffalo, New York, the Secretary of Commerce shall authorize such city to sell or lease to any person the Shea's Buffalo Theater and Kleinhans Music Hall, without affecting the Federal assistance provided by a grant under the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965 (project number 01-51-22675) or any other law, if such transfer documents provide for the operation of such facilities as performing arts centers for at least 25 years after the date of such transfer.

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

UNITED STATES CUSTOMS SERVICE

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AIR INTERDICTION PROGRAM

SEC. 106. For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the acquisition of aircraft (by any means other than purchase from a commercial source), operation and maintenance of United States Customs Service air interdiction program activities, $3,750,000.

TITLE II—TEMPORARY EMERGENCY FOOD ASSISTANCE ACT OF 1983

SEC. 201. This title may be cited as the "Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983", and is hereinafter in this title referred to as "the Act". Short title. 7 USC 612c note.

AVAILABILITY OF CCC COMMODITIES

SEC. 202. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, commodities acquired by the Commodity Credit Corporation that are in excess of quantities needed for the fiscal year to carry out a payment-in-kind acreage diversion program, maintain U.S. share of world markets, and meet international market development and food aid commitments, shall be made available by the Secretary of Agriculture (hereinafter in this Act referred to as the "Secretary") without charge or credit in such fiscal year for use by eligible recipient agencies. Upon request, commodities provided by the CCC shall be provided in a form suitable for individual household or institutional use. 7 USC 612c note.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if wheat stocks acquired by the Commodity Credit Corporation are not available for the purposes of this Act, up to 300,000 metric tons of wheat designated under section 302(b)(1) of the Food Security Wheat Reserve Act of 1980 shall be used for the purposes of this Act. Any amount of wheat used from the Food Security Wheat Reserve under this Act shall be replenished by an equivalent quantity of wheat under the provisions of section 302(b) of the Food Security Wheat Reserve Act of 1980 as soon as practicable, but before December 31, 1983. 7 USC 1736f-1.

PROCESSING AGREEMENTS

SEC. 203. Whenever a commodity is made available without charge or credit under any nutrition program administered by the Secretary, the Secretary shall encourage consumption thereof through agreements with private companies under which the commodity is reprocessed into end-food products for use by eligible recipient agencies, with the expense of the reprocessing to be borne by the recipient agencies. 7 USC 612c note.

AUTHORIZATION AND APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 204. (a) There is appropriated for the period ending September 30, 1983, $50,000,000 for the Secretary to make available to the States for storage and distribution costs, of which not less than $10,000,000 shall be made available for paying the actual costs incurred by charitable institutions, food banks, hunger centers, soup 7 USC 612c note.

kitchens, and similar nonprofit organizations providing nutrition assistance to relieve situations of emergency and distress through the provision of food to needy persons, including low-income and unemployed persons, provided that in no case shall such payments exceed five per centum of the value of commodities distributed by any such agency. The value of the commodities made available under this Act and the funds of the Corporation used to pay the costs of initial processing, packaging (including forms suitable for home use), and delivering commodities to the States shall not be charged against this appropriation.

RELATIONSHIPS TO FOOD STAMPS

7 USC 612c note. 7 USC 2013.

SEC. 205. Section 4(b) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 shall not apply with respect to the distribution of commodities under this Act.

COMMODITIES NOT INCOME

7 USC 612c note.

SEC. 206. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, commodities distributed under this Act shall not be considered income or resources for any purposes under any Federal, State, or local law.

PENALTIES

7 USC 612c note.

SEC. 207. Section 4(c) of the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973 is amended by—

(1) striking out "or section 709" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 709"; and

(2) inserting after "(7 U.S.C. 1446a-1)" the phrase "or the Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983".

PROHIBITION AGAINST CERTAIN STATE CHARGES

7 USC 612c note.

SEC. 208. Whenever a commodity is made available without charge or credit under any nutrition program administered by the Secretary for distribution within the States to eligible recipient agencies, the State may not charge recipient agencies any amount that is in excess of the State's direct costs of storing and transporting the commodities to recipient agencies minus any amount the Secretary provides the State for the costs of storing and transporting such commodities.

COMMODITY SUPPLEMENTAL FOOD PROGRAM ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

7 USC 612c note.

SEC. 209. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, administrative expenses for the Commodity Supplemental Food Program, on commodities donated by CCC during fiscal year 1983, shall be paid from CCC funds and shall be fifteen per centum of the book value of the commodities donated.

REGULATIONS

7 USC 612c note.

SEC. 210. The Secretary shall issue regulations within 30 days to implement this Act.

TITLE III—SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS

SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

Business Loan and Investment Fund

GUARANTEED LOANS

For additional capital for the "Business loan and investment fund", authorized by the Small Business Act, as amended, $200,000,000, to remain available without fiscal year limitation. 15 USC 631 note.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Commodity Credit Corporation

REIMBURSEMENT FOR NET REALIZED LOSSES

For an additional amount for "Reimbursement for net realized losses", $5,707,457,000.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

ADVANCES TO THE UNEMPLOYMENT TRUST FUND AND OTHER FUNDS

For an additional amount for "Advances to the Unemployment Trust Fund and Other Funds", $5,033,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1984.

GRANTS TO STATES FOR UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE AND EMPLOYMENT SERVICES

For an additional amount for "Grants to States for unemployment insurance and employment services", $276,100,000, which may be expended from the Employment Security Administration Account in the Unemployment Trust Fund and which shall be available only to the extent necessary to meet increased costs of administration resulting from changes in a State law or increases in the number of unemployment insurance claims filed and claims paid or increased salary costs resulting from changes in State salary compensation plans embracing employees of the State generally over those upon which the State's basic grant was based, which cannot be provided for by normal budgetary adjustments: *Provided,* That any portion of the funds granted to a State in the current fiscal year and not obligated by the State in that year shall be returned to the Treasury and credited to the account from which derived.

AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS

No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided herein.

Approved March 24, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 1718 (H.J. Res. 245):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 98-11 (Comm. on Appropriations) and No. 98-44 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORT No. 98-17 (Comm. on Appropriations).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):

Mar. 3, considered and passed House.

Mar. 9-11, 14-17, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Mar. 22, House agreed to the conference report, concurred in certain Senate amendments and in others with amendments; Senate agreed to conference report, concurred in House amendments with an amendment.

Mar. 24, House concurred in Senate amendment.

Public Law 98-9
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Designating the week beginning March 20, 1983, as "National Mental Health Counselors Week".

Mar. 24, 1983
[S.J. Res. 35]

Whereas mental health counselors work in a specialized field of counseling which emphasizes the developmental and adjustive nature of mental health services;

Whereas mental health counselors utilize individual and group counseling techniques oriented toward assisting individuals with methods of problem solving, personal and social development, decisionmaking, and the complex process of developing self-understanding and making life decisions;

Whereas mental health counselors work in conjunction with other helping professionals, such as psychiatrists, psychologists, and social workers to determine the most appropriate counseling for each client;

Whereas mental health counselors work in psychiatric hospitals, community mental health agencies, private clinics, college campuses, rehabilitation centers, and private practice, providing almost 50 per centum of direct delivery of mental health services;

Whereas mental health counselors are individuals upon whom, by virtue of their education and extensive training, have been conferred masters or doctor of philosophy degrees in mental health counseling or community mental health counseling, or similar degree titles having a focus on mental health; and

Whereas mental health counselors, after having earned such degrees, have performed at least two years of supervised clinical counseling, and are licensed or certified as such in the State of their residence, or are certified by the National Academy of Certified Clinical Mental Health Counselors: Now, therefore, be it

National Mental Health Counselors Week.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the week beginning March 20, 1983, is designated "National Mental Health Counselors Week". The President is requested to issue a proclamation calling upon all government agencies and the people of the United States to observe that week with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

Approved March 24, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 35:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Mar. 18, considered and passed Senate.
Mar. 21, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-10
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Designating March 21, 1983, as "Afghanistan Day".

Mar. 24, 1983
[S.J. Res. 65]

Whereas the occupation of Afghanistan by the Soviet Union continues unabated, causing immense privation to, and suffering among, the people of Afghanistan;

Whereas the Soviet occupation of this formerly independent and sovereign land has now entered its fourth year;

Whereas the Soviet occupation forces now total over one hundred thousand troops;

Whereas Soviet troops have brutally slaughtered thousands of innocent Afghan civilians through the use of modern weapons of war, including chemical and biological weapons;

Whereas the number of refugees forced to flee Afghanistan has steadily increased and approaches four million;

Whereas the undaunted resistance of the Afghan freedom fighters against the Soviet occupational forces is an inspiration to the free world;

Whereas the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan undermines the spirit and intention of the Declaration of Principles of the Final Act of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe, which the Soviet Union signed at Helsinki, Finland, in 1975; and

Whereas the people of Afghanistan observe March 21 as the start of their new year: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That March 21, 1983, is designated "Afghanistan Day". The President is requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe that day with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

Afghanistan Day.

Approved March 24, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 65:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Mar. 18, considered and passed Senate.
Mar. 21, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-11
98th Congress

An Act

Mar. 28, 1983
[S. 271]

To amend the National Trails System Act by designating additional national scenic and historic trails, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

National Trails System Act, amendment.

TITLE I—LIMITATION ON APPROPRIATIONS

16 USC 1249 note.

SEC. 101. Authorizations of appropriations under this Act shall be effective only for the fiscal year beginning on October 1, 1983, and subsequent fiscal years. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, authority to enter into contracts, and to make payments, under this Act shall be effective only to such extent or in such amounts as are provided in advance in appropriation Acts.

TITLE II—AMENDMENTS TO THE NATIONAL TRAILS SYSTEM ACT

National Trails System Act Amendments of 1983.
16 USC 1241 note.

SEC. 201. This title may be cited as the "National Trails System Act Amendments of 1983".

SEC. 202. Section 2 of the National Trails System Act (82 Stat. 919; 16 U.S.C. 1241 et seq.) is amended—

(1) in subsection (b), by striking out "the purpose" and inserting in lieu thereof "The purpose"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection: "(c) The Congress recognizes the valuable contributions that volunteers and private, nonprofit trail groups have made to the development and maintenance of the Nation's trails. In recognition of these contributions, it is further the purpose of this Act to encourage and assist volunteer citizen involvement in the planning, development, maintenance, and management, where appropriate, of trails.".

16 USC 1242.

SEC. 203. Section 3 of the National Trails System Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "composed of—" and inserting in lieu thereof "composed of the following:";

(2) by redesignating paragraphs (a) through (d) as paragraphs (1) through (4), respectively, and by inserting "(a)" after "SEC. 3.";

(3) in paragraph (2) of subsection (a) (as so redesignated), by adding at the end thereof the following: "National scenic trails may be located so as to represent desert, marsh, grassland, mountain, canyon, river, forest, and other areas, as well as landforms which exhibit significant characteristics of the physiographic regions of the Nation.";

(4) in the fourth sentence of paragraph (3) of subsection (a) (as so redesignated), by striking out "Act, are established as initial" and inserting in lieu thereof "Act are included as";

(5) in the fifth sentence of paragraph (3) of subsection (a) (as so redesignated), by striking out "subsequently"; and

(6) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsections:

"(b) For purposes of this section, the term 'extended trails' means trails or trail segments which total at least one hundred miles in length, except that historic trails of less than one hundred miles may be designated as extended trails. While it is desirable that extended trails be continuous, studies of such trails may conclude that it is feasible to propose one or more trail segments which, in the aggregate, constitute at least one hundred miles in length. "Extended trails."

"(c) On October 1, 1982, and at the beginning of each odd numbered fiscal year thereafter, the Secretary of the Interior shall submit to the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives and to the President of the United States Senate, an initial and revised (respectively) National Trails System plan. Such comprehensive plan shall indicate the scope and extent of a completed nationwide system of trails, to include (1) desirable nationally significant scenic and historic components which are considered necessary to complete a comprehensive national system, and (2) other trails which would balance out a complete and comprehensive nationwide system of trails. Such plan, and the periodic revisions thereto, shall be prepared in full consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture, the Governors of the various States, and the trails community.". Plan submittal.

SEC. 204. Section 4(b) of the National Trails System Act is amended— 16 USC 1243.

(1) in clauses (i) and (ii) by striking out "Secretary of the Interior" and inserting in lieu thereof "appropriate Secretary";

(2) in clause (i), by striking out "agencies, and" and inserting in lieu thereof "agencies;";

(3) in clause (ii), by striking out the period at the end thereof and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and

(4) by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(iii) trails on privately owned lands may be designated 'National Recreation Trails' by the appropriate Secretary with the written consent of the owner of the property involved.".

SEC. 205. (a) Section 5(a) of the National Trails System Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: 16 USC 1244.

"(11) The Potomac Heritage National Scenic Trail, a corridor of approximately seven hundred and four miles following the route as generally depicted on the map identified as 'National Trails System, Proposed Potomac Heritage Trail' in 'The Potomac Heritage Trail', a report prepared by the Department of the Interior and dated December 1974, except that no designation of the trail shall be made in the State of West Virginia. The map shall be on file and available for public inspection in the office of the Director of the National Park Service, Washington, District of Columbia. The trail shall initially consist of only those segments of the corridor located within the exterior boundaries of federally administered areas. No lands or interests therein outside the exterior boundaries of any federally administered area may be acquired by the Federal Government for the Potomac Heritage Trail. The Secretary of the Interior may designate lands outside of federally administered areas as segments of the trail, only upon application from the States or local governmental agencies involved, if such segments meet the criteria established in this Act and are administered by such agencies without expense to the United States. The trail shall be administered by the Secretary of the Interior. Potomac Heritage National Scenic Trail. Map; public availability.

Natchez Trace National Scenic Trail.

"(12) The Natchez Trace National Scenic Trail, a trail system of approximately six hundred and ninety-four miles extending from Nashville, Tennessee, to Natchez, Mississippi, as depicted on the map entitled 'Concept Plan, Natchez Trace Trails Study' in 'The Natchez Trace', a report prepared by the Department of the Interior and dated August 1979. The map shall be on file and available for public inspection in the office of the Director of the National Park Service, Department of the Interior, Washington, District of Columbia. The trail shall be administered by the Secretary of the Interior.

Map; public availability.

Florida National Scenic Trail.

"(13) The Florida National Scenic Trail, a route of approximately thirteen hundred miles extending through the State of Florida as generally depicted in 'The Florida Trail', a national scenic trail study draft report prepared by the Department of the Interior and dated February 1980. The report shall be on file and available for public inspection in the office of the Chief of the Forest Service, Washington, District of Columbia. No lands or interests therein outside the exterior boundaries of any federally administered area may be acquired by the Federal Government for the Florida Trail except with the consent of the owner thereof. The Secretary of Agriculture may designate lands outside of federally administered areas as segments of the trail, only upon application from the States or local governmental agencies involved, if such segments meet the criteria established in this Act and are administered by such agencies without expense to the United States. The trail shall be administered by the Secretary of Agriculture.".

Report; public availability.

16 USC 1244.

(b) Section 5(b) of the National Trails System Act is amended—

(1) by inserting after the second sentence the following: "The feasibility of designating a trail shall be determined on the basis of an evaluation of whether or not it is physically possible to develop a trail along a route being studied, and whether the development of a trail would be financially feasible.";

(2) in paragraph (b)(3), by inserting "16" before "U.S.C."; and

(3) in paragraph (b)(11)(B) by inserting the word "exploration," after "commerce," in the first sentence.

(c) Section 5(c) of the National Trails System Act is amended—

(1) in paragraph (9), by striking out "Sante Fe" and inserting in lieu thereof "Santa Fe"; and

(2) by adding after paragraph (23) the following:

"(24) Juan Bautista de Anza Trail, following the overland route taken by Juan Bautista de Anza in connection with his travels from the United Mexican States to San Francisco, California.

"(25) Trail of Tears, including the associated forts and specifically, Fort Mitchell, Alabama, and historic properties, extending from the vicinity of Murphy, North Carolina, through Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee, Kentucky, Illinois, Missouri, and Arkansas, to the vicinity of Tahlequah, Oklahoma.

"(26) Illinois Trail, extending from the Lewis and Clark Trail at Wood River, Illinois, to the Chicago Portage National Historic Site, generally following the Illinois River and the Illinois and Michigan Canal.

"(27) Jedediah Smith Trail, to include the routes of the explorations led by Jedediah Smith—

"(A) during the period 1826–1827, extending from the Idaho-Wyoming border, through the Great Salt Lake, Sevier, Virgin, and Colorado River Valleys, and the Mojave Desert, to the San Gabriel Mission, California; thence through the Tehachapi Mountains, San Joaquin and Stanislaus River Valleys, Ebbetts

Pass, Walker River Valley, Bald Mount, Mount Grafton, and Great Salt Lake to Bear Lake, Utah; and

"(B) during 1828, extending from the Sacramento and Trinity River Valleys along the Pacific coastline, through the Smith and Willamette River Valleys to the Fort Vancouver National Historic Site, Washington, on the Columbia River.

"(28) General Crook Trail, extending from Prescott, Arizona, across the Mogollon Rim to Fort Apache.

"(29) Beale Wagon Road, within the Kaibab and Coconino National Forests in Arizona: *Provided,* That such study may be prepared in conjunction with ongoing planning processes for these National Forests to be completed before 1990.".

(d) Section 5(d) of the National Trails System Act is amended— 16 USC 1244.

(1) by inserting after the first sentence the following: "If the appropriate Secretary is unable to establish such an advisory council because of the lack of adequate public interest, the Secretary shall so advise the appropriate committees of the Congress."; and

(2) by redesignating paragraphs (i) through (iv) as paragraphs (1) through (4), respectively, and by amending paragraph (1) (as so redesignated) to read as follows:

"(1) the head of each Federal department or independent agency administering lands through which the trail route passes, or his designee;".

(e) Section 5(f) of the National Trails System Act is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking out "national recreational" and inserting in lieu thereof "national historic", and by striking out "and" after the semicolon;

(2) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(3) a protection plan for any high potential historic sites or high potential route segments; and

"(4) general and site-specific development plans, including anticipated costs.".

SEC. 206. Section 6 of the National Trails System Act is amended— 16 USC 1245.

(1) in the first sentence, by inserting "by the appropriate Secretary" after "marked"; and

(2) by striking out ": *Provided*" and all that follows through the period and inserting in lieu thereof the following: ", or, where the appropriate Secretary deems necessary or desirable, on privately owned lands with the consent of the landowner. Applications for approval and designation of connecting and side trails on non-Federal lands shall be submitted to the appropriate Secretary.".

SEC. 207. (a) Section 7 of the National Trails System Act is amended— 16 USC 1246.

(1) by striking out "SEC. 7. (a)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(2)"; and

(2) by inserting the following immediately after the section heading:

"SEC. 7. (a)(1)(A) The Secretary charged with the overall administration of a trail pursuant to section 5(a) shall, in administering and managing the trail, consult with the heads of all other affected State and Federal agencies. Nothing contained in this Act shall be deemed to transfer among Federal agencies any management responsibil- *Ante,* p. 43.

ities established under any other law for federally administered lands which are components of the National Trails System. Any transfer of management responsibilities may be carried out between the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture only as provided under subparagraph (B).

Management transference, procedure. *Ante*, p. 43.

"(B) The Secretary charged with the overall administration of any trail pursuant to section 5(a) may transfer management of any specified trail segment of such trail to the other appropriate Secretary pursuant to a joint memorandum of agreement containing such terms and conditions as the Secretaries consider most appropriate to accomplish the purposes of this Act. During any period in which management responsibilities for any trail segment are transferred under such an agreement, the management of any such segment shall be subject to the laws, rules, and regulations of the Secretary provided with the management authority under the agreement, except to such extent as the agreement may otherwise expressly provide.";

(3) in the first sentence of paragraph (2) of this subsection (a) (as redesignated by paragraph (1) of this subsection), by striking out "thereof", and inserting in lieu thereof "of the availability of appropriate maps or descriptions", and striking out ", together with appropriate maps and descriptions".

16 USC 1246.

(b) Section 7(b) is amended—

(1) by inserting "of the availability of appropriate maps or descriptions" after "notice"; and

(2) by striking out "together with appropriate maps and descriptions,".

Trail interpretation sites.

(c) Section 7(c) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "The appropriate Secretary may also provide for trail interpretation sites, which shall be located at historic sites along the route of any national scenic or national historic trail, in order to present information to the public about the trail, at the lowest possible cost, with emphasis on the portion of the trail passing through the State in which the site is located. Wherever possible, the sites shall be maintained by a State agency under a cooperative agreement between the appropriate Secretary and the State agency.".

16 USC 1246.

(d) Section 7(e) of the National Trails System Act is amended by—

(1) deleting reference in the first sentence to "subsection (g)" and substituting, in lieu thereof, "subsection (f)"; and

(2) by deleting the period at the end of the first sentence, and in lieu thereof, substituting a colon and the following proviso: "*Provided further,* That the appropriate Secretary may acquire lands or interests therein from local governments or governmental corporations with the consent of such entities.".

(e) Section 7(f) of the National Trails System Act is amended by inserting "(1)" after "(f)" and by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(2) In acquiring lands or interests therein for a National Scenic or Historic Trail, the appropriate Secretary may, with consent of a landowner, acquire whole tracts notwithstanding that parts of such tracts may lie outside the area of trail acquisition. In furtherance of the purposes of this Act, lands so acquired outside the area of trail acquisition may be exchanged for any non-Federal lands or interests therein within the trail right-of-way, or disposed of in accordance with such procedures or regulations as the appropriate Secretary shall prescribe, including: (i) provisions for conveyance of such

Procedures or regulations.

acquired lands or interests therein at not less than fair market value to the highest bidder, and (ii) provisions for allowing the last owners of record a right to purchase said acquired lands or interests therein upon payment or agreement to pay an amount equal to the highest bid price. For lands designated for exchange or disposal, the appropriate Secretary may convey these lands with any reservations or covenants deemed desirable to further the purposes of this Act. The proceeds from any disposal shall be credited to the appropriation bearing the costs of land acquisition for the affected trail.".

(f) Section 7(g) of the National Trails System Act is amended in the last sentence by striking out "No" and inserting in lieu thereof "Except for designated protected components of the trail, no". 16 USC 1246.

(g) Section 7(h) of the National Trails System Act is amended—

(1) by inserting "(1)" after "(h)";

(2) in the second sentence, by striking out "a national scenic or national historic trail" and inserting in lieu thereof "such a trail";

(3) by inserting after the second sentence the following: "Such agreements may include provisions for limited financial assistance to encourage participation in the acquisition, protection, operation, development, or maintenance of such trails, provisions providing volunteer in the park or volunteer in the forest status (in accordance with the Volunteers in the Parks Act of 1969 and the Volunteers in the Forests Act of 1972) to individuals, private organizations, or landowners participating in such activities, or provisions of both types. The appropriate Secretary shall also initiate consultations with affected States and their political subdivisions to encourage— 16 USC 18g note, 558a note.

"(A) the development and implementation by such entities of appropriate measures to protect private landowners from trespass resulting from trail use and from unreasonable personal liability and property damage caused by trail use, and

"(B) the development and implementation by such entities of provisions for land practices, compatible with the purposes of this Act,

for property within or adjacent to trail rights-of-way. After consulting with States and their political subdivisions under the preceding sentence, the Secretary may provide assistance to such entities under appropriate cooperative agreements in the manner provided by this subsection."; and

(4) by striking out "Whenever the" in the last sentence of such subsection and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "(2) Whenever the".

(h) Section 7(i) of the National Trails System Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "The Secretary responsible for the administration of any segment of any component of the National Trails System (as determined in a manner consistent with subsection (a)(1) of this section) may also utilize authorities related to units of the national park system or the national forest system, as the case may be, in carrying out his administrative responsibilities for such component.". 16 USC 1246.

(i) Section 7 of the National Trails System Act is amended by inserting after subsection (i) the following:

"(j) Potential trail uses allowed on designated components of the national trails system may include, but are not limited to, the following: bicycling, cross-country skiing, day hiking, equestrian Trail, uses.

activities, jogging or similar fitness activities, trail biking, overnight and long-distance backpacking, snowmobiling, and surface water and underwater activities. Vehicles which may be permitted on certain trails may include, but need not be limited to, motorcycles, bicycles, four-wheel drive or all-terrain off-road vehicles. In addition, trail access for handicapped individuals may be provided. The provisions of this subsection shall not supersede any other provisions of this Act or other Federal laws, or any State or local laws.

Restrictions.

"(k) For the conservation purpose of preserving or enhancing the recreational, scenic, natural, or historical values of components of the national trails system, and environs thereof as determined by the appropriate Secretary, landowners are authorized to donate or otherwise convey qualified real property interests to qualified organizations consistent with section 170(h)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, including, but not limited to, right-of-way, open space, scenic, or conservation easements, without regard to any limitation on the nature of the estate or interest otherwise transferable within the jurisdiction where the land is located. The conveyance of any such interest in land in accordance with this subsection shall be deemed to further a Federal conservation policy and yield a significant public benefit for purposes of section 6 of Public Law 96-541.".

26 USC 170.

26 USC 170 and note.

SEC. 208. Section 8 of the National Trails System Act is amended—

16 USC 1247.

(1) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (e); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (c) the following:

"(d) The Secretary of Transportation, the Chairman of the Interstate Commerce Commission, and the Secretary of the Interior, in administering the Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of 1976, shall encourage State and local agencies and private interests to establish appropriate trails using the provisions of such programs. Consistent with the purposes of that Act, and in furtherance of the national policy to preserve established railroad rights-of-way for future reactivation of rail service, to protect rail transportation corridors, and to encourage energy efficient transportation use, in the case of interim use of any established railroad rights-of-way pursuant to donation, transfer, lease, sale, or otherwise in a manner consistent with the National Trails System Act, if such interim use is subject to restoration or reconstruction for railroad purposes, such interim use shall not be treated, for purposes of any law or rule of law, as an abandonment of the use of such rights-of-way for railroad purposes. If a State, political subdivision, or qualified private organization is prepared to assume full responsibility for management of such rights-of-way and for any legal liability arising out of such transfer or use, and for the payment of any and all taxes that may be levied or assessed against such rights-of-way, then the Commission shall impose such terms and conditions as a requirement of any transfer or conveyance for interim use in a manner consistent with this Act, and shall not permit abandonment or discontinuance inconsistent or disruptive of such use.".

45 USC 801 note.

Railroad rights-of-way.

SEC. 209. Section 10 of the National Trails System Act is amended—

16 USC 1249.

(1) by inserting "(a)(1)" after "SEC. 10.";

(2) by striking out "(a) The" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "for the";

(3) by striking out "It is the express intent" and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(2) It is the express intent";

(4) in subsection (a)(2) (as designated by paragraph (3) of this subsection), by inserting "Appalachian" before "Trail"; and

(5) in subsection (c)—

(A) by inserting "(1)" after "(c)";

(B) by inserting before the period at the end of paragraph (1) (as designated by subparagraph (A) of this paragraph) ", except that funds may be expended for the acquisition of lands or interests therein for the purpose of providing for one trail interpretation site, as described in section 7(c), along with such trail in each State crossed by the trail"; and

Ante, p. 46.

(C) by adding at the end of each such subsection the following:

"(2) There is hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1983 and subsequent fiscal years such sums as may be necessary to implement the provisions of this Act relating to the trails designated by paragraphs (9) through (13) of section 5(a) of this Act. Not more than $500,000 may be appropriated for the purposes of acquisition of land and interests therein for the trail designated by section 5(a)(12) of this Act, and not more than $2,000,000 may be appropriated for the purposes of the development of such trail. The administering agency for the trail shall encourage volunteer trail groups to participate in the development of the trail.".

Appropriation authorization.

Ante, p. 43.

SEC. 210. The National Trails System Act is amended by adding the following new sections at the end thereof:

"VOLUNTEER TRAILS ASSISTANCE

"SEC. 11. (a)(1) In addition to the cooperative agreement and other authorities contained in this Act, the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of Agriculture, and the head of any Federal agency administering Federal lands, are authorized to encourage volunteers and volunteer organizations to plan, develop, maintain, and manage, where appropriate, trails throughout the Nation.

16 USC 1250.

"(2) Wherever appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of this Act, the Secretaries are authorized and encouraged to utilize the Volunteers in the Parks Act of 1969, the Volunteers in the Forests Act of 1972, and section 6 of the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (relating to the development of Statewide Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plans).

16 USC 18g note, 558a note.

16 USC 460*l*–8.

"(b) Each Secretary or the head of any Federal land managing agency may assist volunteers and volunteer organizations in planning, developing, maintaining, and managing trails. Volunteer work may include, but need not be limited to—

"(1) planning, developing, maintaining, or managing (A) trails which are components of the national trails system, or (B) trails which, if so developed and maintained, could qualify for designation as components of the national trails system; or

"(2) operating programs to organize and supervise volunteer trail building efforts with respect to the trails referred to in paragraph (1), conducting trail-related research projects, or providing education and training to volunteers on methods of trails planning, construction, and maintenance.

"(c) The appropriate Secretary or the head of any Federal land managing agency may utilize and make available Federal facilities, equipment, tools, and technical assistance to volunteers and volunteer organizations, subject to such limitations and restrictions as the

appropriate Secretary or the head of any Federal land managing agency deems necessary or desirable.

Definitions.
16 USC 1251.

"SEC. 12. As used in this Act:

"(1) The term 'high potential historic sites' means those historic sites related to the route, or sites in close proximity thereto, which provide opportunity to interpret the historic significance of the trail during the period of its major use. Criteria for consideration as high potential sites include historic significance, presence of visible historic remnants, scenic quality, and relative freedom from intrusion.

"(2) The term 'high potential route segments' means those segments of a trail which would afford high quality recreation experience in a portion of the route having greater than average scenic values or affording an opportunity to vicariously share the experience of the original users of a historic route.

"(3) The term 'State' means each of the several States of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, the Northern Mariana Islands, and any other territory or possession of the United States.

"(4) The term 'without expense to the United States' means that no funds may be expended by Federal agencies for the development of trail related facilities or for the acquisition of lands or interests in lands outside the exterior boundaries of Federal areas. For the purposes of the preceding sentence, amounts made available to any State or political subdivision under the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 or any other provision of law shall not be treated as an expense to the United States.".

16 USC 460*l*-4 note.

TITLE III—DESIGNATION OF THE "BIZZ JOHNSON TRAIL"

SEC. 301. The Congress finds that Harold T. "Bizz" Johnson, for twenty-two years a United States Representative from the State of California, should be afforded recognition for his deep appreciation and respect for the mountains, forests, rivers, and fertile valleys of northern California, and for his sustained efforts to protect areas especially suited to outdoor recreation and the enjoyment of nature, and to assure public access thereto. Bizz Johnson took an early and leading interest in proposals to convert an abandoned railroad right-of-way in Lassen County to a twenty-five-mile trail to provide access to the undeveloped Susan River Canyon in the Sierra Nevada Mountains for hikers, horseback riders, cross-country skiers, handicapped individuals, and others. As Representative for the First Congressional District he worked with, and provided major assistance to, local groups, officials of the city of Susanville and the county of Lassen, the Bureau of Land Management, the Forest Service, and the Trust for Public Land in implementing plans for the project.

SEC. 302. The Susanville-Westwood Rails to Trails project described in a joint Bureau of Land Management/Forest Service Recreation Land Acquisition Composite, converting an abandoned railbed in Lassen County, California, extending from the county seat in Susanville westward twenty-five miles to Mason Junction, four miles from the community of Westwood, and traversing the Susan River Canyon, to a public recreation trail is hereby designated and

hereafter shall be known as the "Bizz Johnson Trail". Any law, regulation, record, map, or other document of the United States referring to this trail shall be held to refer to the "Bizz Johnson Trail", and any future regulations, records, maps, or other documents of the United States, in reference to this trail, shall bear the name "Bizz Johnson Trail".

SEC. 303. The Secretary of the Interior is authorized and directed, in cooperation with the city of Susanville and the county of Lassen, State of California, to design and erect at a suitable location along the Bizz Johnson Trail an appropriate marker in commemoration of the outstanding contributions of Harold T. "Bizz" Johnson toward the protection of undeveloped scenic areas of northern California for the use and enjoyment of the American people, in perpetuity.

SEC. 304. There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this title. Appropriation authorization.

TITLE IV—ROY TAYLOR FOREST

SEC. 401. The Congress finds and declares that Roy Taylor, for sixteen years a United States Representative from the State of North Carolina, a member of the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs, and chairman of the Subcommittee on National Parks and Recreation, should be afforded recognition for his deep appreciation, affection and respect for the mountains, forests, and streams of western North Carolina, and for his sustained efforts to protect areas especially suited to outdoor recreation and the enjoyment of nature, and to assure public access thereto.

SEC. 402. The thirty-nine thousand acres of forested mountain land within the Nantahala National Forest in Jackson County, North Carolina, commonly referred to as the Balsam-Bonas Defeat area, are hereby designated and hereafter shall be known as the "Roy Taylor Forest". Any law, regulation, record, map, or other document of the United States referring to this land shall be held to refer to the "Roy Taylor Forest", and any future regulations, records, maps, or other documents of the United States, in reference to this area of the Nantahala National Forest, shall bear the name "Roy Taylor Forest".

SEC. 403. The Secretary of Agriculture is authorized and directed, in cooperation with the county of Jackson, State of North Carolina, to design and erect at a suitable location in the Roy Taylor Forest area an appropriate marker in commemoration of the outstanding contributions of Roy Taylor toward the protection of public lands in western North Carolina and the Nation for the use and enjoyment of the American people.

SEC. 404. The Secretary of the Interior is authorized and directed to make designations regarding the Roy Taylor Forest area in publications produced for the Blue Ridge Parkway. The Secretary is further authorized to erect appropriate signs at a suitable location on the Blue Ridge Parkway to commemorate the contributions of Roy Taylor and the designation of the forest area authorized in this title.

SEC. 405. There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this title. Appropriation authorization.

TITLE V—COMMEMORATION OF THE TRAVELS OF WILLIAM BARTRAM

SEC. 501. (a) The Congress finds that—

(1) William Bartram's travels contributed to natural history, literature, and exploration and are of national and regional significance;

(2) a wider segment of the public should be afforded the opportunity to share in Bartram's natural, cultural, and historic resource contributions to America's heritage; and

(3) a segmented William Bartram Heritage Trail would be a practical and appropriate commemoration to a great American naturalist worthy of national recognition.

Donations.

(b) In order that significant route segments and sites, recognized as associated with the travels of William Bartram may be distinguished by suitable markers, the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to accept the donations of such suitable markers for placement at appropriate locations on lands administered by the Secretary of the Interior and, with the concurrence of the Secretary of Agriculture and other appropriate heads of Federal agencies, on lands under their jurisdiction. The determination of the placement of markers to commemorate the travels of William Bartram shall be made by the Secretary of the Interior in consultation with the Bartram Trail conference and affected local and State governments. Such markers shall be placed by the Secretary of the Interior pursuant to the authority granted by the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the preservation of historic American sites, buildings, objects, and antiquities of national significance, and for other purposes", approved August 21, 1935 (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

16 USC 461 note.

(c) The markers authorized by subsection (b) shall be placed in association with the William Bartram Trail segments identified on maps contained in the study entitled "Bartram Trail, National Scenic/Historic Trail Study", dated February 1982, and submitted to the Congress pursuant to the provisions of section 5 of the National Trails Systems Act (16 U.S.C. 1244).

Approved March 28, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 271:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-28 (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-1 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Feb. 3, considered and passed Senate.
Mar. 15, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-12
98th Congress

An Act

To extend by six months the expiration date of the Defense Production Act of 1950.

Mar. 29, 1983
[H.R. 2112]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first sentence of section 717(a) of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. App. 2166(a)) is amended by striking out "March 31, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1983".

Defense Production Act of 1950, extension.
96 Stat. 1630.

Approved March 29, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2112 (S. 855):

SENATE REPORT No. 98-33 accompanying S. 855 (Comm. on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Mar. 22, considered and passed House.
Mar. 23, considered and passed Senate, amended.
Mar. 24, House disagreed to Senate amendments; Senate receded from its amendments.

Public Law 98-13
98th Congress

An Act

Mar. 29, 1983
[H.R. 2369]

To prevent the temporary termination of the Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982.

Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982, amendment.
26 USC 3304 note.
96 Stat 702.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, with respect to weeks beginning after March 31, 1983, the Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982 shall be applied as if the provisions contained in part A of title V of the conference report on the bill H.R. 1900 were enacted into law on the date of the enactment of this Act.

Approved March 29, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2369:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Mar. 24, considered and passed House and Senate.

Public Law 98-14
98th Congress

An Act

To amend title 37, United States Code, to extend certain expiring enlistment and reenlistment bonuses for the Armed Forces.

Mar. 30, 1983
[H.R. 1936]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That sections 308(g) and 308a(c) of title 37, United States Code, are amended by striking out "March 31, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1984".

Enlistment and reenlistment bonuses, extension.
96 Stat. 1865.

SEC. 2. Section 308f(c) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out "September 30, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1984".

Approved March 30, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 1936:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-27 (Comm. on Armed Services).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Mar. 15, considered and passed House.
Mar. 21, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-15
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Apr. 4, 1983
[S.J. Res. 64]

To commemorate the two hundredth anniversary of the signing of the Treaty of Amity and Commerce between Sweden and the United States.

Whereas Sweden was the first nation that did not participate in the Revolutionary War to enter into a treaty of friendship and commerce with the United States;

Whereas close and friendly diplomatic, cultural, and trade relations have existed between Sweden and the United States over the years, virtually since the foundation of this Republic;

Whereas emigration from Sweden to the United States has established a strong Swedish-American culture;

Whereas nearly five million Americans are of Swedish ancestry;

Whereas Sweden and the United States share a strong democratic tradition, and commitments to fundamental individual rights of freedom of speech, religion, and assembly;

Whereas the United States and Sweden have acted vigorously to strengthen international dispute resolution mechanisms;

Whereas April 3, 1983, marks the two hundredth anniversary of the signing of the Swedish-American treaty negotiated by Benjamin Franklin and the Swedish Ambassador to France, Count Gustaf Philip Creutz;

Whereas, in commemoration of the bicentennial, the Speaker of the Swedish Parliament, Ingemund Bengtsson, will visit Congress in April: Now, therefore, be it

Swedish-American Friendship Day.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation designating Monday, April 4, 1983, as "Swedish-American Friendship Day" and that a copy of this resolution be presented to Speaker Bengtsson to be received on behalf of the Swedish people.

Approved April 4, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 64:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Mar. 18, considered and passed Senate.
Mar. 24, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-16
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

To authorize and request the President to proclaim May 1983 as "National Amateur Baseball Month".

Apr. 4, 1983
[H.J. Res. 175]

Whereas the game of baseball having originated in the United States of America; and

Whereas the game of baseball having engendered exceptional interest among the people of this Nation, both as a participant and as a spectator sport, to the extent that it has long been acknowledged as "The National Pastime"; and

Whereas some nineteen million amateur players annually participate in the game of baseball in the United States; and

Whereas many more millions of Americans are spectators each year at amateur baseball games involving players of virtually every age; and

Whereas the game of baseball, while providing wholesome recreational competition, teaches the desirable goals of sportsmanship and teamwork so necessary in developing good citizenship; and

Whereas amateur baseball organizations in the United States have taken the lead in a worldwide effort to obtain recognition of the importance of baseball by the Olympic movement to the extent that the 1984 Olympic games in Los Angeles will include baseball; and

Whereas amateur baseball is made possible by the contributions of time, effort, and financial support of countless millions of individuals from a wide range of business, industrial, fraternal, civic, religious, and service organizations of the United States; and

Whereas it is appropriate to honor and to pay tribute to all those associated on the amateur level with the "game of baseball": Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the month of May 1983, be designated "National Amateur Baseball Month", and that

National Amateur Baseball Month.

the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling on all Government agencies and upon all the people of the United States to observe such month with appropriate programs, ceremonies, and activities, so as to testify to the great and significant value of amateur baseball to the American way of life.

Approved April 4, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 175:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Mar. 21, considered and passed House.
Mar. 24, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-17
98th Congress

An Act

To establish uniform national standards for the continued regulation, by the several States, of commercial motor vehicle width on interstate highways.

Apr. 5, 1983
[S. 926]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) part B of title IV of the Surface Transportation Assistance Act of 1982 (49 U.S.C. 2311 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

Commercial motor vehicle width limitation standards.
96 Stat. 2159.
49 USC app. 2311 *et seq.*

"COMMERCIAL MOTOR VEHICLE WIDTH LIMITATION

"SEC. 416. (a) No State, other than the State of Hawaii, shall establish, maintain, or enforce any regulation of commerce which imposes a vehicle width limitation of more or less than 102 inches on any segment of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways, or any other qualifying Federal-aid highway as designated by the Secretary of Transportation, with traffic lanes designed to be a width of twelve feet or more; except that a State may continue to enforce any regulation of commerce in effect on April 6, 1983, with respect to motor vehicles that exceed 102 inches in width until the date on which such State adopts a regulation of commerce which complies with the provisions of this subsection.

49 USC app. 2316.

"(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section or any other provision of law, certain safety devices which the Secretary of Transportation determines are necessary for safe and efficient operation of motor vehicles shall not be included in the calculation of width.

"(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section or any other provision of law, a State may grant special use permits to motor vehicles that exceed 102 inches in width.

"(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law and in accordance with the provisions of this section, a State shall have authority to enforce a commercial vehicle width limitation of 102 inches on any segment of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways, or any other qualifying Federal-aid highway as designated by the Secretary of Transportation, with traffic lanes designed to be a width of twelve feet or more.

"(e) The provisions of this section shall take effect on April 6, 1983.".

Effective date.

(b) The heading of Part B of title IV of the Surface Transportation Assistance Act of 1982 is amended by inserting "AND WIDTH" immediately after "LENGTH".

Ante, p. 59.

Repeal.

SEC. 2. Section 321 of the Department of Transportation and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1983 (Public Law 97-369; 96 Stat. 1784) is repealed.

23 USC 127 note.

Approved April 5, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 926:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Mar. 24, considered and passed Senate and House.

Public Law 98-18
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

To provide for the designation of May 1983 as "National Arthritis Month".

Apr. 5, 1983
[S.J. Res. 32]

Whereas arthritis is one of our Nation's leading health problems, striking as many as thirty-five million Americans;

Whereas arthritis is America's number one crippling disease, disabling over seven million persons including infants, children, and working-age adults as well as the elderly;

Whereas the incidence of arthritis is increasing by one million new victims each year;

Whereas there are more than one hundred distinct disease entities classified as rheumatic, each with a distinct pathogenesis, symptoms, and course of treatment;

Whereas the economic cost of arthritis is a major burden on the Nation, now estimated to be as much as $25,000,000,000 each year;

Whereas it is estimated that, by the year 2000, arthritis will cost the Nation as much as $96,800,000,000 in health care expenditures;

Whereas research on rheumatic diseases is critically underfunded and, as a result, scientists are unable to investigate adequately the myriad causes of and potential cures for, such diseases;

Whereas greater interagency cooperation at all levels of government can greatly improve treatment and services for persons with arthritis;

Whereas scientific understanding of the causes of several forms of arthritis has increased dramatically over the past decade, notwithstanding limited research funding;

Whereas State vocational rehabilitation, aging, and other agencies are not sufficiently staffed or trained to aid and inform persons with arthritis;

Whereas employers need to be made aware of the opportunities for retaining employees with arthritis through programs of medical assistance and rehabilitation;

Whereas the many research, education, information, and patient services of the Arthritis Foundation are not sufficiently well known to the American public;

Whereas the people of the United States, and educational, philanthropic, scientific, medical and health professionals, businesses, governments, and other organizations should be encouraged to provide the necessary attention and resources to combat arthritis in its many forms, and to discover causes and cures, prevent disease and disability, and improve treatment; and

Whereas a healthy nation is a strong nation, and the attention of all Americans should be directed to the need to reduce the ravaging impact of this chronic disabling disease upon our society: Now, therefore, be it

National Arthritis Month.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President shall issue a proclamation designating May 1983 as "National Arthritis Month", and calling upon the people of the United States to observe such month with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

Approved April 5, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 32:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Mar. 18, considered and passed Senate.
Mar. 24, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-19
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

To authorize and request the President to designate the week of April 10, 1983, through April 16, 1983, as "National Mental Health Week".

Apr. 15, 1983
[S.J. Res. 52]

Whereas the cost of excessive stress and mental disorders to our Nation is estimated to be $65,000,000,000 annually;

Whereas in one out of every three American families there is a member with some type of mental illness and 20 per centum of our population is in need of some form of mental health treatment at any one time;

Whereas more than 25 per centum of all elderly persons mistakenly judged to be senile have a treatable mental disorder, and 80 per centum of all diseases are psychosomatic or stress related and account for a large majority of all hospital admissions;

Whereas persons with mental illness have been shown to be excessive users of unnecessary medical and surgical services, and mental health treatment provides an effective cost-containment tool by reducing these more costly and unnecessary services;

Whereas mental illness is a treatable disability, with nearly two-thirds of all mentally ill patients showing significant signs of improvement or recovery after treatment; and

Whereas it is fitting that the support and treatment provided the mentally disabled by family members, volunteers, and qualified health professionals be recognized, encouraged, and honored: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation designating the week of April 10, 1983, through April 16, 1983, as "National Mental Health Week", and calling upon the people of the United States to observe the week with appropriate programs, ceremonies, and activities.

National Mental Health Week.

Approved April 15, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 52:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Mar. 18, considered and passed Senate.
Apr. 12, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-20
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Apr. 19, 1983
[H.J. Res. 80]

To authorize and request the President to issue a proclamation designating April 17 through April 24, 1983, as "Jewish Heritage Week".

Whereas the Congress recognizes that an understanding of the heritage of all American ethnic groups contributes to the unity of our country; and

Whereas intergroup understanding can be further fostered through an appreciation of the culture, history, and traditions of the Jewish community and the contributions of Jews to our country and society; and

Whereas the months of March, April, and May contain events of major significance in the Jewish calendar—Passover, the anniversary of the Warsaw Ghetto Uprising, Israeli Independence Day, Solidarity Sunday for Soviet Jewry, and Jerusalem Day: Now, therefore, be it

Jewish Heritage Week.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation designating April 17 through April 24, 1983, as "Jewish Heritage Week" and calling upon the people of the United States, State and local government agencies, and interested organizations to observe that week with appropriate ceremonies, activities, and programs.

Approved April 19, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 80 (S.J. Res. 79):

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Apr. 12, considered and passed House.
Apr. 13, S.J. Res. 79 considered and passed Senate.
Apr. 15, considered and passed Senate; passage of S.J. Res. 79 vitiated.

Public Law 98-21
98th Congress

An Act

To assure the solvency of the Social Security Trust Funds, to reform the medicare reimbursement of hospitals, to extend the Federal supplemental compensation program, and for other purposes.

Apr. 20, 1983
[H.R. 1900]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Social Security Amendments of 1983.

SHORT TITLE

SECTION 1. This Act, with the following table of contents, may be cited as the "Social Security Amendments of 1983".

42 USC 1305 note.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Sec. 1. Short title.

TITLE I—PROVISIONS AFFECTING THE FINANCING OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY SYSTEM

PART A—COVERAGE

Sec. 101. Coverage of newly hired Federal employees.
Sec. 102. Coverage of employees of nonprofit organizations.
Sec. 103. Duration of agreements for coverage of State and local employees.

PART B—COMPUTATION OF BENEFIT AMOUNTS

Sec. 111. Shift of cost-of-living adjustments to calendar year basis.
Sec. 112. Cost-of-living increases to be based on either wages or prices (whichever is lower) when balance in OASDI trust funds falls below specified level.
Sec. 113. Elimination of windfall benefits for individuals receiving pensions from noncovered employment.
Sec. 114. Increase in old-age insurance benefit amounts on account of delayed retirement.

PART C—REVENUE PROVISIONS

Sec. 121. Taxation of social security and tier 1 railroad retirement benefits.
Sec. 122. Credit for the elderly and the permanently and totally disabled.
Sec. 123. Acceleration of increases in FICA taxes; 1984 employee tax credit.
Sec. 124. Taxes on self-employment income; credit against such taxes for years before 1990; deduction of such taxes for years after 1989.
Sec. 125. Treatment of certain faculty practice plans.
Sec. 126. Allocations to disability insurance trust fund.

PART D—BENEFITS FOR CERTAIN SURVIVING, DIVORCED, AND DISABLED SPOUSES

Sec. 131. Benefits for surviving divorced spouses and disabled widows and widowers who remarry.
Sec. 132. Entitlement to divorced spouse's benefits without regard to entitlement of insured individual to benefits; exemption of divorced spouse's benefits from deduction on account of work.
Sec. 133. Indexing of deferred surviving spouse's benefits to recent wage levels.
Sec. 134. Limitation on benefit reduction for early retirement in case of disabled widows and widowers.

PART E—MECHANISMS TO ASSURE CONTINUED BENEFIT PAYMENTS IN UNEXPECTEDLY ADVERSE CONDITIONS

Sec. 141. Normalized crediting of social security taxes to trust funds.
Sec. 142. Interfund borrowing extension.

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Sec. 143. Recommendations by Board of Trustees to remedy inadequate balances in the Social Security Trust Funds.

PART F—OTHER FINANCING AMENDMENTS

Sec. 151. Financing of noncontributory military wage credits.
Sec. 152. Accounting for certain unnegotiated checks for benefits under the social security program.
Sec. 153. Float periods.
Sec. 154. Trust fund trustees' reports.

TITLE II—ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO LONG-TERM FINANCING OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY SYSTEM

Sec. 201. Increase in retirement age.

TITLE III—MISCELLANEOUS AND TECHNICAL PROVISIONS

PART A—ELIMINATION OF GENDER-BASED DISTINCTIONS

Sec. 301. Divorced husbands.
Sec. 302. Remarriage of surviving spouse before age of eligibility.
Sec. 303. Illegitimate children.
Sec. 304. Transitional insured status.
Sec. 305. Equalization of benefits under section 228.
Sec. 306. Father's insurance benefits.
Sec. 307. Effect of marriage on childhood disability benefits and on other dependents' or survivors' benefits.
Sec. 308. Credit for certain military service.
Sec. 309. Conforming amendments.
Sec. 310. Effective date of part A.

PART B—COVERAGE

Sec. 321. Coverage of employees of foreign affiliates of American employers.
Sec. 322. Extension of coverage by international social security agreement.
Sec. 323. Treatment of certain service performed outside the United States.
Sec. 324. Amount received under certain deferred compensation and salary reduction arrangements treated as wages for FICA taxes.
Sec. 325. Effect of changes in names of State and local employee groups in Utah.
Sec. 326. Effective dates of international social security agreements.
Sec. 327. Codification of Rowan decision with respect to meals and lodging.
Sec. 328. Treatment of contributions under simplified employee pensions.

PART C—OTHER AMENDMENTS

Sec. 331. Technical and conforming amendments to maximum family benefit provisions.
Sec. 332. Relaxation of insured status requirements for certain workers previously entitled to a period of disability.
Sec. 333. Protection of benefits of illegitimate children of disabled beneficiaries.
Sec. 334. One-month retroactivity of widow's and widower's insurance benefits.
Sec. 335. Nonassignability of benefits.
Sec. 336. Use of death certificates to prevent erroneous benefit payments to deceased individuals.
Sec. 337. Public pension offset.
Sec. 338. Study concerning the establishment of the Social Security Administration as an independent agency.
Sec. 339. Limitation on payments to prisoners.
Sec. 340. Requirement of previous United States residency for alien dependents and survivors living outside the United States.
Sec. 341. Addition of public members to Trust Fund Board of Trustees.
Sec. 342. Payment schedule by State and local governments.
Sec. 343. Earnings sharing implementation report.
Sec. 344. Veterans' Administration reorganization.
Sec. 345. Social security cards.
Sec. 346. Budgetary treatment of Trust Fund operations.
Sec. 347. Liberalization of earnings test.

TITLE IV—SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY INCOME BENEFITS

Sec. 401. Increase in Federal SSI benefit standard.
Sec. 402. Adjustments in Federal SSI pass-through provisions.

Sec. 403. SSI eligibility for temporary residents of emergency shelters for the homeless.
Sec. 404. Disregarding of emergency and other in-kind assistance provided by nonprofit organizations.
Sec. 405. Notification regarding SSI.

TITLE V—UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION PROVISIONS

PART A—FEDERAL SUPPLEMENTAL COMPENSATION

Sec. 501. Extension of program.
Sec. 502. Number of weeks for which compensation payable.
Sec. 503. Effective date.
Sec. 504. Training.
Sec. 505. Coordination with trade readjustment program.

PART B—PROVISIONS RELATING TO INTEREST AND CREDIT REDUCTIONS

Sec. 511. Deferral of interest.
Sec. 512. Cap on credit reduction.
Sec. 513. Average employer contribution rate.
Sec. 514. Date for payment of interest.
Sec. 515. Penalty for failure to pay interest.

PART C—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Sec. 521. Treatment of employees providing services to educational institutions.
Sec. 522. Extended benefits for individuals who are hospitalized or on jury duty.
Sec. 523. Voluntary health insurance programs permitted.
Sec. 524. Treatment of certain organizations retroactively determined to be described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.

TITLE VI—PROSPECTIVE PAYMENTS FOR MEDICARE INPATIENT HOSPITAL SERVICES

Sec. 601. Medicare payments for inpatient hospital services on the basis of prospective rates.
Sec. 602. Conforming amendments.
Sec. 603. Reports, experiments, and demonstration projects.
Sec. 604. Effective dates.
Sec. 605. Delay in provision relating to hospital-based skilled nursing facilities.
Sec. 606. Shift in medicare premiums to coincide with cost-of-living increase.
Sec. 607. Section 1122 amendments.

TITLE I—PROVISIONS AFFECTING THE FINANCING OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY SYSTEM

PART A—COVERAGE

COVERAGE OF NEWLY HIRED FEDERAL EMPLOYEES

SEC. 101. (a)(1) Section 210(a) of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out paragraphs (5) and (6) and inserting in lieu thereof the following: 42 USC 410.

"(5) Service performed in the employ of the United States or any instrumentality of the United States, if such service—

"(A) would be excluded from the term 'employment' for purposes of this title if the provisions of paragraphs (5) and (6) of this subsection as in effect in January 1983 had remained in effect, and

"(B) is performed by an individual who (i) has been continuously in the employ of the United States or an instrumentality thereof since December 31, 1983 (and for this purpose an individual who returns to the performance

of such service after being separated therefrom following a previous period of such service shall nevertheless be considered upon such return as having been continuously in the employ of the United States or an instrumentality thereof, regardless of whether the period of such separation began before, on, or after December 31, 1983, if the period of such separation does not exceed 365 consecutive days), or (ii) is receiving an annuity from the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund, or benefits (for service as an employee) under another retirement system established by a law of the United States for employees of the Federal Government (other than for members of the uniformed services);

except that this paragraph shall not apply with respect to—

"(i) service performed as the President or Vice President of the United States,

"(ii) service performed—

"(I) in a position placed in the Executive Schedule under sections 5312 through 5317 of title 5, United States Code,

"(II) as a noncareer appointee in the Senior Executive Service or a noncareer member of the Senior Foreign Service, or

"(III) in a position to which the individual is appointed by the President (or his designee) or the Vice President under section 105(a)(1), 106(a)(1), or 107 (a)(1) or (b)(1) of title 3, United States Code, if the maximum rate of basic pay for such position is at or above the rate for level V of the Executive Schedule,

"(iii) service performed as the Chief Justice of the United States, an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, a judge of a United States court of appeals, a judge of a United States district court (including the district court of a territory), a judge of the United States Claims Court, a judge of the United States Court of International Trade, a judge of the United States Tax Court, a United States magistrate, or a referee in bankruptcy or United States bankruptcy judge,

"(iv) service performed as a Member, Delegate, or Resident Commissioner of or to the Congress, or

"(v) any other service in the legislative branch of the Federal Government if such service is performed by an individual who, on December 31, 1983, is not subject to subchapter III of chapter 83 of title 5, United States Code;

5 USC 8331.

"(6) Service performed in the employ of the United States or any instrumentality of the United States if such service is performed—

"(A) in a penal institution of the United States by an inmate thereof;

"(B) by any individual as an employee included under section 5351(2) of title 5, United States Code (relating to certain interns, student nurses, and other student employees of hospitals of the Federal Government), other than as a medical or dental intern or a medical or dental resident in training; or

"(C) by any individual as an employee serving on a temporary basis in case of fire, storm, earthquake, flood, or other similar emergency;".

(2) Section 210(p) of such Act is amended by striking out "provisions of—" and all that follows and inserting in lieu thereof "provisions of subsection (a)(5).". 96 Stat. 560. 42 USC 410.

(b)(1) Section 3121(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 is amended by striking out paragraphs (5) and (6) and inserting in lieu thereof the following: 26 USC 3121.

"(5) service performed in the employ of the United States or any instrumentality of the United States, if such service—

"(A) would be excluded from the term 'employment' for purposes of this title if the provisions of paragraphs (5) and (6) of this subsection as in effect in January 1983 had remained in effect, and

"(B) is performed by an individual who (i) has been continuously in the employ of the United States or an instrumentality thereof since December 31, 1983 (and for this purpose an individual who returns to the performance of such service after being separated therefrom following a previous period of such service shall nevertheless be considered upon such return as having been continuously in the employ of the United States or an instrumentality thereof, regardless of whether the period of such separation began before, on, or after December 31, 1983, if the period of such separation does not exceed 365 consecutive days), or (ii) is receiving an annuity from the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund, or benefits (for service as an employee) under another retirement system established by law of the United States for employees of the Federal Government (other than for members of the uniformed services);

except that this paragraph shall not apply with respect to—

"(i) service performed as the President or Vice President of the United States,

"(ii) service performed—

"(I) in a position placed in the Executive Schedule under sections 5312 through 5317 of title 5, United States Code,

"(II) as a noncareer appointee in the Senior Executive Service or a noncareer member of the Senior Foreign Service, or

"(III) in a position to which the individual is appointed by the President (or his designee) or the Vice President under section 105(a)(1), 106(a)(1), or 107 (a)(1) or (b)(1) of title 3, United States Code, if the maximum rate of basic pay for such position is at or above the rate for level V of the Executive Schedule,

"(iii) service performed as the Chief Justice of the United States, an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, a judge of a United States court of appeals, a judge of a United States district court (including the district court of a territory), a judge of the United States Claims Court, a judge of the United States Court of International Trade, a judge of the United States Tax Court, a United States magistrate, or a referee in bankruptcy or United States bankruptcy judge,

"(iv) service performed as a Member, Delegate, or Resident Commissioner of or to the Congress, or

"(v) any other service in the legislative branch of the Federal Government if such service is performed by an

5 USC 8331.

individual who, on December 31, 1983, is not subject to subchapter III of chapter 83 of title 5, United States Code;

"(6) service performed in the employ of the United States or any instrumentality of the United States if such service is performed—

"(A) in a penal institution of the United States by an inmate thereof;

"(B) by any individual as an employee included under section 5351(2) of title 5, United States Code (relating to certain interns, student nurses, and other student employees of hospitals of the Federal Government), other than as a medical or dental intern or a medical or dental resident in training; or

"(C) by any individual as an employee serving on a temporary basis in case of fire, storm, earthquake, flood, or other similar emergency;".

96 Stat. 559.
26 USC 3121.

(2) Section 3121(u)(1) of such Code is amended to read as follows:

"(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of the taxes imposed by sections 3101(b) and 3111(b), subsection (b) shall be applied without regard to paragraph (5) thereof.".

42 USC 409.

(c)(1) Section 209 of the Social Security Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"For purposes of this title, in the case of an individual performing service under the provisions of section 294 of title 28, United States Code (relating to assignment of retired justices and judges to active duty), the term 'wages' shall, subject to the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, include any payment under section 371(b) of such title 28 which is received during the period of such service.".

26 USC 3121.

(2) Section 3121(i) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to computation of wages in certain cases) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(5) SERVICE PERFORMED BY CERTAIN RETIRED JUSTICES AND JUDGES.—For purposes of this chapter, in the case of an individual performing service under the provisions of section 294 of title 28, United States Code (relating to assignment of retired justices and judges to active duty), the term 'wages' shall, subject to the provisions of subsection (a)(1) of this section, include any payment under section 371(b) of such title 28 which is received during the period of such service.".

Effective date.
26 USC 3121 note.

(d) The amendments made by this section shall be effective with respect to remuneration paid after December 31, 1983.

Entitlements.
42 USC 410 note.

(e) Nothing in this Act shall reduce the accrued entitlements to future benefits under the Federal Retirement System of current and retired Federal employees and their families.

COVERAGE OF EMPLOYEES OF NONPROFIT ORGANIZATIONS

42 USC 410.

SEC. 102. (a) Section 210(a)(8) of the Social Security Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "(A)" immediately after "(8)";

(2) by striking out "subparagraph" where it first appears and inserting in lieu thereof "paragraph"; and

(3) by striking out subparagraph (B).

26 USC 3121.

(b)(1) Section 3121(b)(8) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 is amended—

(A) by striking out "(A)" immediately after "(8)";

(B) by striking out "subparagraph" where it first appears and inserting in lieu thereof "paragraph"; and

(C) by striking out subparagraph (B).

(2) Section 3121(k) of such Code is repealed. 26 USC 3121.

(3) Section 3121(r) of such Code is amended—

(A) by striking out "subsection (b)(8)(A)" and "section 210(a)(8)(A)" in paragraph (3) and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection (b)(8)" and "section 210(a)(8)", respectively; and

(B) by striking out paragraph (4).

(c) The amendments made by the preceding provisions of this section shall be effective with respect to service performed after December 31, 1983 (but the provisions of sections 2 and 3 of Public Law 94-563 and section 312(c) of Public Law 95-216 shall continue in effect, to the extent applicable, as though such amendments had not been made). Effective date. 26 USC 3121 note. 26 USC 3121 note.

(d) The period for which a certificate is in effect under section 3121(k) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 may not be terminated under paragraph (1)(D) or (2) thereof on or after March 31, 1983; but no such certificate shall be effective with respect to any service to which the amendments made by this section apply. 26 USC 3121 note. *Supra.*

(e)(1) If any individual— 42 USC 414 note.

(A) on January 1, 1984, is age 55 or over, and is an employee of an organization described in section 210(a)(8)(B) of the Social Security Act (A) which does not have in effect (on that date) a waiver certificate under section 3121(k) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 and (B) to the employees of which social security coverage is extended on January 1, 1984, solely by reason of the enactment of this section, and 42 USC 410.

(B) after December 31, 1983, acquires the number of quarters of coverage (within the meaning of section 213 of the Social Security Act) which is required for purposes of this subparagraph under paragraph (2), 42 USC 413.

then such individual shall be deemed to be a fully insured individual (as defined in section 214 of the Social Security Act) for all of the purposes of title II of such Act. 42 USC 414.

(2) The number of quarters of coverage which is required for purposes of subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) shall be determined as follows:

In the case of an individual who on January 1, 1984, is—	The number of quarters of coverage so required shall be—
age 60 or over	6
age 59 or over but less than age 60	8
age 58 or over but less than age 59	12
age 57 or over but less than age 58	16
age 55 or over but less than age 57	20.

DURATION OF AGREEMENTS FOR COVERAGE OF STATE AND LOCAL EMPLOYEES

SEC. 103. (a) Section 218(g) of the Social Security Act is amended to read as follows: 42 USC 418.

"Duration of Agreement

"(g) No agreement under this section may be terminated, either in its entirety or with respect to any coverage group, on or after the date of the enactment of the Social Security Amendments of 1983.".

42 USC 418 note. 42 USC 418. (b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply to any agreement in effect under section 218 of the Social Security Act on the date of the enactment of this Act, without regard to whether a notice of termination is in effect on such date, and to any agreement or modification thereof which may become effective under such section 218 after that date.

PART B—COMPUTATION OF BENEFIT AMOUNTS

SHIFT OF COST-OF-LIVING ADJUSTMENTS TO CALENDAR YEAR BASIS

42 USC 415. SEC. 111. (a)(1) Section 215(i)(2)(A)(ii) of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out "June" and inserting in lieu thereof "December".

(2) Section 215(i)(2)(A)(iii) of such Act is amended by striking out "May" and inserting in lieu thereof "November".

(3) Section 215(i)(2)(B) of such Act is amended by striking out "May" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof in each instance "November".

42 USC 403. (4) Section 203(f)(8)(A) of such Act is amended by striking out "June" and inserting in lieu thereof "December".

42 USC 430. (5) Section 230(a) of such Act is amended by striking out "June" and inserting in lieu thereof "December".

(6) Section 215(i)(2) of such Act as in effect in December 1978, and as applied in certain cases under the provisions of such Act as in effect after December 1978, is amended by striking out "June" in subparagraph (A)(ii) and inserting in lieu thereof "December", and by striking out "May" each place it appears in subparagraph (B) and inserting in lieu thereof in each instance "November".

42 USC 402. 95 Stat. 1660. (7) Section 202(m) of such Act (as it applies in certain cases by reason of section 2 of Public Law 97-123) is amended by striking out "May" and inserting in lieu thereof "November".

42 USC 402 note. (8) The amendments made by this subsection shall apply with respect to cost-of-living increases determined under section 215(i) of the Social Security Act for years after 1982.

(b)(1) Section 215(i)(1)(A) of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out "March 31" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30", and by striking out "1974" and inserting in lieu thereof "1982".

(2) Section 215(i)(1)(A) of such Act as in effect in December 1978, and as applied in certain cases under the provisions of such Act as in effect after December 1978, is amended by striking out "March 31" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30" and by striking out "1974" and inserting in lieu thereof "1982".

42 USC 415 note. (3) The amendments made by this subsection shall apply with respect to cost-of-living increases determined under section 215(i) of the Social Security Act for years after 1983.

(c) Section 215(i)(4) of such Act is amended by inserting ", and as amended by section 111 (a)(6) and (b)(2) of the Social Security Amendments of 1983," after "as in effect in December 1978" the first place it appears.

42 USC 415 note. (d) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in section 215(i) of the Social Security Act, the "base quarter" (as defined in paragraph (1)(A)(i) of such section) in the calendar year 1983 shall be a "cost-of-living computation quarter" within the meaning of paragraph (1)(B) of such section (and shall be deemed to have been determined by the Secretary of Health and Human Services to be a "cost-of-living computation quarter" under paragraph (2)(A) of such

section) for all of the purposes of such Act as amended by this section and by other provisions of this Act, without regard to the extent by which the Consumer Price Index has increased since the last prior cost-of-living computation quarter which was established under such paragraph (1)(B).

(e) Section 403(b) of the Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1982 (Public Law 97-253) is amended to read as follows: 96 Stat. 802. 38 USC 3023 note.

"(b)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the amendment made by subsection (a)(1) shall apply with respect to amounts payable for periods beginning after May 31, 1983.

"(2) In the cases of individuals to whom pension is payable under sections 521, 541, and 542 of title 38, United States Code, the amendment made by subsection (a)(1) shall take effect on the first day after May 31, 1983, that an increase is made in maximum annual rates of pension pursuant to section 3112 of title 38, United States Code.". Effective date.

COST-OF-LIVING INCREASES TO BE BASED ON EITHER WAGES OR PRICES (WHICHEVER IS LOWER) WHEN BALANCE IN OASDI TRUST FUNDS FALLS BELOW SPECIFIED LEVEL

SEC. 112. (a) Section 215(i)(1) of the Social Security Act is amended— 42 USC 415.

(1) by striking out "in which" in subparagraph (B) and all that follows down through the first semicolon in such subparagraph and inserting in lieu thereof "with respect to which the applicable increase percentage is 3 percent or more;";

(2) by striking out "and" at the end of subparagraph (B);

(3) by redesignating subparagraph (C) as subparagraph (H); and

(4) by inserting after subparagraph (B) the following new subparagraphs:

"(C) the term 'applicable increase percentage' means— Definitions.

"(i) with respect to a base quarter or cost-of-living computation quarter in any calendar year before 1984, or in any calendar year after 1983 and before 1989 for which the OASDI fund ratio is 15.0 percent or more, or in any calendar year after 1988 for which the OASDI fund ratio is 20.0 percent or more, the CPI increase percentage; and

"(ii) with respect to a base quarter or cost-of-living computation quarter in any calendar year after 1983 and before 1989 for which the OASDI fund ratio is less than 15.0 percent, or in any calendar year after 1988 for which the OASDI fund ratio is less than 20.0 percent, the CPI increase percentage or the wage increase percentage, whichever (with respect to that quarter) is the lower;

"(D) the term 'CPI increase percentage', with respect to a base quarter or cost-of-living computation quarter in any calendar year, means the percentage (rounded to the nearest one-tenth of 1 percent) by which the Consumer Price Index for that quarter (as prepared by the Department of Labor) exceeds such index for the most recent prior calendar quarter which was a base quarter under subparagraph (A)(ii) or, if later, the most recent cost-of-living computation quarter under subparagraph (B);

"(E) the term 'wage increase percentage', with respect to a base quarter or cost-of-living computation quarter in any calendar year, means the percentage (rounded to the nearest one-

tenth of 1 percent) by which the SSA average wage index for the year immediately preceding such calendar year exceeds such index for the year immediately preceding the most recent prior calendar year which included a base quarter under subparagraph (A)(ii) or, if later, which included a cost-of-living computation quarter;

"(F) the term 'OASDI fund ratio', with respect to any calendar year, means the ratio of—

"(i) the combined balance in the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund as of the beginning of such year, including the taxes transferred under section 201(a) on the first day of such year and reduced by the outstanding amount of any loan (including interest thereon) theretofore made to either such Fund from the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund under section 201(l), to

42 USC 401.

"(ii) the total amount which (as estimated by the Secretary) will be paid from the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund during such calendar year for all purposes authorized by section 201 (other than payments of interest on, or repayments of, loans from the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund under section 201(l)), but excluding any transfer payments between such trust funds and reducing the amount of any transfers to the Railroad Retirement Account by the amount of any transfers into either such trust fund from that Account;

"(G) the term 'SSA average wage index', with respect to any calendar year, means the average of the total wages reported to the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate as determined for purposes of subsection (b)(3)(A)(ii); and".

42 USC 415.

(b) Section 215(i)(2)(A)(ii) of such Act is amended by striking out "by the same percentage" and all that follows down through the semicolon, in the sentence immediately following subdivision (III), and inserting in lieu thereof "by the applicable increase percentage;".

(c) Section 215(i) of such Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(5)(A) If—

"(i) with respect to any calendar year the 'applicable increase percentage' was determined under clause (ii) of paragraph (1)(C) rather than under clause (i) of such paragraph, and the increase becoming effective under paragraph (2) in such year was accordingly determined on the basis of the wage increase percentage rather than the CPI increase percentage (or there was no such increase becoming effective under paragraph (2) in that year because the wage increase percentage was less than 3 percent), and

"(ii) for any subsequent calendar year in which an increase under paragraph (2) becomes effective the OASDI fund ratio is greater than 32.0 percent,

then each of the amounts described in subdivisions (I), (II), and (III) of paragraph (2)(A)(ii), as increased under paragraph (2) effective with the month of December in such subsequent calendar year, shall be further increased (effective with such month) by an additional percentage, which shall be determined under subparagraph (B) and shall apply as provided in subparagraph (C).

"(B) The applicable additional percentage by which the amounts described in subdivisions (I), (II), and (III) of paragraph (2)(A)(ii) are to be further increased under subparagraph (A) in the subsequent calendar year involved shall be the amount derived by—

"(i) subtracting (I) the compounded percentage benefit increases that were actually paid under paragraph (2) and this paragraph from (II) the compounded percentage benefit increases that would have been paid if all increases under paragraph (2) had been made on the basis of the CPI increase percentage,

"(ii) dividing the difference by the sum of the compounded percentage in subdivision (I) and 100 percent, and

"(iii) multiplying such quotient by 100 and rounding to the nearest one-tenth of 1 percent,

with the compounded increases referred to in subdivisions (I) and (II) being measured—

"(iv) in the case of amounts described in subdivision (I) of paragraph (2)(A)(ii), over the period beginning with the calendar year in which monthly benefits described in such subdivision were first increased on the basis of the wage increase percentage and ending with such subsequent calendar year, and

"(v) in the case of amounts described in subdivisions (II) and (III) of paragraph (2)(A)(ii), over the period beginning with the calendar year in which the individual whose primary insurance amount is increased under such subdivision (II) initially became eligible for an old-age or disability insurance benefit, or died before becoming so eligible, and ending with such subsequent calendar year;

except that if the Secretary determines in any case that the application (in accordance with subparagraph (C)) of the additional percentage as computed under the preceding provisions of this subparagraph would cause the OASDI fund ratio to fall below 32.0 percent in the calendar year immediately following such subsequent year, he shall reduce such applicable additional percentage to the extent necessary to ensure that the OASDI fund ratio will remain at or above 32.0 percent through the end of such following year.

"(C) Any applicable additional percentage increase in an amount described in subdivision (I), (II), or (III) of paragraph (2)(A)(ii), made under this paragraph in any calendar year, shall thereafter be treated for all the purposes of this Act as a part of the increase made in such amount under paragraph (2) for that year.".

(d)(1) Section 215(i)(2)(C) of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new clause: 42 USC 415.

"(iii) The Secretary shall determine and promulgate the OASDI fund ratio for the current calendar year and the SSA wage index for the preceding calendar year before November 1 of the current calendar year, based upon the most recent data then available, and shall include a statement of such fund ratio and wage index (and of the effect such ratio and the level of such index may have upon benefit increases under this subsection) in any notification made under clause (ii) and any determination published under subparagraph (D).".

(2) Section 215(i)(4) of such Act (as amended by section 111(c) of this Act) is further amended by striking out "section 111 (a)(6) and (b)(2)" and inserting in lieu thereof "sections 111(a)(6), 111(b)(2), and 112".

42 USC 415 note. (e) The amendments made by the preceding provisions of this section shall apply with respect to monthly benefits under title II of the Social Security Act for months after December 1983.

42 USC 401.

42 USC 415 note. (f) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in section 215(i)(1)(F) of the Social Security Act (as added by subsection (a)(4) of this section), the combined balance in the Trust Funds which is to be used in determining the "OASDI fund ratio" with respect to the calendar year 1984 under such section shall be the estimated combined balance in such Funds as of the close of that year (rather than as of its beginning), including the taxes transferred under section 201(a) on the first day of the year following that year.

42 USC 401.

ELIMINATION OF WINDFALL BENEFITS FOR INDIVIDUALS RECEIVING PENSIONS FROM NONCOVERED EMPLOYMENT

42 USC 415. SEC. 113. (a) Section 215(a) of the Social Security Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(7)(A) In the case of an individual whose primary insurance amount would be computed under paragraph (1) of this subsection, who—

"(i) attains age 62 after 1985 (except where he or she became entitled to a disability insurance benefit before 1986 and remained so entitled in any of the 12 months immediately preceding his or her attainment of age 62), or

"(ii) would attain age 62 after 1985 and becomes eligible for a disability insurance benefit after 1985,

and who first becomes eligible after 1985 for a monthly periodic payment (including a payment determined under subparagraph (C), but excluding a payment under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 or 1937) which is based in whole or in part upon his or her earnings for service which did not constitute 'employment' as defined in section 210 for purposes of this title (hereafter in this paragraph and in subsection (d)(5) referred to as 'noncovered service'), the primary insurance amount of that individual during his or her concurrent entitlement to such monthly periodic payment and to old-age or disability insurance benefits shall be computed or recomputed under subparagraph (B) with respect to the initial month in which the individual becomes eligible for such benefits.

45 USC 231t.

42 USC 410.

"(B)(i) If paragraph (1) of this subsection would apply to such an individual (except for subparagraph (A) of this paragraph), there shall first be computed an amount equal to the individual's primary insurance amount under paragraph (1) of this subsection, except that for purposes of such computation the percentage of the individual's average indexed monthly earnings established by subparagraph (A)(i) of paragraph (1) shall be the percent specified in clause (ii). There shall then be computed (without regard to this paragraph) a second amount, which shall be equal to the individual's primary insurance amount under paragraph (1) of this subsection, except that such second amount shall be reduced by an amount equal to one-half of the portion of the monthly periodic payment which is attributable to noncovered service performed after 1956 (with such attribution being based on the proportionate number of years of such noncovered service) and to which the individual is entitled (or is deemed to be entitled) for the initial month of his or her eligibility for old-age or disability insurance benefits. The individual's primary insurance amount shall be the larger of the two amounts computed under this subparagraph (before the application of subsection (i))

and shall be deemed to be computed under paragraph (1) of this subsection for the purpose of applying other provisions of this title.

"(ii) For purposes of clause (i), the percent specified in this clause is—

"(I) 80.0 percent with respect to individuals who initially become eligible for old-age or disability insurance benefits in 1986;

"(II) 70.0 percent with respect to individuals who so become eligible in 1987;

"(III) 60.0 percent with respect to individuals who so become eligible in 1988;

"(IV) 50.0 percent with respect to individuals who so become eligible in 1989; and

"(V) 40.0 percent with respect to individuals who so become eligible in 1990 or thereafter.

"(C)(i) Any periodic payment which otherwise meets the requirements of subparagraph (A), but which is paid on other than a monthly basis, shall be allocated on a basis equivalent to a monthly payment (as determined by the Secretary), and such equivalent monthly payment shall constitute a monthly periodic payment for purposes of this paragraph.

"(ii) In the case of an individual who has elected to receive a periodic payment that has been reduced so as to provide a survivors benefit to any other individual, the payment shall be deemed to be increased (for purposes of any computation under this paragraph or subsection (d)(5)) by the amount of such reduction.

"(iii) If an individual to whom subparagraph (A) applies is eligible for a periodic payment beginning with a month that is subsequent to the month in which he or she becomes eligible for old-age or disability insurance benefits, the amount of that payment (for purposes of subparagraph (B)) shall be deemed to be the amount to which he or she is, or is deemed to be, entitled (subject to clauses (i), (ii), and (iv) of this subparagraph) in such subsequent month.

"(iv) For purposes of this paragraph, the term 'periodic payment' includes a payment payable in a lump sum if it is a commutation of, or a substitute for, periodic payments. "Periodic payment."

"(D) This paragraph shall not apply in the case of an individual who has 30 years or more of coverage (as defined in paragraph (1)(C)(ii)). In the case of an individual who has more than 25 years of coverage but less than 30 years of coverage (as so defined), the percent specified in the applicable subdivision of subparagraph (B)(ii) shall (if such percent is smaller than the percent specified in whichever of the following clauses applies) be deemed to be—

"(i) 80 percent, in the case of an individual who has 29 of such years of coverage;

"(ii) 70 percent, in the case of an individual who has 28 of such years;

"(iii) 60 percent, in the case of an individual who has 27 of such years; and

"(iv) 50 percent, in the case of an individual who has 26 of such years.

"(E) This paragraph shall not apply in the case of an individual who on January 1, 1984— Limitations.

"(i) is an employee performing service to which social security coverage is extended on that date solely by reason of the amendments made by section 101 of the Social Security Amendments of 1983; or *Ante*, p. 67.

"(ii) is an employee of a nonprofit organization which (on December 31, 1983) did not have in effect a waiver certificate under section 3121(k) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 and to the employees of which social security coverage is extended on that date solely by reason of the amendments made by section 102 of that Act, unless social security coverage had previously extended to service performed by such individual as an employee of that organization under a waiver certificate which was subsequently (prior to December 31, 1983) terminated.".

Ante, p. 71.

42 USC 415.

(b) Section 215(d) of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(5) In the case of an individual whose primary insurance amount is not computed under paragraph (1) of subsection (a) by reason of paragraph (4)(B)(ii) of that subsection, who—

"(A) attains age 62 after 1985 (except where he or she became entitled to a disability insurance benefit before 1986, and remained so entitled in any of the 12 months immediately preceding his or her attainment of age 62), or

"(B) would attain age 62 after 1985 and becomes eligible for a disability insurance benefit after 1985,

and who first becomes eligible after 1985 for a monthly periodic payment (including a payment determined under subsection (a)(7)(C), but excluding a payment under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 or 1937) which is based (in whole or in part) upon his or her earnings in noncovered service, the primary insurance amount of such individual during his or her concurrent entitlement to such monthly periodic payment and to old-age or disability insurance benefits shall be the primary insurance amount computed or recomputed under this subsection (without regard to this paragraph and before the application of subsection (i)) reduced by an amount equal to the smaller of—

45 USC 231t.

"(i) one-half of the primary insurance amount (computed without regard to this paragraph and before the application of subsection (i)), or

"(ii) one-half of the portion of the monthly periodic payment (or payment determined under subsection (a)(7)(C)) which is attributable to noncovered service performed after 1956 (with such attribution being based on the proportionate number of years of such noncovered service) and to which that individual is entitled (or is deemed to be entitled) for the initial month of his or her eligibility for old-age or disability insurance benefits.

This paragraph shall not apply in the case of any individual to whom subsection (a)(7) would not apply by reason of subparagraph (E) or the first sentence of subparagraph (D) thereof.".

42 USC 415.

(c) Section 215(f) of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(9)(A) In the case of an individual who becomes entitled to a periodic payment determined under subsection (a)(7)(A) (including a payment determined under subsection (a)(7)(C)) in a month subsequent to the first month in which he or she becomes entitled to an old-age or disability insurance benefit, and whose primary insurance amount has been computed without regard to either such subsection or subsection (d)(5), such individual's primary insurance amount shall be recomputed (notwithstanding paragraph (4) of this subsection), in accordance with either such subsection or subsection (d)(5),

as may be applicable, effective with the first month of his or her concurrent entitlement to such benefit and such periodic payment.

"(B) If an individual's primary insurance amount has been computed under subsection (a)(7) or (d)(5), and it becomes necessary to recompute that primary insurance amount under this subsection—

"(i) so as to increase the monthly benefit amount payable with respect to such primary insurance amount (except in the case of the individual's death), such increase shall be determined as though such primary insurance amount had initially been computed without regard to subsection (a)(7) or (d)(5), or

"(ii) by reason of the individual's death, such primary insurance amount shall be recomputed without regard to (and as though it had never been computed with regard to) subsection (a)(7) or (d)(5).".

(d) Sections 202(e)(2) and 202(f)(3) of such Act are each amended by striking out "section 215(f) (5) or (6)" wherever it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "section 215(f)(5), 215(f)(6), or 215(f)(9)(B)". 42 USC 402.

INCREASE IN OLD-AGE INSURANCE BENEFIT AMOUNTS ON ACCOUNT OF DELAYED RETIREMENT

SEC. 114. (a) Section 202(w)(1)(A) of the Social Security Act is amended to read as follows: 42 USC 402.

"(A) the applicable percentage (as determined under paragraph (6)) of such amount, multiplied by".

(b) Section 202(w) of such Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(6) For purposes of paragraph (1)(A), the 'applicable percentage' is—

"(A) 1/12 of 1 percent in the case of an individual who first becomes eligible for an old-age insurance benefit in any calendar year before 1979;

"(B) 1/4 of 1 percent in the case of an individual who first becomes eligible for an old-age insurance benefit in any calendar year after 1978 and before 1987;

"(C) in the case of an individual who first becomes eligible for an old-age insurance benefit in a calendar year after 1986 and before 2005, a percentage equal to the applicable percentage in effect under this paragraph for persons who first became eligible for an old-age insurance benefit in the preceding calendar year (as increased pursuant to this subparagraph), plus 1/24 of 1 percent if the calendar year in which that particular individual first becomes eligible for such benefit is not evenly divisible by 2; and

"(D) 2/3 of 1 percent in the case of an individual who first becomes eligible for an old-age insurance benefit in a calendar year after 2004.".

(c)(1) Paragraphs (2) (A) and (3) of section 202(w) of such Act are each amended by striking out "age 72" and inserting in lieu thereof "age 70".

(2) The amendments made by paragraph (1) shall apply with respect to increment months in calendar years after 1983. Effective date. 42 USC 402 note.

PART C—REVENUE PROVISIONS

SEC. 121. TAXATION OF SOCIAL SECURITY AND TIER 1 RAILROAD RETIREMENT BENEFITS.

(a) GENERAL RULE.—Part II of subchapter B of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to amounts specifically included in gross income) is amended by redesignating section 86 as section 87 and by inserting after section 85 the following new section:

26 USC 86.

"SEC. 86. SOCIAL SECURITY AND TIER 1 RAILROAD RETIREMENT BENEFITS.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—Gross income for the taxable year of any taxpayer described in subsection (b) includes social security benefits in an amount equal to the lesser of—

"(1) one-half of the social security benefits received during the taxable year, or

"(2) one-half of the excess described in subsection (b)(1).

"(b) TAXPAYERS TO WHOM SUBSECTION (a) APPLIES.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—A taxpayer is described in this subsection if—

"(A) the sum of—

"(i) the modified adjusted gross income of the taxpayer for the taxable year, plus

"(ii) one-half of the social security benefits received during the taxable year, exceeds

"(B) the base amount.

"(2) MODIFIED ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME.—For purposes of this subsection, the term 'modified adjusted gross income' means adusted gross income—

"(A) determined without regard to this section and sections 221, 911, 931, and 933, and

"(B) increased by the amount of interest received or accrued by the taxpayer during the taxable year which is exempt from tax.

"(c) BASE AMOUNT.—For purposes of this section, the term 'base amount' means—

"(1) except as otherwise provided in this subsection, $25,000,

"(2) $32,000, in the case of a joint return, and

"(3) zero, in the case of a taxpayer who—

"(A) is married at the close of the taxable year (within the meaning of section 143) but does not file a joint return for such year, and

"(B) does not live apart from his spouse at all times during the taxable year.

"(d) SOCIAL SECURITY BENEFIT.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of this section, the term 'social security benefit' means any amount received by the taxpayer by reason of entitlement to—

"(A) a monthly benefit under title II of the Social Security Act, or

42 USC 401.

"(B) a tier 1 railroad retirement benefit.

For purposes of the preceding sentence, the amount received by any taxpayer shall be determined as if the Social Security Act did not contain section 203(i) thereof.

42 USC 403.

"(2) ADJUSTMENT FOR REPAYMENTS DURING YEAR.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of this section, the amount of social security benefits received during any taxable year shall be reduced by any repayment made by the taxpayer during the taxable year of a social security benefit previously received by the taxpayer (whether or not such benefit was received during the taxable year).

"(B) DENIAL OF DEDUCTION.—If (but for this subparagraph) any portion of the repayments referred to in subparagraph (A) would have been allowable as a deduction for the taxable year under section 165, such portion shall be allowable as a deduction only to the extent it exceeds the social security benefits received by the taxpayer during the taxable year (and not repaid during such taxable year).

"(3) WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION BENEFITS SUBSTITUTED FOR SOCIAL SECURITY BENEFITS.—For purposes of this section, if, by reason of section 224 of the Social Security Act (or by reason of section 3(a)(1) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974), any social security benefit is reduced by reason of the receipt of a benefit under a workmen's compensation act, the term 'social security benefit' includes that portion of such benefit received under the workmen's compensation act which equals such reduction.

42 USC 424a.
45 USC 231b.

"(4) TIER 1 RAILROAD RETIREMENT BENEFIT.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the term 'tier 1 railroad retirement benefit' means a monthly benefit under section 3(a), 4(a), or 4(f) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974.

45 USC 231b, 231c.

"(e) LIMITATION ON AMOUNT INCLUDED WHERE TAXPAYER RECEIVES LUMP-SUM PAYMENT.—

"(1) LIMITATION.—If—

"(A) any portion of a lump-sum payment of social security benefits received during the taxable year is attributable to prior taxable years, and

"(B) the taxpayer makes an election under this subsection for the taxable year,

then the amount included in gross income under this section for the taxable year by reason of the receipt of such portion shall not exceed the sum of the increases in gross income under this chapter for prior taxable years which would result solely from taking into account such portion in the taxable years to which it is attributable.

"(2) SPECIAL RULES.—

"(A) YEAR TO WHICH BENEFIT ATTRIBUTABLE.—For purposes of this subsection, a social security benefit is attributable to a taxable year if the generally applicable payment date for such benefit occurred during such taxable year.

"(B) ELECTION.—An election under this subsection shall be made at such time and in such manner as the Secretary shall by regulations prescribe. Such election, once made, may be revoked only with the consent of the Secretary.

"(f) TREATMENT AS PENSION OR ANNUITY FOR CERTAIN PURPOSES.—For purposes of—

"(1) section 43(c)(2) (defining earned income),

"(2) section 219(f)(1) (defining compensation),

"(3) section 221(b)(2) (defining earned income), and

"(4) section 911(b)(1) (defining foreign earned income),

any social security benefit shall be treated as an amount received as a pension or annuity."

(b) INFORMATION REPORTING.—Subpart B of part III of subchapter A of chapter 61 of such Code (relating to information concerning transactions with other persons) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

26 USC 6050F. "SEC. 6050F. RETURNS RELATING TO SOCIAL SECURITY BENEFITS.

"(a) REQUIREMENT OF REPORTING.—The appropriate Federal official shall make a return, according to the forms and regulations prescribed by the Secretary, setting forth—

"(1) the—

"(A) aggregate amount of social security benefits paid with respect to any individual during any calendar year,

"(B) aggregate amount of social security benefits repaid by such individual during such calendar year, and

"(C) aggregate reductions under section 224 of the Social Security Act (or under section 3(a)(1) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974) in benefits which would otherwise have been paid to such individual during the calendar year on account of amounts received under a workmen's compensation act, and

42 USC 424a.
45 USC 231b.

"(2) the name and address of such individual.

"(b) STATEMENTS TO BE FURNISHED TO INDIVIDUALS WITH RESPECT TO WHOM INFORMATION IS FURNISHED.—Every person making a return under subsection (a) shall furnish to each individual whose name is set forth in such return a written statement showing—

"(1) the name of the agency making the payments, and

"(2) the aggregate amount of payments, of repayments, and of reductions, with respect to the individual as shown on such return.

The written statement required under the preceding sentence shall be furnished to the individual on or before January 31 of the year following the calendar year for which the return under subsection (a) was made.

"(c) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section—

"(1) APPROPRIATE FEDERAL OFFICIAL.—The term 'appropriate Federal official' means—

"(A) the Secretary of Health and Human Services in the case of social security benefits described in section 86(d)(1)(A), and

"(B) the Railroad Retirement Board in the case of social security benefits described in section 86(d)(1)(B).

Ante, p. 80.

"(2) SOCIAL SECURITY BENEFIT.—The term 'social security benefit' has the meaning given to such term by section 86(d)(1)."

(c) TREATMENT OF NONRESIDENT ALIENS.—

(1) AMENDMENT OF SECTION 871(a).—Subsection (a) of section 871 of such Code (relating to tax on income not connected with United States business) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

26 USC 871.

"(3) TAXATION OF SOCIAL SECURITY BENEFITS.—For purposes of this section and section 1441—

"(A) one-half of any social security benefit (as defined in section 86(d)) shall be included in gross income, and

"(B) section 86 shall not apply."

(2) AMENDMENT OF SECTION 1441.—Section 1441 of such Code (relating to withholding of tax on nonresident aliens) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

26 USC 1441.

"(g) CROSS REFERENCE.—

"For provision treating one-half of social security benefits as subject to withholding under this section, see section 871(a)(3)."

(3) DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION OR RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (h) of section 6103 of such Code (relating to disclosure to certain Federal officers and employees for purposes of tax administration, etc.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph: 26 USC 6103.

"(6) WITHHOLDING OF TAX FROM SOCIAL SECURITY BENEFITS.—Upon written request of the payor agency, the Secretary may disclose available return information from the master files of the Internal Revenue Service with respect to the address and status of an individual as a nonresident alien or as a citizen or resident of the United States to the Social Security Administration or the Railroad Retirement Board (whichever is appropriate) for purposes of carrying out its responsibilities for withholding tax under section 1441 from social security benefits (as defined in section 86(d))." *Ante*, p. 80.

(B) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Paragraph (4) of section 6103(p) of such Code (relating to safeguards) is amended by inserting "(h)(6)," after "(h)(2)," in the material preceding subparagraph (A) and in subparagraph (F)(ii), thereof. 26 USC 6103.

(C) DISCLOSURE BY FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.—Section 1113 of the Right to Financial Privacy Act of 1978 (92 Stat. 3706; 12 U.S.C. 3413) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(k)(1) Nothing in this title shall apply to the disclosure by the financial institution of the name and address of any customer to the Department of the Treasury, the Social Security Administration, or the Railroad Retirement Board, where the disclosure of such information is necessary to, and such information is used solely for the purpose of, the proper administration of section 1441 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, title II of the Social Security Act, or the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974. Information disclosure. 26 USC 1441; 42 USC 401; 45 USC 231t.

"(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any request authorized by paragraph (1) (and the information contained therein) may be used by the financial institution or its agents solely for the purpose of providing the customer's name and address to the Department of the Treasury, the Social Security Administration, or the Railroad Retirement Board and shall be barred from redisclosure by the financial institution or its agents."

(d) SOCIAL SECURITY BENEFITS TREATED AS UNITED STATES SOURCED.—Subsection (a) of section 861 of such Code (relating to income from sources within the United States) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph: 26 USC 861.

"(8) SOCIAL SECURITY BENEFITS.—Any social security benefit (as defined in section 86(d))." *Ante*, p. 80.

(e) TRANSFERS TO TRUST FUNDS.— 42 USC 401 note.

(1) IN GENERAL.—There are hereby appropriated to each payor fund amounts equivalent to the aggregate increase in tax liabilities under chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 which is attributable to the application of sections 86 and 871(a)(3) of such Code (as added by this section) to payments from such payor fund. 26 USC 1 *et seq.* *Ante*, p. 80.

(2) TRANSFERS.—The amounts appropriated by paragraph (1) to any payor fund shall be transferred from time to time (but not less frequently than quarterly) from the general fund of the Treasury on the basis of estimates made by the Secretary of the Treasury of the amounts referred to in such paragraph. Any such quarterly payment shall be made on the first day of such quarter and shall take into account social security benefits estimated to be received during such quarter. Proper adjustments shall be made in the amounts subsequently transferred to the extent prior estimates were in excess of or less than the amounts required to be transferred.

(3) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this subsection—

(A) PAYOR FUND.—The term "payor fund" means any trust fund or account from which payments of social security benefits are made.

(B) SOCIAL SECURITY BENEFITS.—The term "social security benefits" has the meaning given such term by section 86(d)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.

Ante, p. 80.

(4) REPORTS.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall submit annual reports to the Congress and to the Secretary of Health and Human Services and the Railroad Retirement Board on—

(A) the transfers made under this subsection during the year, and the methodology used in determining the amount of such transfers and the funds or account to which made, and

(B) the anticipated operation of this subsection during the next 5 years.

(f) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—

26 USC 85.

(1) Subsection (a) of section 85 of such Code is amended by striking out "this section," and inserting in lieu thereof "this section, section 86,".

96 Stat. 2375.
26 USC 128.

(2) Subparagraph (B) of section 128(c)(3) of such Code (as in effect for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1984) is amended by striking out "85," and inserting in lieu thereof "85, 86,".

(3) The table of sections for part II of subchapter B of chapter 1 of such Code is amended by striking out the item relating to section 86 and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"Sec. 86. Social security and tier 1 railroad retirement benefits.
"Sec. 87. Alcohol fuel credit."

(4) The table of sections for subpart B of part III of subchapter A of chapter 61 of such Code is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"Sec. 6050F. Returns relating to social security benefits."

26 USC 86 note.

(g) EFFECTIVE DATES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the amendments made by this section shall apply to benefits received after December 31, 1983, in taxable years ending after such date.

(2) TREATMENT OF CERTAIN LUMP-SUM PAYMENTS RECEIVED AFTER DECEMBER 31, 1983.—The amendments made by this section shall not apply to any portion of a lump-sum payment of social security benefits (as defined in section 86(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954) received after December 31, 1983, if the generally applicable payment date for such portion was before January 1, 1984.

Ante, p. 80.

SEC. 122. CREDIT FOR THE ELDERLY AND THE PERMANENTLY AND TOTALLY DISABLED.

(a) GENERAL RULE.—Section 37 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to credit for the elderly) is amended to read as follows: 26 USC 37.

"SEC. 37. CREDIT FOR THE ELDERLY AND THE PERMANENTLY AND TOTALLY DISABLED.

"(a) GENERAL RULE.—In the case of a qualified individual, there shall be allowed as a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter for the taxable year an amount equal to 15 percent of such individual's section 37 amount for such taxable year.

"(b) QUALIFIED INDIVIDUAL.—For purposes of this section, the term 'qualified individual' means any individual—

"(1) who has attained age 65 before the close of the taxable year, or

"(2) who retired on disability before the close of the taxable year and who, when he retired, was permanently and totally disabled.

"(c) SECTION 37 AMOUNT.—For purposes of subsection (a)—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—An individual's section 37 amount for the taxable year shall be the applicable initial amount determined under paragraph (2), reduced as provided in paragraph (3) and in subsection (d).

"(2) INITIAL AMOUNT—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the initial amount shall be—

"(i) $5,000 in the case of a single individual, or a joint return where only one spouse is a qualified individual,

"(ii) $7,500 in the case of a joint return where both spouses are qualified individuals, or

"(iii) $3,750 in the case of a married individual filing a separate return.

"(B) LIMITATION IN CASE OF INDIVIDUALS WHO HAVE NOT ATTAINED AGE 65.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—In the case of a qualified individual who has not attained age 65 before the close of the taxable year, except as provided in clause (ii), the initial amount shall not exceed the disability income for the taxable year.

"(ii) SPECIAL RULES IN CASE OF JOINT RETURN.—In the case of a joint return where both spouses are qualified individuals and at least one spouse has not attained age 65 before the close of the taxable year—

"(I) if both spouses have not attained age 65 before the close of the taxable year, the initial amount shall not exceed the sum of such spouses' disability income, or

"(II) if one spouse has attained age 65 before the close of the taxable year, the initial amount shall not exceed the sum of $5,000 plus the disability income for the taxable year of the spouse who has not attained age 65 before the close of the taxable year.

"(iii) DISABILITY INCOME.—For purposes of this subparagraph, the term 'disability income' means the aggregate amount includable in the gross income of the individual for the taxable year under section 72 or

105(a) to the extent such amount constitutes wages (or payments in lieu of wages) for the period during which the individual is absent from work on account of permanent and total disability.

"(3) REDUCTION.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The reduction under this paragraph is an amount equal to the sum of the amounts received by the individual (or, in the case of a joint return, by either spouse) as a pension or annuity or as a disability benefit—

"(i) which is excluded from gross income and payable under—

42 USC 401. "(I) title II of the Social Security Act,

45 USC 231t. "(II) the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974, or

"(III) a law administered by the Veterans' Administration, or

"(ii) which is excluded from gross income under any provision of law not contained in this title.

No reduction shall be made under clause (i)(III) for any 26 USC 104. amount described in section 104(a)(4).

"(B) TREATMENT OF CERTAIN WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION BENEFITS.—For purposes of subparagraph (A), any amount *Ante*, p. 80. treated as a social security benefit under section 86(d)(3) shall be treated as a disability benefit received under title II of the Social Security Act.

"(d) LIMITATIONS.—

"(1) ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME LIMITATION.—If the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer exceeds—

"(A) $7,500 in the case of a single individual,

"(B) $10,000 in the case of a joint return, or

"(C) $5,000 in the case of a married individual filing a separate return,

the section 37 amount shall be reduced by one-half of the excess of the adjusted gross income over $7,500, $10,000, or $5,000, as the case may be.

"(2) LIMITATION BASED ON AMOUNT OF TAX.—The amount of the credit allowed by this section for the taxable year shall not exceed the amount of the tax imposed by this chapter for such taxable year.

"(e) DEFINITIONS AND SPECIAL RULES.—For purposes of this section—

"(1) MARRIED COUPLE MUST FILE JOINT RETURN.—Except in the case of a husband and wife who live apart at all times during the taxable year, if the taxpayer is married at the close of the taxable year, the credit provided by this section shall be allowed only if the taxpayer and his spouse file a joint return for the taxable year.

"(2) MARITAL STATUS.—Marital status shall be determined under section 143.

"(3) PERMANENT AND TOTAL DISABILITY DEFINED.—An individual is permanently and totally disabled if he is unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or which has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months. An individual shall not be considered to be permanently and totally disabled unless he furnishes proof of the

existence thereof in such form and manner, and at such times, as the Secretary may require.

"(f) NONRESIDENT ALIEN INELIGIBLE FOR CREDIT.—No credit shall be allowed under this section to any nonresident alien."

(b) REPEAL OF EXCLUSION FOR CERTAIN DISABILITY PAYMENTS.—Subsection (d) of section 105 of such Code (relating to certain disability payments) is hereby repealed. 26 USC 105.

(c) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

(1) Sections 41(b)(2), 44A(b)(2), 46(a)(4)(B), 53(a)(2), and 904(g) of such Code are each amended by striking out "relating to credit for the elderly" and inserting in lieu thereof "relating to credit for the elderly and the permanently and totally disabled". 26 USC 41, 44A, 46, 53, 904.

(2) Subsection (a) of section 85 of such Code is amended by striking out ", section 105(d),". 26 USC 85.

(3) Subparagraph (B) of section 128(c)(3) of such Code (as in effect for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1984) is amended by striking out "105(d),". *Ante*, p. 84. 26 USC 128.

(4) Paragraph (3) of section 403(b) of such Code is amended by striking out "sections 105(d) and 911" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 911". 26 USC 403.

(5) Clause (i) of section 415(c)(3)(C) of such Code is amended by striking out "section 105(d)(4)" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 37(e)(3)". 96 Stat. 532. 26 USC 415.

(6) Paragraph (6) of section 7871(a) of such Code is amended by striking out subparagraph (A), and by redesignating subparagraphs (B), (C), and (D) as subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C), respectively. 96 Stat. 2608. 26 USC 7871.

(7) The table of sections for subpart A of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of such Code is amended by striking out the item relating to section 37 and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"Sec. 37. Credit for the elderly and the permanently and totally disabled."

(d) EFFECTIVE DATE.— 26 USC 37 note.

(1) IN GENERAL.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1983.

(2) TRANSITIONAL RULE.—If an individual's annuity starting date was deferred under section 105(d)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (as in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this section), such deferral shall end on the first day of such individual's first taxable year beginning after December 31, 1983. *Supra.*

SEC. 123. ACCELERATION OF INCREASES IN FICA TAXES; 1984 EMPLOYEE TAX CREDIT.

(a) ACCELERATION OF INCREASES IN FICA TAXES.—

(1) TAX ON EMPLOYEES.—Subsection (a) of section 3101 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to rate of tax on employees for old-age, survivors, and disability insurance) is amended by striking out paragraphs (1) through (7) and inserting in lieu thereof the following: 26 USC 3101.

"In cases of wages received during:	The rate shall be:
1984, 1985, 1986, or 1987	5.7 percent
1988 or 1989	6.06 percent
1990 or thereafter	6.2 percent."

26 USC 3111.

(2) EMPLOYER TAX.—Subsection (a) of section 3111 of such Code is amended by striking out paragraphs (1) through (7) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"In cases of wages paid during:	The rate shall be:
1984, 1985, 1986, or 1987	5.7 percent
1988 or 1989	6.06 percent
1990 or thereafter	6.2 percent."

26 USC 3101 note.

(3) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this subsection shall apply to remuneration paid after December 31, 1983.

(b) 1984 EMPLOYEE TAX CREDIT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 25 of such Code is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

26 USC 3510.

"SEC. 3510. CREDIT FOR INCREASED SOCIAL SECURITY EMPLOYEE TAXES AND RAILROAD RETIREMENT TIER 1 EMPLOYEE TAXES IMPOSED DURING 1984.

"(a) GENERAL RULE.—There shall be allowed as a credit against the tax imposed by section 3101(a) on wages received during 1984 an amount equal to 3/10 of 1 percent of the wages so received.

"(b) TIME CREDIT ALLOWED.—The credit under subsection (a) shall be taken into account in determining the amount of the tax deducted under section 3102(a).

"(c) WAGES.—For purposes of this section, the term 'wages' has the meaning given to such term by section 3121(a).

"(d) APPLICATION TO AGREEMENTS UNDER SECTION 218 OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT.—For purposes of determining amounts equivalent to the tax imposed by section 3101(a) with respect to remuneration which—

42 USC 418.

"(1) is covered by an agreement under section 218 of the Social Security Act, and

"(2) is paid during 1984,

the credit allowed by subsection (a) shall be taken into account. A similar rule shall also apply in the case of an agreement under section 3121(l).

"(e) CREDIT AGAINST RAILROAD RETIREMENT EMPLOYEE AND EMPLOYEE REPRESENTATIVE TAXES.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—There shall be allowed as a credit against the taxes imposed by sections 3201(a) and 3211(a) on compensation paid during 1984 and subject to such taxes at rates determined by reference to section 3101 an amount equal to 3/10 of 1 percent of such compensation.

"(2) TIME CREDIT ALLOWED.—The credit under paragraph (1) shall be taken into account in determining the amount of the tax deducted under section 3202(a) (or the amount of the tax under section 3211(a)).

"(3) COMPENSATION.—For purposes of this subsection, the term 'compensation' has the meaning given to such term by section 3231(e).

"(f) COORDINATION WITH SECTION 6413(c).—For purposes of subsection (c) of section 6413, in determining the amount of the tax imposed by section 3101 or 3201, any credit allowed by this section shall be taken into account."

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for chapter 25 of such Code is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"Sec. 3510. Credit for increased social security employee taxes and railroad retirement tier 1 employee taxes imposed during 1984."

(3) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this subsection shall apply to remuneration paid during 1984. 26 USC 3510 note.

(4) DEPOSITS IN SOCIAL SECURITY TRUST FUNDS.—For purposes of subsection (h) of section 218 of the Social Security Act (relating to deposits in social security trust funds of amounts received under section 218 agreements), amounts allowed as a credit pursuant to subsection (d) of section 3510 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to credit for remuneration paid during 1984 which is covered under an agreement under section 218 of the Social Security Act) shall be treated as amounts received under such an agreement. 42 USC 418 note. 42 USC 418. *Ante*, p. 88.

(5) DEPOSITS IN RAILROAD RETIREMENT ACCOUNT.—For purposes of subsection (a) of section 15 of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974, amounts allowed as a credit under subsection (e) of section 3510 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 shall be treated as amounts covered into the Treasury under subsection (a) of section 3201 of such Code. 45 USC 231n note. 45 USC 231n.

SEC. 124. TAXES ON SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME; CREDIT AGAINST SUCH TAXES FOR YEARS BEFORE 1990; DEDUCTION OF SUCH TAXES FOR YEARS AFTER 1989.

(a) INCREASE IN RATES.—Subsections (a) and (b) of section 1401 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to rates of tax on self-employment income) are amended to read as follows: 26 USC 1401.

"(a) OLD-AGE, SURVIVORS, AND DISABILITY INSURANCE.—In addition to other taxes, there shall be imposed for each taxable year, on the self-employment income of every individual, a tax equal to the following percent of the amount of the self-employment income for such taxable year:

"In the case of a taxable year Beginning after:	And before:	Percent:
December 31, 1983	January 1, 1988	11.40
December 31, 1987	January 1, 1990	12.12
December 31, 1989		12.40

"(b) HOSPITAL INSURANCE.—In addition to the tax imposed by the preceding subsection, there shall be imposed for each taxable year, on the self-employment income of every individual, a tax equal to the following percent of the amount of the self-employment income for such taxable year:

"In the case of a taxable year Beginning after:	And before:	Percent:
December 31, 1983	January 1, 1985	2.60
December 31, 1984	January 1, 1986	2.70
December 31, 1985		2.90."

(b) CREDIT FOR YEARS BEFORE 1990 AGAINST SELF-EMPLOYMENT TAXES.—Section 1401 of such Code is amended by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d) and by inserting after subsection (b) the following new subsection:

"(c) CREDIT AGAINST TAXES IMPOSED BY THIS SECTION.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of a taxable year beginning before 1990, there shall be allowed as a credit against the taxes imposed by this section for any taxable year an amount equal to

the applicable percentage of the self-employment income of the individual for such taxable year.

"(2) APPLICABLE PERCENTAGE.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the applicable percentage shall be determined in accordance with the following table:

"In the case of taxable years beginning in:	The applicable percentage is:
1984	2.7
1985	2.3
1986, 1987, 1988, or 1989	2.0."

(c) ALLOWANCE OF DEDUCTION FOR YEARS AFTER 1989 FOR ONE-HALF OF TAXES ON SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME.—

26 USC 164.

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 164 of such Code (relating to deduction for taxes) is amended by redesignating subsection (f) as subsection (g) and by inserting after subsection (e) the following new subsection:

"(f) DEDUCTION FOR ONE-HALF OF SELF-EMPLOYMENT TAXES.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of an individual, in addition to the taxes described in subsection (a), there shall be allowed as a deduction for the taxable year an amount equal to one-half of the taxes imposed by section 1401 for such taxable year.

"(2) DEDUCTION TREATED AS ATTRIBUTABLE TO TRADE OR BUSINESS.—For purposes of this chapter, the deduction allowed by paragraph (1) shall be treated as attributable to a trade or business carried on by the taxpayer which does not consist of the performance of services by the taxpayer as an employee."

26 USC 1402.

(2) ALTERNATIVE DEDUCTION ALLOWED IN COMPUTING SELF-EMPLOYMENT TAXES.—Subsection (a) of section 1402 of such Code (defining net earnings from self-employment) is amended by striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (11), by redesignating paragraph (12) as paragraph (13), and by inserting after paragraph (11) the following new paragraph:

"(12) in lieu of the deduction provided by section 164(f) (relating to deduction for one-half of self-employment taxes), there shall be allowed a deduction equal to the product of—

"(A) the taxpayer's net earnings from self-employment for the taxable year (determined without regard to this paragraph), and

"(B) one-half of the sum of the rates imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of section 1401 for such year; and".

42 USC 411.

(3) CONFORMING AMENDMENT TO SOCIAL SECURITY ACT.—Subsection (a) of section 211 of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (10), by redesignating paragraph (11) as paragraph (12), and by inserting after paragraph (10) the following new paragraph:

"(11) In lieu of the deduction provided by section 164(f) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to deduction for one-half of self-employment taxes), there shall be allowed a deduction equal to the product of—

"(A) the taxpayer's net earnings from self-employment for the taxable year (determined without regard to this paragraph), and

"(B) one-half of the sum of the rates imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of section 1401 of such Code for such year; and".

Supra.

(4) SECTION 164(F) DEDUCTION TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT IN COMPUTING EARNED INCOME.—

(A) Subparagraph (A) of section 401(c)(2) of such Code (defining earned income) is amended by striking out "and" at the end of clause (iv), by striking out the period at the end of clause (v) and inserting in lieu thereof ", and", and by inserting after clause (v) the following new clause:

"(vi) with regard to the deduction allowed to the taxpayer by section 164(f)."

(B) Clause (ii) of section 43(c)(2)(A) of such Code is amended by inserting before the period ", but such net earnings shall be determined with regard to the deduction allowed to the taxpayer by section 164(f)".

(5) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Subsection (a) of section 275 of such Code (relating to denial of deduction for certain taxes) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence:

"Paragraph (1) shall not apply to any taxes to the extent such taxes are allowable as a deduction under section 164(f)."

(d) EFFECTIVE DATES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the amendments made by this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1983.

(2) SUBSECTION (c).—The amendments made by subsection (c) shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1989.

96 Stat. 513.
26 USC 401.
Ante, p. 90.
26 USC 43.
26 USC 275.
26 USC 1401 note.

SEC. 125. TREATMENT OF CERTAIN FACULTY PRACTICE PLANS.

26 USC 3121 note.

(a) GENERAL RULE.—For purposes of subsection (s) of section 3121 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to concurrent employment by 2 or more employers)—

(1) the following entities shall be deemed to be related corporations:

(A) a State university which employs health professionals as faculty members at a medical school, and

(B) a faculty practice plan described in section 501(c)(3) of such Code and exempt from tax under section 501(a) of such Code—

(i) which employs faculty members of such medical school, and

(ii) 30 percent or more of the employees of which are concurrently employed by such medical school; and

(2) remuneration which is disbursed by such faculty practice plan to a health professional employed by both such entities shall be deemed to have been actually disbursed by such university as a common paymaster and not to have been actually disbursed by such faculty practice plan.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The provisions of subsection (a) shall apply to remuneration paid after December 31, 1983.

ALLOCATIONS TO DISABILITY INSURANCE TRUST FUND

SEC. 126. (a) Section 201(b)(1) of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out clauses (K) through (M) and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "(K) 1.65 per centum of the wages (as so defined) paid after December 31, 1981, and before January 1, 1983, and so reported, (L) 1.25 per centum of the wages (as so defined) paid after December 31, 1982, and before January 1, 1984, and so reported, (M) 1.00 per centum of the wages (as so defined) paid after December 31, 1983, and before January 1, 1988, and so reported, (N) 1.06 per

42 USC 401.

centum of the wages (as so defined) paid after December 31, 1987, and before January 1, 1990, and so reported, (O) 1.20 per centum of the wages (as so defined) paid after December 31, 1989, and before January 1, 2000, and so reported, and (P) 1.42 per centum of the wages (as so defined) paid after December 31, 1999, and so reported,".

42 USC 401.

(b) Section 201(b)(2) of such Act is amended by striking out clauses (K) through (M) and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "(K) 1.2375 per centum of the amount of self-employment income (as so defined) so reported for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1981, and before January 1, 1983, (L) 0.9375 per centum of the amount of self-employment income (as so defined) so reported for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1982, and before January 1, 1984, (M) 1.00 per centum of the amount of self-employment income (as so defined) so reported for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1983, and before January 1, 1988, (N) 1.06 per centum of the self-employment income (as so defined) so reported for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1987, and before January 1, 1990, (O) 1.20 per centum of the amount of self-employment income (as so defined) so reported for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1989, and before January 1, 2000, and (P) 1.42 per centum of the self-employment income (as so defined) so reported for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1999,".

PART D—BENEFITS FOR CERTAIN SURVIVING, DIVORCED, AND DISABLED SPOUSES

BENEFITS FOR SURVIVING DIVORCED SPOUSES AND DISABLED WIDOWS AND WIDOWERS WHO REMARRY

42 USC 402.

SEC. 131. (a)(1) Section 202(e)(3) of the Social Security Act is repealed.

(2) Section 202(e)(4) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"(4) For purposes of paragraph (1), if—

"(A) a widow or surviving divorced wife marries after attaining age 60 (or after attaining age 50 if she was entitled before such marriage occurred to benefits based on disability under this subsection), or

"(B) a disabled widow or disabled surviving divorced wife described in paragraph (1)(B)(ii) marries after attaining age 50, such marriage shall be deemed not to have occurred.".

(3)(A) Section 202(e) of such Act is further amended by redesignating paragraph (4) (as amended by paragraph (2) of this subsection), and paragraphs (5) through (8), as paragraphs (3) through (7), respectively.

(B) Section 202(e)(1)(B)(ii) of such Act is amended by striking out "(5)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(4)".

(C) Section 202(e)(1)(F) of such Act is amended by striking out "(6)" in clause (i) and "(5)" in clause (ii) and inserting in lieu thereof "(5)" and "(4)", respectively.

(D) Section 202(e)(2)(A) of such Act is amended by striking out "(8)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(7)".

(E) The paragraph of section 202(e) of such Act redesignated as paragraph (5) by subparagraph (A) of this paragraph is amended by striking out "(5)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(4)".

(F) The paragraph of such section 202(e) redesignated as paragraph (7) by subparagraph (A) of this paragraph is amended by striking out "(4)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(3)". 42 USC 402.

(G) Section 202(k) of such Act is amended by striking out "(e)(4)" each place it appears in paragraphs (2)(B) and (3)(B) and inserting in lieu thereof "(e)(3)".

(H) Section 226(e)(1)(A) of such Act is amended by striking out "202(e)(5)" and inserting in lieu thereof "202(e)(4)". 42 USC 426.

(b)(1) Section 202(f)(4) of such Act is repealed.

(2) Section 202(f)(5) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"(5) For purposes of paragraph (1), if—

"(A) a widower marries after attaining age 60 (or after attaining age 50 if he was entitled before such marriage occurred to benefits based on disability under this subsection), or

"(B) a disabled widower described in paragraph (1)(B)(ii) marries after attaining age 50,

such marriage shall be deemed not to have occurred.".

(3)(A) Section 202(f) of such Act is further amended by redesignating paragraph (5) (as amended by paragraph (2) of this subsection), and paragraphs (6) through (8), as paragraphs (4) through (7), respectively.

(B) Section 202(f)(1)(B)(ii) of such Act is amended by striking out "(6)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(5)".

(C) Section 202(f)(1)(F) of such Act is amended by striking out "(7)" in clause (i) and "(6)" in clause (ii) and inserting in lieu thereof "(6)" and "(5)", respectively.

(D) Section 202(f)(2)(A) of such Act is amended by striking out "(5)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(4)".

(E) The paragraph of section 202(f) of such Act redesignated as paragraph (6) by subparagraph (A) of this paragraph is amended by striking out "(6)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(5)".

(F) Section 202(k) of such Act is amended by striking out "(f)(5)" each place it appears in paragraphs (2)(B) and (3)(B) and inserting in lieu thereof "(f)(4)".

(G) Section 226(e)(1)(A) of such Act is amended by striking out "202(f)(6)" and inserting in lieu thereof "202(f)(5)".

(c)(1) Section 202(s)(2) of such Act is amended by striking out "Subsection (f)(4), and so much of subsections (b)(3), (d)(5), (e)(3), (g)(3), and (h)(4)" and inserting in lieu thereof "So much of subsections (b)(3), (d)(5), (g)(3), and (h)(4)".

(2) Section 202(s)(3) of such Act is amended by striking out "(e)(3),".

(d)(1) The amendments made by this section shall be effective with respect to monthly benefits payable under title II of the Social Security Act for months after December 1983. Effective date. 42 USC 402 note. 42 USC 401.

(2) In the case of an individual who was not entitled to a monthly benefit of the type involved under title II of such Act for December 1983, no benefit shall be paid under such title by reason of such amendments unless proper application for such benefit is made.

ENTITLEMENT TO DIVORCED SPOUSE'S BENEFITS WITHOUT REGARD TO ENTITLEMENT OF INSURED INDIVIDUAL TO BENEFITS; EXEMPTION OF DIVORCED SPOUSE'S BENEFITS FROM DEDUCTION ON ACCOUNT OF WORK

SEC. 132. (a) Section 202(b) of the Social Security Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph: 42 USC 402.

"(5)(A) Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this subsection, except as provided in subparagraph (B), the divorced wife of an individual who is not entitled to old-age or disability insurance benefits, but who has attained age 62 and is a fully insured individual (as defined in section 214), if such divorced wife—

42 USC 414.

"(i) meets the requirements of subparagraphs (A) through (D) of paragraph (1), and

"(ii) has been divorced from such insured individual for not less than 2 years,

shall be entitled to a wife's insurance benefit under this subsection for each month, in such amount, and beginning and ending with such months, as determined (under regulations of the Secretary) in the manner otherwise provided for wife's insurance benefits under this subsection, as if such insured individual had become entitled to old-age insurance benefits on the date on which the divorced wife first meets the criteria for entitlement set forth in clauses (i) and (ii).

"(B) A wife's insurance benefit provided under this paragraph which has not otherwise terminated in accordance with subparagraph (E), (F), (H), or (J) of paragraph (1) shall terminate with the month preceding the first month in which the insured individual is no longer a fully insured individual.".

42 USC 403.

(b)(1)(A) Section 203(b) of such Act is amended—

(i) by inserting "(1)" after "(b)";

(ii) by striking out "(1) such individual's benefit" and "(2) if such individual" and inserting in lieu thereof "(A) such individual's benefit" and "(B) if such individual", respectively;

(iii) by striking out "clauses (1) and (2)" and inserting in lieu thereof "clauses (A) and (B)";

(iv) by striking out "(A) an individual" and "(B) if a deduction" and inserting in lieu thereof "(i) an individual" and "(ii) if a deduction", respectively; and

(v) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(2) When any of the other persons referred to in paragraph (1)(B) is entitled to monthly benefits as a divorced spouse under section 202 (b) or (c) for any month and such person has been so divorced for not less than 2 years, the benefit to which he or she is entitled on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of the individual referred to in paragraph (1) for such month shall be determined without regard to deductions under this subsection as a result of excess earnings of such individual, and the benefits of all other individuals who are entitled for such month to monthly benefits under section 202 on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of such individual referred to in paragraph (1) shall be determined as if no such divorced spouse were entitled to benefits for such month.".

42 USC 402.

(B)(i) Section 203(f)(1) of such Act is amended—

(I) in the first sentence, by inserting "(excluding divorced spouses referred to in subsection (b)(2))" after "all other persons" the first place it appears, and by striking out "all other persons" the second place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "all such other persons"; and

(II) in the second sentence, by inserting "(excluding divorced spouses referred to in subsection (b)(2))" after "other persons".

(ii) Section 203(f)(7) of such Act is amended by inserting "(excluding divorced spouses referred to in subsection (b)(2))" after "all persons".

(2) Section 203(d)(1) of such Act is amended—

(A) by inserting "(A)" after "(d)(1)"; and

(B) by adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraph:

"(B) When any divorced spouse is entitled to monthly benefits under section 202 (b) or (c) for any month and such divorced spouse has been so divorced for not less than 2 years, the benefit to which he or she is entitled for such month on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of the individual entitled to old-age insurance benefits referred to in subparagraph (A) shall be determined without regard to deductions under this paragraph as a result of excess earnings of such individual, and the benefits of all other individuals who are entitled for such month to monthly benefits under section 202 on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of such individual referred to in subparagraph (A) shall be determined as if no such divorced spouse were entitled to benefits for such month.". 42 USC 402.

(c)(1) The amendments made by subsection (a) shall apply with respect to monthly insurance benefits for months after December 1984, but only on the basis of applications filed on or after January 1, 1985. Effective date. 42 USC 402 note.

(2) The amendments made by subsection (b) shall apply with respect to monthly insurance benefits for months after December 1984. Effective date. 42 USC 403 note.

INDEXING OF DEFERRED SURVIVING SPOUSE'S BENEFITS TO RECENT WAGE LEVELS

SEC. 133. (a)(1) Section 202(e)(2) of the Social Security Act is amended— 42 USC 402.

(A) by redesignating subparagraph (B) as subparagraph (D); and

(B) by striking out "(2)(A) Except" and all that follows down through "If such deceased individual" and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(2)(A) Except as provided in subsection (q), paragraph (8) of this subsection, and subparagraph (D) of this paragraph, such widow's insurance benefit for each month shall be equal to the primary insurance amount (as determined for purposes of this subsection after application of subparagraphs (B) and (C)) of such deceased individual.

"(B)(i) For purposes of this subsection, in any case in which such deceased individual dies before attaining age 62 and section 215(a)(1) (as in effect after December 1978) is applicable in determining such individual's primary insurance amount— 42 USC 415.

"(I) such primary insurance amount shall be determined under the formula set forth in section 215(a)(1)(B) (i) and (ii) which is applicable to individuals who initially become eligible for old-age insurance benefits in the second year after the year specified in clause (ii),

"(II) the year specified in clause (ii) shall be substituted for the second calendar year specified in section 215(b)(3)(A)(ii)(I), and

"(III) such primary insurance amount shall be increased under section 215(i) as if it were the primary insurance amount referred to in section 215(i)(2)(A)(ii)(II), except that it shall be increased only for years beginning after the first year after the year specified in clause (ii).

"(ii) The year specified in this clause is the earlier of—

"(I) the year in which the deceased individual attained age 60, or would have attained age 60 had he lived to that age, or

"(II) the second year preceding the year in which the widow or surviving divorced wife first meets the requirements of paragraph (1)(B) or the second year preceding the year in which the deceased individual died, whichever is later.

"(iii) This subparagraph shall apply with respect to any benefit under this subsection only to the extent its application does not result in a primary insurance amount for purposes of this subsection which is less than the primary insurance amount otherwise determined for such deceased individual under section 215.

42 USC 415.

"(C) If such deceased individual.".

(2) Section 202(e) of such Act (as amended by paragraph (1) of this subsection) is further amended—

(A) in paragraph (1)(D) and in the matter in paragraph (1) following subparagraph (F)(ii), by inserting "(as determined after application of subparagraphs (B) and (C) of paragraph (2))" after "primary insurance amount"; and

(B) in paragraph (2)(D)(ii), by inserting "(as determined without regard to subparagraph (C))" after "primary insurance amount".

42 USC 402.

(b)(1) Section 202(f)(3) of such Act is amended—

(A) by redesignating subparagraph (B) as subparagraph (D); and

(B) by striking out "(3)(A) Except" and all that follows down through "If such deceased individual" and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(3)(A) Except as provided in subsection (q), paragraph (2) of this subsection, and subparagraph (D) of this paragraph, such widower's insurance benefit for each month shall be equal to the primary insurance amount (as determined for purposes of this subsection after application of subparagraphs (B) and (C)) of such deceased individual.

"(B)(i) For purposes of this subsection, in any case in which such deceased individual dies before attaining age 62 and section 215(a)(1) (as in effect after December 1978) is applicable in determining such individual's primary insurance amount—

"(I) such primary insurance amount shall be determined under the formula set forth in section 215(a)(1)(B) (i) and (ii) which is applicable to individuals who initially become eligible for old-age insurance benefits in the second year after the year specified in clause (ii),

"(II) the year specified in clause (ii) shall be substituted for the second calendar year specified in section 215(b)(3)(A)(ii)(I), and

"(III) such primary insurance amount shall be increased under section 215(i) as if it were the primary insurance amount referred to in section 215(i)(2)(A)(ii)(II), except that it shall be increased only for years beginning after the first year after the year specified in clause (ii).

"(ii) The year specified in this clause is the earlier of—

"(I) the year in which the deceased individual attained age 60, or would have attained age 60 had she lived to that age, or

"(II) the second year preceding the year in which the widower first meets the requirements of paragraph (1)(B) or the second

year preceding the year in which the deceased individual died, whichever is later.

"(iii) This subparagraph shall apply with respect to any benefit under this subsection only to the extent its application does not result in a primary insurance amount for purposes of this subsection which is less than the primary insurance amount otherwise determined for such deceased individual under section 215. 42 USC 415.

"(C) If such deceased individual.".

(2) Section 202(f) of such Act (as amended by paragraph (1) of this subsection) is further amended— 42 USC 402.

(A) in paragraph (1)(D) and in the matter in paragraph (1) following subparagraph (F)(ii), by inserting "(as determined after application of subparagraphs (B) and (C) of paragraph (3))" after "primary insurance amount"; and

(B) in paragraph (3)(D)(ii), by inserting "(as determined without regard to subparagraph (C))" after "primary insurance amount".

(c) The amendments made by this section shall apply with respect to monthly insurance benefits for months after December 1984 for individuals who first meet all criteria for entitlement to benefits under section 202 (e) or (f) of the Social Security Act (other than making application for such benefits) after December 1984. Effective date. 42 USC 402 note.

LIMITATION ON BENEFIT REDUCTION FOR EARLY RETIREMENT IN CASE OF DISABLED WIDOWS AND WIDOWERS

SEC. 134. (a)(1) Section 202(q)(1) of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out the semicolon at the end of subparagraph (B)(ii) and all that follows and inserting in lieu thereof a period. 42 USC 402.

(2)(A) Section 202(q)(6) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"(6) For purposes of this subsection, the 'reduction period' for an individual's old-age, wife's, husband's, widow's, or widower's insurance benefit is the period—

"(A) beginning—

"(i) in the case of an old-age or husband's insurance benefit, with the first day of the first month for which such individual is entitled to such benefit,

"(ii) in the case of a wife's insurance benefit, with the first day of the first month for which a certificate described in paragraph (5)(A)(i) is effective, or

"(iii) in the case of a widow's or widower's insurance benefit, with the first day of the first month for which such individual is entitled to such benefit or the first day of the month in which such individual attains age 60, whichever is the later, and

"(B) ending with the last day of the month before the month in which such individual attains retirement age.".

(B) Section 202(q)(3)(G) of such Act is amended by striking out "paragraph (6)(A) (or, if such paragraph does not apply, the period specified in paragraph (6)(B))" and inserting in lieu thereof "paragraph (6)".

(C) Section 202(q) of such Act is further amended, in paragraphs (1)(B)(i), (3)(E)(ii), and (3)(F)(ii)(I), by striking out "paragraph (6)(A)" and inserting in lieu thereof "paragraph (6)".

(3) Section 202(q)(7) of such Act is amended by striking out the matter preceding subparagraph (A) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

11-194 O - 85 -- 5 : QL 3

"(7) For purposes of this subsection, the 'adjusted reduction period' for an individual's old-age, wife's, husband's, widow's, or widower's insurance benefit is the reduction period prescribed in paragraph (6) for such benefit, excluding—".

42 USC 402. (4) Section 202(q)(10) of such Act is amended—

(A) in that part of the second sentence preceding clause (A), by striking out "or an additional adjusted reduction period";

(B) in clauses (B)(i) and (C)(i), by striking out ", plus the number of months in the adjusted additional reduction period multiplied by 43/240 of 1 percent";

(C) in clause (B)(ii), by striking out "plus the number of months in the additional reduction period multiplied by 43/240 of 1 percent,"; and

(D) in clause (C)(ii), by striking out "plus the number of months in the adjusted additional reduction period multiplied by 43/240 of 1 percent.".

(b) Section 202(m)(2)(B) of such Act (as applicable after the enactment of section 2 of Public Law 97-123) is amended by striking out "subsection (q)(6)(A)(ii)" and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection (q)(6)(B)".

95 Stat. 1660.

Effective date. 42 USC 402 note. (c) The amendments made by this section shall apply with respect to benefits for months after December 1983.

PART E—MECHANISMS TO ASSURE CONTINUED BENEFIT PAYMENTS IN UNEXPECTEDLY ADVERSE CONDITIONS

NORMALIZED CREDITING OF SOCIAL SECURITY TAXES TO TRUST FUNDS

42 USC 401. SEC. 141. (a)(1) The last sentence of section 201(a) of the Social Security Act is amended—

(A) by striking out "from time to time" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "monthly on the first day of each calendar month"; and

(B) by striking out "paid to or deposited into the Treasury" and inserting in lieu thereof "to be paid to or deposited into the Treasury during such month".

(2) Section 201(a) of such Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "All amounts transferred to either Trust Fund under the preceding sentence shall be invested by the Managing Trustee in the same manner and to the same extent as the other assets of such Trust Fund; and such Trust Fund shall pay interest to the general fund on the amount so transferred on the first day of any month at a rate (calculated on a daily basis, and applied against the difference between the amount so transferred on such first day and the amount which would have been transferred to the Trust Fund up to that day under the procedures in effect on January 1, 1983) equal to the rate earned by the investments of such Fund in the same month under subsection (d).".

42 USC 1395i. (b)(1) The last sentence of section 1817(a) of such Act is amended—

(A) by striking out "from time to time" and inserting in lieu thereof "monthly on the first day of each calendar month"; and

(B) by striking out "paid to or deposited into the Treasury" and inserting in lieu thereof "to be paid to or deposited into the Treasury during such month".

(2) Section 1817(a) of such Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "All amounts transferred to the Trust Fund under the preceding sentence shall be invested by

the Managing Trustee in the same manner and to the same extent as the other assets of the Trust Fund; and the Trust Fund shall pay interest to the general fund on the amount so transferred on the first day of any month at a rate (calculated on a daily basis, and applied against the difference between the amount so transferred on such first day and the amount which would have been transferred to the Trust Fund up to that day under the procedures in effect on January 1, 1983) equal to the rate earned by the investments of the Trust Fund in the same month under subsection (c).".

(c) The amendments made by this section shall become effective on the first day of the month following the month in which this Act is enacted. Effective date. 42 USC 401 note.

INTERFUND BORROWING EXTENSION

SEC. 142. (a)(1) Section 201(l)(1) of the Social Security Act is amended— 42 USC 401.

(A) by striking out "January 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "January 1988"; and

(B) by inserting after "or" the second place it appears ", subject to paragraph (5),".

(2) (A) Section 201(l)(2) of such Act is amended—

(i) by striking out "from time to time" and inserting in lieu thereof "on the last day of each month after such loan is made";

(ii) by striking out "interest" and inserting in lieu thereof "the total interest accrued to such day"; and

(iii) by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: "(even if such an investment would earn interest at a rate different than the rate earned by investments redeemed by the lending fund in order to make the loan)".

(B) The amendment made by this paragraph shall apply with respect to months beginning more than thirty days after the date of enactment of this Act. Effective date. 42 USC 401 note.

(3) Section 201(l)(3) of such Act is amended—

(A) by inserting "(A)" after the paragraph designation; and

(B) by adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraphs:

"(B)(i) If on the last day of any year after a loan has been made under paragraph (1) by the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund to the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Trust Fund or the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund, the Managing Trustee determines that the OASDI trust fund ratio exceeds 15 percent, he shall transfer from the borrowing Trust Fund to the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund an amount that—

"(I) together with any amounts transferred from another borrowing Trust Fund under this paragraph for such year, will reduce the OASDI trust fund ratio to 15 percent; and

"(II) does not exceed the outstanding balance of such loan.

"(ii) Amounts required to be transferred under clause (i) shall be transferred on the last day of the first month of the year succeeding the year in which the determination described in clause (i) is made.

"(iii) For purposes of this subparagraph, the term 'OASDI trust fund ratio' means, with respect to any calendar year, the ratio of—

"(I) the combined balance in the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund, as of the last day of such calendar year, to

"(II) the amount estimated by the Secretary to be the total amount to be paid from the Federal Old-Age and Survivors

Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund during the calendar year following such calendar year for all purposes authorized by section 201 (other than payments of interest on, and repayments of, loans from the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund under paragraph (1), but excluding any transfer payments between such trust funds and reducing the amount of any transfer to the Railroad Retirement Account by the amount of any transfers into either such trust fund from that Account).

Repayment date.

"(C)(i) The full amount of all loans made under paragraph (1) (whether made before or after January 1, 1983) shall be repaid at the earliest feasible date and in any event no later than December 31, 1989.

"(ii) For the period after December 31, 1987, and before January 1, 1990, the Managing Trustee shall transfer each month to the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund from any Trust Fund with any amount outstanding on a loan made from the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund under paragraph (1) an amount not less than an amount equal to (I) the amount owed to the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund by such Trust Fund at the beginning of such month (plus the interest accrued on the outstanding balance of such loan during such month), divided by (II) the number of months elapsing after the preceding month and before January 1990. The Managing Trustee may, during this period, transfer larger amounts than prescribed by the preceding sentence.".

42 USC 401.

(4) Section 201(l) of such Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(5)(A) No amounts may be borrowed from the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund under paragraph (1) during any month if the Hospital Insurance Trust Fund ratio for such month is less than 10 percent.

"Hospital Insurance Trust Fund ratio."

"(B) For purposes of this paragraph, the term 'Hospital Insurance Trust Fund ratio' means, with respect to any month, the ratio of—

"(i) the balance in the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund, reduced by the outstanding amount of any loan (including interest thereon) theretofore made to such Trust Fund under this subsection, as of the last day of the second month preceding such month, to

"(ii) the amount obtained by multiplying by twelve the total amount which (as estimated by the Secretary) will be paid from the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund during the month for which such ratio is to be determined (other than payments of interest on, or repayments of loans from another Trust Fund under this subsection), and reducing the amount of any transfers to the Railroad Retirement Account by the amount of any transfer into the Hospital Insurance Trust Fund from that Account.".

42 USC 1395i.

(b)(1) Section 1817(j)(1) of such Act is amended—

(A) by striking out "January 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "January 1988"; and

(B) by inserting ", subject to paragraph (5)," after "may".

(2)(A) Section 1817(j)(2) of such Act is amended—

(i) by striking out "from time to time" and inserting in lieu thereof "on the last day of each month after such loan is made";

(ii) by striking out "interest" and inserting in lieu thereof "the total interest accrued to such day"; and

(iii) by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: "(even if such an investment would earn interest at a rate different than the rate earned by investments redeemed by the lending fund in order to make the loan)".

(B) The amendment made by this paragraph shall apply with respect to months beginning more than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

Effective date.
42 USC 1395i note.

(3) Section 1817(j)(3) of such Act is amended—

42 USC 1395i.

(A) by inserting "(A)" after the paragraph designation; and

(B) by adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraphs:

"(B)(i) If on the last day of any year after a loan has been made under paragraph (1) by the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund or the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund to the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund, the Managing Trustee determines that the Hospital Insurance Trust Fund ratio exceeds 15 percent, he shall transfer from such Trust Fund to the lending trust fund an amount that—

"(I) together with any amounts transferred to another lending trust fund under this paragraph for such year, will reduce the Hospital Insurance Trust Fund ratio to 15 percent; and

"(II) does not exceed the outstanding balance of such loan.

"(ii) Amounts required to be transferred under clause (i) shall be transferred on the last day of the first month of the year succeeding the year in which the determination described in clause (i) is made.

"(iii) For purposes of this subparagraph, the term 'Hospital Insurance Trust Fund ratio' means, with respect to any calendar year, the ratio of—

"Hospital Insurance Trust Fund ratio."

"(I) the balance in the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund, as of the last day of such calendar year; to

"(II) the amount estimated by the Secretary to be the total amount to be paid from the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund during the calendar year following such calendar year (other than payments of interest on, and repayments of, loans from the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund under paragraph (1)), and reducing the amount of any transfer to the Railroad Retirement Account by the amount of any transfers into such Trust Fund from the Railroad Retirement Account.

"(C)(i) The full amount of all loans made under paragraph (1) (whether made before or after January 1, 1983) shall be repaid at the earliest feasible date and in any event no later than December 31, 1989.".

Repayment date.

"(ii) For the period after December 31, 1987 and before January 1, 1990, the Managing Trustee shall transfer each month from the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund to any Trust Fund that is owed any amount by the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund on a loan made under paragraph (1), an amount not less than an amount equal to (I) the amount owed to such Trust Fund by the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund at the beginning of such month (plus the interest accrued on the outstanding balance of such loan during such month), divided by (II) the number of months elapsing after the preceding month and before January 1990. The Managing Trustee may, during this period, transfer larger amounts than prescribed by the preceding sentence.".

(4) Section 1817(j) of such Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(5)(A) No amounts may be loaned by the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund or the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund under paragraph (1) during any month if the OASDI trust fund ratio for such month is less than 10 percent.

"OASDI trust fund ratio."

"(B) For purposes of this paragraph, the term 'OASDI trust fund ratio' means, with respect to any month, the ratio of—

"(i) the combined balance in the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund, reduced by the outstanding amount of any loan (including interest thereon) theretofore made to either such Trust Fund from the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund under section 201(l), as of the last day of the second month preceding such month, to

42 USC 401.

"(ii) the amount obtained by multiplying by twelve the total amount which (as estimated by the Secretary) will be paid from the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund during the month for which such ratio is to be determined for all purposes authorized by section 201 (other than payments of interest on, or repayments of, loans from the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund under section 201(l)), but excluding any transfer payments between such trust funds and reducing the amount of any transfers to the Railroad Retirement Account by the amount of any transfers into either such trust fund from that Account.".

RECOMMENDATIONS BY BOARD OF TRUSTEES TO REMEDY INADEQUATE BALANCES IN THE SOCIAL SECURITY TRUST FUNDS

SEC. 143. Title VII of the Social Security Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"RECOMMENDATIONS BY BOARD OF TRUSTEES TO REMEDY INADEQUATE BALANCES IN THE SOCIAL SECURITY TRUST FUNDS

Report to Congress. 42 USC 910.

"SEC. 709. (a) If the Board of Trustees of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund, the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund, or the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund determines at any time that the balance ratio of any such Trust Fund for any calendar year may become less than 20 percent, the Board shall promptly submit to each House of the Congress a report setting forth its recommendations for statutory adjustments affecting the receipts and disbursements of such Trust Fund necessary to maintain the balance ratio of such Trust Fund at not less than 20 percent, with due regard to the economic conditions which created such inadequacy in the balance ratio and the amount of time necessary to alleviate such inadequacy in a prudent manner. The report shall set forth specifically the extent to which benefits would have to be reduced, taxes under section 1401, 3101, or 3111 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 would have to be increased, or a combination thereof, in order to obtain the objectives referred to in the preceding sentence.

26 USC 1401, 3101, 3111.

"Balance ratio."

"(b) For purposes of this section, the term 'balance ratio' means, with respect to any calendar year in connection with any Trust Fund referred to in subsection (a), the ratio of—

"(1) the balance in such Trust Fund, reduced by the outstanding amount of any loan (including interest thereon) theretofore

made to such Trust Fund under section 201(l) or 1817(j), as of the beginning of such year, to 42 USC 401, 1395i.

"(2) the total amount which (as estimated by the Secretary) will be paid from such Trust Fund during such calendar year for all purposes authorized by section 201, 1817, or 1841 (as applicable), other than payments of interest on, or repayments of, loans under section 201(l) or 1817(j), but excluding any transfer payments between such Trust Fund and any other Trust Fund referred to in subsection (a) and reducing the amount of any transfers to the Railroad Retirement Account by the amount of any transfers into such Trust Fund from that Account.". 42 USC 1395t.

PART F—OTHER FINANCING AMENDMENTS

FINANCING OF NONCONTRIBUTORY MILITARY WAGE CREDITS

SEC. 151. (a) Section 217(g) of the Social Security Act is amended to read as follows: 42 USC 417.

"Appropriation to Trust Funds

"(g)(1) Within thirty days after the date of the enactment of the Social Security Amendments of 1983, the Secretary shall determine the amount equal to the excess of—

"(A) the actuarial present value as of such date of enactment of the past and future benefit payments from the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund, the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund, and the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund under this title and title XVIII, together with associated administrative costs, resulting from the operation of this section (other than this subsection) and section 210 of this Act as in effect before the enactment of the Social Security Amendments of 1950, over 42 USC 1395. 42 USC 410.

"(B) any amounts previously transferred from the general fund of the Treasury to such Trust Funds pursuant to the provisions of this subsection as in effect immediately before the date of the enactment of the Social Security Amendments of 1983. 42 USC 1305 note.

Such actuarial present value shall be based on the relevant actuarial assumptions set forth in the report of the Board of Trustees of each such Trust Fund for 1983 under sections 201(c) and 1817(b). Within thirty days after the date of the enactment of the Social Security Amendments of 1983, the Secretary of the Treasury shall transfer the amount determined under this paragraph with respect to each such Trust Fund to such Trust Fund from amounts in the general fund of the Treasury not otherwise appropriated. *Post*, pp. 107, 135.

"(2) The Secretary shall revise the amount determined under paragraph (1) with respect to each such Trust Fund in 1985 and each fifth year thereafter, as determined appropriate by the Secretary from data which becomes available to him after the date of the determination under paragraph (1) on the basis of the amount of benefits and administrative expenses actually paid from such Trust Fund under this title or title XVIII and the relevant actuarial assumptions set forth in the report of the Board of Trustees of such Trust Fund for such year under section 201(c) or 1817(b). Within 30 days after any such revision, the Secretary of the Treasury, to the extent provided in advance in appropriation Acts, shall transfer to such Trust Fund, from amounts in the general fund of the Treasury

not otherwise appropriated, or from such Trust Fund to the general fund of the Treasury, such amounts as the Secretary of the Treasury determines necessary to take into account such revision.".

42 USC 429.

(b)(1) Section 229(b) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"(b) There are authorized to be appropriated to each of the Trust Funds, consisting of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund, the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund, and the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund, for transfer on July 1 of each calendar year to such Trust Fund from amounts in the general fund in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, an amount equal to the total of the additional amounts which would be appropriated to such Trust Fund for the fiscal year ending September 30 of such calendar year under section 201 or 1817 of this Act if the amounts of the additional wages deemed to have been paid for such calendar year by reason of subsection (a) constituted remuneration for employment (as defined in section 3121(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954) for purposes of the taxes imposed by sections 3101 and 3111 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954. Amounts authorized to be appropriated under this subsection for transfer on July 1 of each calendar year shall be determined on the basis of estimates of the Secretary of the wages deemed to be paid for such calendar year under subsection (a); and proper adjustments shall be made in amounts authorized to be appropriated for subsequent transfer to the extent prior estimates were in excess of or were less than such wages so deemed to be paid.".

42 USC 401, 1395i.

26 USC 3121.

26 USC 3101, 3111.

Effective date.
42 USC 429 note.

(2) The amendment made by paragraph (1) shall be effective with respect to wages deemed to have been paid for calendar years after 1983.

42 USC 429 note.

(3)(A) Within thirty days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall determine the additional amounts which would have been appropriated to the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund, the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund, and the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund under sections 201 and 1817 of the Social Security Act if the additional wages deemed to have been paid under section 229(a) of the Social Security Act prior to 1984 had constituted remuneration for employment (as defined in section 3121(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954) for purposes of the taxes imposed by sections 3101 and 3111 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, and the amount of interest which would have been earned on such amounts if they had been so appropriated.

42 USC 429.

(B)(i) Within thirty days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury shall transfer to each such Trust Fund, from amounts in the general fund of the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, an amount equal to the amount determined with respect to such Trust Fund under subparagraph (A), less any amount appropriated to such Trust Fund pursuant to the provisions of section 229(b) of the Social Security Act prior to the date of the determination made under subparagraph (A) with respect to wages deemed to have been paid for calendar years prior to 1984.

Supra.

(ii) The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall revise the amount determined under clause (i) with respect to each such Trust Fund within one year after the date of the transfer made to such Trust Fund under clause (i), as determined appropriate by such Secretary from data which becomes available to him after the date of the transfer under clause (i). Within 30 days after any such revision, the Secretary of the Treasury shall transfer to such Trust

Fund, from amounts in the general fund of the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, or from such Trust Fund to the general fund of the Treasury, such amounts as the Secretary of Health and Human Services certifies as necessary to take into account such revision.

ACCOUNTING FOR CERTAIN UNNEGOTIATED CHECKS FOR BENEFITS UNDER THE SOCIAL SECURITY PROGRAM

SEC. 152. (a) Section 201 of the Social Security Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection: 42 USC 401.

"(m)(1) The Secretary of the Treasury shall implement procedures to permit the identification of each check issued for benefits under this title that has not been presented for payment by the close of the sixth month following the month of its issuance.

"(2) The Secretary of the Treasury shall, on a monthly basis, credit each of the Trust Funds for the amount of all benefit checks (including interest thereon) drawn on such Trust Fund more than 6 months previously but not presented for payment and not previously credited to such Trust Fund, to the extent provided in advance in appropriation Acts.

"(3) If a benefit check is presented for payment to the Treasury and the amount thereof has been previously credited pursuant to paragraph (2) to one of the Trust Funds, the Secretary of the Treasury shall nevertheless pay such check, if otherwise proper, recharge such Trust Fund, and notify the Secretary of Health and Human Services.

"(4) A benefit check bearing a current date may be issued to an individual who did not negotiate the original benefit check and who surrenders such check for cancellation if the Secretary of the Treasury determines it is necessary to effect proper payment of benefits.".

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply with respect to all checks for benefits under title II of the Social Security Act which are issued on or after the first day of the twenty-fourth month following the month in which this Act is enacted. Effective date. 42 USC 401 note. 42 USC 401.

(c)(1) The Secretary of the Treasury shall transfer from the general fund of the Treasury to the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and to the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund, in the month following the month in which this Act is enacted and in each of the succeeding 30 months, such sums as may be necessary to reimburse such Trust Funds in the total amount of all checks (including interest thereof) which he and the Secretary of Health and Human Services jointly determine to be unnegotiated benefit checks, to the extent provided in advance in appropriation Acts. After any amounts authorized by this subsection have been transferred to a Trust Fund with respect to any benefit check, the provisions of paragraphs (3) and (4) of section 201(m) of the Social Security Act (as added by subsection (a) of this section) shall be applicable to such check. Transfers from general Treasury fund. 42 USC 401 note.

(2) As used in paragraph (1), the term "unnegotiated benefit checks" means checks for benefits under title II of the Social Security Act which are issued prior to the twenty-fourth month following the month in which this Act is enacted, which remain unnegotiated after the sixth month following the date on which they were issued, and with respect to which no transfers have previously been made in accordance with the first sentence of such paragraph. "Unnegotiated benefit checks."

FLOAT PERIODS

Study.
42 USC 401 note.

SEC. 153. (a) The Secretary of Health and Human Services and the Secretary of the Treasury shall jointly undertake, as soon as possible after the date of the enactment of this Act, a thorough study with respect to the period of time (hereafter in this section referred to as the "float period") between the issuance of checks from the general fund of the Treasury in payment of monthly insurance benefits under title II of the Social Security Act and the transfer to the general fund from the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund or the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund, as applicable, of the amounts necessary to compensate the general fund for the issuance of such checks. Each such Secretary shall consult the other regularly during the course of the study and shall, as appropriate, provide the other with such information and assistance as he may require.

42 USC 401.

(b) The study shall include—

(1) an investigation of the feasibility and desirability of maintaining the float periods which are allowed as of the date of the enactment of this section in the procedures governing the payment of monthly insurance benefits under title II of the Social Security Act, and of the general feasibility and desirability of making adjustments in such procedures with respect to float periods; and

(2) a separate investigation of the feasibility and desirability of providing, as a specific form of adjustment in such procedures with respect to float periods, for the transfer each day to the general fund of the Treasury from the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund, as appropriate, of amounts equal to the amounts of the checks referred to in subsection (a) which are paid by the Federal Reserve Banks on such day.

Consultation with OMB Director.

(c) In conducting the study required by subsection (a), the Secretaries shall consult, as appropriate, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, and the Director shall provide the Secretaries with such information and assistance as they may require. The Secretaries shall also solicit the views of other appropriate officials and organizations.

Reports to President and Congress.

(d)(1) Not later than six months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretaries shall submit to the President and the Congress a report of the findings of the investigation required by subsection (b)(1), and the Secretary of the Treasury shall by regulation make such adjustments in the procedures governing the payment of monthly insurance benefits under title II of the Social Security Act with respect to float periods (other than adjustments in the form described in subsection (b)(2)) as may have been found in such investigation to be necessary or appropriate.

(2) Not later than twelve months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretaries shall submit to the President and the Congress a report of the findings of the separate investigation required by subsection (b)(2), together with their recommendations with respect thereto; and, to the extent necessary or appropriate to carry out such recommendations, the Secretary of the Treasury shall by regulation make adjustments in the procedures with respect to float periods in the form described in such subsection.

TRUST FUND TRUSTEES' REPORTS

SEC. 154. (a) The next to last sentence of section 201(c) of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out "Such report shall also include" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "Such report shall include an actuarial opinion by the Chief Actuary of the Social Security Administration certifying that the techniques and methodologies used are generally accepted within the actuarial profession and that the assumptions and cost estimates used are reasonable: *Provided,* That the certification shall not refer to economic assumptions underlying the Trustee's report, and shall also include". 42 USC 401.

(b) Section 1817(b) of such Act is amended by inserting immediately before the last sentence the following new sentence: "Such report shall also include an actuarial opinion by the Chief Actuarial Officer of the Health Care Financing Administration certifying that the techniques and methodologies used are generally accepted within the actuarial profession and that the assumptions and cost estimates used are reasonable: *Provided,* That the certification shall not refer to economic assumptions underlying the Trustee's report.". 42 USC 1395i.

(c) Section 1841(b) of such Act is amended by inserting immediately before the last sentence the following new sentence: "Such report shall also include an actuarial opinion by the Chief Actuarial Officer of the Health Care Financing Administration certifying that the techniques and methodologies used are generally accepted within the actuarial profession and that the assumptions and cost estimates used are reasonable: *Provided,* That the certification shall not refer to economic assumptions underlying the Trustee's report.". 42 USC 1395t.

(d) Notwithstanding sections 201(c)(2), 1817(b)(2), and 1841(b)(2) of the Social Security Act, the annual reports of the Boards of Trustees of the Trust Funds which are required in the calendar year 1983 under those sections may be filed at any time not later than forty-five days after the date of the enactment of this Act. 42 USC 401 note.

(e) The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act. Effective date. 42 USC 401 note.

TITLE II—ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO LONG-TERM FINANCING OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY SYSTEM

INCREASE IN RETIREMENT AGE

SEC. 201. (a) Section 216 of the Social Security Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection: 42 USC 416.

"Retirement Age

"(l)(1) The term 'retirement age' means—

"(A) with respect to an individual who attains early retirement age (as defined in paragraph (2)) before January 1, 2000, 65 years of age;

"(B) with respect to an individual who attains early retirement age after December 31, 1999, and before January 1, 2005, 65 years of age plus the number of months in the age increase factor (as determined under paragraph (3)) for the calendar year in which such individual attains early retirement age;

"(C) with respect to an individual who attains early retirement age after December 31, 2004, and before January 1, 2017, 66 years of age;

"(D) with respect to an individual who attains early retirement age after December 31, 2016, and before January 1, 2022, 66 years of age plus the number of months in the age increase factor (as determined under paragraph (3)) for the calendar year in which such individual attains early retirement age; and

"(E) with respect to an individual who attains early retirement age after December 31, 2021, 67 years of age.

"Early retirement age."

"(2) The term 'early retirement age' means age 62 in the case of an old-age, wife's, or husband's insurance benefit, and age 60 in the case of a widow's or widower's insurance benefit.

Age increase factor.

"(3) The age increase factor for any individual who attains early retirement age in a calendar year within the period to which subparagraph (B) or (D) of paragraph (1) applies shall be determined as follows:

"(A) With respect to an individual who attains early retirement age in the 5-year period consisting of the calendar years 2000 through 2004, the age increase factor shall be equal to two-twelfths of the number of months in the period beginning with January 2000 and ending with December of the year in which the individual attains early retirement age.

"(B) With respect to an individual who attains early retirement age in the 5-year period consisting of the calendar years 2017 through 2021, the age increase factor shall be equal to two-twelfths of the number of months in the period beginning with January 2017 and ending with December of the year in which the individual attains early retirement age.".

42 USC 402.

(b)(1) Section 202(q)(9) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"(9) The amount of the reduction for early retirement specified in parargaph (1)—

"(A) for old-age insurance benefits, wife's insurance benefits, and husband's insurance benefits, shall be the amount specified in such paragraph for the first 36 months of the reduction period (as defined in paragraph (6)) or adjusted reduction period (as defined in paragraph (7)), and five-twelfths of 1 percent for any additional months included in such periods; and

"(B) for widow's insurance benefits and widower's insurance benefits, shall be periodically revised by the Secretary such that—

"(i) the amount of the reduction at early retirement age as defined in section 216(a) shall be 28.5 percent of the full benefit; and

Post, p. 112.

"(ii) the amount of the reduction for each month in the reduction period (specified in paragraph (6)) or the adjusted reduction period (specified in paragraph (7)) shall be established by linear interpolation between 28.5 percent at the month of attainment of early retirement age and 0 percent at the month of attainment of retirement age.".

(2) Section 202(q)(1) of such Act is amended by striking out "If" and inserting in lieu thereof "Subject to paragraph (9), if".

42 USC 401.

(c) Title II of the Social Security Act is further amended—

(1) by striking out "age 65" or "age of 65", as the case may be, each place it appears in the following sections and inserting in lieu thereof in each instance "retirement age (as defined in section 216(l))":

(A) subsections (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (q), (r), and (w) of

42 USC 402.

section 202;

(B) subsections (c) (as amended by section 309(g) of this Act) and (f) of section 203; 42 USC 403.
(C) subsection (f) of section 215; 42 USC 415.
(D) subsections (h) and (i) of section 216; and 42 USC 416.
(E) section 223(a); and 42 USC 423.

(2) by striking out "age sixty-five" in section 203(c) (as amended by section 309(g) of this Act) and inserting in lieu thereof "retirement age (as defined in section 216(l))"; and 42 USC 403.

(3) by striking out "age of sixty-five" in section 223(a) and inserting in lieu thereof "retirement age (as defined in section 216(l))". 42 USC 423.

(d) The Secretary shall conduct a comprehensive study and analysis of the implications of the changes made by this section in retirement age in the case of those individuals (affected by such changes) who, because they are engaged in physically demanding employment or because they are unable to extend their working careers for health reasons, may not benefit from improvements in longevity. The Secretary shall submit to the Congress no later than January 1, 1986, a full report on the study and analysis. Such report shall include any recommendations for legislative changes, including recommendations with respect to the provision of protection against the risks associated with early retirement due to health considerations, which the Secretary finds necessary or desirable as a result of the findings contained in this study.

Implications of changes, study and analysis. 42 USC 416 note.

Report to Congress.

TITLE III—MISCELLANEOUS AND TECHNICAL PROVISIONS

PART A—ELIMINATION OF GENDER-BASED DISTINCTIONS

DIVORCED HUSBANDS

SEC. 301. (a)(1) Section 202(c)(1) of the Social Security Act is amended, in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by inserting "and every divorced husband (as defined in section 216(d))" before "of an individual" and by inserting "or such divorced husband" after "if such husband". 42 USC 402.

(2) Section 202(c)(1) of such Act is further amended—

(A) by striking out "and" at the end of subparagraph (B);

(B) by redesignating subparagraph (C) as subparagraph (D), and by inserting after subparagraph (B) the following new subparagraph:

"(C) in the case of a divorced husband, is not married, and"; and

(C) by striking out the matter following subparagraph (D) (as so redesignated) and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "shall be entitled to a husband's insurance benefit for each month, beginning with—

"(i) in the case of a husband or divorced husband (as so defined) of an individual who is entitled to an old-age insurance benefit, if such husband or divorced husband has attained age 65, the first month in which he meets the criteria specified in subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), and (D), or

"(ii) in the case of a husband or divorced husband (as so defined) of—

"(I) an individual entitled to old-age insurance benefits, if such husband or divorced husband has not attained age 65, or

"(II) an individual entitled to disability insurance benefits,

the first month throughout which he is such a husband or divorced husband and meets the criteria specified in subparagraphs (B), (C), and (D) (if in such month he meets the criterion specified in subparagraph (A)),

whichever is earlier, and ending with the month preceding the month to which any of the following occurs:

"(E) he dies,

"(F) such individual dies,

"(G) in the case of a husband, they are divorced and either (i) he has not attained age 62, or (ii) he has attained age 62 but has not been married to such individual for a period of 10 years immediately before the divorce became effective,

"(H) in the case of a divorced husband, he marries a person other than such individual,

"(I) he becomes entitled to an old-age or disability insurance benefit based on a primary insurance amount which is equal to or exceeds one-half of the primary insurance amount of such individual, or

"(J) such individual is not entitled to disability insurance benefits and is not entitled to old-age insurance benefits.".

42 USC 402.

(3) Section 202(c)(3) of such Act is amended by inserting "(or, in the case of a divorced husband, his former wife)" before "for such month".

(4) Section 202(c) of such Act is further amended by adding after paragraph (3) the following new paragraph:

"(4) In the case of any divorced husband who marries—

"(A) an individual entitled to benefits under subsection (b), (e), (g), or (h) of this section, or

"(B) an individual who has attained the age of 18 and is entitled to benefits under subsection (d), by reason of paragraph (1)(B)(ii) thereof,

such divorced husband's entitlement to benefits under this subsection, notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1) (but subject to subsection (s)), shall not be terminated by reason of such marriage.".

(5) Section 202(c) of such Act is further amended by adding after paragraph (4) (as added by paragraph (4) of this subsection) the following new paragraph:

"(5)(A) Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this subsection, except as provided in subparagraph (B), the divorced husband of an individual who is not entitled to old-age or disability insurance benefits, but who has attained age 62 and is a fully insured individual (as defined in section 214), if such divorced husband—

42 USC 414.

"(i) meets the requirements of subparagraphs (A) through (D) of paragraph (1), and

"(ii) has been divorced from such insured individual for not less than 2 years,

shall be entitled to a husband's insurance benefit under this subsection for each month, in such amount, and beginning and ending with such months, as determined (under regulations of the Secretary) in the manner otherwise provided for husband's insurance benefits under this subsection, as if such insured individual had become entitled to old-age insurance benefits on the date on which the divorced husband first meets the criteria for entitlement set forth in classes (i) and (ii).

"(B) A husband's insurance benefit provided under this paragraph which has not otherwise terminated in accordance with subparagraph (E), (F), (H), or (I) of paragraph (1) shall terminate with the month preceding the first month in which the insured individual is no longer a fully insured individual.".

(6) Section 202(c)(2)(A) of such Act is amended by inserting "(or divorced husband)" after "payable to such husband". 42 USC 402.

(7) Section 202(b)(3)(A) of such Act is amended by striking out "(f)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(c), (f),".

(8) Section 202(c)(1)(D) of such Act (as redesignated by paragraph (2) of this subsection) is amended by striking out "his wife" and inserting in lieu thereof "such individual".

(9) Section 202(d)(5)(A) of such Act is amended by inserting "(c)," after "(b),".

(b)(1) Section 202(f)(1) of such Act is amended, in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by inserting "and every surviving divorced husband (as defined in section 216(d))" before "of an individual" and by inserting "or such surviving divorced husband" after "if such widower".

(2) Section 202(f)(1) of such Act is further amended by striking out "his deceased wife" in subparagraph (D) and in the matter following subparagraph (F) and inserting in lieu thereof "such deceased individual".

(3) Section 202(f)(3)(B)(ii)(II) of such Act (as amended by section 133(b)(1)(B) of this Act) is amended by inserting "or surviving divorced husband" after "widower". *Ante*, p. 96.

(4) Paragraph (3)(D) of section 202(f) of such Act (as redesignated by section 133(b)(1)(A) of this Act), and paragraphs (4), (5), and (6) of such section (as redesignated by section 131(b)(3)(A) of this Act), are each amended by inserting "or surviving divorced husband" after "widower" wherever it appears.

(5) Paragraph (3)(D) of section 202(f) of such Act (as redesignated by section 133(b)(1)(A) of this Act) is further amended by striking out "wife" wherever it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "individual".

(6) Section 202(g)(3)(A) of such Act is amended by inserting "(c)," before "(f),".

(7) Section 202(h)(4)(A) of such Act is amended by inserting "(c)," before "(e),".

(c)(1) Section 216(d) of such Act is amended by redesignating paragraph (4) as paragraph (6), and by inserting after paragraph (3) the following new paragraphs: 42 USC 416.

"(4) The term 'divorced husband' means a man divorced from an individual, but only if he had been married to such individual for a period of 10 years immediately before the date the divorce became effective. "Divorced husband."

"(5) The term 'surviving divorced husband' means a man divorced from an individual who has died, but only if he had been married to the individual for a period of 10 years immediately before the divorce became effective.". "Surviving divorced husband."

(2) The heading of section 216(d) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"Divorced Spouses; Divorce".

(d)(1) Section 205(b) of such Act is amended by inserting "divorced husband," after "husband,", and by inserting "surviving divorced husband," after "widower,". 42 USC 405.

42 USC 405.

(2) Section 205(c)(1)(C) of such Act is amended by inserting "surviving divorced husband," after "wife,".

REMARRIAGE OF SURVIVING SPOUSE BEFORE AGE OF ELIGIBILITY

42 USC 402.

SEC. 302. Section 202(f)(1)(A) of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out "has not remarried" and inserting in lieu thereof "is not married".

ILLEGITIMATE CHILDREN

42 USC 416.

SEC. 303. (a) Section 216(h)(3) of the Social Security Act is amended by inserting "mother or" before "father" wherever it appears.

(b) Section 216(h)(3)(A)(ii) of such Act is amended by striking out all that follows "time" and inserting in lieu thereof "such applicant's application for benefits was filed;".

(c) Section 216(h)(3)(B)(ii) of such Act is amended by striking out "such period of disability began" and inserting in lieu thereof "such applicant's application for benefits was filed".

(d) Section 216(h)(3) of such Act is further amended—

(1) by striking out "his" wherever it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "his or her"; and

(2) by striking out "he" in subparagraph (B) and inserting in lieu thereof "he or she".

TRANSITIONAL INSURED STATUS

42 USC 427.

SEC. 304. (a) Section 227(a) of the Social Security Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "wife" wherever it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "spouse";

(2) by striking out "wife's" wherever it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "spouse's";

(3) by striking out "she" wherever it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "he or she";

(4) by striking out "his" and inserting in lieu thereof "the"; and

(5) by inserting "or section 202(c)" after "section 202(b)" wherever it appears.

(b) Section 227(b) and section 227(c) of such Act are amended—

(1) by striking out "widow" wherever it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "surviving spouse";

(2) by striking out "widow's" wherever it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "surviving spouse's";

(3) by striking out "her" wherever it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "the"; and

(4) by inserting "or section 202(f)" after "section 202(e)" wherever it appears.

Definitions.
42 USC 416.

(c) Section 216 of such Act is amended by inserting before subsection (b) the following new subsection:

"Spouse; Surviving Spouse

"(a)(1) The term 'spouse' means a wife as defined in subsection (b) or a husband as defined in subsection (f).

"(2) The term 'surviving spouse' means a widow as defined in subsection (c) or a widower as defined in subsection (g).".

EQUALIZATION OF BENEFITS UNDER SECTION 228

SEC. 305. (a) Section 228(b) of the Social Security Act is amended— 42 USC 428.

(1) by striking out "(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the" and inserting in lieu thereof "The"; and

(2) by striking out paragraph (2).

(b) Section 228(c)(2) of such Act is amended by striking out "(B) the larger of" and all that follows and inserting in lieu thereof "(B) the benefit amount as determined without regard to this subsection.".

(c) Section 228(c)(3) of such Act is amended to read as follows: "(3) In the case of a husband or wife both of whom are entitled to benefits under this section for any month, the benefit amount of each spouse, after any reduction under paragraph (1), shall be further reduced (but not below zero) by the excess (if any) of (A) the total amount of any periodic benefits under governmental pension systems for which the other spouse is eligible for such month, over (B) the benefit amount of such other spouse as determined without regard to this subsection.".

(d) Section 228 of such Act is further amended—

(1) by striking out "he" wherever it appears in subsections (a) and (c)(1) and inserting in lieu thereof "he or she"; and

(2) by striking out "his" in subsection (c)(4)(C) and inserting in lieu thereof "his or her".

(e) The Secretary shall increase the amounts specified in section 228 of the Social Security Act, as amended by this section, to take into account any general benefit increases (as referred to in section 215(i)(3) of such Act), and any increases under section 215(i) of such Act, which have occurred after June 1974 or may hereafter occur. 42 USC 428 note. 42 USC 415.

FATHER'S INSURANCE BENEFITS

SEC. 306. (a) Section 202(g) of the Social Security Act is amended— 42 USC 402.

(1) by striking out "widow" wherever it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "surviving spouse";

(2) by striking out "widow's" wherever it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "surviving spouse's";

(3) by striking out "wife's insurance benefits" and "he" in paragraph (1)(D) and inserting in lieu thereof "a spouse's insurance benefit" and "such individual", respectively;

(4) by striking out "her" wherever it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "his or her";

(5) by striking out "she" wherever it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "he or she";

(6) by striking out "mother" wherever it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "parent";

(7) by inserting "or father's" after "mother's" wherever it appears;

(8) by striking out "after August 1950"; and

(9) in paragraph (3)(A) (as amended by section 301(b)(6) of this Act)—

(A) by inserting "this subsection or" before "subsection (a)"; and

(B) by striking out "(c)," and inserting in lieu thereof "(b), (c), (e),".

(b) The heading of section 202(g) of such Act is amended by inserting "and Father's" after "Mother's".

42 USC 416.

(c) Section 216(d) of such Act (as amended by section 301(c)(1) of this Act) is further amended by redesignating paragraph (6) as paragraph (8) and by inserting after paragraph (5) the following new paragraphs:

"Surviving divorced father."

"(6) The term 'surviving divorced father' means a man divorced from an individual who has died, but only if (A) he is the father of her son or daughter, (B) he legally adopted her son or daughter while he was married to her and while such son or daughter was under the age of 18, (C) she legally adopted his son or daughter while he was married to her and while such son or daughter was under the age of 18, or (D) he was married to her at the time both of them legally adopted a child under the age of 18.

"Surviving divorced parent."

"(7) The term 'surviving divorced parent' means a surviving divorced mother as defined in paragraph (3) of this subsection or a surviving divorced father as defined in paragraph (6).".

42 USC 402.

(d) Section 202(c)(1) of such Act (as amended by section 301(a) of this Act) is further amended by inserting "(subject to subsection (s))" before "be entitled to" in the matter following subparagraph (D) and preceding subparagraph (E).

(e) Section 202(c)(1)(B) of such Act is amended by inserting after "62" the following: "or (in the case of a husband) has in his care (individually or jointly with such individual) at the time of filing such application a child entitled to child's insurance benefits on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of such individual".

(f) Section 202(c)(1) of such Act (as amended by section 301(a) of this Act and the preceding provisions of this section) is further amended by redesignating the new subparagraphs (I) and (J) as subparagraphs (J) and (K), respectively, and by inserting after subparagraph (H) the following new subparagraph:

"(I) in the case of a husband who has not attained age 62, no child of such individual is entitled to a child's insurance benefit,".

(g) Section 202(f)(1)(C) of such Act is amended by inserting "(i)" after "(C)", by inserting "or" after "223,", and by adding at the end thereof the following new clause:

"(ii) was entitled, on the basis of such wages and self-employment income, to father's insurance benefits for the month preceding the month in which he attained age 65, and".

Ante, p. 93.

(h) Section 202(f)(5) of such Act (as redesignated by section 131(b)(3)(A) of this Act) is amended by striking out "or" at the end of subparagraph (A), by redesignating subparagraph (B) as subparagraph (C), and by inserting immediately after subparagraph (A) the following new subparagraph:

"(B) the last month for which he was entitled to father's insurance benefits on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of such individual, or".

42 USC 403.

(i) Section 203(f)(1)(F) of such Act is amended by striking out "section 202(b) (but only by reason of having a child in her care within the meaning of paragraph (1)(B) of that subsection)" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 202(b) or (c) (but only by reason of having a child in his or her care within the meaning of paragraph (1)(B) of subsection (b) or (c), as may be applicable)".

EFFECT OF MARRIAGE ON CHILDHOOD DISABILITY BENEFITS AND ON OTHER DEPENDENTS' OR SURVIVORS' BENEFITS

SEC. 307. (a) Subsections (b)(3), (d)(5), (g)(3), and (h)(4) of section 202 of the Social Security Act (as amended by the preceding provisions of this Act) are each amended by striking out "; except that" and all that follows and inserting in lieu thereof a period. 42 USC 402.

(b) The amendments made by subsection (a) shall apply with respect to benefits under title II of the Social Security Act for months after the month in which this Act is enacted, but only in cases in which the "last month" referred to in the provision amended is a month after the month in which this Act is enacted. Effective date. 42 USC 402 note. 42 USC 401.

CREDIT FOR CERTAIN MILITARY SERVICE

SEC. 308. Section 217(f) of the Social Security Act is amended— 42 USC 417.

(1) by striking out "widow" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "surviving spouse"; and

(2) by striking out "his" and "her" wherever they appear (except in clause (A) of paragraph (1)) and inserting in lieu thereof in each instance "his or her".

CONFORMING AMENDMENTS

SEC. 309. (a) Section 202(b)(3)(A) of the Social Security Act (as amended by section 301(a)(6) of this Act) is further amended by inserting "(g)," after "(f),". 42 USC 402.

(b) Section 202(q)(3) of such Act is amended by inserting "or surviving divorced husband" after "widower" in subparagraphs (E), (F), and (G).

(c) Section 202(q)(5) of such Act is amended—

(1) by inserting "or husband's" after "wife's" wherever it appears;

(2) by striking out "her" in subparagraph (A)(i) and inserting in lieu thereof "him or her";

(3) by striking out "her" the second place it appears in subparagraph (A)(ii) and inserting in lieu thereof "the";

(4) by striking out "she" wherever it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "he or she";

(5) by striking out "her" wherever it appears (except where paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection apply) and inserting in lieu thereof "his or her";

(6) by striking out "the woman" in subparagraph (B)(ii) and "a woman" in subparagraph (C) and inserting in lieu thereof "the individual" and "an individual", respectively; and

(7) in subparagraph (D)—

(A) by inserting "or widower's" after "widow's";

(B) by striking out "husband" wherever it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "spouse";

(C) by striking out "husband's" wherever it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "spouse's"; and

(D) by inserting "or father's" after "mother's".

(d)(1) Section 202(q)(6)(A) of such Act (as amended by section 134(a)(2) of this Act) is further amended by striking out "or husband's" in clause (i) and by inserting "or husband's" after "wife's" in clause (ii).

(2) Section 202(q)(7) of such Act is amended—

(A) in subparagraph (B), by inserting "or husband's" after "wife's", by striking out "she" and inserting in lieu thereof "such individual", and by inserting "his or" before "her", and

(B) in subparagraph (D), by inserting "or widower's" after "widow's".

42 USC 402. (e)(1) Section 202(s)(1) of such Act is amended by inserting "(c)(1)," after "(b)(1),".

(2) Section 202(s)(2) of such Act (as amended by section 131(c)(1) of this Act) is further amended by inserting "(c)(4)," after "(b)(3),".

(3) Section 202(s)(3) of such Act (as amended by section 131(c)(2) of this Act) is further amended by striking out "So much" and all that follows down through "the last sentence" and inserting in lieu thereof "The last sentence".

42 USC 403. (f) The third sentence of section 203(b)(1) of such Act (as amended by section 132(b) of this Act) is further amended by inserting "or father's" after "mother's".

(g) Section 203(c) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"Deductions on Account of Noncovered Work Outside the United States or Failure to Have Child in Care

"(c) Deductions, in such amounts and at such time or times as the Secretary shall determine, shall be made from any payment or payments under this title to which an individual is entitled, until the total of such deductions equals such individual's benefits or 42 USC 402. benefit under section 202 for any month—

"(1) in which such individual is under the age of seventy and for more than forty-five hours of which such individual engaged in noncovered remunerative activity outside the United States;

"(2) in which such individual, if a wife or husband under age sixty-five entitled to a wife's or husband's insurance benefit, did not have in his or her care (individually or jointly with his or her spouse) a child of such spouse entitled to a child's insurance benefit and such wife's or husband's insurance benefit for such month was not reduced under the provisions of section 202(q);

"(3) in which such individual, if a widow or widower entitled to a mother's or father's insurance benefit, did not have in his or her care a child of his or her deceased spouse entitled to a child's insurance benefit; or

"(4) in which such an individual, if a surviving divorced mother or father entitled to a mother's or father's insurance benefit, did not have in his or her care a child of his or her deceased former spouse who (A) is his or her son, daughter, or legally adopted child and (B) is entitled to a child's insurance benefit on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of such deceased former spouse.

Child's insurance benefit, entitlement. 42 USC 422. For purposes of paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) of this subsection, a child shall not be considered to be entitled to a child's insurance benefit for any month in which paragraph (1) of section 202(s) applies or an event specified in section 222(b) occurs with respect to such child. Subject to paragraph (3) of such section 202(s), no deduction shall be made under this subsection from any child's insurance benefit for the month in which the child entitled to such benefit attained the age of eighteen or any subsequent month; nor shall any deduction be made under this subsection from any widow's insurance benefit for any month in which the widow or surviving divorced wife is entitled and has not attained age 65 (but only if she became so entitled prior

to attaining age 60), or from any widower's insurance benefit for any month in which the widower or surviving divorced husband is entitled and has not attained age 65 (but only if he became so entitled prior to attaining age 60).".

(h) Section 203(d) of such Act is amended by inserting "divorced husband," after "husband," in paragraph (1)(A) (as amended by section 132(b)(2) of this Act) and by inserting "or father's" after "mother's" each place it appears in paragraph (2). 42 USC 403.

(i)(1) Section 205(b) of such Act (as amended by section 301(d)(1) of this Act) is further amended by inserting "surviving divorced father," after "surviving divorced mother,". 42 USC 405.

(2) Section 205(c)(1)(C) of such Act (as amended by section 301(d)(2) of this Act) is further amended by inserting "surviving divorced father," after "surviving divorced mother,".

(j) Section 216(f)(3)(A) of such Act is amended by inserting "(c)," before "(f)". 42 USC 416.

(k) Section 216(g)(6)(A) of such Act is amended by inserting "(c)," before "(f)".

(l) Section 222(b)(1) of such Act is amended by striking out "or surviving divorced wife" and inserting in lieu thereof ", surviving divorced wife, or surviving divorced husband". 42 USC 422.

(m) Section 222(b)(2) of such Act is amended by inserting "or father's" after "mother's" wherever it appears.

(n) Section 222(b)(3) of such Act is amended by inserting "divorced husband," after "husband,".

(o) Section 223(d)(2) of such Act is amended by striking out "or widower" in subparagraphs (A) and (B) and inserting in lieu thereof "widower, or surviving divorced husband". 42 USC 423.

(p) Section 225(a) of such Act is amended by inserting "or surviving divorced husband" after "widower". 42 USC 425.

(q)(1) Section 226(e)(3) of such Act is amended to read as follows: Hospital insurance benefits. 42 USC 426.

"(3) For purposes of determining entitlement to hospital insurance benefits under subsection (b), any disabled widow aged 50 or older who is entitled to mother's insurance benefits (and who would have been entitled to widow's insurance benefits by reason of disability if she had filed for such widow's benefits), and any disabled widower aged 50 or older who is entitled to father's insurance benefits (and who would have been entitled to widower's insurance benefits by reason of disability if he had filed for such widower's benefits), shall, upon application for such hospital insurance benefits be deemed to have filed for such widow's or widower's insurance benefits.".

(2) For purposes of determining entitlement to hospital insurance benefits under section 226(e)(3) of such Act, as amended by paragraph (1), an individual becoming entitled to such hospital insurance benefits as a result of the amendment made by such paragraph shall, upon furnishing proof of his or her disability within twelve months after the month in which this Act is enacted, under such procedures as the Secretary of Health and Human Services may prescribe, be deemed to have been entitled to the widow's or widower's benefits referred to in such section 226(e)(3), as so amended, as of the time such individual would have been entitled to such widow's or widower's benefits if he or she had filed a timely application therefor. 42 USC 426 note.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF PART A

SEC. 310. (a) Except as otherwise specifically provided in this title, the amendments made by this part apply only with respect to 42 USC 402 note.

42 USC 401.

monthly benefits payable under title II of the Social Security Act for months after the month in which this Act is enacted.

(b) Nothing in any amendment made by this part shall be construed as affecting the validity of any benefit which was paid, prior to the effective date of such amendment, as a result of a judicial determination.

PART B—COVERAGE

COVERAGE OF EMPLOYEES OF FOREIGN AFFILIATES OF AMERICAN EMPLOYERS

SEC. 321. (a)(1) So much of subsection (l) of section 3121 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to agreements entered into by domestic corporations with respect to foreign subsidiaries) as precedes the second sentence of paragraph (1) thereof is amended to read as follows:

26 USC 3121.

"(l) AGREEMENTS ENTERED INTO BY AMERICAN EMPLOYERS WITH RESPECT TO FOREIGN AFFILIATES.—

"(1) AGREEMENT WITH RESPECT TO CERTAIN EMPLOYEES OF FOREIGN AFFILIATE.—The Secretary shall, at the American employer's request, enter into an agreement (in such manner and form as may be prescribed by the Secretary) with any American employer (as defined in subsection (h)) who desires to have the insurance system established by title II of the Social Security Act extended to service performed outside the United States in the employ of any 1 or more of such employer's foreign affiliates (as defined in paragraph (8)) by all employees who are citizens or residents of the United States, except that the agreement shall not apply to any service performed by, or remuneration paid to, an employee if such service or remuneration would be excluded from the term 'employment' or 'wages', as defined in this section, had the service been performed in the United States."

42 USC 401.

26 USC 3121.

(2) Paragraph (8) of section 3121(l) of such Code (defining foreign subsidiary) is amended to read as follows:

"(8) FOREIGN AFFILIATE DEFINED.—For purposes of this subsection and section 210(a) of the Social Security Act—

42 USC 410.

"(A) IN GENERAL.—A foreign affiliate of an American employer is any foreign entity in which such American employer has not less than a 10-percent interest.

"(B) DETERMINATION OF 10-PERCENT INTEREST.—For purposes of subparagraph (A), an American employer has a 10-percent interest in any entity if such employer has such an interest directly (or through one or more entities)—

"(i) in the case of a corporation, in the voting stock thereof, and

"(ii) in the case of any other entity, in the profits thereof."

(b) The clause (B) of section 210(a) of the Social Security Act (defining employment) which precedes paragraph (1) thereof (as amended by section 323(a)(2) of this Act) is further amended to read as follows: "(B) outside the United States by a citizen or resident of the United States as an employee (i) of an American employer (as defined in subsection (e) of this section), or (ii) of a foreign affiliate (as defined in section 3121(l)(8) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954) of an American employer during any period for which there is in

Supra.

effect an agreement, entered into pursuant to section 3121(l) of such Code, with respect to such affiliate,". 26 USC 3121.

(c) Subsection (a) of section 406 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to treatment of certain employees of foreign subsidiaries for pension, etc., purposes) is amended to read as follows: 26 USC 406.

"(a) TREATMENT AS EMPLOYEES OF AMERICAN EMPLOYER.—For purposes of applying this part with respect to a pension, profit-sharing, or stock bonus plan described in section 401(a), an annuity plan described in section 403(a), or a bond purchase plan described in section 405(a), of an American employer (as defined in section 3121(h)), an individual who is a citizen or resident of the United States and who is an employee of a foreign affiliate (as defined in section 3121(l)(8)) of such American employer shall be treated as an employee of such American employer, if— *Ante*, p. 118.

"(1) such American employer has entered into an agreement under section 3121(l) which applies to the foreign affiliate of which such individual is an employee;

"(2) the plan of such American employer expressly provides for contributions or benefits for individuals who are citizens or residents of the United States and who are employees of its foreign affiliates to which an agreement entered into by such American employer under section 3121(l) applies; and

"(3) contributions under a funded plan of deferred compensation (whether or not a plan described in section 401(a), 403(a), or 405(a)) are not provided by any other person with respect to the remuneration paid to such individual by the foreign affiliate."

(d) Paragraph (1) of section 407(a) of such Code (relating to certain employees of domestic subsidiaries engaged in business outside the United States) is amended— 26 USC 407.

(1) by striking out "citizen of the United States" and inserting in lieu thereof "citizen or resident of the United States", and

(2) by striking out "citizens of the United States" and inserting in lieu thereof "citizens or residents of the United States".

(e)(1) Those provisions of subsection (l) of section 3121 of such Code which are not amended by subsection (a) of this section are amended in accordance with the following table: 26 USC 3121.

Strike out (wherever it appears in the text or heading):	And insert:
domestic corporation	American employer
domestic corporations	American employers
subsidiary	affiliate
subsidiaries	affiliates
foreign corporation	foreign entity
foreign corporations	foreign entities
citizens	citizens or residents
the word "a" where it appears before "domestic".	an

(2)(A) Section 406 of such Code (other than subsection (a) thereof) is amended in accordance with the following table: 26 USC 406.

Strike out (wherever appearing in the text):	And insert:
domestic corporation	American employer
subsidiary	affiliate
the word "a" where it appears before "domestic".	an

(B) Paragraph (3) of subsection (c) of such section 406 (as in effect before the amendment made by subparagraph (A)) is amended by striking out "another corporation controlled by such domestic corpo-

ration" and inserting in lieu thereof "another entity in which such American employer has not less than a 10-percent interest (within the meaning of section 3121(l)(8)(B))".

Ante, p. 118.

26 USC 406.

(C)(i) So much of subsection (d) of such section 406 as precedes paragraph (1) thereof is amended by striking out "another corporation" and inserting in lieu thereof "another taxpayer".

(ii) Paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of such section 406 is amended by striking out "any other corporation" and inserting in lieu thereof "any other taxpayer".

(D)(i) The heading of such section 406 is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 406. EMPLOYEES OF FOREIGN AFFILIATES COVERED BY SECTION 3121(l) AGREEMENTS.".

(ii) The table of sections for subpart A of part I of subchapter D of chapter 1 of such Code is amended by striking out the item relating to section 406 and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"Sec. 406. Employees of foreign affiliates covered by section 3121(l) agreements."

26 USC 1402.

(3) Clause (A) of the second sentence of section 1402(b) of such Code (defining self-employment income) is amended by striking out "employees of foreign subsidiaries of domestic corporations" and inserting in lieu thereof "employees of foreign affiliates of American employers".

26 USC 6413.

(4)(A) Subparagraph (C) of section 6413(c)(2) of such Code (relating to special refunds of FICA taxes in the case of employees of certain foreign corporations) is amended—

(i) by striking out "FOREIGN CORPORATIONS" in the heading and inserting in lieu thereof "FOREIGN AFFILIATES", and

(ii) by striking out "domestic corporation" in the text and inserting in lieu thereof "American employer".

(B) The heading of paragraph (2) of section 6413(c) of such Code is amended by striking out "FOREIGN CORPORATIONS" and inserting in lieu thereof "FOREIGN AFFILIATES".

Effective dates.
26 USC 406 note.

(f)(1)(A) The amendments made by this section (other than subsection (d)) shall apply to agreements entered into after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(B) At the election of any American employer, the amendments made by this section (other than subsection (d)) shall also apply to any agreement entered into on or before the date of the enactment of this Act. Any such election shall be made at such time and in such manner as the Secretary may by regulations prescribe.

(2)(A) The amendments made by subsection (d) shall apply to plans established after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(B) At the election of any domestic parent corporation the amendments made by subsection (d) shall also apply to any plan established on or before the date of the enactment of this Act. Any such election shall be made at such time and in such manner as the Secretary may by regulations prescribe.

EXTENSION OF COVERAGE BY INTERNATIONAL SOCIAL SECURITY AGREEMENT

42 USC 410.

SEC. 322. (a)(1) Section 210(a) of the Social Security Act (as amended by sections 321(b) and 323(a)(2) of this Act) is further amended, in the matter preceding paragraph (1)—

(A) by striking out "either" before "(A)", and

(B) by inserting before "; except" the following: ", or (C) if it is service, regardless of where or by whom performed, which is designated as employment or recognized as equivalent to employment under an agreement entered into under section 233". 42 USC 433.

(2) Section 3121(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 is amended, in the matter preceding paragraph (1)— 26 USC 3121.

(A) by striking out "either" before "(A)", and

(B) by inserting before "; except" the following: ", or (C) if it is service, regardless of where or by whom performed, which is designated as employment or recognized as equivalent to employment under an agreement entered into under section 233 of the Social Security Act". 42 USC 433.

(b)(1) Section 211(b) of the Social Security Act is amended by inserting after "non-resident alien individual" the following: ", except as provided by an agreement under section 233". 42 USC 411.

(2) The first sentence of section 1402(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 is amended by inserting after "non-resident alien individual" the following: ", except as provided by an agreement under section 233 of the Social Security Act". 26 USC 1402.

(c) The amendments made by this section shall be effective for taxable years beginning on or after the date of the enactment of this Act. Effective date. 26 USC 3121 note.

TREATMENT OF CERTAIN SERVICE PERFORMED OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES

SEC. 323. (a)(1) Subsection (b) of section 3121 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (defining employment) is amended by striking out "a citizen of the United States" in the matter preceding paragraph (1) thereof and inserting in lieu thereof "a citizen or resident of the United States". 26 USC 3121.

(2) Subsection (a) of section 210 of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out "a citizen of the United States" in the matter preceding paragraph (1) thereof and inserting in lieu thereof "a citizen or resident of the United States". 42 USC 410.

(b)(1) Paragraph (11) of section 1402(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (defining net earnings from self-employment) is amended by striking out "in the case of an individual described in section 911(d)(1)(B),". 26 USC 1402.

(2)(A) Paragraph (10) of section 211(a) of the Social Security Act (as amended by section 124(c)(3) of this Act) is further amended to read as follows: *Ante*, p. 90.

"(10) The exclusion from gross income provided by section 911(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 shall not apply;". 26 USC 911.

(B) Effective with respect to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1981, and before January 1, 1984, paragraph (10) of section 211(a) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"(10) In the case of an individual described in section 911(d)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, the exclusion from gross income provided by section 911(a)(1) of such Code shall not apply;".

(c)(1) The amendments made by subsection (a) shall apply to remuneration paid after December 31, 1983. Effective dates. 26 USC 3121 note.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (b)(2)(B), the amendments made by subsection (b) shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1983. 26 USC 1402 note.

AMOUNTS RECEIVED UNDER CERTAIN DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND SALARY REDUCTION ARRANGEMENTS TREATED AS WAGES FOR FICA TAXES

26 USC 3121.

SEC. 324. (a)(1) Section 3121 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to definitions) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(v) TREATMENT OF CERTAIN DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND SALARY REDUCTION ARRANGEMENTS.—

"(1) CERTAIN EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TREATED AS WAGES.—Nothing in any paragraph of subsection (a) (other than paragraph (1)) shall exclude from the term 'wages'—

"(A) any employer contribution under a qualified cash or deferred arrangement (as defined in section 401(k)) to the extent not included in gross income by reason of section 402(a)(8), or

"(B) any amount treated as an employer contribution under section 414(h)(2).

"(2) TREATMENT OF CERTAIN NONQUALIFIED DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Any amount deferred under a nonqualified deferred compensation plan shall be taken into account for purposes of this chapter as of the later of—

"(i) when the services are performed, or

"(ii) when there is no substantial risk of forefeiture of the rights to such amount.

"(B) TAXED ONLY ONCE.—Any amount taken into account as wages by reason of subparagraph (A) (and the income attributable thereto) shall not thereafter be treated as wages for purposes of this chapter.

"(C) NONQUALIFIED DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN.—For purposes of this paragraph, the term 'nonqualified deferred compensation plan' means any plan or other arrangement for deferral of compensation other than a plan described in subsection (a)(5).

"(3) EXEMPT GOVERNMENTAL DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN.—For purposes of subsection (a)(5), the term 'exempt governmental deferred compensation plan' means any plan providing for deferral of compensation established and maintained for its employees by the United States, by a State or political subdivision thereof, or by an agency or instrumentality of any of the foregoing. Such term shall not include—

"(A) any plan to which section 83, 402(b), 403(c), 457(a), or 457(e)(1) applies, and

"(B) any annuity contract described in section 403(b)."

(2) Paragraph (5) of section 3121(a) of such Code (defining wages) is amended—

(A) by striking out "or" at the end of subparagraph (C),

(B) by striking out the semicolon at the end of subparagraph (D) and inserting in lieu thereof a comma, and

(C) by adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraphs:

"(E) under or to an annuity contract described in section 403(b), other than a payment for the purchase of such contract which is made by reason of a salary reduction agreement (whether evidenced by a written instrument or otherwise),

"(F) under or to an exempt governmental deferred compensation plan (as defined in subsection (v)(3)), or

"(G) to supplement pension benefits under a plan or trust described in any of the foregoing provisions of this paragraph to take into account some portion or all of the increase in the cost of living (as determined by the Secretary of Labor) since retirement but only if such supplemental payments are under a plan which is treated as a welfare plan under section 3(2)(B)(ii) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974;". 29 USC 1002.

(3) Subsection (a) of section 3121 of such Code (defining wages) is amended— 26 USC 3121.

(A) in paragraph (2), by striking out subparagraph (A) and redesignating subparagraphs (B), (C), and (D) as subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C), respectively,

(B) by striking out paragraphs (3) and (9),

(C) in paragraph (13)(A)—

(i) by inserting "or" after "death,", and

(ii) by striking out "or (iii) retirement after attaining an age specified in the plan referred to in subparagraph (B) or in a pension plan of the employer,", and

(D) by striking out "subparagraph (B)" in the last sentence thereof and inserting in lieu thereof "subparagraph (A)".

(b)(1) Section 3306 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to definitions) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection: 26 USC 3306.

"(r) TREATMENT OF CERTAIN DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND SALARY REDUCTION ARRANGEMENTS.—

"(1) CERTAIN EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TREATED AS WAGES.—Nothing in any paragraph of subsection (b) (other than paragraph (1)) shall exclude from the term 'wages'—

"(A) any employer contribution under a qualified cash or deferred arrangement (as defined in section 401(k)) to the extent not included in gross income by reason of section 402(a)(8), or

"(B) any amount treated as an employer contribution under section 414(h)(2).

"(2) TREATMENT OF CERTAIN NONQUALIFIED DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Any amount deferred under a nonqualified deferred compensation plan shall be taken into account for purposes of this chapter as of the later of—

"(i) when the services are performed, or

"(ii) when there is no substantial risk of forfeiture of the rights to such amount.

"(B) TAXED ONLY ONCE.—Any amount taken into account as wages by reason of subparagraph (A) (and the income attributable thereto) shall not thereafter be treated as wages for purposes of this chapter.

"(C) NONQUALIFIED DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN.—For purposes of this paragraph, the term 'nonqualified deferred compensation plan' means any plan or other arrangement for deferral of compensation other than a plan described in subsection (b)(5)."

(2) Paragraph (5) of section 3306(b) of such Code (defining wages) is amended—

(A) by striking out "or" at the end of subparagraph (C),

(B) by striking out the semicolon at the end of subparagraph (D) and inserting in lieu thereof a comma, and

(C) by adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraphs:

"(E) under or to an annuity contract described in section 403(b), other than a payment for the purchase of such contract which is made by reason of a salary reduction agreement (whether evidenced by a written instrument or otherwise),

"(F) under or to an exempt governmental deferred compensation plan (as defined in section 3121(v)(3)), or

Ante, p. 122.

"(G) to supplement pension benefits under a plan or trust described in any of the foregoing provisions of this paragraph to take into account some portion or all of the increase in the cost of living (as determined by the Secretary of Labor) since retirement but only if such supplemental payments are under a plan which is treated as a welfare plan under section 3(2)(B)(ii) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974;".

29 USC 1002.

26 USC 3306.

(3) Subsection (b) of section 3306 of such Code (defining wages) is amended—

(A) in paragraph (2), by striking out subparagraph (A) and redesignating subparagraphs (B), (C), and (D) as subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C), respectively,

(B) by striking out paragraphs (3) and (8), and

(C) in paragraph (10)(A)—

(i) by inserting "or" after "death,", and

(ii) by striking out "or (iii) retirement after attaining an age specified in the plan referred to in subparagraph (B) or in a pension plan of the employer,".

(4)(A) Subparagraph (A) of section 3306(b)(2) of such Code, as redesignated by paragraph (3)(A), is amended to read as follows:

"(A) sickness or accident disability (but, in the case of payments made to an employee or any of his dependents, this subparagraph shall exclude from the term 'wages' only payments which are received under a workman's compensation law), or".

(B) Subsection (b) of section 3306 of such Code (defining wages) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new flush sentence:

"Except as otherwise provided in regulations prescribed by the Secretary, any third party which makes a payment included in wages solely by reason of the parenthetical matter contained in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2) shall be treated for purposes of this chapter and chapter 22 as the employer with respect to such wages."

26 USC 3201 *et seq.*

26 USC 3306 note.

(C) Rules similar to the rules of subsections (d) and (e) of section 3 of the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1981 to restore minimum benefits under the Social Security Act" (Public Law 97-123), approved December 29, 1981, shall apply in the administration of section 3306(b)(2)(A) of such Code (as amended by subparagraph (A)).

26 USC 3121 note.

Supra.

Ante, p. 70.

(c)(1) Section 209 of the Social Security Act (as amended by section 101(c)(1) of this Act) is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraphs:

"Nothing in any of the foregoing provisions of this section (other than subsection (a)) shall exclude from the term 'wages'—

"(1) Any employer contribution under a qualified cash or deferred arrangement (as defined in section 401(k) of the Inter-

nal Revenue Code of 1954) to the extent not included in gross income by reason of section 402(a)(8) of such Code, or 26 USC 401.

"(2) Any amount which is treated as an employer contribution under section 414(h)(2) of such Code.

"Any amount deferred under a nonqualified deferred compensation plan (within the meaning of section 3121(v)(2)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954) shall be taken into account for purposes of this title as of the later of when the services are performed, or when there is no substantial risk of forfeiture of the rights to such amount. Any amount taken into account as wages by reason of the preceding sentence (and the income attributable thereto) shall not thereafter be treated as wages for purposes of this title." *Ante*, p. 122.

(2) Subsection (e) of section 209 of such Act is amended by adding before the semicolon at the end thereof the following: ", or (5) under or to an annuity contract described in section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, other than a payment for the purchase of such contract which is made by reason of a salary reduction agreement (whether evidenced by a written instrument or otherwise), or (6) under or to an exempt governmental deferred compensation plan (as defined in section 3121(v)(3) of such Code), or (7) to supplement pension benefits under a plan or trust described in any of the foregoing provisions of this subsection to take into account some portion or all of the increase in the cost of living (as determined by the Secretary of Labor) since retirement but only if such supplemental payments are under a plan which is treated as a welfare plan under section 3(2)(B)(ii) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974;". 42 USC 409. 26 USC 403. *Ante*, p. 122. 29 USC 1002.

(3) Section 209 of such Act is amended— 42 USC 409.

(A) in subsection (b), by striking out paragraph (1) and redesignating paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) as paragraphs (1), (2), and (3), respectively,

(B) by striking out subsections (c) and (i), and

(C) in subsection (m)(1)—

(i) by inserting "or" after "death,", and

(ii) by striking out "or (C) retirement after attaining an age specified in the plan referred to in paragraph (2) or in a pension plan of the employer,".

(4) Section 203(f)(5)(C) of the Social Security Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "The term 'wages' does not include— 42 USC 403.

"(i) the amount of any payment made to, or on behalf of, an employee or any of his dependents (including any amount paid by an employer for insurance or annuities, or into a fund, to provide for any such payment) on account of retirement, or

"(ii) any payment or series of payments by an employer to an employee or any of his dependents upon or after the termination of the employee's employment relationship because of retirement after attaining an age specified in a plan referred to in section 209(m)(2) or in a pension plan of the employer." 42 USC 409.

(d)(1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the amendments made by this section shall apply to remuneration paid after December 31, 1983. Effective dates. 26 USC 3121 note.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the amendments made by subsection (b) shall apply to remuneration paid after December 31, 1984.

Employer contributions.

(3) The amendments made by this section shall not apply to employer contributions made during 1984 and attributable to services performed during 1983 under a qualified cash or deferred arrangement (as defined in section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954) if, under the terms of such arrangement as in effect on March 24, 1983—

26 USC 401.

(A) the employee makes an election with respect to such contribution before January 1, 1984, and

(B) the employer identifies the amount of such contribution before January 1, 1984.

In the case of the amendments made by subsection (b), the preceding sentence shall be applied by substituting "1985" for "1984" each place it appears and by substituting "during 1984" for "during 1983".

(4) In the case of an agreement in existence on March 24, 1983, between a nonqualified deferred compensation plan (as defined in section 3121(v)(2)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as added by this section) and an individual—

Ante, p. 122.

(A) the amendments made by this section (other than subsection (b)) shall apply with respect to services performed by such individual after December 31, 1983, and

(B) the amendments made by subsection (b) shall apply with respect to services performed by such individual after December 31, 1984.

The preceding sentence shall not apply in the case of a plan to which section 457(a) of such Code applies.

26 USC 457.

EFFECT OF CHANGES IN NAMES OF STATE AND LOCAL EMPLOYEE GROUPS IN UTAH

42 USC 418.

SEC. 325. (a) Section 218(o) of the Social Security Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Coverage provided for in this subsection shall not be affected by a subsequent change in the name of a group.".

Effective date.
42 USC 418 note.

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply with respect to name changes made before, on, or after the date of the enactment of this section.

EFFECTIVE DATES OF INTERNATIONAL SOCIAL SECURITY AGREEMENTS

42 USC 433.

SEC. 326. (a) Section 233(e)(2) of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out "during which each House of the Congress has been in session on each of 90 days" and inserting in lieu thereof "during which at least one House of the Congress has been in session on each of 60 days".

Effective date.
42 USC 433 note.

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall be effective on the date of the enactment of this Act.

CODIFICATION OF ROWAN DECISION WITH RESPECT TO MEALS AND LODGING

26 USC 3121.

SEC. 327. (a)(1) Subsection (a) of section 3121 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (defining wages) is amended by striking out "or" at the end of paragraph (17), by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (18) and inserting in lieu thereof "; or", and by inserting after paragraph (18) the following new paragraph:

"(19) the value of any meals or lodging furnished by or on behalf of the employer if at the time of such furnishing it is reasonable to believe that the employee will be able to exclude such items from income under section 119.".

(2) Section 209 of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out "or" at the end of the subsection (p) which was added by Public Law 95-472, by striking out the period at the end of subsection (q) and inserting in lieu thereof "; or", and by inserting after subsection (q) the following new subsection: 42 USC 409. 92 Stat. 1333.

"(r) The value of any meals or lodging furnished by or on behalf of the employer if at the time of such furnishing it is reasonable to believe that the employee will be able to exclude such items from income under section 119 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.". 26 USC 119.

(b)(1) Subsection (a) of section 3121 of such Code is amended by inserting after and below paragraph (19) (as added by subsection (a) of this section) the following new sentence: 26 USC 3121.

"Nothing in the regulations prescribed for purposes of chapter 24 (relating to income tax withholding) which provides an exclusion from 'wages' as used in such chapter shall be construed to require a similar exclusion from 'wages' in the regulations prescribed for purposes of this chapter.".

(2) Section 209 of the Social Security Act is amended by inserting immediately after and below subsection (r) (as added by subsection (a) of this section) the following new sentence: 42 USC 409.

"Nothing in the regulations prescribed for purposes of chapter 24 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to income tax withholding) which provides an exclusion from 'wages' as used in such chapter shall be construed to require a similar exclusion from 'wages' in the regulations prescribed for purposes of this title.". 26 USC 3401 *et seq.*

(c) Subsection (b) of section 3306 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (defining wages) is amended— 26 USC 3306.

(1) by striking out "or" at the end of paragraph (12),

(2) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (13) and inserting in lieu thereof ", or",

(3) by adding immediately after paragraph (13) the following new paragraph:

"(14) the value of any meals or lodging furnished by or on behalf of the employer if at the time of such furnishing it is reasonable to believe that the employee will be able to exclude such items from income under section 119.", and

(4) by adding at the end thereof the following new flush sentence:

"Nothing in the regulations prescribed for purposes of chapter 24 (relating to income tax withholding) which provides an exclusion from 'wages' as used in such chapter shall be construed to require a similar exclusion from 'wages' in the regulations prescribed for purposes of this chapter.".

(d)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) shall apply to remuneration paid after December 31, 1983. Effective dates. 26 USC 3121 note.

(2) The amendments made by subsection (c) shall apply to remuneration paid after December 31, 1984.

TREATMENT OF CONTRIBUTIONS UNDER SIMPLIFIED EMPLOYEE PENSIONS

SEC. 328. (a) Subparagraph (D) of section 3121(a)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (defining wages) is amended by striking out "section 219" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 219(b)(2)".

26 USC 3121.

(b) Subsection (e) of section 209 of the Social Security Act, (as amended by section 324(c)(2) of this Act) is further amended by striking out the semicolon at the end thereof and inserting in lieu thereof the following: ", or (8) under a simplified employee pension (as defined in section 408(k) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954) if, at the time of the payment, it is reasonable to believe that the employee will be entitled to a deduction under section 219(b)(2) of such Code for such payment;".

42 USC 409.

26 USC 408.

(c) Subparagraph (D) of section 3306(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 is amended by striking out "section 219" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 219(b)(2)".

26 USC 3306.

(d)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the amendments made by this section shall apply to remuneration paid after December 31, 1983.

Effective dates.
26 USC 3121 note.

(2) The amendments made by subsection (c) shall apply to remuneration paid after December 31, 1984.

PART C—OTHER AMENDMENTS

TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS TO MAXIMUM FAMILY BENEFIT PROVISIONS

SEC. 331. (a)(1) Section 203(a)(3)(A) of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out clause (ii) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

42 USC 403.

"(ii) an amount (I) initially equal to the product of 1.75 and the primary insurance amount that would be computed under section 215(a)(1), for January of the year determined for purposes of this clause under the following two sentences, with respect to average indexed monthly earnings equal to one-twelfth of the contribution and benefit base determined for that year under section 230, and (II) thereafter increased in accordance with the provisions of section 215(i)(2)(A)(ii).

42 USC 415.

42 USC 430.

The year established for purposes of clause (ii) shall be 1983 or, if it occurs later with respect to any individual, the year in which occurred the month that the application of the reduction provisions contained in this subparagraph began with respect to benefits payable on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of the insured individual. If for any month subsequent to the first month for which clause (ii) applies (with respect to benefits payable on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of the insured individual) the reduction under this subparagraph ceases to apply, then the year determined under the preceding sentence shall be redetermined (for purposes of any subsequent application of this subparagraph with respect to benefits payable on the basis of such wages and self-employment income) as though this subparagraph had not been previously applicable.".

(2) Section 203(a)(7) of such Act is amended by striking out everything that follows "shall be reduced to an amount equal to" and inserting in lieu thereof "the amount determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (3)(A)(ii) of this subsection, except that for this purpose the references to subparagraph (A) in the last two

sentences of paragraph (3)(A) shall be deemed to be references to paragraph (7).".

(b) Clause (i) in the last sentence of section 203(b)(1) of such Act (as amended by section 132(b) of this Act) is further amended by striking out "penultimate sentence" and inserting in lieu thereof "first sentence of paragraph (4)". 42 USC 403. *Ante*, p. 94.

(c) The amendments made by subsection (a) shall be effective with respect to payments made for months after December 1983. Effective date. 42 USC 403 note.

RELAXATION OF INSURED STATUS REQUIREMENTS FOR CERTAIN WORKERS PREVIOUSLY ENTITLED TO A PERIOD OF DISABILITY

SEC. 332. (a) Section 216(i)(3) of the Social Security Act is amended— 42 USC 416.

(1) by striking out the semicolon at the end of clause (ii) of subparagraph (B) and inserting in lieu thereof ", or"; and

(2) by inserting after clause (ii) of such subparagraph the following new clause:

"(iii) in the case of an individual (not otherwise insured under clause (i)) who, by reason of clause (ii), had a prior period of disability that began during a period before the quarter in which he or she attained age 31, not less than one-half of the quarters beginning after such individual attained age 21 and ending with such quarter are quarters of coverage, or (if the number of quarters in such period is less than 12) not less than 6 of the quarters in the 12-quarter period ending with such quarter are quarters of coverage;".

(b) Section 223(c)(1)(B) of such Act is amended— 42 USC 423.

(1) by striking out the semicolon at the end of clause (ii) and inserting in lieu thereof ", or"; and

(2) by inserting after clause (ii) the following new clause:

"(iii) in the case of an individual (not otherwise insured under clause (i)) who, by reason of section 216(i)(3)(B)(ii), had a prior period of disability that began during a period before the quarter in which he or she attained age 31, not less than one-half of the quarters beginning after such individual attained age 21 and ending with the quarter in which such month occurs are quarters of coverage, or (if the number of quarters in such period is less than 12) not less than 6 of the quarters in the 12-quarter period ending with such quarter are quarters of coverage;". 42 USC 416.

(c) The amendments made by this section shall be effective with respect to applications for disability insurance benefits under section 223 of the Social Security Act, and for disability determinations under section 216(i) of such Act, filed after the date of the enactment of this Act, except that no monthly benefits under title II of the Social Security Act shall be payable or increased by reason of the amendments made by this section for months before the month following the month of enactment of this Act. Effective date. 42 USC 416 note. 42 USC 423. 42 USC 416. 42 USC 401.

PROTECTION OF BENEFITS OF ILLEGITIMATE CHILDREN OF DISABLED BENEFICIARIES

SEC. 333. (a) The last sentence of section 216(h)(3) of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out "subparagraph (A)(i)" and inserting in lieu thereof "subparagraphs (A)(i) and (B)(i)". 42 USC 416.

Effective date.
42 USC 416 note.

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall be effective on the date of the enactment of this Act.

ONE-MONTH RETROACTIVITY OF WIDOW'S AND WIDOWER'S INSURANCE BENEFITS

42 USC 402.

SEC. 334. (a) Section 202(j)(4)(B) of the Social Security Act is amended—

(1) by redesignating clauses (iii) and (iv) as clauses (iv) and (v), respectively; and

(2) by adding after clause (ii) the following new clause:

"(iii) Subparagraph (A) does not apply to a benefit under subsection (e) or (f) for the month immediately preceding the month of application, if the insured individual died in that preceding month.".

Effective date.
42 USC 402 note.

(b) The amendments made by subsection (a) shall apply with respect to survivors whose applications for monthly benefits are filed after the second month following the month in which this Act is enacted.

NONASSIGNABILITY OF BENEFITS

42 USC 407.

SEC. 335. (a) Section 207 of the Social Security Act is amended—

(1) by inserting "(a)" before "The right"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(b) No other provision of law, enacted before, on, or after the date of the enactment of this section, may be construed to limit, supersede, or otherwise modify the provisions of this section except to the extent that it does so by express reference to this section.".

42 USC 659.

(b)(1) Section 459(a) of such Act is amended by inserting "(including section 207)" after "any other provision of law".

26 USC 86.
Ante, p. 80.

(2)(A) Section 86(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (as added by section 121(a) of this Act) is amended by inserting "(notwithstanding section 207 of the Social Security Act)" before "includes".

26 USC 871.
Ante, p. 82.

(B) Section 871(a)(3)(A) of such Code (as added by section 121(c)(1) of this Act) is amended by inserting "(notwithstanding section 207 of the Social Security Act)" after "income".

Effective date.
42 USC 407 note.

(c) The amendments made by subsection (a) shall apply only with respect to benefits payable or rights existing under the Social Security Act on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

USE OF DEATH CERTIFICATES TO PREVENT ERRONEOUS BENEFIT PAYMENTS TO DECEASED INDIVIDUALS

42 USC 405.

SEC. 336. Section 205 of the Social Security Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"USE OF DEATH CERTIFICATES TO CORRECT PROGRAM INFORMATION

"(r)(1) The Secretary shall undertake to establish a program under which—

"(A) States (or political subdivisions thereof) voluntarily contract with the Secretary to furnish the Secretary periodically with information (in a form established by the Secretary in consultation with the States) concerning individuals with respect to whom death certificates (or equivalent documents maintained by the States or subdivisions) have been officially filed with them; and

"(B) there will be (i) a comparison of such information on such individuals with information on such individuals in the records being used in the administration of this Act, (ii) validation of the results of such comparisons, and (iii) corrections in such records to accurately reflect the status of such individuals.

"(2) Each State (or political subdivision thereof) which furnishes the Secretary with information on records of deaths in the State or subdivision under this subsection may be paid by the Secretary from amounts available for administration of this Act the reasonable costs (established by the Secretary in consultations with the States) for transcribing and transmitting such information to the Secretary.

"(3) In the case of individuals with respect to whom federally funded benefits are provided by (or through) a Federal or State agency other than under this Act, the Secretary shall to the extent feasible provide such information through a cooperative arrangement with such agency, for ensuring proper payment of those benefits with respect to such individuals if— Cooperative arrangements with State or Federal agencies.

"(A) under such arrangement the agency provides reimbursement to the Secretary for the reasonable cost of carrying out such arrangement, and

"(B) such arrangement does not conflict with the duties of the Secretary under paragraph (1).

"(4) The Secretary may enter into similar agreements with States to provide information for their use in programs wholly funded by the States if the requirements of (r)(3)(A) and (r)(3)(B) are met.

"(5) The Secretary may use or provide for the use of such records as may be corrected under this section, subject to such safeguards as the Secretary determines are necessary or appropriate to protect the information from unauthorized use or disclosure, for statistical and research activities conducted by Federal and State agencies. Information protection.

"(6) Information furnished to the Secretary under this subsection may not be used for any purpose other than the purpose described in this subsection and is exempt from disclosure under section 552 of title 5, United States Code, and from the requirements of section 552a of such title. Information disclosure, exemption.

"(7) The Secretary shall include information on the status of the program established under this section and impediments to the effective implementation of the program in the 1984 report required under section 704 of the Act.". 42 USC 904.

PUBLIC PENSION OFFSET

SEC. 337. (a) Subsections (b)(4)(A), (c)(2)(A), (f)(2)(A), and (g)(4)(A) of section 202 of the Social Security Act, and paragraph (7)(A) of section 202(e) of such Act (as redesignated by section 131(a)(3)(A) of this Act), are each amended— 42 USC 402. *Ante*, p. 92.

(1) by striking out "by an amount equal to the amount of any monthly periodic benefit" and inserting in lieu thereof "by an amount equal to two-thirds of the amount of any monthly periodic benefit"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "The amount of the reduction in any benefit under this subparagraph, if not a multiple of $0.10, shall be rounded to the next higher multiple of $0.10.".

(b) The amendments made by subsection (a) of this section shall apply only with respect to monthly insurance benefits payable under title II of the Social Security Act to individuals who initially Effective date. 42 USC 402 note. 42 USC 401.

42 USC 402 and note, 426.

become eligible (as defined in section 334 of Public Law 95-216) for monthly periodic benefits (within the meaning of the provisions amended by subsection (a)) for months after June 1983.

STUDY CONCERNING THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION AS AN INDEPENDENT AGENCY

Joint Study Panel on the Social Security Administration.
42 USC 902 note.

SEC. 338. (a) There is hereby established, under the authority of the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate, a joint study panel to be known as the Joint Study Panel on the Social Security Administration (hereafter in this section referred to as the "Panel"). The duties of the Panel shall be to conduct the study provided for in subsection (c).

Membership.

(b)(1) The Panel shall be composed of 3 members, appointed jointly by the chairmen of the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate and such chairmen shall jointly select one member of the Panel to serve as chairman of the Panel. Members of the Panel shall be chosen, on the basis of their integrity, impartiality, and good judgment, from individuals who, as a result of their training, experience, and attainments, are widely recognized by professionals in the fields of government administration, social insurance, and labor relations as experts in those fields.

Vacancies.

(2) Vacancies in the membership of the Panel shall not affect the power of the remaining members to perform the duties of the Panel and shall be filled in the same manner in which the original appointment was made.

Pay.

(3) Each member of the Panel not otherwise in the employ of the United States Government shall receive the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay payable for level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of title 5, United States Code, for each day during which such member is actually engaged in the performance of the duties of the Panel. Each member of the Panel shall be allowed travel expenses in the same manner as any individual employed intermittently by the Federal Government is allowed travel expenses under section 5703 of title 5, United States Code.

(4) By agreement between the chairmen of the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate, such Committees shall provide the Panel, on a reimbursible basis, office space, clerical personnel, and such supplies and equipment as may be necessary for the Panel to carry out its duties under this section. Subject to such limitations as the chairmen of such Committees may jointly prescribe, the Panel may appoint such additional personnel as the Panel considers necessary and fix the compensation of such personnel as it considers appropriate at an annual rate which does not exceed the rate of basic pay then payable for GS-18 of the General Schedule under section 5332 of title 5, United States Code, and may procure by contract the temporary or intermittent services of clerical personnel and experts or consultants, or organizations thereof.

Appropriation authorization.

(5) There are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Panel, from amounts in the general fund of the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, such sums as are necessary to carry out the purposes of this section.

(c)(1) The Panel shall undertake, as soon as possible after the date of the enactment of this Act, a thorough study with respect to the

implementation of removing the Social Security Administration from the Department of Health and Human Services and establishing it as an independent agency in the executive branch with its own independent administrative structure, including the possibility of such a structure headed by a board appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

(2) The Panel in its study under paragraph (1) shall address, analyze, and report specifically on the following matters: Matters to be analyzed.

(A) the manner in which the transition to an independent agency would be conducted;

(B) the authorities which would have to be transferred or amended in such a transition;

(C) the program or programs which would be included within the jurisdiction of the new agency;

(D) the legal and other relationships of the Social Security Administration with other organizations which would be required as a result of establishing the Social Security Administration as an independent agency; and

(E) any other details which may be necessary for the development of appropriate legislation to establish the Social Security Administration as an independent agency.

(d) The Panel shall submit to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate, not later than April 1, 1984, a report of the findings of the study conducted under subsection (c), together with any recommendations the Panel considers appropriate. The Panel and all authority granted in this section shall expire thirty days after the date of the submission of its report under this section. Report to congressional committees. Expiration date.

LIMITATION ON PAYMENTS TO PRISONERS

SEC. 339. (a) Section 202 of the Social Security Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection: 42 USC 402.

"(x)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, no monthly benefits shall be paid under this section or under section 223 to any individual for any month during which such individual is confined in a jail, prison, or other penal institution or correctional facility, pursuant to his conviction of an offense which constituted a felony under applicable law, unless such individual is actively and satisfactorily participating in a rehabilitation program which has been specifically approved for such individual by a court of law and, as determined by the Secretary, is expected to result in such individual being able to engage in substantial gainful activity upon release and within a reasonable time. 42 USC 423.

"(2) Benefits which would be payable to any individual (other than a confined individual to whom benefits are not payable by reason of paragraph (1)) under this title on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of such a confined individual but for the provisions of paragraph (1), shall be payable as though such confined individual were receiving such benefits under this section or section 223.

"(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 552a of title 5, United States Code, or any other provision of Federal or State law, any agency of the United States Government or of any State (or political subdivision thereof) shall make available to the Secretary, upon written request, the name and social security account number of any individual who is confined in a jail, prison, or other penal

institution or correctional facility under the jurisdiction of such agency, pursuant to his conviction of an offense which constituted a felony under applicable law, which the Secretary may require to carry out the provisions of this subsection.".

42 USC 423. (b) Section 223 of such Act is amended by striking out subsection (f).

Effective date. 42 USC 402 note. (c) The amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) shall apply with respect to monthly benefits payable for months beginning on or after the date of enactment of this Act.

REQUIREMENT OF PREVIOUS UNITED STATES RESIDENCY FOR ALIEN DEPENDENTS AND SURVIVORS LIVING OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES

42 USC 402. SEC. 340. (a) Section 202(t) of the Social Security Act is amended—

(1) in the heading, by adding after "United States" the following: "; Residency Requirements for Dependents and Survivors"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(11)(A) Paragraph (2) and subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), and (E) of paragraph (4) shall apply with respect to an individual's monthly benefits under subsection (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), or (h) only if such individual meets the residency requirements of this paragraph with respect to those benefits.

"(B) An individual entitled to benefits under subsection (b), (c), (e), (f), or (g) meets the residency requirements of this paragraph with respect to those benefits only if such individual has resided in the United States, and while so residing bore a spousal relationship to the person on whose wages and self-employment income such entitlement is based, for a total period of not less than 5 years. For purposes of this subparagraph, a period of time for which an individual bears a spousal relationship to another person consists of a period throughout which the individual has been, with respect to such other person, a wife, a husband, a widow, a widower, a divorced wife, a divorced husband, a surviving divorced wife, a surviving divorced husband, a surviving divorced mother, a surviving divorced father, or (as applicable in the course of such period) any two or more of the foregoing.

"(C) An individual entitled to benefits under subsection (d) meets the residency requirements of this paragraph with respect to those benefits only if—

"(i)(I) such individual has resided in the United States (as the child of the person on whose wages and self-employment income such entitlement is based) for a total period of not less than 5 years, or

"(II) the person on whose wages and self-employment income such entitlement is based, and the individual's other parent (within the meaning of subsection (h)(3)), if any, have each resided in the United States for a total period of not less than 5 years (or died while residing in the United States), and

"(ii) in the case of an individual entitled to such benefits as an adopted child, such individual was adopted within the United States by the person on whose wages and self-employment income such entitlement is based, and has lived in the United States with such person and received at least one-half of his or her support from such person for a period (beginning before such individual attained age 18) consisting of—

"(I) the year immediately before the month in which such person became eligible for old-age insurance benefits or disability insurance benefits or died, whichever occurred first, or

"(II) if such person had a period of disability which continued until he or she became entitled to old-age insurance benefits or disability insurance benefits or died, the year immediately before the month in which such period of disability began.

"(D) An individual entitled to benefits under subsection (h) meets the residency requirements of this paragraph with respect to those benefits only if such individual has resided in the United States, and while so residing was a parent (within the meaning of subsection (h)(3)) of the person on whose wages and self-employment income such entitlement is based, for a total period of not less than 5 years.

"(E) This paragraph shall not apply with respect to any individual who is a citizen or resident of a foreign country with which the United States has an agreement in force concluded pursuant to section 233, except to the extent provided by such agreement.". 42 USC 433.

(b) Paragraphs (2) and (4) of section 202(t) of such Act are each amended by striking out "Paragraph (1) shall not apply" and inserting in lieu thereof "Subject to paragraph (11), paragraph (1) shall not apply". 42 USC 402.

(c) The amendments made by this section shall apply with respect to any individual who initially becomes eligible for benefits under section 202 or 223 after December 31, 1984. Effective date. 42 USC 402 note.

ADDITION OF PUBLIC MEMBERS TO TRUST FUND BOARD OF TRUSTEES

SEC. 341. (a) Section 201(c) of the Social Security Act is amended— *Ante*, p. 107.

(1) in the first sentence, by striking out "Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, all ex officio" and inserting in lieu thereof "Secretary of Health and Human Services, all ex officio, and of two members of the public (both of whom may not be from the same political party), who shall be nominated by the President for a term of four years and subject to confirmation by the Senate"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "A person serving on the Board of Trustees shall not be considered to be a fiduciary and shall not be personally liable for actions taken in such capacity with respect to the Trust Funds.".

(b) Section 1817(b) of such Act is amended— *Ante*, p. 107.

(1) in the first sentence, by striking out "Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, all ex officio" and inserting in lieu thereof "Secretary of Health and Human Services, all ex officio, and of two members of the public (both of whom may not be from the same political party), who shall be nominated by the President for a term of four years and subject to confirmation by the Senate"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "A person serving on the Board of Trustees shall not be considered to be a fiduciary and shall not be personally liable for actions taken in such capacity with respect to the Trust Fund.".

(c) Section 1841(b) of such Act is amended— *Ante*, p. 107.

(1) in the first sentence, by striking out "Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, all ex officio" and inserting in lieu

thereof "Secretary of Health and Human Services, all ex officio, and of two members of the public (both of whom may not be from the same political party), who shall be nominated by the President for a term of four years and subject to confirmation by the Senate"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "A person serving on the Board of Trustees shall not be considered to be a fiduciary and shall not be personally liable for actions taken in such capacity with respect to the Trust Fund.".

Effective date.
42 USC 401 note.

(d) The amendments made by this section shall become effective on the date of enactment of this Act.

PAYMENT SCHEDULE BY STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS

42 USC 418.

SEC. 342. (a) Section 218(e)(1)(A) of the Social Security Act is amended to read as follows:

"(A) that the State will pay to the Secretary of the Treasury—

"(i) on the last day of each calendar month, amounts equivalent to the sum of the taxes which would be imposed by sections 3101 and 3111 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 with respect to the period which includes the first fifteen days of such calendar month if the services for which wages were paid in such period to employees covered by the agreement constituted employment as defined in section 3121 of such Code, and

26 USC 3101, 3111.

26 USC 3121.

"(ii) on the fifteenth day of the calendar month following such calendar month, amounts equivalent to the sum of the taxes which would be imposed by sections 3101 and 3111 of such Code with respect to the period beginning with the sixteenth day of such calendar month and ending with the last day of such calendar month if the services for which wages were paid in such period to employees covered by the agreement constituted employment as defined in section 3121 of such Code; and".

Effective date.
42 USC 418 note.

(b) The amendments made by this section shall apply to calendar months beginning after December 31, 1983.

EARNINGS SHARING IMPLEMENTATION REPORT

42 USC 902 note.

SEC. 343. (a) The Secretary of Health and Human Services (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Secretary") shall develop, in consultation with the Committee on Finance of the Senate and the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives, proposals for earnings sharing legislation as described in subsection (b). The Secretary shall report such proposals to such committees not later than July 1, 1984. The report and proposals provided to such committees shall—

(1) take into account, discuss, and analyze the impact of earnings sharing on various categories of social security beneficiaries and include recommendations for the implementation of earnings sharing which may be necessary to provide adequate protection for particular classes of beneficiaries;

(2) include specific recommendations with respect to an appropriate and feasible time period or time periods for implementation of such proposals along with recommendations for any transition provisions which may be necessary or appropriate; and

(3) provide cost-impact analyses on each proposal presented.

(b) For the purposes of subsection (a), the term "earnings sharing" refers to proposals that the combined earnings of a husband and wife during the period of their marriage shall be divided equally and shared between them for social security benefit purposes.

(c) In preparing the report and proposals required in subsection (a), the Secretary shall include consideration and analysis of the earnings sharing proposals contained in (1) S. 3, 98th Congress, 1st Session, (2) H.R. 1513, 97th Congress, 1st Session, and (3) the earnings sharing option described in the report entitled "Social Security and the Changing Roles of Men and Women", submitted to the Congress pursuant to Public Law 95-216, the Social Security Amendments of 1977. 42 USC 1305 note.

(d) In carrying out subsections (a), (b), and (c), the Secretary shall consult with the Director of the Congressional Budget Office. Not later than 30 days after the Secretary submits the report required in subsection (a), the Director of the Congressional Budget Office shall submit a report to the committees identified in such subsection on the methodologies, recommendations, and analyses used in the Secretary's report.

VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION REORGANIZATION

SEC. 344. The requirements of section 210(b)(2)(A) of title 38, United States Code, shall not apply to the planned administrative reorganization at the Veterans' Administration Los Angeles Data Processing Center involving the transfer of 25 full-time equivalent employees from the Office of Data Management and Technology to the Department of Medicine and Surgery of the Veterans' Administration.

SOCIAL SECURITY CARDS

SEC. 345. (a) Section 205(c)(2) of the Social Security Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraph: 42 USC 405.

"(D) The Secretary shall issue a social security card to each individual at the time of the issuance of a social security account number to such individual. The social security card shall be made of banknote paper, and (to the maximum extent practicable) shall be a card which cannot be counterfeited.".

(b) The amendment made by this section shall apply with respect to all new and replacement social security cards issued more than 193 days after the date of the enactment of this Act. Effective date. 42 USC 405 note.

(c) Within 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall report to the Congress on his plans for implementing the amendment made by this section. Report to Congress.

BUDGETARY TREATMENT OF TRUST FUND OPERATIONS

SEC. 346. (a)(1) Title VII of the Social Security Act (as amended by section 143 of this Act) is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section: *Ante*, p. 102.

"BUDGETARY TREATMENT OF TRUST FUND OPERATIONS

"SEC. 710. The disbursements of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund, the Federal Disability Insurance Trust 42 USC 911.

Fund, the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund, and the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund shall be treated as a separate major functional category in the budget of the United States Government as submitted by the President and in the congressional budget, and the receipts of such Trust Funds, including the taxes imposed under sections 1401, 3101, and 3111 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, shall be set forth separately in such budgets.".

26 USC 1401, 3101, 3111.

Effective date.
42 USC 911 note.

(2) The amendment made by paragraph (1) shall apply with respect to fiscal years beginning on or after October 1, 1984, and ending on or before September 30, 1992, except that such amendment shall apply with respect to the fiscal year beginning on October 1, 1983, to the extent it relates to the congressional budget.

(b) Effective for fiscal years beginning on or after October 1, 1992, section 710 of such Act (as added by subsection (a) of this section) is amended to read as follows:

Ante, p. 137.

"BUDGETARY TREATMENT OF TRUST FUND OPERATIONS

"SEC. 710. (a) The receipts and disbursements of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund, the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund, and the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund and the taxes imposed under sections 1401, 3101, and 3111 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 shall not be included in the totals of the budget of the United States Government as submitted by the President or of the congressional budget and shall be exempt from any general budget limitation imposed by statute on expenditures and net lending (budget outlays) of the United States Government.

26 USC 1401, 3101, 3111.

"(b) The disbursements of the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund shall be treated as a separate major functional category in the budget of the United States Government as submitted by the President and in the congressional budget, and the receipts of such Trust Fund shall be set forth separately in such budgets.".

LIBERALIZATION OF EARNINGS TEST

42 USC 403.

SEC. 347. (a) Section 203(f)(3) of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out "50 per centum of his earnings for such year in excess of the product of the applicable exempt amount as determined under paragraph (8)" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "33⅓ percent of his earnings for such year in excess of the product of the applicable exempt amount as determined under paragraph (8) in the case of an individual who has attained retirement age (as defined in section 216(l)) before the close of such taxable year, or 50 percent of his earnings for such year in excess of such product in the case of any other individual".

42 USC 416.

Effective date.
42 USC 403 note.

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply only with respect to taxable years beginning after December 1989, and only in the case of individuals who have attained retirement age (as defined in section 216(l) of the Social Security Act).

TITLE IV—SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY INCOME BENEFITS

INCREASE IN FEDERAL SSI BENEFIT STANDARD

42 USC 1382f.

SEC. 401. (a)(1) Section 1617 of the Social Security Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(c) Effective July 1, 1983—

"(1) each of the dollar amounts in effect under subsections (a)(1)(A) and (b)(1) of section 1611, as previously increased under this section, shall be increased by $240 (and the dollar amount in effect under subsection (a)(1)(A) of section 211 of Public Law 93-66, as previously so increased, shall be increased by $120); and 42 USC 1382. 87 Stat. 154.

"(2) each of the dollar amounts in effect under subsections (a)(2)(A) and (b)(2) of section 1611, as previously increased under this section, shall be increased by $360.".

(2) Section 1617(b) of such Act is amended by striking out "this section" and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection (a) of this section". 42 USC 1382f.

(b) Section 1617(a)(2) of such Act is amended by inserting ", or, if greater (in any case where the increase under title II was determined on the basis of the wage increase percentage rather than the CPI increase percentage), the percentage by which benefit amounts under title II would be increased for such month if the increase had been determined on the basis of the CPI increase percentage," after "are increased for such month". 42 USC 401.

ADJUSTMENTS IN FEDERAL SSI PASS-THROUGH PROVISIONS

SEC. 402. Section 1618 of the Social Security Act is amended by redesignating the subsection (c) which was added by Public Law 97-377 as subsection (d), and by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection: 96 Stat. 1917. 42 USC 1382g.

"(e)(1) For any particular month after March 1983, a State which is not treated as meeting the requirements imposed by paragraph (4) of subsection (a) by reason of subsection (b) shall be treated as meeting such requirements if and only if—

"(A) the combined level of its supplementary payments (to recipients of the type involved) and the amounts payable (to or on behalf of such recipients) under section 1611(b) of this Act and section 211(a)(1)(A) of Public Law 93-66, for that particular month, 42 USC 1382. 87 Stat. 154.

is not less than—

"(B) the combined level of its supplementary payments (to recipients of the type involved) and the amounts payable (to or on behalf of such recipients) under section 1611(b) of this Act and section 211(a)(1)(A) of Public Law 93-66, for March 1983, increased by the amount of all cost-of-living adjustments under section 1617 (and any other benefit increases under this title) which have occurred after March 1983 and before that particular month. 42 USC 1382f.

"(2) In determining the amount of any increase in the combined level involved under paragraph (1)(B) of this subsection, any portion of such amount which would otherwise be attributable to the increase under section 1617(c) shall be deemed instead to be equal to the amount of the cost-of-living adjustment which would have occurred in July 1983 (without regard to the 3-percent limitation contained in section 215(i)(1)(B)) if section 111 of the Social Security Amendments of 1983 had not been enacted.". 42 USC 415. *Ante*, p. 72.

SSI ELIGIBILITY FOR TEMPORARY RESIDENTS OF EMERGENCY SHELTERS FOR THE HOMELESS

42 USC 1382.

SEC. 403. (a) Section 1611(e)(1) of the Social Security Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "subparagraph (B) and (C)" in subparagraph (A) and inserting in lieu thereof "subparagraphs (B), (C), and (D)"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraph:

"(D) A person may be an eligible individual or eligible spouse for purposes of this title with respect to any month throughout which he is a resident of a public emergency shelter for the homeless (as defined in regulations which shall be prescribed by the Secretary); except that no person shall be an eligible individual or eligible spouse by reason of this subparagraph more than three months in any 12-month period.".

Effective date.
42 USC 1382 note.

(b) The amendments made by subsection (a) shall be effective with respect to months after the month in which this Act is enacted.

DISREGARDING OF EMERGENCY AND OTHER IN-KIND ASSISTANCE PROVIDED BY NONPROFIT ORGANIZATIONS

42 USC 1382a.

SEC. 404. (a) Section 1612(b)(13) of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out "any assistance received" and all that follows down through "(B)" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "any support or maintenance assistance furnished to or on behalf of such individual (and spouse if any) which (as determined under regulations of the Secretary by such State agency as the chief executive officer of the State may designate) is based on need for such support or maintenance, including assistance received to assist in meeting the costs of home energy (including both heating and cooling), and which".

42 USC 602.

(b) Section 402(a)(36) of such Act is amended by striking out "shall not include as income" and all that follows down through "(B)" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "shall not include as income any support or maintenance assistance furnished to or on behalf of the family which (as determined under regulations of the Secretary by such State agency as the chief executive officer of the State may designate) is based on need for such support and maintenance, including assistance received to assist in meeting the costs of home energy (including both heating and cooling), and which".

Effective date.
42 USC 602 note.

(c) The amendments made by this section shall be effective with respect to months which begin after the month in which this Act is enacted and end before October 1, 1984.

NOTIFICATION REGARDING SSI

42 USC 1382 note.
42 USC 401.
42 USC 1381.

SEC. 405. Prior to July 1, 1984, the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall notify all elderly recipients of benefits under title II of the Social Security Act who may be eligible for supplemental security income benefits under title XVI of such Act of the availability of the supplemental security income program, and shall encourage such recipients to contact the Social Security district office. Such notification shall also be made to all recipients prior to attainment of age 65, with the notification made with respect to eligibility for supplementary medical insurance.

TITLE V—UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION PROVISIONS

PART A—FEDERAL SUPPLEMENTAL COMPENSATION

EXTENSION OF PROGRAM

SEC. 501. (a) Paragraph (2) of section 602(f) of the Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982 is amended by striking out "March 31, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1983". 96 Stat. 702. 26 USC 3304 note.

(b) Section 605(2) of such Act is amended by striking out "April 1, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1983". 96 Stat. 705. 26 USC 3304 note.

NUMBER OF WEEKS FOR WHICH COMPENSATION PAYABLE

SEC. 502. (a) Subsection (e) of section 602 of the Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982 is amended by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (4) and by striking out paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof the following new paragraphs: 96 Stat. 702. 26 USC 3304 note.

"(2)(A) In the case of any account from which Federal supplemental compensation was first payable to an individual for a week beginning after March 31, 1983, the amount established in such account shall be equal to the lesser of—

"(i) 55 per centum of the total amount of regular compensation (including dependents' allowances) payable to the individual with respect to the benefit year (as determined under the State law) on the basis of which he most recently received regular compensation, or

"(ii) the applicable limit determined under the following table times his average weekly benefit amount for his benefit year:

"In the case of weeks during a:	The applicable limit is:
6-percent period	14
5-percent period	12
4-percent period	10
Low-unemployment period	8

"(B) In the case of any State whose applicable limit, as determined under clause (ii) of subparagraph (A) for the first week beginning after March 27, 1983, and after the date of the enactment of part A of title V of the Social Security Amendments of 1983, would be more than 4 weeks lower than the number of weeks applicable to such State under this paragraph as in effect for the week beginning March 27, 1983, the applicable limit for such State for that week and any succeeding week shall not be lower than 4 less than the number so applicable to such State for the week beginning March 27, 1983. *Supra.*

"(C) In the case of any account from which Federal supplemental compensation was payable to an individual for a week beginning before April 1, 1983, the amount established in such account shall be equal to the lesser of the subparagraph (A) entitlement or the sum of—

"(i) the subparagraph (A) entitlement reduced (but not below zero) by the aggregate amount of Federal supplemental compensation paid to such individual for weeks beginning before April 1, 1983, plus

"(ii) such individual's additional entitlement.

"(D) For purposes of subparagraph (C) and this subparagraph—

Definitions.

"(i) The term 'subparagraph (A) entitlement' means the amount which would have been established in the account if subparagraph (A) had applied to such account.

"(ii) The term 'additional entitlement' means the lesser of—

"(I) three-fourths of the subparagraph (A) entitlement, or

"(II) the applicable limit determined under the following table times the individual's average weekly benefit amount for his benefit year:

"In the case of weeks during a:	The applicable limit is:
6-percent period	10
5-percent period	8
4-percent period	8
Low-employment period	6

"(E) Except as provided in subparagraph (C)(i), for purposes of determining the amount of Federal supplemental compensation payable for weeks beginning after March 31, 1983, from an account described in subparagraph (C), no reduction in such account shall be made by reason of any Federal supplemental compensation paid to the individual for weeks beginning before April 1, 1983.

Definitions.

"(3)(A) For purposes of this subsection, the terms '6-percent period', '5-percent period', '4 percent period', and 'low-unemployment period' mean, with respect to any State, the period which—

"(i) begins with the 3d week after the 1st week in which the rate of insured unemployment in the State for the period consisting of such week and the immediately preceding 12 weeks falls in the applicable range, and

"(ii) ends with the 3d week after the 1st week in which the rate of insured unemployment for the period consisting of such week and the immediately preceding 12 weeks does not fall within the applicable range.

"(B) For purposes of subparagraph (A), the applicable range is as follows:

"In the case of a:	The applicable range is:
6-percent period	A rate equal to or exceeding 6 percent.
5-percent period	A rate equal to or exceeding 5 percent but less than 6 percent.
4-percent period	A rate equal to or exceeding 4 percent but less than 5 percent.
Low-employment period	A rate less than 4 percent.

"(C) No 6-percent period, 5-percent period, or 4-percent period, as the case may be, shall last for a period of less than 4 weeks unless the State enters a period with a higher percentage designation.

"(D) For purposes of this subsection—

"(i) The rate of insured unemployment for any period shall be determined in the same manner as determined for purposes of section 203 of the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970.

26 USC 3304 note.

"(ii) The amount of an individual's average weekly benefit amount shall be determined in the same manner as determined for purposes of section 202(b)(1)(C) of such Act."

26 USC 3304 note.

(b)(1) Section 602(f)(2) of such Act is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: "; except that in the case of any individual who received such compensation for the week preceding the last week beginning after such date, such compensation shall be payable to such individual for weeks beginning after

96 Stat. 702.
26 USC 3304 note.

such date, but the total amount of such compensation payable for such weeks shall be limited to 50 percent of the total amount which would otherwise be payable for such weeks".

(2) Section 605(2) of such Act is amended by inserting before the semicolon the following: "(except as otherwise provided in section 602(f)(2))". 96 Stat. 705. 26 USC 3304 note.

(c) Paragraph (3) of section 602(d) of the Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982 is amended to read as follows: 96 Stat. 702. 26 USC 3304 note.

"(3) the maximum amount of Federal supplemental compensation payable to any individual for whom an account is established under subsection (e) shall not exceed the lesser of (A) the amount established in such account for such individual, or (B) in the case of an individual filing a claim under the interstate benefit payment plan for Federal supplemental compensation, the amount which would have been established in such account if the amount established in such account were determined by reference to the applicable limit under subparagraph (A)(ii) or (D)(ii) of subsection (e)(2) applicable in the State in which the individual is filing such interstate claim under the interstate benefit payment plan for the week in which he is filing such claim."

EFFECTIVE DATE

SEC. 503. (a) The amendments made by this part shall apply to weeks beginning after March 31, 1983. 26 USC 3304 note.

(b) In the case of any eligible individual—

(1) to whom any Federal supplemental compensation was payable for any week beginning before April 1, 1983, and

(2) who exhausted his rights to such compensation (by reason of the payment of all the amount in his Federal supplemental compensation account) before the first week beginning after March 31, 1983,

such individual's eligibility for additional weeks of compensation by reason of the amendments made by this part shall not be limited or terminated by reason of any event, or failure to meet any requirement of law relating to eligibility for unemployment compensation, occurring after the date of such exhaustion of rights and before April 1, 1983 (and the period after such exhaustion and before April 1, 1983, shall not be counted for purposes of determining the expiration of the two years following the end of his benefit year for purposes of section 602(b) of the Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982).

(c) The Secretary of Labor shall, at the earliest practicable date after the date of the enactment of this Act, propose to each State with which he has in effect an agreement under section 602 of the Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982 a modification of such agreement designed to provide for the payment of Federal supplemental compensation under such Act in accordance with the amendments made by this part. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if any State fails or refuses, within the 3-week period beginning on the date the Secretary of Labor proposed such a modification to such State, to enter into such a modification of such agreement, the Secretary of Labor shall terminate such agreement effective with the end of the last week which ends on or before such 3-week period. 96 Stat. 702. 26 USC 3304 note. State modifications.

TRAINING

96 Stat. 702.
26 USC 3304 note.

SEC. 504. Section 602 of the Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(g) The payment of Federal supplemental compensation shall not be denied to any recipient (who submits documentation prescribed by the Secretary) for any week because the recipient is in training or attending an accredited educational institution on a substantially full-time basis, or because of the application of State law to any such recipient relating to the availability for work, the active search for work, or the refusal to accept work on account of such training or attendance, unless the State agency determines that such training or attendance will not improve the opportunities for employment of the recipient.".

COORDINATION WITH TRADE READJUSTMENT PROGRAM

96 Stat. 702.
26 USC 3304 note.

SEC. 505. Subsection (e) of section 602 of the Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(5)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the maximum amount of Federal supplemental compensation payable to an individual shall not be reduced by reason of any trade readjustment allowance to which the individual was entitled under the Trade Act of 1974.

19 USC 2101.

"(B) If an individual received any trade readjustment allowance under the Trade Act of 1974 in respect of any benefit year, the maximum amount of Federal supplemental compensation payable under this subtitle in respect of such benefit year shall be reduced (but not below zero) so that (to the extent possible by making such a reduction) the aggregate amount of—

"(i) regular compensation,

"(ii) extended compensation,

"(iii) trade readjustment allowances, and

"(iv) Federal supplemental compensation,

payable in respect of such benefit year does not exceed the aggregate amount which would have been so payable had the individual not been entitled to any trade readjustment allowance."

PART B—PROVISIONS RELATING TO INTEREST AND CREDIT REDUCTIONS

DEFERRAL OF INTEREST

42 USC 1322.

SEC. 511. (a) Section 1202(b) of the Social Security Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraphs:

"(8)(A) With respect to interest due under this section on September 30 of 1983, 1984, or 1985 (other than interest previously deferred under paragraph (3)(C)), a State may pay 80 percent of such interest in four annual installments of at least 20 percent beginning with the year after the year in which it is otherwise due, if such State meets the criteria of subparagraph (B). No interest shall accrue on such deferred interest.

"(B) To meet the criteria of this subparagraph a State must—

"(i) have taken no action since October 1, 1982, which would reduce its net unemployment tax effort or the net solvency of its

unemployment system (as determined for purposes of section 3302(f) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954); and 26 USC 3302.

"(ii)(I) have taken an action (as certified by the Secretary of Labor) after March 31, 1982, which would have increased revenue liabilities and decreased benefits under the State's unemployment compensation system (hereinafter referred to as a 'solvency effort') by a combined total of the applicable percentage (as compared to such revenues and benefits as would have been in effect without such State action) for the calendar year for which the deferral is requested; or

"(II) have had, for taxable year 1982, an average unemployment tax rate which was equal to or greater than 2.0 percent of the total of the wages (as determined without any limitation on amount) attributable to such State subject to contribution under the State unemployment compensation law with respect to such taxable year.

In the case of the first year for which there is a deferral (over a 4-year period) of the interest otherwise payable for such year, the applicable percentage shall be 25 percent. In the case of the second such year, the applicable percentage shall be 35 percent. In the case of the third such year, the applicable percentage shall be 50 percent.

"(C)(i) The base year is the first year for which deferral under this provision is requested and subsequently granted. The Secretary of Labor shall estimate the unemployment rate for the base year. To determine whether a State meets the requirements of subparagraph (B)(ii)(I), the Secretary of Labor shall determine the percentage by which the benefits and taxes in the base year with the application of the action referred to in subparagraph (B)(ii)(I) are lower or greater, as the case may be, than such benefits and taxes would have been without the application of such action. In making this determination, the Secretary shall deem the application of the action referred to in subparagraph (B)(ii)(I) to have been effective for the base year to the same extent as such action is effective for the year following the year for which the deferral is sought. Once a deferral is approved under clause (ii)(I) of subparagraph (B) a State must continue to maintain its solvency effort. Failure to do so shall result in the State being required to make immediate payment of all deferred interest.

"(ii) Increases in the taxable wage base from $6,000 to $7,000 or increases after 1984 in the maximum tax rate to 5.4 percent shall not be counted for purposes of meeting the requirement of subparagraph (B).

"(D) In the case of a State which produces a solvency effort of 50 percent, 80 percent, and 90 percent rather than the 25 percent, 35 percent, and 50 percent required under subparagraph (B), the interest shall be computed at an interest rate which is 1 percentage point less than the otherwise applicable interest rate.

"(9) Any interest otherwise due from a State on September 30 of a calendar year after 1982 may be deferred (and no interest shall accrue on such deferred interest) for a grace period of not to exceed 9 months if, for the most recent 12-month period for which data are available before the date such interest is otherwise due, the State had an average total unemployment rate of 13.5 percent or greater."

(b) Section 1202(b)(7) of such Act is amended by striking out ", and before January 1, 1988". 42 USC 1322.

42 USC 1322.

(c) Section 1202(b)(3)(C)(i) of the Social Security Act is amended by striking the matter that follows clause (II) and inserting "No interest shall accrue on such deferred interest."

CAP ON CREDIT REDUCTION

26 USC 3302.

SEC. 512. (a)(1) Section 3302(f) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(8) PARTIAL LIMITATION.—

"(A) In the case of a State which would meet the requirements of this subsection for a taxable year prior to 1987 but for its failure to meet one of the requirements contained in subparagraph (C) or (D) of paragraph (2), the reduction under subsection (c)(2) in credits otherwise applicable to taxpayers in such State for such taxable year and each subsequent year (in a period of consecutive years for each of which a credit reduction is in effect for taxpayers in such State) shall be reduced by 0.1 percentage point.

"(B) In the case of a State which does not meet the requirements of paragraph (2) but meets the requirements of subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (2) and which also meets the requirements of section 1202(b)(8)(B) of the Social Security Act with respect to such taxable year, the reduction under subsection (c)(2) in credits otherwise applicable to taxpayers in such State for such taxable year and each subsequent year (in a period of consecutive years for each of which a credit reduction is in effect for taxpayers in such State) shall be further reduced by an additional 0.1 percentage point.

Ante, p. 144.

"(C) In no case shall the application of subparagraphs (A) and (B) reduce the credit reduction otherwise applicable under subsection (c)(2) below the limitation under paragraph (1)."

Effective date. 26 USC 3302 note.

(2) The amendment made by paragraph (1) shall apply with respect to taxable year 1983 and taxable years thereafter.

(b) Section 3302(f)(1) of such Code is amended by striking out "beginning before January 1, 1988,".

AVERAGE EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION RATE

26 USC 3302.

SEC. 513. (a) Section 3302(d)(4)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 is amended to read as follows:

"(B)(i) for purposes of subparagraph (B) of subsection (c)(2), the total of the wages (as determined without any limitation on amount) attributable to such State subject to contributions under this chapter with respect to such calendar year, and

"(ii) for purposes of subparagraph (C) of subsection (c)(2), the total of the remuneration subject to contributions under the State unemployment compensation law with respect to such calendar year."

(b) Section 3302(c)(2)(B)(i) of such Code is amended by striking out "2.7" and inserting in lieu thereof "2.7 multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the wage base under this chapter and the denominator of which is the estimated United States average

annual wage in covered employment for the calendar year in which the determination is to be made".

(c) Section 3302(c)(2)(B) of such Code is amended by inserting after "(if any)" the following: ", multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the State's average annual wage in covered employment for the calendar year in which the determination is made and the determination of which is the wage base under this chapter,". 26 USC 3302.

(d) The amendments made by this section shall be effective for taxable year 1983 and taxable years thereafter. Effective date. 26 USC 3302 note.

DATE FOR PAYMENT OF INTEREST

SEC. 514. Section 1202(b)(3)(A) of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out "not later than" and inserting in lieu thereof "prior to". 42 USC 1322.

PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO PAY INTEREST

SEC. 515. (a) Section 303(c) of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out "or" at the end of paragraph (1), striking out the period at the end of paragraph (2) and inserting "; or", and adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph: 42 USC 503.

"(3) that any interest required to be paid on advances under title XII of this Act has not been paid by the date on which such interest is required to be paid or has been paid directly or indirectly (by an equivalent reduction in State unemployment taxes or otherwise) by such State from amounts in such State's unemployment fund, until such interest is properly paid.".

(b) Section 3304(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to certification of State unemployment compensation laws) is amended by redesignating paragraph (17) as paragraph (18) and by inserting after paragraph (16) the following new paragraph: 26 USC 3304.

"(17) any interest required to be paid on advances under title XII of the Social Security Act shall be paid in a timely manner and shall not be paid, directly or indirectly (by an equivalent reduction in State unemployment taxes or otherwise) by such State from amounts in such State's unemployment fund; and". 42 USC 1321.

PART C—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

TREATMENT OF EMPLOYEES PROVIDING SERVICES TO EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS

SEC. 521. (a)(1) Section 3304(a)(6)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new clause: 26 USC 3304.

"(v) with respect to services to which section 3309(a)(1) applies, if such services are provided to or on behalf of an educational institution, compensation may be denied under the same circumstances as described in clauses (i) through (iv), and".

(2) Clauses (ii)(I), (iii), and (iv) of such section are each amended by striking out "may be denied" and inserting in lieu thereof "shall be denied".

(b)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the amendments made by this section shall apply in the case of compensation paid for weeks beginning on or after April 1, 1984. Effective date. 26 USC 3304 note.

(2) In the case of a State with respect to which the Secretary of Labor has determined that State legislation is required in order to comply with the amendment made by this section, the amendment made by this section shall apply in the case of compensation paid for weeks which begin on or after April 1, 1984, and after the end of the first session of the State legislature which begins after the date of the enactment of this Act, or which began prior to the date of the enactment of this Act and remained in session for at least twenty-five calendar days after such date of enactment. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the term "session" means a regular, special, budget, or other session of a State legislature.

"Session."

EXTENDED BENEFITS FOR INDIVDUALS WHO ARE HOSPITALIZED OR ON JURY DUTY

SEC. 522. (a) Clause (ii) of paragraph (3)(A) of section 202(a) of the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970 is amended to read as follows:

26 USC 3304 note.

"(ii) during which he fails to actively engage in seeking work, unless such individual is not actively engaged in seeking work because such individual is, as determined in accordance with State law—

"(I) before any court of the United States or any State pursuant to a lawfully issued summons to appear for jury duty (as such term may be defined by the Secretary of Labor), or

"(II) hospitalized for treatment of an emergency or a life-threatening condition (as such term may be defined by such Secretary),

if such exemptions in clauses (I) and (II) apply to recipients of regular benefits, and the State chooses to apply such exemptions for recipients of extended benefits.".

Effective date. 26 USC 3304 note.

(b) The amendment made by this section shall become effective on the date of the enactment of this Act.

VOLUNTARY HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAMS PERMITTED

SEC. 523. (a) AMENDMENT OF INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954.—Paragraph (4) of section 3304(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to requirements for approval of State unemployment compensation laws) is amended by striking out "and" at the end of subparagraph (A), by adding "and" at the end of subparagraph (B), and by adding after subparagraph (B) the following new subparagraph:

26 USC 3304.

"(C) nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to prohibit deducting an amount from unemployment compensation otherwise payable to an individual and using the amount so deducted to pay for health insurance if the individual elected to have such deduction made and such deduction was made under a program approved by the Secretary of Labor;".

(b) AMENDMENT OF SOCIAL SECURITY ACT.—Paragraph (5) of section 303(a) of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out "; and" at the end thereof and inserting in lieu thereof ". *Provided further,* That nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to prohibit deducting an amount from unemployment compensation otherwise payable to an individual and using the amount so deducted to

42 USC 503.

pay for health insurance if the individual elected to have such deduction made and such deduction was made under a program approved by the Secretary of Labor; and".

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act. 26 USC 3304 note.

TREATMENT OF CERTAIN ORGANIZATIONS RETROACTIVELY DETERMINED TO BE DESCRIBED IN SECTION 501(c)(3) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

SEC. 524. If— 26 USC 3303 note.

(1) an organization did not make an election to make payments (in lieu of contributions) as provided in section 3309(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 before April 1, 1972, because such organization, as of such date, was treated as an organization described in section 501(c)(4) of such Code, 26 USC 3309. 26 USC 501.

(2) the Internal Revenue Service subsequently determined that such organization was described in section 501(c)(3) of such Code, and

(3) such organization made such an election before the earlier of—

(A) the date 18 months after such election was first available to it under the State law, or

(B) January 1, 1984,

then section 3303(f) of such Code shall be applied with respect to such organization as if it did not contain the requirement that the election be made before April 1, 1972, and by substituting "January 1, 1982" for "January 1, 1969". 26 USC 3303.

TITLE VI—PROSPECTIVE PAYMENTS FOR MEDICARE INPATIENT HOSPITAL SERVICES

MEDICARE PAYMENTS FOR INPATIENT HOSPITAL SERVICES ON THE BASIS OF PROSPECTIVE RATES

SEC. 601. (a)(1) Subsection (a)(1) of section 1886 of the Social Security Act is amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph: 96 Stat. 331. 42 USC 1395ww.

"(D) Subparagraph (A) shall not apply to cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 1983.".

(2) Subsection (a)(4) of such section is amended by adding at the end the following new sentence: "Such term does not include costs of approved educational activities, or, with respect to costs incurred in cost reporting periods beginning prior to October 1, 1986, capital-related costs, as defined by the Secretary.".

(3) It is the intent of Congress that, in considering the implementation of a system for including capital-related costs under a prospectively determined payment rate for inpatient hospital services, costs related to capital projects for which expenditures are obligated on or after the effective date of the implementation of such a system, may or may not be distinguished and treated differently from costs of projects for which expenditures were obligated before such date. 42 USC 1395ww note.

(b) Section 1886(b) of such Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "Notwithstanding sections 1814(b), but subject to the provisions of sections" in paragraph (1) and 42 USC 1395f.

inserting in lieu thereof "Notwithstanding section 1814(b) but subject to the provisions of section";

(2) by inserting "(other than a subsection (d) hospital, as defined in subsection (d)(1)(B))" in the matter before subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) after "of a hospital";

(3) by inserting, in the matter in paragraph (1) following subparagraph (B), "(other than on the basis of a DRG prospective payment rate determined under subsection (d))" after "payable under this title";

(4) by repealing paragraph (2);

(5) by inserting "and subsection (d) and except as provided in subsection (e)" in paragraph (3)(B) after "subparagraph (A)";

(6) by inserting "or fiscal year" after "cost reporting period" each place it appears in paragraph (3)(B);

(7) by inserting "before the beginning of the period or year" in paragraph (3)(B) after "estimated by the Secretary";

(8) by striking out "exceeds" in paragraph (3)(B) and inserting in lieu thereof "will exceed"; and

(9) by repealing paragraph (6), effective with respect to cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 1982, and by inserting after paragraph (5), effective with respect to cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 1983, the following new paragraph (6):

"(6) In the case of any hospital which becomes subject to the taxes under section 3111 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, with respect to any or all of its employees, for part or all of a cost reporting period, and was not subject to such taxes with respect to any or all of its employees for all or part of the 12-month base cost reporting period referred to in subsection (b)(3)(A)(i), the Secretary shall provide for an adjustment by increasing the base period amount described in such subsection for such hospital by an amount equal to the amount of such taxes which would have been paid or accrued by such hospital for such base period if such hospital had been subject to such taxes for all of such base period with respect to all its employees, minus the amount of any such taxes actually paid or accrued for such base period.".

26 USC 3111.

(c)(1) Subsection (c)(1) of such section is amended—

(A) by striking out "and" at the end of subparagraph (B),

(B) by striking out the period at the end of subparagraph (C) and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon, and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

"(D) the Secretary determines that the system will not preclude an eligible organization (as defined in section 1876(b)) from negotiating directly with hospitals with respect to the organization's rate of payment for inpatient hospital services; and

42 USC 1395mm.

"(E) the Secretary determines that the system requires hospitals to meet the requirement of section 1866(a)(1)(G) and the system provides for the exclusion of certain costs in accordance with section 1862(a)(14) (except for such waivers thereof as the Secretary provides by regulation).

42 USC 1395cc.

42 USC 1395y.

The Secretary cannot deny the application of a State under this subsection on the ground that the State's hospital reimbursement control system is based on a payment methodology other than on the basis of a diagnosis-related group or on the ground that the amount of payments made under this title under such system must be less than the amount of payments which would otherwise have

been made under this title not using such system. If the Secretary determines that the conditions described in subparagraph (C) are based on maintaining payment amounts at no more than a specified percentage increase above the payment amounts in a base period, the State has the option of applying such test (for inpatient hospital services under part A) on an aggregate payment basis or on the basis of the amount of payment per inpatient discharge or admission. If the Secretary determines that the conditions described in subparagraph (C) are based on maintaining aggregate payment amounts below a national average percentage increase in total payments under part A for inpatient hospital services, the Secretary cannot deny the application of a State under this subsection on the ground that the State's rate of increase in such payments for such services must be less than such national average rate of increase."

(2) Subsection (c)(3) of such section is amended—

(A) by striking out "requirement of paragraph (1)(A)" and inserting in lieu thereof "requirements of subparagraphs (A), (D), and (E) of paragraph (1) and, if applicable, the requirements of paragraph (5),", and

(B) by inserting "(or, if applicable, in paragraph (5))" in subparagraph (B) after "paragraph (1)".

(3) Subsection (c) of such section is further amended by adding at the end the following new paragraphs:

"(4) The Secretary shall approve the request of a State under paragraph (1) with respect to a hospital reimbursement control system if—

"(A) the requirements of subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), and (D) of paragraph (1) have been met with respect to the system, and

"(B) with respect to that system a waiver of certain requirements of title XVIII of the Social Security Act has been approved on or before (and which is in effect as of) the date of the enactment of the Social Security Amendments of 1983, pursuant to section 402(a) of the Social Security Amendments of 1967 or section 222(a) of the Social Security Amendments of 1972. 42 USC 1395. 42 USC 1395b-1. 42 USC 1395b-1 note.

With respect to a State system described in this paragraph, the Secretary shall judge the effectiveness of such system on the basis of its rate of increase or inflation in inpatient hospital payments for individuals under this title, as compared to the national rate of increase or inflation for such payments, with the State retaining the option to have the test applied on the basis of the aggregate payment or payments per inpatient admission or discharge during the three cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 1983, after which such test, at the option of the Secretary, shall no longer apply, and such State systems shall be treated in the same manner as under other waivers.

"(5) The Secretary shall approve the request of a State under paragraph (1) with respect to a hospital reimbursement control system if—

"(A) the requirements of subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), (D), and (E) of paragraph (1) have been met with respect to the system;

"(B) the Secretary determines that the system—

"(i) is operated directly by the State or by an entity designated pursuant to State law,

"(ii) provides for payment of hospitals covered under the system under a methodology (which sets forth exceptions and adjustments, as well as any method for changes in the

methodology) by which rates or amounts to be paid for hospital services during a specified period are established under the system prior to the defined rate period, and

"(iii) hospitals covered under the system will make such reports (in lieu of cost and other reports, identified by the Secretary, otherwise required under this title) as the Secretary may require in order to properly monitor assurances provided under this subsection;

"(C) the State has provided the Secretary with satisfactory assurances that operation of the system will not result in any change in hospital admission practices which result in—

"(i) a significant reduction in the proportion of patients (receiving hospital services covered under the system) who have no third-party coverage and who are unable to pay for hospital services,

"(ii) a significant reduction in the proportion of individuals admitted to hospitals for inpatient hospital services for which payment is (or is likely to be) less than the anticipated charges for or costs of such services,

"(iii) the refusal to admit patients who would be expected to require unusually costly or prolonged treatment for reasons other than those related to the appropriateness of the care available at the hospital, or

"(iv) the refusal to provide emergency services to any person who is in need of emergency services if the hospital provides such services;

"(D) any change by the State in the system which has the effect of materially reducing payments to hospitals can only take effect upon 60 days notice to the Secretary and to the hospitals the payment to which is likely to be materially affected by the change; and

"(E) the State has provided the Secretary with satisfactory assurances that in the development of the system the State has consulted with local governmental officials concerning the impact of the system on public hospitals.

The Secretary shall respond to requests of States under this paragraph within 60 days of the date the request is submitted to the Secretary.

"(6) If the Secretary determines that the assurances described in paragraph (1)(C) have not been met with respect to any 36-month period, the Secretary may reduce payments under this title to hospitals under the system in an amount equal to the amount by which the payment under this title under such system for such period exceeded the amount of payments which would otherwise have been made under this title not using such system.".

(d) Subsection (d) of such section, as added by section 110 of the Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982, is amended—

96 Stat. 339.
42 USC 1395ww.

(1) by striking out "section 1814(b)" in paragraph (2)(A) and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection (b)", and

(2) by redesignating the subsection as subsection (j) and transferring and inserting such subsection at the end of section 1814 of the Social Security Act under the following heading:

42 USC 1395f.

"Elimination of Lesser-of-Cost-or-Charges Provision".

96 Stat. 331.
42 USC 1395ww.

(e) Such section 1886 is further amended by adding at the end the following new subsections:

"(d)(1)(A) Notwithstanding section 1814(b) but subject to the provisions of section 1813, the amount of the payment with respect to the operating costs of inpatient hospital services (as defined in subsection (a)(4)) of a subsection (d) hospital (as defined in subparagraph (B)) for inpatient hospital discharges in a cost reporting period or in a fiscal year— 42 USC 1395f, 1395e.

"(i) beginning on or after October 1, 1983, and before October 1, 1984, is equal to the sum of—

"(I) the target percentage (as defined in subparagraph (C)) of the hospital's target amount for the cost reporting period (as defined in subsection (b)(3)(A), but determined without the application of subsection (a)), and

"(II) the DRG percentage (as defined in subparagraph (C)) of the regional adjusted DRG prospective payment rate determined under paragraph (2) for such discharges;

"(ii) beginning on or after October 1, 1984, and before October 1, 1986, is equal to the sum of—

"(I) the target percentage (as defined in subparagraph (C)) of the hospital's target amount for the cost reporting period (as defined in subsection (b)(3)(A), but determined without the application of subsection (a)), and

"(II) the DRG percentage (as defined in subparagraph (C)) of the applicable combined adjusted DRG prospective payment rate determined under subparagraph (D) for such discharges; or

"(iii) beginning on or after October 1, 1986, is equal to the national adjusted DRG prospective payment rate determined under paragraph (3) for such discharges.

"(B) As used in this section, the term 'subsection (d) hospital' means a hospital located in one of the fifty States or the District of Columbia other than—

"(i) a psychiatric hospital (as defined in section 1861(f)), 42 USC 1395x.

"(ii) a rehabilitation hospital (as defined by the Secretary),

"(iii) a hospital whose inpatients are predominantly individuals under 18 years of age, or

"(iv) a hospital which has an average inpatient length of stay (as determined by the Secretary) of greater than 25 days;

and, in accordance with regulations of the Secretary, does not include a psychiatric or rehabilitation unit of the hospital which is a distinct part of the hospital (as defined by the Secretary).

"(C) For purposes of this subsection, for cost reporting periods beginning, or discharges occurring—

"(i) on or after October 1, 1983, and before October 1, 1984, the 'target percentage' is 75 percent and the 'DRG percentage' is 25 percent;

"(ii) on or after October 1, 1984, and before October 1, 1985, the 'target percentage' is 50 percent and the 'DRG percentage' is 50 percent; and

"(iii) on or after October 1, 1985, and before October 1, 1986, the 'target percentage' is 25 percent and the 'DRG percentage' is 75 percent.

"(D) For purposes of subparagraph (A)(ii)(II), the 'applicable combined adjusted DRG prospective payment rate' for cost reporting periods beginning, or discharges occurring—

"(i) on or after October 1, 1984, and before October 1, 1985, is a combined rate consisting of 25 percent of the national adjusted DRG prospective payment rate, and 75 percent of the regional

adjusted DRG prospective payment rate, determined under paragraph (3) for such discharges; and

"(ii) on or after October 1, 1985, and before October 1, 1986, is a combined rate consisting of 50 percent of the national adjusted DRG prospective payment rate, and 50 percent of the regional adjusted DRG prospective payment rate, determined under paragraph (3) for such discharges.

"(2) The Secretary shall determine a national adjusted DRG prospective payment rate, for each inpatient hospital discharge in fiscal year 1984 involving inpatient hospital services of a subsection (d) hospital in the United States, and shall determine a regional adjusted DRG prospective payment rate for such discharges in each region, for which payment may be made under part A of this title. Each such rate shall be determined for hospitals located in urban or rural areas within the United States or within each such region, respectively, as follows:

"(A) DETERMINING ALLOWABLE INDIVIDUAL HOSPITAL COSTS FOR BASE PERIOD.—The Secretary shall determine the allowable operating costs per discharge of inpatient hospital services for the hospital for the most recent cost reporting period for which data are available.

"(B) UPDATING FOR FISCAL YEAR 1984.—The Secretary shall update each amount determined under subparagraph (A) for fiscal year 1984 by—

"(i) updating for fiscal year 1983 by the estimated average rate of change of hospital costs industry-wide between the cost reporting period used under such subparagraph and fiscal year 1983 and the most recent case-mix data available, and

"(ii) projecting for fiscal year 1984 by the applicable percentage increase (as defined in subsection (b)(3)(B)) for fiscal year 1984.

"(C) STANDARDIZING AMOUNTS.—The Secretary shall standardize the amount updated under subparagraph (B) for each hospital by—

"(i) excluding an estimate of indirect medical education costs,

"(ii) adjusting for variations among hospitals by area in the average hospital wage level, and

"(iii) adjusting for variations in case mix among hospitals.

"(D) COMPUTING URBAN AND RURAL AVERAGES.—The Secretary shall compute an average of the standardized amounts determined under subparagraph (C) for the United States and for each region—

"(i) for all subsection (d) hospitals located in an urban area within the United States or that region, respectively, and

"(ii) for all subsection (d) hospitals located in a rural area within the United States or that region, respectively.

"Region."

"Urban area."

For purposes of this subsection, the term 'region' means one of the nine census divisions, comprising the fifty States and the District of Columbia, established by the Bureau of the Census for statistical and reporting purposes; the term 'urban area' means an area within a Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area (as defined by the Office of Management and Budget) or within such similar area as the Secretary has recognized under subsec-

tion (a) by regulation; and the term 'rural area' means any area outside such an area or similar area. "Rural area."

"(E) REDUCING FOR VALUE OF OUTLIER PAYMENTS.—The Secretary shall reduce each of the average standardized amounts determined under subparagraph (D) by a proportion equal to the proportion (estimated by the Secretary) of the amount of payments under this subsection based on DRG prospective payment rates which are additional payments described in paragraph (5)(A) (relating to outlier payments).

"(F) MAINTAINING BUDGET NEUTRALITY.—The Secretary shall adjust each of such average standardized amounts as may be required under subsection (e)(1)(B) for that fiscal year.

"(G) COMPUTING DRG-SPECIFIC RATES FOR URBAN AND RURAL HOSPITALS IN THE UNITED STATES AND IN EACH REGION.—For each discharge classified within a diagnosis-related group, the Secretary shall establish a national DRG prospective payment rate and shall establish a regional DRG prospective payment rate for each region, each of which is equal—

"(i) for hospitals located in an urban area in the United States or that region (respectively), to the product of—

"(I) the average standardized amount (computed under subparagraph (D), reduced under subparagraph (E), and adjusted under subparagraph (F)) for hospitals located in an urban area in the United States or that region, and

"(II) the weighting factor (determined under paragraph (4)(B)) for that diagnosis-related group; and

"(ii) for hospitals located in a rural area in the United States or that region (respectively), to the product of—

"(I) the average standardized amount (computed under subparagraph (D), reduced under subparagraph (E), and adjusted under subparagraph (F)) for hospitals located in a rural area in the United States or that region, and

"(II) the weighting factor (determined under paragraph (4)(B)) for that diagnosis-related group.

"(H) ADJUSTING FOR DIFFERENT AREA WAGE LEVELS.—The Secretary shall adjust the proportion, (as estimated by the Secretary from time to time) of hospitals' costs which are attributable to wages and wage-related costs, of the national and regional DRG prospective payment rates computed under subparagraph (G) for area differences in hospital wage levels by a factor (established by the Secretary) reflecting the relative hospital wage level in the geographic area of the hospital compared to the national average hospital wage level.

"(3) The Secretary shall determine a national adjusted DRG prospective payment rate, for each inpatient hospital discharge in a fiscal year after fiscal year 1984 involving inpatient hospital services of a subsection (d) hospital in the United States, and shall determine a regional adjusted DRG prospective payment rate for such discharges in each region for which payment may be made under part A of this title. Each such rate shall be determined for hospitals located in urban or rural areas within the United States and within each such region, respectively, as follows:

"(A) UPDATING PREVIOUS STANDARDIZED AMOUNTS.—The Secretary shall compute an average standardized amount for hospitals located in an urban area and for hospitals located in a rural

area within the United States and for hospitals located in an urban area and for hospitals located in a rural area within each region, equal to the respective average standardized amount computed for the previous fiscal year under paragraph (2)(D) or under this subparagraph, increased for fiscal year 1985 by the applicable percentage increase under subsection (b)(3)(B), and adjusted for subsequent fiscal years in accordance with the final determination of the Secretary under subsection (e)(4), and adjusted to reflect the most recent case-mix data available.

"(B) REDUCING FOR VALUE OF OUTLIER PAYMENTS.—The Secretary shall reduce each of the average standardized amounts determined under subparagraph (A) by a proportion equal to the proportion (estimated by the Secretary) of the amount of payments under this subsection based on DRG prospective payment amounts which are additional payments described in paragraph (5)(A) (relating to outlier payments).

"(C) MAINTAINING BUDGET NEUTRALITY.—The Secretary shall adjust each of such average standardized amounts as may be required under subsection (e)(1)(B) for that fiscal year.

"(D) COMPUTING DRG-SPECIFIC RATES FOR URBAN AND RURAL HOSPITALS.—For each discharge classified within a diagnosis-related group, the Secretary shall establish for the fiscal year a national DRG prospective payment rate and shall establish a regional DRG prospective payment rate for each region, each of which is equal—

"(i) for hospitals located in an urban area in the United States or that region (respectively), to the product of—

"(I) the average standardized amount (computed under subparagraph (A), reduced under subparagraph (B), and adjusted under subparagraph (C), for the fiscal year for hospitals located in an urban area in the United States or that region, and

"(II) the weighting factor (determined under paragraph (4)(B)) for that diagnosis-related group; and

"(ii) for hospitals located in a rural area in the United States or that region (respectively), to the product of—

"(I) the average standardized amount (computed under subparagraph (A), reduced under subparagraph (B), and adjusted under subparagraph (C)) for the fiscal year for hospitals located in a rural area in the United States or that region, and

"(II) the weighting factor (determined under paragraph (4)(B)) for that diagnosis-related group.

"(E) ADJUSTING FOR DIFFERENT AREA WAGE LEVELS.—The Secretary shall adjust the proportion, (as estimated by the Secretary from time to time) of hospitals' costs which are attributable to wages and wage-related costs, of the DRG prospective payment rates computed under subparagraph (D) for area differences in hospital wage levels by a factor (established by the Secretary) reflecting the relative hospital wage level in the geographic area of the hospital compared to the national average hospital wage level.

"(4)(A) The Secretary shall establish a classification of inpatient hospital discharges by diagnosis-related groups and a methodology for classifying specific hospital discharges within these groups.

"(B) For each such diagnosis-related group the Secretary shall assign an appropriate weighting factor which reflects the relative

hospital resources used with respect to discharges classified within that group compared to discharges classified within other groups.

"(C) The Secretary shall adjust the classifications and weighting factors established under subparagraphs (A) and (B), for discharges in fiscal year 1986 and at least every four fiscal years thereafter, to reflect changes in treatment patterns, technology, and other factors which may change the relative use of hospital resources.

"(D) The Commission (established under subsection (e)(2)) shall consult with and make recommendations to the Secretary with respect to the need for adjustments under subparagraph (C), based upon its evaluation of scientific evidence with respect to new practices, including the use of new technologies and treatment modalities. The Commission shall report to the Congress with respect to its evaluation of any adjustments made by the Secretary under subparagraph (C). Report to Congress.

"(5)(A)(i) The Secretary shall provide for an additional payment for a subsection (d) hospital for any discharge in a diagnosis-related group, the length of stay of which exceeds the mean length of stay for discharges within that group by a fixed number of days, or exceeds such mean length of stay by some fixed number of standard deviations, whichever is the fewer number of days.

"(ii) For cases which are not included in clause (i), a subsection (d) hospital may request additional payments in any case where charges, adjusted to cost, exceed a fixed multiple of the applicable DRG prospective payment rate, or exceed such other fixed dollar amount, whichever is greater.

"(iii) The amount of such additional payment under clauses (i) and (ii) shall be determined by the Secretary and shall approximate the marginal cost of care beyond the cutoff point applicable under clause (i) or (ii).

"(iv) The total amount of the additional payments made under this subparagraph for discharges in a fiscal year may not be less than 5 percent nor more than 6 percent of the total payments projected or estimated to be made based on DRG prospective payment rates for discharges in that year.

"(B) The Secretary shall provide for an additional payment amount for subsection (d) hospitals with indirect costs of medical education, in an amount computed in the same manner as the adjustment for such costs under regulations (in effect as of January 1, 1983) under subsection (a)(2), except that in the computation under this subparagraph the Secretary shall use an educational adjustment factor equal to twice the factor provided under such regulations.

"(C)(i) The Secretary shall provide for such exceptions and adjustments to the payment amounts established under this subsection as the Secretary deems appropriate to take into account the special needs of regional and national referral centers (including those hospitals of 500 or more beds located in rural areas), and of public or other hospitals that serve a significantly disproportionate number of patients who have low income or are entitled to benefits under part A of this title.

"(ii) With respect to a subsection (d) hospital which is a 'sole community hospital', payment under paragraph (1)(A) for any cost reporting period or fiscal year beginning on or after October 1, 1984, shall be determined under the formula provided in clause (i) of that paragraph with the target and DRG percentages determined under paragraph (1)(C)(i) (except that any reference to paragraph (2) shall

be deemed, for this purpose, a reference to paragraph (3)). In the case of a sole community hospital that experiences, in a cost reporting period (beginning on or after October 1, 1983, and before October 1, 1986) compared to the previous cost reporting period, a decrease of more than 5 percent in its total number of inpatient cases due to circumstances beyond its control, the Secretary shall provide for such adjustment to the payment amounts under this subsection as may be necessary to fully compensate the hospital for the fixed costs it incurs in the period in providing inpatient hospital services, including the reasonable cost of maintaining necessary core staff and services. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term 'sole community hospital' means a hospital that, by reason of factors such as isolated location, weather conditions, travel conditions, or absence of other hospitals (as determined by the Secretary), is the sole source of inpatient hospital services reasonably available to individuals in a geographical area who are entitled to benefits under part A.

"Sole community hospital."

"(iii) The Secretary shall provide by regulation for such other exceptions and adjustments to such payment amounts under this subsection as the Secretary deems appropriate (including exceptions and adjustments that may be appropriate with respect to hospitals involved extensively in treatment for and research on cancer).

"(iv) The Secretary may provide for such adjustments to the payment amounts under this subsection as the Secretary deems appropriate to take into account the unique circumstances of hospitals located in Alaska and Hawaii.

"(D)(i) The Secretary shall estimate the amount of reimbursement made for services described in section 1862(a)(14) with respect to which payment was made under part B in the base reporting periods referred to in paragraph (2)(A) and with respect to which payment is no longer being made.

42 USC 1395y.

"(ii) The Secretary shall provide for an adjustment to the payment for subsection (d) hospitals in each fiscal year so as appropriately to reflect the net amount described in clause (i).

"(6) The Secretary shall provide for publication in the Federal Register, on or before the September 1 before each fiscal year (beginning with fiscal year 1984), of a description of the methodology and data used in computing the adjusted DRG prospective payment rates under this subsection, including any adjustments required under subsection (e)(1)(B).

Publication in Federal Register.

"(7) There shall be no administrative or judicial review under section 1878 or otherwise of—

42 USC 1395oo.

"(A) the determination of the requirement, or the proportional amount, of any adjustment effected pursuant to subsection (e)(1), and

"(B) the establishment of diagnosis-related groups, of the methodology for the classification of discharges within such groups, and of the appropriate weighting factors thereof under paragraph (4).

"(e)(1)(A) For cost reporting periods of hospitals beginning in fiscal year 1984 or fiscal year 1985, the Secretary shall provide for such proportional adjustment in the applicable percentage increase (otherwise applicable to the periods under subsection (b)(3)(B)) as may be necessary to assure that—

"(i) the aggregate payment amounts otherwise provided under subsection (d)(1)(A)(i)(I) for that fiscal year for operating costs of

inpatient hospital services of hospitals (excluding payments made under section 1866(a)(1)(F)), 42 USC 1395cc.
are not greater or less than—

"(ii) the target percentage (as defined in subsection (d)(1)(C)) of the payment amounts which would have been payable for such services for those same hospitals for that fiscal year under this section under the law as in effect before the date of the enactment of the Social Security Amendments of 1983 (excluding payments made under section 1866(a)(1)(F));

except that the adjustment made under this subparagraph shall apply only to subsection (d) hospitals and shall not apply for purposes of making computations under subsection (d)(2)(B)(ii) or subsection (d)(3)(A).

"(B) For discharges occurring in fiscal year 1984 or fiscal year 1985, the Secretary shall provide under subsections (d)(2)(F) and (d)(3)(C) for such equal proportional adjustment in each of the average standardized amounts otherwise computed for that fiscal year as may be necessary to assure that—

"(i) the aggregate payment amounts otherwise provided under subsection (d)(1)(A)(i)(II) and (d)(5) for that fiscal year for operating costs of inpatient hospital services of hospitals (excluding payments made under section 1866(a)(1)(F)),

are not greater or less than—

"(ii) the DRG percentage (as defined in subsection (d)(1)(C)) of the payment amounts which would have been payable for such services for those same hospitals for that fiscal year under this section under the law as in effect before the date of the enactment of the Social Security Amendments of 1983 (excluding payments made under section 1866(a)(1)(F)).

"(2) The Director of the Congressional Office of Technology Assessment (hereinafter in this subsection referred to as the 'Director' and the 'Office', respectively) shall provide for appointment of a Prospective Payment Assessment Commission (hereinafter in this subsection referred to as the 'Commission'), to be composed of independent experts appointed by the Director. In addition to carrying out its functions under subsection (d)(4)(D), the Commission shall review the applicable percentage increase factor described in subsection (b)(3)(B) and make recommendations to the Secretary on the appropriate percentage change which should be effected for hospital inpatient discharges under subsections (b) and (d) for fiscal years beginning with fiscal year 1986. In making its recommendations, the Commission shall take into account changes in the hospital market-basket described in subsection (b)(3)(B), hospital productivity, technological and scientific advances, the quality of health care provided in hospitals (including the quality and skill level of professional nursing required to maintain quality care), and long-term cost-effectiveness in the provision of inpatient hospital services.

"(3) The Commission, not later than the April 1 before the beginning of each fiscal year (beginning with fiscal year 1986), shall report its recommendations to the Secretary on an appropriate change factor which should be used (instead of the applicable percentage increase described in subsection (b)(3)(B)) for inpatient hospital services for discharges in that fiscal year. Recommendations.

"(4) Taking into consideration the recommendations of the Commission, the Secretary shall determine for each fiscal year (beginning with fiscal year 1986) the percentage change which will apply for purposes of this section as the applicable percentage increase

(otherwise described in subsection (b)(3)(B)) for discharges in that fiscal year, and which will take into account amounts necessary for the efficient and effective delivery of medically appropriate and necessary care of high quality.

Publication in Federal Register.

"(5) The Secretary shall cause to have published for public comment in the Federal Register, not later than—

"(A) the June 1 before each fiscal year (beginning with fiscal year 1986), the Secretary's proposed determination under paragraph (4) for that fiscal year, and

"(B) the September 1 before such fiscal year after such consideration of public comment on the proposal as is feasible in the time available, the Secretary's final determination under such paragraph for that year.

The Secretary shall include in the publication referred to in subparagraph (A) for a fiscal year the report of the Commission's recommendations submitted under paragraph (3) for that fiscal year.

"(6) (A) The Commission shall consist of 15 individuals. Members of the Commission shall first be appointed no later than April 1, 1984, for a term of three years, except that the Director may provide initially for such shorter terms as will insure that (on a continuing basis) the terms of no more than seven members expire in any one year.

"(B) The membership of the Commission shall provide expertise and experience in the provision and financing of health care, including physicians and registered professional nurses, employers, third party payors, individuals skilled in the conduct and interpretation of biomedical, health services, and health economics research, and individuals having expertise in the research and development of technological and scientific advances in health care. The Director shall seek nominations from a wide range of groups, including—

"(i) national organizations representing physicians, including medical specialty organizations and registered professional nurses and other skilled health professionals;

"(ii) national organizations representing hospitals, including teaching hospitals;

"(iii) national organizations representing manufacturers of health care products; and

"(iv) national organizations representing the business community, health benefit programs, labor, and the elderly.

"(C) Subject to such review as the Office deems necessary to assure the efficient administration of the Commission, the Commission may—

"(i) employ and fix the compensation of such personnel (not to exceed 25) as may be necessary to carry out its duties;

"(ii) seek such assistance and support as may be required in the performance of its duties from appropriate Federal departments and agencies;

"(iii) enter into contracts or make other arrangements, as may be necessary for the conduct of the work of the Commission;

"(iv) make advance, progress, and other payments which relate to the work of the Commission;

"(v) provide transportation and subsistence for persons serving without compensation; and

"(vi) prescribe such rules and regulations as it deems necessary with respect to the internal organization and operation of the Commission.

"(D) While serving on the business of the Commission (including traveltime), a member of the Commission shall be entitled to compensation at the per diem equivalent of the rate provided for level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code; and while so serving away from home and his regular place of business, a member may be allowed travel expenses, as authorized by the Chairman of the Commission.

"(E) In order to identify medically appropriate patterns of health resources use in accordance with paragraph (2), the Commission shall collect and assess information on medical and surgical procedures and services, including information on regional variations of medical practice and lengths of hospitalization and on other patient-care data, giving special attention to treatment patterns for conditions which appear to involve excessively costly or inappropriate services not adding to the quality of care provided. In order to assess the safety, efficacy, and cost-effectiveness of new and existing medical and surgical procedures, the Commission shall, in coordination to the extent possible with the Secretary, collect and assess factual information, giving special attention to the needs of updating existing diagnosis-related groups, establishing new diagnosis-related groups, and making recommendations on relative weighting factors for such groups to reflect appropriate differences in resource consumption in delivering safe, efficacious, and cost-effective care. In collecting and assessing information, the Commission shall—

"(i) utilize existing information, both published and unpublished, where possible, collected and assessed either by its own staff or under other arrangements made in accordance with this paragraph;

"(ii) carry out, or award grants or contracts for, original research and experimentation, including clinical research, where existing information is inadequate for the development of useful and valid guidelines by the Commission; and

"(iii) adopt procedures allowing any interested party to submit information with respect to medical and surgical procedures and services (including new practices, such as the use of new technologies and treatment modalities), which information the Commission shall consider in making reports and recommendations to the Secretary and Congress.

"(F) The Commission shall have access to such relevant information and data as may be available from appropriate Federal agencies and shall assure that its activities, especially the conduct of original research and medical studies, are coordinated with the activities of Federal agencies.

"(G)(i) The Office shall report annually to the Congress on the functioning and progress of the Commission and on the status of the assessment of medical procedures and services by the Commission. Report to Congress.

"(ii) The Office shall have unrestricted access to all deliberations, records, and data of the Commission, immediately upon its request.

"(iii) In order to carry out its duties under this paragraph, the Office is authorized to expend reasonable and neccessary funds as mutually agreed upon by the Office and the Commission. The Office shall be reimbursed for such funds by the Commission from the appropriations made with respect to the Commission.

"(H) The Commission shall be subject to periodic audit by the General Accounting Office. Audit.

"(I)(i) There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this paragraph. Appropriation authorization.

"(ii) Eighty-five percent of such appropriation shall be payable from the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund, and 15 percent of such appropriation shall be payable from the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund.

"(f)(1) The Secretary shall maintain, for a period ending not earlier than September 30, 1988, a system for the reporting of costs of hospitals receiving payments computed under subsection (d).

"(2) If the Secretary determines, based upon information supplied by a utilization and quality control peer review organization under part B of title XI, that a hospital, in order to circumvent the payment method established under subsection (b) or (d) of this section, has taken an action that results in the admission of individuals entitled to benefits under part A unnecessarily, unnecessary multiple admissions of the same such individuals, or other inappropriate medical or other practices with respect to such individuals, the Secretary may—

42 USC 1320c.

42 USC 1301.

"(A) deny payment (in whole or in part) under part A with respect to inpatient hospital services provided with respect to such an unnecessary admission (or subsequent admission of the same individual), or

"(B) require the hospital to take other corrective action necessary to prevent or correct the inappropriate practice.

"(3) The provisions of paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) of section 1862(d) shall apply to determinations under paragraph (2) of this subsection in the same manner as they apply to determinations made under section 1862(d)(1).

42 USC 1395y.

"(g)(1) If the Congress does not enact legislation, after the date of the enactment of this subsection and before October 1, 1986, respecting the payment under this title for capital-related costs for inpatient hospital services, no payment may be made under this title for capital-related costs of capital expenditures (as defined in section 1122(g) and except as provided in section 1122(j)) for inpatient hospital services in a State, which expenditures are obligated after September 30, 1986, unless the State has an agreement with the Secretary under section 1122(b) and under the agreement the State has recommended approval of the capital expenditures.

42 USC 1320a-1.

"(2) The Secretary shall provide that the amount which is allowable, with respect to reasonable costs of inpatient hospital services for which payment may be made under this title, for a return on equity capital for hospitals shall, for cost reporting periods beginning on or after the date of the enactment of this subsection, be equal to amounts otherwise allowable under regulations in effect on March 1, 1983, except that the rate of return to be recognized shall be equal to the average of the rates of interest, for each of the months any part of which is included in the reporting period, on obligations issued for purchase by the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund.".

42 USC 1395y.

(f) Section 1862(a)(1) of the Social Security Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "(B) or (C)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(B), (C), or (D)";

(2) by striking out "and" at the end of subparagraph (B);

(3) by striking out the semicolon at the end of subparagraph (C) and inserting in lieu thereof a comma and "and"; and

(4) by adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraph:

"(D) in the case of clinical care items and services provided with the concurrence of the Secretary and with respect to

research and experimentation conducted by, or under contract with, the Prospective Payment Assessment Commission or the Secretary, which are not reasonable and necessary to carry out the purposes of section 1886(e)(6);".

96 Stat. 331.

(g) In determining whether a hospital is in an urban or rural area for purposes of section 1886(d) of the Social Security Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall classify any hospital located in New England as being located in an urban area if such hospital was classified as being located in an urban area under the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area system of classification in effect in 1979.

42 USC 1395ww.
42 USC 1395ww note.

CONFORMING AMENDMENTS

SEC. 602. (a) Section 1153(b)(2) of the Social Security Act is amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

42 USC 1320c-2.

"(C) The twelve-month period referred to in subparagraph (A) shall be deemed to begin not later than October 1983.".

(b) Sections 1814(g) and 1835(e) of the Social Security Act are each amended by inserting "(or would be if section 1886 did not apply)" after "section 1861(v)(1)(D)".

42 USC 1395f, 1395n.

(c) Section 1814(h)(2) of such Act is amended by striking out "the reasonable costs for such services" and inserting in lieu thereof "the amount that would be payable for such services under subsection (b) and section 1886".

(d)(1) The matter in section 1861(v)(1)(G)(i) of such Act following subclause (III) is amended by striking out "on the basis of the reasonable cost of" and inserting in lieu thereof "the amount otherwise payable under part A with respect to".

42 USC 1395x.

(2) Section 1861(v)(2)(A) of such Act is amended by striking out "an amount equal to the reasonable cost of" and inserting in lieu thereof "the amount that would be taken into account with respect to".

(3) Section 1861(v)(2)(B) of such Act is amended by striking out "the equivalent of the reasonable cost of".

(4) Section 1861(v)(3) of such Act is amended by striking out "the reasonable cost of such bed and board furnished in semiprivate accommodations (determined pursuant to paragraph (1))" and inserting in lieu thereof "the amount otherwise payable under this title for such bed and board furnished in semiprivate accommodations".

(e) Section 1862(a) of such Act is amended—

42 USC 1395y.

(1) by striking out "or" at the end of paragraph (12),

(2) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (13) and inserting in lieu thereof "; or", and

(3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(14) which are other than physicians' services (as defined in regulations promulgated specifically for purposes of this paragraph) and which are furnished to an individual who is an inpatient of a hospital by an entity other than the hospital, unless the services are furnished under arrangements (as defined in section 1861(w)(1)) with the entity made by the hospital.".

(f)(1) Section 1866(a)(1) of such Act is amended—

42 USC 1395cc.

(A) by striking out "and" at the end of subparagraph (D),

(B) by striking out the period at the end of subparagraph (E), and

(C) by adding at the end the following new subparagraphs:

"(F) in the case of hospitals which provide inpatient hospital services for which payment may be made under subsection (c) or (d) of section 1886, to maintain an agreement with a utilization and quality control peer review organization (if there is such an organization which has a contract with the Secretary under part B of title XI for the area in which the hospital is located) under which the organization will perform functions under that part with respect to the review of the validity of diagnostic information provided by such hospital, the completeness, adequacy, and quality of care provided, the appropriateness of admissions and discharges, and the appropriateness of care provided for which additional payments are sought under section 1886(d)(5), with respect to inpatient hospital services for which payment may be made under part A of this title (and for purposes of payment under this title, the cost of such agreement to the hospital shall be considered a cost incurred by such hospital in providing inpatient services under part A, and (i) shall be paid directly by the Secretary to such organization on behalf of such hospital in accordance with a rate per review established by the Secretary, (ii) shall be transferred from the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund, without regard to amounts appropriated in advance in appropriation Acts, in the same manner as transfers are made for payment for services provided directly to beneficiaries, (iii) shall be not less than an amount which reflects the rates per review established in fiscal year 1982 for both direct and administrative costs (adjusted for inflation), and (iv) shall not be less in the aggregate for a fiscal year than the aggregate amount expended in fiscal year 1982 for direct and administrative costs (adjusted for inflation)) of such reviews,

"(G) in the case of hospitals which provide inpatient hospital services for which payment may be made under subsection (b) or (d) of section 1886, not to charge any individual or any other person for inpatient hospital services for which such individual would be entitled to have payment made under part A but for a denial or reduction of payments under section 1886(f)(2), and

"(H) in the case of hospitals which provide inpatient hospital services for which payment may be made under this title, to have all items and services (other than physicians' services as defined in regulations for purposes of section 1862(a)(14)) (i) that are furnished to an individual who is an inpatient of the hospital, and (ii) for which the individual is entitled to have payment made under this title, furnished by the hospital or otherwise under arrangements (as defined in section 1861(w)(1)) made by the hospital.".

(2) The matter in section 1866(a)(2)(B)(ii) of such Act preceding subclause (I) is amended by inserting "and except with respect to inpatient hospital costs with respect to which amounts are payable under section 1886(d)" after "(except with respect to emergency services".

(g) Section 1876(g) of such Act is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(4) A risk-sharing contract under this subsection may, at the option of an eligible organization, provide that the Secretary—

"(A) will reimburse hospitals either for payment amounts determined in accordance with section 1886, or, if applicable, for the reasonable cost (as determined under section 1861(v)), of

96 Stat. 331.
42 USC 1395ww.
42 USC 1320c.
42 USC 1301.
42 USC 1395cc.
42 USC 1395mm.

inpatient hospital services furnished to individuals enrolled with such organization pursuant to subsection (d), and

"(B) will deduct the amount of such reimbursement for payment which would otherwise be made to such organization.".

(h)(1) Section 1878(a) of such Act is amended— 42 USC 1395oo.

(A) by inserting "and (except as provided in subsection (g)(2)) any hospital which receives payments in amounts computed under subsection (b) or (d) of section 1886 and which has submitted such reports within such time as the Secretary may require in order to make payment under such section may obtain a hearing with respect to such payment by the Board" after "subsection (h)" in the matter before paragraph (1),

(B) by inserting "(i)" after "(A)" in paragraph (1)(A),

(C) by inserting "or" at the end of paragraph (1)(A) and by adding after such paragraph the following new clause:

"(ii) is dissatisfied with a final determination of the Secretary as to the amount of the payment under subsection (b) or (d) of section 1886,", and

(D) by striking out "(1)(A)" in paragraph (3) and inserting in lieu thereof "(1)(A)(i), or with respect to appeals under paragraph (1)(A)(ii), 180 days after notice of the Secretary's final determination,".

(2)(A) The last sentence of section 1878(f)(1) of the Social Security Act is amended by inserting "(or, in an action brought jointly by several providers, the judicial district in which the greatest number of such providers are located)" after "the judicial district in which the provider is located".

(B) Section 1878(f)(1) of such Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Any appeal to the Board or action for judicial review by providers which are under common ownership or control must be brought by such providers as a group with respect to any matter involving an issue common to such providers.".

(3) Section 1878(g) of such Act is amended by inserting "(1)" after "(g)" and by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(2) The determinations and other decisions described in section 1886(d)(7) shall not be reviewed by the Board or by any court pursuant to an action brought under subsection (f) or otherwise."

(4) The third sentence of section 1878(h) of such Act is amended by striking out "cost reimbursement" and inserting in lieu thereof "payment of providers of services".

(i) The first sentence of section 1881(b)(2)(A) of such Act is amended by inserting "or section 1886 (if applicable)" after "section 1861(v)". 42 USC 1395rr.

(j) Section 1887(a)(1)(B) of such Act is amended by inserting "or on the bases described in section 1886" after "on a reasonable cost basis". 96 Stat. 337. 42 USC 1395xx.

(k) The Secretary of Health and Human Services may, for any cost reporting period beginning prior to October 1, 1986, waive the requirements of sections 1862(a)(14) and 1866(a)(1)(H) of the Social Security Act in the case of a hospital which has followed a practice, since prior to October 1, 1982, of allowing direct billing under part B of title XVIII of such Act for services (other than physicians' services) so extensively, that immediate compliance with those requirements would threaten the stability of patient care. Any such waiver shall provide that such billing may continue to be made under part B of such title but that the payments to such hospital under part A 42 USC 1395y note. 42 USC 1395y, 1395cc. 42 USC 1395. 42 USC 1395j.

42 USC 1395c.
42 USC 1395j.

of such title shall be reduced by the amount of the billings for such services under part B of such title. If such a waiver is granted, at the end of the waiver period the Secretary may provide for such methods of payments under part A as is appropriate, given the organizational structure of the institution.

42 USC 1395cc.

(l) Effective October 1, 1984, section 1866(a)(1) of the Social Security Act, as amended by subsection (f)(1) of this section, is further amended—

(1) by striking out "(if there is such an organization" in subparagraph (F) and insert in lieu thereof "(with an organization", and

(2) by adding at the end the following new sentence: "In the case of a hospital which has an agreement in effect with an organization described in subparagraph (F), which organization's contract with the Secretary under part B of title XI is terminated on or after October 1, 1984, the hospital shall not be determined to be out of compliance with the requirement of such subparagraph during the six month period beginning on the date of the termination of that contract.".

REPORTS, EXPERIMENTS, AND DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS

42 USC 1395ww note.

SEC. 603. (a)(1) The Secretary of Health and Human Services (hereinafter in this title referred to as the "Secretary") shall study, develop, and report to the Congress within 18 months after the date of the enactment of this Act on the method and proposals for legislation by which capital-related costs, such as return on net equity, associated with inpatient hospital services can be included within the prospective payment amounts computed under section 1886(d) of the Social Security Act.

(2)(A) The Secretary shall study and report annually to the Congress at the end of each year (beginning with 1984 and ending with 1987) on the impact, of the payment methodology under section 1886(d) of the Social Security Act during the previous year, on classes of hospitals, beneficiaries, and other payors for inpatient hospital services, and other providers, and, in particular, on the impact of computing DRG prospective payment rates by census division, rather than exclusively on a national basis. Each such report shall include such recommendations for such changes in legislation as the Secretary deems appropriate.

96 Stat. 331.
42 USC 1395ww.

(B) During fiscal year 1984, the Secretary shall begin the collection of data necessary to compute the amount of physician charges attributable, by diagnosis-related groups, to physicians' services furnished to inpatients of hospitals whose discharges are classified within those groups. The Secretary shall include, in a report to Congress in 1985, recommendations on the advisability and feasibility of providing for determining the amount of the payments for physicians' services furnished to hospital inpatients based on the DRG type classification of the discharges of those inpatients, and legislative recommendations thereon.

(C) In the annual report to Congress under subparagraph (A) for 1985, the Secretary shall include the results of studies on—

(i) the feasibility and impact of eliminating or phasing out separate urban and rural DRG prospective payment rates under paragraph (3) of section 1886(d) of the Social Security Act;

(ii) whether and the method under which hospitals, not paid based on amounts determined under such section, can be paid

for inpatient hospital services on a prospective basis as under such section;

(iii) the appropriateness of the factors used under paragraph (5)(A) of such section to compensate hospitals for the additional expenses of outlier cases, and the application of severity of illness, intensity of care, or other modifications to the diagnosis-related groups, and the advisability and feasibility of providing for such modifications;

(iv) the feasibility and desirability of applying the payment methodology under such section to payment by all payors for inpatient hospital services; and

(v) the impact of such section on hospital admissions and the feasibility of making a volume adjustment in the DRG prospective payment rates or requiring preadmission certification in order to minimize the incentive to increase admissions.

Such report shall specifically include, with respect to the item described in clause (iv), consideration of the extent of cost-shifting to non-Federal payors and the impact of such cost-shifting on health insurance costs and premiums borne by employers and employees.

(D) In the annual report to Congress under subparagraph (A) for 1986, the Secretary shall include the results of a study examining the overall impact of State systems of hospital payment (either approved under section 1886(c) of the Social Security Act or under a waiver approved under section 402(a) of the Social Security Amendments of 1967 or section 222(a) of the Social Security Amendments of 1972), particularly assessing such systems' impact not only on the medicare program but also on the medicaid program, on payments and premiums under private health insurance plans, and on tax expenditures.

96 Stat. 331.
42 USC 1395ww.
42 USC 1395b-1.
42 USC 1395b-1 note.

(3)(A) The Secretary shall complete a study and make legislative recommendations to the Congress with respect to an equitable method of reimbursing sole community hospitals which takes into account their unique vulnerability to substantial variations in occupancy.

Study and recommendations.

(B) In addition, the Secretary shall examine ways to coordinate an information transfer between parts A and B of title XVIII of the Social Security Act, particularly with respect to those cases where a denial of coverage is made under part A of such title and no adjustment is made in the reimbursement to the admitting physician or physicians.

42 USC 1395c, 1395j.

(C) The Secretary shall also report on the appropriate treatment of uncompensated care costs, and adjustments that might be appropriate for large teaching hospitals located in rural areas.

(D) The Secretary shall also report on the advisability of having hospitals make available information on the cost of care to patients financed by both public programs and private payors.

(E) The studies and reports described in this paragraph shall be completed and submitted not later than April 1, 1985.

(4) The Secretary shall complete a study and make recommendations to the Congress, before April 1, 1984, with respect to a method for including hospitals located outside of the fifty States and the District of Columbia under a prospective payment system.

Study and recommendations.

(b)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the amendments made by this title shall not affect the authority of the Secretary to develop, carry out, or continue experiments and demonstration projects.

Effective date.
42 USC 1395b-1 note.

42 USC 1395.
42 USC 1395b-1.
42 USC 1395b-1 note.

(2) The Secretary shall provide that, upon the request of a State which has a demonstration project, for payment of hospitals under title XVIII of the Social Security Act approved under section 402(a) of the Social Security Amendments of 1967 or section 222(a) of the Social Security Amendments of 1972, which (A) is in effect as of March 1, 1983, and (B) was entered into after August 1982 (or upon the request of another party to demonstration project agreement), the terms of the demonstration agreement shall be modified so that the demonstration project is not required to maintain the rate of increase in medicare hospital costs in that State below the national rate of increase in medicare hospital costs.

(c) The Secretary shall approve, with appropriate terms and conditions as defined by the Secretary, within 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act—

(1) the risk-sharing application of On Lok Senior Health Services (according to terms and conditions as specified by the Secretary), dated July 2, 1982, for waivers, pursuant to section 222 of the Social Security Amendments of 1972 and section 402(a) of the Social Security Amendments of 1967, of certain requirements of title XVIII of the Social Security Act over a period of 36 months in order to carry out a long-term care demonstration project, and

42 USC 1315.
42 USC 1396.

(2) the application of the Department of Health Services, State of California, dated November 1, 1982, pursuant to section 1115 of the Social Security Act, for the waiver of certain requirements of title XIX of such Act over a period of 36 months in order to carry out a demonstration project for capitated reimbursement for comprehensive long-term care services involving On Lok Senior Health Services.

42 USC 1395b-1 note.

(d) The Secretary shall conduct demonstrations with hospitals in areas with critical shortages of skilled nursing facilities to study the feasibility of providing alternative systems of care or methods of payment.

EFFECTIVE DATES

42 USC 1395ww note.

SEC. 604. (a)(1) Except as provided in section 602(l) and in paragraph (2), the amendments made by the preceding provisions of this title apply to items and services furnished by or under arrangements with a hospital beginning with its first cost reporting period that begins on or after October 1, 1983. A change in a hospital's cost reporting period that has been made after November 1982 shall be recognized for purposes of this section only if the Secretary finds good cause for that change.

Ante, p. 163.

(2) Section 1866(a)(1)(F) of the Social Security Act (as added by section 602(f)(1)(C) of this title), section 1862(a)(14) (as added by section 602(e)(3) of this title) and sections 1886(a)(1) (G) and (H) of such Act (as added by section 602(f)(1)(C) of this title) take effect on October 1, 1983.

Ante, p. 152.

(b) The Secretary shall make an appropriate reduction in the payment amount under section 1886(d) of the Social Security Act (as amended by this title) for any discharge, if the admission has occurred before a hospital's first cost reporting period that begins after September 1983, to take into account amounts payable under title XVIII of that Act (as in effect before the date of the enactment of this Act) for items and services furnished before that period.

Publication in Federal Register.

(c)(1) The Secretary shall cause to be published in the Federal Register a notice of the interim final DRG prospective payment

rates established under subsection (d) of section 1886 of the Social Security Act (as amended by this title) no later than September 1, 1983, and allow for a period of public comment thereon. Payment on the basis of prospective rates shall become effective on October 1, 1983, without the necessity for consideration of comments received, but the Secretary shall, by notice published in the Federal Register, affirm or modify the amounts by December 31, 1983, after considering those comments. *Ante*, p. 152.

(2) A modification under paragraph (1) that reduces a prospective payment rate shall apply only to discharges occurring after 30 days after the date the notice of the modification is published in the Federal Register.

(3) Rules to implement subsection (d) of section 1886 of the Social Security Act (as so amended) shall be established in accordance with the procedure described in this subsection.

DELAY IN PROVISION RELATING TO HOSPITAL-BASED SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES

SEC. 605. (a) Section 102(b) of the Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982 is amended by striking out "October 1, 1982" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1983". 96 Stat. 336. 42 USC 1395x note.

(b) The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall, prior to December 31, 1983, complete a study and report to the Congress with respect to (1) the effect which the implementation of section 102 of the Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982 would have on hospital-based skilled nursing facilities, given the differences (if any) in the patient populations served by such facilities and by community-based skilled nursing facilities and (2) the impact on skilled nursing facilities of hospital prospective payment systems, and recommendations concerning payment of skilled nursing facilities. 42 USC 1395x note.

SHIFT IN MEDICARE PREMIUMS TO COINCIDE WITH COST-OF-LIVING INCREASE

SEC. 606. (a)(1) Section 1839 of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out subsections (a), (b), and (c) and inserting in lieu thereof the following: 42 USC 1395r.

"(a)(1) The Secretary shall, during September of 1983 and of each year thereafter, determine the monthly actuarial rate for enrollees age 65 and over which shall be applicable for the succeeding calendar year. Such actuarial rate shall be the amount the Secretary estimates to be necessary so that the aggregate amount for such calendar year with respect to those enrollees age 65 and older will equal one-half of the total of the benefits and administrative costs which he estimates will be payable from the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund for services performed and related administrative costs incurred in such calendar year with respect to such enrollees. In calculating the monthly actuarial rate, the Secretary shall include an appropriate amount for a contingency margin.

"(2) The monthly premium of each individual enrolled under this part for each month after December 1983 shall, except as provided in subsections (b) and (e), be the amount determined under paragraph (3).

"(3) The Secretary shall, during September of 1983 and of each year thereafter, determine and promulgate the monthly premium

applicable for individuals enrolled under this part for the succeeding calendar year. The monthly premium shall (except as otherwise provided in subsection (e)) be equal to the smaller of—

"(A) the monthly actuarial rate for enrollees age 65 and over, determined according to paragraph (1) of this subsection, for that calendar year, or

"(B) the monthly premium rate most recently promulgated by the Secretary under this paragraph, increased by a percentage determined as follows: The Secretary shall ascertain the primary insurance amount computed under section 215(a)(1), based upon average indexed monthly earnings of $900, that applied to individuals who became eligible for and entitled to old-age insurance benefits on November 1 of the year before the year of the promulgation. He shall increase the monthly premium rate by the same percentage by which that primary insurance amount is increased when, by reason of the law in effect at the time the promulgation is made, it is so computed to apply to those individuals for the following November 1.

42 USC 415.

Whenever the Secretary promulgates the dollar amount which shall be applicable as the monthly premium for any period, he shall, at the time such promulgation is announced, issue a public statement setting forth the actuarial assumptions and bases employed by him in arriving at the amount of an adequate actuarial rate for enrollees age 65 and older as provided in paragraph (1) and the derivation of the dollar amounts specified in this paragraph.

"(4) The Secretary shall also, during September of 1983 and of each year thereafter, determine the monthly actuarial rate for disabled enrollees under age 65 which shall be applicable for the succeeding calendar year. Such actuarial rate shall be the amount the Secretary estimates to be necessary so that the aggregate amount for such calendar year with respect to disabled enrollees under age 65 which will equal one-half of the total of the benefits and administrative costs which he estimates will be payable from the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund for services performed and related administrative costs incurred in such calendar year with respect to such enrollees. In calculating the monthly actuarial rate under this paragraph, the Secretary shall include an appropriate amount for a contingency margin.".

42 USC 1395r.

(2) Subsections (d), (e), (f), and (g) of section 1839 of such Act are redesignated as subsections (b), (c), (d), and (e), respectively.

(3)(A) Section 1839(b) of such Act (as so redesignated) is amended by striking out "subsection (b), (c), or (g)" and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection (a) or (e)".

(B) Section 1839(d) of such Act (as so redesignated) is amended by striking out "purposes of subsection (c)" and inserting in lieu thereof "purposes of subsection (b)".

(C) Section 1839(e) of such Act (as so redesignated) is amended—

(i) by striking out "(c)", "(c)(1)", and "(c)(3)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(a)", "(a)(1)", and "(a)(3)", respectively,

(ii) by striking out "June 1983" in paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof "December 1983", and

(iii) by striking out "July 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "January 1986" each place it appears.

42 USC 1395i-2.

(D) Section 1818(c) of such Act is amended by striking out "subsection (c) of section 1839" and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection (a) of section 1839".

(E) Section 1843(d)(1) of such Act is amended by striking out "without any increase under subsection (c) thereof" and inserting in lieu thereof "without any increase under subsection (b) thereof". 42 USC 1395v.

(F) Section 1844(a)(1)(A)(i) of such Act is amended— 42 USC 1395w.

(i) by striking out "1839(c)(1)" and inserting in lieu thereof "1839(a)(1)"; and

(ii) by striking out "1839(c)(3) or 1839(g)" and inserting in lieu thereof "1839(a)(3) or 1839(e)".

(G) Section 1844(a)(1)(B)(i) of such Act is amended—

(i) by striking out "1839(c)(4)" and inserting in lieu thereof "1839(a)(4)"; and

(ii) by striking out "1839(c)(3) or 1839(g)" and inserting in lieu thereof "1839(a)(3) or 1839(e)".

(H) Section 1876(a)(5) of such Act is amended— 42 USC 1395mm.

(i) in subparagraph (A)(ii), by striking out "1839(c)(1)" and inserting in lieu thereof "1839(a)(1)"; and

(ii) in subparagraph (B)(ii), by striking out "1839(c)(4)" and inserting in lieu thereof "1839(a)(4)".

(b) Section 1818(d)(2) of such Act is amended— 42 USC 1395i-2.

(1) by striking out "during the last calendar quarter of each year, beginning in 1973," in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "during the next to last calendar quarter of each year";

(2) by striking out "the 12-month period commencing July 1 of the next year" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "the following calendar year"; and

(3) by striking out "for such next year" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "for that following calendar year".

(c) The amendments made by this section shall apply to premiums for months beginning with January 1984, and for months after June 1983 and before January 1984— Effective date. 42 USC 1395r note.

(1) the monthly premiums under part A and under part B of title XVIII of the Social Security Act for individuals enrolled under each respective part shall be the monthly premium under that part for the month of June 1983, and 42 USC 1395c, 1395j.

(2) the amount of the Government contributions under section 1844(a)(1) of such Act shall be computed on the basis of the actuarially adequate rate which would have been in effect under part B of title XVIII of such Act for such months without regard to the amendments made by this section, but using the amount of the premium in effect for the month of June 1983.

SECTION 1122 AMENDMENTS

SEC. 607. (a) Section 1122(c) of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out "the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund" and inserting "the general fund in the Treasury". 42 USC 1320a-1.

(b)(1) Section 1122(g) of such Act is amended—

(A) by striking out "$100,000" the first place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "$600,000 (or such lesser amount as the State may establish)", and

(B) by striking out "$100,000" the second place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "the dollar amount specified in clause (1)".

(2) Section 1861(z)(2) of such Act is amended by striking out "$100,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$600,000 (or such lesser 42 USC 1395x.

amount as may be established by the State under section 1122(g)(1) in which the hospital is located)".

42 USC 1320a-1.

(c) Section 1122 of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(j) A capital expenditure made by or on behalf of a health care facility shall not be subject to review pursuant to this section if 75 percent of the patients who can reasonably be expected to use the service with respect to which the capital expenditure is made will be individuals enrolled in an eligible organization as defined in section 1876(b), and if the Secretary determines that such capital expenditure is for services and facilities which are needed by such organization in order to operate efficiently and economically and which are not otherwise readily accessible to such organization because—

"(1) the facilities do not provide common services at the same site (as usually provided by the organization),

"(2) the facilities are not available under a contract of reasonable duration,

"(3) full and equal medical staff privileges in the facilities are not available,

"(4) arrangements with such facilities are not administratively feasible, or

"(5) the purchase of such services is more costly than if the organization provided the services directly.".

42 USC 1395x.

(d) Section 1861(z)(2) of such Act is amended by inserting "(A)" after "(2)" and by adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraph:

"(B) provides that such plan is submitted to the agency designated under section 1122(b), or if no such agency is designated, to the appropriate health planning agency in the State (but this subparagraph shall not apply in the case of a facility exempt from review under section 1122 by reason of section 1122(j));".

Approved April 20, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 1900 (S. 1):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 98-25, Pt. 1 (Comm. on Ways and Means) and No. 98-47 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORT No. 98-23 accompanying S. 1 (Comm. on Finance).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):

Mar. 9, considered and passed House.

Mar. 16-18, 21-23, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Mar. 24, House and Senate agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 19, No. 16 (1983):

Apr. 20, Presidential statement.

Public Law 98-22
98th Congress

An Act

To amend the Saccharin Study and Labeling Act.

Apr. 22, 1983
[S. 89]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Saccharin Study and Labeling Act Amendment of 1983".

Saccharin Study and Labeling Act Amendment of 1983.
21 USC 301 note.

SEC. 2. Section 3 of the Saccharin Study and Labeling Act is amended by striking out "twenty-four months after the date of enactment of the Saccharin Study and Labeling Act Amendment of 1981" and inserting in lieu thereof "twenty-four months after the date of enactment of the Saccharin Study and Labeling Act Amendment of 1983".

21 USC 348 note.

Approved April 22, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 89:

SENATE REPORT No. 98-32 (Comm. on Labor and Human Resources).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Apr. 5, considered and passed Senate.
Apr. 13, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-23
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Apr. 26, 1983
[S.J. Res. 53]

To authorize and request the President to designate the month of May 1983 as "National Physical Fitness and Sports Month".

Whereas one of every two adults in our country is a regular participant in exercise and sports;

Whereas the number of physically active men and women has doubled in ten years and continues to grow rapidly;

Whereas today we recognize that physical activity is an important part of daily life for people of both sexes and of all ages;

Whereas physical activity is vital to good health and is a rich source of pleasure and personal satisfaction;

Whereas our physical fitness and sports programs are one of the primary means by which we strengthen our bodies and refresh our spirits; and

Whereas it is essential that we make fitness and sports programs increasingly available so that all of our citizens will be able to experience the joys and benefits they offer: Now, therefore, be it

National Physical Fitness and Sports Month.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation designating the month of May 1983 as "National Physical Fitness and Sports Month" and to call upon Federal, State, and local government agencies, and the people of the United States to observe the month with appropriate programs, ceremonies, and activities.

Approved April 26, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 53:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Mar. 18, considered and passed Senate.
Apr. 12, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-24
98th Congress

An Act

To remedy alcohol and drug abuse.

Apr. 26, 1983
[S. 126]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Alcohol and Drug Abuse Amendments of 1983.

SHORT TITLE; STATEMENT OF POLICY

SECTION 1. (a) This Act may be cited as the "Alcohol and Drug Abuse Amendments of 1983". 42 USC 201 note.

(b) It is the policy of the United States and the purpose of this Act to provide leadership in the national effort to reduce the incidence of alcoholism and alcohol-related problems and drug abuse through— 42 USC 290aa note.

(1) a continued Federal commitment to research into the behavioral and biomedical etiology, the treatment, and the mental and physical health and social and economic consequences of alcohol abuse and alcoholism and drug abuse;

(2) a commitment to—

(A) extensive dissemination to States, units of local government, community organizations, and private groups of the most recent information and research findings with respect to alcohol abuse and alcoholism and drug abuse, including information with respect to the application of research findings; and

(B) the accomplishment of such dissemination through up-to-date publications, demonstrations, educational programs, and other appropriate means;

(3) the provision of technical assistance to research personnel; services personnel, and prevention personnel in the field of alcohol abuse and alcoholism and drug abuse;

(4) the development and encouragement of prevention programs designed to combat the spread of alcoholism, alcohol abuse, drug abuse, and the abuse of other legal and illegal substances;

(5) the development and encouragement of effective occupational prevention and treatment programs within Government and in cooperation with the private sector; and

(6) the provision of a Federal response to alcohol abuse and alcoholism and drug abuse which encourages the greatest participation by the private sector, both financially and otherwise, and concentrates on carrying out functions relating to alcohol abuse and alcoholism and drug abuse which are truly national in scope.

THE ALCOHOL, DRUG ABUSE, AND MENTAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION AND THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF MENTAL HEALTH, THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE ON ALCOHOL ABUSE AND ALCOHOLISM, AND THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE ON DRUG ABUSE

42 USC 300aa-300aa-14, 219-224, 225a-229d.

SEC. 2. (a)(1) Title V of the Public Health Service Act is transferred to the end of the Public Health Service Act and redesignated as title XXI and sections 501 through 515 are redesignated as sections 2101 through 2115, respectively.

42 USC 218, 278.

(2) Sections 217(c), 217(d), and 384 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 218 and 278) are each amended by striking out "501" and inserting in lieu thereof "2101".

(b)(1) The Public Health Service Act is amended by inserting after title IV a new title designated as follows:

"TITLE V—ADMINISTRATION AND COORDINATION OF THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF MENTAL HEALTH, THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE ON ALCOHOL ABUSE AND ALCOHOLISM, AND THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE ON DRUG ABUSE

"PART A—ADMINISTRATION AND INSTITUTES".

42 USC 290aa.

(2) Section 210 of the Act of May 14, 1974 (42 U.S.C. 3511) is transferred to title V of the Public Health Service Act established by paragraph (1), redesignated as section 501, and amended—

(A) by striking out "of Health, Education, and Welfare" each place it occurs;

(B) in subsection (c), by striking out "of the Public Health Service Act";

(C) by amending subsection (d) to read as follows:

"(d) To educate the public with respect to the health hazards of alcoholism, alcohol abuse, and drug abuse, the Administrator shall take such actions as may be necessary to ensure the widespread dissemination of current publications of the National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism and the National Institute on Drug Abuse relating to the most recent research findings with respect to such health hazards.";

(D) by adding at the end the following:

"(e)(1) There shall be in the administration an Associate Administrator for Prevention to whom the Administrator shall delegate the function of promoting the prevention research programs of the National Institute of Mental Health, the National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism, and the National Institute on Drug Abuse and coordinating such programs between the institutes and between the institutes and other public and private entities.

Report to Congress.

"(2) On or before January 1, 1984, and annually thereafter, the Administrator, acting through the Associate Administrator for Prevention, shall submit to the Congress a report describing the prevention activities (including preventive medicine and health promotion) undertaken by the administration, the National Institute of Mental Health, the National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism, and the National Institute on Drug Abuse. The report shall include a detailed statement of the expenditures made for the activities reported on and the personnel used in connection with such activities.

"(f) The Administrator shall establish a process for the prompt and appropriate response to information provided the Administrator

respecting (1) scientific fraud in connection with projects for which funds have been made available under this Act, and (2) incidences of violations of the rights of human subjects of research for which funds have been made available under this title. The process shall include procedures for the receiving of reports of such information from recipients of funds under this title and taking appropriate action with respect to such fraud and violations.".

(3) Section 101 of the Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act of 1970 is transferred to title V of the Public Health Service Act, inserted after the section 501 inserted by paragraph (2), redesignated as section 502, and amended— 42 USC 4551; 290aa-1.

(A) in subsection (a)—

(i) by striking out "this Act" the first time it occurs and inserting in lieu thereof "this section",

(ii) by striking out "assigned to the Secretary of Health and Human Services (hereafter in this Act referred to as the 'Secretary')" and inserting in lieu thereof "relating to alcohol abuse and alcoholism assigned to the Secretary", and

(iii) by striking out "of the Public Health Service Act", and

(B) by amending the section heading to read as follows:

"NATIONAL INSTITUTE ON ALCOHOL ABUSE AND ALCOHOLISM".

(4) Section 501 of the Drug Abuse Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act is transferred to title V of the Public Health Service Act, inserted after the section 502 inserted by paragraph (3), redesignated as section 503, and amended— 21 USC 1191; 42 USC 290aa-2.

(A) in subsection (a)—

(i) by inserting "SEC. 503." before "(a)",

(ii) by striking out "this title" and inserting in lieu thereof "this section",

(iii) by striking out "of the Secretary of Health and Human Services (hereinafter in this title referred to as the 'Secretary') with respect to drug abuse prevention functions" and inserting in lieu thereof "relating to drug abuse assigned to the Secretary by this Act", and

(iv) by striking out "of the Public Health Service Act",

(B) by striking out "(hereinafter in this title referred to as the 'Director')" in subsection (b)(1), and

(C) by striking out the section heading

"§ 501. Establishment of Institute".

and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"NATIONAL INSTITUTE ON DRUG ABUSE".

(5) Subsection (a) of section 406 of the Drug Abuse Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act is transferred to section 503 (as so redesignated), inserted after subsection (d), and redesignated as subsection (e). 21 USC 1173; 42 USC 290aa-2.

(6) Section 455 of the Public Health Service Act is inserted in title V of the Public Health Service Act after the section 503 inserted by paragraph (4) of this subsection and redesignated as section 504. 42 USC 289k-1; 290aa-3.

(7) The following sections are inserted in title V of the Public Health Service Act after the section 504 inserted by paragraph (6):

"REPORTS ON ALCOHOLISM, ALCOHOL ABUSE, AND DRUG ABUSE

42 USC 290aa-4.

"SEC. 505. (a) The Secretary shall submit to Congress on or before January 15, 1984, and every three years thereafter a report—

"(1) containing current information on the health consequences of using alcoholic beverages,

"(2) containing a description of current research findings made with respect to alcohol abuse and alcoholism, and

"(3) containing such recommendations for legislation and administrative action as the Secretary may deem appropriate.

"(b) The Secretary shall submit to Congress on or before January 15, 1984, and every three years thereafter a report—

"(1) describing the health consequences and extent of drug abuse in the United States;

"(2) describing current research findings made with respect to drug abuse, including current findings on the health effects of marihuana and the addictive property of tobacco; and

"(3) containing such recommendations for legislation and administrative action as the Secretary may deem appropriate.

"PEER REVIEW

42 USC 290aa-5.

"SEC. 506. (a) The Secretary, after consultation with the Directors of the National Institute of Mental Health, the National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism, and the National Institute on Drug Abuse shall by regulation require appropriate technical and scientific peer review of biomedical and behavioral research and development grants, cooperative agreements, and contracts to be administered through the National Institute of Mental Health, the National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism, and the National Institute on Drug Abuse.

"(b) Regulations promulgated under subsection (a) shall require that the review of grants, cooperative agreements, and contracts required by the regulations be conducted—

"(1) in a manner consistent with the system for scientific peer review applicable on the date of the enactment of this section to grants, cooperative agreements, and contracts under this Act for biomedical and behavioral research, and

"(2) to the extent practical, by peer review groups performing such review on or before such date.

"(c) The members of any peer review group established under such regulations shall be individuals who by virtue of their training or experience are eminently qualified to perform the review functions of the group and not more than one-fourth of the members of any peer review group established under such regulations shall be officers or employees of the United States.

"(d) The Administrator of the administration shall establish procedures for periodic, technical, and scientific peer review of research at the National Institute of Mental Health, the National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism, and the National Institute on Drug Abuse. Such procedures shall require that—

"(1) the reviewing entity be provided a written description of the research to be reviewed; and

"(2) the reviewing entity provide the advisory council of the institute involved with such description and the results of the review by the entity.".

(8) The following heading is inserted in title V of the Public Health Service Act after the section 506 inserted by paragraph (7):

"PART B—RESEARCH

"Subpart 1—Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism".

(9) Sections 501, 503, and 504 of the Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act of 1970 are transferred to the subpart 1 of part B of title V of the Public Health Service Act established by paragraph (8), redesignated as sections 510, 511, and 512, respectively, and amended as follows: 42 USC 4585, 4587, 4588. 42 USC 290bb, 290bb-1, 290bb-2.

(A) Section 510 (as so redesignated) is amended— 42 USC 290bb.

(i) by striking out "the Institute" in subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof "the National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism (hereinafter in this subpart referred to as the 'Institute')",

(ii) by striking out "make available through publications and other appropriate means" in subsection (b)(1) and inserting in lieu thereof "disseminate through publications and other appropriate means (including the development of curriculum materials)",

(iii) by striking out "; and such Council shall give" and all that follows in subsection (b)(3) and inserting in lieu thereof the following: ", giving special consideration to projects relating to—

"(A) the relationship between alcohol abuse and domestic violence,

"(B) the effects of alcohol use during pregnancy,

"(C) the impact of alcoholism and alcohol abuse on the family, the workplace, and systems for the delivery of health services,

"(D) the relationship between the abuse of alcohol and other drugs,

"(E) the effect on the incidence of alcohol abuse and alcoholism of social pressures, legal requirements respecting the use of alcoholic beverages, the cost of such beverages, and the economic status and education of users of such beverages,

"(F) the interrelationship between alcohol use and other health problems, and

"(G) the comparison of the cost and effectiveness of various treatment methods for alcoholism and alcohol abuse and the effectiveness of prevention and intervention programs for alcoholism and alcohol abuse.",

(iv) by inserting "or the impact of alcohol abuse on other health problems" before the semicolon in subsection (b)(5), and

(v) by amending the section heading to read as follows:

"ALCOHOL ABUSE AND ALCOHOLISM RESEARCH".

(B) Section 511 (as so redesignated) is amended— 42 USC 290bb-1.

(i) by striking out the last sentence of subsection (a),
(ii) by striking out the second sentence of subsection (b),
(iii) by striking out "of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 292a)" in subsection (b), and
(iv) by striking out subsection (c).

42 USC 290bb-2.

(C) Section 512 (as so redesignated) is amended to read as follows:

"AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS

"SEC. 512. There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this subpart $33,484,000 for fiscal year 1983 and $45,790,000 for fiscal year 1984. Of the funds appropriated under this section for any fiscal year, not more than 35 per centum may be obligated for grants under section 511.".

(10) The following heading is inserted in title V of the Public Health Service Act after the section 512 inserted by paragraph (9):

"Subpart 2—Drug Abuse Research".

21 USC 1193; 42 USC 290cc.

(11) Section 503 of the Drug Abuse Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act is transferred to the subpart 2 of part B of title V established by paragraph (10), redesignated as section 515, and amended—

(A) by striking out "The Director" the first time it occurs in subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof "The Director of the National Institute on Drug Abuse",

(B) by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:

"(b) In carrying out the activities described in subsection (a), the Secretary, acting through the Institute, may—

"(1) collect and disseminate through publications and other appropriate means, including the development of curriculum materials, information as to, and the practical application of, the research and other activities under this section,

"(2) make grants or enter into contracts with individuals and public and nonprofit entities for the purpose of determining the causes of drug abuse in a particular area, and

"(3) make grants to and enter into contracts with individuals and public and private nonprofit entities for research respecting improved drug maintenance and detoxification techniques and programs.",

(C) by amending subsection (c) to read as follows:

Appropriation authorization.

"(c) For the purposes of subsections (a) and (b), there are authorized to be appropriated $47,374,000 for fiscal year 1983 and $56,160,000 for fiscal year 1984.",

(D) by striking out the section heading and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"DRUG ABUSE RESEARCH",

and

(E) by inserting before "(a)" in subsection (a) the following: "SEC. 515.".

(12) The following headings are inserted in title V of the Public Health Service Act after the section 515 inserted by paragraph (11):

"PART C—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS RELATING TO ALCOHOL ABUSE AND ALCOHOLISM AND DRUG ABUSE

"Subpart 1—Provisions Relating to Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism".

(13) Sections 201, 301, 321, and 333 of the Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act of 1970 are transferred to the part C of title V established by paragraph (12), redesignated as sections 520, 521, 522, and 523, respectively, and amended as follows: 42 USC 4561, 4571, 4581, 4582.

(A) Section 520 (as so redesignated) is amended— 42 USC 290dd-1, 290dd, 290dd-2, 290dd-3.

(i) by striking out "the Institute" in subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof "the National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism", 42 USC 290dd.

(ii) by striking out "section 321" in subsection (a)(4) and inserting in lieu thereof "section 522", and

(iii) by striking out "under this Act and under the Drug Abuse Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act" and inserting in lieu thereof "under this title".

(B) Section 521 (as so redesignated) is amended— 42 USC 290dd-1.

(i) by striking out "section 413(b) of the Drug Abuse Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act" in subsection (b)(4) and inserting in lieu thereof "section 525",

(ii) by striking out "title" in subsection (d) and inserting in lieu thereof "section", and

(iii) by striking out subsection (e).

(C) Section 522 (as so redesignated) is amended by striking out "of the Public Health Service Act" in subsection (a). 42 USC 290dd-2.

(14) The following heading is inserted in part C of title V of the Public Health Service Act after section 523 (as so redesignated):

"Subpart 2—Provisions Relating to Drug Abuse".

(15) Section 502 of the Drug Abuse Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act is transferred to title V of the Public Health Service Act, inserted after the heading inserted by paragraph (14), redesignated as section 524, and amended— 21 USC 1192; 42 USC 290ee.

(A) by striking out "The Director" in subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof "The Director of the National Institute on Drug Abuse",

(B) by striking out ", to promote the purposes of this Act," in subsection (b)(2),

(C) by striking out "section 407" in subsection (d) and inserting in lieu thereof "section 526",

(D) by striking out "under this Act and under the Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act of 1970" in subsection (d) and inserting in lieu thereof "under this title",

(E) by striking out the section heading and inserting in lieu thereof:

"TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO STATE AND LOCAL AGENCIES",

and

(F) by inserting before "(a)" in subsection (a) the following: "SEC. 524.".

21 USC 1180; 42 USC 290ee-1.

(16)(A) Section 413 of the Drug Abuse Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act is transferred to title V of the Public Health Service Act, inserted after the section 524 inserted by paragraph (15), redesignated as section 525, and amended—

(i) by striking out the section heading and inserting in lieu thereof:

"DRUG ABUSE AMONG GOVERNMENT AND OTHER EMPLOYEES";

(ii) by inserting before "(a)" the following: "SEC. 525."; and

(iii) by striking out "section 201(b) of the Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act of 1970" in subsection (b)(4) and inserting in lieu thereof "section 521".

21 USC 1174, 1175. 42 USC 290ee-2, 290ee-3.

(B) Sections 407 and 408 of the Drug Abuse Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act are transferred to title V of the Public Health Service Act, inserted after the section 525 inserted by subparagraph (A), redesignated as sections 526 and 527 and amended as follows:

42 USC 290ee-2.

(i) Section 526 (as so redesignated) is amended—

(I) by striking out the section heading and inserting in lieu thereof:

"ADMISSION OF DRUG ABUSERS TO PRIVATE AND PUBLIC HOSPITALS";

and

(II) by inserting before "(a)" in subsection (a) the following: "SEC. 526.".

42 USC 290ee-3.

(ii) Section 527 (as so redesignated) is amended—

(I) by striking out the section heading and inserting in lieu thereof:

"CONFIDENTIALITY OF PATIENT RECORDS";

(II) by inserting before "(a)" in subsection (a) the following: "SEC. 527."; and

(III) by striking out "of Health and Human Services" in subsection (g).

Repeals. 42 USC 4552, 4553, 4586.

(c)(1) Sections 102, 103, and 502 of the Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act of 1970 are repealed.

(2) Sections 405 and 504 of the Drug Abuse Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act are repealed.

21 USC 1172, 1194. Repeal. 42 USC 242 note.

(d) Title V of the Medical Facilities Construction and Modernization Amendments of 1970 (Public Law 91-296) is repealed.

ALCOHOL AND DRUG ABUSE AND MENTAL HEALTH REPORTS BY THE SECRETARY

42 USC 290aa note.

SEC. 3. (a) The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall submit to the Congress, on or before January 15, 1984, a report describing the extent to which Federal and State programs, departments, and agencies are concerned and are dealing effectively with—

(1) the problems of alcohol abuse and alcoholism,

(2) the problems of drug abuse, and

(3) mental illness.

(b) The report required by subsection (a) shall include information with respect to the services provided for alcohol abuse, alcoholism, drug abuse, and mental health under part B of title XIX of the Public Health Service Act. To obtain information respecting such services, the Secretary shall work with appropriate national organizations to ensure that State and local governments use compatible means of collecting data respecting such services so that uniform national data with respect to the provision of such services will be available to the States and to the Secretary. 42 USC 300x.

(c) In compiling data for the report required by subsection (a), the Secretary may not require any State to submit any information which is not required under section 1916(a) of the Public Health Service Act. 42 USC 300x-5.

DRUG ABUSE STRATEGY REPORT

SEC. 4. (a) Section 305 of the Drug Abuse Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act (21 U.S.C. 1165) is amended to read as follows:

"§ 305. Report

"The President shall submit to the Congress, on or before August 1, 1984, and every two years thereafter, a written report describing the strategy. The report shall specify the objectives, nature, and results of the strategy and shall contain an accounting of funds expended under title III.".

(b) Section 207 of such Act (21 U.S.C. 1117) is repealed. Repeal.

MISCELLANEOUS

SEC. 5. (a)(1) Section 311(c)(4) of the Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act of 1970 (42 U.S.C. 4577(c)(4)) is amended by inserting "(including Native Hawaiians and Native American Pacific Islanders)" after "Native Americans".

(2) Section 18(b)(10) of the Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act Amendments of 1979 (42 U.S.C. 4541 note) is amended by inserting "Native Hawaiians, Native American Pacific Islanders," after "Alaskan Natives,".

(3) Section 410(d) of the Drug Abuse Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act (21 U.S.C. 1177(d)) is amended by striking out "native Americans" and inserting in lieu thereof "Native Americans (including Native Hawaiians and Native American Pacific Islanders)".

42 USC 289*l*-4.

(b) Section 475(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 2981-4(a)) is amended (1) by striking out "the Directors of the National Institute of Mental Health, the National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism, and the National Institute on Drug Abuse and", and (2) by striking out ", the National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism, the National Institute on Drug Abuse," in paragraph (2).

Approved April 26, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 126:

SENATE REPORT No. 98-29 (Comm. on Labor and Human Resources).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Apr. 5, considered and passed Senate.
Apr. 13, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-25
98th Congress

An Act

To hold a parcel of land in trust for the Burns Paiute Tribe.

May 2, 1983
[S. 304]

Burns Paiute Tribe of Indians. Land held in trust.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, pursuant to section 2 of the Act of November 24, 1942 (56 Stat. 1021, 1022; 25 U.S.C. 373b), the estate of Jesse Joseph James, Burns 144-N1116, consisting of a public domain allotment numbered 144-111, northwest quarter, section 32, township 23 south, range 32½ east, Willamette meridian, Harney County, Oregon, is hereby declared to be held in trust by the United States for the Burns Paiute Indian Colony of Oregon and part of the Burns Paiute Indian Reservation.

SEC. 2. Section 2 of the Act of November 24, 1942 (56 Stat. 1022; 25 U.S.C. 373b), is amended by inserting the following immediately before the period at the end thereof: "*Provided further,* That interests in all Burns public domain allotments located in Harney County, Oregon, belonging to Indians who die intestate without heirs shall be held in trust by the United States for the Burns Paiute Indian Colony of Oregon and shall be part of the Burns Paiute Indian Reservation". However, no non-Indian lands in Harney County, Oregon, shall be considered Indian country as defined in section 1151 of title 18, United States Code.

25 USC 373b note.

SEC. 3. Section 2 of the Act of November 24, 1942 (56 Stat. 1022; 25 U.S.C. 373b), is amended by deleting "$2,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$50,000".

Approved May 2, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 304 (H.R. 1102):

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-50 accompanying H.R. 1102 (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Feb. 24, considered and passed Senate.
Apr. 19, H.R. 1102 considered and passed House; proceedings vacated and S. 304 passed in lieu.

Public Law 98-26
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

May 4, 1983
[H.J. Res. 245]

To correct Public Law 98-8 due to errors in the enrollment of H.R. 1718.

Emergency jobs appropriations, amendment.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to correct errors in the enrollment of H.R. 1718, the figure in the fifth line of the appropriating paragraph "Increasing employment and training opportunities" on page 12 of Public Law 98-8 (97 Stat. 24) is hereby amended as follows: Strike "185,000,000" and insert "$85,000,000" and the figure in the fourth line of the appropriating paragraph "Providing urgently needed school facilities" on page 14 of Public Law 98-8 (97 Stat. 26) is hereby amended as follows: Strike "$25,000,000" and insert "$60,000,000".

Approved May 4, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 245:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Apr. 21, considered and passed House and Senate.

Public Law 98-27
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

To provide for the designation of the week beginning on May 15, 1983, as "National Parkinson's Disease Week".

May 4, 1983
[S.J. Res. 62]

Whereas Parkinson's disease is one of the most devastating illnesses threatening the citizens of the United States;

Whereas Parkinson's disease afflicts one out of every one hundred persons over the age of sixty;

Whereas Parkinson's disease is one of the most severely crippling disorders of the nervous system;

Whereas the American Parkinson Disease Association, the National Parkinson Foundation, the Parkinson's Disease Foundation, and the United Parkinson Foundation are major contributors to research on Parkinson's disease and to treatment and rehabilitation programs for the victims of such disease;

Whereas the Parkinson Education Program/USA and the all-volunteer Parkinson Support Groups of America are devoted to helping Parkinson patients and their families cope with their ailment; and

Whereas research on the causes of and the search for a cure for Parkinson's disease are continuing to be conducted and patient support groups continue to grow and bring new hope to those who bear the burden of this affliction: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the week of May 15, 1983, through May 21, 1983, is designated as "National Parkinson's Disease Week" and the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe that week with appropriate activities and programs.

National Parkinson's Disease Week.

Approved May 4, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 62:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Apr. 13, considered and passed Senate.
Apr. 26, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-28
98th Congress

An Act

May 10, 1983
[H.R. 2600]

To dedicate the Golden Gate National Recreation Area to Congressman Phillip Burton.

Golden Gate National Recreation Area.
Dedication to Congressman Phillip Burton.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Golden Gate National Recreation Area, California, is hereby dedicated to Congressman Phillip Burton in recognition of his leadership in establishing the Golden Gate National Recreation Area, his outstanding contributions to the National Park System, the Wilderness Preservation System, and to the protection and preservation of our great natural and cultural resources for the benefit of the people of the United States for all time.

SEC. 2. In order to carry out the provisions of this Act, the Secretary of the Interior is authorized and directed to provide such identification by signs, including, but not limited to changes in existing signs, materials, maps, markers, interpretive programs or other means as will adequately inform the public of the contributions of Phillip Burton.

SEC. 3. The Secretary of the Interior is further authorized and directed to cause to be erected and maintained, within the boundaries of the Fort Mason unit the Golden Gate National Recreation Area, an appropriate memorial to Phillip Burton. Such memorial shall include but not be limited to an appropriate permanent marker describing the contributions of Phillip Burton to the Nation.

Appropriation authorization.

SEC. 4. There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

Approved May 10, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2600:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-72 (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Apr. 26, considered and passed House.
Apr. 28, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-29
98th Congress

An Act

To amend the Federal Deposit Insurance Act to provide for the issuance of income capital certificates.

May 16, 1983
[S. 1011]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) section 13(i)(1)(D) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1823(i)(1)(D)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "Issuance of net worth certificates in accordance with this subsection shall not constitute a default under the terms of any debt obligations subordinated to the claims of general creditors which were outstanding when such net worth certificates were issued.".

Income capital certificates, issuance.
96 Stat. 1492.

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall be deemed to have taken effect on the date of enactment of the Garn-St Germain Depository Institutions Act of 1982.

12 USC 1823 note.
96 Stat. 1469.

Approved May 16, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1011:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Apr. 15, considered and passed Senate.
May 3, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-30
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

May 18, 1983
[S.J. Res. 51]

Designating May 21, 1983, as "Andrei Sakharov Day".

Whereas Andrei Sakharov has earned the admiration and gratitude of all the peoples of the world for his tireless and courageous efforts to secure basic human freedoms for the peoples of the Soviet Union, including those rights and freedoms proclaimed and guaranteed in the Final Act of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe signed at Helsinki, August 1, 1975; and

Whereas Andrei Sakharov has been awarded the Nobel Prize for Peace for "his love of truth and strong belief in the inviolability of human beings . . . his courageous defense of the human spirit . . ." and a life that has made him "the conscience of mankind"; and

Whereas Andrei Sakharov, in direct consequence of his tireless work for world peace and human rights, has been illegally confined by the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics to the remote city of Gorky, where, on May 21, 1983, he will spend his sixty-second birthday in almost total isolation; and

Whereas even under conditions of isolation and harassment by Soviet authorities, Andrei Sakharov has continued to speak with eloquence and great moral force for the causes of human rights and world peace, for amnesty for all prisoners of conscience, and for full compliance by all signatory states with the provisions of the Helsinki Final Act and the United Nations Universal Declaration of Human Rights: Now, therefore, be it

National Andrei Sakharov Day.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That May 21, 1983, is designated "National Andrei Sakharov Day" and the President of the United States is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe that day with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

SEC. 2. The President of the United States is authorized and requested to call upon all nations of the world to designate May 21, 1983, as "National Andrei Sakharov Day" within their respective nations.

SEC. 3. The President of the United States is authorized and requested to urge the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics to permit Andrei Sakharov and his wife, Elena Bonner, freely to choose their place of residence.

SEC. 4. The President of the United States is authorized and requested to direct the American delegation to the United Nations to introduce a resolution in the General Assembly calling upon that body to designate May 21, 1983, as "International Andrei Sakharov Day", to be observed by the United Nations with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

Approved May 18, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 51:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Apr. 13, considered and passed Senate.
May 17, considered and passed House.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 19, No. 20 (1983):
May 18, Presidential statement.

Public Law 98-31
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

May 20, 1983
[H.J. Res. 219]

Declaring the support of the United States Government for efforts of the United States Soccer Federation to bring the World Cup to the United States in 1986, designating the Secretary of Commerce as the official representative of the United States Government to the Federation Internationale de Football Association, and for other purposes.

Whereas the direct involvement and support of the government of the host country is essential to the successful organization of the World Cup;

Whereas bringing the World Cup to the United States would serve as a tremendous impetus to national and international tourism;

Whereas the United States is already capable of meeting all the requirements imposed on a host country;

Whereas hosting the World Cup would encourage the continued development of professional soccer and ensure the growth of soccer at all levels in the United States;

Whereas soccer is the world's most popular sport; and

Whereas the World Cup is the most popular professional sporting event in the world: Now, therefore, be it

World Cup.
Hosting of soccer event in U.S.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the United States Government declares its support for the efforts of the United States Soccer Federation to bring the World Cup to the United States in 1986, and encourages the Federation Internationale de Football Association to visit the United States and actively consider the United States application to host the World Cup.

SEC. 2. The Secretary of Commerce is designated as the official representative of the United States Government in any discussions with the Federation Internationale de Football Association, with the authority to delegate that responsibility to the Under Secretary of Commerce for Travel and Tourism.

Approved May 20, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY:—H.J. Res. 219 (S.J. Res. 69):

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
May 3, considered and passed House.
May 6, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-32
98th Congress

An Act

To establish the Harry S Truman National Historic Site in the State of Missouri, and for other purposes.

May 23, 1983
[S. 287]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, in order to preserve and interpret for the inspiration and benefit of present and future generations the former home of Harry S Truman, thirty-third President of the United States, the Secretary of the Interior (hereinafter referred to as the "Secretary") is authorized to acquire by donation, purchase with donated or appropriated funds, transfer from another Federal agency, or otherwise, the residence and real property known as 219 North Delaware Street in the city of Independence, Missouri, as passed to Bess Wallace Truman upon the death of her husband. The Secretary may also acquire, by any of the above means, fixtures, and personal property for use in connection with the residence.

Harry S Truman National Historic Site, establishment.

SEC. 2. The property acquired pursuant to subsection (a) is designated as the Harry S Truman National Historic Site and shall be administered by the Secretary in accordance with the provisions of law generally applicable to units of the national park system, including the Act entitled "An Act to establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes", approved August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535; 16 U.S.C. 1-4), and the Act of August 21, 1935 (49 Stat. 666; 16 U.S.C. 461-467). The Secretary is further authorized, in the administration of the site, to make available certain portions thereof for the use of Margaret Truman Daniel subject to reasonable terms and conditions which he may impose.

16 USC 461 note.

SEC. 3. There is authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

Appropriation authorization.

Approved May 23, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 287:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
May 6, considered and passed Senate.
May 10, considered and passed House.

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Public Law 98-33
98th Congress

An Act

May 25, 1983
[S. 957]

To provide for an increase in the number of members of the Congressional Award Board, and for other purposes.

Congressional Award Board, membership.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) subsection (a) of section 4 of the Congressional Award Act (Public Law 96-114; 2 U.S.C. 803(a)) is amended—

(1) by striking out "seventeen" in the matter preceding the colon in paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof "thirty-three";

(2) by striking out "Four" in clauses (A), (B), (C), and (D) of paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof "Eight"; and

(3) by striking out "or the Committee for the Establishment and Promotion of the Congressional Award" in paragraph (2).

(b) Subsection (b) of section 4 of such Act (2 U.S.C. 803(b)) is amended—

(1) by striking out "Appointed" at the beginning of such subsection and inserting in lieu thereof "Except as provided in paragraph (2), appointed";

(2) by inserting at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(2) Individuals appointed to the Board after March 31, 1983, shall serve for terms of two years."; and

(3) by inserting "(1)" after "(b)", and by redesignating paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) as subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C), respectively.

SEC. 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 4 of the Congressional Award Act (2 U.S.C. 803), relating to the terms of individuals appointed to the Congressional Award Board, the sixteen additional members to be appointed to the Board pursuant to the amendments made by the first section of this Act shall be appointed for terms as follows: 2 USC 803 note.

(1) Six members shall be appointed for terms of two years.

(2) Five members shall be appointed for terms of four years.

(3) Five members shall be appointed for terms of six years.

Thereafter such members shall be appointed for terms of two years.

Approved May 25, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 957 (H.R. 2357):

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Mar. 24, considered and passed Senate.
May 9, H.R. 2357 considered and passed House; proceedings vacated and S. 957, amended, passed in lieu.
May 12, Senate concurred in House amendments.

Public Law 98-34
98th Congress

An Act

May 26, 1983
[H.R. 2990]

To increase the permanent public debt limit, and for other purposes.

Public debt limit, increase.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. INCREASE IN PUBLIC DEBT LIMIT.

96 Stat. 938.

(a) GENERAL RULE.—Subsection (b) of section 3101 of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking out "$400,000,000,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$1,389,000,000,000".

Effective date.
31 USC 3101 note.

96 Stat. 1156.

(b) REPEAL OF TEMPORARY INCREASE.—Effective on the date of the enactment of this Act, the first section of the Act of September 30, 1982, entitled "Joint resolution to provide for a temporary increase in the public debt limit" (Public Law 97-270) is hereby repealed.

SEC. 2. INCREASE IN LIMIT ON LONG-TERM BONDS.

96 Stat. 2467.

Subsection (a) of section 3102 of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking out "$110,000,000,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$150,000,000,000".

Approved May 26, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2990:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-121 (Comm. on Ways and Means).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
May 18, considered and passed House.
May 25, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-35
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

To provide for the temporary extension of certain insurance programs relating to housing and community development, and for other purposes.

May 26, 1983
[H.J. Res. 265]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Housing and community development, extension of insurance programs.

EXTENSION OF FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION MORTGAGE INSURANCE PROGRAMS

SECTION 1. (a) Section 2(a) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "May 21, 1983" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1983". 96 Stat. 1230. 12 USC 1703.

(b) Section 217 of such Act is amended by striking out "May 20, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1983". 96 Stat. 1230. 12 USC 1715h.

(c) Section 221(f) of such Act is amended by striking out "May 20, 1983" in the fifth sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1983". 96 Stat. 1230. 12 USC 1715*l*.

(d) Section 235 of such Act is amended— 96 Stat. 1230. 12 USC 1715z.

(1) in subsection (m), by striking out "May 20, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1983"; and

(2) in subsection (q)(1), by striking out "May 20, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1983".

(e) Section 236(n) of such Act is amended by striking out "May 20, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1983". 96 Stat. 1230. 12 USC 1715z-1.

(f) Section 244(d) of such Act is amended— 96 Stat. 1230. 12 USC 1715z-9.

(1) by striking out "May 20, 1983" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1983"; and

(2) by striking out "May 21, 1983" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1983".

(g) Section 245(a) of such Act is amended by striking out "May 20, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1983". 96 Stat. 1230. 12 USC 1715z-10.

(h) Section 809(f) of such Act is amended by striking out "May 20, 1983" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1983". 96 Stat. 1230. 12 USC 1748h-1.

(i) Section 810(k) of such Act is amended by striking out "May 20, 1983" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1983". 96 Stat. 1230. 12 USC 1748h-2.

(j) Section 1002(a) of such Act is amended by striking out "May 20, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1983". 96 Stat. 1230. 12 USC 1749bb.

(k) Section 1101(a) of such Act is amended by striking out "May 20, 1983" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1983". 96 Stat. 1230. 12 USC 1749aaa.

EXTENSION OF FLEXIBLE INTEREST RATE AUTHORITY

SEC. 2. Section 3(a)(1) of the Act entitled "An Act to amend chapter 37 of title 38 of the United States Code with respect to the veterans' home loan program, to amend the National Housing Act with respect to interest rates on insured mortgages, and for other 38 USC 1801 *et seq.*

96 Stat. 1231.

purposes", approved May 7, 1968 (12 U.S.C. 1709-1(1)), is amended by striking out "May 21, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1983".

EXTENSION OF RURAL HOUSING AUTHORITIES

96 Stat. 1231.
42 USC 1485.

SEC. 3. (a) Section 515(b)(5) of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by striking out "May 20, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1983".

96 Stat. 1231.
42 USC 1487.

(b) Section 517(a)(1) of such Act is amended by striking out "May 20, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1983".

96 Stat. 1231.
42 USC 1490c.

(c) Section 523(f) of such Act is amended by striking out "May 20, 1983" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1983".

EXTENSION OF FLOOD, CRIME, AND RIOT INSURANCE PROGRAMS

96 Stat. 1231.
42 USC 4026.

SEC. 4. (a) Section 1319 of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 is amended by striking out "May 20, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1983".

96 Stat. 1231.
42 USC 4056.

(b) Section 1336(a) of such Act is amended by striking out "May 20, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1983".

96 Stat. 1231.
12 USC 1749bbb.

(c) Section 1201(b)(1) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "May 20, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1983".

EXEMPTION OF CERTAIN FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORPORATION SECURITIES FROM SECURITIES REGULATIONS

96 Stat. 1232.
12 USC 1455.

SEC. 5. Section 306 of the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(g) All securities issued or guaranteed by the Corporation (other than securities guaranteed by the Corporation that are backed by mortgages not purchased by the Corporation) shall, to the same extent as securities that are direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States, be deemed to be exempt securities within the meaning of the laws administered by the Securities and Exchange Commission.".

EXTENSION OF EXPERIMENTAL HOUSING ALLOWANCE SUPPLY PROGRAM

12 USC 1701z-3.

SEC. 6. (a) Section 504(b) of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1970 is amended—

(1) by inserting "(1)" after "(b)"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1), the Secretary shall, to the extent approved in appropriation Acts, extend the annual contributions contracts for the experimental housing allowance supply program through September 30, 1989, on the same terms and conditions as the original contracts, for the sole purpose of providing assistance for homeowners participating in such program on June 1, 1983. In extending such contracts, the Secretary

may, to the extent approved in appropriation Acts, use authority available under section 5(c) of the United States Housing Act of 1937.".

42 USC 1437c.

(b) The amendments made by this section shall become effective on October 1, 1983.

Effective date.
12 USC 1701z-3 note.

Approved May 26, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 265:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
May 17, considered and passed House.
May 20, considered and passed Senate, amended.
May 24, House concurred in Senate amendment with an amendment; Senate concurred in House amendment.

Public Law 98-36
98th Congress

An Act

May 27, 1983
[S. 653]

To amend title 10, United States Code, to establish a Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine, and for other purposes.

Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine Act of 1983.
10 USC 171 note.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine Act of 1983".

SEC. 2. (a) Chapter 7 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

10 USC 178.

"§ 178. Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine

"(a) There is authorized to be established a nonprofit corporation to be known as the Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine (hereinafter in this section referred to as the 'Foundation') which shall not for any purpose be an agency or instrumentality of the United States Government. The Foundation shall be subject to the provisions of this section and, to the extent not inconsistent with this section, the Corporations and Associations Articles of the State of Maryland.

"(b) It shall be the purpose of the Foundation (1) to carry out medical research and education projects under cooperative arrangements with the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences, (2) to serve as a focus for the interchange between military and civilian medical personnel, and (3) to encourage the participation of the medical, dental, nursing, veterinary, and other biomedical sciences in the work of the Foundation for the mutual benefit of military and civilian medicine.

Membership.

"(c)(1) The Foundation shall have a Council of Directors (hereinafter in this section referred to as the 'Council') composed of—

"(A) the Chairmen and ranking minority members of the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives (or their designees from the membership of such committees), who shall be ex officio members,

"(B) the Dean of the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences, who shall be an ex officio member, and

"(C) four members appointed by the ex officio members of the Council designated in clauses (A) and (B).

Term of office.

"(2) The term of office of each member of the Council appointed under clause (C) of paragraph (1) shall be four years, except that—

"(A) any person appointed to fill a vacancy occurring before the expiration of the term for which his predecessor was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder of such term; and

"(B) the terms of office of members first taking office shall expire, as designated by the ex officio members of the Council at the time of the appointment, two at the end of two years and two at the end of four years.

"(3) The Council shall elect a chairman from among its members.

"(d)(1) The Foundation shall have an Executive Director who shall be appointed by the Council and shall serve at the pleasure of the Council. The Executive Director shall be responsible for the day-to-day operations of the Foundation and shall have such specific duties and responsibilities as the Council shall prescribe.

"(2) The rate of compensation of the Executive Director shall be fixed by the Council.

"(e) The initial members of the Council shall serve as incorporators and take whatever actions as are necessary to establish under the Corporations and Associations Articles of the State of Maryland the corporation authorized by subsection (a).

"(f) Any vacancy in the Council shall not affect its powers, but shall be filled in the same manner in which the original designation or appointment was made.

"(g) In order to carry out the purposes of this section, the Foundation is authorized to— Contracts.

"(1) enter into contracts with the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences for the purpose of carrying out cooperative enterprises in medical research, medical consultation, and medical education, including contracts for provision of such personnel and services as may be necessary to carry out such cooperative enterprises;

"(2) enter into contracts with public and private organizations for the writing, editing, printing, and publishing of books and other material;

"(3) take such action as may be necessary to obtain patents and licenses for devices and procedures developed by the Foundation and its employees;

"(4) accept, hold, administer, invest, and spend any gift, devise, or bequest of real or personal property made to the Foundation;

"(5) enter into contracts with individuals, public or private organizations, professional societies, and government agencies for the purpose of carrying out the functions of the Foundation;

"(6) enter into such other contracts, leases, cooperative agreements, and other transactions as the Executive Director considers appropriate to conduct the activities of the Foundation; and

"(7) charge such fees for professional services furnished by the Foundation as the Executive Director determines reasonable and appropriate. Fees.

"(h) A person who is a full-time or part-time employee of the Foundation may not be an employee (full-time or part-time) of the Federal Government. Restriction.

"(i) The Council shall transmit to the President annually, and at such other times as the Council considers desirable, a report on the operations, activities, and accomplishments of the Foundation.". Report.

(b) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 7 of such title is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"178. Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine.".

SEC. 3. Section 2113 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(j)(1) The Board also is authorized—

"(A) to enter into contracts with the Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine established under section 178 of this title, or with any other nonprofit entity, for the *Ante*, p. 200.

purpose of carrying out cooperative enterprises in medical research, medical consultation, and medical education;

"(B) subject to paragraph (2), to make available to the Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine, on such terms and conditions as the Board determines appropriate, such space, facilities, equipment, and support services within the University as the Board considers necessary to accomplish cooperative enterprises undertaken by such Foundation and the University;

"(C) subject to paragraph (2), to enter into contracts with the Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine under which the Board may furnish the services of such professional, technical, or clerical personnel as may be necessary to fulfill cooperative enterprises undertaken by such Foundation and the University;

"(D) to accept, hold, administer, invest, and spend any gift, devise, or bequest of personal property made to the University, including any gift, devise, or bequest for the support of an academic chair, teaching, research, or demonstration project;

"(E) subject to paragraph (2), to enter into agreements with the Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine, or with any other nonprofit entity, under which scientists or other personnel of the Foundation or other entity may be utilized by the University for the purpose of enhancing the activities of the University in education, research, and technological applications of knowledge; and

"(F) to accept the voluntary services of guest scholars and other persons.

"(2) The authority of the Board under clauses (B), (C), and (E) of paragraph (1) may be exercised only if—

"(A) before the Board enters into any arrangement under which any space, facility, equipment, or support service is made available under clause (B) of such paragraph, before the Board enters into any contract under clause (C) of such paragraph, or before the Board enters into any agreement under clause (E) of such paragraph, it notifies the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives in writing of the proposed arrangement, contract, or agreement, as the case may be, the terms and conditions thereof, and, in the case of a proposed agreement under clause (E) of paragraph (1), any appointments proposed to be made under the authority of paragraph (4) in connection with the agreement, and

"(B) a period of fifteen days has elapsed following the date on which the notice is received by such committees.

Contracts, restrictions.

"(3) The Board may not enter into any contract with the Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine, or with any other entity, if the contract would obligate the University to make outlays in advance of the enactment of budget authority for such outlays.

"(4) Scientists or other medical personnel utilized by the University under an agreement described in clause (E) of paragraph (1) may be appointed to any position within the University and may be permitted to perform such duties within the University as the Board may approve.

"(5) A person who provides voluntary services under the authority of clause (F) of paragraph (1) shall be considered to be an employee of the Federal Government for the purposes of chapter 81 of title 5, relating to compensation for work-related injuries, and to be an employee of the Federal Government for the purposes of chapter 171 of title 28, relating to tort claims. Such a person who is not otherwise employed by the Federal Government shall not be considered to be a Federal employee for any other purpose by reason of the provision of such services.".

5 USC 8101 *et seq.*

28 USC 2671 *et seq.*

Approved May 27, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 653:

SENATE REPORT No. 98-39 (Comm. on Armed Services).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Mar. 23, considered and passed Senate.
May 9, considered and passed House, amended.
May 12, Senate concurred in House amendments.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 19, No. 21 (1983):
May 27, Presidential statement.

Public Law 98-37
98th Congress

An Act

June 6, 1983
[S. 967]

To amend the Independent Safety Board Act of 1974 to authorize appropriations for fiscal years 1984, 1985, and 1986.

Independent Safety Board Act of 1974, appropriations authorization. 49 USC app. 1907.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 309 of the Independent Safety Board Act of 1974 (49 U.S.C. 1907) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "There are authorized to be appropriated for the purposes of this Act not to exceed $22,600,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, $24,500,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1985, and $26,100,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, such sums to remain available until expended.".

Approved June 6, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 967 (H.R. 1707):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 98-154, Pt. 1 (Comm. on Public Works and Transportation) and Pt. 2 (Comm. on Energy and Commerce), both accompanying H.R. 1707.

SENATE REPORT No. 98-43 (Comm. on Commerce, Science, and Transportation).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):

Apr. 7, considered and passed Senate.

May 23, 24, H.R. 1707 considered and passed House; S. 967 passed in lieu.

Public Law 98-38
98th Congress

An Act

To make certain amendments to sections 4, 13, 14, 15, and 15B of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

June 6, 1983
[H.R. 2681]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Securities Exchange Act of 1934, amendment.

SECTION 1. Section 4 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78d) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsections:

Reimbursement regulations.

"(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in accordance with regulations which the Commission shall prescribe to prevent conflicts of interest, the Commission may accept payment and reimbursement, in cash or in kind, from non-Federal agencies, organizations, and individuals for travel, subsistence, and other necessary expenses incurred by Commission members and employees in attending meetings and conferences concerning the functions or activities of the Commission. Any payment or reimbursement accepted shall be credited to the appropriated funds of the Commission. The amount of travel, subsistence, and other necessary expenses for members and employees paid or reimbursed under this subsection may exceed per diem amounts established in official travel regulations, but the Commission may include in its regulations under this subsection a limitation on such amounts.

"(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, former employers of participants in the Commission's professional fellows programs may pay such participants their actual expenses for relocation to Washington, District of Columbia, to facilitate their participation in such programs, and program participants may accept such payments.".

Filing fee.

SEC. 2. (a) Section 13(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(3) At the time of filing such statement as the Commission may require by rule pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection, the person making the filing shall pay to the Commission a fee of 1/50 of 1 per centum of the value of securities proposed to be purchased. The fee shall be reduced with respect to securities in an amount equal to any fee paid with respect to any securities issued in connection with the proposed transaction under section 6(b) of the Securities Act of 1933, or the fee paid under that section shall be reduced in an amount equal to the fee paid to the Commission in connection with such transaction under this paragraph.".

15 USC 77f.

Filing fees.

(b) Section 14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78n) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(g)(1)(A) At the time of filing such preliminary proxy solicitation material as the Commission may require by rule pursuant to subsection (a) of this section that concerns an acquisition, merger, consolidation, or proposed sale or other disposition of substantially all the

15 USC 80a-51.

assets of a company, the person making such filing, other than a company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, shall pay to the Commission the following fees:

"(i) for preliminary proxy solicitation material involving an acquisition, merger, or consolidation, if there is a proposed payment of cash or transfer of securities or property to shareholders, a fee of 1/50 of 1 per centum of such proposed payment, or of the value of such securities or other property proposed to be transferred; and

"(ii) for preliminary proxy solicitation material involving a proposed sale or other disposition of substantially all of the assets of a company, a fee of 1/50 of 1 per centum of the cash or of the value of any securities or other property proposed to be received upon such sale or disposition.

Reduction of fees.

"(B) The fee imposed under subparagraph (A) shall be reduced with respect to securities in an amount equal to any fee paid to the Commission with respect to such securities in connection with the proposed transaction under section 6(b) of the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77f(b)), or the fee paid under that section shall be reduced in an amount equal to the fee paid to the Commission in connection with such transaction under this subsection. Where two or more companies involved in an acquisition, merger, consolidation, sale, or other disposition of substantially all the assets of a company must file such proxy material with the Commission, each shall pay a proportionate share of such fee.

"(2) At the time of filing such preliminary information statement as the Commission may require by rule pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, the issuer shall pay to the Commission the same fee as required for preliminary proxy solicitation material under paragraph (1) of this subsection.

"(3) At the time of filing such statement as the Commission may require by rule pursuant to subsection (d)(1) of this section, the person making the filing shall pay to the Commission a fee of 1/50 of 1 per centum of the aggregate amount of cash or of the value of securities or other property proposed to be offered. The fee shall be reduced with respect to securities in an amount equal to any fee paid with respect to such securities in connection with the proposed transaction under section 6(b) of the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77f(b)), or the fee paid under that section shall be reduced in an amount equal to the fee paid to the Commission in connection with such transaction under this subsection.

"(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Commission may impose fees, charges, or prices for matters not involving any acquisition, merger, consolidation sale, or other disposition of assets described in this subsection, as authorized by section 9701 of title 31, United States Code, or otherwise.".

96 Stat. 1051.

SEC. 3. (a) Section 15(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78o(b)) is amended—

(1) by striking out paragraph (8) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(8) It shall be unlawful for any broker or dealer required to register pursuant to this title to effect any transaction in, or induce or attempt to induce the purchase or sale of, any security (other than an exempted security or commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, or commercial bills), unless such broker or dealer is a member of a securities association registered pursuant to section

15A of this title or effects transactions in securities solely on a national securities exchange of which it is a member."; and 15 USC 78o-3.

(2) by striking out paragraph (9) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(9) The Commission by rule or order, as it deems consistent with the public interest and the protection of investors, may conditionally or unconditionally exempt from paragraph (8) of this subsection any broker or dealer or class of brokers or dealers specified in such rule or order."

(b) The amendments made by subsection (a) shall become effective six months after the date of enactment of this Act. Effective date. 15 USC 78o note.

SEC. 4. (a) Section 15B(b)(1)(A) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78o-4(b)(1)) is amended by inserting immediately after "securities dealer" the following: "(other than by reason of being under common control with, or indirectly controlling, any broker or dealer which is not a municipal securities broker or municipal securities dealer)".

(b) Section 15B(b)(2)(B) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78o-4(b)(2)(B)) is amended by inserting immediately after "broker, dealer, or municipal securities dealer" the following: "(other than by reason of being under common control with, or indirectly controlling, any broker or dealer which is not a municipal securities broker or municipal securities dealer)".

Approved June 6, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2681:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-106 (Comm. on Energy and Commerce).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
May 17, considered and passed House.
May 25, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-39
98th Congress

June 13, 1983
[H.J. Res. 201]

Joint Resolution

Designating June 14, 1983, as "Baltic Freedom Day".

Whereas the people of the Baltic Republics of Lithuania, Latvia, and Estonia have cherished the principles of religious and political freedom and independence; and

Whereas the Baltic Republics have existed as independent, sovereign nations belonging to and fully recognized by the League of Nations; and

Whereas the people of the Baltic Republics have individual and separate cultures, national traditions, and languages distinctively foreign to those of Russia; and

Whereas the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (U.S.S.R.) in 1940 did illegally seize and occupy the Baltic Republics and by force incorporate them against their national will and contrary to their desire for independence and sovereignty into the U.S.S.R.; and

Whereas the U.S.S.R. since 1940 has systematically removed native Baltic peoples from their homelands by deporting them to Siberia and caused great masses of Russians to relocate in the Republics, thus threatening the Baltic cultures with extinction; and

Whereas the U.S.S.R. has imposed upon the captive people of the Baltic Republics an oppressive political system which has destroyed every vestige of democracy, civil liberties, and religious freedom; and

Whereas the people of Lithuania, Latvia, and Estonia find themselves today subjugated by the U.S.S.R., locked into a union they deplore, denied basic human rights, and persecuted for daring to protest; and

Whereas the United States stands as a champion of liberty, dedicated to the principles of national self-determination, human rights, and religious freedom, and opposed to oppression and imperialism; and

Whereas the United States, as a member of the United Nations, has repeatedly voted with a majority of that international body to uphold the right of other countries of the world, including those in Africa and Asia, to determine their fates and be free of foreign domination; and

Whereas the U.S.S.R. has steadfastly refused to return to the people of the Baltic States the right to exist as independent republics separate and apart from the U.S.S.R. or permit a return of personal, political, and religious freedoms: Now, therefore, be it

Baltic Freedom Day.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Congress of the United States recognizes the continuing desire and the right of the people of Lithuania, Latvia, and Estonia for freedom and independence from the domination of the U.S.S.R. and deplores the refusal of the U.S.S.R. to recognize the sovereignty of the Baltic Republics and to yield to their rightful demands for independence from foreign domination and oppression and that the fourteenth day of June

1983, the anniversary of the mass deportation of Baltic peoples from their homelands in 1941, be designated "Baltic Freedom Day" as a symbol of the solidarity of the American people with the aspirations of the enslaved Baltic people and that the President of the United States be authorized and requested to issue a proclamation for the observance of Baltic Freedom Day with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

Approved June 13, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 201 (S.J. Res. 43):

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Mar. 23, S.J. Res. 43 considered and passed Senate.
June 9, H.J. Res. 201 considered and passed House.
June 10, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-40
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

June 14, 1983
[S.J. Res. 75]

To provide for the designation of June 12 through 18, 1983, as "National Scleroderma Week".

National Scleroderma Week.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, **That the President shall issue a proclamation designating June 12 through June 18, 1983, as "National Scleroderma Week", and calling upon the people of the United States to observe such week with appropriate ceremonies and activities.**

Approved June 14, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 75:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
June 6, considered and passed Senate.
June 9, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-41
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Designating the week beginning June 19, 1983, as "National Children's Liver Disease Awareness Week".

June 20, 1983
[H.J. Res. 234]

Whereas there are more than one hundred different kinds of liver disease identified in children;

Whereas certain children's liver diseases result in cirrhosis causing the deaths of infants and young children;

Whereas there are a million cases of hepatitis in the United States annually, half of which occur in children;

Whereas there have been tremendous strides in the liver transplant program as a result of new therapeutic drugs and improved surgical techniques;

Whereas newborn screening programs, with early recognition and intervention, are now preventing the onset of insidious liver ailments in infants and young children;

Whereas it is essential that childhood liver disorders be eradicated because the future of the United States lies in the hands of our children;

Whereas the key to eradicating all childhood liver disorders is through extensive pediatric liver research; and

Whereas the week beginning June 19, 1983, marks the establishment of the National Children's Liver Disease Awareness Program, a combined effort to bring to the attention of the American people the overwhelming need for pediatric liver disease research, newborn screening programs, and the dismissal of the tremendous financial burden placed on families whose children require long term care and/or liver transplantation: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the week beginning June 19, 1983, is designated "National Children's Liver Disease Awareness Week". The President is requested to issue a proclamation calling upon all Government agencies and people of the United States to observe the week with appropriate programs and activities.

National Children's Liver Disease Awareness Week.

Approved June 20, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 234:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
May 12, considered and passed House.
June 15, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-42
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

June 22, 1983
[S.J. Res. 42]

Designating Alaska Statehood Day, January 3, 1984.

Whereas July 7, 1983, marks the twenty-fifth anniversary of enactment of the Alaska Statehood Act as approved by the United States Congress and signed by President Dwight D. Eisenhower;
Whereas the Alaska Statehood Act authorizes the entry of Alaska into the Union on January 3, 1959;
Whereas the State of Alaska is still growing and developing based on the principles established by the Alaska Statehood Act;
Whereas the Alaska Statehood Act is the foundation of the union between the State of Alaska and the United States of America which has been to the benefit of both parties;
Whereas many commitments between Alaska and the Federal Government are still being fulfilled;
Whereas the State of Alaska is a storehouse of this Nation's natural resources;
Whereas Alaska provides one-eighth of the Nation's gold; one-fifth of the Nation's oil production; and two-fifths of its harvested fish all to the benefit to the Union;
Whereas Alaska possesses ten of the sixteen strategic minerals needed for our Nation's security;
Whereas the Federal Government collects $3 in taxes from Alaska for every $1 it spends there;
Whereas the United States has reaped economic rewards from Alaska many times greater than its original $7,000,000 investment;
Whereas the people of Alaska contribute to the cultural diversity and cultural resources of this Nation; and
Whereas the Alaska Statehood Act authorized Alaska's entry into the United States of America and provided the basis for these benefits shared by Alaska and the Union: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That January 3, 1984, be known as "Alaska Statehood Day" in honor of the silver anniversary of the entry of Alaska into the Union. The President is requested and authorized to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States; and the Federal, State, and local governments to observe "Alaska Statehood Day" with the appropriate ceremonies and recognition.

Alaska Statehood Day.

Approved June 22, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 42:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
May 20, considered and passed Senate.
June 9, considered and passed House.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 19, No. 25 (1983):
June 22, Presidential statement.

Public Law 98-43
98th Congress

An Act

June 27, 1983
[S. 639]

To authorize supplemental assistance to aid Lebanon in rebuilding its economy and armed forces, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Lebanon Emergency Assistance Act of 1983.

SHORT TITLE

SECTION 1. This Act may be cited as the "Lebanon Emergency Assistance Act of 1983".

ECONOMIC SUPPORT FUND

SEC. 2. (a) It is hereby determined that the national interests of the United States would be served by the authorization and appropriation of additional funds for economic assistance for Lebanon in order to promote the economic and political stability of that country and to support the international effort to strengthen a sovereign and independent Lebanon.

Appropriation authorization.
22 USC 2346.

(b) Accordingly, in addition to amounts otherwise authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year 1983 to carry out the provisions of chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, there are authorized to be appropriated $150,000,000 to carry out such provisions with respect to Lebanon.

(c) Amounts authorized by this section may be appropriated in an appropriation Act for any fiscal year (including a continuing resolution) and shall continue to be available beyond that fiscal year notwithstanding any provision of that appropriation Act to the contrary.

MILITARY SALES AND RELATED PROGRAMS

SEC. 3. (a) In order to support the rebuilding of the armed forces of Lebanon, the Congress finds that the national security interests of the United States would be served by the authorization and appropriation of additional funds to provide training for the Lebanese armed forces and by the authorization of additional foreign military sales guaranties to finance procurements by Lebanon of defense articles and defense services for its security requirements.

Appropriation authorization.
22 USC 2347.

(b) In addition to amounts otherwise made available for the fiscal year 1983 to carry out the provisions of chapter 5 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, there are authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year 1983 $1,000,000 to carry out such provisions with respect to Lebanon.

22 USC 2764.

(c) In addition to amounts otherwise made available for the fiscal year 1983 for loan guaranties under section 24(a) of the Arms Export Control Act, $100,000,000 of loan principal are authorized to be so guaranteed during such fiscal year for Lebanon.

UNITED STATES ARMED FORCES IN LEBANON

SEC. 4. (a) The President shall obtain statutory authorization from the Congress with respect to any substantial expansion in the number or role in Lebanon of United States Armed Forces, including any introduction of United States Armed Forces into Lebanon in conjunction with agreements providing for the withdrawal of all foreign troops from Lebanon and for the creation of a new multinational peace-keeping force in Lebanon.

(b) Nothing in this section is intended to modify, limit, or suspend any of the standards and procedures prescribed by the War Powers Resolution of 1973.

50 USC 1541 note.

Approved June 27, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 639 (H.R. 2532):

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-208 accompanying H.R. 2532 (Comm. on Foreign Affairs).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-72 (Comm. on Foreign Relations).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
May 20, considered and passed Senate.
June 1, 2, considered and passed House, amended.
June 15, Senate concurred in House amendment.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 19, No. 26 (1983):
June 27, Presidential statement.

Public Law 98-44
98th Congress

An Act

July 12, 1983
[S. 925]

To make certain technical corrections in the Atlantic Salmon Convention Act of 1982.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Atlantic Salmon Convention Act of 1982, amendment.

TITLE I—MARINE FISHERIES PROGRAMS

SEC. 101. That section 10 of the Atlantic Tunas Convention Act of 1975 (16 U.S.C. 971h) is amended by striking out "and 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "1983, 1984, 1985, and 1986".

SEC. 102. The Atlantic Salmon Convention Act of 1982 (16 U.S.C. 3601 et seq.) is amended—

(1) by inserting "not" immediately after "shall" in the second sentence of section 303(c); and

96 Stat. 1952.
16 USC 3602.

(2) by amending subsection (c) of section 307 to read as follows:

96 Stat. 1953.
16 USC 3606.

"(c) Any vessel used, and any fish (or the fair market value thereof) taken or retained in any manner, in connection with or as the result of the commission of an act which is unlawful under subsection (a) of this section shall be subject to civil forfeiture under section 310 of the Act of 1976 (16 U.S.C. 1860) to the same extent as if such vessel was used in, or such fish was taken or retained in connection with or as the result of, the commission of an act prohibited by section 307 of the Act of 1976 (16 U.S.C. 1857).".

SEC. 103. (a) The Fish and Wildlife Act of 1956 (16 U.S.C. 742a et seq.) is amended—

96 Stat. 1652.
16 USC 742c.

(1) by striking out "September 30, 1983" each place it appears in section 4(c) and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1984"; and

96 Stat. 1652.
16 USC 742f.

(2) by striking out "1982 and 1983." in section 7(c)(6) and inserting in lieu thereof "1982, 1983, and 1984.".

(b) Section 221 of the American Fisheries Promotion Act (16 U.S.C. 742c note) is amended—

(1) by striking out "September 30, 1982" in subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1984";

(2) by amending subsection (b)—

(A) by striking out "fiscal year 1982," in subparagraph (2)(A) and inserting in lieu thereof "each of fiscal years 1982, 1983, and 1984,", and

(B) by striking out "1981 and 1982" in subparagraph (2)(C) and inserting in lieu thereof "1981, 1982, 1983, and 1984"; and

(3) by striking out "fiscal year 1981 or 1982, or both," in subsection (c)(1) and inserting in lieu thereof "any of fiscal years 1981, 1982, 1983, and 1984,".

SEC. 104. Section 1(c)(2) of the Anadromous Fish Conservation Act (16 U.S.C. 757a(c)(2)) is amended: (1) by striking out "shall be 90 percent" and inserting in lieu thereof "shall be up to 90 percent"; and (2) by striking out "resources," and inserting in lieu thereof

96 Stat. 2492.

"resources, prepared by an interstate commission,"; and by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "For purposes of this paragraph, the term 'interstate commission' means—

"Interstate commission."

"(A) the commission established by the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Compact (as consented to and approved by Public Law 80-77), approved May 4, 1942 (56 Stat. 267);

"(B) the commission established by the Pacific Marine Fisheries Compact (as consented to and approved by Public Law 80-232), approved July 24, 1947 (16 Stat. 419); and

61 Stat. 419.

"(C) the commission established by the Gulf States Marine Fisheries Compact (as consented to and approved by Public Law 81-66), approved May 19, 1949 (63 Stat. 70).".

SEC. 105. Section 2 of the Fishery Conservation Zone Transition Act (16 U.S.C. 1823 note) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

96 Stat. 148.

"(c) Notwithstanding such section 203—

16 USC 1823.

"(1) the governing international fishery agreement referred to in subsection (a)(5), as extended until July 1, 1984, pursuant to the Diplomatic Notes referred to in the message to the Congress from the President of the United States dated May 3, 1983, is hereby approved by the Congress as a governing international fishery agreement for the purposes of such Act of 1976;

"(2) the governing international fishery agreement referred to in subsection (a)(6), as extended until July 1, 1984, pursuant to the Diplomatic Notes referred to in the message to the Congress from the President of the United States dated May 3, 1983, is hereby approved by the Congress as a governing international fishery agreement for the purposes of such Act of 1976; and

"(3) the governing international fishery agreement referred to in subsection (a)(4), as contained in the message to the House of Representatives and the Senate from the President of the United States dated May 3, 1983, is hereby approved by the Congress as a governing international fishery agreement for the purposes of such Act of 1976.

Each such governing international fishery agreement shall enter into force and effect with respect to the United States on July 1, 1983.".

TITLE II—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

SEC. 201. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 27 of the Merchant Marine Act of 1920 (46 U.S.C. 883), or any other provision of law to the contrary, the Secretary of the department in which the United States Coast Guard is operating shall cause the vessel Norden (official number 584767) to be documented as a vessel of the United States, upon compliance with the usual requirements, with the privilege of engaging in the coastwise trade so long as such vessel is owned by a citizen of the United States.

Vessel documentation.
96 Stat. 1954, 1956.

SEC. 202. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a corporation which, as of March 1, 1983, is a citizen of the United States within the meaning of section 2 of the Shipping Act of 1916, as amended (46 U.S.C. 802), shall continue to be deemed a citizen of the United States within the meaning of said section and shall continue to be deemed an owner whose vessels are eligible for documentation under section 104 of the Vessel Documentation Act (46 U.S.C. 65b) notwithstanding the election and service of a resident alien as its president or chief executive officer: *Provided,* That such resident

alien has, pursuant to the provisions of section 334(f) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1445(f)), filed with the Immigration and Naturalization Service of the United States Department of Justice, prior to July 1, 1983, an application to file declaration of intention to become a citizen of the United States.

(b) Any rights conferred by subsection (a) shall expire unless such resident alien has become a naturalized citizen by March 1, 1987.

Approved July 12, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 925:

SENATE REPORT No. 98-78 (Comm. on Commerce, Science, and Transportation).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
June 29, considered and passed Senate and House.

Public Law 98-45
98th Congress

An Act

Making appropriations for the Department of Housing and Urban Development, and for sundry independent agencies, boards, commissions, corporations, and offices for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for other purposes.

July 12, 1983
[H.R. 3133]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of Housing and Urban Development, and for sundry independent agencies, boards, commissions, corporations, and offices for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for other purposes, namely:

Department of Housing and Urban Development-Independent Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984.

TITLE I

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

HOUSING PROGRAMS

ANNUAL CONTRIBUTIONS FOR ASSISTED HOUSING

The amount of contracts for annual contributions, not otherwise provided for, as authorized by section 5 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1437c), and heretofore approved in appropriation Acts, is increased by $636,336,000: *Provided,* That the budget authority obligated under such contracts shall be increased above amounts heretofore provided in appropriation Acts by $9,912,928,000: *Provided further,* That of the budget authority provided herein, $389,550,000 shall be for assistance in financing the development or acquisition cost of public housing for Indian families, $1,550,000,000 shall be for the modernization of existing public housing projects pursuant to section 14 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1437l), of which $35,000,000 shall be for the modernization of 1,000 vacant uninhabitable public housing units, pursuant to section 14 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended, other than section 14(f) of such Act, and, $1,500,000,000 shall be deferred and shall not become available until January 1, 1984: *Provided further,* That the first $1,926,400,000 of budget authority recaptured and becoming available for obligation in fiscal year 1984 shall only be made available for assistance to projects developed for the elderly or handicapped under section 202 of the Housing Act of 1959, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1701q): *Provided further,* That any balances of authorities made available prior to the enactment of this Act which are or become available for obligation in fiscal year 1984, shall be added to and merged with the authority approved herein, and such merged amounts shall be made subject only to terms and conditions of law applicable to authorizations becoming available in fiscal year 1984: *Provided further,* That none of the merged amounts available for obligation in 1984 shall be subject to the provisions of section 5(c) (2) and (3) and the fourth

42 USC 1437l.

sentence of section 5(c)(1) of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1437c), and section 213(d) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1439).

RENT SUPPLEMENT

(RESCISSION)

The limitation otherwise applicable to the maximum payments that may be required in any fiscal year by all contracts entered into under section 101 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1965 (12 U.S.C. 1701s) is reduced in fiscal year 1984 by not more than $93,326,000 in uncommitted balances of authorizations provided for this purpose in appropriation Acts.

RENTAL HOUSING ASSISTANCE

(RESCISSION)

The limitation otherwise applicable to the maximum payments that may be required in any fiscal year by all contracts entered into under section 236 of the National Housing Act (12 U.S.C. 1715z-1) is reduced in fiscal year 1984 by not more than $13,320,000 in uncommitted balances of authorizations provided for this purpose in appropriation Acts.

HOUSING PAYMENTS

For the payment of annual contributions, not otherwise provided for, in accordance with section 5 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1437c); for payments authorized by title IV of the Housing Act of 1950, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1749 et seq.); for rent supplement payments authorized by section 101 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1965, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1701s); and for payments as authorized by sections 235 and 236 of the National Housing Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1715z, 1715z-1), $10,697,000,000.

HOUSING FOR THE ELDERLY OR HANDICAPPED FUND

In 1984, $666,400,000 of direct loan obligations may be made under section 202 of the Housing Act of 1959, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1701q), utilizing the resources of the fund authorized by subsection (a)(4) of such section, in accordance with paragraph (C) of such subsection: *Provided,* That such commitments shall be available only to qualified nonprofit sponsors for the purpose of providing 100 per centum loans for the development of housing for the elderly or handicapped, with any cash equity or other financial commitments imposed as a condition of loan approval to be returned to the sponsor if sustaining occupancy is achieved in a reasonable period of time: *Provided further,* That the full amount shall be available for permanent financing (including construction financing) for housing projects for the elderly or handicapped: *Provided further,* That the Secretary may borrow from the Secretary of the Treasury in such amounts as are necessary to provide the loans authorized herein: *Provided further,* That, notwithstanding any other provision of law, the receipts and disbursements of the aforesaid fund shall be included in the totals of the Budget of the United States Government.

PAYMENTS FOR OPERATION OF LOW-INCOME HOUSING PROJECTS

For payments to public housing agencies for operating subsidies for low-income housing projects as authorized by section 9 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1437g), $1,362,200,000.

HOUSING COUNSELING ASSISTANCE

For contracts, grants, and other assistance, not otherwise provided for, for providing counseling and advice to tenants and homeowners—both current and prospective—with respect to property maintenance, financial management, and such other matters as may be appropriate to assist them in improving their housing conditions and meeting the responsibilities of tenancy or homeownership, including provisions for training and for support of voluntary agencies and services as authorized by section 106(a)(1)(iii) and section 106(a)(2) of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968, as amended, $3,500,000. 12 USC 1701x.

TROUBLED PROJECTS OPERATING SUBSIDY

For assistance payments to owners of eligible multifamily housing projects insured, or formerly insured, under the National Housing Act, as amended, in the program of operating subsidies for troubled multifamily housing projects under the Housing and Community Development Amendments of 1978, all unobligated balances of excess rental charges and any collections after September 30, 1983, to remain available until September 30, 1985: *Provided*, That assistance payments to an owner of a multifamily housing project assisted, but not insured, under the National Housing Act may be made if the project owner and the mortgagee have provided or agreed to provide assistance to the project in a manner as determined by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development. 12 USC 1701. 42 USC 5301 note.

FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION FUND

For payment to cover losses, not otherwise provided for, sustained by the Special Risk Insurance Fund and General Insurance Fund as authorized by the National Housing Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1715z-3(b) and 1735c(f)), $252,974,000, to remain available until expended.

During 1984, within the resources available, gross obligations for direct loans are authorized in such amounts as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of the National Housing Act, as amended.

During 1984, additional commitments to guarantee loans to carry out the purposes of the National Housing Act, as amended, shall not exceed $50,900,000,000 of loan principal.

During fiscal year 1984, gross obligations for direct loans of not to exceed $56,390,000 are authorized for payments under section 230(a) of the National Housing Act, as amended, from the insurance fund chargeable for benefits on the mortgage covering the property to which the payments made relate, and payments in connection with such obligations are hereby approved. 12 USC 1715u.

Any fee charged in accordance with a contract by a contractor to recover indebtedness owed to the United States may be payable from the amount collected by such contractor, up to such amount as

may be owed such contractor, in accordance with section 13(b) of the Debt Collection Act of 1982 (Public Law 97-365).

96 Stat. 1757.

NONPROFIT SPONSOR ASSISTANCE

During 1984, within the resources and authority available, gross obligations for the principal amounts of direct loans shall not exceed $2,632,000.

GOVERNMENT NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION

PAYMENT OF PARTICIPATION SALES INSUFFICIENCIES

For the payment of such insufficiences as may be required by the Government National Mortgage Association, as trustee, on account of outstanding beneficial interests or participations in assets of the Department of Housing and Urban Development (including the Government National Mortgage Association) authorized by the Independent Offices and Department of Housing and Urban Development Appropriation Act, 1968, to be issued pursuant to section 302(c) of the Federal National Mortgage Association Charter Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1717), $1,997,000.

81 Stat. 341.

GUARANTEES OF MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES

During 1984, new commitments to issue guarantees to carry out the purposes of section 306 of the National Housing Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1721g), shall not exceed $68,250,000,000 of loan principal.

12 USC 1721.

SOLAR ENERGY AND ENERGY CONSERVATION BANK

ASSISTANCE FOR SOLAR AND CONSERVATION IMPROVEMENTS

For financial assistance and other expenses, not otherwise provided for, to carry out the provisions of the Solar Energy and Energy Conservation Bank Act of 1980 (12 U.S.C. 3601), $25,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1985.

COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT GRANTS

For grants to States and units of general local government and for related expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for carrying out a community development grant program as authorized by title I of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended (42 U.S.C. 5301), $3,468,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1986: *Provided,* That not to exceed 20 per centum of any grant made with funds appropriated herein shall be expended for "Planning and Management Development" and "Administration" as defined in regulations promulgated by the Department of Housing and Urban Development: *Provided further,* That any unit of general local government which was classified as a metropolitan city in fiscal year 1983 pursuant to section 102(a)(4) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended, shall continue to be classified as a metropolitan city for purposes of the allocation of funds provided herein for fiscal year 1984.

96 Stat. 1231.
42 USC 5302.

During 1984, total commitments to guarantee loans, as authorized by section 108 of the aforementioned Act, shall not exceed $225,000,000 of contingent liability for loan principal. 42 USC 5308.

URBAN DEVELOPMENT ACTION GRANTS

For grants to carry out urban development action grant programs authorized in section 119 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended (42 U.S.C. 5301), pursuant to section 103 of that Act, $440,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1987. 42 USC 5318.

REHABILITATION LOAN FUND

During 1984, collections, unexpended balances of prior appropriations (including any recoveries of prior reservations) and any other amounts in the revolving fund established pursuant to section 312 of the Housing Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1452b), after September 30, 1983, are available for commitments for loans and operating costs and the capitalization of delinquent interest on delinquent or defaulted loans.

URBAN HOMESTEADING

For reimbursement to the Federal Housing Administration Fund for losses incurred under the urban homesteading program (12 U.S.C. 1706e), and for reimbursement to the Administrator of Veterans Affairs and the Secretary of Agriculture for properties conveyed by the Administrator of Veterans Affairs and the Secretary of Agriculture, respectively, for use in connection with an urban homesteading program approved by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development pursuant to section 810 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended, $12,000,000, to remain available until expended. 12 USC 1706e.

NEW COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

NEW COMMUNITIES FUND

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The Secretary shall transfer all assets and liabilities of the fund established pursuant to section 717 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1970, as amended (42 U.S.C. 4518), to the Revolving fund (liquidating programs) established pursuant to title II of the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1955, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1701g-5). 12 USC 1701g-5a.

POLICY DEVELOPMENT AND RESEARCH

RESEARCH AND TECHNOLOGY

For contracts, grants, and necessary expenses of programs of research and studies relating to housing and urban problems, not otherwise provided for, as authorized by title V of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1970, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1701z-1 et seq.), including carrying out the functions of the Secretary under section 1(a)(1)(i) of Reorganization Plan No. 2 of 1968, $19,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1985: *Provided*, That 5 USC app.

$4,000,000 of the foregoing amount is to be made available solely for a study of the costs of bringing the existing public housing stock into conformance with property and energy conservation standards established by the Secretary.

Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity

FAIR HOUSING ASSISTANCE

42 USC 3601.

For contracts, grants, and other assistance, not otherwise provided for, as authorized by title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968, as amended, $4,700,000, to remain available until September 30, 1985.

Management and Administration

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For necessary administrative and nonadministrative expenses of the Department of Housing and Urban Development, not otherwise provided for, including not to exceed $3,000 for official reception and representation expenses, $572,064,000, of which $271,114,000 shall be provided from the various funds of the Federal Housing Administration.

TITLE II

INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

American Battle Monuments Commission

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, of the American Battle Monuments Commission, including the acquisition of land or interest in land in foreign countries; purchases and repair of uniforms for caretakers of national cemeteries and monuments outside of the United States and its territories and possessions; rent of office and garage space in foreign countries; purchase (one for replacement only) and hire of passenger motor vehicles; and insurance of official motor vehicles in foreign countries when required by law of such countries; $10,462,000: *Provided,* That where station allowance has been authorized by the Department of the Army for officers of the Army serving the Army at certain foreign stations, the same allowance shall be authorized for officers of the Armed Forces assigned to the Commission while serving at the same foreign stations, and this appropriation is hereby made available for the payment of such allowance: *Provided further,* That when traveling on business of the Commission, officers of the Armed Forces serving as members or as Secretary of the Commission may be reimbursed for expenses as provided for civilian members of the Commission: *Provided further,* That the Commission shall reimburse other Government agencies, including the Armed Forces, for salary, pay, and allowances of personnel assigned to it.

36 USC 121b.

36 USC 122.

36 USC 122a.

CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Consumer Product Safety Commission, including hire of passenger motor vehicles, services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, but at rates for individuals not to exceed the per diem rate equivalent to the rate for GS–18, and not to exceed $500 for official reception and representation expenses, $35,000,000: *Provided,* That funds provided by this appropriation for laboratories shall be available only for the acquisition or conversion of existing laboratories.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—CIVIL

CEMETERIAL EXPENSES, ARMY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses, as authorized by law, for maintenance, operation, and improvement of Arlington National Cemetery and Soldiers' Home National Cemetery, including the purchase of one passenger motor vehicle for replacement only, $8,203,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That reimbursement shall be made to the applicable military appropriation for the pay and allowances of any military personnel performing services primarily for the purposes of this appropriation.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, including hire of passenger motor vehicles; hire, maintenance, and operation of aircraft; uniforms, or allowances therefor, as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 5901–5902; services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, but at rates for individuals not to exceed the per diem rate equivalent to the rate for GS–18; purchase of reprints; library memberships in societies or associations which issue publications to members only or at a price to members lower than to subscribers who are not members; and not to exceed $3,000 for official reception and representation expenses; $574,900,000: *Provided,* That none of these funds may be expended for purposes of Resource Conservation and Recovery Panels established under section 2003 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 6913).

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

For research and development activities, $142,700,000, to remain available until September 30, 1985.

ABATEMENT, CONTROL, AND COMPLIANCE

For abatement, control, and compliance activities, $393,900,000, to remain available until September 30, 1985: *Provided,* That none of these funds may be expended for purposes of Resource Conservation and Recovery Panels established under section 2003 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 6913), or for

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42 USC 6941. 42 USC 6948, 6949.

support to State, regional, local and interstate agencies in accordance with subtitle D of the Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended, other than section 4008(a)(2) or 4009.

42 USC 7401 note.

None of the funds provided in this Act may be obligated or expended to impose sanctions under the Clean Air Act with respect to any area for failure to attain any national ambient air quality standard established under section 109 of such Act (42 U.S.C. 7409) by the applicable dates set forth in section 172(a) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 7502(a)).

BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

For construction, repair, improvement, extension, alteration, and purchase of fixed equipment for facilities of, or use by, the Environmental Protection Agency, $2,600,000, to remain available until expended.

PAYMENT TO THE HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE RESPONSE TRUST FUND

For payment to the Hazardous Substance Response Trust Fund as authorized by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.), $44,000,000.

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE RESPONSE TRUST FUND

42 USC 9601 note.

For necessary expenses to carry out the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, including sections 111 (c)(3), (c)(5), (c)(6), and (e)(4) (42 U.S.C. 9611), $410,000,000, to be derived from the Hazardous Substance Response Trust Fund, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That not to exceed $64,000,000 shall be available for administrative expenses. Funds appropriated under this account may be allocated to other Federal agencies in accordance with section 111(a) of Public Law 96-510: *Provided further,* That for performance of specific activities in accordance with section 104(i) of Public Law 96-510, the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, $5,000,000 shall be made available to the Department of Health and Human Services on October 1, 1983, to be derived by transfer from the Hazardous Substance Response Trust Fund.

42 USC 9611.

42 USC 9604.

CONSTRUCTION GRANTS

33 USC 1281. 33 USC 1281, 1286, 1288, 1289.

For necessary expenses to carry out title II of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended, other than sections 201(m) (1)-(3), 201(n)(2), 206, 208, and 209, $2,400,000,000, to remain available until expended, and for projects under section 201(n)(2), subject to the approval of the Committees on Appropriations, $30,000,000, to remain available until expended.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

COUNCIL ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY AND OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

For necessary expenses of the Council on Environmental Quality and the Office of Environmental Quality, in carrying out their functions under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969

(Public Law 91-190), the Environmental Quality Improvement Act of 1970 (Public Law 91-224), and Reorganization Plan No. 1 of 1977, including not to exceed $500 for official reception and representation expenses, and hire of passenger motor vehicles, $700,000. 42 USC 4321 note. 42 USC 4371 note, 5 USC app.

OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY

For necessary expenses of the Office of Science and Technology Policy, in carrying out the purposes of the National Science and Technology Policy, Organization, and Priorities Act of 1976 (42 U.S.C. 6601 and 6671), hire of passenger motor vehicles, services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, not to exceed $1,500 for official reception and representation expenses, and rental of conference rooms in the District of Columbia, $1,950,000.

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, including hire of passenger motor vehicles; uniforms, or allowances therefor, as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 5901-5902; services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, but at rates for individuals not to exceed the per diem rate equivalent to the rate for GS-18; expenses of attendance of cooperating officials and individuals at meetings concerned with the work of emergency preparedness; transportation in connection with the continuity of government program to the same extent and in the same manner as permitted the Secretary of a Military Department under 10 U.S.C. 2632; and not to exceed $500 for official reception and representation expenses, $121,110,000.

STATE AND LOCAL ASSISTANCE

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, to carry out activities under the Federal Civil Defense Act of 1950, as amended (50 U.S.C. App. 2251 et seq.), the Disaster Relief Act of 1974, as amended (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.), the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended, the Earthquake Hazards Reduction Act of 1977 (42 U.S.C. 7701 et seq.), and the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973 (42 U.S.C. 4001 et seq.), $169,176,000: *Provided,* That of this amount $4,778,000 for expenses under section 1362 of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended (42 U.S.C. 4103, 4127), shall be available until September 30, 1985. 42 USC 4001 note.

EMERGENCY PLANNING AND ASSISTANCE

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, to carry out activities under the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended, and the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973 (42 U.S.C. 4001 et seq.), the Urban Property Protection and Reinsurance Act of 1968, as amended, and the National Insurance Development Act of 1975 (12 U.S.C. 1749bbb et seq.), the Disaster Relief Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.), the Earthquake Hazards Reduction Act of 1977 (42 U.S.C. 7701 et seq.), the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974, as amended (15 U.S.C. 2201 et seq.), the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act (50 U.S.C. 98 et seq.), the Federal Civil Defense Act of 1950, as amended (50 U.S.C. App. 2251 et seq.), 12 USC 1701 note.

the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended (50 U.S.C. App. 2061 et seq.), section 103 of the National Security Act (50 U.S.C. 404), and Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1978, $146,308,000.

5 USC app.

NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE FUND

For repayment under notes issued by the Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency to the Secretary of the Treasury pursuant to section 15(e) of the Federal Flood Insurance Act of 1956, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2414(e)), $37,521,000. In fiscal year 1984, not to exceed (1) $36,141,000 for operating expenses, (2) $74,095,000 for agents' commissions and taxes, and (3) $6,907,000 for interest on Treasury borrowings shall be available from the National Flood Insurance Fund without the approval of the Committees on Appropriations.

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

CONSUMER INFORMATION CENTER

For necessary expenses of the Consumer Information Center, including services authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, $1,349,000, to be deposited into the Consumer Information Center Fund: *Provided,* That the revenues and collections deposited into the fund shall be available for necessary expenses, other than administrative expenses, of Consumer Information Center activities in the aggregate amount of $6,500,000. Administrative expenses of the Consumer Information Center in fiscal year 1984 shall not exceed $1,449,000. Revenues and collections accruing to this fund during fiscal year 1984 in excess of $7,949,000 shall remain in the fund and shall not be available for expenditure except as authorized in appropriation Acts.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

OFFICE OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS

For necessary expenses of the Office of Consumer Affairs, including services authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, $2,011,000.

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, including research, development, operations, services, minor construction, maintenance, repair, rehabilitation and modification of real and personal property; purchase, hire, maintenance, and operation of other than administrative aircraft, necessary for the conduct and support of aeronautical and space research and development activities of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration; including not to exceed (1) $427,400,000 for space transportation capability development; (2) $14,000,000 for a space station; (3) $165,600,000 for space telescope development; (4) $17,000,000 for Numerical Aerodynamic Simulation; without the approval of the Committees on Appropriations; $2,011,900,000, to remain available until September 30, 1985.

SPACE FLIGHT, CONTROL AND DATA COMMUNICATIONS

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for; in support of space flight, spacecraft control and communications activities of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, including operations, production, services, minor construction, maintenance, repair, rehabilitation, and modification of real and personal property; tracking and data relay satellite services as authorized by law; purchase, hire, maintenance and operation of other than administrative aircraft; and including not to exceed (1) $1,500,000,000 for space shuttle production and capability development; (2) $1,570,600,000 for space transportation operations; (3) $50,000,000 for expendable launch vehicles; and (4) not more nor less than $44,000,000 shall be obligated for space communications operations and maintenance and support associated with the tracking and data relay satellite system, excluding amounts to be obligated for award fees earned on the contract; without the approval of the Committees on Appropriations; $3,791,600,000, to remain available until September 30, 1985: *Provided,* That up to 5 per centum of the amount appropriated for "Research and Development" or "Space Flight, Control and Data Communications" may be transferred between such accounts with the approval of the Committees on Appropriations.

CONSTRUCTION OF FACILITIES

For construction, repair, rehabilitation and modification of facilities, minor construction of new facilities and additions to existing facilities, and for facility planning and design not otherwise provided, for the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, and for the acquisition or condemnation of real property, as authorized by law, $135,500,000, to remain available until September 30, 1986: *Provided,* That, notwithstanding the limitation on the availability of funds appropriated under this heading by this appropriation Act, when any activity has been initiated by the incurrence of obligations therefor, the amount available for such activity shall remain available until expended, except that this provision shall not apply to the amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization for repair, rehabilitation and modification of facilities, minor construction of new facilities and additions to existing facilities, and facility planning and design: *Provided further,* That no amount appropriated pursuant to this or any other Act may be used for the lease or construction of a new contractor-funded facility for exclusive use in support of a contract or contracts with the National Aeronautics and Space Administration under which the Administration would be required to substantially amortize through payment or reimbursement such contractor investment, unless an appropriation Act specifies the lease or contract pursuant to which such facilities are to be constructed or leased or such facility is otherwise identified in such Act: *Provided further,* That the Administrator may authorize such facility lease or construction, with the approval of the Committees on Appropriations if he determines that deferral of such action until the enactment of the next appropriation Act would be inconsistent with the interest of the Nation in aeronautical and space activities.

RESEARCH AND PROGRAM MANAGEMENT

For necessary expenses of research in government laboratories, management of programs and other activities of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, not otherwise provided for, including uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901-5902); awards; lease, hire, maintenance and operation of administrative aircraft; purchase (not to exceed twenty-seven for replacement only) and hire of passenger motor vehicles; and maintenance and repair of real and personal property, and not in excess of $75,000 per project for construction of new facilities and additions to existing facilities, repairs, and rehabilitation and modification of facilities; $1,238,500,000: *Provided,* That contracts may be entered into under this appropriation for maintenance and operation of facilities, and for other services, to be provided during the next fiscal year: *Provided further,* That not to exceed $35,000 of the foregoing amount shall be available for scientific consultations or extraordinary expense, to be expended upon the approval or authority of the Administrator and his determination shall be final and conclusive.

NATIONAL CREDIT UNION ADMINISTRATION

CENTRAL LIQUIDITY FACILITY

The amount which may be borrowed, from the public or any other source except the Secretary of the Treasury, by the Central Liquidity Facility as authorized by the National Credit Union Central Liquidity Facility Act (12 U.S.C. 1795), shall not exceed $600,000,000: *Provided,* That administrative expenses of the Central Liquidity Facility in fiscal year 1984 shall not exceed $850,000.

NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION

RESEARCH AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

For necessary expenses in carrying out the purposes of the National Science Foundation Act of 1950, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1861-1875), title IX of the National Defense Education Act of 1958 (42 U.S.C. 1876-1879), and the Act to establish a National Medal of Science (42 U.S.C. 1880-1881); services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; maintenance and operation of aircraft and purchase of flight services for research support; hire of passenger motor vehicles; not to exceed $2,500 for official reception and representation expenses; not to exceed $65,000,000 for program development and management in fiscal year 1984; uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901-5902); rental of conference rooms in the District of Columbia; and reimbursement of the General Services Administration for security guard services, $1,140,300,000, to remain available until September 30, 1985: *Provided,* That receipts for scientific support services and materials furnished by the National Research Centers and other National Science Foundation supported research facilities may be credited to this appropriation: *Provided further,* That to the extent that the amount appropriated is less than the total amount authorized to be appropriated for included program activities, all amounts, including floors and ceilings, specified in the authorizing Act for those program activities or their subactivities shall be reduced proportionally.

UNITED STATES ANTARCTIC PROGRAM ACTIVITIES

For necessary expenses in carrying out the research and operational support for the U.S. Antarctic Program pursuant to the National Science Foundation Act of 1950, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1861–1875); maintenance and operation of aircraft and purchase of flight services for research and operations support; maintenance and operation of research ships and charter or lease of ships for research and operations support; hire of passenger motor vehicles; not to exceed $1,000 for official reception and representation expenses; $102,100,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That receipts for support services and materials provided to individuals for non-Federal activities may be credited to this appropriation: *Provided further,* That no funds in this account shall be used for the purchase of aircraft.

SCIENCE EDUCATION ACTIVITIES

For necessary expenses in carrying out science education programs and activities pursuant to the purposes of the National Science Foundation Act of 1950, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1861–1875), including award of graduate fellowships, services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, and rental of conference rooms in the District of Columbia, $75,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1985: *Provided,* That to the extent that the amount of this appropriation is less than the total amount authorized to be appropriated for included program activities, all amounts, including floors and ceilings, specified in the authorizing Act for those program activities or their subactivities shall be reduced proportionally: *Provided further,* That no less than $34,000,000 shall be made available for merit based instructional materials development, evaluation and demonstration activities: *Provided further,* That up to $5,000,000 may be transferred from funds provided under this head to and merged with funds made available under "Research and related activities" for the purpose of conducting research on teaching and learning.

SCIENTIFIC ACTIVITIES OVERSEAS (SPECIAL FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM)

For payments in foreign currencies which the Treasury Department determines to be excess to the normal requirements of the United States, for scientific activities, as authorized by law, $2,900,000, to remain available until September 30, 1985: *Provided,* That this appropriation shall be available in addition to other appropriations to the National Science Foundation, for payments in the foregoing currencies.

NEIGHBORHOOD REINVESTMENT CORPORATION

PAYMENT TO THE NEIGHBORHOOD REINVESTMENT CORPORATION

For payment to the Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation for use in neighborhood reinvestment activities, as authorized by the Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation Act (42 U.S.C. 8101–8107), $15,512,000: *Provided,* That none of the funds made available under this heading shall be used for the capital costs of a demonstration program with mutual housing associations.

SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Selective Service System, including expenses of attendance at meetings and of training for uniformed personnel assigned to the Selective Service System, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 4101–4118) for civilian employees; and not to exceed $1,000 for official reception and representation expenses; $24,500,000: *Provided*, That during the current fiscal year, the President may exempt this appropriation from the provisions of 31 U.S.C. 1341, whenever he deems such action to be necessary in the interest of national defense: *Provided further*, That none of the funds appropriated by this Act may be expended for or in connection with the induction of any person into the Armed Forces of the United States.

96 Stat. 923.

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

PAYMENTS TO STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT FISCAL ASSISTANCE TRUST FUND

For payments to the State and Local Government Fiscal Assistance Trust Fund, $4,566,700,000.

OFFICE OF REVENUE SHARING, SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Office of Revenue Sharing, including hire of passenger motor vehicles, $7,278,000.

VETERANS ADMINISTRATION

COMPENSATION AND PENSIONS

For the payment of compensation, pensions, gratuities, and allowances, including burial awards, plot allowances, burial flags, headstones and grave markers, emergency and other officers' retirement pay, adjusted-service credits and certificates, and other benefits as authorized by law; and for payment of premiums due on commercial life insurance policies guaranteed under the provisions of article IV of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Civil Relief Act of 1940, as amended, $13,842,000,000, to remain available until expended.

50 USC app. 540.

READJUSTMENT BENEFITS

For the payment of readjustment and rehabilitation benefits to or on behalf of veterans as authorized by law (38 U.S.C. chapters 21, 31, 34–36, 39, 51, 53, 55, and 61), $1,371,000,000, to remain available until expended.

38 USC 801 *et seq.*, 1500 *et seq.*, 1651–1770 *et seq.*, 1901 *et seq.*, 3001 *et seq.*, 3101 *et seq.*, 3201 *et seq.*, 3501 *et seq.*

VETERANS INSURANCE AND INDEMNITIES

For military and naval insurance, national service life insurance, servicemen's indemnities, and service-disabled veterans insurance, as authorized by law (38 U.S.C. chapter 19; 70 Stat. 887; 72 Stat. 487), $7,400,000, to remain available until expended.

38 USC 701 *et seq.*

MEDICAL CARE

For necessary expenses for the maintenance and operation of hospitals, nursing homes, and domiciliary facilities; for furnishing, as authorized by law, inpatient and outpatient care and treatment to beneficiaries of the Veterans Administration, including care and treatment in facilities not under the jurisdiction of the Veterans Administration, and furnishing recreational facilities, supplies and equipment; funeral, burial and other expenses incidental thereto for beneficiaries receiving care in Veterans Administration facilities; repairing, altering, improving or providing facilities in the several hospitals and homes under the jurisdiction of the Veterans Administration, not otherwise provided for, either by contract or by the hire of temporary employees and purchase of materials; uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901–5902); aid to State homes as authorized by law (38 U.S.C. 641); and not to exceed $2,000,000 to fund cost comparison studies as referred to in 38 U.S.C. 5010(a)(5); $8,070,726,000, plus reimbursements.

MEDICAL AND PROSTHETIC RESEARCH

For necessary expenses in carrying out programs of medical and prosthetic research and development, as authorized by law, to remain available until September 30, 1985, $162,325,000, plus reimbursements.

MEDICAL ADMINISTRATION AND MISCELLANEOUS OPERATING EXPENSES

For necessary expenses in the administration of the medical, hospital, nursing home, domiciliary, construction and supply, research, employee education and training activities, as authorized by law, $66,552,000, plus reimbursements.

GENERAL OPERATING EXPENSES

For necessary operating expenses of the Veterans Administration, not otherwise provided for, including uniforms or allowances therefore, as authorized by law; not to exceed $3,000 for official reception and representation expenses; cemeterial expenses as authorized by law; purchase of five passenger motor vehicles, for use in cemeterial operations, and hire of passenger motor vehicles; and reimbursement of the General Services Administration for security guard services, and the Department of Defense for the cost of overseas employee mail, $712,088,000.

CONSTRUCTION, MAJOR PROJECTS

For constructing, altering, extending and improving any of the facilities under the jurisdiction or for the use of the Veterans Administration, or for any of the purposes set forth in sections 1004, 1006, 5002, 5003, 5006, 5008, 5009, and 5010 of title 38, United States Code, including planning, architectural and engineering services, and site acquisition, where the estimated cost of a project is $2,000,000 or more or where funds for a project were made available in a previous major project appropriation, $345,692,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That, except for advance planning of projects funded through the advance planning fund, none of these funds shall be used for any project which has not been

considered and approved by the Congress in the budgetary process: *Provided further,* That $15,000,000 of the advance planning funds provided in this Act for medical projects shall only be available for the advance planning of those projects proposed in fiscal year 1983 and prior years: *Provided further,* That funds provided in the appropriation "Construction, Major Projects" for fiscal year 1984, for each approved project shall be obligated (1) by the awarding of a working drawings contract by September 30, 1984 and (2) by the awarding of a construction contract by September 30, 1985: *Provided further,* That the Administrator shall promptly report in writing to the Comptroller General and to the Committees on Appropriations any approved major construction project in which obligations are not incurred within the time limitations established above; and the Comptroller General shall review the report in accordance with the procedures established by section 1015 of the Impoundment Control Act of 1974 (title X of Public Law 93-344): *Provided further,* That no funds from any other account may be obligated for constructing, altering, extending, or improving a project which was approved in the budget process and funded in this account until one year after final acceptance of the project by the Veterans Administration.

Report to Committees on Appropriations and Comptroller General. Review.

2 USC 686.

CONSTRUCTION, MINOR PROJECTS

For constructing, altering, extending, and improving any of the facilities under the jurisdiction or for the use of the Veterans Administration, including planning, architectural and engineering services, and site acquistion, or for any of the purposes set forth in sections 1004, 1006, 5002, 5006, 5008, 5009, and 5010 of title 38, United States Code, where the estimated cost of a project is less than $2,000,000, $185,378,000, to remain available until expended, along with unobligated balances of previous Construction, minor projects appropriations which are hereby made available for any project where the estimated cost is less than $2,000,000: *Provided,* That not more than $45,338,000 shall be available for expenses of the Office of Construction.

GRANTS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF STATE EXTENDED CARE FACILITIES

For grants to assist the several States to construct State nursing home and domiciliary facilities and to remodel, modify or alter existing hospital, nursing home and domiciliary facilities in State homes, for furnishing care to veterans, as authorized by law (38 U.S.C. 5031-5037), $18,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1986.

GRANTS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF STATE VETERANS CEMETERIES

For grants to aid States in establishing, expanding or improving State veterans' cemeteries as authorized by law (38 U.S.C. 1008), $3,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1986.

GRANTS TO THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

For payment to the Republic of the Philippines of grants, as authorized by law (38 U.S.C. 632), for assisting in the replacement and upgrading of equipment and in rehabilitating the physical plant

and facilities of the Veterans Memorial Medical Center, $500,000, to remain available until September 30, 1985.

LOAN GUARANTY REVOLVING FUND

During 1984, the Loan guaranty revolving fund shall be available for expenses for property acquisitions, payment of participation sales insufficiencies, and other loan guaranty and insurance operations, as authorized by law (38 U.S.C. chapter 37, except administrative expenses, as authorized by section 1824 of such title): *Provided,* That the unobligated balances, including retained earnings of the Direct loan revolving fund, shall be available, during 1984, for transfer to the Loan guaranty revolving fund in such amounts as may be necessary to provide for the timely payment of obligations of such fund, and the Administrator of Veterans Affairs shall not be required to pay interest on amounts so transferred after the time of such transfer.

38 USC 1801 *et seq.*
38 USC 1824.

During 1984, within the resources available, gross obligations for direct loans and total commitments to guarantee loans are authorized in such amounts as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of the "Loan guaranty revolving fund".

DIRECT LOAN REVOLVING FUND

During 1984, within the resources available, not to exceed $1,000,000 in gross obligations for direct loans for specially adapted housing loans (38 U.S.C. chapter 37).

38 USC 1801 *et seq.*

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Not to exceed 5 per centum of any appropriation for 1984 for "Compensation and pensions", "Readjustment benefits", and "Veterans insurance and indemnities" may be transferred to any other of the mentioned appropriations, but not to exceed 10 per centum of the appropriations so augmented.

Appropriations available to the Veterans Administration for 1984 for salaries and expenses shall be available for services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109.

No part of the appropriations in this Act for the Veterans Administration (except the appropriations for "Construction, major projects" and "Construction, minor projects") shall be available for the purchase of any site for or toward the construction of any new hospital or home.

No part of the foregoing appropriations shall be available for hospitalization or examination of any persons except beneficiaries entitled under the laws bestowing such benefits to veterans, unless reimbursement of cost is made to the appropriation at such rates as may be fixed by the Administrator of Veterans Affairs.

TITLE III

CORPORATIONS

Corporations and agencies of the Department of Housing and Urban Development and the Federal Home Loan Bank Board which are subject to the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended, are hereby authorized to make such expenditures, within

96 Stat. 1041.
31 USC 9101 *et seq.*

the limits of funds and borrowing authority available to each such corporation or agency and in accord with law, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations as provided by section 104 of the Act as may be necessary in carrying out the programs set forth in the budget for 1984 for such corporation or agency except as hereinafter provided: *Provided,* That collections of these corporations and agencies may be used for new loan or mortgage purchase commitments only to the extent expressly provided for in this Act (unless such loans are in support of other forms of assistance provided for in this or prior appropriation Acts), except that this proviso shall not apply to the mortgage insurance or guaranty operations of these corporations, or where loans or mortgage purchases are necessary to protect the financial interest of the United States Government.

96 Stat. 1043.
31 USC 9104.

FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK BOARD

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE AND NONADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK BOARD

Not to exceed a total of $66,390,000 shall be available for expenses of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board, which amount shall include nonadministrative expenses for the examination and supervision of Federal and State-chartered institutions in an amount not to exceed $40,570,000, including $500,000 which shall be available only for purposes of training State examiners, and administrative expenses in an amount not to exceed $25,820,000, and said total amount shall be available for procurement of services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, and contracts for such services with one organization may be renewed annually, and uniforms or allowances therefor in accordance with law (5 U.S.C. 5901–5902), and said amount shall be derived from funds available to the Federal Home Loan Bank Board, including those in the Federal Home Loan Bank Board revolving fund and receipts of the Board for the current fiscal year and prior fiscal years, and the Board may utilize and may make payment for services and facilities of the Federal Home Loan Banks, the Federal Reserve Banks, the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and other agencies of the Government (including payment for office space): *Provided,* That, with the prior approval of the Committees on Appropriations, not to exceed 10 per centum of the lesser of the limitations on administrative and nonadministrative expenses may be transferred between said limitations: *Provided further,* That the preceding transfer provision shall also apply to the limitations provided in fiscal year 1983 and that these provisos shall be effective upon enactment of this Act: *Provided further,* That expenses for special examinations of Federal and State-chartered institutions determined by the Board to be necessary, all necessary expenses in connection with the conservatorship or liquidation of institutions insured by the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, liquidation or handling of assets of or derived from such insured institutions, payment of insurance, and action for or toward the avoidance, termination, or minimizing of losses in the case of such insured institutions, or activities relating to section 5A(f) or 6(i) of the Federal Home Loan Bank Act, section 5(d) of the Home Owners' Loan Act of 1933, section 12(i) of the Securities Exchange Act of

Effective date.

12 USC 1425a; 96 Stat. 1508, 12 USC 1426.
12 USC 1464.

1934, or section 406(c), 407, or 408 of the National Housing Act and all necessary expenses (including services performed on a contract or fee basis, but not including other personal services) in connection with the handling, including the purchase, sale, and exchange, of securities on behalf of Federal home loan banks, and the sale, issuance, and retirement of or payment of interest on, debentures or bonds, under the Federal Home Loan Bank Act, as amended, shall be excluded from the above limitations: *Provided further,* That members and alternates of the Federal Savings and Loan Advisory Council may be compensated subject to the provisions of section 7 of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, and shall be entitled to reimbursement from the Board as approved by the Board for transportation expenses incurred in attendance at meetings of or concerned with the work of such Council and may be paid in lieu of subsistence per diem not to exceed the dollar amount set forth in 5 U.S.C 5703: *Provided further,* That not to exceed $1,500 shall be available for official reception and representation expenses: *Provided further,* That, notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, except for the limitation in amount hereinbefore specified, the expenses and other obligations of the Board shall be incurred, allowed, and paid in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Home Loan Bank Act of July 22, 1932, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1421–1449).

15 USC 78*l*; 12 USC 1729–1730a.

12 USC 1421.

12 USC 1428a note.

5 USC app.

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, FEDERAL SAVINGS AND LOAN INSURANCE CORPORATION

Not to exceed $1,245,000 shall be available for administrative expenses, which shall be on an accrual basis and shall be exclusive of interest paid, depreciation, properly capitalized expenditures, expenses in connection with liquidation of insured institutions or activities relating to section 406(c), 407, or 408 of the National Housing Act, liquidation or handling of assets of or derived from insured institutions, payment of insurance, and action for or toward the avoidance, termination, or minimizing of losses in the case of insured institutions, legal fees and expenses and payments for expenses of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board determined by said Board to be properly allocable to said Corporation, and said Corporation may utilize and may make payments for services and facilities of the Federal home loan banks, the Federal Reserve Banks, the Federal Home Loan Bank Board, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and other agencies of the Government: *Provided,* That, notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, except for the limitation in amount hereinbefore specified, the administrative expenses and other obligations of said Corporation shall be incurred, allowed, and paid in accordance with title IV of the Act of June 27, 1934, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1724–1730f).

12 USC 1729–1730a.

TITLE IV

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 401. Where appropriations in titles I and II of this Act are expendable for travel expenses and no specific limitation has been placed thereon, the expenditures for such travel expenses may not exceed the amounts set forth therefor in the budget estimates submitted for the appropriations: *Provided,* That this section shall not apply to travel performed by uncompensated officials of local

Travel expenses.

boards and appeal boards of the Selective Service System; to travel performed directly in connection with care and treatment of medical beneficiaries of the Veterans Administration; to travel performed in connection with major disasters or emergencies declared or determined by the President under the provisions of the Disaster Relief Act of 1974 to site-related travel performed in connection with the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980; or to payments to interagency motor pools where separately set forth in the budget schedules.

42 USC 5121 note.

42 USC 9601 note.

SEC. 402. Appropriations and funds available for the administrative expenses of the Department of Housing and Urban Development and the Selective Service System shall be available in the current fiscal year for purchase of uniforms, or allowances therefor, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901–5902); hire of passenger motor vehicles; and services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109.

Legal services.

SEC. 403. Funds of the Department of Housing and Urban Development subject to the Government Corporation Control Act or section 402 of the Housing Act of 1950 shall be available, without regard to the limitations on administrative expenses, for legal services on a contract or fee basis, and for utilizing and making payment for services and facilities of Federal National Mortgage Association, Government National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Federal Financing Bank, Federal Reserve banks or any member thereof, Federal home loan banks, and any insured bank within the meaning of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1811–1831).

96 Stat. 1041, 31 USC 9101 *et seq.*

12 USC 1749a.

12 USC 1811–1831d.

SEC. 404. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided herein.

SEC. 405. No funds appropriated by this Act may be expended—

(1) pursuant to a certification of an officer or employee of the United States unless—

(A) such certification is accompanied by, or is part of, a voucher or abstract which describes the payee or payees and the items or services for which such expenditure is being made, or

(B) the expenditure of funds pursuant to such certification, and without such a voucher or abstract, is specifically authorized by law; and

(2) unless such expenditure is subject to audit by the General Accounting Office or is specifically exempt by law from such audit.

Prohibited use of government transportation.

SEC. 406. None of the funds provided in this Act to any department or agency may be expended for the transportation of any officer or employee of such department or agency between his domicile and his place of employment, with the exception of the Secretary of the Department of Housing and Urban Development, who, under title 5, United States Code, section 101, is exempted from such limitation.

Restriction on research projects.

SEC. 407. None of the funds provided in this Act may be used for payment, through grants or contracts, to recipients that do not share in the cost of conducting research resulting from proposals not specifically solicited by the Government: *Provided,* That the extent of cost sharing by the recipient shall reflect the mutuality of interest of the grantee or contractor and the Government in the research.

Consultants, payment restriction.

SEC. 408. None of the funds provided in this Act may be used, directly or through grants, to pay or to provide reimbursement for

payment of the salary of a consultant (whether retained by the Federal Government or a grantee) at more than the daily equivalent of the maximum rate paid for GS-18, unless specifically authorized by law.

SEC. 409. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act for personnel compensation and benefits shall be available for other object classifications set forth in the budget estimates submitted for the appropriations without the approval of the Committees on Appropriations.

SEC. 410. None of the funds in this Act shall be used to pay the expenses of, or otherwise compensate, non-Federal parties intervening in regulatory or adjudicatory proceedings. Nothing herein affects the authority of the Consumer Product Safety Commission pursuant to section 7 of the Consumer Product Safety Act (15 U.S.C. 2056 et seq.).

Consulting service contracts. Public record availability.

SEC. 411. Except as otherwise provided under existing law or under an existing Executive order issued pursuant to an existing law, the obligation or expenditure of any appropriation under this Act for contracts for any consulting service shall be limited to contracts which are (1) a matter of public record and available for public inspection, and (2) thereafter included in a publicly available list of all contracts entered into within twenty-four months prior to the date on which the list is made available to the public and of all contracts on which performance has not been completed by such date. The list required by the preceding sentence shall be updated quarterly and shall include a narrative description of the work to be performed under each such contract.

SEC. 412. Except as otherwise provided by law, no part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be obligated or expended by any executive agency, as referred to in the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 401 et seq.) for a contract for services unless such executive agency (1) has awarded and entered into such contract in full compliance with such Act and the regulations promulgated thereunder and (2) requires any report prepared pursuant to such contract, including plans, evaluations, studies, analyses and manuals, and any report prepared by the agency which is substantially derived from or substantially includes any report prepared pursuant to such contract, to contain information concerning (A) the contract pursuant to which the report was prepared and (B) the contractor who prepared the report pursuant to such contract.

Restricted funding.

SEC. 413. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be available to implement, administer, or enforce any regulation which has been disapproved pursuant to a resolution of disapproval duly adopted in accordance with the applicable law of the United States.

Prohibited expenditure for personal services.

SEC. 414. Except as otherwise provided in section 406, none of the funds provided in this Act to any department or agency shall be obligated or expended to provide a personal cook, chauffeur, or other personal servants to any officer or employee of such department or agency.

SEC. 415. None of the funds provided in this Act to any department or agency shall be obligated or expended to procure passenger automobiles as defined in 15 U.S.C. 2001 with an EPA estimated miles per gallon average of less than 22 miles per gallon.

Short title.

This Act may be cited as the "Department of Housing and Urban Development-Independent Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984".

Approved July 12, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3133:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 98-223 (Comm. on Appropriations) and No. 98-264 (Comm. of Conference).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-152 (Comm. on Appropriations).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
June 1, 2, considered and passed House.
June 21, considered and passed Senate, amended.
June 29, House agreed to conference report; receded from its disagreement and concurred in certain Senate amendments and in others with amendments. Senate agreed to conference report and concurred in House amendments.

Public Law 98-46
98th Congress

An Act

Entitled the "Gladys Noon Spellman Dedication".

July 12, 1983
[S. 680]

Gladys Noon Spellman Dedication.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Congress finds that Gladys Noon Spellman, elected to four terms in the House of Representatives from the State of Maryland, should be afforded recognition not only for her personal efforts in upgrading one of the Capital region's most important transportation corridors, but more broadly for the dedication, commitment, and concern she expended on behalf of the people of Maryland. The quality of her service to the public exemplifies the high ideals and principles she held paramount.

Baltimore-Washington Parkway dedication.

SEC. 2. The parkway, under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Interior, in the State of Maryland known as the Baltimore-Washington Parkway, is hereby dedicated to Gladys Noon Spellman in recognition of her efforts to upgrade a most important transportation corridor in the Capital region and more broadly, to recognize her service to people of Maryland and the Nation as a Member of the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States.

SEC. 3. In order to carry out the provisions of this Act, the Secretary of the Interior is authorized and directed to provide such identification by signs, including, but not limited to existing signs, materials, maps, markers, interpretive programs, or other means as will appropriately inform the public of the contributions of Gladys Noon Spellman.

Commemorative marker.

SEC. 4. The Secretary of the Interior is further authorized and directed to cause to be erected and maintained, at a suitable location adjacent to the Baltimore-Washington Parkway, an appropriate marker commemorating the contributions of Gladys Noon Spellman.

Effective date and appropriation authorization.

SEC. 5. Effective October 1, 1983, there are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

Approved July 12, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 680 (H.R. 174):

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-12 accompanying H.R. 174 (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-135 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Mar. 8, H.R. 174 considered and passed House.
June 15, S. 680 considered and passed Senate.
June 29, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-47
98th Congress

An Act

To amend section 8(a) of the Small Business Act.

July 13, 1983
[S. 273]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Small Business Act, amendment. 15 USC 637.

SECTION 1. (a) Clause (B) of the first sentence of section 8(a)(1) of the Small Business Act is amended by striking out ", as shall be designated by the President within 60 days after the effective date of this paragraph," and inserting in lieu thereof "(other than the Department of Defense or any component thereof) as shall be designated by the President,".

15 USC 637 note.

(b) The designation of an agency pursuant to the amendment made by subsection (a) shall be made not later than sixty days after the date of enactment of this Act.

SEC. 2. The last sentence of section 8(a)(1) of the Small Business Act is amended to read as follows: "No contract may be entered into under subparagraph (B) prior to October 1, 1983 nor after September 30, 1985.".

SEC. 3. The last sentence of section 8(a)(2) is amended to read as follows: "The authority to waive bonds provided in this paragraph (2) may not be exercised prior to October 1, 1983 nor after September 30, 1985.".

Approved July 13, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 273 (H.R. 861):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 98-2 accompanying H.R. 861 (Comm. on Small Business) and No. 98-262 (Comm. of Conference).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Feb. 3, considered and passed Senate.
Feb. 15, H.R. 861 considered and passed House; S. 273, amended, passed in lieu.
June 27, Senate agreed to conference report.
June 30, House agreed to conference report.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 19, No. 28 (1983):
July 13, Presidential statement.

Public Law 98-48
98th Congress

An Act

July 13, 1983
[H.R. 1746]

To authorize appropriations for the Navajo and Hopi Indian Relocation Commission.

Navajo and Hopi Indian Relocation Commission. Appropriation authorization. 25 USC 640d-24.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 25(a)(4) of the Act of December 22, 1974 (88 Stat. 1712), is amended by striking the figure "$5,500,000" and inserting, in lieu thereof, the figure "$7,700,000".

SEC. 2. Section 25(a) of the Act of December 22, 1974 (88 Stat. 1712), is amended by adding, at the end thereof, the following new paragraph:

"(8) For the purposes of carrying out the provisions of section 15 of this Act, there is authorized to be appropriated not to exceed $15,000,000 annually for fiscal years 1983 through 1987.".

25 USC 640d-14.

Approved July 13, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 1746:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-173 (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
June 1, considered and passed House.
June 29, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-49
98th Congress

An Act

To amend the Public Health Service Act to authorize appropriations to be made available to the Secretary of Health and Human Services for research for the cause, treatment, and prevention of public health emergencies.

July 13, 1983
[H.R. 2713]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Public Health Service Act is amended by inserting after section 318 the following new section:

Public Health Service Act, amendment.

"PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCIES

"SEC. 319. (a) If the Secretary determines, after consultation with the Director of the National Institutes of Health, the Administrator of the Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health Administration, the Commissioner of the Food and Drug Administration, or the Director of the Centers for Disease Control, that— 42 USC 247d.

"(1) a disease or disorder presents a public health emergency, or

"(2) a public health emergency otherwise exists and the Secretary has the authority to take action with respect to such emergency,

the Secretary, acting through such Director, Administrator, or Commissioner, may take such action as may be appropriate to respond to the public health emergency, including making grants and entering into contracts and conducting and supporting investigations into the cause, treatment, or prevention of a disease or disorder described in paragraph (1).

"(b)(1) There is established in the Treasury a fund designated the 'Public Health Emergency Fund' to be available to the Secretary without fiscal year limitation to carry out subsection (a). There is authorized to be appropriated to the fund $30,000,000 for fiscal year 1984. For fiscal year 1985 and each fiscal year thereafter there is authorized to be appropriated to the fund such sums as may be necessary to have $30,000,000 in the fund at the beginning of such fiscal year.

Fund establishment.

Appropriation authorization.

"(2) The Secretary shall report to the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Labor and Human Resources of the Senate not later than ninety days after the end of a fiscal year—

Report to congressional committees.

"(A) on the expenditures made from the Public Health Emergency Fund in such fiscal year; and

"(B) describing each public health emergency for which the expenditures were made and the activities undertaken with respect to each emergency which were conducted or supported by expenditures from the Fund.".

Approved July 13, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2713:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-143 (Comm. on Energy and Commerce).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
June 13, considered and passed House.
June 28, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-50
98th Congress

An Act

Making appropriations for energy and water development for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for other purposes.

July 14, 1983
[H.R. 3132]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, for energy and water development, and for other purposes, namely:

Energy and Water Development Appropriation Act, 1984.

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—CIVIL

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

Corps of Engineers—Civil

The following appropriations shall be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Army and the supervision of the Chief of Engineers for authorized civil functions of the Department of the Army pertaining to rivers and harbors, flood control, beach erosion, and related purposes.

General Investigations

For expenses necessary for the collection and study of basic information pertaining to river and harbor, flood control, shore protection, and related projects, restudy of authorized projects, miscellaneous investigations, and when authorized by law, surveys and detailed studies and plans and specifications of projects prior to construction, $133,810,000, to remain available until expended.

River and harbor flood control, shore protection, study.

Construction, General

For the prosecution of river and harbor, flood control, shore protection, and related projects authorized by laws; and detailed studies, and plans and specifications, of projects (including those for development with participation or under consideration for participation by States, local governments, or private groups) authorized or made eligible for selection by law (but such studies shall not constitute a commitment of the Government to construction), $884,104,000, to remain available until expended, of which $5,200,000 shall be made available for the Miami Harbor, Bayfront Park project, Florida; and, in addition, notwithstanding any other provision of law, $10,000,000, to remain available until expended, for the Yatesville Lake construction project.

FLOOD CONTROL AND COASTAL EMERGENCIES

For expenses necessary for emergency flood control, hurricane, and shore protection activities, as authorized by section 5 of the Flood Control Act, approved August 18, 1941, as amended, $10,000,000, to remain available until expended.

33 USC 701n.

REVOLVING FUND

For design and construction of a Corps of Engineers' learning facility at Huntsville, Alabama, $9,500,000, to remain available until expended.

FLOOD CONTROL, MISSISSIPPI RIVER AND TRIBUTARIES, ARKANSAS, ILLINOIS, KENTUCKY, LOUISIANA, MISSISSIPPI, MISSOURI, AND TENNESSEE

For expenses necessary for prosecuting work of flood control, and rescue work, repair, restoration, or maintenance of flood control projects threatened or destroyed by flood, as authorized by law (33 U.S.C. 702a, 702g-1), $300,480,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That not less than $250,000 shall be available for bank stabilization measures as determined by the Chief of Engineers to be advisable for the control of bank erosion of streams in the Yazoo Basin, including the foothill area, and where necessary such measures shall complement similar works planned and constructed by the Soil Conservation Service and be limited to the areas of responsibility mutually agreeable to the District Engineer and the State Conservationist: *Provided further,* That the unexpended balances of prior appropriations provided for activities covered in this appropriation may be transferred to appropriation accounts for such activities established pursuant to this appropriation. Balances so transferred may be merged with funds in the applicable established account and thereafter may be accounted for as one fund for the same time period as originally enacted.

Appropriation balances, transfers.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, GENERAL

For expenses necessary for the preservation, operation, maintenance, and care of existing river and harbor, flood control, and related works, including such sums as may be necessary for the maintenance of harbor channels provided by a State, municipality or other public agency, outside of harbor lines, and serving essential needs of general commerce and navigation; administration of laws pertaining to preservation of navigable waters; surveys and charting of northern and northwestern lakes and connecting waters; clearing and straightening channels; and removal of obstructions to navigation, $1,184,492,000, to remain available until expended, of which $319,000 shall be for the Dismal Swamp Canal, Virginia and North Carolina.

GENERAL EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for general administration and related functions in the office of the Chief of Engineers and offices of the Division Engineers; activities of the Board of Engineers for Rivers and Harbors and the Coastal Engineering Research Center; commer-

cial statistics; and miscellaneous investigations, $103,000,000, to remain available until expended.

SPECIAL RECREATION USE FEES

For construction, operation, and maintenance of outdoor recreation facilities, including collection of special recreation use fees, to remain available until expended, $6,000,000, to be derived from the special account established by the Land and Water Conservation Act of 1965, as amended (16 U.S.C. 460l). 16 USC 460*l*–4.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Appropriations in this title shall be available for expenses of attendance by military personnel at meetings in the manner authorized by 5 U.S.C. 4110, uniforms, and allowances therefore, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901–5902), and for printing, either during a recess or session of Congress, of survey reports authorized by law, and such survey reports as may be printed during a recess of Congress shall be printed, with illustrations, as documents of the next succeeding session of Congress; not to exceed $2,000 for official reception and representation expenses; and during the current fiscal year the revolving fund, Corps of Engineers, shall be available for purchase (not to exceed 185 for replacement only) and hire of passenger motor vehicles: *Provided,* That the total accrued expenditures of the capital investment program of the revolving fund shall not exceed $78,000,000 in fiscal year 1984.

GENERAL PROVISIONS, CORPS OF ENGINEERS

SEC. 101. None of the funds appropriated in this title, except as specifically contained herein, shall be used to alter, modify, dismantle, or otherwise change any project which is partially constructed but not funded for construction in this title.

SEC. 102. The Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers, is authorized to reimburse local and State interests those sums of moneys expended by them subsequent to July 1, 1969, in construction of the Flat River Channel improvement feature of the Bayou Bodcau and Tributaries project in Louisiana to the extent that such work is authorized by Public Law 89–298, approved October 27, 1965, and which the Chief of Engineers determines is compatible with, and constitutes, an integral part of his recommended plan. The total amount of reimbursement is not to exceed $3,500,000. 79 Stat. 1073.

SEC. 103. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers, is hereby authorized to enter into a purchase contract for the acquisition of new buildings and appurtenant facilities for the United States Army Engineer District, New Orleans, Louisiana. Such buildings and facilities shall be constructed on a site presently occupied by the Engineer District under a long-term right of use donated by the Board of Commissioners for the Port of New Orleans. The contract shall provide for the payment of the purchase price, which shall not exceed $38,000,000, and reasonable interest thereon, by lease or installment payments over a period not to exceed 25 years. The contract shall further provide that title to the buildings and facilities shall vest in the United States at or before the expiration of the Contracts.

contract term upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions of the contract.

TITLE II—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

For carrying out the functions of the Bureau of Reclamation as provided in the Federal reclamation laws (Act of June 17, 1902, 32 Stat. 388, and Acts amendatory thereof or supplementary thereto) and other Acts applicable to that Bureau as follows:

43 USC 371 note.

GENERAL INVESTIGATIONS

For engineering and economic investigations of proposed Federal reclamation projects and studies of water conservation and development plans and activities preliminary to the reconstruction, rehabilitation and betterment, financial adjustment, or extension of existing projects, to remain available until expended, $33,831,000, of which $33,161,000 shall be derived from the reclamation fund and of which $470,000 shall be available for the termination of activities conducted pursuant to the Act of October 17, 1978, as amended (42 U.S.C. 7801, et seq.).

CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM

For construction and rehabilitation of projects and parts thereof (including power transmission facilities for Bureau of Reclamation use) and for other related activities as authorized by law, to remain available until expended, $683,818,000, and, in addition $10,000,000 to remain available until expended, for the Tucson Division to be expended for commencement of excavation and construction of the Picacho, Red Rock and Brady Pumping Plants, purchase of pumps and motors for those plants, and acquisition of rights-of-way and construction for reaches 1, 2, and 3 of phase A of the aqueduct, of which $161,104,000 shall be available for transfers to the Upper Colorado River Basin Fund authorized by section 5 of the Act of April 11, 1956 (43 U.S.C. 620d), and $165,600,000 shall be available for transfers to the Lower Colorado River Basin Development Fund authorized by section 403 of the Act of September 30, 1968 (43 U.S.C. 1543): *Provided,* That of the total appropriated, the amount for program activities which can be financed by the reclamation fund shall be derived from that fund: *Provided further,* That transfers to the Upper Colorado River Basin Fund and Lower Colorado River Basin Development Fund may be increased or decreased by transfers within the overall appropriation to this heading: *Provided further,* That the final point of discharge for the interceptor drain for the San Luis Unit shall not be determined until development by the Secretary of the Interior and the State of California of a plan, which shall conform with the water quality standards of the State of California as approved by the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, to minimize any detrimental effect of the San Luis drainage waters: *Provided further,* That no part of the funds herein approved shall be available for construction or operation of facilities to prevent waters of Lake Powell from entering any national monument: *Provided further,* That of the amount herein appropriated not to exceed $20,000 shall be available to initiate a

rehabilitation and betterment program with the Twin Falls Canal Company, Twin Falls County, Idaho, to rehabilitate facilities under the Act of October 7, 1919 (63 Stat. 724), as amended, to be repaid in full by the lands served and under conditions satisfactory to the Secretary of the Interior: *Provided further,* That of the amount herein appropriated $3,000,000 shall be available to enable the Secretary of the Interior to begin work on rehabilitating the Velarde Community Ditch Project, New Mexico, in accordance with the Federal Reclamation Laws (Act of June 17, 1902, 32 Stat. 788, and Acts amendatory thereof or supplementary thereto) for the purposes of diverting and conveying water to irrigated project lands. The principal features of the project shall consist of improvements such as the installation of more permanent diversion dams and headgates, wasteways, arroyo siphons, and concrete lining of ditches in order to improve irrigation efficiency, conserve water, and reduce operation and maintenance costs. The cost of the rehabilitation will be nonreimbursable and constructed features will be turned over to the appropriate entity for operation and maintenance.

43 USC 504.

43 USC 371 note.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

For operation and maintenance of reclamation projects or parts thereof and other facilities, as authorized by law; and for a soil and moisture conservation program on lands under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Reclamation, pursuant to law, to remain available until expended, $134,291,000: *Provided,* That of the total appropriated, the amount for program activities which can be financed by the reclamation fund shall be derived from that fund and such amounts as may be required for the Boulder Canyon Project shall be derived from the Colorado River Dam fund: *Provided further,* That funds advanced by water users for operation and maintenance of reclamation projects or parts thereof shall be deposited to the credit of this appropriation and may be expended for the same objects and in the same manner as sums appropriated herein may be expended, and such advances shall remain available until expended: *Provided further,* That nonreimbursable funds will be available from revenues for performing examination of existing structures on participating projects of the Colorado River Storage Project: *Provided further,* That such amounts as may be required for replacements on the Boulder Canyon Project which would require readvances to the Colorado River Dam Fund under section 5 of the Boulder Canyon Project Adjustment Act of July 19, 1940 (43 U.S.C. 618d), are to be considered as though readvanced under said section.

LOAN PROGRAM

For loans to irrigation districts and other public agencies for construction of distribution systems on authorized Federal reclamation projects, and for loans and grants to non-Federal agencies for construction of projects, as authorized by the Acts of July 4, 1955, as amended (43 U.S.C. 421a-421d), and August 6, 1956, as amended (43 U.S.C. 422a-422k), including expenses necessary for carrying out the program, $45,000,000, to be derived from the reclamation fund and to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That during fiscal year 1984 and within the resources and authority available, gross obligations for the principal amount of direct loans shall not exceed $51,802,000: *Provided further,* That any contract under the Act of

43 USC 421a.

July 4, 1955 (69 Stat. 244), as amended, not yet executed by the Secretary, which calls for the making of loans beyond the fiscal year in which the contract is entered into shall be made only on the same conditions as those prescribed in section 12 of the Act of August 4, 1939 (53 Stat. 1187, 1197).

43 USC 388.

GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of general administration and related functions in the offices of the Commissioner of the Bureau of Reclamation and in the regional offices of the Bureau of Reclamation $53,750,000, of which $10,500,000, shall remain available until expended, the total amount to be derived from the reclamation fund and to be nonreimbursable pursuant to the Act of April 19, 1945 (43 U.S.C. 377): *Provided*, That no part of any other appropriation in this Act shall be available for activities or functions budgeted for the current fiscal year as general administrative expenses.

EMERGENCY FUND

For an additional amount for the "Emergency fund", as authorized by the Act of June 26, 1948 (43 U.S.C. 502), as amended, to remain available until expended for the purposes specified in said Act, $1,000,000, to be derived from the reclamation fund.

SPECIAL FUNDS

Sums herein referred to as being derived from the reclamation fund, the Colorado River Dam fund, or the Colorado River development fund, are appropriated from the special funds in the Treasury created by the Act of June 17, 1902 (43 U.S.C. 391), and the Act of December 21, 1928 (43 U.S.C. 617a), and the Act of July 19, 1940 (43 U.S.C. 618a), respectively. Such sums shall be transferred, upon request of the Secretary, to be merged with and expended under the heads herein specified; and the unexpended balances of sums transferred for expenditure under the head "General Administrative Expenses" shall revert and be credited to the special fund from which derived.

Transfer of funds.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Appropriations for the Bureau of Reclamation shall be available for purchase of not to exceed 17 motor vehicles of which 16 shall be for replacement only; purchase of one aircraft; payment of claims for damages to or loss of property, personal injury, or death arising out of activities of the Bureau of Reclamation; payment, except as otherwise provided for, of compensation and expenses of persons on the rolls of the Bureau of Reclamation appointed as authorized by law to represent the United States in the negotiations and administration of interstate compacts without reimbursement or return under the reclamation laws; for service as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, in total not to exceed $500,000; rewards for information or evidence concerning violations of law involving property under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Reclamation; performance of the functions specified under the head "Operation and Maintenance Administration", Bureau of Reclamation, in the Interior Department Appropriations Act, 1945; preparation and dissemination of useful

58 Stat. 463.

information including recordings, photographs, and photographic prints; and studies of recreational uses of reservoir areas, and investigation and recovery of archeological and paleontological remains in such areas in the same manner as provided for in the Act of August 21, 1935 (16 U.S.C. 461-467): *Provided,* That no part of any appropriation made herein shall be available pursuant to the Act of April 19, 1945 (43 U.S.C. 377), for expenses other than those incurred on behalf of specific reclamation projects except "General Administrative Expenses" and amounts provided for appraisal and special investigations, and general engineering and research under the head "General Investigations".

Sums appropriated herein which are expended in the performance of reimbursable functions of the Bureau of Reclamation shall be returnable to the extent and in the manner provided by law.

No part of any appropriation for the Bureau of Reclamation, contained in this Act or in any prior Act, which represents amounts earned under the terms of a contract but remaining unpaid, shall be obligated for any other purpose, regardless of when such amounts are to be paid: *Provided,* That the incurring of any obligation prohibited by this paragraph shall be deemed a violation of section 3679 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (31 U.S.C. 1341). 96 Stat. 923.

No funds appropriated to the Bureau of Reclamation for operation and maintenance, except those derived from advances by water users, shall be used for the particular benefits of lands (a) within the boundaries of an irrigation district, (b) of any member of a water users' organization, or (c) of any individual when such district, organization, or individual is in arrears for more than twelve months in the payment of charges due under a contract entered into with the United States pursuant to laws administered by the Bureau of Reclamation. 43 USC 377a.

General Provisions, Department of the Interior

Emergency reconstruction.

SEC. 201. Appropriations in this title shall be available for expenditure or transfer (within each bureau or office), with the approval of the Secretary, for the emergency reconstruction, replacement, or repair of aircraft, buildings, utilities, or other facilities or equipment damaged or destroyed by fire, flood, storm, or other unavoidable causes: *Provided,* That no funds shall be made available under this authority until funds specifically made available to the Department of the Interior for emergencies shall have been exhausted.

Additional expenditure or transfer.

SEC. 202. The Secretary may authorize the expenditure or transfer (within each bureau or office) of any appropriation in this title, in addition to the amounts included in the budget programs of the several agencies, for the suppression or emergency prevention of forest or range fires on or threatening lands under jurisdiction of the Department of the Interior.

Warehouses, garages, shops, and similar facilities.

SEC. 203. Appropriations in this title shall be available for operation of warehouses, garages, shops, and similar facilities, wherever consolidation of activities will contribute to efficiency, or economy, and said appropriations shall be reimbursed for services rendered to any other activity in the same manner as authorized by the Act of June 30, 1932 (31 U.S.C. 686): *Provided,* That reimbursements for costs of supplies, materials, equipment, and for services rendered may be credited to the appropriation current at the time such reimbursements are received. 96 Stat. 933, 934. 31 USC 1535, 1536.

Aircraft and motor vehicles.

SEC. 204. Appropriations in this title shall be available for hire, maintenance, and operation of aircraft; hire of passenger motor vehicles; purchases of reprints; payment for telephone services in private residences in the field, when authorized under regulations approved by the Secretary; and the payment of dues, when authorized by the Secretary, for library membership in societies or associations which issue publications to members only or at a price to members lower than to subscribers who are not members.

Twin Buttes Dam, Tex.

SEC. 205. The cost of foundation treatment, drainage, and instrumentation work planned or under way at Twin Buttes Dam, Texas, shall be nonreimbursable under Federal reclamation laws.

TITLE III—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

ENERGY SUPPLY, RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES

For expenses of the Department of Energy activities including the purchase, construction and acquisition of plant and capital equipment and other expenses incidental thereto necessary for energy supply, research and development activities and other activities in carrying out the purposes of the Department of Energy Organization Act (Public Law 95-91), including the acquisition or condemnation of any real property or any facility or for plant or facility acquisition, construction, or expansion; purchase of passenger motor vehicles (not to exceed 19 of which 16 are for replacement only), $1,951,609,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That $3,000,000 of the proposed deferral No. 83-72 shall be made available for the Second Small Community Experiment project and shall remain available until expended.

42 USC 7101 note.

URANIUM SUPPLY AND ENRICHMENT ACTIVITIES

For expenses of the Department of Energy in connection with operating expenses; the purchase, construction, and acquisition of plant and capital equipment and other expenses incidental thereto necessary for uranium supply and enrichment activities in carrying out the purposes of the Department of Energy Organization Act (Public Law 95-91), including the acquisition or condemnation of any real property or any facility or for plant or facility acquisition, construction, or expansion; purchase of passenger motor vehicles (not to exceed 49 of which 48 are for replacement only); $2,235,000,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That revenues received by the Department for the enrichment of uranium and estimated to total $2,240,000,000 in fiscal year 1984, shall be retained and used for the specific purpose of offsetting costs incurred by the Department in providing uranium enrichment service activities as authorized by section 201 of Public Law 95-238, notwithstanding the provisions of section 3617 of the Revised Statutes (31 U.S.C. 484): *Provided further,* That the sum herein appropriated shall be reduced as uranium enrichment revenues are received during fiscal year 1984 so as to result in a final fiscal year 1984 appropriation estimated at not more than $0.

42 USC 5821.

96 Stat. 948.
31 USC 3302.

GENERAL SCIENCE AND RESEARCH ACTIVITIES

For expenses of the Department of Energy, activities including the purchase, construction and acquisition of plant and capital equip-

ment and other expenses incidental thereto necessary for general science and research activities in carrying out the purposes of the Department of Energy Organization Act (Public Law 95-91), including the acquisition or condemnation of any real property or facility or for plant or facility acquisition, construction, or expansion; purchase of passenger motor vehicles (not to exceed 12 for replacement only); $638,250,000, to remain available until expended.

42 USC 7101 note.

NUCLEAR WASTE DISPOSAL FUND

For nuclear waste disposal activities to carry out the purposes of Public Law 97-425, including the acquisition of real property or facility construction or expansion, $306,675,000, to remain available until expended, to be derived from the Nuclear Waste Fund. To the extent that balances in the fund are not sufficient to cover amounts available for obligation in this account, the Secretary shall exercise his authority pursuant to section 302(e)(5) to issue obligations to the Secretary of the Treasury.

96 Stat. 2201. 42 USC 10101 note.

96 Stat. 2257. 42 USC 10222.

ATOMIC ENERGY DEFENSE ACTIVITIES

For expenses of the Department of Energy activities including the purchase, construction and acquisition of plant and capital equipment and other expenses incidental thereto necessary for atomic energy defense activities in carrying out the purposes of the Department of Energy Organization Act (Public Law 95-91), including the acquisition or condemnation of any real property or any facility or for plant or facility acquisition, construction, or expansion; purchase of passenger motor vehicles (not to exceed 333 of which 323 are for replacement only) including 7 police-type vehicles; purchase of one helicopter, $6,547,875,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That notwithstanding any other provision of law, no funds may be obligated or expended after the date of enactment of this Act for Project 82-D-109 unless the President certifies to Congress that—

42 USC 7101 note.

(1) for each 155mm nuclear weapon produced an existing 155mm nuclear weapon shall be removed from the stockpile and permanently dismantled; and

Removal of nuclear weapons.

(2) formal notification has been received from the North Atlantic Treaty Organization nation in which such weapons are sought to be deployed that such nation has approved replacement of existing 155mm nuclear weapons with the new 155mm nuclear weapon.

None of the funds appropriated by this Act, or by any other Act, or by any other provision of law shall be available for the purpose of restarting the L-Reactor at the Savannah River Plant, Aiken, South Carolina, until the Department of Energy completes an Environmental Impact Statement pursuant to section 102(2)(C) of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 and until issued a discharge permit pursuant to the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1251, et seq.) as amended, which permit shall incorporate the terms and conditions provided in the Memorandum of Understanding entered into between the Department of Energy and the State of South Carolina dated April 27, 1983, relating to studies and mitigation programs associated with such restart. For purposes of this paragraph the term "restarting" shall mean any activity related to the operation of the L-Reactor that would achieve critical-

42 USC 4332.

"Restarting."

ity, generate fission products within the reactor, discharge cooling water from nuclear operations directly or indirectly into Steel Creek, or result in cooling system testing discharges which exceed the volume, frequency and duration of test discharges conducted prior to June 28, 1983.

42 USC 4321 note.

Consistent with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, and in consultation with State officials of South Carolina and Georgia, the preparation and completion of the Environmental Impact Statement called for in the preceding paragraph shall be expedited. The Secretary of Energy may reduce the public comment period, except that such period shall not be reduced to less than thirty days, and the Secretary shall provide his Record of Decision, based upon the completed Environmental Impact Statement, not sooner than December 1, 1983, and not later than January 1, 1984.

Public comments.

DEPARTMENTAL ADMINISTRATION

For salaries and expenses of the Department of Energy necessary for Departmental Administration and other activities in carrying out the purposes of the Department of Energy Organization Act (Public Law 95-91), including the hire of passenger motor vehicles and official reception and representation expenses (not to exceed $35,000); $366,056,000, all of which is available for fiscal year 1984 and shall remain available until expended, plus such additional amounts as necessary to cover increases in the estimated amount of cost of work for others notwithstanding the provisions of the Anti-Deficiency Act (31 U.S.C. 1511 et seq.): *Provided,* That such increases in cost of work are offset by revenue increases of the same or greater amount, to remain available until expended: *Provided further,* That moneys received by the Department for miscellaneous revenues estimated to total $209,619,000 in fiscal year 1984 may be retained and used for operating expenses within this account, and may remain available until expended, as authorized by section 201 of Public Law 95-238, notwithstanding the provisions of 31 U.S.C. 3302: *Provided further,* That the sum herein appropriated shall be reduced by the amount of miscellaneous revenues received during fiscal year 1984 so as to result in a final fiscal year 1984 estimated appropriation estimated at not more than $156,437,000.

42 USC 7101 note.

42 USC 5821. 96 Stat. 948.

POWER MARKETING ADMINISTRATIONS

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ALASKA POWER ADMINISTRATION

For engineering and economic investigations to promote the development and utilizaton of the water, power, and related resources of Alaska, and for necessary expenses of operation and maintenance of projects in Alaska and of marketing electric power and energy, $3,410,000, to remain available until expended, of which not to exceed $200,000 to be available only upon a determination by the Secretary that such amounts are required to ensure continuity of service in the case of an emergency.

BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION FUND

Expenditures from the Bonneville Power Administration Fund, established pursuant to Public Law 93-454, are approved for official reception and representation expenses in an amount not to exceed

16 USC 838i.

$2,500; and for continuity of financing the construction program, as well as financing new programs, an additional $1,250,000,000 in borrowing authority is made available, under the Federal Columbia River Transmission System Act (Public Law 93-454) to remain outstanding at any given time: *Provided,* That the obligation of such additional borrowing authority shall not exceed $123,400,000 in fiscal year 1984. 16 USC 838 note.

During fiscal year 1984 and within the resources and authority available, gross obligations for the principal amount of direct loans shall not exceed $40,000,000; during fiscal year 1984, commitments to guarantee loans may be made only to the extent that the total loan principal, any part of which is to be guaranteed, shall not exceed $20,000,000.

Operation and Maintenance, Southeastern Power Administration

For necessary expenses of operation and maintenance of power transmission facilities and of marketing electric power and energy pursuant to the provisions of section 5 of the Flood Control Act of 1944 (16 U.S.C. 825s), as applied to the southeastern power area, $20,594,000, to remain available until expended.

Operation and Maintenance, Southwestern Power Administration

For necessary expenses of operation and maintenance of power transmission facilities and of marketing electric power and energy, and for construction and acquisition of transmission lines, substations and appurtenant facilities, and for administrative expenses connected therewith, in carrying out the provisions of section 5 of the Flood Control Act of 1944 (16 U.S.C. 825s), as applied to the southwestern power area, $36,229,000, to remain available until expended.

Construction, Rehabilitation, Operation and Maintenance, Western Area Power Administration

For carrying out the functions authorized by title III, section 302(a)(1)(E) of the Act of August 4, 1977 (Public Law 95-91), and other related activities including conservation and renewable resources programs as authorized, including the purchase of passenger motor vehicles (not to exceed nine for replacement only), purchase, maintenance, and operation of one aircraft, $194,630,000, to remain available until expended, of which $163,430,000 shall be derived from the Department of the Interior Reclamation fund and $1,004,000, shall be derived from the Colorado River Dam fund for power marketing and transmission expenses of the Boulder Canyon Project. 42 USC 7152.

Emergency Fund, Western Area Power Administration

For the "Emergency Fund", as authorized by the Act of June 16, 1948 (43 U.S.C. 502), to remain available until expended for the purposes specified in that Act, $500,000, on a continuing basis to be recovered from the Reclamation Fund against receipts for the transmission and sale of electric power and energy which are deposited

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into the Treasury through Western Area Power Administration which shall be available for transfer to the Western Emergency Fund: *Provided,* That expenditures from the Western Emergency Fund shall be replenished from project power revenues for which funds were expended on an emergency basis.

FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission to carry out the provisions of the Department of Energy Organization Act (Public Law 95-91), including services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, including the hire of passenger motor vehicles; official reception and representation expenses (not to exceed $1,500); $89,582,000, of which $4,000,000 shall remain available until expended and be available only for contractual activities: *Provided,* That notwithstanding the provisions of section 3617 of the Revised Statutes (31 U.S.C. 484), revenues from licensing fees, inspection services, and other services and collections estimated at $60,000,000 in fiscal year 1984 may be retained and used for necessary expenses in this account, and may remain available until expended: *Provided further,* That the sum herein appropriated shall be reduced as revenues are received during fiscal year 1984, so as to result in a final fiscal year 1984 appropriation estimated at not more than $29,582,000.

42 USC 7101 note.

96 Stat. 948.
31 USC 3302.

GEOTHERMAL RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT FUND

For carrying out the Loan Guarantee and Interest Assistance Program as authorized by the Geothermal Energy Research, Development and Demonstration Act of 1974, as amended, $2,100,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That the indebtedness guaranteed or committed to be guaranteed through funds provided by this or any other appropriation Act shall not exceed the aggregate of $500,000,000.

30 USC 1101 note.

GENERAL PROVISIONS, DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Motor vehicles and aircraft.

SEC. 301. Appropriations for the Department of Energy under this title for the current fiscal year shall be available for hire of passenger motor vehicles; hire, maintenance and operation of aircraft; purchase, repair and cleaning of uniforms; and reimbursement to the General Services Administration for security guard services. From these appropriations, transfers of sums may be made to other agencies of the United States Government for the performance of work for which this appropriation is made. None of the funds made available to the Department of Energy under this Act shall be used to implement or finance authorized price support or loan guarantee programs unless specific provision is made for such programs in an appropriation Act. The Secretary is authorized to accept lands, buildings, equipment, and other contributions from public and private sources and to prosecute projects in cooperation with other agencies, Federal, State, private, or foreign.

Funding restriction.

Contributions, acceptance.

Appropriation transfers; submittal to congressional committees.

SEC. 302. Not to exceed 5 per centum of any appropriations made available for the current fiscal year for Department of Energy activities funded in this Act may be transferred between such

appropriations, but no such appropriation, except as otherwise provided, shall be increased or decreased by more than 5 per centum by any such transfers, and any such proposed transfers shall be submitted promptly to the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate.

SEC. 303. The unexpended balances of prior appropriations provided for activities covered in this Act may be transferred to appropriation accounts for such activities established pursuant to this title. Balances so transferred may be merged with funds in the applicable established accounts and thereafter may be accounted for as one fund for the same time period as originally enacted. Appropriation balances, transfers.

SEC. 304. The expenditure of any appropriation under this Act for any consulting service through procurement contract pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 3109, shall be limited to those contracts where such expenditures are a matter of public record and available for public inspection, except where otherwise provided under existing law, or under existing Executive order issued pursuant to existing law.

SEC. 305. None of the funds in the Department of Energy shall be used to pay the expenses of, or otherwise compensate, parties intervening in regulatory or adjudicatory proceedings funded in the Department of Energy. Funding restriction.

SEC. 306. Not more than $500,000 of funds available to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission shall be available for updating the comprehensive water resources analysis covering Merced County, Mariposa County, Madera County, and Fresno County in California, in accordance with the provisions of sections 4(a) and 10(a) of the Federal Power Act including such public hearings as are necessary and appropriate for that purpose: *Provided,* That notwithstanding any other provision of law or regulation, the construction of any dam or hydroelectric facility on Whiskey Creek, Nelder Creek, and Lewis Fork of the Fresno River, all located in Merced County, Mariposa County, Madera County, and Fresno County in California, shall be suspended and deferred until completion of the aforementioned updating of the comprehensive water resource analysis covering that area, and any permit, license, or exemption issued by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission shall be modified as necessary to be consistent with the results of that analysis. Analysis. 16 USC 797, 803.

TITLE IV—INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

APPALACHIAN REGIONAL COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Federal Cochairman and the alternate on the Appalachian Regional Commission and for payment of the Federal share of the administrative expenses of the Commission, including services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, and hire of passenger motor vehicles, $2,700,000.

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

APPALACHIAN REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS

For expenses necessary to carry out the programs authorized by the Appalachian Regional Development Act of 1965, as amended, except expenses authorized by section 105 of said Act, including 40 USC app. 1. 40 USC app. 105.

services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, and hire of passenger motor vehicles, to remain available until expended, $145,000,000 of which $100,000,000 shall be available for the Appalachian Development Highway System.

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary to carry out the functions of the United States member of the Delaware River Basin Commission, as authorized by law (75 Stat. 716), $191,000.

CONTRIBUTION TO DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION

For payment of the United States share of the current expenses of the Delaware River Basin Commission, as authorized by law (75 Stat. 706, 707), $269,000.

INTERSTATE COMMISSION ON THE POTOMAC RIVER BASIN

CONTRIBUTION TO INTERSTATE COMMISSION ON THE POTOMAC RIVER BASIN

To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to pay in advance to the Interstate Commission on the Potomac River Basin the Federal contribution toward the expenses of the Commission during the current fiscal year in the administration of its business in the conservancy district established pursuant to the Act of July 11, 1940 (54 Stat. 748), as amended by the Act of September 25, 1970 (Public Law 91-407), $68,000.

33 USC 567b.
33 USC 567b-1.

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Commission in carrying out the purposes of the Energy Reorganization Act of 1974, as amended, and the Atomic Energy Act, as amended, including the employment of aliens; services authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; publication and dissemination of atomic information; purchase, repair, and cleaning of uniforms; official representation expenses (not to exceed $3,000); reimbursements to the General Services Administration for security guard services; hire of passenger motor vehicles and aircraft, $465,800,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That from this appropriation, transfer of sums may be made to other agencies of the Government for the performance of the work for which this appropriation is made, and in such cases the sums so transferred may be merged with the appropriation to which transferred: *Provided further,* That moneys received by the Commission for the cooperative nuclear safety research program and the material access authorization program may be retained and used for salaries and expenses associated with those programs, notwithstanding the provisions of 31 U.S.C. 484, and shall remain available until expended.

42 USC 5801 note.

96 Stat. 948.
31 USC 3302.

SUSQUEHANNA RIVER BASIN COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary to carry out the functions of the United States member of the Susquehanna River Basin Commission, as authorized by law (84 Stat. 1541), $191,000.

CONTRIBUTION TO SUSQUEHANNA RIVER BASIN COMMISSION

For payment of the United States share of the current expense of the Susquehanna River Basin Commission, as authorized by law (84 Stat. 1530, 1531), $230,000.

TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY

TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY FUND

For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of the Tennessee Valley Authority Act of 1933, as amended (16 U.S.C., ch. 12A), including purchase, hire, maintenance, and operation of aircraft, and purchase and hire of passenger motor vehicles, $125,500,000, to remain available until expended, of which $47,271,000 shall be derived from unobligated balances in the Tennessee Valley Authority Fund provided in fiscal year 1983.

16 USC 831 *et seq.*

TITLE V—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 501. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided herein.

SEC. 502. None of the funds in this Act shall be used to pay the expenses of, or otherwise compensate, parties intervening in regulatory or adjudicatory proceedings funded in this Act.

SEC. 503. The expenditure of any appropriation under this Act for any consulting service through procurement contract, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 3109, shall be limited to those contracts where such expenditures are a matter of public record and available for public inspection, except where otherwise provided under existing law, or under existing Executive order issued pursuant to existing law.

SEC. 504. None of the funds in this Act shall be used to implement, administer, or enforce any regulation which has been disapproved pursuant to a resolution of disapproval duly adopted in accordance with the applicable law of the United States.

SEC. 505. None of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be used to implement a program of retention contracts for senior employees of the Tennessee Valley Authority.

SEC. 506. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act or any other provision of law, none of the funds made available under this Act or any other law shall be used for the purposes of conducting any studies relating or leading to the possibility of changing from the currently required "at cost" to a "market rate" or any other

non-cost-based method for the pricing of hydroelectric power by the six Federal public power authorities, or other agencies or authorities of the Federal Government, except as may be specifically authorized by Act of Congress hereafter enacted.

Short title.

This Act may be cited as the "Energy and Water Development Appropriation Act, 1984".

Approved July 14, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3132:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 98-217 (Comm. on Appropriations) and No. 98-272 (Comm. of Conference).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-153 (Comm. on Appropriations).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
June 6, 7, considered and passed House.
June 21, 22, considered and passed Senate, amended.
June 23, House disagreed to Senate amendments.
June 29, House agreed to conference report; receded from its disagreement and concurred in certain Senate amendments and in others with amendments. Senate agreed to conference report and concurred in House amendments.

Public Law 98-51
98th Congress

An Act

Making appropriations for the Legislative Branch for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for other purposes.

July 14, 1983
[H.R. 3135]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Legislative Branch for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for other purposes, namely:

Legislative Branch appropriations. Fiscal year 1984.

TITLE I—CONGRESSIONAL OPERATIONS

Congressional Operations Appropriation Act, 1984. 2 USC 60a note.

SENATE

MILEAGE OF THE VICE PRESIDENT AND SENATORS AND EXPENSE ALLOWANCES OF THE VICE PRESIDENT, THE PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE, MAJORITY AND MINORITY LEADERS, AND MAJORITY AND MINORITY WHIPS

MILEAGE OF THE VICE PRESIDENT AND SENATORS

For mileage of the Vice President and Senators of the United States, $60,000.

EXPENSE ALLOWANCES OF THE VICE PRESIDENT, THE PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE, MAJORITY AND MINORITY LEADERS, AND MAJORITY AND MINORITY WHIPS

For expense allowances of the Vice President, $10,000; the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, $10,000; Majority Leader of the Senate, $10,000; Minority Leader of the Senate, $10,000; Majority Whip of the Senate, $5,000; and Minority Whip of the Senate, $5,000; in all, $50,000.

SALARIES, OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

For compensation of officers, employees, clerks to Senators, and others as authorized by law, including agency contributions and longevity compensation as authorized, which shall be paid from this appropriation without regard to the below limitations, as follows:

OFFICE OF THE VICE PRESIDENT

For the Office of the Vice President, $1,031,000.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE

For Office of the President Pro Tempore, $139,000.

OFFICES OF THE MAJORITY AND MINORITY LEADERS

For Offices of the Majority and Minority Leaders, $881,000.

OFFICES OF THE MAJORITY AND MINORITY WHIPS

For Offices of the Majority and Minority Whips, $291,000.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEES

For the Conference of the Majority and the Conference of the Minority, at rates of compensation to be fixed by the Chairman of each such committee, $506,000 for each such committee; in all, $1,012,000.

OFFICES OF THE SECRETARIES OF THE CONFERENCE OF THE MAJORITY AND THE CONFERENCE OF THE MINORITY

For Offices of the Secretaries of the Conference of the Majority and the Conference of the Minority, $156,000.

OFFICE OF THE CHAPLAIN

For Office of the Chaplain, $83,000.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

For Office of the Secretary, $6,602,000.

ADMINISTRATIVE, CLERICAL, AND LEGISLATIVE ASSISTANCE TO SENATORS

For administrative, clerical, and legislative assistance to Senators, $94,900,000.

OFFICE OF THE SERGEANT AT ARMS AND DOORKEEPER

For Office of the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper, $32,123,000.

OFFICES OF THE SECRETARIES FOR THE MAJORITY AND MINORITY

For Offices of the Secretary for the Majority and the Secretary for the Minority, $775,000.

AGENCY CONTRIBUTIONS

For agency contributions for employee benefits, as authorized by law, $15,354,000.

OFFICE OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL OF THE SENATE

For salaries and expenses of the Office of the Legislative Counsel of the Senate, $1,280,000.

OFFICE OF SENATE LEGAL COUNSEL

For salaries and expenses of the Office of Senate Legal Counsel, $545,000.

EXPENSE ALLOWANCES OF THE SECRETARY OF THE SENATE, SERGEANT AT ARMS AND DOORKEEPER OF THE SENATE, AND SECRETARIES FOR THE MAJORITY AND MINORITY OF THE SENATE

For expense allowances of the Secretary of the Senate, $3,000; Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate, $3,000; Secretary for the Majority of the Senate, $3,000; Secretary for the Minority of the Senate, $3,000; in all, $12,000.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE SENATE

SENATE POLICY COMMITTEES

For salaries and expenses of the Majority Policy Committee and the Minority Policy Committee, $856,000 for each such committee; in all, $1,712,000.

INQUIRIES AND INVESTIGATIONS

For expenses of inquiries and investigations ordered by the Senate, or conducted pursuant to section 134(a) of Public Law 601, Seventy-ninth Congress, as amended, section 112 of Public Law 96-304 and Senate Resolution 281, agreed to March 11, 1980, $45,698,000.

2 USC 190b.
2 USC 46a-1, 61-1 and note.

SECRETARY OF THE SENATE

For expenses of the Office of the Secretary of the Senate, $390,000.

SERGEANT AT ARMS AND DOORKEEPER OF THE SENATE

For expenses of the Office of the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate, $32,869,000.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS

For miscellaneous items, $9,174,000.

STATIONERY (REVOLVING FUND)

For stationery for the President of the Senate, $4,500, for officers of the Senate and the Conference of the Majority and the Conference of the Minority of the Senate, $34,500; in all, $39,000.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

SEC. 101. (a) Effective October 1, 1983, there is established within the Offices of the Majority and Minority Leaders the positions of Assistant to the Majority Leader for Floor Operations and Assistant to the Minority Leader for Floor Operations, respectively. Individuals appointed to such positions by the Majority Leader and Minority Leader, respectively, shall receive compensation at a rate fixed by the appropriate Leader not to exceed the maximum annual rate of gross compensation of the Assistant Secretary of the Senate.

Effective dates.
2 USC 61h-5.

(b) Effective October 1, 1983, the positions of Assistant to the Majority Leader for Floor Operations and Assistant to the Minority Leader for Floor Operations established by the Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1977 (2 U.S.C. 61h-5), are abolished.

SEC. 102. (a) Section 506(e) of the Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1973 (2 U.S.C. 58(e)) is amended—

(1) in the first sentence thereof, by inserting ", essential travel-related expenses (as defined hereafter in this subsection)," immediately after "actual transportation expenses"; and

"Essential travel-related expenses."

(2) by inserting immediately after the third sentence thereof, the following new sentence: "As used in this subsection, the term 'essential travel-related expenses' means travel expenses (other than transportation expenses) which are essential to the transaction of official business while the Senator or employee is away from his official station or post of duty.".

Effective date. 2 USC 68-3.

SEC. 103. (a) Effective October 1, 1983—

(1) there shall be, within the contingent fund of the Senate, a separate account for the "Secretary of the Senate", and a separate account for the "Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate";

(2) the account for "Automobiles and Maintenance", within the contingent fund of the Senate, is abolished, and funds for the purchase, lease, exchange, maintenance, and operation of vehicles for the Senate shall be included in the separate account, established by paragraph (1), for the "Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate"; and

(3) the account for "Postage Stamps", within the contingent fund of the Senate, is abolished; and funds for special delivery postage of the Office of the Secretary of the Senate shall be included in the separate account, established by paragraph (1), for the "Secretary of the Senate"; funds for special delivery postage of the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate shall be included in the separate account, established by paragraph (1), for the "Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate"; and postage stamps for the Secretaries for the Majority and the Minority and other offices and officers of the Senate, as authorized by law, shall be included in the account for "Miscellaneous Items", within the contingent fund of the Senate.

(b) Any provision of law which was enacted, or any Senate resolution which was agreed to, prior to October 1, 1983, and which authorizes moneys in the contingent fund of the Senate to be expended by or for the use of the Secretary of the Senate, or his office (whether generally or from a specified account within such fund) may on and after October 1, 1983, be construed to authorize such moneys to be expended from the separate account, within such fund, established by subsection (a)(1) for the "Secretary of the Senate"; and any provision of law which was enacted prior to October 1, 1983, and which authorizes moneys in the contingent fund of the Senate to be expended by or for the use of the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate, or his office (whether generally or from a specified account within such fund) may on and after October 1, 1983, be construed to authorize such moneys to be expended from the separate account, within such fund, established by subsection (a)(1) for the "Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate".

Funds, advancement. 2 USC 65d.

SEC. 104. From funds available for any fiscal year (commencing with the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984), the Secretary of the Senate shall advance to the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate for the purpose of defraying office expenses such sums (for which the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper shall be accountable) not in excess of $1,000 at any one time, as such Sergeant at Arms

shall from time to time request; except that the aggregate of the sums so advanced during the fiscal year shall not exceed $10,000.

In accordance with the provisions of this section, a detailed voucher shall be submitted to the Secretary of the Senate by such Sergeant at Arms whenever necessary, in order to replenish funds expended. Voucher.

SEC. 105. With the approval of the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, the Legislative Counsel of the Senate may make such expenditures as may be necessary or appropriate for the functioning of the Office of the Legislative Counsel of the Senate. 2 USC 276a.

SEC. 106. Funds expended by the Legislative Counsel of the Senate or the Senate Legal Counsel for travel and related expenses shall be subject to the same regulations and limitations (insofar as they are applicable) as those which the Senate Committee on Rules and Administration prescribes for application to travel and related expenses for which payment is authorized to be made from the contingent fund of the Senate. Travel and related expenses, payment authorization. 2 USC 276b, 288n.

SEC. 107. Subsections (a) and (b) of section 106 of the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1963 (2 U.S.C. 60j) on or after October 1, 1983 shall not apply to any individual whose pay is disbursed by the Secretary of the Senate; except that, any individual who prior to such date was entitled to longevity compensation under such subsections on the basis of service performed prior to such date shall continue to be entitled to such compensation, but no individual shall accrue any longevity compensation on the basis of service performed on or after such date. Longevity compensation. 2 USC 60j-4.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MILEAGE OF MEMBERS

For mileage of Members, as authorized by law, $210,000.

HOUSE LEADERSHIP OFFICES

For salaries and expenses, as authorized by law, $3,005,000, including: Office of the Speaker, $721,000, including $18,000 for official expenses of the Speaker; Office of the Majority Floor Leader, $594,000, including $10,000 for official expenses of the Majority Leader; Office of the Minority Floor Leader, $667,000, including $10,000 for official expenses of the Minority Leader; Office of the Majority Whip, $548,000, including $1,000 for official expenses of the Majority Whip and not to exceed $135,180 for the Chief Deputy Majority Whip; Office of the Minority Whip, $475,000, including $1,000 for official expenses of the Minority Whip and not to exceed $71,380 for the Chief Deputy Minority Whip.

SALARIES, OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

For compensation and expenses of officers and employees, as authorized by law, $44,639,000, including: Office of the Clerk, $12,502,000; Office of the Sergeant at Arms, including overtime, as authorized by law, $17,173,000; Office of the Doorkeeper, including overtime, as authorized by law, $6,185,000; Office of the Postmaster, $1,845,000, including $36,205 for employment of substitute messengers and extra services of regular employees when required at the salary rate of not to exceed $15,123 per annum each; Office of the

Chaplain, $68,000; Office of the Parliamentarian, including the Parliamentarian and $2,000 for preparing the Digest of Rules, $575,000; for salaries and expenses of the Office of the Law Revision Counsel of the House, $741,000; for salaries and expenses of the Office of the Legislative Counsel of the House, $3,085,000; six minority employees, $404,000; the House Democratic Steering Committee and Caucus, $542,000; the House Republican Conference, $542,000; and Other Authorized Employees, $977,000.

Transfer of funds.

Such amounts as are deemed necessary for the payment of salaries of officers and employees under this head may be transferred between the various offices and activities within this appropriation, "Salaries, Officers and Employees", upon the approval of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

COMMITTEE EMPLOYEES

For professional and clerical employees of standing committees, including the Committee on Appropriations and the Committee on the Budget, $34,734,000.

COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS (STUDIES AND INVESTIGATIONS)

For salaries and expenses, studies and examinations of executive agencies, by the Committee on Appropriations, and temporary personal services for such committee, to be expended in accordance with section 202(b) of the Legislative Reorganization Act, 1946, and to be available for reimbursement to agencies for services performed, $3,700,000.

2 USC 72a.

COMMITTEE ON THE BUDGET (STUDIES)

For salaries, expenses, and studies by the Committee on the Budget, and temporary personal services for such committee to be expended in accordance with sections 101(c), 606, 703, and 901(e), of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, and to be available for reimbursement to agencies for services performed, $299,000.

88 Stat. 299; 2 USC 661, 623; 88 Stat. 330.

MEMBERS' CLERK HIRE

For staff employed by each Member in the discharge of his official and representative duties, $150,233,000.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE

ALLOWANCES AND EXPENSES

For allowances and expenses as authorized by House resolution or law, $103,242,000, including: Official Expenses of Members, $67,200,000; supplies, materials, administrative costs and Federal tort claims, $9,208,000; furniture and furnishings, $985,000; stenographic reporting of committee hearings, $700,000; reemployed annuitants reimbursement, $2,300,000; Government contributions to employees' life insurance fund, retirement fund, and health benefits fund, $22,349,000; and miscellaneous items including, but not limited to, purchase, exchange, maintenance, repair and operation of House motor vehicles, interparliamentary receptions and gratuities to heirs of deceased employees of the House, $500,000.

Such amounts as are deemed necessary for the payment of allowances and expenses under this head may be transferred between the various categories within this appropriation, "Allowances and Expenses", upon the approval of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives. Transfer of funds.

SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES

For salaries and expenses of special and select committees authorized by the House, $44,000,000.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

SEC. 108. Of the amounts appropriated in fiscal year 1984 for the House of Representatives under the headings "Committee employees", "Special and select committees", "Salaries, officers and employees", "Allowances and expenses", and "Members' clerk hire", such amounts as are deemed necessary for the payment of salaries and expenses may be transferred among the aforementioned accounts upon approval of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives. Transfer of funds.

SEC. 109. Hereafter, no part of the funds appropriated by this or any other Act shall be available for planning or administering any user-reimbursement program or policy that requires reimbursement for computer services and equipment provided by the House Information Systems to the Committees of the House of Representatives or the House Leadership offices.

SEC. 110. The provisions of House Resolution 625, Ninety-seventh Congress, agreed to December 9, 1982, House Resolution 6, Ninety-eighth Congress, agreed to January 3, 1983, and House Resolution 64, Ninety-eighth Congress, agreed to February 8, 1983, shall be permanent law. 40 USC 206a-9, 206a-9 note. 2 USC 84-1. 2 USC 88b-5.

SEC. 111. (1) The provisions of House Resolution 1280, Ninety-fifth Congress, agreed to October 11, 1978, and House Resolution 1297, Ninety-fifth Congress, agreed to August 16, 1978, shall be permanent law, and the provisions of House Resolution 7, Ninety-sixth Congress, agreed to January 15, 1979, shall be permanent law during the period in which the position involved is held by the individual holding the position on the date of the enactment of this section. 2 USC 59d. 2 USC 84-2 note.

(2) Effective January 3, 1978, section 8332(b) of title 5, United States Code, is amended— 96 Stat. 54.

(A) in paragraph (11), by striking out "and" at the end;

(B) in paragraph (12), by striking out the period at the end and inserting in lieu thereof "; and";

(C) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(13) subject to sections 8334(c) and 8339(i) of this title, service performed on or after December 6, 1967, and before the effective date of this paragraph as an employee of the House Beauty Shop, only if he serves as such an employee for a period of at least five years after such effective date."; and 5 USC 8334, 8339.

(D) by inserting after the sentence beginning "The Office of Personnel Management shall accept the certification of the Capitol Guide Board" the following new sentence: "The Office of Personnel Management shall accept the certification of the Clerk of the House of Representatives concerning service for the

purpose of this subchapter of the type described in paragraph (13) of this subsection.".

2 USC 74a-5, 333a. 2 USC 74a-4.

SEC. 112. The funds provided under the provisions of sections 74(a)-4 and 333 of title 2, United States Code, shall be limited to use for the compensation of additional personnel and other necessary official expenses.

JOINT ITEMS

For joint committees, as follows:

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE SENATE

JOINT ECONOMIC COMMITTEE

For salaries and expenses of the Joint Economic Committee, $2,437,000.

JOINT COMMITTEE ON PRINTING

For salaries and expenses of the Joint Committee on Printing, $855,000.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE

JOINT COMMITTEE ON TAXATION

For salaries and expenses of the Joint Committee on Taxation, $3,395,000, to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House.

For other joint items, as follows:

OFFICE OF THE ATTENDING PHYSICIAN

For medical supplies, equipment, and contingent expenses of the emergency rooms, and for the Attending Physician and his assistants, including (1) an allowance of $1,000 per month to the Attending Physician; (2) an allowance of $600 per month to one senior medical officer while on duty in the Attending Physician's office; (3) an allowance of $200 per month each to two medical officers while on duty in the Attending Physician's office; (4) an allowance of $200 per month each to not to exceed nine assistants on the basis heretofore provided for such assistance; and (5) $407,200 for reimbursement to the Department of the Navy for expenses incurred for staff and equipment assigned to the Office of the Attending Physician, such amount shall be advanced and credited to the applicable appropriation or appropriations from which such salaries, allowances, and other expenses are payable and shall be available for all the purposes thereof, $653,000, to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House.

CAPITOL POLICE

GENERAL EXPENSES

For purchasing and supplying uniforms; the purchase, maintenance, and repair of police motor vehicles, including two-way police radio equipment; contingent expenses, including advance payment for travel for training or other purposes, and expenses associated with the relocation of instructor personnel to and from the Federal

Law Enforcement Training Center as approved by the Chairman of the Capitol Police Board, and including $40 per month for extra services performed for the Capitol Police Board by such member of the staff of the Sergeant at Arms of the Senate or the House as may be designated by the Chairman of the Board, $1,612,000, to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House: *Provided,* That the funds used to establish the petty cash fund referred to as "Petty Cash III" which is to provide for the advance of travel expenses attendant to protective assignments shall not exceed $4,000.

Petty cash fund.

CAPITOL POLICE BOARD

Funds available for obligations for fiscal year 1984 to enable the Capitol Police Board to provide additional protection for the Capitol Buildings and Grounds, including the Senate and House Office Buildings and the Capitol Power Plant, $213,000, to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House. Such sum shall be expended only for payment of salaries and other expenses of personnel detailed from the Metropolitan Police of the District of Columbia, and the Mayor of the District of Columbia is authorized and directed to make such details upon the request of the Board. Personnel so detailed shall, during the period of such detail, serve under the direction and instructions of the Board and are authorized to exercise the same authority as members of such Metropolitan Police and members of the Capitol Police and to perform such other duties as may be assigned by the Board. Reimbursement for salaries and other expenses of such detail personnel shall be made to the Government of the District of Columbia, and any sums so reimbursed shall be credited to the appropriation or appropriations from which such salaries and expenses are payable and shall be available for all the purposes thereof: *Provided,* That any person detailed under the authority of this paragraph or under similar authority in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1942, and the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1940, from the Metropolitan Police of the District of Columbia shall be deemed a member of such Metropolitan Police during the period or periods of any such detail for all purposes of rank, pay, allowances, privileges, and the benefits to the same extent as though such detail had not been made, and at the termination thereof any such person shall have a status with respect to rank, pay, allowances, privileges, and benefits which is not less than the status of such person in such police at the end of such detail.

Detailed personnel.

55 Stat. 446.
54 Stat. 628.

No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be paid as compensation to any person appointed after June 30, 1935, as an officer or member of the Capitol Police who does not meet the standards to be prescribed for such appointees by the Capitol Police Board: *Provided,* That the Capitol Police Board is hereby authorized to detail police from the House Office, Senate Office, and Capitol Buildings for police duty on the Capitol Grounds and on the Library of Congress Grounds.

40 USC 212a-1 note.

EDUCATION OF PAGES

For education of congressional pages, $295,000, to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House.

Official Mail Costs

For expenses necessary for official mail costs, $107,077,000, to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House, to be available immediately upon enactment of this Act.

Capitol Guide Service

For salaries and expenses of the Capitol Guide Service, $775,000, to be disbursed by the Secretary of the Senate: *Provided,* That none of these funds shall be used to employ more than twenty-eight individuals: *Provided further,* That the Capitol Guide Board is authorized, during emergencies, to employ not more than two additional individuals for not more than one hundred twenty days each, and not more than ten additional individuals for not more than six months each, for the Capitol Guide Service.

Statements of Appropriations

For the preparation, under the direction of the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives, of the statements for the first session of the Ninety-eighth Congress, showing appropriations made, indefinite appropriations, and contracts authorized, together with a chronological history of the regular appropriation bills as required by law, $13,000, to be paid to the persons designated by the chairman of such committees to supervise the work.

OFFICE OF TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT

Salaries and Expenses

2 USC 471 note.

For salaries and expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Technology Assessment Act of 1972 (Public Law 92-484), including reception and representation expenses (not to exceed $2,000 from the Trust Fund) and rental of space in the District of Columbia, $14,653,000: *Provided,* That none of the funds in this Act shall be available for salaries or expenses of any employee of the Office of Technology Assessment in excess of 139 staff employees: *Provided further,* That no part of this appropriation shall be available for assessments or activities not initiated and approved in accordance with section 3(d) of Public Law 92-484, except that funds shall be available for the assessment required by Public Law 96-151.

2 USC 472.
38 USC 101 note.

CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE

Salaries and Expenses

2 USC 621 note.

For salaries and expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-344), $16,300,000: *Provided,* That none of these funds shall be available for the purchase or hire of a passenger motor vehicle: *Provided further,* That none of the funds in this Act shall be available for salaries or expenses of any employee of the Congressional Budget Office in excess of 222 staff employees.

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

OFFICE OF THE ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

SALARIES

For the Architect of the Capitol; the Assistant Architect of the Capitol; the Executive Assistant; and other personal services; at rates of pay provided by law, $4,806,000.

TRAVEL

Appropriations under the control of the Architect of the Capitol shall be available for expenses of travel on official business not to exceed in the aggregate under all funds the sum of $20,000. 40 USC 166a.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES

To enable the Architect of the Capitol to make surveys and studies, to incur expenses authorized by the Act of December 13, 1973 (87 Stat. 704), and to meet unforeseen expenses in connection with activities under his care, $210,000, which shall remain available until expended. Surveys and studies. 40 USC 166d.

CAPITOL BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

CAPITOL BUILDINGS

For all necessary expenses for the maintenance, care and operation of the Capitol Building and electrical substations of the Senate and House Office Buildings, under the jurisdiction of the Architect of the Capitol, including furnishings and office equipment; not to exceed $1,000 for official reception and representation expenses, to be expended as the Architect of the Capitol may approve; preservation of historic drawings through use of document conservation laboratory facilities of the Library of Congress on a reimbursable basis; purchase or exchange, maintenance and operation of a passenger motor vehicle, hereafter to be used exclusively for official purposes; security installations authorized by House Concurrent Resolution 550, Ninety-second Congress, agreed to September 19, 1972, the cost limitation of which is hereby further increased by $167,000; for expenses of attendance, when specifically authorized by the Architect of the Capitol, at meetings or conventions in connection with subjects related to work under the Architect of the Capitol, $10,630,000, of which $940,000 shall remain available until expended.

CAPITOL GROUNDS

For all necessary expenses for care and improvement of grounds surrounding the Capitol, the Senate and House Office Buildings, and the Capitol Power Plant, $3,199,000, of which $10,000 shall remain available until expended.

SENATE OFFICE BUILDINGS

For all necessary expenses for maintenance, care and operation of the Senate Office Buildings; and furniture and furnishings, to be expended under the control and supervision of the Architect of the

Capitol, $17,412,000, of which $1,496,000 shall remain available until expended.

HOUSE OFFICE BUILDINGS

For all necessary expenses for the maintenance, care and operation of the House Office Buildings, including the position of Superintendent of Garages as authorized by law, $21,361,000, of which $392,000 shall remain available until expended.

CAPITOL POWER PLANT

For all necessary expenses for the maintenance, care and operation of the Capitol Power Plant; for lighting, heating, and power (including the purchase of electrical energy) for the Capitol, Senate and House Office Buildings, Congressional Library Buildings, and the grounds about the same, Botanic Garden, Senate garage, and for air conditioning refrigeration not supplied from plants in any of such buildings; for heating the Government Printing Office and Washington City Post Office and heating and chilled water for air conditioning for the Supreme Court Building, Union Station complex and the Folger Shakespeare Library, expenses for which shall be advanced or reimbursed upon request of the Architect of the Capitol and amounts so received shall be deposited into the Treasury to the credit of this appropriation; $23,542,000, of which $420,000 shall remain available until expended: *Provided,* That not to exceed $1,950,000 of the funds credited or to be reimbursed to this appropriation as herein provided shall be available for obligation during fiscal year 1984.

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

CONGRESSIONAL RESEARCH SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

2 USC 166 and note.

Restriction.

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 203 of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946, as amended by section 321 of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1970 (2 U.S.C. 166) and to revise and extend the Annotated Constitution of the United States of America, $36,620,000: *Provided,* That no part of this appropriation may be used to pay any salary or expense in connection with any publication, or preparation of material therefor (except the Digest of Public General Bills), to be issued by the Library of Congress unless such publication has obtained prior approval of either the Committee on House Administration or the Senate Committee on Rules and Administration.

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

CONGRESSIONAL PRINTING AND BINDING

For authorized printing and binding for the Congress; for printing and binding for the Architect of the Capitol; expenses necessary for preparing the semimonthly and session index to the Congressional Record, as authorized by law (44 U.S.C. 902); and printing and binding of Government publications authorized by law to be distributed to Members of Congress, $86,580,000: *Provided,* That this appropriation shall not be available for printing and binding part 2 of the annual report of the Secretary of Agriculture (known as the Yearbook of Agriculture) or for printing and binding copies of the permanent edition of the Congressional Record for individual Representatives, Resident Commissioners or Delegates authorized under 44 U.S.C. 906: *Provided further,* That this appropriation shall be available for the payment of obligations incurred under the appropriations for similar purposes for preceding fiscal years.

This title may be cited as the "Congressional Operations Appropriation Act, 1984". Short title.

TITLE II—OTHER AGENCIES

BOTANIC GARDEN

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For all necessary expenses for the maintenance, care and operation of the Botanic Garden and the nurseries, buildings, grounds, and collections; purchase and exchange, maintenance, repair, and operation of a passenger motor vehicle; all under the direction of the Joint Committee on the Library, $2,018,000, of which $20,000 shall remain available until expended.

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Library of Congress, not otherwise provided for, including development and maintenance of the Union Catalogs; custody, care and maintenance of the Library Buildings; special clothing; cleaning, laundering and repair of uniforms; preservation of motion pictures in the custody of the Library; operation and maintenance of the American Folklife Center and the American Television and Radio Archives in the Library; preparation and distribution of catalog cards and other publications of the Library; and expenses of the Library of Congress Trust Fund Board not properly chargeable to the income of any trust fund held by the Board, $130,728,000, of which not more than $4,300,000 shall be derived from collections credited to this appropriation during fiscal year 1984 under the Act of June 28, 1902 (2 U.S.C. 150): *Provided,* That the total amount available for obligation shall be reduced by the amount by which collections are less than the $4,300,000: *Provided further,* That of the total amount appropriated, $5,242,000 is to remain available until expended for acquisition of books, periodicals, and newspapers, and all other materials including subscriptions for bibliographic services for the Library, including $40,000 to be availa-

ble solely for the purchase, when specifically approved by the Librarian, of special and unique materials for additions to the collections.

COPYRIGHT OFFICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Copyright Office, including publication of the decisions of the United States courts involving copyrights, $16,181,000, of which not more than $5,200,000 shall be derived from collections credited to this appropriation during fiscal year 1984 under 17 U.S.C. 708(c): *Provided,* That the total amount available for obligation shall be reduced by the amount by which collections are less than the $5,200,000.

BOOKS FOR THE BLIND AND PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For salaries and expenses to carry out the provisions of the Act approved March 3, 1931 (2 U.S.C. 135a), as amended, $35,099,000.

COLLECTION AND DISTRIBUTION OF LIBRARY MATERIALS

(SPECIAL FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM)

For necessary expenses for carrying out the provisions of section 104(b)(5) of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1704), to remain available until expended, $2,962,000, of which $2,476,000 shall be available only for payments in any foreign currencies owed to or owned by the United States which the Treasury Department shall determine to be excess to the normal requirements of the United States.

FURNITURE AND FURNISHINGS

For necessary expenses for the purchase and repair of furniture, furnishings, office and library equipment, $1,524,000.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

2 USC 136c.

SEC. 201. From and after October 1, 1983, appropriations in this Act available to the Library of Congress for salaries shall be available for expenses of personnel security and suitability investigations of Library employees; special and temporary services (including employees engaged by day or hour or in piecework); and services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109.

Aliens, employment. 2 USC 169.

SEC. 202. From and after October 1, 1983, not to exceed fifteen positions in the Library of Congress may be exempt from the provisions of appropriation Acts concerning the employment of aliens during the current fiscal year, but the Librarian shall not make any appointment to any such position until he has ascertained that he cannot secure for such appointments a person in any of the categories specified in such provisions who possesses the special qualifications for the particular position and also otherwise meets the general requirements for employment in the Library of Congress.

SEC. 203. Appropriations in this Act available to the Library of Congress shall be available, in an amount not to exceed $140,750, of which $53,100 is for the Congressional Research Service, when specifically authorized by the Librarian, for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the function or activity for which the appropriation is made. Congressional Research Service.

SEC. 204. From and after October 1, 1983, the Library of Congress is authorized to compute and disburse basic pay of all personnel of the Copyright Royalty Tribunal pursuant to the provisions of section 5504 of title 5 of the United States Code. 2 USC 142g.

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

LIBRARY BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

STRUCTURAL AND MECHANICAL CARE

For all necessary expenses for the mechanical and structural maintenance, care and operation of the Library buildings and grounds, $5,980,000, of which $850,000 shall remain available until expended.

COPYRIGHT ROYALTY TRIBUNAL

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Copyright Royalty Tribunal, $700,000, of which $490,000 shall be derived by collections from the appropriation "Payments to Copyright Owners" for the reasonable costs incurred in proceedings involving distribution of royalty fees as provided by 17 U.S.C. 807.

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

PRINTING AND BINDING

For printing, binding, and distribution of Government publications authorized by law to be distributed without charge to the recipient, $13,420,000: *Provided,* That this appropriation shall not be available for printing and binding part 2 of the annual report of the Secretary of Agriculture (known as the Yearbook of Agriculture): *Provided further,* That this appropriation shall be available for the payment of obligations incurred under the appropriations for similar purposes for preceding fiscal years.

OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF DOCUMENTS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Office of Superintendent of Documents, including compensation of all employees in accordance with the provisions of 44 U.S.C. 305; travel expenses (not to exceed $88,300); price lists and bibliographies; repairs to buildings, elevators, and machinery; and supplying books to depository libraries; $25,700,000: *Provided,* That $300,000 of this appropriation shall be apportioned for use pursuant to section 3679 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (31 U.S.C. 1512), with the approval of the Public Printer, only to the extent necessary to provide for expenses (excluding 96 Stat. 929.

permanent personal services) for workload increases not anticipated in the budget estimates and which cannot be provided for by normal budgetary adjustments.

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE REVOLVING FUND

The Government Printing Office is hereby authorized to make such expenditures, within the limits of funds available and in accord with the law, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations as provided by section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended, as may be necessary in carrying out the programs and purposes set forth in the budget for the current fiscal year for the "Government Printing Office revolving fund": *Provided,* That not to exceed $5,000 may be expended on the certification of the Public Printer in connection with special studies of government printing, binding, and distribution practices and procedures: *Provided further,* That during the current fiscal year the revolving fund shall be available for the hire of two passenger motor vehicles and the purchase of one passenger motor vehicle: *Provided further,* That expenditures in connection with travel expenses of the advisory councils to the Public Printer shall be deemed necessary to carry out the provisions of title 44, United States Code: *Provided further,* That the revolving fund shall be available for services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109 but at rates for individuals not to exceed the per diem rate equivalent to the rate for grade GS–18.

96 Stat. 1043.
31 USC 9104.

GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the General Accounting Office, including not to exceed $5,000 to be expended on the certification of the Comptroller General of the United States in connection with official representation and reception expenses; services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109 but at rates for individuals not to exceed the per diem rate equivalent to the rate for grade GS–18; hire of one passenger motor vehicle; advance payments in foreign countries notwithstanding section 3648, Revised Statutes, as amended (31 U.S.C. 3324); benefits comparable to those payable under sections 901(5), 901(6), and 901(8) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4081(5), 4081(6), and 4081(8), respectively); and under regulations prescribed by the Comptroller General of the United States, rental of living quarters in foreign countries and travel benefits comparable with those which are now or hereafter may be granted single employees of the Agency for International Development, including single Foreign Service personnel assigned to A.I.D. projects, by the Administrator of the Agency for International Development—or his designee—under the authority of section 636(b) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2396(b)); $267,161,000: *Provided,* That this appropriation and appropriations for administrative expenses of any other department or agency which is a member of the Joint Financial Management Improvement Program (JFMIP) shall be available to finance an appropriate share of JFMIP costs as determined by the JFMIP, including but not limited to the salary of the Executive Director and secretarial support: *Provided further,* That this appropriation and appropriations for administrative expenses of

96 Stat. 950.

any other department or agency which is a member of the National Intergovernmental Audit Forum or a Regional Intergovernmental Audit Forum shall be available to finance an appropriate share of Forum costs as determined by the Forum, including necessary travel expenses of non-Federal participants. Payments hereunder to either the Forum or the JFMIP may be credited as reimbursements to any appropriation from which costs involved are initially financed: *Provided further,* That this appropriation and appropriations for administrative expenses of any other department or agency which is a member of the American Consortium on International Public Administration (ACIPA) shall be available to finance an appropriate share of ACIPA costs as determined by the ACIPA, including any expenses attributable to membership of ACIPA in the International Institute of Administrative Sciences.

TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 301. No part of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be used for the maintenance or care of private vehicles, except for emergency assistance and cleaning as may be provided under regulations relating to parking facilities for the House of Representatives issued by the Committee on House Administration.

SEC. 302. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided herein. Fiscal year limitation.

SEC. 303. Whenever any office or position not specifically established by the Legislative Pay Act of 1929 is appropriated for herein or whenever the rate of compensation or designation of any position appropriated for herein is different from that specifically established for such position by such Act, the rate of compensation and the designation of the position, or either, appropriated for or provided herein, shall be the permanent law with respect thereto: *Provided,* That the provisions herein for the various items of official expenses of Members, officers, and committees of the Senate and House, and clerk hire for Senators and Members shall be the permanent law with respect thereto. 2 USC 60b.

SEC. 304. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the rate of salary or basic pay prescribed by law as of the date of the enactment of this Act shall be reduced to the salary or basic pay rate payable as of such date in the case of— 5 USC 5318 note.

(1) any office or position at level I, II, or III of the Executive Schedule, 5 USC 5312, 5313, 5314.

(2) any Member of Congress, and

(3) any other office or position in the legislative, executive, or judicial branch, or in the government of the District of Columbia, for which the rate of salary or basic pay that is payable on such date of enactment is less than the rate then prescribed by law.

(b) In the case of any office or position in the legislative, executive, or judicial branch, or in the government of the District of Columbia, for which the maximum rate of salary or basic pay that is payable on the date of the enactment of this Act is less than the maximum rate then prescribed by law, the maximum rate prescribed by law as of such date of enactment shall be reduced to the maximum rate payable as of such date.

(c) In determining the amount of the reduction under this section in the case of any Senator, the provisions of section 129, of Public

96 Stat. 1914.

Law 97-377 shall be applied without regard to subsection (c) of such section.

Consulting service.

SEC. 305. The expenditure of any appropriation under this Act for any consulting service through procurement contract, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 3109, shall be limited to those contracts where such expenditures are a matter of public record and available for public inspection, except where otherwise provided under existing law, or under existing Executive order issued pursuant to existing law.

Approved July 14, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3135:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 98-227 (Comm. on Appropriations) and No. 98-271 (Comm. of Conference).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-161 (Comm. on Appropriations).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
June 2, 3, considered and passed House.
June 23, considered and passed Senate, amended.
June 29, House agreed to conference report; receded from its disagreement and concurred in certain Senate amendments and in others with amendments. Senate agreed to conference report and concurred in House amendments.

Public Law 98-52
98th Congress

An Act

To authorize appropriations to the National Aeronautics and Space Administration for research and development, construction of facilities, and research and program management, and for other purposes.

July 15, 1983
[H.R. 2065]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

National Aeronautics and Space Administration Authorization Act, 1984.

TITLE I

SEC. 101. That there is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the National Aeronautics and Space Administration to become available October 1, 1983:

(a) For "Research and development," for the following programs: Research and development.

(1) Space transportation capability development, $2,009,400,000;

(2) Space transportation operations, $1,545,600,000;

(3) Physics and astronomy, $562,100,000;

(4) Planetary exploration, $220,400,000;

(5) Life sciences, $59,000,000;

(6) Space applications, $313,000,000;

(7) Technology utilization, $10,000,000;

(8) Aeronautical research and technology, $320,300,000;

(9) Space research and technology, $143,000,000; and

(10) Tracking and data systems, $700,200,000; and

(b) For "Construction of facilities," including land acquisition, as follows: Facilities construction.

(1) Space Shuttle facilities at various locations as follows:

(A) Modifications for additional chillers for mission control center, Lyndon B. Johnson Space Center, $2,300,000; and

(B) Modifications to mobile launch platform, John F. Kennedy Space Center, $27,300,000; and

(C) Modification of manufacturing and final assembly facilities for external tanks, Michoud Assembly Facility, $11,700,000;

(2) Space Shuttle payload facilities at various locations as follows:

(A) Construction of cargo hazardous servicing facility, John F. Kennedy Space Center, $9,000,000; and

(B) Modifications to spacecraft assembly and encapsulation facility for cargo processing, John F. Kennedy Space Center, $3,000,000;

(3) Construction of frequency standards laboratory, Jet Propulsion Laboratory, $2,700,000;

(4) Modifications to space flight operations facility, Jet Propulsion Laboratory, $1,600,000;

(5) Construction of fluid mechanics laboratory, Ames Research Center, $3,900,000;

(6) Construction of aeronautical tracking facility, Hugh L. Dryden Flight Research Facility, $800,000;

(7) Modifications and addition for composite materials laboratory, Langley Research Center, $5,100,000;

(8) Modifications to 30- by 60-foot wind tunnel, Langley Research Center, $4,400,000;

(9) Modifications for small engine component testing facility, Lewis Research Center, $7,000,000;

(10) Modifications to icing research tunnel, Lewis Research Center, $3,600,000;

(11) Relocation of 26-meter STDN antenna, Spain, $1,700,000;

(12) Repair of facilities at various locations, not in excess of $500,000 per project, $19,500,000;

(13) Rehabilitation and modification of facilities at various locations, not in excess of $500,000 per project, $24,500,000;

(14) Minor construction of new facilities and additions to existing facilities at various locations, not in excess of $250,000 per project, $4,800,000; and

(15) Facility planning and design not otherwise provided for, $9,200,000.

Research and program management.

(c) For "Research and program management," $1,242,500,000, and such additional or supplemental amounts as may be necessary for increases in salary, pay, retirement, or other employee benefits authorized by law.

Research and development.

(d) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 101(g), appropriations hereby authorized for "Research and development" may be used (1) for any items of a capital nature (other than acquisition of land) which may be required at locations other than installations of the Administration for the performance of research and development contracts, and (2) for grants to nonprofit institutions of higher education, or to nonprofit organizations whose primary purpose is the conduct of scientific research, for purchase or construction of additional research facilities; and title to such facilities shall be vested in the United States unless the Administrator determines that the national program of aeronautical and space activities will best be served by vesting title in any such grantee institution or organization. Each such grant shall be made under such conditions as the Administrator shall determine to be required to insure that the United States will receive therefrom benefit adequate to justify the making of that grant. None of the funds appropriated for "Research and development" pursuant to this Act may be used in accordance with this subsection for the construction of any major facility, the estimated cost of which, including collateral equipment, exceeds $250,000, unless the Administrator or his designee has notified the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate and the Committee on Science and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate of the nature, location, and estimated cost of such facility.

(e) When so specified and to the extent provided in an appropriation Act, (1) any amount appropriated for "Research and development" or for "Construction of facilities" may remain available without fiscal year limitation, and (2) maintenance and operation of facilities, and support services contracts may be entered into under the "Research and program management" appropriation for periods not in excess of twelve months beginning at any time during the fiscal year.

(f) Appropriations made pursuant to subsection 101(c) may be used, but not to exceed $35,000, for scientific consultations or extraordinary expenses upon the approval or authority of the Administrator and his determination shall be final and conclusive upon the accounting officers of the Government. Scientific consultations or extraordinary expenses.

(g) Of the funds appropriated pursuant to subsections 101(a) and 101(c), not in excess of $75,000 for each project, including collateral equipment, may be used for construction of new facilities and additions to existing facilities, and for repair, rehabilitation, or modification of facilities: *Provided,* That, of the funds appropriated pursuant to subsection 101(a), not in excess of $250,000 for each project, including collateral equipment, may be used for any of the foregoing for unforeseen programmatic needs.

SEC. 102. Authorization is hereby granted whereby any of the amounts prescribed in paragraphs (1) through (14), inclusive, of subsection 101(b)—

(1) in the discretion of the Administrator or his designee, may be varied upward 10 percent, or

(2) following a report by the Administrator or his designee to the Committee on Science and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate on the circumstances of such action, may be varied upward 25 percent, Report to congressional committees.

to meet unusual cost variations, but the total cost of all work authorized under such paragraphs shall not exceed the total of the amounts specified in such paragraphs.

SEC. 103. Not to exceed one half of 1 percent of the funds appropriated pursuant to subsection 101(a) hereof may be transferred to and merged with the "Construction of facilities" appropriation, and, when so transferred, together with $10,000,000 of the funds appropriated pursuant to subsection 101(b) hereof (other than funds appropriated pursuant to paragraph (15) of such subsection) shall be available for expenditure to construct, expand, or modify laboratories and other installations at any location (including locations specified in subsection 101(b)), if (1) the Administrator determines such action to be necessary because of changes in the national program of aeronautical and space activities or new scientific or engineering developments and (2) he determines that deferral of such action until the enactment of the next authorization Act would be inconsistent with the interest of the Nation in aeronautical and space activities. The funds so made available may be expended to acquire, construct, convert, rehabilitate, or install permanent or temporary public works, including land acquisition, site preparation, appurtenances, utilities, and equipment. No portion of such sums may be obligated for expenditure or expended to construct, expand, or modify laboratories and other installations unless (A) a period of 30 days has passed after the Administrator or his designee has transmitted to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and to the President of the Senate and to the Committee on Science and Technology of the House of Representatives and to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a written report containing a full and complete statement concerning (i) the nature of such construction, expansion, or modification, (ii) the cost thereof including the cost of any real estate action pertaining thereto, and (iii) the reason why such construction, expansion, or modification is necessary in the national interest, or (B) each such committee before the expiration of such period has transmitted to Transfer of funds.

Report to congressional committees.

the Administrator written notice to the effect that such committee has no objection to the proposed action.

Restrictions.

SEC. 104. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act—

(1) no amount appropriated pursuant to this Act may be used for any program deleted by the Congress from requests as originally made to either the House Committee on Science and Technology or the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation,

(2) no amount appropriated pursuant to this Act may be used for any program in excess of the amount actually authorized for that particular program by subsections 101(a) and 101(c), and

(3) no amount appropriated pursuant to this Act may be used for any program which has not been presented to or requested of either such committee,

Notification to congressional committees.

unless (A) a period of 30 days has passed after the receipt by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate and each such committee of notice given by the Administrator or his designee containing a full and complete statement of the action proposed to be taken and the facts and circumstances relied upon in support of such proposed action, or (B) each such committee before the expiration of such period has transmitted to the Administrator written notice to the effect that such committee has no objection to the proposed action.

Federal research funds, geographical distribution.
42 USC 2459 note.

SEC. 105. It is the sense of the Congress that it is in the national interest that consideration be given to geographical distribution of Federal research funds whenever feasible, and that the National Aeronautics and Space Administration should explore ways and means of distributing its research and development funds whenever feasible.

SEC. 106. The authorization for space transportation capability development includes provision for the production activities necessary to provide for a fleet of Space Shuttle orbiters, including the production of structural and component spares, necessary to ensure confident and cost-effective operation of the orbiter fleet, as well as provisions for maintaining production readiness for a fifth orbiter vehicle.

SEC. 107. Title III of the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958, as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"MISUSE OF AGENCY NAME AND INITIALS

42 USC 2459b.
42 USC 2457.

"SEC. 310. (a) No person (as defined by section 305) may (1) knowingly use the words 'National Aeronautics and Space Administration' or the letters 'NASA', or any combination, variation, or colorable imitation of those words or letters either alone or in combination with other words or letters, as a firm or business name in a manner reasonably calculated to convey the impression that such firm or business has some connection with, endorsement of, or authorization from, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration which does not, in fact, exist; or (2) knowingly use those words or letters or any combination, variation, or colorable imitation thereof either alone or in combination with other words or letters in connection with any product or service being offered or made available to the public in a manner reasonably calculated to convey the impression that such product or service has the authorization, support, sponsorship, or endorsement of, or the development,

use, or manufacture by or on behalf of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration which does not, in fact, exist.

"(b) Whenever it appears to the Attorney General that any person is engaged in an act or practice which constitutes or will constitute conduct prohibited by subsection (a), the Attorney General may initiate a civil proceeding in a district court of the United States to enjoin such act or practice.". Violations.

SEC. 108. Section 103(1) of the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958, as amended, is amended, by striking out "and (C)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(C) the operation of a space transportation system including the Space Shuttle, upper stages, space platforms, and related equipment, and (D)". 42 USC 2452.

SEC. 109. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there shall be transferred to NASA three government-owned tracts of NASA used land and improvements thereon (totalling approximately 33.5 acres) at Ellington Air Force Base, Texas, without any transfer of funds therefor. Transfer of land.

SEC. 110. Any decision or proposed policy by the President or the National Aeronautics and Space Administration to commercialize some or all of the existing expendable launch vehicle technologies and associated facilities and equipment shall be presented to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Science and Technology of the House of Representatives for their review. No such decision or policy shall be implemented unless (A) a period of 30 days has passed after the receipt by each such committee of a full and complete statement of the decision or proposed policy and the facts and circumstances relied upon in support of such decision or proposed policy, or (B) each such committee before the expiration of such period has transmitted to the Administrator written notice to the effect that such committee has no objection to the decision or proposed policy. 42 USC 2465.

SEC. 111. This Act may be cited as the "National Aeronautics and Space Administration Authorization Act, 1984" Short title.

TITLE II

SEC. 201. There is authorized to be appropriated $29,336,000 for the fiscal year 1984 for the purpose of operating the land remote sensing satellite system, including provision for storage of a backup satellite.

SEC. 202. Notwithstanding title II of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration Authorization Act, 1983, the Secretary of Commerce shall not transfer the ownership or management of any civil land, meteorological, or ocean remote sensing space satellite system and associated ground system equipment unless, in addition to any other requirement of law— Transference of civil land, meteorological, or ocean remote sensing space satellite system. 15 USC 1517 note. 96 Stat. 1601.

(1) the Secretary of Commerce or his designee has presented, in writing, to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate, and to the Committee on Science and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, a comprehensive statement of recommended policies, procedures, conditions, and limitations to which any transfer should be subject; and

(2) the Congress thereafter enacts a law which contains such policies, procedures, conditions, or limitations (or a combination thereof) as it deems appropriate for any such transfer.

Approved July 15, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2065 (S. 1096):

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-65 (Comm. on Science and Technology).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-108 accompanying S. 1096 (Comm. on Commerce, Science, and Transportation).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Apr. 26, considered and passed House.
June 15, S. 1096 considered and passed Senate.
June 28, H.R. 2065 considered and passed Senate, amended.
June 29, House concurred in Senate amendments.

Public Law 98-53
98th Congress

An Act

With regard to Presidential certifications on conditions in El Salvador.

July 15, 1983
[H.R. 1271]

El Salvador.
Presidential certifications on conditions.
22 USC 2370 note.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 728(e) of the International Security and Development Cooperation Act of 1981 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "The fourth certification required under this section may be made only if it includes a determination by the President that, since the third such certification was made, the Government of El Salvador (1) has made good faith efforts both to investigate the murders of the seven United States citizens in El Salvador in December 1980 and January 1981 and to bring to justice all those responsible for those murders, and (2) has taken all reasonable steps to investigate the killing of Michael Kline in El Salvador in October 1982.".

Approved July 15, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 1271:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
June 6, 7, considered and passed House.
June 29, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-54
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

July 15, 1983
[S.J. Res. 68]

To authorize and request the President to designate July 16, 1983, as "National Atomic Veterans' Day".

Whereas approximately two hundred and fifty thousand veterans of the United States, while serving in the active military, naval, or air service during the period beginning in 1945 and ending in 1963, witnessed and participated in at least two hundred and thirty-five atmospheric nuclear weapons tests conducted in the Pacific Ocean and the Southwestern United States or served in Hiroshima or Nagasaki during the period of the occupation of Japan by the military forces of the United States immediately following World War II;

Whereas these Atomic Veterans patriotically served their country meeting the needs of national defense during this critical period in history;

Whereas the health of many of the Atomic Veterans and of many of the natural children of such veterans may have been adversely affected by the exposure of such veterans to ionizing radiation from the detonation of atomic or nuclear weapons;

Whereas the Congress recognizes the patriotism and dedication of the Atomic Veterans and the importance of resolving the issues arising from the problems caused by the exposure of the Atomic Veterans to ionizing radiation; and

Whereas July 16, 1983, is the anniversary of "Trinity", the first detonation of an atomic weapon, which took place at Alamogordo Air Force Base in New Mexico on July 16, 1945: Now, therefore, be it

National Atomic Veterans' Day.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President is

authorized and requested to issue a proclamation designating July 16, 1983, as "National Atomic Veterans' Day" and calling upon all Federal, State, and local government agencies and people of the United States to observe the day with appropriate programs, ceremonies, and activities.

Approved July 15, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 68:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
May 4, considered and passed Senate.
June 30, considered and passed House.

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Public Law 98-55
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

July 19, 1983
[S.J. Res. 18]

Designating September 22, 1983, as "American Business Women's Day".

Whereas there are forty-three million working women integrally involved in determining the direction of both the private and public sectors of our Nation;

Whereas American businesswomen hold active, responsible, decisionmaking roles at all levels of business, and thus influence the direction of our Nation; and

Whereas the Congress recognizes the important contributions of American businesswomen to our Nation's continuing vitality: Now, therefore, be it

American Business Women's Day.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That September 22, 1983, is designated "American Business Women's Day". The President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe that day with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

Approved July 19, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 18:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Mar. 2, considered and passed Senate.
June 30, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-56
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Designating "National Reye's Syndrome Week".

July 19, 1983
[S.J. Res. 34]

Whereas Reye's syndrome is a disease of unknown cause which normally attacks healthy children eighteen years of age and under, both male and female, which can kill or cripple more than half of its victims within several days by attacking the muscles, liver, brain, and kidneys, and which affects every organ in the body;

Whereas Reye's syndrome is recognized by the Food and Drug Administration to be one of the top ten killers among all children's diseases;

Whereas Reye's syndrome was first recognized as a specific illness in 1963 and is a new illness in name only since children have been affected for decades by the illness and Reye's syndrome cases have been improperly diagnosed;

Whereas the reporting of cases of Reye's syndrome is required in only one-half of the States (for the purpose of this joint resolution, "States" includes the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and the other territories and possessions of the United States);

Whereas volunteer Reye's syndrome organizations are established throughout the United States and are supported by thousands of parents;

Whereas national Reye's syndrome volunteer organizations exist to encourage involvement of the Federal Government in supporting Reye's syndrome research; to encourage coordination of the treatment and research efforts by the various Reye's syndrome treatment and research centers; to establish Reye's syndrome as a reportable disease in every State; to establish at the Center for Disease Control a position for the review of data on Reye's syndrome patients; to sponsor a multicenter research study by recognized authorities on Reye's syndrome; to sponsor programs to educate parents and medical professionals with respect to diagnosis and treatment of the illness; and to raise funds for research into cause, prevention, and treatment of Reye's syndrome;

Whereas Reye's syndrome incidence continues to increase at a pace greater than the attention of the public, the Federal Government in general, and the Congress in particular; and

Whereas the chief executive officers of several States have declared certain periods of time as Reye's syndrome weeks: Now, therefore, be it

National Reye's Syndrome Week.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the week of November 7 through November 13, 1983, is designated "National Reye's Syndrome Week". The President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe that week with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

Approved July 19, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 34:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
June 23, considered and passed Senate.
June 30, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-57
98th Congress

An Act

To amend the Act of July 2, 1940, as amended, pertaining to appropriations for the Canal Zone Biological Area.

July 22, 1983
[S. 929]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 7 of the Act of July 2, 1940 (20 U.S.C. 79e), is amended by striking out ", not to exceed $750,000,".

Canal Zone Biological Area, amendment.

SEC. 2. The provision in the first section of this Act shall take effect on October 1, 1983.

Effective date. 20 USC 79e note.

Approved July 22, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 929:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-283 (Comm. on Merchant Marine and Fisheries).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-96 (Comm. on Rules and Administration).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
May 25, considered and passed Senate.
July 12, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-58
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

July 25, 1983
[S.J. Res. 96]

To designate August 1, 1983, as "Helsinki Human Rights Day".

Whereas August 1, 1983, will be the eighth anniversary of the signing of the Final Act of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe (hereafter in this preamble referred to as the "Helsinki accords");

Whereas the Helsinki accords express the desire of the participating states to "respect human rights and fundamental freedoms, including the freedom of thought, conscience, religion or belief, for all without distinction as to race, sex, language, or religion";

Whereas the Helsinki accords also express the commitment of the participating states to "facilitate freer movement and contacts, individually and collectively, whether privately or officially, among persons, institutions, and organizations of the participating states, and to contribute to the solution of the humanitarian problems that arise in that connection";

Whereas the Helsinki accords specify that the participating states will "deal in a positive and humanitarian spirit with the applications of persons who wish to be reunited with members of their family" and will "deal with applications in this field as expeditiously as possible";

Whereas the Helsinki accords also state that the participating states will facilitate travel by citizens of such states for both personal and professional reasons and that for this purpose such states will simplify exit and entry procedures;

Whereas the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, in agreeing to the Helsinki accords, has acknowledged an adherence to the principles of freedom and to the basic human rights of citizens to emigrate, to be reunited with their families, and to enjoy at least minimal governmental respect for their individuality and human worth;

Whereas the Soviet Government has not fulfilled its commitment to the Helsinki accords by denying individuals inherent rights to freedom of religion, thought, conscience, and emigration;

Whereas the governments of the Soviet Union and its satellites have increased the difficulties faced by citizens who wish to reunite with family members in other countries, resulting in a drastic decline in recent emigration figures;

Whereas Jews, Ukrainians, Balts, Byelorussians, Armenians, Georgians, and members of other nationalities in the Soviet Union are persecuted and often imprisoned for attempts to celebrate their national heritage, to practice their religion, to express freely their opinions, or to emigrate, or to monitor Soviet Government compliance with the provisions of the Helsinki accords;

Whereas the satellite nations of the Soviet Union have increased repression against labor union members, peace activists, religious and political dissenters, and others desiring to emigrate; and

Whereas the denial of fundamental rights by the Soviet Government is a threat to peace throughout the world: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That—

Helsinki Human Rights Day.

(1) August 1, 1983, the eighth anniversary of the signing of the Final Act of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe, is designated as "Helsinki Human Rights Day";

(2) the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation reasserting the American commitment to full implementation of the human rights and humanitarian provisions of the Helsinki accords, urging all signatory nations, particularly the Soviet Union and its satellites, to abide by their obligations under the Helsinki accords, and encouraging the people of the United States to join the President and Congress in observance of Helsinki Human Rights Day with appropriate programs, ceremonies, and activities; and

(3) the President is further requested to continue his efforts to achieve full implementation of the human rights and humanitarian provisions of the Helsinki accords by raising the issue of noncompliance with authorities of the Soviet Union and East European countries at every available opportunity.

SEC. 2. The Secretary of the Senate is directed to transmit copies of this joint resolution to the President, the Secretary of State, and the Ambassadors of the thirty-four Helsinki signatory nations.

Approved July 25, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 96:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
May. 20, considered and passed Senate.
June 22, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-59
98th Congress

An Act

July 25, 1983
[H.R. 3392]

To amend the Agricultural Act of 1949.

Tobacco price support levels.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, effective for the 1983 crop of tobacco, section 106 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1445) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(e) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, for the 1983 crop of any kind of tobacco for which marketing quotas are in effect or for which marketing quotas are not disapproved by producers, the support level in cents per pound shall be the support level in cents per pound at which the respective 1982 crop was supported.".

SEC. 2. Section 319 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1314e) is amended by—

(1) in the second sentence of subsection (c), striking out "5 per centum" and inserting in lieu thereof "10 per centum"; and

(2) in the fourth sentence of subsection (e), striking out "95 per centum" and inserting in lieu thereof "90 per centum".

Review.
7 USC 625.
7 USC 624.

SEC. 3. The Secretary of Agriculture shall review, pursuant to section 22 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act, as amended, the effects of imports of Burley tobacco on the Department of Agriculture's Burley tobacco price-support program whenever (1) the level of price support for any crop of Burley tobacco is increased by less than 65 per centum of the amount that it would have otherwise been increased if the level of price support would have been determined in accordance with section 106(b) of the Agricultural Act of 1949, or (2) stocks of Burley tobacco held by producer-owned cooperative marketing associations having loan agreements with the Commodity Credit Corporation exceed 20 per centum of the national marketing quota proclaimed by the Secretary for any such crop of Burley tobacco.

7 USC 1445.

Approved July 25, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3392:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-288 (Comm. on Agriculture).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
July 11, considered and passed House.
July 13, considered and passed Senate, amended; House concurred in Senate amendment with an amendment.
July 14, House receded from original amendment to Senate amendment and concurred in Senate amendment with an amendment; Senate concurred in House amendment.

Public Law 98-60
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Designating "National Animal Agriculture Week".

July 27, 1983
[S.J. Res. 77]

Whereas the American Society of Animal Science is celebrating its seventy-fifth anniversary in July 1983; and

Whereas its seven thousand five hundred members comprise the largest scientific society which provides information through research, extension and teaching to all segments of animal agriculture in the United States and much of the world; and

Whereas the application of scientific information has markedly improved the efficiency of meat production and enhanced end-product desirability; and

Whereas foods from animal origin supply 70 per centum of the protein, 35 per centum of the energy, 80 per centum of the calcium, 60 per centum of the phosphorous, and important quantities of the "B" vitamins and trace minerals to the average American's diet: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States is hereby authorized and requested to issue a proclamation designating the week of July 24 to July 31, 1983, as "National Animal Agriculture Week" to honor the tremendous progress made in the past seventy-five years by applying scientific principles to animal agriculture production and the role of animal products in our daily life.

National Animal Agriculture Week.

Approved July 27, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 77:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
July 16, considered and passed Senate.
July 25, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-61
98th Congress

An Act

July 28, 1983
[S. 459]

To authorize and direct the Secretary of the Interior to convey, by quitclaim deed, all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to certain lands that were withdrawn or acquired for the purpose of relocating a portion of the city of American Falls out of the area flooded by the American Falls Reservoir.

City of American Falls, Idaho.
Land conveyance.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized and directed to convey by quitclaim deed to the city of American Falls, Idaho, without cost, the following real property located within or adjacent to the city limits of said city of American Falls, reserving all right-of-way and oil and gas in land to the United States:

(a) The area identified as the Campbell Stebbins Park, containing approximately 41.5 acres, including the park area located between the Oregon Trail Highway and the Oregon Short Line Railroad, and the area identified as a Public Square, containing approximately 8.8 acres, all as shown on the official plat of the Reclamation Addition to the city of American Falls approved October 18, 1923, and recorded in the county of Power, Idaho, as instrument numbered 32042.

(b) Block 44 of the original townsite of American Falls; containing approximately 3.3 acres.

(c) A tract of land containing 11.7 acres, more or less, described as follows:

Beginning at the northwest corner of the southwest quarter of section 21, township 7 south, range 31 east, Boise meridian;

thence south 45 degrees 16 minutes east, a distance of 1,870.3 feet, more or less, to the southeast corner of said southwest quarter;

thence north 58 degrees 28 minutes west, a distance of 96.3 feet;

thence north 68 degrees 17 minutes west, a distance of 1,339.2 feet, more or less, to a point on the west section line of said section 21, and said point being 548.2 feet north of the southwest corner of said section;

thence north along the west section line a distance of 770.5 feet, more or less, to the northwest corner of the southwest quarter of said section 21, the point of beginning.

(d) A tract of land containing 8.79 acres more or less in the south half of the southwest quarter, section 28, township 7 south, range 31 east, Boise meridian, Idaho, and more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at the southwest corner of said section 28;

thence north 44 degrees and 38 minutes east, 1,868.6 feet to the 16/17 corner of said section;

thence east along the north boundary of the southeast quarter southwest quarter of said section 28, 367.2 feet to a point;

thence south 324.9 feet to a point;

thence north 89 degrees and 59 minutes west, 92.8 feet to a point;

thence south 49 degrees and 23 minutes west, 361.9 feet to a point;

thence south 78 degrees and 34 minutes west, 708 feet to a point;

thence south 26 degrees and 55 minutes west, 333.7 feet to a point;

thence south 61 degrees and 51 minutes west, 271.6 feet to a point;

thence south 43 degrees and 29 minutes west, 280.3 feet to a point on the south boundary of said section 28;

thence south 89 degrees and 59 minutes west along the south boundary of said section 28, 34.9 feet to the place of beginning.

(e) A tract of land containing 8.0 acres, more or less, located in the west half of the southwest quarter, section 28, township 7 south, range 31 east, Boise meridian, Idaho, and more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at the southwest corner of section 28;

thence north 44 degrees 38 minutes east, a distance of 1,886.6 feet to the northeast corner of the southwest quarter southwest quarter, of section 28;

thence north a distance of 1,320 feet to the northeast corner of the northwest quarter southwest quarter of section 28;

thence west, a distance of 30 feet to a point on the east edge of Hillcrest Avenue;

thence southwesterly along a curve on the side of Hillcrest Avenue a distance of 2,955 feet to a point on line between sections 28 and 29;

thence south 65.0 feet to the southwest corner of section 28, the place of beginning.

Rights-of-way.

Such property shall be conveyed subject to the reservation of rights-of-way for ditches, canals, and pipelines constructed by the authority of the United States and to other existing rights-of-way of record. The conveyance of such property shall contain a reservation to the United States of all oil and gas in the land, together with the right to prospect for, mine, and remove the same under such regulation as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe.

Approved July 28, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 459:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-270 (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-5 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Mar. 2, considered and passed Senate.
July 18, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-62
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

July 29, 1983
[H.J. Res. 258]

Designating August 3, 1983, as "National Paralyzed Veterans Recognition Day".

Whereas among those Americans who have answered their country's call to service in defense of its freedoms, there are thousands who, as a result of service in our Nation's military forces, have suffered the catastrophic disability of paralysis;

Whereas despite the extreme severity of this disability, these veterans have succeeded in leading useful and productive lives, in part through Federal programs for their readjustment but, more significantly, by drawing upon a special brand of heroism;

Whereas our country now enjoys the blessing of peace, and it is appropriate that all Americans recognize the special debt owed to those who have been paralyzed in the defense of our freedoms during the wars of this century; and

Whereas the sacrifices and contributions that these veterans have made and the service rendered by the many veterans who later suffered paralysis from nonservice related causes are deserving of national recognition: Now, therefore, be it

National Paralyzed Veterans Recognition Day.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That August 3, 1983, is designated as "National Paralyzed Veterans Recognition Day", and the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States and interested groups and organizations to set aside this day to honor the sacrifices and service of paralyzed veterans in an appropriate manner.

Approved July 29, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 258:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
June 9, considered and passed House.
July 16, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-63
98th Congress

An Act

Making supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1983, and for other purposes.

July 30, 1983
[H.R. 3069]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1983, and for other purposes, namely:

Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1983.

TITLE I

CHAPTER I

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Agricultural Research Service

SCIENTIFIC ACTIVITIES OVERSEAS (FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM)

For an additional amount for Scientific Activities Overseas (Foreign Currency Program), $2,000,000.

Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for salaries and expenses of the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, $3,600,000.

Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service

PAYMENT-IN-KIND PROGRAM

All land rented or leased, and in production for crop year 1982, if now rented or leased by the same individual, partnership, or corporation, and eligible for acreage reduction shall qualify for designation under the payment-in-kind program for crop year 1983, the same as land owned by the producer.

Until such time as additional legislation to the contrary may be enacted, it is provided: that, notwithstanding any other provision of law, in order to acquire a sufficient amount of upland cotton to carry out the payment-in-kind program for the 1983 crop of upland cotton, the Secretary of Agriculture shall solicit bids from cotton producers, for sale to the Commodity Credit Corporation of 1980, 1981, and 1982 crop cotton pledged by such producers as security for nonrecourse loans made under section 103(g)(1) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1444(g)(1)). Until sufficient cotton to carry out the payment-in-kind program for the 1983 crop of upland cotton is acquired under this procedure, or until a reasonable bid period

opportunity has been determined and made available by the Secretary, but in no event less than two weeks, no bid for 1982 crop cotton shall be rejected unless it exceeds (on a percentage basis) the amount of the highest bid received and accepted under the same procedure for feed grains. The Secretary shall also give any producer who has previously submitted a bid the opportunity to nullify such bid if the producer agrees to submit another bid under the provisions of this Act.

FARMERS HOME ADMINISTRATION

AGRICULTURAL CREDIT INSURANCE FUND

For an additional amount for guaranteed operating loans, $50,000,000; and for insured real estate loans, $25,000,000.

RURAL WATER AND WASTE DISPOSAL GRANTS

For additional grants pursuant to sections 306(a)(2) and 306(a)(6) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1926), $25,000,000, to remain available until expended, pursuant to section 306(d) of the above Act.

GENERAL PROVISION

None of the funds appropriated by this or any other Act may be used to relocate the Hawaii State office of the Farmers Home Administration from Hilo, Hawaii, to Honolulu, Hawaii.

FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE

COMMODITY SUPPLEMENTAL FOOD PROGRAM

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For an additional amount for the commodity supplemental food program, $750,000: *Provided,* That an additional $585,000 shall be paid from Commodity Credit Corporation funds for administrative expenses for the commodity supplemental food program, based on commodities donated by the Commodity Credit Corporation during fiscal year 1982.

FOOD STAMP PROGRAM

For an additional amount for the food stamp program, $1,189,484,000: *Provided,* That $160,000,000 of the funds provided herein shall be available only to the extent necessary after the Secretary has employed the regulatory and administrative methods available to him under the law to curtail fraud, waste, and abuse in the program.

FOOD DONATIONS PROGRAMS

For an additional amount for the elderly feeding program for fiscal year 1983, $16,000,000: *Provided,* That, upon enactment of this bill, for fiscal year 1983 only final reimbursement claims for service of meals submitted within ninety days following the month for which the reimbursement is claimed shall be eligible for reimbursement from funds appropriated under this Act: *Provided further,*

That funds provided for the food donations programs in Public Law 97-370 shall remain available until September 30, 1984. 96 Stat. 1787.

CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAMS

For an additional amount for the "Child nutrition programs", $118,000,000.

SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

Of the funds provided for watershed and flood prevention operations in Public Law 98-8 to assist in installing works of improvement and rehabilitation of existing works, $17,000,000 shall be available for rehabilitation of existing small watersheds, as authorized by law. *Ante*, p. 13.

For an additional amount for emergency measures to repair flood damage as authorized by sections 403-405 of the Agricultural Credit Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2203-2205), $5,000,000, to remain available until expended.

RELATED AGENCIES

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for the Food and Drug Administration, $1,000,000, to remain available until expended, to become available only to the extent necessary to meet unanticipated costs of emergency activities not provided for in budget estimates.

STANDARD LEVEL USER CHARGES

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For an additional amount for payment of standard level user charges of the Food and Drug Administration, $500,000, which shall be derived by transfer from "Salaries and expenses".

Commodity Futures Trading Commission

For an additional amount for necessary expenses for the "Commodity Futures Trading Commission", $965,000, for investigations, registration, litigation travel, agricultural options development, and automated data processing.

CHAPTER II

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

General Administration

SPECIAL FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM

For payments in foreign currencies which the Department of the Treasury determines to be excess to the normal requirements of the

United States, as authorized by law, $500,000, to remain available until expended.

WHITE HOUSE CONFERENCE ON PRODUCTIVITY

96 Stat. 1922.

In the appropriation language of section 158 in Public Law 97-377, insert "to remain available until January 31, 1984" immediately after "$1,500,000".

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $1,800,000.

INTERNATIONAL TRADE ADMINISTRATION

OPERATIONS AND ADMINISTRATION

96 Stat. 1867.

In the appropriation language under the above heading in Public Law 97-377, insert "and motor vehicles for law enforcement use" immediately after "official use abroad".

NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION

OPERATIONS, RESEARCH, AND FACILITIES

For an additional amount for "Operations, research, and facilities", $48,873,000, to remain available until expended, of which $20,000,000 shall be for the establishment of a fund for the residents of the Pribilof Islands: *Provided,* That such sum shall be available only upon the enactment into law of authorizing legislation: *Provided further,* That no additional Federal funds shall be made available for this purpose.

RELATED AGENCIES

OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES TRADE REPRESENTATIVE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $130,000.

SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

BUSINESS LOAN AND INVESTMENT FUND

15 USC 631 note.

For additional capital for the "Business loan and investment fund", authorized by the Small Business Act, as amended, $152,000,000, to remain available without fiscal year limitation.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

General Administration

WORKING CAPITAL FUND

For additional requirements of the "Working capital fund", $900,000, to be derived from current operating income.

Legal Activities

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, GENERAL LEGAL ACTIVITIES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses, General Legal Activities", $4,600,000, of which not to exceed $3,800,000 for asbestos litigation support contracts shall remain available until September 30, 1984.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, UNITED STATES ATTORNEYS AND MARSHALS

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses, United States Attorneys and Marshals", $5,800,000.

SUPPORT OF UNITED STATES PRISONERS

For an additional amount for "Support of United States Prisoners", $1,500,000.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, COMMUNITY RELATIONS SERVICE

Funds advanced to "Salaries and expenses, Community Relations Service" shall be made available until expended to make payments in advance for grants, contracts, and reimbursable agreements and other expenses necessary under section 501(c) of the Refugee Education Assistance Act of 1980, Public Law 96-422, for the processing, care, maintenance, security, transportation and reception and placement in the United States of Cuban and Haitian entrants. 8 USC 1522 note.

Interagency Law Enforcement

ORGANIZED CRIME DRUG ENFORCEMENT

Of funds available under the above heading, $9,619,000, for undercover operations, and $14,000,000 for purchase of automated data processing and telecommunications equipment shall remain available until September 30, 1984.

Federal Bureau of Investigation

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $1,000,000: *Provided,* That during fiscal year 1983 there is authorized to be purchased for police-type use (not to exceed one thousand six hundred and twenty of which thirteen hundred are for replacement only) passenger motor vehicles.

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

8 USC 1522 note.

Of funds available under this heading, $27,177,000, for work under section 501(c) of the Refugee Education Assistance Act shall remain available until expended.

FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses, Federal Prison System", $3,734,000.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

ADMINISTRATION OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $7,985,000, to remain available until September 30, 1984.

ACQUISITION, OPERATION, AND MAINTENANCE OF BUILDINGS ABROAD

For an additional amount for "Acquisition, operation, and maintenance of buildings abroad", $22,256,000, to remain available until expended.

PAYMENT TO THE FOREIGN SERVICE RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY FUND

For an additional amount for "Payment to the Foreign Service retirement and disability fund", $4,658,000.

OTHER

THE ASIA FOUNDATION

For an additional amount for "The Asia Foundation", $2,900,000, to remain available until expended.

COMMISSION ON WARTIME RELOCATION AND INTERNMENT OF CIVILIANS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Funds appropriated under the heading of "Commission on Wartime Relocation and Internment of Civilians" in Public Law 97-377 (96 Stat. 1877) shall remain available until September 30, 1983.

RELATED AGENCIES

ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT AGENCY

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $564,000.

BOARD FOR INTERNATIONAL BROADCASTING

GRANTS AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for the Board for International Broadcasting, "Grants and Expenses", $8,017,000 exclusively for grants to Radio Free Europe/Radio Liberty, of which $4,900,000 shall be for the purposes of (1) upgrading pensions and benefits for the Members of the Society of International Broadcasters, who are pre-1976 Radio Free Europe/Radio Liberty retirees, and (2) the RFE/RL Special Widows Project; and, in addition, there shall be available only upon enactment into law of authorizing legislation, the sum of $13,283,000 which shall be exclusively for grants to Radio Free Europe/Radio Liberty.

UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $9,000,000, and, in addition there shall be available the sum of $4,000,000.

ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION OF RADIO FACILITIES

For an additional amount for "Acquisition and construction of radio facilities", $10,800,000.

THE JUDICIARY

COURTS OF APPEALS, DISTRICT COURTS, AND OTHER JUDICIAL SERVICES

SALARIES OF JUDGES

For an additional amount for "Salaries of Judges", $1,400,000.

DEFENDER SERVICES

For an additional amount for "Defender Services", $1,400,000, to remain available until expended.

BANKRUPTCY COURTS, SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Bankruptcy Courts, Salaries and expenses", $2,500,000.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Notices to creditors.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Administrative Office of the United States Courts, or any other agency or instrumentality of the United States, is prohibited from restricting solely to staff of the Clerks of United States Bankruptcy Courts the issuance of notices to creditors and other interested parties. The Administrative Office shall permit and encourage the preparation and mailing of such notices to be performed by or at the expense of the debtors, trustees or such other interested parties as the Court may direct and approve. The Administrator of the United States Courts shall make appropriate provisons for the use of and account-

Termination.

ing for any postage required pursuant to such directives. The provisions of this paragraph shall terminate on October 1, 1983.

CHAPTER III

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY

For an additional amount for "Operation and maintenance, Army", $6,190,000.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY

For liquidation of contract authority in "Operation and maintenance, Navy", for fiscal year 1980, $25,000,000.

Obligations incurred or to be incurred hereafter for termination liability in connection with the TAKX and T-5 programs, for which the Navy has already entered into agreements to charter (including conversion or construction related to such agreements or charters) shall, so long as the Government remains liable for termination costs, be considered as obligations in the current Operation and Maintenance, Navy, appropriation account, to be held in reserve in the event such termination liability is incurred, for the purposes of title 31, United States Code, in an amount equal to 10 percent of the outstanding gross termination liability.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AIR FORCE

For an additional amount for "Operation and maintenance, Air Force", $310,000.

PROCUREMENT

MISSILE PROCUREMENT, ARMY

For an additional amount for "Missile procurement, Army", $453,600,000, to remain available until September 30, 1985.

OTHER PROCUREMENT, ARMY

For an additional amount for "Other procurement, Army", $4,960,000, to remain available until September 30, 1985.

AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE

For an additional amount for "Aircraft Procurement, Air Force", $185,000,000, to be available until September 30, 1985, for long lead procurement of engine, defensive and offensive avionics, and airframe components, in quantities which will be required if Congress approves multiyear procurement of the B-1B pursuant to section 2306(h), title 10, United States Code: *Provided,* That $185,000,000 appropriated under this head for the B-1B in Public Law 97-377 is rescinded: *Provided further,* That nothing in this paragraph shall be deemed to approve multiyear procurement of the B-1B.

OTHER PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE

For an additional amount for "Other procurement, Air Force", $3,210,000, to remain available until September 30, 1985: *Provided,* That funds available under this heading in Public Law 97-377 may be used for the purchase of six vehicles for physical security of overseas personnel, notwithstanding price limitations applicable to passenger vehicles, but not to exceed $100,000 per vehicle

96 Stat. 1845.

RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST AND EVALUATION

RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST AND EVALUATION, NAVY

For an additional amount for "Research, development, test and evaluation, Navy", $1,500,000, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1984.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Procurement limitations.
96 Stat. 1854.

Section 723 of the Department of Defense Appropriation Act, 1983, as enacted in Public Law 97-377, is amended by striking out the first proviso and inserting in lieu thereof: "*Provided,* That nothing herein shall preclude the procurement of specialty metals or chemical warfare protective clothing produced outside the United States or its possessions when such procurement is necessary to comply with agreements with foreign governments requiring the United States to purchase supplies from foreign sources for the purposes of offsetting sales made by the United States Government or United States firms under approved programs serving defense requirements or where such procurement is necessary in furtherance of the standardization and interoperability of equipment requirements within NATO so long as such agreements with foreign governments comply, where applicable, with the requirements of section 36 of the Arms Export Control Act and with section 2457 of title 10, United States Code:".

22 USC 2776.
96 Stat. 1294.

Funds available to the Department of Defense during the current fiscal year may not be obligated to acquire (by lease or purchase) a replacement aircraft for the CT-39 aircraft from other than a United States firm and such replacement aircraft must be assembled in the United States and utilize an airframe manufactured in the United States.

Contract limitations.

No funds available to the Department of Defense during the current fiscal year may be used to enter into any contract with a term of three years or more, inclusive of any option for contract extension or renewal, for any vessels, aircraft or vehicles, through a lease, charter, or similar agreement, that imposes an estimated termination liability (excluding the estimated value of the leased item at the time of termination) on the Government exceeding 50 percent of the original purchase value of the vessel, aircraft, or vehicle involved for which the Congress has not specifically provided authority in an appropriation Act for the obligation of 10 percent of such termination liability.

None of the funds appropriated by this Act may be obligated or expended to formulate or to carry out any requirement that, in order to be eligible to submit a bid or an offer on a Department of Defense contract to be let for the supply of commercial or commercial-type products, a small business concern (as defined pursuant to

15 USC 632.

section 3 of the Small Business Act) must (1) demonstrate that its product is accepted in the commercial market (except to the extent that may be required to evidence compliance with the Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act), or (2) satisfy any other prequalification to submitting a bid or an offer for the supply of any such product.

41 USC 35 note.

The amount that may be transferred pursuant to section 732 of the Department of Defense Appropriation Act, 1983, is hereby increased to $1,700,000,000.

96 Stat. 1856.

None of the funds appropriated in this Act may be obligated or expended in any way for the purpose of the sale, lease, rental, or excessing of any portion of land currently identified as Fort DeRussy, Honolulu, Hawaii.

CHAPTER IV

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—CIVIL

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

CORPS OF ENGINEERS—CIVIL

GENERAL INVESTIGATIONS

For an additional amount for "General Investigations", $10,000,000, to remain available until expended.

FLOOD CONTROL AND COASTAL EMERGENCIES

For an additional amount for "Flood Control and Coastal Emergencies", $25,000,000, to remain available until expended.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

33 USC 701-1.

The project for flood protection on the Lower San Joaquin River, California, authorized by the Flood Control Act approved December 22, 1944, as amended, is hereby further modified to authorize the Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers, to perform clearing and snagging on the San Joaquin River from Stockton, California, to Friant Dam, at an estimated cost of $5,000,000. Prior to initiation of construction, a non-Federal entity shall provide adequate assurance for providing all lands, easements, rights-of-way and utility relocations at no expense to the Federal Government; execute a written agreement pursuant to section 221 of Public Law 91-611; agree to operate and maintain the project works upon completion of construction in accordance with rules and regulations prescribed by the Department of the Army; and hold and save the United States free from damages due to construction, operation, and maintenance of the project, not including damages due to the fault or negligence of the United States or its contractors.

42 USC 1962d-5b.

Funds for the Wister Lake project, Oklahoma, authorized pursuant to the Flood Control Act of 1938 (52 Stat. 1218) shall be used to reduce sedimentation impacts by raising the level of the conservation pool permanently by 3 feet and seasonably by an additional 3.4 feet and the Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers, is hereby authorized to take such measures as are necessary to carry out this directive.

Contracts for architect and engineering services, and surveying and mapping services, shall be awarded in accordance with title IX of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 541 et seq.). 33 USC 569b.

The Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers, is authorized and directed to include in the survey report on Threemile Creek, Mobile, Alabama, the costs and benefits of local improvements initiated subsequent to January 1, 1982, by the city of Mobile for flood damage reduction measures which the Chief of Engineers determines are compatible with and constitute an integral part of his recommended plan. In determining the appropriate non-Federal share for such plan, the Chief of Engineers shall give recognition to costs incurred by non-Federal interests in carrying out such local improvements. Survey report.

The Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers, is hereby authorized to prepare a comprehensive study and recommendations for the development and efficient utilization of the water and related resources of southcentral and southeast Oklahoma and to prepare a similar comprehensive study and recommendations for the Red River and its tributaries in Arkansas, Texas, Louisiana, and Oklahoma. Study and recommendations.

Funds herein or hereafter provided for the Beverly Shores, Indiana, project may be used to operate and maintain the emergency shore protection measures constructed pursuant to section 103 of the Energy and Water Development Appropriations Act, 1982 (95 Stat. 1137).

Not to exceed $500,000 shall be available for removal of obstructive shoals within the project limits of the Kawkawlin River, MI, project.

Section 107 of Public Law 97-88 pertaining to maintenance and operation of the Chicago Sanitary and Ship Canal of the Illinois Waterway in the interest of navigation includes the Control Structure and Lock in the Chicago River, and other facilities as are necessary to sustain through navigation from Chicago Harbor on Lake Michigan to Lockport on the Des Plaines River. 95 Stat. 1137.

Not to exceed $500,000 shall be available for channel clearing of Bayou Rigolette as determined advisable by the Chief of Engineers in the Project Aloha-Rigolette Area, Grant and Rapides Parishes, Louisiana, authorized by the Flood Control Act approved August 18, 1941. 55 Stat. 638.

The Wallisville Reservoir, Texas, project, authorized by section 101 of the River and Harbor Act of 1962 (Public Law 87-874), is hereby modified with respect to its physical elements and planned operation as recommended in the Wallisville Lake, Texas, Post-Authorization Change Report, July 1981, as supplemented, July 1982. Notwithstanding the above modifications, provisions of the Contract for Water Storage, Salinity Control, and Recreation in Wallisville Reservoir (Contract Numbered DACW64-67-C-0108 signed by the Secretary of the Army, February 2, 1968) between the United States Government and the city of Houston, the Trinity River Authority of Texas, and the Chambers Liberty Counties Navigation District, shall govern non-Federal participation: *Provided,* That total project cost as cited in said contract shall be understood to consist of (1) costs, exclusive of land costs, actually incurred by the United States in connection with construction of elements currently in place and to be used in the modified plan, including interest during construction; (2) the actual cost of lands used in the Wallisville Reservoir, Tex. 76 Stat. 1173.

modified plan; and (3) completion costs of the modified plan, including interest during construction.

Franklin Ferry Bridge, Jefferson County, Ala.

The Secretary of the Army is authorized, notwithstanding any other provision of law, to widen, as necessary for safe passage, the navigation opening of Franklin Ferry Bridge, Jefferson County, Alabama. The work herein authorized shall be accomplished at Federal expense; however, no construction to widen the navigation opening shall begin nor contract for alteration of the bridge may be awarded until the owner shall agree that upon completion of the alteration to thereafter operate and maintain the Franklin Ferry Bridge as altered. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated not to exceed $4,000,000, which includes $1,000,000 previously appropriated, to carry out this section. Amounts authorized by this subsection shall be available until expended.

Ventura Marina, Calif.
82 Stat. 731.

The Ventura Marina project authorized by section 101 of the River and Harbor Act of 1968 (Public Law 90-483), as modified, is hereby amended to authorize the Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers to reimburse the Ventura Port District from available Operation and Maintenance, General funds for work performed by the Port just prior to February 25, 1983, in the area normally maintained by the Corps of Engineers. None of the funds appropriated in this or any future Act for the Ventura Marina, California, project may be used to reimburse local interests for any work performed unless such work has the prior approval of the United States Army Corps of Engineers and the Appropriations Committees.

90 Stat. 2934.
95 Stat. 1717.

Section 164 of the Water Resources Development Act of 1976 (Public Law 94-587) as amended by section 3 of Public Law 97-140, is further amended—

(1) by inserting the following after the first sentence: "The Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers, shall construct an approach roadway from the end of the Washington State Route 129 overpass of such bridge to Sixteenth Avenue in the City of Clarkston, Asotin County, Washington,"; and

(2) in the last sentence, by striking out "$23,200,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$24,000,000".

76 Stat. 1180.
95 Stat. 1137.

The authorization for the Sardis Lake project contained in section 203 of the Flood Control Act of 1962 (Public Law 87-874) as amended by section 108 of the Energy and Water Development Appropriation Act of 1982 (Public Law 97-88) is hereby amended to authorize the Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers, to plan, design, and construct a water intake structure at an estimated Federal cost of $500,000.

74 Stat. 480.

The project for navigation at Moriches and Shinnecock Inlets, New York, authorized in section 101 of the River and Harbor Act of 1960 (Public Law 86-645), and the items of local cooperation pertaining thereto, are hereby modified to the extent necessary to require the Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers, to provide for the construction of the Navigation feature independent of other features.

5 USC 5901 note.

Notwithstanding subsection 5901(a) of title 5, United States Code (80 Stat. 508), as amended, the uniform allowance for uniformed civilian employees of the United States Army Corps of Engineers may be up to $400 annually.

Volunteers.
33 USC 569c.

The United States Army Chief of Engineers may accept the services of volunteers and provide for their incidental expenses to

carry out any activity of the Army Corps of Engineers except policy-making or law or regulatory enforcement. Such volunteers shall not be employees of the United States Government except for the purposes of (1) chapter 171 of title 28 of the United States Code, relating to tort claims, and (2) chapter 81 of title 5 of the United States Code, relating to compensation for work injuries. 28 USC 2671 *et seq.* 5 USC 8101 *et seq.*

Hereafter, notwithstanding any other provisions of law or of this Act, appropriations for the Yatesville Lake construction project made available by Public Law 97-257, chapter V and Public Law 97-377, title I, section 140 (96 Stat. 1916) shall be obligated to construct the Yatesville Lake project. 96 Stat. 831.

Section 104(b) of the River and Harbor Act of 1958, Public Law 85-500, as amended by section 302 of the River and Harbor Act of 1965, Public Law 89-298, is further amended by striking out "$5,000,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$10,000,000". 33 USC 610. 33 USC 610.

The Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers, is authorized and directed to prepare and submit to Congress a feasibility report on the water resource needs in the vicinity of the Homochitto and Buffalo Rivers, Saint Catherine and Coles Creeks, Bayou Pierre, and other major tributaries draining into the Mississippi River between Bayou Pierre and the Buffalo River, Mississippi, to recommend remedial measures for flood control, bank stabilization, sedimentation, and related purposes. Report to Congress.

The Columbia River at the mouth, Oregon and Washington, project authorized by the River and Harbor Act of July 5, 1884, as amended, is modified to provide for deepening of the northermost 2,000 feet of the channel cross section to 55 feet at Federal expense: *Provided,* That $5,300,000 of "Construction, general" funds shall be made available to undertake this project modification. 23 Stat. 133.

Section 1114 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting "any civilian official or employee of the Army Corps of Engineers assigned to perform investigations, inspections, law or regulatory enforcement functions, or field-level real estate functions," immediately after "National Park Service,".

The Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers, is authorized and directed to design and construct and undertake measures necessary to provide a level of protection as the Chief of Engineers determines necessary to prevent recurring flood damages along the Pearl River in the vicinity of Jackson, Mississippi, substantially in accordance with preliminary plans developed by the Mobile District Engineer, at a currently estimated cost of $26,500,000, including $2,300,000 made available in this appropriation for advanced engineering and design. Expenditures by the Pearl River Basin Development District in constructing improvements at the Mississippi Highway 25 Bridge, an integral part of the plan authorized herein, shall be credited toward the local share of the project costs. Prior to implementation of the work authorized herein, non-Federal interests must agree to provide the requirements prescribed in section 3 of the Flood Control Act of 1936, as amended. Pearl River. 33 USC 701c.

The Secretary of Army acting through the Chief of Engineers is directed to start construction of the Crater Lake phase of the Snettisham hydroelectric project authorized by the 1962 Flood Control Act with funds appropriated in fiscal years 1982 and 1983. 76 Stat. 1180.

To assure adequate flood protection for developed areas in the vicinity of the Cowlitz and Toutle Rivers, Washington, and to improve navigation in the Columbia River, the navigation project on Cowlitz and Toutle Rivers, Wash.

the Cowlitz River, Washington, authorized by the first section of the Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the construction, repair, and preservation of certain public works on rivers and harbors, and for other purposes", approved June 25, 1910 (36 Stat. 665), is hereby modified to authorize the Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers, to implement and maintain flood control measures on the Cowlitz and Toutle Rivers by dredging or other means determined by the Secretary to be necessary to assure flood protection for developed areas in the vicinity of such rivers against a one-hundred-year flood on the lower Cowlitz River and to reduce sedimentation flow and the chance of blockage on the Columbia River. The authorization provided in this paragraph shall remain in effect until such time as permanent solutions and measures for flood control and navigation as identified in the Chief of Engineers' Cowlitz and Toutle Rivers final feasibility report, to be submitted to the President and the Congress by the Secretary of the Army, are fully implemented.

36 Stat. 630.

Report submittal.

The project for Cooper River, Charleston Harbor, South Carolina, authorized by the River and Harbor Act of 1968, Public Law 90-483, approved August 13, 1968, is hereby modified to authorize and direct the Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers, to install a closure structure in the diversion canal between Lake Marion and Lake Moultrie and to construct such measures as the Chief of Engineers determines necessary to improve the seismic stability of the Pinopolis West Dam on the Cooper River, at an estimated cost of $22,000,000: *Provided*, That nothing in this paragraph shall waive any requirements under the Federal Power Act of 1935 (49 Stat. 847): *Provided further*, That in addition to such sums as are otherwise appropriated by this Act there are appropriated an additional $2,000,000, to remain available until expended, for "Construction, general, Corps of Engineers—Civil", for engineering and design studies in connection with the project authorized by this paragraph.

82 Stat. 731.

16 USC prec. 791 note, 824.

Appropriation restriction.

No amount appropriated under this or any other Act may be used by the Secretary of the Army (or his delegate) or by any other agency or instrumentality of the United States to acquire any land or interest in land within the Tensas River National Wildlife Refuge under the power of condemnation. The preceding sentence shall not apply to any land or interest in land owned, as of May 25, 1983, by the Chicago Mill and Lumber Company.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Study.

The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to engage in a feasibility study for the Prairie Bend unit, Pick-Sloan Missouri River Basin program, located in Dawson, Buffalo, and Hall Counties in Nebraska for irrigation, stabilization of ground-water levels, enhancement of water quality, small community and rural domestic water supplies, management of fish and wildlife habitat, public outdoor recreation, flood control, and other purposes determined to be appropriate. Such feasibility study shall include a detailed report on any effects the proposed project may have on wildlife habitat, including habitat of the sandhill crane and the endangered whoop-

ing crane. Such feasibility study shall also develop alternative water management plans that are consistent with the Endangered Species Act and the Migratory Bird Treaty Act. Before funds are expended for the feasibility study, the State of Nebraska, or other non-Federal entity, shall agree to participate in the study and to share in the cost of the study. The non-Federal share of the costs may be partly or wholly in the form of services directly related to the conduct of the study.

16 USC 1531 note.
16 USC 710.

In accordance with the repayment contract for the Dallas Creek participating project of the Upper Colorado River storage project, entered into January 14, 1977, and entitled "Repayment Contract Between the United States of America and the Tri-County Water Conservancy District", the portion of the costs of such project, including interest on construction costs, allocated to municipal and industrial use which exceeds $38,000,000 shall not be reimbursable.

Access to recreational areas.

To provide adequate access to the McGee Creek recreation areas, Wildlife Management Area, and Natural Scenic Recreation Area for use and enjoyment by the general public of those facilities, the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to secure right-of-way, design and construct or otherwise improve two existing county access roads (1) westside road beginning at the existing county road extending from Oklahoma State Highway 3 near the community of Lane, Oklahoma, and extending adjacent to the McGee Creek Reservoir and terminating at the existing county road extending from Oklahoma State Highway 43 in the vicinity of Stringtown, Oklahoma, a distance of some 19 miles; (2) eastside road beginning at State Highways 3 and 7 near Center Point, Oklahoma, and extending northward to the upper end of McGee Creek Reservoir, a distance of some 11 miles. The westside road will be constructed with a 24-foot berm and 20-foot paved surface and the east side constructed with a 28-foot berm and 24-foot paved surface. Both roads will have a minimum 6-inch gravel base and be paved with all weather asphaltic surface. The cost for the facilities authorized by this Act shall be nonreimbursable.

Repayment, deferment.

The Secretary of the Interior is authorized, when he deems it appropriate, to defer over the remaining term of any repayment contract or for a period of five years, whichever is less, the 1983 water service and repayment contract obligations for capital and operation and maintenance costs associated with federally constructed or federally assisted projects to reflect the percentage of acreage removed from cultivation pursuant to the "Special program for Corn, Grain, Sorghum, Upland Cotton, and Rice" under title 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations part 770, and any regulations supplementary thereto or amendatory thereof. Such deferment of payments shall not be deemed a "supplemental or additional benefit" within the meaning of section 203(a)(2) of the Reclamation Reform Act of 1982.

48 FR 1696.
96 Stat. 1264.
43 USC 390cc.

Studies.

The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to engage in feasibility studies of the following proposals:

(1) Pilot Butte powerplant, Riverton unit, located in Fremont County, Wyoming;

(2) Siletz River Basin project, located in Lincoln and Polk Counties, Oregon;

(3) Water conservation and efficient use program, All-American Canal relocation project, located in Imperial County, California; and

(4) Gibson Dam powerplant, located on the Sun River in Lewis and Clark Counties, Montana.

Study.

The Secretary of the Interior shall, under the general investigations authority, engage in a joint, State-led study with the State of Nebraska, which will consult with its appropriate subdivisions, of cost-effective alternatives to the Norden Dam, O'Neill unit of the Pick-Sloan Missouri River Basin program, Nebraska; and shall use available funds to initiate such study. The study period shall not exceed 18 months, starting with enactment of this Act. No funds shall be expended for any construction activity for the Norden Dam, O'Neill unit prior to the completion of this study

Time period.

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

ENERGY SUPPLY, RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES

OPERATING EXPENSES

For an additional amount of $500,000 for "Operating Expenses, Energy Supply, Research and Development" to remain available until expended.

ATOMIC ENERGY DEFENSE ACTIVITIES

PLANT AND CAPITAL EQUIPMENT

For an additional amount for "Plant and Capital Equipment, Atomic Energy Defense Activities", for Project 83-D-200, $18,300,000, to remain available until expended.

WESTERN AREA POWER ADMINISTRATION

CONSTRUCTION, REHABILITATION, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

To accelerate the completion of projects which will provide additional power benefits, an additional $30,000,000, to remain available until expended, is hereby appropriated for "Construction, Rehabilitation, Operation and Maintenance, Western Area Power Administration".

FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount of $3,488,000, for the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission: *Provided*, That $500,000 shall be available only for continuation of the Trans-Alaskan Pipeline System (TAPS) case.

GENERAL PROVISION

Appropriations made by this Act and those appropriations made available by Public Law 97-377 for activities provided for in Public Law 97-88 shall be available until expended under the same terms and conditions as was provided under the Energy and Water Development Appropriation Act, 1982, Public Law 97-88: *Provided*, That not to exceed 10 per centum of "Energy Supply, Research and Development Activities", "Operating Expenses" and "Plant and

96 Stat. 1830.
95 Stat. 1135.

Capital Equipment", and "General Science and Research Activities", "Operating Expenses" and "Plant and Capital Equipment", of the appropriations made available for fiscal year 1983 for Department of Energy activities provided for in Public Law 97-88 may be transferred between such appropriations, but no such appropriation, except as otherwise provided, shall be increased or decreased by more than 10 per centum by any such transfers, and any such proposed transfers shall be submitted promptly to the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate. 95 Stat. 1135.

CHAPTER V

MULTILATERAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE

CONTRIBUTION TO THE INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION

For payment to the International Development Association by the Secretary of the Treasury, $245,000,000, for the United States contribution to the sixth replenishment, to remain available until expended.

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS AND PROGRAMS

For an additional amount for "International organizations and programs" $20,500,000, of which $4,500,000 is available only for payment to the International Atomic Energy Agency and $16,000,000 is available only for payment to the International Fund for Agricultural Development.

BILATERAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, AND NUTRITION

For an additional amount for "Agriculture, rural development, and nutrition, Development Assistance", $5,000,000: *Provided,* That these funds are available only for Belize.

PAYMENT TO THE FOREIGN SERVICE RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY FUND

For an additional amount for "Payment to the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability Fund", $1,134,000.

ECONOMIC SUPPORT FUND

For an additional amount for the "Economic Support Fund", $301,250,000: *Provided,* That $150,000,000 of this amount shall be available only for Lebanon, to remain available until expended.

OVERSEAS PRIVATE INVESTMENT CORPORATION

The Overseas Private Investment Corporation is authorized to make such expenditures within the limits of funds available to it and in accordance with law (including not to exceed $30,000 for official reception and representation expenses), and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations, as provided by section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act (31 U.S.C. 9104), as may be necessary in carrying out the program set forth in the budget for fiscal year 1983.

96 Stat. 1043.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

MIGRATION AND REFUGEE ASSISTANCE

For an additional amount for "International disaster assistance", $15,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1984, which shall be derived by transfer from "Migration and Refugee Assistance": *Provided,* That this sum shall be available only for resettlement services and facilities for refugees and displaced persons in Africa.

For an additional amount for the "Economic Support Fund", $5,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1984, which shall be derived by transfer from "Migration and Refugee Assistance": *Provided,* That this sum shall be available only for assistance to combat piracy in the Gulf of Thailand.

MILITARY ASSISTANCE

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

MILITARY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

For an additional amount for "Military Assistance", $93,325,000.

FOREIGN MILITARY SALES CREDIT

During fiscal year 1983, for an additional amount for "Foreign Military Credit Sales", for commitments to guarantee loans, $293,500,000 of contingent liability for loan principal: *Provided,* That of this sum $100,000,000 shall be available only for assistance to Lebanon.

INTERNATIONAL MILITARY EDUCATION AND TRAINING

For an additional amount for "International military education and training", $1,000,000.

None of the funds in this chapter may be used to provide assistance to Guatemala, except for development projects funded through private voluntary organizations.

22 USC 2412.

Notwithstanding section 10 of Public Law 91-672 funds in this chapter may not be obligated until the enactment of authorizing legislation or until September 30, 1983, whichever comes first.

CHAPTER VI

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

HOUSING PROGRAMS

ANNUAL CONTRIBUTIONS FOR ASSISTED HOUSING

In executing the program for which obligations may be made as authorized by section 5 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1437c), and approved in appropriation Acts for fiscal year 1983, the Department of Housing and Urban Development shall, with the approval of the Committees on Appropriations, have the authority to reprogram contract authority and the related budget authority among the various activities which may be undertaken under the authority of such section 5, in the budget program set forth in title I of Public Law 98-8 (approved March 24, 1983) under the heading Annual Contributions for Assisted Housing (Disapproval of Deferral) (97 Stat. 13, 16, 17): *Provided,* That in addition to the above, the budget program set forth in the first proviso under the heading Annual Contributions for Assisted Housing (Disapproval of Deferral) in Public Law 98-8 (97 Stat. 13, 16, 17) is hereby amended to provide for assistance under section 5 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1437c), for additional section 8 housing of up to six thousand units under loan management, up to seven thousand units under property disposition, and up to nine hundred new or substantial rehabilitation units to be made available to satisfy an existing consent decree, settlement agreement, and set-aside pursuant to court order, respectively, in litigation in which the Department of Housing and Urban Development is a party; for up to one hundred additional public housing units for conversions from assistance under section 23 of such Act as it existed immediately before enactment of Public Law 93-383 (88 Stat. 633); and for amendments, $24,500,000 of contract authority and $245,000,000 of budget authority for existing units: *Provided further,* That such budget program is hereby amended further to reduce the budget authority to be made available for interest rate adjustments by $340,000,000, section 23 conversions by $63,450,000, public housing amendments by $62,000,000, and amendments for section 8 new construction/substantial rehabilitation by $198,000,000, and the budget authority made available by the foregoing reductions shall be used for the purposes and up to the amounts set forth in the immediately preceding proviso: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding the limitation on the use of recaptured budget authority in the third proviso under this heading in Public Law 97-377 (96 Stat. 1830, 1907), any budget authority authorized by such section 5 which is recaptured in fiscal year 1983 and exceeds $2,400,000,000 shall also, with the amounts of budget authority which become available as a result of the reductions set forth in the preceding proviso, be made available to satisfy the budget authority requirements of the amendments to such budget program set forth in the first proviso hereof, and such recaptured amounts exceeding the amount of the budget authority necessary to satisfy the requirements of such first proviso shall then be used in accordance with the third proviso under this heading in Public Law 97-377 (96 Stat. 1830, 1907).

42 USC 1437c.

42 USC 1437f.

42 USC 5301 and note.

RENT SUPPLEMENT

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS AND RESCISSION)

Of the not more than $105,160,000 in uncommitted balances of authorizations provided in appropriation Acts for the maximum payments that may be required in any fiscal year by all contracts entered into under section 101 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1965 (12 U.S.C. 1701s) which may be reduced pursuant to the further continuing appropriations for fiscal year 1983, Public Law 97-377 (96 Stat. 1830, 1908), such reduction shall not be made to the extent that such balances would otherwise be available as a result of conversions of contracts under such section 101 to assistance under section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f), and are made available to amend contracts for payments authorized under such section 101 on behalf of qualified tenants, to provide for increased rent charges and changes of income of tenants: *Provided,* That any part of the foregoing balances may be transferred, added to and merged with balances of authority, including balances of authority available as a result of conversions of contracts, which otherwise may be made available for amendments to contracts for rental assistance payments pursuant to section 236(f)(2) of the National Housing Act (12 U.S.C. 1715z-1) on behalf of qualified tenants, to provide for increased rent charges and changes of income of tenants: *Provided further,* That up to $50,828,000 in authority under such section 101 and up to $63,365,000 in merged authority under such section 236(f)(2), respectively, shall be available until obligated for amendments to contracts under those provisions in State-aided, noninsured rental housing projects: *Provided further,* That such amendments shall be for the term of the respective contracts, and the amount of such amendments shall equal 90 per centum of the amount of respective authorities needed for increased rent charges and changes of income of tenants under such contract: *Provided further,* That of the amounts of authority not required for State-aided, noninsured rental housing projects under such sections 101 and 236(f)(2), up to $23,000,000 and up to $8,429,000, respectively, shall be available until obligated for amendments to contracts under such sections for rental housing projects other than State-aided, noninsured projects, to provide for increased rent charges and changes of income of tenants for less than the term of the contracts under the respective sections: *Provided further,* That upon the expiration of each contract under such sections 101 or 236(f)(2) on behalf of qualified tenants on a State-aided, noninsured rental housing project, the balance of the authorization provided in appropriation Acts for such contract shall be rescinded: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding any other provision of law the 90 per centum limitation contained in the third proviso shall be implemented on October 1, 1983 and remain in effect thereafter.

PAYMENTS FOR OPERATION OF LOW-INCOME HOUSING PROJECTS

(DEFERRAL)

Of the funds appropriated under this heading in the Department of Housing and Urban Development-Independent Agencies Appropriation Act (Public Law 97-272), $69,000,000 shall not become available for obligation until October 1, 1983, and shall remain

96 Stat. 1161.

available for obligation until September 30, 1984: *Provided,* That funds heretofore provided under this heading in Public Law 97-272 shall remain available for obligation for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and shall be used by the Secretary for fiscal year 1984 requirements in accordance with section 9(a), notwithstanding section 9(d) of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended. 96 Stat. 1161. 42 USC 1437g.

FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION FUND

For an additional amount for commitments to guarantee loans to carry out the purposes of the National Housing Act, as amended, $5,000,000,000. 12 USC 1701.

SECTION 203(h) LIMIT

Section 203(h) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "$14,400" and inserting in lieu thereof "the applicable maximum dollar limit under subsection (b)". 12 USC 1709.

COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

URBAN RENEWAL PROGRAMS

For grants for urban renewal, as an additional amount for urban renewal programs, as authorized by title I of the Housing Act of 1949, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1450 et seq.), $6,000,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That no part of any appropriation in this or any other Act shall be used for administrative expenses in connection with commitments for grants aggregating more than the total of amounts available in the current year from the amounts authorized for making such commitments through June 30, 1967, plus the additional amounts appropriated therefor.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $9,000,000, of which $2,000,000 shall be transferred to "Research and development" to remain available until September 30, 1984 and shall only be used for establishing a center for hazardous waste management.

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE RESPONSE TRUST FUND

The limitation on administrative expenses of the Hazardous Substance Response Trust Fund is increased by $2,000,000: *Provided,* That the amount available in the current fiscal year for expenses of travel is increased by $500,000.

CONSUMER INFORMATION CENTER FUND

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is hereby established in the Treasury of the United States a Consumer Information Center Fund, General Services Administration, for the purpose of disseminating Federal Government consumer information to the public and for other related purposes. There shall be deposited into the fund for fiscal year 1983 and subsequent fiscal years: (A) Appropriations from the general funds of the Treasury for Consumer Establishment. 40 USC 761.

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Information Center activities; (B) User fees from the public; (C) Reimbursements from other Federal agencies for costs of distributing publications; and (D) Any other income incident to Consumer Information Center activities. Moneys deposited into the fund shall be available for expenditure for Consumer Information Center activities in such amounts as are specified in appropriation Acts. Any unobligated balances at the end of the fiscal year shall remain in the fund and shall be available for authorization in appropriation Acts for subsequent fiscal years. This fund shall assume all the liabilities, obligations, and commitments of the said Consumer Information Center account. The revenues and collections deposited into the fund shall be available for necessary expenses of Consumer Information Center activities in the amount of $5,415,000 during fiscal year 1983. Administrative expenses of the Consumer Information Center in fiscal year 1983 shall not exceed $1,382,000. For the purposes of the fund, administrative expenses shall be defined as those expenses previously paid from appropriations to the Consumer Information Center. Revenues and collections accruing to this fund during fiscal year 1983 in excess of $6,797,000 shall remain in the fund and shall not be available for expenditure except as authorized in appropriation Acts. The Department of Housing and Urban Development-Independent Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984 (Public Law 98-45), is hereby amended by deleting "other than administrative expenses" from the first proviso under the heading "General Services Administration, Consumer Information Center".

Ante, p. 228.

VETERANS ADMINISTRATION

MEDICAL CARE

For an additional amount for "Medical care", $2,280,000.

CONSTRUCTION, MAJOR PROJECTS

For an additional amount for "Construction, major projects", $263,400,000, to remain available until expended.

GENERAL PROVISION

Sitka National Cemetery Transfer Act of 1983.

SECTION 1. (a) Subject to valid existing rights, administration of the following described lands is hereby transferred to the Veterans Administration for use as an addition to the Sitka National Cemetery: That tract of unimproved land lying easterly of existing structures which is a portion of the lands described in Public Land Order numbered 1707 of August 6, 1958: *Provided*, That the actual description of the lands to be administered by the Veterans Administration shall be determined by a survey made and approved by the Secretary of the Interior, after consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture. The actual description shall be published in the Federal Register by the Secretary of the Interior as a Public Land Order.

23 FR 6182.
Survey.

Publication in Federal Register.

(b) The lands described in subsection (a) of this section are a portion of the lands reserved by Executive Order numbered 8854 of August 16, 1941, for use of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey as a magnetic and seismological observatory site. Subsequently, a portion of the lands described in Executive Order numbered 8854 was transferred by Public Land Order numbered 1707 of

3 CFR, 1938-1943 Comp., p. 984.

August 6, 1958, to the jurisdiction of the Forest Service, Department of Agriculture for use as an administrative site in connection with the administration of the Tongass National Forest. Lands described in subsection (a) of this section are hereby deleted from Executive Order numbered 8854 and Public Land Order numbered 1707.

3 CFR, 1938-1943 Comp., p. 984. 23 FR 6182.

SEC. 2. (a) Subject to valid existing rights and subsection (c) of this section: *Provided,* That the National Park Service shall be permitted to continue to use the residence and other improvements on the lands described in this section for a period of not less than three years from the date of enactment of this Act in accordance with terms mutually agreed to by the Secretary of the Interior and the Administrator of the Veterans Administration: *Provided further,* That the National Park Service shall pay no more for the use of the residence and other improvements than the money actually expended to maintain the same by the Veterans Administration, administration of the following described public lands is hereby transferred to the Veterans Administration for use as an addition to the Sitka National Cemetery: The lands described as tract numbered 2 of Presidential Proclamation 2965 of February 25, 1952: *Provided further,* That the actual description of the lands to be administered by the Veterans Administration shall be determined by a survey made and approved by the Secretary of the Interior. The actual description shall be published in the Federal Register as a Public Land Order.

3 CFR, 1949-1953 Comp., p. 150.

Publication in Federal Register.

(b) The lands described in subsection (a) of this section were reserved by Presidential Proclamation 2965 on February 25, 1952, as an administrative site for the Sitka National Monument. Lands described in subsection (a) of this section are hereby deleted from Presidential Proclamation 2965.

(c) In the event that the Administrator of the Veterans Administration determines that all or any part of the lands described in subsection (a) of this section are no longer needed for National Cemetery purposes, those lands no longer needed shall be returned to the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Interior.

SEC. 3. These provisions may be cited as the "Sitka National Cemetery Transfer Act of 1983".

Short title.

CHAPTER VII

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

PAYMENTS IN LIEU OF TAXES

Notwithstanding any other provision of law: (1) 31 U.S.C. 6901(2) is amended to read as follows:

96 Stat. 1031.

"(2) 'unit of general local government' means:

"Unit of general local government."

"(A) a county (or parish), township, borough existing in Alaska on October 20, 1976, or city where the city is independent of any other unit of general local government, that: (i) is within the class or classes of such political subdivisions in a State that the Secretary of the Interior, in his discretion, determines to be the principal provider or providers of governmental services within the State; and (ii) is a unit of general government as determined by the Secretary of the Interior on the basis of the same principles as were used on

"Governmental services."

January 1, 1983, by the Secretary of Commerce for general statistical purposes. The term 'governmental services' includes, but is not limited to, those services that relate to public safety, environment, housing, social services, transportation, and governmental administration;

"(B) the District of Columbia;

"(C) the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico;

"(D) Guam; and

"(E) the Virgin Islands.".

96 Stat. 1032.
31 USC 6903.
31 USC 6903 note.

(2) Section 6903(a)(4) is repealed.

(3) The United States shall not be subject to any cause of action or any liability for distribution of payments made prior to January 1, 1983, under the Act of October 20, 1976 (90 Stat. 2662), as amended, or regulations pursuant thereto.

Reallocated and redistributed payments.
31 USC 6907.

(4) A new section 6907 is added as follows:

"(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a State may enact legislation which requires that any payments which would be made to units of general local government pursuant to this chapter be reallocated and redistributed in whole or part to other smaller units of general purpose government which (1) are located within the boundaries of the larger unit of general local government, (2) provide general governmental services and (3) contain entitlement lands within their boundaries. Such reallocation or redistribution shall generally reflect the level of services provided by, and the number of entitlement acres within, the smaller unit of general local government.

"(b) Upon enactment of legislation by a State, described in subsection (a), the Secretary shall make one payment to such State equaling the aggregate amount of payments which he otherwise would have made to units of general local government within such State pursuant to this chapter. It shall be the responsibility of such State to make any further distribution of the payment pursuant to subsection (a). Such redistribution shall be made within 30 days after receipt of such payment. No payment, or portion thereof, made by the Secretary shall be used by any State for the administration of this subsection or subsection (a).

Underpayments.

"(c) Appropriations made for payments in lieu of taxes for a fiscal year may be used to correct underpayments in the previous fiscal year to achieve equity among all qualified recipients.".

UNITED STATES FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

CONSTRUCTION AND ANADROMOUS FISH

For an additional amount for "Construction and anadromous fish", $4,000,000, to remain available until expended.

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

OPERATION OF THE NATIONAL PARK SYSTEM

For an additional amount for "Operation of the national park system", $500,000.

CONSTRUCTION

(INCLUDING DEFERRAL)

For an additional amount for "Construction", $1,000,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That $63,600,000 made available under this head in Public Law 97-394 and proposed for rescission as R83-16 is hereby deferred and shall not become available for obligation until enactment of the Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984. 96 Stat. 1971.

LAND AND WATER CONSERVATION FUND

(RESCISSION)

The contract authority provided for fiscal year 1983 by 16 U.S.C. 460l-10a is rescinded. 16 USC 460*l*-10a.

LAND ACQUISITION AND STATE ASSISTANCE

For an additional amount for "Land acquisition and State assistance", $68,200,000 to remain available until expended, of which $8,000,000 is hereby transferred to "Land acquisition", United States Fish and Wildlife Service for acquisition of lands within the boundaries of Mason Neck NWR, Virginia ($3,000,000), and Ash Meadows, Nevada ($5,000,000); and of which $6,200,000 is hereby transferred to "Land acquisition", Forest Service for Sawtooth National Recreation Area, Idaho ($4,000,000), and for payment to Pocahontas and Webster Counties, West Virginia ($2,200,000); $4,000,000 is for Rocky Mountain National Park, Colorado; $4,000,000 is for Big Cypress National Preserve, Florida; $6,000,000 is for Big Thicket National Preserve, Texas; $4,300,000 is for Gulf Islands National Seashore, Mississippi; $327,000 is for Chickamauga and Chattanooga National Military Park, Georgia-Tennessee; $166,500 is for Lake Clark National Monument, Alaska; $220,500 is for Acadia National Park, Maine; $34,000,000 is for Redwoods National Park, California, and $986,000 for deficiencies.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

EXPLORATION OF NATIONAL PETROLEUM RESERVE IN ALASKA

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

Of the unexpended balances available under this head, $24,000,000 are hereby transferred to "Surveys, Investigations, and Research", Geological Survey to become available for obligation upon enactment of the Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1984.

OFFICE OF SURFACE MINING RECLAMATION AND ENFORCEMENT

ABANDONED MINE RECLAMATION FUND

For an additional amount for "Abandoned Mine Reclamation Fund", $51,870,000, to remain available until expended.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

OPERATION OF INDIAN PROGRAMS

For an additional amount for "Operation of Indian Programs", $53,150,000: *Provided,* That $22,000,000 of such amount shall be available until expended for transfer to the State of Alaska on the condition that the State use the funds for the benefit of Alaska Native secondary students by either renovating the former Bureau of Indian Affairs Mount Edgecumbe Boarding School or constructing another non-Federal boarding school facility and the Bureau of Indian Affairs shall not expend any other funds for the operation of any secondary education program or facility in the State after June 30, 1983: *Provided further,* That while consultation concerning day school transfers to the State of Alaska will continue with affected villages, local concurrence is not required in this continuing effort to establish a single system of education envisioned by the State's constitution: *Provided further,* That after June 30, 1984, the Bureau of Indian Affairs shall fund no more than ten day schools in Alaska: *Provided further,* That the Bureau of Indian Affairs shall not fund any schools in Alaska after June 30, 1985: *Provided further,* That $9,350,000 of such amount shall be available until expended for transfer to the State of Alaska to assist in the rehabilitation or reconstruction of Bureau-owned schools which are transferred to the State: *Provided further,* That the $9,350,000 appropriated in Public Law 97-394 available to the State of Alaska to assist in the rehabilitation of Bureau-owned schools which are transferred to the State may also be used for reconstruction: *Provided further,* That when any Alaska day school operated by contract is transferred, the State shall assume any existing contract pertaining to the operation or maintenance of such school for a minimum of two years or until the expiration of the negotiated contract, whichever comes first: *Provided further,* That nothing in the foregoing shall preclude assistance otherwise available under the Act of April 16, 1934 (48 Stat. 596) as amended (25 U.S.C. 452 et seq.), or any other Act to such schools on the same basis as other public schools: *Provided further,* That the Secretary of the Interior shall prepare within one year after the date of this Act, an official survey by supplemental plat and convey to the State of Alaska all right, title, and interest of the United States, including all improvements situated thereon, in the following described lands:

25 USC 292b.

96 Stat. 1974.

Survey.

That portion of Japonski Island (U.S. Survey No. 1496, within protracted sections 34 and 35, T. 55 S., R. 63 E., sections 2 and 3, T. 56 S., R. 63 E., Copper River Meridian, State of Alaska), withdrawn from the public domain of the United States by Public Law 79-478 and Public Law 83-568 for use of the Bureau of Indian Affairs and the Indian Health Service, except the smallest practicable tract, as determined by the Secretary of the Interior, enclosing land actually used in connection with the administration of the Indian Health Service hospital on the date of this Act (this IHS-used land comprising no more than 15.25 acres, excluding roads). The southwesterly boundary of these lands is common with lands withdrawn for use of the United States Coast Guard by public land order and with lands held by the State of Alaska, Division of Aviation.

60 Stat. 348.
42 USC 2001-2004b.

Such conveyance is conditioned upon the execution by the State of Alaska of an agreement to begin operating a Mount Edgecumbe

school facility no later than September 1, 1984. The above-described lands reserved for the use of the Indian Health Service shall also be conveyed to the State of Alaska if at any time the Indian Health Service or any successor organization or agency ceases to operate a health care facility on said lands.

Enactment of this statute has the full force and effect of an interim conveyance, as defined in the Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act, to the State of Alaska, subject to the above condition. The force and effect of such an interim conveyance is to convey to and vest in the State of Alaska exactly the same right, title, and interest in and to the lands as the State would have received had it been issued a patent by the United States. Upon survey of lands covered by the interim conveyance a patent thereto shall be issued to the State of Alaska. The lands conveyed by this statute are not subject to acreage adjustment under section 6 of the Alaska Statehood Act.

16 USC 3101 note.

48 USC note prec. 21.

CONSTRUCTION

For an additional amount for "Construction", $240,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That such amounts as may be available for various activities associated with implementation of the Southern Arizona Water Rights Settlement Act of 1982, as it applies to the Papago Indian Tribe in Arizona, may be transferred to the Bureau of Reclamation.

96 Stat. 1274.

PAPAGO TRUST FUND

For payment to the authorized governing body of the Papago Tribe of Indians, $15,000,000 to remain available until expended, for deposit in the Papago Trust Fund established by said governing body pursuant to Public Law 97-293 (96 Stat. 1283) which fund shall be held in trust for the benefit of such tribe pursuant to section 309 of that law.

COOPERATIVE FUND (PAPAGO)

For deposit into the Cooperative Fund established for the benefit of the Papago Tribe of Indians pursuant to section 313, Public Law 97-293 (96 Stat. 1284), $5,250,000, to remain available until expended.

TERRITORIAL AND INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS

ADMINISTRATION OF TERRITORIES

For an additional amount for "Administration of territories", $12,058,000, to remain available until expended.

DEPARTMENTAL OFFICES

OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR

For an additional amount for "Office of the Solicitor", $484,000 for the diligent and immediate pursuance of alternative enforcement measures to enforce previously issued cessation orders against coal mine operators who have not abated the condition for which the cessation order was issued and to accelerate collection of amounts

30 USC 1201 note.

assessed for violation of the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977.

RELATED AGENCIES

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS, DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

96 Stat. 873.

Notwithstanding section 303(3) of Public Law 97-257, funds provided for Economic Regulatory Administration by this or any other Act shall be used: (1) to maintain not less than three hundred and eighty full-time permanent Federal employees, of which not less than forty employees shall be assigned to the Office of Fuels Conversion, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1983; and (2) to maintain not less than three hundred and five full-time equivalent Federal employees, of which not less than twenty-seven employees shall be assigned to the Office of Fuels Conversion, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding any other provision of law, the minimum employment level

96 Stat. 818.

established in Public Law 97-257 for the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Fossil Energy is reduced to 715 with no further amendment to the suballocations therein.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

HEALTH SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

INDIAN HEALTH SERVICES

For an additional amount for "Indian health services", $19,359,000.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

INDIAN EDUCATION

20 USC 1211a.
20 USC 1221.

For part C of the Indian Education Act and the General Education Provisions Act, an additional amount of $1,938,000, to remain available until expended.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Coal leasing procedures, review.

The Secretary shall appoint a Commission to review the Department's coal leasing procedures to ensure receipt of fair market value within 30 days after enactment of this Act, and said Commission shall make its recommendations within 6 months after enactment of this Act.

96 Stat. 1966.

No funds provided in this or any other Act to agencies funded by the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1983 (Public Law 97-394) may be expended to take actions related to termination of programs or closure of facilities proposed to be terminated or closed in the budget for fiscal year 1984 until enactment of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984 or through approved reprogramming procedures.

Delaware Water Gap National Recreation Area.

In order to further the purposes of the Delaware Water Gap National Recreation Area, and to provide for the public safety of the

visitors to the recreation area and the citizens of the States of New Jersey and Pennsylvania:

(1) Highway 209, as a federally owned road within the boundaries of the recreation area, is hereby closed to all commercial vehicular traffic upon enactment of this law, except for those commercial vehicular operations which are based within the recreation area, or which have business facilities in Monroe and Pike Counties, Pennsylvania, operating, on the date of enactment, commercial vehicular traffic originating or terminating outside the recreation area, and except for those commercial vehicular operations which are necessary to provide services to businesses and persons located within or contiguous to the boundaries of the recreation area.

(2) The Secretary of the Interior is authorized and directed, notwithstanding any other law, to establish a commercial operation fee for the use, in accordance with subsection (1), of highway 209 for all commercial vehicles, except for commercial vehicular operations serving businesses or persons located in or contiguous to the boundaries of the recreation area: *Provided,* That the fee schedule may not exceed $10 per trip: *Provided further,* That all fees received shall be set aside in a special account and are available, without further appropriation, for the management, operation, construction, and maintenance of highway 209 within the boundaries of the recreation area.

Termination date.

(3) The provisions of subsection (1) of this section shall terminate on December 31, 1983. The provisions of subsection (2) of this section shall terminate three years from the enactment of this section unless construction of the I-287 bypass in New Jersey or any other feasible, suitable alternative has been commenced. In the event construction has been commenced subsection (2) of this section will terminate ten years from the enactment of this section, or when construction of I-287 or any other feasible, suitable alternative is completed, which ever occurs first.

(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, procedural or substantive, 100 per centum Federal highway trust funds moneys are hereby allocated as part of the State's allocation, and are immediately available for obligation to the State of New Jersey for the construction of the I-287 bypass in New Jersey or any other feasible, suitable alternative, such appropriation as may be made available by Congress from general appropriations to cover 100 per centum of the cost of the I-287 bypass or the alternative route.

National forest acreage, Forest Service sale authority.

The Congress finds that the Forest Service's proposal of March 15, 1983, to consider six million acres of the national forest for possible sale has met with considerable opposition; and the national forests are an important part of the national heritage of the United States; and the national forests provide and protect important resources; and the national forests provide unique opportunities for recreation; and it is inconsistent with past management practices to dispose of large portions of our national forests. It is, therefore, the sense of the Congress that it is not in the national interest to grant the authority to sell significant acreage of the national forest until such time as the Forest Service specifically identifies the tracts which are no longer needed by the Federal Government; inventories the tracts as to their public benefit value; provides opportunities for public review and discussion of the tracts; and completes all necessary environmental assessments of such sales.

CHAPTER VIII

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING ADMINISTRATION

EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING ASSISTANCE

Funds appropriated under the heading "Employment and Training Assistance" in Public Law 97-257 shall remain available for obligation until September 30, 1984.

96 Stat. 843.

ADVANCES TO THE UNEMPLOYMENT TRUST FUND AND OTHER FUNDS

For an additional amount for "Advances to the unemployment trust fund and other funds", including nonrepayable advances to the Revolving Fund established by section 901(e) of the Social Security Act, $615,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1984.

42 USC 1101.

EMPLOYMENT STANDARDS ADMINISTRATION

BLACK LUNG DISABILITY TRUST FUND

For an additional amount for payments from the Black Lung Disability Trust Fund, $186,000,000 which shall be available until September 30, 1984, for payment of all benefits and interest on advances.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL

PREVENTIVE HEALTH SERVICES

For an additional amount for "Preventive health services", $2,225,000.

NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH

NATIONAL CANCER INSTITUTE

For an additional amount for "National Cancer Institute" to remain available until September 30, 1984, $3,300,000.

NATIONAL HEART, LUNG, AND BLOOD INSTITUTE

For an additional amount for "National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute" to remain available until September 30, 1984, $1,030,000.

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF NEUROLOGICAL AND COMMUNICATIVE DISORDERS AND STROKE

For an additional amount for "National Institute of Neurological and Communicative Disorders and Stroke" to remain available until September 30, 1984, $545,000.

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF ALLERGY AND INFECTIOUS DISEASES

For an additional amount for "National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases" to remain available until September 30, 1984, $4,500,000.

ALCOHOL, DRUG ABUSE, AND MENTAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

ALCOHOL, DRUG ABUSE, AND MENTAL HEALTH

For an additional amount for "Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health" to remain available until September 30, 1984, $400,000.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR HEALTH

HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION

LOAN AND LOAN GUARANTEE FUND

For an additional amount for "Health Maintenance Organization Loan and Loan Guarantee Fund", $2,650,000 to be used solely for obligations resulting from defaulted loans guaranteed by this fund.

SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

PAYMENTS TO SOCIAL SECURITY TRUST FUNDS

For an additional amount for "Payments to Social Security Trust Funds" for expenses authorized by section 152 of Public Law 98-21, $1,300,000,000. *Ante*, p. 105.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

From the Rural Development Loan Fund under the Community Economic Development Act of 1981, $10,000,000 in available appropriations shall be obligated in the form of loans only by December 31, 1983. 42 USC 9801 note.

From the Community Development Credit Union Revolving Loan Fund, the entire remaining balance of the Fund as of September 30, 1983, shall be obligated on or before December 31, 1983. No such obligations shall be made in the form of loan guarantees.

Sums appropriated under section 101(e)(2) of Public Law 97-377 for health planning activities may be used for carrying out such activities for fiscal year 1983 under section 935(b) of the Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1981. 96 Stat. 1878, 1905. 95 Stat. 571.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

EDUCATION FOR THE HANDICAPPED

For an additional amount for section 611 of the Education of the Handicapped Act, $47,900,000, to remain available until September 30, 1984. 20 USC 1411.

There is appropriated $1,250,000 for section 621 of the Education of the Handicapped Act, relating to regional resource centers, which is an addition to the amounts otherwise available for that section for fiscal year 1983. 20 USC 1421.

REHABILITATION SERVICES AND HANDICAPPED RESEARCH

29 USC 796e.

For an additional amount for centers for independent living under part B of title VII of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, $2,120,000: *Provided*, That the amount appropriated under this paragraph shall

29 USC 701 note.

be available for special projects under the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 that were reduced by reason of the first proviso under the heading "Rehabilitation Services and Handicapped Research, Department of

96 Stat. 1896.

Education", contained in Public Law 93-377, if the condition of that proviso has been met.

For an additional amount to the National Institute of Handicapped Research for the establishment and support of two research and training centers, $1,500,000, to remain available until expended, one-half of which shall be available for the establishment and support of a research and training center in pediatric rehabilitation

29 USC 762.

pursuant to section 204(b)(1) of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and one-half of which shall be available for a research and training center on the rehabilitation needs of the Pacific Basin.

ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION

20 USC 2711.

For an additional amount for subpart 1 of part A of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, such sums as may be necessary but not to exceed $40,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1984, to be available for the payment of grants to local educational agencies located in a State in which the aggregate amount of grants determined for such agencies from amounts appropriated for fiscal year 1983 prior to the date of enactment of this Act is less than 95 percent of the amount of the grants for that State from amounts appropriated for fiscal year 1982 by reason of the application of the 1980 Census data in order to increase the amount for local educational agencies in each such State to the amount determined for that State for fiscal year 1982: *Provided*, That the amount of the increase in any grant which a local educational agency in any State shall be eligible to receive by reason of the application of this paragraph shall be determined on a pro rata basis.

HIGHER AND CONTINUING EDUCATION

For an additional amount for "Higher and continuing education", $4,816,000.

STUDENT FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

20 USC 1070b-3.
96 Stat. 1403.
20 USC 1070b-3 note.
20 USC 1070b.

Notwithstanding section 413D(b)(1)(B)(ii) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 and section 10 of the Student Financial Assistance Technical Amendments Act of 1982, funds appropriated under this heading and any funds appropriated for fiscal year 1983 for subpart 2 of part A of title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965 that are not obligated or committed for the fiscal year 1983 shall be allocated in a manner designed to ensure that all eligible institutions receive a minimum funding level based upon a uniform State percentage for such fiscal year.

For fiscal year 1983, such sums as necessary shall be made available to compensate private debt collection agencies under contract with the Secretary, as provided for in the Debt Collection Act

96 Stat. 1749.
5 USC 5514 note.

of 1982 (Public Law 97-365), from amounts collected by these private agencies on loans defaulted under part E of the Higher Education

Act, section 406 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (Public Law 90-351), and under the Migration and Refugee Assistance Act of 1962 (Public Law 87-510). 20 USC 1088. 42 USC 3746. 22 USC 2601 note.

FACILITIES DEVELOPMENT

HEALTH RESOURCES AND SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

HEALTH RESOURCES AND SERVICES

For an additional amount for "Health resources and services" for the remodeling and expansion of an existing academic health center library under section 720(a)(1) of the Public Health Service Act, $14,500,000, to remain available until expended; and notwithstanding any other provision of this or any other Act, such amount shall be made available without regard to the provisions of sections 702(b) and 722(a)(1) of the Public Health Service Act. 42 USC 293. 42 USC 292b, 293b.

NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH

NATIONAL LIBRARY OF MEDICINE

For an additional amount to carry out section 301 and parts I and J of title III of the Public Health Service Act with respect to conducting research, development, and demonstration projects at an existing academic health center, $5,900,000, to remain available until expended. 42 USC 241, 275, 280b.

GRANTS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF ACADEMIC FACILITIES

For part B of title VII of the Higher Education Act of 1965, $22,500,000, to remain available until expended. 20 USC 1132c.

CHAPTER IX

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

SENATE

EXPENSE ALLOWANCES OF THE VICE PRESIDENT, THE PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE, MAJORITY AND MINORITY LEADERS, AND MAJORITY AND MINORITY WHIPS

For an additional amount for "Expense allowances of the Vice President, the President Pro Tempore, Majority and Minority Leaders, and Majority and Minority Whips", $2,500 for the Majority Whip and $2,500 for the Minority Whip; in all $5,000: *Provided*, That, effective with the fiscal year 1983 and each fiscal year thereafter, the expense allowance of the Majority and Minority Whips of the Senate shall not exceed $5,000 each fiscal year for each Whip. 2 USC 65e.

SALARIES, OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

ADMINISTRATIVE, CLERICAL, AND LEGISLATIVE ASSISTANCE TO SENATORS

For an additional amount for "Administrative, clerical, and legislative assistance to Senators", $197,000.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEES

For an additional amount for the Conference of the Majority and Conference of the Minority, $50,000 for each such committee; in all $100,000.

EXPENSE ALLOWANCES OF THE SECRETARY OF THE SENATE, SERGEANT AT ARMS AND DOORKEEPER OF THE SENATE, AND SECRETARIES FOR THE MAJORITY AND MINORITY OF THE SENATE

For an additional amount for "Expense allowances of the Secretary of the Senate, Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate, and Secretaries for the Majority and Minority of the Senate", $1,000 for each such officer; in all $4,000: *Provided,* That, effective in the case of fiscal years beginning on or after October 1, 1982, the first sentence of section 119(a) of Public Law 97-51 (2 U.S.C. 65c) is amended by striking out "$2,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$3,000".

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE SENATE

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS

For an additional amount for "Miscellaneous items", $240,000.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

PAYMENTS TO WIDOWS AND HEIRS OF DECEASED MEMBERS OF CONGRESS

For payment to Lila Rosenthal, widow of Benjamin S. Rosenthal, late a Representative from the State of New York, $69,800. For payment to Sala Burton, widow of Phillip Burton, late a Representative from the State of California, $69,800.

ALLOWANCES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Allowances and expenses", $7,946,000.

JOINT ITEMS

OFFICE OF THE ATTENDING PHYSICIAN

An amount not to exceed $19,000 of the unobligated balance of the appropriation for the Office of the Attending Physician for the fiscal year 1982 shall remain available for obligations for fiscal year 1983.

OFFICIAL MAIL COSTS

For an additional amount for "Official mail costs", $37,965,000.

OFFICE OF TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", Office of Technology Assessment, $165,000.

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

SENATE OFFICE BUILDINGS

For an additional amount for "Senate office buildings", $250,000, to remain available until expended.

An additional amount not to exceed $210,000 of the unobligated balance of the appropriation for Senate Office Buildings for the fiscal year 1983 shall remain available until expended.

HOUSE OFFICE BUILDINGS

For an additional amount for "House office buildings", $275,000, to remain available until expended.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, to enable the Architect of the Capitol, under the direction of the Commission on the West Central Front of the United States Capitol, to restore the West Central Front of the United States Capitol (without change of location or change of the present architectural appearance thereof) in substantial accordance with the "Restoration of the West Central Facade" report dated March 1978, $49,000,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That the Architect of the Capitol, under the direction of such Commission and without regard to the provisions of section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, as amended, is authorized and directed to enter into such contracts, incur such obligations, and make such expenditures for personal and other services and other expenses as may be necessary to carry out this paragraph: *Provided further,* That any general construction contracts entered into under authority of this paragraph shall be for a firm fixed price, supported by standard performance and payment bonds, and shall be awarded competitively among selected responsible general contractors approved by such Commission and upon the approval by such Commission of the amount of the firm fixed price contracts: *Provided further,* That, the Commission on the West Central Front of the United States Capitol shall appoint, from among private individuals who are qualified, by reason of education, training, and experience, a consulting architect who shall assist the Commission in directing the Architect of the Capitol with respect to the restoration of the West Central Front of the United States Capitol: *Provided further,* That the Architect of the Capitol shall keep the consulting architect appointed under this paragraph fully and currently informed of the progress of the restoration of the West Central Front of the United States Capitol: *Provided further,* That the consulting architect for the restoration of the West Central Front of the United States Capitol appointed under this paragraph shall be paid for his services (out of the sum appropriated by this paragraph) at such rate of pay as the Commission considers appropriate, but not exceeding a rate equal to the daily equivalent of the rate of basic pay payable for grade GS-18 under the General Schedule under section 5332 of title 5, United States Code.

40 USC 166 note.

41 USC 5.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

SEC. 901. (a) Effective October 1, 1982, the allowance for administrative and clerical assistance of each Senator from the State of Texas is increased to that allowed to Senators from States having a

Effective date.
2 USC 61-1 note.

population of fifteen million but less than seventeen million, the population of said State having exceeded fifteen million inhabitants.

Effective date.

(b) Effective October 1, 1982, the allowance for administrative and clerical assistance of each Senator from the State of Colorado is increased to that allowed to Senators from States having a population of three million but less than four million, the population of said State having exceeded three million inhabitants.

2 USC 88b-6.

SEC. 902. The Secretary of the Senate is authorized to withhold from the salary of each Senate page who resides in the page residence hall an amount equal to the charge imposed for lodging, meals, and related services, furnished to such page in such hall. The amounts so withheld shall be transferred by the Secretary of the Senate to the Clerk of the House of Representatives for deposit by such Clerk in the revolving fund, within the contingent fund of the House of Representatives, for the page residence hall and page meal plan, as established by H. Res. 64, Ninety-eighth Congress.

Property, supply, or service contracts.
2 USC 111b.

SEC. 903. (a) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in any contract which is entered into by any person and either the Administrator of General Services or a contracting officer of any executive agency and under which such person agrees to sell or lease to the Federal Government (or any one or more entities thereof) any unit of property, supplies, or services at a specified price or under specified terms and conditions (or both), such person may sell or lease to the Congress the same type of such property, supplies, or services at a unit price or under terms and conditions (or both) which are different from those specified in such contract; and any such sale or lease of any unit or units of such property, supplies, or services to the Congress shall not be taken into account for the purpose of determining the price at which, or the terms and conditions under which, such person is obligated under such contract to sell or lease any unit of such property, supplies, or services to any entity of the Federal Government other than the Congress. For purposes of the preceding sentence, any sale or lease of property, supplies, or services to the Senate (or any office or instrumentality thereof) or to the House of Representatives (or any office or instrumentality thereof) shall be deemed to be a sale or lease of such property, supplies, or services to the Congress.

Effective date.
2 USC 111b note.

(b) The provisions of this section shall take effect with respect to sales or leases of property, supplies, or services to the Congress after the date of enactment of this section.

2 USC 136a-2.

SEC. 904. (a) Subject to subsection (b) of this section and notwithstanding any other provision of law—

(1) the compensation of the Librarian of Congress shall be at an annual rate which is equal to the annual rate of basic pay payable for positions at level III of the Executive Schedule under section 5314 of title 5, United States Code, and

(2) the compensation of the Deputy Librarian of Congress shall be at an annual rate which is equal to the annual rate of basic pay payable for positions at level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code.

(b) The limitations contained in section 306 of S. 2939, Ninety-seventh Congress, as made applicable by section 101(e) of Public Law 97-276 (as amended by section 128(a) of Public Law 97-377) shall, after application of section 128(b) of Public Law 97-377, be applicable to the compensation of the Librarian of Congress and the Deputy Librarian of Congress, as fixed by subsection (a) of this section.

5 USC 5318 note.
96 Stat. 1914.

(c) The provisions of subsection (a) shall take effect on the first day of the first applicable pay period commencing on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Effective date.
2 USC 136a-2 note.

SEC. 905. The annual rate of compensation for any individual employed under the provisions of H. Res. 690, Eighty-ninth Congress (enacted into permanent law by Public Law 89-545), shall not exceed the annual rate of basic pay of level V of the Executive Schedule of section 5316 of title 5, United States Code.

SEC. 906. Section 101(e) of Public Law 97-276 is amended by inserting the following before the paragraph relating to the Congressional Budget Office:

96 Stat. 1186.

"Funds appropriated under the heading 'JOINT ITEMS', 'OFFICE OF THE ATTENDING PHYSICIAN' shall include an allowance of $600 per month for a Senior Medical Officer while on duty in the Attending Physician's Office;".

SEC. 907. None of the funds in this Act or any other Act for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1983, shall be available for any Office of Technology Assessment activity not initiated and approved in accordance with section 3(d) of Public Law 92-484, except that funds shall be available for the assessment required by Public Law 96-151.

2 USC 472.

38 USC 101 note.

SEC. 908. (a) For the purposes of this section—

Definitions.
2 USC 31-1.
96 Stat. 570.
26 USC 170.

(1) "charitable organization" means an organization described in section 170(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954;

(2) "honorarium" means a payment of money or anything of value to a Member for an appearance, speech, or article, by the Member; but there shall not be taken into account for the purposes of this section any actual and necessary travel expenses, incurred by the Member, and spouse or an aide to the extent that such expenses are paid or reimbursed by any other person, and the amount otherwise determined shall be reduced by the amount of any such expenses to the extent that such expenses are not paid or reimbursed;

(3) "Member" means a United States Senator, a Member of the House of Representatives, a Delegate to the House of Representatives, or the Resident Commissioner from Puerto Rico; and

(4) "travel expenses" means with respect to a Member, and spouse or an aide, the cost of transportation, and the cost of lodging and meals while away from his or her residence or the metropolitan area of Washington, District of Columbia.

(b)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, except as provided in paragraph (2), on and after January 1, 1984, a Member shall not accept honoraria which are attributable to any calendar year and total more than the amount that is equal to 30 percent of the aggregate salary paid to such Member for service as a Member during such calendar year.

(2) An individual who becomes a Member on a date after the first day of a calendar year shall not accept honoraria which are attributable to the remaining portion of that calendar year on and after the date such individual becomes a Member and total more than the amount that is equal to 30 percent of the aggregate salary paid to the Member for service as a Member during such calendar year.

(3) For the purposes of this subsection, an honorarium shall be attributable to the period or calendar year in which payment is received.

(c) Any honorarium, or any part thereof, paid by or on behalf of a Member to a charitable organization shall be deemed not to be accepted for the purposes of subsection (b).

2 USC 31 note.

(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in the case of a Member who is serving in the office or position of Senator, President pro tempore of the Senate, Majority Leader of the Senate, or Minority Leader of the Senate during a calendar year, the annual rate of pay that is paid to such Member for such service shall not be less than the annual rate of pay payable for such position on December 17, 1982, increased by 15 percent and rounded in accordance with section 5318 of title 5, United States Code.

Report.
2 USC 358 note.

(e) The Commission on Executive, Legislative, and Judicial Salaries shall include in the first report required to be submitted by it after the date of the enactment of this Act a recommendation for an appropriate salary for Members, which recommendation shall assume a prohibition on the receipt of honoraria by Members.

2 USC 31 note.

(f) Subsection (d) of this section shall take effect with respect to service as a Member performed on or after July 1, 1983.

(g) Subsection (b) of section 323 of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 (2 U.S.C. 441i(b)) is amended to read as follows:

"(b) Any honorarium, or any part thereof, paid by or on behalf of an elected or appointed officer or employee of any branch of the Federal Government to a charitable organization shall be deemed not to be accepted for the purposes of this section.".

CHAPTER X

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

COAST GUARD

NATIONAL RECREATIONAL BOATING SAFETY AND FACILITIES IMPROVEMENT FUND

(LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION)

46 USC 1451 note.

For payment of obligations incurred for recreational boating safety assistance under Public Law 92-75, as amended, $7,500,000, to be derived from the National Recreational Boating Safety and Facilities Improvement Fund and to remain available until expended. During fiscal year 1983 obligations for recreational boating safety assistance pursuant to section 421 of Public Law 97-424 shall not exceed $7,500,000, and no obligation may be incurred for improvement of recreational boating facilities.

96 Stat. 2162.

FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION

OPERATIONS

For an additional amount for "Operations", $44,000,000, for payments to lenders and other administrative expenses required as a consequence of any aircraft purchase loan guarantee executed pursuant to the Act of September 7, 1957, as amended (49 U.S.C. 1324 note), to remain available until September 30, 1984.

FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT

Of the funds available under this heading, $5,000,000 shall be available from existing appropriations for the Secretary of Transportation to enter into grant agreements with two universities or colleges to conduct demonstration projects in the development, advancement, or expansion of an airway science curriculum and such money, which shall remain available until expended, shall be made available, under such terms and conditions as the Secretary of Transportation may prescribe, to such universities or colleges for the purchase or lease of buildings and associated facilities, instructional materials, or equipment to be used in conjunction with the airway science curriculum.

AIRCRAFT PURCHASE LOAN GUARANTEE PROGRAM

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Transportation may hereafter issue notes or other obligations to the Secretary of the Treasury, in such forms and denominations, bearing such maturities, and subject to such terms and conditions as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe. Such obligations may be issued to pay any necessary expenses excluding administrative personnel costs required pursuant to a guarantee issued under the Act of September 7, 1957, as amended (49 U.S.C. 1324 note). The aggregate amount of such obligations shall not exceed $150,000,000 by September 30, 1983. Such obligations shall be redeemed by the Secretary from appropriations authorized by this section. The Secretary of the Treasury shall purchase any such obligations, and for such purpose he may use as a public debt transaction the proceeds from the sale of any securities issued under the Second Liberty Bond Act, as now or hereafter in force. The purposes for which securities may be issued under such Act are extended to include any purchase of notes or other obligations issued under this subsection. The Secretary of the Treasury may sell any such obligations at such times and price and upon such terms and conditions as he shall determine in his discretion. All purchases, redemptions, and sales of such obligations by such Secretary shall be treated as public debt transactions of the United States.

49 USC app. 1324 note.

FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION

FEDERAL-AID HIGHWAYS (LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION) (TRUST FUND)

For an additional amount for "Federal-aid highways", $300,000,000, or so much as may be available in and derived from the Highway Trust Fund, to remain available until expended.

ACCESS HIGHWAYS TO PUBLIC RECREATION AREAS ON CERTAIN LAKES

Appropriations under this heading for fiscal year 1981 shall remain available until September 30, 1984.

HIGHWAYS CROSSING FEDERAL PROJECTS

The period of availability of approximately $400,000 appropriated in Public Laws 94-387, 95-29, 95-85, 95-335, and 96-131 is hereby extended through September 30, 1984.

90 Stat. 1171; 91 Stat. 122, 402; 92 Stat. 435; 93 Stat. 1023.

NATIONAL HIGHWAY TRAFFIC SAFETY ADMINISTRATION

STATE AND COMMUNITY HIGHWAY SAFETY

(LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION) (TRUST FUND)

For an additional amount for "State and community highway safety" as authorized by 23 U.S.C. 402 and 408, $2,000,000, to remain available until expended, to be derived from the Highway Trust Fund.

96 Stat. 1738.

HIGHWAY SAFETY EDUCATION AND INFORMATION

(LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION) (TRUST FUND)

For payment of obligations incurred in carrying out the provisions of section 209 of Public Law 95-599, $1,000,000, to remain available until expended, to be derived from the Highway Trust Fund.

23 USC 401 note.

FEDERAL RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION

SETTLEMENTS OF RAILROAD LITIGATION

For liquidation of promissory notes pursuant to section 210(f) of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 (Public Law 93-236), as amended, $18,499,000, to remain available until expended.

45 USC 720.

RAILROAD REHABILITATION AND IMPROVEMENT

FINANCING FUNDS

For an additional amount for "Railroad rehabilitation and improvement financing funds", $7,100,000, to remain available until expended, for payment to the Secretary of the Treasury for debt reduction.

URBAN MASS TRANSPORTATION ADMINISTRATION

URBAN DISCRETIONARY GRANTS

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the effective date of section 302(b) of Public Law 97-424 is October 1, 1983.

49 USC app. 1603 note.
96 Stat. 2140.

MASS TRANSPORTATION CAPITAL FUND

(LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION) (TRUST FUND)

For payment of obligations incurred in carrying out section 21 of the Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964, as amended (49 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), administered by the Urban Mass Transportation Administration, $55,000,000, to be derived from the Highway Trust Fund and to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That notwithstanding any other provision of law, section 308 of Public Law 97-369 shall apply to any funds made available for obligation by section 21(a)(2)(A) of the Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964, as amended.

96 Stat. 2140.

96 Stat. 1781.

GENERAL PROVISION

LIMITATION ON GENERAL OPERATING EXPENSES

The limitation on general operating expenses of the Federal Highway Administration is increased by $1,750,000 for necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 152 of the Surface Transportation Assistance Act of 1982 for a methane conversion study, to remain available until expended. 96 Stat. 2132. 23 USC 307 note.

ACOSTA BRIDGE

Notwithstanding subsection (b) of section 142 of Public Law 97-377, the funds made available by such subsection for the Dodge Island Bridge project in Miami, Florida, shall be available for the Acosta Bridge project in Jacksonville, Florida, in accordance with the provisions of section 144 of title 23, United States Code, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That, notwithstanding any other provisions of law, obligations incurred under this section shall not be subject to any limitation on obligations for Federal-aid highways. 96 Stat. 1916.

Notwithstanding section 144 of title 23, United States Code, and any other provision of law, the Secretary of Transportation shall make available, upon request of the State of Georgia, under such section 144, an amount not to exceed $5,000,000, from funds appropriated in this Act or previous Acts, such sum to initiate the design and engineering phase of the Eugene Talmadge Memorial Bridge replacement project in Savannah, Georgia.

RELATED AGENCIES

MOTOR CARRIER RATEMAKING STUDY COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

Of the funds made available under the heading of Department of Transportation, Office of the Secretary, Salaries and Expenses, for Fiscal Year 1983 for the Motor Carrier Ratemaking Study Commission, unobligated balances available as of September 30, 1983, shall remain available until expended.

PANAMA CANAL COMMISSION

OPERATING EXPENSES

For payment to the Republic of Panama, pursuant to Article XIII, paragraph 4(c), of the Panama Canal Treaty of 1977, such amounts as may be necessary, but not to exceed $378,635, to be derived from the Panama Canal Commission Fund: *Provided,* That none of these funds may be expended prior to validation by an audit of the General Accounting Office.

CHAPTER XI

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Of the sums appropriated for Office of the Secretary, Salaries and Expenses, not to exceed $18,500 may be used for official reception and representation functions.

Of the sums appropriated for International Affairs, not to exceed $66,500 may be used for official reception and representation functions.

U.S. CUSTOMS SERVICE

For payment of claims against the United States Customs Service, $2,430.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

OFFICIAL RESIDENCE OF THE VICE PRESIDENT

For an additional amount for "Operating expenses", $141,000.

OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $669,000.

INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

FEDERAL BUILDINGS FUND

LIMITATIONS ON AVAILABILITY OF REVENUE

In addition to the aggregate amount heretofore made available for real property management and related activities in fiscal year 1983, $8,102,000 shall be made available for such purposes and shall remain available until expended for the construction and acquisition of facilities, as follows:

Payment of Construction Claims:

Florida: Fort Lauderdale, Courthouse and Federal Office Building and Parking Facility, $442,300.

Georgia: Atlanta, Courthouse and Federal Office Building, $7,075,000.

Mississippi: Hattiesburg, Courthouse and Federal Building, $213,100, Jackson, Federal Office Building, $125,600.

South Carolina: Columbia, Federal Building and United States Courthouse, $246,000:

Provided, That the immediately foregoing limits of costs may be exceeded to the extent that savings are effected in other such projects but by not to exceed 10 per centum: *Provided further,* That claims against the Government of less than $10,000 arising from direct construction projects, acquisition of buildings, and purchase contracts projects pursuant to Public Law 92-313 be liquidated with prior notification of the Committees on Appropriations of the House

Notification of Committees on Appropriations. 40 USC 601 note.

and Senate to the extent savings are effected in other such projects: *Provided further,* That any revenues and collections and any other sums accruing to this fund during fiscal year 1983, excluding reimbursements under section 210(f)(6) in excess of $2,057,748,500 shall remain in the fund and shall not be available for expenditure except as authorized in appropriation Acts.

OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

PAYMENT TO CIVIL SERVICE RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY FUND

For an additional amount for "Payment to Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund", $342,269,000.

REVOLVING FUND

Pursuant to section 1304(e)1(i)(ii) of title 5, United States Code, costs for entertainment expenses of the President's Commission on Executive Exchange shall not exceed $12,000.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses to carry out functions of the Office of Personnel Management pursuant to Reorganization Plan Numbered 2 of 1978 and the Civil Service Reform Act of 1978, not to exceed $1,000 for official reception and representation funds. 5 USC app. 5 USC 1101 note.

MERIT SYSTEMS PROTECTION BOARD

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $1,600,000.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

None of the funds appropriated under this Act shall be obligated or expended to implement, administer or enforce the proposed Office of Personnel Management regulations published in the Federal Register on March 30, 1983, at pages 13342-13377 and 13380-13381, unless and until the Comptroller General completes review pursuant to section 4304(b)(2) of title 5, United States Code. Proposed OPM regulations, funding restriction.

No funds appropriated by this Act shall be used by the Internal Revenue Service—

(1) to enforce any ruling which would subject to tax under subtitles A and C of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 the value of campus lodging furnished by, or on behalf of, any educational institution described in section 170(b)(1)(A)(ii) of such Code to any employee of such institution or any spouse or dependent (within the meaning of section 152 of such Code) of such employee, or 26 USC 1, 3101. 26 USC 170. 26 USC 152.

(2) to conduct any other activity with respect to the assessment or collection of any such tax on such value.

For purposes of applying section 44C of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, paragraph (10) of section 44C(c) of such Code (relating to property financed by subsidized energy financing) shall not apply with respect to any financing for energy conservation or renewable energy source expenditures which was provided— 26 USC 44C.

(1) before January 1, 1983,

(2) under a State program in existence before 1978, and (3) with respect to any residence the first mortgage on which is financed by the proceeds of any qualified veterans' mortgage bond (within the meaning of section 103A(c)(3) of such Code).

26 USC 103A.

CHAPTER XII

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FUNDS

GOVERNMENTAL DIRECTION AND SUPPORT

(RESCISSION)

Of the funds appropriated for "Governmental direction and support" for fiscal year 1983 in Public Law 97-378, $2,759,000 are rescinded.

96 Stat. 1926.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND REGULATION

(RESCISSION)

Of the funds appropriated for "Economic development and regulation" for fiscal year 1983 in Public Law 97-378, $2,538,800 are rescinded.

96 Stat. 1926.

PUBLIC SAFETY AND JUSTICE

For an additional amount for "Public safety and justice", $9,130,600.

PUBLIC EDUCATION SYSTEM

(RESCISSION)

Of the funds appropriated for "Public education system" for fiscal year 1983 in Public Law 97-378, $1,871,100 are rescinded.

96 Stat. 1927.

HUMAN SUPPORT SERVICES

For an additional amount for "Human support services", $2,087,400.

TRANSPORTATION SERVICES AND ASSISTANCE

(RESCISSION)

Of the funds appropriated for "Transportation services and assistance" for fiscal year 1983 in Public Law 97-378, $544,600 are rescinded.

96 Stat. 1928.

ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES AND SUPPLY

(RESCISSION)

Of the funds appropriated for "Environmental services and supply" for fiscal year 1983 in Public Law 97-378, $5,504,500 are rescinded.

96 Stat. 1928.

PERSONAL SERVICES

(RESCISSION)

Of the funds appropriated for "Personal services" for fiscal year 1983 in Public Law 97-378, $8,748,800 are rescinded. 96 Stat. 1929.

ENERGY ADJUSTMENT

For an additional amount for "Energy adjustment", $2,078,500.

UNALLOCATED GENERAL FUND ADJUSTMENT

(RESCISSION)

Of the funds appropriated out of the "General fund" for fiscal year 1983 in Public Law 97-378, $15,183,600 are rescinded. 96 Stat. 1929.

WASHINGTON CONVENTION CENTER ENTERPRISE FUND

For an additional amount for "Washington convention center enterprise fund", $830,700.

LOTTERY AND CHARITABLE GAMES ENTERPRISE FUND

For an additional amount for "Lottery and charitable games enterprise fund", $1,000,000.

GENERAL PROVISION

Title 11, section 11-1732(d) of the District of Columbia Code, is amended by striking out "1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "1984".

TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1983

For additional amounts for appropriations for the fiscal year 1983, for increased pay costs authorized by or pursuant to law as follows:

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

SENATE

"Salaries, officers and employees", $7,027,000;
"Office of the Legislative Counsel of the Senate", $47,000;
"Office of Senate Legal Counsel", $12,000;
"Senate Policy Committees", $78,000;
"Inquiries and investigations", $1,764,000;

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

"House leadership offices", $197,000;
"Salaries, officers and employees", $1,753,000;
"Committee employees", $1,674,000;
"Members' clerk hire", $5,966,000;
"Allowances and expenses", $1,360,000;

JOINT ITEMS

"Joint Economic Committee", $60,000;
"Joint Committee on Printing", $39,000;
"Joint Committee on Taxation", $144,000;
"Education of Pages", $22,000;
"Capitol Guide Service", $31,000;

CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE

"Salaries and expenses", $269,000;

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

Office of the Architect of the Capitol: "Salaries and expenses", $217,000;
"Capitol buildings", $100,000;
"Capitol grounds", $40,000;
"Senate office buildings", $480,000;
"House office buildings", $200,000;
"Capitol power plant", $50,000;
Library buildings and grounds: "Structural and mechanical care", $80,000;

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

"Salaries and expenses", $3,937,000;
Copyright Office: "Salaries and expenses", $180,000;
Congressional Research Service: "Salaries and expenses", $1,389,000;

GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE

"Salaries and expenses", $7,765,000;

BOTANIC GARDEN

"Salaries and expenses", $70,000;

COPYRIGHT ROYALTY TRIBUNAL

"Salaries and expenses", $20,000;

OFFICE OF TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT

"Salaries and expenses", $344,000;

THE JUDICIARY

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FEDERAL CIRCUIT

"Salaries and expenses", $97,000;

UNITED STATES COURT OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE

"Salaries and expenses", $129,000;

COURTS OF APPEALS, DISTRICT COURTS, AND OTHER JUDICIAL SERVICES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Salaries of Judges", $2,510,000;

"Salaries of Supporting Personnel", $6,250,000, and in addition $9,000,000 to be derived by transfer, of which $2,000,000 shall be from "Fees of Jurors and Commissioners"; $2,000,000 shall be from "Expenses of Operation and Maintenance of the Courts"; and $5,000,000 shall be from "Space and Facilities";

"Defender Services", $600,000;

"Bankruptcy Courts, Salaries and expenses", $4,100,000;

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES COURTS

"Salaries and expenses", $660,000;

FEDERAL JUDICIAL CENTER

"Salaries and expenses", $66,000;

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

WHITE HOUSE OFFICE

"Salaries and expenses", $565,000;

EXECUTIVE RESIDENCE AT THE WHITE HOUSE

"Operating expenses", $149,000;

COUNCIL OF ECONOMIC ADVISERS

"Salaries and expenses", $77,000;

OFFICE OF POLICY DEVELOPMENT

"Salaries and expenses", $112,000;

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

"Salaries and expenses", $164,000;

OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATION

"Salaries and expenses", $204,000;

OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

"Salaries and expenses", $1,318,000;

OFFICE OF FEDERAL PROCUREMENT POLICY

"Salaries and expenses", $95,000;

OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY

"Salaries and expenses", $24,000;

OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES TRADE REPRESENTATIVE

"Salaries and expenses", $409,000;

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE

"Operating expenses of the Agency for International Development", $9,938,000;

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

"Office of the Secretary", $318,000;

"Departmental Administration", for budget and program analysis and public participation, $105,000; for energy, $2,000; for operations and finance, personnel, regulatory hearings, equal opportunity, safety and health management, and small and disadvantaged business utilization, $417,000; making a total of $524,000;

"Office of Governmental and Public Affairs", $206,000;

"Office of Congressional Affairs", $10,000;

"Office of the Inspector General", $273,000 and in addition $555,000 shall be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Food Stamp Program" and merged with this appropriation;

"Office of the General Counsel", $686,000;

"Agricultural Research Service", $6,442,000;

"National Agricultural Library", $111,000;

"Economic Research Service", $1,028,000;

"Statistical Reporting Service", $1,061,000;

"World Agricultural Outlook Board", $60,000;

"Foreign Agricultural Service", $605,000;

"Office of International Cooperation and Development", $45,000;

"Office of Rural Development Policy", $30,000;

FEDERAL CROP INSURANCE CORPORATION

"Administrative and operating expenses", $991,000;

RURAL ELECTRIFICATION ADMINISTRATION

"Salaries and expenses", $581,000;

FARMERS HOME ADMINISTRATION

"Salaries and expenses", $9,791,000;

SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

"Conservation operations", $9,776,000;

"River basin surveys and investigations", $351,000;

"Watershed planning", $202,000;

FEDERAL GRAIN INSPECTION SERVICE

"Salaries and expenses", $179,000;

AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

"Marketing services", $1,132,000;
"Transportation office", $49,000;
"Funds for strengthening markets, income and supply" (section 32), (increase of $170,000 in limitation, "marketing agreements and orders");

FOOD SAFETY AND INSPECTION SERVICE

"Salaries and expenses", $12,520,000;

FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE

"Food program administration", $313,000;
"Human Nutrition Information Service", $56,000;
"Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service", $3,600,000;
"Packers and Stockyards Administration", $166,000;

AGRICULTURAL STABILIZATION AND CONSERVATION SERVICE

"Salaries and expenses", not to exceed an additional $12,400,000 may be transferred to and merged with this appropriation from the Commodity Credit Corporation fund;

FOREST SERVICE

"Forest research", $2,651,000;
"State and private forestry", $507,000 which shall remain available for obligation until September 30, 1984, to carry out activities authorized in Public Law 95-313; 16 USC 2101 note.
"National forest system", $23,441,000 of which $3,304,000 for cooperative law enforcement, forest road maintenance, forest trail maintenance, and reforestation and timber stand improvement shall remain available for obligation until September 30, 1984;
"Construction", $4,135,000 to remain available until expended.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

"Salaries and expenses", $930,000;

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

"Salaries and expenses", $2,680,000;
"Periodic censuses and programs", $1,650,000, to remain available until expended;

ECONOMIC AND STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

"Salaries and expenses", $665,000;

INTERNATIONAL TRADE ADMINISTRATION

"Operations and Administration", $3,800,000;

NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Operations, research, and facilities", $23,828,000, to remain available until expended, and, in addition, $4,000,000, to be derived by transfer from "Construction," to remain available until expended;

PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

"Salaries and expenses", $4,640,000, to remain available until expended;

NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS

"Scientific and technical research and services", $2,730,000, to remain available until expended.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—CIVIL

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

CORPS OF ENGINEERS—CIVIL

"Operation and maintenance, general", $13,700,000 to remain available until expended;

"General expenses", $4,100,000;

SOLDIERS' AND AIRMEN'S HOME

"Operation and maintenance", $341,000;

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

"Energy Information Administration", $2,182,000;

"Economic regulation", $560,000;

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Salaries and expenses", $12,596,000; of which $11,882,000 shall be derived by transfer from the "Rural Development Loan Fund";

HEALTH RESOURCES AND SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

"Health resources and services", $7,900,000; of which $2,842,000 shall be derived from unobligated prior year Public Health Service hospital construction funds, $169,000 shall be derived from the "Rural Development Loan Fund" and $1,414,000 shall be derived by transfer from "Community Services Block Grant";

"Indian health services", $14,274,000;

CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

"Preventive health services", $5,990,000; of which $1,400,000 shall be derived from unobligated swine-flu funds provided under Public Law 94-266; 90 Stat. 363.

NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

"National Cancer Institute", $766,000;
"National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute", $484,000;
"National Institute of Dental Research", $432,000;
"National Institute of Arthritis, Diabetes, and Digestive and Kidney Diseases", $1,310,000;
"National Institute of Neurological and Communicative Disorders and Stroke", $800,000;
"National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases", $1,048,000;
"National Institute of General Medical Sciences", $252,000;
"National Institute of Child Health and Human Development", $669,000;
"National Eye Institute", $340,000;
"National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences", $500,000;
"Research Resources", $113,000;
"National Library of Medicine", $359,000 to be derived by transfer from the "Rural Development Loan Fund";
"Office of the Director", $1,065,000 to be derived by transfer from the "Rural Development Loan Fund";

ALCOHOL, DRUG ABUSE, AND MENTAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health", $1,388,000;
"St. Elizabeths Hospital", $5,901,000 to be derived by transfer from the "Rural Development Loan Fund";

ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR HEALTH

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

"Health services management", $2,000,000, of which $875,000 is to be derived by transfer from the "Rural Development Loan Fund";

HEALTH CARE FINANCING ADMINISTRATION

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

"Program management", $1,654,000, together with $3,200,000 to be derived by transfer from the "Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund" and "Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund";

SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Assistance Payments Program", $500,000;
"Limitation on Administrative Expenses", (increase of $103,434,000 in the Limitation on administrative expenses paid from the trust funds and Supplemental Security Income Program);

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Salaries and expenses, Department of Housing and Urban Development", $10,000,000 to be derived by transfer from various funds of the Federal Housing Administration.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

"Management of lands and resources", $4,595,000;
"Oregon and California grant lands", $657,000;

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

"Construction program", $2,605,000 to remain available until expended;
"General investigations", $397,000 to remain available until expended and to be derived from the reclamation fund;
"Operation and maintenance", $1,658,000 to remain available until expended;
"General administrative expenses", $799,000 to be derived from the reclamation fund;

UNITED STATES FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

"Resource management", $4,030,000;

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

"Operation of the national park system", $12,019,000;
"National recreation and preservation", $168,000;
"John F. Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts", $89,000;

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

"Surveys, investigations, and research", $8,395,000;

MINERALS MANAGEMENT SERVICE

"Minerals and royalty management", $1,989,000;

OFFICE OF SURFACE MINING RECLAMATION AND ENFORCEMENT

"Regulation and technology", $522,000;

BUREAU OF MINES

"Mines and minerals", $1,515,000;

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

"Operation of Indian programs", $7,469,000;

OFFICE OF TERRITORIAL AND INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS

"Administration of territories", $39,000;
"Trust territory of the Pacific Islands", $30,000;

OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR

"Salaries and expenses", $663,000;

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

"Departmental management", $998,000;

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL

"Salaries and expenses", $400,000;

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

"Salaries and expenses", $1,800,000;

UNITED STATES PAROLE COMMISSION

"Salaries and expenses", $216,000;

LEGAL ACTIVITIES

"Salaries and expenses, general legal activities", $4,700,000;
"Salaries and expenses, Antitrust Division", $1,100,000;
"Salaries and expenses, United States Attorneys and Marshals", $10,500,000;
"Salaries and expenses, Community Relations Service", $100,000;

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

"Salaries and expenses", $28,100,000;

DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION

"Salaries and expenses", $7,334,000;

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

"Salaries and expenses", $11,200,000;

FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM

"Salaries and expenses", $10,300,000;

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"Limitation on administrative and vocational training expenses, Federal Prison Industries, Incorporated" (increase of $100,000 in the limitation on Administrative expenses, and $100,000 on Vocational Training expenses);

OFFICE OF JUSTICE ASSISTANCE, RESEARCH, AND STATISTICS

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Research and Statistics", $392,000, to be derived by transfer of reversionary funds from "Law Enforcement Assistance".

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING ADMINISTRATION

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Program administration", $752,000, together with not to exceed $819,000 which may be expended from the Employment Security Administration account in the Unemployment Trust Fund;

EMPLOYMENT STANDARDS ADMINISTRATION

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Salaries and expenses", $3,866,000, together with not to exceed $27,000 to be derived from the Special Fund in accordance with sections 39(c) and 44(j) of the Longshoremen's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act;

33 USC 939, 944.

OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Salaries and expenses", $1,393,000, to be derived by transfer from Mine Safety and Health Administration, "Salaries and expenses";

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS

"Salaries and expenses", $1,600,000;

DEPARTMENTAL MANAGEMENT

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Salaries and expenses", $400,000, together with not to exceed $400,000 which may be expended from the Employment Security Administration account in the Unemployment Trust Fund and of which $400,000 shall be for carrying into effect the provisions of 38 U.S.C. 2001-03.

96 Stat. 1437.
38 USC 2001-2003.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

ADMINISTRATION OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Salaries and expenses", $13,600,000, and in addition, $8,111,000, to be derived by transfer from "Contributions to international organizations";

INTERNATIONAL COMMISSIONS

International Boundary and Water Commission, United States and Mexico: "Salaries and expenses", $174,000.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

"Salaries and expenses", $400,000;

COAST GUARD

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Headquarters administration", $2,650,000, to be derived by transfer from "Retired pay";

"Operating expenses", $10,000,000, to be derived by transfer from "Retired pay";

FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Headquarters administration", $1.400,000;

"Operations", $16,700,000, of which not to exceed $7,680,000 shall be derived from the Airport and Airway Trust Fund;

"Operation and maintenance, Metropolitan Washington Airports", $500,000, to be derived from the unobligated balances of "Construction, Metropolitan Washington Airports";

FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION

"Limitation on general operating expenses" (increase of $2,000,000 in the limitation on general operating expenses);

"Motor carrier safety", $200,000;

NATIONAL HIGHWAY TRAFFIC SAFETY ADMINISTRATION

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Operations and research", $300,000, to be derived by transfer from "Access highways to public recreation areas on certain lakes";

FEDERAL RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Office of the Administrator", $225,000, to be derived by transfer from "Access highways to public recreation areas on certain lakes";

URBAN MASS TRANSPORTATION ADMINISTRATION

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Administrative expenses", $530,000, of which $204,398 shall be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Fare free demonstrations";

SAINT LAWRENCE SEAWAY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

"Limitation on administrative expenses, Saint Lawrence Seaway Development Corporation" (increase of $24,000 in the limitation on administrative expenses)";

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL

"Salaries and expenses", $409,000;

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Salaries and expenses", $1,537,000, of which $242,000 is to be derived from "Bureau of Government Financial Operations, Salaries and expenses";

"International affairs", $731,000;

FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT TRAINING CENTER

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Salaries and expenses", $351,000, of which $45,000 is to be derived from "Bureau of Government Financial Operations, Salaries and expenses";

BUREAU OF ALCOHOL, TOBACCO AND FIREARMS

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Salaries and expenses", $2,492,000, to be derived from "Bureau of Government Financial Operations, Salaries and expenses";

UNITED STATES CUSTOMS SERVICE

"Salaries and expenses", $17,617,000;

INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE

"Salaries and expenses", $8,443,000;

"Taxpayer service and returns processing", $1,827,000;
"Examinations and appeals", $48,352,000;
"Investigation and collections", $36,200,000;
Any appropriation made available to the Internal Revenue Service for the current fiscal year by this Act may be transferred to any other Internal Revenue Service appropriation to the extent necessary for increased pay costs authorized by or pursuant to law;

UNITED STATES SECRET SERVICE

"Salaries and expenses", $5,462,000;

OFFICE OF REVENUE SHARING

"Salaries and expenses", $255,000: *Provided,* That of the funds heretofore provided under this heading in Public Law 97-272, $400,000 shall remain available until September 30, 1984. 96 Stat. 1173.

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

"Research and program management", $28,500,000.

VETERANS ADMINISTRATION

"Medical care", $180,168,000: *Provided,* That of the funds appropriated under this heading in the Department of Housing and Urban Development-Independent Agencies Appropriation Act, 1983 (Public Law 97-272), $4,200,000 shall be available only for three integrated hospital system projects and such funds shall remain available until September 30, 1984; 96 Stat. 1173.
"Medical and prosthetic research", $2,174,000, to remain available until September 30, 1984;
"Medical administration and miscellaneous operating expenses", $613,000;
"General operating expenses", $2,152,000;
"Construction, minor projects", an increase of $686,000 in the limitation on the expenses of the Office of Construction.

OTHER INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

ADMINISTRATIVE CONFERENCE OF THE UNITED STATES

"Salaries and expenses", $59,000;

ADVISORY COUNCIL ON HISTORIC PRESERVATION

"Salaries and expenses", $22,000;

ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT AGENCY

"Arms control and disarmament activities", $300,000;

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD

"Salaries and expenses", $700,000;

COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

"Salaries and expenses", $9,000;

COMMISSION ON CIVIL RIGHTS

"Salaries and expenses", $350,000;

COMMITTEE FOR PURCHASE FROM THE BLIND AND OTHER SEVERELY HANDICAPPED

"Salaries and expenses", $9,000;

CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION

"Salaries and expenses", $530,000;

EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION

"Salaries and expenses", $4,650,000;

FARM CREDIT ADMINISTRATION

"Limitation on administrative expenses" (increase of $232,000 in the limitation on administrative expenses);

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

"Salaries and expenses", $3,100,000;

FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

"Salaries and expenses", $197,000;

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

"Salaries and expenses", $1,645,000;

FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK BOARD

"Limitation on administrative and nonadministrative expenses Federal Home Loan Bank Board" (increase of $650,000 in the limitation on administrative expenses and an increase of $400,000 in the limitation on nonadministrative expenses);

FEDERAL SAVINGS AND LOAN INSURANCE CORPORATION

"Limitation on administrative expenses Federal Savings and Loan Corporation" (increase of $30,000 in the limitation on administrative expenses);

FEDERAL MARITIME COMMISSION

"Salaries and expenses", $270,000;

FEDERAL MEDIATION AND CONCILIATION SERVICE

"Salaries and expenses", $694,000;

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

"Salaries and expenses", $3,233,000;

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

FEDERAL BUILDINGS FUND

LIMITATIONS ON AVAILABILITY OF REVENUE

In addition to the aggregate amount heretofore made available for real property management and related activities in fiscal year 1983, $2,275,000 shall be available for such purposes and the limitation on the amount available for program direction and centralized services is increased to $93,882,000. Any revenues and collections and any other sums accruing to this fund during fiscal year 1983, excluding reimbursements under section 210(f)(6) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 490(f)(6)), in excess of $2,057,748,500, shall remain in the fund and shall not be available for expenditure except as authorized in appropriation Acts;

FEDERAL SUPPLY SERVICE

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Operating expenses", $2,000,000 to be derived by transfer from "Federal Property Resources Service, Operating expenses";

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Office of Inspector General", $700,000; to be derived by transfer from "Federal Property Resources Service, Operating expenses";

INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES

ADVISORY COMMISSION ON INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

"Salaries and expenses", $40,000;

DELAWARE AND SUSQUEHANNA RIVER BASIN COMMISSIONS

"Salaries and expenses", $16,000;

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

"Salaries and expenses", $500,000;

MERIT SYSTEMS PROTECTION BOARD

"Salaries and expenses", $452,000;
Office of the Special Counsel "Salaries and expenses", $139,000;

NATIONAL CAPITAL PLANNING COMMISSION

"Salaries and expenses", $125,000;

NATIONAL FOUNDATION ON THE ARTS AND THE HUMANITIES

NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE HUMANITIES

"Salaries and expenses", $187,000;

NATIONAL LABOR RELATIONS BOARD

"Salaries and expenses", $2,000,000;

NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION

"Research and related activities", $1,300,000 (and an increase of $2,200,000 in the limitation on program development and management), to remain available until September 30, 1984;

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

"Salaries and expenses", $2,770,000;

OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Salaries and expenses", $1,809,000 together with an additional amount of $1,675,000 for current fiscal year administration expenses for the retirement and insurance programs to be transferred from the appropriate trust funds of the Office of Personnel Management in amounts to be determined by the Office of Personnel Management without regard to other statutes;

RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD

"Limitation on administration", (increase of $699,000 in use limitation on administration paid from the railroad retirement account);

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

"Salaries and expenses", $1,650,000;

SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

"Salaries and expenses", $6,580,000;

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

"Salaries and expenses", $2,890,000;
"Salaries and expenses, National Gallery of Art", $259,000;
"Salaries and expenses, Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars", $20,000;

SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM

"Salaries and expenses", $400,000;

OTHER TEMPORARY COMMISSIONS

NAVAJO AND HOPI INDIAN RELOCATION COMMISSION

"Salaries and expenses", $26,000;

UNITED STATES HOLOCAUST MEMORIAL COUNCIL

"Holocaust Memorial Council", $16,000;

UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY

"Salaries and expenses", $8,810,000;

UNITED STATES TAX COURT

"Salaries and expenses", $517,000.

TITLE III

EMERGENCY EARTHQUAKE ASSISTANCE

Coalinga, Calif., damages.

Payment for the damages incurred in the disastrous earthquake at Coalinga, California, and surrounding areas, shall be expedited. Such damages are estimated to be up to $40,000,000. Amounts necessary for individual and public relief and restoration purposes shall be paid promptly from available funds heretofore appropriated by the Congress for Federal Emergency Management Agency, "Funds Appropriated to the President, Disaster Relief" (presently estimated to be $550,000,000), Small Business Administration, "Disaster Loan Fund" (presently estimated to be $700,000,000), and Department of Education, "School Assistance in Federally Affected Areas" as authorized in the Disaster Relief Act of 1970, as amended (42 U.S.C. 4401), the Disaster Relief Act of 1974, as amended (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.), section 7(b) (1) and (2) of the Small Business Act, as amended, and section 7 of the Impact Aid Act (20 U.S.C. 237, 238, and 241).

15 USC 636.
20 USC 241-1.

TITLE IV

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 401. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided herein.

Authorized pay increases.

SEC. 402. Except where specifically increased or decreased elsewhere in this Act, the restrictions contained within appropriations, or provisions affecting appropriations or other funds, available during the fiscal year 1983, limiting the amount which may be expended for personal services, or for purposes involving personal services, or amounts which may be transferred between appropriations or authorizations available for or involving such services, are hereby increased to the extent necessary to meet increased pay costs authorized by or pursuant to law.

SEC. 403. Amounts certified pursuant to section 1311 of the Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1955, as having been obligated against appropriations heretofore made under the authority of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, for the same general purpose as any of the subparagraphs under "Agency for International Development" in prior appropriations Acts, are, if deobligated, hereby continued available for the same period as the respective appropriations in such subparagraphs for the same general purpose and for the same country as originally obligated or for relief, rehabilitation, and reconstruction activities in the Andean region: *Provided*, That the Appropriations Committees of both Houses of the Congress are notified fifteen days in advance of the deobligation or reobligation of such funds.

96 Stat. 912, 927, 928.
31 USC 1108, 1501, 1502.
22 USC 2151 note.

SEC. 404. The Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct the United States executive director of the International Monetary Fund to use the voice and vote of the United States to oppose any assistance by the International Monetary Fund, using funds appropriated or made available pursuant to this Act, for the production of any commodity for export, if it is in surplus on world markets and if the assistance will cause substantial injury to United States producers of the same, similar, or competing commodity.

Commodity assistance restriction.

SEC. 405. It is the sense of Congress that the Secretary of Agriculture should announce the 1984 annual commodity programs for wheat, feed grains, upland cotton, and rice by the dates specified in the following schedule:

(1) For wheat, July 1, 1983;
(2) For feed grains, September 1, 1983;
(3) For upland cotton, November 1, 1983; and
(4) For rice, December 15, 1983.

Commodity programs, announcement.

Pine Bluff, Ark., convention facilities.

42 USC 6701 note.

SEC. 406. Upon request of the city of Pine Bluff, Arkansas, the Secretary of Commerce shall authorize such city to lease to any person the banquet and kitchen facilities of the Pine Bluff Convention Center, without affecting the Federal assistance provided by a grant under the Public Works Employment Act of 1976 (project number 01-51-00020) or any other law, if such transfer documents provide for the operation of such facilities as kitchen and banquet facilities for at least 25 years after the date of such transfer.

Oakland, Calif., convention center.

42 USC 3121 note.

SEC. 407. Upon request of the city of Oakland, California, the Secretary of Commerce shall authorize such city to sell or lease to any person the George P. Scotlan Memorial Convention Center building, without affecting the Federal assistance provided under the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965 (project numbered 07-01-02471), or any other law, if—

(1) such sale or lease provides, for the operation of such facilities as a Convention Center for at least sixty-five years after such transfer; and

(2) in the event of the sale of such building, the repayment of any grant made pursuant to the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965 shall—

(A) be made over a period of thirty years;

(B) provide that no payments shall be made for the first fifteen years of such period; and

(C) be made in equal annual installments over the last fifteen years of such period.

Short title.

This Act may be cited as the "Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1983".

Approved July 30, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3069 (H.J. Res. 338):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 98-207 (Comm. on Appropriations) and No. 98-308 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORT No. 98-148 (Comm. on Appropriations).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):

May 25, considered and passed House.

June 9, 10, 14-16, considered and passed Senate, amended.

July 28, House agreed to conference report.

July 29, House concurred in certain Senate amendments and in others with amendments, and insisted on its disagreement to certain Senate amendments. Senate agreed to conference report, concurred in House amendments, and receded from its amendments in disagreement.

Public Law 98-64
98th Congress

An Act

To provide that per capita payments to Indians may be made by tribal governments, and for other purposes.

Aug. 2, 1983
[S. 419]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That funds which are held in trust by the Secretary of the Interior (hereinafter referred to as the "Secretary") for an Indian tribe and which are to be distributed per capita to members of that tribe may be so distributed by either the Secretary or, at the request of the governing body of the tribe and subject to the approval of the Secretary, the tribe. Any funds so distributed shall be paid by the Secretary or the tribe directly to the members involved or, if such members are minors or have been legally determined not competent to handle their own affairs, to a parent or guardian of such members or to a trust fund for such minors or legal incompetents as determined by the governing body of the tribe.

Indians, per capita payments.
25 USC 117a.

SEC. 2. (a) Funds distributed under this Act shall not be liable for the payment of previously contracted obligations except as may be provided by the governing body of the tribe and distributions of such funds shall be subject to the provisions of section 7 of the Act of October 19, 1973 (87 Stat. 466), as amended.

Funding liability.
25 USC 117b.

25 USC 1407.

(b) Nothing in this Act shall affect the requirements of the Act of October 19, 1973 (87 Stat. 466), as amended, or of any plan approved thereunder, with respect to the use or distribution of funds subject to that Act: *Provided,* That per capita payments made pursuant to a plan approved under that Act may be made by an Indian tribe as provided in section 1 of this Act if all other provisions of the 1973 Act are met, including but not limited to, the protection of the interests of minors and incompetents in such funds.

(c) Nothing in this Act, except the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, shall apply to the Shoshone Tribe and the Arapahoe Tribe of the Wind River Reservation, Wyoming.

Shoshone and Arapahoe Tribes of the Wind River Reservation, Wyo.

SEC. 3. (a) The Secretary shall, by regulation, establish reasonable standards for the approval of tribal payments pursuant to section 1 of this Act and, where approval is given under such regulations, the United States shall not be liable with respect to any distribution of funds by a tribe under this Act.

Regulations.
25 USC 117c.

Liability.

(b) Nothing in this Act shall otherwise absolve the United States from any other responsibility to the Indians, including those which derive from the trust relationship and from any treaties, Executive orders, or agreements between the United States and any Indian tribe.

Repeal.
25 USC 117.

SEC. 4. (a) The following provision of section 1 of the Act of June 10, 1896 (29 Stat. 3360), is repealed: "That any sums of money hereafter to be paid per capita to individual Indians shall be paid to said Indians by an officer of the Government designated by the Secretary of the Interior.".

Repeal.

(b) Section 19 of the Act of June 28, 1898 (30 Stat. 502), is repealed.

Approved August 2, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 419:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-230 (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Feb. 24, considered and passed Senate.
June 20, considered and passed House, amended.
July 20, Senate concurred in House amendment.

Public Law 98-65
98th Congress

An Act

To amend the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act to increase the amount authorized to be appropriated as the annual Federal payment to the District of Columbia.

Aug. 2, 1983
[H.R. 2637]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 502 of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act (D.C. Code, sec. 47-3406) is amended by striking out "and for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1983, and for each fiscal year ending after September 30, 1983, the sum of $361,000,000" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1983, the sum of $361,000,000; and for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for each fiscal year ending after September 30, 1984, the sum of $386,000,000".

District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act, amendment.

Approved August 2, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2637 (S. 1010):

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-100 (Comm. on the District of Columbia).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
June 27, considered and passed House.
July 20, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-66
98th Congress

An Act

Aug. 4, 1983
[H.R. 1935]

To ratify an exchange agreement concerning National Wildlife Refuge System lands located on Matagorda Island in Texas.

Matagorda Island, Tex., management exchange agreement.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That notwithstanding any other provisions of law providing for the administration by the Secretary of the Interior of the National Wildlife Refuge System through the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, the action of the Secretary of the Interior in entering into the unique exchange agreement (entitled "Memorandum of Agreement between the United States Department of the Interior and the State of Texas for the management of the Matagorda Island State Park and Wildlife Management Area A Unit of the National Wildlife Refuge System in Calhoun County, Texas" and Easements running to the United States and Texas hereinafter referred to jointly as the "Agreement", all of which are dated December 8, 1982) providing for integrated management (during the term of the Agreement) of National Wildlife Refuge System lands and State lands on Matagorda Island in Texas is ratified and approved, except that any amendments hereinafter made pursuant to the Agreement shall be consistent with the requirements of the National Wildlife Refuge System Administration Act (16 U.S.C. 668dd-668ee) and other applicable provisions of Federal law administered by such Secretary. Nothing in the Agreement or in this Act shall be construed (A) as affecting the continued applicability of the National Wildlife Refuge System Administration Act to the Federal lands covered by such Agreement or the inclusion of such lands within the National Wildlife Refuge System, or (B) as ratifying or authorizing any other such agreements applicable to any other area of the National Wildlife Refuge System.

Approved August 4, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 1935:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-67 (Comm. on Merchant Marine and Fisheries).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-176 (Comm. on Environment and Public Works).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Apr. 19, considered and passed House.
July 22, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-67
98th Congress

An Act

To promote economic revitalization and facilitate expansion of economic opportunities in the Caribbean Basin region, to provide for backup withholding of tax from interest and dividends, and for other purposes.

Aug. 5, 1983
[H.R. 2973]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Interest and dividend withholding tax, repeal.
Caribbean Basin economic revitalization.

TITLE I—INTEREST AND DIVIDEND TAX COMPLIANCE

SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE; AMENDMENT OF 1954 CODE.

Interest and Dividend Tax Compliance Act of 1983.
26 USC 1 note.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This title may be cited as the "Interest and Dividend Tax Compliance Act of 1983".

(b) AMENDMENT OF 1954 CODE.—Except as otherwise expressly provided, whenever in this title an amendment is expressed in terms of an amendment to a section or other provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to a section or other provision of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.

26 USC 1 *et seq.*

SEC. 102. REPEAL OF WITHHOLDING ON INTEREST AND DIVIDENDS.

Effective date.
26 USC 3451 note.
96 Stat. 576.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle A of title III of the Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982 (relating to withholding of tax from interest and dividends) is hereby repealed as of the close of June 30, 1983.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Except as provided in this section, the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 shall be applied and administered as if such subtitle A (and the amendments made by such subtitle A) had not been enacted.

(c) REPEAL NOT TO APPLY TO AMOUNTS DEDUCTED AND WITHHELD BEFORE SEPTEMBER 2, 1983.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—If, notwithstanding the repeal made by subsection (a) (and the provisions of subsection (b)), an amount is deducted and withheld before September 2, 1983, under subchapter B of chapter 24 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (as in effect before its repeal by subsection (a)), the repeal made by subsection (a) (and the provisions of subsection (b)) shall not apply to the amount so deducted and withheld.

96 Stat. 576.
26 USC 3451.

(2) ELECTION TO HAVE PARAGRAPH (1) NOT APPLY.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply with respect to any payor who elects (at the time and in the manner prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate) to have paragraph (1) not apply.

(d) ESTIMATED TAX PAYMENTS.—For purposes of determining the amount of any addition to tax under section 6654 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 with respect to any installment required to be paid before July 1, 1983, the amount of the credit allowed by section 31 of such Code for any taxable year which includes any portion of the period beginning July 1, 1983, and ending December 31, 1983,

26 USC 6654.

96 Stat. 585.
26 USC 31.

shall be increased by an amount equal to 10 percent of the aggregate amount of payments—

(1) which are received during the portion of such taxable year after June 30, 1983, and before January 1, 1984, and

(2) which (but for the repeal made by subsection (a)) would have been subject to withholding under subchapter B of chapter 24 of such Code (determined without regard to any exemption described in section 3452 of such subchapter B).

96 Stat. 576.
96 Stat. 577.
26 USC 3452.

(e) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—

96 Stat. 591.
26 USC 6049.

(1) Subsection (a) of section 6049 (relating to returns regarding payments of interest) is amended—

(A) by inserting "or" at the end of paragraph (1),

(B) by striking out "or" at the end of paragraph (2),

(C) by striking out paragraph (3), and

(D) by striking out ", tax deducted and withheld, and the name and address of the person to whom paid or from whom withheld", and inserting in lieu thereof "and the name and address of the person to whom paid".

(2) Subsection (b) of section 6049 (defining interest) is amended—

(A) by amending subparagraph (C) of paragraph (2) to read as follows:

"(C) except to the extent otherwise provided in regulations—

"(i) any amount paid to any person described in paragraph (4), or

"(ii) any amount described in paragraph (5),", and

(B) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraphs:

"(4) PERSONS DESCRIBED IN THIS PARAGRAPH.—A person is described in this paragraph if such person is—

"(A) a corporation,

"(B) an organization exempt from taxation under section 501(a) or an individual retirement plan,

"(C) the United States or any wholly owned agency or instrumentality thereof,

"(D) a State, the District of Columbia, a possession of the United States, any political subdivision of any of the foregoing, or any wholly owned agency or instrumentality of any one or more of the foregoing,

"(E) a foreign government, a political subdivision of a foreign government, or any wholly owned agency or instrumentality of any one or more of the foregoing,

"(F) an international organization or any wholly owned agency or instrumentality thereof,

"(G) a foreign central bank of issue,

"(H) a dealer in securities or commodities required to register as such under the laws of the United States or a State, the District of Columbia, or a possession of the United States,

"(I) a real estate investment trust (as defined in section 856),

"(J) an entity registered at all times during the taxable year under the Investment Company Act of 1940,

15 USC 80a-51.

"(K) a common trust fund (as defined in section 584(a)), or

"(L) any trust which—

"(i) is exempt from tax under section 664(c), or

"(ii) is described in section 4947(a)(1).

"(5) AMOUNTS DESCRIBED IN THIS PARAGRAPH.—An amount is described in this paragraph if such amount—

"(A) is subject to withholding under subchapter A of chapter 3 (relating to withholding of tax on nonresident aliens and foreign corporations) by the person paying such amount, or 26 USC 1441.

"(B) would be subject to withholding under subchapter A of chapter 3 by the person paying such amount but for the fact that—

"(i) such amount is income from sources outside the United States,

"(ii) the payor thereof is exempt from the application of section 1441(a) by reason of section 1441(c) or a tax treaty, or

"(iii) such amount is original issue discount (within the meaning of section 1232(b)(1)).".

(3) Paragraph (1) of section 6049(c) (relating to statements to be furnished to persons with respect to whom information is furnished) is amended— 96 Stat. 591. 26 USC 6049.

(A) by inserting "and" at the end of subparagraph (A),

(B) by striking out ", and" at the end of subparagraph (B) and inserting in lieu thereof a period, and

(C) by striking out subparagraph (C).

SEC. 103. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS WITH RESPECT TO INCREASED APPROPRIATIONS.

It is the sense of the Congress—

(1) that additional amounts should be appropriated for purposes of collecting tax due with respect to reportable payments (as defined in section 3406(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954), and *Infra.*

(2) that—

(A) such additional amounts should not be less than—

(i) $15,000,000 for fiscal year 1984, and

(ii) $300,000,000 for the period consisting of fiscal years 1984 through 1988, and

(B) it would be preferable that such additional amounts for such period be at least $600,000,000.

SEC. 104. BACKUP WITHHOLDING.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 24 (relating to collection of income tax at source) is amended by inserting after section 3405 the following new section:

"SEC. 3406. BACKUP WITHHOLDING. 26 USC 3406.

"(a) REQUIREMENT TO DEDUCT AND WITHHOLD.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of any reportable payment, if—

"(A) the payee fails to furnish his TIN to the payor in the manner required,

"(B) the Secretary notifies the payor that the TIN furnished by the payee is incorrect,

"(C) there has been a notified payee underreporting described in subsection (c), or

"(D) there has been a payee certification failure described in subsection (d),

then the payor shall deduct and withhold from such payment a tax equal to 20 percent of such payment.

"(2) SUBPARAGRAPHS (C) AND (D) OF PARAGRAPH (1) APPLY ONLY TO INTEREST AND DIVIDEND PAYMENTS.—Subparagraphs (C) and (D) of paragraph (1) shall apply only to reportable interest or dividend payments.

"(b) REPORTABLE PAYMENT, ETC.—For purposes of this section—

"(1) REPORTABLE PAYMENT.—The term 'reportable payment' means—

"(A) any reportable interest or dividend payment, and

"(B) any other reportable payment.

"(2) REPORTABLE INTEREST OR DIVIDEND PAYMENT.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'reportable interest or dividend payment' means any payment of a kind, and to a payee, required to be shown on a return required under—

Ante, p. 370.

"(i) section 6049(a) (relating to payments of interest),

"(ii) section 6042(a) (relating to payments of dividends), or

"(iii) section 6044 (relating to payments of patronage dividends) but only to the extent such payment is in money.

"(B) SPECIAL RULE FOR PATRONAGE DIVIDENDS.—For purposes of subparagraphs (C) and (D) of subsection (a)(1), the term 'reportable interest or dividend payment' shall not include any payment to which section 6044 (relating to patronage dividends) applies unless 50 percent or more of such payment is in money.

"(3) OTHER REPORTABLE PAYMENT.—The term 'other reportable payment' means any payment of a kind, and to a payee, required to be shown on a return required under—

"(A) section 6041 (relating to certain information at source),

96 Stat. 601.
26 USC 6041A.

"(B) section 6041A(a) (relating to payments of remuneration for services),

96 Stat. 600.
26 USC 6045.

"(C) section 6045 (relating to returns of brokers), or

"(D) section 6050A (relating to reporting requirements of certain fishing boat operators), but only to the extent such payment is in money and represents a share of the proceeds of the catch.

"(4) WHETHER PAYMENT IS OF REPORTABLE KIND DETERMINED WITHOUT REGARD TO MINIMUM AMOUNT.—The determination of whether any payment is of a kind required to be shown on a return described in paragraph (2) or (3) shall be made without regard to any minimum amount which must be paid before a return is required.

"(5) EXCEPTION FOR CERTAIN SMALL PAYMENTS.—To the extent provided in regulations, the term 'reportable payment' shall not include any payment which—

"(A) does not exceed $10, and

"(B) if determined for a 1-year period, would not exceed $10.

"(6) OTHER REPORTABLE PAYMENTS INCLUDE PAYMENTS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 6041(a) OR 6041(A)(a) ONLY WHERE AGGREGATE FOR CALENDAR YEAR IS $600 OR MORE.—Any payment of a kind required to be shown on a return required under section 6041(a) or 6041A(a) which is made during any calendar year shall be treated as a reportable payment only if—

"(A) the aggregate amount of such payment and all previous payments described in such sections by the payor to the payee during such calendar year equals or exceeds $600,

"(B) the payor was required under section 6041(a) or 6041A(a) to file a return for the preceding calendar year with respect to payments to the payee, or

96 Stat. 601.
26 USC 6041A.

"(C) during the preceding calendar year, the payor made reportable payments to the payee with respect to which amounts were required to be deducted and withheld under subsection (a).

"(7) EXCEPTION FOR CERTAIN WINDOW PAYMENTS OF INTEREST, ETC.—For purposes of subparagraphs (C) and (D) of subsection (a)(1), the term 'reportable interest or dividend payment' shall not include any payment—

"(A) in redemption of a coupon on a bearer instrument or in redemption of a United States savings bond, or

"(B) to the extent provided in regulations, of interest on instruments similar to those described in subparagraph (A).

The preceding sentence shall not apply for purposes of determining whether there is payee underreporting described in subsection (c).

"(c) NOTIFIED PAYEE UNDERREPORTING WITH RESPECT TO INTEREST AND DIVIDENDS.—

"(1) NOTIFIED PAYEE UNDERREPORTING.—If—

"(A) the Secretary determines with respect to any payee that there has been payee underreporting,

"(B) at least 4 notices have been mailed by the Secretary to the payee (over a period of at least 120 days) with respect to the underreporting, and

"(C) in the case of any payee who has filed a return for the taxable year, any deficiency of tax attributable to such failure has been assessed,

the Secretary may notify payors of reportable interest or dividend payments with respect to such payee of the requirement to deduct and withhold under subsection (a)(1)(C) (but not the reasons therefor).

"(2) PAYEE UNDERREPORTING DEFINED.—For purposes of this section, there has been payee underreporting if for any taxable year the Secretary determines that—

"(A) the payee failed to include in his return of tax under chapter 1 for such year any portion of a reportable interest or dividend payment required to be shown on such return, or

"(B) the payee may be required to file a return for such year and to include a reportable interest or dividend payment in such return, but failed to file such return.

"(3) DETERMINATION BY SECRETARY TO STOP (OR NOT TO START) WITHHOLDING.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—If the Secretary determines that—

"(i) there was no payee underreporting,

"(ii) any payee underreporting has been corrected (and any tax, penalty, or interest with respect to the payee underreporting has been paid),

"(iii) withholding under subsection (a)(1)(C) has caused (or would cause) undue hardship to the payee

and it is unlikely that any payee underreporting by such payee will occur again, or

"(iv) there is a bona fide dispute as to whether there has been any payee underreporting,

then the Secretary shall take the action described in subparagraph (B).

"(B) SECRETARY TO TAKE ACTION TO STOP (OR NOT TO START) WITHHOLDING.—For purposes of subparagraph (A), if at the time of the Secretary's determination under subparagraph (A)—

"(i) no notice has been given under paragraph (1) to any payor with respect to the underreporting, the Secretary shall not give any such notice, or

"(ii) if such notice has been given, the Secretary shall—

"(I) provide the payee with a written certification that withholding under subsection (a)(1)(C) is to stop, and

"(II) notify the applicable payors (and brokers) that such withholding is to stop.

"(C) TIME FOR TAKING ACTION WHERE NOTICE TO PAYOR HAS BEEN GIVEN.—In any case where notice has been given under paragraph (1) to any payor with respect to any underreporting, if the Secretary makes a determination under subparagraph (A) during the 12-month period ending on October 15 of any calendar year—

"(i) except as provided in clause (ii), the Secretary shall take the action described in subparagraph (B)(ii) to bring about the stopping of withholding no later than December 1 of such calendar year, or

"(ii) in the case of—

"(I) a no payee underreporting determination under clause (i) of subparagraph (A), or

"(II) a hardship determination under clause (iii) of subparagraph (A),

such action shall be taken no later than the 45th day after the day on which the Secretary made the determination.

"(D) OPPORTUNITY TO REQUEST DETERMINATION.—The Secretary shall prescribe procedures under which—

"(i) a payee may request a determination under subparagraph (A), and

"(ii) the payee may provide information with respect to such request.

"(4) PAYOR NOTIFIES PAYEE OF WITHHOLDING BECAUSE OF PAYEE UNDERREPORTING.—Any payor required to withhold any tax under subsection (a)(1)(C) shall, at the time such withholding begins, notify the payee of such withholding.

"(5) PAYEE MAY BE REQUIRED TO NOTIFY SECRETARY WHO HIS PAYORS AND BROKERS ARE.—For purposes of this section, the Secretary may require any payee of reportable interest or dividend payments who is subject to withholding under subsection (a)(1)(C) to notify the Secretary of—

"(A) all payors from whom the payee receives reportable interest or dividend payments, and

"(B) all brokers with whom the payee has accounts which may involve reportable interest or dividend payments.

The Secretary may notify any such broker that such payee is subject to withholding under subsection (a)(1)(C).

"(d) INTEREST AND DIVIDEND BACKUP WITHHOLDING APPLIES TO NEW ACCOUNTS AND INSTRUMENTS UNLESS PAYEE CERTIFIES THAT HE IS NOT SUBJECT TO SUCH WITHHOLDING.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—There is a payee certification failure unless the payee has certified to the payor, under penalty of perjury, that such payee is not subject to withholding under subsection (a)(1)(C).

"(2) SPECIAL RULES FOR READILY TRADABLE INSTRUMENTS.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (a)(1)(D) shall apply to any reportable interest or dividend payment to any payee on any readily tradable instrument if (and only if) no certification was provided to the payor by the payee under paragraph (1) and—

"(i) the payor was notified by a broker under subparagraph (B),

"(ii) such instrument was acquired directly by the payee from the payor, or

"(iii) such instrument is held by the payor as nominee for the payee.

"(B) BROKER NOTIFIES PAYOR.—If—

"(i) a payee acquires any readily tradable instrument through a broker, and

"(ii)(I) the payee does not provide a certification to such broker under subparagraph (C), or (II) such broker is notified by the Secretary before such acquisition that such payee is subject to withholding under subsection (a)(1)(C),

such broker shall, within 15 days after the date of the acquisition, notify the payor that such payee is subject to withholding under subsection (a)(1)(D) (or subsection (a)(1)(C) in the case of a notification described in clause (ii)(II)).

"(C) TIME FOR PAYEE TO PROVIDE CERTIFICATION TO BROKER.—In the case of any readily tradable instrument acquired by a payee through a broker, the certification described in paragraph (1) may be provided by the payee to such broker—

"(i) at any time after the payee's account with the broker was established and before the acquisition of such instrument, or

"(ii) in connection with the acquisition of such instrument.

"(3) EXCEPTION FOR EXISTING ACCOUNTS, ETC.—This subsection and subsection (a)(1)(D) shall not apply to any reportable interest or dividend payment which is paid or credited—

"(A) in the case of interest or any other amount of a kind reportable under section 6049, with respect to any account (whatever called) established before January 1, 1984, or with respect to any instrument acquired before January 1, 1984, 96 Stat. 591. 26 USC 6049.

"(B) in the case of dividends or any other amount reportable under section 6042, on any stock or other instrument acquired before January 1, 1984, or

"(C) in the case of patronage dividends or other amounts of a kind reportable under section 6044, with respect to any

membership acquired, or contract entered into, before January 1, 1984.

"(4) EXCEPTION FOR READILY TRADABLE INSTRUMENTS ACQUIRED THROUGH EXISTING BROKERAGE ACCOUNTS.—Subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2) shall not apply with respect to a readily tradable instrument which was acquired through an account with a broker if—

"(A) such account was established before January 1, 1984, and

"(B) during 1983, such broker bought or sold instruments for the payee (or acted as a nominee for the payee) through such account.

The preceding sentence shall not apply with respect to any readily tradable instrument acquired through such account after the broker was notified by the Secretary that the payee is subject to withholding under subsection (a)(1)(C).

"(e) PERIOD FOR WHICH WITHHOLDING IS IN EFFECT.—

"(1) FAILURE TO FURNISH TIN.—In the case of any failure by a payee to furnish his TIN to a payor in the manner required, subsection (a) shall apply to any reportable payment made by such payor during the period during which the TIN has not been furnished in the manner required.

"(2) NOTIFICATION OF INCORRECT NUMBER.—In any case in which the Secretary notifies the payor that the TIN furnished by the payee is incorrect, subsection (a) shall apply to any reportable payment made by such payor—

"(A) after the close of the 30th day after the day on which the payor received such notification, and

"(B) before the payee furnishes another TIN in the manner required.

"(3) NOTIFIED PAYEE UNDERREPORTING DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (c).—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of any notified payee underreporting described in subsection (c), subsection (a) shall apply to any reportable interest or dividend payment made—

"(i) after the close of the 30th day after the day on which the payor received notification from the Secretary of such underreporting, and

"(ii) before the stop date.

"(B) STOP DATE.—For purposes of this subsection, the term 'stop date' means the determination effective date or, if later, the earlier of—

"(i) the day on which the payor received notification from the Secretary under subsection (c)(3)(B) to stop withholding, or

"(ii) the day on which the payor receives from the payee a certification provided by the Secretary under subsection (c)(3)(B).

"(C) DETERMINATION EFFECTIVE DATE.—For purposes of this subsection—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in clause (ii), the determination effective date of any determination under subsection (c)(3)(A) which is made during the 12-month period ending on October 15 of any calendar year shall be the first January 1 following such October 15.

"(ii) DETERMINATION THAT THERE WAS NO UNDERREPORTING; HARDSHIP.—In the case of any determination under clause (i) or (iii) of subsection (c)(3)(A), the determination effective date shall be the date on which the Secretary's determination is made.

"(4) FAILURE TO PROVIDE CERTIFICATION THAT PAYEE IS NOT SUBJECT TO WITHHOLDING.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of any payee certification failure described in subsection (d)(1), subsection (a) shall apply to any reportable interest or dividend payment made during the period during which the certification described in subsection (d)(1) has not been furnished to the payor.

"(B) SPECIAL RULE FOR READILY TRADABLE INSTRUMENTS ACQUIRED THROUGH BROKER WHERE NOTIFICATION.—In the case of any readily tradable instrument acquired by the payee through a broker, the period described in subparagraph (A) shall start with payments to the payee made after the close of the 30th day after the payor receives notification from a broker under subsection (d)(2)(B).

"(5) 30-DAY GRACE PERIODS.—

"(A) START-UP.—If the payor elects the application of this subparagraph with respect to the payee, subsection (a) shall also apply to any reportable payment made during the 30-day period described in paragraph (2)(A), (3)(A), or (4)(B).

"(B) STOPPING.—Unless the payor elects not to have this subparagraph apply with respect to the payee, subsection (a) shall also apply to any reportable payment made after the close of the period described in paragraph (1), (2), or (4) (as the case may be) and before the 30th day after the close of such period. A similar rule shall also apply with respect to the period described in paragraph (3)(A) where the stop date is determined under clause (i) or (ii) of paragraph (3)(B).

"(C) ELECTION OF SHORTER GRACE PERIOD.—The payor may elect a period shorter than the grace period set forth in subparagraph (A) or (B), as the case may be.

"(f) CONFIDENTIALITY OF INFORMATION.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—No person may use any information obtained under this section (including any failure to certify under subsection (d)) except for purposes of meeting any requirement under this section or (subject to the safeguards set forth in section 6103) for purposes permitted under section 6103. 26 USC 6103.

"(2) CROSS REFERENCE.—

"For provision providing for civil damages for violation of paragraph (1), see section 7431.

"(g) EXCEPTIONS.—

"(1) PAYMENTS TO CERTAIN PAYEES.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to any payment made to—

"(A) any organization or governmental unit described in subparagraph (B), (C), (D), (E), or (F) of section 6049(b)(4), or *Ante*, p. 370.

"(B) any other person specified in regulations.

"(2) AMOUNTS FOR WHICH WITHHOLDING OTHERWISE REQUIRED.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to any amount for which withholding is otherwise required by this title.

"(3) EXEMPTION WHILE WAITING FOR TIN.—The Secretary shall prescribe regulations for exemptions from the tax imposed by

subsection (a) during the period during which a person is waiting for receipt of a TIN.

"(h) OTHER DEFINITIONS AND SPECIAL RULES.—For purposes of this section—

"(1) OBVIOUSLY INCORRECT NUMBER.—A person shall be treated as failing to furnish his TIN if the TIN furnished does not contain the proper number of digits.

"(2) PAYEE FURNISHES 2 INCORRECT TINS.—If the payee furnishes the payor 2 incorrect TINs in any 3-year period, the payor shall, after receiving notice of the second incorrect TIN, treat the payee as not having furnished another TIN under subsection (e)(2)(B) until the day on which the payor receives notification from the Secretary that a correct TIN has been furnished.

"(3) JOINT PAYEES.—Except to the extent otherwise provided in regulations, any payment to joint payees shall be treated as if all the payment were made to the first person listed in the payment.

"(4) PAYOR DEFINED.—The term 'payor' means, with respect to any reportable payment, a person required to file a return described in paragraph (2) or (3) of subsection (b) with respect to such payment.

"(5) BROKER.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'broker' has the meaning given to such term by section 6045(c)(1).

96 Stat. 600.
26 USC 6045.

"(B) ONLY 1 BROKER PER ACQUISITION.—If, but for this subparagraph, there would be more than 1 broker with respect to any acquisition, only the broker having the closest contact with the payee shall be treated as the broker.

"(C) PAYOR NOT TREATED AS BROKER.—In the case of any instrument, such term shall not include any person who is the payor with respect to such instrument.

"(6) READILY TRADABLE INSTRUMENT.—The term 'readily tradable instrument' means—

"(A) any instrument which is part of an issue any portion of which is traded on an established securities market (within the meaning of section 453(f)(5)), and

"(B) except as otherwise provided in regulations prescribed by the Secretary, any instrument which is regularly quoted by brokers or dealers making a market.

"(7) ORIGINAL ISSUE DISCOUNT.—To the extent provided in regulations, rules similar to the rules of paragraph (6) of section 6049(d) shall apply.

96 Stat. 591.
26 USC 6049.

"(8) REQUIREMENT OF NOTICE TO PAYEE.—Whenever the Secretary notifies a payor under paragraph (1)(B) of subsection (a) that the TIN furnished by any payee is incorrect, the Secretary shall at the same time furnish a copy of such notice to the payor, and the payor shall promptly furnish such copy to the payee.

"(9) REQUIREMENT OF NOTICE TO SECRETARY.—If the Secretary notifies a payor under paragraph (1)(B) of subsection (a) that the TIN furnished by any payee is incorrect and such payee subsequently furnishes another TIN to the payor, the payor shall promptly notify the Secretary of the other TIN so furnished.

"(10) COORDINATION WITH OTHER SECTIONS.—For purposes of section 31, this chapter (other than section 3402(n)), and so

96 Stat. 585.
26 USC 31.

much of subtitle F (other than section 7205) as relates to this chapter, payments which are subject to withholding under this section shall be treated as if they were wages paid by an employer to an employee (and amounts deducted and withheld under this section shall be treated as if deducted and withheld under section 3402).

"(i) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of this section."

(b) CIVIL DAMAGES FOR UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION.—Section 7431 (relating to civil damages for unauthorized disclosure of returns and return information) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection: 96 Stat. 645. 26 USC 7431.

"(f) EXTENSION TO INFORMATION OBTAINED UNDER SECTION 3406.— For purposes of this section— *Ante*, p. 371.

"(1) any information obtained under section 3406 (including information with respect to any payee certification failure under subsection (d) thereof) shall be treated as return information, and

"(2) any use of such information other than for purposes of meeting any requirement under section 3406 or (subject to the safeguards set forth in section 6103) for purposes permitted under section 6103 shall be treated as a violation of section 6103.

For purposes of subsection (b), the reference to section 6103 shall be treated as including a reference to section 3406."

(c) PENALTY FOR FAILURE BY BROKER TO PROVIDE NOTICE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter B of chapter 68 (relating to assessable penalties) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"SEC. 6705. FAILURE BY BROKER TO PROVIDE NOTICE TO PAYORS. 26 USC 6705.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—Any person required under section 3406(d)(2)(B) to provide notice to any payor who willfully fails to provide such notice to such payor shall pay a penalty of $500 for each such failure. *Ante*, p. 371.

"(b) PENALTY IN ADDITION TO OTHER PENALTIES.—Any penalty imposed by this section shall be in addition to any other penalty provided by law."

(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for subchapter B of chapter 68 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"Sec. 6705. Failure by broker to provide notice to payors."

(d) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—

(1) DEFINITION OF TIN.—Subsection (a) of section 7701 (relating to definitions) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph: 96 Stat. 2611. 26 USC 7701.

"(41) TIN.—The term 'TIN' means the identifying number assigned to a person under section 6109."

(2) YEAR FOR WHICH CREDIT ALLOWED.—Section 31 (relating to credit for tax withheld on wages) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection: 96 Stat. 585. 26 USC 31.

"(c) SPECIAL RULE FOR BACKUP WITHHOLDING.—Any credit allowed by subsection (a) for any amount withheld under section 3406 shall be allowed for the taxable year of the recipient of the income in which the income is received." *Ante*, p. 371.

(3) REPEAL OF EXISTING BACKUP WITHHOLDING PROVISIONS.—
96 Stat. 607. Subsection (s) of section 3402 is hereby repealed.
26 USC 3402.
(4) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for chapter 24 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 3405 the following new item:

"Sec. 3406. Backup withholding."

SEC. 105. PENALTY FOR FAILURE BY PAYORS TO MEET CERTAIN INTEREST AND DIVIDEND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

(a) FAILURE TO SUPPLY TAXPAYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS.—
26 USC 6676. Section 6676 (relating to failure to supply identifying numbers) is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 6676. FAILURE TO SUPPLY IDENTIFYING NUMBERS.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—If any person who is required by regulations prescribed under section 6109—

"(1) to include his TIN in any return, statement, or other document,

"(2) to furnish his TIN to another person, or

"(3) except in the case of a return or statement required to be
96 Stat. 591. filed under section 6042, 6044, or 6049, to include in any return,
26 USC 6049. statement, or other document made with respect to another person the TIN of such other person,

fails to comply with such requirement at the time prescribed by such regulations, such person shall, unless it is shown that such failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect, pay a penalty of $5 for each such failure described in paragraph (1) and $50 for each such failure described in paragraph (2) or (3), except that the total amount imposed on such person for all such failures during any calendar year shall not exceed $50,000.

"(b) PENALTIES INVOLVING FAILURES ON INTEREST AND DIVIDEND RETURNS.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—If any payor—

"(A) is required to include in any return or statement required to be filed under section 6042, 6044, or 6049 with respect to any payee the TIN of such payee, and

"(B) fails to include such number or includes an incorrect number,

then the payor shall pay a penalty of $50 for each such failure unless it is shown that the payor exercised due diligence in attempting to satisfy the requirement with respect to such TIN.

"(c) PROCEDURES RELATING TO ASSESSMENT OF PENALTY.—

"(1) SELF-ASSESSMENT OF PENALTY IMPOSED BY SUBSECTION (b).—Any penalty imposed under subsection (b) on any person—

"(A) for purposes of this subtitle, shall be treated as an
26 USC 4041. excise tax imposed by subtitle D, and

"(B) shall be due and payable on April 1 of the calendar year following the calendar year for which the return or statement was made.

"(2) DEFICIENCY PROCEDURES NOT TO APPLY.—Subchapter B of
26 USC 6211. chapter 63 (relating to deficiency procedures for income, estate, gift, and certain excise taxes) shall not apply in respect of the assessment or collection of any penalty imposed by this section."

(b) FAILURE TO FILE STATEMENTS.—

(1) SECTION 6652.—

(A) Subsection (a) of section 6652 (relating to returns relating to information at source, payments of dividends, etc., and certain transfers of stock) is amended by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3) and by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph: 96 Stat. 605. 26 USC 6652.

"(2) FAILURE TO FILE RETURNS ON INTEREST, DIVIDENDS, AND PATRONAGE DIVIDENDS.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of each failure to file a statement of the amount of payments to another person required by—

"(i) section 6042(a)(1) (relating to payments of dividends),

"(ii) section 6044(a)(1) (relating to payments of patronage dividends), or 96 Stat. 587. 26 USC 6044.

"(iii) section 6049(a) (relating to payments of interest), *Ante*, p. 370.

on the date prescribed therefor (determined with regard to any extension of time for filing), there shall be paid by the person failing to file such statement a penalty of $50 for each such failure unless it is shown that such person exercised due diligence in attempting to satisfy the requirement with respect to such statement.

"(B) SELF-ASSESSMENT.—Any penalty imposed under subparagraph (A) on any person—

"(i) for purposes of this subtitle, shall be treated as an excise tax imposed by subtitle D, and 26 USC 4041.

"(ii) shall be due and payable on April 1 of the calendar year following the calendar year for which such statement is required.

"(C) DEFICIENCY PROCEDURES NOT TO APPLY.—Subchapter B of chapter 63 (relating to deficiency procedures for income, estate, gift, and certain excise taxes) shall not apply in respect of the assessment or collection of any penalty imposed by subparagraph (A)." 26 USC 6211.

(B) Subparagraph (A) of section 6652(a)(1) is amended—

(i) by striking out clauses (ii), (iii), and (iv) and by redesignating clauses (v) and (vi) as clauses (ii) and (iii), respectively, and

(ii) by striking out "6042(e), 6044(f), 6049(e), or" in clause (iii), as so redesignated.

(C) Paragraph (3) of section 6652(a) (as redesignated by subparagraph (A)) is amended by striking out "paragraph (1)" in the matter preceding subparagraph (A) and in subparagraph (A) and inserting in lieu thereof "paragraph (1) or (2)". *Supra.*

(2) SECTION 6678.—Section 6678 (relating to failure to furnish certain statements) is amended— 26 USC 6678.

(A) by inserting "(a) IN GENERAL.—" before "In the case of",

(B) by striking out "6042(c), 6044(e), 6045(b), 6049(c)," in paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof "6045(b),",

(C) by striking out "6042(a)(1), 6044(a)(1), 6045(a), 6049(a)," in paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof "6045(a),", and

(D) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(b) FAILURE TO FILE INTEREST AND DIVIDEND STATEMENTS.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of any person who fails to furnish a statement under section 6042(c), 6044(e), or 6049(c) on the date prescribed therefor to a person with respect to whom a return has been made under section 6042(a)(1), 6044(a)(1), or 6049(a), respectively, such person shall pay a penalty of $50 for each such failure unless it is shown that such person exercised due diligence in attempting to satisfy the requirement with respect to such statement.

Post, p. 383.

96 Stat. 587; *ante*, p. 370.

"(2) SELF-ASSESSMENT.—Any penalty imposed under paragraph (1) on any person—

"(A) for purposes of this subtitle, shall be treated as an excise tax imposed by subtitle D, and

26 USC 4041.

"(B) shall be due and payable on April 1 of the calendar year following the calendar year for which such statement is required.

"(3) DEFICIENCY PROCEDURES NOT TO APPLY.—Subchapter B of chapter 63 (relating to deficiency procedures for income, estate, gift, and certain excise taxes) shall not apply in respect of the assessment or collection of any penalty imposed by paragraph (1)."

26 USC 6211.

SEC. 106. PRESUMPTION THAT NEGLIGENCE PENALTY APPLIES TO UNDERPAYMENTS ATTRIBUTABLE TO FAILURE TO REPORT CERTAIN INTEREST AND DIVIDEND PAYMENTS.

26 USC 6653.

Section 6653 (relating to failure to pay tax) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(g) SPECIAL RULE IN THE CASE OF INTEREST OR DIVIDEND PAYMENTS.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—If—

"(A) any payment is shown on a return made by the payor under section 6042(a), 6044(a), or 6049(a), and

"(B) the payee fails to include any portion of such payment in gross income,

any portion of an underpayment attributable to such failure shall be treated, for purposes of subsection (a), as due to negligence in the absence of clear and convincing evidence to the contrary.

"(2) PENALTY TO APPLY ONLY TO PORTION OF UNDERPAYMENT DUE TO FAILURE TO INCLUDE INTEREST OR DIVIDEND PAYMENT.—If any penalty is imposed under subsection (a) by reason of paragraph (1), the amount of the penalty imposed by paragraph (1) of subsection (a) shall be 5 percent of the portion of the underpayment which is attributable to the failure described in paragraph (1)."

SEC. 107. CIVIL AND CRIMINAL PENALTIES ON FALSE INFORMATION WITH RESPECT TO BACKUP WITHHOLDING ON INTEREST AND DIVIDENDS.

26 USC 6682.

(a) CIVIL PENALTY.—Paragraph (1) of section 6682(a) (relating to civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding) is amended by inserting "or section 3406" after "section 3402".

96 Stat. 588.
26 USC 7205.

(b) CRIMINAL PENALTY.—Section 7205 (relating to fraudulent withholding exemption certificate or failure to supply information) is amended—

(1) by striking out "Any individual" and inserting in lieu thereof "(a) WITHHOLDING ON WAGES.—Any individual", and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(b) BACKUP WITHHOLDING ON INTEREST AND DIVIDENDS.—If any individual willfully makes—

"(1) any false certification or affirmation on any statement required by a payor in order to meet the due diligence requirements of section 6676(b), or *Ante*, p. 380.

"(2) a false certification under paragraph (1) or (2)(C) of section 3406(d), *Ante*, p. 371.

then such individual shall, in lieu of any other penalty provided by law (except the penalty provided by section 6682), upon conviction thereof, be fined not more than $1,000, or imprisoned not more than 1 year, or both."

SEC. 108. SEPARATE MAILING OF 1099.

(a) INTEREST.—Section 6049(c)(2) (relating to time statement must be furnished) is amended to read as follows: *Ante*, p. 371.

"(2) TIME AND FORM OF STATEMENT.—The written statement under paragraph (1)—

"(A) shall be furnished (either in person or in a separate mailing by first-class mail) to the person on or before January 31 of the year following the calendar year for which the return under subsection (a) was made, and

"(B) shall be in such form as the Secretary may prescribe by regulations."

(b) DIVIDENDS.—The second sentence of section 6042(c) (relating to time statement must be furnished) is amended to read as follows: "The written statement required under the preceding sentence shall be furnished (either in person or in a separate mailing by first-class mail) to the person on or before January 31 of the year following the calendar year for which the return under subsection (a) was made, and shall be in such form as the Secretary may prescribe by regulations." 96 Stat. 587. 26 USC 6042.

(c) PATRONAGE DIVIDENDS.—The second sentence of section 6044(e) (relating to time statement must be furnished) is amended to read as follows: "The written statement required under the preceding sentence shall be furnished (either in person or in a separate mailing by first-class mail) to the person on or before January 31 of the year following the calendar year for which the return under subsection (a) was made, and shall be in such form as the Secretary may prescribe by regulations." 96 Stat. 588. 26 USC 6044.

SEC. 109. RETURNS ON MAGNETIC TAPE.

(a) CERTAIN RETURNS MUST BE ON MAGNETIC TAPE.—Subsection (e) of section 6011 (relating to regulations requiring returns on magnetic tape, etc.) is amended to read as follows: 96 Stat. 610. 26 USC 6011.

"(e) REGULATIONS REQUIRING RETURNS ON MAGNETIC TAPE, ETC.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall prescribe regulations providing standards for determining which returns must be filed on magnetic media or in other machine-readable form. The Secretary may not require returns of any tax imposed by subtitle A on individuals, estates, and trusts to be other than on paper forms supplied by the Secretary. In prescribing such regulations, the Secretary shall take into account (among other relevant factors) the ability of the taxpayer to comply at reasonable cost with such a filing requirement. 26 USC 1.

"(2) CERTAIN RETURNS MUST BE FILED ON MAGNETIC MEDIA.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of any person who is required to file returns under sections 6042(a), 6044(a), and

Ante, p. 370.

6049(a) with respect to more than 50 payees for any calendar year, all returns under such sections shall be on magnetic media.

"(B) HARDSHIP EXCEPTION.—Subparagraph (A) shall not apply to any person for any period if such person establishes to the satisfaction of the Secretary that its application to such person for such period would result in undue hardship."

26 USC 6011 note.

(b) STUDY OF WAGE RETURNS ON MAGNETIC TAPE.—

(1) STUDY.—The Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, shall conduct a study of the feasibility of requiring persons to file, on magnetic media, returns under section 6011 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 containing information described in section 6051(a) of such Code (relating to W-2s).

26 USC 6011.

96 Stat. 1731.
26 USC 6051.

(2) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than July 1, 1984, the Secretary of the Treasury shall submit to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate the results of the study conducted under paragraph (1).

26 USC 31 note.

SEC. 110. EFFECTIVE DATES.

(a) GENERAL RULE.—Except as otherwise provided in this section, the amendments made by this title shall apply with respect to payments made after December 31, 1983.

(b) SECTION 102.—The amendments made by section 102 shall take effect as of the close of June 30, 1983.

(c) SECTIONS 104(b) AND 107.—The amendments made by sections 104(b) and 107 shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.

Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act.

TITLE II—CARIBBEAN BASIN INITIATIVE

19 USC 2701 note.

SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act".

Subtitle A—Duty-Free Treatment

19 USC 2701.

SEC. 211. AUTHORITY TO GRANT DUTY-FREE TREATMENT.

The President may proclaim duty-free treatment for all eligible articles from any beneficiary country in accordance with the provisions of this title.

19 USC 2702.

SEC. 212. BENEFICIARY COUNTRY.

Definitions.

(a)(1) For purposes of this title—

(A) The term "beneficiary country" means any country listed in subsection (b) with respect to which there is in effect a proclamation by the President designating such country as a beneficiary country for purposes of this title. Before the President designates any country as a beneficiary country for purposes of this title, he shall notify the House of Representatives and the Senate of his intention to make such designation, together with the considerations entering into such decision.

Designation, notification of Congress.

(B) The term "entered" means entered, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, in the customs territory of the United States.

(C) The term "TSUS" means Tariff Schedules of the United States (19 U.S.C. 1202).

(2) If the President has designated any country as a beneficiary country for purposes of this title, he shall not terminate such designation (either by issuing a proclamation for that purpose or by issuing a proclamation which has the effect of terminating such designation) unless, at least sixty days before such termination, he has notified the House of Representatives and the Senate and has notified such country of his intention to terminate such designation, together with the considerations entering into such decision. Termination, notification of Congress.

(b) In designating countries as "beneficiary countries" under this title the President shall consider only the following countries and territories or successor political entities: Eligible countries.

Anguilla
Antigua and Barbuda
Bahamas, The
Barbados
Belize
Costa Rica
Dominica
Dominican Republic
El Salvador
Grenada
Guatemala
Guyana
Haiti
Honduras
Jamaica
Nicaragua
Panama
Saint Lucia
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
Suriname
Trinidad and Tobago
Cayman Islands
Montserrat
Netherlands Antilles
Saint Christopher-Nevis
Turks and Caicos Islands
Virgin Islands, British

In addition, the President shall not designate any country a beneficiary country under this title— Restrictions.

(1) if such country is a Communist country;

(2) if such country— Seizure of U.S. property.

(A) has nationalized, expropriated or otherwise seized ownership or control of property owned by a United States citizen or by a corporation, partnership, or association which is 50 per centum or more beneficially owned by United States citizens,

(B) has taken steps to repudiate or nullify—

(i) any existing contract or agreement with, or

(ii) any patent, trademark, or other intellectual property of,

a United States citizen or a corporation, partnership, or association which is 50 per centum or more beneficially owned by United States citizens, the effect of which is to nationalize, expropriate, or otherwise seize ownership or control of property so owned, or

(C) has imposed or enforced taxes or other exactions, restrictive maintenance or operational conditions, or other measures with respect to property so owned, the effect of which is to nationalize, expropriate, or otherwise seize ownership or control of such property, unless the President determines that—

(i) prompt, adequate, and effective compensation has been or is being made to such citizen, corporation, partnership, or association,

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(ii) good-faith negotiations to provide prompt, adequate, and effective compensation under the applicable provisions of international law are in progress, or such country is otherwise taking steps to discharge its obligations under international law with respect to such citizen, corporation, partnership, or association, or

(iii) a dispute involving such citizen, corporation, partnership, or association, over compensation for such a seizure has been submitted to arbitration under the provisions of the Convention for the Settlement of Investment Disputes, or in another mutually agreed upon forum, and

Determination submittal to Congress.

promptly furnishes a copy of such determination to the Senate and House of Representatives;

(3) if such country fails to act in good faith in recognizing as binding or in enforcing arbitral awards in favor of United States citizens or a corporation, partnership or association which is 50 per centum or more beneficially owned by United States citizens, which have been made by arbitrators appointed for each case or by permanent arbitral bodies to which the parties involved have submitted their dispute;

(4) if such country affords preferential treatment to the products of a developed country, other than the United States, which has, or is likely to have, a significant adverse effect on United States commerce, unless the President has received assurances satisfactory to him that such preferential treatment will be eliminated or that action will be taken to assure that there will be no such significant adverse effect, and he reports those assurances to the Congress;

(5) if a government-owned entity in such country engages in the broadcast of copyrighted material, including films or television material, belonging to United States copyright owners without their express consent;

(6) if such country does not take adequate steps to cooperate with the United States to prevent narcotic drugs and other controlled substances (as listed in the schedules in section 202 of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970 (21 U.S.C. 812)) produced, processed, or transported in such country from entering the United States unlawfully; and

(7) unless such country is a signatory to a treaty, convention, protocol, or other agreement regarding the extradition of United States citizens.

Determinations based on U.S. national interest, report to Congress.

Paragraphs (1), (2), (3), and (5) shall not prevent the designation of any country as a beneficiary country under this Act if the President determines that such designation will be in the national economic or security interest of the United States and reports such determination to the Congress with his reasons therefor.

Designation criteria.

(c) In determining whether to designate any country a beneficiary country under this title, the President shall take into account—

(1) an expression by such country of its desire to be so designated;

(2) the economic conditions in such country, the living standards of its inhabitants, and any other economic factors which he deems appropriate;

(3) the extent to which such country has assured the United States it will provide equitable and reasonable access to the markets and basic commodity resources of such country;

(4) the degree to which such country follows the accepted rules of international trade provided for under the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade, as well as applicable trade agreements approved under section 2(a) of the Trade Agreements Act of 1979; 19 USC 2503.

(5) the degree to which such country uses export subsidies or imposes export performance requirements or local content requirements which distort international trade;

(6) the degree to which the trade policies of such country as they relate to other beneficiary countries are contributing to the revitalization of the region;

(7) the degree to which such country is undertaking self-help measures to promote its own economic development;

(8) the degree to which workers in such country are afforded reasonable workplace conditions and enjoy the right to organize and bargain collectively;

(9) the extent to which such country provides under its law adequate and effective means for foreign nationals to secure, exercise, and enforce exclusive rights in intellectual property, including patent, trademark, and copyright rights;

(10) the extent to which such country prohibits its nationals from engaging in the broadcast of copyrighted material, including films or television material, belonging to United States copyright owners without their express consent; and

(11) the extent to which such country is prepared to cooperate with the United States in the administration of the provisions of this title.

(d) General headnote 3(a) of the TSUS (relating to products of the insular possessions) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following paragraph: U.S. insular possessions. 19 USC 1202.

"(iv) Subject to the provisions in section 213 of the Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act, articles which are imported from insular possessions of the United States shall receive duty treatment no less favorable than the treatment afforded such articles when they are imported from a beneficiary country under such Act.". *Infra.*

(e) The President shall, after complying with the requirements of subsection (a)(2), withdraw or suspend the designation of any country as a beneficiary country if, after such designation, he determines that as the result of changed circumstances such country would be barred from designation as a beneficiary country under subsection (b). Withdrawal or suspension. 19 USC 2702.

SEC. 213. ELIGIBLE ARTICLES. 19 USC 2703.

(a)(1) Unless otherwise excluded from eligibility by this title, the duty-free treatment provided under this title shall apply to any article which is the growth, product, or manufacture of a beneficiary country if—

(A) that article is imported directly from a beneficiary country into the customs territory of the United States; and

(B) the sum of (i) the cost or value of the materials produced in a beneficiary country or two or more beneficiary countries, plus (ii) the direct costs of processing operations performed in a beneficiary country or countries is not less than 35 per centum of the appraised value of such article at the time it is entered. Appraised value.

For purposes of determining the percentage referred to in subparagraph (B), the term "beneficiary country" includes the Common-

wealth of Puerto Rico and the United States Virgin Islands. If the cost or value of materials produced in the customs territory of the United States (other than the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico) is included with respect to an article to which this paragraph applies, an amount not to exceed 15 per centum of the appraised value of the article at the time it is entered that is attributed to such United States cost or value may be applied toward determining the percentage referred to in subparagraph (B).

Regulations.

(2) The Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary to carry out this subsection including, but not limited to, regulations providing that, in order to be eligible for duty-free treatment under this title, an article must be wholly the growth, product, or manufacture of a beneficiary country, or must be a new or different article of commerce which has been grown, produced, or manufactured in the beneficiary country; but no article or material of a beneficiary country shall be eligible for such treatment by virtue of having merely undergone—

(A) simple combining or packaging operations, or

(B) mere dilution with water or mere dilution with another substance that does not materially alter the characteristics of the article.

"Direct costs of processing operations."

(3) As used in this subsection, the phrase "direct costs of processing operations" includes, but is not limited to—

(A) all actual labor costs involved in the growth, production, manufacture, or assembly of the specific merchandise, including fringe benefits, on-the-job training and the cost of engineering, supervisory, quality control, and similar personnel; and

(B) dies, molds, tooling, and depreciation on machinery and equipment which are allocable to the specific merchandise.

Such phrase does not include costs which are not directly attributable to the merchandise concerned or are not costs of manufacturing the product, such as (i) profit, and (ii) general expenses of doing business which are either not allocable to the specific merchandise or are not related to the growth, production, manufacture, or assembly of the merchandise, such as administrative salaries, casualty and liability insurance, advertising, and salesmen's salaries, commissions or expenses.

Exceptions.

(b) The duty-free treatment provided under this title shall not apply to—

(1) textile and apparel articles which are subject to textile agreements;

(2) footwear, handbags, luggage, flat goods, work gloves, and leather wearing apparel not designated at the time of the effective date of this title as eligible articles for the purpose of the generalized system of preferences under title V of the Trade Act of 1974;

19 USC 2461.

(3) tuna, prepared or preserved in any manner, in airtight containers;

(4) petroleum, or any product derived from petroleum, provided for in part 10 of schedule 4 of the TSUS; or

19 USC 1202.

(5) watches and watch parts (including cases, bracelets and straps), of whatever type including, but not limited to, mechanical, quartz digital or quartz analog, if such watches or watch parts contain any material which is the product of any country with respect to which TSUS column 2 rates of duty apply.

(c)(1) As used in this subsection—

"Sugar and beef products."

(A) The term "sugar and beef products" means—

(i) sugars, sirups, and molasses provided for in items 155.20 and 155.30 of the TSUS, and

19 USC 1202.

(ii) articles of beef or veal, however provided for in subpart B of part 2 of schedule 1 of the TSUS.

"Plan."

(B) The term "Plan" means a stable food production plan that consists of measures and proposals designed to ensure that the present level of food production in, and the nutritional level of the population of, a beneficiary country will not be adversely affected by changes in land use and land ownership that will result if increased production of sugar and beef products is undertaken in response to the duty-free treatment extended under this title to such products. A Plan must specify such facts regarding, and such proposed actions by, a beneficiary country as the President deems necessary for purposes of carrying out this subsection, including but not limited to—

(i) the current levels of food production and nutritional health of the population;

(ii) current level of production and export of sugar and beef products;

(iii) expected increases in production and export of sugar and beef products as a result of the duty-free access to the United States market provided under this title;

(iv) measures to be taken to ensure that the expanded production of those products because of such duty-free access will not occur at the expense of stable food production; and

(v) proposals for a system to monitor the impact of such duty-free access on stable food production and land use and land ownership patterns.

Suspension.

(2) Duty-free treatment extended under this title to sugar and beef products that are the product of a beneficiary country shall be suspended by the President under this subsection if—

(A) the beneficiary country, within the ninety-day period beginning on the date of its designation as such a country under section 212, does not submit a Plan to the President for evaluation;

Ante, p. 384.

(B) on the basis of his evaluation, the President determines that the Plan of a beneficiary country does not meet the criteria set forth in paragraph (1)(B); or

(C) as a result of the monitoring of the operation of the Plan under paragraph (5), the President determines that a beneficiary country is not making a good faith effort to implement its Plan, or that the measures and proposals in the Plan, although being implemented, are not achieving their purposes.

Consultation with beneficiary country.

(3) Before the President suspends duty-free treatment by reason of paragraph (2) (A), (B), or (C) to the sugar and beef products of a beneficiary country, he must offer to enter into consultation with the beneficiary country for purposes of formulating appropriate remedial action which may be taken by that country to avoid such suspension. If the beneficiary country thereafter enters into consultation within a reasonable time and undertakes to formulate remedial action in good faith, the President shall withhold the suspension of duty-free treatment on the condition that the remedial action agreed upon be appropriately implemented by that country.

Plan monitoring, report to Congress.

(4) The President shall monitor on a biennial basis the operation of the Plans implemented by beneficiary countries, and shall submit a written report to Congress by March 15 following the close of each biennium, that—

(A) specifies the extent to which each Plan, and remedial actions, if any, agreed upon under paragraph (4), have been implemented; and

(B) evaluates the results of such implementation.

(5) The President shall terminate any suspension of duty-free treatment imposed under this subsection if he determines that the beneficiary country has taken appropriate action to remedy the factors on which the suspension was based.

Sugars, sirups, and molasses.

(d) For such period as there is in effect a proclamation issued by the President pursuant to the authority vested in him by section 22 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 624) to protect a price-support program for sugar beets and sugar cane, the importation and duty-free treatment of sugars, sirups, and molasses classified under items 155.20 and 155.30 of the TSUS shall be governed in the following manner:

19 USC 1202.

(1)(A) For all beneficiary countries, except those subject to subparagraph (B) and paragraph (2), duty-free treatment shall be provided in the same manner as it is provided pursuant to title V of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2461 et seq.), at the time of the effective date of this title; except that the President upon the recommendation of the Secretary of Agriculture, may suspend or adjust upward the value limitation provided for in section 504(c)(1) of the Trade Act of 1974 on the duty-free treatment afforded to beneficiary countries under this section if he finds that such adjustment will not interfere with the price support program for sugar beets and sugar cane and is appropriate in light of market conditions.

19 USC 2464.

(B) As an alternative to subparagraph (A), the President may at the request of a beneficiary country not subject to paragraph (2) and upon the recommendation of the Secretary of Agriculture, elect to permit sugar, sirups, and molasses from that country to enter duty-free during a calendar year subject to quantitative limitations to be established by the President on the quantity of sugar, sirups, and molasses entered from that country.

(2) For the following countries whose exports of sugar, sirups, and molasses in 1981 were not eligible for duty-free treatment because of the operation of section 504(c) of the Trade Act of 1974, the quantity of sugar, sirups, and molasses which may be entered in any calendar year shall be limited to no more than the quantity specified below:

Metric tons:	
Dominican Republic	780,000
Guatemala	210,000
Panama	160,000

Such sugar, sirups, and molasses shall be admitted free of duty, except as provided for in paragraph (3).

(3) The President, upon the recommendation of the Secretary of Agriculture, may suspend or adjust upward the quantitative limitations imposed under paragraph (1)(B) or (2) if he determines such action will not interfere with the price support program for sugar beets and sugar cane and is appropriate in

light of market conditions. The President, upon the recommendation of the Secretary of Agriculture, may suspend the duty-free treatment for all or part of the quantity of sugar, sirups, and molasses permitted to be entered by paragraphs (1)(B) and (2) if such action is necessary to protect the price-support program for sugar beets and sugar cane.

(4) Any quantitative limitation imposed on a beneficiary country under paragraphs (1)(B) and (2) shall apply only to the extent that such limitation permits a lesser quantity of sugar, sirups, and molasses to be entered from that country than the quantity that would be permitted to be entered under any other provision of law.

Suspension.

(e)(1) The President may by proclamation suspend the duty-free treatment provided by this title with respect to any eligible article and may proclaim a duty rate for such article if such action is proclaimed pursuant to section 203 of the Trade Act of 1974 or section 232 of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962.

19 USC 2253.
19 USC 1862.

(2) In any report by the International Trade Commission to the President under section 201(d)(1) of the Trade Act of 1974 regarding any article for which duty-free treatment has been proclaimed by the President pursuant to this title, the Commission shall state whether and to what extent its findings and recommendations apply to such article when imported from beneficiary countries.

19 USC 2251.

(3) For purposes of subsections (a) and (c) of section 203 of the Trade Act of 1974, the suspension of the duty-free treatment provided by this title shall be treated as an increase in duty.

19 USC 2253.

(4) No proclamation which provides solely for a suspension referred to in paragraph (3) of this subsection with respect to any article shall be made under subsections (a) and (c) of section 203 of the Trade Act of 1974 unless the United States International Trade Commission, in addition to making an affirmative determination with respect to such article under section 201(b) of the Trade Act of 1974, determines in the course of its investigation under section 201(b) of such Act that the serious injury (or threat thereof) substantially caused by imports to the domestic industry producing a like or directly competitive article results from the duty-free treatment provided by this title.

19 USC 2251.

(5)(A) Any proclamation issued pursuant to section 203 of the Trade Act of 1974 that is in effect when duty-free treatment pursuant to section 101 of this title is proclaimed shall remain in effect until modified or terminated.

19 USC 2253.

(B) If any article is subject to import relief at the time duty-free treatment is proclaimed pursuant to section 211, the President may reduce or terminate the application of such import relief to the importation of such article from beneficiary countries prior to the otherwise scheduled date on which such reduction or termination would occur pursuant to the criteria and procedures of subsections (h) and (i) of section 203 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Ante, p. 384.
19 USC 2253.

Emergency relief, petition filing.

(f)(1) If a petition is filed with the International Trade Commission pursuant to the provisions of section 201 of the Trade Act of 1974 regarding a perishable product and alleging injury from imports from beneficiary countries, then the petition may also be filed with the Secretary of Agriculture with a request that emergency relief be granted pursuant to paragraph (3) of this subsection with respect to such article.

19 USC 2251.

(2) Within fourteen days after the filing of a petition under paragraph (1) of this subsection—

Recommendation to the President.

(A) if the Secretary of Agriculture has reason to believe that a perishable product from a beneficiary country is being imported into the United States in such increased quantities as to be a substantial cause of serious injury, or the threat thereof, to the domestic industry producing a perishable product like or directly competitive with the imported product and that emergency action is warranted, he shall advise the President and recommend that the President take emergency action; or

Notice.

(B) the Secretary of Agriculture shall publish a notice of his determination not to recommend the imposition of emergency action and so advise the petitioner.

Proclamation.

(3) Within seven days after the President receives a recommendation from the Secretary of Agriculture to take emergency action pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection, he shall issue a proclamation withdrawing the duty-free treatment provided by this title or publish a notice of his determination not to take emergency action.

(4) The emergency action provided by paragraph (3) of this subsection shall cease to apply—

(A) upon the proclamation of import relief pursuant to section 202(a)(1) of the Trade Act of 1974,

19 USC 2252.

(B) on the day the President makes a determination pursuant to section 203(b)(2) of such Act not to impose import relief,

19 USC 2253.

(C) in the event of a report of the United States International Trade Commission containing a negative finding, on the day the Commission's report is submitted to the President, or

(D) whenever the President determines that because of changed circumstances such relief is no longer warranted.

"Perishable product."

(5) For purposes of this subsection, the term "perishable product" means—

(A) live plants provided for in subpart A of part 6 of schedule 1 of the TSUS;

19 USC 1202.

(B) fresh or chilled vegetables provided for in items 135.10 through 138.42 of the TSUS;

(C) fresh mushrooms provided for in item 144.10 of the TSUS;

(D) fresh fruit provided for in items 146.10, 146.20, 146.30, 146.50 through 146.62, 146.90, 146.91, 147.03 through 147.33, 147.50 through 149.21 and 149.50 of the TSUS;

(E) fresh cut flowers provided for in items 192.17, 192.18, and 192.21 of the TSUS; and

(F) concentrated citrus fruit juice provided for in items 165.25 and 165.35 of the TSUS.

(g) No proclamation issued pursuant to this title shall affect fees imposed pursuant to section 22 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 624).

SEC. 214. MEASURES FOR PUERTO RICO AND UNITED STATES INSULAR POSSESSIONS.

19 USC 1202.

(a) Effective with respect to articles entered on or after the effective date of this Act, general headnote 3(a) of the TSUS is amended—

(1) by amending clause (i)—

(A) by striking out "50 percent" and inserting in lieu thereof "70 percent", and

(B) by inserting after "total value", "(or more than 50 percent of their total value with respect to articles de-

scribed in section 213(b) of the Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act)"; and

Ante, p. 387.

(2) by amending clause (ii) by striking out "50 percent" and inserting in lieu thereof "70 percent".

(b) Item 813.31 of the TSUS is amended by striking out "4 liters" and inserting in lieu thereof "5 liters", and by inserting after "United States,", "and not more than 4 liters of which shall have been produced elsewhere than in such insular possessions,".

19 USC 1202.

(c) If the sum of the amounts of taxes covered into the treasuries of Puerto Rico or the United States Virgin Islands pursuant to section 7652(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 is reduced below the amount that would have been covered over if the imported rum had been produced in Puerto Rico or the United States Virgin Islands, then the President shall consider compensation measures and, in this regard, may withdraw the duty-free treatment on rum provided by this title. The President shall submit a report to the Congress on the measures he takes.

19 USC 2703 note.

Post, p. 395.

Report to Congress.

(d) Section 1112 of the Trade Agreements Act of 1979 (19 U.S.C. 2582) is repealed.

Repeal.

(e) No action pursuant to this title may affect any tariff duty imposed by the Legislature of Puerto Rico pursuant to section 319 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1319) on coffee imported into Puerto Rico.

Coffee tariff. 19 USC 1319 note.

(f) For purposes of chapter 1 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974, the term "industry" shall include producers located in the United States insular possessions.

"Industry." 19 USC 2251 note.

(g) Any discharge from a point source in the United States Virgin Islands in existence on the date of the enactment of this subsection which discharge is attributable to the manufacture of rum (as defined in paragraphs (3) of section 7652(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954) shall not be subject to the requirements of section 301 (other than toxic pollutant discharges), section 306 or section 403 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act if—

33 USC 1311 note.

Post, p. 395.

33 USC 1311, 1316, 1343.

(1) such discharge occurs at least one thousand five hundred feet into the territorial sea from the line of ordinary low water from that portion of the coast which is in direct contact with the sea, and

(2) the Governor of the United States Virgin Islands determines that such discharge will not interfere with the attainment or maintenance of that water quality which shall assure protection of public water supplies, and the protection and propagation of a balanced population of shellfish, fish, and wildlife, and allow recreational activities, in and on the water and will not result in the discharge of pollutants in quantities which may reasonably be anticipated to pose an unacceptable risk to human health or the environment because of bioaccumulation, persistency in the environment, acute toxicity, chronic toxicity (including carcinogenicity, mutagenicity, or teratogenicity), or synergistic propensities.

SEC. 215. INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION REPORTS ON IMPACT OF THIS ACT.

19 USC 2704.

(a) The United States International Trade Commission (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Commission") shall prepare, and submit to the Congress and to the President, a report regarding the economic impact of this Act on United States industries and consumers during—

Submittal to Congress and President.

(1) the twenty-four-month period beginning with the date of enactment of this Act; and

(2) each calendar year occurring thereafter until duty-free treatment under this title is terminated under section 216(b). For purposes of this section, industries in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and the insular possessions of the United States shall be considered to be United States industries.

Infra.

Assessment.

(b)(1) Each report required under subsection (a) shall include, but not be limited to, an assessment by the Commission regarding—

(A) the actual effect, during the period covered by the report, of this Act on the United States economy generally as well as on those specific domestic industries which produce articles that are like, or directly competitive with, articles being imported into the United States from beneficiary countries; and

(B) the probable future effect which this Act will have on the United States economy generally, as well as on such domestic industries, before the provisions of this Act terminate.

(2) In preparing the assessments required under paragraph (1), the Commission shall, to the extent practicable—

(A) analyze the production, trade and consumption of United States products affected by this Act, taking into consideration employment, profit levels, and use of productive facilities with respect to the domestic industries concerned, and such other economic factors in such industries as it considers relevant, including prices, wages, sales, inventories, patterns of demand, capital investment, obsolescence of equipment, and diversification of production; and

(B) describe the nature and extent of any significant change in employment, profit levels, and use of productive facilities, and such other conditions as it deems relevant in the domestic industries concerned, which it believes are attributable to this Act.

Submittal period.

(c)(1) Each report required under subsection (a) shall be submitted to the Congress and to the President before the close of the nine-month period beginning on the day after the last day of the period covered by the report.

Public comment.

(2) The Commission shall provide opportunity for the submission by the public, either orally or in writing, or both, of information relating to matters that will be addressed in the reports.

Report to Congress.
19 USC 2705.

SEC. 216. IMPACT STUDY BY SECRETARY OF LABOR.

The Secretary of Labor, in consulation with other appropriate Federal agencies, shall undertake a continuing review and analysis of the impact which the implementation of the provisions of this title have with respect to United States labor; and shall make an annual written report to Congress on the results of such review and analysis.

SEC. 217. FEASIBILITY STUDY REGARDING A CARIBBEAN TRADE INSTITUTE.

(a) The Secretary of State shall prepare a study regarding the feasibility of establishing a Caribbean Trade Institute in Harlem, New York City, supported by a combination of Federal and private funds.

(b) The study shall include, but not be limited to, an assessment of the extent to which, and the means by which, a Caribbean Trade Institute could—

(1) facilitate cooperation between public and private entities interested in engaging in or furthering Caribbean trade;

(2) serve as a catalyst for greater cultural exchange between the United States and Caribbean nations; and

(3) facilitate expansion of job opportunities both in the United States and the Caribbean Basin.

The study shall also include suggestions regarding the organization and staffing of such an institute.

(c) The study required by this section shall be submitted to the Congress within six months after the date of the enactment of this Act. Submittal to Congress.

SEC. 218. EFFECTIVE DATE OF SUBTITLE AND TERMINATION OF DUTY-FREE TREATMENT. 19 USC 2706.

(a) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This subtitle shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.

(b) TERMINATION OF DUTY-FREE TREATMENT.—No duty-free treatment extended to beneficiary countries under this subtitle shall remain in effect after September 30, 1995.

Subtitle B—Tax Provisions

SEC. 221. PAYMENT OF EXCISE TAXES COLLECTED ON RUM TO PUERTO RICO AND THE UNITED STATES VIRGIN ISLANDS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 7652 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to shipments to the United States) is amended by inserting after subsection (b) the following new subsection: 26 USC 7652.

"(c) SHIPMENTS OF RUM TO THE UNITED STATES.—

"(1) EXCISE TAXES ON RUM COVERED INTO TREASURIES OF PUERTO RICO AND VIRGIN ISLANDS.—All taxes collected under section 5001(a)(1) on rum imported into the United States (less the estimated amount necessary for payment of refunds and drawbacks) shall be covered into the treasuries of Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands. 26 USC 5001.

"(2) SECRETARY PRESCRIBES FORMULA.—The Secretary shall, from time to time, prescribe by regulation a formula for the division of such tax collections between Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands and the timing and methods for transferring such tax collections.

"(3) RUM DEFINED.—For purposes of this subsection, the term 'rum' means any article classified under item 169.13 or 169.14 of the Tariff Schedules of the United States (19 U.S.C. 1202).

"(4) COORDINATION WITH SUBSECTIONS (a) AND (b).—Paragraph (1) shall not apply with respect to any rum subject to tax under subsection (a) or (b).".

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply to articles imported into the United States after June 30, 1983. 26 USC 7652 note.

SEC. 222. TREATMENT OF CARIBBEAN CONVENTIONS, ETC.

(a) GENERAL RULE.—Subsection (h) of section 274 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to attendance at conventions, etc.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph: 26 USC 274.

"(6) TREATMENT OF CONVENTIONS IN CERTAIN CARIBBEAN COUNTRIES.—

"North American area."

"(A) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of this subsection, the term 'North American area' includes, with respect to any convention, seminar, or similar meeting, any beneficiary country if (as of the time such meeting begins)—

"(i) there is in effect a bilateral or multilateral agreement described in subparagraph (C) between such country and the United States providing for the exchange of information between the United States and such country, and

"(ii) there is not in effect a finding by the Secretary that the tax laws of such country discriminate against conventions held in the United States.

"(B) BENEFICIARY COUNTRY.—For purposes of this paragraph, the term 'beneficiary country' has the meaning given to such term by section 212(a)(1)(A) of the Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act; except that such term shall include Bermuda.

Ante, p. 384.

"(C) AUTHORITY TO CONCLUDE EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION AGREEMENTS.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary is authorized to negotiate and conclude an agreement for the exchange of information with any beneficiary country. Except as provided in clause (ii), an exchange of information agreement shall provide for the exchange of such information (not limited to information concerning nationals or residents of the United States or the beneficiary country) as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out and enforce the tax laws of the United States and the beneficiary country (whether criminal or civil proceedings), including information which may otherwise be subject to nondisclosure provisions of the local law of the beneficiary country such as provisions respecting bank secrecy and bearer shares. The exchange of information agreement shall be terminable by either country on reasonable notice and shall provide that information received by either country will be disclosed only to persons or authorities (including courts and administrative bodies) involved in the administration or oversight of, or in the determination of appeals in respect of, taxes of the United States or the beneficiary country and will be used by such persons or authorities only for such purposes.

"(ii) NONDISCLOSURE OF QUALIFIED CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION SOUGHT FOR CIVIL TAX PURPOSES.—An exchange of information agreement need not provide for the exchange of qualified confidential information which is sought only for civil tax purposes if—

"(I) the Secretary of the Treasury, after making all reasonable efforts to negotiate an agreement which includes the exchange of such information, determines that such an agreement cannot be negotiated but that the agreement which was negotiated will significantly assist in the administration and enforcement of the tax laws of the United States, and

"(II) the President determines that the agreement as negotiated is in the national security interest of the United States.

"(iii) QUALIFIED CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION DEFINED.—For purposes of this subparagraph, the term 'qualified confidential information' means information which is subject to the nondisclosure provisions of any local law of the beneficiary country regarding bank secrecy or ownership of bearer shares.

"(iv) CIVIL TAX PURPOSES.—For purposes of this subparagraph, the determination of whether information is sought only for civil tax purposes shall be made by the requesting party.

"(D) COORDINATION WITH SECTION 6103.—Any exchange of information agreement negotiated under subparagraph (C) shall be treated as an income tax convention for purposes of section 6103(k)(4). 26 USC 6103.

"(E) DETERMINATIONS PUBLISHED IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER.—The following shall be published in the Federal Register—

"(i) any determination by the President under subparagraph (C)(ii) (including the reasons for such determination),

"(ii) any determination by the Secretary under subparagraph (C)(ii) (including the reasons for such determination), and

"(iii) any finding by the Secretary under subparagraph (A)(ii) (and any termination thereof)."

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply to conventions, seminars, or other meetings which begin after June 30, 1983. 26 USC 274 note.

SEC. 223. REPORT WITH RESPECT TO USE OF CARIBBEAN BASIN TAX HAVENS.

The Secretary of the Treasury shall, not later than ninety days after the date of the enactment of this Act, report to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate on— Submittal to congressional committees.

(1) the level at which Caribbean Basin tax havens are being used to evade or avoid Federal taxes, and the effect on Federal revenues of such use,

(2) any information he may have on the relationship of such use to drug trafficking and other criminal activities, and

(3) current antitax haven enforcement activities of the Department of the Treasury.

Subtitle C—Sense of the Congress Regarding Sugar Imports

SEC. 231. SUGAR IMPORTS.

It is the sense of the Congress that sugar from any Communist country in the Caribbean Basin or in Central America should not be imported into the United States.

Approved August 5, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2973 (H.R. 500):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 98-120 (Comm. on Ways and Means) and No. 98-325 (Comm. of Conference).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):

May 17, considered and passed House.
June 16, considered and passed Senate, amended.
July 14, House concurred in Senate amendment with an amendment.
July 28, House and Senate agreed to conference report.

Public Law 98-68
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

To designate the month of August 1983 as "National Child Support Enforcement Month".

Aug. 5, 1983
[S.J. Res. 56]

Whereas significant progress has been made toward improving laws and regulations dealing with child support enforcement by the States;

Whereas the provisions of part D of title IV of the Social Security Act have provided a needed response in alleviating problems that exist within and among States as to legal rights and financial needs of their citizens;

Whereas the child support program's ultimate goal is to reduce financial deprivation among America's children by ensuring that the responsibility of support rests with the responsible parent, thereby diminishing the need for welfare dependency by women and children;

Whereas the dedicated service of family support enforcement personnel, the judiciary and the legal community has contributed to increased child support collections, paternity establishments and the location of absent parents;

Whereas the growth and success of child support programs have resulted from and continue to rely on increased cooperation of Federal, State and local agencies: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the month of August 1983 is designated "National Child Support Enforcement Month" and that the President of the United States is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon all government agencies and the people of the United States to observe the month with appropriate programs, ceremonies and activities.

National Child Support Enforcement Month.

Approved August 5, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 56:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
July 16, considered and passed Senate.
July 27, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-69
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Aug. 8, 1983
[S.J. Res. 67]

To designate the week of September 25, 1983, through October 1, 1983, as "National Respiratory Therapy Week".

Whereas respiratory therapy is recognized as a highly technological and progressive segment of the health care delivery system in the United States;

Whereas there are over eighty thousand respiratory therapy practitioners in the Nation who are making an important contribution to the delivery of quality health care;

Whereas respiratory therapy is an integral part of critical care and general medicine;

Whereas respiratory therapists are involved with therapeutic and life-sustaining cardiopulmonary care to patients suffering from lung and associated heart disorders; and

Whereas in recent years the field of respiratory therapy has expanded to include postoperative pulmonary care, education, research, pulmonary testing, pulmonary rehabilitation, and neonatal-pediatric specialties: Now, therefore, be it

National Respiratory Therapy Week.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the week of September 25, 1983, through October 1, 1983, is designated as "National Respiratory Therapy Week" and the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling on the people of the United States to observe the week with appropriate programs, ceremonies, and activities.

Approved August 8, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 67:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
May 4, considered and passed Senate.
July 27, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-70
98th Congress

An Act

To authorize the Twenty-nine Palms Band of Luiseno Mission Indians and the Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes of the Flathead Reservation to lease for ninety-nine years certain lands held in trust.

Aug. 8, 1983
[S. 143]

Indians.
Leasing of certain lands held in trust.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1 of the Act of August 9, 1955 (69 Stat. 539), as amended (25 U.S.C. 415), is further amended by inserting ", and lands held in trust for the Twenty-nine Palms Band of Luiseno Mission Indians, and the lands held in trust for the Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes of the Flathead Reservation, Montana", after "Chelan County, Washington", in the second sentence.

Approved August 8, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 143:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-85 (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Feb. 24, considered and passed Senate.
May 17, considered and passed House, amended.
July 26, Senate concurred in House amendments.

Public Law 98-71
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Aug. 11, 1983
[H.J. Res. 139]

To designate the week beginning June 24, 1984, as "Federal Credit Union Week".

Whereas on June 26, 1934, President Franklin Roosevelt signed into law the Federal Credit Union Act;

Whereas the enactment of the Federal Credit Union Act enabled credit unions to be organized throughout the United States under charters approved by the Federal Government;

Whereas Federal credit unions are cooperative associations organized in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Credit Union Act for the purpose of promoting thrift among their members and creating a source of credit for provident or productive purposes;

Whereas Federal credit unions have consistently reflected the cooperative spirit of people helping people and the philosophical tradition that gave birth to the Federal Credit Union Act; and

Whereas June 26, 1984, is the fiftieth anniversary of the date of the enactment of the Federal Credit Union Act: Now, therefore, be it

Federal Credit Union Week.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the week beginning June 24, 1984, hereby is designated "Federal Credit Union Week", and the President of the United States is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe such week with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

Approved August 11, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 139:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
July 25, considered and passed House.
July 27, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-72
98th Congress

An Act

To improve small business access to Federal procurement information.

Aug. 11, 1983
[S. 272]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) section 8(e) of the Small Business Act is amended to read as follows:

Small Business Act, amendment. 15 USC 637.

"(e)(1) It shall be the duty of the Secretary of Commerce, and the Secretary is hereby empowered, to obtain notice of all proposed competitive and noncompetitive civilian and defense procurement actions of $10,000 and above from any Federal department, establishment or agency (hereinafter in this subsection referred to as 'department') engaged in procurement of property, supplies, and services in the United States; and to publicize such notices in the daily publication Commerce Business Daily, immediately after the necessity for the procurement is established: *Provided,* That nothing in this paragraph shall require publication of such notices with respect to those procurements in which it is determined on a case-by-case basis that (A) the procurement for security reasons is of a classified nature; (B) the Federal department's need for the property, supplies, or services is of such unusual and compelling urgency that the Government would be seriously injured if the time periods provided for in paragraph (2) were complied with; (C) a foreign government reimburses the Federal department for the cost of the procurement of the property, supplies, or services for such government and only one source is available, or the terms of an international agreement or treaty between the United States and a foreign government authorize or require that all such procurement shall be from sources specified within such international agreement or treaty; (D) the procurement is made from another Government department or agency, or a mandatory source of supply; (E) the procurement is for utility services and only one source is available; (F) the procurement is made against an order placed under a requirement or similar contract, including orders for perishable subsistence supplies; (G) the procurement results from acceptance of a proposal pursuant to the Small Business Innovation Development Act of 1982 or an unsolicited proposal that demonstrates a unique or innovative research concept and publication of such unsolicited proposal would improperly disclose the originality of thought or innovativeness of the proposed research; or (H) it is determined in writing by the head of the Federal department, with the concurrence of the Administrator, that advance notice is not appropriate or reasonable.

Proposed procurement action notices, publication.

15 USC 631 note.

"(2) Whenever a Federal department is required to publish notice of procurement actions pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection, such department shall not—

Procurement actions by Federal departments, notice requirements.

"(A) issue a solicitation until at least fifteen days have elapsed from the date of publication of a proper notice of the action in the Commerce Business Daily, except if the solicitation is for procurement of requirements categorized as research or

development effort, in which case until at least thirty days have elapsed from the date of such publication;

"(B) foreclosure competition until at least thirty days have elapsed from either (i) the date of issuance of the solicitation, or (ii) in the case of orders under a basic agreement, basic ordering agreement, or similar arrangement, the date of publication of a proper notice of intent to place the order; or

"(C) commence negotiations for the award of a sole source contract until at least thirty days have elapsed from the date of publication of a proper notice of intent to contract: *Provided,* That nothing in this subparagraph shall prohibit an officer or employee of a Federal department from responding to a request for information.

Notice format.

"(3) Whenever notice is required by paragraph (1), such notice shall include—

"(A) a clear description of the property, supplies, or services to be contracted for, which description is not unnecessarily restrictive of competition;

"(B) the name, address and telephone number of the officer or employee of the Federal department who may be contacted for the purpose of obtaining a copy of either the solicitation or, if the notice is for an intent to contract on a sole source basis, such specification and information as practicable regarding the service or performance to be awarded; and

"(C) solely with respect to notice of intent to contract on a sole source basis, a statement that interested persons are invited to identify their interest and capability to respond to such requirement, or to submit proposals in response to such notice, within the stated period of time provided under paragraph (2).

"(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, unless the negotiations would be conducted pursuant to this section or section 9 of this Act or unless a Federal department's need for the property, supplies, or services is of such unusual and compelling urgency that the Government would be seriously injured if the provisions of this paragraph were complied with, a Federal department may not commence negotiations for the award of a sole source contract or a contract that results from an unsolicited proposal for more than $1,000,000 in fiscal year 1984, for more than $500,000 in fiscal year 1985 and for more than $300,000 in fiscal year 1986 and each year thereafter unless—

15 USC 638.

"(A) the head of the procuring activity or his deputy, on a nondelegable basis, has approved the authority to enter into such contract, and

"(B) the contracting officer for such contract has evaluated the responses to the notice of procurement action required in subparagraph (3)(C):

Provided, That nothing in this subparagraph shall prohibit an officer or employee of a Federal department from responding to a request for information. Annually, each department shall report to the Congress on each negotiation above the stated amount if the head of the procuring activity or his deputy did not approve the authority to enter into such contract.

Report to Congress.

"(5) In the case of all procurement actions in excess of $25,000 in which the award of a contract is likely to result in the award of subcontracts under such contract, unless the procurement for security reasons is of a classified nature, the Federal department shall

promptly furnish for publication by the Secretary of Commerce a notice announcing the award in the Commerce Business Daily.

"(6) As used in this subsection—

"(A) the term 'sole source contract' means a contract for the purchase of property, supplies or services which is entered into or proposed to be entered into by a Federal department after soliciting and negotiating with only one source. "Sole source contract."

"(B) the term 'unsolicited proposal' means a proposal that is submitted to a Federal department on the initiative of the submitter for the purpose of obtaining a contract with the United States Government, and which is not in response to a formal or informal request (other than a departmental request constituting a publicized general statement of need in areas of science and technology-based research and development that are of interest to the department).". "Unsolicited proposal."

(b)(1) Except as to the amendments made to section 8(e)(4) of the Small Business Act as added by section (a) of this Act, the amendments made by this Act shall apply to procurement actions initiated ninety days after the date of enactment of this Act. 15 USC 637 note.

(2) The amendments made to section 8(e)(4) of the Small Business Act as added by section (a) of this Act shall apply to procurement actions initiated on or after October 1, 1983.

(3) The provisions of this Act shall apply to the Tennessee Valley Authority only with respect to procurements to be paid from appropriated funds.

Approved August 11, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 272 (H.R. 1043):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 98-3 accompanying H.R. 1043 (Comm. on Small Business) and No. 98-263 (Comm. of Conference).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):

Feb. 3, considered and passed Senate.

Feb. 15, H.R. 1043 considered and passed House.

Mar. 8, considered and passed House, amended, in lieu of H.R. 1043.

June 27, Senate agreed to conference report; disagreed to House amendment.

Aug. 1, House agreed to conference report; receded from its amendment.

Public Law 98-73
98th Congress

An Act

Aug. 11, 1983
[S. 930]

To authorize the Smithsonian Institution to purchase land in Santa Cruz County, Arizona.

Smithsonian Institution, land purchase in Ariz.
20 USC 50 note.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Smithsonian Institution is authorized to purchase land in Santa Cruz County, Arizona, for the permanent headquarters of the Fred Lawrence Whipple Observatory.

Appropriation authorization.
20 USC 50 note.

SEC. 2. Effective October 1, 1984, there is authorized to be appropriated $150,000 to carry out the purposes of this Act.

Approved August 11, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 930:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-330 (Comm. on House Administration).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-97 (Comm. on Rules and Administration).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
May 25, considered and passed Senate.
Aug. 1, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-74
98th Congress

An Act

To authorize the Secretary of the Interior to set aside certain judgment funds of the Three Affiliated Tribes of Fort Berthold Reservation in North Dakota, and for other purposes.

Aug. 11, 1983
[S. 727]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions of this Act shall apply notwithstanding any provision of the Act of October 19, 1973 (87 Stat. 466; 25 U.S.C. 1401 et seq.), or any other law, regulation, or plan promulgated pursuant thereto.

Judgment funds for Three Affiliated Tribes of Fort Berthold Reservation, N. Dak. Deposited funds.

SEC. 2. (a) Contingent upon availability of funds, the Secretary of the Interior (hereinafter in this Act referred to as the "Secretary") shall deposit into a separate account—

(1) $113,777.10 of the funds appropriated in satisfaction of the judgments awarded the Three Affiliated Tribes of Fort Berthold Reservation in dockets numbered 350-G and 54-81 L of the United States Court of Claims, plus

(2) all interest and investment income accrued on the funds described in clause (1) from the date on which the transcript of such judgment was filed with the Comptroller General of the United States, to the date of deposit described in clause (1).

Interest and investment income.

The initial payment of $113,777.10 shall be deposited when funds equal to this amount are released from the new member per capita escrow account. Thereafter, as any new membership application is denied, the funds thereby released shall be deposited in the account until such time as the sum described in clause (2) is fully satisfied or there are no further membership applications to be processed. Any funds so deposited shall be distributed and used only as provided in this Act.

(b) Any funds deposited by the Secretary in a separate account under subsection (a) shall be held and invested by the Secretary in accordance with the first section of the Act of June 24, 1938 (52 Stat. 1037).

25 USC 162a.

(c) Any funds deposited by the Secretary in a separate account under subsection (a), including any interest or investment income accrued thereon, may be distributed, with the approval of the Secretary, to the governing body of the Three Affiliated Tribes of Fort Berthold Reservation for use in the planning and development of a hospital or a health care facility to serve the needs of such tribes.

Hospital or health care facility.

(d) Any funds deposited by the Secretary in a separate account under subsection (a), including any interest or investment income accrued thereon, which have not been distributed by the Secretary under subsection (c) prior to the date which is five years after the date of enactment of this Act may be distributed to the governing body of the Three Affiliated Tribes of Fort Berthold Reservation for use in any tribal program which is authorized by such governing body and approved by the Secretary.

SEC. 3. (a) The Secretary shall distribute to each eligible individual out of funds appropriated in satisfaction of the judgments awarded

Judgment awards, distribution.

the Three Affiliated Tribes of Fort Berthold Reservation in dockets numbered 350-G and 54-81 L of the United States Court of Claims the sum of—

(1) $4,000, and all interest and investment income accrued thereon since August 5, 1982, plus

(2) $45.16, and all interest and investment income accrued thereon since December 13, 1982.

"Eligible individual."

(b) For purposes of this section, the term "eligible individual" means any individual—

(1) who filed an application for membership with the Three Affiliated Tribes of Fort Berthold Reservation before July 10, 1982,

(2) whom the Secretary determines to be eligible to share in such judgment awards, and

(3) who has not received any distribution from the Secretary with respect to such judgment awards at any time prior to the date of enactment of this Act.

Uncommitted funds.

SEC. 4. Any funds appropriated in satisfaction of the judgments described in section 3(a) which remain uncommitted after the deposit described in section 2 and the distribution described in section 3 are made by the Secretary shall be distributed and used in accordance with the programing aspect of the plan for the use and distribution of the funds appropriated in satisfaction of such judgments which became effective on May 26, 1982, pursuant to section 5 of the Act of October 19, 1973 (87 Stat. 468; 25 U.S.C. 1405).

Approved August 11, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 727:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-300 (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-126 (Comm. on Indian Affairs).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
May 25, considered and passed Senate.
Aug. 1, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-75
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

To proclaim a day of national celebration of the two hundredth anniversary of the signing of the Treaty of Paris.

Aug. 11, 1983
[H.J. Res. 321]

Whereas September 3, 1983, commemorates a day of unique significance in the history of our Nation;

Whereas on September 3, 1783, the American Peace Commissioners—John Adams, Benjamin Franklin, and John Jay—signed a Definitive Treaty of Peace with David Hartley, the representative of George the Third, the King of Great Britain, in the city of Paris;

Whereas on the same day another treaty between Great Britain and America's ally France and cobelligerent Spain was signed at Versailles, and witnessed by the American Peace Commissioners;

Whereas the signing of the Definitive Treaty with Great Britain signified to the world that these former thirteen British colonies with the invaluable assistance of the Government and citizens of France had emerged from the great war of the American Revolution as an independent Nation, the United States of America, confirmed in its sovereignty over a vast extent of territory;

Whereas the ratification of the Definitive Treaty of Peace by the Congress of the Confederation on January 14, 1784, in Annapolis, Maryland, inaugurated an era of peace for the new Nation which made possible the experimentation in self-government which led to the adoption of the Constitution of the United States of America on September 17, 1787;

Whereas since that historic day two hundred years ago, the United States of America has survived as a free Nation, ever mindful of the blessings that liberty and peace have brought: Now, therefore, be it

Treaty of Paris, two hundredth anniversary of signing.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That September 3, 1983, is proclaimed a day of national celebration of the two hundredth anniversary of the signing of the Treaty of Paris, and that the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe such day with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

Approved August 11, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 321:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
July 27, considered and passed House.
July 29, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-76
98th Congress

An Act

To amend the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 and the Railroad Retirement Tax Act to assure sufficient resources to pay current and future benefits under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974, to make technical changes, and for other purposes.

Aug. 12, 1983
[H.R. 1646]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Railroad Retirement Solvency Act of 1983".

Railroad Retirement Solvency Act of 1983.
45 USC 231t note.

TITLE I—BENEFIT ADJUSTMENTS

SEC. 101. (a) Section 3(a) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended— 45 USC 231b.

(1) by amending subdivision (2) to read as follows:

"(2) For purposes of this subsection, individuals entitled to an annuity under paragraph (iv) or (v) of section 2(a)(1) of this Act shall be deemed to be entitled to a disability insurance benefit under section 223 of the Social Security Act."; and 45 USC 231a. 42 USC 423.

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new subdivision:

"(3) In lieu of an annuity amount provided under subdivision (1), the annuity of an individual entitled to an annuity under paragraph (ii) of section 2(a)(1) of this Act which begins to accrue before the individual attains age 62 shall be in an amount equal to—

"(i) for each month prior to the first month throughout which the individual is age 62, the amount (after any reduction on account of age but before any deductions on account of work) of the old-age insurance benefit to which such individual would have been entitled under the Social Security Act as of the date on which such individual's annuity begins to accrue if such individual had attained age 62 on the first day of the month in which his or her annuity begins to accrue and if all of such individual's service as an employee after December 31, 1936, had been included in the term 'employment' as defined in that Act, using for purposes of this computation the number of benefit computation years applicable to a person born in the year in which such individual was born; and ". 42 USC 1305.

"(ii) for months beginning with the first month throughout which the individual is age 62, the amount (after any reduction on account of age but before any deductions on account of work) of the old-age insurance benefit to which such individual would have been entitled under the Social Security Act if all of such individual's service as an employee after December 31, 1936, had been included in the term 'employment' as defined in that Act.".

(b) Section 4(a) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended— 45 USC 231c.

(1) by striking out "spouses" in subdivision (2) and inserting in lieu thereof "if an individual is entitled to an annuity under paragraph (ii) of section 2(a)(1) of this Act which did not begin to 45 USC 231a.

accrue before such individual attained age 62, the spouse of such individual"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new subdivisions:

"(3) In the case of an individual entitled to an annuity under section 2(a)(1)(ii) of this Act which began to accrue before such individual attained age 62, the annuity of the spouse of such individual under section 2(c) of this Act shall, in lieu of an annuity amount provided under subdivision (1), be in an amount equal to—

45 USC 231a.

"(i) for each month prior to the first month throughout which both the individual and the spouse are age 62, 50 per centum of that portion of the individual's annuity as is, or was prior to such individual's attaining age 62, computed under section 3(a)(3)(i) of this Act, reduced to the same extent such amount would be reduced under section 202(b)(4) of the Social Security Act (in the case of a wife) or under section 202(c)(2) of the Social Security Act (in the case of a husband) as if such amount were a wife's insurance benefit or a husband's insurance benefit, respectively, under such Act; and

Ante, p. 411.

42 USC 402.

"(ii) for months beginning with the first month throughout which both the individual and the spouse are age 62, the amount (after any reduction on account of age based on the spouse's age at the time the amount under this paragraph first becomes payable but before any deductions on account of work) of the wife's insurance benefit or the husband's insurance benefit to which such spouse would have been entitled under the Social Security Act if the individual's service as an employee after December 31, 1936, had been included in the term 'employment' as defined in that Act.

42 USC 1305.

"(4) In the case of an individual entitled to an annuity under paragraph (iv) or (v) of section 2(a)(1) of this Act, the annuity of the spouse of such individual entitled to an annuity under section 2(c)(1)(ii)(B) of this Act shall, in lieu of an annuity amount provided under subdivision (1), be in an amount equal to the amount (after any reduction on account of age but before any deductions on account of work) of the wife's insurance benefit or the husband's insurance benefit to which such spouse would have been entitled under the Social Security Act if the individual's service as an employee after December 31, 1936, had been included in the term 'employment' as defined in that Act. For purposes of this subdivision, spouses who have not attained age 62 shall be deemed to have attained age 62.".

45 USC 231a.

Effective date.
45 USC 231b note.

(c) The amendments made by this section shall become effective on July 1, 1984, and shall apply only with respect to awards in cases where the individual's annuity under section 2(a)(1) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 began to accrue on or after that date and the individual had not completed thirty years of service and attained age 60 prior to that date. In the case of an individual who has completed thirty years of service and has attained age 60 before January 1, 1986, the amount of the reduction on account of age in the annuity amount provided to such individual under section 3(a)(3) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 and the amount of the reduction on account of age in the annuity amount provided to the spouse of such individual under subdivision (3) of section 4(a) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 shall be only one-half of the amount by which such annuity would be reduced on account of age except for the provisions of this sentence.

45 USC 231a.

Ante, p. 411.

Supra.

SEC. 102. (a) Section 3(g) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended to read as follows: 45 USC 231b.

"(g)(1) Effective with the date of any increase after January 31, 1984, in monthly insurance benefits under the Social Security Act which occurs, or which would have occurred had there not been a general benefit increase under that Act, pursuant to the automatic cost-of-living provisions of section 215(i) of that Act, that portion of the annuity of an individual which is computed under subsection (b) of this section shall, if such individual's annuity under section 2(a)(1) of this Act began to accrue on or before the effective date of a particular increase under this subdivision, be increased by 32.5 per centum of the percentage increase in the index which is used, or which would have been used had there not been a general benefit increase under the Social Security Act, in increasing benefits under the Social Security Act pursuant to the automatic cost-of-living provisions of section 215(i) of that Act. Any increase under this subsection shall not be deferred and shall be reflected in all payments made to annuitants after such increase under this subsection becomes effective. 42 USC 1305. 42 USC 415. 45 USC 231a.

"(2) The first and, if necessary, the following time or times after January 1, 1983, that monthly insurance benefits under section 202 of the Social Security Act are increased, that portion of the annuity of an individual which is computed under subsection (b) of this section as increased under subdivision (1) of this subsection shall, if such individual's annuity under section 2(a)(1) of this Act began to accrue in or before the year in which such first increase under the Social Security Act became effective, be reduced by the dollar amount by which that portion of the annuity provided such individual under subsection (a) of this section was increased, after any reduction under subsection (m) of this section, as a result of such increase or increases under the Social Security Act until the total dollar amount of such reduction or reductions equals 5 per centum of the annuity amount provided such individual under subsection (a), as reduced under subsection (m), prior to such first increase. In no case shall the reduction by reason of this paragraph operate to reduce such portion to an amount less than $10.". 42 USC 402.

(b) Section 4(d) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended— 45 USC 231c.

(1) by inserting "(1)" after "(d)";

(2) by striking out "3(g)" and inserting "3(g)(1)" in lieu thereof; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new subdivisions:

"(2) That portion of the annuity of the spouse of an individual as is determined under subsection (b) of this section prior to any determination under subsection (c) of this subsection shall, if the annuity of such spouse is not subject to reduction under subdivision (3) of this subsection, be reduced by an amount equal to 50 per centum of the dollar amount by which the annuity of the individual was reduced under section 3(g)(2) of this Act. In no case shall the reduction by reason of this paragraph operate to reduce such portion to an amount less than $10. *Supra.*

"(3) The first and, if necessary, the following time or times after January 1, 1983, that monthly insurance benefits under section 202 of the Social Security Act are increased, that portion of the annuity of the spouse of an individual as is determined under subsections (b), (c), and (d)(1) of this section shall, if such spouse's annuity under 42 USC 402.

45 USC 231a. 42 USC 1305.

section 2(c) of this Act began to accrue in or before the year in which such first increase under the Social Security Act became effective, be reduced by the dollar amount by which that portion of the annuity provided such spouse under subsection (a) of this section was increased, after any reduction under subsection (i) of this section, as a result of such increase or increases under the Social Security Act until the total dollar amount of such reduction or reductions equals 5 per centum of the annuity amount provided such spouse under subsection (a), as reduced under subsection (i), prior to such first increase. In no case shall the reduction by reason of this paragraph operate to reduce such portion to an amount less than $10.".

45 USC 231c.

(c) Section 4(g) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended—

(1) in subdivision (1), by inserting "and without regard to any reduction under section 3(g)(2) of this Act" after "before any reduction on account of age";

Ante, p. 413.

(2) in subdivision (6), by striking out "3(g)" and inserting "3(g)(1)" in lieu thereof; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new subdivisions:

"(7) The first and, if necessary, the following time or times after January 1, 1983, that monthly insurance benefits under section 202 of the Social Security Act are increased, that portion of the annuity of a survivor of a deceased individual as is determined under subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, or under section 4(g) of this Act as in effect before amendment by section 1119(g) of Public Law 97-35, shall, if such survivor's annuity under section 2(d) of this Act began to accrue before the effective date of such first increase under the Social Security Act, be reduced by the dollar amount by which that portion of the annuity provided such survivor under subsection (f) of this section was increased, after any reduction under subsection (i) of this section, as a result of such increase or increases under the Social Security Act until the total dollar amount of such reduction or reductions equals 5 per centum of the annuity amount provided such survivor under subsection (f), as reduced under subsection (i), prior to such first increase. In no case shall the reduction by reason of this paragraph operate to reduce such portion to an amount less than $10.

42 USC 402.

45 USC 231c.

"(8) That portion of the annuity of a survivor of a deceased individual as is determined under subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection shall, if the annuity of such survivor is not subject to reduction under subdivision (7) of this subsection, be reduced by an amount equal to the dollar amount by which the annuity of the deceased individual was reduced under section 3(g)(2) of this Act or would have been reduced under such section 3(g)(2) if such deceased individual had been living at the time such survivor's annuity under section 2(d) of this Act began to accrue (deeming for this purpose, if such individual died before becoming entitled to an annuity under section 2(a)(1) of this Act, that such individual became entitled to an annuity under paragraph (i) of such section 2(a)(1) in the month in which such individual died). In a case where the survivor of a deceased individual is not entitled to a monthly insurance benefit under the Social Security Act, the reduction provided by the preceding sentence of this subdivision shall be equal to the dollar amount by which the annuity of the deceased individual would have been reduced under section 3(g)(2) of this Act if the annuity of such deceased individual had not been subject to reduction under section

3(m) of this Act. In no case shall the reduction by reason of this paragraph operate to reduce such portion to an amount less than $10. 45 USC 231b.

"(9) That portion of the annuity of a survivor of a deceased individual as is determined under section 4(g) of this Act as in effect before amendment by section 1119(g) of Public Law 97-35 shall, if the annuity of such survivor is not subject to reduction under subdivision (7) of this subsection, be reduced by an amount equal to the dollar amount by which the annuity of the deceased individual was reduced under section 3(g)(2) of this Act or, if such survivor is not entitled to a monthly insurance benefit under the Social Security Act, would have been reduced under such section 3(g)(2) if the annuity of such deceased individual had not been subject to reduction under section 3(m) of this Act. In no case shall the reduction by reason of this paragraph operate to reduce such portion to an amount less than $10.". 45 USC 231c. *Ante*, p. 413. 42 USC 1305.

(d) The amendments made by this section shall be effective on the date of the enactment of this Act. For purposes of the amendments made by subsection (a) of this section, annuity portions computed under subsections (b) and (d) of section 3 of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 as in effect before October 1, 1981, shall be treated as having been computed under subsection (b) of such section as in effect after that date. Effective date. 45 USC 231b note. 45 USC 231b.

SEC. 103. (a) Section 5(a) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended— 45 USC 231d.

(1) by striking out "An annuity" at the beginning and inserting in lieu thereof "Subject to the limitations set forth below, an annuity";

(2) by amending paragraphs (ii) and (iii) to read as follows:

"(ii) in the case of an applicant otherwise entitled to an annuity under paragraph (iv) or (v) of section 2(a)(1) or under section 2(d)(1)(i) on the basis of disability, not earlier than the later of (A) the first day of the sixth month following the onset date of the disability for which such annuity is awarded or (B) the first day of the twelfth month before the month in which the application therefor was filed; 45 USC 231a.

"(iii) in the case of an applicant otherwise entitled to an annuity under section 2(a)(1), 2(c), or 2(d) where paragraph (ii) does not apply, not earlier than the latest of (A) the first day of the sixth month before the month in which the application therefor was filed, (B) the first day of the month in which the application therefor was filed if the effect of beginning such annuity in an earlier month would result in a greater age reduction in the annuity, unless beginning the annuity in the earlier month would enable an annuity under section 2(c) which is not subject to an age reduction to be payable in such earlier month, (C) in the case of an applicant otherwise entitled to an annuity under section 2(a)(1) or 2(c), the date following the last day of compensated service of the applicant, or (D) in the case of an applicant otherwise entitled to an annuity under section 2(a)(1) or 2(c), the first day of the first month throughout which the applicant meets the age requirement for the annuity applied for;" and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "For the purpose of determining annuity amounts provided under sections 3(a), 4(a), and 4(f) of this Act, the provisions with respect to the beginning dates of annuities set forth in this *Ante*, p. 411.

42 USC 1305.

subsection shall be deemed to govern the beginning dates of monthly benefits provided under the Social Security Act.".

Effective date.
45 USC 231d note.

(b) The amendments made by this section shall become effective on the first day of the first month beginning after the date of the enactment of this Act, and shall apply only with respect to annuities awarded on the basis of applications filed on or after that day.

45 USC 231a.

SEC. 104. (a) Clause (B) of section 2(d)(1)(iii) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended to read as follows: "(B) will be less than nineteen years of age and a full-time elementary or secondary school student, or".

(b) Section 2(d)(4) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended—

(1) by striking out "full-time student" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "full-time elementary or secondary school student";

(2) by striking out "educational institution" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "elementary or secondary school";

(3) by striking out "twenty-two" in the fourth sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "nineteen"; and

(4) by striking out "degree from a four-year college or university" and inserting in lieu thereof "diploma or equivalent certificate from a secondary school (as defined in section 202(d)(7)(c)(i) of the Social Security Act)".

42 USC 402.

45 USC 231d.

(c) Section 5(c)(7) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended—

(1) by striking out "full-time student" and inserting in lieu thereof "full-time elementary or secondary school student"; and

(2) by striking out "22" and inserting in lieu thereof "19".

Effective date.
45 USC 231a note.

(d) The amendments made by this section shall be effective with respect to annuities accruing for months after the month in which this Act is enacted except in the case of a child who has attained the age of eighteen in or before the month in which this Act is enacted and is entitled to an annuity under section 2(d) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 for the month in which this Act is enacted or, if earlier, for the month of April 1983.

45 USC 231a.

45 USC 231u.

SEC. 105. Section 22 of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended by striking out "(a)" and all that follows through the end of subsection (a) of such section and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "(a)(1) On or before February 1 of each year beginning in 1984, the Railroad Retirement Board shall prepare a five-year projection of anticipated revenues to and payments from the Railroad Retirement Account to determine the ability of such Account to pay benefits in each of the next succeeding five calendar years. No later than April 1 of each year, the Board shall submit a written report to the President, the Speaker of the House, and the President of the Senate setting forth the results of the projection prepared pursuant to the preceding sentence. If the projection indicates that the funds in the Railroad Retirement Account will be insufficient to pay the full amount of the benefits under this Act which are payable from that Account at any time during the five-year period, the Board's report shall include—

Five-year projection of anticipated revenues.

Report submittal.

"(A) the first fiscal year during which benefits under this Act must be reduced, in the absence of any adjustments, because insufficient funds (including any general revenue borrowing authority under this Act) would preclude payment of full bene-

fits (other than benfits payable from the Dual Benefits Payments Account) for every month in such fiscal year;

"(B) the first fiscal year during which the Board would recommend suspension of the authority to borrow contained in section 10(d) of the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act, in order to prevent depletion of the Railroad Retirement Account; and 45 USC 360.

"(C) the amount, if any, of adjustments (stated in terms of percentage of taxable payroll), and any other changes such as cash flow adjustments, necessary to preserve the financial solvency of the Railroad Retirement Account, if such adjustments were effective at the beginning of the next succeeding fiscal year.

"(2) Not less than 20 nor more than 30 days after the submission of a written report under this subsection which indicates that, in the absence of any adjustments, the Railroad Retirement Account will contain insufficient funds to pay the full amount of the benefits under this Act which are payable from that Account at some time during the five-year period covered by the report, the Board shall publish such report in the Federal Register.". Publication in Federal Register.

SEC. 106. (a) Section 2(a)(1) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended— 45 USC 231a.

(1) by striking out "the age of sixty-five" from paragraph (i) and inserting in lieu thereof "retirement age (as defined in section 216(l) of the Social Security Act)"; and *Ante*, p. 107.

(2) by striking out "reduced by 1/180 for each calendar month that he or she is under age sixty-five when the annuity begins to accrue" from paragraph (iii) and inserting in lieu thereof "reduced by 1/180 for each of the first 36 months that he or she is under retirement age (as defined in section 216(l) of the Social Security Act) when the annuity begins to accrue and by 1/240 for each additional month that he or she is under retirement age (as defined in section 216(l) of the Social Security Act) when the annuity begins to accrue".

(b) Section 2(a)(3) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended by striking out "the age of 65" and "the age of sixty-five years" and inserting in lieu thereof in each instance "retirement age (as defined in section 216(l) of the Social Security Act)". 45 USC 231a.

(c) Section 2(c)(1) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended by striking out "the age of 65" from paragraph (ii) and inserting in lieu thereof "retirement age (as defined in section 216(l) of the Social Security Act)".

(d) Section 2(c)(2) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended—

(1) by striking out "the age of 65" and inserting in lieu thereof "retirement age (as defined in section 216(l) of the Social Security Act)"; and

(2) by striking out "reduced by 1/144 for each calendar month that the spouse or divorced wife is under age 65 when the annuity begins to accrue" and inserting in lieu thereof "reduced by 1/144 for each of the first 36 months that the spouse or divorced wife is under retirement age (as defined in section 216(l) of the Social Security Act) when the annuity begins to accrue and by 1/240 for each additional month that the spouse or divorced wife is under retirement age (as defined in section 216(l) of the Social Security Act) when the annuity begins to accrue".

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45 USC 231a.

(e) Section 2(c)(4) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended by striking out "the age of 65" and inserting in lieu thereof "retirement age (as defined in section 216(l) of the Social Security Act".

Ante, p. 107.

(f) Section 2(e)(2) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended by striking out "age sixty-five" and inserting in lieu thereof "retirement age (as defined in section 216(l) of the Social Security Act)".

(g) Section 2(e)(4) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended by striking out "age sixty-five" and "age of sixty-five" and inserting in lieu thereof in each instance "retirement age (as defined in section 216(l) of the Social Security Act)".

(h) Section 4(a)(2) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 (as amended by section 101(b) of this Act) is amended by striking out "age 65" and inserting in lieu thereof "retirement age (as defined in section 216(l) of the Social Security Act".

Ante, p. 411.

45 USC 231d.

(i) Section 5(b) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended by striking out "the age of 65" and "age 65" and inserting in lieu thereof in each instance "retirement age (as defined in section 216(l) of the Social Security Act)".

(j) Section 5(c)(2) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended by striking out "age 65" and inserting in lieu thereof "retirement age (as defined in section 216(l) of the Social Security Act)".

Effective date.
45 USC 231a note.

(k) The amendments made by this section shall be effective on the date of the enactment of this Act, except that such amendment shall not apply to annuity amounts provided under sections 3(b) and 4(b) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 or to increases in such annuity amounts provided under sections 3(g) and 4(d) of such Act if the individual upon whose earning record such annuity amounts are based rendered service as an employee to an employer, or as an employee representative, before the date of the enactment of this Act.

45 USC 231b, 231c.

Ante, p. 413.

45 USC 231b.

SEC. 107. (a) Section 3(i) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subdivision:

Compensation.

"(4) Where for any calendar year after 1984 an individual has performed service for compensation in less than twelve months of the calendar year but has received compensation in excess of an amount determined by multiplying the number of months in the year in which such individual performed service for compensation by an amount equal to one-twelfth of the current maximum annual taxable 'wages' as defined in section 3121 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, the individual shall be deemed to have rendered service for compensation in that number of months in the calendar year, but not to exceed twelve, which is equal to the quotient of the amount of such individual's compensation for the calendar year divided by an amount equal to one-twelfth of the current maximum annual taxable 'wages' as defined in section 3121 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, with any remainder produced by this computation increasing the quotient by one, but an individual shall not be deemed under this subdivision to have rendered service for compensation in any month in which such individual was neither in an employment relation to one or more employers nor an employee representative.".

26 USC 3121.

45 USC 231b.

(b) Section 3(j) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended by inserting after the second sentence thereof the following new sentence: "If for any calendar year after 1984 an employee has

received compensation of less than one-twelfth of the current maximum annual taxable 'wages' as defined in section 3121 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 in one or more months of the calendar year, the total compensation paid such employee in the calendar year (without regard to the limitation on the amount of compensation provided in the preceding sentence) shall be deemed to have been paid in equal proportions with respect to all months in the year in which the employee will have been in the service of one or more employers for compensation or will have performed service for compensation as an employee representative, but this sentence shall not operate to increase the employee's compensation for any month above an amount equal to one-twelfth of the current maximum annual taxable 'wages' as defined in section 3121 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.". 26 USC 3121.

(c) The amendments made by this section shall become effective on January 1, 1985. Effective date. 45 USC 231b note.

TITLE II—REVENUE PROVISIONS

Railroad Retirement Revenue Act of 1983.

SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Railroad Retirement Revenue Act of 1983". 26 USC 1 note.

Subtitle A—Railroad Retirement Taxes

PART I—INCREASE IN TIER 2 TAXES FOR PERIOD BEGINNING JANUARY 1, 1984, AND ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1984

SEC. 211. INCREASE IN TIER 2 TAXES.

(a) EMPLOYEE TAX.—Subsection (a) of section 3201 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to tax on employees) is amended by striking out "2.0 percent" and inserting in lieu thereof "2.75 percent". *Post*, p. 420.

(b) EMPLOYER TAX.—Subsection (a) of section 3221 of such Code (relating to tax on employers) is amended by striking out "11.75 percent" and inserting in lieu thereof "12.75 percent". *Post*, p. 420.

(c) EMPLOYEE REPRESENTATIVE TAX.—Subsection (a) of section 3211 of such Code (relating to tax on employee representatives) is amended by striking out "11.75 percent" and inserting in lieu thereof "12.75 percent". *Post*, p. 421.

(d) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The last sentence of section 230(c) of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out "11.75 percent" and inserting in lieu thereof "12.75 percent". 42 USC 430.

SEC. 212. EFFECTIVE DATE.

The amendments made by this part shall apply to compensation paid for services rendered after December 31, 1983, and before January 1, 1985. 26 USC 3201 note.

PART II—OTHER CHANGES AFFECTING TIER 2 TAXES

SEC. 221. INCREASES IN TIER 2 EMPLOYEE TAX; ANNUALIZATION OF TAX BASE.

26 USC 3201.

Section 3201 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to rate of tax on employees) is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 3201. RATE OF TAX.

"(a) TIER 1 TAX.—In addition to other taxes, there is hereby imposed on the income of each employee a tax equal to the following percentage of the compensation received during any calendar year by such employee for services rendered by such employee:

"In the case of compensation received during:	The rate shall be:
1985	7.05
1986 or 1987	7.15
1988 or 1989	7.51
1990 or thereafter	7.65.

"(b) TIER 2 TAX.—In addition to other taxes, there is hereby imposed on the income of each employee a tax equal to the following percentage of the compensation received during any calendar year by such employee for services rendered by such employee:

"In the case of compensation received during:	The rate shall be:
1985	3.50
1986 or thereafter	4.25.

"(c) CROSS REFERENCE.—

"For application of different contribution bases with respect to the taxes imposed by subsections (a) and (b), see section 3231(e)(2)."

SEC. 222. INCREASES IN TIER 2 EMPLOYER TAX; ANNUALIZATION OF TAX BASE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subsections (a) and (b) of section 3221 of the 26 USC 3221. Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to rate of tax on employers) are amended to read as follows:

"(a) TIER 1 TAX.—In addition to other taxes, there is hereby imposed on every employer an excise tax, with respect to having individuals in his employ, equal to the following percentage of compensation paid during any calendar year by such employer for services rendered to such employer:

"In the case of compensation paid during:	The rate shall be:
1985	7.05
1986 or 1987	7.15
1988 or 1989	7.51
1990 or thereafter	7.65.

"(b) TIER 2 TAX.—In addition to other taxes, there is hereby imposed on every employer an excise tax, with respect to having individuals in his employ, equal to the following percentage of compensation paid during any calendar year by such employer for services rendered to such employer:

"In the case of compensation paid during:	The rate shall be:
1985	13.75
1986 or thereafter	14.75".

(b) CROSS REFERENCE.—Section 3221 of such Code is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(e) CROSS REFERENCE.—

"For application of different contribution bases with respect to the taxes imposed by subsections (a) and (b), see section 3231(e)(2)."

SEC. 223. INCREASES IN TIER 2 EMPLOYEE REPRESENTATIVE TAX; ANNUALIZATION OF TAX BASE.

Subsection (a) of section 3211 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to tax on employee representatives) is amended to read as follows: 26 USC 3211.

"(a) IMPOSITION OF TAXES.—

"(1) TIER 1 TAX.—In addition to other taxes, there is hereby imposed on the income of each employee representative a tax equal to the following percentage of the compensation received during any calendar year by such employee representative for services rendered by such employee representative:

"In the case of compensation received during:	The rate shall be:
1985	14.10
1986 or 1987	14.30
1988 or 1989	15.02
1990 or thereafter	15.30.

"(2) TIER 2 TAX.—In addition to other taxes, there is hereby imposed on the income of each employee representative a tax equal to the following percentage of the compensation received during any calendar year by such employee representatives for services rendered by such employee representative:

"In the case of compensation received during:	The rate shall be:
1985	13.75
1986 or thereafter	14.75.

"(3) CROSS REFERENCE.—

"For application of different contribution bases with respect to the taxes imposed by paragraphs (1) and (2), see section 3231(e)(2)."

SEC. 224. TAXATION OF RAILROAD RETIREMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN TIER 1 BENEFITS.

(a) PENSION BENEFITS (OTHER THAN TIER 1 BENEFITS) TAXED AS BENEFITS RECEIVED UNDER EMPLOYER PLANS.—Section 72 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to annuities; certain proceeds of endowment and life insurance contracts) is amended by redesignating subsection (r) as subsection (s) and by inserting after subsection (q) the following new subsection: 96 Stat. 546. 26 USC 72.

"(r) CERTAIN RAILROAD RETIREMENT BENEFITS TREATED AS RECEIVED UNDER EMPLOYER PLANS.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any benefit provided under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 (other than a tier 1 railroad retirement benefit) shall be treated for purposes of this title as a benefit provided under an employer plan which meets the requirements of section 401(a). 45 USC 231t. 45 USC 352.

"(2) TIER 2 TAXES TREATED AS CONTRIBUTIONS.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of paragraph (1)—

"(i) the tier 2 portion of the tax imposed by section 3201 (relating to tax on employees) shall be treated as an employee contribution, *Ante*, p. 420.

"(ii) the tier 2 portion of the tax imposed by section 3211 (relating to tax on employee representatives) shall be treated as an employee contribution, and *Supra.*

"(iii) the tier 2 portion of the tax imposed by section 3221 (relating to tax on employers) shall be treated as an employer contribution.

Ante, p. 420.

"(B) TIER 2 PORTION.—For purposes of subparagraph (A)—

"(i) AFTER 1984.—With respect to compensation paid after 1984, the tier 2 portion shall be the taxes imposed by sections 3201(b), 3211(a)(2), and 3221(b).

Ante, pp. 420, 421.

"(ii) AFTER SEPTEMBER 30, 1981, AND BEFORE 1985.—With respect to compensation paid before 1985 for services rendered after September 30, 1981, the tier 2 portion shall be—

"(I) so much of the tax imposed by section 3201 as is determined at the 2 percent rate, and

"(II) so much of the taxes imposed by sections 3211 and 3221 as is determined at the 11.75 percent rate.

With respect to compensation paid for services rendered after December 31, 1983, and before 1985, subclause (I) shall be applied by substituting '2.75 percent' for '2 percent', and subclause (II) shall be applied by substituting '12.75 percent' for '11.75 percent'.

"(iii) BEFORE OCTOBER 1, 1981.—With respect to compensation paid for services rendered during any period before October 1, 1981, the tier 2 portion shall be the excess (if any) of—

"(I) the tax imposed for such period by section 3201, 3211, or 3221, as the case may be (other than any tax imposed with respect to man-hours), over

"(II) the tax which would have been imposed by such section for such period had the rates of the comparable taxes imposed by chapter 21 for such period applied under such section.

26 USC 3101 *et seq.*

"(C) CONTRIBUTIONS NOT ALLOCABLE TO SUPPLEMENTAL ANNUITY OR WINDFALL BENEFITS.—For purposes of paragraph (1), no amount treated as an employee contribution under this paragraph shall be allocated to—

"(i) any supplemental annuity paid under section 2(b) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974, or

45 USC 231a.

"(ii) any benefit paid under section 3(h), 4(e), or 4(h) of such Act.

45 USC 231b, 231c.

"(3) TIER 1 RAILROAD RETIREMENT BENEFIT.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the term 'tier 1 railroad retirement benefit' has the meaning given such term by section 86(d)(4)."

Ante, p. 80.

(b) INFORMATION REPORTING.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Subpart B of part III of subchapter A of chapter 61 of such Code (relating to information concerning transactions with other persons) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

26 USC 6050G.

"SEC. 6050G. RETURNS RELATING TO CERTAIN RAILROAD RETIREMENT BENEFITS.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Railroad Retirement Board shall make a return, according to the forms and regulations prescribed by the Secretary, setting forth—

"(1) the aggregate amount of benefits paid under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 (other than tier 1 railroad retirement

45 USC 231t.

benefits, as defined in section 86(d)(4)) to any individual during any calendar year, *Ante*, p. 80.

"(2) the employee contributions (to the extent not previously taken into account under section 72(d)(1)) which are treated as having been paid for purposes of section 72(r), 26 USC 72. *Ante*, p. 421.

"(3) the name and address of such individual, and

"(4) such other information as the Secretary may require.

"(b) STATEMENTS TO BE FURNISHED TO INDIVIDUALS WITH RESPECT TO WHOM INFORMATION IS FURNISHED.—The Railroad Retirement Board shall furnish to each individual whose name is set forth in the return under subsection (a) a written statement showing—

"(1) the aggregate amount of payments to such individual, and of employee contributions with respect thereto, as shown on such return, and

"(2) such other information as the Secretary may require.

The written statement required under the preceding sentence shall be furnished to the individual on or before January 31 of the year following the calendar year for which the return under subsection (a) was made."

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for such subpart B is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"Sec. 6050G. Returns relating to certain railroad retirement benefits."

(c) SECTION 72(r) REVENUE INCREASE TRANSFERRED TO CERTAIN RAILROAD ACCOUNTS.— *Ante*, p. 421.

(1) IN GENERAL.—

(A) TRANSFERS TO RAILROAD RETIREMENT ACCOUNT.—There are hereby appropriated to the Railroad Retirement Account amounts equivalent to the aggregate increase in tax liabilities under chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 which is attributable to the application of section 72(r) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (as added by this Act) with respect to benefits received before October 1, 1988. The aggregate amount appropriated under the preceding sentence to the extent attributable to benefits other than windfall benefits shall not exceed $877,000,000. 45 USC 231n note. 26 USC 1 *et seq.*

(B) REVENUE INCREASES ATTRIBUTABLE TO WINDFALL BENEFITS RECEIVED AFTER SEPTEMBER 30, 1988, TRANSFERRED TO DUAL BENEFITS PAYMENTS ACCOUNT.—There are hereby appropriated to the Dual Benefits Payments Account amounts equivalent to the aggregate increase in tax liabilities under chapter 1 of such Code which is attributable to the application of section 72(r) of such Code (as added by this Act) with respect to windfall benefits received after September 30, 1988.

(C) WINDFALL BENEFITS DEFINED.—For purposes of this paragraph, the term "windfall benefits" means any benefit paid under section 3(h), 4(e), or 4(h) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974. 45 USC 231b, 231c.

(2) TRANSFERS.—The amounts appropriated by paragraph (1) shall be transferred from time to time (but not less frequently than quarterly) from the general fund of the Treasury on the basis of estimates made by the Secretary of the Treasury of the amounts referred to in paragraph (1). Any such quarterly payment shall be made on the first day of such quarter and shall take into account benefits estimated to be received during such

quarter. Proper adjustments shall be made in the amounts subsequently transferred to the extent prior estimates were in excess of or less than the amounts required to be transferred.

(3) REVENUE INCREASES FROM TAX ON SUPPLEMENTAL ANNUITIES NOT INCLUDED.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply to tax liabilities attributable to supplemental annuities paid under section 2(b) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974.

45 USC 231a.

(d) OVERALL MINIMUM BENEFIT TREATED AS TIER 1 BENEFIT.—Paragraph (4) of section 86(d) of such Code (defining tier 1 railroad retirement benefit) is amended by inserting "3(f)(3)," after "3(a),".

Ante, p. 80.

SEC. 225. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.

(a) AMENDMENTS RELATING TO APPLICATION OF CONTRIBUTION BASE ON AN ANNUAL BASIS.—

(1) Paragraph (2) of section 3231(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (defining compensation) is amended to read as follows:

26 USC 3231.

"(2) APPLICATION OF CONTRIBUTION BASES.—

"(A) COMPENSATION IN EXCESS OF APPLICABLE BASE EXCLUDED.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—The term 'compensation' does not include that part of remuneration paid during any calendar year to an individual by an employer after remuneration equal to the applicable base has been paid during such calendar year to such individual by such employer for services rendered as an employee to such employer.

"(ii) REMUNERATION NOT TREATED AS COMPENSATION EXCLUDED.—There shall not be taken into account under clause (i) remuneration which (without regard to clause (i)) is not treated as compensation under this subsection.

"(B) APPLICABLE BASE.—

"(i) TIER 1 TAXES.—Except as provided in clause (ii), the term 'applicable base' means for any calendar year the contribution and benefit base determined under section 230 of the Social Security Act for such calendar year.

42 USC 430.

"(ii) TIER 2 TAXES, ETC.—For purposes of—

"(I) the taxes imposed by sections 3201(b), 3211(a)(2), and 3221(b), and

Ante, pp. 420, 421.

"(II) computing average monthly compensation under section 3(j) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 (except with respect to annuity amounts determined under subsection (a) or (f)(3) of section 3 of such Act),

45 USC 231b.

clause (2) of the first sentence, and the second sentence, of subsection (c) of section 230 of the Social Security Act shall be disregarded.

42 USC 430.

"(C) SUCCESSOR EMPLOYERS.—For purposes of this paragraph, the second sentence of section 3121(a)(1) (relating to successor employers) shall apply, except that—

26 USC 3121.

"(i) the term 'services' shall be substituted for 'employment' each place it appears,

"(ii) the term 'compensation' shall be substituted for 'remuneration (other than remuneration referred to in

the succeeding paragraphs of this subsection)' each place it appears, and

"(iii) the terms 'employer', 'services', and 'compensation' shall have the meanings given such terms by this section."

(2) Subsection (a) of section 3202 of such Code is amended by striking out the second sentence. 26 USC 3202.

(3) Paragraph (1) of section 3231(e) of such Code is amended by striking out the fourth and fifth sentences. 26 USC 3231.

(4) The last sentence of section 230(c) of the Social Security Act is hereby repealed. 42 USC 430.

(b) CONCURRENT EMPLOYMENT BY 2 OR MORE EMPLOYERS.—Section 3231 of such Code is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection: 26 USC 3231.

"(i) CONCURRENT EMPLOYMENT BY 2 OR MORE EMPLOYERS.—For purposes of this chapter, if 2 or more related corporations which are employers concurrently employ the same individual and compensate such individual through a common paymaster which is 1 of such corporations, each such corporation shall be considered to have paid as remuneration to such individual only the amounts actually disbursed by it to such individual and shall not be considered to have paid as remuneration to such individual amounts actually disbursed to such individual by another of such corporations."

(c) OTHER TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—

(1) The following provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 are each amended by striking out "tax imposed by section 3201" and inserting in lieu thereof "taxes imposed by section 3201": 26 USC 1 *et seq.*

(A) Section 3202(a), *Supra.*

(B) Paragraphs (2) and (4) of section 3202(c), and

(C) Paragraph (3) of section 3231(e). 26 USC 3231.

(2) Subsection (a) of section 3202 of such Code is amended by striking out "the amount of the tax" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "the amount of the taxes", and by striking out "such tax" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "such taxes". *Supra.*

(3) Paragraph (2) of section 3202(c) of such Code is amended by striking out "the tax under paragraph (1)" and inserting in lieu thereof "the taxes under paragraph (1)". 26 USC 3202.

(4) Paragraph (4) of section 3202(c) of such Code is amended by striking out "such tax" and inserting in lieu thereof "such taxes".

(5) Paragraphs (2) and (4) of section 3202(c) of such Code are each amended by striking out "exceeds" and inserting in lieu thereof "exceed".

(6) Paragraph (3) of section 3231(e) of such Code is amended by striking out "such tax" and inserting in lieu thereof "such taxes". 26 USC 3231.

(7) Subparagraph (A) of section 3231(e)(4) of such Code is amended by striking out "3201(b) and 3221(b) (and so much of section 3211(a) as relates to the rates of the taxes imposed by sections 3101 and 3111)" and inserting in lieu thereof "3201(a), 3211(a)(1), and 3221(a)".

(8) Subsection (h) of section 3231 of such Code is amended—

(A) by striking out "tax imposed under section 3201" and inserting in lieu thereof "taxes imposed by section 3201", and

(B) by striking out all that follows "received" and inserting in lieu thereof a period.

SEC. 226. DEPOSITARY SCHEDULES.

26 USC 6302 note.

Effective on and after January 1, 1984, the times for making payments prescribed under section 6302 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 with respect to the taxes imposed by chapter 22 of such Code shall be the same as the times prescribed under such section which apply to the taxes imposed by chapters 21 and 24 of such Code.

26 USC 6302. 26 USC 3201 *et seq.* 26 USC 3101 *et seq.*, 3401 *et seq.*

SEC. 227. EFFECTIVE DATES.

26 USC 3201 note.

(a) SECTIONS 221, 222, 223, AND 225.—The amendments made by sections 221, 222, 223, and 225 shall apply to remuneration paid after December 31, 1984.

26 USC 72 note.

(b) SECTION 224.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the amendments made by section 224 shall apply to benefits received after December 31, 1983, in taxable years ending after such date.

(2) TREATMENT OF CERTAIN LUMP-SUM PAYMENTS RECEIVED AFTER DECEMBER 31, 1983.—The amendments made by section 224 shall not apply to any portion of a lump-sum payment received after December 31, 1983, if the generally applicable payment date for such portion was before January 1, 1984.

(3) NO FRESH START.—For purposes of determining whether any benefit received after December 31, 1983, is includible in gross income by reason of section 72(r) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as added by this Act, the amendments made by section 224 be treated as having been in effect during all periods before 1984.

Ante, p. 421.

26 USC 6302 note.

(c) SECTION 226.—Section 226 shall take effect on January 1, 1984.

Subtitle B—Railroad Unemployment Insurance Provisions

PART I—RAILROAD UNEMPLOYMENT REPAYMENT TAX

SEC. 231. IMPOSITION OF TAX ON RAIL WAGES TO REPAY LOANS TO RAILROAD UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE SYSTEM.

(a) GENERAL RULE.—Subtitle C of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to employment taxes) is amended by inserting after chapter 23 the following new chapter:

"CHAPTER 23A—RAILROAD UNEMPLOYMENT REPAYMENT TAX

"Sec. 3321. Imposition of tax.
"Sec. 3322. Taxable period.
"Sec. 3323. Other definitions.

26 USC 3321.

"SEC. 3321. IMPOSITION OF TAX.

"(a) GENERAL RULE.—There is hereby imposed on every rail employer for each taxable period an excise tax, with respect to having

individuals in his employ, equal to the applicable percentage of the total rail wages paid by him during the taxable period.

"(b) TAX ON EMPLOYEE REPRESENTATIVES.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—There is hereby imposed on the income of each employee representative a tax equal to the applicable percentage of the rail wages paid to him during the taxable period.

"(2) DETERMINATION OF WAGES.—The rail wages of an employee representative for purposes of paragraph (1) shall be determined in the same manner and with the same effect as if the employee organization by which such employee representative is employed were a rail employer.

"(c) RATE OF TAX.—For purposes of this section—

"(1) FOR TAXABLE PERIOD JULY 1 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 1986.—The applicable percentage for the taxable period beginning on July 1, 1986, and ending on December 31, 1986, shall be 2 percent.

"(2) SUBSEQUENT TAXABLE PERIODS.—The applicable percentage for any taxable period beginning after 1986 shall be the sum of—

"(A) 2 percent, plus

"(B) 0.3 percent for each preceding taxable period.

In no event shall the applicable percentage exceed 5 percent.

"SEC. 3322. TAXABLE PERIOD. 26 USC 3322.

"(a) GENERAL RULE.—For purposes of this chapter, except as provided in subsection (b), the term 'taxable period' means—

"(1) the period beginning on July 1, 1986, and ending on December 31, 1986,

"(2) each calendar year after 1986 and before 1990, and

"(3) the period beginning on January 1, 1990, and ending on September 30, 1990.

"(b) EARLIER TERMINATION IF LOANS TO RAIL UNEMPLOYMENT FUND REPAID.—The tax imposed by this chapter shall not apply to any rail wages paid on or after the first January 1 after 1986 as of which there is—

"(1) no balance of transfers to the railroad unemployment insurance account under section 10(d) of the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act, and 45 USC 360.

"(2) no unpaid interest on such transfers.

"SEC. 3323. OTHER DEFINITIONS. 26 USC 3323.

"(a) RAIL EMPLOYER.—For purposes of this chapter, the term 'rail employer' means any person who is an employer as defined in section 1 of the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act. 45 USC 351.

"(b) RAIL WAGES.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of this chapter, the term 'rail wages' means wages as defined in section 3306(b) with the modifications specified in paragraph (2). 26 USC 3306.

"(2) MODIFICATIONS.—In applying subsection (b) of section 3306 for purposes of paragraph (1)—

"(A) ONLY RAILROAD EMPLOYMENT TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT.—Such subsection (b) shall be applied—

"(i) by substituting 'rail employment' for 'employment' each place it appears, and

"(ii) by substituting 'rail employer' for 'employer' each place it appears.

"(B) WAGE BASE FOR FIRST TAXABLE PERIOD.—In the case of the taxable period beginning on July 1, 1986, and ending on December 31, 1986, such subsection (b) shall be applied by substituting '$3,500' for '$7,000' each place it appears in paragraph (1) thereof.

"(C) WAGE BASE FOR LAST TAXABLE PERIOD.—In the case of the taxable period beginning on January 1, 1990, and ending on September 30, 1990, such subsection (b) shall be applied by substituting '$5,250' for '$7,000' each place it appears in paragraph (1) thereof.

"(c) RAIL EMPLOYMENT.—For purposes of this chapter, the term 'rail employment' means services performed by an individual as a rail employee or employee representative.

"(d) RAIL EMPLOYEE AND EMPLOYEE REPRESENTATIVE.—For purposes of this chapter—

"(1) RAIL EMPLOYEE.—The term 'rail employee' means any person who is an employee as defined in section 1 of the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act.

45 USC 351.

"(2) EMPLOYEE REPRESENTATIVE.—The term 'employee representative' has the meaning given such term by section 1 of the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act.

"(e) CONCURRENT EMPLOYMENT BY 2 OR MORE RAIL EMPLOYERS.—For purposes of this chapter, if 2 or more related corporations which are rail employers concurrently employ the same individual and compensate such individual through a common paymaster which is 1 of such corporations, each such corporation shall be considered to have paid as remuneration to such individual only the amounts actually disbursed by it to such individual and shall not be considered to have paid as remuneration to such individual amounts actually disbursed to such individual by another of such corporations.

"(f) CERTAIN RULES MADE APPLICABLE.—For purposes of this chapter, rules similar to the rules of sections 3307 and 3308 shall apply."

26 USC 3307, 3308.

(b) QUARTERLY PAYMENT OF TAX.—

26 USC 6157.

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 6157 of such Code (relating to payment of Federal unemployment tax on quarterly or other time period basis) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(d) QUARTERLY PAYMENT OF RAILROAD UNEMPLOYMENT REPAYMENT TAX.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Every rail employer shall compute the tax imposed by section 3321 for each calendar quarter in any taxable period in the manner provided in paragraph (2). The tax so computed shall, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (3), be paid in such manner and at such time as may be provided in regulations prescribed by the Secretary.

Ante, p. 426.

"(2) COMPUTATION OF TAX.—The tax for any calendar quarter shall be computed by multiplying the aggregate amount of rail wages paid in such calendar quarter by the applicable percentage determined under section 3321(c).

"(3) EXCEPTIONS.—No payment shall be required under this subsection—

"(A) for the last calendar quarter in any taxable period, and

"(B) for any calendar quarter if the tax under section 3321 for such quarter, plus any unpaid amounts for prior

calendar quarters in the taxable period, does not exceed $100.

"(4) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this subsection, the terms 'taxable period', 'rail employer', and 'rail wages' have the same respective meanings as when used in chapter 23A." *Ante*, p. 426.

(2) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—

(A) Paragraph (2) of section 6201(b) of such Code (relating to amount not to be assessed) is amended by striking out "Federal unemployment tax" and inserting in lieu thereof "Federal unemployment tax or tax imposed by section 3321". 26 USC 6201. *Ante*, p. 426.

(B) Section 6317 of such Code (relating to payments of Federal unemployment tax for calendar quarter) is amended— 26 USC 6317.

(i) by striking out "Federal unemployment tax" and inserting in lieu thereof "Federal unemployment tax or tax imposed by section 3321", and

(ii) by striking out "chapter 23" and inserting in lieu thereof "chapter 23 and 23A, as the case may be,".

(C) Subsection (e) of section 6513 of such Code (relating to payments of Federal unemployment tax) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Notwithstanding subsection (a), for purposes of section 6511, any payment of tax imposed by chapter 23A which, pursuant to section 6157, is made for a calendar quarter within a taxable period shall, if made before the last day prescribed for filing the return for the taxable period (determined without regard to any extension of time for filing), be considered made on such last day." 26 USC 6513. 26 USC 6511; *ante*, p. 426. 26 USC 6157.

(D) Subsection (i) of section 6601 of such Code is amended by striking out "3301" and inserting in lieu thereof "3301 or 3321". 26 USC 6601.

(c) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of chapters for subtitle C of such Code is amended by inserting after the item relating to chapter 23 the following new item:

"CHAPTER 23A. Railroad Unemployment Repayment Tax."

(d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to remuneration paid after June 30, 1986. 26 USC 3321 note.

SEC. 232. TAX USED TO REPAY LOANS MADE TO RAILROAD UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACCOUNT. 45 USC 231n note.

(a) TRANSFER TO RAILROAD RETIREMENT ACCOUNT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall transfer from the general fund of the Treasury to the Railroad Retirement Account an amount equal to the additional railroad unemployment taxes received in the Treasury.

(2) TAXES CREDITED AGAINST LOANS TO RAILROAD UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACCOUNT.—Any amount transferred under paragraph (1) shall be credited against, and operate to reduce, the outstanding balance of railroad unemployment loans.

(b) TRANSFERS MADE MONTHLY.—Transfers under subsection (a) shall be made at least monthly on the basis of estimates made by the Secretary of the Treasury of the amount of the additional railroad unemployment taxes received in the Treasury. Proper adjustments shall be made in the amount subsequently transferred to the extent

prior estimates were in excess of or were less than the amounts required to be transferred.

(c) TRANSFERS TO RAILROAD UNEMPLOYMENT FUND AFTER LOANS REPAID.—If—

(1) the amount which (but for this subsection) would be transferred to the Railroad Retirement Account under subsection (a), exceeds—

(2) the outstanding balance of railroad unemployment loans (as of the time of such transfer),

such transfer (to the extent it exceeds such outstanding balance) shall be made to the Railroad Unemployment Account.

(d) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section—

(1) ADDITIONAL RAILROAD UNEMPLOYMENT TAXES.—The term "additional railroad unemployment taxes" means the taxes imposed by chapter 23A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.

Ante, p. 426.

(2) RAILROAD UNEMPLOYMENT ACCOUNT.—The term "Railroad Unemployment Account" means the railroad unemployment insurance account in the unemployment trust fund established pursuant to section 904 of the Social Security Act.

42 USC 1104.

(3) RAILROAD UNEMPLOYMENT LOANS.—The term "railroad unemployment loans" means transfers under section 10(d) of the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act from the Railroad Retirement Account to the Railroad Unemployment Account. The outstanding balance of such loans shall include any interest required to be paid under such section 10(d).

45 USC 360.

PART II—TAXATION OF SICK PAY PAID UNDER RAILROAD UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT

SEC. 241. TAXATION OF SICK PAY PAID UNDER RAILROAD UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT.

(a) GENERAL RULE.—Section 105 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to amounts received under accident and health plans) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

26 USC 105.

"(i) SICK PAY UNDER RAILROAD UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, gross income includes benefits paid under section 2(a) of the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act for days of sickness; except to the extent such sickness (as determined in accordance with standards prescribed by the Railroad Retirement Board) is the result of on-the-job injury."

45 USC 352.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply to amounts received after December 31, 1983, in taxable years ending after such date.

26 USC 105 note.

TITLE III—BORROWING AUTHORITY ADJUSTMENTS

SEC. 301. (a) Section 7(c) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subdivision:

45 USC 231f.

"(4) After the end of each month beginning with the month of October 1983, the Board shall determine the net amount, if any, which if added to or subtracted from the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund, the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund, and the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund would, with respect to such month, place those Trust Funds, taken as a whole, in the same position in which they would have been if (A)

service as an employee after December 31, 1936, had been included in the term 'employment' as defined in the Social Security Act and in the Federal Insurance Contributions Act, and (B) this Act had not been enacted. If for any month the net amount so determined would be subtracted from those Trust Funds, the Board shall, within ten days after the end of such month, report such amount to the Secretary of the Treasury for transfer from the general fund to the Railroad Retirement Account. Any amount so reported shall further include interest (at an annual rate equal to the rate of interest borne by a special obligation issued to the Railroad Retirement Account in the month in which the transfer is made to the Account) payable from the close of the month for which the transfer is made until the date of transfer. The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to transfer to the Railroad Retirement Account from the general fund such amounts as, from time to time, may be determined by the Board pursuant to the provisions of this subdivision and reported by the Board for transfer. For such purpose the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to use as a public debt transaction the proceeds of the sale of any securities issued after the date of the enactment of this Act under section 3102 of title 31 of the United States Code, and the purpose for which securities may be issued under section 3102 of title 31 of the United States Code are extended to include such purpose. Each such transfer shall be made by the Secretary of the Treasury within five days after a report of the amount to be transferred is received. Not later than December 31 following the close of each fiscal year beginning with the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, the Board shall certify to the Secretary of the Treasury the total of all amounts transferred pursuant to the provisions of this subdivision for months in such fiscal year. Within ten days after a transfer, or transfers, pursuant to subdivision (2) for a particular fiscal year, the Board shall request the Secretary of the Treasury to retransfer from the Railroad Retirement Account to the general fund an amount equal to (A) the total of all amounts, exclusive of interest, transferred to such Account pursuant to the provisions of this subdivision for months in such fiscal year, plus (B) interest (at the rate determined in subdivision (3) for such fiscal year) payable with respect to each amount transferred for a month during such fiscal year from the close of the month for which the transfer of the amount was made until the date of retransfer of such amount. The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to retransfer from the Railroad Retirement Account to the general fund such amounts as, from time to time, may be determined by the Board pursuant to the provisions of the preceding sentence of this subdivision and reported by the Board for retransfer.".

42 USC 1305.
26 USC 3126.
Transfer of funds.
96 Stat. 938.

(b) Subsection (b) of section 15 of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended to read as follows:

45 USC 231n.

"(b) In addition to the amount appropriated in subsection (a) of this section, there is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Railroad Retirement Account for each fiscal year, beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, such amount as the Board determines to be necessary to meet (A) the additional costs, resulting from the crediting of military service under this Act, of benefits payable under section 2 of this Act, but only to the extent that such Account is not reimbursed for such costs under section 7(c)(2), (B) the additional administrative expenses resulting from the crediting of military service under this Act, and (C) any loss in interest to such

45 USC 231a.
45 USC 231f.

Account resulting from the payment of additional benefits based on military service credited under this Act: *Provided, however,* That, in determining the amount to be appropriated to the Railroad Retirement Account for any fiscal year pursuant to the provisions of this subsection, there shall not be considered any costs resulting from the crediting of military service under this Act for which appropriations to such Account have already been made pursuant to section 4(l) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1937. Any determination as to loss in interest to the Railroad Retirement Account pursuant to clause (C) of the first sentence of this subsection shall take into account interest from the date each annuity based, in part, on military service began to accrue or was increased to the date or dates on which the amount appropriated is credited to the Account. The cost resulting from the payment of additional benefits under this Act based on military service determined pursuant to the preceding provisions of this subsection shall be adjusted by applying thereto the ratio of the total net level cost of all benefits under this Act to the portion of such net level cost remaining after the exclusion of administrative expenses and interest charges on the unfunded accrued liability as determined under the last completed actuarial valuation pursuant to the provisions of subsection (g) of this section. At the close of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, and each fiscal year thereafter, the Board shall, as promptly as practicable, determine the amount to be appropriated to the Account pursuant to the provisions of this subsection, and shall certify such amount to the Secretary of the Treasury for transfer from the general fund in the Treasury to the Railroad Retirement Account. When authorized by an appropriation Act, the Secretary of the Treasury shall transfer to the Railroad Retirement Account from the general fund in the Treasury such amounts as, from time to time, may be determined by the Board pursuant to the provisions of this subsection and certified by the Board for transfer to such Account. In any determination made pursuant to section 7(c)(2) of this Act, no further charges shall be made against the Trust Funds established by title II of the Social Security Act for military service rendered before January 1, 1957, and with respect to which appropriations authorized by clause (2) of the first sentence of section 4(l) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1937 shall have been credited to the Railroad Retirement Account, but the additional benefit payments incurred by such Trust Funds by reason of such military service shall be taken in account in making any such determination.".

45 USC 231c.

Transfer of funds.

45 USC 231f.
42 USC 401.

45 USC 231c.

Effective dates.
45 USC 231f note.

(c)(1) The amendment made by subsection (a) of this section shall be effective on October 1, 1983.

45 USC 231n note.

(2) The amendments made by subsection (b) of this section shall be effective on the date immediately following the day in June 1984 when the total amount of money outstanding to the Railroad Retirement Account under section 15(b)(2) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is retransferred to the general fund under that section.

Ante, p. 431.

SEC. 302. Subsection (d) of section 10 of the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "No transfer shall be made under this subsection from the Railroad Retirement Account after September 30, 1985, and no such transfer shall be made on or before September 30, 1985, for purposes of paying benefits and refunds due after such date.".

45 USC 360.

TITLE IV—OTHER BENEFIT-RELATED AMENDMENTS

SEC. 401. (a) Section 15(d) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended— 45 USC 231n.

(1) by inserting "(1)" after "(d)";

(2) by striking out "one-twelfth of the amount which the Board has determined will be the amount of the appropriation to be made to the Dual Benefits Payments Account under the applicable public law making such appropriation for such fiscal year, and the Secretary of the Treasury shall make such transfer." from the third sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "the amount that the Board estimates will be necessary to pay on the first day of the next succeeding month the annuity amounts under sections 3(h), 4(e), and 4(h) of this Act and under sections 204(a)(3), 204(a)(4), 206(3), and 207(3) of Public Law 93-445, taking into account any reduction in such annuity amounts as determined under section 7(c)(1) of this Act, and the Secretary of the Treasury shall make such transfer, but at no time shall the total amount of money outstanding to the Dual Benefits Payments Account from the Railroad Retirement Account exceed the amount necessary to pay the annuity amounts under sections 3(h), 4(e), and 4(h) of this Act and sections 204(a)(3), 204(a)(4), 206(3), and 207(3) of Public Law 93-445 for one month.";

45 USC 231b, 231c.
45 USC 231 note.
45 USC 231f.

(3) in the fourth sentence, by inserting "or during" after "prior to"; and

(4) by adding at the end the following new subdivisions:

"(2) The Secretary of the Treasury— Loans.

"(i) shall transfer from the general fund as a loan to the Board on January 1, 1984, one-third of the special amount described in subdivision (3) of this subsection;

"(ii) shall transfer from the general fund as a loan to the Board on January 1, 1985, one-third of the special amount described in subdivision (3) of this subsection, plus an amount equal to the interest that one-third would have earned had it been in the Railroad Retirement Account since January 1, 1984; and

"(iii) shall transfer from the general fund as a loan to the Board on January 1, 1986, the final one-third of the special amount described in subdivision (3) of this subsection, plus an amount equal to the interest that one-third would have earned had it been in the Railroad Retirement Account since January 1, 1984.

"(3) The special amount referred to in subdivision (2) of this subsection is the amount which, as of January 1, 1984, would place the Railroad Retirement Account in the same position it would have been on that date if no annuity amounts had been paid during the period beginning January 1, 1975 and ending September 30, 1981, under sections 3(h), 4(e), and 4(h) of this Act and under sections 204(a)(3), 204(a)(4), 206(3), and 207(3) of Public Law 93-445, and no sums had been appropriated as authorized in section 15(d) of this Act.

"(4) For the purposes of subdivision (2) of this subsection, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to use as a public debt transaction the proceeds of the sale of any securities issued after the date of the enactment of the Railroad Retirement Solvency Act of 1983 under section 3102 of title 31 of the United States Code and the

Ante, p. 411.
96 Stat. 938.

purposes for which securities may be so issued are extended to include such purposes.

"(5) The amounts transferred to the Board as loans under subdivision (2) of this subsection shall be deposited in the Railroad Retirement Account.

"(6) The amounts transferred as loans under subdivision (2) of this subsection shall be repaid to the general fund to the extent sums are appropriated for that purpose, and there are hereby authorized to be appropriated, in addition to any other sums authorized to be appropriated for the purposes of this Act and from any sums in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, such sums as may be necessary to make such repayments.".

Effective date.
45 USC 231n note.

(b) The amendments made by this section shall be effective upon enactment.

45 USC 231.

SEC. 402. (a) Section 1(h)(6) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended—

(1) by striking out paragraph (ii); and

(2) by redesignating paragraphs (iii), (iv), (v), (vi), and (vii) thereof as (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), and (vi), respectively.

45 USC 351.

(b) Section 1(j) of the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act is amended by striking out "(i)" and all that follows through "(ii)".

45 USC 231 note.

(c) The amendments made by this section shall apply to compensation paid for services rendered after June 30, 1983.

45 USC 231.

SEC. 403. (a) Section 1(h) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subdivision:

"(7) The term 'compensation' includes any separation allowance or subsistence allowance paid under any benefit schedule provided under section 701 of title VII of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 and any termination allowance paid under section 702 of that Act, but does not include any other benefits payable under that title. The total amount of any subsistence allowance paid under a benefit schedule provided pursuant to section 701 of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 shall be considered as having been earned in the month in which the employee first timely filed a claim for such an allowance.".

45 USC 797.
45 USC 797a.

45 USC 351.

(b) Section 1(i) of the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act is amended by inserting after the first sentence thereof the following new sentence: "Solely for the purpose of determining the compensation received by an employee in a base year, the term 'compensation' shall include any separation allowance or subsistence allowance paid under any benefit schedule provided under section 701 of title VII of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 and any termination allowance paid under section 702 of that Act, but does not include any other benefits payable under that title. The total amount of any subsistence allowance payable under a benefit schedule provided pursuant to section 701 of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 shall be considered as being compensation in the month in which the employee first timely filed a claim for such an allowance.".

45 USC 797.
45 USC 797a.

Effective date.
45 USC 231 note.

(c) The amendments made by this section shall be effective August 13, 1981.

45 USC 231b.

SEC. 404. Section 3(f)(1) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended—

(1) by inserting after "of an individual shall" in the second sentence the following "except as provided in the following sentence"; and

(2) by inserting after the second sentence the following: "If the individual's 'average monthly compensation' is determined under subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of this section, the 'final average monthly compensation' for such individual shall be the average of the compensation for the 24 months in which the compensation determined for the purpose of subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of this section is the highest.".

(c) The amendments made by this section shall be effective October 1, 1983, and shall apply with respect to annuities awarded on or after that date. Effective date. 45 USC 231b note.

SEC. 405. (a) Section 3(f)(3) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended— 45 USC 231b.

(1) by inserting "and divorced wife" after "spouse" the first place it appears in the first sentence thereof; and

(2) by striking out "such annuity or annuities" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "the annuities of the individual and spouse".

(b) The amendments made by this section shall be effective October 1, 1981. Effective date. 45 USC 231b note.

SEC. 406. (a) Section 4(g)(4) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended by striking out "(e)(3)" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "(e)". 45 USC 231c.

(b) The amendments made by this section shall be effective October 1, 1981. Effective date. 45 USC 231c note.

SEC. 407. (a) Section 4(i) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subdivision: 45 USC 231c.

"(3) The annuity of any survivor under subsection (f) of this section shall be reduced, but not below zero, by the amount of any insurance benefit (before any deduction on account of work) payable to such survivor under title II of the Social Security Act, unless in computing the amount under subsection (f) a reduction was made for such insurance benefit pursuant to section 202(k) of the Social Security Act.". 42 USC 401. 42 USC 402.

(b) The amendment made by this section shall be effective with respect to annuities awarded on and after the date of enactment. Effective date. 45 USC 231c note.

SEC. 408. Section 6(b)(1) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "No lump sum shall be payable under this subdivision if the employee died leaving a surviving divorced wife who would on proper application therefore be entitled to receive an annuity under section 2(d) of this Act for the month in which the employee's death occurred.". 45 USC 231e. Lump sum restriction. 45 USC 231a.

SEC. 409. (a) Section 2(c)(2) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended by striking the period and inserting in lieu thereof the following: ", except that the annuity of a divorced wife who was previously entitled to a spouse annuity which was reduced under this subdivision shall be reduced by the same percentage as was applicable to the spouse annuity.". 45 USC 231a.

(b) The amendment made by this section shall be effective with respect to divorced wife annuities awarded on and after the date of enactment. Effective date. 45 USC 231a note.

SEC. 410. (a) Section 1(h) (as amended by section 403 of this Act) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(8) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, for the purposes of sections 3(a)(1), 4(a)(1), and 4(f)(1), the term 'compensation' includes any payment from any source to an employee or 45 USC 231b, 231c.

employee representative if such payment is subject to tax under section 3201 or 3211 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.".

Ante, pp. 420, 421.

(b) The amendment made by this section shall apply with respect to payments made on or after January 1, 1982.

45 USC 231 note.

SEC. 411. (a)(1) The first proviso of subsection (k) of section 1 of the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act is amended by striking out "$1,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$1,500".

45 USC 351.

(2) Section 3 of such Act is amended by striking out "$1,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$1,500".

45 USC 353.

(3) Section 4(a-2)(i)(A) of such Act is amended by striking out "$1,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$1,500".

45 USC 354.

(b) The amendments made by this section shall apply to compensation paid for services rendered after December 31, 1983.

45 USC 351 note.

SEC. 412. (a) Subsection (a) of section 2 of the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act is amended by striking out "*Provided, however*" and all that follows down through the end of the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof: "*Provided, however,* That in any case in which the Board finds that his unemployment was due to a stoppage of work because of a strike in the establishment, premises, or enterprise at which he was last employed, no benefits shall be payable for the first fourteen days of unemployment due to such stoppage of work.".

45 USC 352.

(b) The amendment made by this section shall apply with respect to days of unemployment in registration periods beginning after December 31, 1983.

45 USC 352 note.

SEC. 413. (a) Section 2(d)(1)(iv) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended by inserting before the semicolon the following: ", but neither this proviso nor clause (B) or (C) of this paragraph shall operate to deny any parent an annuity to the extent and in the amount of the benefit that such parent would have received under the Social Security Act if the service as an employee of the individual, with respect to which such parent would be eligible to receive an annuity under this Act except for this proviso and those clauses, were included in 'employment' as defined in the Social Security Act".

45 USC 231a.

42 USC 1305.

(b) The amendment made by this section shall apply with respect to annuities that first begin to accrue with respect to any month beginning after the date of the enactment of this Act.

45 USC 231a note.

SEC. 414. (a) Section 2(h) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended—

45 USC 231a.

(1) by striking out "(h)(1) In" and all that follows through the end of paragraph (1); and

(2) by inserting "(h)" immediately before "(2)".

(b) The amendments made by this section shall apply with respect to months beginning after the date of the enactment of this Act.

45 USC 231a note.

SEC. 415. Section 2(c)(3) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended by striking out ", if, as of the day on which the application" and all that follows through "support of such wife or husband".

SEC. 416. Section 7 of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended by adding at the end the following:

45 USC 231f.

"(f) Whenever the Board submits or transmits any budget estimate, budget request, supplemental budget estimate, or other budget information, legislative recommendation, prepared testimony for congressional hearings, or comment on legislation to the President or to the Office of Management and Budget, it shall concurrently transmit a copy thereof to the Congress. No officer or

Budget submittal to Congress.

agency of the United States shall have any authority to require the Board to submit its budget requests or estimates, legislative recommendations, prepared testimony for congressional hearings, or comments on legislation to any officer or agency of the United States for approval, comments, or review, prior to the submission of such recommendations, testimony, or comments to the Congress.".

SEC. 417. (a) Section 15 of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection: 45 USC 231n.

"(i)(1) The Secretary of the Treasury shall implement procedures to permit the identification of each check issued for benefits under this Act that has not been presented for payment by the close of the sixth month following the month of its issuance. Check identification.

"(2) The Secretary of the Treasury shall, on a monthly basis, credit each account established in the Treasury for the payment of benefits under this Act for the proportionate amount of benefit checks (including interest thereon) drawn on each such Account more than six months previously but not presented for payment and not previously credited to such Account, to the extent provided in advance in appropriation Acts.

"(3) If a benefit check is presented for payment to the Treasury and the amount of the appropriate portion thereof has been previously credited pursuant to paragraph (2) to an Account or Accounts, the Secretary of the Treasury shall nevertheless pay such check, if otherwise proper, recharge such Account or Accounts for the amount of such check attributable to such Account or Accounts and notify the Board.

"(4) A benefit check bearing a current date may be issued to an individual who did not negotiate the original benefit check and who surrenders such check for cancellation if the Secretary of the Treasury determines it is necessary to effect proper payment of benefits."

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply with respect to all checks for benefits under this Act which are issued on or after May 1, 1985. 45 USC 231n note.

(c)(1) The Secretary of the Treasury shall transfer from the general fund of the Treasury to each Account established in the Treasury for the payment of benefits under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 in the month following the month in which this section is enacted and in each of the next succeeding months until May, 1985, such sums as may be necessary to reimburse such Accounts in the proportionate amount of all checks (including interest thereon) attributable to such Accounts which the Secretary and the Board jointly determine to be unnegotiated benefit checks, to the extent provided in advance in appropriation Acts. After any amounts authorized by this subsection have been transferred to an Account or Accounts with respect to any benefit check, the provisions of paragraphs (3) and (4) of section 15(i) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 (as added by subsection (a) of this section) shall be applicable to such check. Transfer of funds. 45 USC 231n note. 45 USC 231t.

(2) As used in paragraph (1) of this subsection, the term 'unnegotiated benefit checks' means checks for benefits under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 or under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1937 which are issued prior to May 1, 1985, which remain unnegotiated after the sixth month following the date on which they were issued, and with respect to which no transfers have previously been made in accordance with the first sentence of such paragraph. "Unnegotiated benefit checks." 45 USC 231t.

SEC. 418. The Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

"INSPECTOR GENERAL

45 USC 231v. "SEC. 23. For the purposes of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) the Railroad Retirement Board is an 'establishment' and the Chairman of the Railroad Retirement Board is the 'head of the establishment' with respect to such Board. For the purpose of 45 USC 231a. section 2 of such Act, the Railroad Retirement Board is one of 'such establishments'.".

45 USC 231m. SEC. 419. (a) Section 14 of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended—

(1) by striking out "Notwithstanding" and inserting in lieu thereof "(a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section 26 USC 1 *et seq.* and the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, notwithstanding";

(2) by striking out ": *Provided, however,* That the provisions of this" and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(b)(1) This"; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

"(2) This section shall not operate to prohibit the characterization or treatment of that portion of an annuity under this Act which is *Ante*, p. 411. not computed under section 3(a), 4(a), or 4(f) of this Act, or any portion of a supplemental annuity under this Act, as community property for the purposes of, or property subject to, distribution in accordance with a court decree of divorce, annulment, or legal separation or the terms of any court-approved property settlement incident to any such court decree. The Board shall make payments of such portions in accordance with any such characterization or treatment or any such decree or settlement.".

45 USC 231m note. (b) The amendments made by this section shall apply with respect to annuity amounts payable for months beginning after the date of the enactment of this Act.

TITLE V—OTHER AMENDMENTS

ESTABLISHMENT OF SOCIAL SECURITY EQUIVALENT BENEFIT ACCOUNT

SEC. 501. (a) The Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 is amended by inserting after section 15 the following new section:

"SOCIAL SECURITY EQUIVALENT BENEFIT ACCOUNT

45 USC 231n-1. "SEC. 15A. (a) There is hereby created an account in the Treasury of the United States to be known as the 'Social Security Equivalent Benefit Account'.

"(b) TRANSFERS, ETC., TO SOCIAL SECURITY EQUIVALENT BENEFIT ACCOUNT.—

"(1) NET TIER 1 TAXES, ETC.—There is hereby appropriated to the Social Security Equivalent Benefit Account for each fiscal year, beginning with the fiscal year beginning October 1, 1984, an amount equal to the sum of the following amounts:

"(A) NET TIER 1 TAXES.—Amounts covered into the Treasury (minus refunds) during such fiscal year under sections 3201(a), 3211(a)(1), and 3221(a) of the Railroad Retirement Tax Act. *Ante*, pp. 420, 421.

"(B) INCOME TAX LIABILITIES ATTRIBUTABLE TO TAXATION OF SOCIAL SECURITY EQUIVALENT BENEFITS.—The amount which (but for this section) would have been transferred to the Railroad Retirement Account under section 121(e) of the

Social Security Amendments of 1983 to the extent that the amount which would have been so transferred is attributable to taxation of social security equivalent benefits. *Ante*, p. 80.

Amounts appropriated to the Railroad Retirement Account shall be appropriately reduced to take into account the amounts appropriated under this paragraph to the Social Security Equivalent Benefit Account.

"(2) FINANCIAL INTERCHANGE AMOUNTS.—On and after October 1, 1984, any amount which (but for this section) would have been transferred to the Railroad Retirement Account pursuant to paragraph (2) or (4) of section 7(c) of this Act shall be transferred to the Social Security Equivalent Benefit Account. On and after October 1, 1984, no transfer shall be made to the Railroad Retirement Account pursuant to paragraph (2) or (4) of section 7(c) of this Act. *Ante*, p. 430.

"(3) CERTAIN CREDITED MILITARY SERVICE AMOUNTS.—To the extent that the authorization for appropriation contained in section 15(b) is attributable to the cost of social security equivalent benefits, on and after October 1, 1984, any reference in such section to the Railroad Retirement Account shall be treated as a reference to the Social Security Equivalent Benefit Account. *Ante*, p. 431.

"(4) TIME AND MANNER OF CREDITS AND TRANSFERS.—Amounts appropriated or transferred to the Social Security Equivalent Benefit Account under this section shall be credited or transferred to such Account at the same time and in the same manner as such amounts would have been credited or transferred to the Railroad Retirement Account but for this section.

"(c)(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, amounts in the Social Security Equivalent Benefit Account shall be available only for purposes of paying social security equivalent benefits under this Act and to provide for the administrative expenses of the Board allocable to social security equivalent benefits.

"(2) On and after October 1, 1984, any transfer which (but for this paragraph) would be required to be made from the Railroad Retirement Account under paragraph (2) or (4) of section 7(c) shall be made from the Social Security Equivalent Benefit Account.

"(d)(1) Whenever the Board finds that the balance in the Social Security Equivalent Benefit Account will be insufficient to pay social security equivalent benefits which it estimates are due in any month, it shall request the Secretary of the Treasury to transfer from the Railroad Retirement Account to the credit of the Social Security Equivalent Benefit Account such moneys as the Board estimates will be necessary for the payment of such benefits, and the Secretary shall make such transfer. Whenever later in such month there is a transfer to the Social Security Equivalent Benefit Account under paragraph (2) or (4) of section 7(c) of this Act, the amount so transferred shall be immediately retransferred to the Railroad Retirement Account. The amount retransferred under the preceding sentence shall not exceed the amount of any outstanding transfers under this paragraph from the Railroad Retirement Account plus such additional amounts determined by the Board to be equal to the loss of interest to the Railroad Retirement Account resulting from such outstanding transfers.

"(2) Whenever the Board determines that—

"(A) amounts in the Railroad Retirement Account will not be sufficient to pay the annuities which it estimates are due, or will become due, from such Account, and

"(B) the transfer under this paragraph will not jeopardize the present or future payment of social security equivalent benefits, the Board shall request the Secretary of the Treasury to transfer from the Social Security Equivalent Benefit Account to the Railroad Retirement Account such moneys as the Board estimates will be necessary for the payment of such annuities, and the Secretary shall make such transfer. No transfer under this paragraph shall be required to be repaid.

45 USC 231n.

"(e) The provisions of subsections (e), (f), and (g) of section 15 are hereby made applicable to the Social Security Equivalent Benefit Account.

"(f)(1) For purposes of making payments of social security equivalent benefits, references in the Act to the Railroad Retirement Account shall be treated as references to the Social Security Equivalent Benefit Account.

"Social security equivalent benefits."

"(2) For purposes of this section, the term 'social security equivalent benefits' means benefits payable under this Act which are of a kind taken into account in determining the amount of transfers made under section 7(c)(2) of this Act.".

45 USC 231f.

Effective date.
45 USC 231n-1 note.

(b)(1) The amendment made by this section shall take effect on October 1, 1984.

45 USC 231n-1 note.
Ante, pp. 420, 421.
Ante, p. 438.

(2)(A) The tier 1 portion of the tax imposed by section 3201, 3211, or 3221 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as the case may be, with respect to compensation paid before 1985 shall be treated as described in subparagraph (A) of section 15A(b)(1) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974.

(B) For purposes of subparagraph (A), the tier 1 portion of any tax is so much of such tax as is determined by reference to the rates of taxes imposed by chapter 21 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.

26 USC 3101 *et seq.*

STUDY

Report to Congress.
45 USC 231f-1.

SEC. 502. On or before July 1 of 1985, and of each calendar year thereafter, the Railroad Retirement Board shall submit to the Congress a report on the actuarial status of the railroad retirement system under various economic and employment assumptions. Such report shall include any recommendation for financing changes which might be advisable, including—

(1) any adjustment the Railroad Retirement Board recommends regarding the rates of taxes imposed by sections 3201(b), 3211(a)(2), and 3221(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, and

Ante, pp. 420, 421.

(2) if there are sufficient reserves in the Railroad Retirement Account, whether—

(A) the rates of such taxes should be reduced, or

(B) any part of the tax imposed by section 3221(b) of such Code should be diverted to the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Account to aid in the repayment of its debt to the Railroad Retirement Account.

INCREASE IN MONTHLY WAGE BASE

45 USC 358.

SEC. 503. (a)(1) Subsection (a) of section 8 of the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act is amended by striking out so much of such subsection as precedes the table contained therein and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"SEC. 8. (a) Every employer shall pay a contribution, with respect to having employees in his service, equal to the percentage deter-

mined as set forth below of so much of the compensation as is not in excess of $600 for any calendar month paid by him to any employee for any services rendered to him. If compensation is paid to an employee by more than one employer with respect to any such calendar month, the contributions required by this subsection shall not apply to more than $600 of the aggregate compensation paid to such employee by all such employers with respect to such calendar month, and each employer (other than a subordinate unit of a national railway-labor-organization employer) shall be liable for that portion of the contribution with respect to such compensation paid by all such employers which the compensation paid by him to such employee for services rendered during such month bears to the total compensation paid by all such employers to such employee for services rendered during such month. In the event that the compensation so paid by such employers to the employee for services rendered during such month is less than $600, each subordinate unit of a national railway-labor-organization employer shall be liable for such portion of any additional contribution as the compensation paid by such employer to such employee for services rendered during such month bears to the total compensation paid by all such employers to such employee for services rendered during such month:".

(2) Subsection (b) of section 8 of such Act is amended— 45 USC 358.

(A) by striking out "after December 1975", and

(B) by striking out "$400," and inserting in lieu thereof "$600,".

(b) The first sentence of subsection (i) of section 1 of such Act is amended by striking out "or in excess of $400 for any month after the month in which this Act was so amended" and inserting in lieu thereof "or in excess of $400 for any month after the month in which this Act was so amended and before January 1984, or in excess of $600 for any month after 1983". 45 USC 351.

(c) The amendments made by this section shall apply to compensation paid for services rendered after December 31, 1983. 45 USC 351 note.

RAILROAD UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION COMMITTEE

SEC. 504. (a) Representatives of railroad labor and railroad management shall jointly establish (and jointly appoint the members of) a committee to be known as the "Railroad Unemployment Compensation Committee" (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Committee"). 45 USC 362 note.

(b) The Committee shall consist of five members— Membership.

(1) two of whom shall be representatives of railroad labor,

(2) two of whom shall be representatives of railroad management, and

(3) one of whom shall be an individual who shall not be in the employment of or pecuniarily or otherwise interested in any employer (as defined in section 1 of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974) or any organization of employees (as defined in section 1 of such Act). 45 USC 231.

(c) The Committee shall review all aspects of the unemployment and sickness insurance systems provided by the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act including (but not limited to) a review of— Review.

(1) benefit levels,

(2) experience rating.

(3) debt repayment and interest on debt,

(4) waiting period for unemployment benefits and qualifying requirements, and

(5) alternatives to the railroad unemployment insurance system such as covering railroad employees under the Federal-State unemployment compensation system.

Report to Congress.

(d) Not later than April 1, 1984, the Committee shall submit a report to the Congress containing recommendations—

(1) with respect to the review conducted under subsection (c), and

(2) with respect to the repayment of funds which the railroad unemployment insurance system has borrowed from the Railroad Retirement Account.

Any recommendation submitted under paragraph (2) shall contain adjustments in contributions and benefits which will enable the railroad unemployment compensation system to repay all loans from the Railroad Retirement Account before December 31, 2000.

(e) The Railroad Retirement Board (and any other department, agency, or instrumentality of the Federal Government) is authorized to cooperate with, and assist, the Committee (at its request) in carrying out its duties by furnishing services, information, data, or other material which the Committee determines will be helpful in carrying out its duties.

Approved August 12, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 1646:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-30, Pt. 1 (Comm. on Energy and Commerce) and Pt. 2 (Comm. on Ways and Means).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):

Aug. 1, considered and passed House.

Aug. 2, considered and passed Senate.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 19, No. 32 (1983):

Aug. 12, Presidential statement.

Public Law 98-77
98th Congress

An Act

To establish an emergency program of job training assistance for unemployed Korean conflict and Vietnam-era veterans, and for other purposes.

Aug. 15, 1983
[H.R. 2355]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Emergency Veterans' Job Training Act of 1983.

SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION 1. This Act may be cited as the "Emergency Veterans' Job Training Act of 1983". 29 USC 1721 note.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
Sec. 2. Purpose.
Sec. 3. Definitions.
Sec. 4. Establishment of program.
Sec. 5. Eligibility for program; duration of assistance.
Sec. 6. Employer job training programs.
Sec. 7. Approval of employer programs.
Sec. 8. Payments to employers; overpayments.
Sec. 9. Entry into program of job training.
Sec. 10. Provision of training through educational institutions.
Sec. 11. Discontinuance of approval of participation in certain employer programs.
Sec. 12. Inspection of records; investigations.
Sec. 13. Coordination with other programs.
Sec. 14. Counseling.
Sec. 15. Information and outreach; use of agency resources.
Sec. 16. Authorization of appropriations.
Sec. 17. Termination of program.
Sec. 18. Expansion of targeted delimiting date extension.
Sec. 19. Effective date.

PURPOSE

SEC. 2. The purpose of this Act is to address the problem of severe and continuing unemployment among veterans by providing, in the form of payments to defray the costs of training, incentives to employers to hire and train certain wartime veterans who have been unemployed for long periods of time for stable and permanent positions that involve significant training. 29 USC 1721 note.

DEFINITIONS

SEC. 3. For the purposes of this Act: 29 USC 1721 note.

(1) The term "Administrator" means the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs.

(2) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Labor.

(3) The terms "veteran", "Korean conflict", "compensation", "service-connected", "active military, naval, or air service", "State", and "Vietnam era", have the meanings given such terms in paragraphs (2), (9), (13), (16), (20), (24), and (29), respectively, of section 101 of title 38, United States Code.

ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM

29 USC 1721 note.

SEC. 4. (a) The Administrator and, to the extent specifically provided by this Act, the Secretary shall carry out a program in accordance with this Act to assist eligible veterans in obtaining employment through training for employment in stable and permanent positions that involve significant training. The program shall be carried out through payments to employers who employ and train eligible veterans in such jobs in order to assist such employers in defraying the costs of necessary training.

(b) The Secretary shall carry out the Secretary's responsibilities under this Act through the Assistant Secretary of Labor for Veterans' Employment established under section 2002A of title 38, United States Code.

ELIGIBILITY FOR PROGRAM; DURATION OF ASSISTANCE

29 USC 1721 note.

SEC. 5. (a)(1) To be eligible for participation in a job training program under this Act, a veteran must be a Korean conflict or Vietnam-era veteran who—

(A) is unemployed at the time of applying for participation in a program under this Act; and

(B) has been unemployed for at least fifteen of the twenty weeks immediately preceding the date of such veteran's application for participation in a program under this Act.

"Korean conflict or Vietnam-era veteran."

(2) For purposes of paragraph (1), the term "Korean conflict or Vietnam-era veteran" means a veteran—

(A) who served in the active military, naval, or air service for a period of more than one hundred and eighty days, any part of which was during the Korean conflict or the Vietnam era; or

(B) who served in the active military, naval, or air service during the Korean conflict or the Vietnam era and—

(i) was discharged or released therefrom for a service-connected disability; or

(ii) is entitled to compensation (or but for the receipt of retirement pay would be entitled to compensation).

(3) For purposes of paragraph (1), a veteran shall be considered to be unemployed during any period the veteran is without a job and wants and is available for work.

Application for participation.

(b)(1) A veteran who desires to participate in a program of job training under this Act shall submit to the Administrator an application for participation in such a program. Such an application—

(A) shall include a certification by the veteran that the veteran is unemployed and meets the other criteria for eligibility prescribed by subsection (a); and

(B) shall be in such form and contain such additional information as the Administrator may prescribe.

(2)(A) Subject to subparagraph (B), the Administrator shall approve an application by a veteran for participation in a program of job training under this Act unless the Administrator finds that the veteran is not eligible to participate in a program of job training under this Act.

Limitation of participants.

(B) The Administrator may withhold approval of an application of a veteran under this Act if the Administrator determines that, because of limited funds available for the purpose of making payments to employers under this Act, it is necessary to limit the number of participants in programs under this Act.

(3)(A) The Administrator shall certify as eligible for participation under this Act a veteran whose application is approved under this subsection and shall furnish the veteran with a certificate of that veteran's eligibility for presentation to an employer offering a program of job training under this Act. Any such certificate shall expire 60 days after it is furnished to the veteran. The date on which a certificate is furnished to a veteran under this paragraph shall be stated on the certificate. Certification of eligibility.

(B) A certificate furnished under this paragraph may, upon the veteran's application, be renewed in accordance with the terms and conditions of subparagraph (A).

(c) The maximum period of training for which assistance may be provided on behalf of a veteran under this Act is— Maximum training period.

(1) fifteen months in the case of—

(A) a veteran with a service-connected disability rated at 30 percent or more; or

(B) a veteran with a service-connected disability rated at 10 percent or 20 percent who has been determined under section 1506 of title 38, United States Code, to have a serious employment handicap; and

(2) nine months in the case of any other veteran.

EMPLOYER JOB TRAINING PROGRAMS

SEC. 6. (a)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), in order to be approved as a program of job training under this Act, a program of job training of an employer approved under section 7 must provide training for a period of not less than six months in an occupation in a growth industry, in an occupation requiring the use of new technological skills, or in an occupation for which demand for labor exceeds supply. Occupational criteria. 29 USC 1721 note.

(2) A program of job training providing training for a period of at least three but less than six months may be approved if the Administrator determines (in accordance with standards which the Administrator shall prescribe) that the purpose of this Act would be met through that program.

(b) Subject to section 10 and the other provisions of this Act, a veteran who has been approved for participation in a program of job training under this Act and has a current certificate of eligibility for such participation may enter a program of job training that has been approved under section 7 and that is offered to the veteran by the employer.

APPROVAL OF EMPLOYER PROGRAMS

SEC. 7. (a)(1) An employer may be paid assistance under section 8(a) on behalf of an eligible veteran employed by such employer and participating in a program of job training offered by that employer only if the program is approved under this section and in accordance with such procedures as the Administrator may by regulation prescribe. 29 USC 1721 note.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (b), the Administrator shall approve a proposed program of job training of an employer unless the Administrator determines that the application does not contain a certification and other information meeting the requirements established under this section or that withholding of approval is warranted under subsection (g).

Employment restrictions.

(b) The Administrator may not approve a program of job training—

(1) for employment which consists of seasonal, intermittent, or temporary jobs;

(2) for employment under which commissions are the primary source of income;

(3) for employment which involves political or religious activities;

(4) for employment with any department, agency, instrumentality, or branch of the Federal Government (including the United States Postal Service and the Postal Rate Commission); or

(5) if the training will not be carried out in a State.

Application by employer.

(c) An employer offering a program of job training that the employer desires to have approved for the purposes of this Act shall submit to the Administrator a written application for such approval. Such application shall be in such form as the Administrator shall prescribe.

Required certification by employer.

(d) An application under subsection (c) shall include a certification by the employer of the following:

(1) That the employer is planning that, upon a veteran's completion of the program of job training, the employer will employ the veteran in a position for which the veteran has been trained and that the employer expects that such a position will be available on a stable and permanent basis to the veteran at the end of the training period.

(2) That the wages and benefits to be paid to a veteran participating in the employer's program of job training will be not less than the wages and benefits normally paid to other employees participating in a comparable program of job training.

(3) That the employment of a veteran under the program—

(A) will not result in the displacement of currently employed workers (including partial displacement such as a reduction in the hours of nonovertime work, wages, or employment benefits); and

(B) will not be in a job (i) while any other individual is on layoff from the same or any substantially equivalent job, or (ii) the opening for which was created as a result of the employer having terminated the employment of any regular employee or otherwise having reduced its work force with the intention of hiring a veteran in such job under this Act.

(4) That the employer will not employ in the program of job training a veteran who is already qualified by training and experience for the job for which training is to be provided.

(5) That the job which is the objective of the training program is one that involves significant training.

(6) That the training content of the program is adequate, in light of the nature of the occupation for which training is to be provided and of comparable training opportunities in such occupation, to accomplish the training objective certified under clause (2) of subsection (e).

(7) That each participating veteran will be employed full time in the program of job training.

(8) That the training period under the proposed program is not longer than the training periods that employers in the

community customarily require new employees to complete in order to become competent in the occupation or job for which training is to be provided.

(9) That there are in the training establishment or place of employment such space, equipment, instructional material, and instructor personnel as needed to accomplish the training objective certified under clause (2) of subsection (e).

(10) That the employer will keep records adequate to show the progress made by each veteran participating in the program and otherwise to demonstrate compliance with the requirements established under this Act.

(11) That the employer will furnish each participating veteran, before the veteran's entry into training, with a copy of the employer's certification under this subsection and will obtain and retain the veteran's signed acknowledgment of having received such certification.

(12) That the program meets such other criteria as the Administrator may determine are essential for the effective implementation of the program established by this Act.

(e) A certification under subsection (d) shall include—

(1) a statement indicating (A) the total number of hours of participation in the program of job training to be offered a veteran, (B) the length of the program of job training, and (C) the starting rate of wages to be paid to a participant in the program; and

(2) a description of the training content of the program (including any agreement the employer has entered into with an educational institution under section 8) and of the objective of the training.

(f)(1) Except as specified in paragraph (2), each matter required to be certified to in paragraphs (1) through (11) of subsection (d) shall be considered to be a requirement established under this Act.

(2)(A) For the purposes of section 8(c), only matters required to be certified in paragraphs (1) through (10) of subsection (d) shall be so considered.

(B) For the purposes of section 11, a matter required to be certified under paragraph (12) of subsection (d) shall also be so considered.

(g) In accordance with regulations which the Administrator shall prescribe, the Administrator may withhold approval of an employer's proposed program of job training pending the outcome of an investigation under section 12 and, based on the outcome of such an investigation, may disapprove such program. Regulations.

(h) For the purposes of this section, approval of a program of apprenticeship or other on-job training for the purposes of section 1787 of title 38, United States Code, shall be considered to meet all requirements established under this Act for approval of a program of job training.

PAYMENTS TO EMPLOYERS; OVERPAYMENT

SEC. 8. (a)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (3) and subsection (b) and subject to the provisions of section 9, the Administrator shall make quarterly payments to an employer of a veteran participating in an approved program of job training under this Act. Subject to section 5(c) and paragraph (2), the amount paid to an employer on behalf of a veteran for any period of time shall be 50 percent of the product of (A) the starting hourly rate of wages paid to the 29 USC 1721 note.

veteran by the employer (without regard to overtime or premium pay), and (B) the number of hours worked by the veteran during that period.

(2) The total amount that may be paid to an employer on behalf of a veteran participating in a program of job training under this Act is $10,000.

(3) In order to relieve financial burdens on business enterprises with relatively few numbers of employees, the Administrator may make payments under this Act on a monthly, rather than quarterly, basis to an employer with a number of employees less than a number which shall be specified in regulations which the Administrator shall prescribe for the purposes of this paragraph.

Certification.

(b) Payment may not be made to an employer for a period of training under this Act on behalf of a veteran until the Administrator has received—

(1) from the veteran, a certification that the veteran was employed full time by the employer in a program of job training during such period; and

(2) from the employer, a certification—

(A) that the veteran was employed by the employer during that period and that the veteran's performance and progress during such period were satisfactory; and

(B) of the number of hours worked by the veteran during that period.

With respect to the first such certification by an employer with respect to a veteran, the certification shall indicate the date on which the employment of the veteran began and the starting hourly rate of wages paid to the veteran (without regard to overtime or premium pay).

Liability to U.S.

(c)(1)(A) Whenever the Administrator finds that an overpayment under this Act has been made to an employer on behalf of a veteran as a result of a certification, or information contained in an application, submitted by an employer which was false in any material respect, the amount of such overpayment shall constitute a liability of the employer to the United States.

(B) Whenever the Administrator finds that an employer has failed in any substantial respect to comply for a period of time with a requirement established under this Act (unless the employer's failure is the result of false or incomplete information provided by the veteran), each amount paid to the employer on behalf of a veteran for that period shall be considered to be an overpayment under this Act, and the amount of such overpayment shall constitute a liability of the employer to the United States.

(2) Whenever the Administrator finds that an overpayment under this Act has been made to an employer on behalf of a veteran as a result of a certification by the veteran, or as a result of information provided to an employer or contained in an application submitted by the veteran, which was willfully or negligently false in any material respect, the amount of such overpayment shall constitute a liability of the veteran to the United States.

Overpayment recovery.

(3) Any overpayment referred to in paragraph (1) or (2) may be recovered in the same manner as any other debt due the United States. Any overpayment recovered shall be credited to funds available to make payments under this Act. If there are no such funds, any overpayment recovered shall be deposited into the Treasury.

(4) Any overpayment referred to in paragraph (1) or (2) may be waived, in whole or in part, in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in section 3102 of title 38, United States Code. Waiver.

ENTRY INTO PROGRAM OF JOB TRAINING

SEC. 9. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the Administrator may withhold or deny approval of a veteran's entry into an approved program of job training if the Administrator determines that funds are not available to make payments under this Act on behalf of the veteran to the employer offering that program. Before the entry of a veteran into an approved program of job training of an employer for purposes of assistance under this Act, the employer shall notify the Administrator of the employer's intention to employ that veteran. The veteran may begin such program of job training with the employer two weeks after the notice is transmitted to the Administrator unless within that time the employer has received notice from the Administrator that approval of the veteran's entry into that program of job training must be withheld or denied in accordance with this section. 29 USC 1721 note. Notification to Administrator.

PROVISION OF TRAINING THROUGH EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS

SEC. 10. An employer may enter into an agreement with an educational institution that has been approved for the enrollment of veterans under chapter 34 of title 38, United States Code, in order that such institution may provide a program of job training (or a portion of such a program) under this Act. When such an agreement has been entered into, the application of the employer under section 7 shall so state and shall include a description of the training to be provided under the agreement. 29 USC 1721 note. 38 USC 1651 *et seq.*

DISCONTINUANCE OF APPROVAL OF PARTICIPATION IN CERTAIN EMPLOYER PROGRAMS

SEC. 11. If the Administrator finds at any time that a program of job training previously approved by the Administrator for the purposes of this Act thereafter fails to meet any of the requirements established under this Act, the Administrator may immediately disapprove further participation by veterans in that program. The Administrator shall provide to the employer concerned, and to each veteran participating in the employer's program, a statement of the reasons for, and an opportunity for a hearing with respect to, such disapproval. The employer and each such veteran shall be notified of such disapproval, the reasons for such disapproval, and the opportunity for a hearing. Notification shall be by a certified or registered letter, and a return receipt shall be secured. 29 USC 1721 note. Notification to employer and veteran; hearing.

INSPECTION OF RECORDS; INVESTIGATIONS

SEC. 12. (a) The records and accounts of employers pertaining to veterans on behalf of whom assistance has been paid under this Act, as well as other records that the Administrator determines to be necessary to ascertain compliance with the requirements established under this Act, shall be available at reasonable times for examination by authorized representatives of the Federal Government. 29 USC 1721 note.

(b) The Administrator may monitor employers and veterans participating in programs of job training under this Act to determine compliance with the requirements established under this Act.

(c) The Administrator may investigate any matter the Administrator considers necessary to determine compliance with the requirements established under this Act. The investigations authorized by this subsection may include examining records (including making certified copies of records), questioning employees, and entering into any premises or onto any site where any part of a program of job training is conducted under this Act, or where any of the records of the employer offering or providing such program are kept.

Agreement with Labor Department.

(d) The Administrator may administer functions under subsections (b) and (c) in accordance with an agreement between the Administrator and the Secretary providing for the administration of such subsections (or any portion of such subsections) by the Department of Labor. Under such an agreement, any entity of the Department of Labor specified in the agreement may administer such subsections, notwithstanding section 4(b).

COORDINATION WITH OTHER PROGRAMS

29 USC 1721 note.

SEC. 13. (a)(1) Assistance may not be paid under this Act to an employer on behalf of a veteran for any period of time described in paragraph (2) and to such veteran under chapter 31, 32, 34, 35, or 36 of title 38, United States Code, for the same period of time.

38 USC 1501, 1601, 1651, 1700, 1770.

(2) A period of time referred to in paragraph (1) is the period of time beginning on the date on which the veteran enters into an approved program of job training of an employer for purposes of assistance under this Act and ending on the last date for which such assistance is payable.

(b) Assistance may not be paid under this Act to an employer on behalf of an eligible veteran for any period if the employer receives for that period any other form of assistance on account of the training or employment of the veteran, including assistance under the Job Training Partnership Act (29 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.) or a credit under section 44B of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (26 U.S.C. 44B) (relating to credit for employment of certain new employees).

96 Stat. 1322.

(c) Assistance may not be paid under this Act on behalf of a veteran who has completed a program of job training under this Act.

COUNSELING

29 USC 1721 note.

SEC. 14. The Administrator and the Secretary may, upon request, provide employment counseling services to any veteran eligible to participate under this Act in order to assist such veteran in selecting a suitable program of job training under this Act.

INFORMATION AND OUTREACH; USE OF AGENCY RESOURCES

29 USC 1721 note.

SEC. 15. (a)(1) The Administrator and the Secretary shall jointly provide for an outreach and public information program—

(A) to inform veterans about the employment and job training opportunities available under this Act, under chapters 31, 34, 36, 41, and 42 of title 38, United States Code, and under other provisions of law; and

38 USC 1501, 1651, 1770, 2000, 2011.

(B) to inform private industry and business concerns (including small business concerns), public agencies and organizations, educational institutions, trade associations, and labor unions about the job training opportunities available under, and the advantages of participating in, the program established by this Act.

(2) The Secretary, in consultation with the Administrator, shall promote the development of employment and job training opportunities for veterans by encouraging potential employers to make programs of job training under this Act available for eligible veterans, by advising other appropriate Federal departments and agencies of the program established by this Act, and by advising employers of applicable responsibilities under chapters 41 and 42 of title 38, United States Code, with respect to veterans.

38 USC 2000 *et seq.*, 2011 *et seq.*

(b) The Administrator and the Secretary shall coordinate the outreach and public information program under subsection (a)(1), and job development activities under subsection (a)(2), with job counseling, placement, job development, and other services provided for under chapters 41 and 42 of title 38, United States Code, and with other similar services offered by other public agencies and organizations.

(c)(1) The Administrator and the Secretary shall make available in regional and local offices of the Veterans' Administration and the Department of Labor such personnel as are necessary to facilitate the effective implementation of this Act.

(2) In carrying out the responsibilities of the Secretary under this Act, the Secretary shall make maximum use of the services of State and Assistant State Directors for Veterans' Employment, disabled veterans' outreach program specialists, and employees of local offices appointed pursuant to sections 2003, 2003A, and 2004 of title 38, United States Code. The Secretary shall also use such resources as are available under part C of title IV of the Job Training Partnership Act (29 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.). To the extent that the Administrator withholds approval of veterans' applications under this Act pursuant to section 5(b)(2)(B), the Secretary shall take steps to assist such veterans in taking advantage of opportunities that may be available to them under title III of that Act or under any other program carried out with funds provided by the Secretary.

96 Stat. 1437.

96 Stat. 1380.
29 USC 1721.

96 Stat. 1364.
29 USC 1651.

(d) The Secretary shall request and obtain from the Administrator of the Small Business Administration a list of small business concerns and shall, on a regular basis, update such list. Such list shall be used to identify and promote possible training and employment opportunities for veterans.

Small business opportunities.

(e) The Administrator and the Secretary shall assist veterans and employers desiring to participate under this Act in making application and completing necessary certifications.

Application and certification assistance.

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 16. There is authorized to be appropriated to the Veterans' Administration $150,000,000 for each of fiscal years 1984 and 1985 for the purpose of making payments to employers under this Act and for the purpose of section 18 of this Act. Amounts appropriated pursuant to this section shall remain available until September 30, 1986.

29 USC 1721 note.

TERMINATION OF PROGRAM

29 USC 1721 note.

SEC. 17. (a) Except as provided under subsection (b), assistance may not be paid to an employer under this Act—

(1) on behalf of a veteran who applies for a program of job training under this Act after September 30, 1984; or

(2) for any such program which begins after December 31, 1984.

(b) If funds are not both appropriated under section 16 and made available by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget to the Veterans' Administration on or before October 1, 1983, for the purpose of making payments to employers under this Act, assistance may be paid to an employer under this Act on behalf of a veteran if the veteran—

(1) applies for a program of job training under this Act within one year after the date on which funds so appropriated are made available to the Veterans' Administration by the Director; and

(2) begins participation in such program within fifteen months after such date.

EXPANSION OF TARGETED DELIMITING DATE EXTENSION

Vocational education program.
29 USC 1721 note.

SEC. 18. (a) Subject to the limitation on the availability of funds set forth in subsection (b), an associate degree program which is predominantly vocational in content may be considered by the Administrator, for the purposes of section 1662(a)(3) of title 38, United States Code, to be a course with an approved vocational objective if such degree program meets the requirements established in such title for approval of such program.

(b) Funds for the purpose of carrying out subsection (a) shall be derived only from amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorizations of appropriations in section 16. Not more than a total of $25,000,000 of amounts so appropriated for fiscal years 1984 and 1985 shall be available for that purpose.

EFFECTIVE DATE

29 USC 1721 note.

SEC. 19. This Act shall take effect on October 1, 1983.

Approved August 15, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2355 (S. 1033):

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-116 (Comm. on Veterans' Affairs).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-132 accompanying S. 1033 (Comm. on Veterans' Affairs).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
June 6, 7, considered and passed House.
June 15, considered and passed Senate, amended, in lieu of S. 1033.
Aug. 2, House concurred in Senate amendments with amendments.
Aug. 3, Senate concurred in House amendments.

Public Law 98-78
98th Congress

An Act

Making appropriations for the Department of Transportation and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for other purposes.

Aug. 15, 1983
[H.R. 3329]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of Transportation and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for other purposes, namely:

Department of Transportation and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1984.

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Salaries and Expenses

For necessary expenses of the Office of the Secretary of Transportation, including not to exceed $36,500 for allocation within the Department of official reception and representation expenses as the Secretary may determine, $41,275,000, of which $4,000,000 shall remain available until expended and shall be available for the purposes of the Minority Business Resource Center as authorized by 49 U.S.C. 332: *Provided,* That, notwithstanding any other provision of law, funds available for the purposes of the Minority Business Resource Center in this or any other Act, may be used for business opportunities related to any mode of transportation.

Transportation Planning, Research, and Development

For necessary expenses for conducting transportation planning, research, and development activities, including the collection of national transportation statistics, to remain available until expended, $4,878,000.

Limitation on Working Capital Fund

Necessary expenses for operating costs and capital outlays of the Department of Transportation Working Capital Fund not to exceed $67,974,000 shall be paid, in accordance with law, from appropriations made available by this Act and prior appropriation Acts to the Department of Transportation, together with advances and reimbursements received by the Department of Transportation.

COAST GUARD

OPERATING EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses for the operation and maintenance of the Coast Guard, not otherwise provided for; purchase of not to exceed one new ambulance and eight passenger motor vehicles, for replacement only; and recreation and welfare, $1,656,256,000, together with $12,550,000 to be derived from the appropriation for "Retired pay", of which $263,544 shall be applied to Capehart Housing debt reduction: *Provided,* That the number of aircraft on hand at any one time shall not exceed two hundred and ten exclusive of planes and parts stored to meet future attrition: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated in this or any other Act shall be available for pay or administrative expenses in connection with shipping commissioners in the United States: *Provided further,* That none of the funds provided in this Act shall be available for expenses incurred for yacht documentation under 46 U.S.C. 103 except to the extent fees are collected from yacht owners and credited to this appropriation, and, notwithstanding any other law, the Secretary may prescribe fees to recover the expenses of yacht documentation.

14 USC 92 note.

Yacht documentation.

ACQUISITION, CONSTRUCTION, AND IMPROVEMENTS

For necessary expenses of acquisition, construction, rebuilding, and improvement of aids to navigation, shore facilities, vessels, and aircraft, including equipment related thereto; to remain available until September 30, 1988, $369,000,000.

ALTERATION OF BRIDGES

For necessary expenses for alteration or removal of obstructive bridges, $8,600,000, to remain available until expended.

RETIRED PAY

For retired pay including the payment of obligations therefor otherwise chargeable to lapsed appropriations for this purpose, and payments under the Retired Serviceman's Family Protection and Survivor Benefit Plans, and for payments for medical care of retired personnel and their dependents under the Dependents Medical Care Act (10 U.S.C., ch. 55), $341,300,000.

10 USC 1071 *et seq.*

RESERVE TRAINING

For all necessary expenses for the Coast Guard Reserve, as authorized by law; maintenance and operation of facilities; and supplies, equipment, and services, $54,805,000.

RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, for basic and applied scientific research, development, test, and evaluation; maintenance, rehabilitation, lease, and operation of facilities and equipment, as authorized by law, $22,500,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That there may be credited to this appropri-

ation, funds received from State and local governments, other public authorities, private sources and foreign countries for expenses incurred for research, development, testing and evaluation: *Provided further,* That $500,000 of this appropriation shall be available only for the development and testing of a sealed electronic ocean dumping surveillance system to assist the Coast Guard in conducting enforcement and surveillance activities pursuant to title I of the Marine Protection, Research and Sanctuaries Act (33 U.S.C. 1401 et seq.). Ocean dumping surveillance.

OFFSHORE OIL POLLUTION COMPENSATION FUND

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of title III of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act Amendments of 1978 (Public Law 95-372), such sums as may be necessary, to be derived from the Offshore Oil Pollution Compensation Fund and to remain available until expended. In addition, the Secretary of Transportation is authorized to issue to the Secretary of the Treasury, to meet the obligations of the Fund, notes or other obligations pursuant to section 302 of the Amendments in such amounts and at such times as may be necessary: *Provided,* That none of the funds in this Act shall be available for the implementation or execution of programs the obligations for which are in excess of $60,000,000 in fiscal year 1984 for the "Offshore Oil Pollution Compensation Fund". 43 USC 1811. 43 USC 1812.

DEEPWATER PORT LIABILITY FUND

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 18 of the Deepwater Port Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-627), $1,000,000, to be derived from the Deepwater Port Liability Fund and to remain available until expended. In addition, the Secretary of Transportation is authorized to issue, and the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to purchase, without fiscal year limitation, notes or other obligations pursuant to section 18(f)(3) of the Act in such amounts and at such times as may be necessary to meet the obligations of the Fund: *Provided,* That none of the funds in this Act shall be available for the implementation or execution of programs, the obligations for which are in excess of $50,000,000 in fiscal year 1984 for the "Deepwater Port Liability Fund". 33 USC 1517. 33 USC 1517a.

NATIONAL RECREATIONAL BOATING SAFETY AND FACILITIES IMPROVEMENT FUND

(LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION)

For payment of obligations incurred for recreational boating safety assistance under Public Law 92-75, as amended, $12,500,000, to be derived from the National Recreational Boating Safety and Facilities Improvement Fund and to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That none of the funds in this Act shall be available for the planning or execution of programs, the obligations for which are in excess of $12,500,000 in fiscal year 1984 for recreational boating safety assistance: *Provided further,* That no obligations may be incurred for the improvement of recreational boating facilities. 46 USC 1451 note.

FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION

HEADQUARTERS ADMINISTRATION

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, of providing administrative services at the headquarters location of the Federal Aviation Administration, including but not limited to accounting, budgeting, personnel, legal, public affairs, and executive direction for the Federal Aviation Administration, $56,900,000: *Provided,* That the Secretary of Transportation is authorized to transfer appropriated funds between this appropriation and the Federal Aviation Administration appropriation for Operations: *Provided further,* That this appropriation shall be neither increased nor decreased by more than 7.5 per centum by any such transfers: *Provided further,* That any such transfers shall be reported to the Committees on Appropriations.

Report to congressional committees.

OPERATIONS

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses of the Federal Aviation Administration, not otherwise provided for, including administrative expenses for research and development and for establishment of air navigation facilities, and carrying out the provisions of the Airport and Airway Development Act, as amended, or other provisions of law authorizing obligation of funds for similar programs of airport and airway development or improvement; purchase of four passenger motor vehicles for replacement only and purchase and repair of skis and snowshoes, $2,500,000,000: *Provided,* That there may be credited to this appropriation, funds received from States, counties, municipalities, other public authorities, and private sources, for expenses incurred in the maintenance and operation of air navigation facilities: *Provided further,* That none of these funds shall be available for new applicants for the second career training program: *Provided further,* That the unexpended balances of the appropriations, "Federal Aviation Administration Safety Regulation" and "Federal Aviation Administration Research and Development" shall be transferred to this appropriation and remain available until expended.

49 USC app. 1701 note.

FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT (AIRPORT AND AIRWAY TRUST FUND)

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, for acquisition, establishment, and improvement by contract or purchase, and hire of air navigation and experimental facilities, including initial acquisition of necessary sites by lease or grant; engineering and service testing including construction of test facilities and acquisition of necessary sites by lease or grant; construction and furnishing of quarters and related accommodations for officers and employees of the Federal Aviation Administration stationed at remote localities where such accommodations are not available, and the lease or purchase of six aircraft; to be derived from the Airport and Airway Trust Fund and to remain available until September 30, 1988, $750,000,000: *Provided,* That there may be credited to this appropriation, funds received from States, counties, municipalities, other public authorities, and private sources, for expenses incurred in the establishment and modernization of air navigation facilities.

RESEARCH, ENGINEERING AND DEVELOPMENT

(AIRPORT AND AIRWAY TRUST FUND)

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, for research, engineering, and development, in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Aviation Act (49 U.S.C. 1301-1542), including construction of experimental facilities and acquisition of necessary sites by lease or grant, $263,452,000, to be derived from the Airport and Airway Trust Fund and to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That there may be credited to this appropriation, funds received from States, counties, municipalities, other public authorities, and private sources, for expenses incurred for research, engineering and development.

GRANTS-IN-AID FOR AIRPORTS (LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION) (AIRPORT AND AIRWAY TRUST FUND)

For liquidation of obligations incurred for airport planning and development under section 14 of Public Law 91-258, as amended, and under other law authorizing such obligations, and obligations for noise compatibility planning and programs, $745,000,000, to be derived from the Airport and Airway Trust Fund and to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That none of the funds in this Act shall be available for the planning or execution of programs the commitments for which are in excess of $800,000,000 in fiscal year 1984 for grants-in-aid for airport planning and development, and noise compatibility planning and programs notwithstanding section 506(e)(4) of the Airport and Airway Improvement Act of 1982.

84 Stat. 224.

96 Stat. 677. 49 USC app. 2205.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, METROPOLITAN WASHINGTON AIRPORTS

For expenses incident to the care, operation, maintenance, improvement, and protection of the federally owned civil airports in the vicinity of the District of Columbia, including purchase of ten passenger motor vehicles for police or ambulance type use, for replacement only; and purchase of two motor bikes for replacement only; purchase of one ambulance, for replacement only; purchase, cleaning, and repair of uniforms; and arms and ammunition, $34,557,000: *Provided,* That there may be credited to this appropriation, funds received from air carriers, concessionaires, and non-Federal tenants sufficient to cover utility and fuel costs which are in excess of $6,767,000: *Provided further,* That there may be credited to this appropriation, funds received from States, counties, municipalities, other public authorities, or private sources, for expenses incurred in the maintenance and operation of the federally owned civil airports.

CONSTRUCTION, METROPOLITAN WASHINGTON AIRPORTS

For necessary expenses for construction at the federally owned civil airports in the vicinity of the District of Columbia, including purchase of fourteen buses, $14,250,000, to remain available until September 30, 1986.

AVIATION INSURANCE REVOLVING FUND

The Secretary of Transportation is hereby authorized to make such expenditures and investments, within the limits of funds available pursuant to section 1306 of the Act of August 23, 1958, as amended (49 U.S.C. 1536), and in accordance with section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended (31 U.S.C. 9104), as may be necessary in carrying out the programs set forth in the budget for the current fiscal year for aviation insurance activities under said Act.

AIRCRAFT PURCHASE LOAN GUARANTEE PROGRAM

During fiscal year 1984, no commitments for guarantee of aircraft purchase loans under the Act of September 7, 1957, as amended (49 U.S.C. 1324 note), shall be made: *Provided,* That notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Transportation may hereafter issue notes or other obligations to the Secretary of the Treasury, in such forms and denominations, bearing such maturities, and subject to such terms and conditions as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe. Such obligations may be issued to pay any necessary expenses required pursuant to the guarantee issued under the Act of September 7, 1957, Public Law 85-307, as amended (49 U.S.C. 1324 note). The amount of such obligations when combined with the aggregate of all such obligations made during fiscal year 1983 shall not exceed $175,000,000 by September 30, 1984. Such obligations shall be redeemed by the Secretary from appropriations authorized by this section. The Secretary of the Treasury shall purchase any such obligations, and for such purpose he may use as a public debt transaction the proceeds from the sale of any securities issued under the Second Liberty Bond Act, as now or hereafter in force. The purpose for which securities may be issued under such Act are extended to include any purchase of notes or other obligations issued under the subsection. The Secretary of the Treasury may sell any such obligations at such times and price and upon such terms and conditions as he shall determine in his discretion. All purchase, redemptions, and sales of such obligations by such Secretary shall be treated as public debt transactions of the United States.

49 USC app. 1324 note.

FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION

LIMITATION ON GENERAL OPERATING EXPENSES

Necessary expenses for administration, operation, and research of the Federal Highway Administration, not to exceed $200,000,000, shall be paid, in accordance with law, from appropriations made available by this Act to the Federal Highway Administration together with advances and reimbursements received by the Federal Highway Administration: *Provided,* That not to exceed $38,650,000 of the amount provided herein shall remain available until expended: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding any other provision of law, the request for waiver of repayment of Federal funds for the withdrawn I-335 right of way in Minnesota meets the requirements of section 103(e)(5)(B) of title 23, United States Code, that it is for a public purpose and in the public interest to waive repayment of Federal funds, and the waiver is granted.

MOTOR CARRIER SAFETY

For necessary expenses to carry out motor carrier safety functions of the Secretary, as authorized by the Department of Transportation Act (80 Stat. 939-940), $13,020,000, of which $600,000 shall remain available until expended and not to exceed $1,601,000 shall be available for "Limitation on general operating expenses". 49 USC app. 1651 note.

MOTOR CARRIER SAFETY GRANTS

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 402 of Public Law 97-424, $8,000,000, to be derived from the Highway Trust Fund and to remain available until September 30, 1987. 96 Stat. 2155. 49 USC app. 2302.

HIGHWAY SAFETY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

For necessary expenses in carrying out provisions of sections 307(a) and 403 of title 23, United States Code, to be derived from the Highway Trust Fund and to remain available until expended, $8,500,000.

ACCESS CONTROL DEMONSTRATION PROJECT

Section 150(d) of the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1978 is amended by striking out the period at the end thereof, and inserting the following: ": *Provided, however,* That sums shall not lapse until September 30, 1985.". 23 USC 307 note.

HIGHWAY-RELATED SAFETY GRANTS (LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION) (TRUST FUND)

For payment of obligations incurred in carrying out the provisions of title 23, United States Code, section 402, administered by the Federal Highway Administration, to remain available until expended, $9,738,000, to be derived from the Highway Trust Fund: *Provided,* That not to exceed $200,000 of the amount appropriated herein shall be available for "Limitation on general operating expenses": *Provided further,* That none of the funds in this Act shall be available for the planning or execution of programs, the obligations for which are in excess of $10,000,000 in fiscal year 1984 for "Highway-related safety grants".

RAILROAD-HIGHWAY CROSSINGS DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS

For necessary expenses of certain railroad-highway crossings demonstration projects as authorized by section 163 of the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1973, as amended, to remain available until expended, $15,000,000, of which $10,000,000 shall be derived from the Highway Trust Fund. 23 USC 130 note.

FEDERAL-AID HIGHWAYS (LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION) (TRUST FUND)

For carrying out the provisions of title 23, United States Code, which are attributable to Federal-aid highways, including the National Scenic and Recreational Highway as authorized by 23 U.S.C. 148, not otherwise provided, including reimbursements for sums expended pursuant to the provisions of 23 U.S.C. 308,

$11,600,000,000 or so much thereof as may be available in and derived from the Highway Trust Fund, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That, (a) notwithstanding any other provision of law, the total of all obligations for Federal-aid highways and highway safety construction programs for fiscal year 1984 shall not exceed $12,600,000,000, except that this limitation shall not apply to obligations for emergency relief under section 125 of title 23, United States Code, projects covered under section 147 of the Surface Transportation Assistance Act of 1978, section 9 of the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1981, subsections 131 (b) and (j) of Public Law 97-424, section 118 of the National Visitors Center Facilities Act of 1968, section 320 of title 23, United States Code, or section 157 of title 23, United States Code.

23 USC 104 note.
23 USC 144 note.
95 Stat. 1701.
96 Stat. 2119.
40 USC 818.

(b) For fiscal year 1984 the Secretary of Transportation shall distribute the limitation imposed by subsection (a) by allocation in the ratio which sums authorized to be appropriated for Federal-aid highways and highway safety construction which are apportioned or allocated to each State for such fiscal year bears to the total of the sums authorized to be appropriated for Federal-aid highways and highway safety construction which are apportioned or allocated to all the States for such fiscal year.

(c) During the period October 1 through December 31, 1983, no State shall obligate more than 35 per centum of the amount distributed to such State under subsection (b), and the total of all State obligations during such period shall not exceed 25 per centum of the total amount distributed to all States under such subsection.

(d) Notwithstanding subsections (b) and (c), the Secretary shall—

(1) provide all States with authority sufficient to prevent lapses of sums authorized to be appropriated for Federal-aid highways and highway safety construction which have been apportioned to a State, except in those instances in which a State indicates its intention to lapse sums apportioned under section 104(b)(5)(A) of title 23, United States Code;

(2) after August 1, 1984, revise a distribution of the funds made available under subsection (b) if a State will not obligate the amount distributed during the fiscal year and redistribute sufficient amounts to those States able to obligate amounts in addition to those previously distributed during that fiscal year giving priority to those States having large unobligated balances of funds apportioned under section 104 of title 23, United States Code, and giving priority to those States which, because of statutory changes made by the Surface Transportation Assistance Act of 1982 and the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1981, have experienced substantial proportional reductions in their apportionments and allocations; and

96 Stat. 2097.
23 USC 101 note.

(3) not distribute amounts authorized for administrative expenses and the Federal Lands Highway Programs.

EMERGENCY RELIEF

Notwithstanding sections 125, 129, and 301 of title 23, United States Code, an additional $20,000,000 shall be available from the Highway Trust Fund for the emergency fund authorized under section 125 of title 23, United States Code: *Provided,* That the Secretary shall give first priority to making funds available to repair or replace the Mianus Bridge on I-95 in Connecticut: *Provided further,* That the Federal funds provided herein shall not

Mianus Bridge, I-95, Conn.

duplicate assistance provided by any other Federal emergency program, compensation received from Connecticut bridge insurance policies, or any other non-Federal source: *Provided further,* That regulations issued under section 125, title 23, United States Code, shall apply to the expenditure of such Federal funds: *Provided further,* That such funds shall not be available until the State of Connecticut enters into an agreement pursuant to section 105 of the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1978 which covers the Mianus Bridge. 92 Stat. 2692.

MIANUS BRIDGE EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE

For necessary expenses to help defray costs such as additional police and fire services and road repairs resulting from the Mianus Bridge collapse, $1,000,000: *Provided,* That such sum shall be equally divided between and allocated to the towns of Greenwich, Connecticut, and Port Chester, New York.

RIGHT-OF-WAY REVOLVING FUND (LIMITATION ON DIRECT LOANS) (TRUST FUND)

During fiscal year 1984 and within the resources and authority available, gross obligations for the principal amount of direct loans shall not exceed $30,000,000.

ACCESS HIGHWAYS TO PUBLIC RECREATION AREAS ON CERTAIN LAKES

For necessary expenses of certain Access Highway projects, as authorized by section 155, title 23, U.S.C., $4,270,000.

WASTE ISOLATION PILOT PROJECT ROADS

For necessary expenses in connection with planning and design activities associated with the upgrading of certain highways for the transportation of nuclear waste generated during defense-related activites, not otherwise provided for, $5,800,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided, however,* That these funds become available when construction of the Waste Isolation Pilot Project commences.

NATIONAL HIGHWAY TRAFFIC SAFETY ADMINISTRATION

OPERATIONS AND RESEARCH

For expenses necessary to discharge the functions of the Secretary with respect to traffic and highway safety and functions under the Motor Vehicle Information and Cost Savings Act (Public Law 92-513, as amended), $78,000,000, of which $21,884,000 shall be derived from the Highway Trust Fund: *Provided,* That not to exceed $33,070,000 shall remain available until expended, of which $8,810,000 shall be derived from the Highway Trust Fund. 15 USC 1901 note.

HIGHWAY TRAFFIC SAFETY GRANTS

(LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION) (TRUST FUND)

For payment of obligations incurred in carrying out the provisions of 23 U.S.C. 402, 406, and 408, and section 209 of Public Law 95-599, to remain available until expended, $118,000,000, to be derived from 23 USC 401 note.

the Highway Trust Fund: *Provided,* That none of the funds in this Act shall be available for the planning or execution of programs, the total obligations for which are in excess of $100,000,000 in fiscal year 1984 for "State and community highway safety" authorized under 23 U.S.C. 402: *Provided further,* That none of these funds shall be used for construction, rehabilitation or remodeling costs or for office furnishings and fixtures for State, local, or private buildings or structures: *Provided further,* That none of the funds in this Act shall be available for the planning or execution of programs, the total obligations for which are in excess of $37,950,000 for "Alcohol safety incentive grants" authorized under 23 U.S.C. 408: *Provided further,* That none of the funds in this Act shall be available for the planning or execution of programs authorized by section 209 of Public Law 95-599, as amended, the total obligations for which are in excess of $5,000,000 in fiscal years 1983 and 1984: *Provided further,* That not to exceed $4,990,000 shall be available for administering the provisions of 23 U.S.C. 402.

23 USC 401 note.

FEDERAL RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION

Office of the Administrator

For necessary expenses of the Federal Railroad Administration, not otherwise provided for, $11,680,000.

Railroad Safety

For necessary expenses in connection with railroad safety, not otherwise provided for, $28,900,000.

Railroad Research and Development

For necessary expenses for railroad research and development, $16,225,000, to remain available until expended.

Rail Service Assistance

For necessary expenses for rail service assistance authorized by section 5 of the Department of Transportation Act, as amended, for Washington Union Station, as authorized by Public Law 97-125, and for necessary administrative expenses in connection with Federal rail assistance programs not otherwise provided for, $25,094,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That none of the funds provided under this Act shall be available for the planning or execution of a program making commitments to guarantee new loans under the Emergency Rail Services Act of 1970, as amended, and that no new commitments to guarantee loans under section 211(a) of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973, as amended, shall be made: *Provided further,* That none of the funds in this Act shall be available for the acquisition, sale or transference of Washington Union Station without the prior approval of the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations: *Provided further,* That, of the funds available under this head, $15,000,000 shall be available for allocation to the States under section 5(h)(2) of the Department of Transportation Act, as amended: *Provided further,* That, notwithstanding any other provision of law, a State may not apply for fiscal year 1984 funds available under section 5(h)(2) until such State has

49 USC app. 1654.
40 USC 801 note.
45 USC 661 note.
45 USC 721.
49 USC app. 1654.

expended all funds granted to it in the fiscal years prior to the beginning of fiscal year 1979, other than funds not expended due to pending litigation: *Provided further,* That a State denied funding by reason of the immediately preceding proviso may still apply for and receive funds for planning purposes: *Provided further,* That, notwithstanding any other provision of law, of the funds available under section 5(h)(2), $2,500,000 shall be made available for use under sections 5(h)(3)(B)(ii) and 5(h)(3)(C) of the Department of Transportation Act, as amended, notwithstanding the limitations set forth in section 5(h)(3)(B)(ii). 49 USC app. 1654.

CONRAIL LABOR PROTECTION

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For labor protection as authorized by section 713 of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 as added by section 1143 of the Northeast Rail Service Act of 1981, $20,000,000, to remain available until expended, of which $4,000,000 shall be derived from the unobligated balances of "Rail labor assistance": *Provided,* That such sum shall be considered to have been appropriated to the Secretary under said section 713 for transfer to the Railroad Retirement Board for the payment of benefits under section 701 of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973, as amended: *Provided further,* That, for the purposes of section 710 of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973, as added by section 1143 of the Northeast Rail Service Act of 1981, such sum shall be considered to have been appropriated under section 713 of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 and counted against the limitation on the total liability of the United States: *Provided further,* That such sums as may be necessary shall be made available for necessary expenses of administration of section 701 of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 by the Railroad Retirement Board. 45 USC 797*l*. 45 USC 797. 45 USC 797i.

ROCK ISLAND LABOR PROTECTION

For employee protection as authorized by the Rock Island Railroad Transition and Employee Assistance Act, as amended (45 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.), $35,000,000.

NORTHEAST CORRIDOR IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

For necessary expenses related to Northeast Corridor improvements authorized by title VII of the Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of 1976, as amended (45 U.S.C. 851 et seq.), $100,000,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That, notwithstanding any other provision of law, the provisions of Public Law 85-804 shall apply to the Northeast Corridor Improvement Program: *Provided further,* That the Secretary may waive the provisions of 23 U.S.C. 322 (c) and (d) if such action would serve a public purpose: *Provided further,* That all public at grade-level crossings remaining along the Northeast Corridor upon completion of the project shall be equipped with protective devices including gates and lights. 45 USC 851 note. 50 USC 1431.

GRANTS TO THE NATIONAL RAILROAD PASSENGER CORPORATION

To enable the Secretary of Transportation to make grants to the National Railroad Passenger Corporation, $716,400,000, to remain available until expended, for operating losses incurred by the Corporation, capital improvements, and labor protection costs authorized by 45 U.S.C. 565: *Provided,* That none of the funds herein appropriated shall be used for lease or purchase of passenger motor vehicles or for the hire of vehicle operators for any officer or employee, other than the president of the Corporation, excluding the lease of passenger motor vehicles for those officers or employees while in official travel status: *Provided further,* That the Secretary shall make no commitments to guarantee new loans or loans for new purposes under 45 U.S.C. 602 in fiscal year 1984: *Provided further,* That the incurring of any obligation or commitment by the Corporation for the purchase of capital improvements not expressly provided for in an appropriation Act or prohibited by this Act shall be deemed a violation of 31 U.S.C. 1341: *Provided further,* That no funds are required to be expended or reserved for expenditure pursuant to 45 U.S.C. 601(e): *Provided further,* That none of the funds in this Act shall be made available to finance the rehabilitation and other improvements (including upgrading track and the signal system, ensuring safety at public and private highway and pedestrian crossings by improving signals or eliminating such crossings, and the improvement of operational portions of stations related to intercity rail passenger service) on the main line track between Atlantic City, New Jersey, and the main line of the Northeast Corridor, unless the Secretary of Transportation certifies that not less than 40 per centum of the costs of such improvements shall be derived from non-Federal sources: *Provided further,* That, notwithstanding any other provision of law, the National Railroad Passenger Corporation shall not operate rail passenger service between Atlantic City, New Jersey, and the Northeast Corridor main line unless the Corporation's Board of Directors determines that revenues from such service have covered or exceeded 80 per centum of the short term avoidable costs of operating such service in the first year of operation and 100 per centum of the short term avoidable operating costs for each year thereafter.

ALASKA RAILROAD REVOLVING FUND

The Alaska Railroad Revolving Fund shall continue available until expended for the work authorized by law, including operation and maintenance of oceangoing or coastwise vessels by ownership, charter, or arrangement with other branches of the Government service, for the purpose of providing additional facilities for transportation of freight, passengers, or mail, when deemed necessary for the benefit and development of industries or travel in the area served and payment of compensation and expenses as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 8146, to be reimbursed as therein provided: *Provided,* That no employee shall be paid an annual salary out of said fund in excess of the salaries prescribed by the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, for grade GS-15, except the general manager of said railroad, one assistant general manager and five officers at not to exceed the salaries prescribed for members of the Senior Executive Service.

5 USC 5101 *et seq.*

RAILROAD REHABILITATION AND IMPROVEMENT FINANCING FUNDS

The total commitments to guarantee new loans pursuant to sections 511 through 513 of the Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of 1976 (Public Law 94-210), as amended, shall not exceed $20,000,000 of contingent liabilities for loan principal during fiscal year 1984: *Provided,* That the Secretary of Transportation is authorized to issue to the Secretary of the Treasury notes or other obligations pursuant to section 512 of the Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of 1976 (Public Law 94-210), as amended, in such amounts and at such times as may be necessary to pay any amounts required pursuant to the guarantee of the principal amount of obligations under sections 511 through 513 of such Act, such authority to exist as long as any such guaranteed obligation is outstanding: *Provided further,* That the amount of such notes or other obligations, when combined with the aggregate of all such notes or obligations issued during fiscal year 1983, shall not exceed $150,000,000 by September 30, 1984.

45 USC 831-833.

45 USC 832.

REDEEMABLE PREFERENCE SHARES

The Secretary of Transportation is hereby authorized to expend proceeds from the sale of fund anticipation notes to the Secretary of the Treasury and any other moneys deposited in the Railroad Rehabilitation and Improvement Fund pursuant to sections 502, 505-507, and 509 of the Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of 1976 (Public Law 94-210), as amended, and section 803 of Public Law 95-620, for uses authorized for the Fund: *Provided,* That all unobligated balances in this account shall lapse at the end of fiscal year 1985.

45 USC 822, 825-827, 829.

45 USC 821, 822 and note, 825.

ILLINOIS FEEDER LINE ASSISTANCE

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For a grant related to the acquisition and rehabilitation of the railroad feeder line as authorized by section 511 of the Rail Safety and Service Improvement Act of 1982, $3,000,000, to be derived by transfer from the unobligated balances of "Redeemable preference shares": *Provided,* That such grant shall contain terms requiring (1) the repayment of the full amount of the grant to the United States in the event of the cessation of service on such line within five years after the first operation of such service after receipt of such grant, and (2) a liquidation priority for the United States in the event of bankruptcy within such five-year period.

96 Stat. 2555.

URBAN MASS TRANSPORTATION ADMINISTRATION

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

For necessary administrative expenses of the urban mass transportation program authorized by the Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964, as amended (49 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), 23 U.S.C. chapter 1, in connection with these activities, including hire of passenger motor vehicles and services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, $29,200,000.

23 USC 101 *et seq.*

RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, AND DEMONSTRATIONS AND UNIVERSITY RESEARCH AND TRAINING

For necessary expenses for research and training, as authorized by the Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964, as amended (49 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), to remain available until expended, $54,800,000: *Provided,* That $51,450,000 shall be available for research, development, and demonstrations, $2,000,000 shall be available for university research and training and not to exceed $1,350,000 shall be available for managerial training as authorized under the authority of said Act.

FORMULA GRANTS

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of sections 9 and 18 of the Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964, as amended (49 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), $2,388,592,200, to remain available until expended.

49 USC app. 1607a, 1614.

DISCRETIONARY GRANTS

(LIMITATION ON OBLIGATIONS)

Total obligations for grants under the contract authority authorized for fiscal year 1984 in section 21(a)(2)(B) of the Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964, as amended (49 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), shall not exceed $1,225,000,000: *Provided,* That notwithstanding any other provision of law, total amounts of contract authority authorized for fiscal year 1984 in section 21(a)(2)(B) of the Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964, as amended, shall be available for obligation through fiscal year 1987: *Provided further,* That no funds shall be made available for the proposed Woodward light rail line in the Detroit, Michigan area until a source of operating funds has been approved in accordance with Michigan law: *Provided further,* That the Woodward line restriction shall not apply to alternatives analysis studies.

49 USC app. 1617.

LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION

For payment of obligations incurred in carrying out section 21(a)(2) of the Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964, as amended (49 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), administered by the Urban Mass Transportation Administration, $242,000,000, to be derived from the Highway Trust Fund and to remain available until expended.

INTERSTATE TRANSFER GRANTS—TRANSIT

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of 23 U.S.C. 103(e)(4) related to transit projects, $295,400,000, to remain available until expended.

WASHINGTON METRO

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 14 of Public Law 96-184, $250,000,000, to remain available until expended.

93 Stat. 1320.

SAINT LAWRENCE SEAWAY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

The Saint Lawrence Seaway Development Corporation is hereby authorized to make such expenditures, within the limits of funds

and borrowing authority available to such Corporation, and in accord with law, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations as provided by section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended, as may be necessary in carrying out the programs set forth in the budget for the current fiscal year for the Corporation except as hereinafter provided.

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Not to exceed $1,800,000 shall be available for administrative expenses which shall be computed on accrual basis, including not to exceed $3,000 for official entertainment expenses to be expended upon the approval or authority of the Secretary of Transportation: *Provided,* That Corporation funds shall be available for the hire of passenger motor vehicles and aircraft, operation and maintenance of aircraft, uniforms or allowances therefor for operation and maintenance personnel, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901-5902), and $15,000 for services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109.

RESEARCH AND SPECIAL PROGRAMS ADMINISTRATION

RESEARCH AND SPECIAL PROGRAMS

For expenses necessary to discharge the functions of the Research and Special Programs Administration, for expenses for conducting research and development and for grants-in-aid to carry out a pipeline safety program, as authorized by section 5 of the Natural Gas Pipeline Safety Act of 1968 (49 U.S.C. 1674), $20,200,000, of which $8,200,000 shall remain available until expended.

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Office of the Inspector General in carrying out the provisions of the Inspector General Act of 1978, $26,795,000, of which $900,000 shall be available only for necessary expenses of the Office of the Inspector General to augment the bid rigging investigative efforts currently underway. 5 USC app.

TITLE II—RELATED AGENCIES

ARCHITECTURAL AND TRANSPORTATION BARRIERS COMPLIANCE BOARD

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the Architectural and Transportation Barriers Compliance Board, as authorized by section 502 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, $1,900,000. 29 USC 792.

NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the National Transportation Safety Board, including hire of passenger motor vehicles and aircraft;

services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, but at rates for individuals not to exceed the per diem rate equivalent to the rate for a GS-18; uniforms, or allowances therefor, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901-5902), $20,858,000, of which not to exceed $300 may be used for official reception and representation expenses.

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD

Salaries and Expenses

For necessary expenses of the Civil Aeronautics Board, including hire of aircraft; hire of passenger motor vehicles; services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; uniforms, or allowances therefor, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901-5902); and not to exceed $5,000 for official reception and representation expenses, $18,400,000, for the period October 1, 1983 through August 1, 1984.

Payments to Air Carriers

For payments to air carriers of so much of the compensation fixed and determined by the Civil Aeronautics Board under section 419 of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958, as amended (49 U.S.C. 1389), as is payable by the Board, $50,800,000, to remain available until expended and such amounts as may be necessary to liquidate obligations incurred prior to September 30, 1983, under 49 U.S.C. 1376 and 1389 and under Public Law 97-369, "Payments to air carriers".

96 Stat. 1778.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

Salaries and Expenses

For necessary expenses of the Interstate Commerce Commission, including services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, and not to exceed $1,500 for official reception and representation expenses, $60,000,000: *Provided,* That joint board members and cooperating State commissioners may use Government transportation requests when traveling in connection with their official duties as such: *Provided further,* That, of the funds available under this head, $8,000,000 shall not be available for obligation until the Commission has published final rules updating its user fee program unless the Commission is precluded from meeting this requirement because of circumstances beyond its control.

49 USC 10344 note.

Payments for Directed Rail Service

None of the funds provided under this Act shall be available for the execution of programs the obligations for which can reasonably be expected to be in excess of $5,000,000 for directed rail service under 49 U.S.C. 11125 or any other legislation.

PANAMA CANAL COMMISSION

Operating Expenses

For operating expenses necessary for the Panama Canal Commission, including hire of passenger motor vehicles and aircraft; uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901-5902); not to exceed $8,000 for official reception and represen-

tation expenses of the Board; operation of guide services; residence for the administrator; disbursements by the administrator for employee and community projects; not to exceed $25,000 for official reception and representation expenses of the Administrator; and to employ services as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 3109); maintaining, improving, and altering facilities of other United States Government agencies in the Republic of Panama and facilities of the Government of the Republic of Panama for Panama Canal Commission use; and for payment of liabilities of the Panama Canal Company and Canal Zone Government that were pending on September 30, 1979, or that have accrued thereafter, including accounts payable for capital projects, $409,662,000, to be derived from the Panama Canal Commission Fund: *Provided,* That there may be credited to this appropriation, funds received from the Panama Canal Commission's capital outlays account for expenses incurred for supplies and services provided for capital projects and funds received from officers and employees of the Commission and/or commercial insurors of Commission employees for payment to other United States Government agencies for expenditures made for services provided to Commission employees and their dependents by such other agencies.

CAPITAL OUTLAY

For acquisition, construction, replacement, and improvements of facilities, structures, and equipment required by the Panama Canal Commission, including the purchase of not to exceed forty-six passenger motor vehicles of which twenty-one are for replacement only; to employ services authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 3109); for payment of liabilities of the Panama Canal Company and Canal Zone Government that were pending on September 30, 1979, or that have accrued thereafter; to improve facilities of other United States Government Agencies in the Republic of Panama and facilities of the Government of the Republic of Panama for Panama Canal Commission use, $29,438,000, to be derived from the Panama Canal Commission Fund and to remain available until expended.

UNITED STATES RAILWAY ASSOCIATION

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For necessary administrative expenses to enable the United States Railway Association to carry out its functions under the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973, as amended, to remain available until expended, $2,500,000, of which $400,000 shall be derived by transfer from the unobligated balances of "Payments for purchase of Conrail securities" and of which not to exceed $500 may be available for official reception and representation expenses. 45 USC 701 note.

WASHINGTON METROPOLITAN AREA TRANSIT AUTHORITY

INTEREST PAYMENTS

For necessary expenses for interest payments, to remain available until expended, $51,663,569: *Provided,* That these funds shall be

93 Stat. 1320.

disbursed pursuant to terms and conditions established by Public Law 96-184 and the Initial Bond Repayment Participation Agreement.

TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 301. During the current fiscal year applicable appropriations to the Department of Transportation shall be available for maintenance and operation of aircraft; hire of passenger motor vehicles and aircraft; purchase of liability insurance for motor vehicles operating in foreign countries on official departmental business; and uniforms, or allowances therefor, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901-5902).

Panama Canal Commission, pay increase.

SEC. 302. Funds appropriated for the Panama Canal Commission may be apportioned notwithstanding section 3679 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (31 U.S.C. 1341), to the extent necessary to permit payment of such pay increases for officers or employees as may be authorized by administrative action pursuant to law which are not in excess of statutory increases granted for the same period in corresponding rates of compensation for other employees of the Government in comparable positions.

FAA personnel, dependents' school expenses. 20 USC 241 note.

SEC. 303. Funds appropriated under this Act for expenditures by the Federal Aviation Administration shall be available (1) except as otherwise authorized by the Act of September 30, 1950 (20 U.S.C. 236-244), for expenses of primary and secondary schooling for dependents of Federal Aviation Administration personnel stationed outside the continental United States at costs for any given area not in excess of those of the Department of Defense for the same area, when it is determined by the Secretary that the schools, if any, available in the locality are unable to provide adequately for the education of such dependents and (2) for transportation of said dependents between schools serving the area which they attend and their places of residence when the Secretary, under such regulations as may be prescribed, determines that such schools are not accessible by public means of transportation on a regular basis.

SEC. 304. Appropriations contained in this Act for the Department of Transportation shall be available for services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, but at rates for individuals not to exceed the per diem rate equivalent to the rate for a GS-18.

Mass transit fare for elderly and handicapped.

SEC. 305. None of the funds provided under this Act for Formula grants shall be made available to support mass transit facilities, equipment, or operating expenses unless the applicant for such assistance has given satisfactory assurances in such manner and forms as the Secretary may require, and in accordance with such terms and conditions as the Secretary may prescribe, that the rates charged elderly and handicapped persons during nonpeak hours shall not exceed one-half of the rates generally applicable to other persons at peak hours: *Provided,* That the Secretary, in prescribing the terms and conditions for the provision of such assistance shall (1) permit applicants to continue the use of preferential fare systems for elderly or handicapped persons where those systems were in effect on or prior to November 26, 1974, (2) allow applicants a reasonable time to expand the coverage of operating preferential fare systems as appropriate, (3) allow applicants to continue to use preferential fare systems incorporating the offering of a free return ride upon payment of the generally applicable full fare where any such applicant's existing fare collection system does not reasonably permit the collection of half fares, and (4) allow applicants to define

the eligibility of "handicapped persons" for the purposes of preferential fares in conformity with other Federal laws and regulations governing eligibility for benefits for disabled persons.

Panama Canal Commission funds, treaty compliance.

SEC. 306. None of the funds appropriated in this Act for the Panama Canal Commission may be expended unless in conformance with the Panama Canal Treaties of 1977 and any law implementing those treaties.

Rail-highway crossings.

SEC. 307. None of the funds provided in this Act may be used for planning or construction of rail-highway crossings under section 322(a) of title 23, United States Code, or under section 701(a)(5) or section 703(1)(A) of the Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of 1976 at the—

45 USC 851, 853.

(1) School street crossing in Groton, Connecticut; and

(2) Broadway Extension crossing in Stonington, Connecticut.

Regulatory or adjudicatory proceedings.

SEC. 308. None of the funds in this Act shall be used for the planning or execution of any program to pay the expenses of, or otherwise compensate, non-Federal parties intervening in regulatory or adjudicatory proceedings funded in this Act.

Motor vehicles, State inspection fees or sticker requirements.

SEC. 309. None of the funds in this Act shall be used to assist, directly or indirectly, any State in imposing mandatory State inspection fees or sticker requirements on vehicles which are lawfully registered in another State, including vehicles engaged in interstate commercial transportation which are in compliance with Part 396—Inspection and Maintenance of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations of the U.S. Department of Transportation.

49 CFR Part 396.

Fiscal year limitation.

SEC. 310. None of the funds contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided herein.

SEC. 311. None of the funds in this Act shall be used to implement, administer, or enforce any regulation which has been disapproved pursuant to a resolution of disapproval duly adopted in accordance with the applicable law of the United States.

Columbia Slough, Oreg., bridge construction.

SEC. 312. (a) Neither the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating nor any other officer or employee of the United States shall approve any project or take any action which would interfere with the reasonable needs of navigation on the Columbia Slough, Oregon.

(b) For purposes of subsection (a) of this section, any bridge which is to be constructed across the Columbia Slough, Oregon, after the date of enactment of this section shall be deemed to provide for the reasonable needs of navigation on the Columbia Slough, Oregon, if such bridge provides at least thirty feet of vertical clearance Columbia River datum and at least eighty feet of horizontal clearance, as determined by the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating.

Gadsden, Ala., real property conveyance.

SEC. 313. (a) The City of Gadsden, Alabama, and its successors and assigns are hereby released from all the terms, conditions, reservations, and restrictions contained in the deed dated May 25, 1962, by which the United States conveyed certain real property to the city of Gadsden, Alabama, for airport purposes, insofar as such terms, conditions, reservations, and restrictions relate to the real property described in subsection (b) of this section.

(b) The real property to which the first subsection of this section applies is the real property located in Gadsden, Alabama, which was conveyed to the city of Gadsden, Alabama, by the United States by the deed dated May 25, 1962, and which is described as follows: Commence at the northeast corner of section 19, township 12 south,

range 7 east, thence run south along the east line of section 19 a distance of 1,495.93 feet more or less to a point; thence deflect 90 degrees 04 minutes right and run in a westerly direction a distance of 1,038.85 feet more or less to a point, said point being the point of beginning; thence deflect 90 degrees 03 minutes right and run in a northerly direction a distance of 1,152.45 feet to a point, thence deflect 90 degrees 00 minutes right and run in an easterly direction a distance of 38.1 feet to a point; thence deflect 90 degrees 00 minutes left and run in a northerly direction a distance of 62.0 feet to a point; thence deflect 90 degrees 00 minutes right and run in an easterly direction a distance of 329.7 feet to a point; thence deflect 90 degrees 00 minutes left and run in a northerly direction a distance of 298.47 feet to a point on the south right-of-way line of Rabbit Town Road; thence deflect 80 degrees 43 minutes left and run in a westerly direction along the south right-of-way line of Rabbit Town Road a distance of 738.2 feet to a point; thence deflect 99 degrees 15 minutes left and run in a southerly direction a distance of 1,448.75 feet to a point; thence deflect 91 degrees 07 minutes left and run in easterly direction a distance of 81.0 feet to a point; thence deflect 91 degrees 30 minutes right and run in a southerly direction a distance of 185.2 feet to a point; thence deflect 89 degrees 28 minutes left and run in an easterly direction a distance of 279.08 feet to the point of beginning. Being a portion of the northeast quarter of section 19, and a portion of section 18, township 12 south, range 7 east, lying south of the Cherokee Indian boundary line in Etowah County, Alabama.

Washington National Airport, annual passenger ceiling.

SEC. 314. The Congress intends and directs that the proposed rulemaking to adjust the annual passenger ceiling at Washington National Airport be held in abeyance for at least 60 days from the date of enactment of this Act.

Vessels, construction differential subsidies.

46 USC app. 1156.

SEC. 315. None of the funds provided in this Act for the Department of Transportation shall be used for the the enforcement of any rule with respect to the repayment of construction differential subsidy for the permanent release of vessels from the restrictions in section 506 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, until 60 days following the promulgation of any such rule.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the enforcement of any rule regarding the repayment of construction differential subsidy for the permanent release of vessels from the restrictions in section 506 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, shall be held in abeyance for at least 60 days from the date of enactment of this Act.

Consulting service contracts.

SEC. 316. The expenditure of any appropriation under this Act for any consulting service through procurement contract, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 3109, shall be limited to those contracts where such expenditures are a matter of public record and available for public inspection, except where otherwise provided under existing law, or under existing Executive order issued pursuant to existing law.

Air travel, limitation.

SEC. 317. No funds appropriated under this Act shall be expended to pay for any travel by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration as passenger or crew member aboard any Department of Transportation aircraft to any destination served by a regularly scheduled air carrier: *Provided*, That this limitation shall not apply if no regularly scheduled carriers' flight arrives at the destination of the Administrator within 6 hours local time of the desired time of arrival: *Provided further*, That this limitation shall not apply to costs incurred by any flight which is essentially for the purpose of inspecting, investigating, or testing the operations of any

aspect of the Federal Aviation Administration system designed to aid and control air traffic, or to maintain or improve aviation safety: *Provided further,* That this limitation shall not apply to costs incurred by any flight in Department of Transportation aircraft which is necessary in times of emergency or disaster, or for security reasons, or to fulfill official diplomatic representation responsibilities in foreign countries: *Provided further,* That written certifications shall be issued quarterly on all flights initiated in the previous quarter subject to this limitation and shall be made readily available to Congress and the general public.

SEC. 318. Section 120(j) of title 23, United States code, is amended by inserting after the word "Representatives" the following: ", and for funds allocated under the provisions of section 155 of this title and obligated subsequent to January 6, 1983,".

FAA facility closure or consolidation plans. Submittal to congressional committees.

SEC. 319. None of the funds in this or any other Act shall be used by the Federal Aviation Administration for any facility closures or consolidations prior to December 1, 1983: *Provided,* That the Federal Aviation Administration shall, no later than October 1, 1983, submit to the appropriate committees of the congress a detailed, site-specific, and time-phased plan, including cost-effectiveness and other relevant data, for all facility closure or consolidations over the next three years: *Provided further,* That, in the instance of any proposed closure or consolidation questioned in writing by the House or Senate Committees on Appropriations or by any legislative committee of jurisdiction, no such proposed closure or consolidation shall be advanced prior to April 15, 1984, in order to allow for the timely conduct of any necessary congressional hearings.

Hearings.

5 USC 5546a.

SEC. 320. Section 145 of Public Law 97-377, approved December 21, 1982, is amended (1) by designating the existing text thereof as subsection (a), and (2) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

5 USC 5546a note.

"(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) of this section shall be effective as of 5 o'clock ante meridian eastern daylight time, August 3, 1981.".

Handicapped parking. 23 USC 402 note.

SEC. 321. (a) The Congress finds that—

(1) in this Nation there exist millions of handicapped people with severe physical impairments including partial paralysis, limb amputation, chronic heart condition, emphysema, arthritis, rheumatism, and other debilitating conditions which greatly limit their personal mobility;

(2) these people reside in each of the several States and have need and reason to travel from one State to another for business and recreational purposes;

(3) each State maintains the right to establish and enforce its own code of regulations regarding the appropriate use of motor vehicles operating within its jurisdiction;

(4) within a given State handicapped individuals are oftentimes granted special parking privileges to help offset the limitations imposed by their physical impairment;

(5) these special parking privileges vary from State to State as do the methods and means of identifying vehicles used by disabled individuals, all of which serve to impede both the enforcement of special parking privileges and the handicapped individual's freedom to properly utilize such privileges;

(6) there are many efforts currently underway to help alleviate these problems through public awareness and administrative change as encouraged by concerned individuals and na-

tional associations directly involved in matters relating to the issue of special parking privileges for disabled individuals; and

(7) despite these efforts the fact remains that many States may need to give the matter legislative consideration to ensure a proper resolution of this issue, especially as it relates to law enforcement and placard responsibility.

(b) The Congress encourages each of the several States working through the National Governors Conference to—

(1) adopt the International Symbol of Access as the only recognized and adopted symbol to be used to identify vehicles carrying those citizens with acknowledged physical impairments;

(2) grant to vehicles displaying this symbol the special parking privileges which a State may provide; and

(3) permit the International Symbol of Access to appear either on a specialized license plate, or on a specialized placard placed in the vehicles so as to be clearly visible through the front windshield, or on both such places.

(c) It is the sense of the Congress that agreements of reciprocity relating to the special parking privileges granted handicapped individuals should be developed and entered into by and between the several States so as to—

(1) facilitate the free and unencumbered use between the several States, of the special parking privileges afforded those people with acknowledged handicapped conditions, without regard to the State of residence of the handicapped person utilizing such privilege;

(2) improve the ease of law enforcement in each State of its special parking privileges and to facilitate the handling of violators; and

(3) ensure that motor vehicles carrying individuals with acknowledged handicapped conditions be given fair and predictable treatment throughout the Nation.

"State."

(d) As used in this section the term "State" means the several States and the District of Columbia.

Copies to State Governors and D.C. Mayor.

(e) The Secretary of Transportation shall provide a copy of this section to the Governor of each State and the Mayor of the District of Columbia.

Fiscal year limitation. 23 USC 104 note.

SEC. 322. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the limitation on total obligations for Federal-aid highways and highway safety construction programs for fiscal year 1984 contained in title I of this Act shall be reduced by $80,000,000.

Office of Personnel Management regulatory proposals.

SEC. 323. None of the funds appropriated by this Act or any other Act may be obligated or expended before October 15, 1983—

(1) to adopt, to issue, or to carry out a final rule or regulation, a final revision, addition, or amendment to regulations, or a final statement of policy based on any proposed rule, or regulation, any proposed revision, addition, or amendment to regulations, or any proposed statement of policy of which a notice was published in parts III-VI of the Federal Register on March 30, 1983 (48 F.R. 13,342 to 13,381) or in parts III through VI of the Federal Register on July 14, 1983 (48 F.R. 32,275 to 32,312); or

(2) to adopt, to issue, or to carry out any final rule or regulation, any final revision, addition, or amendment to a regulation, or any final statement of policy which effectuates the purposes of any proposed rule, regulation, revision, addition, amendment, or statement of policy referred to in clause (1).

Short title.

This Act may be cited as the "Department of Transportation and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1984".

Approved August 15, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3329:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 98-246 (Comm. on Appropriations) and No. 98-318 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORT No. 98-179 (Comm. on Appropriations).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):

June 22, considered and passed House.

July 15, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Aug. 2, House agreed to conference report; concurred in certain Senate amendments and in others with amendments, and insisted on its disagreement to a Senate amendment.

Aug. 3, Senate agreed to conference report; concurred in certain House amendments, in another with an amendment, and receded from an amendment. House concurred in Senate amendment.

Public Law 98-79
98th Congress

An Act

Aug. 15, 1983
[H.R. 3394]

To provide additional authority for the consolidation of student loans and to make certain other changes in Federal student financial assistance.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Student Loan Consolidation and Technical Amendments Act of 1983".

Student Loan Consolidation and Technical Amendments Act of 1983.
20 USC 1001 note.

EXTENSION OF EXISTING STUDENT LOAN CONSOLIDATION AUTHORITY

96 Stat. 1405.
20 USC 1087-2.

SEC. 2. Section 439(o) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (hereafter in this Act referred to as "the Act") is amended by striking out "on August 1, 1983" in paragraph (5) and inserting in lieu thereof "on November 1, 1983".

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO STUDENT BORROWERS

20 USC 1083a.

SEC. 3. (a) Section 433A of the Act is amended to read as follows:

"STUDENT LOAN INFORMATION BY ELIGIBLE LENDERS

"SEC. 433A. (a) Each eligible lender shall, at or prior to the time such lender disburses a loan to a borrower which is insured or guaranteed under this part, provide thorough and accurate loan information on such loan to the borrower. Any disclosure required by this subsection may be made by an eligible lender as part of the written application material provided to the borrower, or as part of the promissory note evidencing the loan, or on a separate written form provided to the borrower. The disclosures shall include—

Information disclosure.

"(1) the name of the eligible lender, and the address to which communications and payments should be sent;

"(2) the principal amount of the loan;

"(3) the amount of any charges, such as the origination fee and insurance premium, collected by the lender at or prior to the disbursal of the loan and whether such charges are deducted from the proceeds of the loan or paid separately by the borrower;

"(4) the stated interest rate on the loan;

"(5) the yearly and cumulative maximum amounts that may be borrowed;

"(6) an explanation of when repayment of the loan will be required and when the borrower will be obligated to pay interest that accrues on the loan;

"(7) a statement as to the minimum and maximum repayment term which the lender may impose, and the minimum annual payment required by law;

"(8) an explanation of any special options the borrower may have for loan consolidation or other refinancing of the loan;

"(9) a statement that the borrower has the right to prepay all or part of the loan, at any time, without penalty, a statement summarizing circumstances in which repayment of the loan or interest that accrues on the loan may be deferred, and a brief notice of the program for repayment of loans, on the basis of military service, pursuant to section 902 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1981 (10 U.S.C. 2141, note);

10 USC 2141 note.

"(10) a definition of default and the consequences to the borrower if the borrower defaults, including a statement that the default may be reported to a credit bureau or credit reporting agency;

"(11) to the extent practicable, the effect of accepting the loan on the eligibility of the borrower for other forms of student assistance; and

"(12) an explanation of any cost the borrower may incur in the making or collection of the loan.

"(b) Each eligible lender shall, at or prior to the start of the repayment period of the student borrower on loans made, insured, or guaranteed under this part, disclose to the borrower the information required under this subsection. Any disclosure required by this subsection may be made by an eligible lender either in a promissory note evidencing the loan or loans or in a written statement provided to the borrower. The disclosures shall include:

Information disclosure.

"(1) the name of the eligible lender, and the address to which communications and payments should be sent;

"(2) the scheduled date upon which the repayment period is to begin;

"(3) the estimated balance owed by the borrower on the loan or loans covered by the disclosure as of the scheduled date on which the repayment period is to begin (including, if applicable, the estimated amount of interest to be capitalized);

"(4) the stated interest rate on the loan or loans, or the combined interest rate of loans with different stated interest rates;

"(5) the nature of any fees which may accrue or be charged to the borrower during the repayment period;

"(6) the repayment schedule for all loans covered by the disclosure including the date the first installment is due, and the number, amount, and frequency of required payments;

"(7) an explanation of any special options the borrower may have for loan consolidation or other refinancing of the loan;

"(8) the projected total of interest charges which the borrower will pay on the loan or loans, assuming that the borrower makes payments exactly in accordance with the repayment schedule; and

"(9) a statement that the borrower has the right to prepay all or part of the loan or loans covered by the disclosure at any time without penalty.

"(c) Such information shall be available without cost to the borrower. The failure of an eligible lender to provide information as required by this section shall not (1) relieve a borrower of the obligation to repay a loan in accordance with its terms, (2) provide a basis for a claim for civil damages, or (3) be deemed to abrogate the obligation of the Secretary under a contract of insurance or reinsurance, or the obligation of a State or nonprofit private agency or organization which has an agreement with the Secretary under section 428(b) under a contract of guaranty. The Secretary may

Loan repayment, obligation.

20 USC 1078.

limit, suspend, or terminate the continued participation of an eligible lender in making loans under this part for failure by that lender to comply with this section.".

20 USC 1087cc-1. (b) Section 463A of the Act is amended to read as follows:

"STUDENT LOAN INFORMATION BY ELIGIBLE INSTITUTIONS

20 USC 1087cc. "SEC. 463A. (a) Each institution of higher education, in order to carry out the provisions of section 463(a)(8), shall, at or prior to the time such institution makes a loan to a student borrower which is made under this part, provide thorough and adequate loan information on such loan to the student borrower. Any disclosure required by this subsection may be made by an institution of higher education as part of the written application material provided to the borrower, or as part of the promissory note evidencing the loan, or on a separate written form provided to the borrower. The disclosures shall include:

Information disclosure.

"(1) the name of the institution of higher education, and the address to which communications and payments should be sent;

"(2) the principal amount of the loan;

"(3) the amount of any charges collected by the institution at or prior to the disbursal of the loan and whether such charges are deducted from the proceeds of the loan or paid separately by the borrower;

"(4) the stated interest rate on the loan;

"(5) the yearly and cumulative maximum amounts that may be borrowed;

"(6) an explanation of when repayment of the loan will be required and when the borrower will be obligated to pay interest that accrues on the loan;

"(7) a statement as to the minimum and maximum repayment term which the institution may impose, and the minimum monthly payment required by law;

"(8) an explanation of any special options the borrower may have for loan consolidation or other refinancing of the loan;

"(9) a statement that the borrower has the right to prepay all or part of the loan, at any time, without penalty, a statement summarizing circumstances in which repayment of the loan or interest that accrues on the loan may be deferred, and a brief notice of the program for repayment of loans, on the basis of military service, pursuant to section 902 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1981 (10 U.S.C. 2141, note);

10 USC 2141 note.

"(10) a definition of default and the consequences to the borrower if the borrower defaults, including a statement that the default may be reported to a credit bureau or credit reporting agency;

"(11) to the extent practicable, in effect of accepting the loan on the eligibility of the borrower for other forms of student assistance; and

"(12) an explanation of any cost the borrower may incur in the making or collection of the loan.

"(b) Each institution of higher education shall enter into an agreement with the Secretary under which the institution will, prior to the start of the repayment period of the student borrower on loans made under this part, disclose to the student borrower the information required under this subsection. Any disclosures required by this subsection may be made by an institution of higher

education either in a promissory note evidencing the loan or loans or in a written statement provided to the borrower. The disclosures shall include— Information disclosure.

"(1) the name of the institution of higher education, and the address to which communications and payments should be sent;

"(2) the scheduled date upon which the repayment period is to begin;

"(3) the estimated balance owed by the borrower on the loan or loans covered by the disclosure as of the scheduled date on which the repayment period is to begin (including, if applicable, the estimated amount of interest to be capitalized);

"(4) the stated interest rate on the loan or loans, or the combined interest rate of loans with different stated interest rates;

"(5) the nature of any fees which may accrue or be charged to the borrower during the repayment period;

"(6) the repayment schedule for all loans covered by the disclosure including the date the first installment is due, and the number, amount, and frequency of required payments;

"(7) an explanation of any special options the borrower may have for loan consolidation or other refinancing of the loan;

"(8) the projected total of interest charges which the borrower will pay on the loan or loans, assuming that the borrower makes payments exactly in accordance with the repayment schedule; and

"(9) a statement that the borrower has the right to prepay all or part of the loan or loans covered by the disclosure at any time without penalty.

"(c) Such information shall be available without cost to the borrower. The failure of an eligible institution to provide information as required by this section shall not (1) relieve a borrower of the obligation to repay a loan in accordance with its terms, (2) provide a basis for a claim for civil damages, or (3) be deemed to abrogate the obligation of the Secretary to make payments with respect to such loan.". Loan repayment, obligation.

STUDENT FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE TECHNICAL AMENDMENT ACT OF 1982 REVISIONS

SEC. 4. (a) The Student Financial Assistance Technical Amendments of 1982 is amended by striking out section 3 through 6 and inserting in lieu thereof the following: 96 Stat. 1400.

"COST OF ATTENDANCE

"SEC. 3. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), but notwithstanding any other provision of law, the cost of attendance criteria used for calculating eligibility for and the amount of Pell Grants for academic years 1983-1984, and 1984-1985, shall be the same as those criteria in effect for academic year 1982-1983. 20 USC 1070a note.

"(b) The cost of attendance allowance for room and board for students not residing at home or in institutionally owned or operated housing for the academic year 1984-1985 shall be a standard amount determined by the institution of higher education based on the expenses reasonably incurred by such student for room and board, which shall be at least $1,100 but not more than $1,600.

"SEPARATION OF PELL GRANT FAMILY CONTRIBUTION SCHEDULE FROM CAMPUS-BASED PROGRAMS

20 USC 1089 note.

"SEC. 4. The Secretary of Education shall establish or approve separate systems of need analysis for the academic years 1983-1984, 1984-1985, and 1985-1986 for the programs authorized under subpart 2 of part A, part C, and part E of title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965.

20 USC 1070b; 42 USC 2751; 20 USC 1088.

"PELL GRANT FAMILY CONTRIBUTION SCHEDULES FOR ACADEMIC YEARS 1984-1985 AND 1985-1986

20 USC 1070a note.

"SEC. 5. (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c), the family contribution schedule for academic year 1983-1984 for Pell Grants under subpart 1 of part A of title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965 shall be the family contribution schedule for such grants for each of the academic years 1984-1985 and 1985-1986.

20 USC 1070a.

"(b)(1) Each of the amounts allowed as an offset for family size for dependent and independent students in the family contribution schedule for each of the academic years 1984-1985 and 1985-1986 shall be computed by increasing (or decreasing) the comparable amount (for the same family size) in the family contribution schedule for the preceding academic year (as set by this section) by a percentage equal to the percentage increase (or decrease) in the Consumer Price Index for Wage Earners and Clerical Workers published by the Department of Labor, and rounding the result to the nearest $100.

"(2) For purposes of paragraph (1) of this subsection, the percentage increase (or decrease) in the Consumer Price Index for Wage Earners and Clerical Workers is the change, expressed as a per centum, between the arithmetic mean of such index—

"(A) for the period from October 1, 1981, through September 30, 1982, and the arithmetic mean of such index for the period from October 1, 1982, through September 30, 1983, in the case of the academic year 1984-1985; and

"(B) for the period from October 1, 1982, through September 30, 1983, and the arithmetic mean of such index for the period from October 1, 1983, through September 30, 1984, in the case of the academic year 1985-1986.

Publication in Federal Register.

"(3) The Secretary of Education shall publish in the Federal Register the changes in amounts allowed as an offset for family size as a consequence of the requirements of this subsection immediately after publication by the Secretary of Labor of the Consumer Price Index for September 1983 (with respect to academic year 1984-1985) and immediately after such publication for September 1984 (with respect to academic year 1985-1986).

"(c) For purposes of subsection (a), the family contribution schedule for academic year 1983-1984 shall be modified by the Secretary of Education for use for each of academic years 1984-1985 and 1985-1986—

"(1) to reflect the most recent and relevant data, and

"(2) to comply with section 482(b)(3) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 with respect to the treatment of payments under title 38 of the United States Code.

20 USC 1089.

Publication in Federal Register.

"(d) The modified family contribution schedule under this section shall be published in the Federal Register—

"(1) not later than fifteen days after the date of enactment of the Student Loan Consolidation and Technical Amendments Act of 1983 for academic year 1984-1985; and

Ante, p. 476.

"(2) not later than April 1, 1984, for academic year 1985-1986.

"INDEPENDENT STUDENT DETERMINATION

"SEC. 6. Notwithstanding any rule or regulation, the criteria for the determination of independent student status, prescribed under section 482(c)(2) of the Higher Education Act of 1965, in effect for academic year 1982-1983 shall be the criteria for such determinations for each of the academic years 1983-1984, 1984-1985, and 1985-1986.".

20 USC 1089 note.

20 USC 1089.

(b) Section 9 of such Act is amended—

96 Stat. 1403.

(1) by inserting "from July 1, 1984, through June 30, 1985, and from July 1, 1985, through June 30, 1986," after "June 30, 1984," in subsection (a);

20 USC 1078 note.

(2) by striking out "the period of instruction from July 1, 1983, through June 30, 1984," in subsection (b) and inserting in lieu thereof "each of the periods of instruction (beginning after June 30, 1983) described in subsection (a)"; and

(3) by striking out subsection (c) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(c) The modified family contribution schedule under this section shall be submitted not later than—

"(1) April 1, 1983, for the period of instruction from July 1, 1983, through June 30, 1984;

"(2) April 1, 1984, for the period of instruction from July 1, 1984, through June 30, 1985; and

"(3) April 1, 1985, for the period of instruction from July 1, 1985, through June 30, 1986,

and shall otherwise be subject to the provisions of section 482(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965.".

20 USC 1089.

CLARIFICATION OF APPLICABILITY OF 8 PER CENTUM RATE

SEC. 5. (a) Section 427A(a) of the Act is amended—

20 USC 1077a.

(1) by striking out "other than" and all that follows through "this subsection" in paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof "for which the interest rate does not exceed 7 per centum";

(2) by striking out "any loan made, insured" and all that follows through "this paragraph" in paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof "any loan described in paragraph (1) or any loan for which the interest rate is determined under paragraph (1)"; and

(3) by striking out paragraph (3) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(3) be 8 per centum per annum on the unpaid principal balance of the loan for a loan to cover the cost of education for any period of enrollment beginning on or after a date which is three months after a determination made under subsection (b) in the case of any borrower who, on the date of entering into the note or other written evidence of the loan, has no outstanding balance of principal or interest on any loan for which the interest rate is determined under paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection.".

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20 USC 1077a.

(b)(1) Section 427A of the Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(e) For the purposes of subsection (a) of this section—

"Period of instruction."

"(1) the term 'period of instruction' shall, at the discretion of the lender, be any academic year, semester, trimester, quarter, or other academic period; or shall be the period for which the loan is made as determined by the institution of higher education; and

"Period of enrollment."

"(2) the term 'period of enrollment' shall be the period for which the loan is made as determined by the institution of higher education and shall coincide with academic terms such as academic year, semester, trimester, quarter, or other academic period as defined by such institution.".

20 USC 1077a note.

(2) The amendment made by this subsection shall be effective as if enacted as part of the amendment made by section 415(a)(1) of the Education Amendments of 1980.

20 USC 1077a.

NONDISCRIMINATION

20 USC 1071.

SEC. 6. Section 421 of the Act is amended—

(1) by inserting "; NONDISCRIMINATION;" after "STATEMENT OF PURPOSE" in the heading of such section;

(2) by inserting "(1)" after "SEC. 421. (a)"; and

(3) by inserting before subsection (b) the following new paragraph:

"(2) No institution, bank, credit union, corporation, or other lender who regularly extends, renews, or continues credit or provides insurance under this part shall exclude from receipt or deny the benefits of, or discriminate against any borrower or applicant in obtaining, such credit or insurance on the basis of race, national origin, religion, sex or marital status, age, or handicapped status.".

RESTRICTION ON SPECIAL ALLOWANCES

20 USC 1087-1.

SEC. 7. (a) Section 438 of the Act is amended by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (e) and inserting before such subsection the following:

"(d)(1) In order for the holders of loans which were made or purchased with funds obtained by the holder from an Authority issuing obligations, the income from which is exempt from taxation under the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, to be eligible to receive a special allowance under subsection (b)(2) of this section, the Authority shall submit to the Secretary a plan for doing business. The Secretary shall approve or disapprove such plan within thirty days after the date of its submission. Each such plan shall contain provisions designed to assure that—

26 USC 1 *et seq.*

Plans.

"(A) no eligible lender in the area served by the Authority will be excluded from participation in the program of the Authority and all eligible lenders may participate in the program on the same terms and conditions if eligible lenders are going to participate in the program;

"(B) no director or staff member of the Authority who receives compensation from the Authority may own stock in, or receive compensation from, any agency that would contract to service and collect the loans of the Authority;

"(C) student loans will not be purchased from participating lenders at a premium or discount amounting to more than 1 per

centum of the unpaid principal amount borrowed plus accrued interest to the date of acquisition, but a reasonable loan transfer fee may be paid by the purchaser;

"(D) the Authority will, within the limit of funds available and subject to the applicable State and Federal law, make loans to, or purchase loans incurred by, all eligible students who are residents of, or who attend an eligible institution within, the area served by the Authority;

"(E) the Authority has a plan under which the Authority will pursue the development of new lender participation in a continuing program of benefits to students together with assurances of existing lender commitments to the program;

"(F) there will be an annual audit of the Authority by a certified public accounting firm which will include review of compliance by the Authority with the provisions of the plan; and

"(G) the Authority will not issue obligations for amounts in excess of the reasonable needs for student loan credit within the area served by the Authority, after taking into account existing sources of student loan credit in that area.

"(2) In order for the holders of loans which were made or purchased with funds obtained by the holder from an Authority issuing obligations, the income from which is exempt from taxation under the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, to be eligible to receive a special allowance under subsection (b)(2) of this section on any such loans, the Authority shall not engage in any pattern or practice which results in a denial of a borrower's access to loans under this part because of the borrower's race, sex, color, religion, national origin, age, handicapped status, income, attendance at a particular eligible institution within the area served by the Authority, length of the borrower's educational program, or the borrower's academic year in school.". 26 USC 1 *et seq.*

(b) Section 420(b) of the Education Amendments of 1980 is repealed. 20 USC 1087-1a.

(c) Section 438(b)(2)(B)(iii) of the Act is amended by striking out "section 420(b) of the Education Amendments of 1980" and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection (d) of this section". 20 USC 1087-1.

(d) Until two years after the date of enactment of this Act, section 438(d)(2) of the Act (as added by subsection (a) of this section) shall not operate to prevent the payment of special allowances on loans described in such section 438(d)(2) because an Authority described in such section denies access to loans under part B of title IV of the Act to students in attendance at particular institutions with specified high default rates on such loans, if such denial is pursuant to a rule of such Authority adopted prior to August 1, 1983. 20 USC 1087-1 note. 20 USC 1071.

STUDENT LOAN MARKETING ASSOCIATION

SEC. 8. Section 439(l) of the Act is amended by striking out "September 30, 1984" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1988". 96 Stat. 1405. 20 USC 1087-2.

ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS

SEC. 9. The amendments made by section 417(c) of the Education Amendments of 1980 shall be effective as if enacted as part of the 20 USC 1078 note. 20 USC 1078.

amendment made by section 127(a) of the Education Amendments of 1976.

20 USC prec. 1071, 1071-1078, 1078-1, 1079-1087, 1087-1, 1087-2.

REPAYMENT STATUS

20 USC 1077.

SEC. 10. Section 427(a)(2)(B) of the Act is amended by striking out "six months after the date on which" and inserting in lieu thereof "six months after the month in which".

20 USC 1078.

(b) Section 428(b)(1)(E) of the Act is amended—

(1) by inserting "the month in which" after "ten years beginning six months after"; and

(2) in clause (i), by inserting "the month in which" after "not earlier than six months after".

20 USC 1077 note.

(c) The amendments made by this section shall be effective with respect to any loan under part B of title IV of the Act on which repayment has not commenced prior to the date of enactment of this Act.

20 USC 1071.

NATIONAL COMMISSION ON STUDENT FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

20 USC 1098.

SEC. 11. Section 491(d)(3) of the Act is amended by striking out "90 days following the submission of its final report" and inserting in lieu thereof "on November 1, 1983".

DEFERMENTS OF AUXILIARY LOANS

20 USC 1078-2.

SEC. 12. Section 428B(a)(1) of the Act is amended by inserting before the period at the end of the second sentence the following: ", but such a parent borrower shall not be eligible for any deferment pursuant to section 427(a)(2)(C) or 428(b)(1)(M)".

Approved August 15, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3394:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-324 (Comm. on Education and Labor).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Aug. 1, considered and passed House.
Aug. 2, considered and passed Senate, amended.
Aug. 3, House concurred in Senate amendments.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 19, No. 33 (1983):
Aug. 16, Presidential statement.

Public Law 98-80
98th Congress

An Act

Authorizing three additional Assistant Administrators of the Environmental Protection Agency.

Aug. 23, 1983
[S. 1696]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, may appoint three Assistant Administrators of the Environmental Protection Agency in addition to—

Environmental Protection Agency, appointment authorizations.
42 USC 4370a.

(1) the five Assistant Administrators provided for in section 1(d) of Reorganization Plan Numbered 3 of 1970 (5 U.S.C. Appendix) (hereinafter in this Act referred to as the "Reorganization Plan");

(2) the Assistant Administrator provided by section 26(g) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2625(g)); and

(3) the Assistant Administrator provided by section 307(b) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 6911a).

(b) Each Assistant Administrator appointed under subsection (a) shall perform such duties as the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency may prescribe.

SEC. 2. (a)(1) Section 5313 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency.".

(2) The second sentence of section 1(b) of the Reorganization Plan is amended by striking out ", and shall be compensated at the rate now or hereafter provided for Level II of the Executive Schedule Pay Rates (5 U.S.C. 5313)".

5 USC app.
42 USC 4321 note.

(b)(1) Section 5314 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"Deputy Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency.".

(2) The first sentence of section 1(c) of the Reorganization Plan is amended by striking out ", and shall be compensated at the rate now or hereafter provided for Level III of the Executive Schedule Pay Rates (5 U.S.C. 5314)".

5 USC app.
42 USC 4321 note.

(c)(1) Section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new items:

"Assistant Administrator for Toxic Substances, Environmental Protection Agency.

"Assistant Administrator, Office of Solid Waste, Environmental Protection Agency.

"Assistant Administrators, Environmental Protection Agency (8).".

(2)(A) Section 26(g)(2) of the Toxic Substances Control Act is amended by striking out "(A)" and ", and (B) be compensated at the rate of pay authorized for such Assistant Administrators".

15 USC 2625.

(B) Section 307(b) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 is amended by striking out

42 USC 6911a.

", and shall be compensated at the rate provided for Level IV of the Executive Schedule pay rates under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code".

5 USC app.
42 USC 4321 note.

(C) Section 1(d) of the Reorganization Plan is amended by striking out ", and shall be compensated at the rate now or hereafter provided for Level IV of the Executive Schedule Pay Rates (5 U.S.C. 5315)".

Approved August 23, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1696:

SENATE REPORT No. 98-196 (Comm. on Environment and Public Works).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Aug. 3, considered and passed Senate.
Aug. 4, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-81
98th Congress

An Act

To name the United States Post Office Building to be constructed in Fort Worth, Texas, as the "Jack D. Watson Post Office Building".

Aug. 23, 1983
[S. 1797]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the United States Post Office Building to be constructed in Fort Worth, Texas, at the intersection of Meacham Boulevard and the Mark IV Parkway, shall hereafter be named and designated the "Jack D. Watson Post Office Building". Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, record, or other paper of the United States to such building shall be held to be a reference to the "Jack D. Watson Post Office Building".

Jack D. Watson Post Office Building, Tex. Designation.

SERVICE OF GOVERNOR UNTIL SUCCESSOR QUALIFIES

SEC. 2. Section 202(b) of title 39, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following sentence: "A Governor may continue to serve after the expiration of his term until his successor has qualified, but not to exceed one year.".

Approved August 23, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1797 (H.R. 3151):

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-239 accompanying H.R. 3151 (Comm. on Public Works and Transportation).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
June 13, H.R. 3151 considered and passed House.
Aug. 4, considered and passed Senate and House.

Public Law 98-82
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Aug. 23, 1983
[S.J. Res. 85]

To designate September 26, 1983, as "National Historically Black Colleges Day".

Whereas there are one hundred and three historically black colleges and universities in the United States; and

Whereas they are providing the quality education so essential to full participation in our complex, highly technological society; and

Whereas black colleges and universities have a rich heritage and have played a prominent role in American history; and

Whereas these institutions have allowed many underprivileged students to attain their full potential through higher education; and

Whereas the achievements and goals of these historically black colleges are deserving of national recognition: Now, therefore, be it

National Historically Black Colleges Day.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United Staters of America in Congress assembled, That September 26, 1983, is designated as "National Historically Black Colleges Day" and the President of the United States is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States and interested groups to observe that day by engaging in appropriate ceremonies, activities, and programs, thereby showing their support of historically black colleges and universities in the United States.

Approved August 23, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 85:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
July 16, considered and passed Senate.
Aug. 4, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-83
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

To designate October 2 through October 9, 1983, as "National Housing Week".

Aug. 23, 1983
[S.J. Res. 98]

Whereas housing is helping to lead the Nation out of recession creating jobs for the unemployed, tax revenue for Government and raising economic confidence throughout America;

Whereas the construction of between one million four hundred thousand and one million six hundred thousand housing starts in 1983—a dramatic increase from 1982—will create millions of worker-years of employment in construction and construction-related industries, billions in wages and billions in tax revenue for local, State and Federal governments;

Whereas an upturn in home sales and housing production has triggered every economic recovery since World War II;

Whereas to sustain this housing-led recovery, it is essential that interest rates continue to fall to increase housing affordability;

Whereas homeownership and decent housing instill pride and contribute to the stability and vitality of communities throughout America;

Whereas it is appropriate to reaffirm our Nation's historic commitment to housing and homeownership as a national priority and to recognize and sustain the role that housing plays in the economic recovery: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That October 2 through 9, 1983, be declared "National Housing Week" and that the President of the United States be authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon all people of the United States to observe this week with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

National Housing Week.

Approved August 23, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 98:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
July 16, considered and passed Senate.
Aug. 4, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-84
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Aug. 23, 1983
[S.J. Res. 116]

To designate the week of September 4, 1983, through September 10, 1983, as "Youth of America Week".

Whereas the children of our Nation are the most valuable natural resource for the future of the country;

Whereas the sharing of knowledge, experiences, and wisdom by adults with children will help to nurture the development in our youth of democratic principles and strong moral and spiritual values, so important to the survival and future betterment of our Nation; and

Whereas all of the people of the United States can be involved in the development of such important principles and values in the youth of America: Now, therefore, be it

Youth of America Week.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the week of September 4, 1983, through September 10, 1983, is designated as "Youth of America Week", and the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe the week with appropriate programs, ceremonies, and activities.

Approved August 23, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 116:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
July 26, considered and passed Senate.
Aug. 4, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-85
98th Congress

An Act

To designate the Federal Building and United States Courthouse at 450 Golden Gate Avenue, San Francisco, California, as the Phillip Burton Federal Building and United States Courthouse.

Aug. 26, 1983
[H.R. 2895]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Federal Building and United States Courthouse at 450 Golden Gate Avenue, San Francisco, California, shall hereafter be known and designated as the "Phillip Burton Federal Building and United States Courthouse". Any reference in any law, map, regulation, document, record, or any other paper of the United States to such building shall be deemed to be a reference to the "Phillip Burton Federal Building and United States Courthouse".

Phillip Burton Federal Building and U.S. Courthouse, designation.

Approved August 26, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2895:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-152 (Comm. on Public Works and Transportation).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
May 23, considered and passed House.
Aug. 4, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-86
98th Congress

An Act

Aug. 26, 1983
[H.R. 3232]

To amend title 28 of the United States Code to authorize payment of travel and transportation expenses of newly appointed special agents of the Department of Justice.

Travel and transportation expenses for Justice Department personnel.
28 USC 530.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That chapter 31 of title 28 of the United States Code is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

"§ 530. Payment of travel and transportation expenses of newly appointed special agents

"The Attorney General or the Attorney General's designee is authorized to pay the travel expenses of newly appointed special agents and the transportation expenses of their families and household goods and personal effects from place of residence at time of selection to the first duty station, to the extent such payments are authorized by section 5723 of title 5 for new appointees who may receive payments under that section.".

5 USC 5723.

SEC. 2. The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 31 of title 28 of the United States Code is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"530. Payment of travel and transportation expenses of newly appointed special agents.".

Approved August 26, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3232:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Aug. 1, considered and passed House.
Aug. 4, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-87
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Providing for appointment of Jeannine Smith Clark as a citizen regent of the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution.

Aug. 26, 1983
[H.J. Res. 297]

Smithsonian Institution.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the vacancy in the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution, of the class other than Members of Congress, caused by the death of Nancy Hanks of the District of Columbia on January 7, 1983, is filled by appointment of Jeannine Smith Clark of the District of Columbia for the statutory term of six years.

Approved August 26, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 297 (S.J. Res. 103):

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-329 (Comm. on House Administration).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-197 accompanying S.J. Res. 103 (Comm. on Rules and Administration).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Aug. 1, considered and passed House.
Aug. 4, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-88
98th Congress

An Act

Aug. 26, 1983
[H.R. 3190]

To establish an improved program for extra long staple cotton.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Extra Long Staple Cotton Act of 1983".

Extra Long Staple Cotton Act of 1983.
7 USC 1421 note.

SEC. 2. Section 347 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, and section 101(f) of the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended, are repealed effective beginning with the 1984 crop of extra long staple cotton.

Repeal.
7 USC 1347.
7 USC 1441.

SEC. 3. Sections 342, 343, 344, 344a, 345, 346, and 377 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, shall not be applicable to the 1984 and subsequent crops of extra long staple cotton.

7 USC 1342 note.
7 USC 1342-1344, 1344b, 1345, 1346, 1377.

SEC. 4. Effective beginning with the 1984 crop of extra long staple cotton, section 103 of the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof a new subsection as follows:

7 USC 1444.

"(h)(1) For purposes of this subsection, extra long staple cotton means cotton which is produced from pure strain varieties of the Barbadense species or any hybrid thereof, or other similar types of extra long staple cotton, designated by the Secretary, having characteristics needed for various end uses for which American upland cotton is not suitable and grown in irrigated cotton-growing regions of the United States designated by the Secretary or other areas designated by the Secretary as suitable for the production of such varieties or types and which is ginned on a roller-type gin or, if authorized by the Secretary, ginned on another type gin for experimental purposes.

Loans.

"(2) The Secretary shall, upon presentation of warehouse receipts reflecting accrued storage charges of not more than sixty days, make available to producers nonrecourse loans for a term of ten months from the first day of the month in which the loan is made at a level which is not less than 50 per centum in excess of the loan level established for each crop of Strict Low Middling one and one-sixteenth inch upland cotton (micronaire 3.5 through 4.9) at average location in the United States. If authorized by the Secretary, nonrecourse loans provided for in this subsection may, upon request of the producer during the tenth month of the loan period for the cotton, be made available for an additional term of eight months. The loan level for any crop of extra long staple cotton shall be determined and announced by the Secretary not later than November 1 of the calendar year preceding the marketing year for which such loan is to be effective and such level shall not thereafter be changed.

Payments.

"(3)(A) In addition, payments shall be made for each crop of extra long staple cotton to producers on each farm at a rate equal to the amount by which the higher of—

"(i) the average market price received by farmers for extra long staple cotton during the first eight months of the marketing year for such crop, as determined by the Secretary, or

"(ii) the loan level determined under paragraph (2) of this subsection for such crop,

is less than the established price per pound times, in each case, the farm program acreage for extra long staple cotton (determined in accordance with paragraph (6) or paragraph (8)(A) of this subsection, but in no event on a greater acreage than the acreage actually planted to extra long staple cotton for harvest), multiplied by the farm program payment yield for extra long staple cotton (determined in accordance with paragraph (7) of this subsection).

"(B) The established price for each crop of extra long staple cotton shall be 120 per centum of the loan level determined for such crop under paragraph (2) of this subsection.

Acreage limitation program.

"(C) If the Secretary establishes an acreage limitation program for a crop of extra long staple cotton in accordance with paragraph (8)(A) of this subsection and determines that deficiency payments will likely be made for such crop of extra long staple cotton under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, the Secretary may make available advance deficiency payments for such crop to producers who agree to participate in the acreage limitation program. Such advance payments shall be made available to producers as soon as practicable after the producer files a notice of intention to participate in such acreage limitation program and in such amount as the Secretary determines appropriate to encourage adequate participation in such program, except that such amount shall not exceed an amount determined by multiplying (i) the estimated farm program acreage for the crop, by (ii) the farm program payment yield for the crop, by (iii) 50 per centum of the projected payment rate, as determined by the Secretary. In any case in which the deficiency payment payable to a producer for a crop, as finally determined by the Secretary under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, is less than the amount paid to the producer as an advance deficiency payment under this paragraph, the producer shall refund an amount equal to the difference between the amount advanced and the amount finally determined by the Secretary to be payable to the producer. If the Secretary determines that no deficiency payments are due producers on a crop, the producer who received advanced payments on such crop shall refund such payments. If a producer fails to comply with the requirements under the acreage limitation program after obtaining an advance deficiency payment under this paragraph, the producer shall immediately repay the amount of the advance, plus interest thereon in such amount as the Secretary shall prescribe.

National program acreage.

"(4) The Secretary shall establish for each crop of extra long staple cotton a national program acreage. Such national program acreage shall be announced by the Secretary not later than November 1 of the calendar year preceding the year for which such acreage is established. The Secretary may revise the national program acreage first announced for any crop year for the purpose of determining the allocation factor under paragraph (5) of this subsection if the Secretary determines it necessary based upon the latest information, and the Secretary shall announce such revised national program acreage as soon as it has been made. The national program acreage shall be the number of harvested acres the Secretary determines (on the basis of the estimated weighted national average of the farm program payment yields for the crop for which the determination is made) will produce the quantity (less imports) of extra long staple cotton that the Secretary estimates will be utilized domestically and for export during the marketing year for such

crop. The national program acreage shall be subject to such adjustment as the Secretary determines necessary, taking into consideration the estimated carryover supply and the stocks not accounted for by official domestic consumption and export data, so as to provide for an adequate but not excessive total supply of extra long staple cotton for the marketing year for the crop for which such national program acreage is established. In no event shall the national program acreage be less than sixty thousand acres.

"(5) The Secretary shall determine a program allocation factor for each crop of extra long staple cotton. The allocation factor (not to exceed 100 per centum) shall be determined by dividing the national program acreage for the crop by the number of acres that the Secretary estimates will be harvested for such crop.

Farm program acreage.

"(6) The individual farm program acreage for each crop of extra long staple cotton shall be determined by multiplying the allocation factor by the acreage of extra long staple cotton planted for harvest on each farm for which individual farm program acreages are required to be determined. The farm program acreage shall not be further reduced by application of the allocation factor if the producers reduce the acreage of extra long staple cotton planted for harvest on the farm from the acreage base established for the farm under paragraph (8)(A) of this subsection by at least the percentage recommended by the Secretary in the announcement of the national program acreage. The Secretary shall provide fair and equitable treatment for producers on farms on which the acreage of extra long staple cotton planted for harvest is less than the acreage base established for the farm under paragraph (8)(A) of this subsection, but for which the reduction is insufficient to exempt the farm from the application of the allocation factor. In establishing the allocation factor for extra long staple cotton, the Secretary may make such adjustment as the Secretary deems necessary to take into account the extent of exemption of farms under the foregoing provisions of this paragraph.

Farm program payment yield.

"(7) The farm program payment yield for each crop of extra long staple cotton shall be determined on the basis of the actual yields per harvested acre on the farm for the preceding three years, except that the actual yields shall be adjusted by the Secretary for abnormal yields in any year caused by drought, flood, or other natural disaster, or other condition beyond the control of the producers. In case farm yield data for one or more years are unavailable or there was no production, the Secretary shall provide for appraisals to be made on the basis of actual yields and program payment yields for similar farms in the area for which data are available. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this paragraph in the determination of yields, the Secretary shall take into account the actual yields proved by the producer, and neither such yields nor the farm program payment yield established on the basis of such yields shall be reduced under other provisions of this paragraph. If the Secretary determines it necessary, the Secretary may establish national, State, or county program payment yields on the basis of historical yields, as adjusted by the Secretary to correct for abnormal factors affecting such yields in the historical period, or, if such data are not available, on the Secretary's estimate of actual yields for the crop year involved. If national, State, or county program payment yields are established, the farm program payment yields shall balance to the national, State, or county program payment yields.

"(8)(A) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, the Secretary may establish a limitation on the acreage planted to extra long staple cotton if the Secretary determines that the total supply of extra long staple cotton, in the absence of such limitation, will be excessive taking into account the need for an adequate carryover to maintain reasonable and stable prices and to meet a national emergency. Such limitation shall be achieved by applying a uniform percentage reduction to the acreage base for each extra long staple cotton-producing farm. Producers who knowingly produce extra long staple cotton in excess of the permitted acreage for the farm shall be ineligible for extra long staple cotton loans and payments with respect to that farm. The acreage base for any farm for the purpose of determining any reduction required to be made for any year as a result of a limitation under this subparagraph shall be the average acreage planted on the farm to extra long staple cotton for harvest in the three crop years immediately preceding the year prior to the year for which the determination is made. For the purpose of the preceding sentence, acreage planted to extra long staple cotton for harvest shall include any acreage which the producers were prevented from planting to extra long staple cotton or other nonconserving crops in lieu of extra long staple cotton because of drought, flood, or other natural disaster or other condition beyond the control of the producers. The Secretary may make adjustments to reflect established crop-rotation practices and to reflect such other factors as the Secretary determines should be considered in determining a fair and equitable base. There is hereby established for the 1984, 1985, and 1986 crops an acreage base reserve equal to 5 per centum of the total of the farm acreage bases established for the crop under the foregoing provisions of this subparagraph. Such reserve shall be in addition to the total of the farm acreage bases and shall be used by the county committees, in accordance with regulations of the Secretary, for making adjustments of farm acreage bases to correct inequities and prevent hardship, and for establishing bases for farms on which no extra long staple cotton was planted during the preceding four years. A number of acres on the farm determined by dividing (i) the product obtained by multiplying the number of acres required to be withdrawn from the production of extra long staple cotton times the number of acres actually planted to such commodity, by (ii) the number of acres authorized to be planted to such commodity under the limitation established by the Secretary, shall be devoted to conservation uses, in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary, which will assure protection of such acreage from weeds and wind and water erosion. The number of acres so determined is hereafter in this subsection referred to as 'reduced acreage'. The Secretary may permit, subject to such terms and conditions as the Secretary may prescribe, all or any part of the reduced acreage to be devoted to sweet sorghum, hay and grazing, or the production of guar, sesame, safflower, sunflower, castor beans, mustard seed, crambe, plantago ovato, flaxseed, triticale, rye, or other commodity, if the Secretary determines that such production is needed to provide an adequate supply of such commodities, is not likely to increase the cost of the price support program, and will not affect farm income adversely. If an acreage limitation program is announced under this paragraph for a crop of extra long staple cotton, paragraphs (4), (5), and (6) of this subsection shall not be applicable to such crop, including any prior announcement which may have been made under such paragraphs with respect to such

Acreage limitation.

Acreage base reserve.

crop. The individual farm program acreage shall be the actual acreage planted on the farm to extra long staple cotton for harvest within the permitted extra long staple cotton acreage for the farm as established under this paragraph.

Land diversion payments.

"(B) The Secretary may make land diversion payments to producers of extra long staple cotton, whether or not an acreage limitation program for extra long staple cotton is in effect, if the Secretary determines that such land diversion payments are necessary to assist in adjusting the total national acreage of extra long staple cotton to desirable goals. Such land diversion payments shall be made to producers who, to the extent prescribed by the Secretary, devote to approved conservation uses an acreage of cropland on the farm in accordance with land diversion contracts entered into by the Secretary with such producers. The amounts payable to producers under land diversion contracts may be determined through the submission of bids for such contracts by producers in such manner as the Secretary may prescribe or through such other means as the Secretary determines appropriate. In determining the acceptability of contract offers, the Secretary shall take into consideration the extent of the diversion to be undertaken by the producers and the productivity of the acreage diverted. The Secretary shall limit the total acreage to be diverted under agreements in any county or local community so as not to affect adversely the economy of the county or local community.

Contract bids.

Acreage limitation.

"(C) The reduced acreage and the diverted acreage may be devoted to wildlife food plots or wildlife habitat in conformity with standards established by the Secretary in consultation with wildlife agencies. The Secretary may pay an appropriate share of the cost of practices designed to carry out the purpose of the foregoing sentence. The Secretary may provide for an additional payment on such acreage in an amount determined by the Secretary to be appropriate in relation to the benefit to the general public if the producer agrees to permit, without other compensation, access to all or such portion of the farm, as the Secretary may prescribe, by the general public, for hunting, trapping, fishing, and hiking, subject to applicable State and Federal regulations.

Program participation.

"(9) An operator of a farm desiring to participate in the program conducted under paragraph (8) of this subsection shall execute an agreement with the Secretary providing for such participation not later than such date as the Secretary may prescribe. The Secretary may, by mutual agreement with the producers on the farm, terminate or modify any such agreement if the Secretary determines such action necessary because of an emergency created by drought or other disaster or to prevent or alleviate a shortage in the supply of agricultural commodities.

"(10) The Secretary shall provide for the sharing of payments made under this subsection for any farm among the producers on the farm on a fair and equitable basis.

"(11) The Secretary shall provide adequate safeguards to protect the interests of tenants and sharecroppers.

"(12) If the failure of a producer to comply fully with the terms and conditions of the program formulated under this subsection precludes the making of loans and payments, the Secretary may, nevertheless, make such loans and payments in such amounts as the Secretary determines to be equitable in relation to the seriousness of the failure. The Secretary may authorize the county and State committees established under section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation

Program deadlines or other requirements.

and Domestic Allotment Act to waive or modify deadlines and other program requirements in cases in which lateness or failure to meet such other requirements does not affect adversely the operation of the program. 16 USC 590h.

"(13) The Secretary may issue such regulations as the Secretary determines necessary to carry out the provisions of this subsection.

"(14) The Secretary shall carry out the program authorized by this subsection through the Commodity Credit Corporation.

"(15) The provisions of subsection 8(g) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (relating to assignment of payments) shall apply to payments made under this subsection. 16 USC 590h.

"(16) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, compliance on a farm with the terms and conditions of any other commodity program may not be required as a condition of eligibility for loans or payments under this subsection.

"(17) In order to encourage and assist producers in the orderly ginning and marketing of their extra long staple cotton production, the Secretary shall make recourse loans available to such producers on seed cotton in accordance with authority vested in the Secretary under the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act. 15 USC 714 note.

"(18) References made in sections 402, 403, 406, 407, and 416 to the terms 'support price', 'level of support', and 'level of price support' shall be considered to apply as well to the level of loans for extra long staple cotton under this subsection; and references to the terms 'price support', 'price support operations', and 'price support program' in such sections and in section 401(a) shall be considered as applying as well to the loan operations for extra long staple cotton under this subsection.". 7 USC 1422, 1423, 1426, 1427, 1431. 7 USC 1421.

SEC. 5. Section 407 of the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "Notwithstanding any other provision of law, beginning upon the enactment of the Extra Long Staple Cotton Act of 1983, the Commodity Credit Corporation may sell extra long staple cotton for unrestricted use at such price levels as the Secretary determines appropriate to maintain and expand export and domestic markets for such cotton.". 7 USC 1427. *Ante*, p. 494.

SEC. 6. Section 1101(1) of the Agriculture and Food Act of 1981 is amended by deleting "and rice" and inserting in lieu thereof "extra long staple cotton, and rice". 7 USC 1308.

Approved August 26, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3190:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-256 (Comm. on Agriculture).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
June 27, considered and passed House.
Aug. 4, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-89
98th Congress

An Act

Aug. 26, 1983
[S. 46]

To revise, consolidate, and enact certain laws related to vessels and seamen as subtitle II of title 46, United States Code, "Shipping".

Shipping.
Enactment as subtitle II of title 46, United States Code.
46 USC note prec. 2101.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SUBTITLE II OF TITLE 46, UNITED STATES CODE

SECTION 1. Certain general and permanent laws of the United States, related to vessels and seamen, are revised, consolidated, and enacted as title 46, United States Code, "Shipping", as follows:

TITLE 46—SHIPPING

SUBTITLE	Sec.
I. [Reserved—general]	101
II. Vessels and seamen	2101

[BALANCE OF TITLE RESERVED]

SUBTITLE II—VESSELS AND SEAMEN

PART A—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Chapter	Sec.
21. General	2101
23. Operation of vessels generally	2301

PART B—INSPECTION AND REGULATION OF VESSELS

31. General	3101
33. Inspection generally	3301
35. Carriage of passengers	3501
37. Carriage of liquid bulk dangerous cargoes	3701
39. Carriage of animals	3901
41. Uninspected vessels	4101
43. Recreational vessels	4301

[PART C—RESERVED FOR LOAD LINES OF VESSELS]

PART D—MARINE CASUALTIES

61. Reporting marine casualties	6101
63. Investigating marine casualties	6301

PART E—LICENSES, CERTIFICATES, AND MERCHANT MARINERS' DOCUMENTS

71. Licenses and certificates of registry	7101
73. Merchant mariners' documents	7301
75. General procedures for licensing, certification, and documentation	7501
77. Suspension and revocation	7701

PART F—MANNING OF VESSELS

81. General	8101
83. Masters and officers	8301
85. Pilots	8501
87. Unlicensed personnel	8701
89. Small vessel manning	8901
91. Tank vessel manning standards	9101
93. Great Lakes pilotage	9301

PART G—MERCHANT SEAMEN PROTECTION AND RELIEF

101. General 10101
103. Foreign and intercoastal voyages 10301
105. Coastwise voyages 10501
107. Effects of deceased seamen 10701
109. Proceedings on unseaworthiness 10901
111. Protection and relief 11101
113. Official logbooks 11301
115. Offenses and penalties 11501

PART H—IDENTIFICATION OF VESSELS

121. Documentation of vessels 12101
123. Numbering undocumented vessels 12301

PART I—STATE BOATING SAFETY PROGRAMS

131. Recreational boating safety 13101

[PART J—RESERVED FOR MEASUREMENT OF VESSELS]

PART A—GENERAL PROVISIONS

CHAPTER 21—GENERAL

Sec.
2101. General definitions.
2102. Limited definitions.
2103. Superintendence of the merchant marine.
2104. Delegation.
2105. Report.
2106. Liability in rem.
2107. Civil penalty procedures.
2108. Refund of penalties.
2109. Public vessels.
2110. Fees prohibited.
2111. Pay for overtime services.
2112. Authority to change working hours.
2113. Authority to exempt certain vessels.

§ 2101. General definitions

In this subtitle—

(1) "associated equipment"—

(A) means—

(i) a system, accessory, component, or appurtenance of a recreational vessel; or

(ii) a marine safety article intended for use on board a recreational vessel; but

(B) does not include radio equipment.

(2) "barge" means a non-self-propelled vessel.

(3) "Boundary Line" means a line established under section 2(b) of the Act of February 19, 1895 (33 U.S.C. 151).

(4) "Coast Guard" means the organization established and continued under section 1 of title 14. 14 USC 1.

(5) "commercial service" includes any type of trade or business involving the transportation of goods or individuals, except service performed by a combatant vessel.

(6) "consular officer" means an officer or employee of the United States Government designated under regulations to grant visas.

(7) "crude oil" means a liquid hydrocarbon mixture occurring naturally in the earth, whether or not treated to render it suitable for transportation, and includes crude oil from which

certain distillate fractions may have been removed, and crude oil to which certain distillate fractions may have been added.

(8) "crude oil tanker" means a tanker engaged in the trade of carrying crude oil.

(9) "discharge", when referring to a substance discharged from a vessel, includes spilling, leaking, pumping, pouring, emitting, emptying, or dumping, however caused.

(10) "documented vessel" means a vessel for which a certificate of documentation has been issued under chapter 121 of this title.

Post, p. 584.

(11) "fisheries" includes planting, cultivating, catching, taking, or harvesting fish, shellfish, marine animals, pearls, shells, or marine vegetation at a place in the fishery conservation zone established by section 101 of the Magnuson Fishery Conservation and Management Act of 1976 (16 U.S.C. 1811).

(12) "foreign vessel" means a vessel of foreign registry or operated under the authority of a country except the United States.

(13) "freight vessel" means a motor vessel of more than 15 gross tons that carries freight for hire, except an oceanographic research vessel or an offshore supply vessel.

(14) "hazardous material" means a liquid material or substance that is—

(A) flammable or combustible;

(B) designated a hazardous substance under section 311(b) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1321); or

(C) designated a hazardous material under section 104 of the Hazardous Material Transportation Act (49 U.S.C. 1803);

(15) "marine environment" means—

(A) the navigable waters of the United States and the land and resources in and under those waters;

(B) the waters and fishery resources of an area over which the United States asserts exclusive fishery management authority;

(C) the seabed and subsoil of the outer Continental Shelf of the United States, the resources of the Shelf, and the waters superjacent to the Shelf; and

(D) the recreational, economic, and scenic values of the waters and resources referred to in subclauses (A)–(C) of this clause.

(16) "motor vessel" means a vessel propelled by machinery other than steam.

(17) "nautical school vessel" means a vessel operated by or in connection with a nautical school.

(18) "oceanographic research vessel" means a vessel that the Secretary finds is being employed only in instruction in oceanography or limnology, or both, or only in oceanographic or limnological research, including those studies about the sea such as seismic, gravity meter, and magnetic exploration and other marine geophysical or geological surveys, atmospheric research, and biological research.

(19) "offshore supply vessel" means a motor vessel of more than 15 gross tons but less than 500 gross tons that regularly carries goods, supplies, or equipment in support of exploration,

exploitation, or production of offshore mineral or energy resources and is not a small passenger vessel.

(20) "oil" includes oil of any type or in any form, including petroleum, fuel oil, sludge, oil refuse, and oil mixed with wastes except dredged spoil.

(21) "passenger"—

(A) on a passenger vessel, means an individual carried on the vessel except—

(i) the master; or

(ii) a crewmember.

(B) on a small passenger vessel, means an individual carried on the vessel except—

(i) the owner or representative of the owner;

(ii) the master or a crewmember engaged in the business of the vessel who has not contributed consideration for carriage and who is paid for services;

(iii) an employee of the owner of the vessel engaged in the business of the owner, except when the vessel is operating under a demise charter;

(iv) an employee of the demise charterer of the vessel engaged in the business of the demise charterer;

(v) a guest on board a vessel that is being operated only for pleasure, or a guest on board a sailing school vessel, who has not contributed consideration for carriage on board;

(vi) an individual on board a towing vessel of at least 50 gross tons who has not contributed consideration for carriage on board; or

(vii) a sailing school instructor or sailing school student.

(C) on an offshore supply vessel, means an individual carried on the vessel except—

(i) the owner;

(ii) a representative of the owner;

(iii) the master;

(iv) a crewmember engaged in the business of the vessel who has not contributed consideration for carriage on board and who is paid for services on board;

(v) an employee of the owner, or of a subcontractor to the owner, engaged in the business of the owner;

(vi) a charterer of the vessel;

(vii) a person with the same relationship to a charterer as a person in subclause (ii) or (v) of this subclause has to an owner;

(viii) a person employed in a phase of exploration, exploitation, or production of offshore mineral or energy resources served by the vessel; or

(ix) a guest who has not contributed consideration for carriage on board.

(D) on an uninspected passenger vessel, means an individual carried on the vessel except—

(i) the owner or representative of the owner;

(ii) the managing operator;

(iii) a crewmember engaged in the business of the vessel who has not contributed consideration for carriage on board and who is paid for services on board; or

(iv) a guest on board a vessel that is being operated only for pleasure who has not contributed consideration for carriage on board.

(22) "passenger vessel" means a vessel of at least 100 gross tons carrying at least one passenger for hire.

(23) "product carrier" means a tanker engaged in the trade of carrying oil except crude oil.

(24) "public vessel" means a vessel that—

(A) is owned, or demise chartered, and operated by the United States Government or a government of a foreign country; and

(B) is not engaged in commercial service.

(25) "recreational vessel" means a vessel—

(A) being manufactured or operated primarily for pleasure; or

(B) leased, rented, or chartered to another for the latter's pleasure.

(26) "recreational vessel manufacturer" means a person engaged in the manufacturing, construction, assembly, or importation of recreational vessels, components, or associated equipment.

(27) "sailing instruction" means teaching, research, and practical experience in operating vessels propelled primarily by sail and may include any subject related to that operation and to the sea, including seamanship, navigation, oceanography, other nautical and marine sciences, and maritime history and literature.

(28) "sailing school instructor" means an individual who is on board a sailing school vessel to provide sailing instruction, but does not include an operator or crewmember who is among those required to be on board the vessel to meet a requirement established under part F of this subtitle.

Post, p. 547.

(29) "sailing school student" means an individual who is on board a sailing school vessel to receive sailing instruction.

(30) "sailing school vessel" means a vessel—

(A) that is less than 500 gross tons;

(B) carrying at least 6 individuals who are sailing school instructors or sailing school students;

(C) principally equipped for propulsion by sail, even if the vessel has an auxiliary means of propulsion; and

(D) owned or demise chartered, and operated by an organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (26 U.S.C. 501(c)(3)) and exempt from tax under section 501(a) of that Code, or by a State or political subdivision of a State, during times that the vessel is operated by the organization, State, or political subdivision only for sailing instruction.

26 USC 501.

(31) "scientific personnel" means individuals on board an oceanographic research vessel only to engage in scientific research, or to instruct or receive instruction in oceanography or limnology.

(32) "seagoing barge" means a non-self-propelled vessel of at least 100 gross tons making voyages beyond the Boundary Line.

(33) "seagoing motor vessel" means a motor vessel of at least 300 gross tons making voyages beyond the Boundary Line.

(34) "Secretary" means the head of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating.

(35) "small passenger vessel" means a vessel of less than 100 gross tons carrying more than 6 passengers (as defined in clause (21) (B) and (C) of this section).

(36) "State" means a State of the United States, Guam, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, the District of Columbia, the Northern Mariana Islands, and any other territory or possession of the United States.

(37) "steam vessel" means a vessel propelled in whole or in part by steam, except a recreational vessel of not more than 40 feet in length.

(38) "tanker" means a self-propelled tank vessel constructed or adapted primarily to carry oil or hazardous material in bulk in the cargo spaces.

(39) "tank vessel" means a vessel that is constructed or adapted to carry, or that carries, oil or hazardous material in bulk as cargo or cargo residue, and that—

(A) is a vessel of the United States;

(B) operates on the navigable waters of the United States; or

(C) transfers oil or hazardous material in a port or place subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.

(40) "towing vessel" means a commercial vessel engaged in or intending to engage in the service of pulling, pushing, or hauling along side, or any combination of pulling, pushing, or hauling along side.

(41) "undocumented" means not having and not required to have a document issued under chapter 121 of this title. *Post*, p. 584.

(42) "uninspected passenger vessel" means an uninspected vessel carrying not more than 6 passengers.

(43) "uninspected vessel" means a vessel not subject to inspection under section 3301 of this title that is not a recreational vessel.

(44) "United States", when used in a geographic sense, means the States of the United States, Guam, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, the District of Columbia, the Northern Mariana Islands, and any other territory or possession of the United States.

(45) "vessel" has the same meaning given that term in section 3 of title 1. 1 USC 3.

(46) "vessel of the United States" means a vessel documented or numbered under the laws of the United States.

§ 2102. Limited definitions

In chapters 43 and 123 of this title and part I of this subtitle— *Post*, pp. 529, 590, 592.

(1) "eligible State" means a State that has a State recreational boating safety and facilities improvement program accepted by the Secretary.

(2) "State" and "United States", in addition to their meanings under section 2101 (36) and (44) of this title, include the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

(3) "State recreational boating facilities improvement program"—

(A) means a program to develop or improve public facilities that establish or add to public access to the waters of the United States to improve their suitability for recreational boating, including ancillary facilities necessary to ensure the safe use of those facilities; and

(B) includes acquiring title or an interest in riparian or submerged land, and the capital improvement of riparian or submerged land, to increase public access to the waters of the United States.

(4) "State recreational boating safety and facilities improvement program" means a State recreational boating safety program, or a State recreational boating facilities improvement program, or both.

(5) "State recreational boating safety program" means education, assistance, and enforcement activities conducted for marine casualty prevention, reduction, and reporting for recreational boating.

§ 2103. Superintendence of the merchant marine

The Secretary has general superintendence over the merchant marine of the United States and of merchant marine personnel insofar as the enforcement of this subtitle is concerned and insofar as those vessels and personnel are not subject, under other law, to the supervision of another official of the United States Government. In the interests of marine safety and seamen's welfare, the Secretary shall enforce this subtitle and shall carry out correctly and uniformly administer this subtitle and regulations prescribed under this subtitle.

§ 2104. Delegation

(a) The Secretary may delegate the duties and powers conferred by this subtitle to any officer, employee, or member of the Coast Guard, and may provide for the subdelegation of those duties and powers.

(b) When this subtitle authorizes an officer or employee of the Customs Service to act in place of a Coast Guard official, the Secretary may designate that officer or employee subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury.

§ 2105. Report

The Secretary shall provide for the investigation of the operation of this subtitle and of all laws related to marine safety, and shall require that a report be made to the Secretary annually about those matters that may require improvement or amendment.

§ 2106. Liability in rem

When a vessel is made liable in rem under this subtitle, the vessel may be libeled and proceeded against in a district court of the United States in which the vessel is found.

§ 2107. Civil penalty procedures

(a) After notice and an opportunity for a hearing, a person found by the Secretary to have violated this subtitle or a regulation prescribed under this subtitle for which a civil penalty is provided, is liable to the United States Government for the civil penalty provided. The amount of the civil penalty shall be assessed by the Secretary by written notice. In determining the amount of the penalty, the Secretary shall consider the nature, circumstances, extent, and gravity of the prohibited acts committed and, with respect to the violator, the degree of culpability, any history of prior offenses, ability to pay, and other matters that justice requires.

(b) The Secretary may compromise, modify, or remit, with or without consideration, a civil penalty under this subtitle until the assessment is referred to the Attorney General.

(c) If a person fails to pay an assessment of a civil penalty after it has become final, the Secretary may refer the matter to the Attorney General for collection in an appropriate district court of the United States. Failure to pay assessment.

§ 2108. Refund of penalties

The Secretary may refund or remit a civil penalty collected under this subtitle if—

(1) application has been made for refund or remission of the penalty within one year from the date of payment; and

(2) the Secretary finds that the penalty was unlawfully, improperly, or excessively imposed.

§ 2109. Public vessels

This subtitle does not apply to a public vessel of the United States. However, this subtitle does apply to a vessel (except a Coast Guard or a Saint Lawrence Seaway Development Corporation vessel) owned or operated by the Department of Transportation or by any corporation organized or controlled by the Department.

§ 2110. Fees prohibited

Fees may not be charged or collected by the Secretary for services provided for in this subtitle related to the engagement and discharge of seamen, the inspection and examination of vessels, the licensing of masters, mates, pilots, and engineers, and the measurement or documentation of vessels, except when specifically provided for in this subtitle.

§ 2111. Pay for overtime services

(a) The Secretary may prescribe a reasonable rate of extra pay for overtime services of civilian officers and employees of the Coast Guard required to remain on duty between 5 p.m. and 8 a.m., or on Sundays or holidays, to perform services related to—

(1) the inspection of vessels or their equipment;

(2) the engagement and discharge of crews of vessels;

(3) the measurement of vessels; and

(4) the documentation of vessels.

(b) Except for Sundays and holidays, the overtime rate provided under subsection (a) of this section is one-half day's additional pay for each 2 hours of overtime (or part of 2 hours of at least one hour). The total extra pay may be not more than 2 and one-half days' pay for any one period from 5 p.m. to 8 a.m.

(c) The overtime rate provided under subsection (a) of this section for Sundays and holidays is 2 additional days' pay.

(d) The owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, master, or individual in charge of the vessel shall pay the amount of the overtime pay provided under this section to the official designated by regulation. The official shall deposit the amount paid to the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts. Payment to the officer or employee entitled to the pay shall be made from the annual appropriations for salaries and expenses of the Coast Guard.

(e) The overtime pay provided under this section shall be paid if the authorized officers and employees have been ordered to report

for duty and have reported, even if services requested were not performed.

§ 2112. Authority to change working hours

In a port at which the customary working hours begin before 8 a.m. or end after 5 p.m., the Secretary may regulate the working hours of the officers and employees referred to in section 2111 of this title so that those hours conform to the prevailing working hours of the port. However—

(1) the total period for which overtime pay may be required under section 2111 of this title may not be more than 15 hours between any 2 periods of ordinary working hours on other than Sundays and holidays;

(2) the length of the working day for the officers and employees involved may not be changed; and

(3) the rate of overtime pay may not be changed.

§ 2113. Authority to exempt certain vessels

If the Secretary decides that the application of a provision of part B or F of this subtitle is not necessary in performing the mission of a vessel engaged in excursions or an oceanographic research vessel, the Secretary by regulation may—

Post, pp. 509, 547.

(1) for an excursion vessel, issue a special permit specifying the conditions of operation and equipment; and

(2) exempt the oceanographic research vessel from that provision under conditions the Secretary may specify.

CHAPTER 23—OPERATION OF VESSELS GENERALLY

Sec.

2301. Application.
2302. Penalties for negligent operations.
2303. Duties related to marine casualty assistance and information.
2304. Duty to provide assistance at sea.
2305. Injunctions.

§ 2301. Application

This chapter applies to a vessel operated on waters subject to the jurisdiction of the United States and, for a vessel owned in the United States, on the high seas.

§ 2302. Penalties for negligent operations

(a) A person operating a vessel in a negligent manner that endangers the life, limb, or property of a person is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of not more than $1,000.

(b) A person operating a vessel in a grossly negligent manner that endangers the life, limb, or property of a person shall be fined not more than $5,000, imprisoned for not more than one year, or both.

(c) For a penalty imposed under this section, the vessel also is liable in rem unless the vessel is—

(1) owned by a State or a political subdivision of a State;

(2) operated principally for governmental purposes; and

(3) identified clearly as a vessel of that State or subdivision.

§ 2303. Duties related to marine casualty assistance and information

(a) The master or individual in charge of a vessel involved in a marine casualty shall—

(1) render necessary assistance to each individual affected to save that affected individual from danger caused by the marine casualty, so far as the master or individual in charge can do so without serious danger to the master's or individual's vessel or to individuals on board; and

(2) give the master's or individual's name and address and identification of the vessel to the master or individual in charge of any other vessel involved in the casualty, to any individual injured, and to the owner of any property damaged.

(b) An individual violating this section or a regulation prescribed under this section shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than 2 years. The vessel also is liable in rem to the United States Government for the fine. Fine and imprisonment.

(c) An individual complying with subsection (a) of this section or gratuitously and in good faith rendering assistance at the scene of a marine casualty without objection by an individual assisted, is not liable for damages as a result of rendering assistance or for an act or omission in providing or arranging salvage, towage, medical treatment, or other assistance when the individual acts as an ordinary, reasonable, and prudent individual would have acted under the circumstances.

§ 2304. Duty to provide assistance at sea

(a) A master or individual in charge of a vessel shall render assistance to any individual found at sea in danger of being lost, so far as the master or individual in charge can do so without serious danger to the master's or individual's vessel or individuals on board.

(b) A master or individual violating this section shall be fined not more than $1,000, imprisoned for not more than 2 years, or both. Fine and imprisonment.

§ 2305. Injunctions

(a) The district courts of the United States have jurisdiction to enjoin the negligent operation of vessels prohibited by this chapter on the petition of the Attorney General for the United States Government.

(b) When practicable, the Secretary shall— Notice.

(1) give notice to any person against whom an action for injunctive relief is considered under this section an opportunity to present that person's views; and

(2) except for a knowing and willful violation, give the person a reasonable opportunity to achieve compliance.

(c) The failure to give notice and opportunity to present views under subsection (b) of this section does not preclude the court from granting appropriate relief.

PART B—INSPECTION AND REGULATION OF VESSELS

CHAPTER 31—GENERAL

Sec.

3101. Authority to suspend inspection.

§ 3101. Authority to suspend inspection

When the President decides that the needs of foreign commerce require, the President may suspend a provision of this part for a foreign-built vessel registered as a vessel of the United States on conditions the President may specify.

CHAPTER 33—INSPECTION GENERALLY

Sec.

3301. Vessels subject to inspection.
3302. Exemptions.
3303. Reciprocity for foreign vessels.
3304. Carrying individuals in addition to crew.
3305. Scope and standards of inspection.
3306. Regulations.
3307. Frequency of inspection.
3308. Examinations.
3309. Certificate of inspection.
3310. Records of certification.
3311. Certificate of inspection required.
3312. Display of certificate of inspection.
3313. Compliance with certificate of inspection.
3314. Expiration of certificate of inspection.
3315. Disclosure of defects and protection of informants.
3316. United States classification societies.
3317. Fees.
3318. Penalties.

§ 3301. Vessels subject to inspection

The following categories of vessels are subject to inspection under this part:

(1) freight vessels.
(2) nautical school vessels.
(3) offshore supply vessels.
(4) passenger vessels.
(5) sailing school vessels.
(6) seagoing barges.
(7) seagoing motor vessels.
(8) small passenger vessels.
(9) steam vessels.
(10) tank vessels.

§ 3302. Exemptions

(a) A vessel is not excluded from one category only because the vessel is—

(1) included in another category of section 3301 of this title; or
(2) excluded by this section from another category of section 3301 of this title.

(b) A motor vessel engaged in fishing as a regular business, including oystering, clamming, crabbing, or the kelp or sponge industry, is exempt from section 3301 (1), (4), and (7) of this title.

(c)(1) Before January 1, 1988, a motor vessel is exempt from section 3301 (1), (4), and (7) of this title if the vessel is not more than 500 gross tons and—

(A) is a cannery tender or a fishing tender in the salmon or crab fisheries of Alaska, Oregon, and Washington; and
(B) only carries cargo to or from vessels in those fisheries or a facility used in processing or assembling fishery products, or transports cannery or fishing personnel to or from operating locations.

(2) Before January 1, 1988, a vessel is exempt from section 3301 (1), (4), (6), and (7) of this title if the vessel is not more than 5,000 gross tons and is used only in processing and assembling fishery products in the fisheries of Alaska, Oregon, and Washington.

(d)(1) A motor vessel of less than 150 gross tons, constructed before August 23, 1958, is not subject to inspection under section 3301(1) of this title if the vessel is owned or demise chartered to a cooperative or association that only transports cargo owned by at least one of its members on a nonprofit basis between places within the waters of—

(A) southeastern Alaska shoreward of the Boundary Line; or

(B) southeastern Alaska shoreward of the Boundary Line and—

(i) Prince Rupert, British Columbia; or

(ii) waters of Washington shoreward of the Boundary Line, via sheltered waters, as defined in article I of the treaty dated December 9, 1933, between the United States and Canada defining certain waters as sheltered waters. 49 Stat. 2685.

(2) The transportation authorized under this subsection is limited to and from places not receiving annual weekly transportation service from any part of the United States by an established water common carrier. However, the limitation does not apply to transporting cargo of a character not accepted for transportation by that carrier.

(e) A vessel laid up, dismantled, or out of commission is exempt from inspection.

(f) Section 3301 (4) and (8) of this title does not apply to an oceanographic research vessel because it is carrying scientific personnel.

(g)(1) Except when compliance with major structural or major equipment requirements is necessary to remove an especially hazardous condition, an offshore supply vessel is not subject to regulations or standards for those requirements if the vessel—

(A) was operating as an offshore supply vessel before January 2, 1979; or

(B) was contracted for before January 2, 1979, and entered into service as an offshore supply vessel before October 6, 1980.

(2) After December 31, 1988, this subsection does not apply to an offshore supply vessel that is at least 20 years of age.

(h) An offshore supply vessel operating on January 1, 1979, under a certificate of inspection issued by the Secretary, is subject to an inspection standard or requirement only if the standard or requirement could have been prescribed for the vessel under authority existing under law on October 5, 1980.

(i)(1) The Secretary may issue a permit exempting a vessel from any part of the requirements of this part for vessels transporting cargo, including bulk fuel, from one place in Alaska to another place in Alaska only if the vessel— Permit issuance.

(A) is not more than 300 gross tons;

(B) is in a condition that does not present an immediate threat to the safety of life or the environment; and

(C) was operating in the waters off Alaska as of June 1, 1976, or the vessel is a replacement for a vessel that was operating in the waters off Alaska as of June 1, 1976, if the vessel being replaced is no longer in service.

(2) Except in a situation declared to be an emergency by the Secretary, a vessel operating under a permit may not transport cargo to or from a place if the cargo could be transported by another

commercial vessel that is reasonably available and that does not require exemptions to operate legally or if the cargo could be readily transported by overland routes.

(3) A permit may be issued for a specific voyage or for not more than one year. The permit may impose specific requirements about the amount or type of cargo to be carried, manning, the areas or specific routes over which the vessel may operate, or other similar matters. The duration of the permit and restrictions contained in the permit shall be at the sole discretion of the Secretary.

(4) A designated Coast Guard official who has reason to believe that a vessel issued a permit is in a condition or is operated in a manner that creates an immediate threat to the safety of life or the environment or is operated in a manner that is inconsistent with the terms of the permit, may direct the master or individual in charge to take immediate and reasonable steps to safeguard life and the environment, including directing the vessel to a port or other refuge.

(5) If a vessel issued a permit creates an immediate threat to the safety of life or the environment, or is operated in a manner inconsistent with the terms of the permit or the requirements of paragraph (2) of this subsection, the permit may be revoked. The owner, charter, managing operator, agent, master, or individual in charge of a vessel issued a permit, that willfully permits the vessel to be operated, or operates, the vessel in a manner inconsistent with the terms of the permit, is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of not more than $1,000.

Civil penalty.

(j) Notwithstanding another provision of this chapter, the Secretary is not required to inspect or prescribe regulations for a nautical school vessel of not more than 15 gross tons—

(1) when used in connection with a course of instruction dealing with any aspect of maritime education or study; and

(2) operated by—

(A) the United States Merchant Marine Academy; or

(B) a State maritime academy assisted under section 1304 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936 (46 App. U.S.C. 1295(c)).

§ 3303. Reciprocity for foreign vessels

Post, p. 520.

(a) Except as provided in chapter 37 of this title, a foreign vessel of a country having inspection laws and standards similar to those of the United States and that has an unexpired certificate of inspection issued by proper authority of its respective country, is subject only to an inspection to ensure that the condition of the vessel's propulsion equipment and lifesaving equipment are as stated in its current certificate of inspection. A foreign country is considered to have inspection laws and standards similar to those of the United States when it is a party to an International Convention for Safety of Life at Sea to which the United States Government is currently a party. A foreign certificate of inspection may be accepted as evidence of lawful inspection only when presented by a vessel of a country that has by its laws accorded to vessels of the United States visiting that country the same privileges accorded to vessels of that country visiting the United States.

16 UST 185; TIAS 9700.

Inspection fees.

(b) The Secretary shall collect and pay to the Treasury the same fees for the inspection of foreign vessels carrying passengers from the United States that a foreign country charges vessels of the United States trading to the ports of that country. The Secretary may waive at any time the collection of the fees on notice of the

Waiver.

proper authorities of any country concerned that the collection of fees for the inspection of vessels of the United States has been discontinued.

§ 3304. Carrying individuals in addition to crew

Inspection exemption.

(a) A documented vessel carrying cargo that carries not more than 12 individuals in addition to the crew on international voyages, or not more than 16 individuals in addition to the crew on other voyages, is not subject to inspection as a passenger vessel or a small passenger vessel.

(b) Before an individual in addition to the crew is carried on a vessel as permitted by this section, the owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, master, or individual in charge of the vessel first shall notify the individual of the presence on board of dangerous articles as defined by law, and of other conditions or circumstances that would constitute a risk of safety to the individual on board.

(c) The privilege authorized by this section applies to a vessel of a foreign country that affords a similar privilege to vessels of the United States in trades not restricted to vessels under its own flag.

§ 3305. Scope and standards of inspection

(a) The inspection process shall ensure that a vessel subject to inspection—

(1) is of a structure suitable for the service in which it is to be employed;

(2) is equipped with proper appliances for lifesaving, fire prevention, and firefighting;

(3) has suitable accommodations for the crew, sailing school instructors, and sailing school students, and for passengers on the vessel if authorized to carry passengers;

(4) is in a condition to be operated with safety to life and property; and

(5) complies with applicable marine safety laws and regulations.

Defective and unrepairable safety devices.

(b) If an inspection, or examination under section 3308 of this title, reveals that a life preserver, life-saving device, or firehose is defective and incapable of being repaired, the owner or master shall destroy the life preserver or firehose in the presence of the official conducting the inspection or examination.

(c) A nautical school vessel operated by a civilian nautical school shall be inspected like a small passenger vessel or a passenger vessel, depending on its tonnage.

§ 3306. Regulations

(a) To carry out this part and to secure the safety of individuals and property on board vessels subject to inspection, the Secretary shall prescribe necessary regulations to ensure the proper execution of, and to carry out, this part in the most effective manner for—

(1) the design, construction, alteration, repair, and operation of those vessels, including superstructures, hulls, fittings, equipment, appliances, propulsion machinery, auxiliary machinery, boilers, unfired pressure vessels, piping, electric installations, and accommodations for passengers and crew, sailing school instructors, and sailing school students;

(2) lifesaving equipment and its use;

(3) firefighting equipment, its use, and precautionary measures to guard against fire;

11-194 O - 85 -- 18 : QL 3

(4) inspections and tests related to clauses (1)-(3) of this subsection; and

(5) the use of vessel stores and other supplies of a dangerous nature.

(b) Equipment subject to regulation under this section may not be used on any vessel without prior approval as prescribed by regulation.

(c) In prescribing regulations for sailing school vessels, the Secretary shall consult with representatives of the private sector having experience in the operation of vessels likely to be certificated as sailing school vessels. The regulations shall—

(1) reflect the specialized nature of sailing school vessel operations, and the character, design, and construction of vessels operating as sailing school vessels; and

(2) include requirements for notice to sailing school instructors and sailing school students about the specialized nature of sailing school vessels and applicable safety regulations.

(d) In prescribing regulations for nautical school vessels operated by the United States Merchant Marine Academy or by a State maritime academy (as defined in section 1302(3) of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936 (46 App. U.S.C. 1295a(3))), the Secretary shall consider the function, purpose, and operation of the vessels, their routes, and the number of individuals who may be carried on the vessels.

Suspensions or exemptions.

(e) When the Secretary finds it in the public interest, the Secretary may suspend or grant exemptions from the requirements of a regulation prescribed under this section related to lifesaving and firefighting equipment, muster lists, ground tackle and hawsers, and bilge systems.

(f) In prescribing regulations for offshore supply vessels, the Secretary shall consider the characteristics, methods of operation, and the nature of the service of offshore supply vessels.

§ 3307. Frequency of inspection

Each vessel subject to inspection under this part shall undergo an initial inspection for certification before being put into service. After being put into service—

(1) each passenger vessel and nautical school vessel shall be inspected at least once a year;

(2) each small passenger vessel, freight vessel or offshore supply vessel of less than 100 gross tons, and sailing school vessel shall be inspected at least once every 3 years; and

(3) any other vessel shall be inspected at least once every 2 years.

§ 3308. Examinations

In addition to inspections required by section 3307 of this title, the Secretary shall examine—

(1) each vessel subject to inspection at proper times to ensure compliance with law and regulations; and

(2) crewmember accommodations on each vessel subject to inspection at least once a month or when the vessel enters United States ports to ensure that the accommodations are—

(A) of the size required by law and regulations;

(B) properly ventilated and in a clean and sanitary condition; and

(C) equipped with proper plumbing and mechanical appliances required by law and regulations, and the appliances are in good working condition.

§ 3309. Certificate of inspection

(a) When an inspection under section 3307 of this title has been made and a vessel has been found to be in compliance with the requirements of law and regulations, a certificate of inspection, in a form prescribed by the Secretary, shall be issued to the vessel.

(b) The Secretary may issue a temporary certificate of inspection in place of a regular certificate of inspection issued under subsection (a) of this section.

§ 3310. Records of certification

The Secretary shall keep records of certificates of inspection of vessels and of all acts in the examination and inspection of vessels, whether of approval or disapproval.

§ 3311. Certificate of inspection required

A vessel subject to inspection under this part may not be operated without having on board a valid certificate of inspection issued under section 3309 of this title.

§ 3312. Display of certificate of inspection

The certificate of inspection issued to a vessel under section 3309 of this title shall be displayed, suitably framed, in a conspicuous place on the vessel. When it is not practicable to so display the certificate, it shall be carried in the manner prescribed by regulation.

§ 3313. Compliance with certificate of inspection

(a) During the term of a vessel's certificate of inspection, the vessel must be in compliance with its conditions, unless relieved by a suspension or an exemption granted under section 3306(e) of this title.

(b) When a vessel is not in compliance with its certificate or fails to meet a standard prescribed by this part or a regulation prescribed under this part—

(1) the owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, master, or individual in charge shall be ordered in writing to correct the noted deficiencies promptly;

(2) the Secretary may permit any repairs to be made at a place most convenient to the owner, charterer, or managing operator when the Secretary decides the repairs can be made with safety to those on board and the vessel;

(3) the vessel may be required to cease operating at once; and

(4) if necessary, the certificate shall be suspended or revoked.

(c) The vessel's certificate of inspection shall be revoked if a condition unsafe to life that is ordered to be corrected under this section is not corrected at once.

(d) The owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, master, or individual in charge of a vessel whose certificate has been suspended or revoked shall be given written notice immediately of the suspension or revocation. The owner or master may appeal to the Secretary the suspension or revocation within 30 days of receiving the notice, as provided by regulations prescribed by the Secretary.

Appeal to Secretary.

§ 3314. Expiration of certificate of inspection

(a) If the certificate of inspection of a vessel expires when the vessel is on a foreign voyage, the vessel may complete the voyage to a port of the United States within 30 days of the expiration of the certificate without incurring the penalties for operating without a certificate of inspection.

(b) If the certificate of inspection would expire within 15 days of sailing on a foreign voyage from a United States port, the vessel shall secure a new certificate of inspection before sailing, unless the voyage is scheduled to be completed prior to the expiration date of the certificate. If a voyage scheduled to be completed in that time is not so completed, the applicable penalties may be enforced unless the failure to meet the schedule was beyond the control of the owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, master, or individual in charge of the vessel.

(c) When the certificate of inspection of a foreign vessel carrying passengers, operated on a regularly established line, expires at sea after leaving the country to which it belongs or when the vessel is in the United States, the Secretary may permit the vessel to sail on its regular route without further inspection than would have been required had the certificate not expired. This permission applies only when the vessel will be regularly inspected and issued a certificate before the vessel's next return to the United States.

§ 3315. Disclosure of defects and protection of informants

Post, p. 538.

(a) Each individual licensed under part E of this subtitle shall assist in the inspection or examination under this part of the vessel on which the individual is serving, and shall point out defects and imperfections known to the individual in matters subject to regulations and inspection. The individual also shall make known to officials designated to enforce this part, at the earliest opportunity, any marine casualty producing serious injury to the vessel, its equipment, or individuals on the vessel.

(b) An official may not disclose the name of an individual providing information under this section, or the source of the information, to a person except a person authorized by the Secretary. An official violating this subsection is liable to disciplinary action under applicable law.

§ 3316. United States classification societies

Issuances by American Bureau of Shipping.

(a) In carrying out this part, the Secretary may rely on reports, documents, and certificates issued by the American Bureau of Shipping or a similar United States classification society, or an agent of the Bureau or society.

(b) Each department, agency, and instrumentality of the United States Government shall recognize the Bureau as its agent in classifying vessels owned by the Government and in matters related to classification, as long as the Bureau is maintained as an organization having no capital stock and paying no dividends. The Secretary and the Secretary of Transportation each shall appoint one representative (except when the Secretary is the Secretary of Transportation, in which case the Secretary shall appoint both representatives) who shall represent the Government on the executive committee of the Bureau. The Bureau shall agree that the representatives shall be accepted by it as active members of the committee. The repre-

Appointment of representatives to Bureau.

Compensation.

sentatives shall serve without compensation, except for necessary traveling expenses.

Delegation of inspection or examination.

(c)(1) To the maximum extent practicable, the Secretary may delegate to the Bureau or a similar United States classification society, or an agent of the Bureau or society, the inspection or examination, in the United States or in a foreign country, of a vessel documented or to be documented as a vessel of the United States. The Bureau, society, or agent may issue the certificate of inspection required by this part and other certificates essential to documentation.

(2) When an inspection or examination has been delegated under this subsection, the Secretary's delegate—

(A) shall maintain in the United States complete files of all information derived from or necessarily connected with the inspection or examination for at least 2 years after the vessel ceases to be certified; and

(B) shall permit access to those files at all reasonable times to any officer, employee, or member of the Coast Guard designated—

(i) as a marine inspector and serving in a position as a marine inspector; or

(ii) in writing by the Secretary to have access to those files.

Plans, review and approval.

(d) The Secretary also may make an agreement with or use the Bureau or a similar United States classification society, or an agent of the Bureau or society, for reviewing and approving plans required for issuing a certificate of inspection.

§ 3317. Fees

(a) The Secretary may prescribe by regulation fees for inspecting or examining a small passenger vessel or a sailing school vessel.

(b) When an inspection or examination under this chapter of a documented vessel is conducted at a foreign port or place at the request of the owner or managing operator of the vessel, the owner or operator shall reimburse the Secretary for the travel and subsistence expenses incurred by the personnel assigned to perform the inspection or examination. Amounts received as reimbursement for these expenses shall be credited to the appropriation for operating expenses of the Coast Guard.

§ 3318. Penalties

(a) The owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, master, or individual in charge of a vessel operated in violation of this part or a regulation prescribed under this part, and a person violating a regulation that applies to a small passenger vessel, freight vessel of less than 100 gross tons, or sailing school vessel, are liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of $1,000, except that when the violation involves operation of a barge, the penalty is $500. The vessel also is liable in rem for the penalty.

(b) A person that knowingly manufactures, sells, offers for sale, or possesses with intent to sell, any equipment subject to this part, and the equipment is so defective as to be insufficient to accomplish the purpose for which it is intended, shall be fined not more than $10,000, imprisoned for not more than 5 years, or both.

(c) A person that employs a means or device whereby a boiler may be subjected to a pressure greater than allowed by the terms of the

vessel's certificate of inspection shall be fined not more than $2,000, imprisoned for not more than 5 years, or both.

(d) A person that deranges or hinders the operation of any machinery or device employed on a vessel to denote the state of steam or water in any boiler or to give warning of approaching danger, or permits the water level of any boiler when in operation of a vessel to fall below its prescribed low-water line, shall be fined not more than $2,000, imprisoned for not more than 5 years, or both.

(e) A person that alters, defaces, obliterates, removes, or destroys any plans or specifications required by and approved under a regulation prescribed under section 3306 of this title, with intent to deceive or impede any official of the United States in carrying out that official's duties, shall be fined not more than $2,000, imprisoned for not more than 2 years, or both.

(f) A person shall be fined not less than $1,000 but not more then $5,000, and imprisoned for not less than 2 years but not more then 5 years, if the person—

(1) forges or counterfeits with intent to make it appear genuine any mark or stamp prescribed for material to be tested and approved under section 3306 of this title or a regulation prescribed under section 3306;

(2) knowingly uses, affixes, or causes to be used or affixed, any such forged or counterfeited mark or stamp to or on material of any description;

(3) with fraudulent intent, possesses any such mark, stamp, or other device knowing it to be forged or counterfeited; or

(4) with fraudulent intent, marks or causes to be marked with the trademark or name of another, material required to be tested and approved under section 3306 of this title or a regulation prescribed under section 3306.

(g) A person shall be fined not more than $10,000, imprisoned for not more than one year, or both, if the person—

(1) interferes with the inspection of a nautical school vessel;

(2) violates a regulation prescribed for a nautical school vessel;

(3) is an owner of a nautical school vessel operated in violation of this part; or

(4) is an officer or member of the board of directors of a school, organization, association, partnership, or corporation owning a nautical school vessel operated in violation of a regulation prescribed for a nautical school vessel.

(h) An owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, master, or individual in charge of a vessel that fails to give the notice required by section 3304(b) of this title is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of not more than $500. The vessel also is liable in rem for the penalty.

CHAPTER 35—CARRIAGE OF PASSENGERS

Sec.

3501. Number of passengers.
3502. List or count of passengers.
3503. Fire-retardant materials.
3504. Notification to passengers.
3505. Prevention of departure.
3506. Copies of laws.

§ 3501. Number of passengers

(a) Each certificate of inspection issued to a vessel carrying passengers (except a ferry), shall include a statement on the number of passengers that the vessel is permitted to carry.

(b) The owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, master, or individual in charge of a vessel is liable to a person suing them for carrying more passengers than the number of passengers permitted by the certificate of inspection in an amount equal to—

(1) passage money; and

(2) $100 for each passenger in excess of the number of passengers permitted.

(c) An owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, master, or individual in charge of a vessel that knowingly violates subsection (b) of this section also shall be fined not more than $100, imprisoned for not more than 30 days, or both. Fine and imprisonment.

(d) The vessel also is liable in rem for a penalty under this section.

(e) An offshore supply vessel may not carry passengers except in an emergency.

§ 3502. List or count of passengers

(a) The owner, charterer, managing operator, master, or individual in charge of the following categories of vessels carrying passengers shall keep a correct list of passengers received and delivered from day to day:

(1) vessels arriving from foreign ports (except at United States Great Lakes ports from Canadian Great Lakes ports).

(2) seagoing vessels in the coastwise trade.

(3) passenger vessels making voyages of more than 300 miles on the Great Lakes except from a Canadian to a United States port.

(b) The master of a vessel carrying passengers (except a vessel listed in subsection (a) of this section) shall keep a correct count of all passengers received and delivered.

(c) Lists and counts required under this section shall be open to the inspection of designated officials of the Coast Guard and the Customs Service at all times. The total number of passengers shall be provided to the Coast Guard when requested.

(d) This section applies to a foreign vessel arriving at a United States port.

(e) The owner, charterer, managing operator, master, or individual in charge of a passenger vessel failing to make a list or count of passengers as required by this section is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of $100. The vessel also is liable in rem for the penalty. Civil penalty.

§ 3503. Fire-retardant materials

A passenger vessel of the United States having berth or stateroom accommodations for at least 50 passengers shall be granted a certificate of inspection only if the vessel is constructed of fire-retardant materials. Before November 1, 1988, this section does not apply to a vessel operating only on the inland rivers.

§ 3504. Notification to passengers

(a) A person selling passage on a foreign or domestic passenger vessel having berth or stateroom accommodations for at least 50 passengers and embarking passengers at United States ports for a

coastwise or an international voyage shall notify each prospective passenger of the safety standards applicable to the vessel in a manner prescribed by regulation.

Promotional literature or advertising.

(b) All promotional literature or advertising through any medium of communication in the United States offering passage or soliciting passengers for ocean voyages anywhere in the world shall include information similar to the information described in subsection (a) of this section, and shall specify the registry of each vessel named, as a part of the advertisement or description of the voyage. Except for the inclusion of the country of registry of the vessel, this subsection does not apply to voyages by vessels meeting the safety standards described in section 3505 of this title.

Civil penalty.

(c) A person violating this section or a regulation prescribed under this section is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of not more than $10,000. If the violation involves the sale of tickets for passage, the owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, master, individual in charge, or any other person involved in each violation also is liable to the Government for a civil penalty of $500 for each ticket sold. The vessel on which passage is sold also is liable in rem for a violation of this section or a regulation prescribed under this section.

§ 3505. Prevention of departure

Notwithstanding section 3303(a) of this title, a foreign or domestic vessel of more than 100 gross tons having berth or stateroom accommodations for at least 50 passengers may not depart from a United States port with passengers who are embarked at that port, if the Secretary finds that the vessel does not comply with the standards stated in the International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea to which the United States Government is currently a party.

16 UST 185; TIAS 9700.

§ 3506. Copies of laws

Civil penalty.

A master of a passenger vessel shall keep on board a copy of this subtitle, to be provided by the Secretary at reasonable cost. If the master fails to do so, the master is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of $200.

CHAPTER 37—CARRIAGE OF LIQUID BULK DANGEROUS CARGOES

Sec.
3701. Definitions.
3702. Application.
3703. Regulations.
3704. Coastwise trade vessels.
3705. Crude oil tanker minimum standards.
3706. Product carrier minimum standards.
3707. Tanker minimum standards.
3708. Self-propelled tank vessel minimum standards.
3709. Exemptions.
3710. Evidence of compliance by vessels of the United States.
3711. Evidence of compliance by foreign vessels.
3712. Notification of noncompliance.
3713. Prohibited acts.
3714. Inspection and examination.
3715. Lightering.
3716. Tank washings.
3717. Marine safety information system.
3718. Penalties.

§ 3701. Definitions

In this chapter—

(1) "existing", when referring to a type of vessel to which this chapter applies, means a vessel that is not a new vessel.

(2) "major conversion" means a conversion of an existing vessel that substantially changes the dimensions or carrying capacity of the vessel or changes the type of vessel or substantially prolongs its life or that otherwise so changes the vessel that it is essentially a new vessel, as decided by the Secretary.

(3) "new", when referring to a type of vessel to which this chapter applies, means a vessel—

(A) for which the building contract is placed after June 1, 1979;

(B) in the absence of a building contract, the keel of which is laid, or which is at a similar stage of construction, after January 1, 1980;

(C) the delivery of which is after June 1, 1982; or

(D) that has undergone a major conversion under a contract made after June 1, 1979, or construction work that began after January 1, 1980, or was completed after June 1, 1982.

(4) "person" means an individual (even if not a citizen or national of the United States), a corporation, partnership, association, or other entity (even if not organized or existing under the laws of a State), the United States Government, a State or local government, a government of a foreign country, or an entity of one of those governments.

(5) "State", in addition to its meaning under section 2101(36) of this title, includes the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

(6) "United States", in addition to its meaning under section 2101(44) of this title, includes the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

§ 3702. Application

(a) Subject to subsections (b)-(e) of this section, this chapter applies to a tank vessel.

(b) This chapter does not apply to a documented vessel that would be subject to this chapter only because of the transfer of fuel from the fuel supply tanks of the vessel to offshore drilling or production facilities in the oil industry if the vessel is—

(1) not more than 500 gross tons;

(2) not a tanker; and

(3) in the service of oil exploitation.

(c) This chapter does not apply to a cannery tender, fishing tender, or fishing vessel of not more than 500 gross tons, used in the salmon or crab fisheries of Alaska, Oregon, or Washington, when engaged only in the fishing industry.

(d) This chapter does not apply to a vessel of not more than 5,000 gross tons used in processing and assembling fishery products of the fisheries of Alaska, Oregon, and Washington. However, the vessel is subject to regulation by the Secretary when carrying flammable or combustible liquid cargo in bulk.

(e) This chapter does not apply to a foreign vessel on innocent passage on the navigable waters of the United States.

§ 3703. Regulations

(a) The Secretary shall prescribe regulations for the design, construction, alteration, repair, maintenance, operation, equipping, personnel qualification, and manning of vessels to which this chapter applies, that may be necessary for increased protection against hazards to life and property, for navigation and vessel safety, and for enhanced protection of the marine environment. The Secretary may prescribe different regulations applicable to vessels engaged in the domestic trade, and also may prescribe regulations that exceed standards set internationally. Regulations prescribed by the Secretary under this subsection are in addition to regulations prescribed under other laws that may apply to any of those vessels. Regulations prescribed under this subsection shall include requirements about—

(1) superstructures, hulls, cargo holds or tanks, fittings, equipment, appliances, propulsion machinery, auxiliary machinery, and boilers;

(2) the handling or stowage of cargo, the manner of handling or stowage of cargo, and the machinery and appliances used in the handling or stowage;

(3) equipment and appliances for lifesaving, fire protection, and prevention and mitigation of damage to the marine environment;

(4) the manning of vessels and the duties, qualifications, and training of the officers and crew;

(5) improvements in vessel maneuvering and stopping ability and other features that reduce the possibility of marine casualties;

(6) the reduction of cargo loss if a marine casualty occurs; and

(7) the reduction or elimination of discharges during ballasting, deballasting, tank cleaning, cargo handling, or other such activity.

(b) In prescribing regulations under subsection (a) of this section, the Secretary shall consider the types and grades of cargo permitted to be on board a tank vessel.

Procedures for consultation and consideration of views.

(c) In prescribing regulations under subsection (a) of this section, the Secretary shall establish procedures for consulting with, and receiving and considering the views of—

(1) interested departments, agencies, and instrumentalities of the United States Government;

(2) officials of State and local governments;

(3) representatives of port and harbor authorities and associations;

(4) representatives of environmental groups; and

(5) other interested parties knowledgeable or experienced in dealing with problems involving vessel safety, port and waterways safety, and protection of the marine environment.

§ 3704. Coastwise trade vessels

A segregated ballast tank, a crude oil washing system, or an inert gas system, required by this chapter or a regulation prescribed under this chapter, on a vessel entitled to engage in the coastwise trade under section 27 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1920 (46 App. U.S.C. 883), shall be installed in the United States (except the trust territories). A vessel failing to comply with this section may not engage in the coastwise trade.

Noncompliance.

§ 3705. Crude oil tanker minimum standards

(a) A new crude oil tanker of at least 20,000 deadweight tons shall be equipped with—

(1) protectively located segregated ballast tanks;

(2) a crude oil washing system; and

(3) a cargo tank protection system consisting of a fixed deck froth system and a fixed inert gas system.

(b)(1) An existing crude oil tanker of at least 40,000 deadweight tons shall be equipped with—

(A) segregated ballast tanks; or

(B) a crude oil washing system.

(2) Compliance with paragraph (1) of this subsection may be delayed until June 1, 1985, for any tanker of less than 70,000 deadweight tons that has dedicated clean ballast tanks.

(c) An existing crude oil tanker of at least 20,000 deadweight tons but less than 40,000 deadweight tons, and at least 15 years of age, shall be equipped with segregated ballast tanks or a crude oil washing system before January 2, 1986, or the date on which the tanker reaches 15 years of age, whichever is later.

(d) An existing crude oil tanker of at least 20,000 deadweight tons shall be equipped with an inert gas system. However, for a crude oil tanker of less than 40,000 deadweight tons not fitted with high capacity tank washing machines, the Secretary may grant an exemption if the vessel's owner can show clearly that compliance would be unreasonable and impracticable due to the vessel's design characteristics. Exemption.

(e) A crude oil tanker engaged in transferring oil from an offshore oil exploitation or production facility on the Outer Continental Shelf of the United States shall be equipped with segregated ballast tanks, or may operate with dedicated clean ballast tanks or special ballast arrangements. However, the tanker shall comply with other applicable minimum standards of this section.

§ 3706. Product carrier minimum standards

(a) A new product carrier of at least 30,000 deadweight tons shall be equipped with protectively located segregated ballast tanks.

(b) A new product carrier of at least 20,000 deadweight tons shall be equipped with a cargo tank protection system consisting of a fixed deck froth system and a fixed inert gas system or, if the product carrier carries dedicated products incompatible with the cargo tank protection system, an alternate protection system authorized by the Secretary.

(c) An existing product carrier of at least 40,000 deadweight tons shall be equipped with segregated ballast tanks or may operate with dedicated clean ballast tanks.

(d) An existing product carrier of at least 20,000 deadweight tons but less than 40,000 deadweight tons, and at least 15 years of age, shall be equipped with segregated ballast tanks or may operate with dedicated clean ballast tanks before January 2, 1986, or the date on which it reaches 15 years of age, whichever is later.

(e) An existing product carrier of at least 40,000 deadweight tons, or an existing product carrier of at least 20,000 deadweight tons but less than 40,000 deadweight tons that is fitted with high-capacity tank washing machines, shall be equipped with an inert gas system.

§ 3707. Tanker minimum standards

(a) A new tanker of at least 10,000 gross tons shall be equipped with—

(1) 2 remote steering gear control systems operable separately from the navigating bridge;

(2) the main steering gear control in the steering gear compartment;

(3) means of communications and rudder angle indicators on the navigating bridge, a remote steering gear control station, and the steering gear compartment;

(4) at least 2 identical and adequate power units for the main steering gear;

(5) an alternative and adequate power supply, either from an emergency source of electrical power or from another independent source of power located in the steering gear compartment; and

(6) means of automatic starting and stopping of power units with attendant alarms at all steering stations.

(b) An existing tanker of at least 10,000 gross tons shall be equipped with—

(1) 2 remote steering gear control systems operable separately from the navigating bridge;

(2) the main steering gear control in the steering gear compartment; and

(3) means of communications and rudder angle indicators on the navigating bridge, a remote steering gear control station, and the steering gear compartment.

§ 3708. Self-propelled tank vessel minimum standards

A self-propelled tank vessel of at least 10,000 gross tons shall be equipped with—

(1) a dual radar system with short-range and long-range capabilities, each with true-north features;

(2) an electronic relative motion analyzer that is at least functionally equivalent to equipment complying with specifications established by the Secretary of Transportation;

(3) an electronic position-fixing device;

(4) adequate communications equipment;

(5) a sonic depth finder;

(6) a gyrocompass; and

(7) up-to-date charts.

§ 3709. Exemptions

The Secretary may exempt a vessel from the minimum requirements established by sections 3704–3706 of this title for segregated ballast, crude oil washing, and dedicated clean ballast if the Secretary decides that shore-based reception facilities are a preferred method of handling ballast and that adequate facilities are readily available.

§ 3710. Evidence of compliance by vessels of the United States

(a) A vessel of the United States to which this chapter applies that has on board oil or hazardous material in bulk as cargo or cargo residue must have a certificate of inspection issued under this part, endorsed to indicate that the vessel complies with regulations prescribed under this chapter.

(b) Each certificate endorsed under this section is valid for not more than 24 months and may be renewed as specified by the Secretary. In appropriate circumstances, the Secretary may issue a temporary certificate valid for not more than 30 days. A certificate shall be suspended or revoked if the Secretary finds that the vessel does not comply with the conditions under which the certificate was issued.

Temporary certificate.

§ 3711. Evidence of compliance by foreign vessels

(a) A foreign vessel to which this chapter applies may operate on the navigable waters of the United States, or transfer oil or hazardous material in a port or place under the jurisdiction of the United States, only if the vessel has been issued a certificate of compliance by the Secretary. The Secretary may issue the certificate only after the vessel has been examined and found to be in compliance with this chapter and regulations prescribed under this chapter. The Secretary may accept any part of a certificate, endorsement, or document, issued by the government of a foreign country under a treaty, convention, or other international agreement to which the United States is a party, as a basis for issuing a certificate of compliance.

(b) A certificate issued under this section is valid for not more than 24 months and may be renewed as specified by the Secretary. In appropriate circumstances, the Secretary may issue a temporary certificate valid for not more than 30 days.

Temporary certificate.

(c) A certificate shall be suspended or revoked if the Secretary finds that the vessel does not comply with the conditions under which the certificate was issued.

§ 3712. Notification of noncompliance

The Secretary shall notify the owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, master, or individual in charge of a vessel found not to be in compliance with a regulation prescribed under this part and state how compliance may be achieved.

§ 3713. Prohibited acts

(a) A person may not—

(1) violate this chapter or a regulation prescribed under this chapter;

(2) refuse to permit any official, authorized by the Secretary to enforce this chapter, to board a vessel or to enter a shore area, place, or premises, under a person's control to make an inspection under this chapter; or

(3) refuse to obey a lawful directive issued under this chapter.

(b) A vessel to which this chapter applies may not—

(1) operate on the navigable waters of the United States or use a port or place subject to the jurisdiction of the United States when not in compliance with this chapter or a regulation prescribed under this chapter;

(2) fail to comply with a lawful directive issued under this chapter; or

(3) carry a type or grade of oil or hazardous material in bulk as cargo or cargo residue unless its certificate is endorsed to allow that carriage.

§ 3714. Inspection and examination

(a)(1) The Secretary shall have each vessel to which this chapter applies inspected or examined at least once each year.

(2) Each of those vessels that is more than 10 years of age shall undergo a special and detailed inspection of structural strength and hull integrity as specified by the Secretary.

Contracts.

(3) The Secretary may make contracts for conducting inspections or examinations in the United States and in foreign countries. An inspector conducting an inspection or examination under contract may not issue a certificate of inspection or a certificate of compliance, but the inspector may issue a temporary certificate.

Regulations on fees.

(4) The Secretary shall prescribe by regulation reasonable fees for an inspection or examination conducted under this section outside the United States, or which, when involving a foreign vessel, is conducted under a contract authorized by paragraph (3) of this subsection. The owner, charter, or managing operator of a vessel inspected or examined by the Secretary is liable for the fees. Amounts received as fees shall be deposited in the Treasury.

(5) The Secretary may allow provisional entry of a vessel to conduct an inspection or examination under this chapter.

Necessary documents.

(b) Each vessel to which this chapter applies shall have on board those documents the Secretary considers necessary for inspection and enforcement, including documents listing—

(1) the type, grade, and approximate quantities of cargo on board;

(2) the shipper and consignee of the cargo;

(3) the places of origin and destination of the vessel; and

(4) the name of an agent in the United States authorized to accept service of legal process.

(c) Each vessel to which this chapter applies that operates in the United States shall have a person designated as authorized to accept service of legal process for the vessel.

§ 3715. Lightering

(a) A vessel may transfer oil or hazardous material in a port or place subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, when the cargo has been transferred from another vessel on the navigable waters of the United States or in the marine environment, only if—

(1) the transfer was conducted consistent with regulations prescribed by the Secretary; and

(2) both the delivering and receiving vessels had on board, at the time of transfer, a certificate of inspection or a certificate of compliance, as would have been required under section 3710 or 3711 of this title, had the transfer taken place in a port or place subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.

Regulations.

(b) The Secretary shall prescribe regulations to carry out subsection (a) of this section. The regulations shall include provisions on—

(1) minimum safe operating conditions, including sea state, wave height, weather, proximity to channels or shipping lanes, and other similar factors;

(2) the prevention of spills;

(3) equipment for responding to a spill;

(4) the prevention of any unreasonable interference with navigation or other reasonable uses of the high seas, as those uses are defined by treaty, convention, or customary international law;

(5) the establishment of lightering zones; and
(6) requirements for communication and prearrival messages.

§ 3716. Tank washings

(a) A vessel may not transfer cargo in a port or place subject to the jurisdiction of the United States if, before arriving, the vessel has discharged tank washings containing oil or hazardous material in preparation for loading at that port or place in violation of the laws of the United States or in a manner or quantities inconsistent with a treaty to which the United States is a party.

(b) The Secretary shall establish effective control and supervisory measures to carry out this section. Control and supervisory measures.

§ 3717. Marine safety information system

(a) The Secretary shall establish a marine safety information system that shall contain information about each vessel to which this chapter applies that operates on the navigable waters of the United States, or that transfers oil or hazardous material in a port or place under the jurisdiction of the United States. In acquiring this information, the Secretary shall make full use of publicly available information. The Secretary may by regulation require the vessel to provide information that the Secretary considers necessary to carry out this subsection, including—

(1) the name of each person with an ownership interest in the vessel;
(2) details of compliance with the financial responsibility requirements of applicable laws or regulations;
(3) registration information, including all changes in the name of the vessel;
(4) the history of marine casualties and serious repair problems of the vessel; and
(5) a record of all inspections and examinations of a vessel conducted under section 3714 of this title.

(b) On written request from the Secretary, the head of each department, agency, or instrumentality of the United States Government shall provide available information that the Secretary considers necessary to confirm the information received under subsection (a) of this section. Information confirmation.

§ 3718. Penalties

(a)(1) A person violating this chapter or a regulation prescribed under this chapter is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of not more than $25,000. Each day of a continuing violation is a separate violation.

(2) Each vessel to which this chapter applies that is operated in violation of this chapter or a regulation prescribed under this chapter is liable in rem for a civil penalty under this subsection.

(b) A person willfully and knowingly violating this chapter or a regulation prescribed under this chapter shall be fined not more than $50,000, imprisoned for not more than 5 years, or both.

(c) Instead of the penalties provided by subsection (b) of this section, a person willfully and knowingly violating this chapter or a regulation prescribed under this chapter, and using a dangerous weapon, or engaging in conduct that causes bodily injury or fear of imminent bodily injury to an official authorized to enforce this chapter or a regulation prescribed under this chapter, shall be fined

not more than $100,000, imprisoned for not more than 10 years, or both.

District court jurisdiction.

(d) The district courts of the United States have jurisdiction to restrain a violation of this chapter or a regulation prescribed under this chapter.

(e) At the request of the Secretary, the Secretary of the Treasury shall withhold or revoke the clearance required by section 4197 of the Revised Statutes (46 App. U.S.C. 91) of a vessel the owner or operator of which is subject to a penalty under this section. Clearance may be granted on filing a bond or other surety satisfactory to the Secretary.

CHAPTER 39—CARRIAGE OF ANIMALS

Sec.
3901. Regulations for accommodations for export animals.
3902. Penalties.

§ 3901. Regulations for accommodations for export animals

The Secretary of Agriculture may prescribe regulations governing the accommodations on board vessels for cattle, horses, mules, asses, sheep, goats, and swine to be carried from the United States to a foreign country. The regulations shall prescribe standards for space, ventilation, fittings, food and water supply, and other requirements the Secretary of Agriculture considers necessary for the safe and proper transportation and humane treatment of those animals. The Secretary of Agriculture may examine any vessel the Secretary of Agriculture considers necessary to carry out this chapter.

§ 3902. Penalties

When the owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, master, or individual in charge of a vessel carrying animals referred to in section 3901 of this title willfully violates, or causes or permits to be violated, a regulation prescribed under this chapter, the vessel may be prohibited from carrying any such animals from the United States for a period, of not more than one year, that the Secretary of Agriculture directs. The vessel may not be cleared from a port of the United States during that period.

CHAPTER 41—UNINSPECTED VESSELS

Sec.
4101. Application.
4102. Safety equipment.
4103. Exemptions.
4104. Regulations.
4105. Uninspected passenger vessels.
4106. Penalties.

§ 4101. Application

This chapter applies to an uninspected vessel—

(1) on the navigable waters of the United States; or

(2) owned in the United States and operating on the high seas.

§ 4102. Safety equipment

(a) Each uninspected vessel propelled by machinery shall be provided with the number, type, and size of fire extinguishers, capable of promptly and effectively extinguishing burning liquid fuel, that may be prescribed by regulation. The fire extinguishers shall be

kept in condition for immediate and effective use and so placed as to be readily accessible.

(b) Each uninspected vessel propelled by machinery shall carry at least one readily accessible life preserver or other lifesaving device, of the type prescribed by regulation, for each individual on board.

(c) Each uninspected vessel shall have the carburetors of each engine of the vessel (except an outboard motor) using gasoline as fuel, equipped with an efficient flame arrestor, backfire trap, or other similar device prescribed by regulation.

(d) Each uninspected vessel using a volatile liquid as fuel shall be provided with the means prescribed by regulation for properly and efficiently ventilating the bilges of the engine and fuel tank compartments, so as to remove any explosive or flammable gases.

§ 4103. Exemptions

Section 4102(a) of this title does not apply to a vessel propelled by outboard motors when competing in a race previously arranged and announced or, if the vessel is designed and intended only for racing, when operated incidental to tuning up the vessel and its engines for the race.

§ 4104. Regulations

The Secretary shall prescribe regulations to carry out this chapter.

§ 4105. Uninspected passenger vessels

Chapter 43 of this title applies to an uninspected passenger vessel. *Infra.*

§ 4106. Penalties

If a vessel to which this chapter applies is operated in violation of this chapter or a regulation prescribed under this chapter, the owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, master, and individual in charge are each liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of $100. The vessel also is liable in rem for the penalty.

CHAPTER 43—RECREATIONAL VESSELS

Sec.
4301. Application.
4302. Regulations.
4303. Inspection and testing.
4304. Importation of nonconforming vessels and equipment.
4305. Exemptions.
4306. Federal preemption.
4307. Prohibited acts.
4308. Termination of unsafe operation.
4309. Investigation and reporting.
4310. Repair and replacement of defects.
4311. Penalties and injunctions.

§ 4301. Application

(a) This chapter applies to a recreational vessel and associated equipment carried in the vessel on waters subject to the jurisdiction of the United States and, for a vessel owned in the United States, on the high seas.

(b) Except when expressly otherwise provided, this chapter does not apply to a foreign vessel temporarily operating on waters subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.

(c) Until there is a final judicial decision that they are navigable waters of the United States, the following waters lying entirely in New Hampshire are declared not to be waters subject to the jurisdiction of the United States within the meaning of this section: Lake Winnisquam, Lake Winnipesaukee, parts of the Merrimack River, and their tributary and connecting waters.

§ 4302. Regulations

(a) The Secretary may prescribe regulations—

(1) establishing minimum safety standards for recreational vessels and associated equipment, and establishing procedures and tests required to measure conformance with those standards, with each standard—

(A) meeting the need for recreational vessel safety; and

(B) being stated, insofar as practicable, in terms of performance;

(2) requiring the installation, carrying, or use of associated equipment (including fuel systems, ventilation systems, electrical systems, sound-producing devices, firefighting equipment, lifesaving devices, signaling devices, ground tackle, life- and grab-rails, and navigational equipment) on recreational vessels and classes of recreational vessels subject to this chapter, and prohibiting the installation, carrying, or use of associated equipment that does not conform with safety standards established under this section; and

(3) requiring or permitting the display of seals, labels, plates, insignia, or other devices for certifying or evidencing compliance with safety regulations and standards of the United States Government for recreational vessels and associated equipment.

Effective date.

(b) Each regulation prescribed under this section shall specify an effective date that is not earlier than 180 days from the date the regulation was published, unless the Secretary finds that there exists a recreational vessel safety hazard so critical as to require an earlier effective date. However, this period may not be more than 24 months for cases involving, in the discretion of the Secretary, major product design, retooling, or major changes in the manufacturing process.

(c) In prescribing regulations under this section, the Secretary shall, among other things—

(1) consider the need for and the extent to which the regulations will contribute to recreational vessel safety;

(2) consider relevant available recreational vessel safety standards, statistics, and data, including public and private research, development, testing, and evaluation;

(3) not compel substantial alteration of a recreational vessel or item of associated equipment that is in existence, or the construction or manufacture of which is begun before the effective date of the regulation, but subject to that limitation may require compliance or performance, to avoid a substantial risk of personal injury to the public, that the Secretary considers appropriate in relation to the degree of hazard that the compliance will correct; and

Post, p. 598.

(4) consult with the National Boating Safety Advisory Council established under section 13110 of this title about the considerations referred to in clauses (1)–(3) of this subsection.

Post, p. 555.

(d) Section 8903 of this title does not apply to a vessel being operated for bona fide dealer demonstrations provided without fee to

business invitees. However, if on the basis of substantial evidence, the Secretary decides under this section that requiring vessels so operated to be under the control of licensed individuals is necessary for boating safety, then the Secretary may prescribe regulations requiring the licensing of individuals controlling these vessels in the same manner as provided in chapter 89 of this title for individuals in control of vessels carrying passengers for hire.

Post, p. 555.

§ 4303. Inspection and testing

(a) Subject to regulations, supervision, and reviews that the Secretary may prescribe, the Secretary may delegate to a person, private or public agency, or organization, or to an officer or employee under the supervision of that person or agency, any work, business, or function related to the testing, inspection, and examination necessary for compliance enforcement and for the development of data to enable the Secretary to prescribe regulations under section 4302 of this title.

(b) The Secretary may—

(1) conduct research, testing, and development necessary to carry out this chapter, including the procurement by negotiation or otherwise of experimental and other recreational vessels or associated equipment for research and testing purposes; and

(2) subsequently sell those vessels.

§ 4304. Importation of nonconforming vessels and equipment

The Secretary and the Secretary of the Treasury may authorize by joint regulations the importation of any nonconforming recreational vessel or associated equipment on conditions, including providing a bond, that will ensure that the recreational vessel or associated equipment will be brought into conformity with applicable safety regulations and standards of the Government before the vessel or equipment is operated on waters subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.

§ 4305. Exemptions

If the Secretary considers that recreational vessel safety will not be adversely affected, the Secretary may issue an exemption from this chapter or a regulation prescribed under this chapter.

§ 4306. Federal preemption

Unless permitted by the Secretary under section 4305 of this title, a State or political subdivision of a State may not establish, continue in effect, or enforce a law or regulation establishing a recreational vessel or associated equipment performance or other safety standard or imposing a requirement for associated equipment (except insofar as the State or political subdivision may, in the absence of the Secretary's disapproval, regulate the carrying or use of marine safety articles to meet uniquely hazardous conditions or circumstances within the State) that is not identical to a regulation prescribed under section 4302 of this title.

§ 4307. Prohibited acts

(a) A person may not—

(1) manufacture, construct, assemble, sell or offer for sale, introduce or deliver for introduction into interstate commerce, or import into the United States, a recreational vessel, associated equipment, or component of the vessel or equipment unless—

(A) it conforms with this chapter or a regulation prescribed under this chapter; or

(B) it is intended only for export and is so labeled, tagged, or marked on the recreational vessel or equipment, including any markings on the outside of the container in which it is to be exported;

(2) affix, attach, or display a seal, document, label, plate, insignia, or other device indicating or suggesting compliance with standards of the United States Government on, in, or in connection with, a recreational vessel or item of associated equipment that is false or misleading; or

(3) fail to provide a notification as required by this chapter or fail to exercise reasonable diligence in carrying out the notification and reporting requirements of this chapter.

(b) A person may not operate a vessel in violation of this chapter or a regulation prescribed under this chapter.

§ 4308. Termination of unsafe operation

If an official charged with the enforcement of this chapter observes a recreational vessel being operated without sufficient lifesaving or firefighting devices or in an overloaded or other unsafe condition (as defined in regulations prescribed under this chapter) and, in the judgment of the official, the operation creates an especially hazardous condition, the official may direct the operator of the recreational vessel to take immediate and reasonable steps necessary for the safety of individuals on board the vessel, including directing the operator to return to a mooring and to remain there until the situation creating the hazard is corrected or ended.

§ 4309. Investigation and reporting

(a) A recreational vessel manufacturer to whom this chapter applies shall establish and maintain records and reports and provide information the Secretary may require to enable the Secretary to decide whether the manufacturer has acted or is acting in compliance with this chapter and regulations prescribed under this chapter. On request of an officer, employee, or agent authorized by the Secretary, a recreational vessel manufacturer shall permit the officer, employee, or agent to inspect, at reasonable times, factories or other facilities, and records related to deciding whether the manufacturer has acted or is acting in compliance with this chapter and regulations prescribed under this chapter.

Trade secrets and other confidential information, disclosure. 18 USC 1905. 5 USC 552, 18 USC 1905.

(b) Information reported to or otherwise obtained by the Secretary or the representative of the Secretary under this section containing or related to a trade secret or other matter referred to in section 1905 of title 18, or authorized to be exempt from public disclosure by section 552(b) of title 5, is confidential under section 1905. However, on approval of the Secretary, the information may be disclosed to other officers, employees, or agents concerned with carrying out this chapter or when it is relevant in a proceeding under this chapter.

§ 4310. Repair and replacement of defects

"Associated equipment."

(a) In this section, "associated equipment" includes only items or classes of associated equipment that the Secretary shall prescribe by regulation after deciding that the application of the requirements of this section to those items or classes of associated equipment is reasonable and in furtherance of this chapter.

Notification of defect or failure of compliance.

(b) If a recreational vessel or associated equipment has left the place of manufacture and the recreational vessel manufacturer discovers or acquires information that the manufacturer decides, in the exercise of reasonable and prudent judgment, indicates that a recreational vessel or associated equipment subject to an applicable regulation prescribed under section 4302 of this title either fails to comply with the regulation, or contains a defect that creates a substantial risk of personal injury to the public, the manufacturer shall provide notification of the defect or failure of compliance as provided by subsections (c) and (d) of this section within a reasonable time after the manufacturer has discovered the defect.

Persons to be notified.

(c)(1) The notification required by subsection (b) of this section shall be given to the following persons in the following manner:

(A) by certified mail to the first purchaser for other than resale, except that the requirement for notification of the first purchaser shall be satisfied if the recreational vessel manufacturer exercises reasonable diligence in establishing and maintaining a list of those purchasers and their current addresses, and sends the required notice to each person on that list at the address appearing on the list.

(B) by certified mail to subsequent purchasers if known to the manufacturer.

(C) by certified mail or other more expeditious means to the dealers and distributors of the recreational vessels or associated equipment.

(2) The notification required by subsection (b) of this section is required to be given only for a defect or failure of compliance discovered by the recreational vessel manufacturer within a reasonable time after the manufacturer has discovered the defect or failure, except that the manufacturer's duty of notification under paragraph (1) (A) and (B) of this subsection applies only to a defect or failure of compliance discovered by the manufacturer within one of the following appropriate periods:

(A) if a recreational vessel or associated equipment required by regulation to have a date of certification affixed, 5 years from the date of certification.

(B) if a recreational vessel or associated equipment not required by regulation to have a date of certification affixed, 5 years from the date of manufacture.

Notification contents.

(d) The notification required by subsection (b) of this section shall contain a clear description of the defect or failure to comply, an evaluation of the hazard reasonably related to the defect or failure, a statement of the measures to correct the defect or failure, and an undertaking by the recreational vessel manufacturer to take those measures only at the manufacturer's cost and expense.

Information disclosure.

(e) Each recreational vessel manufacturer shall provide the Secretary with a copy of all notices, bulletins, and other communications to dealers and distributors of that manufacturer, and to purchasers of recreational vessels or associated equipment of that manufacturer, about a defect related to safety in the recreational vessels or associated equipment, and any failure to comply with the regulation or order applicable to the recreational vessels or associated equipment. The Secretary may publish or otherwise disclose to the public information in the notices or other information the Secretary has that the Secretary considers will assist in carrying out this chapter. However, the Secretary may disclose any information that contains

or relates to a trade secret only if the Secretary decides that the information is necessary to carry out this chapter.

Notification of manufacturer by Secretary.

(f) If, through testing, inspection, investigation, or examination of reports, the Secretary decides that a recreational vessel or associated equipment to which this chapter applies contains a defect related to safety or fails to comply with an applicable regulation prescribed under this chapter and notification under this chapter is appropriate, the Secretary shall notify the recreational vessel manufacturer of the defect or failure. The notice shall contain the findings of the Secretary and shall include a synopsis of the information on which they are based. The manufacturer may then provide the notification required by this chapter to the persons designated in this chapter or dispute the Secretary's decision. If disputed, the Secretary shall provide the manufacturer with an opportunity to present views and establish that there is no such defect or failure.

Publication in Federal Register.

When the Secretary considers it to be in the public interest, the Secretary may publish notice of the proceeding in the Federal Register and provide interested persons, including the National Boating Safety Advisory Council, with an opportunity to comment. If, after presentation by the manufacturer, the Secretary decides that the recreational vessel or associated equipment contains a defect related to safety or fails to comply with an applicable regulation, the Secretary may direct the manufacturer to provide the notifications specified in this chapter.

(g) The Secretary may prescribe regulations to carry out this section, including the establishment of procedures that require dealers and distributors to assist manufacturers in obtaining information required by this section. A regulation prescribed under this subsection does not relieve a manufacturer of any obligation imposed by this section.

§ 4311. Penalties and injunctions

(a) A person willfully operating a recreational vessel in violation of this chapter or a regulation prescribed under this chapter shall be fined not more than $5,000, imprisoned for not more than one year, or both.

(b) A person violating section 4307(a)(1) of this title is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of not more than $2,000, except that the maximum civil penalty may be not more than $100,000 for a related series of violations. When a corporation violates section 4307(a)(1), any director, officer, or executive employee of the corporation who knowingly and willfully ordered, or knowingly and willfully authorized, a violation is individually liable to the Government for the penalty, in addition to the corporation. However, the director, officer, or executive employee is not liable individually under this subsection if the director, officer, or executive employee can demonstrate by a preponderance of the evidence that—

(1) the order or authorization was issued on the basis of a decision, in exercising reasonable and prudent judgment, that the nonconformity with standards and regulations constituting the violation would not cause or constitute a substantial risk of personal injury to the public; and

(2) at the time of the order or authorization, the director, officer, or executive employee advised the Secretary in writing of acting under this clause and clause (1) of this subsection.

(c) A person violating any other provision of this chapter or other regulation prescribed under this chapter is liable to the Government for a civil penalty of not more than $1,000. If the violation involves the operation of a vessel, the vessel also is liable in rem for the penalty.

(d) When a civil penalty of not more than $200 has been assessed under this chapter, the Secretary may refer the matter of collection of the penalty directly to the United States magistrate of the jurisdiction in which the person liable may be found for collection procedures under supervision of the district court and under an order issued by the court delegating this authority under section 636(b) of title 28. Collection. 28 USC 636.

(e) The district courts of the United States have jurisdiction to restrain a violation of this chapter, or to restrain the sale, offer for sale, introduction or delivery for introduction into interstate commerce, or importation into the United States, of a recreational vessel or associated equipment that the court decides does not conform to safety standards of the Government. A civil action under this subsection shall be brought by filing a petition by the Attorney General for the Government. When practicable, the Secretary shall give notice to a person against whom an action for injunctive relief is contemplated and provide the person with an opportunity to present views and, except for a knowing and willful violation, shall provide the person with a reasonable opportunity to achieve compliance. The failure to give notice and provide the opportunity does not preclude the granting of appropriate relief by the district court. Notification.

(f) A person is not subject to a penalty under this chapter if the person—

(1) establishes that the person did not have reason to know, in exercising reasonable care, that a recreational vessel or associated equipment does not conform with the applicable safety standards of the Government; or

(2) holds a certificate issued by the manufacturer of that recreational vessel or associated equipment to the effect that the recreational vessel or associated equipment conforms to all applicable recreational vessel safety standards of the Government, unless the person knows or reasonably should have known that the recreational vessel or associated equipment does not so conform.

(g) Compliance with this chapter or standards, regulations, or orders prescribed under this chapter does not relieve a person from liability at common law or under State law.

[PART C—RESERVED FOR LOAD LINES OF VESSELS]

PART D—MARINE CASUALTIES

CHAPTER 61—REPORTING MARINE CASUALTIES

Sec.

6101. Marine casualties and reporting.
6102. State marine casualty reporting system.
6103. Penalty.

§ 6101. Marine casualties and reporting

Regulations.

(a) The Secretary shall prescribe regulations on the marine casualties and incidents to be reported and the manner of reporting. The regulations shall require reporting the following marine casualties:

(1) death of an individual.

(2) serious injury to an individual.

(3) material loss of property.

(4) material damage affecting the seaworthiness or efficiency of the vessel.

(b) A marine casualty shall be reported within 5 days as provided in this part and regulations prescribed under this part.

(c) When the owner, charterer, managing operator, or agent of a vessel of the United States has reason to believe (because of lack of communication with or nonappearance of a vessel or any other incident) that the vessel may have been lost or imperiled, the owner, charterer, managing operator, or agent immediately shall attempt to determine the status of the vessel. If the owner, charterer, managing operator, or agent cannot determine the status of the vessel, the owner, charterer, managing operator, or agent immediately shall notify the Coast Guard and provide the name and identification number of the vessel, the names of individuals on board, and any other information that may be requested by the Coast Guard.

(d) This part applies to a foreign vessel when involved in a marine casualty on the navigable waters of the United States.

(e) A marine casualty not resulting in the death of an individual shall be classified according to the gravity of the casualty, as prescribed by regulation, giving consideration to the extent of injuries to individuals, the extent of property damage, the dangers that the casualty creates, and the size, occupation, and means of propulsion of each vessel involved.

§ 6102. State marine casualty reporting system

Regulations.

(a) The Secretary shall prescribe regulations for a uniform State marine casualty reporting system for vessels. Regulations shall prescribe the casualties to be reported and the manner of reporting. A State shall compile and submit to the Secretary reports, information, and statistics on casualties reported to the State.

(b) The Secretary shall collect, analyze, and publish reports, information, and statistics on marine casualties together with findings and recommendations the Secretary considers appropriate. If a State marine casualty reporting system provides that information derived from casualty reports (except statistical information) may not be publicly disclosed, or otherwise prohibits use by the State or any person in any action or proceeding against a person, the Secretary may use the information provided by the State only in the same way that the State may use the information.

§ 6103. Penalty

An owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, master, or individual in charge of a vessel failing to report a casualty or incident as required under section 6101 of this title or a regulation prescribed under section 6101 is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of $1,000.

CHAPTER 63—INVESTIGATING MARINE CASUALTIES

Sec.
6301. Investigation of marine casualties.
6302. Public investigations.
6303. Rights of parties in interest.
6304. Subpena authority.
6305. Reports of investigations.
6306. Penalty.
6307. Notifications to Congress.

§ 6301. Investigation of marine casualties

The Secretary shall prescribe regulations for the immediate investigation of marine casualties under this part to decide, as closely as possible— Regulations.

(1) the cause of the casualty, including the cause of any death;

(2) whether an act of misconduct, incompetence, negligence, unskillfulness, or willful violation of law committed by any individual licensed, certificated, or documented under part E of this subtitle has contributed to the cause of the casualty, or to a death involved in the casualty, so that appropriate remedial action under chapter 77 of this title may be taken; *Post*, p. 538. *Post*, p. 546.

(3) whether an act of misconduct, incompetence, negligence, unskillfulness, or willful violation of law committed by any person, including an officer, employee, or member of the Coast Guard, contributed to the cause of the casualty, or to a death involved in the casualty;

(4) whether there is evidence that an act subjecting the offender to a civil penalty under the laws of the United States has been committed, so that appropriate action may be undertaken to collect the penalty;

(5) whether there is evidence that a criminal act under the laws of the United States has been committed, so that the matter may be referred to appropriate authorities for prosecution; and

(6) whether there is need for new laws or regulations, or amendment or repeal of existing laws or regulations, to prevent the recurrence of the casualty.

§ 6302. Public investigations

Each investigation conducted under this chapter and regulations prescribed under this chapter shall be open to the public, except when evidence affecting the national security is to be received.

§ 6303. Rights of parties in interest

In an investigation conducted under this chapter, the following shall be allowed to be represented by counsel, to cross-examine witnesses, and to call witnesses:

(1) an owner,

(2) any holder of a license or certificate of registry,

(3) any holder of a merchant mariner's document,

(4) any other person whose conduct is under investigation, and

(5) any other party in interest.

§ 6304. Subpena authority

(a) In an investigation under this chapter, the attendance and testimony of witnesses, including parties in interest, and the production of any evidence may be compelled by subpena. The subpena authority granted by this section is coextensive with that of a district court of the United States, in civil matters, for the district in which the investigation is conducted.

(b) When a person fails to obey a subpena issued under this section, the district court of the United States for the district in which the investigation is conducted or in which the person failing to obey is found, shall on proper application issue an order directing that person to comply with the subpena. The court may punish as contempt any disobedience of its order.

(c) A witness complying with a subpena issued under this section may be paid for actual travel and attendance at the rate provided for witnesses in the district courts of the United States.

(d) An official designated to conduct an investigation under this part may issue subpenas as provided in this section and administer oaths to witnesses.

§ 6305. Reports of investigations

Regulations.

(a) The Secretary shall prescribe regulations about the form and manner of reports of investigations conducted under this part.

Public availability.

(b) Reports of investigations conducted under this part shall be made available to the public, except to the extent that they contain information related to the national security.

§ 6306. Penalty

A person attempting to coerce a witness, or to induce a witness, to testify falsely in connection with a marine casualty, or to induce a witness to leave the jurisdiction of the United States, shall be fined $5,000, imprisoned for one year, or both.

§ 6307. Notifications to Congress

(a) The Secretary shall notify the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries of the House of Representatives of any hearing, before the hearing occurs, investigating a major marine casualty involving a death under section 6301 of this title.

(b) The Secretary shall submit to a committee referred to in subsection (a) of this section information on a major marine casualty that is requested by that committee or the chairman of the committee if the submission of that information is not prohibited by a law of the United States.

Annual summary.

(c) The Secretary shall submit annually to Congress a summary of the marine casualties reported during the prior fiscal year, together with a brief statement of action taken concerning those casualties.

PART E—LICENSES, CERTIFICATES, AND MERCHANT MARINERS' DOCUMENTS

CHAPTER 71—LICENSES AND CERTIFICATES OF REGISTRY

Sec.

7101. Issuing and classifying licenses and certificates of registry.

7102. Citizenship.
7103. Licenses for radio officers.
7104. Certificates for medical doctors and nurses.
7105. Oaths.
7106. Duration of licenses.
7107. Duration of certificates of registry.
7108. Termination of licenses and certificates of registry.
7109. Renewal of licenses.
7110. Exhibiting licenses.
7111. Licenses for fishing vessels not subject to inspection.
7112. Licenses of masters or mates as pilots.
7113. Exemption from draft.
7114. Fees.

§ 7101. Issuing and classifying licenses and certificates of registry

(a) Licenses and certificates of registry are established for individuals who are required to hold licenses or certificates under this subtitle.

(b) Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary, the Secretary—

(1) issues the licenses and certificates of registry; and

(2) may classify the licenses and certificates of registry as provided in subsections (c) and (f) of this section, based on—

(A) the tonnage, means of propulsion, and horsepower of machine-propelled vessels;

(B) the waters on which vessels are to be operated; or

(C) other reasonable standards.

(c) The Secretary may issue licenses in the following classes to applicants found qualified as to age, character, habits of life, experience, professional qualifications, and physical fitness:

(1) masters, mates, and engineers.

(2) pilots.

(3) operators.

(4) radio officers.

(d) In classifying individuals under subsection (c)(1) of this section, the Secretary shall establish, when possible, suitable career patterns and service and other qualifying requirements appropriate to the particular service or industry in which the individuals are engaged.

(e) An individual may be issued a license under subsection (c)(2) of this section only if the applicant— Requirements.

(1) is at least 21 years of age;

(2) is of sound health and has no physical limitations that would hinder or prevent the performance of a pilot's duties;

(3) agrees to have a thorough physical examination each year while holding the license;

(4) demonstrates, to the satisfaction of the Secretary, that the applicant has the requisite general knowledge and skill to hold the license;

(5) demonstrates proficiency in the use of electronic aids to navigation;

(6) maintains adequate knowledge of the waters to be navigated and knowledge of regulations for the prevention of collisions in those waters;

(7) has sufficient experience, as decided by the Secretary, to evidence ability to handle any vessel of the type and size which the applicant may be authorized to pilot; and

(8) meets any other requirement the Secretary considers reasonable and necessary.

(f) The Secretary may issue certificates of registry in the following classes to applicants found qualified as to character, knowledge, skill, and experience:

(1) pursers.
(2) medical doctors.
(3) professional nurses.

§ 7102. Citizenship

Licenses and certificates of registry for individuals on documented vessels may be issued only to citizens of the United States.

§ 7103. Licenses for radio officers

(a) A license as radio officer may be issued only to an applicant who has a first-class or second-class radiotelegraph operator license issued by the Federal Communications Commission.

(b) Except as provided in section 7318 of this title, this part does not affect the status of radiotelegraph operators serving on board vessels operating only on the Great Lakes.

§ 7104. Certificates for medical doctors and nurses

A certificate of registry as a medical doctor or professional nurse may be issued only to an applicant who has a license as a medical doctor or registered nurse, respectively, issued by a State.

§ 7105. Oaths

An applicant for a license or certificate of registry shall take, before the issuance of the license or certificate, an oath before a designated official, without concealment or reservation, that the applicant will perform faithfully and honestly, according to the best skill and judgment of the applicant, all the duties required by law.

§ 7106. Duration of licenses

A license issued under this part is valid for 5 years. However, the validity of a license issued to a radio officer is conditioned on the continuous possession by the holder of a first-class or second-class radiotelegraph operator license issued by the Federal Communications Commission.

§ 7107. Duration of certificates of registry

A certificate of registry issued under this part is not limited in duration. However, the validity of a certificate issued to a medical doctor or professional nurse is conditioned on the continuous possession by the holder of a license as a medical doctor or registered nurse, respectively, issued by a State.

§ 7108. Termination of licenses and certificates of registry

When the holder of a license or certificate of registry, the duration of which is conditioned under section 7106 or 7107 of this title, fails to hold the license required as a condition, the license or certificate of registry issued under this part is terminated.

§ 7109. Renewal of licenses

A license issued under this part may be renewed for additional 5-year periods.

§ 7110. Exhibiting licenses

Each holder of a license issued under this part shall display, within 48 hours after employment on a vessel for which that license is required, the license in a conspicuous place on the vessel.

§ 7111. Licenses for fishing vessels not subject to inspection

Examinations for licensing individuals on fishing vessels not required to be inspected under part B of this subtitle shall be oral. *Ante*, p. 509.

§ 7112. Licenses of masters or mates as pilots

A master or mate licensed under this part who also qualifies as a pilot is not required to hold 2 licenses. Instead, the qualification of the master or mate as pilot shall be endorsed on the master's or mate's license.

§ 7113. Exemption from draft

A licensed master, mate, pilot, or engineer of a vessel inspected under part B of this subtitle, propelled by machinery or carrying hazardous liquid cargoes in bulk, is not liable to draft in time of war, except for performing duties authorized by the license. When performing those duties in the service of the United States Government, the master, mate, pilot, or engineer is entitled to the highest rate of wages paid in the merchant marine of the United States for similar services. If killed or wounded when performing those duties, the master, mate, pilot, or engineer, or the heirs or legal representatives of the master, mate, pilot, or engineer, are entitled to all the privileges under the pension laws of the United States provided to members of the Armed Forces.

§ 7114. Fees

The Secretary may prescribe by regulation reasonable fees for the inspection of and the issuance of a certificate, license, or permit related to small passenger vessels and sailing school vessels.

CHAPTER 73—MERCHANT MARINERS' DOCUMENTS

Sec.
7301. General.
7302. Issuing merchant mariners' documents and continuous discharge books.
7303. Possession and description of merchant mariners' documents.
7304. Citizenship notation on merchant mariners' documents.
7305. Oaths for holders of merchant mariners' documents.
7306. General requirements and classifications for able seamen.
7307. Able seamen—unlimited.
7308. Able seamen—limited.
7309. Able seamen—special.
7310. Able seamen—offshore supply vessels.
7311. Able seamen—sail.
7312. Scale of employment.
7313. General requirements for members of engine departments.
7314. Service requirements for qualified members of engine departments.
7315. Training.
7316. Lifeboatmen.
7317. Tankermen.
7318. Radiotelegraph operators on Great Lakes.
7319. Records of merchant mariners' documents.

§ 7301. General

(a) In this chapter—

"Service on deck."

(1) "service on deck" means service in the deck department in work related to the work usually performed on board vessels by able seamen and may include service on decked fishing vessels and on public vessels of the United States;

(2) 360 days is equal to one year's service; and

(3) a day is equal to 8 hours of labor or duty.

(b) The Secretary may prescribe regulations to carry out this chapter.

§ 7302. Issuing merchant mariners' documents and continuous discharge books

(a) The Secretary shall issue a merchant mariner's document to an individual required to have that document under part F of this subtitle if the individual satisfies the requirements of this part. The document serves as a certificate of identification and as a certificate of service, specifying each rating in which the holder is qualified to serve on board vessels on which that document is required under part F.

Post, p. 547.

(b) The Secretary also may issue a continuous discharge book to an individual issued a merchant mariner's document if the individual requests.

§ 7303. Possession and description of merchant mariners' documents

A merchant mariner's document shall be retained by the seaman to whom issued. The document shall contain the signature, notations of nationality, age, and physical description, the photograph, the thumbprint, and the home address of the seaman. In addition, the document shall specify the rate or ratings in which the seaman is qualified to serve.

§ 7304. Citizenship notation on merchant mariners' documents

An individual applying for a merchant mariner's document shall provide satisfactory proof that the individual is a citizen of the United States before that notation is made on the document.

§ 7305. Oaths for holders of merchant mariners' documents

An applicant for a merchant mariner's document shall take, before issuance of the document, an oath that the applicant will perform faithfully and honestly all the duties required by law, and will carry out the lawful orders of superior officers.

§ 7306. General requirements and classifications for able seamen

(a) To qualify for an endorsement as able seaman authorized by this section, an applicant must provide satisfactory proof that the applicant—

(1) is at least 18 years of age;

(2) has the service required by the applicable section of this part;

(3) is qualified professionally as demonstrated by an applicable examination or educational requirements; and

(4) is qualified as to sight, hearing, and physical condition to perform the seaman's duties.

(b) The classifications authorized for endorsement as able seaman are the following:

(1) able seaman—unlimited.

(2) able seaman—limited.

(3) able seaman—special.
(4) able seaman—offshore supply vessels.
(5) able seaman—sail.

§ 7307. Able seamen—unlimited

The required service for the endorsement of able seaman—unlimited, qualified for unlimited service on a vessel on any waters, is at least 3 years' service on deck on board vessels operating at sea or on the Great Lakes.

§ 7308. Able seamen—limited

The required service for the endorsement of able seaman—limited, qualified for limited service on a vessel on any waters, is at least 18 months' service on deck on board vessels of at least 100 gross tons operating on the oceans or navigable waters of the United States (including the Great Lakes).

§ 7309. Able seamen—special

The required service for the endorsement of able seaman—special, qualified for special service on a vessel on any waters, is at least 12 months' service on deck on board vessels operating on the oceans or the navigable waters of the United States (including the Great Lakes).

§ 7310. Able seamen—offshore supply vessels

For service on a vessel of less than 500 gross tons engaged in support of exploration, exploitation, or production of offshore mineral or energy resources, an individual may be rated as able seaman—offshore supply vessels if the individual has at least 6 months' service on deck on board vessels operating on the oceans or the navigable waters of the United States (including the Great Lakes).

§ 7311. Able seamen—sail

For service on a sailing school vessel on any waters, an individual may be rated as able seaman—sail if the individual has at least 6 months' service on deck on sailing school vessels, oceanographic research vessels powered primarily by sail, or equivalent sailing vessels operating on the oceans or navigable waters of the United States (including the Great Lakes).

§ 7312. Scale of employment

(a) Individuals qualified as able seamen—unlimited under section 7307 of this title may constitute all of the able seamen required on a vessel.

(b) Individuals qualified as able seamen—limited under section 7308 of this title may constitute all of the able seamen required on a vessel of less than 1,600 gross tons or on a vessel operating on the Great Lakes and the Saint Lawrence River as far east as Sept Iles. Individuals qualified as able seamen—limited may constitute not more than 50 percent of the number of able seamen required on board other vessels.

(c) Individuals qualified as able seamen—special under section 7309 of this title may constitute—

(1) all of the able seamen required on a vessel of not more than 500 gross tons or on a seagoing barge or towing vessel; and

(2) not more than 50 percent of the number of able seamen required on board other vessels.

(d) Individuals qualified as able seamen—offshore supply vessels under section 7310 of this title may constitute all of the able seamen required on board a vessel of less than 500 gross tons engaged in support of exploration, exploitation, or production of offshore mineral or energy resources.

(e) When the service of able seaman—limited or able seamen—special is authorized for only a part of the required number of able seamen on board a vessel, the combined percentage of those individuals so qualified may not be greater than 50 percent of the required number.

§ 7313. General requirements for members of engine departments

(a) Classes of endorsement as qualified members of the engine department on vessels of at least 100 gross tons (except vessels operating on rivers or lakes (except the Great Lakes)) may be prescribed by regulation.

(b) The ratings of wiper and coal passer are entry ratings and are not ratings as qualified members of the engine department.

(c) An applicant for an endorsement as qualified member of the engine department must provide satisfactory proof that the applicant—

(1) has the service required by section 7314 of this title;

(2) is qualified professionally as demonstrated by an applicable examination; and

(3) is qualified as to sight, hearing, and physical condition to perform the member's duties.

§ 7314. Service requirements for qualified members of engine departments

To qualify for an endorsement as qualified member of the engine department, an applicant must provide proof that the applicant has 6 months' service in the related entry rating as described in section 7313(b) of this title.

§ 7315. Training

(a) Graduation from a nautical school vessel approved under law and regulation may be substituted for the service requirements under section 7307 or 7314 of this title.

(b) The satisfactory completion of other courses of instruction approved by the Secretary may be substituted for not more than one-third of the required service on deck at sea under sections 7307–7311 of this title.

(c) The satisfactory completion of other courses of instruction approved by the Secretary may be substituted for not more than one-half of the required service at sea under section 7314 of this title.

§ 7316. Lifeboatmen

To qualify for an endorsement as lifeboatman, an applicant must provide satisfactory proof that the applicant—

(1) has the service or training required by regulation;

(2) is qualified professionally as demonstrated by examination; and

(3) is qualified professionally by actual demonstration.

§ 7317. Tankermen

Procedures, standards, and qualifications.

(a) The Secretary shall prescribe procedures, standards, and qualifications for the issuance of certificates or endorsements as tankerman, stating the types of oil or hazardous material that can be handled with safety to the vessel and the marine environment.

(b) An endorsement as tankerman shall indicate the grades or types of cargo the holder is qualified and authorized to handle with safety on board vessels.

§ 7318. Radiotelegraph operators on Great Lakes

(a) A radiotelegraph operator on the Great Lakes only shall have a first-class or second-class radiotelegraph operator's license issued by the Federal Communications Commission.

(b) An endorsement as radiotelegraph operator on the Great Lakes only ends if the holder ceases to hold the license issued by the Commission.

§ 7319. Records of merchant mariners' documents

Restricted inspection.

The Secretary shall maintain records on each merchant mariner's document issued, including the name and address of the seaman to whom issued and the next of kin of the seaman. The records are not open to general or public inspection.

CHAPTER 75—GENERAL PROCEDURES FOR LICENSING, CERTIFICATION, AND DOCUMENTATION

Sec.
7501. Duplicates.
7502. Records.
7503. Dangerous drugs as grounds for denial.

§ 7501. Duplicates

(a) If a license, certificate, or document issued under this part is lost as a result of a marine casualty, the holder shall be supplied with a duplicate without cost.

(b) For any other loss, the seaman may obtain a duplicate on payment of reasonable costs prescribed by regulation by the Secretary.

§ 7502. Records

The Secretary shall maintain records on the issuances, denials, suspensions, and revocations of licenses, certificates of registry, merchant mariners' documents, and endorsements on those licenses, certificates, and documents.

§ 7503. Dangerous drugs as grounds for denial

"Dangerous drug."

(a) In this section, "dangerous drug" means a narcotic drug, controlled substance, and marihuana (as defined in section 102 of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970 (21 U.S.C. 802)).

(b) A license, certificate, or document authorized to be issued under this part may be denied to an individual who—

(1) within 10 years before applying for the license, certificate, or document, has been convicted of violating a dangerous drug law of the United States or of a State; or

11-194 O - 85 -- 19 : QL 3

(2) when applying, has ever been a user of, or addicted to, a dangerous drug unless the individual provides satisfactory proof that the individual is cured.

CHAPTER 77—SUSPENSION AND REVOCATION

Sec.
7701. General.
7702. Administrative procedure.
7703. Bases for suspension or revocation.
7704. Dangerous drugs as grounds for revocation.
7705. Subpenas and oaths.

§ 7701. General

(a) The purpose of suspension and revocation proceedings is to promote safety at sea.

(b) Licenses, certificates of registry, and merchant mariners' documents may be suspended or revoked for acts described in section 7703 of this title.

(c) When a license, certificate of registry, or merchant mariner's document has been revoked under this chapter, the former holder may be issued a new license, certificate, or document only after it has been decided, under regulations prescribed by the Secretary, that the issuance is compatible with the requirements of good discipline and safety at sea.

(d) The Secretary may prescribe regulations to carry out this chapter.

§ 7702. Administrative procedure

5 USC 551-559.

(a) Sections 551-559 of title 5 apply to each hearing under this chapter about suspending or revoking a license, certificate of registry, or merchant mariners' document.

Appeal.

(b) The individual whose license, certificate of registry, or merchant mariner's document has been suspended or revoked under this chapter may appeal, within 30 days, the suspension or revocation to the Secretary.

§ 7703. Bases for suspension or revocation

A license, certificate, or merchant mariner's document issued by the Secretary may be suspended or revoked if, when acting under the authority of that license, certificate, or document, the holder—

(1) has violated or failed to comply with this subtitle, a regulation prescribed under this subtitle, or any other law or regulation intended to promote marine safety or to protect navigable waters.

(2) has committed an act of incompetence, misconduct, or negligence.

§ 7704. Dangerous drugs as grounds for revocation

"Dangerous drug."

(a) In this section, "dangerous drug" means a narcotic drug, controlled substance, and marihuana (as defined in section 102 of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970 (21 U.S.C. 802)).

(b) If it is shown at a hearing under this chapter that a holder of a license, certificate of registry, or document issued under this part, within 10 years before the beginning of the proceedings, has been convicted of violating a dangerous drug law of the United States or of a State, the license, certificate, or document shall be revoked.

(c) If it is shown that a holder has been a user of, or addicted to, a dangerous drug, the license, certificate, or document shall be revoked unless the holder provides satisfactory proof that the holder is cured.

§ 7705. Subpenas and oaths

(a) An official designated to investigate or preside at a hearing on matters that are grounds for suspension or revocation of licenses, certificates, and documents may administer oaths and issue subpenas to compel the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of records or other evidence during investigations and at hearings.

(b) The jurisdictional limits of a subpena issued under this section are the same as, and are enforceable in the same manner as, subpenas issued under chapter 63 of this title. *Ante*, p. 537.

PART F—MANNING OF VESSELS

CHAPTER 81—GENERAL

Sec.
8101. Complement of inspected vessels.
8102. Watchmen.
8103. Citizenship and Naval Reserve requirements.
8104. Watches.
8105. Regulations.

§ 8101. Complement of inspected vessels

(a) The certificate of inspection issued to a vessel under part B of this subtitle shall state the complement of licensed individuals and crew (including lifeboatmen) considered by the Secretary to be necessary for safe operation. A manning requirement imposed on a sailing school vessel shall consider the participation of sailing school instructors and sailing school students in the operation of that vessel. *Ante*, p. 509.

(b) The Secretary may modify the complement, by endorsement on the certificate, for reasons of changed conditions or employment.

(c) A requirement made under this section by an authorized official may be appealed to the Secretary under prescribed regulations. Appeal to Secretary.

(d) A vessel to which this section applies may not be operated without having in its service the complement required in the certificate of inspection.

(e) When a vessel is deprived of the service of a member of its complement without the consent, fault, or collusion of the owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, master, or individual in charge of the vessel, the master shall engage, if obtainable, a number of members equal to the number of those of whose services the master has been deprived. The replacements must be of the same or a higher grade or rating than those whose places they fill. If the master finds the vessel is sufficiently manned for the voyage, and replacements are not available to fill all the vacancies, the vessel may proceed on its voyage. Within 12 hours after the vessel arrives at its destination, the master shall report in writing to the Secretary the cause of each deficiency in the complement. A master failing to make the report is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of $50 for each deficiency. Report. Civil penalty.

Civil penalty.

(f) The owner, charterer, or managing operator of a vessel not manned as required by this section is liable to the Government for a civil penalty of $100, or, for a deficiency of a licensed individual, a penalty of $500.

(g) A person may not employ an individual as, and an individual may not serve as, a master, mate, engineer, radio officer, or pilot of a vessel to which this part or part B of this subtitle applies if the individual is not licensed by the Secretary. A person (including an individual) violating this subsection is liable to the Government for a civil penalty of not more than $500. Each day of a continuing violation is a separate offense.

Ante, p. 509.

Civil penalty.

Civil penalty.

(h) The owner, charterer, or managing operator of a freight vessel of less than 100 gross tons, a small passenger vessel, or a sailing school vessel not manned as required by this section is liable to the Government for a civil penalty of $1,000. The vessel also is liable in rem for the penalty.

§ 8102. Watchmen

The owner, charterer, or managing operator of a vessel carrying passengers during the nighttime shall keep a suitable number of watchmen in the vicinity of the cabins or staterooms and on each deck to guard against and give alarm in case of a fire or other danger. An owner, charterer, or managing operator failing to provide watchmen required by this section is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of $1,000.

Civil penalty.

§ 8103. Citizenship and Naval Reserve requirements

(a) Only a citizen of the United States may serve as master, chief engineer, or officer in charge of a deck watch or engineering watch on a documented vessel.

(b) On each departure of a documented vessel (except a fishing or whaling vessel or yacht) from a port of the United States, 75 percent of the seamen (excluding licensed individuals) must be citizens of the United States. If the Secretary decides, on investigation, that qualified citizen seamen are not available, the Secretary may reduce the percentage.

(c) On each departure from the United States of a vessel (except a passenger vessel) for which a construction or operating differential subsidy has been granted, all of the seamen of the vessel must be citizens of the United States.

(d)(1) On each departure from the United States of a passenger vessel for which a construction or operating differential subsidy has been granted, at least 90 percent of the entire complement (including licensed individuals) must be citizens of the United States.

Employment of aliens.

(2) An individual not required by this subsection to be a citizen of the United States may be engaged only if the individual has a declaration of intention to become a citizen of the United States or other evidence of admission to the United States for permanent residence. An alien may be employed only in the steward's department of the passenger vessel.

(e) If a documented vessel is deprived for any reason of the services of an individual (except the master) when on a foreign voyage and a vacancy consequently occurs, until the vessel's first return to a United States port at which a replacement who is a citizen of the United States can be obtained, an individual not a citizen of the United States may serve in—

(1) the vacancy; or

(2) a vacancy resulting from the promotion of another individual to fill the original vacancy.

(f) A person employing an individual in violation of this section or a regulation prescribed under this section is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of $500 for each individual so employed. Civil penalty.

(g) A deck or engineer officer employed on a vessel on which an operating differential subsidy is paid, or employed on a vessel (except a vessel of the Coast Guard or Saint Lawrence Seaway Development Corporation) owned or operated by the Department of Transportation or by a corporation organized or controlled by the Department, if eligible, shall be a member of the Naval Reserve.

(h) The President may— Suspensions by President.

(1) suspend any part of this section during a proclaimed national emergency; and

(2) when the needs of commerce require, suspend as far and for a period the President considers desirable, subsection (a) of this section for crews of vessels of the United States documented for foreign trade.

§ 8104. Watches

(a) An owner, charterer, managing operator, master, individual in charge, or other person having authority may permit an officer to take charge of the deck watch on a vessel when leaving or immediately after leaving port only if the officer has been off duty for at least 6 hours within the 12 hours immediately before the time of leaving.

(b) On an oceangoing or coastwise vessel of not more than 100 gross tons, a licensed individual may not be required to work more than 9 of 24 hours when in port, including the date of arrival, or more than 12 of 24 hours at sea, except in an emergency when life or property are endangered.

(c) On a towing vessel (except a towing vessel operated only for fishing or engaged in salvage operations) operating on the Great Lakes, harbors of the Great Lakes, and connecting or tributary waters between Gary, Indiana, Duluth, Minnesota, Niagara Falls, New York, and Ogdensburg, New York, a licensed individual or seaman in the deck or engine department may not be required or permitted to work more than 8 hours in one day, except in an emergency when life or property are endangered.

(d) On a merchant vessel of more than 100 gross tons (except a vessel only operating on rivers, harbors, lakes (except the Great Lakes), bays, sounds, bayous, and canals, a fishing or whaling vessel, yacht, or vessel engaged in salvage operations), the licensed individuals, sailors, coal passers, firemen, oilers, and water tenders shall be divided, when at sea, into at least 3 watches, and shall be kept on duty successively to perform ordinary work incident to the operation and management of the vessel. The requirement of this subsection applies to radio officers only when at least 3 radio officers are employed. A licensed individual or seaman in the deck or engine department may not be required to work more than 8 hours in one day.

(e) On a vessel designated by subsections (c) and (d) of this section—

(1) a seaman may not be—

(A) engaged to work alternately in the deck and engine departments; or

(B) required to work in the engine department if engaged for deck department duty or required to work in the deck department if engaged for engine department duty;

(2) a seaman may not be required to do unnecessary work on Sundays, New Year's Day, July 4th, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, or Christmas Day, when the vessel is in a safe harbor, but this clause does not prevent dispatch of a vessel on a voyage; and

(3) when the vessel is in a safe harbor, 8 hours (including anchor watch) is a day's work.

(f) Subsections (d) and (e) of this section do not limit the authority of the master or other officer or the obedience of the seamen when, in the judgment of the master or other officer, any part of the crew is needed for—

(1) maneuvering, shifting the berth of, mooring, or unmooring, the vessel;

(2) performing work necessary for the safety of the vessel, or the vessel's passengers, crew, or cargo;

(3) saving life on board another vessel in jeopardy; or

(4) performing fire, lifeboat, or other drills in port or at sea.

(g) On a towing vessel (except a vessel to which subsection (c) of this section applies), an offshore supply vessel, or a barge to which this section applies, that is engaged on a voyage of less than 600 miles, the licensed individuals and crewmembers (except the coal passers, firemen, oilers, and water tenders) may be divided, when at sea, into at least 2 watches.

(h) On a vessel to which section 8904 of this title applies, an individual licensed to operate a towing vessel may not work for more than 12 hours in a consecutive 24-hour period except in an emergency.

Civil penalty.

(i) A person violating subsection (a) or (b) of this section is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of $100.

Civil penalty.

(j) The owner, charterer, or managing operator of a vessel on which a violation of subsection (c), (d), (e), or (h) of this section occurs is liable to the Government for a civil penalty of $500. The seaman is entitled to discharge from the vessel and receipt of wages earned.

§ 8105. Regulations

The Secretary may prescribe regulations to carry out this part.

CHAPTER 83—MASTERS AND OFFICERS

Sec.
8301. Minimum number of licensed individuals.
8302. Staff department.
8303. Service under licenses issued without examination.
8304. Implementing the Officers' Competency Certificates Convention, 1936.

§ 8301. Minimum number of licensed individuals

Post, p. 555.

(a) Except as provided in chapter 89 of this title and except for a vessel operating only on rivers, harbors, lakes, bays, sounds, bayous, and canals, a vessel to which part B of this subtitle applies shall engage a minimum of licensed individuals as follows:

Ante, p. 509.

(1) Each of those vessels shall have a licensed master.

(2) A vessel of at least 1,000 gross tons and propelled by machinery shall have 3 licensed mates. However, if the vessel is on a voyage of less than 400 miles from port of departure to port of final destination, it shall have 2 licensed mates.

(3) A vessel of at least 200 gross tons but less than 1,000 gross tons and propelled by machinery shall have 2 licensed mates.

(4) A vessel of at least 100 gross tons but less than 200 gross tons and propelled by machinery shall have one licensed mate. However, if the vessel is on a voyage of more than 24 hours, it shall have 2 licensed mates.

(5) A freight vessel or a passenger vessel of at least 300 gross tons and propelled by machinery shall have a licensed engineer.

(b) An offshore supply vessel on a voyage of less than 600 miles shall have a licensed mate. However, if the vessel is on a voyage of at least 600 miles, the vessel shall have 2 licensed mates. An offshore supply vessel of more than 200 gross tons may not be operated without a licensed engineer.

(c) Subsection (a) of this section does not apply to a fishing or whaling vessel or a yacht.

(d) The Secretary may—

(1) suspend any part of this chapter during a national emergency proclaimed by the President; and

(2) increase the number of licensed individuals on a vessel to which this chapter applies if, in the Secretary's judgment, the vessel is not sufficiently manned for safe operation.

§ 8302. Staff department

(a) This section applies to a vessel of the United States except—

(1) a fishing or whaling vessel or a yacht;

(2) a vessel operated only on bays, sounds, inland waters, and lakes (except the Great Lakes); and

(3) a vessel ferrying passengers and cars on the Great Lakes.

(b) The staff department on a vessel is a separate and independent department. It consists of individuals registered under section 7101 of this title, clerks and individuals assigned to the senior registered medical doctor.

(c) The staff department is composed of a medical division and a purser's division. The officer in charge of each division is responsible only to the master. The senior registered medical doctor is in charge of the medical division. The senior registered purser is in charge of the purser's division.

Purser's division.

(d) The officer in charge of the purser's division of the staff department on an oceangoing passenger vessel licensed to carry more than 100 passengers shall be a registered chief purser. When more than 3 persons are employed in the purser's division of that vessel, there also shall be at least one registered senior assistant purser and one registered junior assistant purser.

Civil penalty.

(e) A person may not employ an individual to serve in, and an individual may not serve in, a grade of staff officer on a vessel, when that staff officer is required by this section to be registered, if the individual does not have a certificate of registry as staff officer in that grade. A person (including an individual) violating this subsection is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of $100. However, if a registered staff officer is not available at the time of sailing, the vessel may sail with an unregistered staff officer or without a staff officer.

(f) A staff officer may not be included in a vessel's certificate of inspection.

Naval Reserve members.

(g) A registered staff officer serving under this section who is a member of the Naval Reserve may wear on the officer's uniform

special distinguishing insignia prescribed by the Secretary of the Navy.

(h) The uniform stripes, decoration, or other insignia worn by a staff officer shall be of gold braid or woven gold or silver material. A crewmember (except a staff officer) may not wear any uniform with a staff officer's identifying insignia.

§ 8303. Service under licenses issued without examination

An individual issued a license without examination before October 29, 1941, to serve as master, mate, or engineer on a vessel not subject to inspection under part B of this subtitle, may not serve under authority of that license on a vessel that is subject to inspection under part B.

Ante, p. 509.

§ 8304. Implementing the Officers' Competency Certificates Convention, 1936

"High seas."

(a) In this section, "high seas" means waters seaward of the Boundary Line.

54 Stat. 1683.

(b) The Officers' Competency Certificates Convention, 1936 (International Labor Organization Draft Convention Numbered 53, on the minimum requirement of professional capacity for masters and officers on board merchant vessels), as ratified by the President on September 1, 1938, with understandings appended, and this section apply to a documented vessel operating on the high seas except—

(1) a public vessel;

(2) a wooden vessel of primitive build, such as a dhow or junk;

(3) a barge; and

(4) a vessel of less than 200 gross tons.

(c) A person may not engage or employ an individual to serve as, and an individual may not serve as, a master, mate, or engineer on a vessel to which this section applies, if the individual does not have a license issued under section 7101 of this title authorizing service in the capacity in which the individual is to be engaged or employed.

Civil penalty.

(d) A person (including an individual) violating this section is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of $100.

(e) A license issued to an individual to whom this section applies is a certificate of competency.

Vessel detention.

(f) A designated official may detain a vessel to which this section applies (by written order served on the owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, master, or individual in charge of the vessel) when there is reason to believe that the vessel is about to proceed from a port of the United States to the high seas in violation of this section or a provision of the convention described in subsection (b) of this section. The vessel may be detained until the vessel complies with this section. Clearance may not be granted to a vessel ordered detained under this section.

(g) A foreign vessel to which the convention described in subsection (b) of this section applies, on the navigable waters of the United States, is subject to detention under subsection (f) of this section, and to an examination that may be necessary to decide if there is compliance with the convention.

Appeal.

(h) The owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, master, or individual in charge of a vessel detained under subsection (f) or (g) of this section may appeal the order within 5 days as provided by regulation.

Enforcement.

(i) An officer or employee of the Customs Service may be designated to enforce this section.

CHAPTER 85—PILOTS

Sec.
8501. State regulation of pilots.
8502. Federal pilots required.

§ 8501. State regulation of pilots

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this part, pilots in the bays, rivers, harbors, and ports of the United States shall be regulated only in conformity with the laws of the States.

(b) The master of a vessel entering or leaving a port on waters that are a boundary between 2 States, and that is required to have a pilot under this section, may employ a pilot licensed or authorized by the laws of either of the 2 States.

(c) A State may not adopt a regulation or provision that discriminates in the rate of pilotage or half-pilotage between vessels sailing between the ports of one State and vessels sailing between the ports of different States, or against vessels because of their means of propulsion, or against public vessels of the United States.

(d) A State may not adopt a regulation or provision that requires a coastwise vessel to take a pilot licensed or authorized by the laws of a State if the vessel—

(1) is propelled by machinery and subject to inspection under part B of this subtitle; or *Ante*, p. 509.

(2) is subject to inspection under chapter 37 of this title. *Ante*, p. 520.

(e) Any regulation or provision violating this section is void.

§ 8502. Federal pilots required

(a) A coastwise seagoing vessel, when not sailing on register and when underway (except on the high seas), shall be under the direction and control of a pilot licensed under section 7101 of this title if the vessel is—

(1) propelled by machinery and subject to inspection under part B of this subtitle; or

(2) subject to inspection under chapter 37 of this title.

(b) The fees charged for pilotage by pilots required under this section may not be more than the customary or legally established rates in the States in which the pilotage is performed.

(c) A State or political subdivision of a State may not impose on a pilot licensed under this subtitle an obligation to procure a State or other license, or adopt any other regulation that will impede the pilot in the performance of the pilot's duties under the laws of the United States.

(d) A State or political subdivision of a State may not levy pilot charges on a vessel lawfully piloted by a pilot required under this section.

(e) The owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, master, or individual in charge of a vessel operated in violation of this section or a regulation prescribed under this section is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of $500. The vessel also is liable in rem for the penalty. Civil penalty.

(f) An individual serving as a pilot without having a license required by this section or a regulation prescribed under this section is liable to the Government for a civil penalty of $500. Civil penalty.

CHAPTER 87—UNLICENSED PERSONNEL

Sec.
8701. Merchant mariners' documents required.
8702. Certain crew requirements.
8703. Tankermen on tank vessels.

§ 8701. Merchant mariners' documents required

(a) This section applies to a merchant vessel of at least 100 gross tons except—

(1) a vessel operating only on rivers and lakes (except the Great Lakes);

(2) a barge (except a seagoing barge or a barge to which chapter 37 of this title applies);

Ante, p. 520.

(3) a fishing or whaling vessel or a yacht;

(4) a sailing school vessel with respect to sailing school instructors and sailing school students; and

(5) an oceanographic research vessel with respect to scientific personnel.

(b) A person may not engage or employ an individual, and an individual may not serve, on board a vessel to which this section applies if the individual does not have a merchant mariner's document issued to the individual under section 7302 of this title. Except for an individual required to be licensed or registered under this part, the document must authorize service in the capacity for which the holder of the document is engaged or employed.

(c) On a vessel to which section 10306 or 10503 of this title does not apply, an individual required by this section to hold a merchant mariner's document must exhibit it to the master of the vessel before the individual may be employed.

Civil penalty.

(d) A person (including an individual) violating this section is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of $500.

§ 8702. Certain crew requirements

(a) This section applies to a vessel of at least 100 gross tons except—

(1) a vessel operating only on rivers and lakes (except the Great Lakes);

(2) a barge (except a seagoing barge or a barge to which chapter 37 of this title applies);

(3) a fishing or whaling vessel or a yacht;

(4) a sailing school vessel with respect to sailing school instructors and sailing school students; and

(5) an oceanographic research vessel with respect to scientific personnel.

(b) A vessel may depart from a port of the United States only if at least—

(1) 75 percent of the crew in each department on board is able to understand any order spoken by the officers, and

(2) 65 percent of the deck crew (excluding licensed individuals) have merchant mariners' documents endorsed for a rating of at least able seaman, except that this percentage may be reduced to 50 percent on a vessel permitted under section 8104 of this title to maintain a 2-watch system.

(c) An able seaman is not required on a towing vessel operating on bays and sounds connected directly with the seas.

(d) An individual having a rating of less than able seaman may not be permitted at the wheel in ports, harbors, and other waters subject to congested vessel traffic, or under conditions of reduced visibility, adverse weather, or other hazardous circumstances.

(e) The owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, master, or individual in charge of a vessel operated in violation of this section or a regulation prescribed under this section is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of $500. Civil penalty.

§ 8703. Tankermen on tank vessels

(a) A vessel of the United States to which chapter 37 of this title applies, that has on board oil or hazardous material in bulk as cargo or cargo residue, shall have a specified number of the crew certified as tankermen as required by the Secretary. This requirement shall be noted on the certificate of inspection issued to the vessel. *Ante*, p. 520.

(b) The Secretary shall prescribe procedures, standards, and qualifications for the issuance of certificates as tankermen, stating the types of oil or hazardous material that can be handled with safety to the vessel and the marine environment.

(c) A vessel to which section 3702(b) of this title applies shall have on board as a crewmember in charge of the transfer operation an individual certified as a tankerman (qualified for the grade of fuel transferred), unless a master, mate, pilot, engineer, or operator licensed under section 7101 of this title is present in charge of the transfer. If the vessel does not have that individual on board, chapter 37 of this title applies to the vessel.

CHAPTER 89—SMALL VESSEL MANNING

Sec.
8901. Freight vessels.
8902. Small passenger vessels.
8903. Uninspected passenger vessels.
8904. Towing vessels.
8905. Exemptions.
8906. Penalty.

§ 8901. Freight vessels

A freight vessel of less than 100 gross tons shall be operated by an individual licensed by the Secretary to operate that type of vessel in the particular geographic area, under prescribed regulations.

§ 8902. Small passenger vessels

A small passenger vessel shall be operated by an individual licensed by the Secretary to operate that type of vessel in the particular geographic area, under prescribed regulations.

§ 8903. Uninspected passenger vessels

An uninspected passenger vessel shall be operated by an individual licensed by the Secretary to operate that type of vessel, under prescribed regulations.

§ 8904. Towing vessels

A towing vessel that is at least 26 feet in length measured from end to end over the deck (excluding sheer), shall be operated by an individual licensed by the Secretary to operate that type of vessel in the particular geographic area, under prescribed regulations.

§ 8905. Exemptions

(a) Section 8903 of this title applies to a recreational vessel operated in dealer demonstrations only if the Secretary decides that the application of section 8903 is necessary for recreational vessel safety under section 4302(d) of this title.

(b) Section 8904 of this title does not apply to a vessel of less than 200 gross tons engaged in the offshore mineral and oil industry if the vessel has offshore mineral and oil industry sites or equipment as its ultimate destination or place of departure.

§ 8906. Penalty

An owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, master, or individual in charge of a vessel operated in violation of this chapter or a regulation prescribed under this chapter is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of $1,000. The vessel also is liable in rem for the penalty.

CHAPTER 91—TANK VESSEL MANNING STANDARDS

Sec.
9101. Standards for foreign tank vessels.
9102. Standards for tank vessels of the United States.

§ 9101. Standards for foreign tank vessels

(a) The Secretary shall—

(1) periodically evaluate the manning, training, qualification, and watchkeeping standards prescribed by the certificating country of a foreign vessel to which chapter 37 of this title applies, that operates on the navigable waters of the United States and transfers oil or hazardous material in a port or place under the jurisdiction of the United States; and

Ante, p. 520.

(2) after each evaluation made under clause (1) of this subsection, decide whether the foreign country, whose system for licensing and certification of seamen was evaluated, has standards that are equivalent to or more stringent than United States standards or international standards accepted by the United States.

(b) A foreign vessel to which chapter 37 of this title applies that has on board oil or hazardous material in bulk as cargo or cargo residue shall have a specified number of personnel certified as tankerman or equivalent, as required by the Secretary, when the vessel transfers oil or hazardous material in a port or place subject to the jurisdiction of the United States. The requirement of this subsection shall be noted in applicable terminal operating procedures. A transfer operation may take place only if the crewmember in charge is capable of clearly understanding instructions in English.

§ 9102. Standards for tank vessels of the United States

(a) The Secretary shall prescribe standards for the manning of each vessel of the United States to which chapter 37 of this title applies, related to the duties, qualifications, and training of the officers and crew of the vessel, including standards related to—

(1) instruction in vessel and cargo handling and vessel navigation under normal operating conditions in coastal and confined waters and on the high seas;

(2) instruction in vessel and cargo handling and vessel navigation in emergency situations and under marine casualty or potential casualty conditions;

(3) qualifications for licenses by specific type and size of vessels;

(4) qualifications for licenses by use of simulators for the practice or demonstration of marine-oriented skills;

(5) minimum health and physical fitness criteria for various grades of licenses and certificates;

(6) periodic retraining and special training for upgrading positions, changing vessel type or size, or assuming new responsibilities; and

(7) decisions about licenses and certificates, conditions of licensing or certification, and periods of licensing or certification by reference to experience, amount of training completed, and regular performance testing.

(b) The Secretary shall waive the application of criteria required by subsection (a)(5) of this section for an individual having a license or certificate (including a renewal of the license or certificate) in effect on October 17, 1978. When the waiver is granted, the Secretary may prescribe conditions for the license or certificate and its renewal, as the Secretary decides are reasonable and necessary for the safety of a vessel on which the individual may be employed. Waiver.

CHAPTER 93—GREAT LAKES PILOTAGE

Sec.
9301. Definitions.
9302. Great Lakes pilots required.
9303. United States registered pilot service.
9304. Pilotage pools.
9305. Agreements with Canada.
9306. State regulation prohibited.
9307. Great Lakes Pilotage Advisory Committee.
9308. Penalties.

§ 9301. Definitions

In this chapter—

(1) "Canadian registered pilot" means an individual (except a regular crewmember of a vessel) who is registered by Canada on the same basis as an individual registered under section 9303 of this title.

(2) "Great Lakes" means Lakes Superior, Michigan, Huron, Erie, and Ontario, their connecting and tributary waters, the Saint Lawrence River as far east as Saint Regis, and adjacent port areas.

(3) "United States registered pilot" means an individual (except a regular crewmember of a vessel) who is registered under section 9303 of this title.

§ 9302. Great Lakes pilots required

(a)(1) Except as provided in subsections (d) and (e) of this section, each vessel of the United States operating on register and each foreign vessel shall engage a United States or Canadian registered pilot for the route being navigated who shall—

(A) in waters of the Great Lakes designated by the President, direct the navigation of the vessel subject to the customary authority of the master; and

(B) in waters of the Great Lakes not designated by the President, be on board and available to direct the navigation of the vessel at the discretion of and subject to the customary authority of the master.

Presidential water designations.

(2) The President shall make water designations under this subsection with regard to the public interest, the effective use of navigable waters, marine safety, and the foreign relations of the United States.

(b) An individual of a vessel licensed for navigation on the Great Lakes under section 7101 of this title, or equivalent provisions of Canadian law, and qualified for the route being navigated, may serve as the pilot required on waters not designated by the President.

(c) The authority extended under subsections (a) and (b) of this section to a Canadian registered pilot or other Canadian licensed officer to serve on certain vessels in United States waters of the Great Lakes shall continue as long as Canada extends reciprocity to United States registered pilots and other individuals licensed by the United States for pilotage service in Canadian waters of the Great Lakes.

(d) A vessel may be operated on the United States waters of the Great Lakes without a United States or Canadian registered pilot when—

(1) the Secretary notifies the master that a registered pilot is not available; or

(2) the vessel or its cargo is in distress or jeopardy.

(e) A Canadian vessel regularly operating on the Great Lakes or between ports on the Great Lakes and the Saint Lawrence River, with only an occasional voyage to ports in the maritime provinces of Canada in the Canadian coastal trade, is exempt from subsections (a) and (b) of this section as long as Canada permits enrolled vessels of the United States to be operated on Canadian waters of the Great Lakes under the direction of individuals licensed under section 7101 of this title.

§ 9303. United States registered pilot service

Regulations on competency standards.

(a) The Secretary shall prescribe by regulation standards of competency to be met by each applicant for registration under this chapter. An applicant must—

(1) have a license as master, mate, or pilot issued under section 7101 of this title;

(2) have acquired at least 24 months licensed service or equivalent experience on vessels or integrated towing vessels and tows of at least 4,000 gross tons, operating on the Great Lakes or oceans, with a minimum of 6 months of that service or experience having been on the Great Lakes; and

(3) agree that, if appointed as a United States registered pilot, the applicant will be available for service when required.

Certificates.

(b) The Secretary shall issue to each registered pilot under this chapter a certificate of registration describing the areas within which the pilot may serve. The pilot shall carry the certificate when in the service of a vessel.

(c) The Secretary shall prescribe by regulation the duration of validity of registration.

(d) The Secretary may prescribe by regulation the conditions for service by United States registered pilots, including availability for service.

(e) Subject to sections 551-559 of title 5, the Secretary may suspend or revoke a certificate of registration issued under this section if the holder fails to comply with a regulation prescribed under this chapter. Suspension or revocation of the holder's license under chapter 77 of this title includes the holder's certificate of registration.

5 USC 551-559.

Ante, p. 546.

(f) The Secretary shall prescribe by regulation rates and charges for pilotage services, giving consideration to the public interest and the costs of providing the services.

Regulations on rates and charges.

§ 9304. Pilotage pools

(a) The Secretary may authorize the formation of a pool by a voluntary association of United States registered pilots to provide for efficient dispatching of vessels and rendering of pilotage services.

(b) For pilotage pools, the Secretary may—

(1) limit the number of the pools;

(2) prescribe regulations for their operation and administration;

(3) prescribe a uniform system of accounts;

(4) perform audits and inspections; and

(5) require coordination on a reciprocal basis with similar pool arrangements authorized by the appropriate agency of Canada.

§ 9305. Agreements with Canada

To provide for a coordinated system of pilotage service on the Great Lakes, the Secretary, subject to the concurrence of the Secretary of State, may make agreements with the appropriate agency of Canada to—

(1) fix the number of pilots to be registered in each country;

(2) provide for participation on an equitable basis;

(3) prescribe joint or identical rates and charges;

(4) coordinate pool operations; and

(5) establish conditions for services by registered pilots.

§ 9306. State regulation prohibited

A State or political subdivision of a State may not regulate or impose any requirement on pilotage on the Great Lakes.

§ 9307. Great Lakes Pilotage Advisory Committee

(a) The Secretary may establish a Great Lakes Pilotage Advisory Committee. The Committee—

(1) may review proposed Great Lakes pilotage regulations and policies and make recommendations to the Secretary that the Committee considers appropriate;

(2) may make available to Congress recommendations that the Committee makes to the Secretary; and

(3) shall meet at the call of the Secretary.

(b) The Committee shall consist of 3 members appointed by the Secretary each of whom has at least 5 years practical experience in maritime operations. The term of each member is for a period of not more than 5 years, specified by the Secretary. Before filling a position on the Committee, the Secretary shall publish a notice in the Federal Register soliciting nominations for membership on the Committee.

Membership.

Notice, publication in Federal Register.

Travel expenses.

(c) When attending meetings or otherwise serving at the request of the Secretary, a member of the Committee (except a member regularly employed by the United States Government) may be paid at a rate of not more than $75 a day. When serving away from home or regular place of business, the member may be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence as authorized by section 5703 of title 5 for individuals employed intermittently in the Government service.

5 USC 5703.

§ 9308. Penalties

(a) An owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, master, or individual in charge of a vessel knowingly allowing the vessel to be operated in violation of section 9302 of this title is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of $500 for each day during which the vessel is in violation. The vessel also is liable in rem for the penalty.

(b) An individual who directs the navigation of a vessel in violation of section 9302 of this title is liable to the Government for a civil penalty of $500 for each day during which the violation occurs.

(c) A person violating a regulation prescribed under section 9303 of this title is liable to the Government for a civil penalty of $500.

PART G—MERCHANT SEAMEN PROTECTION AND RELIEF

CHAPTER 101—GENERAL

Sec.
10101. Definitions.
10102. Designations and duties of shipping commissioners.
10103. Reports.
10104. Regulations.

§ 10101. Definitions

In this part—

(1) "master" means the individual having command of a vessel owned by a citizen of the United States.

(2) "owner" means the person to whom the vessel belongs.

(3) "seaman" means an individual (except scientific personnel, a sailing school instructor, or a sailing school student) engaged or employed in any capacity on board a vessel owned by a citizen of the United States.

§ 10102. Designations and duties of shipping commissioners

(a) The Secretary shall designate officers, employees, and members of the Coast Guard to act as shipping commissioners under this part. The Secretary may designate officers and employees of the Customs Service as shipping commissioners.

(b) The general duties of shipping commissioners are to supervise the engagement and discharge of seamen.

(c) The owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, or master of the vessel shall perform the duties of shipping commissioner when a shipping commissioner is not available.

§ 10103. Reports

(a) A master of a vessel to which section 8701(a) of this title applies, who engages or discharges a seaman without a shipping commissioner being present, shall submit reports in the form, content, and manner of filing as prescribed by regulation, to ensure

compliance with laws related to manning and the engagement and discharge of seamen.

(b) This section does not apply to a ferry or towing vessel operated in connection with a ferry operation, employed only in trades other than with foreign ports, lakes, bays, sounds, bayous, canals, or harbors.

§ 10104. Regulations

The Secretary may prescribe regulations to carry out this part.

CHAPTER 103—FOREIGN AND INTERCOASTAL VOYAGES

Sec.
10301. Application.
10302. Shipping articles agreements.
10303. Provisions.
10304. Form of agreement.
10305. Manner of signing agreement.
10306. Exhibiting merchant mariners' documents.
10307. Posting agreements.
10308. Foreign engagements.
10309. Engaging seamen to replace those lost by desertion or casualty.
10310. Discharge.
10311. Certificates of discharge.
10312. Settlements on discharge.
10313. Wages.
10314. Advances.
10315. Allotments.
10316. Trusts.
10317. Loss of lien and right to wages.
10318. Wages on discharge in foreign ports.
10319. Costs of a criminal conviction.
10320. Records of seamen.
10321. General penalty.

§ 10301. Application

(a) Except as otherwise specifically provided, this chapter applies to a vessel of the United States—

(1) on a voyage between a port in the United States and a port in a foreign country (except a port in Canada, Mexico, or the West Indies); or

(2) of at least 75 gross tons on a voyage between a port of the United States on the Atlantic Ocean and a port of the United States on the Pacific Ocean.

(b) This chapter does not apply to a vessel on which the seamen are entitled by custom or agreement to share in the profit or result of a voyage.

(c) Unless otherwise provided, this chapter does not apply to a foreign vessel.

§ 10302. Shipping articles agreements

(a) Before proceeding on a voyage, the master of a vessel to which this chapter applies shall make a shipping articles agreement in writing with each seaman in the crew.

(b) The agreement shall contain the following:

(1) the nature, and, as far as practicable, the duration of the intended voyage, and the port or country in which the voyage is to end.

(2) the number and description of the crew and the capacity in which each seaman is to be engaged.

(3) the time at which each seaman is to be on board to begin work.

(4) the amount of wages each seaman is to receive.

(5) regulations about conduct on board, and information on fines, short allowance of provisions, and other punishment for misconduct provided by law.

(6) a scale of the provisions that are to be provided each seaman.

(7) any stipulation in reference to advances and allotments of wages.

(8) other matters not contrary to law.

§ 10303. Provisions

Meals.

(a) A seaman shall be served at least 3 meals a day that total at least 3,100 calories, including adequate water and adequate protein, vitamins, and minerals in accordance with the United States Recommended Daily Allowances.

Posted copy of text.

(b) The text of subsection (a) of this section shall be included in the agreement required by section 10302 of this title. A copy of the text also shall be posted in a conspicuous place in the galley and forecastle of each vessel.

(c) This section does not apply to a fishing or whaling vessel or a yacht.

§ 10304. Form of agreement

The form of the agreement required by section 10302 of this title shall be in substance as follows:

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

(Date and place of first signature of agreement):

It is agreed between the master and seamen of the , of which is at present master, or whoever shall go for master, now bound from the port of to (here the voyage is to be described, and the places named at which the vessel is to touch, or if that cannot be done, the general nature and probable length of the voyage is to be stated).

The seamen agree to conduct themselves in an orderly, faithful, honest, and sober manner, and to be at all times diligent in their respective duties, and to be obedient to the lawful commands of the master, or of an individual who lawfully succeeds the master, and of their superior officers in everything related to the vessel, and the stores and cargo of the vessel, whether on board, in boats, or on shore. In consideration of this service by the seamen to be performed, the master agrees to pay the crew, as wages, the amounts beside their names respectively expressed, and to supply them with provisions according to the annexed scale.

It is agreed that any embezzlement, or willful or negligent destruction of any part of the vessel's cargo or stores, shall be made good to the owner out of the wages of the person guilty of the embezzlement or destruction.

If an individual holds himself or herself out as qualified for a duty which the individual proves incompetent to perform, the individual's wages shall be reduced in proportion to the incompetency.

It also is agreed that if a seaman considers himself or herself to be aggrieved by any breach of this agreement or otherwise, the seaman

shall present the complaint to the master or officer in charge of the vessel, in a quiet and orderly manner, who shall take steps that the case requires.

It also is agreed that (here any other stipulations may be inserted to which the parties agree, and that are not contrary to law).

In witness whereof, the parties have subscribed their names to this agreement, on the dates beside their respective signatures.

Signed by , master, on the day of , nineteen hundred and

Signature of seaman	Time of service:
Birthplace	Months
Age	Days
Height:	Hospital money
Feet	Whole wages
Inches	Wages due
Description:	Place and time of entry
Complexion	Time at which seaman is to be on board
Hair	In what capacity
Wages each month	Shipping commissioner's signature or initials
Wages each voyage	Allotment payable to
Advance wages	Conduct qualifications
Amount of monthly allotment	

NOTE.—In the place for signature and descriptions of individuals engaged after the first departure of the vessel, the entries are to be made as above, except that the signature of the consul or vice consul, customs officer, or witness before whom the individual is engaged, is to be entered.

§ 10305. Manner of signing agreement

(a) The agreement required by section 10302 of this title shall be signed—

(1) first by the master and dated at that time, after which each seaman shall sign; and

(2) in the presence of a shipping commissioner.

(b) When the crew is first engaged, the agreement shall be signed in duplicate. One of the copies shall be retained by the shipping commissioner. The other copy shall contain space for the description and signatures of seamen engaged subsequent to the first making of the agreement, and shall be delivered to the master.

(c) An agreement signed before a shipping commissioner shall be acknowledged and signed by the commissioner on the agreement in the manner and form prescribed by regulation. The acknowledgment and certification shall include a statement by the commissioner that the seaman—

(1) has read the agreement;

(2) is acquainted with and understands its conditions; and

(3) has signed it freely and voluntarily when sober.

§ 10306. Exhibiting merchant mariners' documents

Before signing the agreement required by section 10302 of this title, each individual required by section 8701 of this title to have a merchant mariner's document shall exhibit to the shipping commissioner a document issued to the individual, appropriately endorsed for the capacity in which the individual is to serve.

§ 10307. Posting agreements

At the beginning of a voyage, the master shall have a legible copy of the agreement required by section 10302 of this title, omitting signatures, exhibited in a part of the vessel accessible to the crew. A master violating this section is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of $100.

Civil penalty.

§ 10308. Foreign engagements

(a) When a seaman is engaged outside the United States, the agreement required by section 10302 of this title shall be signed in the presence of a consular officer. If a consular officer is not available at the port of engagement, the seaman may be engaged, and the agreement shall be signed in the next port at which a consular officer is available.

Civil penalty.

(b) A master engaging a seaman in violation of this section is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of $100. The vessel also is liable in rem for the penalty.

§ 10309. Engaging seamen to replace those lost by desertion or casualty

(a) If a desertion or casualty results in the loss of at least one seaman, the master shall engage, if obtainable, a number equal to the number of seamen of whose services the master has been deprived. The new seaman must have at least the same grade or rating as the seaman whose place the new seaman fills. The master shall report the loss and replacement to a consular officer at the first port at which the master arrives.

Civil penalty.

(b) The master is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of $200 for each report not made. The vessel also is liable in rem for the penalty.

(c) This section does not apply to a fishing or whaling vessel or a yacht.

§ 10310. Discharge

A master shall deliver to a seaman or a shipping commissioner a full and true account of the seaman's wages and all deductions at least 48 hours before paying off or discharging the seaman. A master failing to deliver the account is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of $50.

Civil penalty.

§ 10311. Certificates of discharge

(a) On discharging a seaman and paying the seaman's wages, the shipping commissioner shall provide the seaman with a certificate of discharge. The form of the certificate shall be prescribed by regulation. It shall contain—

(1) the name of the seaman;

(2) the citizenship or nationality of the seaman;

(3) the number of the seaman's merchant mariner's document;

(4) the name and official number of the vessel;
(5) the nature of the voyage (foreign, intercoastal, or coastwise);
(6) the propulsion class of the vessel;
(7) the date and place of engagement;
(8) the date and place of discharge; and
(9) the seaman's capacity on the voyage.

(b) The certificate of discharge may not contain a reference about the character or ability of the seaman. The certificate shall be signed by the master, the seaman, and the shipping commissioner as witness.

(c) A certificate of discharge may not be issued if the seaman holds a continuous discharge book. The entries shall be made in the discharge book in the same manner as the entries required by subsection (a) of this section.

(d)(1) A record of each discharge shall be maintained by the Secretary in the manner and location prescribed by regulation. The records may not be open for general or public use or inspection. Restricted record inspection.

(2) A duplicate of a record of discharge shall be issued to a seaman at a cost prescribed by regulation.

(e) This section does not apply to a fishing or whaling vessel or a yacht.

§ 10312. Settlements on discharge

(a) When discharge and settlement are completed, the master or owner and each seaman shall sign the agreement required by section 10302 of this title in the presence of a shipping commissioner. The commissioner shall sign the agreement and retain a copy. When signed, it shall serve as a mutual release of all claims for wages for the voyage.

(b) In a dispute about wages or deductions, if the parties agree in writing to submit the dispute to a shipping commissioner, the award made by the commissioner is conclusive in any subsequent legal proceeding. A document signed and sealed by a shipping commissioner purporting to be the award is prima facie evidence of the award. Disputed wages or deductions.

(c) In a proceeding before a shipping commissioner related to the wages, claims, or discharge of a seaman, the shipping commissioner may call on the owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, master, or a seaman to produce logbooks or other documents about a matter in question, and may summon before the commissioner and examine any person on the matter. An owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, master, or seaman failing on summons to produce a document in the possession or control of the owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, master, or seaman, or to give evidence, without reasonable cause, is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of $100. On application of the shipping commissioner, the owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, master, or seaman may be punished by a district court of the United States as in other cases of contempt of court. Civil penalty.

(d) On request, a certified copy of an agreement may be provided to a party to the agreement and is admissible in evidence with the effect of the original in any subsequent proceeding.

(e) When a seaman has been discharged before a shipping commissioner, only the agreement is evidence of the release or satisfaction of any claim.

(f) If a discharge is made under this section, the shipping commissioner, at the request of the master, shall provide the master with a signed statement of the total amount of wages paid. Between the master and the employer, the statement shall be received as evidence that the master has made the payments as stated.

§ 10313. Wages

(a) A seaman's entitlement to wages and provisions begins when the seaman begins work or when specified in the agreement required by section 10302 of this title for the seaman to begin work or be present on board, whichever is earlier.

(b) Wages are not dependent on the earning of freight by the vessel. When the loss or wreck of the vessel ends the service of a seaman before the end of the period contemplated in the agreement, the seaman is entitled to wages for the period of time actually served. The seaman shall be deemed a destitute seaman under section 11104 of this title. This subsection applies to a fishing or whaling vessel but not a yacht.

Improper discharge, compensation.

(c) When a seaman who has signed an agreement is discharged improperly before the beginning of the voyage or before one month's wages are earned, without the seaman's consent and without the seaman's fault justifying discharge, the seaman is entitled to receive from the master or owner, in addition to wages earned, one month's wages as compensation.

(d) A seaman is not entitled to wages for a period during which the seaman—

(1) unlawfully failed to work when required, after the time fixed by the agreement for the seaman to begin work; or

(2) lawfully was imprisoned for an offense, unless a court hearing the case otherwise directs.

(e) After the beginning of the voyage, a seaman is entitled to receive from the master, on demand, one-half of the balance of wages earned and unpaid at each port at which the vessel loads or delivers cargo during the voyage. A demand may not be made before the expiration of 5 days from the beginning of the voyage, not more than once in 5 days, and not more than once in the same port on the same entry. If a master does not comply with this subsection, the seaman is released from the agreement and is entitled to payment of all wages earned. Notwithstanding a release signed by a seaman under section 10312 of this title, a court having jurisdiction may set aside, for good cause shown, the release and take action that justice requires. This subsection does not apply to a fishing or whaling vessel or a yacht. However, this subsection applies to a vessel taking oysters.

(f) At the end of a voyage, the master shall pay each seaman the balance of wages due the seaman within 24 hours after the cargo has been discharged or within 4 days after the seaman is discharged, whichever is earlier. When a seaman is discharged and final payment of wages is delayed for the period permitted by this subsection, the seaman is entitled at the time of discharge to one-third of the wages due the seaman.

Delayed payment.

(g) When payment is not made as provided under subsection (f) of this section without sufficient cause, the master or owner shall pay to the seaman 2 days' wages for each day payment is delayed.

(h) Subsections (f) and (g) of this section do not apply to a fishing or whaling vessel or a yacht. However, subsections (f) and (g) apply to a vessel taking oysters.

(i) This section applies to a seaman on a foreign vessel when in a harbor of the United States. The courts are available to the seaman for the enforcement of this section.

§ 10314. Advances

(a)(1) A person may not—

(A) pay a seaman wages in advance of the time when the seaman has earned the wages;

(B) pay advance wages of the seaman to another person; or

(C) make to another person an order, note, or other evidence of indebtedness of the wages, or pay another person, for the engagement of seamen when payment is deducted or to be deducted from the seaman's wage.

(2) A person violating this subsection is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of not more than $500. A payment made in violation of this subsection does not relieve the vessel or the master from the duty to pay all wages after they have been earned. Civil penalty.

(b) A person demanding or receiving from a seaman or an individual seeking employment as a seaman, remuneration for providing the seaman or individual with employment, is liable to the Government for a civil penalty of not more than $500. Civil penalty.

(c) This section applies to a foreign vessel when in waters of the United States. An owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, or master of a foreign vessel violating this section is liable to the Government for the same penalty as an owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, or master of a vessel of the United States for the same violation.

(d) The owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, or master of a vessel seeking clearance from a port of the United States shall present the agreement required by section 10302 of this title at the office of clearance. Clearance may be granted to a vessel only if this section has been complied with.

(e) This section does not apply to a fishing or whaling vessel or a yacht. However, this section applies to a vessel taking oysters.

§ 10315. Allotments

(a) Under prescribed regulations, a seaman may stipulate as follows in the agreement required by section 10302 of this title for an allotment of any part of the wages the seaman may earn:

(1) to the seaman's grandparents, parents, spouse, sister, brother, or children;

(2) to an agency designated by the Secretary of the Treasury to handle applications for United States savings bonds, to purchase bonds for the seaman; and

(3) for deposits to be made in an account for savings or investment opened by the seaman and maintained in the seaman's name at a savings bank or a savings institution in which the accounts are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation.

(b) An allotment is valid only if made in writing and signed by and approved by a shipping commissioner. The shipping commissioner shall examine allotments and the parties to them to enforce compliance with the law. Stipulations for allotments made at the beginning of a voyage shall be included in the agreement and shall state the amounts and times of payment and the person to whom payments are to be made.

Civil penalty.

(c) Only an allotment complying with this section is lawful. A person falsely claiming qualification as an allottee under this section is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of not more than $500.

(d) The owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, or master of a vessel seeking clearance from a port of the United States shall present the agreement at the office of clearance. Clearance may be granted to a vessel only if this section has been complied with.

(e) This section applies to a foreign vessel when in waters of the United States. An owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, or master of a foreign vessel violating this section is liable to the Government for the same penalty as an owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, or master of a vessel of the United States for the same violation.

§ 10316. Trusts

Sections 10314 and 10315 of this title do not prevent an employer from making deductions from the wages of a seaman, with the written consent of the seaman, if—

(1) the deductions are paid into a trust fund established only for the benefit of seamen employed by that employer, and the families and dependents of those seamen (or of those seamen, families, and dependents jointly with other seamen employed by other employers, and the families and dependents of the other seamen); and

(2) the payments are held in trust to provide, from principal or interest, or both, any of the following benefits for those seamen and their families and dependents:

(A) medical or hospital care, or both.

(B) pensions on retirement or death of the seaman.

(C) life insurance.

(D) unemployment benefits.

(E) compensation for illness or injuries resulting from occupational activity.

(F) sickness, accident, and disability compensation.

(G) purchasing insurance to provide any of the benefits specified in this section.

§ 10317. Loss of lien and right to wages

A master or seaman by any agreement other than one provided for in this chapter may not forfeit the master's or seaman's lien on the vessel or be deprived of a remedy to which the master or seaman otherwise would be entitled for the recovery of wages. A stipulation in an agreement inconsistent with this chapter, or a stipulation by which a seaman consents to abandon a right to wages if the vessel is lost, or to abandon a right the seaman may have or obtain in the nature of salvage, is void.

§ 10318. Wages on discharge in foreign ports

(a) When a master or seaman applies to a consular officer for the discharge of the seaman, the consular officer shall require the master to pay the seaman's wages if it appears that the seaman has carried out the agreement required by section 10302 of this title or otherwise is entitled to be discharged. Then the consular officer shall discharge the seaman. A consular officer shall require the payment of extra wages only as provided in this section or in chapter 109 of this title.

Post, p. 574.

(b) When discharging a seaman, a consular officer who fails to require the payment of the wages due a seaman at the time, and of the extra wages due under subsection (a) of this section, is accountable to the United States Government for the total amount.

(c) A seaman discharged under this section with the consent of the seaman is entitled to wages up to the time of discharge, but not for any additional period.

(d) If the seaman is discharged involuntarily, and it appears that the discharge was not because of neglect of duty, incompetency, or injury incurred on the vessel, the master shall provide the seaman with employment on a vessel agreed to by the seaman or shall provide the seaman with one month's extra wages.

(e) Expenses for the maintenance and return of an ill or injured seaman to the United States shall be paid by the Secretary of State. If a seaman is incapacitated by illness or injury and prompt discharge is necessary, but a personal appearance of the master before a consular officer is impracticable, the master may provide transportation to the seaman to the nearest consular officer for discharge.

(f) A deduction from wages of the seaman is permitted only if the deduction appears in the account of the seaman required to be delivered under section 10310 of this title, except for matters arising after delivery of the account, in which case a supplementary account is required. During a voyage, the master shall record in the official logbook the matters about which deductions are to be made with the amounts of the deductions. The entries shall be made as the matters occur. The master shall produce the official logbook at the time of payment of wages, and also before a competent authority on the hearing of any complaint or question about the payment of wages.

§ 10319. Costs of a criminal conviction

In a proceeding about a seaman's wages, if it is shown that the seaman was convicted during the voyage of an offense by a competent tribunal and sentenced by the tribunal, the court hearing the case may direct that a part of the wages due the seaman, but not more than $15, be applied to reimburse the master for costs properly incurred in procuring the conviction and sentence.

§ 10320. Records of seamen

The Secretary may prescribe regulations for reporting by a master of matters about the engagement, discharge, or service of seamen that may be needed in keeping central records of seamen.

§ 10321. General penalty

The owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, or master of a vessel on which a seaman is carried in violation of this chapter or a regulation prescribed under this chapter is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of $200 for each seaman carried in violation. The vessel also is liable in rem for the penalty.

CHAPTER 105—COASTWISE VOYAGES

Sec.
10501. Application.
10502. Shipping articles agreements.
10503. Exhibiting merchant mariners' documents.
10504. Wages.
10505. Advances.
10506. Trusts.

10507. Duties of shipping commissioners.
10508. General penalties.
10509. Penalty for failing to begin voyage.

§ 10501. Application

Ante, p. 561.

(a) Except for a vessel to which chapter 103 of this title applies, this chapter applies to a vessel of at least 50 gross tons on a voyage between a port in one State and a port in another State (except an adjoining State).

(b) This chapter does not apply to a vessel on which the seamen are entitled by custom or agreement to share in the profit or result of a voyage.

(c) Unless otherwise provided, this chapter does not apply to a foreign vessel.

§ 10502. Shipping articles agreements

(a) Before proceeding on a voyage, the master of a vessel to which this chapter applies shall make a shipping articles agreement in writing with each seaman on board, declaring the nature of the voyage or the period of time for which the seaman is engaged.

(b) The agreement shall include the date and hour on which the seaman must be on board to begin the voyage.

(c) The agreement may not contain a provision on the allotment of wages or a scale of provisions.

§ 10503. Exhibiting merchant mariners' documents

Before signing the agreement required by section 10502 of this title, a seaman required by section 8701 of this title to have a merchant mariner's document shall exhibit to the master a document issued to the seaman and appropriately endorsed for the capacity in which the seaman is to serve.

§ 10504. Wages

(a) After the beginning of a voyage, a seaman is entitled to receive from the master, on demand, one-half of the balance of wages earned and unpaid at each port at which the vessel loads or delivers cargo during the voyage. A demand may not be made before the expiration of 5 days from the beginning of the voyage, not more than once in 5 days, and not more than once in the same port on the same entry. If a master does not comply with this subsection, the seaman is released from the agreement required by section 10502 of this title and is entitled to payment of all wages earned. Notwithstanding a release signed by a seaman under section 10312 of this title, a court having jurisdiction may set aside, for good cause shown, the release and take action that justice requires. This subsection does not apply to a fishing or whaling vessel or a yacht. However, this subsection applies to a vessel taking oysters.

(b) The master shall pay a seaman the balance of wages due the seaman within 2 days after the termination of the agreement required by section 10502 of this title or when the seaman is discharged, whichever is earlier.

Delayed payment.

(c) When payment is not made as provided under subsection (b) of this section without sufficient cause, the master or owner shall pay to the seaman 2 days' wages for each day payment is delayed.

(d) Subsections (b) and (c) of this section do not apply to a fishing or whaling vessel or a yacht. However, subsections (b) and (c) apply to a vessel taking oysters.

(e) This section applies to a seaman on a foreign vessel when in harbor of the United States. The courts are available to the seaman for the enforcement of this section.

§ 10505. Advances

(a)(1) A person may not—

(A) pay a seaman wages in advance of the time when the seaman has earned the wages;

(B) pay advance wages of the seaman to another person; or

(C) make to another person an order, note, or other evidence of indebtedness of the wages, or pay another person, for the engagement of seamen when payment is deducted or to be deducted from the seaman's wage.

(2) A person violating this subsection is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of not more than $100. A payment made in violation of this subsection does not relieve the vessel or the master from the duty to pay all wages after they have been earned. Civil penalty.

(b) A person demanding or receiving from a seaman or an individual seeking employment as a seaman, remuneration for providing the seaman or individual with employment, is liable to the Government for a civil penalty of not more than $500. Civil penalty.

(c) The owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, or master of a vessel seeking clearance from a port of the United States shall present the agreement required by section 10502 of this title at the office of clearance. Clearance may be granted to a vessel only if this section has been complied with.

(d) This section does not apply to a fishing or whaling vessel or a yacht. However, this section applies to a vessel taking oysters.

§ 10506. Trusts

Section 10505 of this title does not prevent an employer from making deductions from the wages of a seaman, with the written consent of the seaman, if—

(1) the deductions are paid into a trust fund established only for the benefit of seamen employed by that employer, and the families and dependents of those seamen (or of those seamen, families, and dependents jointly with other seamen employed by other employers, and the families and dependents of the other seamen); and

(2) the payments are held in trust to provide, from principal or interest, or both, any of the following benefits for those seamen and their families and dependents:

(A) medical or hospital care, or both.

(B) pensions on retirement or death of the seaman.

(C) life insurance.

(D) unemployment benefits.

(E) compensation for illness or injuries resulting from occupational activity.

(F) sickness, accident, and disability compensation.

(G) purchasing insurance to provide any of the benefits specified in this section.

§ 10507. Duties of shipping commissioners

(a) At the option of the owner or master of a vessel to which this chapter applies, a shipping commissioner may engage and discharge the crew.

(b) When a crew is engaged under this section, sections 10302, 10303, 10305, 10307, 10311, 10312, 10313(b)-(f), and 10321, and chapter 107 of this title apply.

Infra.

§ 10508. General penalties

(a) A master who carries a seaman on a voyage without first making the agreement required by section 10502 of this title shall pay to the seaman the highest wage that was paid for a similar voyage within the 3 months before the time of engagement at the port or place at which the seaman was engaged. A seaman who has not signed an agreement is not bound by the applicable regulations, penalties, or forfeitures.

(b) A master engaging a seaman in violation of this chapter or a regulation prescribed under this chapter is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of $20. The vessel also is liable in rem for the penalty.

§ 10509. Penalty for failing to begin voyage

(a) A seaman who fails to be on board at the time contained in the agreement required by section 10502 of this title, without having given 24 hours' notice of inability to do so, shall forfeit, for each hour's lateness, one-half of one day's pay to be deducted from the seaman's wages if the lateness is recorded in the official logbook on the date of the violation.

(b) A seaman who does not report at all or subsequently deserts forfeits all wages.

(c) This section does not apply to a fishing or whaling vessel or a yacht.

CHAPTER 107—EFFECTS OF DECEASED SEAMEN

Sec.
10701. Application.
10702. Duties of masters.
10703. Procedures of masters.
10704. Duties of consular officers.
10705. Disposition of money, property, and wages by consular officers.
10706. Seamen dying in the United States.
10707. Delivery to district court.
10708. Sale of property.
10709. Distribution.
10710. Unclaimed money, property, and wages.
10711. Penalties.

§ 10701. Application

(a) Except as otherwise specifically provided, this chapter applies to a vessel on a voyage between—

(1) a port of the United States and a port in a foreign country (except a port in Canada, Mexico, and the West Indies); and

(2) a port of the United States on the Atlantic Ocean and a port of the United States on the Pacific Ocean.

(b) This chapter does not apply to a vessel on which a seaman by custom or agreement is entitled to share in the profit or result of a voyage.

(c) This chapter does not apply to a foreign vessel.

§ 10702. Duties of masters

(a) When a seaman dies during a voyage, the master shall take charge of the seaman's money and property. An entry shall be made

in the official logbook, signed by the master, the chief mate, and an unlicensed crewmember containing an inventory of the money and property and a statement of the wages due the seaman, with the total of the deductions to be made.

(b) On compliance with this chapter, the master shall obtain a written certificate of compliance from a shipping commissioner. Clearance may be granted to a foreign-bound vessel only when the certificate is received at the office of customs.

Compliance certificate.

§ 10703. Procedures of masters

(a) If the vessel is proceeding to the United States when a seaman dies, the master shall deliver the seaman's money, property, and wages when the agreement required by this part is ended, as provided by regulations prescribed by the Secretary.

(b) If the vessel touches at a foreign port after the death of the seaman, the master shall report to the first available consular officer. The consular officer may require the master to deliver to the officer the money, property, and wages of the seaman. The consular officer shall give the master a receipt for the matters delivered and certify on the agreement the particulars of the delivery. When the agreement ends, the master shall deliver the receipt as prescribed by regulations.

(c) If the consular officer does not require the master to deliver the seaman's money, property, and wages, the officer shall so certify on the agreement, and the master shall dispose of the money, property, and wages as provided under subsection (a) of this section.

(d) A deduction from the account of a deceased seaman is valid only if certified by a proper entry in the official logbook.

§ 10704. Duties of consular officers

When a seaman dies outside the United States leaving money or property not on board a vessel, the consular officer nearest the place at which the money and property is located shall claim and take charge of it.

§ 10705. Disposition of money, property, and wages by consular officers

When money, property, or wages of a deceased seaman comes into possession of a consular officer, the officer may—

(1) sell the property and remit the proceeds and other money or wages of the seaman the officer has received, to the district court of the United States for the district in which the voyage begins or ends; or

(2) deliver the money, property, and wages to the district court.

§ 10706. Seamen dying in the United States

When a seaman dies in the United States and is entitled at death to claim money, property, or wages from the master or owner of a vessel on which the seaman served, the master or owner shall deliver the money, property, and wages as provided by regulations prescribed by the Secretary.

§ 10707. Delivery to district court

The Secretary shall provide for the delivery to a district court of the United States of the money, property, and wages of a deceased seaman within one week from the date of receipt.

§ 10708. Sale of property

A district court of the United States may direct the sale of any part of the property of a deceased seaman. Proceeds of the sale shall be held as wages of the seaman are held.

§ 10709. Distribution

(a)(1) If the money, property, and wages of a seaman, including proceeds from the sale of property, are not more then $1,500 in value, and subject to deductions it allows for expenses and at least 60 days after receiving the money, property, and wages, the court may deliver the money, property, and wages to a claimant proving to be—

(A) the seaman's surviving spouse or child;

(B) entitled to the money, property, and wages under the seaman's will or under a law or at common law; or

(C) entitled to secure probate, or take out letters of administration, although no probate or letters of administration have been issued.

(2) The court is released from further liability for the money, property, and wages distributed under paragraph (1) of this subsection.

(3) Instead of acting under paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection, the court may require probate or letters of administration to be taken out, and then deliver the money, property, and wages to the legal representative of the seaman.

(b) If the money, property, and wages are more than $1,500 in value, the court, subject to deductions for expenses, shall deliver the money, property, and wages to the legal representative of the seaman.

§ 10710. Unclaimed money, property, and wages

(a) When a claim for the money, property, or wages of a deceased seaman held by a district court of the United States has not been substantiated within 6 years after their receipt by the court, the court, if a subsequent claim is made, may allow or refuse the claim.

(b) If, after money, property, and wages have been held by the court for 6 years, it appears to the court that no claim will have to be satisfied, the property shall be sold. The money and wages and the proceeds from the sale shall be deposited in the Treasury trust fund receipt account "Unclaimed Moneys of Individuals Whose Whereabouts are Unknown".

§ 10711. Penalties

An owner or master violating this chapter are each liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of 3 times the value of the seaman's money, property, and wages involved or, if the value is not determined, of $200.

CHAPTER 109—PROCEEDINGS ON UNSEAWORTHINESS

Sec.
10901. Application.
10902. Complaints of unfitness.
10903. Proceedings on examination of vessel.
10904. Refusal to proceed.
10905. Complaints in foreign ports.

10906. Discharge of crew for unsuitability.
10907. Permission to make complaint.
10908. Penalty for sending unseaworthy vessel to sea.

§ 10901. Application

This chapter applies to a vessel of the United States except a fishing or whaling vessel or a yacht.

§ 10902. Complaints of unfitness

(a)(1) If the chief and second mates or a majority of the crew of a vessel ready to begin a voyage discover, before the vessel leaves harbor, that the vessel is unfit as to crew, hull, equipment, tackle, machinery, apparel, furniture, provisions of food or water, or stores to proceed on the intended voyage and require the unfitness to be inquired into, the master immediately shall apply to the district court of the United States at the place at which the vessel is located, or, if no court is being held at the place at which the vessel is located, to a judge or justice of the peace, for the appointment of surveyors. At least 2 complaining seamen shall accompany the master to the judge or justice of the peace.

(2) A master failing to comply with this subsection is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of $500. Civil penalty.

(b)(1) Any 3 seamen of a vessel may complain that the provisions of food or water for the crew are, at any time, of bad quality, unfit for use, or deficient in quantity. The complaint may be made to the commanding officer of a United States naval vessel, consular officer, Coast Guard shipping commissioner, or chief official of the Customs Service.

(2) The officer, commissioner, or official shall examine, or have examined, the provisions of food or water. If the provisions are found to be of bad quality, unfit for use, or deficient in quantity, the person making the findings shall certify to the master of the vessel which provisions are of bad quality, unfit for use, or deficient.

(3) The officer, commissioner, or official to whom the complaint was made shall—

(A) make an entry in the official logbook of the vessel on the results of the examination; and

(B) submit a report on the examination to the district court of the United States at which the vessel is to arrive, with the report being admissible into evidence in any legal proceeding. Report.

(4) The master is liable to the Government for a civil penalty of not more than $100 each time the master, on receiving the certification referred to in paragraph (2) of this subsection— Civil penalty.

(A) does not provide other proper provisions of food or water, when available, in place of the provisions certified as of bad quality or unfit for use;

(B) does not obtain sufficient provisions when the certification includes a finding of a deficiency in quantity; or

(C) uses provisions certified to be of bad quality or unfit for use.

§ 10903. Proceedings on examination of vessel

(a) On application made under section 10902(a) of this title, the judge or justice of the peace shall appoint 3 experienced and skilled marine surveyors to examine the vessel for the defects or insufficiencies complained of. The surveyors have the authority to receive and consider evidence necessary to evaluate the complaint. When Appointment of surveyors.

the complaint involves provisions of food or water, one of the surveyors shall be a medical officer of the Public Health Service, if available. The surveyors shall make a report in writing, signed by at least 2 of them, stating whether the vessel is fit to proceed to sea or, if not, in what respect it is unfit, making appropriate recommendations about additional seamen, provisions, or stores, or about physical repairs, alterations, or additions necessary to make the vessel fit.

Written report.

(b) On receiving the report, the judge or justice of the peace shall endorse on the report the judgment of the judge or justice on whether the vessel is fit to proceed on the voyage, and, if not, whether the vessel may proceed to another port at which the deficiencies can be corrected. The master and the crew shall comply with the judgment.

(c) The master shall pay all costs of the survey, report, and judgment. However, if the complaint of the crew appears in the report and judgment to have been without foundation, or if the complaint involved provisions of food or water, without reasonable grounds, the master or owner may deduct the amount of the costs and reasonable damages for the detention of the vessel, as determined by the judge or justice of the peace, from the wages of the complaining seamen.

Civil penalty.

(d) A master of a vessel violating this section who refuses to pay the costs and wages is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of $100 and is liable in damages to each person injured by the refusal.

§ 10904. Refusal to proceed

After a judgment under section 10903 of this title that a vessel is fit to proceed on the intended voyage, or after the order of a judgment to make up deficiencies is complied with, if a seaman does not proceed on the voyage, the unpaid wages of the seaman are forfeited.

§ 10905. Complaints in foreign ports

(a) When a complaint under section 10902(a) of this title is made in a foreign port, the procedures of this chapter shall be followed, with a consular officer performing the duties of the judge or justice of the peace.

(b) On review of the marine surveyors' report, the consular officer may approve and must certify any part of the report with which the officer agrees. If the consular officer dissents from any part of the report, the officer shall certify reasons for dissenting from that part.

§ 10906. Discharge of crew for unsuitability

When a survey is made at a foreign port, the surveyors shall state in the report whether, in their opinion, the vessel had been sent to sea unsuitably provided in any important particular, by neglect or design or through mistake or accident. If by neglect or design, and the consular officer approves the finding, the officer shall discharge a seaman requesting discharge and shall require the master to pay one month's wages to that seaman in addition to wages then due, or sufficient money for the return of the seaman to the nearest and most convenient port of the United States, whichever is the greater amount.

§ 10907. Permission to make complaint

(a) A master may not refuse to permit, deny the opportunity to, or hinder a seaman who wishes to make a complaint authorized by this chapter.

(b) A master violating this section is liable to the United States Government for civil penalty of $500. Civil penalty.

§ 10908. Penalty for sending unseaworthy vessel to sea

A person that knowingly sends or attempts to send, or that is a party to sending or attempting to send, a vessel of the United States to sea, in an unseaworthy state that is likely to endanger the life of an individual, shall be fined not more than $1,000, imprisoned for not more than 5 years, or both.

CHAPTER 111—PROTECTION AND RELIEF

Sec.
11101. Accommodations for seamen.
11102. Medicine chests.
11103. Slop chests.
11104. Destitute seamen.
11105. Wages on discharge when vessel sold.
11106. Wages on justifiable complaint of seamen.
11107. Unlawful engagements void.
11108. Taxes.
11109. Attachment of wages.
11110. Seamen's clothing.
11111. Limit on amount recoverable on voyage.

§ 11101. Accommodations for seamen

(a) On a merchant vessel of the United States the construction of which began after March 4, 1915 (except a yacht, pilot vessel, or vessel of less than 100 gross tons)—

(1) each place appropriated to the crew of the vessel shall have a space of at least 120 cubic feet and at least 16 square feet, measured on the floor or deck of that place, for each seaman or apprentice lodged in the vessel;

(2) each seaman shall have a separate berth and not more than one berth shall be placed one above another;

(3) the place or berth shall be securely constructed, properly lighted, drained, heated, and ventilated, properly protected from weather and sea, and, as far as practicable, properly shut off and protected from the effluvium of cargo or bilge water; and

(4) crew space shall be kept free from goods or stores that are not the personal property of the crew occupying the place in use during the voyage.

(b) In addition to the requirements of subsection (a) of this section, a merchant vessel of the United States that in the ordinary course of trade makes a voyage of more than 3 days' duration between ports and carries a crew of at least 12 seamen shall have a hospital compartment, suitably separated from other spaces. The compartment shall have at least one bunk for each 12 seamen constituting the crew (but not more than 6 bunks may be required).

(c) A steam vessel of the United States operating on the Mississippi River or its tributaries shall provide, under the direction and approval of the Secretary, an appropriate place for the crew that shall conform to the requirements of this section, as far as they apply to the steam vessel, by providing a properly heated sleeping room in the engineroom of the steam vessel properly protected from

11-194 O - 85 -- 20 : QL 3

the cold, wind, and rain by means of suitable awnings or screens on either side of the guards or sides and forward, reaching from the boiler deck to the lower or main deck.

(d) A merchant vessel of the United States, the construction of which began after March 4, 1915, having more than 10 seamen on deck, shall have at least one light, clean, and properly heated and ventilated washing place. There shall be provided at least one washing outfit for each 2 seamen of the watch. A separate washing place shall be provided for the fireroom and engineroom seamen, if their number is more than 10, that shall be large enough to accommodate at least one-sixth of them at the same time, and have a hot and cold water supply and a sufficient number of washbasins, sinks, and shower baths.

(e) Forecastles shall be fumigated at intervals provided by regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Health and Human Services, with the approval of the Secretary, and shall have at least 2 exits, one of which may be used in emergencies.

Civil penalty.

(f) The owner, charterer, managing operator, agent, master, or licensed individual of a vessel not complying with this section is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of at least $50 but not more than $500.

§ 11102. Medicine chests

(a) A vessel of the United States on a voyage from a port in the United States to a foreign port (except to a Canadian port), and a vessel of the United States of at least 75 gross tons on a voyage between a port of the United States on the Atlantic Ocean and Pacific Ocean, shall be provided with a medicine chest.

Civil penalty.

(b) The owner and master of a vessel not equipped as required by subsection (a) of this section or a regulation prescribed under subsection (a) are liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of $500. If the offense was due to the fault of the owner, a master penalized under this section has the right to recover the penalty and costs from the owner.

§ 11103. Slop chests

(a) A vessel to which section 11102 of this title applies shall be provided with a slop chest containing sufficient clothing for the intended voyage for each seaman, including—

(1) boots or shoes;
(2) hats or caps;
(3) underclothing;
(4) outer clothing;
(5) foul weather clothing;
(6) everything necessary for the wear of a seaman; and
(7) a complete supply of tobacco and blankets.

(b) Merchandise in the slop chest shall be sold to a seaman desiring it, for the use of the seaman, at a profit of not more than 10 percent of the reasonable wholesale value of the merchandise at the port at which the voyage began.

(c) This section does not apply to a vessel on a voyage to Canada, Bermuda, the West Indies, Mexico, or Central America, or a fishing or whaling vessel.

§ 11104. Destitute seamen

(a) A consular officer shall provide, for a destitute seaman of the United States, subsistence and passage to a port of the United States

in the most reasonable manner, at the expense of the United States Government and subject to regulations prescribed by the Secretary of State. A seaman, if able, shall be required to perform duties on the vessel giving the seaman passage, in accordance with the seaman's rating.

(b) A master of a vessel of the United States bound to a port of the United States shall take a destitute seaman on board at the request of a consular officer and transport the seaman to the United States. A master refusing to transport a destitute seaman when requested is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of $100. The certificate signed and sealed by a consular officer is prima facie evidence of refusal. A master is not required to carry a destitute seaman if the seaman's presence would cause the number of individuals on board to exceed the number permitted in the certificate of inspection or if the seaman has a contagious disease.

Civil penalty.

(c) Compensation for the transportation of destitute seamen to the United States who are unable to work shall be agreed on by the master and the consular officer, under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of State. However, the compensation may be not more than the lowest passenger rate of the vessel, or 2 cents a mile, whichever is less.

Transportation compensation.

(d) When a master of a vessel of the United States takes on board a destitute seaman unable to work, from a port or place not having a consular officer, for transportation to the United States or to a port at which there is a consular officer, the master or owner of the vessel shall be compensated reasonably under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of State.

§ 11105. Wages on discharge when vessel sold

(a) When a vessel of the United States is sold in a foreign country, the master shall deliver to the consular officer a certified crew list and the agreement required by this part. The master shall pay each seaman the wages due the seaman and provide the seaman with employment on board another vessel of the United States bound for the port of original engagement of the seaman or to another port agreed on. If employment cannot be provided, the master shall—

(1) provide the seaman with the means to return to the port of original engagement;

(2) provide the seaman passage to the port of original engagement; or

(3) deposit with the consular officer an amount of money considered sufficient by the officer to provide the seaman with maintenance and passage home.

(b) The consular officer shall endorse on the agreement the particulars of the payment, provision, or deposit made under this section.

(c) An owner of a vessel is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of $500 if the master does not comply with this section.

Civil penalty.

§ 11106. Wages on justifiable complaint of seamen

(a) Before a seaman on a vessel of the United States is discharged in a foreign country by a consular officer on the seaman's complaint that the agreement required by this part has been breached because the vessel is badly provisioned or unseaworthy, or against the officers for cruel treatment, the officer shall inquire about the complaint. If satisfied of the justice of the complaint, the consular

officer shall require the master to pay the wages due the seaman plus one month's additional wages and shall discharge the seaman. The master shall provide the seaman with employment on another vessel or provide the seaman with passage on another vessel to the port of original engagement, to the most convenient port of the United States, or to some port agreeable to the seaman.

(b) When a vessel does not have sufficient provisions for the intended voyage, and the seaman has been forced to accept a reduced ration or provisions that are bad in quality or unfit for use, the seaman is entitled to recover from the master or owner an allowance, as additional wages, that the court hearing the case considers reasonable.

(c) Subsection (b) of this section does not apply when the reduction in rations was for a period during which the seaman willfully and without sufficient cause failed to perform duties or was lawfully under confinement on board or on shore for misconduct, unless that reduction can be shown to have been unreasonable.

(d) Subsection (b) of this section does not apply to a fishing or whaling vessel or a yacht.

§ 11107. Unlawful engagements void

An engagement of a seaman contrary to a law of the United States is void. A seaman so engaged may leave the service of the vessel at any time and is entitled to recover the highest rate of wages at the port from which the seaman was engaged or the amount agreed to be given the seaman at the time of engagement, whichever is higher.

§ 11108. Taxes

Wages due or accruing to a master or seaman on a vessel in the foreign, coastwise, intercoastal, interstate, or noncontiguous trade or a fisherman employed on a fishing vessel may not be withheld under the tax laws of a State or a political subdivision of a State. However, this section does not prohibit withholding wages of a seaman on a vessel in the coastwise trade between ports in the same State if the withholding is under a voluntary agreement between the seaman and the employer of the seaman.

§ 11109. Attachment of wages

(a) Wages due or accruing to a master or seaman are not subject to attachment or arrestment from any court, except for an order of a court about the payment by a master or seaman of any part of the master's or seaman's wages for the support and maintenance of the spouse or minor children of the master or seaman, or both. A payment of wages to a master or seaman is valid, notwithstanding any prior sale or assignment of wages or any attachment, encumbrance, or arrestment of the wages.

(b) An assignment or sale of wages or salvage made before the payment of wages does not bind the party making it, except allotments authorized by section 10315 of this title.

(c) This section applies to a fisherman on a fishing vessel.

§ 11110. Seamen's clothing

The clothing of a seaman is exempt from attachments and liens. A person detaining a seaman's clothing shall be fined not more than $500, imprisoned for not more than 6 months, or both.

§ 11111. Limit on amount recoverable on voyage

When a seaman is on a voyage on which a written agreement is required under this part, not more than $1 is recoverable from the seaman by a person for a debt incurred by the seaman during the voyage for which the seaman is signed on until the voyage is ended.

CHAPTER 113—OFFICIAL LOGBOOKS

Sec.
11301. Logbook and entry requirements.
11302. Manner of making entries.
11303. Penalties.

§ 11301. Logbook and entry requirements

(a) A vessel of the United States on a voyage between a port in the United States and a port in a foreign country, and a vessel of the United States of at least 75 gross tons on a voyage between a port of the United States on the Atlantic Ocean and a port of the United States on the Pacific Ocean, shall have an official logbook.

(b) The master of the vessel shall make or have made in the official logbook the following entries:

(1) each legal conviction of a seaman of the vessel and the punishment inflicted.

(2) each offense committed by a seaman of the vessel for which it is intended to prosecute or to enforce under a forfeiture, together with statements about reading the entry and the reply made to the charge as required by section 11502 of this title.

(3) each offense for which punishment is inflicted on board and the punishment inflicted.

(4) a statement of the conduct, character, and qualifications of each seaman of the vessel or a statement that the master declines to give an opinion about that conduct, character, and qualifications.

(5) each illness of or injury to a seaman of the vessel, the nature of the illness or injury, and the medical treatment.

(6) each death on board, with the cause of death, and if a seaman, the information required by section 10702 of this title.

(7) each birth on board, with the sex of the infant and name of the parents.

(8) each marriage on board, with the names and ages of the parties.

(9) the name of each seaman who ceases to be a crewmember (except by death), with the place, time, manner, and the cause why the seaman ceased to be a crewmember.

(10) the wages due to a seaman who dies during the voyage and the gross amount of all deductions to be made from the wages.

(11) the sale of the property of a seaman who dies during the voyage, including a statement of each article sold and the amount received for the property.

(12) when a marine casualty occurs, a statement about the casualty and the circumstances under which it occurred, made immediately after the casualty when practicable to do so.

§ 11302. Manner of making entries

Each entry made in the official logbook—

(1) shall be made as soon as possible after the occurrence;
(2) if not made on the day of the occurrence, shall be dated and state the date of the occurrence;
(3) if the entry is about an occurrence happening before the vessel's arrival at the final port of discharge, shall be made not later than 24 hours after the arrival;
(4) shall be signed by the master; and
(5) shall be signed by the chief mate or another seaman.

§ 11303. Penalties

(a) A master failing to maintain an official logbook as required by this part is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of $200.
(b) A master failing to make an entry in the vessel's official logbook as required by this part is liable to the Government for a civil penalty of $200.
(c) A person is liable to the Government for a civil penalty of $150 when the person makes, procures to be made, or assists in making, an entry in the vessel's official logbook—
(1) later than 24 hours after the vessel's arrival at the final port of discharge; and
(2) that is about an occurrence that happened before that arrival.

CHAPTER 115—OFFENSES AND PENALTIES

Sec.
11501. Penalties for specified offenses.
11502. Entry of offenses in logbook.
11503. Duties of consular officers related to insubordination.
11504. Enforcement of forfeitures.
11505. Disposal of forfeitures.
11506. Carrying sheath knives.
11507. Surrender of offending officers.

§ 11501. Penalties for specified offenses

When a seaman lawfully engaged commits any of the following offenses, the seaman shall be punished as specified:
(1) For desertion, the seaman forfeits any part of the money or property the seaman leaves on board and any part of earned wages.
(2) For neglecting or refusing without reasonable cause to join the seaman's vessel or to proceed to sea in the vessel, for absence without leave within 24 hours of the vessel's sailing from a port (at the beginning or during the voyage), or for absence without leave from duties and without sufficient reason, the seaman forfeits from the seaman's wages not more than 2 days' pay or a sufficient amount to defray expenses incurred in hiring a substitute.
(3) For quitting the vessel without leave after the vessel's arrival at the port of delivery and before the vessel is placed in security, the seaman forfeits from the seaman's wages not more than one month's pay.
(4) For willful disobedience to a lawful command at sea, the seaman, at the discretion of the master, may be confined until the disobedience ends, and on arrival in port forfeits from the seaman's wages not more than 4 days' pay or, at the discretion of the court, may be imprisoned for not more than one month.

(5) For continued willful disobedience to lawful command or continued willful neglect of duty at sea, the seaman, at the discretion of the master, may be confined, on water and 1,000 calories, with full rations every 5th day, until the disobedience ends, and on arrival in port forfeits, for each 24 hours' continuance of the disobedience or neglect, not more than 12 days' pay or, at the discretion of the court, may be imprisoned for not more than 3 months.

(6) For assaulting a master, mate, pilot, engineer, or staff officer, the seaman shall be imprisoned for not more than 2 years.

(7) For willfully damaging the vessel, or embezzling or willfully damaging any of the stores or cargo, the seaman forfeits from the seaman's wages the amount of the loss sustained and, at the discretion of the court, may be imprisoned for not more than 12 months.

(8) For smuggling for which a seaman is convicted causing loss or damage to the owner or master, the seaman is liable to the owner or master for the loss or damage, and any part of the seaman's wages may be retained to satisfy the liability. The seaman also may be imprisoned for not more than 12 months.

§ 11502. Entry of offenses in logbook

(a) When an offense listed in section 11501 of this title is committed, an entry shall be made in the vessel's official logbook—

(1) on the day of the offense;

(2) stating the details;

(3) signed by the master; and

(4) signed by the chief mate or another seaman.

(b) Before arrival in port if the offense was committed at sea, or before departure if the offense was committed in port and the offender is still on the vessel—

(1) the entry shall be read to the offender;

(2) the offender shall be given a copy; and

(3) the offender shall be given the opportunity to reply.

(c) After subsection (b) of this section has been complied with, an entry shall be made in the official logbook—

(1) stating that the entry about the offense was read and a copy provided to the offender;

(2) stating the offender's reply;

(3) signed by the master; and

(4) signed by the chief mate or another seaman.

(d) In a subsequent legal proceeding, if the entries required by this section are not produced or proved, the court may refuse to receive evidence of the offense.

Legal proceedings.

§ 11503. Duties of consular officers related to insubordination

(a) A consular officer shall use every means to discountenance insubordination on vessels of the United States, including employing the aid of local authorities.

(b) When a seaman is accused of insubordination, a consular officer shall inquire into the facts and proceed as provided in section 11106 of this title. If the consular officer discharges the seaman, the officer shall endorse the agreement required by this part and enter in the vessel's official logbook the cause and particulars of the discharge.

§ 11504. Enforcement of forfeitures

When an offense by a seaman also is a criminal violation, it is not necessary that a criminal proceeding be brought to enforce a forfeiture.

§ 11505. Disposal of forfeitures

(a) Money, property, and wages forfeited under this chapter for desertion may be applied to compensate the owner or master of the vessel for expenses caused by the desertion. The balance shall be transferred to the Secretary when the voyage is completed, as prescribed by the Secretary.

(b) Within one month of receiving the balance under subsection (a) of this section, the Secretary shall transfer the balance to the appropriate district court of the United States. If it appears to the district court that the forfeiture was imposed properly, the property transferred may be sold in the same manner prescribed for the disposition of the property of deceased seamen. The court shall deposit in the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts the proceeds of the sale and any money and wages transferred to the court.

Civil penalty.

(c) When an owner or master fails to transfer the balance as required under subsection (a) of this section, the owner or master is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of 2 times the amount of the balance, recoverable by the Secretary in the same manner that seaman's wages are recovered.

(d) In all other cases of forfeiture of wages, the forfeiture shall be for the benefit of the owner of the vessel.

§ 11506. Carrying sheath knives

A seaman in the merchant marine may not wear a sheath knife on board a vessel without the consent of the master. The master of a vessel of the United States shall inform each seaman of this prohibition before engagement. A master failing to advise a seaman is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of $50.

Civil penalty.

§ 11507. Surrender of offending officers

18 USC 2191.

When an officer of a vessel of the United States (except the master) has violated section 2191 of title 18, and the master has actual knowledge of the offense or if complaint is made within 3 days after reaching port, the master shall surrender the offending officer to the proper authorities. If the master fails to use diligence to comply with this section and the offender escapes, the owner, the master, and the vessel are liable for damages to the individual unlawfully punished.

PART H—IDENTIFICATION OF VESSELS

CHAPTER 121—DOCUMENTATION OF VESSELS

Sec.
12101. Related terms in other laws.
12102. Vessels eligible for documentation.
12103. Certificates of documentation.
12104. Effect of documentation.
12105. Registry.
12106. Coastwise licenses and registry.
12107. Great Lakes licenses and registry.
12108. Fishery licenses and registry.
12109. Pleasure vessel licenses.

12110. Limitations on operations authorized by certificates.
12111. Invalidation of certificates of documentation.
12112. Vessels procured outside the United States.
12113. Ports of documentation.
12114. Home ports.
12115. Names of vessels.
12116. Numbers, signal letters, and identification markings.
12117. Recording of United States built vessels.
12118. Registration of funnel marks and house flags.
12119. List of documented vessels.
12120. Reports.
12121. Regulations.
12122. Penalties.

§ 12101. Related terms in other laws

Definitions.

When used in a law, regulation, document, ruling, or other official act referring to the documentation of a vessel—

(1) "certificate of registry", "register", and "registry" mean a registry as provided in section 12105 of this title.

(2) "license", "enrollment and license", "license for the coastwise (or coasting) trade", and "enrollment and license for the coastwise (or coasting) trade" mean a coastwise license as provided in section 12106 of this title.

(3) "enrollment and license to engage in the foreign and coastwise (or coasting) trade on the northern, northeastern, and northwestern frontiers, otherwise than by sea" means a Great Lakes license as provided in section 12107 of this title.

(4) "license for the fisheries" and "enrollment and license for the fisheries" mean a fishery license as provided in section 12108 of this title.

(5) "yacht" means a pleasure vessel even if not documented.

§ 12102. Vessels eligible for documentation

A vessel of at least 5 net tons not registered under the laws of a foreign country is eligible for documentation if the vessel is owned by—

(1) an individual who is a citizen of the United States;

(2) an association, trust, joint venture, or other entity—

(A) all of whose members are citizens of the United States; and

(B) that is capable of holding title to a vessel under the laws of the United States or of a State;

(3) a partnership whose general partners are citizens of the United States, and the controlling interest in the partnership is owned by citizens of the United States;

(4) a corporation established under the laws of the United States or of a State, whose president or other chief executive officer and chairman of its board of directors are citizens of the United States and no more of its directors are noncitizens than a minority of the number necessary to constitute a quorum;

(5) the United States Government; or

(6) the government of a State.

§ 12103. Certificates of documentation

(a) On application by the owner of a vessel eligible for documentation, the Secretary shall issue a certificate of documentation of one of the types specified in sections 12105–12109 of this title.

(b) The Secretary may prescribe the form of, the manner of filing, and the information to be contained in, applications for certificates of documentation.

(c) Each certificate of documentation shall—

(1) contain the name, the home port, and a description of the vessel;

(2) identify the owner of the vessel; and

(3) contain additional information prescribed by the Secretary.

(d) The Secretary shall prescribe procedures to ensure the integrity of, and the accuracy of information contained in, certificates of documentation.

(e) The owner and master of a documented vessel shall make the vessel's certificate of documentation available for examination as the law or Secretary may require.

§ 12104. Effect of documentation

A certificate of documentation is—

(1) conclusive evidence of nationality for international purposes, but not in a proceeding conducted under the laws of the United States;

(2) except for a pleasure vessel license, conclusive evidence of qualification to be employed in a specified trade; and

(3) not conclusive evidence of ownership in a proceeding in which ownership is in issue.

§ 12105. Registry

(a) A registry may be issued for a vessel eligible for documentation.

(b) A vessel for which a registry is issued may be employed in foreign trade or trade with Guam, American Samoa, Wake, Midway, or Kingman Reef.

(c) On application of the owner of a vessel that qualifies for a coastwise license under section 12106 of this title, a Great Lakes license under section 12107 of this title, or a fishery license under section 12108 of this title, the Secretary may issue a registry appropriately endorsed authorizing the vessel to be employed in the coastwise trade, the Great Lakes trade, or the fisheries, as the case may be.

(d) Except as provided in sections 12106–12108 of this title, a foreign built vessel registered under this section may not engage in the coastwise trade, the Great Lakes trade, or the fisheries.

§ 12106. Coastwise licenses and registry

(a) A coastwise license or, as provided in section 12105(c) of this title, an appropriately endorsed registry, may be issued for a vessel that—

(1) is eligible for documentation;

(2)(A) was built in the United States; or

(B) if not built in the United States, was captured in war by citizens of the United States and lawfully condemned as prize, was adjudged to be forfeited for a breach of the laws of the United States, or qualified for documentation under section 4136 of the Revised Statutes (46 App. U.S.C. 14); and

(3) otherwise qualifies under laws of the United States to be employed in the coastwise trade.

(b) Subject to the laws of the United States regulating the coastwise trade and the fisheries, only a vessel for which a coastwise license or an appropriately endorsed registry is issued may be employed in—

(1) the coastwise trade; and

(2) the fisheries.

§ 12107. Great Lakes licenses and registry

(a) A Great Lakes license or, as provided in section 12105(c) of this title, an appropriately endorsed registry, may be issued for a vessel that—

(1) is eligible for documentation;

(2)(A) was built in the United States; or

(B) if not built in the United States, was captured in war by citizens of the United States and lawfully condemned as prize, was adjudged to be forfeited for a breach of the laws of the United States, or qualified for documentation under section 4136 of the Revised Statutes (46 App. U.S.C. 14); and

(3) otherwise qualifies under the laws of the United States to be employed in the coastwise trade.

(b) Subject to the laws of the United States regulating the coastwise trade, trade with Canada, and the fisheries, only a vessel for which a Great Lakes license or an appropriately endorsed registry is issued may be employed on the Great Lakes and their tributary and connecting waters in—

(1) the coastwise trade;

(2) trade with Canada; and

(3) the fisheries.

§ 12108. Fishery licenses and registry

(a) A fishery license or, as provided in section 12105(c) of this title, an appropriately endorsed registry, may be issued for a vessel that—

(1) is eligible for documentation; and

(2)(A) was built in the United States; or

(B) if not built in the United States, was captured in war by citizens of the United States and lawfully condemned as prize, was adjudged to be forfeited for a breach of the laws of the United States, or qualified for documentation under section 4136 of the Revised Statutes (46 App. U.S.C. 14); and

(3) otherwise qualifies under the laws of the United States to be employed in the fisheries.

(b) Subject to the laws of the United States regulating the fisheries, only a vessel for which a fishery license or an appropriately endorsed registry is issued may be employed in the fisheries.

§ 12109. Pleasure vessel licenses

(a) A pleasure vessel license may be issued for a vessel that is—

(1) eligible for documentation; and

(2) to be operated only for pleasure.

(b) A licensed pleasure vessel may proceed between a port of the United States and a port of a foreign country without entering or clearing with the Customs Service.

(c) The Secretary may prescribe by regulation reasonable fees for issuing, renewing, or replacing a pleasure vessel license, or for providing any other service related to a pleasure vessel license. The fees shall be based on the costs of the service provided.

§ 12110. Limitations on operations authorized by certificates

(a) A vessel may not be employed in a trade except a trade covered by the certificate of documentation issued for that vessel. A documented pleasure vessel may be operated only for pleasure. However, a certificate of documentation may be exchanged, under regulations prescribed by the Secretary, for another type of certificate of documentation or endorsed appropriately for a trade for which the vessel qualifies.

(b) A barge qualified to be employed in the coastwise trade may be employed, without being documented, in that trade on rivers, harbors, lakes (except the Great Lakes), canals, and inland waters.

(c) When a vessel is employed in a trade not covered by the certificate of documentation issued for that vessel, or a documented pleasure vessel is operated except for pleasure, the vessel and its equipment are liable to seizure by and forfeiture to the United States Government.

(d) A documented vessel may be placed under the command only of a citizen of the United States.

§ 12111. Invalidation of certificates of documentation

(a) A certificate of documentation is invalid if the vessel for which it is issued—

(1) no longer meets the requirements of this chapter and regulations prescribed under this chapter applicable to that certificate of documentation; or

(2) is placed under the command of a person not a citizen of the United States.

(b) Except as provided by section 30(O) of the Merchant Marine Act, 1920 (46 App. U.S.C. 961(a)), an invalid certificate of documentation shall be surrendered as provided by regulations prescribed by the Secretary.

§ 12112. Vessels procured outside the United States

(a) The Secretary and the Secretary of State, acting jointly, may provide for the issuance of an appropriate document for a vessel procured outside the United States meeting the ownership requirements of section 12102 of this title.

(b) Subject to limitations the Secretary may prescribe, a vessel for which an appropriate document is issued under this section may proceed to the United States and engage en route in the foreign trade or trade with Guam, American Samoa, Wake, Midway, or Kingman Reef. On the vessel's arrival in the United States, the document shall be surrendered as provided by regulations prescribed by the Secretary.

Suspension.

(c) A vessel for which a document is issued under this section is subject to the jursidiction and laws of the United States. However, the Secretary may suspend for a period of not more than 6 months, the application of a vessel inspection law carried out by the Secretary or regulations prescribed under that law if the Secretary considers the suspension to be in the public interest.

§ 12113. Ports of documentation

The Secretary shall designate ports of documentation in the United States at which vessels may be documented and instruments affecting title to, or interest in, documented vessels may be recorded. The Secretary—

(1) shall specify the geographic area to be served by each designated port; and

(2) may discontinue, relocate, or designate additional ports of documentation.

§ 12114. Home ports

(a) The port of documentation selected by an owner of a vessel and approved by the Secretary for the documentation of the vessel is the vessel's home port.

(b) Once a vessel's home port is established, it may not be changed without the approval of the Secretary.

§ 12115. Names of vessels

(a) The name of the vessel selected by the owner and approved by the Secretary for the documentation of the vessel is the vessel's name of record.

(b) Once a vessel's name of record is established, it may not be changed without the approval of the Secretary.

(c) The Secretary may prescribe by regulation a reasonable fee for changing a documented vessel's name of record.

§ 12116. Numbers, signal letters, and identification markings

(a) The Secretary shall maintain a numbering system for the identification of a documented vessel and shall assign a number to each documented vessel.

(b) The Secretary may maintain a system of signal letters for a documented vessel.

(c) The owner of a documented vessel shall affix to the vessel and maintain in the manner prescribed by the Secretary the number assigned and any other identification markings the Secretary may require.

§ 12117. Recording of United States built vessels

The Secretary may provide for the recording and certifying of information about vessels built in the United States that the Secretary considers to be in the public interest.

§ 12118. Registration of funnel marks and house flags

The Secretary shall provide for the registration of funnel marks and house flags by owners of vessels.

§ 12119. List of documented vessels

The Secretary shall publish periodically a list of all documented vessels and information about those vessels that the Secretary considers pertinent or useful. The list shall contain a notation clearly indicating all vessels classed by the American Bureau of Shipping.

§ 12120. Reports

To ensure compliance with this chapter and laws governing the qualifications of vessels to engage in the coastwise trade and the fisheries, the Secretary may require owners and masters of documented vessels to submit reports in any reasonable form and manner the Secretary may prescribe.

§ 12121. Regulations

The Secretary may prescribe regulations to carry out this chapter.

§ 12122. Penalties

(a) A person that violates this chapter or a regulation prescribed under this chapter is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of not more than $500.

(b) When the owner of a vessel knowingly falsifies or conceals a material fact, or makes a false statement or representation about the documentation of the vessel, that vessel and its equipment are liable to seizure by and forfeiture to the United States Government.

(c) When a certificate of documentation is knowingly and fraudulently used for a vessel, that vessel and its equipment are liable to seizure by and forfeiture to the Government.

CHAPTER 123—NUMBERING UNDOCUMENTED VESSELS

Sec.
12301. Numbering vessels.
12302. Standard numbering system.
12303. Exemption from numbering requirements.
12304. Certificates of numbers.
12305. Displaying numbers.
12306. Safety certificates.
12307. Regulations on numbering and fees.
12308. Providing vessel numbering and registration information.
12309. Penalties.

§ 12301. Numbering vessels

An undocumented vessel equipped with propulsion machinery of any kind shall have a number issued by the proper issuing authority in the State in which the vessel principally is operated.

§ 12302. Standard numbering system

Regulations.

(a) The Secretary shall prescribe by regulation a standard numbering system for vessels to which this chapter applies. On application by a State, the Secretary shall approve a State numbering system that is consistent with the standard numbering system. In carrying out its numbering system, a State shall adopt any definitions of relevant terms prescribed by regulations of the Secretary.

(b) A State with an approved numbering system is the issuing authority within the meaning of this chapter. The Secretary is the issuing authority in a State in which a State numbering system has not been approved.

(c) When a vessel is numbered in a State, it is deemed in compliance with the numbering system of a State in which it temporarily is operated.

(d) When a vessel is removed to a new State of principal operation, the issuing authority of that State shall recognize the validity of the number issued by the original State for 60 days.

(e) If a State has a numbering system approved after the Secretary issues a number, the State shall recognize the validity of the number issued by the Secretary for one year.

Approval withdrawal.

(f) When the Secretary decides that a State numbering system is not being carried out consistent with the standard numbering system or the State has changed the system without the Secretary's approval, the Secretary may withdraw approval after giving notice to the State, in writing, stating the reasons for the withdrawal.

§ 12303. Exemption from numbering requirements

(a) When the Secretary is the authority issuing a number under this chapter, the Secretary may exempt a vessel or class of vessels from the numbering requirements of this chapter under conditions the Secretary may prescribe.

(b) When a State is the issuing authority, it may exempt from the numbering requirements of this chapter a vessel or class of vessels exempted under subsection (a) of this section or otherwise as permitted by the Secretary.

§ 12304. Certificates of numbers

(a) A certificate of number is granted for a number issued under this chapter. The certificate shall be pocketsized, shall be at all times available for inspection on the vessel for which issued when the vessel is in operation, and may be valid for not more than 3 years. The certificate of number for a vessel less than 26 feet in length and leased or rented to another for the latter's noncommercial operation of less than 7 days may be retained on shore by the vessel's owner or representative at the place from which the vessel departs or returns to the possession of the owner or the owner's representative. A vessel that does not have the certificate of number on board shall be identified when in operation, and comply with requirements, as the issuing authority prescribes.

(b) The owner of a vessel numbered under this chapter shall provide—

(1) the issuing authority notice of the transfer of any part of the owner's interest in the vessel or of the destruction or abandonment of the vessel, within a reasonable time after the transfer, destruction, or abandonment; and

(2) notice of a change of address within a reasonable time of the change, as prescribed by regulation.

§ 12305. Displaying numbers

A number required by this chapter shall be painted on, or attached to, each side of the forward half of the vessel for which it was issued, and shall be the size, color, and type as may be prescribed by the Secretary. No other number may be carried on the forward half of the vessel.

§ 12306. Safety certificates

When a State is the authority issuing a number under this chapter, it may require that the individual in charge of a numbered vessel have a valid safety certificate issued under conditions set by the issuing authority, except when the vessel is subject to manning requirements under part F of this subtitle. *Ante*, p. 547.

§ 12307. Regulations on numbering and fees

The authority issuing a number under this chapter may prescribe regulations and establish fees to carry out the intent of this chapter. The fees shall apply equally to residents and nonresidents of the State. A State issuing authority may impose only conditions for vessel numbering that are—

(1) prescribed by this chapter or regulations of the Secretary about the standard numbering system; or

(2) related to proof of payment of State or local taxes.

§ 12308. Providing vessel numbering and registration information

A person may request from an authority issuing a number under this chapter the numbering and registration information of a vessel that is retrievable from vessel numbering system records of the issuing authority. When the issuing authority is satisfied that the request is reasonable and related to a boating safety purpose, the information shall be provided on paying the cost of retrieving and providing the information requested.

§ 12309. Penalties

(a) A person willfully violating this chapter or a regulation prescribed under this chapter shall be fined not more than $5,000, imprisoned for not more than one year, or both.

(b) A person violating this chapter or a regulation prescribed under this chapter is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of not more than $1,000. If the violation involves the operation of a vessel, the vessel also is liable in rem for the penalty.

(c) When a civil penalty of not more than $200 has been assessed under this chapter, the Secretary may refer the matter of collection of the penalty directly to the United States magistrate of the jurisdiction in which the person liable may be found for collection procedures under supervision of the district court and under an order issued by the court delegating this authority under section 636(b) of title 28.

28 USC 636.

PART I—STATE BOATING SAFETY PROGRAMS

CHAPTER 131—RECREATIONAL BOATING SAFETY

Sec.
13101. State recreational boating safety programs.
13102. Program acceptance.
13103. Allocations.
13104. Availability of allocations.
13105. Computation decisions about State amounts expended.
13106. Authorization of contract spending.
13107. National Recreational Boating Safety and Facilities Improvement Fund.
13108. Computing amounts allocated to States and State records requirements.
13109. Consultation, cooperation, and regulation.
13110. National Boating Safety Advisory Council.

§ 13101. State recreational boating safety programs

(a) To encourage greater State participation and uniformity in boating safety and facility improvement efforts, and particularly to permit the States to assume the greater share of boating safety education, assistance, and enforcement activities, the Secretary shall carry out a national recreational boating safety and facilities improvement program. Under this program, the Secretary may make contracts with, and allocate and distribute amounts to, eligible States to assist them in developing, carrying out, and financing State recreational boating safety and facilities improvement programs.

Contracts.

(b) The Secretary shall establish guidelines and standards for the program. In doing so, the Secretary—

Guidelines and standards.

(1) shall consider, among other things, factors affecting recreational boating safety by contributing to overcrowding and congestion of waterways, such as the increasing number of

recreational vessels operating on those waterways and their geographic distribution, the availability and geographic distribution of recreational boating facilities in and among applying States, and State marine casualty and fatality statistics for recreational vessels;

(2) shall consult with the Secretary of the Interior to minimize duplication with the purposes and expenditures of the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. 460l-4—460l-11) and with the guidelines developed under that Act; and

16 USC 460*l*-4—460*l*-11.

(3) shall maintain environmental standards consistent with the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1451-1464) and other laws and policies of the United States intended to safeguard the ecological and esthetic quality of the waters and wetlands of the United States.

(c) A State whose recreational boating safety and facilities improvement program has been approved by the Secretary is eligible for allocation and distribution of amounts under this chapter to assist that State in developing, carrying out, and financing its program. Matching amounts shall be allocated and distributed among eligible States by the Secretary as provided by section 13103 of this title.

§ 13102. Program acceptance

(a) The Secretary may make a contract with, and allocate and distribute amounts from the Fund established under section 13107 of this title to, a State that has an approved State recreational boating safety and facilities improvement program, if the State demonstrates to the Secretary's satisfaction that—

Contracts with States.

(1) the program submitted by that State is consistent with this chapter and chapters 61 and 123 of this title;

Ante, pp. 535, 590.

(2) amounts distributed will be used to develop and carry out a State recreational boating safety and facilities improvement program containing the minimum requirements of subsection (c), (d), or (f) of this section;

(3) sufficient State matching amounts are available from general revenue, undocumented vessel numbering and license fees, State marine fuels taxes, or from a fund constituted from the proceeds of those taxes and established to finance a State recreational boating safety and facilities improvement program; and

(4) the program submitted by that State designates a State lead authority or agency that will carry out or coordinate carrying the State recreational boating safety and facilities improvement program supported by financial assistance of the United States Government in that State, including the requirement that the designated State authority or agency submit required reports that are necessary and reasonable to carry out properly and efficiently the program and that are in the form prescribed by the Secretary.

(b) Amounts of the Government from sources (except sources referred to in subsection (a)(3) of this section) may not be used to provide a State's share of the costs of the program described under this section. State matching amounts committed to a program under this chapter may not be used to constitute the State's share of matching amounts required by another program of the Government.

Restriction.

(c) The Secretary shall approve a State recreational boating safety program, and the program is eligible to receive amounts authorized

to be expended under section 13106 of this title, if the program includes—

(1) a vessel numbering system approved or carried out by the Secretary under chapter 123 of this title;

Ante, p. 590.

(2) a cooperative boating safety assistance program with the Coast Guard in that State;

(3) sufficient patrol and other activity to ensure adequate enforcement of applicable State boating safety laws and regulations;

(4) an adequate State boating safety education program; and

(5) a system, approved by the Secretary, for reporting marine casualties required under section 6102 of this title.

(d) The Secretary shall approve a State recreational boating facilities improvement program, and the program is eligible to receive amounts authorized to be expended under section 13106 of this title, if the program includes—

(1) a complete description of recreational boating facility improvement projects to be undertaken by the State; and

(2) consultation with State officials responsible for the statewide comprehensive outdoor recreation plan required by the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. 460l-4—460l-11) and for any program developed under the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1451-1464).

16 USC 460*l*-4—460*l*-11.

(e) The Secretary's approval under this section is a contractual obligation of the Government for the payment of the proportional share of the cost of carrying out the program.

Combined program, submittal.

(f)(1) A State may submit a combined program to the Secretary for the improvement of recreational boating safety and the improvement of recreational boating facilities in that State. The Secretary shall approve the program if it contains the minimum requirements set forth in subsections (c) and (d) of this section.

(2) Those parts of the combined program of a State that are designed to improve recreational boating safety are eligible to receive amounts authorized to be expended for State recreational boating safety programs under section 13106 of this title. The Secretary's approval of those parts is a contractual obligation of the Government for the payment of the proportional share of the cost of carrying out the State's recreational boating safety program under this chapter.

(3) Those parts of the combined program of a State that are designed to improve recreational boating facilities are eligible to receive amounts authorized to be expended for State recreational boating facilities improvement programs under section 13106 of this title. The Secretary's approval of those parts is a contractual obligation of the Government for the payment of the proportional share of the cost of carrying out the State's recreational boating facilities program under this chapter.

§ 13103. Allocations

(a) The Secretary shall allocate amounts available for allocation and distribution under this chapter for State recreational boating safety programs as follows:

(1) One-third shall be allocated equally each fiscal year among eligible States.

(2) One-third shall be allocated among eligible States that maintain a State vessel numbering system approved under chapter 123 of this title and a marine casualty reporting system

approved under this chapter so that the amount allocated each fiscal year to each eligible State will be in the same ratio as the number of vessels numbered in that State bears to the number of vessels numbered in all eligible States.

(3) One-third shall be allocated so that the amount allocated each fiscal year to each eligible State will be in the same ratio as the amount of State amounts expended or obligated by the State for the State recreational boating safety program during the prior fiscal year bears to the total State amounts expended or obligated during that fiscal year by all eligible States for State recreational boating safety programs.

(b) The Secretary shall allocate the amounts available for allocation and distribution under this chapter for State recreational boating facilities improvement programs as follows:

(1) One-third shall be allocated equally each fiscal year among eligible States.

(2) One-third shall be allocated so that the amount allocated each fiscal year to each eligible State will be in the same ratio as the number of vessels numbered in that State bears to the number of vessels numbered in all eligible States.

(3) One-third shall be allocated so that the amount allocated each fiscal year to each eligible State shall be in the same ratio as the State amounts expended or obligated by the State for a recreational boating facilities improvement program approved under this chapter during the prior fiscal year bears to the total State amounts expended or obligated during that fiscal year by all eligible States for recreational boating facilities improvement programs.

(c) The amount received by a State under this section in a fiscal year may be not more than one-half of the total cost incurred by that State in developing, carrying out, and financing that State's recreational boating safety and facilities improvement program in that fiscal year.

(d) An allocation or distribution of amounts under this section may not be made to a State to maintain boating facilities under that State's approved recreational boating safety and facilities improvement program.

(e) The Secretary may allocate not more than 5 percent of the amounts available for allocation and distribution in a fiscal year for national boating safety activities of national nonprofit public service organizations.

(f) The Secretary may expend from the amounts available for allocation and distribution in a fiscal year those amounts necessary to carry out this chapter. However, the amounts expended in a fiscal year to carry out this chapter may be not more than $250,000 or 2 percent of the amounts available for allocation and distribution in that fiscal year, whichever is greater.

§ 13104. Availability of allocations

(a) Amounts allocated to a State shall be available for obligation by that State for a period of 3 years after the date of allocation. Amounts unobligated by the State at the end of the 3 years shall be withdrawn by the Secretary and shall be available with other amounts to be allocated by the Secretary during that fiscal year.

(b) Amounts available to the Secretary that have not been allocated at the end of a fiscal year shall be carried forward as part of

the total allocation of amounts for the next fiscal year that may be expended under this chapter.

§ 13105. Computation decisions about State amounts expended

(a) Consistent with regulations prescribed by the Secretary, the computation by a State of amounts expended or obligated for the State recreational boating safety and facilities improvement program shall include—

(1) the acquisition, maintenance, and operating costs of land, facilities, equipment, and supplies;

(2) personnel salaries and reimbursable expenses;

(3) the costs of training personnel;

(4) public boat safety education;

(5) the costs of carrying out the program; and

(6) other expenses that the Secretary considers appropriate.

(b) The Secretary shall decide an issue arising out of the computation made under subsection (a) of this section.

§ 13106. Authorization of contract spending

(a) To provide financial assistance for State recreational boating safety and facilities improvement programs, the Secretary may expend, subject to amounts provided in appropriations laws for liquidating contract authority, an amount equal to the revenues accruing each fiscal year from the taxes under section 4041(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (26 U.S.C. 4041(b)) from special motor fuels used as fuel in motor boats and under section 4081 of that Code (26 U.S.C. 4081) from gasoline used as fuel in motor boats.

96 Stat. 2170.

(b) Of the amounts available for allocation and distribution for recreational boating safety and facilities improvement programs, one-third shall be allocated for recreational boating safety programs and two-thirds shall be allocated for recreational boating facilities improvement programs.

(c) Amounts authorized to be expended for State recreational boating safety and facilities improvement programs remain available until expended and are deemed to have been expended only if an amount equal to the total amounts authorized to be expended under this section for the fiscal year in question and all prior fiscal years have been obligated. Amounts previously obligated but released by payment of a final voucher or modification of a program acceptance shall be credited to the balance of unobligated funds and shall be immediately available for expenditure.

§ 13107. National Recreational Boating Safety and Facilities Improvement Fund

There is established in the Treasury a separate fund known as the National Recreational Boating Safety and Facilities Improvement Fund consisting of amounts paid into it as provided in section 209(f)(5) of the Highway Revenue Act of 1956. Amounts in the Fund are available for making expenditures as provided in section 13106 of this title.

96 Stat. 2191.
23 USC 120 note.

§ 13108. Computing amounts allocated to States and State records requirements

(a) Amounts allocated and distributed under section 13103 of this title shall be computed and paid to the States as follows:

(1) During the last quarter of a fiscal year and on the basis of computations made under section 13105 of this title and submit-

ted by the States, the Secretary shall determine the percentage of the amounts available for the next fiscal year to which each eligible State is entitled.

(2) Notice of the percentage and of the dollar amount, if it can be determined, for each State shall be provided to the States at the earliest practicable time.

(3) If the Secretary determines that an amount made available to a State for a prior fiscal year is greater or less than the amount that should have been made available to the State for the prior fiscal year, because of later or more accurate State expenditure information, the amount for the current fiscal year may be increased or decreased by the appropriate amount.

(b) The Secretary shall schedule the payment of amounts, consistent with the program purposes and applicable regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, to minimize the time elapsing between the transfer of amounts from the Treasury and the subsequent disbursement of the amounts by a State. Scheduled payments.

(c) The Secretary shall notify a State authority or agency that further payments will be made to the State only when the program complies with the prescribed standards or a failure to comply substantially with standards is corrected if the Secretary, after reasonable notice to the designated State authority or agency, finds that—

(1) the State recreational boating safety and facilities improvement program submitted by the State and accepted by the Secretary has been so changed that it no longer complies with this chapter or standards prescribed by regulations; or

(2) in carrying out the State recreational boating safety and facilities improvement program, there has been a failure to comply substantially with the standards prescribed by regulations.

(d) The Secretary shall provide for the accounting, budgeting, and other fiscal procedures that are necessary and reasonable to carry out this section properly and efficiently. Records related to amounts allocated under this chapter shall be made available to the Secretary and the Comptroller General to conduct audits. Audits.

§ 13109. Consultation, cooperation, and regulation

(a) In carrying out responsibilities under this chapter, the Secretary may consult with State and local governments, public and private agencies, organizations and committees, private industry, and other persons having an interest in boating safety and facilities improvement.

(b) The Secretary may advise, assist, and cooperate with the States and other interested public and private agencies in planning, developing, and carrying out boating safety and facilities improvement programs. Acting under section 141 of title 14, the Secretary shall ensure the fullest cooperation between the State and United States Government authorities in promoting boating safety by making agreements and other arrangements with States when possible. Subject to chapter 23 of title 14, the Secretary may make available, on request of a State, the services of members of the Coast Guard Auxiliary to assist the State in promoting boating safety on State waters. 14 USC 141. 14 USC 821 *et seq.*

(c) The Secretary may prescribe regulations to carry out this chapter.

§ 13110. National Boating Safety Advisory Council

Membership.

(a) The Secretary shall establish a National Boating Safety Advisory Council. The Council shall consist of not more than 21 members appointed by the Secretary, whom the Secretary considers to have a particular expertise, knowledge, and experience in boating safety.

(b)(1) Insofar as practical and to ensure balanced representation, the Secretary shall appoint members equally from—

(A) State officials responsible for State boating safety programs;

(B) recreational vessel manufacturers; and

(C) boating organizations and members of the general public.

(2) Additional individuals from the sources referred to in paragraph (1) of this subsection may be appointed to panels of the Council to assist the Council in performing its duties.

Notice, publication in Federal Register.

(3) At least once a year, the Secretary shall publish a notice in the Federal Register soliciting nominations for membership on the Council.

Ante, p. 530.

(c) In addition to the consultation required by section 4302 of this title, the Secretary shall consult with the Council on other major boating safety matters related to this chapter. The Council may make available to Congress information, advice, and recommendations that the Council is authorized to give to the Secretary.

Travel expenses.

5 USC 5703.

(d) When attending meetings of the Council, a member of the Council or a panel may be paid at a rate not more than the rate for GS-18. When serving away from home or regular place of business, the member may be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence as authorized by section 5703 of title 5 for individuals employed intermittently in the Government service. A payment under this section does not make a member of the Council an officer or employee of the United States Government for any purpose.

[PART J—RESERVED FOR MEASUREMENT OF VESSELS]

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

46 USC note prec. 2101.

SEC. 2. (a) Laws effective after December 31, 1982, that are inconsistent with this Act supersede this Act to the extent of the inconsistency.

(b) A reference to a law replaced by this Act, including a reference in a regulation, order, or other law, is deemed to refer to the corresponding provision of this Act.

(c) An order, rule, or regulation in effect under a law replaced by this Act continues in effect under the corresponding provision of this Act until repealed, amended, or superseded.

(d) An action taken or an offense committed under a law replaced by this Act is deemed to have been taken or committed under the corresponding provision of this Act.

(e) An inference of legislative construction is not to be drawn by reason of the caption or catch line of a provision enacted by this Act.

Provisions held invalid.

(f) If a provision enacted by this Act is held invalid, all valid provisions that are severable from the invalid provision remain in effect. If a provision of this Act is held invalid in one or more of its applications, the provision remains in effect in all valid applications that are severable from the invalid application or applications.

(g)(1) Part B of subtitle II and sections 7306 (related to able seaman sail) and 7311 of title 46 (as enacted by section 1 of this Act) take effect April 15, 1984, or when regulations for sailing school vessels under part B are effective, whichever is earlier. Effective dates. 46 USC 3101 note. *Ante*, p. 509.

(2) Section 3715(a) of title 46 (as enacted by section 1 of this Act) is effective on the day after the effective date of the regulations prescribed by the Secretary under section 3715(b) of title 46. 46 USC 3715 note.

(h) Chapter 63 of title 46 (as enacted by section 1 of this Act) does not supersede section 304(a)(1)(E) of the Independent Safety Board Act of 1974 (49 App. U.S.C. 1903(a)(1)(E)). 46 USC 6301 note. *Ante*, p. 537.

(i) Each offshore supply vessel described in section 3302(g) of title 46 (as enacted by section 1 of this Act), that was registered with the Secretary of Transportation under section 4426a(7) of the Revised Statutes but that has not been inspected by the Secretary shall be held to be in compliance with all applicable vessel inspection laws pending verification by actual inspection or until one year after the date of enactment of this Act, whichever is earlier. 46 USC 3302 note.

(j) Within 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Federal Maritime Commission and the Secretary of Transportation each shall submit to Congress a proposed codification of the laws within their respective jurisdictions related to shipping and maritime matters. Proposed codification, submittal to Congress. 46 USC note prec. 2101.

CONFORMING CROSS-REFERENCES

SEC. 3. (a) Section 5549(4) of title 5, United States Code is amended to read as follows:

"(4) sections 2111 and 2112 of title 46; and".

(b) Section 10542(c) of title 49, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in the matter before clause (1), by striking "tank vessels" and substituting "a tank vessel"; and

(2) by striking clause (2) and substituting:

"(2) having a certificate of inspection issued under part B of subtitle II of title 46 endorsed to show that the vessel complies with chapter 37 of title 46.". *Ante*, p. 509. *Ante*, p. 520.

REPEALS

SEC. 4. (a) The repeal of a law by this Act may not be construed as a legislative implication that the provision was or was not in effect before its repeal. 46 USC note prec. 2101.

(b) The laws specified in the following schedule are repealed, except for rights and duties that matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were begun, before the date of enactment of this Act and except as provided by section 2 of this Act:

Schedule of Laws Repealed

Revised Statutes, section	Revised Statutes, section	Revised Statutes, section	Revised Statutes, section	Revised Statutes, section
4131	4431	4474	4520	4560
4235	4432	4477	4521	4561
4236	4433	4478	4522	4562
4237	4434	4480	4523	4563
4250	4437	4484	4524	4564
4251	4438	4485	4525	4565
4290	4438a	4486	4526	4566
4291	4439	4487	4527	4567
4292	4440	4488	4528	4568
4399	4441	4490	4529	4569
4400	4442	4491	4530	4570
4401	4443	4494	4535	4571
4403	4444	4496	4537	4572
4405	4445	4497	4538	4577
4406	4446	4499	4539	4578
4407	4447	4500	4540	4580
4408	4448	4501	4541	4581
4409	4449	4502	4542	4582
4410	4450	4503	4543	4583
4411	4451	4504	4544	4595
4417	4453	4505	4545	4596
4417a	4454	4506	4546	4597
4418	4455	4507	4547	4600
4419	4456	4508	4548	4603
4420	4457	4509	4549	4604
4421	4460	4510	4550	4605
4423	4462	4511	4551	4607
4424	4463	4512	4552	4608
4425	4464	4513	4553	4610
4426	4465	4514	4554	4611
4426a	4466	4515	4555	4612
4427	4467	4516	4556	5294
4428	4468	4517	4557	
4429	4469	4518	4558	
4430	4472	4519	4559	

Statutes at Large

Date	Chapter or Public Law	Section	Statutes at Large	
			Volume	Page
1874				
June 9	260		18	64
June 20	344	10, 11, 12, 13	18	128
1875				
Feb. 18	80	1 (only the part amending R.S. 4250)	18	320
1877				
Feb. 27	69	1 (only the part amending R.S. 4290, 4409, 4415, 4420, 4421, 4440, 4441, 4467, 4472, 4490, 4513, 4522, 4605)	19	251, 252
1882				
Aug. 2	374		22	186
Aug. 7	433	1 (only the paragraph amending R.S. 4429)	22	310
Do	441	1, 2	22	346
1884				
June 26	121	1-11, 19, 20, 26	23	53, 58, 59
July 5	221	2, 8 (a), (b), (d)	23	118

Statutes at Large—Continued

Date	Chapter or Public Law	Section	Statutes at Large	
			Volume	Page
1885				
Feb. 11	55		23	298
1886				
June 19	421	1, 2, 3, 13, 14, 18	24	79, 82, 83
July 9	755		24	129
1888				
Apr. 4	61	2	25	80
Oct. 18	1197		25	564
1889				
Mar. 2	418		25	1012
1890				
June 25	616		26	180
Aug. 19	801		26	320
Sept. 4	875		26	425
Dec. 22	26		26	692
1891				
Feb. 21	250		26	765
Mar. 3	521		26	833
1892				
Apr. 11	41		27	16
1894				
Jan. 22	16		28	28
1895				
Feb. 18	97		28	667
Feb. 28	139		28	690
Mar. 2	186	(only the last paragraph of this chapter)	28	843
1896				
May 28	255		29	188
1897				
Mar. 3	389	1, 2, 4, 6–8, 14, 19	29	687, 689, 690, 691
1898				
Mar. 23	86		30	340
Dec. 21	28		30	755
Do	29		30	764
1900				
Feb. 14	19		31	29
Mar. 23	90		31	50
1901				
Feb. 20	386		31	799
Feb. 23	465		31	800
1902				
Feb. 15	23		32	34
1904				
Apr. 11	1140		33	168
Apr. 13	1252		33	174
Apr. 26	1603		33	308
1905				
Feb. 18	586		33	720
Mar. 3	1453		33	1022
Do	1454	1–4	33	1023
Do	1456	1, 2	33	1027
Do	1457	2–8	33	1029

Statutes at Large—Continued

Date	Chapter or Public Law	Section	Statutes at Large	
			Volume	Page
1906				
Mar. 17	955		34	68
Apr. 26	1875		34	137
May 16	2460		34	193
May 28	2565		34	204
June 11	3071		34	230
June 28	3583	4	34	551
1907				
Jan. 25	398		34	864
Feb. 8	892		34	881
Feb. 19	991		34	897
Mar. 4	2929		34	1411
1908				
Apr. 2	123		35	55
May 28	212	2, 3, 4, 10, 12, 13	35	425, 428
1909				
Mar. 2	244		35	686
Mar. 4	321	254-267	35	1140
1910				
June 25	402		36	831
1911				
Mar. 4	237	1 (in part)	36	1229 (only the first complete paragraph on this page)
1912				
May 22	130		37	116
July 23	250		37	199
Aug. 1	268	2	37	242
1913				
Jan. 24	10		37	650
Mar. 3	118	1	37	732
Mar. 4	142	1 (in part)	37	785 (only the proviso in the fourth paragraph on this page)
1914				
July 17	146		38	511
Aug. 18	256		38	698
Oct. 22	334		38	765
Do	336		38	766
1915				
Mar. 3	79		38	893
Mar. 4	153	1-15, 19	38	1164, 1185
Do	184		38	1216
1916				
June 12	141		39	224
1917				
Feb. 14	63		39	918
1918				
Mar. 29	30		40	499
May 11	72		40	548
June 10	95		40	602

Statutes at Large—Continued

Date	Chapter or Public Law	Section	Statutes at Large	
			Volume	Page
1919				
Oct. 25	82		41	305
1920				
June 5	250	25, 26, 31, 32	41	998, 1006
1922				
June 1	204	T.I. (in part)	42	603 (only the words after the semicolon in the second paragraph on this page)
1923				
Jan. 3	21	T.I. (in part)	42	1072 (only the proviso in the first paragraph on this page)
1925				
Mar. 2	387		43	1093
1928				
May 28	824		45	789
1930				
May 7	227	(only clause (2), amending R.S. 4578)	46	261
1932				
June 30	314	501, 502(b)	47	415
1933				
June 13	61		48	125
1934				
Mar. 5	40		48	395
1936				
May 27	463		49	1380
June 20	628		49	1544
June 23	729		49	1889
June 25	816		49	1930
June 29	858	302, 1307(c), (d)(2), (3), 1308(e)	49	1992
1937				
Mar. 24	49		50	49
May 22	237		50	199
July 29	536		50	544
1938				
May 9	189		52	343
May 11	194		52	345
June 23	597		52	944
June 25	679	19(a)	52	1087
1939				
Mar. 29	26		53	554
May 31	158		53	794
July 17	316		53	1049
Aug. 1	409		53	1145
Aug. 7	558		53	1257
Aug. 10	643		53	1343

Statutes at Large—Continued

Date	Chapter or Public Law	Section	Statutes at Large	
			Volume	Page
1940				
Apr. 25	155		54	163
Oct. 9	777		54	1023
Oct. 17	896		54	1200
1941				
Sept. 24	416		55	729
Do	417		55	730
1946				
Aug. 7	783		60	883
1948				
May 12	286		62	232
1950				
Sept. 23	1002		64	980
Sept. 29	1109		64	1081
1951				
Jan. 10	1222		64	1239
1952				
July 16	887		66	730
1954				
July 15	512		68	484
Aug. 30	1076	1(29)	68	968
Aug. 31	1171		68	1047
1955				
June 8	133		69	86
1956				
May 10	258		70	151
June 4	350		70	223
1958				
Aug. 23	85-739		72	833
Sept. 2	85-911		72	1754
1959				
Sept. 9	86-244		73	475
Sept. 14	86-263		73	551
Sept. 22	86-364		73	646
1960				
June 30	86-555		74	259
Sept. 2	86-688		74	735
1961				
Aug. 30	87-177		75	410
1963				
Sept. 23	88-128		77	164
1965				
July 30	89-99	2, 5	79	424
1966				
Oct. 15	89-670	6(e)(4)	80	939
Nov. 6	89-777	1, 4	80	1356, 1358
1968				
Apr. 25	90-293		82	107
July 11	90-397	1, 3, 4	82	341
July 27	90-435		82	449

Statutes at Large—Continued

Date	Chapter or Public Law	Section	Statutes at Large	
			Volume	Page
1969				
Dec. 24	91-154		83	427
1970				
Oct. 27	91-513	1102(q)	84	1293
Dec. 31	91-612	3	84	1835
1971				
Aug. 10	92-75		85	213
1972				
July 7	92-339	1	86	423
July 10	92-340	201	86	427
1973				
July 9	93-65	6	87	151
Aug. 16	93-106		87	350
Nov. 16	93-153	401	87	589
1974				
Aug. 10	93-370		88	423
Oct. 1	93-430	6(2)-(4)	88	1182
1975				
Jan. 3	93-633	113(a), (f)	88	2161, 2163
Aug. 9	94-85		89	426
1976				
Sept. 10	94-406	8(a)(1)-(3)	90	1236
Oct. 17	94-535		90	2496
Oct. 18	94-550	8, 9	90	2535
1977				
July 1	95-61	7(b)	91	260
1978				
June 30	95-308	7	92	359
1980				
Oct. 6	96-378		94	1513
Oct. 14	96-451	202	94	1987
Dec. 12	96-594	101-125	94	3453
1982				
Oct. 15	97-322	208(a)	96	1590

Approved August 26, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 46:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-338 (Comm. on Merchant Marine and Fisheries).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-56 (Comm. on Commerce, Science, and Transportation).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Apr. 28, considered and passed Senate.
Aug. 1, considered and passed House, amended.
Aug. 3, Senate concurred in House amendment.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 19, No. 35 (1983):
Aug. 27, Presidential statement.

Public Law 98-90
98th Congress

An Act

Aug. 29, 1983
[H.R. 3677]

To amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to increase the cap amount allowable for reimbursement of hospices under the medicare program.

Social Security Act, amendment.
96 Stat. 358.
42 USC 1395f.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1814(i)(2) of the Social Security Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "located in a region (as defined by the Secretary)" and "for the region" in subparagraph (A), and

(2) by amending subparagraph (B) to read as follows:

"Cap amount."

"(B) For purposes of subparagraph (A), the 'cap amount' for a year is $6,500, increased or decreased, for accounting years that end after October 1, 1984, by the same percentage as the percentage increase or decrease, respectively, in the medical care expenditure category of the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (United States city average), published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, from March 1984 to the fifth month of the accounting year.".

Approved August 29, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3677:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-333 (Comm. on Ways and Means).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Aug. 1, considered and passed House.
Aug. 3, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-91
98th Congress

An Act

To amend the Bankruptcy Rules with respect to providing notice.

Aug. 30, 1983
[H.R. 3549]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That rule 2002(f) of the Bankruptcy Rules, as proposed by the United States Supreme Court in the order of April 25, 1983, of the Court, shall take effect on August 1, 1983, except as otherwise provided in section 2.

Bankruptcy Rules, amendment.
11 USC app.

SEC. 2. (a) Rule 2002(f) of the Bankruptcy Rules, as proposed by the United States Supreme Court in the order of April 25, 1983, of the Court, is amended by inserting ", or some other person as the Court may direct," after "clerk".

11 USC app.

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect on August 1, 1983.

Effective date.

Approved August 30, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3549:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Aug. 4, considered and passed House and Senate.

Public Law 98-92
98th Congress

An Act

Sept. 2, 1983
[H.R. 3409]

To amend the Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982 with respect to the number of weeks of benefits paid in any State.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) subparagraph (B) of section 602(e)(2) of the Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982 is amended to read as follows:

Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982, amendment.
96 Stat. 702.
26 USC 3304 note.

"(B) If the applicable limit for a State, as determined under clause (ii) of subparagraph (A), for the week beginning July 24, 1983, was a number equal to or less than such State's applicable limit for the week beginning March 27, 1983, under this paragraph (as in effect for such week) reduced by four, the applicable limit for such State shall not be less than the applicable limit for the week beginning July 24, 1983, for any week after the week beginning after July 24, 1983.".

26 USC 3304 note.

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply to weeks beginning after July 24, 1983.

26 USC 3304 note.
96 Stat. 702.
26 USC 3304 note.

(c)(1) In the case of an account established before the week beginning June 5, 1983, the applicable limit under section 602(e)(2)(A)(ii) of the Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982 shall in no event be less than the number of weeks applicable to such State for the week beginning March 27, 1983, under section 602(e)(2) of such Act (as in effect for such week) reduced by four.

(2) Paragraph (1) shall apply only to compensation for weeks of unemployment beginning on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

26 USC 3304 note.

(d) In the case of any eligible individual who (without regard to the amendment made by subsection (a) or the provisions of subsection (c)) exhausted his rights to Federal supplemental compensation (by reason of the payment of all of the amount in his Federal supplemental compensation account) before the first week beginning after the date of the enactment of this Act, such individual's eligibility for additional compensation by reason of the amendment made by subsection (a) or the provisions of subsection (c) for any week of unemployment shall not be limited or terminated by reason of any event, or failure to meet any requirement of law relating to eligibility for unemployment compensation, occurring after the date of such exhaustion of rights and before the beginning of the first week beginning after the date of the enactment of this Act.

7 USC 612c note.

SEC. 2. Effective October 1, 1983, the Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (title II of Public Law 98-8; 97 Stat. 35 and 36) is amended by—

Ante, p. 35.

(1) in section 201, striking out "the Act" and inserting in lieu thereof "this Act";

(2) inserting, after section 201, a new section 201A as follows:

"ELIGIBLE RECIPIENT AGENCIES

"SEC. 201A. As used in this Act, the term 'eligible recipient agencies' means public or nonprofit organizations that administer— "Eligible recipient agencies."

"(1) activities and projects providing nutrition assistance to relieve situations of emergency and distress through the provision of food to needy persons, including low-income and unemployed persons; 7 USC 612c note.

"(2) school lunch programs, summer camps for children, and other child nutrition programs providing food service;

"(3) nutrition projects operating under the Older Americans Act of 1965, including congregate nutrition sites and providers of home-delivered meals; 42 USC 3001 note.

"(4) activities and projects that are supported under section 4 of the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973; 7 USC 612c note.

"(5) activities of charitable institutions, including hospitals and retirement homes, to the extent that needy persons are served; or

"(6) disaster relief programs;

and that have been designated by the appropriate State agency, or by the Secretary, and approved by the Secretary for participation in the program established under this Act.";

(3) amending section 202(a) to read as follows: *Ante*, p. 35.

"SEC. 202. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in order to complement the domestic nutrition programs, make maximum use of the Nation's agricultural abundance, and expand and improve the domestic distribution of price-supported commodities, commodities acquired by the Commodity Credit Corporation that the Secretary of Agriculture (hereinafter referred to as the 'Secretary') determines, in his discretion, are in excess of quantities needed to—

"(1) carry out other domestic donation programs,

"(2) meet other domestic obligations (including quantities needed to carry out a payment-in-kind acreage diversion program),

"(3) meet international market development and food aid commitments, and

"(4) carry out the farm price and income stabilization purposes of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, the Agricultural Act of 1949, and the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act, 7 USC 1281. 7 USC 1421 note. 15 USC 714 note.

shall be made available by the Secretary, without charge or credit for such commodities, for use by eligible recipient agencies for food assistance.";

(4) in section 202(b)— *Ante*, p. 35.

(A) in the first sentence, striking out "shall" and inserting in lieu therof "may"; and

(B) in the second sentence, striking out "December 1, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1985";

(5) inserting, after section 203, new sections 203A, 203B, and 203C as follows: *Ante*, p. 35.

"INITIAL PROCESSING COSTS

"SEC. 203A. The Secretary may use funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation to pay costs of initial processing and packaging of commodities to be distributed under the program established under 7 USC 612c note.

this Act into forms, and in quantities, suitable, as determined by the Secretary, for use in individual households when such commodities are to be consumed by individual households or for institutional use, as applicable. The Secretary may pay such costs in the form of Corporation-owned commodities equal in value to such costs, except that wheat from the Food Security Wheat Reserve may not be used to pay such costs. The Secretary shall ensure that any such payments in kind will not displace commercial sales of such commodites.

Corporation-owned commodities.

"FEDERAL AND STATE RESPONSIBILITIES

Eligible recipient agencies, distribution.
7 USC 612c note.

"SEC. 203B. (a) The Secretary shall, as expeditiously as possible, provide the commodities made available under this Act in such quantities as can be used without waste to State agencies designated by the Governor or other appropriate State official for distribution to eligible recipient agencies, except that the Secretary may provide such commodities directly to eligible recipient agencies and to private companies that process such commodities for eligible recipient agencies under sections 203 and 203A of this Act.

Ante, pp. 35, 609.

"(b) State agencies receiving commodities under this Act shall, as expeditiously as possible, distribute such commodities, in the quantities requested (to the extent practicable), to eligible recipient agencies within their respective States. However, if a State agency cannot meet all requests for a particular commodity under this Act, the State agency shall give priority in the distribution of such commodity to eligible recipient agencies providing nutrition assistance to relieve situations of emergency and distress through the provision of food to needy persons, including low-income and unemployed persons.

"(c) Each State agency receiving commodities for individual household use under this Act shall distribute such commodities to eligible recipient agencies in the State that serve needy persons, and shall, with the approval of the Secretary, determine those persons in the State that shall qualify as needy persons eligible for such commodities.

"ASSURANCES; ANTICIPATED USE

Commodity management.
7 USC 612c note.

"SEC. 203C. (a) The Secretary shall take such precautions as the Secretary deems necessary to assure that any eligible recipient agency receiving commodities under this Act will provide such commodities to persons served by the eligible recipient agency and will not diminish its normal expenditures for food by reason of the receipt of such commodities. The Secretary shall also take such precautions as the Secretary deems necessary to assure that commodities made available under this Act will not displace commercial sales of such commodities or the products thereof. The Secretary shall not make commodities available for donation in any quantity or manner that the Secretary, in the Secretary's discretion, determines may, substitute for the same or any other agricultural produce that would otherwise be purchased in the market.

"(b) Commodities provided under this Act shall be distributed only in quantities that can be consumed without waste. No eligible recipient agency may receive commodities under this Act in excess of anticipated use, based on inventory records and controls, or in excess of its ability to accept and store such commodities.";

Ante, p. 35.

(6) in section 204—

(A) designating the last sentence as subsection (c);

(B) inserting, after the first sentence, a new subsection (b) as follows:

Appropriation authorization for storage and distribution costs.

"(b) There are hereby authorized to be appropriated $50,000,000 for each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 1984, and September 30, 1985, for the Secretary to make available to the States for storage and distribution costs of which not less than twenty per centum of the amount appropriated under this subsection in any fiscal year shall be made available for paying or providing advance payments to cover the actual costs incurred by charitable institutions, food banks, hunger centers, soup kitchens, and similar nonprofit eligible recipient agencies providing nutrition assistance to relieve situations of emergency and distress through the provision of food to needy persons, including low-income and unemployed persons: *Provided,* That in no case shall such payments exceed five per centum of the value of commodities distributed by any such agency."; and

(C) in subsection (c), as so designated by subclause (A) of this clause, striking out "this appropriation" and inserting in lieu thereof "appropriations made or authorized under this section";

(7) in section 205— *Ante,* p. 36.

(A) amending the heading to read as follows:

"RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PROGRAMS";

(B) inserting "(a)" after the section designation; and

(C) adding, at the end thereof, a new subsection "(b)" as follows:

"(b) Except as otherwise provided in section 203A of this Act, none of the commodities distributed under this Act shall be sold or otherwise disposed of in commercial channels in any form."; *Ante,* p. 609.

(8) amending section 209 to read as follows: *Ante,* p. 36.

"SEC. 209. Section 5(a)(2) of the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended by striking out 'amount appropriated for the provision of commodities to State agencies' and inserting in lieu thereof 'sum of (A) the amount appropriated for the commodity supplemental food program and (B) the value of the additional commodities donated by the Secretary to State or local agencies for use in such program which are provided without charge against funds appropriated for such program and are included in food packages distributed to program participants' ";

(9) in section 210— *Ante,* p. 36.

(A) inserting "(a)" after the section designation; and

(B) adding, at the end thereof, new subsections (b) and (c) as follows:

Administration.

"(b) In administering this Act, the Secretary shall minimize, to the maximum extent practicable, the regulatory, recordkeeping, and paperwork requirements imposed on eligible recipient agencies.

Publication in Federal Register.

"(c) With respect to the commodity distribution program under this Act in effect during the fiscal years ending September 30, 1984, and September 30, 1985, the Secretary shall, not later than October 1, 1983, publish in the Federal Register an estimate of the types and quantities of commodities that the Secretary anticipates are likely to be made available during the first twelve months of the program; and, prior to the beginning of the fiscal year ending September 30, 1985, the Secretary shall publish in the Federal Register an estimate of the types and quantities of commodities that the Secretary antici-

pates are likely to be made available during the second twelve months of the program under this Act: *Provided*, that the actual types and quantities of commodities made available by the Secretary under this Act may differ from the estimates."; and

Ante, p. 36.

(10) inserting, after section 210, new sections 211 and 212 as follows:

"FINALITY OF DETERMINATIONS

7 USC 612c note.

"SEC. 211. Determinations made by the Secretary of Agriculture under this Act and the facts constituting the basis for any donation of commodities under this Act, or the amount thereof, when officially determined in conformity with the applicable regulations prescribed by the Secretary, shall be final and conclusive and shall not be reviewable by any other officer or agency of the Government.

"PROGRAM TERMINATION

7 USC 612c note.
Ante, p. 36.

"SEC. 212. The provisions of this Act, with the exception of 207, shall terminate September 30, 1985.".

Ante, p. 36.

SEC. 3. Section 4(c) of the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973 is amended by inserting "Temporary" before "Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983".

Approved September 2, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3409:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-328 (Comm. on Ways and Means).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Aug. 1, 2, considered and passed House.
Aug. 4, considered and passed Senate, amended; House concurred in Senate amendments.

Public Law 98-93
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Designating "National Cystic Fibrosis Week".

Sept. 20, 1983
[S.J. Res. 131]

Whereas cystic fibrosis is the number one genetic killer of children in America, and about thirty thousand children and young adults in this country have cystic fibrosis; and

Whereas public knowledge about cystic fibrosis contributes to early detection and treatment of the disease and to improved understanding about the symptoms of cystic fibrosis; and

Whereas increased national awareness of cystic fibrosis and of the young people whose lives are affected by the disease stimulates public concern and increased attention to research seeking control and cure: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the week of September 18 through 24, 1983, is designated as "National Cystic Fibrosis Week", and the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe that week with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

National Cystic Fibrosis Week.

Approved September 20, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 131:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
July 26, considered and passed Senate.
Sept. 15, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-94
98th Congress

An Act

Sept. 24, 1983
[S. 675]

To authorize appropriations for fiscal year 1984 for the Armed Forces for procurement, for research, development, test, and evaluation, and for operation and maintenance, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces and for civilian employees of the Department of Defense, to authorize appropriations for such fiscal year for civil defense, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984.

SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION 1. (a) This Act may be cited as the "Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984".

(b) The table of contents for this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I—PROCUREMENT

Sec. 101. Authorization of appropriations, Army.
Sec. 102. Authorization of appropriations, Navy and Marine Corps.
Sec. 103. Authorization of appropriations, Air Force.
Sec. 104. Authorization of appropriations, Defense agencies.
Sec. 105. Extension of authority provided Secretary of Defense in connection with the NATO Airborne Warning and Control System (AWACS) program.
Sec. 106. Secure communications equipment and a special classified program.
Sec. 107. Limitation on Army procurement.
Sec. 108. Limitations on Navy procurement.
Sec. 109. Authorization of multiyear contracts for the B-1B aircraft; prohibition on multiyear contracts for certain equipment.
Sec. 110. Limitations and requirements with respect to the procurement and deployment of the MX missile.

TITLE II—RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION

Sec. 201. Authorization of appropriations.
Sec. 202. Limitations on funds for the Army.
Sec. 203. Limitations on funds for the Navy.
Sec. 204. Limitations on funds for the Air Force.
Sec. 205. Limitations on funds for the Defense agencies.
Sec. 206. Limitation on size of small mobile missile.
Sec. 207. Report on the Joint Tactical Missile System and the Joint Surveillance and Target Attack System; restriction on use of funds.
Sec. 208. Antiballistic missile defense system research.

TITLE III—OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

Sec. 301. Authorization of appropriations.
Sec. 302. General authorization of appropriations for pay raises, fuel costs, and inflation adjustments.
Sec. 303. Prohibition of use of vessels with foreign-built major components under certain leases or service contracts.
Sec. 304. Authorization of appropriations for assistance for 1984 games of the XXIII Olympiad.
Sec. 305. Shelter for the homeless at military installations.

TITLE IV—ACTIVE FORCES

Sec. 401. Authorization of end strengths.
Sec. 402. Quality control on enlistments into the Army for fiscal year 1984.
Sec. 403. Extension of authority for the temporary promotions of certain Navy lieutenants.
Sec. 404. Limit on funds for permanent change of station (PCS) travel during fiscal year 1984.

TITLE V—RESERVE FORCES

Sec. 501. Authorization of average strengths for Selected Reserve.
Sec. 502. Authorization of end strengths for Reserves on active duty in support of the Reserves.
Sec. 503. Increase in number of certain personnel authorized to be on active duty in support of the reserve components.
Sec. 504. Clarification of status of certain members of the National Guard serving in a full-time status.

TITLE VI—CIVILIAN PERSONNEL

Sec. 601. Authorization of end strength.
Sec. 602. Civilian personnel ceilings on industrially funded activities during fiscal year 1983.

TITLE VII—MILITARY TRAINING STUDENT LOADS

Sec. 701. Authorization of training student loads.
Sec. 702. Extension of reduction in number of students required to be in a unit of the Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps.

TITLE VIII—CIVIL DEFENSE

Sec. 801. Authorization of appropriations.
Sec. 802. Amount authorized for contributions for State personnel and administrative expenses.

TITLE IX—MILITARY COMPENSATION AND HEALTH-CARE MATTERS

PART A—PAY AND ALLOWANCES

Sec. 901. Pay increase of 4 percent for members of the uniformed services.
Sec. 902. Adjustment in basic pay of certain officers with prior enlisted and warrant officer service.
Sec. 903. Hazardous duty pay for certain toxic fuel handlers.
Sec. 904. Extension of special pay for certain aviation career officers.
Sec. 905. Hostile fire pay for members serving in areas threatening imminent danger.
Sec. 906. Freeze of variable housing allowance at fiscal year 1983 rates.
Sec. 907. Variable housing allowance for Reserves on active duty for a period of 140 days or more.
Sec. 908. Clarification of rules for payment of per diem.
Sec. 909. Clarification of allowance for transportation of motor vehicle.
Sec. 910. Transportation for dependent children attending school in the United States when the member-parent is stationed overseas.
Sec. 911. Clarification of eligibility for separation pay.
Sec. 912. Reimbursements for accommodations in place of quarters.
Sec. 913. Advance payment of travel and transportation allowances for escorts and attendants of dependents.

PART B—RETIRED PAY MATTERS

Sec. 921. Limitation on applicability of one year look-back provision.
Sec. 922. Rounding of retired pay and survivor annuities to next lower whole dollar amount.
Sec. 923. Termination of six-month rounding rule for computing retired pay.
Sec. 924. Retired pay for certain otherwise ineligible reservists.
Sec. 925. Accrual funding for military retirement system.

PART C—HEALTH-CARE MATTERS

Sec. 931. CHAMPUS provisions.
Sec. 932. Authority for increased usage of contract health care providers.
Sec. 933. Studies and demonstration projects relating to health and medical care.
Sec. 934. Medical malpractice protection for health-care personnel of the Soldiers' and Airmen's Home.

Sec. 935. Adjustments in stipend paid to recipients of Armed Forces Health Professions Scholarships.

PART D—SURVIVOR BENEFITS

Sec. 941. Clarification of survivor benefits coverage for former spouses.
Sec. 942. Extension of minimum income provision for certain widows.
Sec. 943. Clarification of continuing responsibility for funding of certain suvivors' benefits.

TITLE X—MILITARY PERSONNEL MATTERS

PART A—OFFICER PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT AND TRAINING

Sec. 1001. Temporary modification in certain general and flag officer grade limitations.
Sec. 1002. Performance of civil functions by military officers.
Sec. 1003. Modifications to Reserve Officers' Training Corps scholarship program.
Sec. 1004. Selection of persons from foreign countries to receive instruction at the service academies.
Sec. 1005. Nominations to service academies from Guam and former Canal Zone area.
Sec. 1006. Appointment of citizens of Northern Mariana Islands as commissioned officers.
Sec. 1007. Transfer of Public Health Service officers to other uniformed services.

PART B—RESERVE COMPONENT MANAGEMENT

Sec. 1011. Bonuses for enlistments, reenlistments, and voluntary extensions of service in elements of the Ready Reserve other than the Selected Reserve.
Sec. 1012. Extension of medical and dental care for reservists.
Sec. 1013. Test program on limited use of commissary stores by members of the Selected Reserve.
Sec. 1014. Grade determination for persons receiving original appointments as reserve medical officers of the Army or Air Force.
Sec. 1015. Promotion of certain reserve commissioned officers serving on active duty.
Sec. 1016. Computation of years of service for mandatory transfer of certain reservists to the Retired Reserve.
Sec. 1017. Authority to order certain retired members of reserve components to active duty.
Sec. 1018. Authority to permit retired enlisted members of regular components to be placed voluntarily in the Ready Reserve.
Sec. 1019. Validation of certain Army appointments made in grades above the grade of second lieutenant.

PART C—OTHER PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT PROVISIONS

Sec. 1021. Authority of President to suspend certain laws relating to promotion, retirement, and separation.
Sec. 1022. Authority to increase total initial term of service in the Armed Forces.
Sec. 1023. Variable terms for enlistments and reenlistments in regular components.

PART D—MISCELLANEOUS

Sec. 1031. Extension of period during which certain accumulated leave may be used.
Sec. 1032. Transportation of remains of military retirees dying in military hospitals.
Sec. 1033. Fee for veterinary services.
Sec. 1034. Extension of pilot Department of Defense educational assistance loan repayment program.

TITLE XI—NATO AND RELATED MATTERS

Sec. 1101. North Atlantic defense cooperative programs.
Sec. 1102. Report on allied contributions to the common defense.
Sec. 1103. Limitation on number of military personnel stationed in Europe.
Sec. 1104. Report on improvement of conventional forces of NATO.
Sec. 1105. Report on the nuclear posture of NATO.
Sec. 1106. Report on combat-to-support ratio of United States forces in Europe in support of NATO.
Sec. 1107. Report on United States expenditures in support of NATO.

TITLE XII—GENERAL PROVISIONS

PART A—FINANCIAL MATTERS

Sec. 1201. Transfer authority.
Sec. 1202. Long-term lease or charter of aircraft and vessels.
Sec. 1203. Independent cost estimates of major defense acquisition programs.
Sec. 1204. Requirement of authorization of appropriations for working-capital funds.
Sec. 1205. One-year extension of test program to authorize price differentials to relieve economic dislocations.
Sec. 1206. Authorization of funds for upgrading the International Coordinating Committee (COCOM) logistical support.

PART B—DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE MANAGEMENT MATTERS

Sec. 1211. Establishment of Defense Director of Operational Test and Evaluation.
Sec. 1212. Assistant Secretaries in the Department of Defense.
Sec. 1213. Commandant of the Marine Corps to be a member of the Armed Forces Policy Council.
Sec. 1214. 5 percent across-the-board reduction in headquarters staffs.
Sec. 1215. Regulations relating to increases in prices for spare parts and replacement equipment.
Sec. 1216. Report on management of spare parts.
Sec. 1217. Authority to withhold from public disclosure certain technical data.
Sec. 1218. Use of polygraphs by the Department of Defense.
Sec. 1219. Authority to provide routine port services to naval vessels of allied countries at no cost.
Sec. 1220. Reciprocal communications support.
Sec. 1221. Two-year extension of prohibition on contracts for the performance of firefighting and security functions.
Sec. 1222. Report on cost savings under contracting out procedures.
Sec. 1223. Extension of period for transfer of defense dependents' education system to Department of Education.
Sec. 1224. Force structure changes, Air Force.

PART C—PROVISIONS RELATING TO SPECIFIC PROGRAMS

Sec. 1231. Limitation on deployment of MX missile; development of small mobile missile.
Sec. 1232. Small, mobile, single warhead ICBMs.
Sec. 1233. Limitation on procurement of binary chemical weapons.
Sec. 1234. Prohibition against using funds appropriated for the advanced technology bomber program for any other purpose.
Sec. 1235. Establishing criteria governing the test of antisatellite warheads.
Sec. 1236. Requirement for the use of competitive bidding procedures for the lease of CT-39 replacement aircraft.
Sec. 1237. Limitation on waivers of cost-recovery requirements under Arms Export Control Act.
Sec. 1238. Waiver of limitation on Foreign Military Sales Program.
Sec. 1239. F/A-18 aircraft program.
Sec. 1240. Study to re-estimate the cost of the B-1B bomber program.

PART D—MISCELLANEOUS

Sec. 1251. Endorsement of report on improved strategic communications.
Sec. 1252. Public Health Service hospitals.
Sec. 1253. Employment protection for certain nonappropriated fund instrumentality employees.
Sec. 1254. Extension of the grace period for the enforcement of the provisions relating to the failure to register and the denial of Federal educational assistance.
Sec. 1255. Impact aid authorization.
Sec. 1256. Retirement deductions from the pay of judges of the United States Court of Military Appeals.
Sec. 1257. One-year postponement for certain deposits for civil service retirement credit for military service.
Sec. 1258. Compensation for injuries incurred in the performance of duty by members of the Civil Air Patrol.
Sec. 1259. Repeal of requirement for retiree suggestion program.
Sec. 1260. Offshore drilling affecting naval operations.
Sec. 1261. Restoration of Bedford Air Force Station, Virginia.
Sec. 1262. Prohibition on purchase of certain typewriters.
Sec. 1263. Award of campaign and service medals to certain persons.

Sec. 1264. Commemorative medal for families of American personnel missing in Southeast Asia.
Sec. 1265. Name of school of medicine at the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences.
Sec. 1266. Acceptance of voluntary services for military museums and family support programs.
Sec. 1267. Report on proposed legislation for codification of certain provisions of law.
Sec. 1268. Technical amendments to title 10, United States Code.

TITLE I—PROCUREMENT

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, ARMY

SEC. 101. Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1984 for procurement of aircraft, missiles, weapons and tracked combat vehicles, and ammunition and for other procurement for the Army as follows:

For aircraft, $3,331,400,000.
For missiles, $2,903,400,000.
For weapons and tracked combat vehicles, $4,734,500,000.
For ammunition, $2,147,100,000.
For other procurement, $4,836,200,000.
For Army National Guard equipment, $100,000,000.

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, NAVY AND MARINE CORPS

SEC. 102. (a) AIRCRAFT.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1984 for procurement of aircraft for the Navy in the amount of $10,637,800,000.

(b) WEAPONS.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1984 in the total amount of $3,903,000,000 for procurement of weapons (including missiles and torpedoes) for the Navy as follows:

For missile programs, $3,041,700,000.
For the MK-48 torpedo program, $124,600,000.
For the MK-46 torpedo program, $248,000,000.
For the MK-60 torpedo program, $105,400,000.
For the MK-30 mobile target program, $17,600,000.
For the MK-38 minimobile target program, $2,000,000.
For the antisubmarine rocket (ASROC) program, $17,300,000.
For the modification of torpedoes, $111,800,000.
For the torpedo support equipment program, $72,100,000.
For the MK-15 close-in weapons system program, $126,700,000.
For the 5-inch/54-caliber gun mount program, $16,100,000.
For the MK-75 76-millimeter gun mount program, $11,100,000.
For other weapons, $27,500,000.

The sum of the amounts authorized for programs under this subsection is reduced by $18,900,000.

(c) SHIPBUILDING AND CONVERSION.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1984 in the total amount of $12,045,400,000 for shipbuilding and conversion for the Navy as follows:

For the Trident submarine program, $1,759,000,000.
For the SSN-688 nuclear attack submarine program, $2,042,400,000.

For the aircraft carrier service life extension program (SLEP), $95,900,000.

For the CG-47 Aegis cruiser program, $3,397,400,000.

For the DDG-51 guided missile destroyer program, $79,000,000.

For the FFG-7 guided missile frigate program, $300,000,000.

For the battleship reactivation program, $57,700,000.

For the LSD-41 landing ship dock program, $509,000,000.

For the LHD-1 amphibious assault ship program, $1,379,700,000.

For the MCM-1 mine countermeasures ship program, $301,000,000.

For the MSH-1 minesweeper hunter program, $65,000,000.

For the TAGS ocean survey ship program, $34,500,000.

For the TAH hospital ship program, $260,000,000.

For the TAK(FBM) missile resupply ship program, $900,000.

For the TAFS combat stores ship program, $16,100,000.

For the TAO-187 fleet oiler program, $365,400,000.

For the TAKR fast logistic ship program, $246,500,000.

For the strategic sealift ready reserve program, $31,000,000.

For the LCAC landing craft air cushion program, $161,100,000.

For service craft and landing craft, $134,300,000.

For outfitting, post delivery, and cost growth, $868,700,000.

The sum of the amounts authorized for programs under this subsection is reduced by $59,200,000.

(d) OTHER.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1984 for other procurement for the Navy in the amount of $4,497,600,000, of which—

(1) $681,500,000 is available only for the ship support equipment program;

(2) $1,562,800,000 is available only for the communications and electronics equipment program; and

(3) $930,300,000 is available only for the ordnance support equipment program.

(e) PROCUREMENT, MARINE CORPS.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1984 for procurement for the Marine Corps (including missiles, tracked combat vehicles, and other weapons) in the amount of $1,805,200,000.

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, AIR FORCE

SEC. 103. (a) Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1984 for procurement of aircraft and missiles and for other procurement for the Air Force as follows:

For aircraft, $21,282,800,000.

For missiles, $7,925,700,000.

For other procurement, $7,112,100,000.

For Air National Guard equipment, $25,000,000.

(b) Of the funds authorized to be appropriated in this section for aircraft for the Air Force, the sum of $112,100,000 is available only for contribution by the United States as its share of the cost for fiscal year 1984 of acquisition by the North Atlantic Treaty Organization of the Airborne Warning and Control System (AWACS).

(c) Of the funds authorized to be appropriated in this section for missiles for the Air Force, the sum of $459,000,000 is available for procurement of 240 missiles under the AGM-86B air-launched

cruise missile program, of which $14,000,000 is available for advance procurement for such program.

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, DEFENSE AGENCIES

SEC. 104. Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1984 for procurement by the Defense agencies in the amount of $972,700,000.

EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY PROVIDED SECRETARY OF DEFENSE IN CONNECTION WITH THE NATO AIRBORNE WARNING AND CONTROL SYSTEM (AWACS) PROGRAM

Effective date.

SEC. 105. Effective on October 1, 1983, section 103(a) of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1982 (Public Law 97-86; 95 Stat. 1100), is amended by striking out "fiscal year 1983" both places it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "fiscal year 1984".

SECURE COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT AND A SPECIAL CLASSIFIED PROGRAM

SEC. 106. The Secretary of Defense is authorized to procure secure telephone communication systems, including equipment and related items, during fiscal year 1984 for the Department of Defense and other Government agencies and entities to support a national program to provide secure telephone service. Of the funds authorized to be appropriated pursuant to this title, not more than $60,000,000 may be used to provide secure telephone equipment and related items to the Department of Defense and other Government agencies and entities in support of such a national program. Equipment provided to Government agencies and entities outside the Department of Defense under the authority of this section and such related services as may be necessary may be furnished by the Secretary of Defense with or without reimbursement. In addition, of the funds authorized to be appropriated pursuant to this Act, not more than $220,000,000 is authorized for a special classified program.

LIMITATION ON ARMY PROCUREMENT

SEC. 107. The Secretary of the Army may not make a contract for the purpose of establishing a second source for production of the engine for the M-1 tank.

LIMITATIONS ON NAVY PROCUREMENT

Notification of congressional committees.

SEC. 108. (a)(1) None of the funds appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations for the strategic sealift ready reserve program under section 102(c) (Shipbuilding and Conversion for the Navy) may be obligated or expended for the acquisition of a specific vessel for that program until (A) the Secretary of the Navy has notified the Committees on Armed Services and on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives of the proposed acquisition of that vessel for that program, and (B) a period of 30 days of continuous session of Congress has expired following the date on which that notice was received by those committees.

Congressional adjournment.

(2) For purposes of paragraph (1), the continuity of a session of Congress is broken only by an adjournment of the Congress sine die, and the days on which either House is not in session because of an

adjournment of more than three days to a day certain are excluded in the computation of such 30-day period.

(b) None of the funds appropriated pursuant to any authorization of appropriations contained in this Act may be obligated or expended for the purchase of the 5-inch semiactive laser guided projectile until the Secretary of the Navy has acquired a technical data package for that projectile and has determined that such technical data package (1) does not contain proprietary data, and (2) can be used to solicit a second production source for such projectile.

AUTHORIZATION OF MULTIYEAR CONTRACTS FOR THE B-1B AIRCRAFT; PROHIBITION ON MULTIYEAR CONTRACTS FOR CERTAIN EQUIPMENT

SEC. 109. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, procurement of the B-1B aircraft program may be carried out under a multiyear procurement contract in accordance with section 2306(h) of title 10, United States Code.

(b) The Department of Defense is hereby denied the authority to execute multiyear procurement contracts, as proposed in the Department's fiscal year 1984 budget request, for procurement of any of the following:

(1) AH-64 helicopter engines.
(2) F-18 aircraft engines.
(3) F-15 aircraft.
(4) KC-135 reengining (airframes).
(5) Mark 30 targets.
(6) AN/SSQ-62 DICASS sonobuoys.

LIMITATIONS AND REQUIREMENTS WITH RESPECT TO THE PROCUREMENT AND DEPLOYMENT OF THE MX MISSILE

SEC. 110. (a)(1) Funds appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 103 may be used to procure not more than 21 operational MX missiles for deployment.

(2) MX missiles procured with funds authorized to be appropriated by section 103 shall be deployed in existing Minuteman missile silos that are part of the 319th and 400th Strategic Missile Squadrons and supported by Francis E. Warren Air Force Base, Wyoming. The first ten MX missiles procured for deployment by the Air Force shall be placed on alert status, with appropriate security and logistics facilities in operation, not later than December 31, 1986.

(b)(1) The Secretary of the Air Force shall prepare a full draft and final environmental impact statement in accordance with all terms, conditions, and requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) on the proposed deployment and peacetime operations of MX missiles in the Minuteman silos referred to in subsection (a). The final environmental impact statement on the proposed deployment of such missiles shall be published not later than January 31, 1984.

Environmental impact statement.

Publication.

(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of the Air Force (A) may immediately commence planning, facility and equipment designing, surveying, and other predeployment activities with respect to the MX missile, and (B) shall proceed promptly following the publication of the final environmental impact statement referred to in paragraph (1) with deployment of MX missiles in the missile silos referred to in subsection (a).

(c) This section shall be carried out in a manner consistent with the provisions of section 1231.

Post, p. 693.

TITLE II—RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 201. (a) Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1984 for the use of the Armed Forces for research, development, test, and evaluation in amounts as follows:

For the Army, $4,204,552,000.

For the Navy (including the Marine Corps), $7,619,409,000.

For the Air Force, $12,622,193,000.

For the Defense Agencies, $2,856,754,000, of which $50,000,000 is authorized for the activities of the Director of Test and Evaluation, Defense.

(b) In addition to the funds authorized to be appropriated in subsection (a), there are authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1984 such additional sums as may be necessary for increases in salary, pay, retirement, and other employee benefits authorized by law for civilian employees of the Department of Defense whose compensation is provided for by funds authorized to be appropriated in subsection (a).

LIMITATIONS ON FUNDS FOR THE ARMY

SEC. 202. (a) Of the amount authorized in section 201 for the Army—

(1) $7,650,000 is available only for 75-millimeter and 90-millimeter guns for light armored vehicles;

(2) $7,000,000 is available only for neutral particle beam research as part of the ballistic missile defense advanced technology program;

(3) $15,000,000 is available only for integration (including qualification) of the Hellfire missile on the UH-60 helicopter;

(4) $50,160,000 is available only for the Joint Tactical Missile System and for selection of either the Patriot T-16 or Lance T-22 as the delivery vehicle for such system; and

(5) $12,561,000 is available only for the Mobile Protected Gun System.

(b) None of the amount appropriated pursuant to the authorization in section 201 for the Army may be used for full-scale engineering development of the Military Computer Family System until the Secretary of Defense provides to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a plan for the introduction and integration of advanced micro-electronic computers into weapons systems.

(c) Of the funds authorized to be appropriated pursuant to this section, $20,500,000 shall be available for research and development by the Department of the Army for the Military Computer Family. The Secretary of Defense shall make offsetting reductions in lower priority computer application projects authorized in this Act.

LIMITATIONS ON FUNDS FOR THE NAVY

SEC. 203. (a) Of the amount authorized in section 201 for the Navy (including the Marine Corps)—

(1) $24,000,000 is available only for continued development of the Rankine Cycle Energy Recovery (RACER) system to ensure compatibility of the RACER system with all ships of the DDG-51 class, including the lead ship;

(2) $20,000,000 is available only for the antiradiation projectile program;

(3) $72,593,000 is available only for the Mark 92 fire control system;

(4) $10,000,000 is available only for a derivative of the Standard Missile II to be used for the Navy outer air battle mission; and

(5) $1,470,000 is available only for the evaluation of a wing-lift system for Navy utility craft.

(b)(1) None of the amount appropriated pursuant to the authorization in section 201 for the Navy may be used for full-scale engineering development of the AN/UYK-43 and AN/UYK-44 computers until the Secretary of Defense provides to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a plan for the introduction and integration of advanced microelectronic computers into weapons systems.

Computerization plan, submittal to congressional committees.

(2) None of the amount appropriated pursuant to the authorization in section 201 for the Navy may be used for the Navy Mid-Infrared Advanced Chemical Laser program.

LIMITATIONS ON FUNDS FOR THE AIR FORCE

SEC. 204. (a) Of the amount authorized in section 201 for the Air Force—

(1) $60,000,000 is available for the Strategic Laser System Technology program, of which $40,000,000 is available only for the development by the Air Force Space Command of the visible/ultraviolet short wavelength laser program;

(2) not less than $22,477,000 is available for research and development of Training and Simulation Technology; and

(3) $20,000,000 is available only for the development of terminally guided and sensor-fused submunitions for the Air Force deep strike mission.

(b) None of the amount appropriated pursuant to the authorization in section 201 for the Air Force may be used for continued development of the Airborne Laser Laboratory.

LIMITATIONS ON FUNDS FOR THE DEFENSE AGENCIES

SEC. 205. (a) Of the amount authorized in section 201 for the Defense Agencies—

(1) not less than $65,000,000 is available only for research, development, test, and evaluation of free-electron and other short wavelength (excluding blue-green) lasers;

(2) $33,100,000 is available only for the particle-beam technology program, including modifications to the advanced test accelerator required for free-electron laser research; and

(3) $22,000,000 is available only for a joint Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency and Department of Energy project for

research, development, test, and evaluation of third-generation defensive weapons.

Comprehensive plan, submittal to Congress.

(b) None of the amount appropriated pursuant to the authorization in section 201 for the Defense Agencies may be used for research, development, test, and evaluation for the program for fifth-generation artificial intelligence computers until the Secretary of Defense submits to Congress a comprehensive plan for the manner in which such program will be carried out.

LIMITATION ON SIZE OF SMALL MOBILE MISSILE

SEC. 206. None of the funds appropriated pursuant to authorizations of appropriations in section 201 for the Air Force may be obligated or expended for research, development, test, or evaluation for an intercontinental-range mobile ballistic missile that would weigh more than 33,000 pounds or that would carry more than a single warhead.

REPORT ON THE JOINT TACTICAL MISSILE SYSTEM AND THE JOINT SURVEILLANCE AND TARGET ATTACK SYSTEM; RESTRICTION ON USE OF FUNDS

Submittal to congressional committees.

SEC. 207. (a) The Secretary of Defense and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than October 1, 1984, a report setting forth a comprehensive and coordinated plan for the development and procurement of the Joint Tactical Missile System and the Joint Surveillance and Target Attack System (JSTARS) of the Air Force. The report shall clearly define the integration of those systems within the Air-Land Battle concept developed in the Department of Defense and the expected contribution of those systems to the disruption and destruction of follow-on enemy forces.

Joint hearing of congressional committees.

(b) Of the total amount appropriated for the Air Force JSTARS program pursuant to authorizations in this title, $20,000,000 may not be obligated or expended for the integration of the JSTARS radar on any airborne platform until after the completion of a joint hearing of the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the subject of deep strike interdiction or until after December 1, 1983, whichever occurs first.

ANTIBALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE SYSTEM RESEARCH

Funding restriction.

SEC. 208. (a) Subject to subsection (b), the Secretary of Defense may use not more than $50,400,000 of amounts appropriated pursuant to an authorization of appropriations in this title which are not obligated for any other purpose to carry out research, development, test, and evaluation on the Ballistic Missile Defense systems technology program of the Army. The amount authorized under the preceding sentence—

(1) is in addition to any amount authorized to be appropriated by this title to carry out research, development, test, and evaluation on the Ballistic Missile Defense systems technology program of the Army; and

(2) is not an addition to the total of the authorizations of appropriations contained in this Act.

(b) Funds for the purpose of subsection (a) may not be derived from amounts appropriated for Army tactical conventional programs. Funding restriction.

TITLE III—OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 301. (a) ARMY.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1984 in the total amount of $17,523,091,000 for expenses, not otherwise provided for, for the operation and maintenance of the Army as follows:

(1) For general purpose forces, $6,389,569,000.
(2) For intelligence and communications, $1,025,578,000.
(3) For central supply and maintenance, $5,005,214,000.
(4) For training, medical, and other general personnel activities, $3,858,200,000.
(5) For administration, $1,138,288,000.
(6) For support of other nations, $106,242,000.

(b) NAVY.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1984 in the total amount of $22,489,400,000 for expenses, not otherwise provided for, for the operation and maintenance of the Navy and the Marine Corps as follows:

(1) For strategic forces, $1,974,261,000.
(2) For general purpose forces, $10,645,207,000.
(3) For intelligence and communications, $1,063,381,000.
(4) For central supply and maintenance, $6,160,033,000.
(5) For training, medical, and other general personnel activities, $1,987,832,000.
(6) For administration, $656,166,000.
(7) For support of other nations, $2,520,000.

(c) MARINE CORPS.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1984 in the total amount of $1,554,700,000 for expenses, not otherwise provided for, for the operation and maintenance of the Marine Corps as follows:

(1) For general purpose forces, $910,501,000.
(2) For central supply and maintenance, $337,123,000.
(3) For training, medical, and other general personnel activities, $210,773,000.
(4) For administration, $96,303,000.

(d) AIR FORCE.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1984 in the total amount of $18,061,100,000 for expenses, not otherwise provided for, for the operation and maintenance of the Air Force as follows:

(1) For strategic forces, $3,100,886,000.
(2) For general purpose forces, $3,966,062,000.
(3) For intelligence and communications, $1,792,317,000.
(4) For airlift and sealift, $1,182,783,000.
(5) For central supply and maintenance, $5,483,689,000.
(6) For training, medical, and other general personnel activities, $1,986,810,000.
(7) For administration, $540,310,000.
(8) For support of other nations, $8,243,000.

(e) DEFENSE AGENCIES.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1984 in the total amount of $6,709,400,000 for expenses, not otherwise provided for, for the operation and mainte-

nance of activities and agencies of the Department of Defense (other than the military departments) as follows:

(1) For general purpose forces, $284,114,000.

(2) For intelligence and communications, $2,279,559,000.

(3) For central supply and maintenance, $1,559,231,000.

(4) For training, medical, and other general personnel activities, $2,164,915,000.

(5) For administration, $421,581,000.

(f) ARMY RESERVE.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1984 in the total amount of $685,500,000 for expenses, not otherwise provided for, for the operation and maintenance of the Army Reserve as follows:

(1) For mission forces, $398,470,000.

(2) For depot maintenance, $8,910,000.

(3) For other support, $278,120,000.

(g) NAVY RESERVE.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1984 in the total amount of $675,300,000 for expenses, not otherwise provided for, for the operation and maintenance of the Navy Reserve as follows:

(1) For mission forces, $413,148,000.

(2) For depot maintenance, $88,538,000.

(3) For other support, $173,614,000.

(h) MARINE CORPS RESERVE.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1984 in the total amount of $52,929,000 for expenses, not otherwise provided for, for the operation and maintenance of the Marine Corps Reserve as follows:

(1) For mission forces, $27,503,000.

(2) For depot maintenance, $1,589,000.

(3) For other support, $23,837,000.

(i) AIR FORCE RESERVE.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1984 in the total amount of $791,100,000 for expenses, not otherwise provided for, for the operation and maintenance of the Air Force Reserve as follows:

(1) For mission forces, $521,718,000.

(2) For depot maintenance, $131,149,000.

(3) For other support, $138,233,000.

(j) ARMY NATIONAL GUARD.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1984 in the total amount of $1,180,200,000 for expenses, not otherwise provided for, for the operation and maintenance of the Army National Guard as follows:

(1) For training operations, $223,357,000.

(2) For logistical support, $861,108,000.

(3) For headquarters and command support, $85,374,000.

(4) For medical support, $10,361,000.

(k) AIR NATIONAL GUARD.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1984 in the total amount of $1,808,900,000 for expenses, not otherwise provided for, for the operation and maintenance of the Air National Guard as follows:

(1) For mission forces, $1,292,200,000.

(2) For depot maintenance, $403,700,000.

(3) For other support, $113,000,000.

(l) NATIONAL BOARD FOR THE PROMOTION OF RIFLE PRACTICE, ARMY.—There is hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1984 the amount of $899,000 for the expenses of the Secretary of the Army, upon the recommendation of the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice, under section 4308 of title 10,

United States Code, and the expenses of the Secretary of the Army under sections 4309 and 4313 of such title. 10 USC 4309, 4313.

(m) CLAIMS, DEFENSE.—There is hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1984 the amount of $172,900,000 for payment, not otherwise provided for, of claims authorized by law to be paid by the Department of Defense (except for civil functions).

(n) COURT OF MILITARY APPEALS, DEFENSE.—There is hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1984 the amount of $3,372,000 for salaries and expenses for the United States Court of Military Appeals.

GENERAL AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR PAY RAISES, FUEL COSTS, AND INFLATION ADJUSTMENTS

SEC. 302. There are authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1984, in addition to the amounts authorized to be appropriated in section 301, such sums as may be necessary—

(1) for increases in salary, pay, retirement, and other employee benefits authorized by law for civilian employees of the Department of Defense whose compensation is provided for by funds authorized to be appropriated in section 301;

(2) for unbudgeted increases in fuel costs; and

(3) for increases as the result of inflation in the cost of activities authorized by section 301.

PROHIBITION OF USE OF VESSELS WITH FOREIGN-BUILT MAJOR COMPONENTS UNDER CERTAIN LEASES OR SERVICE CONTRACTS

SEC. 303. (a)(1) None of the funds appropriated pursuant to the authorizations of appropriations in section 301 may be obligated or expended for the lease of a vessel which has not previously been placed in service, or for the provision of a service through use by a contractor of a vessel which has not previously been placed in service, under a contract which will be for a long term or under which the United States will have a substantial termination liability and under which the vessel involved will have a main propulsion system or other major component of the hull or superstructure not built in the United States.

(2) None of the funds appropriated pursuant to the authorizations of appropriations in section 301 may be obligated or expended for a contract that is an agreement to lease or an agreement to provide services and that is (or will be) accompanied by a contract for the actual lease or provision of services if the contract for the actual lease or provision of services is (or will be) a contract described in paragraph (1).

(b) For purposes of subsection (a)—

(1) a contract shall be considered to be for a long term if the term of the contract, including all options under the contract, is for more than 5 years; and

(2) the United States shall be considered to have a substantial termination liability under a contract if, as determined under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense, the sum of—

(A) the present value of the amount of the termination liability of the United States under the contract as of the end of the term of the contract (exclusive of any option to extend the contract), and

(B) the present value of the total of the payments to be made by the United States under the contract (excluding any option to extend the contract) attributable to capital-hire,

is more than one-half the price of the vessel involved.

(c) Subsection (a) does not apply with respect to a contract entered into before the date of the enactment of this Act.

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR ASSISTANCE FOR 1984 GAMES OF THE XXIII OLYMPIAD

SEC. 304. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Defense is authorized—

(1) to provide logistical support and personnel services to the 1984 games of the XXIII Olympiad;

(2) to lend and provide equipment in support of the 1984 games of the XXIII Olympiad; and

(3) to provide such other services in support of the 1984 games of the XXIII Olympiad as the Secretary may consider advisable.

(b) There is authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense for fiscal 1984 an amount not to exceed $50,000,000 for the purpose of carrying out subsection (a). Except for funds used for pay and nontravel related allowances for members of the Armed Forces (other than members of the reserve components called or ordered to active duty to provide support for the XXIII Olympiad), no funds may be obligated for such purpose unless specifically appropriated for such purpose. The costs for pay and nontravel related allowances of members of the Armed Forces (other than members of the reserve components called or ordered to active duty to provide support for the XXIII Olympiad) may not be charged to appropriations made pursuant to this authorization.

Presidential approval of justification.

(c) None of the funds appropriated pursuant to the authorization contained in this section may be obligated until the President approves the justification for the assistance described in subsection (a) submitted by the Olympic Law Enforcement Coordination Council. The justification shall include an explanation of the necessity for the requested support for security, medical services, and for related equipment or other support. The justification shall also include the operational responsibilities and financial limitations of each governmental agency represented on the Council. Such justification shall be presented in such detail as the Secretary of Defense considers necessary.

Copies forwarded to congressional committees.

(d) Upon approval of the justification referred to in subsection (c) by the President, a copy of such justification shall be forwarded to the Committees on Armed Services and on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives.

SHELTER FOR THE HOMELESS AT MILITARY INSTALLATIONS

SEC. 305. (a)(1) Chapter 151 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

10 USC 2546.

"§ 2546. Shelter for homeless; incidental services

"(a)(1) The Secretary of a military department may make military installations under his jurisdiction available for the furnishing of shelter to persons without adequate shelter. The Secretary may, incidental to the furnishing of such shelter, provide services as

described in subsection (b). Shelter and incidental services provided under this section may be provided without reimbursement.

"(2) The Secretary concerned shall carry out this section in cooperation with appropriate State and local governmental entities and charitable organizations. The Secretary shall, to the maximum extent practicable, use the services and personnel of such entities and organizations in determining to whom and the circumstances under which shelter is furnished under this section.

"(b) Services that may be provided incident to the furnishing of shelter under this section are the following:

"(1) Utilities.
"(2) Bedding.
"(3) Security.
"(4) Transportation.
"(5) Renovation of facilities.
"(6) Minor repairs undertaken specifically to make suitable space available for shelter to be provided under this section.
"(7) Property liability insurance.

"(c) Shelter and incidental services may only be provided under this section to the extent that the Secretary concerned determines will not interfere with military preparedness or ongoing military functions.

"(d) The Secretary of Defense shall prescribe regulations for the administration of this section.". Regulations.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"2546. Shelter for homeless; incidental services.".

(b) Section 2546 of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), shall take effect on October 1, 1983. Effective date. 10 USC 2546 note.

TITLE IV—ACTIVE FORCES

AUTHORIZATION OF END STRENGTHS

SEC. 401. The Armed Forces are authorized strengths for active duty personnel as of September 30, 1984, as follows:

(1) The Army, 780,000.
(2) The Navy, 564,800.
(3) The Marine Corps, 196,600.
(4) The Air Force, 594,500.

QUALITY CONTROL ON ENLISTMENTS INTO THE ARMY FOR FISCAL YEAR 1984

SEC. 402. Effective on October 1, 1983, section 302(a) of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1981 (Public Law 96-342; 10 U.S.C. 520 note), is amended by striking out "October 1, 1982" and "September 30, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1983" and "September 30, 1984", respectively. Effective date.

EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY FOR THE TEMPORARY PROMOTIONS OF CERTAIN NAVY LIEUTENANTS

SEC. 403. Section 5721(f) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out "September 30, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1984".

LIMIT ON FUNDS FOR PERMANENT CHANGE OF STATION (PCS) TRAVEL DURING FISCAL YEAR 1984

SEC. 404. (a)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), during fiscal year 1984, not more than $2,585,626,000 may be spent from funds available to the Department of Defense for permanent change of station travel (including all expenses of such travel for organizational movements). Assignments for temporary duty may not be increased in order to circumvent the limitation in the preceding sentence.

Notification of congressional committees on exceeding limit.

(2) The limit on expenditures specified in paragraph (1) may be exceeded if the Secretary of Defense notifies the Committees on Armed Services and on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives of the need to exceed such limit and identifies the source of the funds that will be used for that purpose.

(b) The Secretary of Defense shall take such steps as are necessary, consistent with the requirements of military readiness, to reduce the number of permanent changes of station of members of the Armed Forces. Such steps may include—

(1) reductions to the minimum essential level in the number of permanent changes of station required within the continental United States;

(2) extensions of the length of tours of duty overseas in locations other than locations that do not allow for accompanied tours; and

(3) reductions in the number of active duty military personnel stationed outside the continental United States.

TITLE V—RESERVE FORCES

AUTHORIZATION OF AVERAGE STRENGTHS FOR SELECTED RESERVE

10 USC 261 note.

SEC. 501. (a) For fiscal year 1984 the Selected Reserve of the reserve components of the Armed Forces shall be programed to attain average strengths of not less than the following:

(1) The Army National Guard of the United States, 425,000.
(2) The Army Reserve, 273,700.
(3) The Naval Reserve, 112,600.
(4) The Marine Corps Reserve, 40,300.
(5) The Air National Guard of the United States, 103,400.
(6) The Air Force Reserve, 68,600.
(7) The Coast Guard Reserve, 12,000.

Reduction.

(b) The average strength prescribed by subsection (a) for the Selected Reserve of any reserve component shall be proportionately reduced by (1) the total authorized strength of units organized to serve as units of the Selected Reserve of such component which are on active duty (other than for training) at any time during the fiscal year, and (2) the total number of individual members not in units organized to serve as units of the Selected Reserve of such component who are on active duty (other than for training or for unsatisfactory participation in training) without their consent at any time during the fiscal year. Whenever such units or such individual members are released from active duty during any fiscal year, the average strength prescribed for such fiscal year for the Selected Reserve of such reserve component shall be proportionately increased by the total authorized strength of such units and by the total number of such individual members.

Increase.

AUTHORIZATION OF END STRENGTHS FOR RESERVES ON ACTIVE DUTY IN SUPPORT OF THE RESERVES

SEC. 502. Within the average strengths prescribed in section 501, the reserve components of the Armed Forces and the National Guard are authorized, as of September 30, 1984, the following number of Reserves to be serving on full-time active duty, and members of the National Guard to be serving in a full-time duty status, for the purpose of organizing, administering, recruiting, instructing, or training the reserve components or the National Guard:

(1) The Army National Guard and the Army National Guard of the United States, 18,194.

(2) The Army Reserve, 9,914.

(3) The Naval Reserve, 13,846.

(4) The Marine Corps Reserve, 801.

(5) The Air National Guard and the Air National Guard of the United States, 5,915.

(6) The Air Force Reserve, 517.

(b) Upon a determination by the Secretary of Defense that such action is in the national interest, the end strengths prescribed by subsection (a) may be increased by a total of not more than the number equal to 2 percent of the total end strengths prescribed. Increase.

INCREASE IN NUMBER OF CERTAIN PERSONNEL AUTHORIZED TO BE ON ACTIVE DUTY IN SUPPORT OF THE RESERVE COMPONENTS

SEC. 503. (a) The table in section 517(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to appear as follows:

"Grade	Army	Navy	Air Force	Marine Corps
E-9	314	156	143	6
E-8	1,494	381	617	56".

(b) The table in section 524(a) of such title is amended to appear as follows: 10 USC 524.

"Grade	Army	Navy	Air Force	Marine Corps
Major or Lieutenant Commander	1,948	823	408	95
Lieutenant Colonel or Commander	967	520	303	48
Colonel or Navy Captain	338	177	171	23".

(c) The amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) shall take effect on October 1, 1983. Effective date. 10 USC 517 note.

CLARIFICATION OF STATUS OF CERTAIN MEMBERS OF THE NATIONAL GUARD SERVING IN A FULL-TIME STATUS

SEC. 504. (a) Section 502 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1983 (Public Law 97-252; 96 Stat. 726), is amended—

(1) by inserting "and the National Guard" after "the Armed Forces";

(2) by inserting ", and members of the National Guard to be serving in a full-time duty status," after "active duty";

(3) by inserting "or the National Guard" after "reserve components" the second place it appears;

(4) by striking out paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(1) The Army National Guard and the Army National Guard of the United States, 14,419."; and

(5) by striking out paragraph (5) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(5) The Air National Guard and the Air National Guard of the United States, 5,158.".

(b)(1) Chapter 3 of title 32, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

32 USC 335.

"§ 335. Status of certain members performing full-time duty

"Members of the National Guard serving in a full-time duty status for the purpose of organizing, administering, recruiting, instructing, or training the National Guard shall be entitled to all rights, privileges, and benefits of members called to active duty under section 265 of title 10 and shall be considered to be serving on active duty for purposes of sections 524(a) and 976 of such title.".

10 USC 265.
10 USC 524, 976.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"335. Status of certain members performing full-time duty.".

Legislation, submittal to congressional committees.

(c) Not later than November 15, 1983, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a draft of legislation to provide on a permanent basis that members of the National Guard described in section 335 of title 32, United States Code, as added by subsection (b), are under State control except when explicitly ordered to Federal service in accordance with law.

TITLE VI—CIVILIAN PERSONNEL

AUTHORIZATION OF END STRENGTH

SEC. 601. (a) The Department of Defense is authorized a strength in civilian personnel, as of September 30, 1984, of 1,056,200.

(b) The strength for civilian personnel prescribed in subsection (a) shall be apportioned among the Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, the Department of the Air Force, and the agencies of the Department of Defense (other than the military departments) in such numbers as the Secretary of Defense shall prescribe. The Secretary of Defense shall report to the Congress within 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act on the manner in which the initial allocation of civilian personnel is made among the military departments and the agencies of the Department of Defense (other than the military departments) and shall include the rationale for each allocation.

Report to Congress.

Direct-hire and indirect-hire civilian personnel.

(c)(1) In computing the strength for civilian personnel, there shall be included all direct-hire and indirect-hire civilian personnel employed to perform military functions administered by the Department of Defense (other than those performed by the National Security Agency) whether employed on a full-time, part-time, or intermittent basis, but excluding special employment categories for

students and disadvantaged youth such as the stay-in-school campaign, the temporary summer aid program and the Federal junior fellowship program and personnel participating in the worker-trainee opportunity program.

Part-time career employees.
5 USC 3404.

(2) Personnel employed under a part-time career employment program established by section 3402 of title 5, United States Code, shall be counted as prescribed by section 3404 of that title. Personnel employed in an overseas area on a part-time basis under a nonpermanent local-hire appointment who are dependents accompanying a Federal civilian employee or a member of a uniformed service on official assignment or tour of duty shall also be counted as prescribed by section 3404 of that title.

Transferred or assigned functions, duties, or activities.

(3) Whenever a function, power or duty, or activity is transferred or assigned to a department or agency of the Department of Defense from a department or agency outside of the Department of Defense, or from another department or agency within the Department of Defense, the civilian personnel end-strength authorized for such departments or agencies of the Department of Defense affected shall be adjusted to reflect any increases or decreases in civilian personnel required as a result of such transfer or assignment.

Excess civilian personnel.

(d) When the Secretary of Defense determines that such action is necessary in the national interest, the Secretary of Defense may authorize the employment of civilian personnel in excess of the number authorized by subsection (a), but such additional number may not exceed 2 percent of the total number of civilian personnel authorized for the Department of Defense by subsection (a). The Secretary of Defense shall promptly notify the Congress of any authorization to increase civilian personnel strength under this subsection.

Notification of Congress.

CIVILIAN PERSONNEL CEILINGS ON INDUSTRIALLY FUNDED ACTIVITIES DURING FISCAL YEAR 1983

SEC. 602. In computing the authorized strength for civilian personnel prescribed in section 601(a) of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1983 (Public Law 97-252; 96 Stat. 727), any increase during fiscal year 1983 in the number of civilian personnel of industrially funded activities of the Department of Defense in excess of the number of civilian personnel employed in such activities on September 30, 1982, shall not be counted.

TITLE VII—MILITARY TRAINING STUDENT LOADS

AUTHORIZATION OF TRAINING STUDENT LOADS

SEC. 701. (a) For fiscal year 1984, the components of the Armed Forces are authorized average military training student loads as follows:

(1) The Army, 71,817.
(2) The Navy, 66,911.
(3) The Marine Corps, 21,105.
(4) The Air Force, 49,007.
(5) The Army National Guard of the United States, 21,105.
(6) The Army Reserve, 12,724.
(7) The Naval Reserve, 2,886.
(8) The Marine Corps Reserve, 3,223.
(9) The Air National Guard of the United States, 2,845.

(10) The Air Force Reserve, 1,705.

(b) The average military student loads for the Army, the Navy, the Marine Corps, and the Air Force and the reserve components authorized in subsection (a) for fiscal year 1984 shall be adjusted consistent with the manpower strengths authorized in titles IV, V, and VI of this Act. Such adjustment shall be apportioned among the Army, the Navy, the Marine Corps, and the Air Force and the reserve components in such manner as the Secretary of Defense shall prescribe.

Ante, pp. 629, 630, 632.

EXTENSION OF REDUCTION IN NUMBER OF STUDENTS REQUIRED TO BE IN A UNIT OF THE JUNIOR RESERVE OFFICERS' TRAINING CORPS

SEC. 702. Section 602 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1981 (10 U.S.C. 2031 note), is amended by striking out "August 31, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "August 31, 1984".

TITLE VIII—CIVIL DEFENSE

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 801. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1984 to carry out the provisions of the Federal Civil Defense Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. App. 2251 et seq.) the sum of $169,000,000.

AMOUNT AUTHORIZED FOR CONTRIBUTIONS FOR STATE PERSONNEL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

SEC. 802. Notwithstanding the second proviso of section 408 of the Federal Civil Defense Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. App. 2260), $54,000,000 of the amount authorized to be appropriated by section 801 is available for appropriations for contributions to the States under section 205 of such Act (50 U.S.C. App. 2286) for personnel and administrative expenses.

TITLE IX—MILITARY COMPENSATION AND HEALTH CARE MATTERS

PART A—PAY AND ALLOWANCES

PAY INCREASE OF 4 PERCENT FOR MEMBERS OF THE UNIFORMED SERVICES

37 USC 1009 note.

SEC. 901. (a) The adjustment required by section 1009 of title 37, United States Code, in certain elements of the compensation of members of the uniformed services to become effective on October 1, 1983, shall not be made.

Effective date.

(b)(1) Subject to the provisions of paragraphs (2) and (3), each element of compensation specified in section 1009(a) of title 37, United States Code, shall be increased for members of the uniformed services by 4 percent effective on April 1, 1984.

(2) The increase provided for in paragraph (1) shall not apply to enlisted members in pay grade E-1 with less than 4 months active duty.

(3) The President may allocate the percentage increase specified under paragraphs (1) and (2) in the same manner and to the same extent the President is authorized under subsections (c) and (d) of

section 1009 of title 37, United States Code, to allocate any percentage increase described in subsection (b)(3) of section 1009 of such title.

(c) Notwithstanding the effective date of April 1, 1984, prescribed in subsection (b) for the increase in compensation of members of the uniformed services, if an adjustment is made after the date of the enactment of this Act in the General Schedule of compensation for Federal classified employees and such adjustment is to become effective before April 1, 1984, the increase in the compensation of members of the uniformed services provided for in subsection (b) shall become effective on the first day of the first pay period for members of the uniformed services which begins on or after the effective date of the adjustment made in the compensation of Federal classified employees. Adjustment, applicability of effective date.

ADJUSTMENT IN BASIC PAY OF CERTAIN OFFICERS WITH PRIOR ENLISTED AND WARRANT OFFICER SERVICE

SEC. 902. (a) Section 203(d) of title 37, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(d) The basic pay of a commissioned officer who is in pay grade O–1, O–2, or O–3 and who is credited with a total of over four years' active service as a warrant officer or as a warrant officer and enlisted member shall be computed in the same manner as the basic pay of a commissioned officer in the same pay grade who has been credited with over four years' active service as an enlisted member.".

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect on October 1, 1983. Effective date. 37 USC 203 note.

HAZARDOUS DUTY PAY FOR CERTAIN TOXIC FUEL HANDLERS

SEC. 903. (a) Section 301(a)(12) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by inserting "or the testing of aircraft or missile systems (or components of such systems) during which highly toxic fuels or propellants are used" after "propellants".

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect on October 1, 1983. Effective date. 37 USC 301 note.

EXTENSION OF SPECIAL PAY FOR CERTAIN AVIATION CAREER OFFICERS

SEC. 904. (a)(1) Section 301b(e) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(2) During the period beginning on October 1, 1983, and ending on September 30, 1984, only agreements executed by officers of the Navy or Marine Corps who are pilots may be accepted under this section.

"(3) During the period beginning on October 1, 1983, and ending on September 30, 1984, only an agreement—

"(A) that is executed by an officer who—

"(i) has at least six but less than eleven years of active duty;

"(ii) has completed the minimum service required for aviation training; and

"(iii) has not previously been paid special pay authorized by this section; and

"(B) that requires the officer to remain on active duty in aviation service for either three or four years;

may be accepted under this section. An officer from whom an agreement is accepted during such period may be paid an amount not to exceed $4,000 for each year covered by that agreement if that officer agrees to remain on active duty for three years or an amount not to exceed $6,000 for each year covered by that agreement if that officer agrees to remain on active duty for four years. An agreement that requires an officer to remain on active duty in aviation service for six years may also be accepted during such period if the officer meets the requirements of clause (A) of this paragraph and the officer has completed less than seven years of active duty. An officer from whom such an agreement is accepted may be paid an amount not to exceed $6,000 for each year covered by the agreement.

"(4) An officer may not receive incentive pay under section 301 of this title for the performance of hazardous duty for any period of service which the officer is obligated to serve pursuant to an agreement entered into under this section.".

37 USC 301.

37 USC 301b.

(2) Section 301b(f) of such title is amended by striking out "September 30, 1982" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1984".

37 USC 301b note.

(b)(1) It is the sense of the Congress that eligibility for special pay for aviation career officers under section 301b of title 37, United States Code, should be made available only to officers who will likely be induced to remain on active duty in aviation service by receipt of the special pay.

Written report to Congress.

(2) The Secretary of the Navy shall submit to the Congress not later than July 1, 1984, a written report, approved by the Secretary of Defense, on the payment of special pay for aviation career officers under section 301b of title 37, United States Code, since the date of the enactment of this Act. Such report shall include—

(A) a list of the specific aviation specialties by aircraft type determined to be critical for purposes of the payment of special pay under such section since the date of the enactment of this Act;

(B) the number of officers within each critical aviation specialty who received the special pay under such section since the date of the enactment of this Act by grade, years of prior active service, and amounts of special pay received under such section;

(C) an explanation and justification for the Secretary's designation of an aviation specialty as "critical" and for the payment of special pay under section 301b of such title to officers who have more than eight years of prior active service and who are serving in pay grade O–4 or above, if payment of such pay was made to such officers; and

(D) an evaluation of the progress made since the date of the enactment of this Act toward eliminating shortages of aviators in the aviation specialties designated by the Secretary as critical.

HOSTILE FIRE PAY FOR MEMBERS SERVING IN AREAS THREATENING IMMINENT DANGER

SEC. 905. (a) Section 310(a) of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out "or" at the end of clause (2);

(2) by striking out the period at the end of clause (3) and inserting in lieu thereof "; or"; and

(3) by inserting after clause (3) the following new clause:

"(4) was on duty in a foreign area in which he was subject to the threat of physical harm or imminent danger on the basis of civil insurrection, civil war, terrorism, or wartime conditions.".

(b)(1) The heading of section 310 of such title is amended to read as follows: 37 USC 310.

"§ 310. Special pay: duty subject to hostile fire or imminent danger".

(2) The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 5 of such title is amended to read as follows:

"310. Special pay: duty subject to hostile fire or imminent danger.".

(c) The amendments made by this section shall take effect on October 1, 1983. Effective date. 37 USC 310 note.

FREEZE OF VARIABLE HOUSING ALLOWANCE AT FISCAL YEAR 1983 RATES

SEC. 906. During fiscal year 1984, the rates at which the variable housing allowance under section 403(a)(2) of title 37, United States Code, is paid shall be the same as the rates in effect on September 30, 1983. 37 USC 403 note.

VARIABLE HOUSING ALLOWANCE FOR RESERVES ON ACTIVE DUTY FOR A PERIOD OF 140 DAYS OR MORE

SEC. 907. (a) Section 403(a)(2) of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out "A member" in the first sentence of subparagraph (A) and inserting in lieu thereof "Except as provided in subparagraph (D) of this paragraph, a member"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraph:

"(D) A member of a reserve component is not entitled to a variable housing allowance while on active duty under a call or order to active duty specifying a period of less than 140 days.".

(b) The amendments made by subsection (a) shall apply only with respect to members called or ordered to active duty after September 30, 1983. 37 USC 403 note.

CLARIFICATION OF RULES FOR PAYMENT OF PER DIEM

SEC. 908. (a) Section 402(e) of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting "(1)" after "(e)"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(2) For purposes of subsection (b) of this section, a member shall not be considered to be performing travel under orders away from his designated post of duty if such member—

"(A) is an enlisted member serving his first tour of active duty;

"(B) has not actually reported to a permanent duty station pursuant to orders directing such assignment; and

"(C) is not actually traveling between stations pursuant to orders directing a change of station.".

(b) Section 404(f) of such title is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph: 37 USC 404.

"(3) For purposes of entitlement to per diem in place of subsistence under subsection (d)(2) of this section, a member shall not be considered under subsection (a)(1) of this section to be performing travel under orders away from his designated post of duty if such member—

"(A) is an enlisted member serving his first tour of active duty;

"(B) has not actually reported to a permanent duty station pursuant to orders directing such assignment; and

"(C) is not actually traveling between stations pursuant to orders directing a change of station.".

CLARIFICATION OF ALLOWANCE FOR TRANSPORTATION OF MOTOR VEHICLE

SEC. 909. Section 406(b)(1) of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting "(A)" before "Except as provided in paragraph (2)";

(2) by striking out the third and fourth sentences; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(B) Subject to uniform regulations prescribed by the Secretaries concerned, in the case of a permanent change of station in which the Secretary concerned has authorized transportation of a motor vehicle under section 2634 of title 10 (except when such transportation is authorized from the old duty station to the new duty station), the member is entitled to a monetary allowance for transportation of that motor vehicle—

10 USC 2634.

"(i) from the old duty station to—

"(I) the customary port of embarkation which is nearest the old duty station if delivery of the motor vehicle to the port of embarkation is not made in conjunction with the member's travel to the member's port of embarkation; or

"(II) the customary port of embarkation which is nearest to the member's port of embarkation if delivery of the motor vehicle to the port of embarkation is made in conjunction with the member's travel to the member's port of embarkation;

whichever is most cost-effective for the Government considering all operational, travel, and transportation requirements incident to such change of station; and

"(ii) from the customary port of debarkation which has been designated by the Government as most cost-effective for the Government considering all operational, travel, and transportation requirements incident to such change of station to the new duty station.

Such monetary allowance shall be established at a rate per mile that does not exceed the rate established under section 404(d)(1) of this title.".

37 USC 404.

TRANSPORTATION FOR DEPENDENT CHILDREN ATTENDING SCHOOL IN THE UNITED STATES WHEN THE MEMBER-PARENT IS STATIONED OVERSEAS

SEC. 910. (a)(1) Chapter 7 of title 37, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 429 the following new section:

"§ 430. Travel and transportation: dependent children of members stationed overseas 37 USC 430.

"(a) Under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of Defense, a member of a uniformed service who— Regulations.

"(1) is assigned a permanent duty station outside the United States,

"(2) is accompanied by his dependents at or near his oversea duty station (unless his only dependents are in the category of dependent described in clause (3) of this subsection), and

"(3) has a dependent child who is under 23 years of age attending a school in the United States for the purpose of obtaining a secondary or undergraduate college education,

may be paid the allowance set forth in subsection (b) of this section if he otherwise qualifies for such allowance.

"(b) A member described in subsection (a) of this section may be paid a transportation allowance for each unmarried dependent child, who is under 23 years of age and is attending a school in the United States for the purpose of obtaining a secondary or undergraduate college education, of one annual trip between the school being attended and the member's duty station in the oversea area and return. The allowance authorized by this section may be transportation in kind or reimbursement therefor, as prescribed by the Secretaries concerned. However, the transportation authorized by this section may not be paid a member for a child attending a school in the United States for the purpose of obtaining a secondary education if the child is eligible to attend a secondary school for dependents that is located at or in the vicinity of the duty station of the member and is operated under the Defense Dependents' Education Act of 1978. 20 USC 921 note.

"(c) Whenever possible, the Military Airlift Command or Military Sealift Command shall be used, on a space-required basis, for the travel authorized by this section.".

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"430. Travel and transportation: dependent children of members stationed overseas.".

(b) Section 430 of title 37, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), shall apply only with respect to travel begun after September 30, 1983. 37 USC 430 note.

CLARIFICATION OF ELIGIBILITY FOR SEPARATION PAY

SEC. 911. (a) Subsection (c) of section 1174 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(c)(1) Except as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3), a member of an armed force other than a regular member who after September 14, 1981, is discharged or released from active duty and who has completed five or more, but fewer than 20, years of active service immediately before that discharge or release is entitled to separation pay computed under subsection (d)(1) or (d)(2), as determined by the Secretary concerned, if—

"(A) the member's discharge or release from active duty is involuntary; or

"(B) the member was not accepted for an additional tour of active duty for which he volunteered.

"(2) If the Secretary concerned determines that the conditions under which a member described in paragraph (1) is discharged or separated do not warrant separation pay under this section, that member is not entitled to that pay.

"(3) A member described in paragraph (1) who was not on the active-duty list when discharged or separated is not entitled to separation pay under this section unless such member had completed at least five years of continuous active duty immediately before such discharge or release. For purposes of this paragraph, a period of active duty is continuous if it is not interrupted by a break in service of more than 30 days.".

(b) Subsection (g)(2) of such section is amended by inserting ", other than section 1212 of this title," after "any other provision of law".

Effective date. 10 USC 1174 note.

(c) The amendments made by this section shall take effect on October 1, 1983.

REIMBURSEMENTS FOR ACCOMMODATIONS IN PLACE OF QUARTERS

SEC. 912. (a) Paragraph (3) of section 7572(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(3) The total amount of reimbursement under this subsection may not exceed $9,000,000 for fiscal year 1981, $6,300,000 for fiscal year 1982, $1,700,000 for fiscal year 1983, and $1,300,000 for fiscal year 1984.".

10 USC 7572 note.

(b) Section 3 of Public Law 96-357 (94 Stat. 1182; 10 U.S.C. 7572 note) is amended by striking out "September 30, 1982" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1984".

ADVANCE PAYMENT OF TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION ALLOWANCES FOR ESCORTS AND ATTENDANTS OF DEPENDENTS

SEC. 913. (a) Section 1036 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Such allowances may be paid in advance.".

10 USC 1040.

(b) The last sentence of section 1040(a) of such title is amended by inserting ", and such expenses may be paid in advance" after "attendants".

10 USC 1036 note.

(c) The amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) shall apply to travel performed by escorts or attendants of dependents on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

PART B—RETIRED PAY MATTERS

LIMITATION ON APPLICABILITY OF ONE YEAR LOOK-BACK PROVISION

SEC. 921. (a)(1) Subsection (e) of section 1401a of title 10, United States Code, is repealed.

10 USC 1401a note.

(2)(A) Notwithstanding the repeal of such subsection, the provisions of such subsection shall apply in the case of any member or former member of the Armed Forces eligible to retire on the date of the enactment of this Act for a period of three years after such date in the same manner such provisions would have applied had they not been repealed.

(B) The amount of retired or retainer pay of any member or former member of the Armed Forces who was eligible to retire on the date of the enactment of this Act and who becomes entitled to

such pay at any time after the end of the three-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act may not be less than it would have been had he become entitled to retired or retainer pay on the day before the end of such three-year period.

(b) Subsection (f) of such section is amended by striking out ", subject to subsection (e) of this section," in the second sentence.

ROUNDING OF RETIRED PAY AND SURVIVOR ANNUITIES TO NEXT LOWER WHOLE DOLLAR AMOUNT

SEC. 922. (a)(1) Section 1401 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the second sentence the following new sentence: "The amount computed, if not a multiple of $1, shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of $1.".

(2) Section 1401a of such title is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection: 10 USC 1401a.

"(g) Retired or retainer pay of a member or former member of an armed force as adjusted under this section, if not a multiple of $1, shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of $1.".

(3) Section 1402(a) of such title is amended by striking out "as follows:" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "according to the following table. The amount recomputed, if not a multiple of $1, shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of $1.". 10 USC 1402.

(4) Section 1402(d) of such title is amended by striking out "as follows:" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "according to the following table. The amount computed, if not a multiple of $1, shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of $1.".

(5) Section 1402a(a) of such title is amended by striking out "as follows:" and inserting in lieu thereof "according to the following table. The amount recomputed, if not a multiple of $1, shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of $1." 10 USC 1402a.

(6) Section 1402a(d) of such title is amended by striking out "as follows:" and inserting in lieu thereof "according to the following table. The amount computed, if not a multiple of $1, shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of $1.".

(7) Section 3991 of such title is amended by inserting after the second sentence the following new sentence: "The amount computed, if not a multiple of $1, shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of $1." 10 USC 3991.

(8) Section 3992 of such title is amended by inserting after the sentence preceding the table the following new sentence: "The amount recomputed, if not a multiple of $1, shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of $1." 10 USC 3992.

(9) Section 6151 of such title is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection: 10 USC 6151.

"(e) Retired pay computed under subsection (b) or (c), if not a multiple of $1, shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of $1.".

(10)(A) Chapter 571 of such title is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"§ 6333. Treatment of fractions of dollar amounts in computing retired and retainer pay 10 USC 6333.

"Retired or retainer pay computed under this chapter, if not a multiple of $1, shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of $1.".

(B) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"6333. Treatment of fractions of dollar amounts in computing retired and retainer pay.".

10 USC 6383. (11) Section 6383 of such title is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(k) Retired pay computed under subsection (c), if not a multiple of $1, shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of $1.".

10 USC 8991. (12) Section 8991 of such title is amended by inserting after the second sentence the following new sentence: "The amount computed, if not a multiple of $1, shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of $1.".

10 USC 8992. (13) Section 8992 of such title is amended by inserting after the sentence preceding the table the following new sentence: "The amount recomputed, if not a multiple of $1, shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of $1.".

10 USC 1437. (14)(A) Section 1437(a) of such title is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "The monthly amount of an annuity payable under this subchapter, if not a multiple of $1, shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of $1.".

10 USC 1451. (B) Section 1451 of such title is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(e) The monthly amount of an annuity payable under this subchapter, if not a multiple of $1, shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of $1.".

(b) Section 423(a) of title 14, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Retired pay, if not a multiple of $1, shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of $1.".

33 USC 853o. (c) Section 16(a) of the Coast and Geodetic Survey Commissioned Officers' Act of 1948 (33 U.S.C. 853o) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Retired pay, if not a multiple of $1, shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of $1.".

(d) Section 211(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 212(a)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

42 USC 211. "(7) Retired pay computed under section 210(g)(3) or under paragraph (4) or (5) of this subsection, if not a multiple of $1, shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of $1.".

Effective date. 10 USC 1401 note. (e) The amendments made by this section shall take effect on October 1, 1983.

TERMINATION OF SIX-MONTH ROUNDING RULE FOR COMPUTING RETIRED PAY

SEC. 923. (a)(1) The text of each of the footnotes listed in paragraph (2) is amended to read as follows: "Before applying percentage factor, credit each full month of service that is in addition to the number of full years of service creditable to the member as one-twelfth of a year and disregard any remaining fractional part of a month.".

(2) The footnotes referred to in paragraph (1) are the following:

(A) Footnote 3 of the table in section 1401 of title 10, United States Code.

10 USC 1402. (B) Footnote 2 of the table in section 1402(a) of such title.

(C) Footnote 1 of the table in section 1402(d) of such title.

10 USC 1402a. (D) Footnote 1 of the table in section 1402a(a) of such title.

(E) Footnote 1 of the table in section 1402a(d) of such title.

10 USC 3991. (F) Footnote 4 of the table in section 3991 of such title.

(G) Footnote 2 of the table in section 3992 of such title. 10 USC 3992.
(H) Footnote 4 of the table in section 8991 of such title. 10 USC 8991.
(I) Footnote 2 of the table in section 8992 of such title. 10 USC 8992.

(b) Subsection (f) of section 1174 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(f) In determining a member's years of active service for the purpose of computing separation pay under this section, each full month of service that is in addition to the number of full years of service creditable to the member is counted as one-twelfth of a year and any remaining fractional part of a month is disregarded.".

(c)(1) Paragraph (2) of section 6151(b) of such title is amended to read as follows: 10 USC 6151.

"(2) In determining the number of years to be used as a multiplier under this subsection, each full month of service that is in addition to the number of full years of service creditable to a member is counted as one-twelfth of a year and any remaining fractional part of a month is disregarded.".

(2) The text of section 6328 of such title is amended to read as follows: 10 USC 6328.

"In determining the total number of years of service to be used as a multiplier in computing the retired pay of officers retiring under this chapter, each full month of service that is in addition to the number of full years of service creditable to an officer is counted as one-twelfth of a year and any remaining fractional part of a month is disregarded.".

(3) The first sentence of section 6330(d) of such title is amended to read as follows: "For the purposes of subsection (c), each full month of service that is in addition to the number of full years of service creditable to a member is counted as one-twelfth of a year and any remaining fractional part of a month is disregarded.". 10 USC 6330.

(4) The text of section 6404 of such title is amended to read as follows: 10 USC 6404.

"In determining the total number of years of service to be used as a multiplier in computing retired pay and separation pay on discharge under this chapter, each full month of service that is in addition to the number of full years of service creditable to a member is counted as one-twelfth of a year and any remaining fractional part of a month is disregarded.".

(d) The fourth sentence of section 423(a) of title 14, United States Code, is amended to read as follows: "In computing the number of years of service by which the rate of 2½ percent is multiplied, each full month of service that is in addition to the number of full years of service creditable to a member is counted as one-twelfth of a year and any remaining fractional part of a month is disregarded.".

(e) Subsection (b) of section 16 of the Coast and Geodetic Survey Commissioned Officers' Act of 1948 (33 U.S.C. 853o) is amended to read as follows: 33 USC 853o.

"(b) In computing the number of years of service of an officer for the purposes of subsection (a), each full month of service that is in addition to the number of full years of service creditable to a member is counted as one-twelfth of a year and any remaining fractional part of a month is disregarded.".

(f) Section 211(e) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 212(e)) is amended by striking out "a part of" and all that follows and inserting in lieu thereof "each full month of service that is in addition to the number of full years of service credited to an officer

is counted as one-twelfth of a year and any remaining fractional part of a month is disregarded.".

10 USC 1174 note.

(g) The amendments made by this section shall apply with respect to (1) the computation of retired or retainer pay of any individual who becomes entitled to that pay after September 30, 1983, and (2) the recomputation of retired pay under section 1402, 1402a, 3992, or 8992 of title 10, United States Code, of any individual who after September 30, 1983, becomes entitled to recompute retired pay under any such section.

RETIRED PAY FOR CERTAIN OTHERWISE INELIGIBLE RESERVISTS

SEC. 924. (a) Section 1331(c) of title 10, United States Code, relating to retired pay for nonregular service, is amended by striking out "unless he" the first place it appears and all that follows in such section and inserting in lieu thereof "unless—

"(1) he performed active duty after April 5, 1917, and before November 12, 1918, or after September 8, 1940, and before January 1, 1947; or

"(2) he performed active duty (other than for training) after June 26, 1950, and before July 28, 1953, after August 13, 1961, and before May 31, 1963, or after August 4, 1964, and before March 28, 1973.".

10 USC 1331 note.

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply with respect to retired pay payable for months beginning after September 30, 1983, or the date of the enactment of this Act, whichever is later.

ACCRUAL FUNDING FOR MILITARY RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SEC. 925. (a)(1) Title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after chapter 73 the following new chapter:

"CHAPTER 74—DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE MILITARY RETIREMENT FUND

"Sec.
"1461. Establishment and purpose of Fund; definition.
"1462. Assets of Fund.
"1463. Payments from the Fund.
"1464. Board of Actuaries.
"1465. Determination of contributions to the Fund.
"1466. Payments into the Fund.
"1467. Investment of assets of Fund.

10 USC 1461.

"§ 1461. Establishment and purpose of Fund; definition

"(a) There is established on the books of the Treasury a fund to be known as the Department of Defense Military Retirement Fund (hereinafter in this chapter referred to as the 'Fund'), which shall be administered by the Secretary of the Treasury. The Fund shall be used for the accumulation of funds in order to finance on an actuarially sound basis liabilities of the Department of Defense under military retirement and survivor benefit programs.

"Military retirement and survivor benefit programs."

"(b) In this chapter, 'military retirement and survivor benefit programs' means—

"(1) the provisions of this title creating entitlement to, or determining the amount of, retired or retainer pay; and

"(2) the programs under the jurisdiction of the Department of Defense providing annuities for survivors of members and

former members of the armed forces, including chapter 73 of this title, section 4 of Public Law 92-425, and section 5 of Public Law 96-402. 10 USC 1431 *et seq.*, 1448 notes.

"§ 1462. Assets of Fund 10 USC 1462.

"There shall be deposited into the Fund the following, which shall constitute the assets of the Fund:

"(1) Amounts paid into the Fund under section 1466 of this title.

"(2) Any amount appropriated to the Fund.

"(3) Any return on investment of the assets of the Fund.

"§ 1463. Payments from the Fund 10 USC 1463.

"(a) There shall be paid from the Fund—

"(1) retired pay payable to persons on the retired lists of the Army, Navy, Air Force, and Marine Corps;

"(2) retainer pay payable to members of the Fleet Reserve and Fleet Marine Corps Reserve; and

"(3) benefits payable under programs under the jurisdiction of the Department of Defense that provide annuities for survivors of members and former members of the armed forces, including chapter 73 of this title, section 4 of Public Law 92-425, and section 5 of Public Law 96-402. 10 USC 1431 *et seq.*

"(b) The assets of the Fund are hereby made available for payments under subsection (a). 10 USC 1448 notes.

"§ 1464. Board of Actuaries 10 USC 1464.

"(a)(1) There is established in the Department of Defense a Department of Defense Retirement Board of Actuaries (hereinafter in this chapter referred to as the 'Board'). The Board shall consist of three members, who shall be appointed by the President from among qualified professional actuaries who are members of the Society of Actuaries. Membership.

"(2)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the members of the Board shall serve for a term of 15 years, except that a member of the Board appointed to fill a vacancy occurring before the end of the term for which his predecessor was appointed shall only serve until the end of such term. A member may serve after the end of his term until his successor has taken office. A member of the Board may be removed by the President for misconduct or failure to perform functions vested in the Board, and for no other reason. Term of office. Removal.

"(B) Of the members of the Board who are first appointed under this subsection, one each shall be appointed for terms ending five, ten, and fifteen years, respectively, after the date of appointment, as designated by the President at the time of appointment.

"(3) A member of the Board who is not otherwise an employee of the United States is entitled to receive pay at the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay of the highest rate of basic pay then currently being paid under the General Schedule of subchapter III of chapter 53 of title 5, for each day the member is engaged in the performance of duties vested in the Board and is entitled to travel expenses, including a per diem allowance, in accordance with section 5703 of title 5. Pay and per diem allowance. 5 USC 5331. 5 USC 5703.

"(b) The Board shall report to the Secretary of Defense annually on the actuarial status of the Fund and shall furnish its advice and opinion on matters referred to it by the Secretary. Annual report to Defense Secretary.

Review.

"(c) The Board shall review valuations of the Fund under section 1466 of this title and under chapter 95 of title 31 and shall report periodically, not less than once every four years, to the President and Congress on the status of the Fund. The Board shall include in such reports recommendations for such changes as in the Board's judgment are necessary to protect the public interest and maintain the Fund on a sound actuarial basis.

Post, p. 647; 96 Stat. 1049.

10 USC 1465.

"§ 1465. Determination of contributions to the Fund

"(a) Not later than six months after the Board of Actuaries is first appointed, the Board shall determine the amount that is the present value (as of October 1, 1984) of future benefits payable from the Fund that are attributable to service in the armed forces performed before October 1, 1984. That amount is the original unfunded liability of the Fund. The Board shall determine the period of time over which the original unfunded liability should be liquidated and shall determine an amortization schedule for the liquidation of such liability over that period. Contributions to the Fund for the liquidation of the original unfunded liability in accordance with such schedule shall be made as provided in section 1466(b) of this title.

Original unfunded liability.

"(b)(1) The Secretary of Defense shall determine each year, in sufficient time for inclusion in budget requests for the following fiscal year, the total amount of Department of Defense contributions to be made to the Fund during that fiscal year under section 1466(a) of this title. That amount shall be determined as the product of—

"(A) the current estimate of the value of the single level percentage of basic pay to be determined at the time of the next actuarial valuation under subsection (c); and

"(B) the total amount of basic pay expected to be paid during that fiscal year to members of the armed forces (other than the Coast Guard) on active duty or in the Selected Reserve.

"(2) The amount determined under paragraph (1) for any fiscal year is the amount needed to be appropriated to the Department of Defense for that fiscal year for payments to be made to the Fund during that year under section 1466(a) of this title. The President shall include not less than the full amount so determined in the budget transmitted to Congress for that fiscal year under section 1105 of title 31. The President may comment and make recommendations concerning any such amount.

96 Stat. 908.

Actuarial valuation.

"(c)(1)(A) Not less often than every four years, the Secretary of Defense shall carry out an actuarial valuation of Department of Defense military retirement and survivor benefit programs. Each actuarial valuation of such programs shall include a determination (using the aggregate entry-age normal cost method) of a single level percentage of basic pay to be used for the purposes of subsection (b) and section 1466(a) of this title.

"(2) If at the time of any such valuation (or any valuation carried out in order to comply with chapter 95 of title 31) there has been a change in benefits under a military retirement or survivor benefit program that has been made since the last such valuation and such change in benefits increases or decreases the present value of amounts payable from the Fund, the Secretary of Defense shall determine an amortization methodology and schedule for the amortization of the cumulative unfunded liability (or actuarial gain to the Fund) created by such change and any previous such changes so that the present value of the sum of the amortization payments (or reductions in payments that would otherwise be made) equals the

96 Stat. 1049.

cumulative increase (or decrease) in the present value of such amounts.

"(3) If at the time of any such valuation (or any valuation carried out in order to comply with chapter 95 of title 31) the Secretary of Defense determines that, based upon changes in actuarial assumptions since the last valuation, there has been an actuarial gain or loss to the Fund, the Secretary shall determine an amortization methodology and schedule for the amortization of the cumulative gain or loss to the Fund created by such change in assumptions and any previous such changes in assumptions through an increase or decrease in the payments that would otherwise be made to the Fund. 96 Stat. 1049.

"(4) Contributions to the Fund in accordance with amortization schedules under paragraphs (2) and (3) shall be made as provided in section 1466(b) of this title.

"(d) All determinations under this section shall be made using methods and assumptions approved by the Board of Actuaries (including assumptions of interest rates and inflation) and in accordance with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices.

"(e) The Secretary of Defense shall provide for the keeping of such records as are necessary for determining the actuarial status of the Fund. Recordkeeping.

"§ 1466. Payments into the Fund 10 USC 1466.

"(a) The Secretary of Defense shall pay into the Fund at the end of each month as the Department of Defense contribution to the Fund for that month the amount that is the product of—

"(1) the level percentage of basic pay determined under the most recent (as of the first day of the current fiscal year) actuarial valuation under section 1465(c) of this title; and

"(2) the total amount of basic pay paid that month to members of the armed forces (other than the Coast Guard) on active duty or in the Selected Reserve.

Amounts paid into the Fund under this subsection shall be paid from funds available for the pay of members of the armed forces under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of a military department.

"(b)(1) At the beginning of each fiscal year the Secretary of the Treasury shall promptly pay into the Fund from the General Fund of the Treasury the amount certified to the Secretary by the Secretary of Defense under paragraph (3). Such payment shall be the contribution to the Fund for that fiscal year required by sections 1465(a) and 1465(c) of this title.

"(2) At the beginning of each fiscal year the Secretary of Defense shall determine the sum of the following:

"(A) The amount of the payment for that year under the amortization schedule determined by the Board of Actuaries under section 1465(a) of this title for the amortization of the original unfunded liability of the Fund.

"(B) The amount (including any negative amount) for that year under the most recent amortization schedule determined by the Secretary of Defense under section 1465(c)(2) of this title for the amortization of any cumulative unfunded liability (or any gain) to the Fund resulting from changes in benefits.

"(C) The amount (including any negative amount) for that year under the most recent amortization schedule determined by the Secretary of Defense under section 1465(c)(3) of this title

for the amortization of any cumulative actuarial gain or loss to the Fund.

"(3) The Secretary of Defense shall promptly certify the amount determined under paragraph (2) each year to the Secretary of the Treasury.

10 USC 1467.

"§ 1467. Investment of assets of Fund

"The Secretary of the Treasury shall invest such portion of the Fund as is not in the judgment of the Secretary of Defense required to meet current withdrawals. Such investments shall be in public debt securities with maturities suitable to the needs of the Fund, as determined by the Secretary of Defense, and bearing interest at rates determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, taking into consideration current market yields on outstanding marketable obligations of the United States of comparable maturities. The income on such investments shall be credited to and form a part of the Fund.".

(2) The tables of chapters at the beginning of subtitle A, and at the beginning of part II of subtitle A, of title 10, United States Code, are amended by inserting after the item relating to chapter 73 the following new item:

"74. Department of Defense Military Retirement Fund ..... 1461".

Effective dates.
10 USC 1464 note.

(b)(1) Section 1464 (relating to the Board of Actuaries) of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), shall take effect on October 1, 1983.

10 USC 1463 note.

(2) Sections 1463 (relating to payments from the Fund) and 1466 (relating to payments to the Fund) of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), shall take effect on October 1, 1984.

10 USC 1462 note.

(3) There shall be transferred into the Fund on October 1, 1984, any unobligated balances of appropriations made to the Department of Defense that are currently available for retired pay, and amounts so transferred shall be part of the assets of the Fund.

PART C—HEALTH-CARE MATTERS

CHAMPUS PROVISIONS

SEC. 931. (a) Section 1079 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) by striking out the period at the end of clause (5) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and

Inpatient mental health services.

(B) by inserting after such clause the following new clause:

"(6) inpatient mental health services may not (except as provided in subsection (i)) be provided to a patient in excess of 60 days in any year."; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsections:

"(i) The limitation in subsection (a)(6) does not apply in the case of inpatient mental health services—

"(1) provided under the program for the handicapped under subsection (d);

"(2) provided as residential treatment care;

"(3) provided as partial hospital care; or

"(4) provided pursuant to a waiver authorized by the Secretary of Defense because of extraordinary medical or psychologi-

cal circumstances that are confirmed by review by a non-Federal health professional pursuant to regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense.

"(j)(1) A benefit may not be paid under a plan covered by this section in the case of a person enrolled in any other insurance, medical service, or health plan to the extent that the benefit is also a benefit under the other plan, except in the case of a plan administered under title XIX of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.).

"(2)(A) The amount to be paid to a provider of services for services provided under a plan covered by this section may be determined under joint regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Health and Human Services which provide that the amount of such payments shall be determined to the extent practicable in accordance with the same reimbursement rules as apply to payments to providers of services of the same type under title XVIII of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.).

"(B) In subparagraph (A), 'provider of services' means a hospital, skilled nursing facility, comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility, home health agency, or other institutional facility providing services for which payment may be made under a plan covered by this section. "Provider of services."

"(k) A plan covered by this section may include provision of liver transplants (including the cost of acquisition and transportation of the donated liver) in accordance with this subsection. Such a liver transplant may be provided if— Liver transplants.

"(1) the transplant is for a dependent considered appropriate for that procedure by the Secretary of Defense in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services and such other entities as the Secretary considers appropriate; and

"(2) the transplant is to be carried out at a health-care facility that has been approved for that purpose by the Secretary of Defense after consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services and such other entities as the Secretary considers appropriate.".

(b) Subsection (d) of section 1086 of such title is amended to read as follows: 10 USC 1086.

"(d) The provisions of section 1079(j) of this title shall apply to a plan covered by this section.". *Ante*, p. 648.

(c) The amendments made by this section shall take effect on October 1, 1983, except that— Effective dates. 10 USC 1079 note.

(1) clause (6) of section 1079(a) of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a)(1), shall not apply in the case of inpatient mental health services provided to a patient admitted before January 1, 1983, for so long as that patient remains continuously in inpatient status for medically or psychologically necessary reasons; and

(2) subsection (k) of section 1079 of such title, as added by subsection (a)(1), shall apply with respect to liver transplant operations performed on or after July 1, 1983.

AUTHORITY FOR INCREASED USAGE OF CONTRACT HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS

SEC. 932. (a)(1) Chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

10 USC 1091.

"§ 1091. Contracts for direct health care providers

"(a) The Secretary concerned may contract with persons for services (including personal services) for the provision of direct health care services determined by the Secretary concerned to be required for the purposes of this chapter.

"(b) A person with whom the Secretary contracts under this section for the provision of direct health care services under this chapter may be compensated at a rate prescribed by the Secretary concerned, but at a rate not greater than the rate of basic pay and allowances authorized by chapters 3 and 7 of title 37 for a commissioned officer in pay grade O–6 with 26 or more years of service computed under section 205 of such title.".

37 USC 201 *et seq.*, 401 *et seq.*

37 USC 205.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"1091. Contracts for direct health care providers.".

Repeal.

(b)(1) Section 4022 of title 10, United States Code, is repealed.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 373 of such title is amended by striking out the item relating to section 4022.

Repeal.

(c)(1) Section 9022 of title 10, United States Code, is repealed.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 873 of such title is amended by striking out the item relating to section 9022.

(d) Section 201 of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out subsection (b);

(2) by redesignating subsections (c) through (f) as subsections (b) through (e), respectively; and

(3) by striking out "subsections (d) and (e)" in subsection (e), as redesignated by clause (2), and inserting in lieu thereof "subsections (c) and (d)".

Repeal. 37 USC 421.

(e) Chapter 7 of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out section 421; and

(2) by striking out in the table of sections at the beginning of such chapter the item relating to section 421.

Effective date. 10 USC 1091 note.

(f) The amendments made by this section shall take effect on October 1, 1983. Any contract of employment entered into under the authority of section 4022 or 9022 of title 10, United States Code, before the effective date of this section and which is in effect on such date shall remain in effect in accordance with the terms of such contract.

STUDIES AND DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS RELATING TO HEALTH AND MEDICAL CARE

SEC. 933. (a)(1) Chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding after section 1091 (as added by section 932) the following new section:

10 USC 1092.

"§ 1092. Studies and demonstration projects relating to delivery of health and medical care

"(a)(1) The Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, shall conduct studies and demonstration projects on the health care delivery system of the uniformed services with a view to improving the quality, efficiency, convenience, and cost effectiveness of providing health care services (including dental care services) under this title to members and former members and their dependents. Such studies and demonstration projects may include the following:

"(A) Alternative methods of payment for health and medical care services.

"(B) Cost-sharing by eligible beneficiaries.

"(C) Methods of encouraging efficient and economical delivery of health and medical care services.

"(D) Innovative approaches to delivery and financing of health and medical care services.

"(E) Alternative approaches to reimbursement for the administrative charges of health care plans.

"(F) Prepayment for medical care services provided to maintain the health of a defined population.

"(2) The Secretary of Defense shall include in the studies conducted under paragraph (1) alternative programs for the provision of dental care to the spouses and dependents of members of the uniformed services who are on active duty, including a program under which dental care would be provided the spouses and dependents of such members under insurance or dental plan contracts. A demonstration project may not be conducted under this section that provides for the furnishing of dental care under an insurance or dental plan contract.

"(3) The Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress from time to time written reports on the results of the studies and demonstration projects conducted under this subsection and shall include in such reports such recommendations for improving the health-care delivery systems of the uniformed services as the Secretary considers appropriate. Written reports to Congress.

"(b) Subject to the availability of appropriations for that purpose, the Secretary of Defense may enter into contracts with public or private agencies, institutions, and organizations to conduct studies and demonstration projects under subsection (a).

"(c) The Secretary of Defense may obtain the advice and recommendations of such advisory committees as the Secretary considers appropriate. Each such committee consulted by the Secretary under this subsection shall evaluate the proposed study or demonstration project as to the soundness of the objectives of such study or demonstration project, the likelihood of obtaining productive results based on such study or demonstration project, the resources which were required to conduct such study or demonstration project, and the relationship of such study or demonstration project to other ongoing or completed studies and demonstration projects.".

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"1092. Studies and demonstration projects relating to delivery of health and medical care.".

(b) Section 1092 of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), shall take effect on October 1, 1983. Effective date. 10 USC 1092 note.

MEDICAL MALPRACTICE PROTECTION FOR HEALTH-CARE PERSONNEL OF THE SOLDIERS' AND AIRMEN'S HOME

SEC. 934. (a) Subsection (a) of section 1089 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting "the United States Soldiers' and Airmen's Home," after "the Department of Defense,".

(b) Subsection (f) of such section is amended by striking out "or his designee may, to the extent that he or his designee deems" and inserting in lieu thereof "may, to the extent that the head of the agency concerned considers".

(c) Subsection (g) of such section is amended—

(1) by striking out "and" at the end of clause (2);

(2) by redesignating clause (3) as clause (4); and

(3) by inserting after clause (2) the following new clause (3):

"(3) the Board of Commissioners of the United States Soldiers' and Airmen's Home, in the case of an employee of the United States Soldiers' and Airmen's Home; and".

10 USC 1089 note.

(d) The amendments made by this section shall apply only to claims accruing on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

ADJUSTMENTS IN STIPEND PAID TO RECIPIENTS OF ARMED FORCES HEALTH PROFESSIONS SCHOLARSHIPS

SEC. 935. (a) Section 2121(d) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(d) Except when serving on active duty pursuant to subsection (c), a member of the program shall be entitled to a stipend at the rate of $579 per month. That rate shall be increased annually by the Secretary of Defense effective on July 1 of each year by an amount (rounded to the next highest multiple of $1) equal to—

"(1) the amount of such stipend (as previously adjusted (if at all)), multiplied by

"(2) the overall percentage of the adjustment (if such adjustment is an increase) in the rates of basic pay for members of the uniformed services made effective for the fiscal year in which the school year ends.".

Effective date. 10 USC 2121 note.

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect on October 1, 1983.

PART D—SURVIVOR BENEFITS

CLARIFICATION OF SURVIVOR BENEFITS COVERAGE FOR FORMER SPOUSES

SEC. 941. (a)(1) The second sentence of subsection (a)(5) of section 1448 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting "except in accordance with subsection (b)(3)" after "may not be revoked".

(2) Subsection (b) of such section is amended to read as follows:

"(b)(1) A person who is not married and does not have a dependent child when he becomes eligible to participate in the Plan may elect to provide an annuity to a natural person with an insurable interest in that person. In the case of a person providing an annuity under this paragraph by virtue of eligibility under subsection (a)(1)(B), such an election shall include a designation under subsection (e).

"(2) A person who has a former spouse when he becomes eligible to participate in the Plan may elect to provide an annuity to that former spouse. In the case of a person with a spouse or a dependent child, such an election prevents payment of an annuity to that spouse or child, including payment under subsection (d). If there is more than one former spouse, the person shall designate which former spouse is to be provided the annuity. In the case of a person providing an annuity under this paragraph by virtue of eligibility under subsection (a)(1)(B), such an election shall include a designation under subsection (e).

"(3)(A) A person—

"(i) who is a participant in the Plan and is providing coverage for a spouse or a spouse and child (even though there is no beneficiary currently eligible for such coverage), and

"(ii) who has a former spouse who was not that person's former spouse when he became eligible to participate in the Plan,

may (subject to subparagraph (B)) elect to provide an annuity to that former spouse. Any such election terminates any previous coverage under the Plan and must be written, signed by the person, and received by the Secretary concerned within one year after the date of the decree of divorce, dissolution, or annulment.

"(B) A person may not make an election under subparagraph (A) to provide an annuity to a former spouse who that person married after becoming eligible for retired or retainer pay unless—

"(i) the person was married to that former spouse for at least one year, or

"(ii) that former spouse is the parent of issue by that marriage.

"(C) An election under this paragraph may not be revoked except in accordance with section 1450(f) of this title and is effective as of the first day of the first calendar month following the month in which it is received by the Secretary concerned. This paragraph does not provide the authority to change a designation previously made under subsection (e). 10 USC 1450.

"(D) If a person who is married makes an election to provide an annuity to a former spouse under this paragraph, that person's spouse shall be notified of that election.

"(4) A person who elects to provide an annuity to a former spouse under paragraph (2) or (3) shall, at the time of making the election, provide the Secretary concerned with a written statement (in a form to be prescribed by that Secretary and signed by such person and the former spouse) setting forth whether the election is being made pursuant to a written agreement previously entered into voluntarily by such person as a part of or incident to a proceeding of divorce, dissolution, or annulment and (if so) whether such voluntary written agreement has been incorporated in, or ratified or approved by, a court order.". Written statement.

(3) Section 1450 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(A) by striking out "at the time the person to whom section 1448 applies became entitled to retired or retainer pay" in subsection (a)(4); and

(B) by inserting "(without regard to the eligibility of the person making the change of election to make an election under such section)" before the period at the end of the third sentence of subsection (f)(1).

(b) In the case of a person who on the date of the enactment of this Act is a person described in subparagraph (A) of subsection (b)(3) of section 1448 of title 10, United States Code (as amended by subsection (a)(2)), such subsection shall apply to that person as if the one-year period provided for in subparagraph (A) of such subsection began on the date of the enactment of this Act. 10 USC 1448 note.

(c)(1) Section 1447(8) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out "annulment, or legal separation," both places it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "or annulment".

(2) Section 1448(a)(3) is amended— 10 USC 1448.

(A) by inserting "for a former spouse" after "an annuity" the second place it appears in subparagraphs (A) and (B); and

(B) by striking out "of this section" both places it appears.

(3) Section 1450(f) of such title is amended— 10 USC 1450.

(A) by striking out "of this subsection" in paragraph (1); and

(B) by striking out "annulment, or legal separation," in paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof "or annulment,".

10 USC 1408 note.

(4) Section 1006(e)(3) of the Uniformed Services Former Spouses' Protection Act (title X of Public Law 97-252; 96 Stat. 738) is amended by striking out "section" and all that follows and inserting in lieu thereof "section 1072 of title 10, United States Code.".

EXTENSION OF MINIMUM INCOME PROVISION FOR CERTAIN WIDOWS

SEC. 942. (a) Section 4(a)(1) of the Act entitled "An Act to amend chapter 73 of title 10, United States Code, to establish a Survivor Benefit Plan, and for other purposes", approved September 21, 1972 (10 U.S.C. 1448 note), is amended by striking out "on the effective date of this Act is, or within one calendar year after that date becomes," and inserting in lieu thereof "on September 21, 1972, was, or during the period beginning on September 22, 1972, and ending on March 20, 1974, became,".

10 USC 1448 note.

(b) Any annuity payable by reason of subsection (a) shall be payable only for months after September 1983.

CLARIFICATION OF CONTINUING RESPONSIBILITY FOR FUNDING OF CERTAIN SURVIVORS' BENEFITS

42 USC 402 note.

SEC. 943. Section 156(g)(1) of Public Law 97-377 (96 Stat. 1922) is amended—

(1) by striking out "fiscal year 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "each fiscal year";

(2) by striking out "from the 'Retired Pay, Defense' account of the Department of Defense"; and

(3) by inserting between the first and second sentences the following: "During fiscal year 1983, transfers under this subsection shall be made from the 'Retired Pay, Defense' account of the Department of Defense. During subsequent fiscal years, such transfers shall be made from such account or from funds otherwise available to the Secretary for the purpose of the payment of such benefits and expenses.".

TITLE X—MILITARY PERSONNEL MATTERS

PART A—OFFICER PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT AND TRAINING

TEMPORARY MODIFICATION IN CERTAIN GENERAL AND FLAG OFFICER GRADE LIMITATIONS

10 USC 525 note.

SEC. 1001. (a) During fiscal year 1984, the number of officers of the Air Force authorized under section 525(b)(1) of title 10, United States Code, to be on active duty in the grade of general is increased by one.

(b) During fiscal year 1984, the number of officers of the Navy authorized under section 525(b)(2) of title 10, United States Code, to be on active duty in grades above rear admiral is increased by three. None of the additional officers in grades above rear admiral authorized by this section may be in the grade of admiral.

(c) During fiscal year 1984, a commissioned officer serving in the position of Director of the Intelligence Community Staff shall not be counted against the numbers and percentages of commissioned officers of the grade of such officer authorized for the Armed Force of

which he is a member, except that during such year only one commissioned officer of the Armed Forces occupying the position of Director of Central Intelligence or Deputy Director of Central Intelligence as provided for in section 102 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 403) or the position of Director of the Intelligence Community Staff may be exempt from such numbers and percentages at any one time.

PERFORMANCE OF CIVIL FUNCTIONS BY MILITARY OFFICERS

SEC. 1002. (a) Section 973 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out subsection (b) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(b)(1) This subsection applies—

"(A) to a regular officer of an armed force on the active-duty list (and a regular officer of the Coast Guard on the active duty promotion list);

"(B) to a retired regular officer of an armed force serving on active duty under a call or order to active duty for a period in excess of 180 days; and

"(C) to a reserve officer of an armed force serving on active duty under a call or order to active duty for a period in excess of 180 days.

"(2)(A) Except as otherwise authorized by law, an officer to whom this subsection applies may not hold, or exercise the functions of, a civil office in the Government of the United States—

"(i) that is an elective office;

"(ii) that requires an appointment by the President by and with the advice and consent of the Senate; or

"(iii) that is a position in the Executive Schedule under sections 5312 through 5317 of title 5.

5 USC 5312–5317.

"(B) An officer to whom this subsection applies may hold or exercise the functions of a civil office in the Government of the United States that is not described in subparagraph (A) when assigned or detailed to that office or to perform those functions.

"(3) Except as otherwise authorized by law, an officer to whom this subsection applies may not hold or exercise, by election or appointment, the functions of a civil office in the government of a State, the District of Columbia, or a territory, possession, or commonwealth of the United States (or of any political subdivision of any such government).

"(4) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to invalidate any action undertaken by an officer in furtherance of assigned official duties.

"(c) The Secretary of Defense, and the Secretary of Transportation with respect to the Coast Guard when it is not operating in the Navy, shall prescribe regulations to implement this section.".

Regulations.

(b) Nothing in section 973(b) of title 10, United States Code, as in effect before the date of the enactment of this Act, shall be construed—

10 USC 973 note.

(1) to invalidate any action undertaken by an officer of an Armed Force in furtherance of assigned official duties; or

(2) to have terminated the military appointment of an officer of an Armed Force by reason of the acceptance of a civil office, or the exercise of its functions, by that officer in furtherance of assigned official duties.

10 USC 973 note.

(c) Nothing in section 973(b)(3) of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), shall preclude a Reserve officer to whom such section applies from holding or exercising the functions of an office described in such section for the term to which the Reserve officer was elected or appointed if, before the date of the enactment of this Act, the Reserve officer accepted appointment or election to that office in accordance with the laws and regulations in effect at the time of such appointment or election.

(d) The Act entitled "An Act to grant the consent of the United States to the Red River Compact among the States of Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, and Texas", approved December 22, 1980 (94 Stat. 3305), is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"SEC. 5. (a) The President may appoint a regular officer of the Army, Navy, Air Force, or Marine Corps who is serving on active duty as the Federal Commissioner of the Commission.

"(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 973(b) of title 10, United States Code, acceptance by a regular officer of the Army, Navy, Air Force, or Marine Corps of an appointment as the Federal Commissioner of the Commission, or the exercise of the functions of Federal Commissioner and chairman of the Commission, by such officer shall not terminate or otherwise affect such officer's appointment as a military officer.".

Ante, p. 655.

MODIFICATIONS TO RESERVE OFFICERS' TRAINING CORPS SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM

SEC. 1003. (a)(1) Section 2101(3) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out the period and inserting in lieu thereof "(except that, in the case of a student enrolled in an academic program which has been approved by the Secretary of the military department concerned and which requires more than four academic years for completion of baccalaureate degree requirements, including elective requirements of the Senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps course, such term includes a fifth academic year or a combination of a part of a fifth academic year and summer sessions).".

10 USC 2104.

(2) Section 2104(a) of such title is amended by inserting "at least" before "two".

10 USC 2107.

(3) Section 2107(c) of such title is amended by inserting after the first sentence the following new sentence: "In the case of a student enrolled in an academic program which has been approved by the Secretary of the military department concerned and which requires more than four academic years for completion of baccalaureate degree requirements, including elective requirements of the Senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps course, financial assistance under this section may also be provided during a fifth academic year or during a combination of a part of a fifth academic year and summer sessions.".

(4) Section 209(a) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out "20" and inserting in lieu thereof "30".

(b)(1) Section 2005 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(f) The Secretary concerned shall require, as a condition to the Secretary providing financial assistance under section 2107 or 2107a of this title to any person, that such person enter into an agreement described in subsection (a). In addition to the requirements of

10 USC 2107, 2107a.

clauses (1) through (4) of such subsection, any agreement required by this subsection shall provide—

"(1) that if such person fails to complete the education requirements specified in the agreement, the Secretary will have the option to order such person to reimburse the United States in the manner provided for in clause (3) of such subsection without the Secretary first ordering such person to active duty as provided for under clause (2) of such subsection and sections 2107(f) and 2107a(f) of this title; and 10 USC 2107, 2107a.

"(2) that any amount owed by such person to the United States under such agreement shall bear interest at the rate equal to the highest rate being paid by the United States on the day on which the reimbursement is determined to be due for securities having maturities of ninety days or less and shall accrue from the day on which the member is first notified of the amount due to the United States as a reimbursement under this section.".

(2) The amendment made by paragraph (1) shall apply with respect to agreements entered into after September 30, 1983. 10 USC 2005 note.

(c)(1) Section 2107(b)(5) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(A) by striking out "either" in the matter preceding subparagraph (A)(ii);

(B) by striking out "or" at the end of subparagraph (A);

(C) by striking out the period at the end and inserting in lieu thereof "; or"; and

(D) by adding at the end the following:

"(C)(i) accept an appointment, if offered, as a commissioned officer in the Army, Navy, Air Force, or Marine Corps, as the case may be; and

"(ii) serve in a reserve component of that armed force until the sixth anniversary of the receipt of such appointment, unless such appointment is otherwise extended by subsection (d) of section 2108 of this title, under such terms and conditions as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the military department concerned.". 10 USC 2108.

(2) The second sentence of section 2107(b) of such title is amended—

(A) by inserting "or (5)(C)" after "(5)(B)"; and

(B) by striking out the period at the end and inserting in lieu thereof ", except that performance of service under clause (5)(C) shall include not less than two years of active duty.".

(3) The amendments made by this subsection shall apply with respect to agreements entered into under section 2107(b)(5) of title 10, United States Code, after September 30, 1983. 10 USC 2107 note.

SELECTION OF PERSONS FROM FOREIGN COUNTRIES TO RECEIVE INSTRUCTION AT THE SERVICE ACADEMIES

SEC. 1004. (a)(1) Section 4344 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"§ 4344. Selection of persons from foreign countries

"(a)(1) The Secretary of the Army may permit not more than 40 persons at any one time from foreign countries to receive instruction at the Academy. Such persons shall be in addition to the authorized

10 USC 4342.

strength of the Corps of the Cadets of the Academy under section 4342 of this title.

"(2) The Secretary of the Army, upon approval by the Secretary of Defense, shall determine the countries from which persons may be selected for appointment under this section and the number of persons that may be selected from each country. The Secretary of the Army may establish entrance qualifications and methods of competition for selection among individual applicants under this section and shall select those persons who will be permitted to receive instruction at the Academy under this section.

Pay, allowances, and emoluments.

"(b)(1) A person receiving instruction under this section is entitled to the pay, allowances, and emoluments of a cadet appointed from the United States, and from the same appropriations.

Reimbursement of U.S.

"(2) Each foreign country from which a cadet is permitted to receive instruction at the Academy under this section shall reimburse the United States for the cost of providing such instruction, including the cost of pay, allowances, and emoluments provided under paragraph (1) unless a written waiver of reimbursement is granted by the Secretary of Defense. The Secretary of the Army shall prescribe the rates for reimbursement under this paragraph.

"(c)(1) Except as the Secretary of the Army determines, a person receiving instruction under this section is subject to the same regulations governing admission, attendance, discipline, resignation, discharge, dismissal, and graduation as a cadet at the Academy appointed from the United States. The Secretary may prescribe regulations with respect to access to classified information by a person receiving instruction under this section that differ from the regulations that apply to a cadet at the Academy appointed from the United States.

"(2) A person receiving instruction under this section is not entitled to an appointment in an armed force of the United States by reason of graduation from the Academy.

"(d) A person receiving instruction under this section is not subject to section 4346(d) of this title.".

10 USC 4346.

Repeal.
10 USC 4345.

(2) Section 4345 of such title is repealed.

(3) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 403 of such title is amended by striking out the items relating to sections 4344 and 4345 and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"4344. Selection of persons from foreign countries.".

(b)(1) Section 6957 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"§ 6957. Selection of persons from foreign countries

"(a)(1) The Secretary of the Navy may permit not more than 40 persons at any one time from foreign countries to receive instruction at the Academy. Such persons shall be in addition to the authorized strength of the midshipmen under section 6954 of this title.

10 USC 6954.

"(2) The Secretary of the Navy, upon approval by the Secretary of Defense, shall determine the countries from which persons may be selected for appointment under this section and the number of persons that may be selected from each country. The Secretary of the Navy may establish entrance qualifications and methods of competition for selection among individual applicants under this section and shall select those persons who will be permitted to receive instruction at the Academy under this section.

"(b)(1) A person receiving instruction under this section is entitled to the pay, allowances, and emoluments of a midshipman appointed from the United States, and from the same appropriations. Pay, allowances, and emoluments.

"(2) Each foreign country from which a midshipman is permitted to receive instruction at the Academy under this section shall reimburse the United States for the cost of providing such instruction, including the cost of pay, allowances, and emoluments provided under paragraph (1) unless a written waiver of reimbursement is granted by the Secretary of Defense. The Secretary of the Navy shall prescribe the rates for reimbursement under this paragraph. Reimbursement of U.S.

"(c)(1) Except as the Secretary of the Navy determines, a person receiving instruction under this section is subject to the same regulations governing admission, attendance, discipline, resignation, discharge, dismissal, and graduation as a midshipman at the Academy appointed from the United States. The Secretary may prescribe regulations with respect to access to classified information by a person receiving instruction under this section that differ from the regulations that apply to a midshipman at the Academy appointed from the United States.

"(2) A person receiving instruction under this section is not entitled to an appointment in an armed force of the United States by reason of graduation from the Academy.".

(2) The item relating to section 6957 in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 603 of such title is amended to read as follows:

"6957. Selection of persons from foreign countries.".

(c)(1) Section 9344 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"§ 9344. Selection of persons from foreign countries

"(a)(1) The Secretary of the Air Force may permit not more than 40 persons at any one time from foreign countries to receive instruction at the Academy. Such persons shall be in addition to the authorized strength of the Air Force Cadets of the Academy under section 9342 of this title. 10 USC 9342.

"(2) The Secretary of the Air Force, upon approval by the Secretary of Defense, shall determine the countries from which persons may be selected for appointment under this section and the number of persons that may be selected from each country. The Secretary of the Air Force may establish entrance qualifications and methods of competition for selection among individual applicants under this section and shall select those persons who will be permitted to receive instruction at the Academy under this section.

"(b)(1) A person receiving instruction under this section is entitled to the pay, allowances, and emoluments of a cadet appointed from the United States, and from the same appropriations. Pay, allowances, and emoluments.

"(2) Each foreign country from which a cadet is permitted to receive instruction at the Academy under this section shall reimburse the United States for the cost of providing such instruction, including the cost of pay, allowances, and emoluments provided under paragraph (1) unless a written waiver of reimbursement is granted by the Secretary of Defense. The Secretary of the Air Force shall prescribe the rates for reimbursement under this paragraph. Reimbursement of U.S.

"(c)(1) Except as the Secretary of the Air Force determines, a person receiving instruction under this section is subject to the same regulations governing admission, attendance, discipline, resignation, discharge, dismissal, and graduation as a cadet at the Academy

appointed from the United States. The Secretary may prescribe regulations with respect to access to classified information by a person receiving instruction under this section that differ from the regulations that apply to a cadet at the Academy appointed from the United States.

"(2) A person receiving instruction under this section is not entitled to an appointment in an armed force of the United States by reason of graduation from the Academy.

"(d) A person receiving instruction under this section is not subject to section 9346(d) of this title.".

10 USC 9346.

Repeal.

(2) Section 9345 of such title is repealed.

10 USC 9345.

(3) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 903 of such title is amended by striking out the items relating to sections 9344 and 9345 and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"9344. Selection of persons from foreign countries.".

10 USC 4344 note.

(d)(1) Sections 4344(b)(2), 6957(b)(2), and 9344(b)(2) of title 10, United States Code, as added by this section, do not apply to the cost of providing instruction to a person who, before the effective date of this section, entered the United States Military Academy, the United States Naval Academy, or the United States Air Force Academy under section 4344, 4345, 6957, 9344, or 9345 of such title, as in effect on the day before such date. Any such person shall be counted against the maximum of 40 persons who may attend the Academy concerned at any time under any of those sections.

Effective date.

(2) The amendments made by subsections (a), (b), and (c) shall take effect one year after the date of the enactment of this Act and shall apply to each person entering the United States Military Academy, the United States Naval Academy, or the United States Air Force Academy after that effective date.

NOMINATIONS TO SERVICE ACADEMIES FROM GUAM AND FORMER CANAL ZONE AREA

SEC. 1005. (a)(1) Clause (10) of section 4342(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(10) One cadet from American Samoa, nominated by the Delegate in Congress from American Samoa.".

10 USC 6954.

(2) Clause (10) of section 6954(a) of such title is amended to read as follows:

"(10) One from American Samoa, nominated by the Delegate in Congress from American Samoa.".

10 USC 9342.

(3) Clause (10) of section 9342(a) of such title, is amended to read as follows:

"(10) One cadet from American Samoa, nominated by the Delegate in Congress from American Samoa.".

(b)(1) Clause (8) of section 4342(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(8) One cadet nominated by the Administrator of the Panama Canal Commission from the children of civilian personnel of the United States Government residing in the Republic of Panama who are citizens of the United States.".

10 USC 6954.

(2) Clause (8) of section 6954(a) of such title is amended to read as follows:

"(8) One nominated by the Administrator of the Panama Canal Commission from the children of civilian personnel of the

United States residing in the Republic of Panama who are citizens of the United States.".

(3) Clause (8) of section 9342(a) of such title is amended to read as follows: 10 USC 9342.

"(8) One cadet nominated by the Administrator of the Panama Canal Commission from the children of civilian personnel of the United States Government residing in the Republic of Panama who are citizens of the United States.".

APPOINTMENT OF CITIZENS OF NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS AS COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

SEC. 1006. (a) Notwithstanding any provision of law respecting citizenship and in accordance with the covenant entitled "A Covenant to establish a Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands in Political Union with the United States of America" (approved on March 24, 1976, by Public Law 94-241), a citizen of the Northern Mariana Islands who indicates in writing to a commissioned officer of the Armed Forces of the United States an intent to become a citizen, and not a national, of the United States upon full implementation of such covenant, and who is otherwise qualified for military service under applicable laws and regulations, may be appointed as an officer in the Armed Forces of the United States, may be appointed or enrolled in the Senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps program of any of the Armed Forces under chapter 103 of title 10, United States Code, and may be selected to be a participant in the Armed Forces Health Professions Scholarship program under chapter 105 of such title. 10 USC 532 note. 48 USC 1681 note. 10 USC 2101 *et seq.* 10 USC 2120 *et seq.*

(b) This section shall expire upon the establishment of the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands. Expiration date.

TRANSFER OF PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE OFFICERS TO OTHER UNIFORMED SERVICES

SEC. 1007. (a)(1) Section 716 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"§ 716. Commissioned officers: transfers among the armed forces, the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, and the Public Health Service

"(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the President, within authorized strengths and with the consent of the officer involved, may transfer any commissioned officer of a uniformed service from his uniformed service to, and appoint him in, another uniformed service. The Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Transportation, the Secretary of Commerce, and the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall jointly establish, by regulations approved by the President, policies and procedures for such transfers and appointments.

"(b) An officer transferred under this section may not be assigned precedence or relative rank higher than that which he held on the day before the transfer.

"(c) In this section, 'uniformed service' means any of the armed forces, the Commissioned Corps of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, or the Commissioned Corps of the Public Health Service.". "Uniformed service."

(2) The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 41 of such title is amended to read as follows:

"716. Commissioned officers: transfers among the armed forces, the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, and the Public Health Service.".

(b)(1) Chapter 53 of such title is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

10 USC 1043.

"§ 1043. Service credit: service in the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration or the Public Health Service

"Active commissioned service in the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration or the Public Health Service shall be credited as active commissioned service in the armed forces for purposes of determining the retirement eligibility and computing the retired pay of a member of the armed forces.".

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"1043. Service credit: service in the National Oceanic and Atomospheric Administration or the Public Health Service.".

10 USC 533.

(c)(1) Section 533(a)(1) of such title is amended by inserting ", the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, or the Public Health Service" after "in any armed force".

10 USC 1174.

(2) Section 1174(i) of such title is amended—

(A) by inserting "(1)" after "(i)"; and

(B) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(2) Active commissioned service in the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration or the Public Health Service shall be credited as active service in the armed forces for the purposes of this section.".

10 USC 3353.

(3) Section 3353(a)(1) of such title is amended—

(A) by striking out "chapters 337 and 363" and inserting in lieu thereof "this chapter and chapter 363"; and

(B) by inserting ", the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, or the Public Health Service" after "in any armed force".

10 USC 5600.

(4) Section 5600(a)(1) of such title is amended by inserting ", the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, or the Public Health Service" after "in any armed force".

10 USC 8353.

(5) Section 8353(a)(1) of such title is amended—

(A) by striking out "chapters 837 and 863" and inserting in lieu thereof "this chapter and chapter 863"; and

(B) by inserting ", the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, or the Public Health Service" after "in any armed force".

(d) Clause (13) of section 3(a) of the Act of August 10, 1956 (33 U.S.C. 857a(a)), is amended to read as follows:

Ante, p. 661.

"(13) Section 716, Commissioned officers: transfers among the Armed Forces, the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, and the Public Health Service.".

PART B—RESERVE COMPONENT MANAGEMENT

BONUSES FOR ENLISTMENTS, REENLISTMENTS, AND VOLUNTARY EXTENSIONS OF SERVICE IN ELEMENTS OF THE READY RESERVE OTHER THAN THE SELECTED RESERVE

SEC. 1011. (a) Chapter 5 of title 37, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 308f the following new sections:

"§ 308g. Special pay: bonus for enlistment in elements of the Ready Reserve other than the Selected Reserve 37 USC 308g.

"(a) An eligible person who enlists in a combat or combat support skill of an element (other than the Selected Reserve) of the Ready Reserve of an armed force for a term of enlistment of not less than six years, and who has not previously served in an armed force, may be paid a bonus as provided in subsection (b) of this section.

"(b) Eligibility for and the amount and method of payment of a bonus under this section shall be determined in accordance with regulations prescribed under subsection (g) of this section, except that the amount of such a bonus may not exceed $1,000.

"(c) A bonus may not be paid under this section for a term of enlistment to any person who fails to complete satisfactorily initial active duty for training or who, upon completion of initial active duty for training, elects to serve the remainder of the term of enlistment in the Selected Reserve or in an active component of an armed force.

"(d) A person who receives a bonus payment under this section and who fails during the period for which the bonus was paid to serve satisfactorily in the element of the Ready Reserve with respect to which the bonus was paid shall refund to the United States an amount which bears the same ratio to the amount of the bonus paid to such person as the period which such person failed to serve satisfactorily bears to the total period for which the bonus was paid. Refund.

"(e) An obligation to reimburse the United States imposed under subsection (d) of this section is, for all purposes, a debt owed to the United States.

"(f) A discharge in bankruptcy under title 11 that is entered less than five years after the termination of an enlistment for which a bonus was paid under this section does not discharge the person receiving such bonus payment from the debt arising under subsection (d) of this section. This subsection applies to any case commenced under title 11 after the date of the enactment of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984. 11 USC 101 *et seq.* *Ante*, p. 614.

"(g) This section shall be administered under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense for the armed forces under his jurisdiction and by the Secretary of Transportation for the Coast Guard when it is not operating as a service in the Navy. Regulations.

"(h) A bonus may not be paid under this section to any person for an enlistment after September 30, 1985. Restriction.

"§ 308h. Special pay: bonus for reenlistment, enlistment, or voluntary extension of enlistment in elements of the Ready Reserve other than the Selected Reserve 37 USC 308h.

"(a)(1) An eligible person who is or has been a member of an armed force and who reenlists, enlists, or voluntarily extends an enlistment in a combat or combat support skill of an element (other than the Selected Reserve) of the Ready Reserve of an armed force

for a period of not less than three years beyond any other period the person is obligated to serve may be paid a bonus as provided in subsection (b) of this section.

"(2) A bonus may not be paid under this section to a person who has failed to complete satisfactorily any original term of enlistment in the armed forces.

"(b) Eligibility for and the amount and method of payment of a bonus under this section shall be determined under regulations to be prescribed under subsection (f) of this section, except that the amount of such a bonus may not exceed $900.

Refund.

"(c) A person who receives a bonus payment under this section and who fails during the period for which the bonus was paid to serve satisfactorily in the Ready Reserve shall refund to the United States an amount which bears the same ratio to the amount of the bonus paid to such person as the period which such person failed to serve satisfactorily bears to the total period for which the bonus was paid.

"(d) An obligation to reimburse the United States imposed under subsection (c) of this section is, for all purposes, a debt owed to the United States.

11 USC 101 *et seq.*

"(e) A discharge in bankruptcy under title 11 that is entered less than five years after the termination of a reenlistment, enlistment, or extension for which a bonus was paid under this section does not discharge the person receiving such bonus payment from the debt arising under subsection (c) of this section. This subsection applies to any case commenced under title 11 after the date of the enactment of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984.

Ante, p. 614.

Regulations.

"(f) This section shall be administered under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of Defense for the armed forces under his jurisdiction and by the Secretary of Transportation for the Coast Guard when it is not operating as a service in the Navy.

"(g) A bonus may not be paid under this section to any person for a reenlistment, enlistment, or voluntary extension of an enlistment after September 30, 1985.".

Repeal.
37 USC 308d.

(b)(1) Section 308d of such title is repealed.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended—

(A) by striking out the item relating to item 308d; and

(B) by inserting after the item relating to section 308f the following new items:

"308g. Special pay: bonus for enlistment in elements of the Ready Reserve other than the Selected Reserve.

"308h. Special pay: bonus for reenlistment, enlistment, or voluntary extension of enlistment in elements of the Ready Reserve other than the Selected Reserve.".

Effective date.
37 USC 308g note.

(c) The amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) shall take effect on October 1, 1983.

(d) During fiscal year 1984, not more than $12,000,000 may be expended to carry out sections 308g and 308h of title 37, United States Code (as added by subsection (a)).

EXTENSION OF MEDICAL AND DENTAL CARE FOR RESERVISTS

SEC. 1012. (a)(1) Chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 1074 the following new section:

"§ 1074a. Medical and dental care for members of the uniformed services for injuries incurred or aggravated while traveling to and from inactive duty training

10 USC 1074a.

"(a) Under joint regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Health and Human Services, a member of the uniformed services is entitled to the benefits described in subsection (b) for an injury incurred or aggravated while the member is traveling directly to or from the place at which he is to perform, or has performed, inactive duty training, unless the injury is incurred or aggrevated as the result of the member's own gross negligence or misconduct.

"(b) A person described in subsection (a) is entitled to—

"(1) the medical and dental care appropriate for the treatment of his injury until the resulting disability cannot be materially improved by further hospitalization or treatment; and

"(2) subsistence during hospitalization.".

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1074 the following new item:

"1074a. Medical and dental care for members of the uniformed services for injuries incurred or aggravated while traveling to and from inactive duty training.".

(b) Section 204 of title 37, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(j) A member of the uniformed services who is entitled to medical or dental care under section 1074a of title 10 is entitled to travel and transportation allowances, or a monetary allowance in place thereof, for necessary travel incident to such care, and return to his home upon discharge from treatment.".

(c) The amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) shall apply only in cases of injuries incurred or aggravated on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Effective date. 10 USC 1074a note.

TEST PROGRAM ON LIMITED USE OF COMMISSARY STORES BY MEMBERS OF THE SELECTED RESERVE

SEC. 1013. (a) The Secretary of Defense shall carry out in one or more areas of the United States a test program under which members of the Selected Reserve of the Ready Reserve of a reserve component of the Armed Forces will be permitted to use commissary stores of the Department of Defense a number of days each year equal to the number of days the member performs active duty for training as a member of the Selected Reserve. Under any such test program, a member of the Selected Reserve shall be permitted a period of one year, from the date on which the member performs active duty for training, to use a day of eligibility for using commissary stores.

(b) The Secretary of Defense shall report the results of the test program to the Congress no later than September 30, 1984, together with such comments and recommendations as he determines appropriate.

Report to Congress.

GRADE DETERMINATION FOR PERSONS RECEIVING ORIGINAL APPOINTMENTS AS RESERVE MEDICAL OFFICERS OF THE ARMY OR AIR FORCE

SEC. 1014. (a) Section 3359 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out all that precedes clause (1) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the commissioned grade in which a person credited with service under section 3353 of this title is originally appointed as a reserve officer of the Army (based on the service credited under that section) shall be determined as follows:"; and

10 USC 3353.

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(b) In the case of a person who is originally appointed as a reserve officer in the Medical Corps of the Army during the period beginning on October 1, 1983, and ending on September 30, 1985, and who is credited with service under section 3353 of this title, the commissioned grade in which that person is appointed (based on the service credited under that section) shall be determined as follows:

"(1) For persons with at least four, but less than 14, years of service—captain.

"(2) For persons with at least 14, but less than 21, years of service—major.

"(3) For persons with at least 21 years of service—lieutenant colonel.

"(4) For persons with at least 23 years of service—lieutenant colonel or colonel, as the Secretary of the Army determines.".

(b) Section 8359 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out all that precedes clause (1) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the commissioned grade in which a person credited with service under section 8353 of this title is originally appointed as a reserve officer of the Air Force with a designation as a medical officer (based on the service credited under that section) shall be determined as follows:"; and

10 USC 8353.

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(b) In the case of a person who is originally appointed as a reserve officer of the Air Force with a designation as a medical officer during the period beginning on October 1, 1983, and ending on September 30, 1985, and who is credited with service under section 8353 of this title, the commissioned grade in which that person is appointed (based on the service credited under that section) shall be determined as follows:

"(1) For persons with at least four, but less than 14, years of service—captain.

"(2) For persons with at least 14, but less than 21, years of service—major.

"(3) For persons with at least 21 years of service—lieutenant colonel.

"(4) For persons with at least 23 years of service—lieutenant colonel or colonel, as the Secretary of the Air Force determines.".

10 USC 3359 note.

(c) Reserve officers in the Medical Corps of the Army and Reserve officers of the Air Force designated as medical officers who have at least four years of commissioned service and who on the date of the enactment of this Act have a reserve grade below the grade of

captain shall be eligible for immediate promotion to the grade of captain if otherwise qualified.

PROMOTION OF CERTAIN RESERVE COMMISSIONED OFFICERS SERVING ON ACTIVE DUTY

SEC. 1015. (a)(1) Section 3380 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"§ 3380. Commissioned officers: promotion of reserve commissioned officers on active duty and not on the active duty list

"(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a reserve commissioned officer on active duty for duty described in clause (1)(B), (1)(C), or (7) of section 523(b) of this title who is recommended by a selection board for promotion to, or found qualified for Federal recognition in, a higher reserve grade may, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense and subject to the limitations of section 524 of this title, be promoted to or extended Federal recognition in such higher reserve grade and may continue to serve on active duty, or be ordered to serve on active duty, in such higher reserve grade. Regulations. 10 USC 523. 10 USC 524.

"(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the service in grade for promotion purposes only of any reserve commissioned officer who is promoted to or extended Federal recognition in a higher reserve grade but whose promotion to or recognition in such higher reserve grade was delayed solely because of limitations imposed in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense under subsection (a) or contained in section 524 of this title, is the date such officer would have been promoted to or recognized in such higher reserve grade if the limitations did not exist. In computing service in grade for the purposes of determining the date for discharge or transfer to the Retired Reserve under chapter 363 of this title, the date the officer would have been promoted to or recognized in such higher grade had the limitations not existed shall be considered the date of promotion to or recognition in such higher grade. 10 USC 3843 *et seq.*

"(c) Regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense under subsection (a) shall prohibit the promotion of an officer under the authority of that subsection unless the duty assignment of the officer requires a higher grade than the grade currently held by the officer.

"(d) The authority to promote officers under this section shall expire on September 30, 1985.". Expiration date.

(2) The item relating to section 3380 in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 337 of such title is amended to read as follows:

"3380. Commissioned officers: promotion of reserve commissioned officers on active duty and not on the active duty list.".

(b)(1) Section 8380 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"§ 8380. Commissioned officers: promotion of reserve commissioned officers on active duty and not on the active duty list

"(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a reserve commissioned officer on active duty for duty described in clause (1)(B), (1)(C), or (7) of section 523(b) of this title who is recommended by a Regulations. 10 USC 523.

selection board for promotion to, or found qualified for Federal recognition in, a higher reserve grade may, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense and subject to the limitations of section 524 of this title, be promoted to or extended Federal recognition in such higher reserve grade and may continue to serve on active duty, or be ordered to serve on active duty, in such higher reserve grade.

10 USC 524.

"(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the service in grade for promotion purposes only of any reserve commissioned officer who is promoted to or extended Federal recognition in a higher reserve grade but whose promotion to or recognition in such higher reserve grade was delayed solely because of limitations imposed in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense under subsection (a) or contained in section 524 of this title, is the date such officer would have been promoted to or recognized in such higher reserve grade if the limitations did not exist. In computing service in grade for the purposes of determining the date for discharge or transfer to the Retired Reserve under chapter 863 of this title, the date the officer would have been promoted to or recognized in such higher grade had the limitations not existed shall be considered the date of promotion to or recognition in such higher grade.

10 USC 8843 *et seq.*

"(c) Regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense under subsection (a) shall prohibit the promotion of an officer under the authority of that subsection unless the duty assignment of the officer requires a higher grade than the grade currently held by the officer.

Expiration date.

"(d) The authority to promote officers under this section shall expire on September 30, 1985.".

(2) The item relating to section 8380 in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 837 of such title is amended to read as follows:

"8380. Commissioned officers: promotion of reserve commissioned officers on active duty and not on the active duty list.".

COMPUTATION OF YEARS OF SERVICE FOR MANDATORY TRANSFER OF CERTAIN RESERVISTS TO THE RETIRED RESERVE

SEC. 1016. (a) Section 3853 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in clause (1)—

(A) by inserting "and" at the end of subclause (A); and

(B) by striking out the comma and "and" at the end of subclause (B) and all that follows through "Public Law 85-861"; and

(2) by striking out the last sentence.

10 USC 3360.

(b) Sections 3360(b) and 3360(c) of such title are each amended by striking out the last sentence.

10 USC 8853.

(c) Section 8853 of such title is amended—

(1) by inserting "and" at the end of clause (1);

(2) by striking the semicolon and "and" at the end of clause (2) and inserting in lieu thereof a period; and

(3) by striking out clause (3).

Effective date. 10 USC 3360 note.

(d) The amendments made by this section shall be effective only for the period beginning on October 1, 1983, and ending on September 30, 1985.

AUTHORITY TO ORDER CERTAIN RETIRED MEMBERS OF RESERVE COMPONENTS TO ACTIVE DUTY

SEC. 1017. (a) Section 675 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting "or 688" after "672(a)".

(b)(1) Subsection (a) of section 688 of such title is amended by inserting ", a member of the Retired Reserve who has completed at least 20 years of active service, or a member of the Fleet Reserve or Fleet Marine Corps Reserve" in the first sentence after "Marine Corps". 10 USC 688.

(2) Subsection (b) of such section is amended by striking out "A retired member of the Regular Army, Regular Navy, Regular Air Force, or Regular Marine Corps" and inserting in lieu thereof "A member ordered to active duty under this section".

(3) The heading of such section is amended to read as follows:

"§ 688. Retired members".

(4) The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 39 of such title is amended to read as follows:

"688. Retired members.".

AUTHORITY TO PERMIT RETIRED ENLISTED MEMBERS OF REGULAR COMPONENTS TO BE PLACED VOLUNTARILY IN THE READY RESERVE

SEC. 1018. Section 269(d) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(d) Under such regulations as the Secretary concerned may prescribe, any qualified member of a reserve component or any qualified retired enlisted member of a regular component may, upon his request, be placed in the Ready Reserve. However, a member of the Retired Reserve entitled to retired pay or a retired enlisted member of a regular component may not be placed in the Ready Reserve unless the Secretary concerned makes a special finding that the member's services in the Ready Reserve are indispensable. The Secretary concerned may not delegate his authority under the preceding sentence.".

VALIDATION OF CERTAIN ARMY APPOINTMENTS MADE IN GRADES ABOVE THE GRADE OF SECOND LIEUTENANT

SEC. 1019. (a) The appointment of a person as a reserve commissioned officer of the Army in a grade above second lieutenant that was made during the period beginning on September 15, 1981 (the effective date of the Defense Officer Personnel Management Act (Public Law 96-513; 94 Stat. 2835)), and ending on August 24, 1982 (the date of a Department of the Army directive which terminated the appointments of reserve commissioned officers above the grade of second lieutenant under appointment criteria in effect before the effective date of the Defense Officer Personnel Management Act) shall be held and considered to be a valid appointment in the grade in which the appointment was made, subject to the consent of the officer concerned. 10 USC 101 note.

(b)(1) A reserve commissioned officer whose appointment in a grade above second lieutenant is validated by subsection (a) is entitled to all the rights, privileges, and benefits of the grade to which appointed as of the original date of that appointment, except that such officer is not entitled to any increase in pay or allowances

for any period prior to the date of the enactment of this section by virtue of the enactment of this section.

(2) An appointment validated by subsection (a) supersedes any appointment or enlistment of the person concerned made between August 25, 1982, and the date of the enactment of this Act.

PART C—OTHER PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT PROVISIONS

AUTHORITY OF PRESIDENT TO SUSPEND CERTAIN LAWS RELATING TO PROMOTION, RETIREMENT, AND SEPARATION

SEC. 1021. (a) Chapter 39 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding after section 673b the following new section:

10 USC 673c.

"§ 673c. Authority of President to suspend certain laws relating to promotion, retirement, and separation

"(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, during any period members of a reserve component are serving on active duty pursuant to an order to active duty under authority of section 672, 673, or 673b of this title, the President may suspend any provision of law relating to promotion, retirement, or separation applicable to any member of the armed forces who the President determines is essential to the national security of the United States.

10 USC 672, 673, 673b.

"(b) A suspension made under the authority of subsection (a) shall terminate (1) upon release from active duty of members of the reserve component ordered to active duty under the authority of section 672, 673, or 673b, as the case may be, or (2) at such time as the President determines the circumstances which required the action of ordering members of the reserve component to active duty no longer exist, whichever is earlier.".

(b) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 39 of such title is amended by inserting immediately below the item relating to section 673b the following new item:

"673c. Authority of President to suspend certain laws relating to promotion, retirement, and separation.".

AUTHORITY TO INCREASE TOTAL INITIAL TERM OF SERVICE IN THE ARMED FORCES

SEC. 1022. (a)(1) Section 511 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(A) in subsection (b), by striking out "six years" and inserting in lieu thereof "not less than six years nor more than eight years"; and

(B) in subsection (d), by striking out "six years" and inserting in lieu thereof "not less than six years nor more than eight years".

10 USC 511 note.

(2) The amendments made by paragraph (1) shall apply only with respect to persons who enlist under the authority of subsection (b) or (d) of section 511 of title 10, United States Code, 60 or more days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(b)(1) Subsection (a) of section 651 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(a) Each person who becomes a member of an armed force, other than a person deferred under the next to the last sentence of section 6(d)(1) of the Military Selective Service Act (50 U.S.C. App. 456(d)(1)) shall serve in the armed forces for a total initial period of not less

than six years nor more than eight years, as provided in regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense for the armed forces under his jurisdiction and by the Secretary of Transportation for the Coast Guard when it is not operating as a service in the Navy, unless such person is sooner discharged under such regulations because of personal hardship. Any part of such service that is not active duty or that is active duty for training shall be performed in a reserve component.".

(2) The amendment made by paragraph (1) shall apply only with respect to persons who enter the Armed Forces 60 or more days after the date of the enactment of this Act. Effective date. 10 USC 651 note.

VARIABLE TERMS FOR ENLISTMENTS AND REENLISTMENTS IN REGULAR COMPONENTS

SEC. 1023. Section 505 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out "two, three, four, five, or six years" in subsections (c) and (d) and inserting in lieu thereof "at least two but not more than six years".

PART D—MISCELLANEOUS

EXTENSION OF PERIOD DURING WHICH CERTAIN ACCUMULATED LEAVE MAY BE USED

SEC. 1031. (a) The last sentence of section 701(f) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting "third" after "end of the".

(b)(1) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act and shall apply to leave accumulated under section 701(f) of such title after September 30, 1980. Effective date.

(2) A member of the Armed Forces who was authorized under section 701(f) of such title to accumulate 90 days' leave during fiscal year 1980, 1981, or 1982 and lost any leave at the end of fiscal year 1981, 1982, or 1983, respectively, because of the provisions of the last sentence of such section, as in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act, shall be credited with the amount of the leave lost and may retain leave in excess of 60 days until (A) September 30, 1984, or (B) the end of the third fiscal year after the year in which such leave was accumulated, whichever is later, but in no case may such a member accumulate leave in excess of 90 days. 10 USC 701 note.

(3) Section 404 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1983 (Public Law 97-252; 96 Stat. 725), is repealed. Repeal.

TRANSPORTATION OF REMAINS OF MILITARY RETIREES DYING IN MILITARY HOSPITALS

SEC. 1032. (a)(1) Chapter 75 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section.

"§ 1490. Transportation of remains of members entitled to retired or retainer pay who die in a military medical facility 10 USC 1490.

"(a) Subject to subsection (b), when a member entitled to retired or retainer pay or equivalent pay dies while properly admitted under chapter 55 of this title to a medical facility of the armed forces located in the United States, the Secretary concerned may transport the remains, or pay the cost of transporting the remains, of the decedent to the place of burial of the decedent. 10 USC 1071 *et seq.*

"(b)(1) Transportation provided under this section may not be to a place outside the United States or to a place further from the place of death than the decedent's last place of permanent residence, and any amount paid under this section may not exceed the cost of transportation from the place of death to the decedent's last place of permanent residence.

"(2) Transportation of the remains of a decedent may not be provided under this section if such transportation is authorized by sections 1481 and 1482 of this title or by chapter 23 of title 38.

10 USC 1481, 1482; 38 USC 901 *et seq.*

"(c) In this section, 'United States' includes the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and the territories and possessions of the United States.".

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"1490. Transportation of remains of members entitled to retired or retainer pay who die in a military medical facility.".

10 USC 1490 note.

(b) Section 1490 of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), shall apply with respect to the transportation of the remains of persons dying after September 30, 1983.

FEE FOR VETERINARY SERVICES

Effective date. 10 USC 133 note.

SEC. 1033. Effective on October 1, 1984, the Secretary of Defense shall require that a member of the Armed Forces pay a fee of $10 for each time that a pet of such member is provided veterinary care service by a member of the Armed Forces.

EXTENSION OF PILOT DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE EDUCATIONAL ASSISTANCE LOAN REPAYMENT PROGRAM

SEC. 1034. Section 902(g) of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1981 (10 U.S.C. 2141 note), is amended by striking out "October 1, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1984".

TITLE XI—NATO AND RELATED MATTERS

NORTH ATLANTIC DEFENSE COOPERATIVE PROGRAMS

SEC. 1101. In order to fulfill the international obligations incurred by the United States under the North Atlantic Treaty Organization's Long-Term Defense Program for the rapid reinforcement of Europe, and recognizing that such action is in the national interest of the United States, the Secretary of Defense shall carry out commitments of the United States under the United States-German Wartime Host Nation Support Agreement of April 15, 1982, and under the Prepositioned Materiel Configured in Unit Sets (POMCUS) program by the earliest practicable date. The Secretary of Defense shall include in his annual report to the Congress a statement describing the status of implementation of such agreement and program, including his assessment of whether our allies are bearing their equitable share under such agreement and program and whether the implementation of such agreement and program adversely affects the readiness of the reserve components of the Armed Forces of the United States.

Report to Congress.

REPORT ON ALLIED CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE COMMON DEFENSE

SEC. 1102. (a) In recognition of the increasing military threat faced by the Western World and in view of the growth, relative to the United States, in the economic strength of Japan, Canada, and a number of Western European countries which has occurred since the signing of the North Atlantic Treaty on April 4, 1949, and the Mutual Cooperation and Security treaty between Japan and the United States on January 19, 1960, it is the sense of the Congress that— 22 USC 1928 note. 63 Stat. 2241. 11 UST 1632.

(1) the burdens of mutual defense now assumed by some of the countries allied with the United States under those agreements are not commensurate with their economic resources;

(2) since May 1978, when each NATO member nation agreed to increase real defense spending annually in the range of 3 percent, most NATO members, except for the United States, have failed to meet the 3 percent real growth commitment consistently and performance toward this goal in 1983 is estimated to be the most deficient, on average, since the goal was established;

(3) since May 1981, when the Government of Japan established its policy to defend the air and sea lines of communication out to 1,000 nautical miles from the coast of Japan, progress to develop the necessary self-defense capabilities to fulfill that pledge has been extremely disappointing;

(4) Japan is the ally of the United States with the greatest potential for improving its self-defense capabilities and should, therefore, rapidly increase its annual defense spending to the levels required to fulfill that pledge and to enable Japan to be capable of an effective conventional self-defense capability by 1990, including the capability to carry out its 1,000-mile defense policy, a development that would be consonant not only with Japan's current prominent position in the family of nations but also with its unique sensibilities on the issues of war and peace, sensibilities that are recognized and respected by the people of the United States; and

(5) the continued unwillingness of such countries to increase their contributions to the common defense to more appropriate levels will endanger the vitality, effectiveness, and cohesiveness of the alliances between those countries and the United States.

(b) It is further the sense of the Congress that the President should seek from each signatory country (other than the United States) of the two treaties referred to in subsection (a) acceptance of international security responsibilities and an agreement to make contributions to the common defense which are commensurate with the economic resources of such country, including, when appropriate, an increase in host nation support.

(c)(1) The Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Congress not later than March 1, 1984, a classified report containing— Classified report to Congress.

(A) a comparison of the fair and equitable shares of the mutual defense burdens of these alliances that should be borne by the United States, by other member nations of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO), and by Japan, based upon economic strength and other relevant factors, and the actual defense efforts of each nation together with an explanation of disparities that currently exist and their impact on mutual defense efforts;

(B) a description of efforts by the United States and of other efforts to eliminate existing disparities;

(C) estimates of the real growth in defense spending in fiscal year 1983 projected for each NATO member nation compared with the annual real growth goal in the range of 3 percent set in May 1978;

(D) a description of the defense-related initiatives undertaken by each NATO member nation within the real growth in defense spending of such nation in fiscal year 1984;

(E) an explanation of those instances in which the commitments to real growth in defense spending have not been realized and a description of efforts being made by the United States to ensure fulfillment of these important NATO commitments;

(F) a description of the activities of each NATO member and Japan to enhance the security and stability of the Southwest Asia region and to assume additional missions for their own defense as the United States allocates additional resources to the mission of protecting Western interests in world areas not covered by the system of Western Alliances; and

(G) a description of what additional actions the executive branch plans to take should the efforts by the United States referred to in clauses (B) and (E) fail, and, in those instances where such additional actions do not include consideration of the repositioning of American troops, a detailed explanation as to why such repositioning is not being so considered.

Report to Congress.

(2) The Secretary of Defense shall also submit to the Congress not more than 30 days after the submission of the report required under paragraph (1) an unclassified report containing the matters set forth in clauses (A) through (G) of such paragraph.

LIMITATION ON NUMBER OF MILITARY PERSONNEL STATIONED IN EUROPE

Funding restriction.

SEC. 1103. (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c), none of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this or any other Act may be used for the purpose of supporting an end-strength level, as of September 30, 1984, of members of the Armed Forces of the United States assigned to permanent duty ashore in European member nations of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) at any level in excess of 315,600.

(b) A number of United States military personnel in excess of 315,600, but not in excess of 320,000, may be permanently assigned to duty ashore in such European nations as of September 30, 1984, if—

Written certifications to Congress.

(1) the Secretary of Defense determines and certifies to the Congress in writing that on September 30, 1984, the total number of military personnel of NATO member nations, other than the United States, stationed in the Federal Republic of Germany will not be less than the total number of military personnel of such member nations stationed in that country on the date of the enactment of this Act;

(2) the Secretary of Defense certifies to the Congress in writing on or after June 1, 1984, that the budget for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1985 and the Five-Year Defense Plan of the Department of Defense for fiscal years 1985 through 1989 give significant priority to programs directly intended to im-

prove NATO's conventional capabilities, particularly its capability for deep interdiction;

(3) the Department of Defense has conducted a thorough and detailed analysis of the United States force and support structure in Europe which the Secretary of Defense submits to Congress on or after June 1, 1984, with his certification in writing that a number of United States military personnel in excess of 315,600 is required to meet the United States commitment to NATO; and

(4) the studies required by sections 1104 through 1107 have been conducted and the reports and recommendations resulting from such studies have been submitted to the Congress. Submittal to Congress.

(c) A number of United States military personnel in excess of 315,600 or in excess of 320,000 may be assigned to permanent duty ashore in European member nations of NATO as of September 30, 1984, without the conditions specified in subsection (b) having been met if the President (1) determines and certifies to the Congress in writing that overriding national security interests require a number of such personnel to be assigned to permanent duty ashore in such nations in excess of 315,600 or 320,000, as the case may be, and (2) includes in the certification the total number of such personnel required and an explanation of the overriding national security interests that require such number of personnel.

(d) In computing the limitation specified in subsections (a) and (b), there may be excluded not more than 2,600 military personnel assigned to the Ground Launched Cruise Missile program and the Pershing II Missile program.

REPORT ON IMPROVEMENT OF CONVENTIONAL FORCES OF NATO

SEC. 1104. (a) At the same time the President submits the budget for fiscal year 1985 pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, but not later than May 1, 1984, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a comprehensive report and plan for improving conventional defense capabilities of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO). The Secretary shall include in such report— Submittal to congressional committees.

(1) his recommendations on how NATO's strategy and military program could and should be changed to improve substantially the chances of a successful conventional defense of Europe;

(2) a statement and explanation of what the aggregate NATO conventional defense requirements are;

(3) a current assessment and statement of the status of the Air-Land Battle concept within the Department of Defense and NATO;

(4) an explanation of how and to what extent the various doctrines of NATO military forces are coordinated, and how variations in doctrine can be rectified or exploited to NATO's advantage;

(5) his judgment on the most effective means by which NATO military forces can be operationally integrated to implement the Air-Land Battle concept;

(6) the United States programs which are necessary to support improved NATO conventional capabilities, the changes which are needed, and what the fiscal year 1985 budget and

Five-Year Defense Plan of the Department of Defense for fiscal years 1985 through 1989 provide for with respect to NATO conventional capabilities;

(7) the United States conventional programs and weapons that are provided for in the fiscal year 1985 budget and Five-Year Defense Plan of the Department of Defense for fiscal years 1985 through 1989 to enhance the disruption and destruction of Soviet follow-on echelons as well as fixed-site military targets;

(8) the new weapons or systems which are available for such purpose that are not in the current budget or Five-Year Defense Plan of the Department of Defense;

(9) a determination of what are the achievable NATO-wide improvements in conventional defense capability; and

(10) a separate addendum and assessment by the Supreme Allied Commander, Europe, on measures necessary to improve NATO conventional defense capabilities, including a recommended plan for such measures.

Report to Congress.

(b) The President shall submit to the Congress not later than June 1, 1984, his recommendations and plan for improving NATO conventional defense capabilities.

REPORT ON THE NUCLEAR POSTURE OF NATO

Study.

SEC. 1105. (a) The Secretary of Defense shall conduct a study on the tactical nuclear posture of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) and submit a report on the results of such study to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than May 1, 1984. Such study shall include—

(1) a detailed assessment of the current tactical nuclear balance in Europe and that projected for 1990;

(2) an assessment of the current, respective operational doctrines for the use of tactical nuclear weapons in Europe of the Warsaw Pact and NATO;

(3) an explanation of how the threat of the use of such weapons relates to deterrence and to conventional defense;

(4) an identification of the number and types of nuclear warheads, if any, considered to be inessential to the defense structure of Western Europe, the quantity and type of such weapons that could be eliminated from Europe under appropriate circumstances without jeopardizing the security of NATO nations and an assessment of what such circumstances might be;

(5) an explanation of the steps that can be taken to develop a rational and coordinated nuclear posture by NATO in a manner that is consistent with proper emphasis on conventional defense forces; and

(6) an identification of any notable, relevant developments that have occurred since the submission to the Congress in April 1975 of the report entitled "The Theater Nuclear Force Posture in Europe", prepared by the Secretary of Defense pursuant to section 302 of the Department of Defense Appropriation Authorization Act, 1975 (Public Law 93-365), which might cause the findings and conclusions of that report to require revision and such revisions in such report as the Secretary considers appropriate.

88 Stat. 401.

(b) The President shall submit a written report to the Congress on or before June 1, 1984, containing his views on the Department of Defense study and report required under subsection (a) together with such recommendations with respect to such study and report as he considers appropriate. Report to Congress.

REPORT ON COMBAT-TO-SUPPORT RATIO OF UNITED STATES FORCES IN EUROPE IN SUPPORT OF NATO

SEC. 1106. (a) The Secretary of Defense shall submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives not later than May 1, 1984, on the combat, combat support, combat service support, and noncombat components of the Armed Forces of the United States assigned to permanent duty in Europe in support of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO). The Secretary shall include in such report— Submittal to congressional committees.

(1) an analysis of the historical (since 1974), current, and projected combat, combat support, combat service support, and noncombat components of the Armed Forces of the United States assigned to permanent duty in Europe in support of NATO and their relationship to each other;

(2) a review of the requirements for such combat, combat support, combat service support, and noncombat components; and

(3) his assessment of the current balance among units of United States combat components, combat support components, and combat service support components forward deployed in Europe and his recommendations for any changes needed to improve that balance in the future.

(b) For the purposes of the report required by subsection (a)—

(1) the combat component of the Army includes only the infantry, cavalry, artillery, armored, combat engineers, special forces, attack assault helicopter units, air defense, and missile combat units of battalion or smaller size;

(2) the combat component of the Navy includes only the combatant ships (aircraft carrier, battleship, cruiser, destroyer, frigate, submarine, and amphibious assault ships) and combat aircraft wings (fighter, attack, reconnaissance, and patrol); and

(3) the combat component of the Air Force includes only the tactical fighter, reconnaissance, tactical airlift, fighter interceptor, and bomber units of wing or smaller size.

REPORT ON UNITED STATES EXPENDITURES IN SUPPORT OF NATO

SEC. 1107. (a) The Secretary of Defense shall review and analyze the fiscal year 1983 expenditures of the Department of Defense in fulfilling the United States commitment to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) and the expenditures projected for such purpose for each of the fiscal years 1984 through 1989.

(b)(1) The Secretary of Defense shall submit a detailed written report to the Congress not later than June 1, 1984, on the review and analysis required under subsection (a). The Secretary shall set out in such report, in current and constant fiscal year 1983 dollar figures, the expenditures made in fiscal year 1983 and expenditures projected to be made in fiscal years 1984 through 1989 by the United States in fulfilling its commitment to NATO in each of the following categories: Submittal to Congress.

(A) Procurement.
(B) Operations and maintenance.
(C) Military construction.
(D) Military personnel.
(E) Research, development, test, and evaluation.

(2) The Secretary of Defense shall also include in such report a separate breakout of the fiscal year 1983 Department of Defense expenditures in each of the categories specified in paragraph (1) for the Armed Forces of the United States assigned to permanent duty ashore in the European member nations of NATO and the expenditures projected to be incurred by the Department of Defense in each of those categories in each of the fiscal years 1984 through 1989 for personnel of the Armed Forces of the United States planned to be assigned to permanent duty ashore in such nations during each of those fiscal years. The Secretary of Defense shall also include in such report similar separate breakouts for all classes of United States forces reflected in the data submitted to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and printed in part 1, pages 61–68, of that Committee's hearings on Department of Defense Authorization For Appropriations For Fiscal Year 1982.

(3) The Secretary of Defense shall also include in such report the estimated percentage growth in each of the five categories specified in paragraph (1) of subsection (b), after allowing for inflation, from one year to the next for the fiscal years 1983 through 1989. In the case of each category of expenditures for which the annual projected rate of expenditure growth after fiscal year 1983 exceeds 3 percent, after allowing for inflation, over the previous fiscal year, the Secretary shall include his assessment of the impact on NATO of limiting the growth of expenditures in that category to 3 percent real growth.

TITLE XII—GENERAL PROVISIONS

PART A—FINANCIAL MATTERS

TRANSFER AUTHORITY

SEC. 1201. (a)(1) Upon determination by the Secretary of Defense that such action is necessary in the national interest, the Secretary may transfer amounts of authorizations made available to the Department of Defense in this Act between any such authorizations (or any subdivisions thereof). Amounts of authorizations so transferred shall be merged with and be available for the same purposes as the authorization to which transferred.

(2) The total amount of authorizations that the Secretary of Defense may transfer under the authority of this section may not exceed $1,500,000,000.

(b) The authority provided by this section to transfer authorizations—

(1) may only be used to provide authority for higher priority items than the items from which authority is transferred; and

(2) may not be used to provide authority for an item that has been denied authorization by Congress.

Notification of Congress.

(c) The Secretary of Defense shall promptly notify Congress of transfers made under the authority of this section.

Ante, p. 625.

(d) Transfers between paragraphs of a subsection of section 301 may be made without regard to the requirements of this section.

LONG-TERM LEASE OR CHARTER OF AIRCRAFT AND VESSELS

SEC. 1202. (a)(1) Chapter 141 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"§ 2401. Requirement for authorization by law of certain contracts relating to vessels and aircraft 10 USC 2401.

"(a)(1) The Secretary of a military department may make a contract for the lease of a vessel or aircraft or for the provision of a service through use by a contractor of a vessel or aircraft only as provided in subsection (b) if—

"(A) the contract will be a long-term lease or charter; or

"(B) the terms of the contract provide for a substantial termination liability on the part of the United States.

"(2) The Secretary of a military department may make a contract that is an agreement to lease or charter or an agreement to provide services and that is (or will be) accompanied by a contract for the actual lease, charter, or provision of services only as provided in subsection (b) if the contract for the actual lease, charter, or provision of services is (or will be) a contract described in paragraph (1).

"(b)(1) The Secretary may make a contract described in subsection (a)(1) if—

"(A) the Secretary has been specifically authorized by law to make the contract;

"(B) before a solicitation for proposals for the contract was issued the Secretary notified the Committees on Armed Services and on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives of the Secretary's intention to issue such a solicitation; and Notification of congressional committees.

"(C) the Secretary has notified the Committees on Armed Services and on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives of the proposed contract and provided a detailed description of the terms of the proposed contract and a justification for entering into the proposed contract rather than providing for the lease, charter, or services involved through purchase of the vessel or aircraft to be used under the contract, and a period of 30 days of continuous session of Congress has expired following the date on which notice was received by such committees.

"(2) For purposes of paragraph (1)(C), the continuity of a session of Congress is broken only by an adjournment of the Congress sine die, and the days on which either House is not in session because of an adjournment of more than three days to a day certain are excluded in a computation of such 30-day period. Congressional adjournment.

"(c) Funds may not be appropriated for any fiscal year to or for any armed force or obligated or expended for— Funding restrictions.

"(1) the long-term lease or charter of any aircraft or naval vessel; or

"(2) for the lease or charter of any aircraft or naval vessel the terms of which provide for a substantial termination liability on the part of the United States,

unless funds for that purpose have been specifically authorized by law.

"(d)(1)(A) In this section, the term 'long-term lease or charter' (except as provided in subparagraph (B)) means a lease, charter, service contract, or conditional sale agreement— "Long-term lease or charter."

"(i) the term of which is for a period of five years or longer or more than one-half the useful life of the vessel or aircraft; or

"(ii) the initial term of which is for a period of less than five years but which contains an option to renew or extend the agreement for a period which, when added to the initial term (or any previous renewal or extension), is five years or longer. Such term includes the extension or renewal of a lease or charter agreement if the term of the extension or renewal thereof is for a period of five years or longer or if the term of the lease or charter agreement being extended or renewed was for a period of five years or longer.

"(B) In the case of an agreement under which the lessor first places the property in service under the agreement or the property has been in service for less than one year and there is allowable to the lessor or charterer an investment tax credit or depreciation for the property leased, chartered, or otherwise provided under the agreement under section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (unless the lessor or charterer has elected depreciation on a straight-line method for such property), the term 'long-term lease or charter' means a lease, charter, service contract, or conditional sale agreement—

26 USC 168.

"(i) the term of which is for a period of three years or longer; or

"(ii) the initial term of which is for a period of less than three years but which contains an option to renew or extend the agreement for a period which, when added to the initial term (or any previous renewal or extension), is three years or longer. Such term includes the extension or renewal of a lease or charter agreement if the term of the extension or renewal thereof is for a period of three years or longer or if the term of the lease or charter agreement being extended or renewed was for a period of three years or longer.

Termination liability.

"(2) For the purposes of this section, the United States shall be considered to have a substantial termination liability under a contract—

"(A) if there is an agreement by the United States under the contract to pay an amount not less than the amount equal to 25 percent of the value of the vessel or aircraft under lease or charter, calculated on the basis of the present value of the termination liability of the United States under such charter or lease (as determined under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense); or

"(B) if (as determined under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense) the sum of—

"(i) the present value of the amount of the termination liability of the United States under the contract as of the end of the term of the contract (exclusive of any option to extend the contract); and

"(ii) the present value of the total of the payments to be made by the United States under the contract (excluding any option to extend the contract) attributable to capital-hire,

is more than one-half the price of the vessel or aircraft involved.

Request submittal to Congress.

"(e)(1) Whenever a request is submitted to Congress for the authorization of the long-term lease or charter of aircraft or naval vessels or for the authorization of a lease or charter of aircraft or naval vessels which provides for a substantial termination liability on the part of the United States, the Secretary of Defense shall submit with that request an analysis of the cost to the United States

(including lost tax revenues) of any such lease or charter arrangement compared with the cost to the United States of direct procurement of the aircraft or naval vessels by the United States.

"(2) Any such analysis shall be reviewed and evaluated by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget and the Secretary of the Treasury within 30 days after the date on which the request and analysis are submitted to Congress. The Director and Secretary shall conduct such review and evaluation on the basis of the guidelines issued pursuant to subsection (f) and shall report to Congress in writing on the results of their review and evaluation at the earliest practicable date, but in no event more than 45 days after the date on which the request and analysis are submitted to the Congress.

Analysis, review and evaluation.

Report to Congress.

"(3) Whenever a request is submitted to Congress for the authorization of funds for the Department of Defense for the long-term lease or charter of aircraft or naval vessels authorized under this section, the Secretary of Defense—

Request submittal to Congress.

"(A) shall indicate in the request what portion of the requested funds is attributable to capital-hire; and

"(B) shall reflect such portion in the appropriate procurement account in the request.

"(f) The Director of the Office of Management and Budget and the Secretary of the Treasury shall jointly issue guidelines for determining under what circumstances the Department of Defense may use lease or charter arrangements for aircraft and naval vessels rather than directly procuring such aircraft and vessels. Such guidelines shall be issued not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this section.".

Guidelines.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"2401. Requirement for authorization by law of certain contracts relating to vessels and aircraft.".

(3) Section 2401 of title 10, United States Code, as added by paragraph (1), shall not apply in the case of any lease or charter agreement entered into by the Department of Defense before December 1, 1983.

10 USC 2401 note.

(b) Funds appropriated pursuant to an authorization contained in this Act may not be used to indemnify any person under the terms of a contract entered into with the United States under section 2401 of title 10, United States Code (as added by subsection (a))—

10 USC 2401 note.

(1) for any amount paid or due by any person to the United States for any liability arising under the Internal Revenue Code of 1954; or

26 USC 1 *et seq.*

(2) to pay any attorneys' fees in connection with such contract.

(c)(1) At the same time that the President submits the budget request for the Department of Defense to Congress for fiscal year 1985, the Secretary of Defense shall submit a written report to the Committees on Armed Services and on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives concerning leases or charters described in paragraph (2).

Submittal to congressional committees.

(2) Such report shall include a list of all leases, charters, service contracts, or conditional sales, the term of which is for a period of 1 year or longer, for major items of defense equipment (including aircraft and naval vessels) which are to be funded either directly or indirectly by any portion of the funds contained in such budget

request. Such report shall also include an estimate of the funding level and the source of funding for each such lease, charter, service contract, or conditional sale.

Funding restriction. 10 USC 2401 note.

(d) Funds available to the Department of Defense may not be used to enter into any contract during fiscal year 1984 under section 2401 of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), the term of which is for 3 years or more, inclusive of any option for contract extension or renewal, for any vessels, aircraft, or vehicles, through a lease, charter, or similar agreement, that imposes an estimated termination liability (excluding the estimated value of the leased item at the time of termination) on the United States exceeding 50 percent of the original purchase value of the vessel, aircraft, or vehicle involved for which the Congress has not specifically provided budget authority for the obligation of 10 percent of such termination liability.

(e) Nothing in this section shall impede or affect the ability of the Secretary of the Navy to proceed to acquire the use of thirteen T-AKX class Maritime Prepositioning Ships and the use of five new T-5 class tankers in accordance with the long-term charter arrangements negotiated by the Navy before the date of the enactment of this Act.

INDEPENDENT COST ESTIMATES OF MAJOR DEFENSE ACQUISITION PROGRAMS

SEC. 1203. (a)(1) Chapter 4 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 139b the following new section:

10 USC 139c.

"§ 139c. Major defense acquisition programs: independent cost estimates.

"(a) The Secretary of Defense may not approve the full-scale engineering development or the production and deployment of a major defense acquisition program unless an independent estimate of the cost of the program first has been submitted to (and considered by) the Secretary of Defense.

"(b) In this section:

"(1) 'Major defense acquisition program' has the same meaning as provided in section 139a(a)(1) of this title.

10 USC 139a.

"Independent estimate."

"(2) 'Independent estimate' means, with respect to a major defense acquisition program, an estimate of the cost of such program prepared by an office or other entity that is not under the supervision, direction, or control of the military department, defense agency, or other component of the Department of Defense that is directly responsible for carrying out the development or acquisition of the program.

"Cost of the program."

"(3) 'Cost of the program' means, with respect to a major defense acquisition program, all elements of the life-cycle costs of the program, including—

"(A) the cost of all research and development efforts, without regard to the funding source or management control;

"(B) the cost of the prime hardware and its major subcomponents, support costs (including training, peculiar support, and data), initial spares, military construction costs, and the cost of all related procurements (including, where applicable, modifications to existing aircraft or ship platforms),

without regard to the funding source or management control of the program; and

"(C) all elements of operating and support costs.".

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 139b the following new item:

"139c. Major defense acquisition programs: independent cost estimates.".

(b) Section 139c of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), shall take effect on October 1, 1983. Effective date. 10 USC 139c note.

(c) Not later than May 1, 1984, the Secretary of Defense shall submit a written report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives on the use of independent cost estimates in the planning, programing, budgeting, and selection process for major defense acquisition programs in the Department of Defense. That report shall include an overall assessment of the extent to which such estimates were adopted by the Department in making decisions on the fiscal year 1985 budget and a general explanation of why such estimates might have been modified or rejected. In addition, the Secretary shall include in that report a discussion of current and future initiatives to make greater or more productive use of independent cost estimates in the Department of Defense. Report to congressional committees. 10 USC 139c note.

(d) It is the sense of the Congress that the Secretary of Defense should ensure that adequate personnel and financial resources are allocated at all levels of the Department of Defense to those organizations or offices charged with developing or assessing independent estimates of the costs of major defense acquisition programs. 10 USC 139c note.

REQUIREMENT OF AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR WORKING-CAPITAL FUNDS

SEC. 1204. (a) The second sentence of section 2208(d) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows: "In addition, such amounts may be appropriated for the purpose of providing capital for working-capital funds as have been specifically authorized by law.".

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply only with respect to appropriations for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1984. Effective date. 10 USC 2208 note.

ONE-YEAR EXTENSION OF TEST PROGRAM TO AUTHORIZE PRICE DIFFERENTIALS TO RELIEVE ECONOMIC DISLOCATIONS

SEC. 1205. (a) Subsection (a) of section 1109 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1983 (10 U.S.C. 2392 note), is amended by striking out "fiscal year 1983" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "fiscal years 1983 and 1984".

(b) Subsection (b) of such section is amended by inserting "and April 15, 1984," after "1983" in the first sentence. 10 USC 2392 note.

AUTHORIZATION OF FUNDS FOR UPGRADING THE INTERNATIONAL COORDINATING COMMITTEE (COCOM) LOGISTICAL SUPPORT

SEC. 1206. The Secretary of Defense may use, out of any funds available to the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1984, an amount not to exceed $2,000,000 for the purpose of upgrading and improving the logistical support of the International Coordinating

Committee (COCOM) in order to strengthen control over the export of technology and equipment to certain countries by the United States and certain of its allies.

PART B—DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE MANAGEMENT MATTERS

ESTABLISHMENT OF DEFENSE DIRECTOR OF OPERATIONAL TEST AND EVALUATION

SEC. 1211. (a)(1) Chapter 4 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 136 the following new section:

10 USC 136a.

"§136a. Director of Operational Test and Evaluation: appointment; powers and duties

"(a)(1) There is a Director of Operational Test and Evaluation in the Department of Defense, appointed from civilian life by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The Director shall be appointed without regard to political affiliation and solely on the basis of fitness to perform the duties of the office of Director. The Director may be removed from office by the President. The President shall communicate the reasons for any such removal to both Houses of Congress.

Definitions.

"(2) In this section:

"(A) 'Operational test and evaluation' means—

"(i) the field test, under realistic combat conditions, of any item of (or key component of) weapons, equipment, or munitions for the purpose of determining the effectiveness and suitability of the weapons, equipment, or munitions for use in combat by typical military users; and

"(ii) the evaluation of the results of such test.

"(B) 'Major defense acquisition program' means a Department of Defense acquisition program that is a major defense acquisition program for purposes of section 139a(a)(1) of this title or that is designated as such a program by the Director for purposes of this section.

10 USC 139a.

"(b) The Director is the principal adviser to the Secretary of Defense on operational test and evaluation in the Department of Defense and the principal operational test and evaluation official within the senior management of the Department of Defense. The Director shall—

"(1) prescribe, by authority of the Secretary of Defense, policies and procedures for the conduct of operational test and evaluation in the Department of Defense;

"(2) provide guidance to and consult with the Secretary of Defense and the Secretaries of the military departments with respect to operational test and evaluation in the Department of Defense in general and with respect to specific operational test and evaluation to be conducted in connection with a major defense acquisition program;

"(3) monitor and review all operational test and evaluation in the Department of Defense;

"(4) coordinate operational testing conducted jointly by more than one military department or defense agency;

"(5) analyze the results of the operational test and evaluation conducted for each major defense acquisition program and, at the conclusion of such operational test and evaluation, report to the Secretary of Defense and to the Committees on Armed

Services and on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives as provided in subsection (c) on—

"(A) whether the test and evaluation performed was adequate; and

"(B) whether the test and evaluation results confirm that the items or components actually tested are effective and suitable for combat; and

"(6) review and make recommendations to the Secretary of Defense on all budgetary and financial matters relating to operational test and evaluation, including operational test facilities and equipment, in the Department of Defense.

"(c) Each report of the Director required under subsection (b)(5) shall be submitted to the committees specified in that subsection in precisely the same form and with precisely the same content as the report originally was submitted to the Secretary and shall be accompanied by such comments as the Secretary of Defense may wish to make on such report. Report submittal.

"(d) The Director reports directly, without intervening review or approval, to the Secretary of Defense. The Director shall consult closely with, but the Director and the Director's staff are independent of, the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering and all other officers and entities of the Department of Defense responsible for research and development.

"(e)(1) The Secretary of a military department shall report promptly to the Director the results of all operational test and evaluation conducted by the military department and of all studies conducted by the military department in connection with operational test and evaluation in the military department.

"(2) The Director may require that such observers as he designates be present during the preparation for and the conduct of the test part of any operational test and evaluation conducted in the Department of Defense.

"(3) The Director shall have access to all records and data in the Department of Defense (including the records and data of each military department) that the Director considers necessary to review in order to carry out his duties under this section. Records and data accessibility.

"(f)(1) Operational testing of a major defense acquisition program may not be conducted until the Director has approved in writing the adequacy of the plans (including the adequacy of projected levels of funding) for operational test and evaluation to be conducted in connection with that program.

"(2) A final decision within the Department of Defense to proceed with a major defense acquisition program beyond low-rate initial production may not be made until the Director has submitted to the Secretary of Defense the report with respect to that program required by subsection (b)(5) and the Committees on Armed Services and on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives have received that report.

"(g)(1) The Director shall prepare an annual report summarizing the operational test and evaluation activities of the Department of Defense during the preceding fiscal year. Each such report shall be submitted concurrently to the Secretary of Defense and the Congress not later than January 15 immediately following the end of the fiscal year for which the report is prepared. The report shall include such comments and recommendations as the Director considers appropriate, including comments and recommendations on resources and facilities available for operational test and evaluation Report submittal.

Comments.

and levels of funding made available for operational test and evaluation activities. The Secretary may comment on any report of the Director to Congress under this paragraph.

"(2) The Director shall comply with requests from Congress (or any committee of either House of Congress) for information relating to operational test and evaluation in the Department of Defense.

"(h) The President shall include in the Budget transmitted to Congress pursuant to section 1105 of title 31 for each fiscal year a separate statement of estimated expenditures and proposed appropriations for that fiscal year for the activities of the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation in carrying out the duties and responsibilities of the Director under this section.".

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 136 the following new item:

"136a. Director of Operational Test and Evaluation: appointment; powers and duties.".

(b) Section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"Director of Operational Test and Evaluation, Department of Defense.".

Effective date.
10 USC 136a note.

(c) The amendments made by this section shall take effect on November 1, 1983.

ASSISTANT SECRETARIES IN THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

SEC. 1212. (a)(1) Subsection (a) of section 136 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out "seven" and inserting in lieu thereof "eleven".

(2) Subsection (b) of such section is amended—

(A) by inserting "(1)" after "(b)";

(B) by designating the second sentence of such subsection as paragraph (2);

(C) by designating the fourth sentence of such subsection as paragraph (3) and by striking out "Reserve Affairs" in such sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "Logistics";

(D) by striking out "reserve component" in the fifth sentence of such subsection and inserting in lieu thereof "logistics";

(E) by inserting after paragraph (3) of such subsection (as designated by clause (C)) the following paragraphs:

"(4) One of the Assistant Secretaries shall be the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Reserve Affairs. He shall have as his principal duty the overall supervision of reserve component affairs of the Department of Defense.

"(5) One of the Assistant Secretaries shall be the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Command, Control, Communications, and Intelligence. He shall have as his principal duty the overall supervision of command, control, communications, and intelligence affairs of the Department of Defense."; and

(F) by designating the sentence beginning "In addition" as paragraph (6) and in such sentence—

(i) striking out "In addition, one" and inserting in lieu thereof "One";

(ii) redesignating clauses (1) through (5) as clauses (A) through (E), respectively;

(iii) redesignating subclauses (A) through (D) of subclauses (i) through (iv), respectively; and

(iv) striking out "clauses (1)-(4)" and inserting in lieu thereof "clauses (A) through (D)".

(3) Subsection (f) of such section is repealed.

(b) Section 175(c) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out "Manpower and".

(c)(1) The first sentence of section 3013 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out "four" and inserting in lieu thereof "five".

(2) The first sentence of section 5034(a) of such title is amended by striking out "three" and inserting in lieu thereof "four". 10 USC 5034.

(d) Section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out "(7)" after "Assistant Secretaries of Defense" and inserting in lieu thereof "(11)";

(2) by striking out "(4)" after "Assistant Secretaries of the Army" and inserting in lieu thereof "(5)"; and

(3) by striking out "(3)" after "Assistant Secretaries of the Navy" and inserting in lieu thereof "(4)".

(e) The amendments made by this section shall take effect on October 1, 1983. Effective date. 10 USC 136 note.

COMMANDANT OF THE MARINE CORPS TO BE A MEMBER OF THE ARMED FORCES POLICY COUNCIL

SEC. 1213. Section 171(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out "and" at the end of clause (9);

(2) by striking out the period at the end of clause (10) and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon and "and"; and

(3) by adding after clause (10) the following new clause: "(11) the Commandant of the Marine Corps.".

5 PERCENT ACROSS-THE-BOARD REDUCTION IN HEADQUARTERS STAFFS

SEC. 1214. (a) Not later than September 30, 1984, the Secretary of Defense shall reduce the total number of military and civilian personnel assigned to duty in the Office of the Secretary of Defense, the agencies of the Department of Defense, and the military departments to perform management headquarters activities or management headquarters support activities by a number that is at least 5 percent below the total number of personnel requested by the President for fiscal year 1984 to perform such activities.

(b) Any reduction in military or civilian personnel assigned to perform management headquarters activities or management headquarters support activities in the National Security Agency/Central Security Service, the Defense Intelligence Agency, the Organization of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, or the Naval Intelligence Command may not be included for the purposes of complying with the requirements of subsection (a).

(c) For purposes of this section, the terms "management headquarters activities" and "management headquarters support activities" have the same meanings as prescribed for such terms in Department of Defense Directive 4100.73 entitled "Department of Defense Management Headquarters and Headquarters Support", dated March 12, 1981. Definitions.

REGULATIONS RELATING TO INCREASES IN PRICES FOR SPARE PARTS AND REPLACEMENT EQUIPMENT

10 USC 2452 note.

SEC. 1215. (a) Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall issue regulations which—

(1) except as provided in clause (2), prohibit the purchase of any spare part or replacement equipment when the price of such part or equipment, since a time in the past specified by the Secretary (in terms of days or months) or since the most recent purchase of such part or equipment by the Department of Defense, has increased in price by a percentage in excess of a percentage threshold specified by the Secretary in such regulations, and

(2) permit the purchase of such spare part or equipment (notwithstanding the prohibition contained in clause (1)) if the contracting officer for such part or equipment certifies in writing to the head of the procuring activity before the purchase is made that—

(A) such officer has evaluated the price of such part or equipment and concluded that the increase in the price of such part or equipment is fair and reasonable, or

(B) the national security interests of the United States require that such part or equipment be purchased despite the increase in price of such part or equipment.

Publication in Federal Register.

(b) The Secretary shall publish the regulations issued under this section in the Federal Register.

Submittal to congressional committees.

(c) Not less than 30 days before the Secretary publishes such regulatons in accordance with subsection (b), the Secretary shall submit the text of the proposed regulations to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives.

REPORT ON MANAGEMENT OF SPARE PARTS

Submittal to congressional committees. 10 USC 2452 note.

SEC. 1216. (a) The Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services and on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives, by June 1, 1984, a comprehensive report on the management by the Department of Defense of acquisition of initial and replenishment spare parts and on the status of efforts within the Department of Defense (including particularly the Defense Logistics Agency and the military departments) to correct problems associated with increased costs of such parts. The Secretary shall include in such report the following:

(1) An analysis of the extent of overcharging on spare parts and shortages of spare parts.

(2) The status of efforts (if any) to ensure that procurement method codes (PMCs) used to denote the method of procurement for spare parts are accurately and appropriately applied.

(3) With respect to technical data required by a contract to be delivered to the Department of Defense, the status of efforts (if any) to identify and obtain such data that are missing and to identify and correct such data that are inaccurate or incomplete.

(4) The status of efforts to enhance the Department of Defense High-Dollar Spare Parts Breakout Program.

(5) The organizational identity of personnel assigned to the efforts referred to in paragraphs (1) through (4).

(6) A brief summary of any audit, investigation, or study relating to the acquisition or management of spare or replenishment parts conducted by or for any organization within the Department of Defense during the period beginning on the date of the interim report required in subsection (b) and ending on the date of the submission of the report under this subsection, to be accompanied by a copy of all current regulations or proposed defense regulations relating specifically to the acquisition or management of spare or replenishment parts.

(7) An analysis of the feasibility and desirability of establishing a statutory or contractual time limit on the protection from disclosure outside the Department of Defense given technical data delivered by contractors to the Department of Defense with limited rights (as defined in the Defense Acquisition Regulations).

(8) An analysis of the feasibility and desirability of withholding Department of Defense contracts from contractors who have obtained unreasonable profits on defense contracts or have sold items to the Department of Defense at unjustifiable prices, until any such excess amounts have been repaid.

(b) Not later than December 1, 1983, the Secretary shall submit to the committees named in subsection (a) an interim report stating briefly the actions being taken by the Department of Defense to improve the acquisition and management of spare parts by the Department. Such interim report shall include the identity of any working groups and a description of any studies being done.

Interim report submittal to congressional committees.

(c) The Secretary of Defense shall put into effect at the earliest practicable date policies and procedures to achieve a long-term solution to problems relating to excessive costs of, and long lead times in the acquisition of, initial and replenishment spare parts. In formulating such policies and procedures, the Secretary shall consider the following recommendations:

(1) Parts should be acquired competitively whenever feasible and practicable.

(2) Parts should be acquired through Federal Supply Schedules and the Department of Defense supply system.

(3) Parts should be acquired in economic order quantities and on a multiyear basis whenever feasible and practicable.

(4) On all major system acquisitions, contractors should be required to identify in their contract proposals the cost to the Government of acquiring unlimited rights in technical data and the extent to which the contractor uses standard commercial products in order to allow the Government to assess the desirability of acquiring those unlimited rights and to enable the Government to assess properly the total lifecycle cost of the system.

(5) Contractors should be required to identify the manufacturer of a part and the manufacturer's part number.

(6) Consideration should be given early in the acquisition process to determinations of whether acquisition of unlimited rights in technical data is desirable, taking into consideration that the cost of acquiring reprocurement data may in some instances outweigh the benefits to be derived from such acquisition.

(7) When unlimited data rights in technical data are acquired from a contactor, the contractor should be required to provide to

the Government data necessary to incorporate changes in design or technology.

(8) Before ordering any spare part, the contracting officer should review the acquisition history of that part.

AUTHORITY TO WITHHOLD FROM PUBLIC DISCLOSURE CERTAIN TECHNICAL DATA

SEC. 1217. (a) Chapter 4 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

10 USC 140c.

"§ 140c. Secretary of Defense: authority to withhold from public disclosure certain technical data

"(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Defense may withhold from public disclosure any technical data with military or space application in the possession of, or under the control of, the Department of Defense, if such data may not be exported lawfully outside the United States without an approval, authorization, or license under the Export Administration Act of 1979 (50 U.S.C. App. 2401-2420) or the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2751 et seq.). However, technical data may not be withheld under this section if regulations promulgated under either such Act authorize the export of such data pursuant to a general, unrestricted license or exemption in such regulations.

Regulations.

"(b)(1) Within 90 days after enactment of this section, the Secretary of Defense shall propose regulations to implement this section. Such regulations shall be published in the Federal Register for a period of no less than 30 days for public comment before promulgation. Such regulations shall address, where appropriate, releases of technical data to allies of the United States and to qualified United States contractors, including United States contractors that are small business concerns, for use in performing United States Government contracts.

Publication in Federal Register.

"Technical data with military or space application."

"(2) In this section, 'technical data with military or space application' means any blueprints, drawings, plans, instructions, computer software and documentation, or other technical information that can be used, or be adapted for use, to design, engineer, produce, manufacture, operate, repair, overhaul, or reproduce any military or space equipment or technology concerning such equipment.".

(b) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 4 of such title is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"140c. Secretary of Defense: authority to withhold from public disclosure certain technical data.".

USE OF POLYGRAPHS BY THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

SEC. 1218. (a) The Secretary of Defense may not, before April 15, 1984, use, enforce, issue, implement, or otherwise rely on any rule, regulation, directive, policy, decision, or order that would permit the use of polygraph examinations in the case of civilian employees of the Department of Defense or members of the Armed Forces in any manner or to any extent greater than was permitted under rules, regulations, directives, policies, decisions, or orders of the Department of Defense in effect on August 5, 1982.

(b) The restrictions prescribed in subsection (a) with respect to the use of polygraph examinations in the Department of Defense shall

not apply to the National Security Agency of the Department of Defense.

AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE ROUTINE PORT SERVICES TO NAVAL VESSELS OF ALLIED COUNTRIES AT NO COST

SEC. 1219. (a) Section 7227(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting "(1)" after "(b)"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(2)(A) When furnishing routine port services under this section to naval vessels of an allied country, the Secretary may furnish such services without reimbursement if such services are provided under an agreement that provides for the reciprocal furnishing by such country of routine port services to naval vessels of the United States without reimbursement. If routine port services are furnished under this section by a working-capital fund activity of the Navy established under section 2208 of this title and such activity is not reimbursed directly for the costs incurred by the activity in furnishing those services by reason of this paragraph, the working-capital fund activity shall be reimbursed for such costs out of operating funds currently available to the Navy. 10 USC 2208.

"(B) In this paragraph, 'allied country' means any of the following: "Allied country."

"(i) A country that is a member of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization.

"(ii) Australia or New Zealand.

"(iii) Any other country designated as an allied country for the purposes of this paragraph by the Secretary of Defense with the concurrence of the Secretary of State.".

(b) The amendments made by subsection (a) shall take effect on October 1, 1983. Effective date. 10 USC 7227 note.

RECIPROCAL COMMUNICATIONS SUPPORT

SEC. 1220. (a) During fiscal year 1984, the Secretary of Defense, subject to the concurrence of the Secretary of State, may enter into an agreement with the Government of any allied country under which the United States agrees to provide communications support and related supplies and services to such country in return for the reciprocal provision to the United States of an equivalent value of communications support and related supplies and services by such country.

(b) In this section, "allied country" means any of the following: "Allied country."

(1) A country that is a member of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization.

(2) Australia or New Zealand.

TWO-YEAR EXTENSION OF PROHIBITION ON CONTRACTS FOR THE PERFORMANCE OF FIREFIGHTING AND SECURITY FUNCTIONS

SEC. 1221. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), funds appropriated to the Department of Defense may not be obligated or expended before October 1, 1985, for the purpose of entering into a contract for the performance of firefighting or security-guard functions at any military installation or facility.

(b) The prohibition in subsection (a) does not apply—

(1) to a contract to be carried out at a location outside the United States (including its commonwealths, territories, and possessions) at which military personnel would have to be used for the performance of the function described in subsection (a) at the expense of unit readiness;

(2) to a contract to be carried out on a Government-owned but privately operated installation; or

(3) to a contract (or the renewal of a contract) for the performance of a function under contract on the date of the enactment of this Act.

Report to Congress.

(c) Not later than March 1, 1984, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a written report containing an assessment of the special needs of the Department of Defense with respect to firefighting and base security and an assessment of how those needs are met by both Federal employees and contract personnel. The report shall be prepared in consultation with the Administrator of the United States Fire Administration of the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

REPORT ON COST SAVINGS UNDER CONTRACTING OUT PROCEDURES

Submittal to Congress.

SEC. 1222. (a) Not later than April 15, 1984, the Secretary of Defense shall submit a report to Congress describing the experience of the Department of Defense since January 1, 1981, with conversion to contractor operation of commercial or industrial type functions of the Department of Defense which previously had been performed by Department of Defense civilian or military personnel.

(b)(1) The report under subsection (a) shall include with respect to each function of the Department of Defense converted to contractor operation since January 1, 1981—

(A) the estimated cost (as of the date of the award of the contract) of performance of the function by the Government;

(B) the contractor's estimated cost of performance of the function in the bid of the contractor;

(C) the actual cost (as of the end of the contract or the date of the report) of contractor operation of such function; and

(D) the savings (shown in dollars and as a percentage) for the operation of such function since conversion to contractor performance.

(2) The report shall also show—

(A) the average savings (shown in dollars and as a percentage) of all functions converted to contractor performance since January 1, 1981, as projected at the time of contracting and as realized at the end of the contract or the date of the report;

(B) the dollar amount and percentage of such contracts awarded to small businesses; and

(C) the number of Federal employees whose employment by the Government was terminated as a result of conversion of such functions to contractor performance.

EXTENSION OF PERIOD FOR TRANSFER OF DEFENSE DEPENDENTS' EDUCATION SYSTEM TO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

SEC. 1223. Section 302(a) of the Department of Education Organization Act (20 U.S.C. 3442(a)) is amended by striking out "not later than May 4, 1984" and inserting in lieu thereof "not earlier than May 4, 1986".

FORCE STRUCTURE CHANGES, AIR FORCE

Funding restriction.

SEC. 1224. None of the funds appropriated pursuant to an authorization contained in this or any other Act for operation and maintenance for the Air Force may be obligated or expended to carry out alterations in the planned changes with respect to F-106 and F-15 aircraft announced by the Air Force on January 31, 1983, in its plan for "Tactical and Air Defense Force Structure Changes" to be carried out at K. I. Sawyer Air Force Base, Michigan, until—

Report to Congress.

(1) the Secretary of the Air Force has conducted a study of the cost benefit, cost effectiveness, and military effectiveness of those proposed alterations to such plan and has submitted a written report to Congress, in conjunction with the submission of the Department of Defense's budget request for funds for fiscal year 1986 or any subsequent fiscal year, containing the results of such study, including an analysis of—

(A) the impacts on the regional economy of the area that would be affected by those proposed alterations to such plan and of the nonmilitary costs to the United States, including increases in Federal outlays for unemployment compensation, for other benefits and services to individuals and communities, and for economic adjustment activities; and

(B) the environmental, strategic, and operational consequences of those proposed alterations to such plan; and

(2) a period of 60 days has expired after the date on which such report is received by the Congress in order to provide the appropriate committees of Congress with ample opportunity to consider fully the fiscal, economic, environmental, and military ramifications of those proposed alterations to the plan announced January 31, 1983.

PART C—PROVISIONS RELATING TO SPECIFIC PROGRAMS

LIMITATION ON DEPLOYMENT OF MX MISSILE; DEVELOPMENT OF SMALL MOBILE MISSILE

SEC. 1231. (a) The Secretary of Defense may not deploy more than 10 MX missiles until—

(1) demonstration of subsystems and testing of components of the small mobile intercontinental ballistic missile system (including missile guidance and propulsion subsystems) have occurred; and

(2) nuclear effects tests on the components and subsystems of the prototype mobile transporter-launcher basing system and fixed basing system for the small missile have been carried out using full-scale tests, when practicable, and otherwise using scaled tests.

(b) The Secretary of Defense may not deploy more than 40 MX missiles until—

(1) the major elements (including the guidance and control subsystems) of a mobile missile weighing less than 33,000 pounds as a part of an intercontinental ballistic missile system have been flight tested;

(2) the major elements of the prototype small mobile intercontinental ballistic missile system (including the missile, the prototype mobile transporter-launcher basing system and fixed basing system, and the command, control, and communications

system) have been designed and functionally integrated and the system has been validated;

(3) contractors for the full-scale engineering development of such a missile system have been selected and contracts have been awarded to those contractors; and

(4) full-scale engineering development of such a missile system has begun.

Report to congressional committees.

(c)(1) Not later than January 15 of each year from 1984 through 1988, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report—

(A) on the progress being made with respect to the development and deployment of the MX missile system;

(B) on the progress being made with respect to the development and testing of a small mobile intercontinental ballistic missile system; and

(C) on developments related to silo-hardening technology.

(2) In each report under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall certify whether the Department of Defense is developing a small mobile intercontinental ballistic missile system with a missile that weighs no more than 33,000 pounds and that is planned to carry no more than a single warhead.

Report to Congress.

(d) If at any time during the development of the small mobile intercontinental ballistic missile it appears that the weight of the missile when deployed will exceed 30,000 pounds, the Secretary of Defense shall submit a report to Congress stating the projected weight of the missile and providing an explanation of the reasons for the weight exceeding 30,000 pounds and the anticipated effects that weight could have on the mobility and blast resistance of the missile system.

Written assessment.

(e) The President shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, coincident with the submission to the Congress of any request made after the date of the enactment of this Act for funds for the procurement of operational MX missiles intended for deployment, a written assessment relating to the requirement for and the anticipated impact of the procurement of such missiles. This assessment shall include the President's judgment with respect to—

(A) the degree to which current and projected international conditions require the procurement of such missiles for operational purposes;

(B) the expected impact the procurement of such missiles will have on the stability of the strategic balance between the United States and the Soviet Union; and

(C) the effect the procurement of such missiles, if approved by the Congress, will likely have on achieving negotiated reductions in the nuclear forces of the United States and the Soviet Union through sound, equitable, and verifiable arms control agreements.

SMALL, MOBILE, SINGLE WARHEAD ICBMS

SEC. 1232. It is the sense of the Congress that the design, development, and testing of small, mobile, single warhead intercontinental ballistic missiles (ICBMs) be pursued as a matter of the highest national priority. To achieve this objective, the administration should proceed without delay to engineering design of a small, single

warhead ICBM capable of mobile deployment. Key elements of such a program which should be pursued immediately include missile design, guidance accuracy, hardened mobile transporter design, mobile basing and survivable Communication, Command and Control (C^3). Program emphasis should be consistent with past top national priorities such as Polaris, Minuteman, and Apollo, and program management structure should also reflect such priority. The Department of Defense should set forth funding and production schedules consistent with the earliest possible Initial Operational Capability (IOC), at or prior to 1992, in its submission to Congress to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 1985.

LIMITATION ON PROCUREMENT OF BINARY CHEMICAL WEAPONS

SEC. 1233. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no funds may be obligated or expended after the date of the enactment of this Act for the production of binary chemical weapons unless the President certifies to the Congress that for each 155-millimeter binary artillery shell or aircraft-delivered binary aerial bomb produced a serviceable unitary artillery shell from the existing arsenal shall be rendered permanently useless for military purposes. 50 USC 1519a.

(b)(1) Funds appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations for the Army in section 101 of this Act may be used for the establishment of a production base for binary chemical munitions and for the procurement of components for 155-millimeter binary chemical artillery projectiles, but such funds may not be used for the actual production of binary chemical munitions before October 1, 1985. *Ante*, p. 618.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1), before the production of binary chemical munitions may begin after September 30, 1985, the President must certify to Congress in writing that, in light of circumstances prevailing at the time the certification is made, the production of such munitions is essential to the national interest. Written certifications to Congress.

(3) For purposes of this subsection, "production of binary chemical munitions" means the final assembly of weapon components and the filling or loading of components with binary chemicals. "Production of binary chemical munitions."

PROHIBITION AGAINST USING FUNDS APPROPRIATED FOR THE ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY BOMBER PROGRAM FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE

SEC. 1234. None of the funds appropriated pursuant to an authorization of appropriations in this Act to carry out the Advanced Technology Bomber program may be used for any other purpose.

ESTABLISHING CRITERIA GOVERNING THE TEST OF ANTISATELLITE WARHEADS

SEC. 1235. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, none of the funds appropriated pursuant to an authorization contained in this or any other Act may be obligated or expended to test any explosive or inert antisatellite warheads against objects in space unless the President determines and certifies to the Congress— Funding restriction. 10 USC 139 note.

(1) that the United States is endeavoring, in good faith, to negotiate with the Soviet Union a mutual and verifiable ban on antisatellite weapons; and

(2) that, pending agreement on such a ban, testing of explosive or inert antisatellite warheads against objects in space by the United States is necessary to avert clear and irrevocable harm to the national security.

REQUIREMENT FOR THE USE OF COMPETITIVE BIDDING PROCEDURES FOR THE LEASE OF CT-39 REPLACEMENT AIRCRAFT

Funding restriction.

SEC. 1236. None of the funds appropriated pursuant to an authorization of appropriations contained in this Act may be used by the Air Force for the lease of any CT-39 replacement aircraft unless competitive bidding procedures are followed in the awarding of the lease for such aircraft and the bidding on the lease is open to all qualified domestic firms. Such bidding procedures shall include consideration of the total costs to the Government of leasing such aircraft, including maintenance, logistics and training costs.

LIMITATION ON WAIVERS OF COST-RECOVERY REQUIREMENTS UNDER ARMS EXPORT CONTROL ACT

22 USC 2761.

SEC. 1237. The authority of the President under section 21(e)(2) of the Arms Export Control Act may be exercised without regard to the limitation imposed by section 770 of the Department of Defense Appropriation Act, 1983 (as contained in Public Law 97-377; 96 Stat. 1862).

WAIVER OF LIMITATION ON FOREIGN MILITARY SALES PROGRAM

SEC. 1238. The Arms Export Control Act shall be administered as if section 747 of the Department of Defense Appropriation Act, 1983 (as contained in Public Law 97-377; 96 Stat. 1858) had not been enacted into law.

F/A-18 AIRCRAFT PROGRAM

SEC. 1239. The Secretary of the Navy may carry out the F/A-18 aircraft program without regard to the first proviso in the paragraph under the heading "AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT, NAVY" in title IV (procurement) of the Department of Defense Appropriation Act, 1983 (as contained in Public Law 97-377; 96 Stat. 1841).

STUDY TO RE-ESTIMATE THE COST OF THE B-1B BOMBER PROGRAM

SEC. 1240. (a) The Secretary of Defense shall conduct a detailed financial analysis on the projected cost of procuring 100 B-1B bomber aircraft and, on the basis of such analysis, shall as necessary make any revisions to the estimate of the total projected cost for the procurement of such aircraft certified to by the President on January 18, 1982.

Report to Congress.

(b) The Secretary shall submit a written report to the Congress not more than 60 days after the date of the enactment of the Department of Defense Appropriation Act for fiscal year 1984, but in no event later than January 31, 1984, setting forth the results of the analysis required under subsection (a). The Secretary shall include in such report the new estimate of the projected total cost for the procurement of 100 B-1B aircraft.

Review.

(c) The Secretary shall transmit a copy of the report referred to in subsection (b) to the Comptroller General of the United States for

his review and shall make available to the Comptroller General (consistent with those provisions of title 31, United States Code, replacing the Budget and Accounting Act, 1921, and provisions of law contained in the amendments made by Public Law 96-226) such additional data and information as the Comptroller General requires for the purposes of his review. Such data and information as the Comptroller General receives under this section shall not be disclosed to anyone other than those persons specially designated by the Comptroller General to have access to that data and information. Any report by the Comptroller General concerning data and information provided pursuant to this section may, consistent with the classification of such report, be provided to the Congress and shall be prepared with due regard to the sensitivity of the information received in such a manner as to avoid disclosure of data which could adversely affect ongoing contract negotiations or the national security.

Nondisclosure of information.

PART D—MISCELLANEOUS

ENDORSEMENT OF REPORT ON IMPROVED STRATEGIC COMMUNICATIONS

SEC. 1251. (a) The Congress finds that the report to the Congress by the Secretary of Defense entitled "Direct Communications Links and Other Measures to Enhance Stability", dated April 11, 1983, and submitted to the Congress pursuant to section 1123 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1983 (Public Law 97-252; 96 Stat. 756), contains several significant proposals that if implemented would, taken together, make significant progress toward eliminating the danger of accident or misinterpretation leading to nuclear war. Among the proposals in that report that Congress specifically finds constructive are proposals—

(1) to enhance the speed and quality of communications between the Governments of the United States and the Soviet Union;

(2) to establish a communications link between the senior military commands of the United States and the Soviet Union; and

(3) to develop a system of prior notification between the United States and the Soviet Union of missile launches and military exercises by either nation that could be misinterpreted by the other and therefore be destabilizing.

(b) The Congress—

(1) endorses the findings in the report described in subsection (a) and urges the President and the Secretary of Defense to implement as rapidly as possible the proposals made in that report;

(2) suggests that, when practicable and not harmful to the national security of the United States, the United States should unilaterally implement confidence-building measures (such as prior notification of missile launches and military exercises) on a temporary, voluntary basis and should invite the Soviet Union to join in implementing those measures; and

(3) endorses proposals that the United States, through its arms control negotiators, should seek a separate, limited agreement with the Soviet Union on confidence-building measures, such as those recommended in the report described in subsection (a), designed to reduce the danger of accident or misinterpretation leading to nuclear war.

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE HOSPITALS

Demonstration projects.
42 USC 248d.

SEC. 1252. (a) The Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, shall conduct demonstration projects for the purpose of comparing and evaluating the cost-effectiveness, accessibility, patient acceptance, and the quality of medical care contracted for by the Secretary of Defense under sections 1079 and 1086 of title 10, United States Code, with the medical care provided in those facilities deemed to be facilities of the uniformed services by virtue of section 911 of the Military Construction Authorization Act, 1982 (42 U.S.C. 248c). The Secretary of Defense shall begin conducting such projects within one year after the date of the enactment of this section and continue conducting such projects for not less than three years.

(b) The projects carried out by the Secretary of Defense under this subsection shall utilize various alternative mechanisms for the payment of medical services provided eligible persons, including capitation, prospective payment, all-inclusive fee-for-service charges, and other concepts and programs consistent with the purpose of this section.

(c) If the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Health and Human Services determine such action is necessary in order to permit a meaningful evaluation of alternative methods of providing medical care to persons eligible for such care under sections 1079 and 1086 of title 10, United States Code, they may jointly designate additional civilian medical facilities to be facilities of the uniformed services for the purposes of section 1079 of such title. The Secretary may designate a facility under the authority of this subsection for such purposes only if such action is agreed to by the governing body of the facility.

10 USC 1079.

Report to congressional committees.

(d) The Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, shall submit annually to the Committees on Appropriations and on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a written report on the results of the studies and projects carried out under this section. The first such report shall be submitted not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this section. The last such report shall be submitted not later than one year after the completion of all such studies and projects.

Termination of facility status.
Effective date.
10 USC 1071 *et seq.*

(e) The Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Health and Human Services may terminate, for purposes of chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, the status of any facility referred to in subsection (a) or (c) to furnish medical or dental care to members and former members of the uniformed services or their dependents, and such termination may become effective at any time after December 31, 1987. The termination of such status in the case of any such facility may be effected only by an order jointly issued by the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Health and Human Services which identifies the facility whose status is being terminated and specifies the date on which such status is being terminated. A copy of each such order shall be furnished to the affected facility and the Committees on Appropriations and on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives and shall become effective in accordance with the terms of the notice, but not earlier than six months following the date on which a copy of the notice has been furnished to the facility and the committees. Any facility described in subsection (a) or designated under subsection (c)

may terminate its status or designation made under that subsection at any time after the expiration of six months following the date on which a copy of the order terminating the status or designation has been furnished the facility.

(f) Section 911(b) of the Military Construction Authorization Act, 1982 (42 U.S.C. 248c(b)), is amended by striking out "at any time after" and all that follows through the end of the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof: "as provided for in section 1252(e) of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984.".

EMPLOYMENT PROTECTION FOR CERTAIN NONAPPROPRIATED FUND INSTRUMENTALITY EMPLOYEES

SEC. 1253. (a)(1) Chapter 81 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"§ 1587. Employees of nonappropriated fund instrumentalities 10 USC 1587.

"(a) In this section: Definitions.

"(1) 'Nonappropriated fund instrumentality employee' means a civilian employee who is paid from nonappropriated funds of Army and Air Force Exchange Service, Navy Resale and Services Support Office, Marine Corps exchanges, or any other instrumentality of the United States under the jurisdiction of the armed forces which is conducted for the comfort, pleasure, contentment, or physical or mental improvement of members of the armed forces.

"(2) 'Civilian employee' has the meaning given the term 'employee' by section 2105(a) of title 5. 5 USC 2105.

"(3) 'Personnel action', with respect to a nonappropriated fund instrumentality employee (or an applicant for a position as such an employee), means—

"(A) an appointment;

"(B) a promotion;

"(C) a disciplinary or corrective action;

"(D) a detail, transfer, or reassignment;

"(E) a reinstatement, restoration, or reemployment;

"(F) a decision concerning pay, benefits, or awards, or concerning education or training if the education or training may reasonably be expected to lead to an appointment, promotion, or other action described in this paragraph; and

"(G) any other significant change in duties or responsibilities that is inconsistent with the employee's salary or grade level.

"(b) Any civilian employee or member of the armed forces who has authority to take, direct others to take, recommend, or approve any personnel action shall not, with respect to such authority, take or fail to take a personnel action with respect to any nonappropriated fund instrumentality employee (or any applicant for a position as such an employee) as a reprisal for—

"(1) a disclosure of information by such an employee or applicant which the employee or applicant reasonably believes evidences— Disclosure of information.

"(A) a violation of any law, rule, or regulation; or

"(B) mismanagement, a gross waste of funds, an abuse of authority, or a substantial and specific danger to public health or safety;

if such disclosure is not specifically prohibited by law and if the information is not specifically required by or pursuant to executive order to be kept secret in the interest of national defense or the conduct of foreign affairs; or

"(2) a disclosure by such an employee or applicant to any civilian employee or member of the armed forces designated by law or by the Secretary of Defense to receive disclosures described in clause (1), of information which the employee or applicant reasonably believes evidences—

"(A) a violation of any law, rule, or regulation; or

"(B) mismanagement, a gross waste of funds, an abuse of authority, or a substantial and specific danger to public health or safety.

"(c) This section does not apply to an employee in a position excluded from the coverage of this section by the President based upon a determination by the President that the exclusion is necessary and warranted by conditions of good administration.

Prevention of prohibited actions.

"(d) The Secretary of Defense shall be responsible for the prevention of actions prohibited by subsection (b) and for the correction of any such actions that are taken. The authority of the Secretary to correct such actions may not be delegated to the Secretary of a military department or to the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Manpower and Logistics.

Regulations.

"(e) The Secretary of Defense, after consultation with the Director of the Office of Personnel Management and the Special Counsel of the Merit Systems Protection Board, shall prescribe regulations to carry out this section. Such regulations shall include provisions to protect the confidentiality of employees and applicants making disclosures described in clauses (1) and (2) of subsection (b).".

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"1587. Employees of nonappropriated fund instrumentalities.".

10 USC 1587 note.

(b) Section 1587 of such title, as added by subsection (a), shall apply with respect to any conduct prohibited by subsection (b) of such section which occurs after the date of the enactment of this Act.

EXTENSION OF THE GRACE PERIOD FOR THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE FAILURE TO REGISTER AND THE DENIAL OF FEDERAL EDUCATIONAL ASSISTANCE

SEC. 1254. The provision of the notice regarding the implementation of regulations entitled "Student Assistance General Provisions; Registration With Selective Service" (48 Federal Register No. 130, July 6, 1983), relating to the schedule under which an institution of higher education may certify first and then inform the student of the requirement that the student file a Statement of Registration Compliance for the period prior to July 31, 1983, is extended from July 31, 1983, through September 30, 1983.

48 FR 31175.

IMPACT AID AUTHORIZATION

SEC. 1255. (a)(1) Section 505(a)(1) of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981 is amended by striking out "section 2" the second place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "section 7".

20 USC 237 note.

(2) Section 505(a)(1) of such Act is further amended—

(A) by striking out "1983, and 1984" and inserting in lieu thereof "and 1983, and $565,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1984 and 1985"; and

(B) by inserting after "$10,000,000" in clause (A) the following: "for each of the fiscal years 1982 and 1983 and $20,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1984 and 1985".

(3)(A) Section 505(a)(3) of such Act is amended by striking out "or 1984" and inserting in lieu thereof "1984, or 1985". 20 USC 237 note.

(B) Section 505(b) of such Act is amended by striking out "or 1984" and inserting in lieu thereof "1984, or 1985". 20 USC 238 note.

(b) Section 3(d)(2)(E) of the Act of September 30, 1950 (Public Law 874, 81st Congress) is amended— 20 USC 238.

(1) by inserting "or 1984" after "fiscal year 1983" in clause (ii); and

(2) by striking out "1984" in clause (iii) and inserting in lieu thereof "1985".

RETIREMENT DEDUCTIONS FROM THE PAY OF JUDGES OF THE UNITED STATES COURT OF MILITARY APPEALS

SEC. 1256. (a) Section 8334 of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in the first sentence of subsection (a)(1) by inserting "and a judge of the United States Court of Military Appeals" before the period; and

(2) by adding at the end of the table contained in subsection (c) the following:

"Judge of the United States Court of Military Appeals for service as a judge of that court.	6	May 5, 1950, to October 31, 1956.
	6½	November 1, 1956, to December 31, 1969.
	7	January 1, 1970, to (but not including) the date of the enactment of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984.
	8	On and after the date of the enactment of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984.".

(b) Section 8336 of such title is amended— 5 USC 8336.

(1) by redesignating subsection (k) as subsection (l); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (j) the following new subsection (k):

"(k) A judge of the United States Court of Military Appeals who is separated from the service after becoming 62 years of age and completing 5 years of civilian service or after completing the term of service for which he was appointed as a judge of such court is entitled to an annuity. A judge who is separated from the service before becoming 60 years of age is entitled to a reduced annuity.". Annuities.

(c) Section 8337(a) of such title is amended by inserting the following after the third sentence: "A judge of the United States Court of Military Appeals who completes 5 years of civilian service and who is found by the Office to be disabled for useful and efficient service as a judge of such court or who is removed for mental or physical disability under section 867(a)(2) of title 10 shall be retired on the judge's own application or upon such removal.". 5 USC 8337. 10 USC 867.

5 USC 8338.

(d) Section 8338 of such title is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (b) the following new subsection (c):

Annuities.

"(c) A judge of the United States Court of Military Appeals who is separated from the service after completing 5 years of civilian service is entitled to an annuity beginning at the age of 62 years. A judge of such court who is separated from the service after completing the term of service for which he was appointed is entitled to an annuity. If an annuity is elected before the judge becomes 60 years of age, it shall be a reduced annuity.".

5 USC 8339.

(e) Section 8339 of such title is amended—

(1) in subsection (d), by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

Annuity computation.

"(6) The annuity of an employee who is a judge of the United States Court of Military Appeals, or a former judge of such court, retiring under this subchapter is computed under subsection (a) of this section, except, with respect to his service as a judge of such court, his service as a Member, his congressional employee service, and his military service (not exceeding 5 years) creditable under section 8332 of this title, his annuity is computed by multiplying 2½ percent of his average pay by the years of that service."; and

(2) by adding at the end of subsection (h) the following new sentence: "The annuity computed under subsections (a), (d)(6), and (f) of this section for a judge of the United States Court of Military Appeals retiring under the second sentence of section 8336(k) of this title or the third sentence of section 8338(c) of this title is reduced by 1/12 of 1 percent for each full month not in excess of 60 months, and ⅙ of 1 percent for each full month in excess of 60 months, the judge is under 60 years of age at the date of separation.".

Ante, p. 701.
Supra.

Effective date.
5 USC 8334 note.

(f) The increase in deductions from the pay of a judge of the United States Court of Military Appeals required by section 8334(a) of title 5, United States Code, as amended by subsection (a), shall take effect with respect to the first pay period that begins after the date of the enactment of this Act.

ONE-YEAR POSTPONEMENT FOR CERTAIN DEPOSITS FOR CIVIL SERVICE RETIREMENT CREDIT FOR MILITARY SERVICE

SEC. 1257. Section 8334(j)(2)(A) of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking out "October 1, 1982" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1983".

COMPENSATION FOR INJURIES INCURRED IN THE PERFORMANCE OF DUTY BY MEMBERS OF THE CIVIL AIR PATROL

SEC. 1258. (a) Section 8141 of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by inserting "under 18 years of age" after "Civil Air Patrol Cadet"; and

(2) in subsection (b)(1), by striking out "$300" and inserting in lieu thereof "the rate of basic pay payable for step 1 of grade GS-9 in the General Schedule under section 5332 of this title".

5 USC 5332.

Effective date.
5 USC 8141 note.

(b)(1) The amendments made by subsection (a) shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.

(2) The amendment made by subsection (a)(1) shall apply only to deaths or injuries occurring on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(3) The amendment made by subsection (a)(2) shall apply only to the computation of compensation payable for periods commencing on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

REPEAL OF REQUIREMENT FOR RETIREE SUGGESTION PROGRAM

SEC. 1259. (a) Section 2390 of title 10, United States Code, is repealed. Repeal.

(b) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 141 of such title is amended by striking out the item relating to section 2390.

OFFSHORE DRILLING AFFECTING NAVAL OPERATIONS

SEC. 1260. (a) The Secretary of the Navy shall submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives on the potential effect on naval operations of any proposed lease by the Department of the Interior of offshore lands for oil or gas drilling. Report transmittals.

(b) The Secretary of the Navy shall define offshore zones along the United States in which oil or gas drilling would cause appreciable impact on naval operations. The Secretary shall transmit to Congress and to the Secretary of the Interior a report describing the zones so established and the justification for each such zone.

RESTORATION OF BEDFORD AIR FORCE STATION, VIRGINIA

SEC. 1261. The Secretary of the Air Force may remove from the site of the former Bedford Air Force Station, Virginia, the improvements made to that site by the Air Force and may restore the premises as provided in the license from the United States Forest Service of the Department of Agriculture authorizing the use of that site by the Air Force.

PROHIBITION ON PURCHASE OF CERTAIN TYPEWRITERS

SEC. 1262. None of the funds available to the Department of Defense shall be available for the procurement of manual typewriters which were manufactured by facilities located within states which are signatories to the Warsaw Pact.

AWARD OF CAMPAIGN AND SERVICE MEDALS TO CERTAIN PERSONS

SEC. 1263. (a) Section 401 of the GI Bill Improvements Act of 1977 (Public Law 95-202; 91 Stat. 1449; 38 U.S.C. 106 note) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(c) Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense, any person who is issued a discharge under honorable conditions pursuant to the implementation of subsection (a) of this section may be awarded any campaign or service medal warranted by such person's service.". Regulations.

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply to all persons issued discharges under honorable conditions pursuant to section 401 of the GI Bill Improvements Act of 1977, whether such discharges are awarded before, on, or after the date of the enactment of this Act. 38 USC 106 note. 38 USC 106 note.

COMMEMORATIVE MEDAL FOR FAMILIES OF AMERICAN PERSONNEL MISSING IN SOUTHEAST ASIA

SEC. 1264. (a) The Congress finds and declares that—

(1) 2,494 Americans, military and civilian, are listed as missing or otherwise unaccounted for in Southeast Asia;

(2) those missing or otherwise unaccounted for Americans have suffered untold hardship at the hands of a cruel enemy while in the service of their country;

(3) the loyalty, hope, love, and courage of these families provide inspiration to all Americans;

(4) the Congress and the people of the United States are committed to a full accounting for all Americans missing or otherwise unaccounted for in Southeast Asia; and

(5) the service of those missing and otherwise unaccounted for Americans is deserving of special recognition by the Congress and all Americans.

(b)(1)(A) The Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President pro tempore of the Senate are authorized jointly to present, on behalf of the Congress, to those American personnel listed as missing or otherwise unaccounted for in Southeast Asia, to be accepted by next of kin, bronze medals designed by an artist who is an in-theater Vietnam veteran, in recognition of the distinguished service, heroism, and sacrifice of these personnel, and the commitment of the American people to their return. For such purpose, the Secretary of the Treasury shall cause to be struck bronze medals.

Appropriation authorization.

(B) There is authorized to be appropriated not to exceed $20,000 to carry out the provisions of subparagraph (A).

Miniature duplicate bronze medals.

(2) The Secretary of the Treasury may cause miniature duplicates in bronze of the medal provided for in paragraph (1) to be coined and sold, under such regulations as he may prescribe, at a price sufficient to cover the cost thereof (including labor, materials, dies, use of machinery, and overhead expenses), and the appropriation used for carrying out the provisions of this subsection shall be reimbursed out of the proceeds of such sale.

(3) The medals provided for in this subsection are national medals for the purpose of section 5111 of title 31, United States Code.

NAME OF SCHOOL OF MEDICINE AT THE UNIFORMED SERVICES UNIVERSITY OF THE HEALTH SCIENCES

F. Edward Hébert School of Medicine.
10 USC 2112 note.

SEC. 1265. The School of Medicine of the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences shall after the date of the enactment of this Act be known and designated as the "F. Edward Hébert School of Medicine". Any reference to such school of medicine in any law, regulation, map, document, or other record of the United States shall after such date be deemed to be a reference to such school of medicine as the F. Edward Hébert School of Medicine.

ACCEPTANCE OF VOLUNTARY SERVICES FOR MILITARY MUSEUMS AND FAMILY SUPPORT PROGRAMS

SEC. 1266. (a) Chapter 81 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding after section 1587 (as added by section 1253) the following new section:

"§ 1588. Authority to accept certain voluntary services

10 USC 1588.

"(a) Notwithstanding section 1342 of title 31, the Secretary of a military department may accept from any person voluntary services to be provided for a museum or a family support program operated by that military department.

"(b) A person providing voluntary services under subsection (a) shall be considered to be an employee for the purposes of chapter 81 of title 5, relating to compensation for work-related injuries, and to be an employee of the Government for the purposes of chapter 171 of title 28, relating to tort claims. Such a person who is not otherwise employed by the Federal Government shall not be considered to be a Federal employee for any other purpose by reason of the provision of such services.".

5 USC 8101 *et seq.*
28 USC 2671 *et seq.*

(b) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding after the item relating to section 1587 (as added by section 1253) the following new item:

"1588. Authority to accept certain voluntary services.".

REPORT ON PROPOSED LEGISLATION FOR CODIFICATION OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF LAW

SEC. 1267. The Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than February 1, 1984, proposed legislation for codification into appropriate titles of the United States Code, or for incorporation into other existing laws, those provisions of law that have been enacted during the past five years as a part of the annual Department of Defense Authorization Act or the annual Department of Defense Appropriation Act under the heading "General Provisions" and that in the opinion of the Secretary should be so codified or incorporated.

Submittal to congressional committees.

TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 10, UNITED STATES CODE

SEC. 1268. Title 10, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) Section 139b(g)(2) is amended by striking out "procurment" and inserting in lieu thereof "procurement".

(2) Section 140 is amended by striking out "of this section" in subsections (a) and (c).

(3) Section 520(a) is amended—

(A) by striking out "For the fiscal year beginning on October 1, 1980" and all that follows through "1982, the" and inserting in lieu thereof "The";

(B) by striking out "such fiscal year" the first place it appears in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "any fiscal year"; and

(C) by striking out "number of such" and all that follows through "into" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "total number of persons originally enlisted or inducted to serve on active duty (other than active duty for training) in".

(4) Section 1079 is amended—

(A) by striking out "thirty" in subsections (a) and (d) and inserting in lieu thereof "30"; and

(B) by striking out "of this section" in subsection (g).

10 USC 1081.

(5)(A) The heading of section 1081 is amended by striking out the semicolon and the last word.

(B) The item relating to that section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 55 is amended by striking out the semicolon and the last word.

(6) Section 1085 is amended by inserting a comma after "or his dependent" the first place it appears.

(7) Section 1090 is amended by striking out "(a)".

(8) Section 1126(a)(1) is amended by striking out "Who" and inserting in lieu thereof "who".

(9) Section 1489(a)(2) is amended by striking out "the date of the enactment of this section" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 14, 1980".

(10) Section 2005 is amended—

(A) by striking out "of this section" each place it appears in subsections (c) and (d); and

(B) by striking out "section—" in subsection (e) and inserting in lieu thereof "section:".

(11) Section 2101 is amended—

(A) by striking out "chapter—" and inserting in lieu thereof "chapter:";

(B) by striking out "'program'" and inserting in lieu thereof "'Program'";

(C) by striking out the semicolon at the end of paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof a period;

(D) by striking out "'member'" and inserting in lieu thereof "'Member'";

(E) by striking out "; and" and inserting in lieu thereof a period; and

(F) by striking out "'advanced'" and inserting in lieu thereof "'Advanced'".

Repeal.
10 USC 2116.

(12)(A) Section 2116 is repealed.

(B) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 104 is amended by striking out the item relating to section 2116.

(13) Section 2120 is amended by striking out "chapter—" and inserting in lieu thereof "chapter:".

(14) Section 2134 is amended by striking out the second sentence of such section. 10 USC 2134.

(15) The table of chapters at the beginning of subtitle A and the table of chapters at the beginning of part II of such subtitle are amended by striking out "and" in the item relating to chapter 60 and inserting in lieu thereof "or".

Approved September 24, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 675 (H.R. 2969) (S. 1107) (H.R. 2797) (H.R. 2972):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 98-107 accompanying H.R. 2969 (Comm. on Armed Services) and No. 98-352 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 98-174 (Comm. on Armed Services) and No. 98-213 (Comm. of Conference).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):

May 18, 26, June 14-16, July 20, 21, 26, H.R. 2969 considered and passed House.
July 11-16, 18-22, 25, 26, S. 675 considered and passed Senate.
July 29, S. 675 considered and passed House, amended, in lieu of H.R. 2969.
Sept. 13, Senate agreed to conference report with an amendment.
Sept. 15, House agreed to conference report and concurred in Senate amendment.

Public Law 98-95
98th Congress

An Act

Sept. 26, 1983
[S. 1872]

To increase endowment funds for eligible individuals under part C of title III of the Higher Education Act of 1965.

Challenge Grant Amendments of 1983.
20 USC 1001 note.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Challenge Grant Amendments of 1983".

SEC. 2. Part C of title III of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (hereinafter in this Act referred to as "the Act") is amended by adding after section 332 the following new section:

"ENDOWMENT GRANTS

20 USC 1065a.

"SEC. 333. (a)(1) The purpose of this section is to establish a program to provide matching grants to eligible institutions of higher education in order to establish or increase endowment funds at such institutions, to provide additional incentives to promote fundraising activities by such institutions, and to foster increased independence and self-sufficiency at such institutions.

Definitions.

"(2) For purposes of this section:

"(A) The term 'endowment fund' means a fund established by State law, by an institution of higher education, or by a foundation which is exempt from taxation and is maintained for the purpose of generating income for the support of the institution, but which shall not include real estate.

"(B) The term 'endowment fund corpus' means an amount equal to the grant or grants awarded under this section plus an amount equal to such grant or grants provided by the institution.

"(C) The term 'endowment fund income' means an amount equal to the total value of the endowment fund established under this section minus the endowment fund corpus.

Post, p. 711.

"(b)(1) From sums available for this section under section 347, the Secretary is authorized to award endowment grants to eligible institutions of higher education to establish or increase an endowment fund at such institution. Such grants shall be made only to eligible institutions described in paragraph (4) whose applications have been approved pursuant to subsection (g).

Matching funds requirement.

"(2) No institution shall receive a grant under this section, unless such institution has deposited in its endowment fund established under this section an amount equal to the amount of such grant. The source of funds for this institutional match shall not include Federal funds or funds from an existing endowment fund.

Grant period.

"(3)(A) The period of a grant under this section shall be not more than twenty years.

"(B) During the grant period, an institution may not withdraw or expend any of the endowment fund corpus.

"(C) After the termination of the grant period, an institution may use the endowment fund corpus plus any endowment fund income for any educational purpose.

"(4)(A) An institution of higher education is eligible to receive a grant under this section if it is an eligible institution as described in section 331(a)(1). Eligibility. 20 USC 1064.

"(B) No institution shall be ineligible for an endowment grant for a fiscal year by reason of the previous receipt of such a grant, but no institution shall be eligible to receive such a grant for more than two fiscal years out of any period of five consecutive fiscal years.

"(5) An endowment grant under this section to an eligible institution year shall—

"(A) not be less than $50,000 for any fiscal year; and

"(B) not be more than (i) $250,000 for fiscal year 1984; or (ii) $500,000 for fiscal year 1985 or any succeeding fiscal year.

"(6)(A) An eligible institution may designate a foundation, which was established for the purpose of raising money for the institution, as the recipient of the grant awarded under this section.

"(B) The Secretary shall not award a grant to a foundation on behalf of an institution unless—

"(i) the institution assures the Secretary that the foundation is legally authorized to receive the endowment fund corpus and is legally authorized to administer the fund in accordance with this section and any implementing regulations;

"(ii) the foundation agrees to administer the fund in accordance with the requirements of this section and any implementing regulation; and

"(iii) the institution agrees to be liable for any violation by the foundation of the provisions of this section and any implementing regulations, including any monetary liability that may arise as a result of such violation.

"(c)(1) An institution awarded a grant under this section shall enter into an agreement with the Secretary containing satisfactory assurances that it will (A) immediately comply with the matching requirements of subsection (b)(2), (B) establish an endowment fund independent of any other such fund of the institution, (C) invest the endowment fund corpus, and (D) meet the other requirements of this section. Agreement with Secretary.

"(2)(A) An institution shall invest the endowment fund corpus and endowment fund income in low-risk securities in which a regulated insurance company may invest under the law of the State in which the institution is located such as a federally insured bank savings account or comparable interest bearing account, certificate of deposit, money market fund, mutual fund, or obligations of the United States. Investment requirements.

"(B) The institution, in investing the endowment fund established under this section, shall exercise the judgment and care, under the circumstances then prevailing, which a person of prudence, discretion, and intelligence would exercise in the management of his own affairs.

"(3)(A) An institution may withdraw and expend the endowment fund income to defray any expenses necessary to the operation of such college, including expenses of operations and maintenance, administration, academic and support personnel, construction and renovation, community and student services programs, and technical assistance.

"(B)(i) Except as provided in clause (ii), an institution may not spend more than 50 per centum of the total aggregate endowment fund income earned prior to the time of expenditure.

"(ii) The Secretary may permit an institution to spend more than 50 per centum of the endowment fund income notwithstanding clause (i) if the institution demonstrates such an expenditure is necessary because of (I) a financial emergency, such as a pending insolvency or temporary liquidity problem; (II) a life-threatening situation occasioned by a natural disaster or arson; or (III) another unusual occurrence or exigent circumstance.

Repayment.

"(d)(1) If at any time an institution withdraws part of the endowment fund corpus, it shall repay to the Secretary an amount equal to 50 per centum of the withdrawn amount, which represents the Federal share, plus income earned thereon. The Secretary may use such repaid funds to make additional endowment grants, or to increase existing endowment grants, to other eligible institutions.

"(2) If an institution expends more of the endowment fund income than is permitted under subsection (c), the grantee shall repay the Secretary an amount equal to 50 per centum of the amount improperly expended (representing the Federal share thereof). The Secretary may use such repaid fund to make additional endowment grants, or to increase existing endowment grants, to other eligible institutions.

Audit and examination.

"(e) An institution receiving a grant under this section shall provide to the Secretary (or his designee) such information (or access thereto) as may be necessary to audit or examine expenditures made from the endowment fund corpus or income in order to determine compliance with this section.

Priority consideration.

"(f) In selecting eligible institutions for grants under this section for any fiscal year, the Secretary shall—

20 USC 1057, 1060.

"(1) give priority to an applicant which is a recipient of a grant made under part A or B of this title during the academic year in which the applicant is applying for a grant under this section; and

"(2) give priority to an applicant with a greater need for such a grant, based on the current market value of the applicant's existing endowment in relation to the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled at such institution;

"(3) consider—

"(A) the effort made by the applicant to build or maintain its existing endowment fund; and

"(B) the degree to which an applicant proposes to match the grant with nongovernmental funds.

Application.

"(g) Any institution which is eligible for assistance under this section may submit to the Secretary a grant application at such time, in such form, and containing such information as the Secretary may prescribe. Subject to the availability of appropriations to carry out this section and consistent with the requirement of subsection (f), the Secretary may approve an application for a grant if an institution, in its application, provides adequate assurances that it will comply with the requirements of this section.

Grant termination and recovery.

"(h)(1) After notice and an opportunity for a hearing, the Secretary may terminate and recover a grant awarded under this section if the grantee institution—

"(A) expends portions of the endowment fund corpus or expends more than the permissible amount of the endowment funds income as prescribed in subsection (c)(3);

"(B) fails to invest the endowment fund in accordance with the investment standards set forth in subsection (c)(2); or

"(C) fails to properly account to the Secretary concerning the investment and expenditures of the endowment funds.

"(2) If the Secretary terminates a grant under paragraph (1), the grantee shall return to the Secretary an amount equal to the sum of the original grant or grants under this section plus income earned thereon. The Secretary may use such repaid funds to make additional endowment grants, or to increase existing endowment grants, to other eligible institutions.".

SEC. 3. Section 347 of the Act is amended— 20 USC 1069c.

(1) by inserting after the period at the end of subsection (a)(2) the following: "Of the amount appropriated for such part for fiscal year 1984, 20 per centum shall be available for grants under section 333 of such part, and of the amount appropriated for such part for fiscal year 1985, 100 per centum shall be available for grants under such section"; and *Ante*, p. 708.

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(f) For each fiscal year, the Secretary may reserve from the appropriation for part B not more than an amount equal to the aggregate amount grantees receiving grants under part B would contribute under section 324 to the cost of the grants in that fiscal year, assuming the grant amounts remain the same as those received in the prior fiscal year, and may use those funds to award grants to eligible institutions under section 333. In reserving and awarding such funds, the Secretary shall assure that funds that would have been reserved under part B for the institutions described in subsection (c) or (e) shall continue to be set aside under section 333 for those institutions.". Reserve funds. 20 USC 1060. 20 USC 1063. *Ante*, p. 708.

SEC. 4. (a) Section 516(c) of the Omnibus Education Reconciliation Act of 1981 is amended by striking out paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof the following: 20 USC 1069c note.

"(1) The total amount of appropriations to carry out title III of the Higher Education Act of 1965 shall not exceed $134,416,000 for fiscal year 1984.". 20 USC 1051.

(b) Section 503 of such Act is amended by striking out "1982, 1983, and 1984" and inserting in lieu thereof "1982 and 1983 and $159,700,000 for fiscal year 1984". 20 USC 123 note.

(c) Notwithstanding section 516(g) of such Act, there are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out parts A and B of title VII of the Higher Education Act of 1965. 20 USC 1132a-1 note. 20 USC 1132b, 1132c.

(d) Subsections (a)(2), (b), and (c) of section 721 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 shall not apply to funds appropriated by Public Law 98-63 for part B of title VII of the Higher Education Act 20 USC 1132c. *Ante*, p. 301.

20 USC 1132c.
20 USC 1132b-2.

of 1965. Such funds shall be used in accordance with section 713(g) of such Act and distributed in accordance with the statement of the managers pertaining to the appropriation of such funds, as contained in the conference report on Public Law 98-63 (H. Rep. 98-308, p. 53).

Approved September 26, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1872 (H.R. 2144):

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-76 accompanying H.R. 2144 (Comm. on Education and Labor).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Sept. 22, considered and passed Senate.
Sept. 26, considered and passed House.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 19, No. 39 (1983):
Sept. 26, Presidential statement.

Public Law 98-96
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Designating the week beginning September 25, 1983, as "National Adult Day Care Center Week".

Sept. 27, 1983
[H.J. Res. 132]

Whereas there are nearly eight hundred adult day care centers nationwide, some of which serve adults starting at age eighteen and others which serve primarily senior citizens, providing a safe and positive environment to partially disabled individuals in need of daytime assistance and supervision;

Whereas adult day care centers provide necessary health maintenance functions and medical care, including medication monitoring, therapies, and health education, and are operated by professional staffs who identify the need for additional health services and make appropriate referrals;

Whereas adult day care centers provide opportunities for social interactions to otherwise isolated individuals and assist them in attaining and maintaining a maximum level of independence; and

Whereas these centers offer relief to families who otherwise must care for disabled elderly persons on a twenty-four-hour-per-day basis: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the week beginning September 25, 1983, is designated "National Adult Day Care Center Week". The President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe that week with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

National Adult Day Care Center Week.

Approved September 27, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 132 (S.J. Res. 50):

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Sept. 15, considered and passed House.
Sept. 20, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-97
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Sept. 27, 1983
[H.J. Res. 218]

To designate the month of September of 1983 as "National Sewing Month".

Whereas the sewing industry annually honors the approximately fifty million people who sew at home and the approximately forty million people who sew at least part of their wardrobe;

Whereas the home sewing industry generates over $3,500,000,000 annually for the economy of the United States; and

Whereas innumerable careers in fashion, retail merchandizing, design, patternmaking, and textiles have had their geneses in the home and in elementary school home economics classes: Now, therefore, be it

National Sewing Month.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the month of September of 1983 is designated "National Sewing Month". The President is requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe that month with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

Approved September 27, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 218:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Aug. 4, considered and passed House.
Sept. 20, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-98
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Condemning the Soviet criminal destruction of the Korean civilian airliner.

Sept. 28, 1983
[H.J. Res. 353]

Whereas the United States joins with the world community in expressing its outrage over the actions of the Soviet Government on August 31, 1983, which caused the destruction of Korean Air Lines flight 7 with the loss of two hundred and sixty-nine innocent lives;

Whereas on August 31, 1983, Korean Air Lines flight 7 inadvertently entered Soviet airspace;

Whereas Soviet authorities tracked Korean Air Lines flight 7 for more than two hours, but did not adhere to all the internationally recognized procedures necessary to warn the aircraft that it was off course and to protect its passengers;

Whereas a Soviet Air Force fighter fired air-to-air missiles at Korean Air Lines flight 7 and destroyed the unarmed, clearly marked civilian airliner with two hundred and sixty-nine innocent men, women, and children from fourteen nations aboard, including sixty-one of our fellow citizens;

Whereas among the victims was a distinguished Member of Congress, the Honorable Larry P. McDonald;

Whereas the highest levels of the Soviet Government have lied in an attempt to justify this unconscionable act and have continued to deny access to the area where the airplane went down;

Whereas the Soviet Government has publicly proclaimed its intention to repeat its murderous act if another airliner wanders inadvertently into Soviet airspace; and

Whereas this cold-blooded barbarous attack on a commercial airliner straying off course is one of the most infamous and reprehensible acts in history: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the United States hereby—

Soviet destruction of Korean airliner, condemnation.

(1) condemns the Soviet crime of destroying Korean Air Lines flight 7 and murdering the two hundred and sixty-nine innocent people onboard;

(2) calls for a full and frank explanation from the Soviet Union for this brutal massacre;

(3) extends its deepest sympathies to the families who lost loved ones, and supports their rights to obtain reparations from the Soviet Union;

(4) calls on the Soviet Union to assist international efforts to recover the remains of the victims;

(5) calls for an international investigation by the International Civil Aviation Organization into this heinous incident;

(6) declares its intention to work with the international community in demanding that the Soviet Union modify its air defense procedures and practices to assure the safe passage of commercial airliners;

(7) finds that this tragic incident, and the Soviet Government's refusal to acknowledge responsibility for its wanton conduct, will make it more difficult for the United States and other nations to accept the Soviet Union as a responsible member of the international community; and

(8) urges our allies and other nations to cooperate with the United States in continuing to demand that the Soviet Government unequivocally apologize for its actions, fully compensate the families of the innocent victims, and agree to abide by internationally recognized and established procedures which are purposefully designed to prevent the occurrence of such tragedies.

Approved September 28, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 353 (S.J. Res. 158):

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Sept. 14, considered and passed House.
Sept. 15, considered and passed Senate.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 19, No. 39 (1983):
Sept. 28, Presidential statement.

Public Law 98-99
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

To authorize and request the President to issue a proclamation designating April 22 through April 28, 1984, as "National Organ Donation Awareness Week".

Sept. 28, 1983
[H.J. Res. 229]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation designating April 22 through April 28, 1984, as "National Organ Donation Awareness Week".

National Organ Donation Awareness Week.

Approved September 28, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 229:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
May 12, considered and passed House.
Sept. 20, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-100
98th Congress

An Act

Sept. 29, 1983
[H.R. 3914]

To require the Secretary of Agriculture to make an earlier announcement of the 1984 crop feed grain program and of the 1985 crop wheat and feed grain programs.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Feed grain programs for 1984 and 1985.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF ACREAGE LIMITATION AND SET-ASIDE PROGRAMS

7 USC 1444d and note.

7 USC 1444d.

SECTION 1. (a) Effective for the 1984 and 1985 crops of feed grains, the second sentence of section 105B(e)(1)(A) of the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended by section 124(l) of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1982, is amended to read as follows: "The Secretary shall announce any such feed grain acreage limitation program or set-aside program for the 1984 crop not later than September 30, 1983, and for the 1985 crop not later than September 30, 1984: *Provided,* That, notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary shall have the authority to make appropriate adjustments in such announcement for the feed grain acreage limitation program or the set-aside program for the 1984 crop not later than October 30, 1983, and for the 1985 crop not later than October 30, 1984, if the Secretary determines that there has been a significant change in the total supply of feed grains since the earlier announcement.".

Wheat.
7 USC 1445b-1 and note.

7 USC 1445b-1.

(b) Effective for the 1985 crop of wheat, the second sentence of section 107B(e)(1)(A) of the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended by section 122(l) of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1982, is amended to read as follows: "The Secretary shall announce any such wheat acreage limitation program or set-aside program for the 1985 crop not later than July 1, 1984: *Provided,* That, notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary shall have the authority to make appropriate adjustments in such announcement for the wheat acreage limitation program or the set-aside program for the 1985 crop not later than July 31, 1984, if the Secretary determines that there has been a significant change in the total supply of wheat since the earlier announcement.".

Approved September 29, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3914 (H.R. 3564) (S. 1865):

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Sept. 20, considered and passed House.
Sept. 21, considered and passed Senate.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 19, No. 39 (1983):
Sept. 29, Presidential statement.

Public Law 98-101
98th Congress

An Act

To provide for the establishment of a Commission on the Bicentennial of the Constitution.

Sept. 29, 1983
[S. 118]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is established a Commission on the Bicentennial of the United States Constitution, hereinafter referred to as the "Commission".

Commission on the Bicentennial of the United States Constitution. Establishment.

FINDINGS

SEC. 2. The Congress finds that—

(1) the bicentennial of the Constitutional Convention's adoption of the Constitution occurs on September 17, 1987;

(2) the Constitution enunciates the limitations on government, the inalienable rights, and the timeless principles of individual liberty and responsibility, and equality before law, for the people of the United States of America;

(3) this document has set an enduring example of representative democracy for the world; and

(4) the maintenance of the common principles that animate our Republic depend upon a knowledge and understanding of their roots and origins.

PURPOSE

SEC. 3. It is the purpose of this Act to establish a Commission to promote and coordinate activities to commemorate the bicentennial of the Constitution.

MEMBERSHIP

SEC. 4. (a) The Commission shall be composed of twenty-three members as follows:

(1) twenty members appointed by the President, four of whom shall be appointed from among the recommendations made by the Speaker of the House of Representatives (in consultation with the minority leader of the House of Representatives), four of whom shall be appointed from among the recommendations made by the President pro tempore of the Senate, in consultation with the majority leader and minority leader of the Senate, and four of whom shall be appointed from among the recommendations made by the Chief Justice of the United States;

(2) the Chief Justice of the United States, or his designee;

(3) the President pro tempore of the Senate, or his designee; and

(4) the Speaker of the House of Representatives, or his designee.

(b) Each of the individuals making recommendations to the President regarding appointments shall seek to achieve a balanced membership representing, to the maximum extent practicable, the Nation as a whole. The Commission members shall be chosen from

among individuals who have demonstrated scholarship, a strong sense of public service, expertise in the learned professions, and abilities likely to contribute to the fulfillment of the duties of the Commission.

(c) Members of the Commission shall be appointed for the life of the Commission.

(d) One of the members shall be designated as Chairman by, and shall serve in the position of Chairman at the pleasure of, the President.

(e) Twelve members of the Commission shall constitute a quorum, but a lesser number may conduct meetings.

Vacancy.

(f) A vacancy in the Commission resulting from the death or resignation of a member shall not affect its powers, and shall be filled in the same manner in which the original appointment was made.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS AND POWERS

Pay rate.

SEC. 5. (a) The Commission shall appoint a staff director who shall be paid at a rate not to exceed the rate of basic pay provided for level I of the Executive Schedule pursuant to section 5312 of title 5, United States Code.

(b) The Commission is authorized to appoint and fix the compensation, without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service, and without regard to chaper 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title relating to classification and General Schedule pay rates, of such additional publicly paid personnel up to five persons, as the Chairman finds necessary to carry out the purposes of this title. Such personnel shall be compensated at a rate not to exceed a rate equal to the maximum rate of pay for GS-18 of the General Schedule under section 5332 of title 5, United States Code.

5 USC 5101 *et seq.*
5 USC 5331.

(c) Subject to the provisions of this subsection, the Commission may appoint and fix the pay of such additional personnel to be paid out of private donations. An individual appointed to a position funded in such manner shall be so designated at the time of such individual's appointment. The Chairman may appoint such additional personnel as he deems appropriate, not to exceed forty staff members.

Compensation and reimbursement.

(d) Each member of the Commission shall serve without being compensated as a member of such Commission, except that each member shall be reimbursed for travel, subsistence, and other necessary expenses incurred by them in the performance of their duties.

Detailed Federal agency personnel.

(e)(1) Upon request of the Commission, the head of any Federal agency may detail any of the personnel of such agency to the Commission to assist the Commission in carrying out its duties under this Act. Details under this subsection shall be without reimbursement by the Commission to the agency from which the employee concerned was detailed.

(2) The Commission may accept the services of not to exceed twenty employees under this subsection at any time.

(f) The Commission is authorized to procure supplies, services, and property, and make contracts, in any fiscal year, only to such extent or in such amounts as are provided in appropriation Acts or are donated pursuant to subsection (h) of this section.

(g) The Commission is authorized to enter into agreements with the General Services Administration for procurement of necessary financial and administrative services, for which payment shall be

made by reimbursement from funds of the Commission in such amounts as may be agreed upon by the Chairman and the Administrator of the General Services Administration.

(h)(1) The Commission is authorized to accept, use, solicit, and dispose of donations of money, property, or personal services. Donations.

(2) The Commission shall prescribe regulations under which the Commission may accept donations of money, property, or personal services, except that under such regulations, the Commission may not accept donations— Regulations.

(A) the value of which exceeds $25,000 annually, in the case of donations from an individual; or

(B) the value of which exceeds $100,000 annually, in the case of donations from a corporation, partnership, or other business organization.

(3) The regulations prescribed under this subsection shall include procedures for determining the value of donations of property or personal services.

(4) The limitations set forth in this subsection shall not apply in the case of an organization if it is an organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (26 U.S.C. 501(c)(3)), and exempt from taxation under section 501(a) of such Code.

(i) The Commission may use the United States mails in the same manner and under the same conditions as other departments and agencies of the United States.

(j) The Commission shall have the authority to design and use a logo as the official emblem of the bicentennial. The Commission shall issue rules and regulations, including penalties for unauthorized use, regarding the use of such logo, except that under those regulations, the Commission shall be prohibited from selling, leasing, or otherwise granting to any corporation or private person the right to use the logo in connection with the production or manufacture of any commercial goods, as part of an advertisement promoting any commercial goods or services, or as part of an endorsement for any such goods or services. Logo. Rules, regulations, and prohibitions.

DUTIES OF THE COMMISSION

SEC. 6. (a) The Commission shall—

(1) plan and develop activities appropriate to commemorate the bicentennial of the Constitution, including a limited number of projects to be undertaken by the Federal Government seeking to harmonize and balance the important goals of ceremony and celebration with the equally important goals of scholarship and education;

(2) encourage private organizations, and State and local governments to organize and participate in bicentennial activities commemorating or examining the drafting, ratification, and history of the Constitution and the specific features of the document;

(3) coordinate, generally, activities throughout all of the States; and

(4) serve as a clearinghouse for the collection and dissemination of information about bicentennial events and plans.

(b) In planning and implementing appropriate activities to commemorate the bicentennial, the Commission shall give due consideration to—

(1) the historical setting in which the Constitution was developed and ratified, including such antecedents as the Federalist Papers, the Articles of the Confederation, and the ratification debates in the States;

(2) the contribution of diverse ethnic and racial groups;

(3) the relationship and historical development of the three branches of the Government;

(4) the importance of activities concerning the Constitution and citizenship education throughout all of the States regardless of when such State achieved statehood;

(5) the unique achievements and contributions of the participants in the Constitutional Convention of 1787 and the State ratification proceedings;

(6) the diverse legal and philosophical views regarding the Constitution;

(7) the need for reflection upon both academic and scholarly views of the Constitution and the principle that the document must be understood by the general public;

(8) the substantive provisions of the Constitution itself;

(9) the impact of the Constitution on American life and government;

(10) the need to encourage appropriate educational curriculums designed to educate students at all levels of learning on the drafting, ratification, and history of the Constitution and the specific provisions of that document; and

(11) the significance of the principles and institutions of the Constitution to other nations and their citizens.

Private and governmental organizations, assistance.

(c) The Commission shall seek the cooperation, advice, and assistance from both private and governmental agencies and organizations, including the National Endowment for the Arts, the National Endowment for the Humanities, the Library of Congress, the Smithsonian Institution, the National Archives, the Department of the Interior, State and local governments, learned societies, academic institutions, and historical, patriotic, philanthropic, civic, and professional groups, and bar associations.

(d) The Commission may, in carrying out the purposes of this Act, delegate authority to State advisory commissions to assist in implementing this Act.

Report to President, Congress, and Judicial Conference of U.S.

(e) Within two years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commission shall submit to the President and each House of the Congress and the Judicial Conference of the United States a comprehensive report incorporating specific recommendations of the Commission for commemoration and coordination of the bicentennial and related activities. Such report shall include recommendations for publications, scholarly projects, conferences, programs, films, libraries, exhibits, ceremonies, and other projects, competitions and awards, and a calendar of major activities and events planned to commemorate specific historical dates. Each year after such comprehensive report, the Commission shall submit an annual report to the President, each House of the Congress, and the Judicial Conference until such Commission terminates.

TERMINATION

SEC. 7. The Commission shall terminate on December 31, 1989.

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 8. There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out the purposes of this Act $300,000 for fiscal year 1984 and such sums as may be necessary for the subsequent fiscal years through fiscal year 1989.

EFFECTIVE DATE

SEC. 9. This Act shall become effective on the date of enactment.

Approved September 29, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 118:

SENATE REPORT No. 98-68 (Comm. on the Judiciary).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
July 18, considered and passed Senate.
Aug. 4, considered and passed House, amended.
Sept. 14, Senate concurred in House amendments.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 19, No. 39 (1983):
Sept. 29, Presidential statement.

Public Law 98-102
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Sept. 30, 1983
[S.J. Res. 82]

Designating November 1983 as "National Alzheimer's Disease Month".

Whereas more than one million five hundred thousand Americans are affected by Alzheimer's disease which is a surprisingly common disorder that destroys certain vital cells of the brain;

Whereas Alzheimer's disease is the fourth leading cause of death among older Americans;

Whereas Alzheimer's disease is responsible for 50 per centum of all nursing home admissions, at an anticipated annual cost of almost $20,000,000,000;

Whereas in one-third of all American families one parent will succumb to this disease;

Whereas Alzheimer's disease is not a normal consequence of aging; and

Whereas an increase in the national awareness of the problem of Alzheimer's disease may stimulate the interest and concern of the American people, which may lead, in turn, to increased research and eventually to the discovery of a cure for Alzheimer's disease: Now, therefore, be it

National Alzheimer's Disease Month.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That November 1983 is designated "National Alzheimer's Disease Month". The President is requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe that month with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

Approved September 30, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 82:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Apr. 21, considered and passed Senate.
Sept. 15, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-103
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

To designate the week of December 11, 1983, through December 17, 1983, as "National Drunk and Drugged Driving Awareness Week".

Sept. 30, 1983
[S.J. Res. 119]

Whereas traffic accidents result in more violent deaths in the United States than any other cause, over forty-four thousand in 1982;

Whereas traffic accidents cause thousands of serious injuries in the United States each year;

Whereas more than 65 per centum of drivers killed in single vehicle collisions and over 50 per centum of all drivers fatally injured have blood alcohol concentrations above the legal limit;

Whereas the Surgeon General has reported that life expectancy has risen for every age group over the past seventy-five years except for those fifteen to twenty-four years old, whose death rate, the leading cause of which is drunk driving, is higher now than it was twenty years ago;

Whereas the total societal cost of drunk driving has been estimated at over $24,000,000,000 per year, which does not include the human suffering that can never be measured;

Whereas there are increasing reports of driving after drug use and accidents involving drivers who have used marihuana or other illegal drugs;

Whereas driving after the use of therapeutic drugs, either alone or in combination with alcohol, contrary to the advice of physician, pharmacist, or manufacturer, may create a safety hazard on the roads;

Whereas more research is needed on the effect of drugs either alone or in combination with alcohol, on driving ability and the incidence of traffic accidents;

Whereas an increased public awareness of the gravity of the problem of drugged driving may warn drug users to refrain from driving and may stimulate interest in increasing necessary research on the effect of drugs on driving ability and the incidence of traffic accidents;

Whereas the public, particularly through the work of citizens groups, is demanding a solution to the problem of drunk and drugged driving;

Whereas the President has appointed a Commission on Drunk Driving to heighten public awareness and stimulate the pursuit of solutions, and this Commission has provided vital recommendations for remedies for the problem of drunk driving in an interim report in December 1982;

Whereas many States have appointed task forces to examine existing drunk driving programs and make recommendations for a renewed, comprehensive approach, and in many cases their recommendations are leading to enactment of new laws, along with stricter enforcement;

Whereas the best defense against the drunk or drugged driver is the use of safety belts and greater safety belt usage would increase the number of survivors of traffic accidents;

Whereas an increase in the public awareness of the problem of drunk and drugged driving may contribute to a change in society's attitude toward the drunk or drugged driver and help to sustain current efforts to develop comprehensive solutions at the State and local levels;

Whereas the Christmas and New Year holiday period, with more drivers on the roads and an increased number of social functions, is a particularly appropriate time to focus national attention on this critical problem;

Whereas designation of the week of December 12, 1982, through December 18, 1982, as National Drunk and Drugged Driving Awareness Week stimulated many activities and programs by groups in both the private and public sectors aimed at curbing drunk and drugged driving in the high-risk Christmas and New Year holiday period and thereafter;

Whereas the number of traffic fatalities over the three-day New Year holiday in 1982 was the lowest since 1949, with 282 deaths as compared to 338 deaths for the same period in 1981;

Whereas the activities and programs during National Drunk and Drugged Driving Awareness Week in 1982 heightened the awareness of the American public to the danger of drunk and drugged driving and contributed to the decrease in traffic fatalities: Now, therefore, be it

National Drunk and Drugged Driving Awareness Week.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the week of December 11, 1983, through December 17, 1983, is designated as "National Drunk and Drugged Driving Awareness Week" and the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe that week with appropriate activities.

Approved September 30, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 119:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
July 16, considered and passed Senate.
Sept. 15, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-104
98th Congress

An Act

To amend the District of Columbia Retirement Reform Act.

Sept. 30, 1983
[S. 1625]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 145 of the District of Columbia Retirement Reform Act, approved November 17, 1979 (93 Stat. 866, 882-884), is amended to read as follows:

District of Columbia police officers and fire fighters, disability retirement rates.
93 Stat. 877.

"(a)(1) After January 1, and before March 1, of each year beginning with calendar year 1984 and ending with calendar year 2004, the enrolled actuary engaged pursuant to section 142 shall, with respect to the District of Columbia Police Officers and Fire Fighters' Retirement Fund—

"(A) determine, in accordance with paragraph (2) of this subsection, the disability retirement rate for the preceding calendar year; and

"(B) determine if such disability retirement rate for such preceding calendar year is greater than eight-tenths of a percentage point.

"(2) For the purposes of clause (A) of paragraph (1) of this subsection, the disability retirement rate for the applicable calendar year shall be an amount equal to a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of officers and members of the Metropolitan Police Force and the Fire Department of the District of Columbia who first became officers or members on or before February 14, 1980, and who retired on disability during such applicable year under subsection (f)(1) or (g)(1) of section 12 of the Policemen and Firemen's Retirement and Disability Act (but such numerator shall not include any such officer or member whose retirement is ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction), and the denominator of which is the total number of such officers and members who were on active duty on January 1 of such applicable calendar year.

39 Stat. 718.

"(3) The enrolled actuary shall report the determinations (including related documents and information) made under paragraph (1) of this subsection to the Board and to the Comptroller General of the United States not later than March 1 of each year.

Report to Board and Comptroller General.

"(b)(1) The Board and the Comptroller General shall each transmit a copy of each such report by the enrolled actuary under subsection (a) to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President pro tempore of the Senate, the chairman of the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate, the chairman of the Committee on the District of Columbia of the House of Representatives, the chairman of the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, the chairman of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives, the Mayor of the District of Columbia, and the Council of the District of Columbia, not later than March 31 of the calendar year in which the report is made, and each shall submit comments on such report.

Report copies, transmittal to Congress, Mayor, and D.C. Council.

"(2) The Comptroller General shall include in his comments on each such report transmitted under paragraph (1) of this subsection

a statement as to whether or not the determinations made by the enrolled actuary fairly present, in all material respects, the requirements of subsection (a) of this section.

Reduced amount, determination.

93 Stat. 881.

"(3) With respect to each applicable fiscal year, the Comptroller General shall make a determination, as provided for under subsection (c)(1) of this section of the amount, if any, by which the authorization under section 144(a)(1) should be reduced. The results of such determination, together with such other data, information, and comments as the Comptroller General may deem necessary to enable the Congress, and the appropriate committees thereof, to carry out the provisions of subsection (c) of this section, shall be included as a part of his report under paragraph (1) of this subsection.

"(c)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, with respect to the fiscal year commencing October 1, 1984, and each fiscal year thereafter through the fiscal year commencing October 1, 2004, the authorization under section 144(a)(1) for each such fiscal year shall be deemed, for purposes of such section, to be reduced in the amount hereafter provided, if the report, submitted by the Comptroller General pursuant to subsection (b) of this section in the calendar year in which such fiscal year commences, states that the disability retirement rate under subsection (a) of this section for the preceding calendar year is greater than eight-tenths of a percentage point. The amount of such reduction shall be 1½ per centum for each whole tenth of a percentage point by which the disability retirement rate is greater than eight-tenths of a percentage point.

"(2) There shall be no reduction pursuant to section 144(a)(1) and paragraph (1) of this subsection for any such fiscal year, if, in computing the disability retirement rate under subsection (a) of this section for the calendar year preceding the calendar year in which such fiscal year commences, the numerator is less than eight.

Catastrophic or unordinary events.

"(3)(A) If the Board determines, on the basis of substantial facts, that unordinary circumstances or events of catastrophic magnitude, such as a fire or civil disorder, caused or significantly contributed to the number of disability retirements under subsection (g)(1) of section 12 of the Policemen and Firemen's Retirement and Disability

39 Stat. 718.

Act during a calendar year covered by the report submitted by the Comptroller General pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, it shall submit a detailed statement on such circumstances and events to the Federal Emergency Management Agency and the Comptroller General. Such statement shall be submitted on or before July 1 of the calendar year next following the calendar year covered by such report of the Comptroller General. The statement shall contain, among other matters, data on the total number of disability retirements under subsections (f)(1) and (g)(1) of section 12 of such Act for the applicable calendar year, the number of such retirements under subsection (g)(1) of such Act which, in the opinion of the Board, were caused or significantly contributed to by such circumstances or events, and an explanation as to why the Board considers such events or circumstances to be unordinary and of a catastrophic magnitude.

Report review by Federal Emergency Management Agency.

"(B) The Federal Emergency Management Agency shall review the Board's report and provide the Board its assessment within sixty days of receipt of the Board's report, of the scope, nature, involvement, and impact on District of Columbia police officers and firefighters of the events determined by the Board to be of unordinary

and of a catastrophic nature. The Agency shall submit copies of its assessment to the Comptroller General, the Board, and the offices and officers set forth in subsection (b) of this section.

Agency assessment, copies.

"(C)(1) The Comptroller General, on the basis of such reports from the Board and the Federal Emergency Management Agency, shall determine the extent to which such disability retirements which such Agency determined were caused or contributed to by such events and circumstances, caused a reduction in the amount appropriated to the Fund as provided under subsection (c) of this section. The Comptroller General shall report the amount of such reduction so caused to the Board and to the offices and officers set forth in subsection (b)(1) of this section. Such reports shall be submitted on or before December 31 of the calendar year in which he receives such report of the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

"(2) In addition to the amount authorized to be appropriated to the Fund for any fiscal year under section 144(a)(1), there is authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year commencing October 1, 1984, and each fiscal year thereafter, such sum as may be necessary to pay to the Fund an amount equal to the amount of any reduction, plus interest lost to the Fund because of the reduction, for a fiscal year as reported by the Comptroller General to the offices and officers of the Congress pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection, but in no case shall any moneys be appropriated on the basis of the authorization pursuant to this paragraph except to the extent that any such reduction was actually made.".

Appropriation authorization. 93 Stat. 881.

SEC. 2. The amendment made by this Act shall be considered as having taken effect as of January 1, 1983.

Effective date.

Approved September 30, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1625:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-372 (Comm. on the District of Columbia).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-217 (Comm. on Governmental Affairs).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Aug. 3, considered and passed Senate.
Sept. 26, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-105
98th Congress

An Act

Sept. 30, 1983
[S. 1850]

To amend title 38, United States Code, to extend for one year the authority of the Veterans' Administration to provide certain contract medical services in Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands.

Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands, contract medical service.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 601(4)(C)(v) of title 38, United States Code, is amended by striking out "September 30, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1984".

Approved September 30, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.1850:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Sept. 20, considered and passed Senate.
Sept. 22, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-106
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Commemorating the Twenty-fifth Anniversary of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

Oct. 1, 1983
[H.J. Res. 284]

Whereas the United States embarked on an urgent national effort to enter the space age which was inaugurated by adoption of the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958, whereby the National Aeronautics and Space Administration was created on October 1, 1958;

42 USC 2451 note.

Whereas, on October 11, 1958, NASA launched into Earth-orbit its first automated satellite, Pioneer 1;

Whereas the first United States citizen was launched into suborbital space aboard his "Freedom 7" Mercury capsule on May 5, 1961;

Whereas, on February 20, 1962, the first United States citizen was launched into Earth-orbit aboard his "Friendship 7" Mercury capsule;

Whereas, subsequently, literally dozens of astronauts have been launched into Earth-orbit to perform useful work and research for periods lasting as long as three months at a time;

Whereas, on July 20, 1969, the Apollo 11 lunar module, "Eagle", carried the first manned expedition to the surface of the Moon and, subsequently, five additional two-man crews would explore the lunar front side for science;

Whereas hundreds of unmanned satellites have scientifically explored near-Earth space, have mapped our planet's resources, charted its weather and provided a technical base from which commercial exploitation of space has become a reality;

Whereas two-thirds of the planets in the solar system have been explored and observed in detail by increasingly complex generations of interplanetary craft;

Whereas the birth of the first reusable space transportation system was realized on April 12, 1981, with the successful launch, orbital operation and ground landing of the space shuttle Columbia;

Whereas, drawing upon its NACA heritage, the agency has continued to push forward the horizons of aeronautical research and development;

Whereas cooperative space projects with other nations of the World have greatly enhanced relations, communications, and understanding among the inhabitants of "Spaceship Earth";

Whereas, for twenty-five years, NASA has vigorously pursued the charter set forth by Congress—to realize the potential, practical benefits to be gained from aeronautical and space research and development—which has placed the United States in a preeminent position worldwide to utilize this technology; and

Whereas the twenty-fifth Anniversary of the birth of NASA provides an opportunity to recognize the enormous achievements by that agency in aeronautics and space research and development, and in related fields of science and technology: Now, therefore, be it

National Aeronautics and Space Administration, twenty-fifth anniversary.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the day October 1, 1983, is hereby designated the "Twenty-fifth Anniversary of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration", and the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe such day with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

Approved October 1, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 284 (S.J. Res. 170):

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Sept. 27, considered and passed House.
Sept. 29, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-107
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Making continuing appropriations for the fiscal year 1984, and for other purposes.

Oct. 1, 1983
[H.J. Res. 368]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, and out of applicable corporate or other revenues, receipts, and funds, for the several departments, agencies, corporations, and other organizational units of the Government for the fiscal year 1984, and for other purposes, namely:

Continuing appropriations for fiscal year 1984.

SEC. 101. (a)(1) Such amounts as may be necessary for projects or activities not otherwise specifically provided for in this joint resolution and for which appropriations, funds, or other authority would be available in the following appropriations Acts:

Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984 (H. Rept. 98-357, S. Rept. 98-247) under the terms and conditions provided in such Act for fiscal year 1983; and

Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984, notwithstanding section 15(a) of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 and section 701 of the United States Information and Educational Exchange Act of 1948, as amended: *Provided,* That notwithstanding any other provision of law or this joint resolution, authorities contained in Public Law 96-132, the "Department of Justice Appropriation Authorization Act, Fiscal Year 1980", shall remain in effect until the termination date of this joint resolution or until the effective date of a general Department of Justice Appropriation Authorization Act, whichever is earlier.

22 USC 2680.
22 USC 1476.
93 Stat. 1040.

(2) Appropriations made by this subsection shall be available to the extent and in the manner which would be provided by the pertinent appropriation Act.

(3) Whenever the amount which would be made available or the authority which would be granted under an Act listed in this subsection as passed the House as of October 1, 1983, is different from that which would be available or granted under such Act as passed by the Senate as of October 1, 1983, the pertinent project or activity shall be continued under the lesser amount or the more restrictive authority: *Provided,* That where an item is included in only one version of an Act as passed by both Houses as of October 1, 1983, the pertinent project or activity shall be continued under the appropriation, fund, or authority granted by the one House, but at a rate for operations not exceeding the current rate or the rate permitted by the action of the one House, whichever is lower, and under the authority and conditions provided in applicable appropriations Acts for the fiscal year 1983: *Provided further,* That for the purposes of this joint resolution, when an Act listed in this subsection has been reported to the Senate but not passed by the Senate as

of October 1, 1983, it shall be deemed as having been passed by the Senate.

(4) No provision which is included in an appropriation Act enumerated in this subsection but which was not included in the applicable appropriation Act of 1983, and which by its terms is applicable to more than one appropriation, fund, or authority shall be applicable to any appropriation, fund, or authority provided in the joint resolution unless such provision shall have been included in identical form in such bill as enacted by both the House and the Senate.

(b) Such amounts as may be necessary for projects or activities not otherwise specifically provided for in this joint resolution and for which appropriations, funds, or other authority would be available in the following appropriation Acts:

Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984 at a rate for operations and to the extent and in the manner provided for in the Act as passed the House of Representatives as of October 1, 1983: *Provided,* That appropriations or loan authorization for the following agencies or activities are available at not to exceed the following annual rates and the totals are adjusted accordingly:

Agricultural Research Service:	
Salaries and Expenses	$478,000,000
Buildings and Facilities	28,602,000
Cooperative State Research Service:	
Special grants	25,234,000
Competitive grants	17,000,000
Animal health and disease grants	5,760,000
Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service:	
Salaries and Expenses	263,259,000
Federal Crop Insurance Corporation:	
Administrative and operating expenses	200,000,000
FCIC Fund	110,000,000
Office of Rural Development Policy	2,000,000
Rural Housing Insurance Fund:	
Moderate income loans	0
Agricultural Credit Insurance Fund:	
Insured soil and water loans	30,000,000
Economic emergency loans	0
Rural Development Insurance Fund:	
Water and waste disposal loans	270,000,000
Rural Water and Waste Disposal Grants	90,000,000
Rural Electrification Administration:	
Guaranteed loans, not less than	3,360,000,000
Commodity Futures Trading Commission:	
Salaries and Expenses	26,400,000
ADP Limitation	3,626,000

7 USC 2028 note.

Provided further, That notwithstanding any other provision of law or this joint resolution, section 184 of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1982 (96 Stat. 785), is amended by inserting before the period at the end of paragraph (b) the following: ", or for the first three months of the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984": *Provided further,* That notwithstanding any other provision of law or this joint resolution, the provisions of subsections (f) and (i) of section 3 and section 10 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, concerning private, nonprofit drug addic-

7 USC 2012 note.

7 USC 2012, 2019.

tion or alcoholic treatment and rehabilitation programs, shall also be applicable to publicly operated community health centers: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution, no part of any of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this or any other Act may be used to implement mandatory monthly reporting-retrospective budgeting for the food stamp program during the first three months of the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984: *Provided further,* That, hereafter, in order to restore and maintain United States share of world markets and to restore capital of the Corporation for its operations, any restrictions or limitations on the authorities and obligations of the Commodity Credit Corporation to sell in world markets, as provided by its Charter, may be waived or suspended by the Secretary of Agriculture; and 7 USC 2015 note.

Department of Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1984 (H.R. 3363), notwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution, except section 102, such sums as may be necessary for programs, projects, or activities provided for in such Act (H.R. 3363), to the extent and in the manner provided for in the conference report and joint explanatory statement of the Committee of Conference filed in the House of Representatives, as if such Act had been enacted into law. *Post,* p. 919.

(c) Pending enactment of the Department of Defense Appropriation Act, 1984, such amounts as may be necessary for continuing activities, not otherwise specifically provided for elsewhere in this joint resolution, which were conducted in fiscal year 1983, for which provision was made in the Department of Defense Appropriation Act, 1983, but such activities shall be funded at not to exceed an annual rate for new obligational authority of $247,000,000,000, which is an increase above the current rate, and this level shall be distributed on a pro rata basis to each appropriation account utilizing the fiscal year 1984 amended budget request as the base for such distribution and shall be available under the terms and conditions provided for in the applicable appropriation Acts for fiscal year 1983: *Provided,* That no appropriation or funds made available or authority granted pursuant to this subsection shall be used to initiate multiyear procurements utilizing advance procurement funding for economic order quantity procurement unless specifically appropriated later: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated or made available pursuant to this subsection shall be available for the conversion of any full time positions in support of the Army Reserve, Air Reserve, Army National Guard, and Air National Guard by Active or Reserve Military Personnel, from civilian positions designated "military technicians" to military positions: *Provided further,* That no appropriation or funds made available or authority granted pursuant to this subsection shall be used to initiate or resume any project, activity, operation or organization which is defined as any project, subproject, activity, budget activity, program element, and subprogram within a program element, and for investment items is further defined as a P-1 line item in a budget activity within an appropriation account and an R-1 line item which includes a program element and subprogram element within an appropriation account, for which appropriations, funds, or

other authority were not available during the fiscal year 1983: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution, $5,000,000 is appropriated for the XXIII Olympiad as authorized by Section 304 of Public Law 98-94, and in addition the Department of Defense may provide support to the Los Angeles Olympic Organizing Committee on a reimbursable basis, with the proceeds to be credited to the current applicable appropriation accounts of the Department.

Ante, p. 628.

(d) Such amounts as may be necessary for continuing the activities, not otherwise specifically provided for in this joint resolution, which were conducted in the fiscal year 1983, and which are under the purview of the Treasury, Postal Service, and General Government Appropriation Act, under the current terms and conditions and at a rate for operations not in excess of the current rate: *Provided,* That funds appropriated by Public Law 98-8 for payment to the General Services Administration, Federal Buildings Fund, for alterations and repairs shall be excluded from the current rate established under this subsection.

Ante, p. 13.

(e) Such amounts as may be necessary for continuing the activities under the purview of the Foreign Assistance Appropriations Act as provided for in Public Law 97-377 and Public Law 98-63, under the terms and conditions, and at the rate, provided for in those Acts or at the rate provided for in the budget estimates, whichever is lower, and under the more restrictive authority, notwithstanding section 10 of Public Law 91-672, and section 15(a) of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956, or any other provision of law: *Provided,* That amounts allocated to each country under this subsection shall not exceed those provided in fiscal year 1983 or those provided in the budget estimates for each country, whichever are lower, unless submitted through the regular reprograming procedures of the Committees on Appropriations, or unless otherwise specified in this paragraph.

96 Stat. 1830.
Ante, p. 301.
22 USC 2412.
22 USC 2680.

(f) Such amounts as may be necessary for continuing the following activities, not otherwise provided for in this joint resolution, which were conducted in the fiscal year 1983, under the terms and conditions provided in applicable appropriation Acts for the fiscal year 1983, at the current rate:

Health planning activities authorized by title XV of the Public Health Service Act;

42 USC 300k-1.

National Research Service Awards authorized by section 472(d) of the Public Health Service Act;

42 USC 289*l*-1.

National Arthritis Advisory Board, National Diabetes Advisory Board, and National Digestive Diseases Advisory Board authorized by section 437 of the Public Health Service Act;

42 USC 289c-4.

Medical Library Assistance programs authorized by title III of the Public Health Service Act;

42 USC 241.

Refugee and entrant assistance activities under the provisions of title IV of the Immigration and Nationality Act, title IV and part B of title III of the Refugee Act of 1980, and sections 501 (a) and (b) of the Refugee Education Assistance Act of 1980: *Provided,* That such funds may be expended for individuals who would meet the definition of "Cuban and Haitian entrant"

8 USC 1521.
8 USC 1522 note; 94 Stat. 110.
8 USC 1522 note.

under section 501(e) of the Refugee Education Assistance Act of 1980 but for the application of paragraph (2)(B) thereof; 8 USC 1522 note.

Child abuse prevention and treatment and adoption opportunities activities authorized by the Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act; 42 USC 5101 note.

Activities as at present of the Professional Standards Review Organization program authorized by titles XI and XVIII of the Social Security Act, as amended; 42 USC 1301, 1395.

Activities under the Domestic Volunteer Service Act of 1973, as amended; 42 USC 4951 note.

Emergency feeding activities as authorized by the Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983, as amended; and *Ante*, p. 35.

Activities of the Department of Defense, Army National Guard and Army Reserve operation and maintenance and National Guard and Reserve equipment procurement.

(g) Such amounts as may be necessary for the following projects or activities, which were provided for in H.R. 3222, the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984, as reported to the House of Representatives on June 3, 1983, to the extent and in the manner provided for in such Act, and at a rate for operations, notwithstanding section 15(a) of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 and section 701 of the United States Information and Educational Exchange Act of 1948, as follows: 22 USC 2680. 22 USC 1476.

Department of Commerce: General Administration, "Special Foreign Currency Program", $693,000;

Economic and Statistical Analysis, "Salaries and Expenses", $39,337,000;

Economic Development Administration: "Economic Development Assistance Programs", $250,000,000; "Salaries and Expenses", $30,141,000;

International Trade Administration, "Operations and Administration", $169,893,000;

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration: "Operations, Research, and Facilities", $942,871,000; "Fisheries Loan Fund", $5,000,000;

Federal Communications Commission, "Salaries and Expenses", $86,383,000;

Federal Trade Commission, "Salaries and Expenses", $63,500,000: *Provided,* That these funds are subject to the limitations and provisions of sections 10(a) and 10(c) (notwithstanding section 10(e)), 11(b), 18, and 20 of the Federal Trade Commission Improvements Act of 1980 (Public Law 96-252; 94 Stat. 374), notwithstanding the previous provisions of this subsection; 15 USC 57a and note, 57c note.

International Trade Commission, "Salaries and Expenses", $20,737,000;

Securities and Exchange Commission, "Salaries and Expenses", $92,500,000;

Small Business Administration, "Salaries and Expenses", $236,000,000;

Department of Justice: Immigration and Naturalization Service, "Salaries and Expenses", $527,257,000;

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Notwithstanding the previous provisions of this subsection, Legal Services Corporation, "Payment to the Legal Services Corporation", $275,000,000:

Legal assistance to aliens.

Provided, That none of the funds appropriated in this Act for the Legal Services Corporation shall be expended to provide legal assistance for or on behalf of any alien unless the alien is a resident of the United States and is—

(1) an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence as an immigrant as defined by sections 101(a)(15) and 101(a)(20) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15), (20));

(2) an alien who is either married to a United States citizen or is a parent or an unmarried child under the age of twenty-one years of such a citizen and who has filed an application for adjustment of status to permanent resident under the Immigration and Nationality Act, and such application has not been rejected;

8 USC 1101 note.

(3) an alien who is lawfully present in the United States pursuant to an admission under section 207 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1157, relating to refugee admissions) or who has been granted asylum by the Attorney General under such Act; or

(4) an alien who is lawfully present in the United States as a result of the Attorney General's withholding of deportation pursuant to section 243(h) of the Immigation and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1253(h)).

An alien who is lawfully present in the United States as a result of being granted conditional entry pursuant to section 203(a)(7) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1153(a)(7)) before April 1, 1980, because of persecution or fear of persecution on account of race, religion, or political opinion or because of being uprooted by catastrophic natural calamity shall be deemed, for purposes of section 1007 b)(11) of the Legal Services Corporation Act, to be an alien described in subparagraph (C) of such section: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated in this Act for the Legal Services Corporation shall be used by the Corporation in making grants or entering into contracts for legal assistance unless the Corporation insures that the recipient is either (a) a private attorney or attorneys (for the sole purpose of furnishing legal assistance to eligible clients) or (b) a qualified nonprofit organization chartered under the laws of one of the States for the primary purpose of furnishing legal assistance to eligible clients, the majority of the board of directors or other governing body of which organization is comprised of attorneys who are admitted to practice in one of the States and who are appointed to terms of office on such board or body by the governing bodies of State, county, or municipal bar associations the membership of which represents a majority of the attorneys practicing law in the locality in which the organization is to provide legal assistance: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be expended by the Legal Services Corporation to participate in litigation unless the Corporation or a recipient of the Corporation is a party, or a recipient is

42 USC 2996f.

Grants or contracts.

representing an eligible client in litigation in which the interpretation of this title or a regulation promulgated under this title is an issue, and shall not participate on behalf of any client other than itself: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be available to any recipient to be used—

Prohibited funding to influence Federal, State, local agencies, Members of Congress or elected officials.

(A) to pay for any personal service, advertisement, telegram, telephone communication, letter, printed or written matter, or other device, intended or designed to influence any decision by a Federal, State, or local agency, except where legal assistance is provided by an employee of a recipient to an eligible client on a particular application, claim, or case, which directly involves the client's legal rights and responsibilities, or

(B) to influence any Member of Congress or any other Federal, State, or local elected official to favor or oppose any Acts, bills, resolutions, or similar legislation, or any referendum, initiative, constitutional amendment, or any similar procedure of the Congress, any State legislature, any local council, or any similar governing body, except that this subsection shall not preclude such funds from being used in connection with communications made in response to any Federal, State, or local official, upon the formal request of such official: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated in this Act for the Legal Services Corporation shall be used to bring a class action suit against the Federal government or any State or local government unless (1) the project director of a recipient has expressly approved the filing of such an action in accordance with policies established by the governing body of such recipient; (2) the class relief which is the subject of such an action is sought for the primary benefit of individuals who are eligible for legal assistance; and (3) that prior to filing such an action, the recipient project director has determined that the government entity is not likely to change the policy or practice in question, that the policy or practice will continue to adversely affect eligible clients, that the recipient has given notice of its intention to seek class relief and that responsible efforts to resolve without litigation the adverse effects of the policy or practice have not been successful or would be adverse to the interest of the clients: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated in this Act for the Legal Services Corporation shall be expended for any purpose prohibited or limited by or contrary to section 11 of H.R. 3480, as passed the House of Representatives on June 18, 1981: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding any regulation, guideline, or rule of the Corporation, the funds appropriated in this Act for the Legal Services Corporation shall be used by the Corporation in making grants or entering into contracts under section 1006(a) (1) and (3) so as to insure that funding for each such current grantee and contractor is maintained in 1984 at the annualized level at which each such grantee and contractor was funded in 1983, or in the same proportion which total appropriations to the Corporation in fiscal year 1984 bear to the total appropriations to the Corporation in fiscal year 1983, until action is taken by directors of the Corporation who have been confirmed in accordance

Class action suit.

42 USC 2996e.

42 USC 2996c.

with section 1004(a) of the Legal Services Corporation Act: *Provided further,* That no member of the Board of Directors of the Legal Services Corporation shall be compensated for his services to the Corporation except for the payment of an attendance fee at meetings of the Board at a rate not to exceed the highest daily rate for grade fifteen (15) of the General Schedule and necessary travel expenses to attend Board meetings in accordance with the Standard Government Travel Regulations: *Provided further,* That no officer or employee of the Legal Services Corporation or a recipient program shall be reimbursed for membership in a private club, or be paid severance pay in excess of what would be paid a Federal employee for comparable service;

5 USC 5332 note.

Department of State: Administration of Foreign Affairs: "Salaries and Expenses", $1,120,000,000; "Reopening Consulates", $2,500,000; "Representation Allowances", $4,148,000; "Acquisition, Operation, and Maintenance of Buildings Abroad", $202,889,000; "Acquisition, Operation, and Maintenance of Buildings Abroad (Special Foreign Currency Program)", $10,012,000; "Payment to the American Institute in Taiwan", $9,380,000; "Payment to the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability Fund", $102,753,000;

International Organizations and Conferences: "Contributions to International Organizations", $520,515,000;

International Commissions: International Boundary and Water Commission, United States and Mexico, "Construction", $672,000; "American Sections, International Commissions", $3,426,000; "International Fisheries Commissions", $8,876,000;

Other: "Asia Foundation", $9,900,000;

United States Information Agency: "Salaries and Expenses (Special Foreign Currency Program)", $10,450,000; "Center for Cultural and Technical Interchange Between East and West", $18,362,000; "Acquisition and Construction of Radio Facilities", $34,013,000.

(h) Notwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution, except section 102, such sums as may be necessary for programs, projects, or activities provided for in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1984 (H.R. 3415), to the extent and in the manner provided for in the conference report and joint explanatory statement of the Committee of Conference (98-379), filed in the House of Representatives on September 22, 1983, as if such Act had been enacted into law.

Post, p. 819.

(i) Notwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution, except section 102, such sums as may be necessary for programs, projects, or activities provided for in the Military Construction Appropriation Act, 1984, (H.R. 3263), to the extent and in the manner provided for in the conference report and joint explanatory statement of the Committee of Conference (House Report Number 98-378), filed in the House of Representatives on September 22, 1983, as if such Act had been enacted into law.

Post, p. 795.

Effective date.

SEC. 102. Appropriations and funds made available and authority granted pursuant to this joint resolution shall be available from October 1, 1983, and shall remain available until (a) enactment into law of an appropriation for any project or activity provided for in this joint resolution, or (b) enactment of the applicable appropriation Act by both Houses without any provision for such project or activity, or (c) November 10, 1983, whichever first occurs.

SEC. 103. Appropriations made and authority granted pursuant to this joint resolution shall cover all obligations or expenditures incurred for any project or activity during the period for which funds or authority for such project or activity are available under this joint resolution.

SEC. 104. Expenditures made pursuant to this joint resolution shall be charged to the applicable appropriation, fund, or authorization whenever a bill in which such applicable appropriation, fund, or authorization is contained is enacted into law.

SEC. 105. Any appropriation for the fiscal year 1984 required to be apportioned pursuant to subchapter II of chapter 15 of title 31, United States Code, may be apportioned on a basis indicating the need (to the extent any such increases cannot be absorbed within available appropriations) for a supplemental or deficiency estimate of appropriation to the extent necessary to permit payment of such pay increases as may be granted pursuant to law to civilian officers and employees and to active and retired military personnel. Each such appropriation shall otherwise be subject to the requirements of subchapter II of chapter 15 of title 31, United States Code. 31 USC 1511.

SEC. 106. No part of any appropriation contained in, or funds made available by this or any other Act, shall be available for any agency to pay to the Administrator of the General Services Administration a rate per square foot for rental of space and services (established pursuant to section 210(j) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended) which is in excess of 14 per centum higher than the rate per square foot established for the space and services by the General Services Administration for the fiscal year 1982. Rental payment for space and services to GSA. 40 USC 490.

SEC. 107. No provision in any appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1984 referred to in section 101 of this joint resolution that makes the availability of any appropriation provided therein dependent upon the enactment of additional authorizing or other legislation shall be effective before the date set forth in section 102(c) of this joint resolution.

SEC. 108. Notwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution except section 102, there are appropriated to the Postal Service Fund sufficient amounts so that postal rates for all preferred-rate mailers covered by section 3626 of title 39, United States Code, shall be continued at the rates in effect on September 1, 1983 (step 14): *Provided,* That mail for overseas voting and mail for the blind shall continue to be free: *Provided further,* That six-day delivery and rural delivery of mail shall continue at the 1983 level. Postal rates for preferred-rate mailers. Postal delivery. 39 USC 403 note.

SEC. 109. Funds shall be available for school assistance in federally affected areas authorized by title I of the Act of September 30, 1950, and the Act of September 23, 1950, at an annual rate of $585,000,000, under the terms and conditions provided in the applicable appropriation Act for fiscal year 1983; and funds shall be available for Departmental Management, "Salaries and Expenses" under the Department of Education at the current rate of operations.

SEC. 110. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no part of any of the funds appropriated for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, by this Act or any other Act, may be used to pay any prevailing rate employee described in section 5342(a)(2)(A) of title 5, United States Code, or any employee covered by section 5348 of that title, in an amount— 5 USC 5343 note. 5 USC 5348.

(1) during the period from October 1, 1983, until the next applicable wage survey adjustment becomes effective, which exceeds the rate which was payable for the applicable grade and step of the applicable wage schedule on September 30, 1983, in accordance with section 107(a) of Public Law 97-377; and

5 USC 5343 note.

(2) during the period consisting of the remainder of the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, which exceeds, as a result of a wage survey adjustment, the rate payable under paragraph (1) of this subsection by more than the overall average percentage of the adjustment in the General Schedule during the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984.

5 USC 5332 note.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 9(b) of Public Law 92-392 or section 704(b) of Public Law 95-454, the provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall apply (in such manner as the Office of Personnel Management shall prescribe) to any prevailing rate employee to whom such section 9(b) applies, except that the provisions of subsection (a) may not apply to any increase in a wage schedule or rate which is required by the terms of a contract entered into before the date of enactment of this Act.

5 USC 5343 note.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no prevailing rate employee described in paragraph (B) or (C) of section 5342(a)(2) of title 5, United States Code, may be paid during the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, at a rate which exceeds the rate which was payable for the applicable grade and step of the applicable wage schedule on September 30, 1983, except to the extent a higher rate would be payable under subsection (a) of this section were subsection (a) applicable to wage schedules and rates for prevailing rate employees described in such paragraphs (B) and (C) of section 5342(a)(2).

Regulations.

(d) For the purpose of this section, the rate payable to any employee who is covered by this section and who is paid from a schedule which was not in existence on September 30, 1983, shall be determined under regulations prescribed by the President.

(e) The provisions of this section shall apply only with respect to pay for services performed by any affected employee after the date of enactment of this Act.

(f) For the purpose of administering any provision of law, rule, or regulation which provides premium pay, retirement, life insurance, or any other employee benefit, which requires any deduction or contribution, or which imposes any requirement or limitation, on the basis of a rate of salary or basic pay, the rate of salary or basic pay payable after the application of this section shall be treated as the rate of salary or basic pay.

Supervisory pay plan.

(g) Notwithstanding the limitations imposed on prevailing rate pay pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, such limitations may not apply to wage adjustments for prevailing rate supervisors provided by the supervisory pay plan published in the Federal Register on March 30, 1983.

5 CFR Part 532.

Transfer from available funds.

SEC. 111. There is hereby appropriated $20,000,000 to be derived by transfer from funds available for obligation in fiscal year 1983 in the appropriation for "Guaranteed Student Loans", to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1984, to enable the Secretary of Education to comply with the consent decree entered in United States district court in the case of the United States of America against the Board of Education for the City of Chicago (80 C 5124) on September 24, 1980.

SEC. 112. All obligations incurred in anticipation of the appropriations and authority provided in this joint resolution for the purposes of maintaining the minimum level of essential activities necessary to protect life and property and bringing about orderly termination of other functions are hereby ratified and confirmed if otherwise in accordance with the provisions of this joint resolution.

Approved October 1, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 368:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-397 (Comm. of Conference).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Sept. 28, considered and passed House.
Sept. 29, considered and passed Senate, amended.
Sept. 30, House agreed to conference report; concurred in Senate amendments with amendments. Senate agreed to conference report; concurred in House amendments.

Public Law 98-108
98th Congress

An Act

Oct. 1, 1983
[H.R. 3962]

To extend the authorities under the Export Administration Act of 1979 until October 14, 1983.

Export Administration Act of 1979, authority extension.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 20 of the Export Administration Act of 1979 (50 U.S.C. App. 2419) is amended by striking out "September 30" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 14".

50 USC app. 2401 note.

SEC. 2. There are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Commerce for the fiscal year 1984 such sums as may be necessary to carry out the Export Administration Act of 1979.

Approved October 1, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3962 (H.R. 3231) (S. 979):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 98-257, Pt. 1 (Comm. on Foreign Affairs), Pt. 2 (Comm. on Armed Services), Pt. 3 (Comm. on Rules), all accompanying H.R. 3231.

SENATE REPORT No. 98-170 accompanying S. 979 (Comm. on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Sept. 26, 27, considered and passed House.
Sept. 30, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-109
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

To provide for the temporary extension of certain insurance programs relating to housing and community development, and for other purposes.

Oct. 1, 1983
[H.J. Res. 366]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Housing and community development, extension of insurance programs.

EXTENSION OF FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION MORTGAGE INSURANCE PROGRAMS

SECTION 1. (a) Section 2(a) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "October 1, 1983" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "December 1, 1983".

Ante, p. 197.
12 USC 1703.

(b) Section 217 of such Act is amended by striking out "September 30, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "November 30, 1983".

Ante, p. 197.
12 USC 1715h.

(c) Section 221(f) of such Act is amended by striking out "September 30, 1983" in the fifth sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "November 30, 1983".

Ante, p. 197.
12 USC 1715*l*.

(d)(1) Section 235(h)(1) of such Act is amended by striking out "September 30, 1983" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "November 30, 1983".

Ante, p. 197.
12 USC 1715z.

(2) Section 235(m) of such Act is amended by striking out "September 30, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "November 30, 1983".

(3) Section 235(q)(1) of such Act is amended by striking out "September 30, 1983" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "November 30, 1983".

(e) Section 236(n) of such Act is amended by striking out "September 30, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "November 30, 1983".

Ante, p. 197.
12 USC 1715z-1.

(f) Section 244(d) of such Act is amended—

Ante, p. 197.
12 USC 1715z-9.

(1) by striking out "September 30, 1983" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "November 30, 1983"; and

(2) by striking out "October 1, 1983" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "December 1, 1983".

(g) Section 245(a) of such Act is amended by striking out "September 30, 1983" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "November 30, 1983".

Ante, p. 197.
12 USC 1715z-10.

(h) Section 809(f) of such Act is amended by striking out "September 30, 1983" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "November 30, 1983".

Ante, p. 197.
12 USC 1748h-1.

(i) Section 810(k) of such Act is amended by striking out "September 30, 1983" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "November 30, 1983".

Ante, p. 197.
12 USC 1748h-2.

(j) Section 1002(a) of such Act is amended by striking out "September 30, 1983" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "November 30, 1983".

Ante, p. 197.
12 USC 1749bb.

(k) Section 1101(a) of such Act is amended by striking out "September 30, 1983" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "November 30, 1983".

Ante, p. 197.
12 USC 1749aaa.

EXTENSION OF FLEXIBLE INTEREST RATE AUTHORITY

38 USC 1801 *et seq.*

Ante, p. 198.

SEC. 2. Section 3(a)(1) of the Act entitled "An Act to amend chapter 37 of title 38 of the United States Code with respect to the veterans' home loan program, to amend the National Housing Act with respect to interest rates on insured mortgages, and for other purposes", approved May 7, 1968 (12 U.S.C. 1709-1(1)), is amended by striking out "October 1, 1983" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "December 1, 1983".

EXTENSION OF REHABILITATION LOAN AUTHORITY

42 USC 1452b.

SEC. 3. Section 312(h) of the Housing Act of 1964 is amended—

(1) by striking out "September 30, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "November 30, 1983"; and

(2) by striking out "October 1, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "December 1, 1983".

EXTENSION OF RURAL HOUSING AUTHORITIES

Ante, p. 198.
42 USC 1485.

SEC. 4. (a) Section 515(b)(5) of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by striking out "September 30, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "November 30, 1983".

Ante, p. 198.
42 USC 1487.

(b) Section 517(a)(1) of such Act is amended by striking out "September 30, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "November 30, 1983".

Ante, p. 198.
42 USC 1490c.

(c) Section 523(f) of such Act is amended by striking out "September 30, 1983" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "November 30, 1983".

EXTENSION OF FLOOD, CRIME, AND RIOT INSURANCE PROGRAMS

Ante, p. 198.
42 USC 4026.

SEC. 5. (a) Section 1319 of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 is amended by striking out "September 30, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "November 30, 1983".

Ante, p. 198.
42 USC 4056.

(b) Section 1336(a) of such Act is amended by striking out "September 30, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "November 30, 1983".

Ante, p. 198.
12 USC 1749bbb.

(c) Section 1201(b)(1) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "September 30, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "November 30, 1983".

EXTENSION OF SECTION 8 OF THE EXPORT-IMPORT BANK ACT OF 1945

12 USC 635f.

SEC. 6. Section 8 of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 is amended by striking out "September 30, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 31, 1983".

Approved October 1, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 366:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Sept. 27, considered and passed House.
Sept. 29, considered and passed Senate, amended.
Sept. 30, House concurred in Senate amendment.

Public Law 98-110
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

To authorize and request the President to designate October 16, 1983, as "World Food Day".

Oct. 3, 1983
[S.J. Res. 81]

Whereas hunger and chronic malnutrition remain daily facts of life for hundreds of millions of people throughout the world;

Whereas the children of the world are those who are suffering the most serious effects of hunger and malnutrition, with millions of children dying each year from hunger-related illness and disease, and many others suffering permanent physical or mental impairment, including blindness, because of vitamin and protein deficiencies;

Whereas although progress has been made in reducing the incidence of hunger and malnutrition in the United States, certain groups, notably Native Americans, migrant workers, the elderly, and children, remain vulnerable to malnutrition and related diseases;

Whereas the danger posed by malnutrition and related diseases to these groups and to other people is intensified by unemployment and slow rates of economic growth;

Whereas national policies concerning food, farmland, and nutrition require continuing evaluation and should consider and strive for the well-being and protection of all residents of the United States and particularly those most at health risk;

Whereas there is widespread concern that the use and conservation of land and water resources required for food production throughout the United States ensure care for the national patrimony we bequeath to future generations;

Whereas the United States has always supported the principle that the health of a nation depends on a strong agricultural foundation based on private enterprise and the primacy of the independent family farm;

Whereas a major global food supply crisis appears likely to occur within the next twenty years unless the level of world food production is significantly increased, and the means for the distribution of food and of the resources required for its production are improved;

Whereas the United States, as the world's largest producer and trader of food, has a key role to play in efforts to assist nations and peoples to improve the ability to feed themselves;

Whereas the United States has a long tradition of demonstrating its humanitarian concern for helping the hungry and malnourished;

Whereas efforts to resolve the world hunger problem are critical to the security of the United States and the international community;

Whereas the Congress of the United States is acutely conscious of the paradox of immense farm surpluses and rising farm foreclosures in America despite the desperate need for food by hundreds of millions of people around the world;

Whereas a key recommendation of the 1980 report of the Presidential Commission on World Hunger was that efforts be undertaken to increase public awareness of the world hunger problem;

Whereas the member nations of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations designated October 16 of each year as World Food Day because of the need to alert the public to the increasingly dangerous world food situation;

Whereas past observances of World Food Day have been supported by proclamations of the fifty States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and other territories and possessions of the United States, by resolutions of Congress, by Presidential proclamations, by programs of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Government departments and agencies, and by the governments and peoples of many other nations; and

Whereas more than three hundred national private and voluntary organizations plan to participate in World Food Day observances this year: Now, therefore, be it

World Food Day.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That October 16, 1983, is designated "World Food Day". The President is requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe that day with appropriate activities to explore ways in which our Nation can further contribute to the elimination of hunger in the world.

Approved October 3, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 81:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Apr. 21, considered and passed Senate.
Sept. 15, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-111
98th Congress

An Act

To provide for the broadcasting of accurate information to the people of Cuba, and for other purposes.

Oct. 4, 1983
[S. 602]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Radio Broadcasting to Cuba Act".

Radio Broadcasting to Cuba Act.
22 USC 1465 note.

FINDINGS; PURPOSES

22 USC 1465.

SEC. 2. The Congress finds and declares—

(1) that it is the policy of the United States to support the right of the people of Cuba to seek, receive, and impart information and ideas through any media and regardless of frontiers, in accordance with article 19 of Universal Declaration of Human Rights;

(2) that, consonant with this policy, radio broadcasting to Cuba may be effective in furthering the open communication of accurate information and ideas to the people of Cuba, in particular information about Cuba;

(3) that such broadcasting to Cuba, operated in a manner not inconsistent with the broad foreign policy of the United States and in accordance with high professional standards, would be in the national interest; and

(4) that the Voice of America already broadcasts to Cuba information that represents America, not any single segment of American society, and includes a balanced and comprehensive projection of significant American thought and institutions but that there is a need for broadcasts to Cuba which provide news, commentary and other information about events in Cuba and elsewhere to promote the cause of freedom in Cuba.

ADDITIONAL FUNCTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY

22 USC 1465a.

SEC. 3. (a) In order to carry out the objectives set forth in section 2, the United States Information Agency (hereafter in this Act referred to as the "Agency") shall provide for the open communication of information and ideas through the use of radio broadcasting to Cuba. Radio broadcasting to Cuba shall serve as a consistently reliable and authoritative source of accurate, objective, and comprehensive news.

(b) Radio broadcasting in accordance with subsection (a) shall be part of the Voice of America radio broadcasting to Cuba and shall be in accordance with all Voice of America standards to ensure the broadcast of programs which are objective, accurate, balanced, and which present a variety of views.

Facilities.

(c) Radio broadcasting to Cuba authorized by this Act shall utilize the broadcasting facilities located at Marathon, Florida, and the 1180 AM frequency that were used by the Voice of America prior to the date of enactment of this Act. Other frequencies, not on the

Frequencies.

commercial Amplitude Modulation (AM) Band (535 kHz to 1605 kHz), may also be simultaneously utilized: *Provided,* That no frequency shall be used for radio broadcasts to Cuba in accordance with this Act which is not also used for all other Voice of America broadcasts to Cuba. Time leased from nongovernmental shortwave radio stations may be used to carry all or part of the Service programs and to rebroadcast Service programs: *Provided,* That not less than 30 per centum of the programs broadcast or rebroadcast shall be regular Voice of America broadcasts with particular emphasis on news and programs meeting the requirements of section 503(2) of Public Law 80-402.

Leased time from nongovernmental stations.

22 USC 1463.

(d) Notwithstanding subsection (c), in the event that broadcasts to Cuba on the 1180 AM frequency are subject to jamming or interference greater by 25 per centum or more than the average daily jamming or interference in the twelve months preceding September 1, 1983, the Director of the United States Information Agency may lease time on commercial or noncommercial educational AM band radio broadcasting stations. The Federal Communications Commission shall determine levels of jamming and interference by conducting regular monitoring of the 1180 AM frequency. In the event that more than two hours a day of time is leased, not less than 30 per centum of the programing broadcast shall be regular Voice of America broadcasts with particular emphasis on news and programs meeting the requirements of section 503(2) of Public Law 80-402.

Frequency jamming or interference, leased time.

FCC monitoring.

22 USC 1463.

(e) Any program of United States Government radio broadcasts to Cuba authorized by this section shall be designated "Voice of America: Cuba Service" or "Voice of America: Radio Marti program".

Program designations.

(f) In the event broadcasting facilities located at Marathon, Florida, are rendered inoperable by natural disaster or by unlawful destruction, the Director of the United States Information Agency may, for the period in which the facilities are inoperable but not to exceed one hundred and fifty days, use other United States Government-owned transmission facilities for Voice of America broadcasts to Cuba authorized by this Act.

CUBA SERVICE OF THE VOICE OF AMERICA

Establishment.
22 USC 1465b.

SEC. 4. The Director of the United States Information Agency shall establish within the Voice of America a Cuba Service (hereafter in this section referred to as the "Service"). The Service shall be responsible for all radio broadcasts to Cuba authorized by section 3. The Director of the United States Information Agency shall appoint a head of the Service and shall employ such staff as the head of the Service may need to carry out his duties. The Cuba Service shall be administered separately from other Voice of America functions and the head of the Cuba Service shall report directly to the Director and the Associate Director for Broadcasting of the United States Information Agency.

BOARD FOR RADIO BROADCASTING TO CUBA

Establishment.
22 USC 1465c.

SEC. 5. (a) There is established within the Office of the President the Advisory Board for Radio Broadcasting to Cuba (hereafter in this Act referred to as the "Board"). The Board shall consist of nine members, appointed by the President by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, of whom not more than five shall be members

of the same political party. The President shall designate one member of the Board to serve as Chairman.

(b) The Board shall review the effectiveness of the activities carried out under this Act and shall make such recommendations to the President, the Director and the Associate Director for Broadcasting of the United States Information Agency as it may deem necessary. Review of activity effectiveness.

(c) In appointing the initial voting members of the Board, the President shall designate three members to serve for a term of three years, three members to serve for a term of two years, and three members to serve for a term of one year. Thereafter, the term of each member of the Board shall be three years. The President shall appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, members to fill vacancies occurring prior to the expiration of a term, in which case the members so appointed shall serve for the remainder of such term. Any member whose term has expired may serve until his successor has been appointed and qualified. Appointments.

(d) The head of the Service shall serve, ex officio, as a member of the Board.

(e) Members of the Board appointed by the President shall, while attending meetings of the Board or while engaged in duties relating to such meetings or in other activities of the Board pursuant to this section, including traveltime, be entitled to receive compensation equal to the daily equivalent of the compensation prescribed for level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of title 5, United States Code. While away from their homes or regular places of business they may be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5703) for persons in the Government service employed intermittently. The ex officio member of the Board shall not be entitled to any compensation under this section, but may be allowed travel expenses as provided in the preceding sentence. Compensation.

(f) The Board may, to the extent it deems necessary to carry out its functions under this section, procure supplies, services, and other personal property, including specialized electronic equipment.

(g) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Board shall remain in effect indefinitely. Effective date.

(h) There are authorized to be appropriated $130,000 to carry out the provisions of this section. Appropriation authorization.

ASSISTANCE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENT AGENCIES

SEC. 6. (a) In order to assist the United States Information Agency in carrying out the purposes set forth in section 2, any agency or instrumentality of the United States may sell, loan, lease, or grant property (including interests therein) and may perform administrative and technical support and services at the request of the Agency. Support and services shall be provided on a reimbursable basis. Any reimbursement shall be credited to the appropriation from which the property, support, or services was derived. 22 USC 1465d. Reimbursement.

(b) The Agency may carry out the purposes of section 3 by means of grants, leases, or contracts (subject to the availability of appropriations), or such other means as the Agency determines will be most effective. Grants, leases, or contracts.

FACILITY COMPENSATION

Claims against Cuban Government. 22 USC 1465e.

SEC. 7. (a) It is the intent of the Congress that the Secretary of State should seek prompt and full settlement of United States claims against the Government of Cuba arising from Cuban interference with broadcasting in the United States. Pending the settlement of these claims, it is appropriate to provide some interim assistance to the United States broadcasters who are adversely affected by Cuban radio interference and who seek to assert their right to measures to counteract the effects of such interference.

(b) Accordingly, the Agency may make payments to the United States radio broadcasting station licensees upon their application for expenses which they have incurred before, on, or after the date of this Act in mitigating, pursuant to special temporary authority from the Federal Communications Commission, the effects of activities by the Government of Cuba which directly interfere with the transmission or reception of broadcasts by these licensees. Such expenses shall be limited to the costs of equipment (replaced less depreciation) and associated technical and engineering costs.

Regulations.

(c) The Federal Communications Commission shall issue such regulations and establish such procedures for carrying out this section as the Federal Communications Commission finds appropriate. Such regulations shall be issued no later than one hundred and eighty days after enactment of this Act.

Appropriation authorization.

(d) There are authorized to be appropriated to the Agency, $5,000,000 for use in compensating United States radio broadcasting licensees pursuant to this section. Amounts appropriated under this section are authorized to be available until expended.

(e) Funds appropriated for implementation of this section shall be available for a period of no more than four years following the initial broadcast occurring as a result of programs described in this Act.

Interference level analysis.

(f) It is the sense of the Congress that the President should establish a task force to analyze the level of interference from the operation of Cuban radio stations experienced by broadcasters in the United States and to seek a practical political and technical solution to this problem.

Effective date. 22 USC 1465e note.

(g) This section shall enter into effect on October 1, 1984.

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

22 USC 1465f.

SEC. 8. (a) There are authorized to be appropriated for the United States Information Agency $14,000,000 for fiscal year 1984 and $11,000,000 for fiscal year 1985 to carry out sections 3 and 4 of this Act. The amount obligated by the United States Information Agency in ensuing fiscal years shall be sufficient to maintain broadcasts to Cuba under this Act at rates no less than the fiscal year 1985 level.

(b) In addition to amounts otherwise authorized to be appropriated to the Agency for the fiscal years 1984 and 1985, there are authorized to be appropriated to the Agency $54,800,000 for the fiscal year 1984 and $54,800,000 for the fiscal year 1985, which amounts shall be available only for expenses incurred by essential modernization of the facilities and operations of the Voice of America.

(c) Amounts appropriated under this section are authorized to be made available until expended.

INDEPENDENT EVALUATION OF THE CUBA SERVICE

SEC. 9. The United States Information Agency shall arrange, by contract if necessary, an independent evaluation of Cuba Service programing, the results of which are to be set forth in a report to be prepared and transmitted to the Agency eighteen months after the date of enactment of this Act and at intervals of one year thereafter for the following three years. The Agency shall, not later than thirty days after the date of receipt of such report, transmit to the Congress such report, together with any recommendations for legislative action. 22 USC 1465g.

Report to Congress.

Approved October 4, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 602 (H.R. 2453):

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-284, Pt. 1 (Comm. on Foreign Affairs) and Pt. 2 (Comm. on Energy and Commerce) both accompanying H.R. 2453.
SENATE REPORT No. 98-156 (Comm. on Foreign Relations).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Sept. 13, considered and passed Senate.
Sept. 29, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-112
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Oct. 4, 1983
[S.J. Res. 142]

Designating the week of October 3 through October 9, 1983, as "National Productivity Improvement Week".

Whereas the economic stability and growth of this Nation relies largely on the collective industry and endeavor of its working citizens;

Whereas the time-honored tradition of American leadership in work-related ingenuity and know-how has brought about great strides in productivity;

Whereas growth in productivity in turn improves the standard of living of United States citizens;

Whereas public awareness of the economic importance of productivity will promote individual and collective ideas and innovations for productivity improvements; and

Whereas a conscientious effort to improve productivity will foster a better standard of living for all citizens and reduce the level of inflation: Now, therefore, be it

National Productivity Improvement Week.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purposes of providing for a better understanding of the need for productivity growth and of encouraging the development of methods to improve individual and collective productivity in the public and private sectors, the week of October 3 through October 9, 1983, is designated "National Productivity Improvement Week". The President is requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe such week with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

Approved October 4, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 142:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Sept. 20, considered and passed Senate.
Sept. 30, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-113
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

To provide for the designation of the week of October 2 through October 8, 1983, as "Myasthenia Gravis Awareness Week".

Oct. 5, 1983
[S.J. Res. 140]

Whereas the incidence and prevalence of myasthenia gravis present a significant health problem in the United States;

Whereas myasthenia gravis is a severe neuromuscular disorder, characterized by weakness of the voluntary muscles of the body;

Whereas an estimated one hundred thousand to two hundred thousand diagnosed, and over one hundred thousand undiagnosed, Americans of both sexes, and all races and ages, are afflicted with the disease;

Whereas the Nation faces a continuing need to support innovative research into the causes, treatment, and cure of myasthenia gravis; and

Whereas it is appropriate to focus the Nation's attention upon the problem of myasthenia gravis: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the week of October 2 through October 8, 1983, is designated as "Myasthenia Gravis Awareness Week" and the President of the United States is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon all government agencies and the people of the United States to observe the week with appropriate programs, ceremonies, and activities.

Myasthenia Gravis Awareness Week.

Approved October 5, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. J. Res. 140:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Sept. 20, considered and passed Senate.
Sept. 30, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-114
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Oct. 7, 1983
[H.J. Res. 137]

Authorizing and requesting the President to issue a proclamation designating the period from October 2, 1983, through October 8, 1983, as "National Schoolbus Safety Week of 1983".

Whereas twenty-two million students are transported by schoolbus to and from school each day;

Whereas the safety of these students deserves the highest priority; and

Whereas a national program is underway to call public attention to the importance of schoolbus safety during the week of October 2, 1983, through October 8, 1983: Now, therefore, be it

National Schoolbus Safety Week of 1983.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation designating the period from October 2, 1983, through October 9, 1983, as "National Schoolbus Safety Week of 1983" and calling upon the people of the United States and interested groups and organizations to observe such week with appropriate activities and ceremonies.

Approved October 7, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 137 (S.J. Res. 172):

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Sept. 27, considered and passed House.
Sept. 30, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-115
98th Congress

An Act

To authorize certain construction at military installations for fiscal year 1984, and for other purposes.

Oct. 11, 1983
[H.R. 2972]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Military Construction Authorization Act, 1984".

Military Construction Authorization Act, 1984.

TITLE I—ARMY

AUTHORIZED ARMY CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS

SEC. 101. The Secretary of the Army may acquire real property and may carry out military construction projects in the amounts shown for each of the following installations and locations:

INSIDE THE UNITED STATES

UNITED STATES ARMY FORCES COMMAND

Fort Bragg, North Carolina, $31,100,000.
Fort Campbell, Kentucky, $15,300,000.
Fort Carson, Colorado, $17,760,000.
Fort Devens, Massachusetts, $3,000,000.
Fort Douglas, Utah, $910,000.
Fort Drum, New York, $1,500,000.
Fort Hood, Texas, $76,050,000.
Fort Hunter Liggett, California, $1,000,000.
Fort Irwin, California, $34,850,000.
Fort Lewis, Washington, $35,310,000.
Fort Meade, Maryland, $5,150,000.
Fort Ord, California, $6,150,000.
Fort Polk, Louisiana, $16,180,000.
Fort Richardson, Alaska, $940,000.
Fort Riley, Kansas, $76,600,000.
Fort Stewart, Georgia, $29,720,000.
Presidio of Monterey, California, $1,300,000.

UNITED STATES ARMY WESTERN COMMAND

Schofield Barracks, Hawaii, $31,900,000.

UNITED STATES ARMY TRAINING AND DOCTRINE COMMAND

Carlisle Barracks, Pennsylvania, $1,500,000.
Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indiana, $5,900,000.
Fort Benning, Georgia, $21,750,000.
Fort Bliss, Texas, $40,580,000.
Fort Jackson, South Carolina, $39,190,000.
Fort Knox, Kentucky, $4,200,000.

Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, $13,550,000.
Fort Lee, Virginia, $5,930,000.
Fort Leonard Wood, Missouri, $12,600,000.
Fort McClellan, Alabama, $4,220,000.
Fort Rucker, Alabama, $11,600,000.
Fort Sill, Oklahoma, $25,150,000.
Fort Story, Virginia, $9,000,000.

MILITARY DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON

Fort Myer, Virginia, $2,750,000.

UNITED STATES ARMY MATERIEL DEVELOPMENT AND READINESS COMMAND

Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland, $39,850,000.
Detroit Arsenal, Michigan, $270,000.
Fort Monmouth, New Jersey, $14,900,000.
Harry Diamond Laboratories, Maryland, $400,000.
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant, Kansas, $1,150,000.
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant, Louisiana, $4,250,000.
Milan Army Ammunition Plant, Tennessee, $550,000.
Picatinny Arsenal, New Jersey, $460,000.
Pine Bluff Arsenal, Arkansas, $10,200,000.
Red River Army Depot, Texas, $1,250,000.
Redstone Arsenal, Alabama, $25,400,000.
Rock Island Arsenal, Illinois, $26,500,000.
Sierra Army Depot, California, $3,950,000.
Tobyhanna Army Depot, Pennsylvania, $9,200,000.
Watervliet Arsenal, New York, $2,150,000.
White Sands Missile Range, New Mexico, $310,000.

AMMUNITION FACILITIES

Iowa Army Ammunition Plant, Iowa, $2,000,000.
Lake City Army Ammunition Plant, Missouri, $600,000.
Lone Star Army Ammunition Plant, Texas, $1,300,000.
Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Texas, $270,000.
Milan Army Ammunition Plant, Tennessee, $340,000.
Radford Army Ammunition Plant, Virginia, $4,620,000.
Scranton Army Ammunition Plant, Pennsylvania, $1,000,000.

UNITED STATES ARMY COMMUNICATIONS COMMAND

Fort Huachuca, Arizona, $2,750,000.

UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY

United States Military Academy, New York, $12,840,000.

UNITED STATES ARMY HEALTH SERVICES COMMAND

Fort Detrick, Maryland, $1,650,000.
Walter Reed Army Medical Center, Washington, District of Columbia, $4,200,000.

CLASSIFIED PROJECT

Various Locations, $1,300,000.

OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES

UNITED STATES ARMY, JAPAN

Okinawa, $1,400,000.

EIGHTH UNITED STATES ARMY

Korea, $59,580,000.

BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE SYSTEMS COMMAND

Kwajalein, $5,620,000.

UNITED STATES ARMY FORCES COMMAND OVERSEAS

Fort Buchanan, Puerto Rico, $1,550,000.
Panama, $1,460,000.

UNITED STATES ARMY, EUROPE

Europe, $19,000,000.
Germany, $286,010,000.
Greece, $4,880,000.
Italy, $2,710,000.
Turkey, $5,250,000.

UNITED STATES ARMY INTELLIGENCE AND SECURITY COMMAND OVERSEAS

Korea, $260,000.

FAMILY HOUSING

SEC. 102. (a) The Secretary of the Army may construct family housing units (including land acquisition) and may acquire manufactured home facilities at the following installations in the number of units shown, and in the amount shown, for each installation:

Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland, one hundred and six units, $6,816,000.

Various Locations, Alaska, six units, $1,158,000.

Aliamanu, Hawaii, community center, $9,900,000.

Various Locations, North Atlantic Treaty Organization nations in Europe, five hundred units, $40,000,000.

Fort Greely, Alaska, thirty-eight units, $5,203,000.

Fort Polk, Louisiana, two hundred units, $15,342,000.

Fort Stewart, Georgia, two hundred and forty-four units, $14,626,000.

Wildflecken, Federal Republic of Germany, one hundred and fifty-three units, $12,157,000.

Bayreuth, Federal Republic of Germany, thirteen units, $1,132,000.

Kitzingen, Federal Republic of Germany, one hundred and three units, $11,140,000.

Vicenza, Italy, two units, $354,000.

(b) The Secretary of the Army may rehabilitate existing family housing units at Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland, or may construct new family housing units at such installation, whichever the Secretary determines is most cost effective, and may use for such purpose (1) any funds not in excess of $6,080,000 that were appropriated for fiscal year 1983 for the improvement of existing family housing at such installation and which remain unobligated on the date of the enactment of this Act, and (2) any funds appropriated pursuant to subsection (a) for the construction or acquisition of family housing at such installation.

CONTRACTING FOR CERTAIN PROJECTS

SEC. 103. (a) The following projects authorized in sections 101 and 102 may be carried out only as provided in subsection (b):

Operations Building in the amount of $2,000,000 at Fort Carson, Colorado.

Child Care Center in the amount of $3,000,000 at Fort Devens, Massachusetts.

Bulk Fuel Storage Facility in the amount of $4,200,000 at Fort Hood, Texas.

Multipurpose Training Range in the amount of $3,350,000 at Fort Hood, Texas.

Physical Fitness Training Center in the amount of $1,000,000 at Fort Hunter Liggett, California.

Barracks Modernization in the amount of $7,700,000 at Fort Irwin, California.

Hangar Addition in the amount of $2,800,000 at Fort Lewis, Washington.

Instrument Landing System in the amount of $870,000 at Fort Lewis, Washington.

Electrical Substation in the amount of $1,400,000 at Fort Riley, Kansas.

Sewage Treatment and Water Upgrade in the amount of $6,500,000 at Fort Riley, Kansas.

Physical Fitness Training Center with Pool in the amount of $1,500,000 at Carlisle Barracks, Pennsylvania.

Barracks in the amount of $5,900,000 at Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indiana.

Infantry Remote Target Systems Ranges in the amount of $3,000,000 at Fort Bliss, Texas.

Physical Fitness Training Center in the amount of $2,850,000 at Fort Bliss, Texas.

Chapel/Child Care Center in the amount of $6,400,000 at Fort Jackson, South Carolina.

Education Center in the amount of $5,200,000 at Fort Jackson, South Carolina.

Trainee Barracks in the amount of $26,800,000 at Fort Jackson, South Carolina.

Classrooms in the amount of $1,950,000 at Fort Rucker, Alabama.

Trainee Barracks with Dining Facility in the amount of $23,000,000 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma.

Trainee Barracks in the amount of $9,800,000 at Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland.

Medical Research Laboratory Alterations in the amount of $3,650,000 at Aberdeen Proving Grounds, Maryland.

Electrical Distribution System in the amount of $2,500,000 at Fort Monmouth, New Jersey.

Pulse Power Center in the amount of $12,400,000 at Fort Monmouth, New Jersey.

Bridge Repair in the amount of $4,500,000 at Rock Island Arsenal, Illinois.

Shelter Handling Facility in the amount of $9,200,000 at Tobyhanna Army Depot, Pennsylvania.

Laboratory in the amount of $2,150,000 at Watervliet Arsenal, New York.

Brigade Headquarters in the amount of $1,500,000 at Fort Huachuca, Arizona.

Construction of Family Housing in the amount of $40,000,000 at various locations, North Atlantic Treaty Organization nations in Europe.

(b) A contract for a project listed in subsection (a) may be entered into only if the funds to be obligated for the contract are derived from the total amount of funds (if any) available from (1) the net savings from the execution of the projects authorized by sections 101 and 102 other than those listed in subsection (a), (2) total savings from cancellations of such projects, and (3) other sources, including savings from projects authorized for the Army in previous Military Construction Authorization Acts. Obligated funds.

(c) Before the Secretary of the Army may advertise for bids, or may negotiate, for a contract described in subsection (b), the Secretary shall submit a written report to the appropriate committees of Congress certifying that funds for the contract are available in accordance with subsection (b) and identifying the source of the funds. Such a report may not be submitted before January 1, 1984. Report to congressional committees.

IMPROVEMENTS TO MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING UNITS

SEC. 104. Subject to section 2825 of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of the Army may make expenditures to improve existing military family housing units in an amount not to exceed $103,553,000, of which $26,623,000 is available only for energy conservation projects.

ARCHITECTURAL AND ENGINEERING SERVICES AND CONSTRUCTION DESIGN FOR FAMILY HOUSING PROJECTS

SEC. 105. Subject to section 2807 of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of the Army may carry out architectural and engineering services and construction design in connection with military family housing projects (including improvements) in the amount of $6,750,000.

PROJECTS USING UNOBLIGATED PRIOR YEAR AUTHORITY

SEC. 106. (a) The Secretary of the Army may carry out the following projects (for which funds are not authorized under section 601) as provided in subsection (b): *Post*, p. 777.

Unspecified minor construction projects in the amount of $4,600,000 at various locations.

Construction projects of $1,000,000 or less in the amount of $6,800,000 at various locations.

(b) A contract for a project described in subsection (a) may be entered into using authorization amounts available from approved projects authorized under title I of any previous Military Construction Authorization Act.

96 Stat. 1549.

TITLE II—NAVY

AUTHORIZED NAVY CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS

SEC. 201. The Secretary of the Navy may acquire real property and may carry out military construction projects in the amounts shown for each of the following installations and locations:

INSIDE THE UNITED STATES

UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS

Marine Corps Air Station, Beaufort, South Carolina, $3,530,000.
Marine Corps Base, Camp Lejeune, North Carolina, $31,760,000.
Marine Corps Base, Camp Pendleton, California, $39,070,000.
Marine Corps Air Station, Cherry Point, North Carolina, $1,805,000.
Marine Corps Air Station, El Toro, California, $14,030,000.
Marine Corps Air Station, Kaneohe Bay, Hawaii, $7,900,000.
Marine Corps Air Station, New River, North Carolina, $2,730,000.
Marine Corps Camp Detachment, Camp Elmore, Norfolk, Virginia, $1,160,000.
Camp H. M. Smith, Oahu, Hawaii, $2,700,000.
Marine Corps Development and Education Command, Quantico, Virginia, $2,570,000.
Marine Corps Recruit Depot, San Diego, California, $10,690,000.
Marine Corps Air Station, Tustin, California, $465,000.
Marine Corps Air-Ground Combat Center, Twentynine Palms, California, $25,120,000.
Marine Corps Air Station, Yuma, Arizona, $8,920,000.

CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS

Naval Academy, Annapolis, Maryland, $9,720,000.
Naval Station, Annapolis, Maryland, $405,000.
Naval Space Surveillance Field Station, Hollandale, Mississippi, $495,000.

COMMANDER IN CHIEF, UNITED STATES ATLANTIC FLEET

Naval Air Station, Brunswick, Maine, $7,800,000.
Naval Air Station, Cecil Field, Florida, $17,670,000.
Naval Station, Charleston, South Carolina, $43,150,000.
Naval Air Station, Jacksonville, Florida, $10,000,000.
Naval Air Station, Key West, Florida, $15,635,000.
Naval Amphibious Base, Little Creek, Virginia, $9,170,000.
Naval Station, Mayport, Florida, $25,520,000.
Naval Submarine Base, New London, Connecticut, $8,200,000.
Naval Station, Norfolk, Virginia, $2,560,000.
Naval Air Station, Oceana, Virginia, $415,000.

Tactical Training Group, Atlantic, Virginia Beach, Virginia, $3,750,000.

COMMANDER IN CHIEF, UNITED STATES PACIFIC FLEET

Naval Station, Adak, Alaska, $2,970,000.
Naval Submarine Base, Bangor, Washington, $8,040,000.
Naval Air Station, Barbers Point, Hawaii, $890,000.
Naval Amphibious Base, Coronado, California, $21,222,000.
Naval Air Station, Fallon, Nevada, $11,900,000.
Naval Air Station, Lemoore, California, $20,920,000.
Naval Air Station, Miramar, California, $2,020,000.
Naval Air Station, Moffett Field, California, $1,870,000.
Naval Air Station, North Island, California, $20,650,000.
Fleet Intelligence Center, Pacific, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, $990,000.
Naval Station, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, $3,350,000.
Naval Submarine Base, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, $2,590,000.
Tactical Training Group, Pacific, San Diego, California, $3,260,000.
Naval Station, San Diego, California, $980,000.
Naval Submarine Base, San Diego, California, $6,660,000.
Naval Station, Mare Island, Vallejo, California, $2,010,000
Naval Air Station, Whidbey Island, Washington, $3,160,000.

NAVAL EDUCATION AND TRAINING COMMAND

Naval Air Station, Chase Field, Texas, $2,625,000.
Naval Air Station, Corpus Christi, Texas, $495,000.
Fleet Combat Training Center, Atlantic, Dam Neck, Virginia, $12,190,000.
Fleet Intelligence Training Center, Dam Neck, Virginia, $12,200,000.
Naval Guided Missiles School, Dam Neck, Virginia, $1,860,000.
Naval Air Station, Kingsville, Texas, $4,830,000.
Naval Air Station, Memphis, Tennessee, $11,800,000.
Naval Air Station, Meridian, Mississippi, $610,000.
Naval Education and Training Center, Newport, Rhode Island, $1,110,000.
Fleet Anti-Submarine Warfare Training Center, Atlantic, Norfolk, Virginia, $4,130,000.
Fleet Training Center, Norfolk, Virginia, $1,120,000.
Naval Training Center, Orlando, Florida, $19,690,000.
Naval Air Station, Pensacola, Florida, $2,200,000.
Naval Technical Training Center, Pensacola, Florida, $2,410,000.
Fleet Anti-Submarine Warfare Training Center, Pacific, San Diego, California, $14,200,000.
Fleet Training Center, San Diego, California, $10,000,000.
Naval Air Station, Whiting Field, Florida, $4,260,000.

BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY

National Naval Medical Center, Bethesda, Maryland, $37,170,000.
Naval Regional Medical Center, Long Beach, California, $8,370,000.
Naval Regional Medical Clinic, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, $8,490,000.

NAVAL MATERIAL COMMAND

Naval Air Rework Facility, Alameda, California, $21,560,000.
David W. Taylor Naval Ship Research and Development Center, Bethesda, Maryland, $5,030,000.
Naval Supply Center, Puget Sound, Bremerton, Washington, $200,000.
Naval Ordnance Test Unit, Cape Canaveral, Florida, $57,000,000.
Charleston Naval Shipyard, Charleston, South Carolina, $15,000,000.
Naval Weapons Station, Charleston, South Carolina, $1,570,000.
Naval Air Rework Facility, Cherry Point, North Carolina, $20,040,000.
Naval Weapons Center, China Lake, California, $31,100,000.
Naval Weapons Station, Concord, California, $2,720,000.
Naval Surface Weapons Center, Dahlgren, Virginia, $5,355,000.
Fleet Combat Direction Systems Support Activity, Dam Neck, Virginia, $4,000,000.
Naval Weapons Station, Earle, New Jersey, $465,000.
Naval Construction Battalion Center, Gulfport, Mississippi, $2,960,000.
Naval Ordnance Station, Indian Head, Maryland, $1,950,000.
Naval Air Rework Facility, Jacksonville, Florida, $2,875,000.
Naval Underwater Engineering Station, Keyport, Washington, $1,400,000.
Naval Submarine Base, Kings Bay, Georgia, $118,129,000, of which $6,019,000 may be used to provide community impact and planning assistance to the communities located near the submarine base.
Naval Air Engineering Center, Lakehurst, New Jersey, $4,195,000.
Mare Island Naval Shipyard, Vallejo, California, $14,800,000.
Naval Air Rework Facility, Norfolk, Virginia, $3,020,000.
Naval Supply Center, Norfolk, Virginia, $6,400,000.
Naval Coastal Systems Center, Panama City, Florida, $6,070,000.
Naval Air Test Center, Patuxent River, Maryland, $10,150,000.
Pearl Harbor Naval Shipyard, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, $26,040,000.
Navy Public Works Center, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, $13,100,000.
Pacific Missile Test Center, Point Mugu, California, $840,000.
Portsmouth Naval Shipyard, Kittery, Maine, $7,100,000.
Norfolk Naval Shipyard, Portsmouth, Virginia, $19,350,000.
Puget Sound Naval Shipyard, Bremerton, Washington, $7,300,000.
Naval Transmitter Facility, Republic, Michigan, $13,000,000.
Naval Ocean Systems Center, San Diego, California, $8,000,000.
Naval Supply Center, San Diego, California, $1,110,000.
Navy Public Works Center, San Francisco, California, $220,000.
Naval Shipyard, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, $2,600,000.
Naval Ships Systems Engineering Station, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, $14,500,000.

NAVAL OCEANOGRAPHY COMMAND

Naval Oceanographic Office, Bay St. Louis, Mississippi, $6,320,000.
Fleet Numerical Oceanography Center, Monterey, California, $6,980,000.

NAVAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS COMMAND

Naval Communication Area Master Station, Atlantic, Norfolk, Virginia, $1,690,000.

NAVAL SECURITY GROUP COMMAND

Naval Security Group Detachment, Sugar Grove, West Virginia, $7,400,000.

OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES

UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS

Marine Corps Air Station, Iwakuni, Japan, $750,000.

COMMANDER IN CHIEF, ATLANTIC FLEET

Naval Air Station, Bermuda, $810,000.
Naval Facility, Bermuda, $1,110,000.
Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, $730,000.
Naval Station, Keflavik, Iceland, $6,850,000.
Naval Station, Roosevelt Roads, Puerto Rico, $1,300,000.
Atlantic Fleet Weapons Training Facility, Roosevelt Roads, Puerto Rico, $1,945,000.

COMMANDER IN CHIEF, PACIFIC FLEET

Commander, U.S. Naval Forces Korea Detachment, Chinhae, Korea, $460,000.
Navy Support Facility, Diego Garcia, $31,800,000.
Naval Station, Subic Bay, Republic of the Philippines, $6,140,000.

COMMANDER IN CHIEF, NAVAL FORCES, EUROPE

Naval Support Activity, Holy Loch, Scotland, $8,840,000.
Navy Personnel Support Activity, Naples, Italy, $640,000.
Naval Support Activity, Naples, Italy, $4,700,000.
Naval Station, Rota, Spain, $9,250,000.
Naval Air Station, Sigonella, Italy, $20,810,000.

NAVAL OCEANOGRAPHY COMMAND

Naval Oceanography Command Center, Rota, Spain, $980,000.

NAVAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS COMMAND

Naval Communication Station, Harold E. Holt, Exmouth, Australia, $3,020,000.
Naval Communication Area Master Station Western Pacific, Guam, Mariana Islands, $980,000.
Classified Location, $1,280,000.

NAVAL SECURITY GROUP COMMAND

Naval Security Group Detachment, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, $1,700,000.

HOST NATION INFRASTRUCTURE SUPPORT

Various Locations, $2,970,000.

CONTRACTING FOR CERTAIN PROJECTS

SEC. 202. (a) The following projects authorized in section 201 may be carried out only as provided in subsection (b):

Unaccompanied Enlisted Personnnel Housing in the amount of $10,000,000 at Naval Air Station, Jacksonville, Florida.

Unaccompanied Enlisted Personnel Housing Modernization in the amount of $1,800,000 at Naval Station, Mare Island, Vallejo, California.

Applied Instruction Building in the amount of $10,000,000 at the Fleet Training Center, San Diego, California.

Unaccompanied Enlisted Personnel Housing in the amount of $7,300,000 at the Naval Shipyard, Puget Sound, Bremerton, Washington.

Station Access Facilities in the amount of $1,400,000 at the Naval Underwater Engineering Station Keyport, Washington.

TRIDENT Training Facility in the amount of $17,000,000 at the Naval Submarine Base, Kings Bay, Georgia.

Training Facility in the amount of $4,600,000 at the Pearl Harbor Naval Shipyard, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii.

Service Shops in the amount of $4,000,000 at the Pearl Harbor Naval Shipyard, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii.

Electrical Distribution Lines in the amount of $7,200,000 at the Naval Shipyard, Mare Island, California.

Facility Energy Improvements in the amount of $1,600,000 at the Naval Shipyard, Mare Island, California.

Horizontal Paint and Blast Facility in the amount of $6,000,000 at the Naval Shipyard, Mare Island, California.

Medical/Dental Clinic in the amount of $2,550,000 at the Naval Support Activity, Holy Loch, Scotland.

General Warehouse in the amount of $2,800,000 at the Naval Support Activity, Holy Loch, Scotland.

Supply Pier in the amount of $2,950,000 at the Naval Support Activity, Holy Loch, Scotland.

Family Services Center in the amount of $540,000 at the Naval Support Activity, Holy Loch, Scotland.

Armed Forces Radio and Television Station in the amount of $1,200,000 at the Naval Air Station, Sigonella, Italy.

Obligated funds.

(b) A contract for a project listed in subsection (a) may be entered into only if the funds to be obligated for the contract are derived from the total amount of funds (if any) available from (1) the net savings from the execution of the projects authorized by section 201 other than those listed in subsection (a), (2) total savings from cancellations of such projects, and (3) other sources, including savings from projects authorized for the Navy in previous Military Construction Authorization Acts.

Trident Training Facility, obligated funds.

(c)(1) During fiscal year 1984, the Secretary of the Navy may enter into a contract for the total amount authorized under section 201 for the construction of the Trident Training Facility at the Naval Submarine Base, Kings Bay, Georgia, but may not obligate more than $17,000,000 of any funds described in subsection (b). Any amount for the construction of such facility in excess of $17,000,000 may be obligated only after fiscal year 1984 from funds realized

from savings on other projects or to the extent provided for in appropriation Acts.

(2) During fiscal year 1984, the Secretary of the Navy may enter into a contract for the total amount authorized under section 201 for the construction of the Service Shops at Pearl Harbor Naval Shipyard, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, but may not obligate more than $4,000,000 of any funds described in subsection (b). Any amount for the construction of such facility in excess of $4,000,000 may be obligated only after fiscal year 1984 from funds realized from savings on other projects or to the extent provided for in appropriation Acts.

(d) Before the Secretary of the Navy may advertise for bids, or may negotiate, for a contract described in subsection (b), the Secretary shall submit a written report to the appropriate committees of Congress certifying that funds for the contract are available in accordance with subsection (b) and identifying the source of the funds. Such a report may not be submitted before January 1, 1984.

Report to congressional committees.

FAMILY HOUSING

SEC. 203. The Secretary of the Navy may construct family housing units (including land acquisition) and may acquire manufactured home facilities at the following installations in the number of units shown, and in the amount shown, for each installation:

Marine Corps Air Station, El Toro, California, one hundred and thirty units, $11,666,000.

Marine Corps Base, Camp Pendleton, California, three hundred units, $23,160,000.

Navy Public Works Center, Subic Bay, Republic of the Philippines, three hundred units, $29,300,000.

IMPROVEMENTS TO MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING UNITS

SEC. 204. Subject to section 2825 of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of the Navy may make expenditures to improve existing military family housing units in an amount not to exceed $13,240,000, of which $3,953,000 is available only for energy conservation projects.

ARCHITECTURAL AND ENGINEERING SERVICES AND CONSTRUCTION DESIGN FOR FAMILY HOUSING PROJECTS

SEC. 205. Subject to section 2807 of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of the Navy may carry out architectural and engineering services and construction design in connection with military family housing projects (including improvements) in the amount of $7,395,000.

MODIFICATION OF LEASING LIMITATION FOR NAVAL AIR STATION, LEMOORE, CALIFORNIA

SEC. 206. Section 2 of Public Law 92-378 (86 Stat. 530), relating to leases of lands for agricultural and grazing purposes at the Naval Air Station, Lemoore, California, is amended by striking out "160 irrigable acres" and inserting in lieu thereof "960 irrigable acres".

MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY FOR PROCUREMENT OF STEAM SUPPLY FOR THE CHARLESTON NAVAL STATION

SEC. 207. Clause (1) of section 205(a) of the Military Construction Authorization Act, 1982 (Public Law 97-99; 95 Stat. 1366), is amended to read as follows:

"(1) construct steam lines and any other needed facility, or pay a connection fee, to make use of energy generated by a waste heat recovery facility or a process-related, coal-fired cogeneration facility to be furnished by the Macalloy Corporation (a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Delaware) or a successor in interest to that corporation; and".

TITLE III—AIR FORCE

AUTHORIZED AIR FORCE CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS

SEC. 301. The Secretary of the Air Force may acquire real property and may carry out military construction projects in the amounts shown for each of the following installations and locations:

INSIDE THE UNITED STATES

AIR FORCE LOGISTICS COMMAND

Hill Air Force Base, Utah, $16,155,000.
Kelly Air Force Base, Texas, $22,590,000.
McClellan Air Force Base, California, $10,200,000.
Newark Air Force Station, Ohio, $800,000.
Robins Air Force Base, Georgia, $18,780,000.
Tinker Air Force Base, Oklahoma, $12,560,000.
Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio, $5,923,000.

AIR FORCE SYSTEMS COMMAND

Arnold Engineering Development Center, Tennessee, $12,552,000.
Brooks Air Force Base, Texas, $10,110,000.
Cape Canaveral Air Force Station, Florida, $9,400,000.
Eastern Launch Site, Florida, $6,000,000.
Edwards Air Force Base, California, $12,400,000.
Eglin Air Force Base, Florida, $11,990,000.
Laurence G. Hanscom Air Force Base, Massachusetts, $3,670,000.
Johnson Space Center, Texas, $700,000.
Los Angeles Air Force Station, California, $2,670,000.
Patrick Air Force Base, Florida, $2,392,000.

AIR NATIONAL GUARD

Buckley Air National Guard Base, Colorado, $2,000,000.

AIR TRAINING COMMAND

Chanute Air Force Base, Illinois, $89,210,000.
Columbus Air Force Base, Mississippi, $2,180,000.
Goodfellow Air Force Base, Texas, $10,040,000.
Gunter Air Force Station, Alabama, $6,750,000.
Keesler Air Force Base, Mississippi, $24,620,000.

Lackland Air Force Base, Texas, $10,700,000.
Lowry Air Force Base, Colorado, $6,100,000.
Mather Air Force Base, California, $4,460,000.
Reese Air Force Base, Texas, $1,550,000.
San Antonio Area, Texas, $12,000,000.
Sheppard Air Force Base, Texas, $16,080,000.
Vance Air Force Base, Oklahoma, $1,250,000.
Williams Air Force Base, Arizona, $2,700,000.

ALASKAN AIR COMMAND

Eielson Air Force Base, Alaska, $58,390,000.
Elmendorf Air Force Base, Alaska, $10,770,000.
Galena Airport, Alaska, $13,350,000.
Shemya Air Force Base, Alaska, $45,600,000.

MILITARY AIRLIFT COMMAND

Altus Air Force Base, Oklahoma, $21,600,000.
Andrews Air Force Base, Maryland, $1,786,000.
Bolling Air Force Base, Washington, D.C., $2,300,000.
Charleston Air Force Base, South Carolina, $3,200,000.
Dover Air Force Base, Delaware, $1,300,000.
Kirtland Air Force Base, New Mexico, $2,240,000.
Little Rock Air Force Base, Arkansas, $3,120,000.
McChord Air Force Base, Washington, $12,160,000.
McGuire Air Force Base, New Jersey, $620,000.
Pope Air Force Base, North Carolina, $6,500,000.
Scott Air Force Base, Illinois, $790,000.
Travis Air Force Base, California, $6,200,000.

PACIFIC AIR FORCES

Hickam Air Force Base, Hawaii, $3,150,000.

PEACEKEEPER CONSTRUCTION

Various Locations, $46,700,000.

SPACE COMMAND

NORAD Cheyenne Mountain Complex, Colorado, $5,660,000.
Peterson Air Force Base, Colorado, $78,700,000.

SPECIAL PROJECT

Various Locations, $24,000,000.

STRATEGIC AIR COMMAND

Barksdale Air Force Base, Louisiana, $34,970,000.
Beale Air Force Base, California, $5,550,000.
Blytheville Air Force Base, Arkansas, $6,950,000.
Carswell Air Force Base, Texas, $4,110,000.
Castle Air Force Base, California, $6,500,000.
Dyess Air Force Base, Texas, $14,300,000.
Ellsworth Air Force Base, South Dakota, $6,700,000.
Fairchild Air Force Base, Washington, $28,450,000.

11-194 O - 85 -- 26 : QL 3

Forsyth Air Force Station, Montana, $4,225,000.
Grand Forks Air Force Base, North Dakota, $8,525,000.
Griffiss Air Force Base, New York, $12,400,000.
Grissom Air Force Base, Indiana, $9,830,000.
Havre Air Force Station, Montana, $4,936,000.
K. I. Sawyer Air Force Base, Michigan, $40,460,000.
Loring Air Force Base, Maine, $36,400,000.
Malmstrom Air Force Base, Montana, $630,000.
March Air Force Base, California, $3,550,000.
McConnell Air Force Base, Kansas, $9,570,000.
Minot Air Force Base, North Dakota, $13,800,000.
Offutt Air Force Base, Nebraska, $38,520,000.
Pease Air Force Base, New Hampshire, $7,200,000.
Plattsburgh Air Force Base, New York, $5,955,000.
Vandenberg Air Force Base, California, $46,002,000.
Whiteman Air Force Base, Missouri, $24,500,000.
Wurtsmith Air Force Base, Michigan, $5,000,000.

TACTICAL AIR COMMAND

Bangor International Airport, Maine, $10,100,000.
Bergstrom Air Force Base, Texas, $20,310,000.
Cannon Air Force Base, New Mexico, $6,800,000.
Davis-Monthan Air Force Base, Arizona, $5,850,000.
England Air Force Base, Louisiana, $3,357,000.
George Air Force Base, California, $220,000.
Holloman Air Force Base, New Mexico, $20,500,000.
Homestead Air Force Base, Florida, $4,060,000.
Langley Air Force Base, Virginia, $8,300,000.
Luke Air Force Base, Arizona, $9,663,000.
MacDill Air Force Base, Florida, $6,360,000.
Moody Air Force Base, Georgia, $1,300,000.
Mountain Home Air Force Base, Idaho, $6,590,000.
Myrtle Beach Air Force Base, South Carolina, $1,550,000.
Nellis Air Force Base, Nevada, $4,490,000.
Seymour-Johnson Air Force Base, North Carolina, $5,240,000.
Shaw Air Force Base, South Carolina, $9,990,000.
Tyndall Air Force Base, Florida, $29,040,000.
Unspecified Location, $500,000.

UNITED STATES AIR FORCE ACADEMY

United States Air Force Academy, Colorado, $10,085,000.

OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES

MILITARY AIRLIFT COMMAND

Lajes Field, Portugal, $1,400,000.
Rhein-Main Air Base, Germany, $1,870,000.

PACIFIC AIR FORCES

Clark Air Base, Republic of the Philippines, $8,850,000.
Diego Garcia Air Base, Indian Ocean, $58,200,000.
Kadena Air Base, Japan, $11,260,000.
Korea, Various Locations, $5,900,000.

Kunsan Air Base, Korea, $31,013,000.
Kwang-Ju Air Base, Korea, $210,000.
Misawa Air Base, Japan, $18,700,000.
Osan Air Base, Korea, $42,150,000.
Saechon Air Base, Korea, $210,000.
Suwon Air Base, Korea, $400,000.
Taegu Air Base, Korea, $2,750,000.
Yokota Air Base, Japan, $1,250,000.

STRATEGIC AIR COMMAND

Andersen Air Force Base, Guam, $24,710,000.

TACTICAL AIR COMMAND

Howard Air Force Base, Canal Zone, $613,000.

UNITED STATES AIR FORCES IN EUROPE

Camp New Amsterdam, The Netherlands, $2,050,000.
Germany, Various Locations, $46,464,000.
Italy, Various Locations, $30,430,000.
Morocco, Various Locations, $28,000,000.
Oman, Various Locations, $28,600,000.
Spain, Various Locations, $6,832,000.
Turkey, Various Locations, $73,220,000.
United Kingdom, Various Locations, $44,768,000.
Various Locations, $67,550,000.

CONTRACTING FOR CERTAIN PROJECTS

SEC. 302. (a) The following projects authorized in section 301 may be carried out only as provided in subsection (c):

Non-Destruct Inspection Facility in the amount of $5,900,000 and Depot Production Support Facility in the amount of $3,500,000 at McClellan Air Force Base, California.

Alteration of Unaccompanied Enlisted Personnel Housing in the amount of $1,450,000 at Robins Air Force Base, Georgia.

Alteration of F-107 Engine Facility in the amount of $420,000, Combat Communications Headquarters in the amount of $2,150,000, and Communications Electronic Installation Facility in the amount of $960,000 at Tinker Air Force Base, Oklahoma.

Fire Protection-Bulk Fuel Farm in the amount of $382,000 at Arnold Engineering Development Center, Tennessee.

RAPCON/CCF Facility in the amount of $490,000 at Edwards Air Force Base, California.

Addition to Recreation Gymnasium in the amount of $2,150,000 at Eglin Air Force Base, Florida.

Commercial Power Connection in the amount of $2,000,000 at Buckley Air National Guard Base, Colorado.

Central Heat Plant in the amount of $11,700,000 at Chanute Air Force Base, Illinois.

PMEL Laboratory in the amount of $530,000 at Columbus Air Force Base, Mississippi.

Alteration of Electrical Distribution System in the amount of $1,500,000 and Voice Processing Training Facility in the amount of $7,800,000 at Goodfellow Air Force Base, Texas.

Unaccompanied Enlisted Personnel Housing/Senior NCO Academy in the amount of $5,000,000 at Gunter Air Force Station, Alabama.

Computer Training Facility in the amount of $11,900,000 and Unaccompanied Enlisted Personnel Housing with Dining Hall in the amount of $6,400,000 at Keesler Air Force Base, Mississippi.

Chapel in the amount of $2,900,000 at Lackland Air Force Base, Texas.

Academic Classroom (Weapons) in the amount of $6,100,000 at Lowry Air Force Base, Colorado.

Gymnasium in the amount of $3,180,000 at Sheppard Air Force Base, Texas.

Composite Operations in the amount of $3,700,000 and Composite Support Facility in the amount of $5,700,000 at Galena Airport, Alaska.

Consolidated Operations/Maintenance Facility in the amount of $3,400,000 at Altus Air Force Base, Oklahoma.

Gymnasium in the amount of $2,300,000 at Bolling Air Force Base, District of Columbia.

Composite Wing Headquarters Facility in the amount of $3,200,000 at Charleston Air Force Base, South Carolina.

Base Transportation Complex/Land Acquisition in the amount of $3,700,000 at Pope Air Force Base, North Carolina.

Composite Medical Facility (David Grant Medical Center) Phase I in the amount of $5,000,000 at Travis Air Force Base, California.

Upgrade Power Plants ADWS in the amount of $710,000 at Carswell Air Force Base, Texas.

Unaccompanied Enlisted Personnel Housing in the amount of $8,500,000, Dining Hall in the amount of $3,730,000, alteration of Consolidated Base Personnel Office in the amount of $1,100,000, Hydrant Fueling System in the amount of $4,400,000, and alteration of Unaccompanied Enlisted Personnel Housing in the amount of $5,000,000 at Fairchild Air Force Base, Washington.

Unaccompanied Enlisted Personnel Housing in the amount of $6,700,000 at Griffiss Air Force Base, New York.

Addition to and alteration of Vehicle Maintenance Shop in the amount of $1,030,000, Dining Hall in the amount of $3,200,000, and Military Personnel Support Center in the amount of $5,600,000 at Grissom Air Force Base, Indiana.

Air Field Apron Lighting in the amount of $1,230,000 and Unaccompanied Enlisted Personnel Housing in the amount of $5,500,000 at McConnell Air Force Base, Kansas.

Unaccompanied Officer Personnel Housing in the amount of $4,000,000 at Offutt Air Force Base, Nebraska.

Base Civil Engineer Maintenance Complex in the amount of $7,200,000 at Pease Air Force Base, New Hampshire.

STS External Tank Area Icing Protection in the amount of $6,600,000 at Vandenberg Air Force Base, California.

Physical Fitness Facility in the amount of $4,190,000 at Plattsburgh Air Force Base, New York.

Alteration of Heat Plant in the amount of $1,800,000, Unaccompanied Enlisted Personnel Housing in the amount of $8,600,000, Dining Hall in the amount of $3,300,000, Missile Maintenance Facility in the amount of $7,900,000, and Vehicle Maintenance Shop in the amount of $2,900,000 at Whiteman Air Force Base, Missouri.

Base Support Center in the amount of $6,500,000, Composite Wing Facility in the amount of $1,280,000, Education Center in the amount of $2,750,000, and alteration of Base Entrance/Land Acquisition in the amount of $3,000,000 at Bergstrom Air Force Base, Texas.

Consolidated Support Center in the amount of $6,800,000 at Cannon Air Force Base, New Mexico.

Aircraft Maintenance Hangar in the amount of $7,700,000, Munitions Storage in the amount of $3,700,000, addition to Aircraft Maintenance Unit in the amount of $600,000, addition to Engine Inspection and Repair in the amount of $1,000,000, Aircraft Corrosion Control in the amount of $1,400,000, alteration of Unaccompanied Enlisted Personnel Housing in the amount of $3,100,000, and Airmen Dining Hall in the amount of $3,000,000 at Holloman Air Force Base, New Mexico.

Unaccompanied Officer Personnel Housing in the amount of $4,600,000, Unaccompanied Enlisted Personnel Housing in the amount of $4,500,000, Civil Engineer Science Lab in the amount of $4,650,000, Education Center in the amount of $2,000,000, and Base Support Center in the amount of $6,500,000 at Tyndall Air Force Base, Florida.

Addition to Satellite Communication Receiver Facility in the amount of $4,250,000, Consolidated Support Facility in the amount of $2,250,000, alteration of Unaccompanied Officer Personnel Housing in the amount of $1,450,000, and alteration of Electrical/Mechanical Facilities (energy) in the amount of $900,000 at Clark Air Base, Republic of the Philippines.

Air Base upgrade in the amount of $48,700,000 in Turkey.

Various projects each costing $1,000,000 or less in the amount of $7,000,000 at various locations.

Defense access road, advance payment.

(b) An advance payment to the Secretary of Transportation for a defense access road project under section 210 of title 23, United States Code, to widen Tippacanoe Avenue Bridge at Norton Air Force Base, California, in the amount of $6,400,000 may be made only as provided in subsection (c).

Obligated funds.

(c) A contract for a project listed in subsection (a) may be entered into and the advance payment described in subsection (b) may be made only if the funds to be obligated for the contract or advance payment are derived from the total amount of funds (if any) available from (1) the net savings from the execution of the projects authorized by section 301 other than those listed in subsection (a), (2) total savings from cancellations of such projects, and (3) other sources, including savings from projects authorized for the Air Force in previous Military Construction Authorization Acts.

(d) During fiscal year 1984, the Secretary of the Air Force may enter into a contract for the total amount authorized under section 301 for the construction of the Central Heating Plant at Chanute Air Force Base, Illinois, but may not obligate more than $11,700,000 of any funds described in subsection (c). Any amount for the construction of such facility in excess of $11,700,000 may be obligated

only after fiscal year 1984 from funds realized from savings on other projects or to the extent provided for in appropriation Acts.

Report to congressional committees.

(e) Before the Secretary of the Air Force may advertise for bids, or may negotiate, for a contract described in subsection (a) or make the advance payment under subsection (b), the Secretary shall submit a written report to the appropriate committees of Congress certifying that funds for the contract or advance payment are available in accordance with subsection (c) and identifying the source of the funds. Such a report may not be submitted before January 1, 1984.

FAMILY HOUSING

SEC. 303. The Secretary of the Air Force may construct family housing units (excluding land acquisition) and may acquire manufactured home facilities at the following installations in the number of units shown, and in the amount shown, for each installation:

Lajes Field, Portugal, one hundred and fifty units, $11,812,000.

Havre Air Force Station, Montana, five units, $496,000.

Forsyth Air Force Station, Montana, fifty units, $4,000,000.

Camp New Amsterdam, The Netherlands, fifty units, $4,898,000.

RAF Upper Heyford, United Kingdom, three hundred units, $33,982,000.

IMPROVEMENTS TO MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING UNITS

SEC. 304. (a) Subject to section 2825 of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of the Air Force may make expenditures to improve existing military family housing units in an amount not to exceed $64,715,000, of which $10,559,000 is available only for energy conservation projects.

(b) Within the amount specified in subsection (a), the Secretary of the Air Force may, notwithstanding the maximum amount per unit prescribed in section 2825(b) of title 10, United States Code, carry out projects to improve existing military family housing units at the following installations in the number of units shown, and in the amount shown, for each installation:

Carswell Air Force Base, Texas, two hundred and three units, $7,477,500.

Kadena Air Base, Japan, three hundred and forty-two units, $20,586,200.

ARCHITECTURAL AND ENGINEERING SERVICES AND CONSTRUCTION DESIGN FOR FAMILY HOUSING PROJECTS

SEC. 305. Subject to section 2807 of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of the Air Force may carry out architectural and engineering services and construction design in connection with military family housing projects (including improvements) in the amount of $5,000,000.

TITLE IV—DEFENSE AGENCIES

AUTHORIZED CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS AND LAND ACQUISITION FOR THE DEFENSE AGENCIES

SEC. 401. The Secretary of Defense may acquire real property and may carry out military construction projects in the amounts shown for each of the following installations and locations:

INSIDE THE UNITED STATES

DEFENSE LOGISTICS AGENCY

Defense Fuel Support Point, Adak, Alaska, $14,200,000.
Defense Property Disposal Office, Anchorage, Alaska, $2,500,000.
Defense Fuel Support Point, Ozol, California, $1,100,000.
Defense Fuel Support Point, Long Beach, California, $42,100,000.
Defense Depot, Tracy, California, $480,000.
Defense Property Disposal Office, Vandenberg, California, $880,000.
Defense Property Disposal Office, Colorado Springs, Colorado, $810,000.
Defense Fuel Support Point, Escanaba, Michigan, $1,000,000.
Defense Depot, Memphis, Tennessee, $750,000.
Defense Property Disposal Office, San Antonio, Texas, $500,000.
Defense Property Disposal Office, Tooele, Utah, $420,000.
Defense Property Disposal Office, Norfolk, Virginia, $940,000.
Defense Property Disposal Office, Fort Lewis, Washington, $650,000.

DEFENSE MAPPING AGENCY

Hydrographic/Topographic Center, Brookmont, Maryland, $1,830,000.

NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY

Fort Meade, Maryland, $31,000,000.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

Classified Activity, Fort Belvoir, Virginia, $3,000,000.
Defense Systems Management College, Fort Belvoir, Virginia, $4,700,000.
Presidio of Monterey, California, $29,100,000.

DEFENSE INVESTIGATIVE SERVICE

Fort Holabird, Maryland, $210,000.

DEFENSE NUCLEAR AGENCY

Armed Forces Radiobiology Institute, Bethesda, Maryland, $10,900,000.

DEFENSE COMMUNICATIONS AGENCY

Pentagon Building, Virginia, $1,000,000.

OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES

DEFENSE LOGISTICS AGENCY

Defense Property Disposal Office, Hanau, Germany, $1,300,000.

DEFENSE NUCLEAR AGENCY

Johnston Island, $600,000.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

Classified Location, $10,000,000.

NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY

Classified Location, $21,550,000.
Classified Location, $25,200,000.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE DEPENDENTS SCHOOLS

Ansbach, Germany, $4,800,000.
Baumholder, Germany, $1,200,000.
Darmstadt, Germany, $6,000,000.
Giessen, Germany, $6,040,000.
Spangdahlem Air Base, Germany, $6,350,000.
Wildflecken, Germany, $5,200,000.
Vicenza, Italy, $2,310,000.
Lajes Field, Portugal, $4,590,000.
Zaragoza Air Force Base, Spain, $680,000.
Incirlik Air Base, Turkey, $5,800,000.
RAF Lakenheath, United Kingdom, $1,120,000.
RAF Wethersfield, United Kingdom, $2,832,000.

FAMILY HOUSING

SEC. 402. The Secretary of Defense may construct family housing units (including land acquisition) and acquire manufactured home facilities at classified locations overseas in the total amount of $1,210,000 for not in excess of eleven units.

IMPROVEMENTS TO MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING UNITS

SEC. 403. Subject to section 2825 of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of Defense may make expenditures to improve existing military family housing units in an amount not to exceed $35,000.

AUTHORITY TO USE UNOBLIGATED PRIOR YEAR AUTHORITY FOR CONTINGENCY CONSTRUCTION

SEC. 404. During fiscal year 1984, the Secretary of Defense may carry out contingency construction projects under section 2804 of title 10, United States Code, in an amount not to exceed $16,000,000.

TITLE V—NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION INFRASTRUCTURE

AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE TO MAKE CONTRIBUTIONS

SEC. 501. The Secretary of Defense may make contributions for the North Atlantic Treaty Organization infrastructure program as provided in section 2806 of title 10, United States Code, in an amount not to exceed the amount authorized to be appropriated in section 605.

RECOUPMENT OF PREFINANCING PAYMENTS

SEC. 502. None of the funds appropriated pursuant to authorizations of appropriations in this Act may be obligated for payments for prefinancing of projects eligible, or expected to become eligible, to be paid for (in whole or in part) by the North Atlantic Treaty Organization infrastructure program until the Secretary of Defense provides to the appropriate committees of Congress a written report which shall (1) include a complete accounting for funds authorized by this and previous Military Construction Authorization Acts for the prefinancing of projects otherwise eligible for funding under such program, and (2) describe in detail how the Secretary plans to recoup such funds that have been or are to be obligated for such prefinancing of projects.

Report to congressional committees. Detailed plans.

TITLE VI—AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS AND RECURRING ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, ARMY

SEC. 601. (a) Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1983, for military construction, land acquisition, and military family housing functions of the Department of the Army in the total amount of $2,450,959,000 as follows:

(1) For projects authorized by section 101 that are to be carried out inside the United States, $575,180,000. *Ante*, p. 757.

(2) For projects authorized by section 101 that are to be carried out outside the United States, $366,920,000.

(3) For unspecified minor construction projects under section 2805 of title 10, United States Code, $27,400,000.

(4) For architectural and engineering services and construction design under section 2807 of title 10, United States Code, $188,000,000.

(5) For military family housing functions—

(A) for construction and acquisition of military family housing and facilities as authorized by title I, $173,131,000; and *Ante*, p. 757.

(B) for support of military family housing, $1,120,328,000, of which not more than $86,258,000 may be obligated or expended for the leasing of military family housing units in foreign countries.

(b) Notwithstanding the cost variations authorized by section 2853 of title 10, United States Code, and any other cost variations authorized by law, the total cost of all projects carried out under section

101 may not exceed the total amount authorized to be appropriated under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a).

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, NAVY

SEC. 602. (a) Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1983, for military construction, land acquisition, and military family housing functions of the Department of the Navy in the total amount of $1,763,520,000 as follows:

Ante, p. 762.

(1) For projects authorized by section 201 that are to be carried out inside the United States, $875,811,000.

(2) For projects authorized by section 201 that are to be carried out outside the United States, $94,285,000.

(3) For unspecified minor construction projects under section 2805 of title 10, United States Code, $22,000,000.

(4) For architectural and engineering services and construction design under section 2807 of title 10, United States Code, $115,600,000.

(5) For advances to the Secretary of Transportation for construction of defense access roads under section 210 of title 23, United States Code, $1,387,000.

(6) For military family housing functions—

Ante, p. 762.

(A) for construction and acquisition of military family housing and facilities as authorized by title II, $74,961,000; and

(B) for support of military family housing, $579,476,000, of which not more than $149,000 may be obligated or expended for the leasing of military family housing units in the United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and Guam and not more than $18,063,000 may be obligated or expended for the leasing of military family housing units in foreign countries.

(b) Notwithstanding the cost variations authorized by section 2853 of title 10, United States Code, and any other cost variations authorized by law, the total cost of all projects carried out under section 201 may not exceed the total amount authorized to be appropriated under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a).

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, AIR FORCE

SEC. 603. (a) Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1983, for military construction, land acquisition, and military family housing functions of the Department of the Air Force in the total amount of $2,375,071,000 as follows:

Ante, p. 768.

(1) For projects authorized by section 301 that are to be carried out inside the United States, $857,984,000.

(2) For projects authorized by section 301 that are to be carried out outside the United States, $464,944,000.

(3) For unspecified minor construction projects under section 2805 of title 10, United States Code, $19,000,000.

(4) For architectural and engineering services and construction design under section 2807 of title 10, United States Code, $147,000,000.

(5) For advances to the Secretary of Transportation for construction of defense access roads under section 210 of title 23, United States Code, $3,250,000.

(6) For military family housing functions—

(A) for construction and acquisition of military family housing and facilities as authorized by title III, $112,649,000; and

Ante, p. 768.

(B) for support of military family housing, $770,244,000, of which not more than $492,000 may be obligated or expended for the leasing of military family housing units in the United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and Guam and not more than $53,046,000 may be obligated or expended for the leasing of military family housing units in foreign countries.

(b) Notwithstanding the cost variations authorized by section 2853 of title 10, United States Code, and any other cost variations authorized by law, the total cost of all projects carried out under section 301 may not exceed the total amount authorized to be appropriated under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a).

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, DEFENSE AGENCIES

SEC. 604. (a) Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1983, for military construction, land acquisition, and military family housing functions of the Department of Defense (other than the military departments) in the total amount of $306,386,000 as follows:

(1) For projects authorized by section 401 that are to be carried out inside the United States, $143,070,000.

Ante, p. 775.

(2) For projects authorized by section 401 that are to be carried out outside the United States, $90,572,000.

(3) For unspecified minor construction projects under section 2805 of title 10, United States Code, $4,000,000.

(4) For construction projects under the contingency construction authority of the Secretary of Defense under section 2804 of title 10, United States Code, $16,000,000.

(5) For architectural and engineering services and construction design under section 2807 of title 10, United States Code, $33,000,000.

(6) For military family housing functions—

(A) for construction and acquisition of military family housing and facilities as authorized by title IV, $1,245,000; and

Ante, p. 775.

(B) for support of military family housing, $18,499,000, of which not more than $15,231,000 may be obligated or expended for the leasing of military family housing units in foreign countries.

(b) Notwithstanding the cost variations authorized by section 2853 of title 10, United States Code, and any other cost variations authorized by law, the total cost of all projects carried out under section 401 may not exceed the total amount authorized to be appropriated under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a).

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION

SEC. 605. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1983, for contributions by the Secretary of Defense under section 2806 of title 10, United States Code, for the share of the United States of the cost of construction projects for the North Atlantic Treaty Organization infrastructure program, as authorized by section 501, the sum of $150,000,000.

ACTIVITIES INCLUDED WITHIN AUTHORIZATIONS FOR MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING

SEC. 606. (a) Amounts authorized under sections 601 through 604 for construction and acquisition of military family housing and facilities include amounts for minor construction, improvements to existing military family housing units and facilities, relocation of military family housing units under section 2827 of title 10, United States Code, and architectural and engineering services and construction design.

Support funding.

(b) Amounts authorized under sections 601 through 604 for support of military family housing include amounts for operating expenses, leasing expenses, maintenance of real property expenses, payments of principal and interest on mortgage debts incurred, and payments of mortgage insurance premiums authorized under section 222 of the National Housing Act (12 U.S.C. 1715m).

EXPIRATION OF AUTHORIZATIONS: EXTENSION OF CERTAIN PREVIOUS AUTHORIZATIONS

Ante, pp. 757, 762, 768, 775.
Ante, p. 777.

SEC. 607. (a)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), all authorizations contained in titles I, II, III, and IV for military construction projects, land acquisition, and family housing projects and in title V for contributions to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization infrastructure program (and all authorizations of appropriations therefor contained in sections 601 through 605) expire on October 1, 1985, or on the date of the enactment of the Military Construction Authorization Act for fiscal year 1986, whichever is later.

(2) The provisions of paragraph (1) do not apply to authorizations for which appropriated funds have been obligated before October 1, 1985, or the date of the enactment of the Military Construction Authorization Act for fiscal year 1986, whichever is later, for construction contracts, land acquisition, or contributions to such program.

(b)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 606(b) of the Military Construction Authorization Act, 1983 (Public Law 97-321; 96 Stat. 1567), authorizations for the following projects authorized in sections 101, 201, and 301 of the Military Construction Authorization Act, 1982 (Public Law 97-99; 95 Stat. 1359), shall remain in effect until October 1, 1984, or the date of enactment of the Military Construction Authorization Act for fiscal year 1985, whichever is later:

(A) Solid Waste Incinerator construction in the amount of $4,100,000 at Fort Dix, New Jersey.

(B) Crane and Equipment Maintenance Shop in the amount of $13,600,000 at the Charleston Naval Shipyard, Charleston South Carolina.

(C) Steam Plant in the amount of $150,000,000 at the Puget Sound Naval Shipyard, Bremerton, Washington.

(D) Aircraft Parking Apron in the amount of $3,200,000 at the Naval Air Station, Oceana, Virginia.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 606(b) of the Military Construction Authorization Act, 1983 (Public Law 97-321; 96 Stat. 1567), authorization for the following project authorized in section 201 of the Military Construction Authorization Act, 1981 (Public Law 96-418; 94 Stat. 1749), and extended in section 606(d) of the Military Construction Authorization Act, 1983 (Public Law 97-321; 96 Stat. 1549), shall remain in effect until October 1, 1984, or the date of enactment of the Military Construction Authorization Act for fiscal year 1985, whichever is later:

Nautilus Memorial in the amount of $1,930,000 at the Naval Submarine Base, New London, Connecticut.

(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 606(b) of the Military Construction Authorization Act, 1983 (Public Law 97-321; 96 Stat. 1567), authorization for the following projects authorized in section 201 of the Military Construction Authorization Act, 1980 (Public Law 96-125; 93 Stat. 928), and extended in section 705(d) of the Military Construction Authorization Act, 1982 (Public Law 97-99; 95 Stat. 1359), shall remain in effect until October 1, 1984, or the date of enactment of the Military Construction Authorization Act for fiscal year 1985, whichever is later:

(A) Industrial Waste Collection and Treatment construction in the amount of $6,500,000 at the Long Beach Naval Shipyard, Long Beach, California.

(B) Aircraft Maintenance Hangar Addition in the amount of $1,500,000 at the Naval Air Facility, Sigonella, Italy.

ESTABLISHMENT OF CERTAIN AMOUNTS REQUIRED TO BE SPECIFIED BY LAW

SEC. 608. For projects or contracts initiated during the period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act or October 1, 1983, whichever is later, and ending on the date of the enactment of the Military Construction Authorization Act for fiscal year 1985 or October 1, 1984, whichever is later, the following amounts apply:

(1) The maximum amount for an unspecified minor military construction project under section 2805 of title 10, United States Code, is $1,000,000.

(2) The amount of a contract for architectural and engineering services or construction design that makes such a contract subject to the reporting requirement under section 2807 of title 10, United States Code, is $300,000.

(3) The maximum amount per unit for an improvement project for family housing units under section 2825 of title 10, United States Code, is $30,000.

(4) The maximum annual rental for a family housing unit leased in the United States, Puerto Rico, or Guam under section 2828(b) of title 10, United States Code, is $6,000.

(5)(A) The maximum annual rental for a family housing unit leased in a foreign country under section 2828(c) of title 10, United States Code, is $16,800.

(B) The maximum number of family housing units that may be leased at any one time in foreign countries under section 2828(c) of title 10, United States Code, is 30,000.

(6) The maximum rental per year for family housing facilities, or for real property related to family housing facilities, leased in a foreign country under section 2828(f) of title 10, United States Code, is $250,000.

EFFECTIVE DATE FOR PROJECT AUTHORIZATIONS

SEC. 609. Titles I, II, III, IV, and V of this Act shall take effect on October 1, 1983.

TITLE VII—GUARD AND RESERVE FORCES FACILITIES

AUTHORIZATION FOR FACILITIES

SEC. 701. There are authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1983, for the costs of acquisition, architectural and engineering services, and construction of facilities for the Guard and Reserve Forces, and for contributions therefor, under chapter 133 of title 10, United States Code (including the cost of acquisition of land for those facilities), the following amounts:

10 USC 2231 *et seq.*

(1) For the Department of the Army—

(A) for the Army National Guard of the United States, $66,826,000; and

(B) for the Army Reserve, $54,700,000.

(2) For the Department of the Navy, for the Naval and Marine Corps Reserves, $28,245,000.

(3) For the Department of the Air Force—

(A) for the Air National Guard of the United States, $108,620,000; and

(B) for the Air Force Reserve, $41,200,000.

MODIFICATION OF GUARD AND RESERVE MINOR CONSTRUCTION AUTHORITY

Effective date.

SEC. 702. Effective on October 1, 1983, section 2233a(a)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out "$200,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$400,000".

TITLE VIII—GENERAL PROVISIONS

MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING LEASING PROGRAM

Validated deficit.

SEC. 801. Section 2828 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following subsection:

"(g)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of a military department may enter into a contract for the lease of family housing units to be constructed on or near a military installation within the United States under the Secretary's jurisdiction at which there is a validated deficit in family housing. Housing units leased under this subsection shall be assigned, without rental charge, as family housing to members of the armed forces who are eligible for assignment to military family housing. A contract under this section shall include a provision that the obligation of the United States to make payments under the contract in any fiscal year is subject to the availability of appropriations for that purpose.

"(2) Each contract under paragraph (1) shall be awarded through the use of publicly advertised, competitively bid or competitively

negotiated contracting procedures. Such a contract may provide for the contractor of the housing facilities to operate and maintain such housing facilities during the term of the lease.

"(3) Each contract under this subsection shall require that housing units constructed pursuant to the contract shall be constructed to Department of Defense specifications.

"(4) A contract under this subsection may be for any period not in excess of 20 years (excluding the period required for construction of the housing facilities). Contract time limitation.

"(5) A contract under this subsection shall provide that, upon the termination of the lease period, the United States shall have the right of first refusal to acquire all right, title, and interest to the housing facilities constructed and leased under the contract. First refusal right.

"(6) A contract may not be entered into for the lease of housing facilities under this subsection until—

"(A) the Secretary of Defense submits to the appropriate committees of Congress, in writing, an economic analysis (based upon accepted life cycle costing procedures) which demonstrates that the proposed contract is cost effective when compared with alternative means of furnishing the same housing facilities; and Economic analysis, submittal to congressional committees.

"(B) a period of 21 calendar days has expired following the date on which the economic analysis is received by those committees.

"(7) This subsection may be implemented only by a pilot program. In carrying out such pilot program— Pilot program.

"(A) the Secretary of each military department may not enter into more than two contracts under this subsection; and

"(B) any such contract may not be for more than 300 family housing units.

"(8) A contract may not be entered into under this subsection after October 1, 1985.".

MILITARY HOUSING RENTAL GUARANTEE PROGRAM

SEC. 802. (a) The Secretary of a military department, under uniform regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense, may enter into an agreement to assure the occupancy of rental housing to be constructed by a private developer or by a State or local housing authority on private land, on land owned by a State or local government, or on land owned by the United States, if the housing is to be located on or near a new military installation or an existing military installation that has a shortage of housing to meet the requirements of eligible members of the Armed Forces (with or without accompanying dependents). An agreement under this section shall include a provision that the obligation of the United States to make payments under the agreement in any fiscal year is subject to the availability of appropriations for that purpose. 10 USC 2821 note. Payments provision.

(b) An agreement under subsection (a)— Agreement conditions.

(1) may not assure the occupancy of more than 97 percent of the units constructed under the agreement;

(2) shall establish initial rental rates that are not more than rates for comparable rental dwelling units in the same general market area and may include an escalation clause for operation and maintenance costs which shall (if included) be effective for the term of agreement;

(3) may not apply to existing housing;

(4) shall require that the housing units be constructed to Department of Defense specifications;

(5) may not be for a term in excess of 15 years;

(6) may not renewed;

(7) may not assure more than an amount equivalent to the shelter rent of the housing units, determined on the basis of amortizing initial construction costs;

(8) may only be entered into to the extent that there is a validated deficit in military family housing;

(9) may only be entered into if existing military-controlled housing at all installations in the commuting area (except for a new installation or an installation for which there is projected a significant increase in the number of families due to an increase in the number of authorized personnel) has exceeded 97 percent use for a period of not less than 18 consecutive months immediately preceding the date on which the agreement is entered into, excluding units temporarily inactivated for major repair or improvements;

(10) shall provide for priority of occupancy for military families; and

(11) shall include a clause rendering the agreement null and void if, in the opinion of the Secretary of the military department concerned, the owner of the housing fails to maintain a satisfactory level of operation and maintenance.

(c) An agreement under subsection (a) shall be made through the use of publicly advertised, competitively bid or competitively negotiated procedures.

(d) An agreement may not be entered into under subsection (a) until—

Economic analysis, submittal to congressional committees.

(1) the Secretary of Defense submits to the appropriate committees of Congress, in writing, an economic analysis (based upon accepted life cycle costing procedures) which demonstrates that the proposed agreement is cost effective when compared with alternative means of furnishing the same housing facilities; and

(2) a period of 21 calendar days has expired following the date on which the economic analysis is received by those committees.

(e) The Secretary concerned may require that disputes arising under an agreement entered into under subsection (a) be decided in accordance with the procedures provided for by the Contract Disputes Act of 1978 (41 U.S.C. 601 et seq.).

Pilot program.

(f) This section may be implemented only by a pilot program. In carrying out such pilot program—

(1) the Secretary of each military department may not enter into more than two agreements under this section; and

(2) the Secretary of a military department may not enter into such an agreement for more than 300 family housing units at one location.

(g) An agreement may not be entered into under this section after September 30, 1985.

FAMILY HOUSING CONSTRUCTED OVERSEAS

10 USC 2821 note.

SEC. 803. (a) The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that any contract entered into for the construction of military family housing for the Department of Defense in a foreign country shall require the

use of manufactured or factory-built housing which is fabricated in the United States by a United States contractor.

(b) The Secretary of Defense may waive subsection (a) with respect to not more than 10 percent of the total number of military family housing units authorized to be constructed in foreign countries in any year if— Waiver.

(1) the Secretary determines that with respect to such units compliance with the requirement in such subsection is infeasible; and

(2) the Secretary— Notification to congressional committees.

(A) notifies the appropriate committees of the Congress in writing of his intention to waive such requirements and includes in the notification the justification for the waiver, and

(B) a period of 21 days has elapsed after the receipt by such committees of the notice.

(c) This section shall apply to any contract entered into after the date of the enactment of this Act.

ARCHITECTURAL AND ENGINEERING SERVICES AND CONSTRUCTION DESIGN

SEC. 804. The first sentence of section 2807(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out "such purposes" and inserting in lieu thereof "military construction and military family housing"; and

(2) by inserting ", family housing projects, and projects undertaken in connection with the authority provided under section 2854 of this title that are" after "projects".

IMPACT ASSISTANCE FOR AREAS AFFECTED BY DEPLOYMENT OF THE MX MISSILE

SEC. 805. Subsection (a) of section 802 of the Military Construction Authorization Act, 1981 (10 U.S.C. 139 note), is amended—

(1) by inserting "communities located near MX Missile System sites and" after "may assist"; and

(2) by striking out "East Coast Trident Base" the second place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "MX Missile System or the East Coast Trident Base, as the case may be,".

(b) Subsection (b) of such section is amended—

(1) by striking out "East Coast Trident Base" in paragraph (1)(C) and inserting in lieu thereof "MX Missile System site or the East Coast Trident Base, as the case may be"; and

(2) by striking out "East Coast Trident Base" in paragraph (3) and inserting in lieu thereof "MX Missile System sites or the East Coast Trident Base, as the case may be".

(c) Subsection (d) of such section is amended by inserting "the MX Missile System deployment program and" before "the East Coast Trident Base".

(d) The heading of such section is amended by inserting "BY DEPLOYMENT OF THE MX MISSILE AND" after "AREAS AFFECTED".

SMALL BUSINESS SET-ASIDE FOR ARCHITECTURAL AND ENGINEERING SERVICES AND CONSTRUCTION DESIGN

Comprehensive review.
10 USC 2807 note.

SEC. 806. (a) The Secretary of Defense shall conduct a comprehensive review of current policies and practices of the Department of Defense with regard to the award of contracts for architectural and engineering services and construction design for military construction projects. The Secretary shall conduct such review with a view to determining whether current policies and practices of the Department of Defense result in a reasonable distribution of such contracts to firms of all sizes throughout the architect-engineer community.

(b) Upon the completion of such review, the Secretary shall modify current policies and practices of the Department to the extent necessary to ensure—

(1) that small business concerns (as defined in section 3 of the Small Business Act) are assured of a reasonable share of such contracts; and

15 USC 632.

(2) that large architect-engineer firms are not precluded from competing for such contracts when the estimated amount of such contracts is greater than a reasonable threshold amount prescribed by the Secretary.

Report to congressional committees.

(c) Not later than March 1, 1984, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a written report on the results of the review required by subsection (a) and on any changes made to current policies and practices as required by subsection (b).

(d) For the purposes of this section:

"Reasonable share."

(1) The term "reasonable share" means an appropriate percentage share of all contracts referred to in subsection (a) as determined by the Secretary of Defense after consultation with the Admininstrator of the Small Business Administration and representatives of the architect-engineer community.

"Reasonable threshold amount."

(2) The term "reasonable threshold amount" means an appropriate estimated contract dollar amount determined by the Secretary of Defense after consultation with the Administrator of the Small Business Administration and representatives of the architect-engineer community.

SALE AND REPLACEMENT OF NONEXCESS REAL PROPERTY

SEC. 807. (a)(1) Chapter 159 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 2667 the following new section:

10 USC 2667a.

"§ 2667a. Sale and replacement of nonexcess real property

"(a)(1) Subject to paragraph (2), the Secretary of Defense may carry out real property transactions in accordance with this section. Any such transaction shall consist of—

"(A) the sale of any real property under the control of the Department of Defense other than property described in paragraph (3); and

"(B) such acquisition of land, construction and acquisition of facilities to replace facilities included in the property to be sold, and relocation of Department of Defense activities to such replacement facilities as may be required to ensure efficient and effective continuity of defense functions being carried out at the property to be sold.

"(2) A transaction under this section may not be carried out unless the transaction is specifically authorized by law.

"(3) A transaction under this section may not include the sale of any of the following: Prohibited sales.

"(A) Public domain lands.

"(B) Property which can be considered excess under the provisions of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 471 et seq.).

"(C) Property that the Secretary of the Interior has determined under subsection (b)(2) to be suitable for use as a public park or recreation area and with respect to which the Secretary of the Interior has sent a notification to the Secretary of Defense under such subsection.

"(b)(1) A proposal to Congress for authorization of a transaction under this section shall include— Proposal to Congress.

"(A) a description of the property to be sold (including the specific location of the property);

"(B) an estimate of the fair market value of the property to be sold;

"(C) an explanation of the need for any property or facilities to replace property or facilities to be sold under the transaction;

"(D) an estimate of the costs of such replacement facilities and of relocation from the property to be sold to the replacement facilities; and

"(E) a net financial statement for the transaction, including a schedule of estimated expenditures under the transaction and a schedule of the estimated proceeds to be realized from the sale of property under the transaction.

"(2) Before proposing a transaction to Congress under this section, the Secretary of Defense shall notify the Secretary of the Interior in writing of the proposed transaction. The transaction may not be proposed to Congress if the Secretary of the Interior notifies the Secretary of Defense in writing not later than 60 days after receipt of the notification that he has determined that the property proposed to be sold under the transaction is suitable for use as a public park or recreation area. Any such determination by the Secretary of the Interior shall be made in accordance with procedures and standards used by the Secretary under section 203(k)(2) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 484(k)(2)). Notification of Interior Secretary.

"(c) A transaction authorized pursuant to this section—

"(1) shall be accomplished, to the extent feasible, using competitive bid procedures or qualified contract realty brokers;

"(2) may not be carried out unless the property to be conveyed under the transaction will be sold for at least the equivalent of its fair market value;

"(3) may not be carried out unless the amount of the estimated proceeds from the sale of property under the transaction exceeds the amount of the costs of such transaction described in subsection (e); and

"(4) may not be carried out unless the activities intended to be performed at the replacement facilities are substantially similar in character or nature to those performed at the property to be sold.

"(d)(1) The sale of any real property pursuant to a transaction authorized under this section shall be conducted by the Administrator of General Services. The Administrator may sell such property upon such credit terms and financial conditions as he and the Secretary of Defense may agree upon. The Administrator shall Sale conducted by GSA Administrator.

execute such documents for the transfer of title and take such other actions as necessary to dispose of such property under the provisions of this section.

Proceeds.

"(2) Proceeds from any such sale shall be covered into the Treasury.

Reimbursement.

"(3) The Secretary of Defense shall reimburse the Administrator for expenses incurred in making such sales as authorized by subsection (e)(3).

"(e) To the extent provided for in appropriation Acts, the Secretary of Defense—

"(1) may carry out the acquisition of land and the construction and acquisition of facilities included as part of an authorized transaction under this section;

"(2) may pay the reasonable relocation expenses made necessary by the transaction; and

"(3) may pay all expenses incident to the sale of property under the transaction, including reimbursement of expenses under subsection (d)(3).

"(f) Upon completion of a transaction under this section—

"(1) ninety-five percent of the proceeds remaining from the sale of property under the transaction (after subtracting the amount of applicable costs described in subsection (e)) shall remain in the Treasury; and

"(2) an amount equal to five percent of the proceeds remaining from the sale of property under the transaction (after subtracting the amount of applicable costs described in subsection (e)) shall be credited to the account established under subsection (g).

Department of Defense Facilities Replacement Management Account. Establishment.

"(g)(1) There is hereby established on the books of the Treasury an account to be known as the Department of Defense Facilities Replacement Management Account (hereinafter in this section referred to as the 'account'). The account shall be administered by the Secretary of Defense and shall be administered as a single account.

"(2) The account may be used for—

"(A) advanced planning, design, and other expenses related to potential future transactions; and

"(B) advances where necessary to meet expenses of an authorized transaction before appropriations are made available for the transaction.

Notification to congressional committees.

"(3) An expenditure from the account in an amount greater than $300,000 may not be made until the Secretary of Defense has notified the appropriate committees of Congress in writing of the proposed expenditure and a period of 21 days has elapsed after the date of the receipt of that notification by those committees.

Unobligated funds.

"(4) Any unobligated moneys in the account at the end of a fiscal year in excess of $50,000,000 (or in excess of any lesser amount determined by the Secretary of Defense to be sufficient for the purpose of this section) shall be covered into the Treasury.".

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 159 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 2667 the following new item:

"2667a. Sale and replacement of nonexcess real property.".

Appropriation authorization.

Ante, p. 786.

(b) There is authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense Facilities Management Account established by section 2809 of title 10, United States Code (as added by subsection (a)), for

purposes of initial capitalization, the sum of $50,000,000. Any amount appropriated pursuant to this subsection shall remain available until expended.

Effective date.

(c) Effective on October 1, 1985—

(1) section 2667a of title 10, United States Code (as added by subsection (a)), is repealed;

Repeal.

(2) the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 159 of such title is amended by striking out the item relating to section 2667a;

(3) the Department of Defense Facilities Replacement Management Account established by such section is abolished and any balance in such account is transferred into the Treasury.

Abolition.
10 USC 2667a note.

(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Defense may not take any action to initiate the sale, lease, rental, excessing, or disposal of any portion of the land identified on the date of the enactment of this Act as a part of Fort DeRussy, Hawaii.

THRESHOLD FOR COMMUNITY PLANNING ASSISTANCE

SEC. 808. Effective on October 1, 1983, section 2391(b)(2) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out "2,500" and inserting in lieu thereof "2,000".

Effective date.

FEDERAL CONTRIBUTION FOR MOVING LANDFILL NEAR LANGLEY AIR FORCE BASE

SEC. 809. (a) The Secretary of the Air Force may contribute, as the share of the United States for the moving of the existing landfill adjacent to Langley Air Force Base, Virginia, a sum equal to not more than 50 percent of the cost of moving such landfill to a new location, but not more than $3,750,000. The Secretary may not make any contribution under this section unless the new location of the landfill meets the minimum standards for the location of landfills on or near airport facilities prescribed by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration in Order Number 5200.5 (Guidance Concerning Sanitary Landfills on or Near Airports).

(b) The Secretary shall obtain such assurances as he determines necessary (including the execution of covenants and easements) to ensure that the present landfill location adjacent to Langley Air Force Base will be used in the future only in a manner compatible with the Air Installation Compatible Use Zone (AICUZ) for Langley Air Force Base.

LAND ACQUISITION FOR FUTURE FAMILY HOUSING REQUIREMENTS, SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

SEC. 810. The Secretary of the Navy may acquire up to 125 acres of real property in San Diego, California (or the surrounding area), that the Secretary determines to be suitable as a site or sites for future construction of military family housing for the Department of the Navy. Such property may be acquired by exchange or by purchase using funds derived from savings in carrying out previously authorized projects. The Secretary may acquire options on such property as provided in section 2677(a) of title 10, United States Code, and (notwithstanding section 2677(b) of such title) may pay, from funds available for projects under section 2805 of title 10, United States Code, not more than $1,000,000 for such options.

Exchange or purchase.

AUTHORITY FOR THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY TO ACQUIRE LAND FROM THE CITY OF LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

SEC. 811. The Secretary of the Navy may acquire approximately 55 acres of land from the city of Los Angeles, California, at a cost not to exceed $750,000.

LAND CONVEYANCE, VENTURA COUNTY, CALIFORNIA

SEC. 812. (a) Subject to subsection (b), the Secretary of the Navy (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Secretary") shall convey to the Oxnard Harbor District, a special district of the State of California, all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to a tract of land, together with the improvements on such land, located in the city of Port Hueneme in the County of Ventura, California, consisting of the United States Navy Wharf Number 2 and approximately 18.546 acres and more particularly described in the official records on file in the Office of the County Recorder of the County of Ventura, California, in book 665, page 349.

Appraised fair market value.

(b) In consideration for the conveyance under subsection (a), the Oxnard Harbor District shall pay to the United States an amount equal to the appraised fair market value of the property to be conveyed (as determined by the Secretary).

Surveys.

(c) The exact acreage and legal description of the lands to be conveyed under this section shall be determined by surveys that are satisfactory to the Secretary. The cost of any such survey shall be borne by the Oxnard Harbor District.

(d) The Secretary may require such additional terms and conditions with respect to the conveyance under this section as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

War or national emergency.

(e) In the event of a war or a national emergency declared by the Congress or a national emergency declared by the President after the date of the enactment of this Act, and upon a determination by the Secretary of Defense that the property conveyed under subsection (a) is necessary or would be useful for military or other national defense purposes, the United States shall have the right, upon payment to the Oxnard Harbor District of just compensation, to reenter upon the property and use the property or any part of it, including any and all improvements made thereon, for the duration of the war or emergency plus six months.

LAND CONVEYANCE, ALABAMA SPACE SCIENCE EXHIBIT COMMISSION

SEC. 813. (a) Subject to subsection (b), the Secretary of the Army (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Secretary") is authorized to convey, without consideration, to the Alabama Space Science Exhibit Commission (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Commission"), an agency of the State of Alabama, all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to two tracts of land, consisting of 61 acres (more or less), located on the northwestern boundary of Redstone Arsenal, Alabama.

Public exhibits.

(b)(1) The conveyance authorized under subsection (a) shall be subject to the condition that the real property conveyed shall be used by the Commission (A) to display suitable public exhibits of United States weaponry and allied subjects, public exhibits of the activities of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration,

and space-oriented public exhibits of other departments, agencies, and instrumentalities of the United States Government, (B) to carry out educational and recreational activities related to the purposes described in clause (A), or (C) for purposes described in both clauses (A) and (B). The use of a portion of such real property for construction of a proposed interstate highway, and such access roads as necessary, and any use of such real property in accordance with existing easements and rights-of-way shall not be considered a use which is inconsistent with the purposes described in clause (A) or (B).

(2) If the property conveyed pursuant to subsection (a) is not used for one or more of the purposes described in paragraph (1), all right, title, and interest in and to such property shall revert to the United States which shall have the right of immediate entry thereon. Land reversion to U.S.

(3) The Secretary shall reserve to the United States a drainage and utility easement for use in connection with Redstone Arsenal.

(c) The exact acreage and legal description of the property to be conveyed under subsection (a) and of the easement to be reserved under subsection (b)(3) shall be determined by surveys approved by the Secretary of the Army. The cost of any such survey shall be borne by the Commission. Surveys.

(d) The Secretary may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the conveyance authorized by this section as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

LAND EXCHANGE, FORT LAUDERDALE, FLORIDA

SEC. 814. (a) Subject to subsection (b), the Secretary of the Navy (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Secretary") is authorized to convey to Broward County, Florida (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "County"), all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to approximately 6.3 acres of unimproved land comprising portions of the Naval Surface Weapons Center Detachment, Fort Lauderdale, Florida.

(b)(1) In consideration for the conveyance authorized by subsection (a), the County shall convey to the United States all right, title, and interest in and to approximately 4.805 acres of unimproved land adjacent to the Naval Surface Weapons Center Detachment.

(2) The County shall pay to the United States an amount equal to the amount, if any, by which the fair market value (as determined by the Secretary) of the lands to be conveyed by the United States to the County under subsection (a) exceeds the fair market value (as determined by the Secretary) of the lands to be conveyed by the County under subsection (b). Conveyance payments.

(c)(1) The exact acreages and legal descriptions of all lands to be acquired or conveyed under this section shall be determined by surveys that are satisfactory to the Secretary. The cost of any such survey shall be borne by the County. Surveys.

(2) The Secretary may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the acquisition and conveyance authorized by this section as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

LAND EXCHANGE, ORANGE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA

SEC. 815. (a) Subject to subsection (b), the Secretary of the Navy (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Secretary") is authorized to convey to Orange County, a political subdivision of the State of California, all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to a parcel of land consisting of approximately 137 acres located in the center of Mile Square Regional Park, Orange County, California, together with the improvements on such land.

Conveyance payments.

(b) In consideration for the conveyance by the Secretary under subsection (a), Orange County shall convey to the United States a parcel of land consisting of approximately 57 acres located at the northwest corner of Mile Square Regional Park, Orange County, California. Such parcel shall not be acceptable unless zoned for commercial use and otherwise acceptable to the Secretary. If the fair market value of the land and improvements conveyed by the Secretary under subsection (a) exceeds the fair market value of the land conveyed by Orange County under this subsection, the County shall pay the difference to the United States. Any such payment shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

Surveys.

(c) The exact acreages and legal descriptions of the lands to be conveyed under this section shall be determined by surveys which are satisfactory to the Secretary. The cost of any such survey shall be borne by Orange County.

(d) The Secretary is authorized to accept any land conveyed under subsection (b) and to use such land to exchange for other lands as authorized to be acquired for military purposes.

(e) The Secretary may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the transaction authorized by this section as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

LAND EXCHANGE, COLUMBUS, OHIO

SEC. 816. (a) Subject to subsection (b), the Secretary of the Air Force (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Secretary") is authorized to acquire by exchange all right, title, and interest of the city of Columbus, Ohio (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "City"), in all or in part of certain parcels of land in the county of Franklin, Ohio, comprising approximately 112.84 acres and now leased from the City for the use of Air Force Plant Numbered 85.

(b)(1) In consideration for the acquisition under subsection (a), the Secretary shall convey to the City all right, title, and interest of the United States in all or any part of certain parcels of land (and any improvements thereon) in the county of Franklin, Ohio, comprising approximately 231.96 acres. The Secretary may adjust the size of the parcels to be conveyed and acquired.

Conveyance payments.

(2) If the fair market value (as determined by the Secretary) of the land and improvements conveyed by the Secretary exceeds the fair market value (as determined by the Secretary) of the land conveyed by the City, the City shall pay the difference to the United States. Any such payment shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

Surveys.

(c) The exact acreages and legal descriptions of the properties to be acquired or conveyed under this section shall be determined by surveys which are satisfactory to the Secretary. The cost of any such survey shall be borne by the City.

(d) The Secretary may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the transaction authorized by this section as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

LAND EXCHANGE, ORLANDO, FLORIDA

SEC. 817. (a) Subject to subsection (b), the Secretary of the Navy (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Secretary") is authorized to convey to the Greater Orlando Aviation Authority (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Authority") all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to approximately 37 acres of unimproved land comprising a portion of the Naval Training Center, Orlando, Florida. Such conveyance may be subject to a reservation restricting development of the land conveyed to commercial and light industrial uses.

(b) In consideration for the conveyance authorized by subsection (a), the Authority—

(1) shall convey to the United States all right, title, and interest of the Authority in and to a tract of land consisting of approximately 12 acres of land, together with improvements thereon; and

(2) shall convey or make available to the United States such additional interests in lands and improvements, pay such capital costs, perform such road construction, and make such additional monetary payment to the United States as specified in a memorandum of understanding between the Secretary and the Authority.

Memorandum of understanding.

Any monetary payment to the United States shall be deposited into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

(c) The total value of the consideration to the United States under subsection (b) shall be at least equal to the fair market value of the land conveyed to the Authority under subsection (a) (as determined by the Secretary).

Fair market value.

(d) The exact acreages and legal descriptions of the property to be conveyed under this section shall be determined by surveys that are satisfactory to the Secretary. The cost of such surveys shall be borne by the Authority.

Surveys.

(e) The Secretary may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the transaction authorized by this section as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

LAND EXCHANGE, SANTA CLARA COUNTY TRANSIT DISTRICT, CALIFORNIA

SEC. 818. (a) Subject to subsection (b), the Secretary of the Army (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Secretary") is authorized to convey to the Santa Clara County Transit District of Santa Clara County, California (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "District"), all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to a parcel of land of Santa Clara County, California, consisting of approximately 2.5 acres, together with improvements thereon, comprising a portion of the United States Army Reserve Center, San Jose, California.

(b)(1) In consideration for the conveyance authorized by subsection (a), the District shall convey to the United States all right, title, and interest in and to a parcel of land consisting of approximately 2.5

acres, together with improvements thereon, located adjacent to the United States Army Reserve Center, San Jose.

Fair market value. Conveyance payment.

(2) If the fair market value (as determined by the Secretary) of the property to be conveyed by the United States to the District under subsection (a) exceeds the fair market value (as determined by the Secretary) of the property to be conveyed by the District to the United States under subsection (b), the District shall pay to the United States the amount of the difference.

Surveys.

(c) The exact acreages and legal descriptions of the parcels to be conveyed under this section shall be determined by surveys which are satisfactory to the Secretary. The cost of any such survey shall be borne by the District.

(d) The Secretary may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the transaction authorized by this section as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

Approved October 11, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2972 (S. 675):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 98-166 (Comm. on Armed Services) and No. 98-359 (Comm. of Conference).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):

June 20, 21, considered and passed House.
June 26, considered and passed Senate, amended.
Sept. 22, House agreed to conference report.
Sept. 27, Senate agreed to conference report.

Public Law 98-116
98th Congress

An Act

Making appropriations for military construction for the Department of Defense for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for other purposes.

Oct. 11, 1983
[H.R. 3263]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, for military construction functions administered by the Department of Defense, and for other purposes, namely:

Military Construction Appropriations Act, 1984.

Military Construction, Army

For acquisition, construction, installation, and equipment of temporary or permanent public works, military installations, facilities, and real property for the Army as currently authorized by law, and for construction and operation of facilities in support of the functions of the Commander-in-Chief, $1,184,140,000, to remain available until September 30, 1988: *Provided,* That of this amount, not to exceed $173,500,000 shall be available for study, planning, design, architect and engineer services, as authorized by law, unless the Secretary of Defense determines that additional obligations are necessary for such purposes and notifies the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress of his determination and the reasons therefor.

Notification of congressional committees.

Military Construction, Navy

For acquisition, construction, installation, and equipment of temporary or permanent public works, naval installations, facilities, and real property for the Navy as currently authorized by law, including personnel in the Naval Facilities Engineering Command and other personal services necessary for the purposes of this appropriation, $1,206,517,000, to remain available until September 30, 1988: *Provided,* That of this amount, not to exceed $115,600,000 shall be available for study, planning, design, architect and engineer services, as authorized by law, unless the Secretary of Defense determines that additional obligations are necessary for such purposes and notifies the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress of his determination and the reasons therefor.

Notification of congressional committees.

Military Construction, Air Force

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

For acquisition, construction, installation, and equipment of temporary or permanent public works, military installations, facilities, and real property for the Air Force as currently authorized by law: *Provided,* That none of the funds made available for airfield improvements in Honduras may be obligated until the Committees

Notification of congressional committees.

Notification of congressional committees.

on Appropriations have been notified as to the complete United States construction plan for the region, $1,501,993,000, to remain available until September 30, 1988: *Provided,* That of this amount, not to exceed $137,000,000 shall be available for study, planning, design, architect, and engineer services, as authorized by law, unless the Secretary of Defense determines that additional obligations are necessary for such purposes and notifies the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress of his determination and the reasons therefor: *Provided further,* That of the amount appropriated under this head in fiscal year 1983 (Public Law 97-323), $91,000,000 is hereby rescinded.

Rescinded funds. 96 Stat. 1591.

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, DEFENSE AGENCIES

For acquisition, construction, installation, and equipment of temporary or permanent public works, installations, facilities, and real property for activities and agencies of the Department of Defense (other than the military departments), as currently authorized by law, $281,802,000, to remain available until September 30, 1988: *Provided,* That of the amount appropriated, not to exceed $28,000,000 shall be available for study, planning, design, architect and engineer services, as authorized by law, unless the Secretary of Defense determines that additional obligations are necessary for such purposes and notifies the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress of his determination and the reasons therefor.

Notification of congressional committees.

NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION INFRASTRUCTURE

For the United States share of the cost of multilateral programs for the acquisition or construction of military facilities and installations (including international military headquarters) for the collective defense of the North Atlantic Treaty Area as authorized in military construction Acts and section 2806 of title 10, United States Code, $50,000,000, to remain available until expended.

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, ARMY NATIONAL GUARD

For construction, acquisition, expansion, rehabilitation, and conversion of facilities for the training and administration of the Army National Guard, and contributions therefor, as authorized by chapter 133 of title 10, United States Code, and military construction authorization Acts, $67,620,000, to remain available until September 30, 1988.

10 USC 2231 *et seq.*

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, AIR NATIONAL GUARD

For construction, acquisition, expansion, rehabilitation, and conversion of facilities for the training and administration of the Air National Guard, and contributions therefor, as authorized by chapter 133 of title 10, United States Code, and military construction authorization Acts, $108,888,000, to remain available until September 30, 1988.

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, ARMY RESERVE

For construction, acquisition, expansion, rehabilitation, and conversion of facilities for the training and administration of the Army

Reserve as authorized by chapter 133 of title 10, United States Code, and military construction authorization Acts, $54,700,000, to remain available until September 30, 1988.

10 USC 2231 *et seq.*

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, NAVAL RESERVE

For construction, acquisition, expansion, rehabilitation, and conversion of facilities for the training and administration of the reserve components of the Navy and Marine Corps as authorized by chapter 133 of title 10, United States Code, and military construction authorization Acts, $30,605,000, to remain available until September 30, 1988.

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, AIR FORCE RESERVE

For construction, acquisition, expansion, rehabilitation, and conversion of facilities for the training and administration of the Air Force Reserve as authorized by chapter 133 of title 10, United States Code, and military construction authorization Acts, $41,200,000, to remain available until September 30, 1988.

FAMILY HOUSING, ARMY

For expenses of family housing for the Army for construction, including acquisition, replacement, addition, expansion, extension and alteration and for operation and maintenance, including debt payment, leasing, minor construction, principal and interest charges, and insurance premiums, as authorized by law, as follows: for Construction, $172,677,000; for Operation and maintenance, $1,059,188,000; for debt payment, $34,838,000; in all $1,266,703,000: *Provided,* That the amount provided for construction shall remain available until September 30, 1988.

FAMILY HOUSING, NAVY AND MARINE CORPS

For expenses of family housing for the Navy and Marine Corps for construction, including acquisition, replacement, addition, expansion, extension and alteration and for operation and maintenance, including debt payment, leasing, minor construction, principal and interest charges, and insurance premiums, as authorized by law, as follows: for Construction, $67,953,000; for Operation and maintenance, $539,029,000; for debt payment, $31,644,000; in all $638,626,000: *Provided,* That the amount provided for construction shall remain available until September 30, 1988.

FAMILY HOUSING, AIR FORCE

For expenses of family housing for the Air Force for construction, including acquisition, replacement, addition, expansion, extension and alteration and for operation and maintenance, including debt payment, leasing, minor construction, principal and interest charges, and insurance premiums, as authorized by law, as follows: for Construction, $111,392,000; for Operation and maintenance, $689,021,000; for debt payment, $55,398,000; in all $855,811,000: *Provided,* That the amount provided for construction shall remain available until September 30, 1988.

FAMILY HOUSING, DEFENSE AGENCIES

For expenses of family housing for the activities and agencies of the Department of Defense (other than the military departments) for construction, including acquisition, replacement, addition, expansion, extension and alteration and for operation and maintenance, leasing, and minor construction, as authorized by law, as follows: for Construction, $1,025,000; for Operation and maintenance, $16,816,000; in all $17,841,000: *Provided,* That the amount provided for construction shall remain available until September 30, 1988.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Prior appropriations.

SEC. 101. Funds appropriated to the Department of Defense for construction in prior years are hereby made available for construction authorized for each such department by the authorizations enacted into law during the first session of the Ninety-eighth Congress.

Contracts.

SEC. 102. None of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be expended for payments under a cost-plus-a-fixed-fee contract for work, where cost estimates exceed $25,000, to be performed within the United States, except Alaska, without the specific approval in writing of the Secretary of Defense setting forth the reasons therefor.

Service facilities.

SEC. 103. None of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be used for the construction, replacement, or reactivation of any bakery, laundry, or drycleaning facility in the United States, its territories, or possessions, as to which the Secretary of Defense does not certify, in writing, giving his reasons therefor, that the services to be furnished by such facilities are not obtainable from commercial sources at reasonable rates.

Motor vehicle hire.

SEC. 104. Funds herein appropriated to the Department of Defense for construction shall be available for hire of passenger motor vehicles.

Access roads.

SEC. 105. Funds appropriated to the Department of Defense for construction may be used for advances to the Federal Highway Administration, Department of Transportation, for the construction of access roads as authorized by section 210 of title 23, United States Code, when projects authorized therein are certified as important to the national defense by the Secretary of Defense.

New bases.

SEC. 106. None of the funds appropriated in this Act may be used to begin construction of new bases inside the continental United States for which specific appropriations have not been made.

Land purchases or easements.

SEC. 107. No part of the funds provided in this Act shall be used for purchase of land or land easements in excess of 100 per centum of the value as determined by the Corps of Engineers or the Naval Facilities Engineering Command, except: (a) where there is a determination of value by a Federal court, or (b) purchases negotiated by the Attorney General or his designee, or (c) where the estimated value is less than $25,000, or (d) as otherwise determined by the Secretary of Defense to be in the public interest.

Family housing.

SEC. 108. None of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be used to (1) acquire land, (2) provide for site preparation, or (3) install utilities for any family housing, except housing for which funds have been made available in annual military construction appropriation Acts.

Notification to Committees on Appropriations.

SEC. 109. None of the funds appropriated in this Act for minor construction may be used to transfer or relocate any activity from one base or installation to another, without prior notification to the Committees on Appropriations.

Base realignment or closure.

42 USC 4321 note.

SEC. 110. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available under this Act shall be obligated or expended in connection with any base realignment or closure activity, until all terms, conditions and requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act have been complied with, with respect to each such activity.

Steel procurement.

SEC. 111. No part of the funds appropriated in this Act may be used for the procurement of steel for any construction project or activity for which American steel producers, fabricators, and manufacturers have been denied the opportunity to compete for such steel procurement.

Indian Ocean dredging.

SEC. 112. No part of the funds appropriated in this Act for dredging in the Indian Ocean may be used for the performance of the work by foreign contractors: *Provided,* That the low responsive bid of a United States contractor does not exceed the lowest responsive bid of a foreign contractor by greater than 20 per centum.

MX missile site-specific facilities.

SEC. 113. No part of the funds appropriated in this Act may be obligated for construction of any site-specific facilities for the MX missile system until all terms, conditions, and requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4332) are met.

Foreign property taxes.

SEC. 114. None of the funds available to the Department of Defense for military construction or family housing during the current fiscal year may be used to pay real property taxes in any foreign nation.

Illegal alien employment.

SEC. 115. No part of the funds appropriated in this Act may be used to pay the compensation of an officer of the Government of the United States or to reimburse a contractor for the employment of a person for work in the continental United States by any such person if such person is an alien who has not been lawfully admitted to the United States.

Consulting service contracts.

SEC. 116. The expenditure of any appropriation under this Act for any consulting service through procurement contract, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 3109, shall be limited to those contracts where such expenditures are a matter of public record and available for public inspection, except where otherwise provided under existing law, or under existing Executive order issued pursuant to existing law.

SEC. 117. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any funds appropriated to a military department or defense agency for the construction of military projects may be obligated for a military construction project or contract, or for any portion of such a project or contract, at any time before the end of the fourth fiscal year after the fiscal year for which funds for such project were appropriated if the funds obligated for such project (1) are obligated from funds available for military construction projects, and (2) do not exceed the amount appropriated for such projects, plus any amount by which the cost of such project is increased pursuant to law.

Fort DeRussy, Hawaii.

SEC. 118. None of the funds appropriated in this Act may be obligated or expended in any way for the express purpose of the sale, lease, or rental of any portion of land currently identified as Fort DeRussy, Honolulu, Hawaii.

Notification to Committees on Appropriations.

SEC. 119. None of the funds in this Act may be used to initiate a new installation overseas without prior notification to the Committees on Appropriations.

F-16 beddown projects, notification to Committees on Appropriations.

SEC. 120. None of the funds appropriated in this Act for F-16 beddown projects at Misawa, Japan, may be obligated or expended unless there has been notification to the Committees on Appropriations that the approved Government of Japan budget for fiscal year 1984 includes projects associated with the F-16 beddown as an additive over the level of funding provided in Japanese fiscal year 1983 for the facilities improvement program.

SEC. 121. It is the sense of the Congress that the Administration should call on the pertinent member nations of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization and on Japan to meet or exceed their pledges for at least a 3 per centum real increase in defense spending and furtherance of increased unity, equitable sharing of our common defense burden, and international stability.

Illicit drug activities, restricted funding.

SEC. 122. (a) None of the funds appropriated in this Act may be available for any country if the President determines that the government of such country is failing to take adequate measures to prevent narcotic drugs or other controlled substances cultivated or produced or processed illicitly, in whole or in part, in such country, or transported through such country, from being sold illegally within the jurisdiction of such country to United States personnel or their dependents, or from being smuggled into the United States. Such prohibition shall continue in force until the President determines and reports to the Congress in writing that—

Presidential report to Congress.

(1) the government of such country has prepared and committed itself to a plan presented to the Secretary of State that would eliminate the cause or basis for the application to such country of the prohibition contained in the first sentence; and

(2) the government of such country has taken appropriate law enforcement measures to implement the plan presented to the Secretary of State.

(b) The provisions of subsection (a) shall not apply in the case of any country with respect to which the President determines that the application of the provisions of such subsection would be inconsistent with the national security interests of the United States.

Reserve funds.

SEC. 123. Of the total amount of budget authority provided for fiscal year 1984 by this Act that would otherwise be available for consulting services, management and professional services, and special studies and analyses, 10 per centum of the amount intended for such purposes in the President's budget for 1984, as amended, for any agency, department or entity subject to apportionment by the

Executive shall be placed in reserve and not made available for obligation or expenditure: *Provided,* That this section shall not apply to any agency, department or entity whose budget request for 1984 for the purposes stated above did not amount to $5,000,000.

This Act may be cited as the "Military Construction Appropriations Act, 1984". Short title.

Approved October 11, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3263:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 98-238 (Comm. on Appropriations) and No. 98-378 (Comm. of Conference).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-180 (Comm. on Appropriations).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
June 21, considered and passed House.
July 27, considered and passed Senate, amended.
Sept. 27, House agreed to conference report; concurred in Senate amendments with amendments.
Sept. 28, Senate agreed to conference report; concurred in House amendments.

11-194 O - 85 -- 27 : QL 3

Public Law 98-117
98th Congress

An Act

Oct. 11, 1983
[H.R. 3871]

To amend the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1982 to provide that the figure used in determining hourly rates of pay for Federal employees not be changed before the comparability adjustment in the rates of pay for such employees has been made for fiscal year 1984.

Federal employees. Determination of hourly pay rates. 5 USC 5504 note.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 310(b) of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1982 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, paragraph (1) shall not be effective with respect to pay periods beginning before the effective date of any increase under section 5305 of title 5, United States Code, in the rates of pay under the General Schedule and the rates of pay under the other statutory pay systems for fiscal year 1984.".

Effective date. 5 USC 5504 note.

SEC. 2. The amendment made by this Act shall be effective as of October 1, 1983.

Approved October 11, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3871:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Sept. 20, considered and passed House.
Sept. 27, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-118
98th Congress

An Act

To extend the Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982, and for other purposes.

Oct. 11, 1983
[H.R. 4101]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982, amendment.

EXTENSION OF PROGRAM

SECTION 1. (a) Paragraph (2) of section 602(f) of the Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982 is amended by striking out "September 30, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 18, 1983".

Ante, p. 141.

(b) Paragraph (2) of section 605 of such Act is amended by striking out "October 1, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 19, 1983".

Ante, p. 141.

EXTENSION OF PROVISION ALLOWING PAYMENT OF DISABILITY BENEFITS DURING APPEAL

SEC. 2. Section 223(g)(3)(B) of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out "October 1, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "December 7, 1983".

42 USC 423.

EXTENSION OF PROVISIONS RELATING TO DEPENDENT CHILDREN VOLUNTARILY PLACED IN FOSTER CARE

SEC. 3. (a) Section 102(a)(1) of the Adoption Assistance and Child Welfare Act of 1980 is amended by striking out "October 1, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1984".

42 USC 672 note.

(b) Section 102(c) of such Act is amended by striking out "October 1, 1983" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof in each instance "October 1, 1984".

42 USC 672 note.

SOCIAL SECURITY COVERAGE OF RETIRED FEDERAL JUDGES ON ACTIVE DUTY

SEC. 4. Notwithstanding section 101(d) of the Social Security Amendments of 1983, the amendments made by section 101(c) of such Act shall apply only with respect to remuneration paid after December 31, 1985. Remuneration paid prior to January 1, 1986, under section 371(b) of title 28, United States Code, to an individual performing service under section 294 of such title, shall not be included in the term "wages" for purposes of section 209 of the Social Security Act or section 3121(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.

Ante, p. 67.
26 USC 3121 note.

28 USC 294.

42 USC 409.
26 USC 3121.

CLARIFICATION WITH RESPECT TO REPAYMENT OF LOANS

42 USC 1322.

SEC. 5. (a) Section 1202(b)(2) of the Social Security Act is amended—

(1) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking out "advance" and inserting in lieu thereof "advance or advances";

(2) in subparagraph (A), by striking out "advance is" and inserting in lieu thereof "advances are";

(3) in subparagraph (A), by striking out "advance was" and inserting in lieu thereof "advances were"; and

(4) in subparagraph (B), by striking out "advance" the second place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "advances".

Effective date.
42 USC 1322 note.

(b) The amendments made by this section shall apply to advances made on or after April 1, 1982.

Approved October 11, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 4101 (H.R. 3929) (S. 1887):

SENATE REPORT No. 98-240 accompanying S. 1887 (Comm. on Finance).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Oct. 6, considered and passed House; considered and passed Senate, amended; House concurred in Senate amendment.

Public Law 98-119
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Providing statutory authorization under the War Powers Resolution for continued United States participation in the multinational peacekeeping force in Lebanon in order to obtain withdrawal of all foreign forces from Lebanon.

Oct. 12, 1983
[S.J. Res. 159]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Multinational Force in Lebanon Resolution.

SHORT TITLE

SECTION 1. This joint resolution may be cited as the "Multinational Force in Lebanon Resolution". 50 USC 1541 note.

FINDINGS AND PURPOSE

SEC. 2. (a) The Congress finds that— 50 USC 1541 note.

(1) the removal of all foreign forces from Lebanon is an essential United States foreign policy objective in the Middle East;

(2) in order to restore full control by the Government of Lebanon over its own territory, the United States is currently participating in the multinational peacekeeping force (hereafter in this resolution referred to as the "Multinational Force in Lebanon") which was established in accordance with the exchange of letters between the Governments of the United States and Lebanon dated September 25, 1982;

(3) the Multinational Force in Lebanon better enables the Government of Lebanon to establish its unity, independence, and territorial integrity;

(4) progress toward national political reconciliation in Lebanon is necessary; and

(5) United States Armed Forces participating in the Multinational Force in Lebanon are now in hostilities requiring authorization of their continued presence under the War Powers Resolution.

50 USC 1541 note.

(b) The Congress determines that the requirements of section 4(a)(1) of the War Powers Resolution became operative on August 29, 1983. Consistent with section 5(b) of the War Powers Resolution, the purpose of this joint resolution is to authorize the continued participation of United States Armed Forces in the Multinational Force in Lebanon. 50 USC 1543. 50 USC 1544.

(c) The Congress intends this joint resolution to constitute the necessary specific statutory authorization under the War Powers Resolution for continued participation by United States Armed Forces in the Multinational Force in Lebanon.

AUTHORIZATION FOR CONTINUED PARTICIPATION OF UNITED STATES ARMED FORCES IN THE MULTINATIONAL FORCE IN LEBANON

50 USC 1541 note.
50 USC 1544.

SEC. 3. The President is authorized, for purposes of section 5(b) of the War Powers Resolution, to continue participation by United States Armed Forces in the Multinational Force in Lebanon, subject to the provisions of section 6 of this joint resolution. Such participation shall be limited to performance of the functions, and shall be subject to the limitations, specified in the agreement establishing the Multinational Force in Lebanon as set forth in the exchange of letters between the Governments of the United States and Lebanon dated September 25, 1982, except that this shall not preclude such protective measures as may be necessary to ensure the safety of the Multinational Force in Lebanon.

REPORTS TO THE CONGRESS

50 USC 1541 note.
50 USC 1543.

SEC. 4. As required by section 4(c) of the War Powers Resolution, the President shall report periodically to the Congress with respect to the situation in Lebanon, but in no event shall he report less often than once every three months. In addition to providing the information required by that section on the status, scope, and duration of hostilities involving United States Armed Forces, such reports shall describe in detail—

(1) the activities being performed by the Multinational Force in Lebanon;

(2) the present composition of the Multinational Force in Lebanon, including a description of the responsibilities and deployment of the armed forces of each participating country;

(3) the results of efforts to reduce and eventually eliminate the Multinational Force in Lebanon;

(4) how continued United States participation in the Multinational Force in Lebanon is advancing United States foreign policy interests in the Middle East; and

(5) what progress has occurred toward national political reconciliation among all Lebanese groups.

STATEMENTS OF POLICY

50 USC 1541 note.

SEC. 5. (a) The Congress declares that the participation of the armed forces of other countries in the Multinational Force in Lebanon is essential to maintain the international character of the peacekeeping function in Lebanon.

(b) The Congress believes that it should continue to be the policy of the United States to promote continuing discussions with Israel, Syria, and Lebanon with the objective of bringing about the withdrawal of all foreign troops from Lebanon and establishing an environment which will permit the Lebanese Armed Forces to carry out their responsibilities in the Beirut area.

(c) It is the sense of the Congress that, not later than one year after the date of enactment of this joint resolution and at least once a year thereafter, the United States should discuss with the other members of the Security Council of the United Nations the establishment of a United Nations peacekeeping force to assume the responsibilities of the Multinational Force in Lebanon. An analysis of the implications of the response to such discussions for the continuation of the Multinational Force in Lebanon shall be

included in the reports required under paragraph (3) of section 4 of this resolution.

DURATION OF AUTHORIZATION FOR UNITED STATES PARTICIPATION IN THE MULTINATIONAL FORCE IN LEBANON

SEC. 6. The participation of United States Armed Forces in the Multinational Force in Lebanon shall be authorized for purposes of the War Powers Resolution until the end of the eighteen-month period beginning on the date of enactment of this resolution unless the Congress extends such authorization, except that such authorization shall terminate sooner upon the occurrence of any one of the following: 50 USC 1541 note. 50 USC 1541 note.

(1) the withdrawal of all foreign forces from Lebanon, unless the President determines and certifies to the Congress that continued United States Armed Forces participation in the Multinational Force in Lebanon is required after such withdrawal in order to accomplish the purposes specified in the September 25, 1982, exchange of letters providing for the establishment of the Multinational Force in Lebanon; or

(2) the assumption by the United Nations or the Government of Lebanon of the responsibilities of the Multinational Force in Lebanon; or

(3) the implementation of other effective security arrangements in the area; or

(4) the withdrawal of all other countries from participation in the Multinational Force in Lebanon.

INTERPRETATION OF THIS RESOLUTION

SEC. 7. (a) Nothing in this joint resolution shall preclude the President from withdrawing United States Armed Forces participation in the Multinational Force in Lebanon if circumstances warrant, and nothing in this joint resolution shall preclude the Congress by joint resolution from directing such a withdrawal. 50 USC 1541 note.

(b) Nothing in this joint resolution modifies, limits, or supersedes any provision of the War Powers Resolution or the requirement of section 4(a) of the Lebanon Emergency Assistance Act of 1983, relating to congressional authorization for any substantial expansion in the number or role of United States Armed Forces in Lebanon. 50 USC 1541 note. *Ante*, p. 215.

CONGRESSIONAL PRIORITY PROCEDURES FOR AMENDMENTS

SEC. 8. (a) Any joint resolution or bill introduced to amend or repeal this Act shall be referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives or the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, as the case may be. Such joint resolution or bill shall be considered by such committee within fifteen calendar days and may be reported out, together with its recommendations, unless such House shall otherwise determine pursuant to its rules. 50 USC 1541 note.

(b) Any joint resolution or bill so reported shall become the pending business of the House in question (in the case of the Senate the time for debate shall be equally divided between the proponents and the opponents) and shall be voted on within three calendar days

thereafter, unless such House shall otherwise determine by the yeas and nays.

(c) Such a joint resolution or bill passed by one House shall be referred to the committee of the other House named in subsection (a) and shall be reported out by such committee together with its recommendations within fifteen calendar days and shall thereupon become the pending business of such House and shall be voted upon within three calendar days, unless such House shall otherwise determine by the yeas and nays.

Committee of conference.

(d) In the case of any disagreement between the two Houses of Congress with respect to a joint resolution or bill passed by both Houses, conferees shall be promptly appointed and the committee of conference shall make and file a report with respect to such joint resolution within six calendar days after the legislation is referred to the committee of conference. Notwithstanding any rule in either House concerning the printing of conference reports in the Record or concerning any delay in the consideration of such reports, such report shall be acted on by both Houses not later than six calendar days after the conference report is filed. In the event the conferees are unable to agree within forty-eight hours, they shall report back to their respective Houses in disagreement.

Conference reports.

Approved October 12, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 159 (H.J. Res. 364):

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-385 accompanying H.J. Res. 364 (Comm. on Foreign Affairs).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-242 (Comm. on Foreign Relations).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Sept. 26-29, considered and passed Senate.
Sept. 28, H.J. Res. 364 considered and passed House.
Sept. 29, considered and passed House.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 19, No. 41 (1983):
Oct. 12, Presidential statement.

Public Law 98-120
98th Congress

An Act

To amend the International Coffee Agreement Act of 1980.

Oct. 12, 1983
[H.R. 3813]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

International Coffee Agreement Act of 1980, amendment.

NEGOTIATING AUTHORITY INVOLVING THE INTERNATIONAL COFFEE AGREEMENT, 1983

SECTION 1. The International Coffee Agreement Act of 1980 (19 U.S.C. 1356k, et seq.) is amended—

(1) by striking out "1976" in sections 2, 3, and 5 and inserting in lieu thereof ", 1983", and 19 USC 1356k, 1356*l*, 1356n.

(2) by striking out "for such period prior to October 1, 1983 as the agreement remains in effect" in section 2, and inserting in lieu thereof "before October 1, 1986". 19 USC 1356k.

REAUTHORIZATION OF PROGRAMS FOR WORKERS AND FIRMS

SEC. 2. (a) Section 245 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2317) is amended by striking out "each of fiscal years 1982 and 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "each of the fiscal years 1982 through 1985".

(b) Section 285 of such Act is amended by striking out "September 30, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1985". 19 USC note prec. 2271.

"CONTRIBUTED IMPORTANTLY" TEST FOR GROUP ELIGIBILITY

SEC. 3. (a) Section 222 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2272) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (3), by striking out "were a substantial cause of such total or partial separation, or threat thereof, and of such decline" and inserting in lieu thereof "contributed importantly to such total or partial separation, or threat thereof, and to such decline"; and

(2) by amending the last sentence to read as follows: "For purposes of paragraph (3), the term 'contributed importantly' means a cause which is important, but not necessarily more important than any other cause.". "Contributed importantly."

(b) The amendments made by subsection (a) shall apply with respect to petitions for certification filed under section 221 of the Trade Act of 1974 on or after October 1, 1983. 19 USC 2272 note. 19 USC 2271.

PREFERENCE FOR FIRMS HAVING EMPLOYEE STOCK OWNERSHIP PLANS

SEC. 4. (a) Section 255 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2345) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"Preference for Firms Having Employee Stock Ownership Plans

Director guaranteed loan, requirements. 19 USC 2341.

"(i)(1) When considering whether to grant a direct loan or to guarantee a loan to a corporation which is otherwise certified under section 251, the Secretary shall give preference to a corporation which agrees with respect to such loan to fulfill the following requirements—

"(A) 25 percent of the principal amount of the loan is paid by the lender to a qualified trust established under an employee stock ownership plan established and maintained by the recipient corporation, by a parent or subsidiary of such corporation, or by several corporations including the recipient corporation,

"(B) the employee stock ownership plan meets the requirements of this subsection, and

"(C) the agreement among the recipient corporation, the lender, and the qualified trust relating to the loan meets the requirements of this section.

Employee stock ownership plan.

"(2) An employee stock ownership plan does not meet the requirements of this subsection unless the governing instrument of the plan provides that—

"(A) the amount of the loan paid under paragraph (1)(A) to the qualified trust will be used to purchase qualified employer securities,

"(B) the qualified trust will repay to the lender the amount of such loan, together with the interest thereon, out of amounts contributed to the trust by the recipient corporation, and

"(C) from time to time, as the qualified trust repays such amount, the trust will allocate qualified employer securities among the individual accounts of participants and their beneficiaries in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (4).

Recipient corporation, lender, and qualified trust. Agreement requirements.

"(3) The agreement among the recipient corporation, the lender, and the qualified trust does not meet the requirements of this subsection unless—

"(A) it is unconditionally enforceable by any party against the others, jointly and severally,

"(B) it provides that the liability of the qualified trust to repay loan amounts paid to the qualified trust may not, at any time, exceed an amount equal to the amount of contributions required under paragraph (2)(B) which are actually received by such trust,

"(C) it provides that amounts received by the recipient corporation from the qualified trust for qualified employer securities purchased for the purpose of this subsection will be used exclusively by the recipient corporation for those purposes for which it may use that portion of the loan paid directly to it by the lender,

"(D) it provides that the recipient corporation may not reduce the amount of its equity capital during the one year period beginning on the date on which the qualified trust purchases qualified employer securities for purposes of this subsection, and

"(E) it provides that the recipient corporation will make contributions to the qualified trust of not less than such amounts as are necessary for such trust to meet its obligation to make repayments of principal and interest on the amount of the loan received by the trust without regard to whether such contributions are deductible by the corporation under section 404 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 and without regard to any other amounts the recipient corporation is obligated under law to contribute to or under the employee stock ownership plan.

26 USC 404.

"(4) At the close of each plan year, an employee stock ownership plan shall allocate to the accounts of participating employees that portion of the qualified employer securities the cost of which bears substantially the same ratio to the cost of all the qualified employer securities purchased under paragraph (2)(A) of this subsection as the amount of the loan principal and interest repaid by the qualified trust during that year bears to the total amount of the loan principal and interest payable by such trust during the term of such loan. Qualified employer securities allocated to the individual account of a participant during one plan year must bear substantially the same proportion to the amount of all such securities allocated to all participants in the plan as the amount of compensation paid to such participant bears to the total amount of compensation paid to all such participants during that year.

"(5) For purposes of this subsection, the term—

Definitions.

"(A) 'employee stock ownership plan' means a plan described in section 4975(e)(7) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954,

26 USC 4975.

"(B) 'qualified trust' means a trust established under an employee stock ownership plan and meeting the requirements of title I of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954,

29 USC 1001.
26 USC 401.

"(C) 'qualified employer securities' means common stock issued by the recipient corporation or by a parent or subsidiary of such corporation with voting power and dividend rights no less favorable than the voting power and dividend rights on other common stock issued by the issuing corporation and with voting power being exercised by the participants in the employee stock ownership plan after it is allocated to their plan accounts, and

"(D) 'equity capital' means, with respect to the recipient corporation, the sum of its money and other property (in an amount equal to the adjusted basis of such property but disregarding adjustments made on account of depreciation or amortization made during the period described in paragraph (3)(D)), less the amount of its indebtedness.".

Effective date. 19 USC 2345 note.

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall become effective on the date of the enactment of this Act.

Approved October 12, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3813 (S. 1847):

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-376 (Comm. on Ways and Means).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-250 accompanying S. 1847 (Comm. on Finance).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Sept. 27, considered and passed House.
Sept. 30, considered and passed Senate, amended, in lieu of S. 1847; House concurred in Senate amendment.

Public Law 98-121
98th Congress

An Act

To designate the Federal Building at Fourth and Ferry Streets, Lafayette, Indiana, as the "Charles A. Halleck Federal Building".

Oct. 12, 1983
[S. 1465]

Charles A. Halleck Federal Building. Designation.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Federal Building at Fourth and Ferry Streets, Lafayette, Indiana, shall hereafter be known and designated as the "Charles A. Halleck Federal Building". Any reference in any law, map, regulation, document, record, or any other paper of the United States to such building shall be deemed to be a reference to the "Charles A. Halleck Federal Building".

Approved October 12, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1465 (H.R. 3090):

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-365 accompanying H.R. 3090 (Comm. on Public Works and Transportation).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Aug. 4, considered and passed Senate.
Oct. 3, H.R. 3090 considered and passed House; S. 1465 passed in lieu.

Public Law 98-122
98th Congress

An Act

Oct. 12, 1983
[S. 1724]

To designate the Federal Building in Las Cruces, New Mexico, as the "Harold L. Runnels Federal Building".

Harold L. Runnels Federal Building. Designation.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the building located at 200 East Griggs Street, Las Cruces, New Mexico, known as the Federal Building, shall hereafter be known and designated as the "Harold L. Runnels Federal Building". Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, record, or other paper of the United States to that building shall be deemed to be a reference to the "Harold L. Runnels Federal Building".

Approved October 12, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1724 (H.R. 3308):

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-360 accompanying H.R. 3308 (Comm. on Public Works and Transportation).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):

Aug. 4, considered and passed Senate.

Oct. 3, H.R. 3308 considered and passed House; S. 1724 passed in lieu.

Public Law 98-123
98th Congress

An Act

To provide for the use and distribution of funds awarded the Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians in docket numbered 15-72 of the United States Court of Claims.

Oct. 13, 1983
[S. 884]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That notwithstanding any provision of the Act of October 19, 1973 (87 Stat. 466; 25 U.S.C. 1401 et seq.), or any other law, regulation, or plan promulgated pursuant thereto, the funds appropriated with respect to the judgment awarded the Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians in docket numbered 15-72 of the United States Court of Claims (less attorney fees and litigation expenses), including all interest and investment income accrued thereon, shall be distributed and used as follows:

Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians. Distribution and use of funds.

(1) Eighty per centum of such funds shall be distributed by the Secretary of the Interior (hereinafter in this Act referred to as the "Secretary") in the form of per capita payments (in sums as equal as possible) to all enrolled members of the Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians who are living on the date of enactment of this Act.

Per capita payments.

(2) Twenty per centum of such funds, including any interest or income accrued thereon, shall be—

Trust, investment, and distribution.

(A) held in trust and invested by the Secretary for the benefit of the members of the Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians, and

(B) distributed from such trust, subject to the approval of the Secretary, to the governing body of such tribe for the purpose of making expenditures to meet common tribal needs or educational requirements.

SEC. 2. (a) Any payment of a per capita share of funds to which a living, competent adult is entitled under this Act shall be paid directly to such adult.

Per capita share of funds, payment.

(b) Any per capita share of funds to which a deceased individual is entitled under this Act shall be paid, and the beneficiaries thereof determined, under regulations prescribed by the Secretary.

(c) Any per capita share of funds to which a legally incompetent individual or an individual under eighteen years of age is entitled under this Act shall be paid in accordance with such procedures (including the establishment of trusts) as the Secretary determines to be necessary to protect the interests of such individual.

Tax exemption.

SEC. 3. None of the funds distributed under this Act shall be—
(1) subject to Federal, State, or local income taxes, or
(2) considered income or resources in determining either eligibility for, or the amount of assistance under, Federal, State, or local programs.

Approved October 13, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 884:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-389 (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-74 (Comm. on Indian Affairs).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
May 12, considered and passed Senate.
Oct. 3, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-124
98th Congress

An Act

To provide for the use and distribution of funds awarded the Assiniboine Tribe of the Fort Belknap Indian Community, Montana, and the Assiniboine Tribe of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation, Montana, in docket numbered 10-81L by the United States Court of Claims, and for other purposes.

Oct. 13, 1983
[S. 1148]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, notwithstanding any other provision of law, the funds appropriated on September 30, 1981, in accordance with section 1302 of the Supplemental Appropriation Act (31 U.S.C. 724a), in satisfaction of an award in United States Court of Claims docket numbered 10-81L, including all interest and investment income accrued, less attorney fees and litigation expenses, shall be divided on the basis of 42.5 percent of the award funds to the Assiniboine Tribe of the Fort Belknap Indian Community and 57.5 percent of the award funds to the Assiniboine Tribe of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation and utilized for the purposes herein provided.

Assiniboine Tribes of Indians, Mont. Distribution and use of funds. 31 USC 1304.

SEC. 2. The funds apportioned to the Assiniboine Tribe of the Fort Belknap Indian Community, Montana, less the costs incurred by the Fort Belknap Assiniboine Treaty Committee in connection with planning for the use and distribution of such funds, including costs in connection with this legislation, and related attorney fees and expenses, shall be used and distributed as follows:

Fort Belknap Indian Community, Mont.

(a) The Assiniboine membership roll of the Fort Belknap Indian Community shall be brought current to include all eligible members born on or prior to and living on the date of enactment of this Act. Subsequent to the preparation and approval by the Secretary of the Interior (hereinafter "Secretary") of this roll, the Secretary shall make a per capita distribution of 80 percent of the funds (in a sum as equal as possible), to each duly enrolled member. The Secretary's determination concerning eligibility to share in the per capita payment shall be final.

Membership roll.

Per capita payment.

(b) 20 percent of these funds, and any amount remaining after the per capita payment, shall be held in trust and invested by the Secretary for the benefit of the members of the Assiniboine Tribe of the Fort Belknap Indian Community. The Treaty Committee of such Tribe, with the approval of the Secretary, shall distribute an annual family interest payment to all enrolled members of the Fort Belknap Assiniboine Tribe. All members on the Assiniboine tribal membership roll living on November 15 of each year shall be eligible for the annual interest payment. Members born after that date and living on the following November 15 shall be eligible for the next annual payment.

Trust and investment.

Annual family interest payment.

SEC. 3. The funds apportioned to the Assiniboine Tribe of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation, Montana, less the costs incurred by the Fort Peck Assiniboine Council in connection with planning for the use and distribution of such funds, including costs in connection

Fort Peck Indian Reservation, Mont.

with this legislation, and related attorney fees and expenses, shall be used and distributed as follows:

Membership roll.

(a) The Assiniboine membership roll of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation, Montana, shall be brought current to include all eligible members born on or prior to and living on the date of enactment of this Act. Subsequent to the preparation and approval by the Secretary of this roll, the Secretary shall make a per capita distribution of 70 percent of the funds (in sums as equal as possible), to each enrollee.

Per capita payment.

Trust and investment.

(b) 30 percent of these funds and any amounts remaining after the per capita payment, shall be held in trust and invested by the Secretary for the benefit of the Assiniboine Tribe of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation and its members. The principal of the funds and the income therefrom shall be applied and used for the benefit of the Assiniboine Tribe of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation and its members in accordance with reasonable terms established by the Fort Peck Assiniboine Council with the concurrence of the Tribal Executive Board of the Assiniboine and Sioux Tribes of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation, and approved by the Secretary: *Provided*, That until such terms has been agreed upon, the Secretary shall fix the terms of the administration of the portion of the funds as to which there is no agreement.

Living and deceased individuals.

SEC. 4. The per capita shares of living competent adults shall be paid directly to them. Shares of deceased individual beneficiaries shall be determined and distributed in accordance with regulations of the Secretary.

Tax exemption.

SEC. 5. None of the funds distributed per capita or held in trust under the provisions of this Act shall be subject to Federal or State income taxes, and the per capita or family interest payments shall not be considered as income or resources when determining the extent of eligibility for assistance under the Social Security Act or any Federal or federally assisted programs.

42 USC 1305.

Rules and regulations.

SEC. 6. The Secretary is authorized to prescribe rules and regulations to carry out the provisions of this Act, including the establishment of deadlines for filing applications for enrollment.

Approved October 13, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1148:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-390 (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-204 (Comm. on Indian Affairs).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Aug. 3, considered and passed Senate.
Oct. 3, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-125
98th Congress

An Act

Making appropriations for the government of the District of Columbia and other activities chargeable in whole or in part against the revenues of said District for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for other purposes.

Oct. 13, 1983
[H.R. 3415]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for other purposes, namely:

District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1984.

Federal Payment to the District of Columbia

For payment to the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, $386,000,000, as authorized by the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act, Public Law 93-198, as amended (D.C. Code 47-3406): *Provided,* That none of these funds shall be made available to the District of Columbia until the number of full-time uniformed officers in permanent positions in the Metropolitan Police Department is at least 3,880, excluding any such officer appointed after August 19, 1982, under qualification standards other than those in effect on such date.

For payment to the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, in lieu of reimbursements for charges for water and water services and sanitary sewer services furnished to facilities of the United States Government, $16,520,000, as authorized by the Act of May 18, 1954, as amended (D.C. Code 43-1552 and 43-1612).

For the Federal contribution to the Police Officers and Fire Fighters', Teachers' and Judges' Retirement Funds as authorized by the District of Columbia Retirement Reform Act, Public Law 96-122, approved November 17, 1979 (93 Stat. 866), $52,070,000.

Criminal Justice Emergency Initiative

For a Federal contribution to the District of Columbia, $25,171,600 of which $11,735,400 shall remain available until expended: *Provided,* That $2,841,300 for the Superior Court of the District of Columbia shall be made available only upon enactment into law of authorizing legislation.

Education Initiative

For a Federal contribution to the District of Columbia, $350,000.

Saint Elizabeths Hospital

For a Federal contribution to the District of Columbia, $5,700,000.

LOANS TO THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FOR CAPITAL OUTLAY

For loans to the District of Columbia, as authorized by the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act, Public Law 93-198, as amended, $115,000,000, which shall remain available until expended and be advanced upon request of the Mayor.

87 Stat. 774.

DIVISION OF EXPENSES

The following amounts are appropriated for the District of Columbia for the current fiscal year out of the general fund of the District of Columbia, except as otherwise specifically provided.

GOVERNMENTAL DIRECTION AND SUPPORT

Governmental direction and support, $44,251,400: *Provided,* That not to exceed $2,500 for the Mayor, $2,500 for the Chairman of the Council of the District of Columbia, and $2,500 for the City Administrator shall be available from this appropriation for expenditures for official purposes: *Provided further,* That any program fees collected from the issuance of debt shall be available for the payment of expenses of the debt management program of the District of Columbia: *Provided further,* That not less than $320,000 shall be used by the Office of Personnel exclusively for the administration of programs for the training of District of Columbia government employees: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is hereby appropriated $2,603,700 to pay legal, management, investment, and other fees and administrative expenses of the District of Columbia Retirement Board, of which $500,000 shall be derived from the general fund and not to exceed $2,103,700 (including $200,000 for obligations incurred in fiscal year 1983) shall be derived from the earnings of the applicable retirement funds: *Provided further,* That the District of Columbia Retirement Board shall provide to the Congress and the Council of the District of Columbia a quarterly report of the allocations of charges by fund and of expenditures of all funds: *Provided further,* That the District of Columbia Retirement Board shall provide the Mayor for transmittal to the Council of the District of Columbia an item accounting of the planned use of appropriated funds in time for each annual budget submission and the actual use of such funds in time for each annual audited financial report.

Report to Congress and Council of the District of Columbia.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND REGULATION

Economic development and regulation, $56,603,000: *Provided,* That the District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency, established by section 201 of the District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency Act, effective March 3, 1979 (D.C. Law 2-135; D.C. Code 45-2111), based upon its capability of repayments as determined each year by the Council of the District of Columbia from the Agency's annual audited financial statements to the Council of the District of Columbia, shall repay to the general fund an amount equal to appropriations plus interest at a rate of 4 percent per annum for a term of fifteen years, with a deferral of payments for the first three years: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding the foregoing provision, the obligation to repay all or a part of the amounts due shall be subject to the rights of the holders of any bonds or notes issued by the

Agency and shall be repaid to the District of Columbia only from available operating revenues of the Agency which are in excess of the amounts required for debt service, reserve funds, and operating expenses: *Provided further,* That upon commencement of the debt service payments, such payments shall be deposited into the general fund of the District of Columbia.

PUBLIC SAFETY AND JUSTICE

Public safety and justice, including purchase of not to exceed one hundred and thirty-five passenger motor vehicles for replacement only (including one hundred and thirty for police-type use and five for fire-type use without regard to the general purchase price limitation for the current fiscal year), $487,068,100 (including $2,841,300 for the Superior Court of the District of Columbia which shall be made available only upon enactment into law of authorizing legislation), of which $6,231,900 shall be payable from the revenue sharing trust fund: *Provided,* That the Metropolitan Police Department is authorized to replace not to exceed twenty-five passenger carrying vehicles, and the Fire Department is authorized to replace not to exceed five such vehicles annually whenever the cost of repair to any damaged vehicle exceeds three-fourths of the cost of the replacement: *Provided further,* That not to exceed $300,000 shall be available from this appropriation for the Chief of Police for the prevention and detection of crime: *Provided further,* That funds appropriated for expenses under the District of Columbia Criminal Justice Act, Public Law 93-412, approved September 3, 1974 (88 Stat. 1090; D.C. Code 11-2601 et seq.) for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, shall be available for obligations incurred under that Act in each fiscal year since inception in fiscal year 1975: *Provided further,* That $50,000 of any appropriation available to the District of Columbia may be used to match financial contributions from the Department of Defense to the District of Columbia Office of Emergency Preparedness for the purchase of civil defense equipment and supplies approved by the Department of Defense, when authorized by the Mayor: *Provided further,* That not to exceed $2,500 for the Joint Committee on Judicial Administration shall be available from this appropriation for official purposes.

PUBLIC EDUCATION SYSTEM

Public education system, including the development of national defense education programs, $483,532,900, of which $6,000,000 shall be payable from the revenue sharing trust fund, to be allocated as follows: $326,350,000 for the public schools of the District of Columbia; $78,560,800 for the District of Columbia Teachers' Retirement Fund; $60,842,400 for the University of the District of Columbia; $12,436,100 for the Public Library; $916,400 for the Commission on the Arts and Humanities; $196,200 for the Educational Institution Licensure Commission; and $4,231,000 for the School Transit Subsidy: *Provided,* That $515,000 of the funds provided for the public schools of the District of Columbia from the Driver Education Program Fund shall be used exclusively for the operation of the driver education program: *Provided further,* That the public schools of the District of Columbia are authorized to accept not to exceed thirty-one motor vehicles for exclusive use in the driver education program: *Provided further,* That not less than $7,257,800 of this

appropriation shall be used exclusively for maintenance of the public schools of the District of Columbia: *Provided further,* That not to exceed $2,500 for the Superintendent of Schools, $2,500 for the President of the University of the District of Columbia, and $2,000 for the Public Librarian shall be available from this appropriation for expenditures for official purposes: *Provided further,* That this appropriation shall not be available to subsidize the education of nonresidents of the District of Columbia at the University of the District of Columbia, unless the Board of Trustees of the University of the District of Columbia adopts for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, a tuition rate schedule which will establish the tuition rate for nonresident students at a level no lower than the nonresident tuition rate charged at comparable public institutions of higher education in the metropolitan area.

HUMAN SUPPORT SERVICES

Human support services, including care and treatment of indigent patients in institutions under contracts to be made by the Director of the Department of Human Services, $503,236,600, of which $2,233,000 shall be payable from the revenue sharing trust fund: *Provided,* That the inpatient rate under such contracts shall not exceed $76 per diem and the outpatient rate shall not exceed $12 per visit except for services provided to patients who are eligible for such services under the District of Columbia plan for medical assistance under title XIX of the Social Security Act, approved July 30, 1965 (79 Stat. 343; 42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.), and the inpatient rate (excluding the proportionate share for repairs and construction) for services rendered by Saint Elizabeths Hospital for patient care shall be at the per diem rate established pursuant to section 2 of An Act to authorize certain expenditures from the appropriation of Saint Elizabeths Hospital, and for other purposes, approved August 4, 1947 (61 Stat. 751; 24 U.S.C. 168(a)): *Provided further,* That total funds paid by the District of Columbia as reimbursements for operating costs of Saint Elizabeths Hospital, including any District of Columbia payments (but excluding the Federal matching share of payments) associated with title XIX of the Social Security Act, approved July 30, 1965 (79 Stat. 343; 42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.), shall not exceed $5,700,000 and an additional $29,448,700: *Provided further,* That $11,558,000 of this appropriation, to remain available until expended, shall be available solely for District of Columbia employees' disability compensation.

24 USC 168a.

PUBLIC WORKS

Public works, including rental of one passenger-carrying vehicle for use by the Mayor and three passenger-carrying vehicles for use by the Council of the District of Columbia and purchase of passenger-carrying vehicles for replacement only, $190,562,100, of which $2,500,000 shall be payable from the revenue sharing trust fund: *Provided,* That this appropriation shall not be available for the purchase of driver-training vehicles: *Provided further,* That this appropriation shall not be available for collecting ashes or miscellaneous refuse from hotels and places of business or from apartment houses with four or more apartments, or from any building or connected group of buildings operating as a rooming or boarding house as defined in the housing regulations of the District of Columbia.

REPAYMENT OF LOANS AND INTEREST

For reimbursement to the United States of funds loaned in compliance with An Act to provide for the establishment of a modern, adequate, and efficient hospital center in the District of Columbia, approved August 7, 1946 (60 Stat. 896); the Departments of Labor, and Health, Education, and Welfare Appropriation Act of 1955, approved July 2, 1954 (68 Stat. 443); section 1 of An Act to authorize 68 Stat. 434.
the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to borrow funds for capital improvement programs and to amend provisions of law relating to Federal Government participation in meeting costs of maintaining the Nation's Capital City, approved June 6, 1958 (72 Stat. 183; D.C. Code 9-219); section 4 of An Act to authorize the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to plan, construct, operate, and maintain a sanitary sewer to connect the Dulles International Airport with the District of Columbia system, approved June 12, 1960 (74 Stat. 211); and section 723 of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act, approved December 24, 1973 (87 Stat. 821; D.C. Code 47-321, note); section 743(f) of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act, approved October 13, 1977 (91 Stat. 1156; D.C. Code 9-219, note), including interest as required thereby, $158,735,600.

REPAYMENT OF GENERAL FUND DEFICIT

For the purpose of eliminating the cash portion of the $296,449,000 general fund accumulated deficit as of September 30, 1982, $15,000,000, of which not less than $10,000,000 shall be funded and apportioned by the Mayor from amounts otherwise available to the District of Columbia government (including amounts appropriated by this Act or revenues otherwise available, or both).

SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS

For the purpose of funding interest related to borrowing funds for short-term cash needs, $3,750,000.

ADJUSTMENTS

The Mayor shall reduce authorized appropriations and expenditures within object class 30A (energy) in the amount of $3,871,300, and within object class 13 (additional gross pay) in the amount of $361,800, within one or several of the various appropriation headings in this Act.

CAPITAL OUTLAY

For construction projects as authorized by An Act authorizing the laying of water mains and service sewers in the District of Columbia, the levying of assessments therefor, and for other purposes, approved April 22, 1904 (33 Stat. 244; D.C. Code 43-1512-1519); the District of Columbia Public Works Act of 1954, approved May 18, 1954 (68 Stat. 101); An Act to authorize the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to borrow funds for capital improvement programs and to amend provisions of law relating to Federal Government participation in meeting costs of maintaining the Nation's Capital City, approved June 6, 1958 (72 Stat. 183; D.C. Code 9-219

and 47-3402); section 3(g) of the District of Columbia Motor Vehicle Parking Facility Act of 1942, approved August 20, 1958 (72 Stat. 686; D.C. Code 40-805(7)); and the National Capital Transportation Act of 1969, approved December 9, 1969 (83 Stat. 320; D.C. Code 1-2451, 1-2452, 1-2454, 1-2456, and 1-2457); including acquisition of sites, preparation of plans and specifications, conducting preliminary surveys, erection of structures, including building improvement and alteration and treatment of grounds, to remain available until expended, $111,587,400: *Provided,* That $4,101,600 shall be available for project management and $5,160,900 for design by the Director of the Department of General Services or by contract for architectural engineering services, as may be determined by the Mayor, and that the funds for use of each capital project implementing agency shall be managed and controlled in accordance with all procedures and limitations established under the Financial Management System: *Provided further,* That all such funds shall be available only for the specific projects and purposes intended: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding the foregoing, all authorizations for capital outlay projects, except those projects covered by the first sentence of section 23(a) of the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1968, Public Law 90-495, approved August 23, 1968 (82 Stat. 827; D.C. Code 7-134, note), for which funds are provided by this paragraph, shall expire on September 30, 1985, except authorizations for projects as to which funds have been obligated in whole or in part prior to September 30, 1985: *Provided further,* That upon expiration of any such project authorization the funds provided herein for such project shall lapse: *Provided further,* That the Mayor shall not request the advance of any moneys for new general fund capital improvement projects without the approval, by resolution, of the Council of the District of Columbia.

Expiration date.

WATER AND SEWER ENTERPRISE FUND

For the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund, $114,383,100, of which $22,190,900 shall be apportioned and payable to the debt service fund for repayment of loans and interest incurred for capital improvement projects.

For construction projects as authorized by an Act authorizing the laying of water mains and service sewers in the District of Columbia, the levying of assessments therefore, and for other purposes, approved April 22, 1904 (33 Stat. 244; D.C. Code 43-1512 et seq.), $11,220,000: *Provided,* That the requirements and restrictions which are applicable to general fund capital improvement projects and which are set forth in this Act under the heading Capital Outlay shall apply to projects approved under this heading.

WASHINGTON CONVENTION CENTER ENTERPRISE FUND

For the Washington Convention Center Enterprise Fund, $9,617,000: *Provided,* That the Convention Center Board of Directors, established by section 3 of the Washington Convention Center Management Act of 1979, effective November 3, 1979 (D.C. Law 3-36, D.C. Code 9-602), shall reimburse the auditor of the District of Columbia for all reasonable costs for performance of the annual convention center audit.

LOTTERY AND CHARITABLE GAMES ENTERPRISE FUND

For the Lottery and Charitable Games Enterprise Fund established by Public Law 97-91 (95 Stat. 1174, 1175), as amended, for the purpose of implementing the Law to Legalize Lotteries, Daily Numbers Games, and Bingo and Raffles for Charitable Purposes in the District of Columbia, effective March 10, 1981 (D.C. Law 3-172; D.C. Code 22-1516 et seq.), $2,772,500, to be derived from non-Federal District of Columbia revenues: *Provided,* That the District of Columbia shall identify the sources of funding for this appropriation from its own locally-generated revenues: *Provided further,* That no revenues from Federal sources shall be used to support the operations or activities of the Lottery and Charitable Games Control Board.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Consulting services.

SEC. 101. The expenditure of any appropriation under this Act for any consulting service through procurement contract, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 3109, shall be limited to those contracts where such expenditures are a matter of public record and available for public inspection, except where otherwise provided under existing law, or under existing Executive order issued pursuant to existing law.

Vouchers.

SEC. 102. Except as otherwise provided in this Act, all vouchers covering expenditures of appropriations contained in this Act shall be audited before payment by the designated certifying official and the vouchers as approved shall be paid by checks issued by the designated disbursing official.

Maximum allowances.

SEC. 103. Whenever in this Act an amount is specified within an appropriation for particular purposes or objects of expenditure, such amount, unless otherwise specified, shall be considered as the maximum amount which may be expended for said purpose or object rather than an amount set apart exclusively therefor, except for those funds and programs for the Metropolitan Police Department under the heading "Public Safety and Justice" which shall be considered as the amounts set apart exclusively for and shall be expended solely by that Department; and the appropriation under the heading "Repayment of General Fund Deficit" which shall be considered as the amount set apart exclusively for and shall be expended solely for that purpose.

Automobile and motorcycle allowances.

SEC. 104. Appropriations in this Act shall be available, when authorized by the Mayor, for allowances for privately owned automobiles and motorcycles used for the performance of official duties at rates established by the Mayor: *Provided,* That such rates shall not exceed the maximum prevailing rates for such vehicles as prescribed in the Federal Property Management Regulations 101-7 (Federal Travel Regulations).

Travel expenses and organization dues.

SEC. 105. Appropriations in this Act shall be available for expenses of travel and for the payment of dues of organizations concerned with the work of the District of Columbia government, when authorized by the Mayor: *Provided,* That the Council of the District of Columbia may expend such funds without authorization by the Mayor.

Taxicab regulation.

SEC. 106. Appropriations in this Act shall not be used for or in connection with the preparation, issuance, publication, or enforcement of any regulation or order of the Public Service Commission requiring the installation of meters in taxicabs, or for or in connection with the licensing of any vehicle to be operated as a taxicab

except for operation in accordance with such system of uniform zones and rates and regulations applicable thereto as shall have been prescribed by the Public Service Commission.

Judgment payments.

SEC. 107. There are appropriated from the applicable funds of the District of Columbia such sums as may be necessary for making refunds and for the payment of judgments which have been entered against the District of Columbia government: *Provided,* That nothing contained in this section shall be construed as modifying or affecting the provisions of section 11(c)(3) of title XII of the District of Columbia Income and Franchise Tax Act of 1947, approved March 31, 1956 (70 Stat. 78; D.C. Code 47-1812.11(c)(3)).

SEC. 108. Appropriations in this Act shall be available for the payment of public assistance without reference to the requirement of section 544 of the District of Columbia Public Assistance Act of 1982, effective April 6, 1982 (D.C. Law 4-101; 29 DCR 1060), and for the non-Federal share of funds necessary to qualify for Federal assistance under the Juvenile Delinquency Prevention and Control Act of 1968, Public Law 90-445, approved July 31, 1968 (82 Stat. 462; 42 U.S.C. 3801 et seq.).

Fiscal year limitation.

SEC. 109. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided herein.

Overtime and temporary positions, cost limitation.

SEC. 110. Not to exceed 4½ per centum of the total of all funds appropriated by this Act for personal compensation may be used to pay the cost of overtime or temporary positions.

Travel expenditure limitation.

SEC. 111. The total expenditure of funds appropriated by this Act for authorized travel and per diem costs outside the District of Columbia, the State of Maryland, and the Commonwealth of Virginia shall not exceed $300,000.

Employment limitation.

SEC. 112. Appropriations in this Act shall not be available, during the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, for the compensation of any person appointed to a permanent position in the District of Columbia government during any month in which the number of employees exceeds 30,417, the number of positions authorized by this Act.

SEC. 113. No funds appropriated in this Act for the District of Columbia government for the operation of educational institutions, the compensation of personnel, or for other educational purposes may be used to permit, encourage, facilitate, or further partisan political activities. Nothing herein is intended to prohibit the availability of school buildings for the use of any community or partisan political group during nonschool hours.

D.C. annual budget, transmittal to Congress.

SEC. 114. The annual budget for the District of Columbia government for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1985, shall be transmitted to the Congress by not later than April 15, 1984.

SEC. 115. None of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be made available to pay the salary of any employee of the District of Columbia government whose name, title, grade, salary, past work experience, and salary history are not available for inspection by the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations or their duly authorized representatives.

SEC. 116. There are appropriated from the applicable funds of the District of Columbia such sums as may be necessary for making payments authorized by the District of Columbia Revenue Recovery Act of 1977, effective September 23, 1977 (D.C. Law 2-20; D.C. Code 47-421 et seq.).

SEC. 117. None of the funds contained in this Act shall be made available to pay the salary of any employee of the District of Columbia government whose name and salary are not available for public inspection.

Congressional or State legislation, partisan publicity.

SEC. 118. No part of this appropriation shall be used for publicity or propaganda purposes or implementation of any policy including boycott designed to support or defeat legislation pending before Congress or any State legislature.

Abortion funding.

SEC. 119. None of the Federal funds provided in this Act shall be used to perform abortions except where the life of the mother would be endangered if the fetus were carried to term; or except for such medical procedures necessary for the victims of rape or incest, when such rape or incest has been reported promptly to a law enforcement agency or public health service. Nor are payments prohibited for drugs or devices to prevent implantation of the fertilized ovum, or for medical procedures necessary for the termination of an ectopic pregnancy.

Borrowing and spending, report to Council of the District of Columbia and Congress.

SEC. 120. At the start of the fiscal year, the Mayor shall develop an annual plan, by quarter and by project, for capital outlay borrowing from the United States Treasury: *Provided,* That within a reasonable time after the close of each quarter, the Mayor shall report to the Council of the District of Columbia and the Congress the actual borrowing and spending progress compared with projections.

Capital project borrowing.

SEC. 121. The Mayor shall not borrow any funds for capital projects unless he has obtained prior approval from the Council of the District of Columbia, by resolution, identifying the projects and amounts to be financed with such borrowings.

SEC. 122. The Mayor shall not expend any moneys borrowed for capital projects for the operating expenses of the District of Columbia government.

Firefighters and police officers, hiring.

SEC. 123. None of the funds appropriated in this Act may be used for the implementation of a personnel lottery with respect to the hiring of firefighters or police officers.

Funds expended for reprogramming.

SEC. 124. None of the funds appropriated by this Act may be obligated or expended by reprogramming except pursuant to advance approval of the reprogramming granted according to the procedure set forth in the Joint Explanatory Statement of the Committee of Conference (House Report No. 96-443) which accompanied the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1980 (Public Law 96-93, approved October 30, 1979) (93 Stat. 713), as modified in House Report No. 98-265, and in accordance with the Reprograming Policy Act of 1980, effective September 16, 1980 (D.C. Law 3-100; D.C. Code 47-361 et seq.).

SEC. 125. None of the Federal funds provided in this Act shall be obligated or expended to provide a personal cook, chauffeur, or other personal servants to any officer or employee of the District of Columbia.

Passenger automobiles, procurement.

15 USC 1901 note.

SEC. 126. None of the Federal funds provided in this Act shall be obligated or expended to procure passenger automobiles as defined in the Automobile Fuel Efficiency Act of 1980, approved October 10, 1980 (94 Stat. 1824; 15 U.S.C. 2001(2)) with an Environmental Protection Agency estimated miles per gallon average of less than 22 miles per gallon: *Provided*, That this section shall not apply to security, emergency rescue, or armored vehicles.

City Administrator, compensation.

SEC. 127. (a) Notwithstanding section 422(7) of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act,

approved December 24, 1973 (87 Stat. 790; D.C. Code 1-242(7)), the City Administrator shall be paid, during any fiscal year, a salary at a rate established by the Mayor, not to exceed the rate established for level IV of the Executive Schedule under 5 U.S.C. 5315.

(b) For purposes of applying any provision of law limiting the availability of funds for payment of salary or pay in any fiscal year, the highest rate of pay established by the Mayor under subsection (a) of any position for any period during the last quarter of calendar year 1983 shall be deemed to be the rate of pay payable for that position for September 30, 1983.

Board members, compensation.

(c) Notwithstanding section 4(a) of the District of Columbia Redevelopment Act of 1945, approved August 2, 1946 (60 Stat. 793; D.C. Code 5-803(a)), the Board of Directors of the District of Columbia Redevelopment Land Agency shall be paid, during any fiscal year, a per diem compensation at a rate established by the Mayor.

SEC. 128. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the provisions of the District of Columbia Government Comprehensive Merit Personnel Act of 1978, effective March 3, 1979 (D.C. Law 2-139; D.C. Code 1-601.1 et seq.), enacted pursuant to section 422(3) of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act of 1973, approved December 24, 1973 (Public Law 93-198; 87 Stat. 790; D.C. Code 1-242(3)), shall apply with respect to the compensation of District of Columbia employees: *Provided,* That for pay purposes, employees of the District of Columbia government shall not be subject to the provisions of title 5 of the United States Code.

Municipal waste disposal.

SEC. 129. None of the funds appropriated by this Act may be used to transport any output of the municipal waste system of the District of Columbia for disposal at any public or private landfill located in any State, excepting currently utilized landfills in Maryland and Virginia, until the appropriate State agency has issued the required permits.

Street lighting and traffic signal payments.

SEC. 130. (a) Payment for street lighting and traffic signal costs shall be made by the Mayor monthly for each calendar month during fiscal year 1984, except for any month covered by a program (1) which provides for such expenses to be borne by the ratepayers of the electric utility involved and (2) for which all final administrative and judicial determinations have been made.

(b) Except for funds set apart exclusively for, or administratively apportioned for, eliminating the cash portion of the general fund accumulated deficit, appropriations under this Act shall be available to the Mayor for purposes of subsection (a).

Ante, p. 265.

SEC. 131. (a) That part of the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1984 (Public Law 98-51), under the heading "SENATE" is amended, in the paragraph with the heading "SECRETARY OF THE SENATE", by striking out "$390,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$537,000".

(b) That part of such Act, under the heading "HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES" is amended, in the paragraph with the heading "SALARIES, OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES", by striking out "$44,639,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$44,787,000"; and by striking out "$6,185,000" for the "Office of the Doorkeeper" and inserting in lieu thereof "$6,333,000". *Ante*, p. 267.

(c) That part of such Act, under the heading "JOINT ITEMS" is amended, in the paragraph with the heading "EDUCATION OF PAGES", by striking out such heading and paragraph. *Ante*, p. 271.

This Act may be cited as the "District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1984". Short title.

Approved October 13, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3415:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 98-265 (Comm. on Appropriations) and No. 98-379 (Comm. of Conference).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-185 (Comm. on Appropriations).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
June 29, considered and passed House.
July 27, considered and passed Senate, amended.
Sept. 29, House agreed to conference report and concurred in Senate amendments with amendments; Senate agreed to conference report and concurred in House amendments.

Public Law 98-126
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Oct. 13, 1983
[S.J. Res. 102]

To designate the week of October 16, 1983, through October 22, 1983, as "Lupus Awareness Week".

Lupus Awareness Week.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the week of October 16, 1983, through October 22, 1983, is designated as "Lupus Awareness Week", and the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe the week with appropriate programs, ceremonies, and activities.

Approved October 13, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 102:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
July 16, considered and passed Senate.
Oct. 4, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-127
98th Congress

An Act

To amend title 18 of the United States Code to prohibit certain tampering with consumer products, and for other purposes.

Oct. 13, 1983
[S. 216]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Federal Anti-Tampering Act".

Federal Anti-Tampering Act. 18 USC 1365 note.

SEC. 2. Chapter 65 of title 18 of the United States Code is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"§ 1365. Tampering with consumer products

Fines or imprisonments. 18 USC 1365.

"(a) Whoever, with reckless disregard for the risk that another person will be placed in danger of death or bodily injury and under circumstances manifesting extreme indifference to such risk, tampers with any consumer product that affects interstate or foreign commerce, or the labeling of, or container for, any such product, or attempts to do so, shall—

"(1) in the case of an attempt, be fined not more than $25,000 or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both;

"(2) if death of an individual results, be fined not more than $100,000 or imprisoned for any term of years or for life, or both;

"(3) if serious bodily injury to any individual results, be fined not more than $100,000 or imprisoned not more than twenty years, or both; and

"(4) in any other case, be fined not more than $50,000 or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both.

"(b) Whoever, with intent to cause serious injury to the business of any person, taints any consumer product or renders materially false or misleading the labeling of, or container for, a consumer product, if such consumer product affects interstate or foreign commerce, shall be fined not more than $10,000 or imprisoned not more than three years, or both.

"(c)(1) Whoever knowingly communicates false information that a consumer product has been tainted, if such product or the results of such communication affect interstate or foreign commerce, and if such tainting, had it occurred, would create a risk of death or bodily injury to another person, shall be fined not more than $25,000 or imprisoned not more than five years, or both.

"Communicates false information."

"(2) As used in paragraph (1) of this subsection, the term 'communicates false information' means communicates information that is false and that the communicator knows is false, under circumstances in which the information may reasonably be expected to be believed.

"(d) Whoever knowingly threatens, under circumstances in which the threat may reasonably be expected to be believed, that conduct that, if it occurred, would violate subsection (a) of this section will occur, shall be fined not more than $25,000 or imprisoned not more than five years, or both.

Fine or imprisonment.

"(e) Whoever is a party to a conspiracy of two or more persons to commit an offense under subsection (a) of this section, if any of the parties intentionally engages in any conduct in furtherance of such offense, shall be fined not more than $25,000 or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both.

Investigation of violations.

"(f) In addition to any other agency which has authority to investigate violations of this section, the Food and Drug Administration and the Department of Agriculture, respectively, have authority to investigate violations of this section involving a consumer product that is regulated by a provision of law such Administration or Department, as the case may be, administers.

Definitions.

"(g) As used in this section—

"(1) the term 'consumer product' means—

"(A) any 'food', 'drug', device', or 'cosmetic', as those terms are respectively defined in section 201 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 321); or

"(B) any article, product, or commodity which is customarily produced or distributed for consumption by individuals, or use by individuals for purposes of personal care or in the performance of services ordinarily rendered within the household, and which is designed to be consumed or expended in the course of such consumption or use;

"(2) the term 'labeling' has the meaning given such term in section 201(m) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 321(m));

"(3) the term 'serious bodily injury' means bodily injury which involves—

"(A) a substantial risk of death;

"(B) extreme physical pain;

"(C) protracted and obvious disfigurement; or

"(D) protracted loss or impairment of the function of a bodily member, organ, or mental faculty; and

"(4) the term 'bodily injury' means—

"(A) a cut, abrasion, bruise, burn, or disfigurement;

"(B) physical pain;

"(C) illness;

"(D) impairment of the function of a bodily member, organ, or mental faculty; or

"(E) any other injury to the body, no matter how temporary.".

SEC. 3. The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 65 of title 18 of the United States Code is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"1365. Tampering with consumer products.".

SEC. 4. (a) Title 35 of the United States Code is amended by inserting after section 155 the following new section:

35 USC 155A.

"§ 155A. Patent term restoration

35 USC 154.

"(a) Notwithstanding section 154 of this title, the term of each of the following patents shall be extended in accordance with this section:

"(1) Any patent which encompasses within its scope a composition of matter which is a new drug product, if during the regulatory review of the product by the Federal Food and Drug Administration—

"(A) the Federal Food and Drug Administration notified the patentee, by letter dated February 20, 1976, that such product's new drug application was not approvable under section 505(b)(1) of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act; 21 USC 355.

"(B) in 1977 the patentee submitted to the Federal Food and Drug Administration the results of a health effects test to evaluate the carcinogenic potential of such product;

"(C) the Federal Food and Drug Administration approved, by letter dated December 18, 1979, the new drug application for such product; and

"(D) the Federal Food and Drug Administration approved, by letter dated May 26, 1981, a supplementary application covering the facility for the production of such product.

"(2) Any patent which encompasses within its scope a process for using the composition of matter described in paragraph (1).

"(b) The term of any patent described in subsection (a) shall be extended for a period equal to the period beginning February 20, 1976, and ending May 26, 1981, and such patent shall have the effect as if originally issued with such extended term. Extension.

"(c) The patentee of any patent described in subsection (a) of this section shall, within ninety days after the date of enactment of this section, notify the Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks of the number of any patent so extended. On receipt of such notice, the Commissioner shall confirm such extension by placing a notice thereof in the official file of such patent and publishing an appropriate notice of such extension in the Official Gazette of the Patent and Trademark Office.". Notification of patent number. Extension confirmation.

(b) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 14 of such title 35 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"155A. Patent term restoration.".

Approved October 13, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 216 (H.R. 2174):

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-93 accompanying H.R. 2174 (Comm. on the Judiciary).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-69 (Comm. on the Judiciary).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
May 9, H.R. 2174 considered and passed House; S. 216 considered and passed Senate.
Sept. 29, considered and passed House, amended, in lieu of H.R. 2174.
Sept. 30, Senate concurred in House amendments.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 19, No. 41 (1983):
Oct. 14, Presidential statement.

11-194 O - 85 -- 28 : QL 3

Public Law 98-128
98th Congress

An Act

Oct. 14, 1983
[H.R. 3379]

To name a United States Post Office Building in the vicinity of Lancaster, Pennsylvania, the "Edwin D. Eshleman Post Office Building".

Edwin D. Eshleman Post Office Building. Designation.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the United States Post Office Building located at 1400 Harrisburg Pike in the vicinity of Lancaster, Pennsylvania, shall hereafter be known and designated as the "Edwin D. Eshleman Post Office Building". Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, record, or other paper of the United States to such building shall be held to be a reference to the "Edwin D. Eshleman Post Office Building".

Approved October 14, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3379:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-361 (Comm. on Public Works and Transportation).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Oct. 3, considered and passed House.
Oct. 6, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-129
98th Congress

An Act

To provide for the orderly termination of Federal management of the Pribilof Islands, Alaska.

Oct. 14, 1983
[H.R. 2840]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Fur Seal Act Amendments of 1983".

Fur Seal Act Amendments of 1983.
16 USC 1151 note.

SEC. 2. The Act of November 2, 1966 (Public Law 89-702; 16 U.S.C. 1151-1187), known as the Fur Seal Act of 1966, is amended to read as follows:

"TITLE I—FUR SEAL MANAGEMENT

Definitions.
16 USC 1151.

"SEC. 101. (a) 'Commission' means the North Pacific Fur Seal Commission established pursuant to article V of the Convention.

"(b) 'Convention' means the Interim Convention on the Conservation of North Pacific Fur Seals signed at Washington on February 9, 1957, as amended by the protocol signed in Washington on October 8, 1963; by the exchange of notes among the party governments which became effective on September 3, 1969; by the protocol signed in Washington on May 7, 1976; and by the protocol signed in Washington on October 14, 1980, by the parties.

8 UST 2283.
15 UST 316.
20 UST 2992.
27 UST 3371.

"(c) 'Cure' or 'curing' means the performance of those post-harvest activities traditionally performed on the Pribilof Islands, including cooling, washing, removal of blubber, soaking in brine, draining, treating with salt or boric acid, and packing in containers for shipment of fur seal skins.

"(d) 'Fur Seal' means the North Pacific Fur Seal, Callorhinus Ursinus.

"(e) 'Import' means to land on, bring into, or introduce into, or attempt to land on, bring into, or introduce into, any place subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, whether or not such landing, bringing, or introduction constitutes an importation within the meaning of the customs laws of the United States.

"(f) 'Natives of the Pribilof Islands' means any Aleuts who are permanent residents of the Pribilof Islands, or any organization or entity representing such natives.

"(g) 'North Pacific Ocean' means the waters of the Pacific Ocean north of the thirtieth parallel of north latitude, including the Bering, Okhotsk, and Japan Seas.

"(h) 'Party' or 'parties' means the United States of America, Canada, Japan, and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

"(i) 'Person' means any individual, partnership, corporation, trust, association or any other private entity, or any officer, employee, agent, department, or instrumentality of the Federal Government, of any State or political subdivision thereof, or of any foreign government.

"(j) 'Pribilof Islands' means the islands of Saint Paul and Saint George, Walrus and Otter Islands, and Sea Lion Rock.

"(k) 'Sealing' means the taking of fur seals.

"(l) 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Commerce.

"(m) 'Take' or 'taking' means to harass, hunt, capture, or kill, or attempt to harass, hunt, capture, or kill.

Unlawful activities.
16 USC 1152.

"SEC. 102. It is unlawful, except as provided in this Act or by regulation of the Secretary, for any person or vessel subject to the jurisdiction of the United States to engage in the taking of fur seals in the North Pacific Ocean or on lands or waters under the jurisdiction of the United States, or to use any port or harbor or other place under the jurisdiction of the United States for any purpose connected in any way with such taking, or for any person to transport, import, offer for sale, or possess at any port or place or on any vessel, subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, fur seals or the parts thereof, including, but not limited to, raw, dressed, or dyed fur seal skins, taken contrary to the provisions of this Act or the Convention, or for any person subject to the jurisdiction of the United States to refuse to permit, except within the Exclusive Economic Zone of the United States, a duly authorized official of Canada, Japan, or the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics to board and search any vessel which is outfitted for the harvesting of living marine resources and which is subject to the jurisdiction of the United States to determine whether such vessel is engaged in sealing contrary to the provisions of said Convention.

Authorization of fur seals for subsistence.
16 USC 1153.

"SEC. 103. (a) Indians, Aleuts, and Eskimos who dwell on the coasts of the North Pacific Ocean are permitted to take fur seals and dispose of their skins after the skins have been officially marked and certified by a person authorized by the Secretary: *Provided*, That the seals are taken for subsistence uses as defined in section 109(f)(2) of the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1379), and only in canoes not transported by or used in connection with other vessels, and propelled entirely by oars, paddles, or sails, and manned by not more than five persons each, in the way hitherto practiced and without the use of firearms. This authority shall not apply to Indians, Aleuts, and Eskimos while they are employed by any person for the purpose of taking fur seals or are under contract to deliver the skins to any person.

"(b) Indians, Aleuts, and Eskimos who live on the Pribilof Islands are authorized to take fur seals for subsistence purposes as defined in section 109(f)(2) of the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1379), under such conditions as recommended by the Commission and accepted by the Secretary of State pursuant to regulations promulgated by the Secretary.

Scientific research and investigations.
16 USC 1154.

"SEC. 104. The Secretary shall (1) conduct such scientific research and investigations on the fur seal resources of the North Pacific Ocean as he deems necessary to carry out the obligations of the United States under the Convention, and (2) permit, subject to such terms and conditions as he deems desirable, the taking, transportation, importation, exportation, or possession of fur seals or their parts for educational, scientific, or exhibition purposes.

Regulations.
16 USC 1155.

"SEC. 105. (a) The Secretary shall prescribe such regulations with respect to the taking of fur seals on the Pribilof Islands and on lands subject to the jurisdiction of the United States as he deems necessary and appropriate for the conservation, management, and protection of the fur seal population, and to dispose of any fur seals seized or forfeited pursuant to this Act, and to carry out the provisions of the Convention, and shall deliver to authorized agents of the parties such fur seal skins as the parties are entitled to under the Convention.

"(b) The Secretary is authorized to enter into agreements with any public or private agency or person for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of the Convention and of this title, including but not limited to the taking of fur seals on the Pribilof Islands, and the curing and marketing of the sealskins and other seal parts, and may retain the proceeds therefrom. Agreements.

"(c) The Secretary shall give preference to the village corporations of Saint Paul and Saint George Islands established pursuant to section 8 of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (Public Law 92-203) for the taking of fur seals on the village corporations' respective islands, and the curing and marketing of the sealskins and other seal parts, and may retain the proceeds therefrom. Any proceeds therefrom will be deposited in a separate fund in the Treasury and will be available to the Secretary, subject to appropriations, for the purpose of this section. All seal harvests will be financed, to the extent possible, from proceeds collected in preceding years or unsold assets retained from harvests conducted in preceding years. In the event that such assets and proceeds are insufficient, as determined by the Secretary, to finance the seal harvest in accordance with the requirements of the Convention, there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for fiscal year 1984, and for fiscal year 1985 and beyond if the Convention is extended by protocol signed by the parties and made effective as to the United States, such sums as may be necessary to carry out the harvest and curing on the Pribilof Islands. Such amounts as are determined by the Secretary to exceed amounts required to carry out this section shall be transferred to the General Fund of the Treasury. St. Paul and St. George Islands. 43 USC 1607. Appropriation authorization. Transfer of funds.

"SEC. 106. (a) Any person authorized to enforce the provisions of this Act who has reasonable cause to believe that any vessel outfitted for the harvesting of living marine resources and subject to the jurisdiction of any of the parties to the Convention is violating the provisions of article III of the Convention may, except within the areas in which another State exercises fisheries jurisdiction, board and search such vessel. Such person shall carry a special certificate of identification issued by the Secretary or Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating which shall be in English, Japanese, and Russian and which shall be exhibited to the master of the vessel upon request. Enforcement. 16 USC 1156. Special certificate of identification.

"(b) If, after boarding and searching such vessel, such person continues to have reasonable cause to believe that such vessel, or any person onboard, is violating said article, he may seize such vessel or arrest such person, or both. The Secretary of State shall, as soon as practicable, notify the party having jurisdiction over the vessel or person of such seizure or arrest. Seizure or arrest.

"The Secretary or the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating, upon request of the Secretary of State, shall deliver the seized vessel or arrested person, or both, as promptly as practicable to the authorized officials of said party: *Provided,* That whenever said party cannot immediately accept such delivery, the Secretary or the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating may, upon the request of the Secretary of State, keep the vessel or person in custody within the United States.

"(c) At the request of said party, the Secretary or the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating, shall direct the person authorized to enforce the provisions of this Act to attend the trial as a witness in any case arising under said article or give Enforcement.

testimony by deposition, and shall produce such records and files or copies thereof as may be necessary to establish the offense.

Presidential appointments. 16 USC 1157.

"SEC. 107. The President shall appoint to the Commission a United States Commissioner who shall serve at the pleasure of the President. The President may appoint one Native from each of the two inhabited Pribilof Islands to serve as Advisors to the Commissioner and as liaisons between the Commissioner and the Natives of the Pribilof Islands. The President may also appoint other interested parties as Advisors to the Commissioner. Such Advisors shall serve at the pleasure of the President. The President may also appoint a Deputy United States Commissioner who shall serve at the pleasure of the President. The Deputy Commissioner shall be the principal adviser of the Commissioner, and shall perform the duties of the Commissioner in the case of his death, resignation, absence, or illness. The Commissioner, the Deputy Commissioner, and the Advisors shall receive no compensation for their services. The Commissioners may be paid traval expenses and per diem in lieu of subsistence at the rates authorized by section 5 of the Administrative Expense Act of 1946 when engaged in the performance of their duties.

Compensation.

Travel expenses and per diem. 5 USC 5703.

Recommendations. 16 USC 1158.

"SEC. 108. The Secretary of State, with the concurrence of the Secretary, is authorized to accept or reject, on behalf of the United States, recommendations made by the Commission pursuant to article V of the Convention.

Technical assistance. 16 USC 1159.

"SEC. 109. The head of any Federal agency is authorized to consult with and provide technical assistance to the Secretary or the Commission whenever such assistance is needed and reasonably can be furnished in carrying out the provisions of this title. Any Federal agency furnishing assistance hereunder may expend its own funds for such purposes, with or without reimbursement.

"TITLE II—ADMINISTRATION OF THE PRIBILOF ISLANDS

16 USC 1161.

"SEC. 201. The Secretary shall administer the fur seal rookeries and other Federal real and personal property on the Pribilof Islands, with the exception of lands purchased by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service under section 1417 of the Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act (Public Law 96-487) or acquired or purchased by any other authority after enactment of the Fur Seal Act Amendments of 1983 and, in consultation with the Secretary of the Interior, shall ensure that activities on such Islands are consistent with the purposes of conserving, managing, and protecting the North Pacific fur seals and other wildlife and for other purposes consistent with that primary purpose.

94 Stat. 2500.

Ante, p. 835.

16 USC 1162.

"SEC. 202. In carrying out the provisions of this title, the Secretary is authorized—

"(1) to operate, maintain, and repair such Government-owned property, both real and personal, and other facilities held by the Secretary on the Pribilof Islands as may be necessary; and

"(2) to provide the employees of the Department of Commerce and other Federal agencies and their dependents, at reasonable rates to be determined by the Secretary, with such facilities, services, and equipment as he deems necessary, including, but not limited to, food, fuel, shelter, and transportation.

Education. 16 USC 1163.

"SEC. 203. The State of Alaska will be responsible for meeting the educational needs of the citizens of the Pribilof Islands.

"SEC. 204. The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall provide medical and dental care to the Natives of the Pribilof Islands with or without reimbursement, as provided by other law. He is authorized to provide such care to Federal employees and their dependents and tourists and other persons in the Pribilof Islands at reasonable rates to be determined by him. He may purchase, lease, construct, operate, and maintain such facilities, supplies, and equipment as he deems necessary to carry out the provisions of this section; and the costs of such items, including medical and dental care, shall be charged to the budget of the Secretary of Health and Human Services. Nothing in this Act shall be construed as superseding or limiting the authority and responsibility of the Secretary of Health and Human Services under the Act of August 5, 1954, as amended, or any other law with respect to medical and dental care of natives or other persons in the Pribilof Islands.

Medical and dental care.
16 USC 1164.

42 USC 2001-2004b.

"SEC. 205. (a) Any provision of law relating to the transfer and disposal of Federal property to the contrary notwithstanding, the Secretary, after consultation with the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating, is authorized to bargain, grant, sell or otherwise convey, on such terms as he deems to be in the best interests of the United States and in furtherance of the purposes of this Act, any and all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to the property, both real and personal, held by the Secretary on the Pribilof Islands: *Provided,* That such property is specified in a document entitled 'Transfer of Property on the Pribilof Islands: Descriptions, Terms and Conditions,' which is submitted to the Congress on or before October 31, 1983.

Federal property, transfer and disposal.
16 USC 1165.

Document.

"(b) The property transfer document described in subsection (a) shall include, but need not be limited to—

"(1) a description of each conveyance;

"(2) the terms to be imposed on each conveyance;

"(3) designation of the recipient of each conveyance;

"(4) a statement noting acceptance of each conveyance, including the terms, if any, under which it is accepted; and

"(5) an identification of all Federal property to be retained by the Federal Government on the Pribilof Islands to meet its responsibilities as described in this Act and under the Convention.

"(c) Within 60 days of the transfer of real or personal property specified in the document described in subsection (a), the Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate shall be given a report prepared by the Secretary stating the fair market value at the time of the transfer of all real and personal property conveyed.

Report to congressional committees.

"(d) A Memorandum of Understanding shall be entered into by the Secretary, a representative of the local governmental authority on each Island, the trustee or trustees, and the appropriate officer of the State of Alaska setting forth the respective responsibilities of the Federal Government, the Trust, and the State regarding—

Memorandum of Understanding.

"(1) application of Federal retirement benefits, severance pay, and insurance benefits with respect to Natives of the Pribilof Islands;

"(2) funding to be allocated by the State of Alaska for the construction of boat harbors on St. Paul and St. George Islands;

"(3) assumption of the State of Alaska of traditional State responsibilities for facilities and services on such islands in accordance with applicable laws and regulations;

"(4) preservation of wildlife resources within the Secretary's jurisdiction;

"(5) continued activities relating to the implementation of the Convention;

"(6) oversight of the operation of the Trust established by section 206(a) to further progress toward creation of a stable, diversified, and enduring economy not dependent on commercial fur sealing;

"(7) the cooperation of government agencies, rendered through existing programs, in assisting with an orderly transition from Federal management and the creation of a private enterprise economy on the Pribilof Islands as described in this Act; and

"(8) such other matters as may be necessary and appropriate for carrying out the purposes of the Act, including the assumption of responsibilities to ensure an orderly transition from Federal management of the Pribilof Islands.

Memorandum submittal to Congress.

The Memorandum shall be submitted to Congress on or before October 31, 1983.

Tax exemption.

"(e) The grant, sale, transfer or conveyance of any real or personal property pursuant to this section shall not be subject to any form of Federal, State or local taxation. The basis for computing gain or loss on subsequent sale or disposition of such real or personal property for purposes of any Federal, State or local tax imposed on, or measured by revenue shall be the fair market value of such real or personal property at the time of receipt.

Agreements.

"(f) In carrying out the purposes of this Act, the Secretary is authorized to enter into agreements, including but not limited to land exchange agreements with other Departments and Agencies of both the State and Federal Governments, and with third parties, notwithstanding any provision of law relating to the transfer and disposal of Federal property to the contrary; except that the authority of the Secretary of the Interior regarding exchanges involving lands in the National Wildlife Refuge System on the date of enactment of the Fur Seal Act Amendments of 1983 is not affected by this section.

Ante, p. 835.

Report to Congress.

"(g) The Secretary shall submit to Congress a report, no later than October 1, 1983, providing information on the status of the negotiations for concluding the documents described in subsections (a) and (d) of this section.

Pribilof Islands Trust.
16 USC 1166.

"SEC. 206. (a)(1) In order to promote the development of a stable, self-sufficient enduring and diversified economy not dependent on sealing, the Secretary shall cause to be established a Trust for the benefit of the Natives of the Pribilof Islands, to be known as the 'Pribilof Islands Trust' (hereinafter referred to as the 'Trust').

Transfer of funds.

"(2) All amounts appropriated to the Secretary under subsection (e) of this section shall be transferred by the Secretary to the Trust within fifteen days after submission of the Trust instrument to Congress in accordance with the requirements of subsection (c).

Distribution of funds.

"(3) Except as provided in subsection (e)(2), none of the amounts transferred to the Trust pursuant to paragraph (2) shall be distributed by the trustee or trustees for the benefit of the Natives of the Pribilof Islands until 30 days after submission to Congress of the documents described in section 205 (a) and (d). Such distributions

shall be made by the trustee or trustees only after the Secretary has determined that such Trust has been established and will be operated in accordance with a trust instrument, or instruments, approved by the Secretary which further the purposes and policies of this Act.

"(4) Until the termination of the period described in paragraph (3), the trustee or trustees shall invest the amounts transferred pursuant to paragraph (2) in securities with maturities suitable for the needs of the Trust, bearing interest rates at rates determined by the trustee or trustees, taking into consideration average market yields on outstanding marketable obligations of the United States of comparable maturities. The income from such investments shall be credited to, and form a part of the Trust. Investments.

"(b) The Trust shall be administered in accordance with such terms and conditions as are prescribed by the Secretary, and as set forth in the Trust instrument. In establishing such terms and conditions, the Secretary shall consult with the Natives of the Pribilof Islands, and other interested parties concerning the conservation, management and protection of the fur seal population. Terms and conditions.

"(c) There may be one Trust instrument establishing the Trust described in section 206(a), or two such instuments, each relating to one of the two portions of the Trust as provided in subsection (d), which shall address, but need not be limited to, such matters as— Instruments establishing Trust.

"(1) establishing standards and procedures for the disbursement by the trustee or trustees of Trust assets for purposes of fostering in the Pribilof Islands a stable, diversified, and enduring economy not dependent upon sealing after Federal management of the islands is terminated, which procedures may include formal participation of Pribilof Islands Native councils, corporations, or other such entities;

"(2) establishing the Secretary as trustor;

"(3) establishing the procedure for appointment of the trustee or trustees by the Secretary after consultation with the Natives of the Pribilof Islands;

"(4) setting forth the rights, duties, powers and obligations of a trustee who shall act as an independent fiduciary and who shall be a United States citizen having recognized competence in business;

"(5) providing for the management and investment of Trust assets, pending distribution, by an investment manager or advisor, who may be the trustee, having recognized competence in such fields;

"(6) establishing methods and procedures for providing Congress and the Secretary with the annual reports described in subsection (g) of this section;

"(7) establishing Trust purposes in accordance with the purposes described in section 201 of this Act and subsection (a) of this section;

"(8) the duties of the trustee or trustees and the standards of care and diligence that shall govern the exercise of trust powers thereunder;

"(9) compensation of the trustee or trustees;

"(10) the term, termination and final distribution of the Trust estate;

"(11) mandating the applicability of the laws of the State of Alaska to the creation and governance of the Trust;

"(12) defraying of community expenses; and

"(13) payment of necessary administrative and legal expenses.

Submittal to Congress.

The Trust instrument or instruments described in this subsection shall be submitted to Congress on or before October 14, 1983.

St. Paul and St. George communities.

"(d) The Trust shall be divided into two portions pursuant to a formula established by the Secretary after consultation with the natives of both Islands, to be accounted for separately for the independent benefit of the community of St. Paul and the community of St. George.

Appropriation authorization.

"(e)(1) There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary $20,000,000 for the purpose of funding the Trust in accordance with the requirements of subsection (a)(2) of this section.

"(2) Prior to the termination of the period described in subsection (a)(3) of this section, the trustee or trustees may make interim distributions for the benefit of the Natives of the Pribilof Islands, upon approval of the Secretary, of up to five percent of the amounts transferred to the Trust pursuant to subsection (a)(2) of this section if, as determined by the Secretary, such interim distributions are required to carry out the purposes of this Act.

Interest.

"(f) The interest on, and the proceeds from the sale or redemption of, any asset or obligation held in the Trust shall be credited to and form a part of the Trust.

Annual report submittal.

"(g) The trustee or trustees shall submit to Congress and to the Secretary an annual report, the first of which is due on April 30, 1984, and subsequent reports on the same date each year thereafter during the life of the Trust, providing information on expenditures made from the Trust and progress towards achieving the purposes set out in subsection (a) of this section. On April 30, 1986, the Secretary shall also submit a report to the Congress detailing all progress toward achieving these purposes since enactment of this Act. For purposes of preparing such report, the Secretary by regulation may require that the trustee and the State of Alaska submit such relevant information to the Secretary as he deems appropriate.

Report to Congress.

Tax exemption.

"(h) The funds appropriated to the Trust and the earnings and distribution therefrom shall not be subject to any form of Federal, State or local taxation: *Provided,* That this exemption shall not apply to any income from the investment or other use of such distributions.

Agreements, contracts, or leases.
16 USC 1167.

"SEC. 207. The Secretary is authorized to enter into agreements or contracts or leases with, or to issue permits to, any public or private agency or person for carrying out the provisions of the Convention or this Act.

16 USC 1168.

"SEC. 208. (a) Service by natives of the Pribilof Islands engaged in the taking and curing of fur seal skins and other activities in connection with the administration of such islands prior to January 1, 1950, as determined by the Secretary based on records available to him, shall be considered for purposes of credit under the Civil Service Retirement Act, as amended, as civilian service performed by an employee, as defined in said Act.

5 USC 8331 *et seq.*

Annuities.

"(b) The annuity of any person or the annuity of the survivor of any person who shall have performed service described in subsection (a) of this section, and who, prior to November 2, 1966, died or shall have been retired on annuity payable from the civil service retirement and disability fund, shall, upon application filed by the annuitant within one year after November 2, 1966, be adjusted, effective as of the first day of the month immediately following November 2, 1966, so that the amount of the annuity shall be the same as if such

subsection had been in effect at the time of such person's retirement or death.

"(c) In no case shall credit for the service described in subsection (a) of this section entitle a person to the benefits of section 11(h) of the Civil Service Retirement Act. 5 USC 8342.

"(d) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act or any other law, benefits under the Civil Service Retirement Act made available by reason of the provisions of this section shall be paid from the civil service retirement and disability fund subject to reimbursement to such fund from the Operations, Research, and Facilities Account of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration in the Department of Commerce, for the purpose of compensating said retirement fund for the cost, as determined by the Civil Service Commission during each fiscal year, of benefits provided by this section. 5 USC 8331 *et seq.*

"SEC. 209. Chapter 83 of title 5, United States Code, is amended as follows:

"(a) by deleting 'Credit' in section 8332(b) and inserting in lieu thereof the words 'Except as provided in paragraph (13) of this subsection, credit'; 5 USC 8332.

"(b) by adding in section 8332(b) after paragraph (12) the following new paragraph:

'(13) one year of service to be credited for each year in which a Native of the Pribilof Islands performs service in the taking and curing of fur seal skins and other activities in connection with the administration of the Pribilof Islands, notwithstanding any period of separation from the service.';

"(c) by adding in section 8332(b) after 'paragraph (3) of this subsection.' the following sentence: 'The Office of Personnel Management shall accept the certification of the Secretary of Commerce or his designee concerning service for the purpose of this subchapter of the type performed by an employee named by paragraph (13) of this subsection.';

"(d) by adding in section 8332(f) after 'postal field service' the words 'and service described in paragraph (13) of subsection (b) of this section,';

"(e) by adding in section 8332(l)(1) the word 'or' at the end of clause (v) of subparagraph (B) thereof and by adding the following new subparagraph:

'(C) is of Aleut ancestry and while a citizen of the United States was interned or otherwise detained in, or relocated to any camp, installation, or other facility in the Territory of Alaska which was established during World War II for the purpose of the internment, detention, or relocation of Aleuts pursuant to any statute, rule, regulation, or order;';

and

"(f) by amending paragraph (4) of section 8334(g) by striking 'January 1, 1950' and substituting the words 'October 29, 1983,' and adding after 'the Pribilof Islands' the words 'except where deductions, contributions, and deposits were made before October 29, 1983'. 5 USC 8334.

"SEC. 210. (a) Title I of the Act of January 4, 1975, Public Law 93-638 (25 U.S.C. §§ 450-450m), known as the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act, is amended by adding in section 105(e) after 'to be employed by a tribal organization' the words ', the city of St. Paul, Alaska, the city of St. George, Alaska, upon incorpo- 25 USC 450i.

ration, or the Village Corporations of St. Paul and St. George Islands established pursuant to section 8 of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (Public Law 92-203)'.

43 USC 1607.

25 USC 450i note.

"(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any Native of the Pribilof Islands employed by the Federal government on October 28, 1983, shall be deemed to have been covered under chapters 81, 83, 85 and 87 of title 5, United States Code, on such date for the purposes of determining eligibility for continuity of benefits under section 105(e) of the Act of January 4, 1975 (Public Law 93-638), known as the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act.

5 USC 8101 *et seq.*, 8301 *et seq.*, 8501 *et seq.*, 8701 *et seq.*

25 USC 450i.

Regulations.

16 USC 1169.

"SEC. 211. The Secretary is authorized to prescribe such regulations as he deems necessary to carry out the provisions of this title.

"TITLE III—ENFORCEMENT

16 USC 1171.

"SEC. 301. (a) Every vessel subject to the jurisdiction of the United States that is employed in any manner in connection with a violation of the provision of this Act, including its tackle, apparel, furniture, appurtenances, cargo, and stores shall be subject to forfeiture; and all fur seals, or parts thereof, taken or retained in violation of this Act, or the monetary value thereof, shall be forfeited.

"(b) All provisions of law relating to the seizure, summary and judicial forfeiture, and condemnation of a vessel, including its tackle, apparel, furniture, appurtenances, cargo, and stores for violation of the customs laws, the disposition of such vessel, including its tackle, apparel, furniture, appurtenances, cargo, and stores or the proceeds from the sale thereof, and the remission or mitigation of such forfeitures shall apply to seizures and forfeitures incurred, or alleged to have been incurred, under the provisions of this Act, insofar as such provisions of law are applicable and not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act.

16 USC 1172.

"SEC. 302. (a) Enforcement of the provisions of this Act is the joint responsibility of the Secretary, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating. In addition, the Secretary may designate officers and employees of the States of the United States to enforce the provisions of this Act which relate to persons or vessels subject to the jurisdiction of the United States. When so designated, such officers and employees are authorized to function as Federal law enforcement agents for these purposes; but they shall not be held and considered as employees of the United States for the purpose of any laws administered by the Office of Personnel Management.

Warrants.

"(b) The judges of the United States district courts and United States magistrates may, within their respective jurisdictions, upon proper oath or affirmation showing probable cause, issue such warrants or other process, including warrants or other process issued in admiralty proceedings in Federal district courts, as may be required for enforcement of this Act and any regulations issued thereunder.

"(c) Any person authorized to carry out enforcement activities hereunder shall have the power to execute any warrant or process issued by any officer or court of competent jurisdiction for the enforcement of this Act.

"(d) Such person so authorized shall have the power—

"(1) with or without a warrant or other process, to arrest any person committing in his presence or view a violation of this Act or the regulations issued thereunder;

"(2) with a warrant or other process or without a warrant, if he has reasonable cause to believe that a vessel subject to the jurisdiction of the United States or any person onboard is in violation of any provision of this Act or the regulations issued thereunder, to search such vessel and to arrest such person.

"(e) Such person so authorized may seize any vessel subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, together with its tackle, apparel, furniture, appurtenances, cargo, and stores, used or employed contrary to the provisions of this Act or the regulations issued hereunder or which it reasonably appears has been used or employed contrary to the provisions of this Act or the regulations issued hereunder. Seizure of vessel.

"(f) Such person so authorized may seize, whenever and wherever lawfully found, all fur seals taken or retained in violation of this Act or the regulations issued thereunder. Any fur seals so seized or forfeited to the United States pursuant to this Act shall be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of section 105 of this Act.

"SEC. 303. The Secretary is authorized to prescribe such regulations as he deems necessary and appropriate to carry out the provisions of this title. Regulations. 16 USC 1173.

"SEC. 304. (a) Any person who knowingly violates any provision of this Act or of any permit or regulation issued thereunder shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than $20,000 for such violation, or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both. Penalties. 16 USC 1174.

"(b) Any person who violates any provision of this Act or any regulation or permit issued hereunder may be assessed a civil penalty by the Secretary of not more than $10,000 for each such violation. No penalty shall be assessed unless such person is given notice and opportunity for a hearing with respect to such violation. Hearings held during proceedings for the assessment of civil penalties authorized by this subsection shall be conducted in accordance with section 554 of title 5. The Secretary may issue subpoenas for the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of relevant papers, books, and documents, and administer oaths. Witnesses summoned shall be paid the same fees and mileage that are paid to witnesses in the courts of the United States. In case of contumacy or refusal to obey a subpoena served upon any person pursuant to this paragraph, the district court of the United States for any district in which such person is found or resides or transacts business, upon application by the United States and after notice to such person, shall have jurisdiction to issue an order requiring such person to appear and give testimony before the Secretary or to appear and produce documents before the Secretary, or both, and any failure to obey such order of the court may be punished by such court as a contempt thereof. Any civil penalty assessed may be remitted or mitigated by the Secretary for good cause shown. Upon any failure to pay a penalty assessed under this subsection, the Secretary may request the Attorney General to institute civil action in a district court of the United States for any district in which such person is found, resides, or transacts business to collect the penalty, and such court shall have jurisdiction to hear and decide any such action. Hearings. Subpoenas. Fees and mileage.

"SEC. 305. (a) There are authorized to be appropriated to the operations, research, and facilities account of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration in the Department of Commerce, such sums as may be necessary, up to $2,000,000, for fiscal year 1984 for the purpose of upgrading Federal property to be transferred Appropriation authorization. 16 USC 1175.

pursuant to section 205 of this Act, $736,000 for fiscal year 1984 for the purposes of sections 104 and 208 of this Act and such sums as may be necessary for each fiscal year thereafter for the purposes of sections 104 and 208 of this Act.

Contract authority.

"(b) The contract authority of the Secretary under this Act is effective for any fiscal year only to the extent that appropriations are available for such purposes.".

Approved October 14, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2840:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-213 (Comm. on Merchant Marine and Fisheries).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-212 (Comm. on Commerce, Science, and Transportation).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
May 23, considered and passed House.
Aug. 4, considered and passed Senate, amended.
Sept. 26, House concurred in Senate amendment with an amendment.
Sept. 28, Senate concurred in House amendment.

Public Law 98-130
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

To designate the day of October 22, 1983 as "Metropolitan Opera Day".

Oct. 14, 1983
[S.J. Res. 128]

Whereas the Metropolitan Opera is one of the world's premier performing arts organizations and has an audience larger than that of any other such organization in the world;

Whereas the Metropolitan Opera, since its first performance one hundred years ago on October 22, 1883, has provided the finest quality in opera to audiences throughout the Nation;

Whereas the Metropolitan Opera pioneered radio presentations of live opera, performing on radio for more than forty years and more recently on television;

Whereas the Metropolitan Opera has toured the United States since its founding in 1883;

Whereas the Metropolitan Opera provides educational services to the people of the United States by generously encouraging and training young artists and by providing technical and managerial assistance to other opera companies in the Nation;

Whereas the Metropolitan Opera has presented renowned performing arts companies from all over the world at the Opera House;

Whereas the Metropolitan Opera House, which is maintained by the company, is one of the Nation's treasures and one of the greatest performing arts theaters in the world; and

Whereas, throughout its long history, the Metropolitan Opera Company has fostered generations of music lovers and has enriched and inspired this Nation: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation designating October 22, 1983, the one hundredth anniversary of its first performance, as "Metropolitan Opera Day" throughout these United States.

Metropolitan Opera Day.

Approved October 14, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 128:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Sept. 20, considered and passed Senate.
Oct. 4, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-131
98th Congress

An Act

Oct. 17, 1983
[H.R. 3835]

To designate the United States Post Office Building in Oshkosh, Wisconsin, as the "William A. Steiger Post Office Building".

William A. Steiger Post Office Building. Designation.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the United States Post Office Building located at 1025 West 20th Avenue, Oshkosh, Wisconsin, shall hereafter be known and designated as the "William A. Steiger Post Office Building". Any reference in any law, map, regulation, document, record, or other paper of the United States to that building shall be deemed to be a reference to the "William A. Steiger Post Office Building".

Approved October 17, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3835:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Oct. 5, considered and passed House.
Oct. 6, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-132
98th Congress

An Act

To designate the Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine as the "Henry M. Jackson Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine", and for other purposes.

Oct. 17, 1983
[S. 1894]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) the Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine established pursuant to section 178 of title 10, United States Code, shall be designated and hereafter known as the "Henry M. Jackson Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine", in honor of the late Henry M. Jackson, United States Senator from the State of Washington. Any reference to the Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine in any law, regulation, document, record, or other paper of the United States shall be held and considered to be a reference to the "Henry M. Jackson Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine".

Henry M. Jackson Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine. Designation.
10 USC 178 note.
Ante, p. 200.

(b) The Council of Directors referred to in subsection (c) of section 178 of such title shall take such action as is necessary under the Corporations and Associations Articles of the State of Maryland to amend the corporate name of the Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine established under such section to reflect the designation made by the first sentence of subsection (a).

SEC. 2. (a)(1) Section 178 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(A) by inserting "The Henry M. Jackson" before "Foundation" in the section heading; and

(B) by inserting "Henry M. Jackson" before "Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine" in subsection (a).

(2) The item in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 7 of such title relating to section 178 is amended to read as follows:

"178. The Henry M. Jackson Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine.".

(b) Section 2113(j) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting "Henry M. Jackson" before "Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine" each place it appears.

Ante, p. 201.

Approved October 17, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1894:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Sept. 30, considered and passed Senate.
Oct. 5, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-133
98th Congress

An Act

Oct. 18, 1983
[H.R. 1556]

To authorize the conveyance of the Liberty ship John W. Brown.

Liberty ship John W. Brown. Vessel conveyance.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Transportation (hereinafter in this Act referred to as the "Secretary") may convey, subject to such conditions he deems appropriate and subject to the conditions set forth in section 2, the right, title, and interest of the United States in the vessel John W. Brown to a nonprofit corporation (hereinafter in this Act referred to as the "recipient") for use as a merchant marine memorial. If such a conveyance is made, the Secretary shall deliver the vessel to the recipient at the place where the vessel is located on the date of the enactment of this Act, in its present condition, without cost to the United States.

SEC. 2. The conveyance of the vessel John W. Brown under the first section of this Act shall be subject to the following conditions:

(1) The recipient shall use the vessel as a nonprofit merchant marine memorial museum and may not use it for commercial transportation purposes.

(2) If the United States has need for the vessel at a later date, the recipient, at the request of the Secretary, shall make the vessel available to the United States without cost to the United States.

(3) In the event the recipient no longer requires the vessel for use as a merchant marine memorial museum, the recipient shall, at the discretion of the Secretary, reconvey the vessel to the United States in as good a condition as when it was received from the United States, except for ordinary wear and tear, and shall deliver it to the United States at the place where the vessel was delivered to the recipient.

SEC. 3. Nothing in this Act shall require the Secretary to retain this vessel in the Reserve Fleet for a period longer than two years from the date of enactment.

Ante, p. 217.

SEC. 4. Section 202 of the Act of July 12, 1983 (Public Law 98-44), is amended by striking "July 1, 1983," and substituting "August 1, 1983,".

Approved October 18, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 1556:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-261 (Comm. on Merchant Marine and Fisheries).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Aug. 2, considered and passed House.
Sept. 30, considered and passed Senate, amended.
Oct. 6, House concurred in Senate amendment.

Public Law 98-134
98th Congress

An Act

To settle certain claims of the Mashantucket Pequot Indians.

Oct. 18, 1983
[S. 1499]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Mashantucket Pequot Indian Claims Settlement Act".

Mashantucket Pequot Indian Claims Settlement Act. 25 USC 1751 note.

CONGRESSIONAL FINDINGS

SEC. 2. The Congress finds that—

(a) there is pending before the United States District Court for the District of Connecticut a civil action entitled "Western Pequot Tribe of Indians against Holdridge Enterprises Incorporated, et al., Civil Action Numbered H76-193 (D. Conn.)," which involves Indian claims to certain public and private lands within the town of Ledyard, Connecticut;

(b) the pendency of this lawsuit has placed a cloud on the titles to much of the land in the town of Ledyard, including lands not involved in the lawsuit, which has resulted in severe economic hardships for the residents of the town;

(c) the Congress shares with the State of Connecticut and the parties to the lawsuit a desire to remove all clouds on titles resulting from such Indian land claims;

(d) the parties to the lawsuit and others interested in the settlement of Indian land claims within the State of Connecticut have reached an agreement which requires implementing legislation by the Congress of the United States and the Legislature of the State of Connecticut;

(e) the Western Pequot Tribe, as represented as of the time of the passage of this Act by the Mashantucket Pequot Tribal Council, is the sole successor in interest to the aboriginal entity generally known as the Western Pequot Tribe which years ago claimed aboriginal title to certain lands in the State of Connecticut; and

(f) the State of Connecticut is contributing twenty acres of land owned by the State of Connecticut to fulfill this Act. The State of Connecticut will construct and repair three sections of paved or gravel roadways within the reservation of the Tribe. The State of Connecticut has provided special services to the members of the Western Pequot Tribe residing within its borders. The United States has provided few, if any, special services to the Western Pequot Tribe and has denied that it had jurisdiction over or responsibility for said Tribe. In view of the provision of land by the State of Connecticut, the provision of paved roadways by the State of Connecticut, and the provision of special services by the State of Connecticut without being required to do so by Federal law, it is the intent of Congress that the State of Connecticut not be required to otherwise contribute directly to this claims settlement.

25 USC 1751.

DEFINITIONS

25 USC 1752.

SEC. 3. For the purposes of this Act—

(1) The term "Tribe" means the Mashantucket Pequot Tribe (also known as the Western Pequot Tribe) as identified by chapter 832 of the Connecticut General Statutes and all its predecessors and successors in interest. The Mashantucket Pequot Tribe is represented, as of the date of the enactment of this Act, by the Mashantucket Pequot Tribal Council.

(2) The term "land or natural resources" means any real property or natural resources, or any interest in or right involving any real property or natural resources, including without limitation minerals and mineral rights, timber and timber rights, water and water rights, and hunting and fishing rights.

(3) The term "private settlement lands" means—

(A) the eight hundred acres, more or less, of privately held land which are identified by a red outline on a map filed with the secretary of the State of Connecticut in accordance with the agreement referred to in section 2(d) of this Act, and

(B) the lands known as the Cedar Swamp which are adjacent to the Mashantucket Pequot Reservation as it exists on the date of the enactment of this Act. Within thirty days of the enactment of this Act, the secretary of the State of Connecticut shall transmit to the Secretary a certified copy of said map.

(4) The term "settlement lands" means—

(A) the lands described in sections 2(a) and 3 of the Act To Implement the Settlement of the Mashantucket Pequot Indian Land Claims as enacted by the State of Connecticut and approved on June 9, 1982, and

(B) the private settlement lands.

(5) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior.

(6) The term "transfer" means any transaction involving, or any transaction the purpose of which was to effect, a change in title to or control of any land or natural resources, and any act, event, or circumstance that resulted in a change in title to, possession of, dominion over, or control of land or natural resources, including any sale, grant, lease, allotment, partition, or conveyance, whether pursuant to a treaty, compact, or statute of a State or otherwise.

(7) The term "reservation" means the existing reservation of the Tribe as defined by chapter 824 of the Connecticut General Statutes and any settlement lands taken in trust by the United States for the Tribe.

APPROVAL OF PRIOR TRANSFERS; EXTINGUISHMENT OF ABORIGINAL TITLES AND INDIAN CLAIMS

25 USC 1753.

SEC. 4. (a) Any transfer before the date of enactment of this Act from, by, or on behalf of the Tribe or any of its members of land or natural resources located anywhere within the United States, and any transfer before the date of enactment of this Act from, by, or on behalf of any Indian, Indian nation, or tribe or band of Indians of land or natural resources located anywhere within the town of Ledyard, Connecticut, shall be deemed to have been made in accordance with the Constitution and all laws of the United States,

including without limitation the Trade and Intercourse Act of 1790, Act of July 22, 1790 (ch. 33, sec. 4, 1 Stat. 137, 138), and all amendments thereto and all subsequent reenactments and versions thereof, and Congress hereby does approve and ratify any such transfer effective as of the date of said transfer.

(b) By virtue of the approval and ratification of a transfer of land or natural resources effected by subsection (a), any aboriginal title held by the Tribe or any member of the Tribe, or any other Indian, Indian nation, or tribe or band of Indians, to any land or natural resources the transfer of which was approved and ratified by subsection (a) shall be regarded as extinguished as of the date of such transfer.

(c) By virtue of the approval and ratification of a transfer of land or natural resources effected by this section, or the extinguishment of aboriginal title effected thereby, any claim (including any claim for damages for trespass or for use and occupancy) by, or on behalf of, the Tribe or any member of the Tribe or by any other Indian, Indian nation, or tribe or band of Indians, against the United States, any State or subdivision thereof or any other person which is based on—

(1) any interest in or right involving any land or natural resources the transfer of which was approved and ratified by subsection (a), or

(2) any aboriginal title to land or natural resources the extinguishment of which was effected by subsection (b),

shall be regarded as extinguished as of the date of any such transfer.

(d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect or eliminate the personal claim of any individual Indian (except for Federal common law fraud claim) which is pursued under any law of general applicability that protects non-Indians as well as Indians.

(e)(1) This section shall take effect upon the appropriation of $900,000 as authorized under section 5(e) of this Act. Effective date.

(2) The Secretary shall publish notice of such appropriation in the Federal Register when the funds are deposited in the fund established under section 5(a) of this Act. Notice, publication in Federal Register.

MASHANTUCKET PEQUOT SETTLEMENT FUND

SEC. 5. (a) There is hereby established in the United States Treasury an account to be known as the Mashantucket Pequot Settlement Fund (hereinafter referred to in this section as the "Fund"). The Fund shall be held in trust by the Secretary for the benefit of the Tribe and administered in accordance with this Act. Establishment. 25 USC 1754.

(b)(1) The Secretary is authorized and directed to expend, at the request of the Tribe, the Fund together with any and all income accruing to such Fund in accordance with this subsection. Expenditure.

(2) Not less than $600,000 of the Fund shall be available until January 1, 1985, for the acquisition by the Secretary of private settlement lands. Subsequent to January 1, 1985, the Secretary shall determine whether and to what extent an amount less than $600,000 has been expended to acquire private settlement lands and shall make that amount available to the Tribe to be used in accordance with the economic development plan approved pursuant to paragraph (3). Private settlement lands.

(3)(A) The Secretary shall disburse all or part of the Fund together with any and all income accruing to such Fund (excepting the Disbursement.

amount reserved in paragraph (2)) according to a plan to promote the economic development of the Tribe.

Economic development plan.

(B) The Tribe shall submit an economic development plan to the Secretary and the Secretary shall approve such plan within sixty days of its submission if he finds that it is reasonably related to the economic development of the Tribe. If the Secretary does not approve such plan, he shall, at the time of his decision, set forth in writing and with particularity, the reasons for his disapproval.

Disapproval notice.

Waiver of liability.

25 USC 162a.

(C) The Secretary may not agree to terms which provide for the investment of the Fund in a manner inconsistent with the first section of the Act of June 24, 1938 (52 Stat. 1037), unless the Tribe first submits a specific waiver of liability on the part of the United States for any loss which may result from such an investment.

(D) The Tribe may, with the approval of the Secretary, alter the economic development plan subject to the conditions set forth in subparagraph (B).

(4) Under no circumstances shall any part of the Fund be distributed to any member of the Tribe unless pursuant to the economic development plan approved by the Secretary under paragraph (3).

Trust responsibility.

(5) As the Fund or any portion thereof is disbursed by the Secretary in accordance with this section, the United States shall have no further trust responsibility to the Tribe or its members with respect to the sums paid, any subsequent expenditures of these sums, or any property other than private settlement lands or services purchased with these sums.

Terms.

(6) Until the Tribe has submitted and the Secretary has approved the terms of the use of the Fund, the Secretary shall fix the terms for the administration of the portion of the Fund as to which there is no agreement.

(7) Lands or natural resources acquired under this subsection which are located within the settlement lands shall be held in trust by the United States for the benefit of the Tribe.

Trust responsibility.

(8) Land or natural resources acquired under this subsection which are located outside of the settlement lands shall be held in fee by the Mashantucket Pequot Tribe, and the United States shall have no further trust responsibility with respect to such land and natural resources. Such land and natural resources shall not be subject to any restriction against alienation under the laws of the United States.

Land or natural resources, acquisition.
40 USC 257.
40 USC 258a.

(9) Notwithstanding the provisions of the first section of the Act of August 1, 1888 (25 Stat. 357, chapter 728), as amended, and the first section of the Act of February 26, 1931 (46 Stat. 1421, chapter 307), the Secretary may acquire land or natural resources under this section from the ostensible owner of the land or natural resources only if the Secretary and the ostensible owner of the land or natural resources have agreed upon the identity of the land or natural resources to be sold and upon the purchase price and other terms of sale. Subject to the agreement required by the preceding sentence, the Secretary may institute condemnation proceedings in order to perfect title, satisfactory to the Attorney General, in the United States and condemn interests adverse to the ostensible owner.

Condemnation proceedings.

Involuntary conversion.
26 USC 1.

(c) For the purpose of subtitle A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, any transfer of private settlement lands to which subsection (b) applies shall be deemed to be an involuntary conversion within the meaning of section 1033 of such Code.

26 USC 1033.

(d) The Secretary may not expend on behalf of the Tribe any sums deposited in the Fund established pursuant to subsection (a) of this

section unless and until he finds that authorized officials of the Tribe have executed appropriate documents relinquishing all claims to the extent provided by sections 4 and 10 of this Act, including stipulations to the final judicial dismissal with prejudice of its claims.

(e) There is authorized to be appropriated $900,000 to be deposited in the Fund. Appropriation authorization.

JURISDICTION OVER RESERVATION

SEC. 6. Notwithstanding the provision relating to a special election in section 406 of the Act of April 11, 1968 (82 Stat. 80; 25 U.S.C. 1326), the reservation of the Tribe is declared to be Indian country subject to State jurisdiction to the maximum extent provided in title IV of such Act. 25 USC 1755. 25 USC 1321.

LIMITATION OF ACTIONS: FEDERAL COURT JURISDICTION

SEC. 7. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the constitutionality of this Act may not be drawn into question in any action unless such question has been raised in— Constitutionality. 25 USC 1756.

(1) a pleading contained in a complaint filed before the end of the one-hundred-and-eighty-day period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act, or

(2) an answer contained in a reply to a complaint before the end of such period.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, exclusive jurisdiction of any action in which the constitutionality of this Act is drawn into question is vested in the United States District Court for the District of Connecticut.

(c) Any action to which subsection (a) applies and which is brought in the court of any State may be removed by the defendant to the United States District Court for the District of Connecticut.

(d) Except as provided in this Act, no provision of this Act shall be construed to constitute a jurisdictional act, to confer jurisdiction to sue, or to grant implied consent to any Indian, Indian nation, or tribe or band of Indians to sue the United States or any of its officers with respect to the claims extinguished by the operation of this Act.

RESTRICTION AGAINST ALIENATION

SEC. 8. (a) Subject to subsection (b), lands within the reservation which are held in trust by the Secretary for the benefit of the Tribe or which are subject to a Federal restraint against alienation at any time after the date of the enactment of this Act shall be subject to the laws of the United States relating to Indian lands, including section 2116 of the Revised Statutes (25 U.S.C. 177). 25 USC 1757.

(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), the Tribe may lease lands for any term of years to the Mashantucket Pequot Housing Authority, or any successor in interest to such Authority. Land leases.

EXTENSION OF FEDERAL RECOGNITION AND PRIVILEGES

SEC. 9. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, Federal recognition is extended to the Tribe. Except as otherwise provided in this Act, all laws and regulations of the United States of general application to Indians or Indian nations, tribes or bands of Indians 25 USC 1758.

which are not inconsistent with any specific provision of this Act shall be applicable to the Tribe.

Organic governing document.

(b) The Tribe shall file with the Secretary a copy of its organic governing document and any amendments thereto. Such instrument must be consistent with the terms of this Act and the Act to Implement the Settlement of the Mashantucket Pequot Indian Land Claim as enacted by the State of Connecticut and approved June 9, 1982.

Federal services and benefits, eligibility.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Tribe and members of the Tribe shall be eligible for all Federal services and benefits furnished to federally recognized Indian tribes as of the date of enactment of this Act.

OTHER CLAIMS DISCHARGED BY THIS ACT

25 USC 1759.

SEC. 10. Except as expressly provided herein, this Act shall constitute a general discharge and release of all obligations of the State of Connecticut and all of its political subdivisions, agencies, departments, and all of the officers or employees thereof arising from any treaty or agreement with, or on behalf of the Tribe or the United States as trustee therefor.

INSEPARABILITY

Provisions held invalid.
25 USC 1760.

SEC. 11. In the event that any provision of section 4 of this Act is held invalid, it is the intent of Congress that the entire Act be invalidated. In the event that any other section or provision of this Act is held invalid, it is the intent of Congress that the remaining sections of this Act shall continue in full force and effect.

Approved October 18, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1499 (S. 366) (H.R. 982):

SENATE REPORT No. 98-222 (Comm. on Indian Affairs).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Sept. 30, considered and passed Senate.
Oct. 4, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-135
98th Congress

An Act

To extend the Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982, and for other purposes.

Oct. 24, 1983
[H.R. 3929]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

Federal Supplemental Compensation Amendments of 1983.
26 USC 3304 note.

This Act may be cited as the "Federal Supplemental Compensation Amendments of 1983".

TITLE I—EXTENSION OF FEDERAL SUPPLEMENTAL COMPENSATION PROGRAM

SEC. 101. EXTENSION OF FEDERAL SUPPLEMENTAL COMPENSATION PROGRAM.

(a) GENERAL RULE.—Paragraph (2) of section 602(f) of the Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982 is amended to read as follows:

26 USC 3304 note.

"(2) No Federal supplemental compensation shall be payable to any individual under an agreement entered into under this subtitle for any week beginning after March 31, 1985."

(b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—Paragraph (2) of section 605 of such Act is amended by striking out "October 19, 1983 (except as otherwise provided in section 602(f)(2))" and inserting in lieu thereof "April 1, 1985".

Ante, pp. 143, 803.

SEC. 102. NUMBER OF WEEKS FOR WHICH BENEFITS ARE PAYABLE.

(a) GENERAL RULE.—Subsection (e) of section 602 of the Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982 is amended by striking out paragraphs (2) and (3) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Ante, p. 141.

"(2)(A)(i) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the amount established in such account shall be equal to the lesser of—

"(I) 55 per centum of the total amount of regular compensation (including dependents' allowances) payable to the individual with respect to the benefit year (as determined under the State law) on the basis of which he most recently received regular compensation, or

"(II) the applicable limit times his average weekly benefit amount for his benefit year.

"(ii) For purposes of clause (i)—

Applicable limit.

"(I) in the case of an account from which Federal supplemental compensation was payable to an individual for a week beginning before October 19, 1983, the applicable limit shall be the applicable limit in effect in the State under this paragraph (as in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of the Federal Supplemental Compensation Amendments of 1983) for the last week beginning before October 19, 1983, or

"(II) in the case of an account from which Federal supplemental compensation is first payable for a week beginning after October 18, 1983, the applicable limit shall be the applicable limit determined under the following table with respect to the first week for which Federal supplemental compensation is payable from such account:

"In the case of weeks during a:	The applicable limit is:
6-percent period	14
5-percent period	12
4-percent period	10
Low-unemployment period	8.

Additional entitlement.

"(B) In the case of any account from which Federal supplemental compensation was first payable for a week which begins after March 31, 1983, and before October 19, 1983, the amount established in such account under subparagraph (A) shall be increased by the individual's additional entitlement. In no event shall such increase result in the individual's receiving more Federal supplemental compensation for weeks beginning after October 18, 1983, than the subparagraph (A) entitlement.

Definitions.

"(C) For purposes of subparagraph (B) and this subparagraph—

"(i) The term 'additional entitlement' means the lesser of—

"(I) ¾ of the subparagraph (A) entitlement, or

"(II) the individual's average weekly benefit amount for the benefit year multiplied by the applicable limit determined under clause (ii).

Applicable limit.

"(ii) The applicable limit determined under this clause is—

"(I) 5 if all of the amount in the individual's Federal supplemental compensation account (determined without regard to subparagraph (B)) is payable to the individual for weeks beginning before October 18, 1983, and

"(II) in the case of an individual not described in subclause (I), 4 (2 if the State is in a 4-percent period or a low-unemployment period for the first week beginning after October 18, 1983).

"(iii) The term 'subparagraph (A) entitlement' means the amount which would have been established in the account if Federal supplemental compensation were first payable from such account for the first week beginning after October 18, 1983.

"(3)(A) For purposes of this subsection, the terms '6-percent period', '5-percent period', '4-percent period', and 'low-unemployment period', mean, with respect to any State, the period which—

"(i) begins with the third week after the first week for which the applicable trigger is on, and

"(ii) ends with the second week after the first week for which the applicable trigger is off.

Applicable trigger.

"(B)(i) In the case of a 6-percent period, 5-percent period, 4-percent period, or low-unemployment period, as the case may be, the applicable trigger is on for any week if—

"(I) the rate of insured unemployment in the State for the period consisting of such week and the immediately preceding 12 weeks falls within the applicable range, or

"(II) the rate of insured unemployment in the State for the period consisting of the last week beginning in the second calendar quarter ending before the week for which the trigger determination is being made and all weeks preceding such last week which began on or after January 1, 1982, equals or exceeds

5.5 percent in the case of a 6-percent period (or, in the case of a 5-percent period, equals or exceeds 4.5 percent but is less than 5.5 percent).

Subclause (II) shall not apply in the case of a 4-percent period or low-unemployment period.

"(ii) In the case of a 6-percent period, 5-percent period, 4-percent period, or low-unemployment period, as the case may be, the applicable trigger is off for any week if subclause (I) of clause (i) is not satisfied (or in the case of a 6-percent period or a 5-percent period, both subclauses (I) and (II) of clause (i) are not satisfied).

"(iii) In the case of any 5-percent period, 4-percent period, or low-unemployment period, as the case may be, notwithstanding clauses (i) and (ii), the applicable trigger shall be off for any week if the applicable trigger for a period with a higher applicable limit is on for such week.

"(C) For purposes of this paragraph, the applicable range is as follows:

"In the case of a:	The applicable range is:
6-percent period	A rate equal to or exceeding 6 percent.
5-percent period	A rate equal to or exceeding 5 percent but less than 6 percent.
4-percent period	A rate equal to or exceeding 4 percent but less than 5 percent.
Low-unemployment period	A rate less than 4 percent.

"(D)(i) No 6-percent period, 5-percent period, 4-percent period, or low-unemployment period, as the case may be, which is in effect for the first week beginning after October 18, 1983, or any week thereafter, shall last for a period of less than 13 weeks beginning after October 18, 1983.

"(ii) The applicable limit in any State shall not be reduced or increased by more than 2 during any 13-week period beginning with the week for which such a reduction (or increase) would otherwise take effect. The preceding sentence shall not apply to any increase (or decrease) which takes effect for the first week beginning after October 18, 1983. Applicable limit.

"(E) For purposes of this subsection—

"(i) The rate of insured unemployment for any period shall be determined in the same manner as determined for purposes of section 203 of the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970; except that, for purposes of determining the rate of insured unemployment for the period described in subparagraph (B)(i)(II), the rate of insured unemployment shall be determined by reference to the average monthly covered employment under the State law for so much of such period as does not fall in the last 6 months thereof. Insured unemployment rate. 26 USC 3304 note.

"(ii) The amount of an individual's average weekly benefit amount shall be determined in the same manner as determined for purposes of section 202(b)(1)(C) of such Act." Average weekly benefit. 26 USC 3304 note.

(b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—Paragraph (3) of section 602(d) of such Act is amended by striking out "or (D)(ii)". *Ante*, p. 143.

SEC. 103. EFFECTIVE DATES. 26 USC 3304 note.

(a) GENERAL RULE.—The amendments made by this title shall apply to weeks beginning after October 18, 1983.

(b) TRANSITIONAL RULE.—In the case of any eligible individual who exhausted his rights to Federal supplemental compensation (by

reason of the payment of all of the amount in his Federal supplemental compensation account) before the first week beginning after October 18, 1983, such individual's eligibility for additional weeks of compensation by reason of the amendments made by this title shall not be limited or terminated by reason of any event, or failure to meet any requirement of law relating to eligibility for unemployment compensation, occurring after the date of such exhaustion of rights and before the beginning of the first week beginning after October 18, 1983 (and the period after such exhaustion and before the beginning of such first week shall not be counted for purposes of determining the expiration of the two years following the end of his benefit year for purposes of section 602(b) of the Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982).

Proposal.

(c) MODIFICATION OF AGREEMENTS.—The Secretary of Labor shall, at the earliest practicable date, after the date of the enactment of this Act, propose to each State with which he has in effect an agreement under section 602 of the Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982 a modification of such agreement designed to provide for the payment of Federal supplemental compensation under such Act in accordance with the amendments made by this title. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if any State fails or refuses within the three-week period beginning on the date the Secretary of Labor proposes such modification to such State, to enter into such modification of such agreement, the Secretary of Labor shall terminate such agreement effective with the end of the last week which ends on or before the close of such three-week period.

26 USC 3304 note.

Termination.

(d) NEW PERIODS BEGIN WITH FIRST WEEK AFTER OCTOBER 18, 1983.—For purposes of determining whether any 6-percent period, 5-percent period, 4-percent period, or low-unemployment period is in effect during weeks beginning after October 18, 1983, the amendments made by this title shall be treated as in effect during all periods before the first week beginning after October 18, 1983.

TITLE II—OTHER PROVISIONS

PAYMENT TO SURVIVORS OF DECEASED EMPLOYEES

SEC. 201. (a) Subsection (b) of section 3306 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (defining wages) is amended by striking out "or" at the end of paragraph (13), by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (14) and inserting in lieu thereof "; or", and by inserting after paragraph (14) the following new paragraph:

Ante, p. 127.

"(15) any payment made by an employer to a survivor or the estate of a former employee after the calendar year in which such employee died.".

Effective date. 26 USC 3306 note.

(b) The amendments made by subsection (a) shall apply to remuneration paid after the date of the enactment of this Act.

TREATMENT OF CERTAIN AGRICULTURAL LABOR

SEC. 202. Subparagraph (B) of section 3306(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to agricultural labor) is amended by striking out "January 1, 1984" and inserting in lieu thereof "January 1, 1986".

26 USC 3306.

REPORT BY SECRETARY OF LABOR

SEC. 203. Not later than April 1, 1984, the Secretary of Labor shall submit a report to the Congress on— Submittal to Congress.

(1) the feasibility of using area triggers in unemployment compensation programs, and

(2) the feasibility of determining whether individuals filing claims for unemployment compensation are structurally unemployed.

INCREASE IN TITLE XX FUNDING

SEC. 204. Section 2003(c) of the Social Security Act is amended— 42 USC 1397b.

(1) by adding "and" at the end of paragraph (2); and

(2) by striking out paragraphs (3), (4), and (5), and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(3) $2,700,000,000 for the fiscal year 1984 and each succeeding fiscal year.".

DIRECT REPAYMENT OF GENERAL REVENUE ADVANCES

SEC. 205. (a) Section 1203 of the Social Security Act is amended by inserting after the first sentence the following: "Amounts appropriated as repayable advances shall be repaid, without interest, by transfers from the Federal unemployment account to the general fund of the Treasury, at such times as the amount in the Federal unemployment account is determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary of Labor, to be adequate for such purpose. Any amount transferred as a repayment under this section shall be credited against, and shall operate to reduce, any balance of advances repayable under this section.". 42 USC 1323.

(b) Any amounts transferred from the Federal unemployment account to the employment security administration account as of September 30, 1983, shall be transferred back to the Federal unemployment account. 42 USC 1323 note.

ARRANGEMENTS TO PREVENT PAYMENTS OF UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION TO RETIREES AND PRISONERS

SEC. 206. (a) The Secretary of Labor, the Director of the Office of Personnel Management, and the Attorney General are directed to enter into arrangements to make available to the States, computer or other data regarding current and retired Federal employees and Federal prisoners so that States may review the eligibility of these individuals for unemployment compensation, and take action where appropriate. 26 USC 3304 note.

(b) The Secretary of Labor shall report to the Congress, prior to January 31, 1984, on arrangements which have been entered into under subsection (a), and any arrangements which could be entered into with other appropriate State agencies, for the purpose of ensuring that unemployment compensation is not paid to retired individuals or prisoners in violation of law. The report shall include any recommendations for further legislation which might be necessary to aid in preventing such payments. Report to Congress.

MAUREEN AND MIKE MANSFIELD FOUNDATION

Financial assistance.

SEC. 207. (a) The Secretary of Education is authorized to provide financial assistance in accordance with the provisions of this section to the Maureen and Mike Mansfield Foundation to assist in the development of the Mansfield Center for Pacific Affairs and the Maureen and Mike Mansfield Center at the University of Montana.

(b) No financial assistance provided under this section may be made except upon an application at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary of Education may require.

Appropriation authorization.

(c) There are authorized to be appropriated such sums, not to exceed $5,000,000, as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this section. Funds appropriated pursuant to this section shall remain available until expended.

Approved October 24, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3929 (H.R. 4101) (S. 1887):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 98-377 (Comm. on Ways and Means) and No. 98-428 (Comm. of Conference).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-240 accompanying S. 1887 (Comm. on Finance).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Sept. 29, considered and passed House.
Sept. 29, 30, S. 1887 considered in Senate.
Sept. 30, H.R. 3929 considered and passed Senate, amended, in lieu of S. 1887.
Oct. 21, House and Senate agreed to conference report.

Public Law 98-136
98th Congress

An Act

To provide for the striking of medals to commemorate the Louisiana World Exposition.

Oct. 24, 1983
[H.R. 3321]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in commemoration of the Louisiana World Exposition to be held at New Orleans, Louisiana, in 1984, the Secretary of the Treasury (hereinafter referred to as the "Secretary") is authorized and directed to strike and deliver to Louisiana World Exposition, Incorporated, a nonprofit corporation, not more than seven hundred and fifty thousand medals, with suitable emblems, devices, and inscriptions to be determined by the Secretary in cooperation with the Exposition corporation. The medals, which may be disposed of by the corporation at a premium, may be delivered at such times as may be required by the corporation in quantities of not less than two thousand, but no medals shall be struck by the Secretary after December 31, 1984.

Louisiana World Exposition, commemorative medals.

SEC. 2. The Secretary shall cause such medals to be struck and delivered at not less than the cost of manufacture, including labor, materials, dies, use of machinery, and overhead expenses, plus a surcharge equal to 10 per centum of such costs of manufacture. Security satisfactory to the Director of the Mint shall be furnished to indemnify the United States for full payment of such costs.

Cost.

SEC. 3. The medals authorized to be struck and delivered under this Act shall be struck in gold, silver, or bronze and of such size or sizes as shall be determined by the Secretary in consultation with the corporation.

Color and size.

SEC. 4. The medals, produced by the Secretary, shall be considered to be national medals for purposes of section 5111 of title 31, United States Code.

Approved October 24, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3321:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Oct. 17, considered and passed House.
Oct. 20, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-137
98th Congress

An Act

Oct. 25, 1983
[H.R. 1062]

To authorize the Secretary of the Interior to convey, without consideration, certain lands in Lane County, Oregon.

Lane County, Oreg. Land conveyance.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, the Secretary of the Interior may convey, without consideration, to any person claiming to have been deprived of title to any portion of real property in Lane County, Oregon, as a result of the Bureau of Land Management survey entitled "Resurvey and Subdivision of Section 31, Township 21 South, Range 1 West", dated November 12, 1959, all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to such portion of real property if application therefor, accompanied by such proof of title, description of land, and other information, as the Secretary of the Interior may require, is received by such Secretary within five years after the date of enactment of this Act.

JIM WRIGHT
Speaker pro Tempore.

HOWARD H. BAKER, JR.
Acting President of the Senate pro Tempore.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U.S.,
October 25, 1983.

The House of Representatives having proceeded to reconsider the bill (H.R. 1062) entitled "An Act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to convey, without consideration, certain lands in Lane County, Oregon", returned by the President of the United States with his objections, to the House of Representatives, in which it originated, it was

Resolved, That the said bill pass, two-thirds of the House of Representatives agreeing to pass the same.

BENJAMIN J. GUTHRIE
Clerk.

I certify that this Act originated in the House of Representatives.

BENJAMIN J. GUTHRIE
Clerk.

By W. Raymond Colley
Deputy Clerk.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES,
October 25 (legislative day, October 24), 1983.

The Senate having proceeded to reconsidered the bill (H.R. 1062) entitled "An Act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to convey, without consideration, certain lands in Lane County, Oregon", returned by the President of the United States with his objections, to

the House of Representatives, in which it originated, and passed by the House of Representatives on reconsideration of the same, it was

Resolved, That the said bill pass, two-thirds of the Senators present having voted in the affirmative.

Attest:

WILLIAM F. HILDENBRAND
Secretary.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 1062 (S. 1042):

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-84 (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-257 accompanying S. 1042 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Oct. 3, considered and passed House.
Oct. 6, considered and passed Senate.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 19, No. 42 (1983):
Oct. 19, Presidential veto message.
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Oct. 25, House and Senate overrode veto.

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Public Law 98-138
98th Congress

An Act

Oct. 28, 1983
[H.R. 3044]

To grant the consent of the Congress to an interstate agreement or compact relating to the restoration of Atlantic Salmon in the Connecticut River Basin, and to allow the Secretary of Commerce and the Secretary of the Interior to participate as members in a Connecticut River Atlantic Salmon Commission.

Connecticut River Basin Atlantic salmon compact, congressional consent.
Connecticut River Atlantic Salmon Commission.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Congress consents to the interstate compact relating to the restoration of Atlantic salmon to the Connecticut River Basin and creating the Connecticut River Atlantic Salmon Commission, which compact was entered into by the States of Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, and Vermont pursuant to the laws of those respective States and is set forth in the statutes of the States of Connecticut (P.A. 79-528), Massachusetts (Chap. 716, 1981), New Hampshire (108:1, 1979), and Vermont (1979, No. 89; Amended in 1981, No. 85:9) and reads substantially as follows:

"ARTICLE I

"The purpose of this compact is to promote the restoration of anadromous Atlantic salmon, hereinafter referred to as Atlantic salmon, in the Connecticut River Basin by the development of a joint interstate program for stocking, protection, management, research, and regulation. It is the purpose of this compact to restore Atlantic salmon to the Connecticut River in numbers as near as possible to their historical abundance.

"ARTICLE II

Effective date.

"This agreement shall become operative immediately whenever all of the States of Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Vermont have executed it in a form that is in accordance with the laws of the executing State and the Congress has given its consent.

"ARTICLE III

Representatives and members.

"Each State joining herein shall appoint two representatives to a commission hereby constituted and designated as the Connecticut River Atlantic Salmon Commission. One shall be the executive officer of the administrative agency of such State charged with the management of the fisheries resources to which this compact pertains or his designee. The second shall be a citizen who shall have a knowledge and interest in Atlantic salmon to be appointed by the Governor for a term of three years. The Director of the northeast region of the Fish and Wildlife Service, United States Department of the Interior or his designee and the Director of the northeast region of the National Marine Fisheries Service, United States Department of Commerce, or his designee shall be members of said commission.

The commission shall be a body corporate with the powers and duties set forth herein.

"ARTICLE IV

"The duty of said commission shall be to make inquiry and ascertain from time to time such methods, practices, circumstances, and conditions as may be disclosed for bringing about the restoration of Atlantic salmon in the Connecticut River and its tributaries. Duties.

"To promote restoration, preservation, and protection of Atlantic salmon in the Connecticut River Basin, the commission may draft and recommend to the Governors of the various signatory States legislation to accomplish this end. The commission shall, more than 60 days prior to any regular meeting of the legislature of any signatory State, present to the Governor of the States its recommendations relating to proposed enactments to be made by the legislature of the State in furthering the intents and purposes of this compact.

"The commission shall have the power to recommend to the States party hereto stocking programs, management procedures, and research projects and when two or more States party hereto shall jointly stock waters or undertake cooperative management or research, the commission shall act as the coordinating agency. The commission, using all available means, shall encourage acquisition by the signatory States of river bank, river bed, and access thereto.

"The commission shall consult with and advise the pertinent administrative agencies in the signatory States with regard to other anadromous species and their potential impact or the potential impact of sport fisheries and commercial fisheries for other anadromous species on the restoration of Atlantic salmon to the Connecticut River Basin.

"In the interest of developing a sound program of Atlantic salmon management, the commission shall promulgate regulations governing Atlantic salmon fishing in the mainstem of the Connecticut River in all four signatory States as hereinafter provided. Such regulations may: (1) establish the open and closed seasons for Atlantic salmon which may vary by river section, (2) establish hours, days, or periods during the open season when fishing for Atlantic salmon shall not be permitted in designated areas, (3) prescribe the legal methods of taking Atlantic salmon including the type of gear such as gaffs, landing nets, or tailers which may be used to assist in landing fish, (4) establish a minimum legal length for Atlantic salmon, (5) establish a daily creel limit, the season creel limit, and the possession limit for Atlantic salmon. Regulations.

"The commission shall recommend, review, and issue comments on such regulations as may be promulgated by the signatory States governing Atlantic salmon fishing in tributary streams. The States of Connecticut and Massachusetts agree to make available for broodstock, from fish taken in the fish passage facilities at the Rainbow Reservoir Dam and the Holyoke Power Company Dam, such numbers of adult Atlantic salmon as the commission deems necessary to carry out the Atlantic salmon restoration program. Recommendations, review, and comments.

"The commission shall have the power to issue a Connecticut River Basin Atlantic salmon license and the sale of such licenses shall be handled by the individual signatory States or their authorized agents. The individual signatory States shall be accountable to the commission for all such licenses and the moneys received therefrom. The initial fee for such licenses shall be determined by Licenses and fees.

majority vote of the commission but shall not exceed the maximum resident angling license fee of the signatory States except that the commission may upon determination of need and with the unanimous approval of its membership increase such license and issuing fee. The individual signatory States or their issuing agents may retain a recording fee up to 50 cents for each license issued. Forms for such license shall be provided to the signatory States by the commission. Such license shall be a legal prerequisite for any person including minors fishing for or possessing Atlantic salmon in the waters or on the shores of the Connecticut River and all of its tributaries. In addition to said Connecticut River Basin Atlantic salmon license, all persons, except those specifically exempted because of age, disability, or other limitations as determined by statute or regulations of the individual signatory States shall be required to possess a valid resident or nonresident sport fishing license issued by the State in which the person is fishing. The commission shall recognize that in certain waters or sections of waters a daily rod permit may also be required, such daily rod permit to be issued by the State in which such waters or sections of waters are located; however, the signatory States shall not, by fee, distinguish between residents and nonresidents. The authority to limit the numbers of persons fishing for Atlantic salmon in certain tributaries or sections of certain tributaries shall remain the prerogative of the individual signatory States.

Enforcement.

"The respective police agencies of the signatory States shall have the authority to enforce all of the regulations and license requirements of the commission any place in the Connecticut River Basin.

Funds.

"The commission shall have the authority to accept gifts, State grants, and Federal funds. The commission shall have the authority to expend money from fees collected for Connecticut River Basin Atlantic salmon licenses or from such other funds available to the commission to finance the cost of stocking, management, or research carried on by signatory States to further the purposes of this compact. Such funds shall be in the form of direct grants to the agency of such State charged with the management of the fisheries resources and may be up to 100 percent of the cost of projects approved by a majority vote of the commission.

"ARTICLE V

Officers.

"The commission shall elect from its number a chairman and a vice chairman and at its pleasure may remove such officers. Said commission shall adopt rules and regulations for the conduct of its business. At such time as funds are available to the commission, the commission may establish and maintain an office for the transaction of its business. The commission may meet at any time or place but must meet at least semiannually.

Travel expenses.

"The commission shall have the authority to expend money from available commission funds to reimburse its membership for necessary travel expenses.

"ARTICLE VI

"At such time as funds are available, the commission may employ and discharge at its pleasure such personnel as may be required to carry out the provisions of the compact and shall fix and determine their duties, qualifications, and compensation.

"ARTICLE VII

"There shall be established a technical committee to consist of one fishery biologist from each of the signatory States, the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, and the National Marine Fisheries Service to act in an advisory capacity to the commission. The technical committee shall have the authority to request employees of the signatory States, the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, and the National Marine Fisheries Service or others who have special fields of expertise to act as special advisers to the committee. At such time as funds are available, the commission may reimburse technical committee members and special advisers for necessary travel expenses. Technical committee.

"ARTICLE VIII

"No action shall be taken by the commission in regard to its general affairs except by affirmative vote of a majority of members present at any meeting, provided there is a quorum. A quorum shall consist of a simple majority of all members of the commission: *Provided further,* That no action shall be taken by the commission unless each signatory State is represented at any such meeting. No recommendation or allotment of grant funds shall be made by the commission except by the affirmative vote of a majority of the members.

"ARTICLE IX

"Continued absence of representation or of any representative on the commission from any party hereto shall be brought to the attention of the Governor thereof.

"ARTICLE X

"The States signatory hereto agree to make an annual appropriation to the initial support of the commission in the amount of $1,000 for each of the first three years that this compact is in effect. Appropriation agreement.

"ARTICLE XI

"The commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements and shall report to the Governor and the legislature of each State party to this compact on or before the tenth day of January of each year setting forth in detail the transactions conducted by it during the 12 months preceding January first of that year. The comptrollers of the States are hereby authorized and empowered from time to time to examine the accounts and books of the commission, including its receipts, disbursements, grants, and such other items referring to its financial standing as such comptroller may deem proper and to report the results of such examination to the Governor of said State.". Reports to Governors and legislatures.

SEC. 2. The Congress authorizes the Secretary of Commerce and the Secretary of the Interior to participate as members of the Connecticut River Atlantic Salmon Commission in the manner specified by the compact approved by the first section of this Act. Members.

SEC. 3. The consent of the Congress granted by the first section of this Act to the compact referred to in that section— Effective date.

(1) shall become effective only if none of the States that are members of the compact has in effect a statute providing for

withdrawal from the compact or if all such States have agreed by statute to the same provisions for withdrawal from the compact; and

(2) shall be effective for a period of twenty years beginning on the date the consent of the Congress becomes effective under paragraph (1).

SEC. 4. Nothing contained in the compact approved by the first section of this Act shall be construed as impairing or in any manner affecting any right or jurisdiction of the United States in and over the region which forms the subject of that compact.

SEC. 5. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is expressly reserved.

Approved October 28, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3044 (S. 1327):

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-392 (Comm. on Merchant Marine and Fisheries).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Oct. 4, considered and passed House.
Oct. 19, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-139
98th Congress

An Act

Making appropriations for the Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and related agencies, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for other purposes.

Oct. 31, 1983
[H.R. 3913]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and related agencies, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for other purposes, namely:

Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984.
Department of Labor Appropriation Act, 1984.

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING ADMINISTRATION

PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION

For expenses of administering employment and training programs, $82,739,000, together with not to exceed $35,828,000 which may be expended from the Employment Security Administration account in the Unemployment Trust Fund.

TRAINING AND EMPLOYMENT SERVICES

For expenses necessary to carry into effect the Job Training Partnership Act, including the purchase and hire of passenger motor vehicles, the construction, alteration, and repair of buildings and other facilities, and the purchase of real property for training centers as authorized by the Job Training Partnership Act, $2,793,810,000 plus reimbursements, including $1,500,000 for the National Commission for Employment Policy, including $2,250,000 for all activities conducted by and through the National Occupational Information Coordinating Committee under the Job Training Partnership Act, and including $7,500,000 for service delivery areas under section 101(a)(4)(A)(iii) of the Job Training Partnership Act in addition to amounts otherwise provided under sections 202 and 251(b) of the Act, and $3,605,198,000 plus reimbursements, to be available for obligation for the period July 1, 1984 through June 30, 1985, including $2,000,000 for the National Commission for Employment Policy, including $3,000,000 for all activities conducted by and through the National Occupational Information Coordinating Committee under the Job Training Partnership Act, and including $10,000,000 for service delivery areas under section 101(a)(4)(A)(iii) of the Job Training Partnership Act in addition to amounts otherwise provided under sections 202 and 251(b) of the Act: *Provided,* That no funds from any other appropriation shall be used to provide meal services at or for Job Corps centers.

29 USC 1501 note.
29 USC 1511.
29 USC 1602, 1631.

For expenses necessary to carry into effect section 51 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended (26 U.S.C. 51), and

92 Stat. 181.
26 USC 51 note.

sections 210, 211, and 212 of Public Law 95-250, $20,400,000, notwithstanding section 261(f)(2)(A) of the Economic Recovery Tax Act of 1981, as amended.

COMMUNITY SERVICE EMPLOYMENT FOR OLDER AMERICANS

To carry out the activities for national grants or contracts with public agencies and public or private nonprofit organizations under paragraph (1)(A) of section 506(a) of title V of the Older Americans Act of 1965, as amended, $247,494,000.

42 USC 3056d.

To carry out the activities for grants to States under paragraph (3) of section 506(a) of title V of the Older Americans Act of 1965, as amended, $69,806,000.

FEDERAL UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS AND ALLOWANCES

For payments during the current fiscal year of benefits and payments as authorized by title II of Public Law 95-250, as amended, of trade adjustment benefit payments and allowances, as provided by law (part I, subchapter B, chapter 2, title II of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended) $12,000,000, together with such amounts as may be necessary to be charged to the subsequent appropriation for payments for any period subsequent to September 15 of the current year: *Provided,* That amounts received or recovered pursuant to section 208(e) of Public Law 95-250 shall be available for payments.

92 Stat. 172.
19 USC 2291.
92 Stat. 179.

STATE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE AND EMPLOYMENT SERVICE OPERATIONS

For activities authorized by the Act of June 6, 1933, as amended (29 U.S.C. 49-49l-1; 39 U.S.C. 3202(a)(1)(E)); Veterans' Employment and Readjustment Act of 1972, as amended (38 U.S.C. 2003A-2004); title III of the Social Security Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 502-504); and necessary administrative expenses for carrying out 5 U.S.C. 8501-8523, sections 231-235 and 243-244, title II of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended; and sections 101(a)(15)(H)(ii) and 212(a)(14) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.), $22,500,000, together with $29,700,000 which shall be available only for sections 236, 237, and 238 of the Trade Act of 1974 and for necessary related administrative expenses, together with not to exceed $2,547,702,000 which may be expended from the Employment Security Administration account in the Unemployment Trust Fund, and of which $108,800,000 shall be available only for programs under 38 U.S.C. 2003A and 2004; and of which $19,400,000 shall be available for State operations necessary for national statistical programs; and of which $530,995,000 shall be available for obligation under section 6 during the period October 1, 1983, through June 30, 1984, to fund activities under the Act of June 6, 1933, as amended, and of which $587,310,000 shall be available only to the extent necessary to administer unemployment compensation laws to meet increased costs of administration resulting from changes in a State law or increases in the number of unemployment insurance claims filed and claims paid or increased salary costs resulting from changes in State salary compensation plans embracing employees of the State generally over those upon which the State's basic allocation was based, which cannot be provided for by normal budgetary adjustments, and, in addition $20,300,000, together with not to

29 USC 49—49*l*-1.
19 USC 2291-2295, 2315, 2316.
8 USC 1182.
19 USC 2296-2298.

exceed $720,098,000 which may be expended from the Employment Security Administration account in the Unemployment Trust Fund which shall be available for obligation under section 6 during the period July 1, 1984, through June 30, 1985, to fund activities under the Act of June 6, 1933, as amended. 96 Stat. 1392. 29 USC 49—49*l*-1.

ADVANCES TO THE UNEMPLOYMENT TRUST FUND AND OTHER FUNDS

For repayable advances to the Unemployment Trust Fund as authorized by sections 905(d) and 1203 of the Social Security Act, as amended, and to the Black Lung Disability Trust Fund as authorized by section 9501(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, and for nonrepayable advances to the revolving fund established by section 901(e) of the Social Security Act, to the Unemployment Trust Fund as authorized by section 8509 of title 5, United States Code, and by title VI of the Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982, and to the "Federal unemployment benefits and allowances" account, to remain available until September 30, 1985, $7,109,000,000. 42 USC 1105, 1323. 26 USC 9501. 42 USC 1101. 26 USC 3304 note.

LABOR-MANAGEMENT SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses for the Labor-Management Services Administration, $62,136,000.

PENSION BENEFIT GUARANTY CORPORATION

PENSION BENEFIT GUARANTY CORPORATION FUND

The Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation is authorized to make such expenditures, including financial assistance authorized by section 104 of Public Law 96-364, within limits of funds and borrowing authority available to such Corporation, and in accord with law, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations as provided by section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended (31 U.S.C. 9104), as may be necessary in carrying out the program through September 30, 1984, for such Corporation. 94 Stat. 1217.

EMPLOYMENT STANDARDS ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses for the Employment Standards Administration, including reimbursement to State, Federal and local agencies and their employees for inspection services rendered, $185,677,000, together with $380,000 which may be expended from the Special Fund in accordance with sections 39(c) and 44(j) of the Longshoremen's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act. 33 USC 939, 944.

SPECIAL BENEFITS

For the payment of compensation, benefits, and expenses (except administrative expenses) accruing during the current or any prior fiscal year authorized by title V, chapter 81 of the United States Code; continuation of benefits as provided for under the head "Civil- 5 USC 8101 *et seq.*

ian War Benefits" in the Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1947; the Employees' Compensation Commission Appropriation Act, 1944; and sections 4(c) and 5(f) of the War Claims Act of 1948 (50 U.S.C. App. 2012); and 50 per centum of the additional compensation and benefits required by section 10(h) of the Longshoremen's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act, as amended, $220,100,000, together with such amount as may be necessary to be charged to the subsequent year appropriation for the payment of compensation and other benefits for any period subsequent to September 15 of the current year: *Provided,* That in addition there shall be transferred from the Postal Service fund to this appropriation such sums as the Secretary of Labor determines to be the cost of administration for Postal Service employees through September 30, 1984.

60 Stat. 687.
57 Stat. 513.
42 USC 1702; 50 USC app. 2004.
33 USC 910.

BLACK LUNG DISABILITY TRUST FUND

For payments from the Black Lung Disability Trust Fund, $853,994,000, of which $818,019,000 shall be available until September 30, 1985, for payment of all benefits and interest on advances under subsection (c)(2) of section 9501 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, as authorized by section 9501(d) (1), (2), (4), and (7) of that Act and of which $21,949,000 shall be available for transfer to Employment Standards Administration, Salaries and Expenses and $13,406,000 for transfer to Departmental Management, Salaries and Expenses, and $620,000 for transfer to Departmental Management, Office of Inspector General, for expenses of operation and administration of the Black Lung Benefits program as authorized by section 9501(d)(5)(A) of that Act: *Provided,* That in addition, such amounts as may be necessary may be charged to the subsequent year appropriation for the payment of compensation and other benefits for any period subsequent to June 15 of the current year: *Provided further,* That in addition, such amounts shall be paid from this fund into miscellaneous receipts as the Secretary of the Treasury determines to be the administrative expenses of the Department of the Treasury for administering the fund during the current fiscal year, as authorized by section 9501(d)(5)(B) of that Act.

26 USC 9501.

OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses for the Occupational Safety and Health Administration, $212,560,000, including not to exceed $51,700,000, which shall be the maximum amount available for grants to States under section 23(g) of the Occupational Safety and Health Act, which grants shall be no less than fifty percent of the costs of State occupational safety and health programs required to be incurred under plans approved by the Secretary under section 18 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970: *Provided,* That none of the funds appropriated under this paragraph shall be obligated or expended for the assessment of civil penalties issued for first instance violations of any standard, rule, or regulation promulgated under the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (other than serious, willful, or repeated violations under section 17 of the Act) resulting from the inspection of any establishment or workplace subject to the Act, unless such establishment or workplace is cited, on the basis of such inspection, for ten or more violations: *Provided*

29 USC 672.
29 USC 667.
29 USC 651 note.
29 USC 666.

further, That none of the funds appropriated under this paragraph shall be obligated or expended to prescribe, issue, administer, or enforce any standard, rule, regulation, or order under the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 which is applicable to any person who is engaged in a farming operation which does not maintain a temporary labor camp and employs ten or fewer employees: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated under this paragraph shall be obligated or expended to prescribe, issue, administer, or enforce any standard, rule, regulation, order or administrative action under the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 affecting any work activity by reason of recreational hunting, shooting, or fishing: *Provided further,* That no funds appropriated under this paragraph shall be obligated or expended to administer or enforce any standard, rule, regulation, or order under the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 with respect to any employer of ten or fewer employees who is included within a category having an occupational injury lost work day case rate, at the most precise Standard Industrial Classification Code for which such data are published, less than the national average rate as such rates are most recently published by the Secretary, acting through the Bureau of Labor Statistics, in accordance with section 24 of that Act (29 U.S.C. 673), except— 29 USC 651 note.

(1) to provide, as authorized by such Act, consultation, technical assistance, educational and training services, and to conduct surveys and studies;

(2) to conduct an inspection or investigation in response to an employee complaint, to issue a citation for violations found during such inspection, and to assess a penalty for violations which are not corrected within a reasonable abatement period and for any willful violations found;

(3) to take any action authorized by such Act with respect to imminent dangers;

(4) to take any action authorized by such Act with respect to health hazards;

(5) to take any action authorized by such Act with respect to a report of an employment accident which is fatal to one or more employees or which results in hospitalization of five or more employees, and take any action pursuant to such investigation authorized by such Act; and

(6) to take any action authorized by such Act with respect to complaints of discrimination against employees for exercising rights under such Act: *Provided further,* That the foregoing proviso shall not apply to any person who is engaged in a farming operation which does not maintain a temporary labor camp and employs ten or fewer employees: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated under this paragraph shall be obligated or expended for the proposal or assessment of any civil penalties for the violation or alleged violation by an employer of ten or fewer employees of any standard, rule, regulation, or order promulgated under the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (other than serious, willful or repeated violations and violations which pose imminent danger under section 13 of the Act) if, prior to the inspection which gives rise to the alleged violation, the employer cited has (1) voluntarily requested consultation under a program operated pursuant to section 7(c)(1) or section 18 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 or from a private consultative source 29 USC 662. 29 USC 656, 667.

approved by the Administration and (2) had the consultant examine the condition cited and (3) made or is in the process of making a reasonable good faith effort to eliminate the hazard created by the condition cited as such, which was identified by the aforementioned consultant, unless changing circumstances or workplace conditions render inapplicable the advice obtained from such consultants: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated under this paragraph may be obligated or expended for any State plan monitoring visit by the Secretary of Labor under section 18 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970, of any factory, plant, establishment, construction site, or other area, workplace or environment where such a workplace or environment has been inspected by an employee of a State acting pursuant to section 18 of such Act within the six months preceding such inspection: *Provided further,* That this limitation does not prohibit the Secretary of Labor from conducting such monitoring visit at the time and place of an inspection by an employee of a State acting pursuant to section 18 of such Act, or in order to investigate a complaint about State program administration including a failure to respond to a worker complaint regarding a violation of such Act, or in order to investigate a discrimination complaint under section 11(c) of such Act, or as part of a special study monitoring program, or to investigate a fatality or catastrophe: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated under this paragraph may be obligated or expended for the inspection, investigation, or enforcement of any activity occurring on the Outer Continental Shelf which exceeds the authority granted to the Occupational Safety and Health Administration by any provision of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act, or the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act Amendments of 1978.

29 USC 667.

29 USC 660.

43 USC 1301 note.
43 USC 1801 note.

MINE SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses for the Mine Safety and Health Administration, $151,397,000, including purchase and bestowal of certificates and trophies in connection with mine rescue and first-aid work, and the purchase of not to exceed eighty passenger motor vehicles for replacement only; the Secretary is authorized to accept lands, buildings, equipment, and other contributions from public and private sources and to prosecute projects in cooperation with other agencies, Federal, State, or private; the Mine Safety and Health Administration is authorized to promote health and safety education and training in the mining community through cooperative programs with States, industry, and safety associations; and any funds available to the Department may be used, with the approval of the Secretary, to provide for the costs of mine rescue and survival operations in the event of major disaster: *Provided,* That none of the funds appropriated under this paragraph shall be obligated or expended to carry out section 115 of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977 or to carry out that portion of section 104(g)(1) of such Act relating to the enforcement of any training requirements, with respect to shell dredging, or with respect to any sand, gravel, surface stone, surface clay, colloidal phosphate, or surface limestone mine.

30 USC 962.

30 USC 825.
30 USC 814.

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses for the Bureau of Labor Statistics, including advances or reimbursements to State, Federal, and local agencies and their employees for services rendered, $136,587,000, of which $4,837,000 shall be for expenses of revising the Consumer Price Index: *Provided,* That $2,628,000 shall remain available until September 30, 1985.

DEPARTMENTAL MANAGEMENT

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses for Departmental Management, including $2,001,000 for the President's Committee on Employment of the Handicapped, $95,059,000, together with not to exceed $9,842,000 which may be expended from the Employment Security Administration account in the Unemployment Trust Fund and of which $9,613,000 shall be for carrying into effect the provisions of 38 U.S.C. 2001-03.

38 USC 2001-2003.

SPECIAL FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM

For payments in foreign currencies which the Treasury Department determines to be excess to the normal requirements of the United States, for necessary expenses of the Department of Labor, as authorized by law, $67,000, to remain available until expended. This appropriation shall be available in addition to other appropriations to such agency for payments in foreign currencies.

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL

For salaries and expenses of the Office of the Inspector General in carrying out the provisions of the Inspector General Act of 1978, $37,707,000, together with not to exceed $5,700,000 which may be expended from the Employment Security Administration account in the Unemployment Trust Fund.

5 USC app.

GENERAL PROVISION

SEC. 101. Appropriations in this Act available for salaries and expenses shall be available for supplies, services, and rental of conference space within the District of Columbia, as the Secretary of Labor shall deem necessary for settlement of labor-management disputes.

This title may be cited as the "Department of Labor Appropriation Act, 1984".

Short title.

Department of Health and Human Services Appropriation Act, 1984.

TITLE II—DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

HEALTH RESOURCES AND SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

HEALTH RESOURCES AND SERVICES

42 USC 241, 281, 219, 292a, 296, 300, 300q, 300s, 300w.
30 USC 937.
42 USC 701.
42 USC 293.
42 USC 254k.
42 USC 254h, 254n, 254p.
42 USC 254m.
42 USC 234, 254m.
96 Stat. 1830.

For carrying out titles III, IV, V, VII, VIII, X, parts A and C of title XVI, and XIX of the Public Health Service Act, 5 U.S.C. 7901, section 427(a) of the Federal Coal Mine Health and Safety Act, as amended, and title V of the Social Security Act, $1,304,105,000 of which $2,200,000 shall be available only for payments to the State of Hawaii for care and treatment of persons afflicted with Hansen's disease; and of which $883,000, to be available until expended, shall be used to renovate the National Hansen's Disease Center; and of which $800,000 shall remain available until expended for interest subsidies on loan guarantees made prior to fiscal year 1981 under part B of title VII: *Provided,* That this appropriation shall be available for payment of the costs of medical care, related expenses, and burial expenses hereafter incurred by or on behalf of any person who has participated in the study of untreated syphilis initiated in Tuskegee, Alabama, in 1932, in such amounts and subject to such terms and conditions as prescribed by the Secretary of Health and Human Services and for payment, in such amounts and subject to such terms and conditions, of such costs and expenses hereafter incurred by or on behalf of such person's wife or offspring determined by the Secretary to have suffered injury or disease from syphilis contracted from such person: *Provided further,* That when the Department of Health and Human Services operates an employee health program for any Federal department or agency, payment for the estimated cost shall be made by way of reimbursement or in advances to this appropriation: *Provided further,* That during the fiscal year, and within the resources and authority available under section 338 of the Public Health Service Act, gross obligations for the principal amount of direct loans under sections 335(c), 338C(e)(1), and 338E of that Act shall not exceed $1,000,000: *Provided further,* That none of the funds made available by this Act shall be used to provide special retention pay (bonuses) under paragraph (4) of 37 U.S.C. 302(a) to any regular or reserve officer of the Public Health Service for any period during which the officer is providing obligated service under section 338B (or under former sections 225(e) or 752) of the Public Health Service Act except that this proviso shall not apply to any period of service covered by an agreement entered into by an officer under 37 U.S.C. 302(c)(1) before the date of enactment of Public Law 97-377.

MEDICAL FACILITIES GUARANTEE AND LOAN FUND

FEDERAL INTEREST SUBSIDIES FOR MEDICAL FACILITIES

42 USC 300q-2.
42 USC 291, 300q.

For carrying out section 1602 of the Public Health Service Act, $32,000,000 shall be available without fiscal year limitation for the payment of interest subsidies. The total principal amount of loans to be guaranteed or directly made, which may be allotted among the States, pursuant to titles VI and XVI of the Public Health Service Act shall not exceed a cumulative amount of $1,500,000,000. During

the fiscal year no commitments for direct loans or loan guarantees shall be made.

HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION LOAN AND LOAN GUARANTEE FUND

Any amounts received by the Secretary in connection with loans and loan guarantees under title XIII of the Public Health Service Act, and not to exceed $12,360,000 may be disbursed with respect to any liability or contingent liability incurred prior to 1984. 42 USC 300e.

CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL

DISEASE CONTROL

To carry out titles III, XI, and XIX of the Public Health Service Act, the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977, and the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970; including insurance of official motor vehicles in foreign countries; and purchase, hire, maintenance, and operation of aircraft, $374,504,000, of which $1,810,000 shall remain available until expended for construction and renovation of facilities: *Provided,* That training of employees of private agencies shall be made subject to reimbursement or advances to this appropriation for the full cost of such training. 42 USC 241, 300b-1, 300w. 29 USC 651 note.

NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH

NATIONAL CANCER INSTITUTE

For carrying out section 301 and title IV of the Public Health Service Act with respect to cancer, $1,053,442,000. 42 USC 241, 281.

NATIONAL HEART, LUNG, AND BLOOD INSTITUTE

For carrying out section 301, title IV, and title XI of the Public Health Service Act with respect to cardiovascular, lung, and blood diseases, and blood and blood products, $674,674,000. 42 USC 241, 281, 300b-1.

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF DENTAL RESEARCH

For carrying out section 301 and title IV of the Public Health Service Act with respect to dental diseases, $84,312,000.

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF ARTHRITIS, DIABETES, AND DIGESTIVE AND KIDNEY DISEASES

For carrying out section 301 and title IV of the Public Health Service Act with respect to arthritis, diabetes, and metabolic, digestive, and kidney diseases, $442,543,000.

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF NEUROLOGICAL AND COMMUNICATIVE DISORDERS AND STROKE

For carrying out section 301 and title IV of the Public Health Service Act with respect to neurological and communicative disorders and stroke, $325,502,000.

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF ALLERGY AND INFECTIOUS DISEASES

For carrying out section 301 and title IV of the Public Health Service Act with respect to allergy and infectious diseases, $305,678,000.

42 USC 241, 281.

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF GENERAL MEDICAL SCIENCES

For carrying out section 301 and title IV of the Public Health Service Act with respect to general medical sciences, $366,844,000.

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF CHILD HEALTH AND HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

For carrying out section 301 and title IV of the Public Health Service Act with respect to child health and human development, $265,014,000.

NATIONAL EYE INSTITUTE

For carrying out sections 301, 311 and title IV of the Public Health Service Act with respect to eye diseases and visual disorders, $150,783,000.

42 USC 241, 243, 281.

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SCIENCES

For carrying out sections 301, 311 and title IV of the Public Health Service Act with respect to environmental health sciences, $173,000,000.

NATIONAL INSTITUTE ON AGING

For carrying out section 301 and title IV of the Public Health Service Act with respect to aging, $112,300,000.

RESEARCH RESOURCES

For carrying out sections 301 and 472 of the Public Health Service Act with respect to research resources and general research support grants, $241,928,000: *Provided,* That none of these funds, with the exception of funds for the Minority Biomedical Research Support program, shall be used to pay recipients of the general research support grants program any amount for indirect expenses in connection with such grants.

42 USC 241, 289*l*-1.

JOHN E. FOGARTY INTERNATIONAL CENTER

For carrying out the activities at the John E. Fogarty International Center, $11,336,000, of which $1,899,000 shall be available for payment to the Gorgas Memorial Institute for maintenance and operation of the Gorgas Memorial Laboratory.

NATIONAL LIBRARY OF MEDICINE

For carrying out section 301 with respect to health information communications and parts I and J of title III of the Public Health Service Act, $42,113,000.

42 USC 275, 280b.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR

For carrying out the responsibilities of the Office of the Director, National Institutes of Health, $26,720,000 including purchase of not to exceed thirteen passenger motor vehicles for replacement only.

BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

For construction of and acquisition of sites and equipment for, facilities of or used by the National Institutes of Health, $25,040,000 to remain available until expended.

ALCOHOL, DRUG ABUSE, AND MENTAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

ALCOHOL, DRUG ABUSE, AND MENTAL HEALTH

For carrying out the Public Health Service Act with respect to mental health, drug abuse, alcohol abuse, and alcoholism, $828,869,000, of which $1,515,000 for design, modernization and improvement of government owned or leased intramural research facilities shall remain available until expended. 42 USC 201 note.

FEDERAL SUBSIDY FOR SAINT ELIZABETHS HOSPITAL

For expenses necessary for the maintenance and operation of Saint Elizabeths Hospital in the District of Columbia, $67,744,000: *Provided,* That the Secretary of Health and Human Services may set rates for inpatient and outpatient services provided through Saint Elizabeths Hospital that in the aggregate do not exceed the estimated total cost of providing such services, and may bill and collect from (prospectively or otherwise) individuals, the District of Columbia, Executive agencies and other entities for any services so provided. Amounts so collected shall be credited to the appropriation for Saint Elizabeths Hospital: *Provided further,* That during fiscal year 1984 and thereafter the superintendent of Saint Elizabeths Hospital may reside off the premises of the hospital, notwithstanding section 4839 of the Revised Statutes (42 U.S.C. 165). 24 USC 168b. 24 USC 165a. 24 USC 165.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR HEALTH

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE MANAGEMENT

For the expenses necessary for the Office of Assistant Secretary for Health and for carrying out titles III and XX of the Public Health Service Act, $105,572,000, together with not to exceed $1,050,000 to be transferred and expended as authorized by section 201(g) of the Social Security Act, from the Federal Hospital Insurance and the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Funds referred to therein: *Provided,* That section 2008(g) does not apply to these programs. 42 USC 241, 300z. 42 USC 401.

RETIREMENT PAY AND MEDICAL BENEFITS FOR COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

For retirement pay and medical benefits of Public Health Service Commissioned Officers as authorized by law, and for payments under the Retired Serviceman's Family Protection Plan and Survivor Benefit Plan and for medical care of dependents and retired

10 USC 1071 *et seq.*

personnel under the Dependents' Medical Care Act (10 U.S.C., ch. 55), such amounts as may be required during the current fiscal year.

HEALTH CARE FINANCING ADMINISTRATION

GRANTS TO STATES FOR MEDICAID

42 USC 1396.

For carrying out, except as otherwise provided, title XIX of the Social Security Act, $15,568,108,000 (in addition to the $5,105,600,000 previously appropriated), to remain available until expended.

For making, after May 31, 1984, payments to States under title XIX of the Social Security Act, for the last quarter of fiscal year 1984 for unanticipated costs, incurred for the current fiscal year, such sums as may be necessary, the obligations and the expenditures to be charged to the subsequent appropriations for the current or succeeding fiscal year.

Payment under title XIX may be made for any quarter beginning after June 30, 1983, and before October 1, 1984, with respect to any State plan or plan amendment in effect during any such quarter, if submitted in, or prior to, such quarter and approved in that or any such subsequent quarter.

For making payments to States under title XIX of the Social Security Act for the first quarter of fiscal year 1985, $5,552,000,000 to remain available until expended.

PAYMENTS TO HEALTH CARE TRUST FUNDS

Ante, pp. 103, 104; 42 USC 1395w.
42 USC 426a, 1395i–1.
42 USC 426 note.

For payment to the Federal Hospital Insurance and the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Funds, as provided under sections 217(g), 229(b) and 1844 of the Social Security Act, sections 103(c) and 111(d) of the Social Security Amendments of 1965, and section 278(d) of Public Law 97–248, $17,682,000,000.

PROGRAM MANAGEMENT

42 USC 1301, 1395, 1396.
42 USC 401.
42 USC 1395h note.

For carrying out, except as otherwise provided, titles XI, XVIII and XIX of the Social Security Act, $90,200,000 together with not to exceed $1,024,237,000 to be transferred to this appropriation as authorized by section 201(g) of the Social Security Act, from the Federal Hospital Insurance and the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Funds referred to therein: *Provided,* That these amounts shall be in addition to $45,000,000 for this purpose available under section 118 of Public Law 97–248: *Provided further,* That $25,000,000 of the foregoing amount shall be expended only to the extent necessary to process workloads not anticipated in the budget estimates and to meet unanticipated costs of agencies or organizations with which agreements have been made to participate in the administration of title XVIII and after maximum absorption of such costs within the remainder of the existing limitation has been achieved.

SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

PAYMENTS TO SOCIAL SECURITY TRUST FUNDS

For payment to the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Funds, as provided under

sections 217(g), 228(g), 229(b), and 1131(b)(2) of the Social Security Act and section 152 of Public Law 98-21, $521,258,000.

Ante, pp. 103-105; 42 USC 428, 1320b-1.

SPECIAL BENEFITS FOR DISABLED COAL MINERS

For carrying out title IV of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977, including the payment of travel expenses on an actual cost or commuted basis, to an individual, for travel incident to medical examinations, and to parties, their representatives and all reasonably necessary witnesses for travel within the United States, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands, to reconsideration interviews and to proceedings before administrative law judges, $1,068,000,000. For making, after July 31 of the current fiscal year, benefit payments to individuals under title IV of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977, for costs incurred in the current fiscal year, such amounts as may be necessary, the obligations and expenditures to be charged to the subsequent appropriations for the current or succeeding fiscal year.

30 USC 901.

SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY INCOME PROGRAM

For carrying out the Supplemental Security Income Program under title XVI of the Social Security Act, section 401 of Public Law 92-603, section 212 of Public Law 93-66, as amended, and section 405 of Public Law 95-216, including payment to the social security trust funds for administrative expenses incurred pursuant to section 201(g)(1) of the Social Security Act, $8,339,000,000 to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That any portion of the funds provided to a State in the current fiscal year and not obligated by the State during that year shall be returned to the Treasury. For making, after July 31 of the current fiscal year, benefit payments to individuals under title XVI of the Social Security Act, for unanticipated costs incurred for the current fiscal year, such sums as may be necessary, the obligations and expenditures therefor to be charged to the subsequent appropriations for the current or succeeding fiscal year.

42 USC 1381.
42 USC 1382e note; 87 Stat. 155.
42 USC 1383 note.
42 USC 401.

ASSISTANCE PAYMENTS PROGRAM

For carrying out, except as otherwise provided, titles I, IV—A and —D, X, XI, XIV, and XVI, of the Social Security Act and the Act of July 5, 1960 (24 U.S.C., ch. 9), $6,292,000,000 (in addition to the $1,718,000,000 already appropriated), to remain available until expended.

42 USC 301, 601, 651, 1201, 1301, 1351, 1381.
24 USC 321 *et seq.*

For making, after May 31 of the current fiscal year, payments to States under titles I, IV—A and —D, X, XIV, and XVI of the Social Security Act for the last three months of the current fiscal year for unanticipated costs, incurred for the current fiscal year, such sums as may be necessary, the obligations and expenditures to be charged to the subsequent appropriations for the current or succeeding fiscal year.

For making payments to States under titles I, IV—A and —D, X, XIV, and XVI of the Social Security Act for the first quarter of fiscal year 1985, $2,073,000,000 to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall transfer to the Secretary of Agriculture for payment to States for administrative costs in connection with certification of AFDC house-

7 USC 2011 note.

holds under the Food Stamp Act of 1977, such amounts as may be agreed upon between them.

CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT

42 USC 651, 1301.

For carrying out, except as otherwise provided, titles IV-D and XI of the Social Security Act, $489,000,000 (in addition to the $118,000,000 already appropriated) to remain available until expended.

For making, after May 31 of the current fiscal year, payments to States under title IV-D of the Social Security Act for the last three months of the current fiscal year for unanticipated costs, incurred for the current fiscal year, such sums as may be necessary, the obligations and the expenditures to be charged to the subsequent appropriations for the current or succeeding fiscal year.

For making payments to States under title IV-D of the Social Security Act for the first quarter of fiscal year 1985, $138,000,000 to remain available until expended.

LOW INCOME HOME ENERGY ASSISTANCE

42 USC 8621.

For carrying out title XXVI of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981, $1,875,000,000.

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

For necessary expenses, not more than $3,718,303,000 may be expended, as authorized by section 201(g)(1) of the Social Security Act, from any one or all of the trust funds referred to therein:

42 USC 1383 note.

Provided, That travel expense payments under section 1631(h) of such Act may be made only when travel of more than seventy-five miles is required: *Provided further,* That $50,000,000 of the foregoing amount shall be apportioned for use pursuant to section 3679 of the

31 USC 1511 *et seq.*

Revised Statutes (31 U.S.C. 665), only to the extent necessary to process workloads not anticipated in the budget estimates, for automation projects, and to meet mandatory increases in costs of agencies or organizations with which agreements have been made to participate in the administration of titles XVI and XVIII and section 221 of the Social Security Act, and after maximum absorption of such costs within the remainder of the existing limitation has been achieved: *Provided further,* That $44,388,000 authorized herein shall be available only for acquisition of sites, construction, renovation, and equipment of facilities and for payments for principal, interest, taxes and any other obligations under contracts entered into pursuant to the Public Buildings Purchase Contract Act of 1954 and the Public Buildings Amendments of 1972, and shall remain available until expended: *Provided further,* That $200,054,000 for automatic data processing and telecommunications activities shall remain available until expended: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated by this Act may be used for the manufacture, printing, or procuring of social security cards, as provided in section 205(c)(2)(D) of the Social Security Act, where paper and other materials used in the manufacture of such cards are produced, manufactured, or assembled outside of the United States.

42 USC 1381, 1395, 421.

40 USC 356 note.
40 USC 601 note.

42 USC 405.

OFFICE OF HUMAN DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

SOCIAL SERVICES BLOCK GRANT

For carrying out the Social Services Block Grant Act, $2,675,000,000. 42 USC 1305 note.

HUMAN DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

For carrying out, except as otherwise provided, the Older Americans Act of 1965, the Runaway and Homeless Youth Act, title VIII of the Community Services Act, the Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act of 1981, and the Head Start Act of 1981, $1,849,648,000, of which $43,750,000 shall be for grants under part C of the Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act, and $8,400,000 shall be for section 113 of such Act. 42 USC 3001 note. 42 USC 5601 note. 42 USC 2991. 42 USC 6000 note. 42 USC 6061, 6012.

FAMILY SOCIAL SERVICES

For carrying out, except as otherwise provided, parts A, B, and E of title IV and sections 1110 and 1115 of the Social Security Act and title II of Public Law 95-266 (adoption opportunities), $625,905,000. 42 USC 601, 620, 670, 1310, 1315. 42 USC 5111.

WORK INCENTIVES

For carrying out a work incentive program, as authorized by part C of title IV of the Social Security Act, including registration of individuals for such programs, and for related child care and other supportive services, as authorized by section 402(a)(19)(G) of the Act, including transfer to the Secretary of Labor, as authorized by section 431 of the Act, $270,760,000 which shall be the maximum amount available for transfer to the Secretary of Labor and to which the States may become entitled pursuant to section 403(d) of such Act, for these purposes. 42 USC 630. 42 USC 602. 42 USC 631. 42 USC 603.

OFFICE OF COMMUNITY SERVICES

COMMUNITY SERVICES BLOCK GRANT

For carrying out the Community Services Block Grant Act, $352,300,000, of which $18,840,000 shall be for carrying out section 681(a)(2)(A), $3,840,000 shall be for carrying out section 681(a)(2)(D), $2,880,000 shall be for carrying out section 681(a)(2)(E), and $5,760,000 shall be for carrying out section 681(a)(2)(F): *Provided*, That not more than 10 per centum of the funds appropriated and allotted to each State under section 674 of such Act shall be used for purposes other than to make grants to eligible entities as defined in section 673(1) of such Act or to organizations serving seasonal and migrant farmworkers or to designated limited purpose agencies which meet the requirements of section 673(1) of such Act, except that the Secretary of Health and Human Services may waive this requirement for any State applying for such a waiver if— 42 USC 9901 note. 42 USC 9910. 42 USC 9903. 42 USC 9902.

(1) the State obtained a waiver of the requirements of section 138 of Public Law 97-276 with respect to appropriations for fiscal year 1983; and 96 Stat. 1198.

(2) the State submits, prior to October 1, 1983, an application for fiscal year 1984 under the Community Services Block Grant

42 USC 9901 note.

Act, containing provisions for the use of assistance under that Act by political subdivisions.

DEPARTMENTAL MANAGEMENT

GENERAL DEPARTMENTAL MANAGEMENT

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided, for general departmental management, including hire of six medium sedans, $157,963,000, together with not to exceed $8,000,000 to be transferred and expended as authorized by section 201(g)(1) of the Social Security Act from any one or all of the trust funds referred to therein.

42 USC 401.

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL

For expenses necessary for the Office of the Inspector General, $62,292,000, together with not to exceed $6,000,000 to be transferred and expended as authorized by section 201(g)(1) of the Social Security Act from any one or all of the trust funds referred to therein.

For making payments to States for medicaid State fraud control units under section 1903(a)(6) of the Social Security Act for the current fiscal year, $24,871,000.

42 USC 1396b.

For making, after May 31 of the current fiscal year, payments to States under section 1903(a)(6) of the Social Security Act for the last three months of the current fiscal year for unanticipated costs, incurred for the current fiscal year, not to exceed $5,000,000, the obligations and expenditures to be charged to the subsequent appropriations for the current or succeeding fiscal year.

For making payments to States for medicaid State fraud control units under section 1903(a)(6) of the Social Security Act for the first quarter of fiscal year 1985, $9,000,000.

OFFICE FOR CIVIL RIGHTS

For expenses necessary for the Office for Civil Rights, $18,945,000, together with not to exceed $2,350,000, to be transferred and expended as authorized by section 201(g)(1) of the Social Security Act from any one or all of the trust funds referred to therein.

42 USC 401.

POLICY RESEARCH

For carrying out, to the extent not otherwise provided, research studies under section 1110 of the Social Security Act, $10,000,000.

42 USC 1310.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

State agencies, grants-in-aid.

SEC. 201. None of the funds appropriated by this title for grants-in-aid of State agencies to cover, in whole or in part, the cost of operation of said agencies, including the salaries and expenses of officers and employees of said agencies, shall be withheld from the said agencies of any State which have established by legislative enactment and have in operation a merit system and classification and compensation plan covering the selection, tenure in office, and compensation of their employees, because of any disapproval of their personnel or the manner of their selection by the agencies of the said States, or the rates of pay of said officers or employees.

SEC. 202. None of the funds provided herein shall be used to pay any recipient of a grant for the conduct of research an amount equal to as much as the entire cost of such research.

SEC. 203. Appropriations in this Act for the Health Resources and Services Administration, the National Institutes of Health, the Centers for Disease Control, the Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health Administration, the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Health, the Health Care Financing Administration, and Departmental Management shall be available for expenses for active commissioned officers in the Public Health Service Reserve Corps and for not to exceed two thousand five hundred commissioned officers in the Regular Corps; expenses incident to the dissemination of health information in foreign countries through exhibits and other appropriate means; advances of funds for compensation, travel, and subsistence expenses (or per diem in lieu thereof) for persons coming from abroad to participate in health or scientific activities of the Department pursuant to law; expenses of primary and secondary schooling of dependents in foreign countries, of Public Health Service commissioned officers stationed in foreign countries, at costs for any given area not in excess of those of the Department of Defense for the same area, when it is determined by the Secretary that the schools available in the locality are unable to provide adequately for the education of such dependents, and for the transportation of such dependents, between such schools and their places of residence when the schools are not accessible to such dependents by regular means of transportation; expenses for medical care for civilian and commissioned employees of the Public Health Service and their dependents, assigned abroad on a permanent basis in accordance with such regulations as the Secretary may provide; rental or lease of living quarters (for periods not exceeding five years), and provision of heat, fuel, and light and maintenance, improvement, and repair of such quarters, and advance payments therefor, for civilian officers, and employees of the Public Health Service who are United States citizens and who have a permanent station in a foreign country; purchase, erection, and maintenance of temporary or portable structures; and for the payment of compensation to consultants or individual scientists appointed for limited periods of time pursuant to section 207(f) or section 207(g) of the Public Health Service Act, at rates established by the Assistant Secretary for Health, or the Secretary where such action is required by statute, not to exceed the per diem rate equivalent to the rate for GS-18; not to exceed $9,500 for official reception and representation expenses related to any health agency of the Department when specifically approved by the Assistant Secretary for Health.

42 USC 209.

SEC. 204. None of the funds contained in this Act shall be used to perform abortions except where the life of the mother would be endangered if the fetus were carried to term.

Restricted abortion funding.

SEC. 205. Funds advanced to the National Institutes of Health Management Fund from appropriations in this Act shall be available for the expenses of sharing medical care facilities and resources pursuant to section 327(a) of the Public Health Service Act.

42 USC 254.

SEC. 206. Funds appropriated in this title for the Social Security Administration and the Office of Child Support Enforcement shall be available for not to exceed $5,000 for official reception and representation expenses related to income maintenance or child support enforcement activities of the Department when specifically approved by the Commissioner of Social Security.

SEC. 207. Funds appropriated in this title for the Health Care Financing Administration shall be available for not to exceed $2,000 for official reception and representation expenses when specifically approved by the Administrator of the Health Care Financing Administration.

42 USC 210 note.

SEC. 208. No funds appropriated for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, by this or any other Act, may be used to pay basic pay, special pays, basic allowance for subsistence and basic allowances for quarters of the commissioned corps of the Public Health Service described in section 204 of title 42, United States Code, at a level that exceeds 110 percent of the Executive Level I annual rate of basic pay.

SEC. 209. None of the funds appropriated in this title shall be used to transfer the general administration of programs authorized under the Native American Programs Act from the Department of Health and Human Services to the Department of the Interior.

Short title.

This title may be cited as the "Department of Health and Human Services Appropriation Act, 1984".

Department of Education Appropriation Act, 1984.

TITLE III—DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

COMPENSATORY EDUCATION FOR THE DISADVANTAGED

20 USC 3801.

For carrying out chapter 1 of the Education Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981, $3,480,000,000 to become available on July 1, 1984, and remain available until September 30, 1985: *Provided,* That no funds shall be used for the purposes of section 554(a)(1)(B), $4,746,000 shall be available for purposes of section 555(d) to provide technical assistance and evaluate programs, $258,024,000 shall be available for the purposes of section 554(a)(2)(A), $146,520,000 shall be available for purposes of section 554(a)(2)(B), $32,616,000 shall be available for purposes of section 554(a)(2)(C) and $34,414,000 shall be available for purposes of section 554(b)(1)(D).

For carrying out section 418 of the Higher Education Act, $7,500,000.

SPECIAL PROGRAMS

20 USC 3811.
20 USC 3341.
42 USC 2000c.
42 USC 9801 note.
92 Stat. 2379; 86 Stat. 907.

For carrying out the consolidated programs and projects authorized under chapter 2 of the Education Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981; title IX, part C of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act; title IV of the Civil Rights Act of 1964; the Follow Through Act; sections 1524 and 1525 of the Education Amendments of 1978; and Public Law 92-506, $527,867,000: *Provided,* That $450,655,000 to carry out the State block grant program authorized under chapter 2 of the Education Consolidation and Improvement Act shall become available for obligation on July 1, 1984, and shall remain available until September 30, 1985: *Provided further,* That $28,765,000 for the purpose of subchapter D of the Education Consolidation and Improvement Act shall become available for obligation on October 1, 1983: *Provided further,* That $1,000,000 of the amount appropriated above for the purpose of Public Law 92-506 shall become available on July 1, 1984, and shall remain available until September 30, 1985.

20 USC 3851.

BILINGUAL EDUCATION

For carrying out, to the extent not otherwise provided, title VII of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act and part B, subpart 3 of the Vocational Education Act, as amended, $139,365,000 of which $3,686,000 for part B, subpart 3 of the Vocational Education Act shall become available on July 1, 1984, and shall remain available until September 30, 1985. 20 USC 3221. 20 USC 2411.

SCHOOL ASSISTANCE IN FEDERALLY AFFECTED AREAS

For carrying out title I of the Act of September 30, 1950, as amended (20 U.S.C. ch. 13), $565,000,000, of which $20,000,000 shall be for entitlements under section 2 of said Act, $10,000,000 shall be for payments under section 7 of said Act and $535,000,000 shall be for entitlements under section 3 of said Act of which $457,500,000 shall be for entitlements under section 3(a) of said Act: *Provided,* That payment with respect to entitlements under section 3(a) to any local educational agency described in section 3(d)(1)(A) of said Act shall be at 100 per centum of entitlement except that payment to such agency attributable to children who reside on property which is described in section 403(1)(C) of said Act shall be limited to 15 per centum of entitlement: *Provided further,* That payment with respect to entitlements under section 3(a) to any local educational agency not described in section 3(d)(1)(A) shall be ratably reduced from 100 per centum of entitlement except that payment to such agency attributable to children who reside on property which is described in section 403(1)(C) shall be ratably reduced from 15 per centum of entitlement: *Provided further,* That payment with respect to entitlements under section 3(b) of said Act to any local educational agency in which 20 per centum or more of the total average daily attendance is made up of children determined eligible under section 3(b) shall be at 50 per centum of entitlement and payment with respect to entitlements under section 3(b) of said Act to any local educational agency in which less than 20 per centum of the total average daily attendance is made up of children determined eligible under section 3(b) shall be ratably reduced from 100 per centum of entitlement: *Provided further,* That no payments shall be made under section 3 to any local educational agency whose payment under that section fails to exceed $5,000: *Provided further,* That the provisions of section 5(c) of said Act shall not apply to funds provided herein: *Provided further,* That no payments shall be made under section 7 of said Act to any local educational agency whose need for assistance under that section fails to exceed the lesser of $10,000 or 5 per centum of the district's current operating expenditures during the fiscal year preceding the one in which the disaster occurred: *Provided further,* That section 305(b)(2) of the Education Amendments of 1974 shall not apply to funds provided herein: *Provided further,* That for the duration of the provisions of this Act, section 5(c) of the Act of September 30, 1950 (Public Law 874, 81st Congress), is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "In the determination of amounts of payments made on the basis of entitlements established under sections 2, 3 and 4 after October 1, 1983, by reason of any provision of law other than this Act which places any additional restriction on payments based on the concentration of children counted under subsection (a) or (b) of section 3 in the schools of the local education agency, such restriction shall be applied, in the case

20 USC 236 *et seq.* 20 USC 237. 20 USC 241-1. 20 USC 238. 20 USC 244. 20 USC 240. 20 USC 241-1. 20 USC 238 note. 20 USC 240. 20 USC 240. 20 USC 237-239.

of any State (other than a territory or possession of the United States) within which there is only one local educational agency, by treating each administrative school district within such State as a local educational agency (solely for the purpose of computing the amount of such payments).". This provision shall no longer be in effect upon enactment into public law of similar language by the duly recognized authorization committees; further this provision shall not result in an increase to the State of Hawaii in an amount in excess of 50 per centum of that which the State would have received without the enactment of this provision.

20 USC 240 note.

For carrying out the Act of September 23, 1950, as amended (20 U.S.C. ch. 19), $20,000,000 which shall remain available until expended, shall be for providing school facilities as authorized by said Act: *Provided,* That with the exception of $8,500,000 for section 10 of said Act and $8,500,000 for section 14 (a) and (b) of said Act, none of the funds contained herein for providing school facilities shall be available to pay for any other section of the Act of September 23, 1950, until payment has been made of 100 per centum of the amounts payable under sections 5 and 14(c) of said Act.

20 USC 631 *et seq.*

20 USC 640, 644.

20 USC 635.

EDUCATION FOR THE HANDICAPPED

For carrying out the Education of the Handicapped Act, $1,214,445,000 of which $1,043,875,000 for section 611 and $26,330,000 for section 619 shall become available for obligation on July 1, 1984, and shall remain available until September 30, 1985: *Provided,* That of the amounts appropriated $21,100,000 shall be for early childhood education; and $5,000,000 shall be for regional, vocational, adult and postsecondary programs: *Provided further,* That of the amounts appropriated $6,000,000 for secondary education and transitional services for the handicapped shall become available upon the enactment of legislation authorizing such activities: *Provided further,* That of the $3,100,000 appropriated for special studies $2,600,000 shall become available upon the enactment of legislation expanding existing requirements under this activity.

20 USC 1400.
20 USC 1411.
20 USC 1419.

REHABILITATION SERVICES AND HANDICAPPED RESEARCH

For carrying out, to the extent not otherwise provided, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, and the International Health Research Act of 1960, $1,111,400,000, of which $991,028,554 shall be for allotments under section 100(b)(1), $2,871,446 shall be for activities under section 110(b)(3), and $2,000,000 shall be made available for evaluation activities under section 14.

29 USC 701 note.
22 USC 2101 note.
29 USC 720.
29 USC 730.
29 USC 713.

VOCATIONAL AND ADULT EDUCATION

For carrying out, to the extent not otherwise provided, the Vocational Education Act, and the Adult Education Act, $831,314,000 which shall become available for obligation on July 1, 1984, and shall remain available until September 30, 1985, except that $8,178,000 for part B, subpart 2 of the Vocational Education Act shall become available for obligation on July 1, 1984, and shall remain available until expended: *Provided,* That $7,000,000 for State advisory councils under section 105 of the Vocational Education Act shall first be used to provide to each State, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Guam, Trust

20 USC 2301 note, 1201 note.

20 USC 2401.

20 USC 2305.

Territory of the Pacific Islands, and Northern Mariana Islands an amount at least equal to the amount it received in the previous fiscal year, and the remainder shall be distributed equally among the aforesaid recipients of these funds: *Provided further,* That not to exceed $99,590,000 shall be for carrying out part A, subpart 3, of the Vocational Education Act: *Provided further,* That $2,243,100 shall be made available for the National Occupational Information Coordinating Committee. 20 USC 2350.

STUDENT FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

For carrying out subparts 1, 2, and 3 of part A, and parts C and E of title IV of the Higher Education Act, $3,976,860,000 which shall remain available until September 30, 1985: *Provided,* That amounts appropriated for Pell Grants shall be available first to meet any insufficiencies in entitlements resulting from the payment schedule for Pell Grants published by the Secretary of Education for the 1983–1984 academic year: *Provided further,* That pursuant to section 411(b)(4)(A) of the Higher Education Act, amounts appropriated herein for Pell Grants which exceed the amounts required to meet the payments schedule published for any fiscal year by 15 per centum or less shall be carried forward and merged with amounts appropriated for the next fiscal year: *Provided further,* That the maximum grant a student may receive in the 1984–1985 academic year shall be $1,900 notwithstanding section 411(a)(2) and section 411(b)(5) of the Higher Education Act: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding section 413D(a) and subsections (a), (b), (c), and (e) of section 442 of the Higher Education Act, the Secretary shall apportion funds among the States so that each State's apportionment under the Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant Program or Work-Study Program bears the same ratio to the total amount appropriated under each program as that State's apportionment in fiscal year 1981 for each program bears to the total amount appropriated for fiscal year 1981 for each program: *Provided further,* That with regard to the Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant and Work-Study Programs notwithstanding the second sentence of section 413D(b)(1)(B)(ii) and section 446(a) of the Higher Education Act, from each jurisdiction's allotment of funds under each program, the Secretary shall allocate sums to institutions in that jurisdiction that did not receive an allocation in fiscal year 1979 (award year 1979–1980) under each program in a manner that will most effectively carry out the purposes of the Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant Program and the Work-Study Program, and shall allocate the sums remaining to institutions that received an allocation in fiscal year 1979 so that each institution's allocation bears the same ratio to the amount it would have received under section 413D(b)(1)(B)(ii) and section 446(a) as the remaining sums available for allocation bear to the sums necessary to satisfy allocations made pursuant to section 413D(b)(1)(B)(ii) and section 446(a): *Provided further,* That such sums as may be necessary shall be made available to compensate private debt collection agencies under contract with the Secretary of Education, as provided for in Public Law 97–365, from amounts collected by these private agencies on loans defaulted under part E of the Higher Education Act. 20 USC 1070a, 1070b, 1070c; 42 USC 2751; 20 USC 1088. 20 USC 1070a. 20 USC 1070a note. 20 USC 1070b–3 note. 20 USC 1070b–3. 42 USC 2752. 42 USC 2756. 5 USC 5514 note. 20 USC 1088.

GUARANTEED STUDENT LOANS

20 USC 1071.

For necessary expenses under title IV, part B of the Higher Education Act, $2,256,500,000 to remain available until expended.

HIGHER EDUCATION

20 USC 1051, 1121, 1130, 1133, 1134d, 1134*l*, 1134n, 1135, 1070e-1, 1132d-3.
20 USC 1221e-1b note.
22 USC 2452.
20 USC 1132d-3.
20 USC 1134e.
5 USC 5514 note.
42 USC 3746.
22 USC 2601 note.
20 USC 1051.
Ante, p. 301.

For carrying out titles III; VI, parts A and B; VIII; IX, parts B, D, and E; title X; and sections 417, 420, and 734 of the Higher Education Act, and section 515(d) of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981 (20 U.S.C. 1221e-1b(2)); and section 102(b)(6) of the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961, $403,366,000: *Provided,* That $24,500,000 made available for interest subsidy grants under section 734 of the Higher Education Act shall remain available until expended: *Provided further,* That sections 922(b)(2) and 922(e)(2) and the funding limitations set forth in section 922(e) of the Higher Education Act shall not apply to funds in this Act: *Provided further,* That such sums as may be necessary shall be made available to compensate private debt collection agencies under contract with the Secretary, as provided for in the Debt Collection Act of 1982 (Public Law 97-365), from amounts collected by these private agencies on loans defaulted under section 406 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (Public Law 90-351) and under the Migration and Refugee Assistance Act of 1962 (Public Law 87-510): *Provided further,* That not less than $45,741,000 of funds appropriated for title III of the Higher Education Act shall be available only to historically black colleges and universities: *Provided further,* That authority is hereby provided to enable the Secretary of Education to expend funds appropriated in Public Law 98-63 in accordance with the directives expressed on page 53 of House Report 98-398 accompanying H.R. 3069 making supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1983. For providing financial assistance to the Maureen and Mike Mansfield Foundation, $5,000,000.

HIGHER EDUCATION FACILITIES LOANS AND INSURANCE

81 Stat. 386.
20 USC 1132d-2.

For the payment of principal and interest on participation certificates as authorized by the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare Appropriation Act, 1968, issued by the Government National Mortgage Association as trustee on the behalf of the Department of Education pursuant to the Federal National Mortgage Association Act (12 U.S.C. 1717(c)), and for the payment of interest expenses to the Department of the Treasury as required by title VII, section 733(b)(2) of the Higher Education Act, $19,846,000 to remain available until expended. The Secretary is hereby authorized to make such expenditures, within the limits of funds available under this heading and in accord with law, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitation as provided by section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act (31 U.S.C. 9104) as may be necessary in carrying out the program set forth in the budget for the current fiscal year. During fiscal year 1984, no new commitments for loans may be made from this account.

COLLEGE HOUSING LOANS

The aggregate amount of commitments for loans made from the fund established pursuant to title IV of the Housing Act of 1950, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1749), for the fiscal year 1984 shall not exceed the total of loan repayments and other income available during such period, less operating costs. Payments of insufficiencies in fiscal year 1984 as may be required by the Government National Mortgage Association, as trustee, on account of outstanding beneficial interests or participations issued pursuant to section 302(c) of the Federal National Mortgage Association Charter Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1717) shall be made from the fund established pursuant to title IV of the Housing Act of 1950, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1749) using loan repayments and other income available during fiscal year 1984. During fiscal year 1984 and within the resources and authority available, gross commitments for the principal amount of direct loans shall be $40,000,000.

EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH AND STATISTICS

For necessary expenses to carry out sections 405 and 406 of the General Education Provisions Act, as amended, $56,978,000: *Provided,* That none of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be used to conduct a re-competition of regional educational laboratories and research and development centers. 20 USC 1221e, 1221e-1.

EDUCATION AND RESEARCH OVERSEAS (SPECIAL FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM)

For payments in foreign currencies which the Treasury Department determines to be in excess of the normal requirements of the United States, for necessary expenses of the Department of Education, as authorized by law, $1,133,000, to remain available until expended.

LIBRARIES

For carrying out, to the extent not otherwise provided, titles I and III of the Library Services and Construction Act (20 U.S.C., ch. 16); title II, part B except section 224, and part C of the Higher Education Act, notwithstanding the provisions of section 221, $86,880,000. 20 USC 352, 355e, 351 *et seq.* 20 USC 1031, 1034, 1041.

SPECIAL INSTITUTIONS

AMERICAN PRINTING HOUSE FOR THE BLIND

For carrying out the Act of March 3, 1879, as amended (20 U.S.C. 101-105), $5,000,000. 20 USC 101, 102, 104.

NATIONAL TECHNICAL INSTITUTE FOR THE DEAF

For carrying out the National Technical Institute for the Deaf Act (20 U.S.C. 681 et seq.), $26,300,000.

GALLAUDET COLLEGE

For carrying out the Model Secondary School for the Deaf Act (80 Stat. 1027) and for the partial support of Gallaudet College authorized by the Act of June 18, 1954 (68 Stat. 265), $52,000,000.

HOWARD UNIVERSITY

For partial support of Howard University, $145,200,000. If requested by the university, construction financed by prior year appropriations to this account shall be supervised by the General Services Administration.

DEPARTMENTAL MANAGEMENT

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

20 USC 3401 note.

For carrying out, to the extent not otherwise provided, the Department of Education Organization Act, including rental of conference rooms in the District of Columbia and hire of three medium sedans, $230,000,000.

OFFICE FOR CIVIL RIGHTS

20 USC 3413.

For expenses necessary for the Office for Civil Rights, as authorized by section 203 of the Department of Education Organization Act, $49,396,000.

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL

20 USC 3422.

For expenses necessary for the Office of the Inspector General, as authorized by section 212 of the Department of Education Organization Act, $12,989,000.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

State agencies, grants-in-aid.

SEC. 301. None of the funds appropriated by this title for grants-in-aid of State agencies to cover, in whole or in part, the cost of operation of said agencies, including the salaries and expenses of officers and employees of said agencies, shall be withheld from the said agencies of any State which have established by legislative enactment and have in operation a merit system and classification and compensation plan covering the selection, tenure in office, and compensation of their employees, because of any disapproval of their personnel or the manner of their selection by the agencies of the said States, or the rates of pay of said officers or employees.

Audit.

SEC. 302. Funds appropriated in this Act to the American Printing House for the Blind, Howard University, the National Technical Institute for the Deaf, and Gallaudet College shall be subject to audit by the Secretary of Education.

SEC. 303. None of the funds provided herein shall be used to pay any recipient of a grant for the conduct of research an amount equal to as much as the entire cost of such research.

Forced busing, prohibited funding.

42 USC 2000c.

SEC. 304. No part of the funds contained in this title may be used to force any school or school district which is desegregated as that term is defined in title IV of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Public Law 88-352, to take any action to force the busing of students; to force on account of race, creed or color the abolishment of any school so

desegregated; or to force the transfer or assignment of any student attending any elementary or secondary school so desegregated to or from a particular school over the protest of his or her parents or parent.

Busing, Federal funds.

SEC. 305. (a) No part of the funds contained in this title shall be used to force any school or school district which is desegregated as that term is defined in title IV of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Public Law 88-352, to take any action to force the busing of students; to require the abolishment of any school so desegregated; or to force on account of race, creed or color the transfer of students to or from a particular school so desegregated as a condition precedent to obtaining Federal funds otherwise available to any State, school district or school.

42 USC 2000c.

(b) No funds appropriated in this Act may be used for the transportation of students or teachers (or for the purchase of equipment for such transportation) in order to overcome racial imbalance in any school or school system, or for the transportation of students or teachers (or for the purchase of equipment for such transportation) in order to carry out a plan of racial desegregation of any school or school system.

Student transportation to schools outside home area.

SEC. 306. None of the funds contained in this Act shall be used to require, directly or indirectly, the transportation of any student to a school other than the school which is nearest the student's home, except for a student requiring special education, to the school offering such special education, in order to comply with title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964. For the purpose of this section an indirect requirement of transportation of students includes the transportation of students to carry out a plan involving the reorganization of the grade structure of schools, the pairing of schools, or the clustering of schools, or any combination of grade restructuring, pairing or clustering. The prohibition described in this section does not include the establishment of magnet schools.

42 USC 2000d.

Voluntary school prayer and meditation.

SEC. 307. No funds appropriated under this Act may be used to prevent the implementation of programs of voluntary prayer and meditation in the public schools.

12 USC 1749a.

SEC. 308. Section 402(c) of the Housing Act of 1950 is amended—

(1) by striking out "and" at the end of clause (8);

(2) by redesignating clause (9) as clause (10); and

(3) by inserting after clause (8) the following:

"(9) for the prepayment in full of a loan under this title, provide a discount in an amount determined by the Secretary to be in the best financial interests of the Government, taking into account the yield on outstanding marketable obligations of the United States having maturities comparable to the remaining term of such loan, if (A) the prepayment is made from nonfederal sources, (B) the Secretary has received satisfactory assurances that the housing or other educational facilities financed with the loan will continue to be used for purposes related to the educational institution for the original term of the loan, (C) the prepayment is made prior to October 1, 1984; and".

SEC. 309. No funds appropriated in any Act to the Department of Education for fiscal years 1983 and 1984 shall be withheld from distribution to grantees because of the provisions of the order entered by the United States District Court for Northern District of Illinois on June 30, 1983: Provided, That the court's decree entered on September 24, 1980, shall remain in full force and effect.

Short title.

This title may be cited as the "Department of Education Appropriation Act, 1984".

TITLE IV—RELATED AGENCIES

CORPORATION FOR PUBLIC BROADCASTING

PUBLIC BROADCASTING FUND

47 USC 609 note.

For payment to the Corporation for Public Broadcasting, as authorized by the Public Broadcasting Amendments Act of 1981, an amount which shall be available within limitations specified by said Act, for the fiscal year 1986, $130,000,000: *Provided,* That no funds made available to the Corporation for Public Broadcasting by this Act shall be used to pay for receptions, parties and similar forms of entertainment for government officials or employees: *Provided further,* That none of the funds contained in this paragraph shall be available or used to aid or support any program or activity excluding from participation in, denying the benefits of, or discriminating against any person on the basis of race, color, national origin, religion or sex.

FEDERAL MEDIATION AND CONCILIATION SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service to carry out the functions vested in it by the Labor Management Relations Act, 1947 (29 U.S.C. 171–180, 182), including expenses of the Labor Management Panel and boards of inquiry appointed by the President, hire of passenger motor vehicles, and rental of conference rooms in the District of Columbia; and for expenses necessary pursuant to Public Law 93–360 for mandatory mediation in health care industry negotiation disputes and for convening factfinding boards of inquiry appointed by the Director in the health care industry; and for expenses necessary for the Labor-Management Cooperation Act of 1978 (29 U.S.C. 125a); and for expenses necessary for the Service to carry out the functions vested in it by the Civil Service Reform Act, Public Law 95–454 (5 U.S.C. Chapter 71), $23,161,000.

29 USC 152, 158, 183, 169 and note.

29 USC 175a and note.

5 USC 7101 *et seq.*

FEDERAL MINE SAFETY AND HEALTH REVIEW COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the Federal Mine Safety and Health Review Commission (30 U.S.C. 801 et seq.), $3,858,000.

NATIONAL COMMISSION ON LIBRARIES AND INFORMATION SCIENCE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the National Commission on Libraries and Information Science, established by the Act of July 20, 1970 (Public Law 91–345), $674,000.

20 USC 1501 note.

NATIONAL LABOR RELATIONS BOARD

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the National Labor Relations Board to carry out the functions vested in it by the Labor-Management Relations Act, 1947, as amended (29 U.S.C. 141–167), and other laws, $133,594,000: *Provided,* That no part of this appropriation shall be available to organize or assist in organizing agricultural laborers or used in connection with investigations, hearings, directives, or orders concerning bargaining units composed of agricultural laborers as referred to in section 2(3) of the Act of July 5, 1935 (29 U.S.C. 152), and as amended by the Labor-Management Relations Act, 1947, as amended, and as defined in section 3(f) of the Act of June 25, 1938 (29 U.S.C. 203), and including in said definition employees engaged in the maintenance and operation of ditches, canals, reservoirs, and waterways when maintained or operated on a mutual, nonprofit basis and at least 95 per centum of the water stored or supplied thereby is used for farming purposes.

29 USC 141.

NATIONAL MEDIATION BOARD

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Railway Labor Act, as amended (45 U.S.C. 151–188), including emergency boards appointed by the President, $6,238,000.

OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH REVIEW COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For the expenses necessary for the Occupational Safety and Health Review Commission, $5,982,000.

PROSPECTIVE PAYMENT ASSESSMENT COMMISSION

For expenses necessary to carry out section 601 of Public Law 98–21, $1,500,000 to be transferred to this appropriation from the Federal Hospital Insurance and the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Funds to remain available until expended.

Ante, p. 149.

RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD

DUAL BENEFITS PAYMENTS ACCOUNT

For payment to the Dual Benefits Payments Account, authorized under section 15(d) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974, $420,000,000, which shall be credited to the account in 12 approximately equal amounts on the first day of each month in the fiscal year.

45 USC 231n.

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATION

For expenses necessary for the Railroad Retirement Board, $56,046,000 to be derived from the railroad retirement accounts: *Provided,* That such portion of the foregoing amount as may be necessary shall be available for the payment of personnel compensa-

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tion and benefits for not less than 1,162 full-time-equivalent employees: *Provided further,* That $500,000 of the foregoing amount shall be available only to the extent necessary to process workloads not anticipated in the budget estimates and after maximum absorption of the costs of such workloads within the remainder of the existing limitation has been achieved: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding any other provisions in law, no portion of this limitation shall be available for payments of standard level user charges pursuant to section 210(j) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended (40 U.S.C. 490(j); 45 U.S.C. 228 a-r).

45 USC 228a–228r.

LIMITATION ON RAILROAD UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ADMINISTRATION FUND

For further expenses necessary for the Railroad Retirement Board, for administration of the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act, not less than $16,082,000 shall be apportioned for fiscal year 1984 pursuant to section 3679 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (31 U.S.C. 655) from moneys credited to the railroad unemployment insurance administration fund, and of this amount $6,659,000 shall be derived from contributions credited to the railroad unemployment insurance account and shall be credited to the railroad unemployment insurance administration fund as authorized by section 11(a)(iv) of the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act: *Provided,* That such portion of the foregoing amount as may be necessary shall be available for the payment of personnel compensation and benefits for not less than 416 full-time-equivalent employees.

45 USC 367.

31 USC 1511 *et seq.*

45 USC 361.

SOLDIERS' AND AIRMEN'S HOME

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

For maintenance and operation of the United States Soldiers' and Airmen's Home, to be paid from the Soldiers' and Airmen's Home permanent fund, $30,924,000: *Provided,* That this appropriation shall not be available for the payment of hospitalization of members of the Home in United States Army hospitals at rates in excess of those prescribed by the Secretary of the Army upon recommendation of the Board of Commissioners and the Surgeon General of the Army.

CAPITAL OUTLAY

For construction and renovation of the physical plant, to be paid from the Soldiers' and Airmen's Home permanent fund, $4,550,000, to remain available until expended.

TITLE V—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Consulting service contracts.

SEC. 501. The expenditure of any appropriation under this Act for any consulting service through procurement contract, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 3109, shall be limited to those contracts where such expenditures are a matter of public record and available for public inspection, except where otherwise provided under existing law, or under existing Executive order issued pursuant to existing law.

SEC. 502. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be expended by any executive agency, as referred to in the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 401 et seq.), pursuant to any obligation for services by contract, unless such executive agency has awarded and entered into such contract in full compliance with such Act and regulations promulgated thereunder.

SEC. 503. Appropriations contained in this Act, available for salaries and expenses, shall be available for services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109 but at rates for individuals not to exceed the per diem rate equivalent to the rate for GS-18.

SEC. 504. Appropriations contained in this Act, available for salaries and expenses, shall be available for uniforms or allowances therefor as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901-5902).

SEC. 505. Appropriations contained in this Act, available for salaries and expenses, shall be available for expenses of attendance at meetings which are concerned with the functions or activities for which the appropriation is made or which will contribute to improved conduct, supervision, or management of those functions or activities.

SEC. 506. No part of the funds appropriated under this Act shall be used to provide a loan, guarantee of a loan, a grant, the salary of or any remuneration whatever to any individual applying for admission, attending, employed by, teaching at, or doing research at an institution of higher education who has engaged in conduct on or after August 1, 1969, which involves the use of (or the assistance to others in the use of) force or the threat of force or the seizure of property under the control of an institution of higher education, to require or prevent the availability of certain curricula, or to prevent the faculty, administrative officials, or students in such institution from engaging in their duties or pursuing their studies at such institution.

SEC. 507. The Secretaries of Labor, Education, and Health and Human Services are authorized to transfer unexpended balances of prior appropriations to accounts corresponding to current appropriations provided in this Act: *Provided,* That such transferred balances are used for the same purpose, and for the same periods of time, for which they were originally appropriated.

SEC. 508. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided herein.

Publicity or propaganda, prohibited use of funds.

SEC. 509. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used, other than for normal and recognized executive-legislative relationships, for publicity or propaganda purposes, for the preparation, distribution, or use of any kit, pamphlet, booklet, publication, radio, television, or film presentation designed to support or defeat legislation pending before the Congress, except in presentation to the Congress itself.

No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or expenses of any grant or contract recipient, or agent acting for such recipient, related to any activity designed to influence legislation or appropriations pending before the Congress.

Official reception and representation expenses.

SEC. 510. The Secretaries of Labor, Education, and Health and Human Services are each authorized to make available not to exceed $7,500 from funds available for salaries and expenses under titles I, II, and III, respectively, for official reception and representation expenses; the Director of the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service is authorized to make available for official reception

and representation expenses not to exceed $2,500 from the funds available for "Salaries and expenses, Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service"; and the Chairman of the National Mediation Board is authorized to make available for official reception and representation expenses not to exceed $2,500 from funds available for "Salaries and expenses, National Mediation Board".

Experimental programs or projects involving human participants.

SEC. 511. None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be used to pay for any research program or project or any program, project, or course which is of an experimental nature, or any other activity involving human participants, which is determined by the Secretary or a court of competent jurisdiction to present a danger to the physical, mental, or emotional well-being of a participant or subject of such program, project, or course, without the written, informed consent of each participant or subject, or a participant's parents or legal guardian, if such participant or subject is under eighteen years of age. The Secretary shall adopt appropriate regulations respecting this section.

SEC. 512. None of the funds provided in this Act to any department or agency may be expended for the transportation of any officer or employee of such department or agency between his domicile and his place of employment, with the exception of the Secretaries of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, who under title 5, United States Code, section 101 are exempted from such limitations.

Short title.

This Act may be cited as the "Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984".

Approved October 31, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3913:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 98-357 (Comm. on Appropriations) and No. 98-422 (Comm. of Conference).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-247 (Comm. on Appropriations).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Sept. 22, considered and passed House.
Oct. 4, considered and passed Senate, amended.
Oct. 20, House agreed to conference report; concurred in certain Senate amendments and in others with amendments. Senate agreed to conference report; concurred in House amendments.

Public Law 98-140
98th Congress

An Act

To establish the Lee Metcalf Wilderness and Management Area in the State of Montana, and for other purposes.

Oct. 31, 1983
[S. 96]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Lee Metcalf Wilderness and Management Act of 1983".

Lee Metcalf Wilderness and Management Act of 1983.

DESIGNATION AND MANAGEMENT OF LEE METCALF WILDERNESS AND MANAGEMENT AREA

SEC. 2. (a) In furtherance of the purposes of the Wilderness Act (78 Stat. 890; 16 U.S.C. 1131), certain lands within the Beaverhead and Gallatin National Forests and certain lands in the Dillon Resource Area, Montana, administered by the Bureau of Land Management which comprise approximately two hundred and fifty-nine thousand acres as generally depicted as the "Lee Metcalf Wilderness" on a map entitled "Lee Metcalf Wilderness—Proposed", and dated October 1983 are hereby designated as wilderness and shall be known as the Lee Metcalf Wilderness.

16 USC 1132 note.
16 USC 1131 note.

(b) Subject to valid existing rights, the Lee Metcalf Wilderness as designated by this Act shall be administered by the Secretary of Agriculture, hereafter referred to as "the Secretary", in accordance with the Wilderness Act governing areas designated by that Act as wilderness: *Provided,* That any reference in such provisions to the effective date of the Wilderness Act shall be deemed to be a reference to the effective date of this Act: *Provided further,* That the Bear Trap Canyon portion of the Lee Metcalf Wilderness shall be administered by the Secretary of the Interior.

Administration of lands.

16 USC 1131 note.

(c) The Congress finds that certain lands within the Gallatin National Forest near Monument Mountain have important recreational and wildlife values, including critical grizzly bear and elk habitat. In order to conserve and protect these values, the area lying adjacent to the Monument Mountain and Taylor-Hilgard units of the Lee Metcalf Wilderness as designated by this Act and comprising approximately thirty-eight thousand acres, as generally depicted on the map entitled "Lee Metcalf Wilderness—Proposed", dated October 1983, shall be managed to protect the wildlife and recreational values of these lands and shall be hereby withdrawn from all forms of appropriation under the mining laws and from disposition under all laws pertaining to mineral leasing and geothermal leasing, and all amendments thereto. The area shall further be administered by the Secretary of Agriculture to maintain presently existing wilderness character, with no commercial timber harvest nor additional road construction permitted. The Secretary shall permit continued use of the area by motorized equipment only for activities associated with existing levels of livestock grazing, administrative purposes (including snowmobile trail maintenance) and for snowmobiling during periods of adequate snow cover but only where such

Motorized equipment activities.

uses are compatible with the protection and propagation of wildlife within the area: *Provided,* That the Secretary may, in his discretion, also permit limited motor vehicle access by individuals and others within the area where such access is compatible with the protection and propagation of wildlife and where such access was established prior to the date of enactment of this Act. Management direction for the area that recognizes these values shall be included in the forest plan developed for the Gallatin National Forest in accordance with section 6 of the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974 as amended by the National Forest Management Act of 1976.

Forest plan.

16 USC 1604.
16 USC 1600 note.

DESIGNATION AND MANAGEMENT OF CERTAIN NATIONAL FOREST LANDS IN THE STATE OF MONTANA

Studies and initial plans.

SEC. 3. (a) The Congress hereby determines and directs that—

(1) the areas listed in subsection (b) of this section have been adequately studied for wilderness pursuant to Public Law 95-150 or in the RARE II Final Environmental Statement (dated January 1979);

91 Stat. 1243.

(2) such studies shall constitute an adequate consideration of the suitability of such lands for inclusion in the National Wilderness Preservation System and the Department of Agriculture shall not be required to review the wilderness option for such areas prior to revision of the initial plans required for such lands by the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974 as amended by the National Forest Management Act of 1976 (Public Law 94-588) and in no case prior to the date established by law for completion of the initial planning cycle;

16 USC 1600 note.

(3) such areas need not be managed, unless otherwise specified in this Act, for the purposes of protecting their suitability for wilderness designation pending revision of the initial plans.

Wilderness study areas.

(b) The areas covered by subsection (a) of this section are as follows:

(1) the Mount Henry Wilderness Study Area as designated by Public Law 95-150;

91 Stat. 1243.

(2) those portions of the Taylor-Hilgard Wilderness Study Area as designated by Public Law 95-150 but not designated as wilderness by this Act;

(3) certain lands on the Gallatin National Forest and Beaverhead National Forest identified as area 1549 in the Forest Service Roadless Area Review and Evaluation (II) Final Environmental Statement, Executive Communication Numbered 1504, May 3, 1979, not designated as wilderness by this Act;

(4) certain lands on the Custer National Forest known as the proposed Tongue River Breaks Wilderness, which comprise approximately sixteen thousand five hundred acres, as identified in Executive Communication Numbered 1504, Ninety-sixth Congress (House Document Numbered 96-119).

(c)(1) The lands described in subsection (c)(2) of this section have been adequately studied for wilderness pursuant to section 603 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act (Public Law 94-579) and are no longer subject to the requirement of section 603(c) of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act pertaining to management in a manner that does not impair suitability for preservation as wilderness.

43 USC 1782.

(2) The lands covered by subsection (c)(1) of this section are as follows: Wilderness study areas.

(A) certain lands administered by the Bureau of Land Management in the Powder River Resource Area, Montana, identified as area numbered 736, Tongue River Breaks Contiguity, comprising approximately two thousand acres as described in the "Final Decision Montana Wilderness Inventory" published November 1980 by the Bureau of Land Management;

(B) certain lands administered by the Bureau of Land Management in the Dillon Resource Area, Montana, identified as area numbered MT-076-079 "Madison Tack-Ons" comprising approximately one thousand five hundred acres, as described in the "Final Decision Montana Overthrust Belt Wilderness Inventory" published by the Bureau of Land Management, not otherwise designated as wilderness by this Act; and

(C) certain lands administered by the Bureau of Land Management known as "Bear Trap Canyon Study Area", Madison County, Montana, as described in "Draft Suitability and Environmental Impact Statement for Wilderness Designation of Bear Trap Canyon Instant Study Area" published April 1980 by the Bureau of Land Management, not otherwise designated as wilderness by this Act.

(d) The boundary of the Absaroka-Beartooth Wilderness, Montana, as designated by Public Law 95-249, is hereby modified to exclude from the wilderness approximately forty acres in the West Fork of Mill Creek and approximately twenty-seven acres in the Passage Creek drainage as depicted on a map entitled "Absaroka-Beartooth Wilderness-West Fork Mill Creek and Passage Creek Deletions", dated August 1983. 16 USC 1132 note.

(e) The boundary of the UL Bend Wilderness, Montana, as designated by Public Law 94-557 is hereby modified to exclude from the wilderness approximately twenty-eight acres as depicted on a map entitled "UL Bend Wilderness Deletion", dated July 1983. 16 USC 1132 note.

(f) To provide for more efficient administration of lands designated by this Act as wilderness: Administration of designated lands.

(1) the exterior boundaries of the Beaverhead and Gallatin National Forests in the State of Montana are hereby modified to exclude all lands within the Bear Trap Canyon portion of the Lee Metcalf Wilderness and the said national forest boundaries shall hereafter be the same as the wilderness boundaries depicted on the maps referred to in section 2(a) of this Act. All national forest lands within the Bear Trap Canyon portion of the Lee Metcalf Wilderness are transferred to the administration of the Secretary of the Interior to be managed as public lands in accordance with this Act, the Wilderness Act and the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, as amended (90 Stat. 2743); 16 USC 1131 note. 43 USC 1701 note.

(2) the public lands in section 12, township 10 south, range 1 east, Montana principal meridian, administered by the Secretary of the Interior are hereby transferred to the Secretary of Agriculture to be hereafter administered in accordance with this Act the laws, rules, and regulations applicable to the national forest system;

(3) for purposes of section 7 of the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (78 Stat. 903, as amended), the boundaries of the Beaverhead and Gallatin National Forests, as modified by 16 USC 460*l*-9.

this subsection, shall be treated as if they were the boundaries of those forests on January 1, 1965;

Land use authorizations.

(4) nothing in this Act shall affect valid existing rights or interests in existing land use authorizations, except that any such right or authorization shall hereafter be administered by the agency having jurisdiction of the land after the enactment of this Act, in accordance with this Act and applicable law. Reissuance of any such authorization shall be in accordance with applicable law and the regulations of the agency having jurisdiction.

LAND ACQUISITION AND EXCHANGE

SEC. 4. (a) The Congress finds that the wilderness area within the Gallatin and Beaverhead National Forests in Montana established by this Act contains significant amounts of intermingled lands owned by Burlington Northern Railroad Company and that in order to manage the wilderness in an efficient and effective manner these lands should be owned by the Federal Government. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, this section hereby authorizes and directs the exchange of lands and interests in lands between Burlington Northern Railroad Company and the United States through the Secretary and the revocation of existing withdrawals on the Federal lands. Accordingly, the Congress directs the Secretary to accept from Burlington Northern Railroad Company the following described lands and interests therein, consisting of twenty-four thousand and seven and twenty-three one-hundredths acres of land, more or less, subject to valid existing rights of record acceptable to the Secretary.

Township 6 South, Range 1 East, Montana Principal Meridian

Section 13: All,

Township 6 South, Range 2 East

Section 1:
Lots 13, 14,
North half,
West half southeast quarter,
Section 19: All fractional,
Section 27: All,
Section 29: All,
Section 31: All fractional,
Section 33: All,

Township 7 South, Range 1 East

Section 1: All fractional,
Section 3:
Lots 1 and 2,
South half northeast quarter,
Section 11: North half northeast quarter,

Township 7 South, Range 2 East

Section 5: All fractional,
Section 15: All,

Section 17: All,
Section 21: All,
Section 25: All,
Section 27: North half,
Southeast quarter,
East half southwest quarter,
Section 35: North half,

Township 7 South, Range 3 East

Section 31: All fractional,

Township 8 South, Range 1 East

Section 25: North half,

Township 8 South, Range 2 East

Section 1: All fractional,
Section 3: All fractional,
Section 9: All,
Section 11: All,
Section 13: All,
Section 15: All,
Section 17: All,
Section 19: All fractional,
Section 21: All,
Section 23: All,
Section 25: All,
Section 27: All,
Section 33: East half,
Section 35: All,

Township 8 South, Range 3 East

Section 5: All fractional,
Section 7: All fractional,
Section 17: All,
Section 19: All fractional,
Section 21: West half,
Section 29: All,
Section 31: Lots 1 and 2,
Northeast quarter,
East half northwest quarter,

Township 9 South, Range 2 East

Section 1: All fractional,
Section 11: All.

The lands acquired by the United States under the provisions of this section shall become parts of the Gallatin and Beaverhead National Forests subject to the laws, rules, and regulations applicable to the national forest system.

(b) Upon acceptance of title by the United States to the lands described in subsection (a) of this section, the United States through the Secretary shall convey to Burlington Northern Railroad Company all right, title, and interests to the following described national forest system lands and interests therein, consisting of eleven thou- Conveyance.

sand eight hundred and ten and forty-seven one-hundredths acres of land more or less, which are of substantially equal value to the lands and interests conveyed to the United States and described as follows:

Township 5 South, Range 1 East, Montana Principal Meridian

Section 24: South half,
Section 26: All,
Section 34:
Lots 1, 2, 3, 4,
Southeast quarter,
Section 36: All, less HES 187 and 190,

Township 5 South, Range 2 East

Section 30: All fractional,
Section 32: All,
Section 34: South half,

Township 6 South, Range 1 East

Section 2: All fractional,
Section 12: All,

Township 6 South, Range 2 East

Section 2: All fractional,
Section 4: All fractional,
Section 6: All fractional,
Section 8: All,
Section 10: All,
Section 12: All fractional,
Section 14: All,
Section 16: All,
Section 22: All,
Section 24: All,

Township 6 South, Range 3 East

Section 18: All fractional.

The lands described in this subsection are conveyed subject to the following reservations:

(1) ditches and canals as provided for in the Act of August 30, 1890 (26 Stat. 391, 43 U.S.C. 945); and

(2) for so long as the Secretary deems necessary, Burlington Northern Railroad Company accepts the responsibility accruing from this exchange to provide and manage three (3) public recreational accesses, including trail head facilities, in the Jack Creek drainage over routes approximately as illustrated on Exhibit C of the Memorandum of Understanding dated November 20, 1981, between the United States Forest Service and Burlington Northern Railroad Company to utilize national forest lands.

Conveyances.

(c) The transactions necessary to effect the conveyances of title to lands authorized by this section shall be completed within ninety days of enactment of this Act: *Provided,* That the rights and respon-

sibilities of the respective owners shall remain with such owners until such time as the conveyances are executed.

Orders of withdrawal.

(d) The following orders of withdrawal, as they apply to the lands conveyed by the United States and involved in the transactions authorized by this section, are hereby revoked:

Executive Order Numbered 30—Montana 7—Phosphate Reserve—October 9, 1917 (one hundred and eighty-five acres).

Executive Order Numbered 30—Montana 8—Coal Reserve—December 27, 1911 (two thousand two hundred and eighty acres).

Montana 1—Coal Reserve—July 9, 1910 (seven thousand three hundred and sixteen and seventy-three one-hundredths acres).

Public Land Order Numbered 1370—Hammond Administrative Site—November 28, 1956.

Public Land Order Numbered 909—Jack Creek Administrative Site—July 13, 1953.

FILING OF MAPS AND DESCRIPTIONS

Submittal to congressional committees.

SEC. 5. As soon as practicable after enactment of this Act, maps and legal descriptions of the Lee Metcalf Wilderness shall be filed with the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the United States Senate, and such maps and legal descriptions shall have the same force and effect as if included in this Act: *Provided, however,* That correction of clerical and typographical errors in such legal descriptions and maps may be made.

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 6. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated such funds as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act.

Land leases and bidding rights.
16 USC 460*ll*–3.

SEC. 7. (a) Subsection (b)(3) of section 4 of the Rattlesnake National Recreation Area and Wilderness Act of 1980 (Public Law 96-476) is amended to read as follows:

"Money."

"(3) If for any reason, including but not limited to the failure of the Secretary of the Interior to offer for lease lands in the Montana portion of the Powder River Coal Production Region as defined in the Federal Register of November 9, 1979 (44 F.R. 65196), or the failure of the holder of the bidding rights to submit a successful high bid for any such leases, any bidding rights issued in an exchange under this Act have not been exercised within two years from the date of enactment of this Act, the bidding rights may be used as a monetary credit, which shall be considered 'money' within the meaning of section 35 of the Mineral Lands Leasing Act of 1920 (30 U.S.C. 191), against that portion of bonus payments, rental or royalty payments paid into the Treasury of the United States and retained by the Federal Government on any Federal coal lease won or otherwise held by the applicant, its successors or assigns. The holder of the bidding rights shall pay the balance due on such bonus payments, rental or royalty payments in cash for transmittal to the States in the same manner and in the same amounts as though the entire payment were made in cash under the provisions of the Mineral Leasing Act of 1920 as amended. The bidding rights may be transferred or sold at any time by the owner to any

30 USC 181 note.

other party with all the rights of the owner to the credit, and after such transfer, the owner shall notify the Secretary.".

Lands exchange and bidding rights.
16 USC 460*ll*–3.
"Cash Equivalency Rate."

(b) Section 4 of the Rattlesnake National Recreation Area and Wilderness Act of 1980 (Public Law 96-476) is further amended by adding a new subsection to read as follows:

"(e) The Secretary of the Interior, in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture, shall consummate the exchange of the lands owned by the Montana Power Company within the boundaries of the Rattlesnake National Recreation Area and Rattlesnake Wilderness by issuing bidding rights to the Montana Power Company which shall equal the negotiated cash equivalent of the fair market value of such Montana Power Company lands, as provided in the agreement of April 4, 1983, signed by the authorized representatives of the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of the Interior and the Montana Power Company, except that adjustments in the 'Cash Equivalency Rate' referred to in said agreement shall not exceed a rate determined by the Secretary of the Interior taking into consideration the current average market yield on outstanding marketable obligations of the United States with remaining periods to maturity comparable to the remaining period during which the bidding rights may be used.".

Approved October 31, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 96:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-405, Pt. 1 (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-16 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Apr. 13, considered and passed Senate.
Oct. 6, considered and passed House, amended.
Oct. 19, Senate concurred in House amendment.

Public Law 98-141
98th Congress

An Act

To amend certain provisions of law relating to units of the national park system and other public lands, and for other purposes.

Oct. 31, 1983
[H.R. 1213]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Public Lands and National Parks Act of 1983".

Public Lands and National Parks Act of 1983.
16 USC 1 note.

SEC. 2. (a) The Secretary of the Interior is authorized to accept a conveyance of approximately four acres of land adjacent to the Effigy Mounds National Monument in the State of Iowa, and in exchange therefor to convey the grantor, without monetary consideration, approximately three acres of land within the monument, all as described in subsection (b) of this section. Effective upon consummation of the exchange, the land accepted by the Secretary shall become part of Effigy Mounds National Monument, subject to the laws and regulations applicable thereto, and the land conveyed by the Secretary shall cease to be part of the monument and the boundary of the monument is revised accordingly.

Effigy Mounds National Monument, Iowa.
Land conveyance.

(b) The land referred to in subsection (a) which may be accepted by the Secretary is more particularly described as that portion of the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section 28 lying south and east of County Road Numbered 561, and the land referred to in subsection (a) which may be conveyed by the Secretary is more particularly described as that portion of the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section 33 lying north and west of County Road Numbered 561, all in township 96 north, range 3 west, fourth principal meridian, Allamakee County, Iowa.

Description.

SEC. 3. Section 9 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the establishment of Cape Cod National Seashore", approved August 7, 1961 (16 U.S.C. 459b-8), is amended by striking out "$33,500,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$42,917,575".

SEC. 4. Section 8 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the establishment of the Cape Lookout National Seashore in the State of North Carolina, and for other purposes", approved March 10, 1966 (16 U.S.C. 459g-7), is amended by striking out "$7,903,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$13,903,000".

SEC. 5. Section 15 of the Act entitled "An Act to establish in the State of Michigan the Sleeping Bear Dunes National Lakeshore, and for other purposes", approved October 21, 1970 (16 U.S.C. 460x-14), is amended by striking out "$66,153,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$82,149,558".

SEC. 6. Section 5(a) of the Act of October 18, 1976, entitled "An Act to authorize the establishment of the Congaree Swamp National Monument in the State of South Carolina, and for other purposes" (Public Law 94-545; 90 Stat. 2517; 16 U.S.C. 431 note) is amended by striking out "$35,500,000" and substituting "$60,500,000"; and by striking out "$500,000" and inserting in lieu there of "$2,000,000".

SEC. 7. (a) Section 4 of the Act of October 26, 1972 (86 Stat. 1181; 16 U.S.C. 433c note) is amended by striking the phrase "$9,327,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$9,825,000".

Repeal.

(b) Section 5 of the Act of June 2, 1936 (49 Stat. 1393; 16 U.S.C. 433e), is hereby repealed.

Appropriation authorization.

SEC. 8. (a) The Pennsylvania Avenue Development Corporation Act of 1972 (86 Stat. 1266, 40 U.S.C. 871) is amended as follows:

40 USC 875.

(1) by striking out in paragraph (10) of section 6, the figure "100,000,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "120,000,000"; and

40 USC 885.

(2) by adding at the end of section 17(a) the following: "There are further authorized to be appropriated for operating and administrative expenses of the Corporation sums not to exceed $3,250,000, each, for the fiscal years ending September 30, 1984, September 30, 1985, September 30, 1986, September 30, 1987, and September 30, 1988.".

40 USC 874.

(b) Section 5(e) of the Pennsylvania Avenue Development Corporation Act of 1972 is amended by—

(1) inserting "(1)" after "(e)";

(2) striking out "The Corporation" in the second sentence thereof and substituting:

"(2) The Corporation"; and

Effective date.

(3) adding the following new paragraph at the end thereof:

Notification to congressional committees.

"(3) Any alteration, revision, or amendment of the plan and any other action taken by the Corporation which is not a substantial change in the plan within the meaning of paragraph (2) but—

"(A) which is a significant change in the plan, or which is another significant action taken by the Corporation, and

"(B) which relates to housing, any major structure, historic preservation, parks, office space, or retail uses, within the development area

shall not take effect until thirty days after notice of such change or other action has been submitted to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs of the United States House of Representatives and to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the United States Senate, unless prior to the expiration of such thirty-day period each of such committees notifies the Corporation in writing that the committee does not object to such change or other action. Such notice to the committees shall include an explanation of the reasons why the change or other action is proposed and a summary of any recommendations received by the Corporation from the Secretary of the Interior, the Mayor of the District of Columbia, or from any other interested agency, organization, or individual.".

40 USC 872.

(c)(1) Section 3(c) of the Pennsylvania Avenue Development Corporation Act of 1972 is amended by inserting "(7)" at the beginning of the unnumbered paragraph following paragraph (6).

(2) Section 5(a)(10) of such Act is amended by inserting "a" before "whole".

(3) Section 5(b) of such Act is amended by striking out "Cooperation" and substituting "cooperation".

40 USC 880.

(d) Section 11 of the Pennsylvania Avenue Development Corporation Act of 1972 is amended by inserting "(a)" after "SEC. 11." and by adding the following new subsections at the end thereof:

Estimate of additional funds, transmittal to Congress.

"(b) Within six months after the date of the enactment of this subsection, the Corporation shall transmit to the Congress an estimate, for each fiscal year, of the additional funds which will be necessary for the Corporation to carry out the development plan through the fiscal year 1990. Such estimate shall include a detailed

statement of the projects and other expenditures for which such funds are proposed to be used, together with an estimate of the projected costs thereof.

"(c) The report submitted under subsection (a) shall include a detailed discussion of the actions the Corporation has taken within the reporting period to protect and enhance the significant historic and architectural values of structures within the boundaries of the Corporation's jurisdiction, and indicating similar actions it plans to take and issues it anticipates dealing with during the upcoming fiscal year related to historic and architectural preservation. Such report shall indicate the degree to which public concern has been considered and incorporated into decisions made by the Corporation relative to historic and architectural preservation.". Detailed report.

SEC. 9. (a) With respect to the land described in subsection (c), the right of reverter and the reserved mineral interests held by the United States in such land are hereby conveyed, without warranty, to the State of Florida for the purpose of allowing the State of Florida to exchange such lands for privately owned lands, such conveyance to the State of Florida to be contingent and effective upon the conveyance to the United States of marketable title to the land described in subsection (d), in fee simple absolute, free and clear of all liens and encumbrances, except those acceptable to the Secretary of the Interior. Land conveyance.

(b) Immediately upon receipt by the United States of title to the land described in subsection (d), the Secretary of the Interior shall convey, without warranty, the land described in subsection (d) to the State of Florida. The document of conveyance shall— Document of conveyance.

(1) reserve to the United States all mineral deposits found at any time in the land and the right to prospect for, mine, and remove the same; and

(2) provide that the land shall revert to the United States upon a finding by the Secretary of the Interior that for a period of five consecutive years such land has not been used by the State of Florida for park or recreational purposes, or that such land or any part thereof is being devoted to other uses. Land reversion to U.S.

(c) The land referred to in subsection (a) is approximately 0.69 of an acre of land, presently encroached upon by the adjoining landowners or occupants, within an area generally described as lot 2, southwest quarter southwest quarter section 15, township 4 south, range 15 west, Tallahassee meridian, Florida. Part of the tract was included in the land conveyed by the United States to the State of Florida on May 10, 1954, by patent numbered 1144377, and part was included in the land conveyed by the United States to the Florida Board of Forestry and Parks (presently named the Florida Department of Natural Resources) on July 26, 1948, by patent numbered 1123723. Land descriptions.

(d) The land to be received in exchange for the land described in subsection (c) consists of approximately 1.10 acres of land located in a tract generally described as section 16, township 4 south, range 15 west, Tallahassee meridian, Florida, and more particularly described as follows: Begin at the intersection of the south right-of-way line of Thomas Drive (State Road Numbered 392) and the east line of section 16, township 4 south, range 15 west, Bay County, Florida. Thence south 0 degree 31 minutes 37 seconds west along the east line of said section 16 for 468.20 feet to the south line of said section 16; thence north 89 degrees 28 minutes 23 seconds west along said south line of section 16 for 205 feet; thence north 24 degrees 10 Land exchange.

minutes 23 seconds east for 511.11 feet to the point of beginning, containing 1.10 acres more or less.

Payment of U.S. costs.

(e) The State of Florida shall pay promptly to the Secretary of the Interior, any and all costs, including administrative overhead, that may be incurred by the United States in connection with the transactions authorized under subsection (a).

SEC. 10. (a) For the purposes of this section only, the limitation provision of section 1 of the Act of December 22, 1928 (45 Stat. 1069; 43 U.S.C. 1068), popularly known as the Color-of-Title Act, that limits conveyances under that Act to not more than one hundred and sixty acres, shall not apply to any claim for a patent that may be filed under the Color-of-Title Act for a parcel of land described as section 39, township 5 south, range 4 east, Saint Helena Meridian, Louisiana.

Patent claim provisions.

(b) Except as provided in subsection (a) of this section, all provisions of the Color-of-Title Act shall apply to any claim for a patent under the Color-of-Title Act for the parcel of land described in subsection (a) of this section.

Land conveyances, written application.

SEC. 11. (a) All right, title, and interest of the United States in certain lands within the boundaries of the Sequoia National Forest in Tulare County, California, and described in subsection (b) is hereby conveyed to those persons who submit a written application to the Secretary of Agriculture within five years after the date of enactment of this Act, with such proof of title as the Secretary may consider appropriate.

Descriptions.

(b) The lands to be conveyed under subsection (a) are described as follows:

PARCEL B—MOUNT DIABLO MERIDIAN, CALIFORNIA

Township 14 South, Range 27 East

Section 14:

West half southwest quarter southwest quarter northwest quarter southwest quarter southeast quarter,

Northwest quarter northwest quarter northwest quarter southwest quarter southwest quarter southeast quarter.

Land consolidation and administration.

SEC. 12. (a) To provide for consolidation of lands in the San Juan and San Isabel National Forests, lands administered by the Bureau of Land Management, Montrose District, and lands acquired by the Bureau of Reclamation as a part of the McPhee Dam and Reservoir, all in Colorado, and to provide for more efficient administration of those lands, the exterior boundaries of the San Juan and San Isabel National Forests in the State of Colorado are hereby modified as shown on United States Department of Agriculture, Forest Service maps entitled "Boundary Modification, San Juan National Forest", and "Boundary Modification, San Isabel National Forest", dated August 1981. The maps and legal description of the boundaries of such lands shall be on file and available for public inspection in the offices of the Chief of the Forest Service, Department of Agriculture; the Director of the Bureau of Land Management, and the Commissioner of the Bureau of Reclamation, Department of the Interior; and appropriate field offices of those agencies.

Maps and legal description. Public availability.

(b) All Bureau of Land Management-administered lands that, by reason of the boundary modification described in subsection (a), fall within the boundaries of the San Juan or San Isabel National Forests, comprising about twenty-five thousand five hundred and

fifty-nine acres and depicted as areas 1–8 on the maps referred to in subsection (a), are hereby added to the respective national forests and shall be administered in accordance with the laws, rules, and regulations applicable to the national forest system.

(c) All national forest system lands that, by reason of the boundary modification described in subsection (a), no longer fall within the boundaries of the San Juan National Forest, comprising about thirty-one thousand six hundred and seven acres and depicted as areas 9–11 on the maps referred to in such section, are hereby removed from the national forest system and transferred to the Secretary of the Interior to be administered in accordance with the laws, rules, and regulations applicable to the public lands as defined in section 103(e) of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (90 Stat. 2746; 43 U.S.C. 1702(e)).

Jurisdiction.

(d) Notwithstanding subsection (a) or any other law, the Secretary of the Interior shall retain jurisdiction over all lands administered by the Bureau of Reclamation that, by reason of the boundary modification described in the first section of this Act, fall within the boundary of the San Juan National Forest, until such time as the Secretary of the Interior, by agreement with the Secretary of Agriculture, transfers such jurisdiction to the Secretary of Agriculture. Upon such transfer, the land involved shall be added to the San Juan National Forest and shall be administered in accordance with the laws, rules, and regulations applicable to the national forest system.

16 USC 460*l*–9.

(e) For the purpose of section 7 of the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (78 Stat. 903, as amended; 16 U.S.C. 460l–9) the boundaries of the San Juan and San Isabel National Forests, as modified by subsection (a), shall be treated as if they were the boundaries of those forests on January 1, 1965.

Right or authorization.

(f) Nothing in this section shall affect valid existing rights, or interests in existing land use authorization, except that any such right or authorization shall be administered by the agency having jurisdiction over the land after the enactment of this Act in accordance with subsections (b) and (c) and other applicable law. Reissuance of any such authorization shall be in accordance with applicable law and the regulations of the agency having jurisdiction, except that the change of administrative jurisdiction shall not in itself constitute a ground to deny the renewal or reissuance of any such authorization.

Reissuance.

Report to Congress.

(g) Those parts of the areas which on December 15, 1981, were designated as Bureau of Land Management Wilderness Study Areas (Needle Creek, CO–030–229B; West Needles contiguous, CO–030–229A; Whitehead Gulch, CO–030–230B; and Weminuche contiguous, CO–030–238B) contained within area 3 and that are made a part of the national forest system by this section shall be studied in conjunction with the West Needles Wilderness Study Area in accordance with the provisions of section 105 of the Colorado Wilderness Act of 1980, including the requirement that the Secretary of Agriculture review the suitability or unsuitability of such lands for inclusion in the National Wilderness Preservation System and report to Congress by December 31, 1983. All portions of such areas which are not included within the national forest system by this section shall be reviewed as to their suitability or nonsuitability for preservation as wilderness, and recommendations thereon shall be submitted to the Congress, in the same manner as with respect to those areas required to be reviewed pursuant to section 603 of the

94 Stat. 3268.

Review.
Recommendations to Congress.

43 USC 1782.

Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, and during the period of review and until Congress has determined otherwise, such portions shall be managed pursuant to section 603(c) of such Act.

Effective date.

(h) The provisions of this section shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act.

SEC. 13. Any provision of this Act (or any amendment made by this Act) which, directly or indirectly, authorizes the enactment of new budget authority described in section 402(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 shall be effective only for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1983.

2 USC 652.

Approved October 31, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 1213:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-15 (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-141 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Mar. 8, considered and passed House.
Oct. 6, considered and passed Senate, amended.
Oct. 20, House concurred in Senate amendments.

Public Law 98-142
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

To designate the week of November 2, 1983 through November 9, 1983, as "National Drug Abuse Education Week".

Nov. 1, 1983
[S.J. Res. 57]

Whereas the illegal drug trade consists of approximately $79,000,000,000 in retail business per year;
Whereas removing the demand for drugs would reduce the illegal drug trade;
Whereas drug abuse destroys the future of many of the young people and adults in the Nation;
Whereas the eradication of drug abuse requires a united mobilization of national resources, including law enforcement and educational efforts; and
Whereas the most effective deterrent to drug abuse is education of parents and children in the home, classroom, and community: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the week of November 2, 1983, through November 9, 1983, is designated as "National Drug Abuse Education Week" and the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to participate in drug abuse education and prevention programs in their communities and encouraging parents and children to investigate and discuss drug abuse problems and possible solutions.

National Drug Abuse Education Week.

Approved November 1, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 57:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Mar. 18, considered and passed Senate.
Oct. 26, considered and passed House, amended.
Oct. 31, Senate concurred in House amendments.

Public Law 98-143
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Nov. 1, 1983
[S.J. Res. 189]

Extending the expiration date of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945.

Export-Import Bank Act of 1945, amendment.
12 USC 635f.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 8 of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 is amended by striking out "October 31, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "November 18, 1983".

Approved November 1, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 189:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Oct. 28, considered and passed Senate.
Oct. 31, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-144
98th Congress

An Act

To amend title 5, United States Code, to make the birthday of Martin Luther King, Jr., a legal public holiday.

Nov. 2, 1983
[H.R. 3706]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 6103(a) of title 5, United States Code, is amended by inserting immediately below the item relating to New Year's Day the following:

"Birthday of Martin Luther King, Jr., the third Monday in January.".

Birthday of Martin Luther King, Jr. Legal public holiday.

SEC. 2. The amendment made by the first section of this Act shall take effect on the first January 1 that occurs after the two-year period following the date of the enactment of this Act.

Effective date. 5 USC 6103 note.

Approved November 2, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3706 (H.R. 3345):

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-314 accompanying H.R. 3345 (Comm. on Post Office and Civil Service).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Aug. 2, considered and passed House.
Oct. 18, 19, considered and passed Senate.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 19, No. 44 (1983):
Nov. 2, Presidential statement.

Public Law 98-145
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Nov. 3, 1983
[S.J. Res. 121]

To designate November 1983 as National Diabetes Month.

Whereas diabetes kills more than all other diseases except cancer and cardiovascular diseases;

Whereas eleven million Americans suffer from diabetes and five million seven hundred thousand of such Americans are not aware of their illness;

Whereas $9,700,000,000 annually are used for health care costs, disability payments, and premature mortality costs due to diabetes;

Whereas up to 85 per centum of all cases of noninsulin-dependent diabetes may be controllable through greater public understanding, awareness, and education; and

Whereas diabetes is a leading cause of blindness, kidney disease, heart disease, stroke, birth defects, and lower life expectancy, which complications may be reduced through greater patient and public understanding, awareness, and education: Now, therefore, be it

National Diabetes Month.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the month of November 1983 is designated as "National Diabetes Month", and the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe that month with appropriate programs, ceremonies, and activities.

Approved November 3, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 121:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Sept. 20, considered and passed Senate.
Oct. 26, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-146
98th Congress

An Act

Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for other purposes.

Nov. 4, 1983
[H.R. 3363]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for other purposes, namely:

Interior Department and related agencies, appropriations for fiscal year 1984.

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

LAND AND WATER RESOURCES

Bureau of Land Management

MANAGEMENT OF LANDS AND RESOURCES

For expenses necessary for protection, use, improvement, development, disposal, cadastral surveying, classification, and performance of other functions, including maintenance of facilities, as authorized by law, in the management of lands and their resources under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Land Management, including the general administration of the Bureau of Land Management, $359,601,000.

CONSTRUCTION AND ACCESS

For acquisition of lands and interests therein, and construction of buildings, recreation facilities, roads, trails, and appurtenant facilities, $1,200,000, to remain available until expended.

PAYMENTS IN LIEU OF TAXES

For expenses necessary to implement the Act of October 20, 1976 (31 U.S.C. 1601) $105,000,000, of which not to exceed $400,000 shall be available for administrative expenses. 31 USC 6902.

LAND ACQUISITION

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of sections 205 and 318(d) of Public Law 94-579 including administrative expenses and acquisition of lands or waters, or interest therein, $1,391,000, to be derived from the Land and Water Conservation Fund, to remain available until expended. 43 USC 1715, 1748.

OREGON AND CALIFORNIA GRANT LANDS

For expenses necessary for management, protection, and development of resources and for construction, operation, and maintenance

of access roads, reforestation, and other improvements on the revested Oregon and California Railroad grant lands, on other Federal lands in the Oregon and California land-grant counties of Oregon, and on adjacent rights-of-way; and acquisition of lands or interests therein including existing connecting roads on or adjacent to such grant lands; $51,536,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That the amount provided herein for the purposes of this appropriation on lands administered by the Forest Service shall be transferred to the Forest Service, Department of Agriculture: *Provided further,* That the amount appropriated herein for road construction on lands other than those administered by the Forest Service shall be transferred to the Federal Highway Administration, Department of Transportation: *Provided further,* That 25 per centum of the aggregate of all receipts during the current fiscal year from the revested Oregon and California Railroad grant lands is hereby made a charge against the Oregon and California land grant fund and shall be transferred to the General Fund in the Treasury in accordance with the provisions of the second paragraph of subsection (b) of title II of the Act of August 28, 1937 (50 Stat. 876).

RANGE IMPROVEMENTS

For rehabilitation, protection, acquisition of lands and interests therein, and improvement of Federal rangelands pursuant to section 401 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701), notwithstanding any other Act, sums equal to fifty per centum of all moneys received during the prior fiscal year under sections 3 and 15 of the Taylor Grazing Act (43 U.S.C. 315, et seq.), but not less than $10,000,000 (43 U.S.C. 1901), and the amount designated for range improvements from grazing fees and mineral leasing receipts from Bankhead-Jones lands transferred to the Department of the Interior pursuant to law, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That not to exceed $600,000 shall be available for administrative expenses.

43 USC 1751.

43 USC 315b, 315m.

SERVICE CHARGES, DEPOSITS, AND FORFEITURES

For administrative expenses and other costs related to processing application documents and other authorizations for use and disposal of public lands and resources, for monitoring construction, operation, and termination of facilities in conjunction with use authorizations, and for rehabilitation of damaged property, such amounts as may be collected under sections 209(b), 304(a), 304(b), 305(a), and 504(g) of the Act approved October 21, 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701), and sections 101 and 203 of Public Law 93-153, to be immediately available until expended.

43 USC 1719, 1734, 1735, 1764.
30 USC 185.
43 USC 1652.

MISCELLANEOUS TRUST FUNDS

In addition to amounts authorized to be expended under existing law, there is hereby appropriated such amounts as may be contributed under section 307 of the Act of October 21, 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701), and such amounts as may be advanced for administrative costs, surveys, appraisals, and costs of making conveyances of omitted lands under section 211(b) of that Act, to remain available until expended.

43 USC 1737.

43 USC 1721.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Appropriations for the Bureau of Land Management shall be available for purchase, erection, and dismantlement of temporary structures and alteration and maintenance of necessary buildings and appurtenant facilities to which the United States has title; up to $10,000 for payments, at the discretion of the Secretary, for information or evidence concerning violations of laws administered by the United States Bureau of Land Management; miscellaneous and emergency expenses of enforcement activities, authorized or approved by the Secretary and to be accounted for solely on his certificate, not to exceed $10,000: *Provided,* That appropriations herein made for the Bureau of Land Management expenditures in connection with the revested Oregon and California Railroad and reconveyed Coos Bay Wagon Road grant lands (other than expenditures made under the appropriation "Oregon and California grant lands") shall be reimbursed to the General Fund of the Treasury from the 25 per centum referred to in subsection (c), title II, of the Act approved August 28, 1937 (50 Stat. 876), of the special fund designated the "Oregon and California land grant fund" and section 4 of the Act approved May 24, 1939 (53 Stat. 754), of the special fund designated the "Coos Bay Wagon Road grant fund": *Provided further,* That appropriations herein made may be expended on a reimbursable basis for surveys of Federal lands of the United States and for protection of lands for the State of Alaska: *Provided further,* That an appeal of any reductions in grazing allotments on public rangelands must be taken within thirty days after receipt of a final grazing allotment decision or ninety days after the effective date of this Act in the case of reductions ordered during 1979, whichever occurs later. Reductions of up to 10 per centum in grazing allotments shall become effective when so designated by the Secretary of the Interior. Upon appeal any proposed reduction in excess of 10 per centum shall be suspended pending final action on the appeal, which shall be completed within two years after the appeal is filed: *Provided further,* That appropriations herein made shall be available for paying costs incidental to the utilization of services contributed by individuals who serve without compensation as volunteers in aid of work of the Bureau to protect, improve, develop, or manage the public lands; and that within appropriations herein provided, Bureau officials may authorize either direct procurement of or reimbursement for expenses incidental to the effective use of volunteers such as, but not limited to, training, transportation, lodging, subsistence, equipment, and supplies: *Provided further,* That provision for such expenses or services is in accord with volunteer or cooperative agreements made with such individuals, private organizations, educational institutions, or State or local governments: *Provided further,* That subject to valid existing rights, no appropriation herein made shall be used by the Secretary of the Interior for the processing or issuance of prospecting permits in certain lands in the Mark Twain National Forest, Missouri, which comprise approximately 17,562 acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Irish Wilderness—Proposed", dated December 1981.

43 USC 1181f-4.

43 USC 1752 note.

Effective date.

FISH AND WILDLIFE AND PARKS

UNITED STATES FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

For expenses necessary for scientific and economic studies, conservation, management, investigations, protection, and utilization of sport fishery and wildlife resources, except whales, seals, and sea lions, and for the performance of other authorized functions related to such resources; for the general administration of the Fish and Wildlife Service; for maintenance of the herd of long-horned cattle on the Wichita Mountains Wildlife Refuge, and not less than $3,400,000 for high priority projects within the scope of the approved budget which shall be carried out by Youth Conservation Corps as if authorized by the Act of August 13, 1970, as amended by Public Law 93-408, $270,803,000 of which $2,000,000, to carry out the purposes of 16 U.S.C. 1535, shall remain available until expended; and of which $3,729,000 shall be for operation and maintenance of fishery mitigation facilities constructed by the Corps of Engineers under the Lower Snake River Compensation Plan, authorized by the Water Resources Development Act of 1976 (90 Stat. 2921), to compensate for loss of fishery resources from water development projects on the Lower Snake River, which will remain available until expended: *Provided,* That the only critical habitat to be designated under section 4(b)(2) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (Public Law 93-205), as amended, for the Northern Rocky Mountain Wolf in Idaho shall be coterminous with the boundaries of the Central Idaho Wilderness Areas, as established by Public Law 96-312.

16 USC 1701-1706.

90 Stat. 2917.

16 USC 1533.

94 Stat. 948.

CONSTRUCTION AND ANADROMOUS FISH

For construction and acquisition of buildings and other facilities required in the conservation, management, investigations, protection, and utilization of sport fishery and wildlife resources, and the acquisition of lands and interests therein; $4,000,000, to remain available until expended, for expenses necessary to carry out the Anadromous Fish Conservation Act (16 U.S.C. 757a-757f), of which $500,000 shall be made available to the State of Idaho without regard to the limitation as stated in 16 U.S.C. 757e and without regard to the Federal cost sharing provisions in 16 U.S.C. 757a-757f: *Provided,* That 16 U.S.C. 757e is amended by adding the following new sentence: "The State of Idaho shall be eligible on an equal standing with other States for Federal funding for purposes authorized by sections 757a to 757f of this title."; and an additional $23,301,000, to remain available until expended.

16 USC 757a-757g.

16 USC 757a-757f.

MIGRATORY BIRD CONSERVATION ACCOUNT

For an advance to the migratory bird conservation account, as authorized by the Act of October 4, 1971, as amended (16 U.S.C. 715k-3, 5), $7,000,000, to remain available until expended.

16 USC 715k-3, 715k-5.

LAND ACQUISITION

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965, as amended (16 U.S.C

460l-4-11), including administrative expenses, and for acquisition of land or waters, or interest therein, in accordance with statutory authority applicable to the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, $42,297,000, to be derived from the Land and Water Conservation Fund, to remain available until expended. 16 USC 460*l*-4—460*l*-11.

NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE FUND

For expenses necessary to implement the Act of October 17, 1978 (16 U.S.C. 715s), $5,760,000.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Appropriations and funds available to the United States Fish and Wildlife Service shall be available for purchase of not to exceed 144 passenger motor vehicles of which 132 are for replacement only (including 70 for police-type use); purchase of 1 aircraft for replacement only; not to exceed $200,000 for payment, at the discretion of the Secretary, for information, rewards, or evidence concerning violations of laws administered by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service and miscellaneous and emergency expenses of enforcement activities, authorized or approved by the Secretary and to be accounted for solely on his certificate; repair of damage to public roads within and adjacent to reservation areas caused by operations of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service; options for the purchase of land at not to exceed $1 for each option; facilities incident to such public recreational uses on conservation areas as are not inconsistent with their primary purpose; and the maintenance and improvement of aquaria, buildings, and other facilities under the jurisdiction of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service and to which the United States has title, and which are utilized pursuant to law in connection with management and investigation of fish and wildlife resources.

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

OPERATION OF THE NATIONAL PARK SYSTEM

For expenses necessary for the management, operation, and maintenance of areas and facilities administered by the National Park Service (including special road maintenance service to trucking permittees on a reimbursable basis), and for the general administration of the National Park Service, including not to exceed $418,000 for the Roosevelt Campobello International Park Commission, and $500,000 for the Volunteers-in-the-Park program, and not less than $3,300,000 for high priority projects within the scope of the approved budget which shall be carried out by Youth Conservation Corps as if authorized by the Act of August 13, 1970, as amended by Public Law 93-408, $601,095,000 without regard to the Act of August 24, 1912, as amended (16 U.S.C. 451): *Provided,* That the Park Service shall not enter into future concessionaire contracts, including renewals, that do not include a termination for cause clause that provides for possible extinguishment of possessory interests excluding depreciated book value of concessionaire investments without compensation: *Provided further,* That appropriations for maintenance and improvement of roads within the boundary of Indiana Dunes National Lakeshore shall be available for such purposes without regard

16 USC 1701 note.

16 USC 20b note.

to whether title to such road rights-of-way is in the United States: *Provided further,* That $85,000 shall be available for the National Park Service to assist the town of Harpers Ferry, West Virginia, for police force use: *Provided further,* That up to $100,000 shall be available for a study to examine the suitability of a site in East St. Louis, in the State of Illinois, for a museum of American culture and anthropology, and to determine the variety and breadth of the collections that might be exhibited in such museum.

NATIONAL RECREATION AND PRESERVATION

For expenses necessary to carry out recreation programs, natural programs, cultural programs, environmental compliance and review, and grant administration, not otherwise provided for, $10,377,000.

URBAN PARK AND RECREATION FUND

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Urban Park and Recreation Recovery Act of 1978 (title X of Public Law 95-625) $6,700,000, to remain available until expended.

16 USC 2501.

HISTORIC PRESERVATION FUND

For expenses necessary in carrying out the provisions of the Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (80 Stat. 915), as amended (16 U.S.C. 470), $26,500,000 to be derived from the Historic Preservation Fund, established by section 108 of that Act, as amended, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1985.

16 USC 470h.

VISITOR FACILITIES FUND

For grants to the National Park Foundation for reconstruction, rehabilitation, replacement, improvement, relocation, or removal of visitor facilities within the National Park System, and related expenses, as authorized by Public Law 97-433, $5,800,000 to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1989, to be derived from the National Park System Visitor Facilities Fund.

16 USC 19aa note.

CONSTRUCTION

For construction, improvements, repair or replacement of physical facilities, without regard to the Act of August 24, 1912, as amended (16 U.S.C. 451), $44,037,000, to remain available until expended, of which not less than $936,000 shall be available to carry out the provisions of sections 303 and 304 of Public Law 95-290; not less than $1,076,000 shall be available for the Paul H. Douglas Environmental Center at Indiana Dunes National Lakeshore; and not less than $300,000 shall be available to remove the sewage treatment plant located in the Cuyahoga Valley National Recreation Area on the Ohio Canal south of State Route 82 (including expenses incurred for removal expenses and related activities outside the boundaries of the Recreation Area), without regard to whether title to such sewage treatment plant is in the United States: *Provided,* That the Secretary of the Interior (acting through the National Park Service) shall enter into a cooperative agreement with Summit County for undertaking such project: *Provided further,* That the Federal share of the total project expenses shall not exceed 40 per centum, of which not

16 USC 410cc-33, 410cc-34.

Project expenses, Federal share.

to exceed $1,500,000 for engineering and construction of the Halls Crossing-Bullfrog Ferry access roads and ramps in Glen Canyon National Recreation Area, such funds to be transferred to the State of Utah for accomplishment of these activities in accordance with provisions of a cooperative agreement between the National Park Service and the State of Utah: *Provided further,* That for payment of obligations incurred for engineering services, roadway and bridge access, and pilot tunnel bore work for the Cumberland Gap Tunnel, as authorized by section 160 of Public Law 93-87, $14,000,000 to be derived from the Highway Trust Fund and to remain available until expended to liquidate contract authority provided under section 104(a)(8) of Public Law 95-599: *Provided further,* That up to $1,000,000 of the funds provided under this head, to be derived from the Historic Preservation Fund, established by the Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (80 Stat. 915), as amended (16 U.S.C. 470), shall be available until expended for the preparation of a feasibility report recommending measures necessary to provide protection from the severe sloughing of bluffs in Natchez, Mississippi, between the north limits of the National Cemetery and the United States Highway 84 bridge, where potential bluff sloughing is found imminent and historic properties, roads, streets, utilities and other improvements are threatened, such funds to be transferred to the Secretary of the Army for utilization by the United States Army Corps of Engineers.

87 Stat. 278.

92 Stat. 2690.

LAND ACQUISITION AND STATE ASSISTANCE

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965, as amended (16 U.S.C. 460l-4-11), including administrative expenses, and for acquisition of land or waters, or interest therein, in accordance with statutory authority applicable to the National Park Service, $148,150,000, to be derived from the Land and Water Conservation Fund, to remain available until expended, of which $75,000,000 is for the State Assistance program including $2,081,000 to administer the program, and $6,150,000 is for Pinelands National Preserve: *Provided,* That State administrative expenses associated with the State grant portion of the State Assistance program shall not exceed 15 percent: *Provided further,* That none of the State Assistance funds may be used as a contingency fund: *Provided further,* That of the amounts previously appropriated to the Secretary's contingency fund for grants to States, $2,300,000 shall be available in 1984 for administrative expenses of the State grant program.

16 USC 460*l*-4—460*l*-11.

JOHN F. KENNEDY CENTER FOR THE PERFORMING ARTS

For expenses necessary for operating and maintaining the nonperforming arts functions of the John F. Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts, $4,542,000.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Appropriations for the National Park Service shall be available for the purchase of not to exceed 2 aircraft for replacement only, 214 passenger motor vehicles of which 177 shall be for replacement only, including not to exceed 137 for police-type use and 3 buses; and to provide, notwithstanding any other provision of law, at a cost not exceeding $100,000, transportation for children in nearby communi-

ties to and from any unit of the National Park System used in connection with organized recreation and interpretive programs of the National Park Service; options for the purchase of land at not to exceed $1 for each option; and for the procurement and delivery of medical services within the jurisdiction of units of the National Park System: *Provided,* That any funds available to the National Park Service may be used, with the approval of the Secretary, to maintain law and order in emergency and other unforeseen law enforcement situations and conduct emergency search and rescue operations in the National Park System: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated to the National Park Service may be used to process any grant or contract documents which do not include the text of 18 U.S.C. 1913: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated to the National Park Service may be used to add industrial facilities to the list of National Historic Landmarks without the consent of the owner: *Provided further,* That the National Park Service may use helicopters and motorized equipment at Death Valley National Monument for removal of feral burros and horses.

ENERGY AND MINERALS

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

SURVEYS, INVESTIGATIONS, AND RESEARCH

For expenses necessary for the Geological Survey to perform surveys, investigations, and research covering topography, geology, and the mineral and water resources of the United States, its Territories and possessions, and other areas as authorized by law (43 U.S.C. 31, 1332 and 1340); classify lands as to their mineral character and water and power resources; give engineering supervision to power permittees and Federal Energy Regulatory Commission licensees; administer the minerals exploration program (30 U.S.C. 641); and publish and disseminate data relative to the foregoing activities; $367,080,000: *Provided,* That $49,113,000 shall be available only for cooperation with States or municipalities for water resources investigations: *Provided further,* That no part of this appropriation shall be used to pay more than one-half the cost of any topographic mapping or water resources investigations carried on in cooperation with any State or municipality: *Provided further,* That the Geological Survey is authorized to accept lands, buildings, equipment, and other contributions from public and private sources and to prosecute projects in cooperation with other agencies, Federal, State, or private: *Provided further,* That in fiscal year 1984 and thereafter, all receipts from the sale of maps sold or stored by the Geological Survey shall be available for map printing and distribution to supplement funds otherwise available, to remain available until expended.

43 USC 50.

43 USC 42a.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

The amount appropriated for the Geological Survey shall be available for purchase of not to exceed 9 passenger motor vehicles, for replacement only; reimbursement to the General Services Administration for security guard services; contracting for the furnishing of topographic maps and for the making of geophysical or other specialized surveys when it is administratively determined that such procedures are in the public interest; construction and

maintenance of necessary buildings and appurtenant facilities; acquisition of lands for observation wells; expenses of the U.S. National Committee on Geology; and payment of compensation and expenses of persons on the rolls of the Geological Survey appointed, as authorized by law, to represent the United States in the negotiation and administration of interstate compacts.

MINERALS MANAGEMENT SERVICE

LEASING AND ROYALTY MANAGEMENT

For expenses necessary for minerals leasing and environmental studies, regulation of industry operations, and collection of royalties, as authorized by law; for enforcing laws and regulations applicable to oil, gas, and other minerals leases, permits, licenses and operating contracts; and for matching grants or cooperative agreements; including the purchase of not to exceed 8 passenger motor vehicles for replacement only; $163,561,000 of which not less than $34,869,000 shall be available for royalty management activities including general administration.

BUREAU OF MINES

MINES AND MINERALS

For expenses necessary for conducting inquiries, technological investigations and research concerning the extraction, processing, use and disposal of mineral substances without objectionable social and environmental costs; to foster and encourage private enterprise in the development of mineral resources and the prevention of waste in the mining, minerals, metal and mineral reclamation industries; to inquire into the economic conditions affecting those industries; to promote health and safety in mines and the mineral industry through research; and for other related purposes as authorized by law, $136,425,000, of which $81,265,000 shall remain available until expended; and $2,564,000 to be derived from the amount appropriated in Public Law 97-257 to carry out the purposes of section 2(b) of Public Law 96-543. 96 Stat. 818. 94 Stat. 3211.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

The Secretary is authorized to accept lands, buildings, equipment, and other contributions from public and private sources and to prosecute projects in cooperation with other agencies, Federal, State, or private: *Provided,* That the Bureau of Mines is authorized, during the current fiscal year, to sell directly or through any Government agency, including corporations, any metal or mineral product that may be manufactured in pilot plants operated by the Bureau of Mines, and the proceeds of such sales shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

OFFICE OF SURFACE MINING RECLAMATION AND ENFORCEMENT

REGULATION AND TECHNOLOGY

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977, Public Law 95-87, 30 USC 1201 note.

$65,450,000, including the purchase of not to exceed 19 passenger motor vehicles, of which 9 shall be for replacement only.

ABANDONED MINE RECLAMATION FUND

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of title IV of the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977, Public Law 95-87, including the purchase of not more than 21 passenger motor vehicles, of which 9 shall be for replacement only, to remain available until expended, $229,228,000 to be derived from receipts of the Abandoned Mine Reclamation Fund: *Provided,* That pursuant to Public Law 97-365, the Department of the Interior is authorized to utilize up to 20 percent from the recovery of the delinquent debt owed to the United States Government to pay for contracts to collect these debts: *Provided further,* That of the funds made available to the States to contract for reclamation projects authorized in section 406(a) of Public Law 95-87, administrative expenses may not exceed 15 percent.

30 USC 1231.

5 USC 5514 note.

30 USC 1236.

INDIAN AFFAIRS

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

OPERATION OF INDIAN PROGRAMS

For operation of Indian programs by direct expenditure, contracts, cooperative agreements and grants including expenses necessary to provide education and welfare services for Indians, either directly or in cooperation with States and other organizations, including payment (in advance or from date of admission) of care, tuition, assistance, and other expenses of Indians in boarding homes, institutions, or schools; grants and other assistance to needy Indians; maintenance of law and order and payment of rewards for information or evidence concerning violations of law on Indian reservation lands or treaty fishing rights tribal use areas; management, development, improvement, and protection of resources and appurtenant facilities under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Indian Affairs, including payment of irrigation assessments and charges; acquisition of water rights; advances for Indian industrial and business enterprises; operation of Indian arts and crafts shops and museums; development of Indian arts and crafts, as authorized by law; for the general administration of the Bureau of Indian Affairs, including such expenses in field offices, $822,302,000 of which not to exceed $54,135,000 for higher education scholarships and assistance to public schools under the Act of April 16, 1934 (48 Stat. 596), as amended (25 U.S.C. 452 et seq.), shall remain available for obligation until September 30, 1985, and the funds made available to tribes and tribal organizations through contracts authorized by the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act of 1975 (88 Stat. 2203; 25 U.S.C. 450 et seq.) shall remain available until September 30, 1985: *Provided,* That this carryover authority does not extend to programs directly operated by the Bureau of Indian Affairs; and includes expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of section 19(a) of Public Law 93-531 (25 U.S.C. 640(d)-18(a)), $3,951,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided further,* That none of these funds shall be expended as matching funds for programs funded under section 103(a)(1)(B)(iii) of the Vocational Education Act

25 USC 640d-18.

of 1963, as amended (20 U.S.C. 2303(a)(1)(B)(iii)): *Provided further,* That in addition, moneys received by grant to the Bureau of Indian Affairs from other Federal agencies to carry out various programs for elementary and secondary education, handicapped programs, bilingual education, and other specific programs shall be deposited into this account and remain available as otherwise provided by law: *Provided further,* That any cost of providing lunches to nonboarding students in public schools from funds appropriated herein shall be paid from the amount of such funds otherwise allocated for the schools involved without regard to the cost of providing lunches for such students: *Provided further,* That $200,000 shall be transferred to the city of Brigham City, Utah, for the purpose of conducting a study to: (1) assess the socioeconomic impact on the local community due to the closure of the Intermountain Inter-tribal School, (2) identify and analyze possible uses for the facilities and property now occupied by the Intermountain Inter-tribal School, and (3) meet other appropriate objectives, as identified by the mayor of Brigham City to minimize any negative impact on the city resulting from the school's closure: *Provided further,* That the first section of the Act of June 24, 1938 (52 Stat. 1037; 25 U.S.C. 162a), is amended by inserting "(a)" immediately after the enacting clause and by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

Irrigation projects.

"(b) The Secretary of the Interior is authorized to invest any operation and maintenance collections from Indian irrigation projects and revenue collections from power operations on Indian irrigation projects in—

"(1) any public-debt obligations of the United States;

"(2) any bonds, notes, or other obligations which are unconditionally guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the United States; or

"(3) any obligations which are lawful investments for trust funds under the authority or control of the United States.

The Secretary of the Interior is authorized to use earning from investments under this subsection to pay operation and maintenance expenses of the project involved.".

CONSTRUCTION

For construction, major repair and improvement of irrigation and power systems, buildings, utilities, and other facilities, including architectural and engineering services by contract; acquisition of lands and interests in lands; preparation of lands for farming; and construction, repair, and improvement of Indian housing, $78,920,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That such amounts as may be available for the construction of the Navajo Indian Irrigation Project may be transferred to the Bureau of Reclamation.

ROAD CONSTRUCTION

For construction of roads and bridges pursuant to authority contained in 23 U.S.C. 203, the Act of November 2, 1921 (42 Stat. 208; 25 U.S.C. 13), and the Act of May 26, 1928 (45 Stat. 750; 25 U.S.C. 318a), $4,000,000, to remain available until expended.

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EASTERN INDIAN LAND CLAIMS FUND

For settlement of the Mashantucket Pequot land claim in Ledyard, Connecticut, $900,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That such funds shall become available for obligation only upon enactment into law of authorizing legislation.

TRIBAL TRUST FUNDS

In addition to the tribal funds authorized to be expended by existing law, there is hereby appropriated not to exceed $4,000,000 from tribal funds not otherwise available for expenditure for the benefit of Indians and Indian tribes, including pay and travel expenses of employees; care, tuition, and other assistance to Indian children attending public and private schools (which may be paid in advance or from date of admission); purchase of land and improvements on land, title to which shall be taken in the name of the United States in trust for the tribe for which purchased; lease of lands and water rights; compensation and expenses of attorneys and other persons employed by Indian tribes under approved contracts; pay, travel, and other expenses of tribal officers, councils, and committees thereof, or other tribal organizations, including mileage for use of privately owned automobiles and per diem in lieu of subsistence at rates established administratively but not to exceed those applicable to civilian employees of the Government; relief of Indians, including cash grants: *Provided,* That in addition to the amount appropriated herein, tribal funds may be advanced to Indian tribes during the current fiscal year for such purposes as may be designated by the governing body of the particular tribe involved and approved by the Secretary.

REVOLVING FUND FOR LOANS

During fiscal year 1984, and within the resources and authority available, gross obligations for the principal amount of direct loans pursuant to the Indian Financing Act of 1974 (88 Stat. 77; 25 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.), shall not exceed $13,075,000.

INDIAN LOAN GUARANTY AND INSURANCE FUND

During fiscal year 1984, and within the resources and authority available, total commitments to guarantee loans pursuant to the Indian Financing Act of 1974 (88 Stat. 77; 25 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.), may be made only to the extent that the total loan principal, any part of which is to be guaranteed, shall not exceed $19,000,000.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Appropriations for the Bureau of Indian Affairs (except the revolving fund for loans and the Indian loan guarantee and insurance fund) shall be available for expenses of exhibits; purchase of not to exceed 240 passenger carrying motor vehicles of which 170 shall be for replacement only, which may be used for the transportation of Indians; advance payments for services (including services which may extend beyond the current fiscal year) under contracts executed pursuant to the Act of June 4, 1936 (48 Stat. 596), as amended (25 U.S.C. 452 et seq.), the Act of August 3, 1956 (70 Stat. 896), as amended (25 U.S.C. 309 et seq.), and legislation terminating

49 Stat. 1458.

70 Stat. 986.

Federal supervision over certain Indian tribes; and expenses required by continuing or permanent treaty provisions: *Provided,* That no part of any appropriations to the Bureau of Indian Affairs shall be available to continue academic and residential programs of the Chilocco, Seneca, and Fort Sill boarding schools, Oklahoma; and Stewart boarding school, Nevada: *Provided further,* That no part of any appropriation to the Bureau of Indian Affairs shall be available to continue academic and residential programs at Concho boarding school, Oklahoma, and Mount Edgecumbe boarding school in Alaska after June 30, 1983, or at the Intermountain boarding school in Utah after June 30, 1984: *Provided further,* That no part of any appropriation to the Bureau of Indian Affairs shall be used to subject the transportation of school children to any limitation on travel or transportation expenditures for Federal employees.

TERRITORIAL AND INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS

ADMINISTRATION OF TERRITORIES

For expenses necessary for the administration of Territories under the jurisdiction of the Department of the Interior, $79,262,000 of which (1) not to exceed $77,192,000 shall be available until expended for technical assistance; grants to the judiciary in American Samoa for compensation and expenses, as authorized by law (48 U.S.C. 1661(c)); grants to American Samoa, in addition to current local revenues, for support of governmental functions; Economic Development Loan Fund grants to Guam, as authorized by law (48 U.S.C. 1428–1428e; Public Law 95–134; 91 Stat. 1161, 1162, 1163; Public Law 95–348; 92 Stat. 487, 488); grants to the Government of the Virgin Islands as authorized by law (Public Law 97–357); construction grants to Guam of $11,350,000; direct grants to the Government of the Northern Mariana Islands as authorized by law (Public Law 94–241, 90 Stat. 272, and Public Law 96–205, 94 Stat. 86); and (2) not to exceed $2,070,000 for fiscal year 1984 salaries and expenses of the Office of Territorial and International Affairs: *Provided,* That the Territorial and local governments herein provided for are authorized to make purchases through the General Services Administration: *Provided further,* That appropriations available for the administration of Territories may be expended for the purchase, charter, maintenance, and operation of surface vessels for official purposes and for commercial transportation purposes found by the Secretary to be necessary: *Provided further,* That all financial transactions of the Territorial and local governments herein provided for, including such transactions of all agencies or instrumentalities established or utilized by such governments, shall be audited by the General Accounting Office, in accordance with the provisions of the Budget and Accounting Act, 1921 (42 Stat. 23), as amended, and the Accounting and Auditing Act of 1950 (64 Stat. 834): *Provided further,* That Public Law 94–392 (48 U.S.C. 1574(b)), as amended, is hereby further amended by—

96 Stat. 1705.

48 USC 1681 notes.

48 USC 1401f, 1423*l*, 1665.

48 USC 1470a.

48 USC 1469b.

48 USC 1574b.

(1) deleting the semicolon in section 2(b)(1) and adding the following: ", except that $28,000,000 of the guaranteed bonding authority will be used for water producing and power projects, including maintenance and overhaul of electrical generating and distribution mechanisms, and $12,000,000 of the guaranteed bonding authority will be used for repair of the water distribution and storage systems;"; and

48 USC 1574b.

(2) in section 2(f), strike "$61,000,000" and insert in lieu thereof "$101,000,000" and in each place where it occurs, strike "1984" and insert in lieu thereof "1990".

TRUST TERRITORY OF THE PACIFIC ISLANDS

For expenses necessary for the Department of the Interior in administration of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands pursuant to the Trusteeship Agreement approved by joint resolution of July 18, 1947 (61 Stat. 397), and the Act of June 30, 1954 (68 Stat. 330), as amended (90 Stat. 299; 91 Stat. 1159; 92 Stat. 495), grants for the expenses of the High Commissioner of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands; grants for the compensation and expenses of the Judiciary of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands; grants to the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands in addition to local revenues, for support of governmental functions; $112,109,000 of which $78,521,000 is for operations, and $33,588,000 is for construction, to remain available until expended: *Provided further,* That $2,000,000 for cholera eradication efforts in Truk shall be available only after submission of a plan of expenditure, and approval of such plan by the Department of the Interior, the High Commissioner of the Trust Territory, and the government of the Federated States of Micronesia: *Provided further,* That all financial transactions of the Trust Territory, including such transactions of all agencies or instrumentalities established or utilized by such Trust Territory, shall be audited by the General Accounting Office in accordance with the provisions of the Budget and Accounting Act, 1921 (42 Stat. 23), as amended, and the Accounting and Auditing Act of 1950 (64 Stat. 834): *Provided further,* That the government of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands is authorized to make purchases through the General Services Administration: *Provided further,* That appropriations available for the administration of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands may be expended for the purchase, charter, maintenance, and operation of surface vessels for official purposes and for commercial transportation purposes found by the Secretary to be necessary in carrying out the provisions of article 6(2) of the Trusteeship Agreement approved by Congress.

48 USC 1681 and note.

48 USC 1683.

48 USC 1682.

48 USC 1687.

DEPARTMENTAL OFFICES

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

For necessary expenses of the Office of the Secretary of the Interior, $44,068,000, of which not less than $400,000 is for reimbursement to the United States Park Police and not to exceed $10,000 may be for official reception and representation expenses.

OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR

For necessary expenses of the Office of the Solicitor, $19,463,000.

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL

For necessary expenses of the Office of the Inspector General, $16,814,000 including $2,700,000 to be available for fiscal year 1984 expenses of the offices of the Government Comptroller for the Virgin Islands, the Government Comptroller for Guam, Trust Terri-

tory of the Pacific Islands, the Northern Mariana Islands, and the Government Comptroller for American Samoa, as authorized by law (Public Law 95-134, 91 Stat. 1161, 1162; Public Law 96-205, 94 Stat. 85, 90; Public Law 97-357): *Provided,* That the Inspector General shall certify quarterly to the appropriate committees of the Congress on the faithful execution of laws administered by the Department: *Provided further,* That vacancies occuring in the offices of the Government Comptrollers may not be reallocated to any other organization unless approved through reprograming procedures.

96 Stat. 1705. Certification to congressional committees.

OFFICE OF WATER POLICY

For grants to State water resource research institutes as described in title I (except section 105), Public Law 95-467, $6,350,000, hereby transferred to "Surveys, Investigations, and Research", Geological Survey.

42 USC 7811.

CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT

For necessary expenses of the Office of Construction Management, $800,000.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

(SPECIAL FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM)

For payment in foreign currencies which the Treasury Department shall determine to be excess to the normal requirements of the United States, for necessary expenses of the Office of the Secretary as authorized by law, $420,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That this appropriation shall be available, in addition to other appropriations, to such office for payments in the foregoing currencies (7 U.S.C. 1704).

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

There is hereby authorized for acquisition from available resources within the Working Capital Fund, 5 additional aircraft, all of which may be from surplus: *Provided,* That no programs funded with appropriated funds may be augmented through the Working Capital Fund or the Consolidated Working Fund.

GENERAL PROVISIONS, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

SEC. 101. Appropriations made in this title shall be available for expenditure or transfer (within each bureau or office), with the approval of the Secretary, for the emergency reconstruction, replacement, or repair of aircraft, buildings, utilities, or other facilities or equipment damaged or destroyed by fire, flood, storm, or other unavoidable causes: *Provided,* That no funds shall be made available under this authority until funds specifically made available to the Department of the Interior for emergencies shall have been exhausted.

SEC. 102. The Secretary may authorize the expenditure or transfer of any no year appropriation in this title, in addition to the amounts included in the budget programs of the several agencies, for the suppression or emergency prevention of forest or range fires on or threatening lands under jurisdiction of the Department of the Interior and for the emergency rehabilitation of burned-over lands

30 USC 1240.

30 USC 1201 note.

under its jurisdiction and for emergency actions related to potential or actual earthquakes or volcanoes, and for emergency reclamation projects under section 410 of Public Law 95-87, and shall transfer, from any no year funds available, to the Office of Surface Mining such funds as may be necessary to permit assumption of regulatory authority in the event a primacy State is not carrying out the regulatory provisions of the Surface Mining Act, such funds to be replenished by a supplemental appropriation which must be requested as promptly as possible: *Provided,* That appropriations made in this title for fire suppression purposes shall be available for the payment of obligations incurred during the preceding fiscal year, and for reimbursement to other Federal agencies for destruction of vehicles, aircraft, or other equipment in connection with their use for fire suppression purposes, such reimbursement to be credited to appropriations currently available at the time of receipt thereof: *Provided further,* That no appropriations made in this title shall be available for acquisition of automatic data processing equipment, software, or services in excess of $1,000,000 systems life cost, without prior approval of the Secretary.

SEC. 103. Appropriations made in this title shall be available for operation of warehouses, garages, shops, and similar facilities, wherever consolidation of activities will contribute to efficiency or economy, and said appropriations shall be reimbursed for services rendered to any other activity in the same manner as authorized by sections 1535 and 1536 of title 31, U.S.C.: *Provided,* That reimbursements for costs and supplies, materials, equipment and for services rendered may be credited to the appropriation current at the time such reimbursements are received.

SEC. 104. Appropriations made to the Department of the Interior in this title shall be available for services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, when authorized by the Secretary, in total amount not to exceed $300,000; with not more than $15,000 to be paid to any one company or individual; hire, maintenance, and operation of aircraft; hire of passenger motor vehicles; purchase of reprints; payment for telephone service in private residences in the field, when authorized under regulations approved by the Secretary, and the payment of dues, when authorized by the Secretary, for library membership in societies or associations which issue publications to members only or at a price to members lower than to subscribers who are not members.

SEC. 105. Appropriations available to the Department of the Interior for salaries and expenses shall be available for uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901-5902 and D.C. Code 4-204).

GSA contracts.

SEC. 106. Appropriations made in this title shall be available for obligation in connection with contracts issued by the General Services Administration for services or rentals for periods not in excess of twelve months beginning at any time during the fiscal year.

SEC. 107. No funds provided in this title may be expended by the Department of the Interior for the procurement, leasing, bidding, exploration, or development of lands within the Department of the Interior Central and Northern California Planning Area which lie north of the line between the row of blocks numbered N816 and the row of blocks numbered N817 of the Universal Transverse Mercator Grid System.

SEC. 108. No funds provided in this title may be expended by the Department of the Interior for the preparation for, or conduct of,

pre-leasing and leasing activities (including but not limited to: calls for information, tract selection, notices of sale, receipt of bids and award of leases) of lands within:

(a) An area of the Outer Continental Shelf, as defined in section 2(a) of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1331(a)), located in the Atlantic Ocean, bounded by the following line: from the intersection of the seaward limit of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts territorial sea and the 71 degree west longitude line south along that longitude line to its intersection with the line which passes between blocks 598 and 642 on Outer Continental Shelf protraction diagram NK 19-10; then along that line in an easterly direction to its intersection with the line between blocks 600 and 601 of protraction diagram NK 19-11; then in a northerly direction along that line to the intersection with the 60 meter isobath between blocks 204 and 205 of protraction diagram NK 19-11; then along the 60 meter isobath, starting in a roughly southeasterly direction; then turning roughly northeast, north, and west until such isobath intersects with the northern boundary of block 974 of protraction diagram NK 19-6; then along the line that lies between blocks 930 and 974 of protraction diagram NK 19-6 in a westerly direction to the first point of intersection with the seaward limit of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts territorial sea; then southwesterly along the seaward limit of the territorial sea to the point of beginning at the intersection of the seaward limit of the territorial sea and the 71 degrees west longitude line.

(b) The following blocks are excluded from the described area: In protraction diagram NK 19-10, blocks numbered 474 through 478, 516 through 524, 560 through 568, and 604 through 612; in protraction diagram NK 19-6, blocks numbered 969 through 971; in protraction diagram NK 19-5, blocks numbered 1005 through 1008; and in protraction diagram NK 19-8, blocks numbered 37 through 40, 80 through 84, 124 through 127, and 168 through 169.

(c) The following blocks are included in the described area: In protraction diagram NK 19-11, blocks numbered 633 through 644, 677 through 686, 721 through 724, 765 through 767, 809 through 810, and 853; in protraction diagram NK 19-9, blocks numbered 106, 150, 194, 238, 239, and 283; and in protraction diagram NK 19-6, blocks numbered 854, 899, 929, 943, 944, and 987.

(d) Blocks in and at the head of submarine canyons: An area of the Outer Continental Shelf, as defined in section 2(a) of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (45 U.S.C. 1331(a)), located in the Atlantic Ocean off the coastline of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, lying at the head of, or within the submarine canyons known as Atlantis Canyon, Veatch Canyon, Hydrographer Canyon, Welker Canyon, Oceanographer Canyon, Gilbert Canyon, Lydonia Canyon, Alvin Canyon, Powell Canyon, Munson Canyon, and Corsair Canyon, and consisting of the following blocks, respectively: 43 USC 1331.

(1) On Outer Continental Shelf protraction diagram NJ 19-1; blocks 36, 37, 38, 42-44, 80-82, 86-88, 124, 125, 130-132, 168, 169, 174-176, 212, 213.

(2) On Outer Continental Shelf protraction diagram NJ 19-2; blocks 8, 9, 17-19, 51-52, 53, 54, 61-63, 95-98, 139, 140.

(3) On Outer Continental Shelf protraction diagram NK 19-10; blocks 916, 917, 921, 922, 960, 961, 965, 966, 1003-1005, 1009-1011.

(4) On Outer Continental Shelf protraction diagram NK 19-11; blocks 521, 522, 565, 566, 609, 610, 653-655, 697-700, 734, 735, 741-744, 769, 778-781, 785-788, 813, 814, 822-826, 829-831, 857, 858, 866-869, 873-875, 901, 902, 910-913, 917, 945-947, 955, 956, 979, 980, 989-991, 999.

(5) On Outer Continental Shelf protraction diagram NK 19-12; blocks 155, 156, 198, 199, 280-282, 324-326, 369-371, 401, 413-416, 442-446, 450, 451, 489-490, 494, 495, 530, 531, 533-540, 574, 575, 577-583, 618, 619, 621-623, 626, 627, 662, 663, 665-667, 671, 672, 706, 707, 710, 711, 750, 751, 754, 755, 794, 795, 798, 799.

(6) On Outer Continental Shelf protraction diagram NK 19-9; blocks 559-561, 603-607, 647-651, 693-695, 737-739.

(7) On Outer Continental Shelf protraction diagram NK 20-7; blocks 706, 750, 662, 618, 574.

(e) Nothing in this section shall prohibit the lease of that portion of any block described in subsection (d) above which lies outside the geographical boundaries of the submarine canyons and submarine canyon heads described in subsection (d) above: *Provided,* That for purposes of this subsection, the geographical boundaries of the submarine canyons and submarine canyon heads shall be those recognized by the National Oceanographic and Atmospheric Adminstration, Department of Commerce on the date of enactment of this Act.

(f) Nothing in this section shall prohibit the Secretary of the Interior from granting contracts for scientific study, the results of which could be used in making future leasing decisions in the planning area and in preparing environmental impact statements as required by the National Environmental Policy Act.

42 USC 4321 note.

(g) References made to blocks, protraction diagrams and isobaths are to such blocks, protraction diagrams, and isobaths as they appear on the map entitled Outer Continental Shelf of the North Atlantic from 39° to 45° North Latitude, (Map No. MMS-10), prepared by the United States Department of the Interior, Minerals Management Service, Atlantic OCS Region.

SEC. 109. No funds provided in this title may be expended by the Department of the Interior for the leasing of the following areas located in the Eastern Gulf of Mexico Outer Continental Shelf:

(a) Blocks in an area commonly known as the seagrass beds included in Official Protraction Diagram NH 16-9, Apalachicola: 35, 36, 79-81, 122-125, 165-169, 209-213; Official Protraction Diagram NH 17-7, Gainesville: 1, 2, 45-47, 89-93, 133-138, 177-183, 225-227, 270-272, 315-317, 360-362, 404-406, 449-450, 493-495, 539, 583-585, 628-630, 672-675, 716-719, 760-764, 804-808, 850-853, 894-897, 938-941, 984-987; and Official Protraction Diagram 17-10, Tarpon Springs: 17-23, 61-67, 106-111, 150-155, 194-199, 239-244, 283-288, 328-332, 372-377, 416-421, 460-464, 505-508, 549-552, 593-596, 637-640, and 682;

(b) Blocks in an area commonly known as the Florida Middle Ground included in Official Protraction Diagram NH 16-12, Florida Middle Ground: 251, 295, 339-340, 342, 383-386, 427-430, 471-474, 515-518, and 560-561;

(c) Blocks in an area within the 20-meter isobath south of 26° N. latitude included in Official Protraction Diagram NG 17-7,

Pulley Ridge: 37-43, 82-87, 126-131, 171-175, 215-219, 259-263, 303-307, 347-351, 392-395, 436-439, 480-483, 524-527, 568-571, 612-615, 656-659, 700-703, 744-747, 788-791, 833-835, 877-879, 921-923, 965-967, 1009-1011;

(d) All submerged lands within 30-nautical miles of the baseline from which the territorial sea is measured: *Provided,* That the western boundary of the area is a line extending south from the line dividing blocks 404 and 405 in Official Protraction Diagram NH 16-9, Apalachicola to a point 30-nautical miles from the baseline from which the territorial sea is measured. In addition, from the boundary between blocks 404 and 405 as described in the preceeding sentence, westerly to a line extending north and south dividing blocks 38 and 1 in Official Protraction Diagram NH 16-9, all submerged lands within 20-nautical miles of the baseline from which the territorial sea is measured. The limitation with regard to this subsection on the use of funds shall not apply if any State-owned tide or submerged lands within the area described in this subsection are now or are hereafter subject to sale or lease for the extraction of oil or gas from such State lands; and

(e) For those tracts offered for lease in Sale #79 which are located south of 26° N. latitude, the following lease stipulations shall apply:

(1) No exploratory drilling activities will be approved by the Department of the Interior until the Department of the Interior has accumulated 3 years worth of physical oceanographic and biological resource data; and

(2) Lessees will be required to perform biological surveys prior to approval and initiation of exploration or drilling operations and to work in cooperation with the Department of the Interior on the monitoring of any subsequent drilling activities.

SEC. 110. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available pursuant to this Act shall be obligated or expended to finance changing the name of the mountain located 63 degrees, 04 minutes, 15 seconds west, presently named and referred to as Mount McKinley.

SEC. 111. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, appropriations in this title shall be available to provide insurance on official motor vehicles, aircraft, and boats operated by the Department of the Interior in Canada and Mexico.

SEC. 112. None of the funds in this Act shall be expended for the sale or lease of coal on public lands, except for emergency leasing as defined in 43 CFR 3425.1-4, lease modifications as defined in 43 CFR 3432, and lease exchanges as defined in 43 CFR 3435 or as specified in Public Law 96-401, until the Commission on Fair Market Value Policy for Federal Coal Leasing has submitted its report to the Congress and ninety days have subsequently elapsed: *Provided,* That notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the following Federal coal maintenance tracts may be leased: the Paonia D Coal Bed Tract (not to exceed 5,000 acres), and the Colstrip Area C and Colstrip Maintenance Tract (not to exceed an aggregate total of 1,721 acres): *Provided further,* That the Paonia Tract may not be leased prior to February 1984, and the Colstrip tracts may not be leased prior to August 1984.

Report to Congress.

94 Stat. 1701.

SEC. 113. No funds provided in this title may be expended by the Department of the Interior for the lease sale of tracts in Lease Sale numbered 80 within the following areas:

(1) an area of the Department of the Interior Southern California Planning Area bounded by the following line on the California (Lambert) Plane Coordinate System: From the point of intersection of the international boundary line between the United States and Mexico and the seaward boundary of the California State Tidelands west along said international boundary line to the point of intersection with the line between the row of blocks numbered 28 west and the row of blocks numbered 27 west; thence north to the northeast corner of block 20 north, 28 west; thence northwest to the southwest corner of block 29 north, 35 west; thence north along the line between the row of blocks numbered 36 west and the row of blocks numbered 35 west to its intersection with the seaward boundary of the California State Tidelands; thence easterly along the seaward boundary of the California State Tidelands to the point of beginning;

(2) a portion of the Department of the Interior Southern California Planning Area which lies both: (a) east of the line between the row of blocks numbered 53 west and the row of blocks numbered 52 west, and (b) north of the line between the row of blocks numbered 34 north and the row of blocks numbered 35 north, on the California (Lambert) Plane Coordinate System;

(3) the boundaries of the Channel Island National Marine Sanctuary, as defined by title 15, part 935.3 of the Code of Federal Regulations; and

(4) the boundaries of the Santa Barbara Channel Ecological Preserve and Buffer Zone, as defined by the Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management Public Land Order numbered 4587 (vol. 34, page 5655 Federal Register March 26, 1969).

This section shall not affect the authority of the Secretary of the Interior to approve any plan, or to grant any license or permit, which is restricted to scientific exploration or other scientific activities, or other preleasing activities necessary up to the point of sale.

SEC. 114. Notwithstanding the matching grant requirements of the provisions of section 6(f) of the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act, 16 U.S.C. 460l-8(f), funds appropriated to or expended by the Teton Disaster Relief Organization, are available for projects funded and authorized under the Land and Water Conservation Fund grant program.

16 USC 460*l*-8.

30 USC 1257 note.
30 USC 1257.

SEC. 115. Notwithstanding section 507(b)(14) of the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977 (Public Law 95-87), cross-sections, maps or plans of land to be affected by an application for a surface mining and reclamation permit shall be prepared by or under the direction of a qualified registered professional engineer or geologist, or qualified registered professional land surveyor in any State which authorizes land surveyors to prepare and certify such maps or plans.

TITLE II—RELATED AGENCIES

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

FOREST SERVICE

FOREST RESEARCH

For necessary expenses of forest research as authorized by law, $108,555,000.

STATE AND PRIVATE FORESTRY

For necessary expenses of cooperating with, and providing technical and financial assistance to States, Territories, possessions, and others; and for forest pest management activities, $60,579,000, to remain available for obligation until expended, to carry out activities authorized in Public Law 95-313: *Provided,* That a grant of $3,000,000 shall be made to the State of Minnesota for the purposes authorized by section 6 of Public Law 95-495.

16 USC 2101 note.

92 Stat. 1652.

NATIONAL FOREST SYSTEM

For necessary expenses of the Forest Service, not otherwise provided for, for management, protection, improvement, and utilization of the National Forest System, and for liquidation of obligations incurred in the preceding fiscal year for forest fire protection and emergency rehabilitation, including administrative expenses associated with the management of funds provided under the heads "Forest Research", "State and Private Forestry", "National Forest System", "Construction", and "Land Acquisition", and not less than $3,300,000 for high priority projects within the scope of the approved budget which shall be carried out by Youth Conservation Corps as if authorized by the Act of August 13, 1970, as amended by Public Law 93-408, $888,506,000.

16 USC 1701-1706.

CONSTRUCTION

For necessary expenses of the Forest Service, not otherwise provided for, for construction, $251,724,000, to remain available until expended, of which $23,867,000 is for construction and acquisition of buildings and other facilities; and $227,857,000 is for construction of forest roads and trails by the Forest Service as authorized by 16 U.S.C. 532-538 and 23 U.S.C. 101 and 205: *Provided,* That funds becoming available in fiscal year 1984 under the Act of March 4, 1913 (16 U.S.C. 501), shall be transferred to the General Fund of the Treasury of the United States: *Provided further,* That no more than $240,000,000, to remain available without fiscal year limitation, shall be obligated for the construction of forest roads by timber purchasers.

LAND ACQUISITION

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965, as amended (16 U.S.C. 460l-4-11), including administrative expenses, and for acquisition of land or waters, or interest therein, in accordance with statutory authority applicable to the Forest Service, $38,552,000, to be derived from the Land and Water Conservation Fund, to remain available until expended.

16 USC 460*l*-4—460*l*-11.

ACQUISITION OF LANDS FOR NATIONAL FORESTS, SPECIAL ACTS

For acquisition of land within the exterior boundaries of the Cache National Forest, Utah; Uinta and Wasatch National Forests, Utah; Toiyabe National Forest, Nevada; Angeles National Forest, California; and San Bernardino and Cleveland National Forests, California, as authorized by law, $780,000, to be derived from forest receipts.

ACQUISITION OF LANDS TO COMPLETE LAND EXCHANGES

For acquisition of lands in accordance with the Act of December 4, 1967 (16 U.S.C. 484a), all funds deposited by public school authorities pursuant to that Act, to remain available until expended.

RANGE BETTERMENT FUND

For necessary expenses of range rehabilitation, protection, and improvement in accordance with section 401(b)(1), of the Act of October 21, 1976, Public Law 94-579, as amended, 50 per centum of all moneys received during the prior fiscal year, as fees for grazing domestic livestock on lands in National Forests in the sixteen Western States, to remain available until expended.

43 USC 1751.

MISCELLANEOUS TRUST FUNDS

For expenses authorized by 16 U.S.C. 1643(b), $90,000, to remain available until expended, to be derived from the fund established pursuant to 16 U.S.C. 1643(b).

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS, FOREST SERVICE

Appropriations to the Forest Service for the current fiscal year shall be available for: (a) purchase of not to exceed 201 passenger motor vehicles of which 3 will be used primarily for law enforcement purposes and of which 189 shall be for replacement only, acquisition of 217 passenger motor vehicles from excess sources, and hire of such vehicles; operation and maintenance of aircraft, the purchase of not to exceed 4 for replacement only, and acquisition of 49 aircraft from excess sources; (b) services pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed $100,000 for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109; (c) uniform allowances for each uniformed employee of the United States Forest Service, not in excess of $400 annually; (d) purchase, erection, and alteration of buildings and other public improvements (7 U.S.C. 2250); (e) acquisition of land, waters, and interests therein, pursuant to the Act of August 3, 1956 (7 U.S.C. 428a); and (f) for expenses pursuant to the Volunteers in the National Forest Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 558a, 558d, 558a note).

None of the funds made available under this Act shall be obligated or expended to change the boundaries of any region, to abolish any region, to move or close any regional office for research, State and private forestry, and National Forest System administration of the Forest Service, Department of Agriculture, without the consent of the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry in the United States Senate and the Committee on Agriculture in the United States House of Representatives.

None of the funds made available under this Act shall be obligated or expended to adjust annual recreational residence fees to an amount greater than that annual fee in effect at the time of the next to last fee adjustment, plus 50 per centum. In those cases where the currently applicable annual recreational residence fee exceeds that adjusted amount, the Forest Service shall credit to the permittee that excess amount, times the number of years that that fee has been in effect, to offset future fees owed to the Forest Service.

Any appropriations or funds available to the Forest Service may be advanced to the National Forest System appropriation for the emergency rehabilitation of burned-over lands under its jurisdiction.

Appropriations and funds available to the Forest Service shall be available to comply with the requirements of section 313(a) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 1323(a)).

The appropriation structure for the Forest Service may not be altered without advance approval of the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations.

Funds appropriated to the Forest Service shall be available for assistance to or through the Agency for International Development and the Office of International Cooperation and Development in connection with forest and rangeland research and technical information and assistance in foreign countries.

Funds previously appropriated for timber salvage sales may be recovered from receipts deposited for use by the applicable national forest and credited to the Forest Service Permanent Appropriations to be expended for timber salvage sales from any national forest.

Provisions of section 702(b) of the Department of Agriculture Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2257) shall apply to appropriations available to the Forest Service only to the extent that the proposed transfer is approved by the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations in compliance with the reprograming procedures contained in House Report 97-942.

No funds appropriated to the Forest Service shall be transferred to the Working Capital Fund of the Department of Agriculture without the approval of the Chief of the Forest Service.

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

ALTERNATIVE FUELS PRODUCTION

The Secretary of Energy shall, utilizing the funds remaining for project feasibility development studies appropriated under this head in Public Law 96-126 (93 Stat. 970 (1979)), use up to $200,000 to conduct a feasibility study of an alternative fuels wood pellet gasifier facility located near Sandpoint, Idaho: *Provided*, That the Secretary of Energy shall, utilizing $33,027.79 of the funds remaining for Project Development Feasibility Studies appropriated under this head in Public Law 96-126 (93 Stat. 970 (1979)), reimburse consultants who provided services reviewing grant applications to the Office of Alcohol Fuels within the Department of Energy in 1980. 42 USC 5915 note.

FOSSIL ENERGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses in carrying out fossil energy research and development activities, under the authority of the Department of

42 USC 7101 note.

Energy Organization Act (Public Law 95-91), including the acquisition of interest, including defeasible and equitable interests in any real property or any facility or for plant or facility acquisition or expansion, $259,214,000, to remain available until expended, and $26,000,000 to be derived by transfer from unobligated balances in the fossil energy construction account, and $13,000,000 to be derived by transfer from the account in Public Law 96-126 (93 Stat. 970 (1979)) entitled "Alternative Fuels Production", and $3,040,000 to be derived by transfer from amounts derived from fees for guarantees of obligations collected pursuant to section 19 of the Federal Nonnuclear Energy Research and Development Act of 1974, as amended (42 U.S.C. 5919), and deposited in the Energy Security Reserve established by Public Law 96-126: *Provided,* That no part of the sum herein made available shall be used for the field testing of nuclear explosives in the recovery of oil and gas: *Provided further,* That $30,000,000 of the amount provided above is to continue the development of magnetohydrodynamics technology and may not be used to terminate magnetohydrodynamics program activities: *Provided further,* That out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, an additional $15,000,000 is to be made available on October 1, 1984, and an additional $15,000,000 is to be made available on October 1, 1985, such sums to remain available until expended, for a project to be carried out under the administrative and technical direction of the Tennessee Valley Authority, in cooperation with the Commonwealth of Kentucky and other entities, involving the planning, designing, constructing, operating, and testing of a demonstration facility near Paducah, Kentucky, for the generation of electricity from coal using an atmospheric fluidized bed combustion process.

42 USC 5915 note.

42 USC 5915 note.

NAVAL PETROLEUM AND OIL SHALE RESERVES

For necessary expenses in carrying out naval petroleum and oil shale reserves activities, including the purchase of not to exceed 3 passenger motor vehicles, $256,600,000, to remain available until expended.

ENERGY CONSERVATION

For necessary expenses in carrying out energy conservation activities, $431,131,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That the funds for low-income weatherization activities appropriated under this Act shall be expended according to the regulations pertaining to the maximum allowable expenditures per dwelling unit which were in effect on October 1, 1982, and to the regulations pertaining to priority in providing weatherization assistance which were in effect on October 1, 1982: *Provided further,* That $33,100,000 shall be transferred to the Administrator, National Aeronautics and Space Administration for program management of the advanced automobile propulsion systems development program and the heavy duty transport program established in Public Law 95-238: *Provided further,* That for the base State Energy Conservation Program (Part D of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act, section 361 through 366), each State will match in cash or in kind not less than 20 percent of the Federal contribution: *Provided further,* That $7,000,000 of the sum provided under this head shall be made available for research, development, and demonstration of a process

Transfer of funds.

92 Stat. 47.

42 USC 6321-6326.

to produce steel by direct strip casting, with the provision that the United States Treasury will be repaid up to double the total Federal expenditure for such process from proceeds to the participant from the commercial sale, lease, manufacture, or use of such process.

ECONOMIC REGULATION

For necessary expenses in carrying out the activities of the Economic Regulatory Administration, the Office of Hearings and Appeals and emergency preparedness activities, $30,330,000.

STRATEGIC PETROLEUM RESERVE

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of sections 151 through 166 of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act of 1975 (Public Law 94-163), $158,770,000, to remain available until expended. 42 USC 6231-6246.

SPR PETROLEUM ACCOUNT

The aggregate amount that may be obligated under section 167 of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act of 1975 (Public Law 94-163), as amended by the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981 (Public Law 97-35), for the acquisition and transportation of petroleum, and for other necessary expenses, is $650,000,000, in addition to authority provided in fiscal years 1982 and 1983, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That the minimum required fill rate during fiscal year 1984 shall be not less than 186,000 barrels per day. 42 USC 6247. 95 Stat. 357.

ENERGY INFORMATION ADMINISTRATION

For necessary expenses in carrying out the activities of the Energy Information Administration, $55,870,000.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS, DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Appropriations under this Act for the current fiscal year shall be available for hire of passenger motor vehicles; hire, maintenance, and operation of aircraft; purchase, repair, and cleaning of uniforms; and reimbursement to the General Services Administration for security guard services.

From this appropriation, transfers of sums may be made to other agencies of the Government for the performance of work for which the appropriation is made.

None of the funds made available to the Department of Energy under this Act shall be used to implement or finance authorized price support or loan guarantee programs unless specific provision is made for such programs in an appropriations Act.

The Secretary is authorized to accept lands, buildings, equipment, and other contributions from public and private sources and to prosecute projects in cooperation with other agencies, Federal, State, private, or foreign: *Provided,* That (1) revenues received from the sale of any products produced in facilities other than demonstration plants operated as part of Department of Energy programs appropriated under this Act shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts; and (2) revenues and other moneys received by or for the account of the Department of Energy or otherwise

generated by sale of products in connection with demonstration plant projects of the Department appropriated under this Act may be retained by the Secretary of Energy, to be available until expended, and used only for plant construction, operation, costs, and payments to cost-sharing entities as provided in appropriate cost-sharing contracts or agreements: *Provided further,* That the remainder of revenues after the making of such payments shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts: *Provided further,* That any contract, agreement or provision thereof entered into by the Secretary pursuant to this authority shall be submitted to the Senate Committee on Appropriations and the House Committee on Appropriations and a period of thirty days shall elapse while Congress is in session (in computing the thirty days, there shall be excluded the days on which either the Senate or the House is not in session because of adjournment for more than three days) before the contract, agreement or provision thereof shall become effective, except that such committees, after having received the proposed contract, agreement or provision thereof, may, by separate resolutions in writing, waive the condition of all or any portion of such thirty-day period.

Contracts, submittal to congressional committees. Effective date.

Where the Secretary has the legal authority under other provisions of law, including other provisions of this Act, to undertake projects for the design, construction, or operation of Government-owned facilities for developing or demonstrating the conversion of coal into gaseous, liquid, or solid hydrocarbon products, the Secretary may use the authority contained in Public Law 85-804 (50 U.S.C. 1431-1435), with respect to such contracts or agreements for or related to such projects: *Provided,* That any contract, agreement, or provision thereof entered into by the Secretary using the authority of Public Law 85-804 shall be submitted to the Senate Committee on Appropriations and the House Committee on Appropriations and a period of thirty days shall elapse while Congress is in session (in computing the thirty days, there shall be excluded the days on which either the Senate or the House is not in session because of adjournment for more than three days) before the contract, agreement or provision thereof shall become effective, except that such committees, after having received the proposed contract, agreement or provision thereof, may, by separate resolutions in writing, waive the condition of all or any portion of such thirty-day period. The notification required herein shall be in lieu of the notification requirements of Public Law 85-804.

Contracts, submitted to congressional committees. Effective date.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

HEALTH SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

INDIAN HEALTH SERVICES

For expenses necessary to carry out the Act of August 5, 1954 (68 Stat. 674), the Indian Self-Determination Act, the Indian Health Care Improvement Act, and titles III and V and section 757 of the Public Health Service Act with respect to the Indian Health Service, including hire of passenger motor vehicles and aircraft; purchase of reprints; purchase and erection of portable buildings; payments for telephone service in private residences in the field, when authorized under regulations approved by the Secretary, $770,408,000: *Provided,* That funds made available to tribes and tribal organizations

42 USC 2001-2004b.
25 USC 450 note.
25 USC 1601 note.
42 USC 241, 219, 254r.

through grants and contracts authorized by the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act of 1975 (88 Stat. 2203; 25 U.S.C. 450), shall remain available until September 30, 1985. Funds provided in this Act may be used for one-year contracts and grants which are to be performed in two fiscal years, so long as the total obligation is recorded in the year for which the funds are appropriated: *Provided further,* That the amounts collected by the Secretary of Health and Human Services under the authority of title IV of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act shall be available until September 30, 1985, for the purpose of achieving compliance with the applicable conditions and requirements of title XVIII and XIX of the Social Security Act (exclusive of planning, design, construction of new facilities, or major renovation of existing Indian Health Service facilities): *Provided further,* That funding contained herein, and in any earlier appropriations Act, for scholarship programs under section 103 of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act and section 757 of the Public Health Service Act shall remain available for expenditure until September 30, 1985.

90 Stat. 1408.

42 USC 1395, 1396.

25 USC 1613.
42 USC 254r.

INDIAN HEALTH FACILITIES

For construction, major repair, improvement, and equipment of health and related auxiliary facilities, including quarters for personnel; preparation of plans, specifications, and drawings; acquisition of sites, purchase and erection of portable buildings, purchase of trailers and for provision of domestic and community sanitation facilities for Indians, as authorized by section 7 of the Act of August 5, 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2004a), the Indian Self-Determination Act and the Indian Health Care Improvement Act, $53,595,000, to remain available until expended.

25 USC 450 note.
25 USC 1601 note.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS, HEALTH SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

Appropriations in this Act to the Health Services Administration, available for salaries and expenses, shall be available for services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109 but at rates not to exceed the per diem equivalent to the rate for GS-18, for uniforms or allowances therefor as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901-5902), and for expenses of attendance at meetings which are concerned with the functions or activities for which the appropriation is made or which will contribute to improved conduct, supervision, or management of those functions or activities: *Provided,* That none of the funds appropriated under this Act to the Indian Health Service shall be available for the initial lease of permanent structures without advance provision therefor in appropriations Acts: *Provided further,* That non-Indian patients may be extended health care at all Indian Health Service facilities, if such care can be extended without impairing the ability of the Indian Health Service to fulfill its responsibility to provide health care to Indians served by such facilities and subject to such reasonable charges as the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall prescribe, the proceeds of which shall be deposited in the fund established by sections 401 and 402 of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act: *Provided further,* That funds appropriated to the Indian Health Service in this Act, except those used for administrative and program direction purposes, shall not be subject to limitations directed at curtailing Federal travel and transportation: *Provided further,* That with the exception of service units

42 USC 1395f, 1395n, 1395qq and note, 1396j and note, 1396d.

which currently have a billing policy, the Indian Health Service shall not initiate any further action to bill Indians in order to collect from third-party payers nor to charge those Indians who may have the economic means to pay unless and until such time as Congress has agreed upon a specific policy to do so and has directed the IHS to implement such a policy: *Provided further,* That section 3372(a) of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding a new sentence at the end to read:

"In the case of assignments made to Indian tribes or tribal organizations as defined in section 3371(2)(C) of this subchapter, the head of an executive agency may extend the period of assignment for any period of time where it is determined that this will continue to benefit both the executive agency and the Indian tribe or tribal organization.".

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION

INDIAN EDUCATION

For carrying out, to the extent not otherwise provided, Part A ($50,900,000), and Parts B and C ($15,000,000) of the Indian Education Act, and the General Education Provisions Act, $68,780,000.

86 Stat. 334, 339, 342; 20 USC 1221.

OTHER RELATED AGENCIES

NAVAJO AND HOPI INDIAN RELOCATION COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Navajo and Hopi Indian Relocation Commission as authorized by Public Law 93-531, $18,783,000, to remain available until expended, for operating expenses of the Commission.

25 USC 640d—640d-28.

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Smithsonian Institution, including research in the fields of art, science, and history; development, preservation, and documentation of the National Collections; presentation of public exhibits and performances; collection, preparation, dissemination, and exchange of information and publications; conduct of education, training, and museum assistance programs; maintenance, alteration, operation, lease (for terms not to exceed ten years), and protection of buildings, facilities, and approaches; not to exceed $100,000 for services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; up to 3 replacement passenger vehicles; purchase, rental, repair, and cleaning of uniforms for employees; $155,263,000, including not less than $786,000 to carry out the provisions of the National Museum Act and $500,000 to be made available to the trustees of the John F. Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts for payment to the National Symphony Orchestra and $500,000 for payment to the Washington Opera Society for activities related to their responsibilities as resident entities of the Center: *Provided,* That funds appropriated herein are available for advance payments to independent

contractors performing research services or participating in official Smithsonian presentations: *Provided further,* That none of these funds shall be available to a Smithsonian Research Foundation.

MUSEUM PROGRAMS AND RELATED RESEARCH

(SPECIAL FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM)

For payments in foreign currencies which the Treasury Department shall determine to be excess to the normal requirements of the United States, for necessary expenses for carrying out museum programs, scientific and cultural research, and related educational activities, as authorized by law, $7,040,000, to remain available until expended and to be available only to United States institutions: *Provided,* That this appropriation shall be available, in addition to other appropriations to the Smithsonian Institution, for payments in the foregoing currencies: *Provided further,* That none of these funds shall be available to a Smithsonian Research Foundation: *Provided further,* That not to exceed $500,000 may be used to make grant awards to employees of the Smithsonian Institution.

CONSTRUCTION AND IMPROVEMENTS, NATIONAL ZOOLOGICAL PARK

For necessary expenses of planning, construction, remodeling, and equipping of buildings and facilities at the National Zoological Park, by contract or otherwise, $3,500,000, to remain available until expended.

RESTORATION AND RENOVATION OF BUILDINGS

For necessary expenses of restoration and renovation of buildings owned or occupied by the Smithsonian Institution, by contract or otherwise, as authorized by section 2 of the Act of August 22, 1949 (63 Stat. 623), including not to exceed $10,000 for services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, $9,000,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That contracts awarded for environmental systems, protection systems, and exterior repair or renovation of buildings of the Smithsonian Institution may be negotiated with selected contractors and awarded on the basis of contractor qualifications as well as price.

20 USC 53a.

CONSTRUCTION

(RESCISSION)

Of the funds appropriated pursuant to section 119 of Public Law 97-276, $8,000,000 is hereby rescinded.

96 Stat. 1194.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, NATIONAL GALLERY OF ART

For the upkeep and operations of the National Gallery of Art, the protection and care of the works of art therein, and administrative expenses incident thereto, as authorized by the Act of March 24, 1937 (50 Stat. 51), as amended by the public resolution of April 13, 1939 (Public Resolution 9, Seventy-sixth Congress), including services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; payment in advance when authorized by the treasurer of the Gallery for membership in library, museum, and art associations or societies whose publications or services are available to members only, or to members at a

20 USC 71.
20 USC 74.

price lower than to the general public; purchase, repair, and cleaning of uniforms for guards, and uniforms, or allowances therefor, for other employees as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901-5902); purchase, or rental of devices and services for protecting buildings and contents thereof, and maintenance, alteration, improvement, and repair of buildings, approaches, and grounds; and not to exceed $100,000 for restoration and repair of works of art for the National Gallery of Art by contracts made, without advertising, with individuals, firms, or organizations at such rates or prices and under such terms and conditions as the Gallery may deem proper, $34,389,000, of which not to exceed $4,250,000 for the repair, renovation, and restoration program of the original West Building shall remain available until expended, and of which not to exceed $1,360,000 for the special exhibition program shall remain available until expended: *Provided,* That contracts awarded for environmental systems, protection systems, and exterior repair or renovation of buildings of the National Gallery of Art may be negotiated with selected contractors and awarded on the basis of contractor qualifications as well as price.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, WOODROW WILSON INTERNATIONAL CENTER FOR SCHOLARS

20 USC 80e note.

For expenses necessary in carrying out the provisions of the Woodrow Wilson Memorial Act of 1968 (82 Stat. 1356), including hire of passenger vehicles and services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, $2,568,000.

NATIONAL FOUNDATION ON THE ARTS AND THE HUMANITIES

NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE ARTS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

20 USC 951 note.

For necessary expenses to carry out the National Foundation on the Arts and Humanities Act of 1965, as amended, $132,000,000 of which $118,900,000 shall be available to the National Endowment for the Arts for the support of projects and productions in the arts through assistance to groups and individuals pursuant to section 5(c)

20 USC 954.

of the Act, of which not less than 20 per centum of the funds provided for section 5(c) shall be available for assistance pursuant to section 5(g) of the Act, and $13,100,000 shall be available for administering the functions of the Act.

MATCHING GRANTS

20 USC 959.

To carry out the provisions of section 10(a)(2) of the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1965, as amended, $30,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1985, to the National Endowment for the Arts, of which $21,000,000 shall

20 USC 954.

be available for purposes of section 5(1): *Provided,* That this appropriation shall be available for obligation only in such amounts as may be equal to the total amounts of gifts, bequests, and devises of money, and other property accepted by the Chairman or by grantees of the Endowment under the provisions of section 10(a)(2), subsec-

20 USC 960.

tions 11(a)(2)(A) and 11(a)(3)(A) during the current and preceding fiscal years for which equal amounts have not previously been appropriated.

NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE HUMANITIES

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses to carry out the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1965, as amended, $110,500,000 of which $97,750,000 shall be available to the National Endowment for the Humanities for support of activities in the humanities, pursuant to section 7(c) of the Act, of which not less than 20 per centum shall be available for assistance pursuant to section 7(f) of the Act, and $12,750,000 shall be available for administering the functions of the Act. 20 USC 951 note. 20 USC 956.

MATCHING GRANTS

To carry out the provisions of section 10(a)(2) of the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1965, as amended, $29,500,000, to remain available until September 30, 1985, of which $18,000,000 shall be available to the National Endowment for the Humanities for the purposes of section 7(h): *Provided,* That this appropriation shall be available for obligation only in such amounts as may be equal to the total amounts of gifts, bequests, and devises of money, and other property accepted by the Chairman or by grantees of the Endowment under the provisions of subsections 11(a)(2)(B) and 11(a)(3)(B) during the current and preceding fiscal years, for which equal amounts have not previously been appropriated. 20 USC 959. 20 USC 956. 20 USC 960.

INSTITUTE OF MUSEUM SERVICES

For carrying out title II of the Arts, Humanities, and Cultural Affairs Act of 1976, as amended, $20,150,000: *Provided,* That none of these funds shall be available for the compensation of Executive Level V or higher positions: *Provided further,* That regulations of the Institute shall require (1) an appeal process for applications rejected because of technical deficiency, (2) reconsideration of applications upon receipt of materials in a timely manner if the application was rejected because material did not accompany the application, and (3) waivers of certain records under circumstances which would require such waivers: *Provided further,* That no regulations may be established that prohibit grants to any institution which is a recipient of a challenge grant from either the National Endowment for the Arts or the National Endowment for the Humanities. 20 USC 961. 5 USC 5316. 20 USC 965 note.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

None of the funds appropriated to the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities may be used to process any grant or contract documents which do not include the text of 18 U.S.C. 1913: *Provided,* That hereafter persons serving on the National Council on the Arts, the National Council on the Humanities, and the Museum Services Board shall continue serving until their successors are qualified for office: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated to the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities may be used for official reception and representation expenses. 20 USC 955a, 957a, 963a.

COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses made necessary by the Act establishing a Commission of Fine Arts (40 U.S.C. 104), $340,000.

ADVISORY COUNCIL ON HISTORIC PRESERVATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

16 USC 470i.

For expenses made necessary by the Act establishing an Advisory Council on Historic Preservation, Public Law 94-422, $1,546,000: *Provided*, That none of these funds shall be available for the compensation of Executive Level V or higher positions.

5 USC 5316.

NATIONAL CAPITAL PLANNING COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses, as authorized by the National Capital Planning Act of 1952 (40 U.S.C. 71i), including services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; and uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901-5902), $2,447,000.

FRANKLIN DELANO ROOSEVELT MEMORIAL COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Franklin Delano Roosevelt Memorial Commission, established by the Act of August 11, 1955 (69 Stat. 694), as amended by Public Law 92-332 (86 Stat. 401), $20,000 to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1985.

PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

40 USC 885.

For necessary expenses, as authorized by section 17(a) of Public Law 92-578, as amended, $2,275,000 for operating and administrative expenses of the Corporation.

PUBLIC DEVELOPMENT

40 USC 885.

For public development activities and projects in accordance with the development plan as authorized by section 17(b) of Public Law 92-578, as amended, $9,600,000 to remain available for obligation until expended.

FEDERAL INSPECTOR FOR THE ALASKA GAS PIPELINE

PERMITTING AND ENFORCEMENT

For necessary expenses of the Federal Inspector for the Alaska Gas Pipeline, $2,963,000, of which not to exceed $1,000 may be used for official reception and representation expenses.

UNITED STATES HOLOCAUST MEMORIAL COUNCIL

HOLOCAUST MEMORIAL COUNCIL

For expenses of the Holocaust Memorial Council, as authorized by Public Law 96-388, $1,853,000. 36 USC 1401-1408.

TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 301. The expenditure of any appropriation under this Act for any consulting service through procurement contract, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 3109, shall be limited to those contracts where such expenditures are a matter of public record and available for public inspection, except where otherwise provided under existing law, or under existing Executive Order issued pursuant to existing law.

SEC. 302. No part of any appropriation under this Act shall be available to the Secretaries of the Interior and Agriculture for use for any sale hereafter made of unprocessed timber from Federal lands west of the 100th meridian in the contiguous 48 States which will be exported from the United States, or which will be used as a substitute for timber from private lands which is exported by the purchaser: *Provided,* That this limitation shall not apply to specific quantities of grades and species of timber which said Secretaries determine are surplus to domestic lumber and plywood manufacturing needs.

SEC. 303. No part of any appropriation under this Act shall be available to the Secretary of the Interior or the Secretary of Agriculture for the leasing of oil and natural gas by noncompetitive bidding on publicly owned lands within the boundaries of the Shawnee National Forest, Illinois: *Provided,* That nothing herein is intended to inhibit or otherwise affect the sale, lease, or right to access to minerals owned by private individuals. Shawnee National Forest, Ill.

SEC. 304. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for any activity or the publication or distribution of literature that in any way tends to promote public support or opposition to any legislative proposal on which congressional action is not complete.

SEC. 305. No funds appropriated by this Act shall be available for the implementation or enforcement of any rule or regulation of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of the Interior, requiring the use of steel shot in connection with the hunting of waterfowl in any State of the United States unless the appropriate State regulatory authority approves such implementation and enforcement.

SEC. 306. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided herein.

SEC. 307. None of the funds provided in this Act to any department or agency shall be obligated or expended to provide a personal cook, chauffeur, or other personal servants to any officer or employee of such department or agency. Personal servants, funding prohibition.

SEC. 308. Except for lands described by sections 105 and 106 of Public Law 96-560, section 103 of Public Law 96-550, section 5(d)(1) of Public Law 96-312, and except for land in the State of Alaska, and lands in the national forest system released to management for any use the Secretary of Agriculture deems appropriate through the land management planning process by any statement or other Act 94 Stat. 3268, 3270, 3223. 94 Stat. 949.

of Congress designating components of the National Wilderness Preservation System now in effect or hereinafter enacted, and except to carry out the obligations and responsibilities of the Secretary of the Interior under section 17(k)(1) (A) and (B) of the Mineral Leasing Act of 1920 (30 U.S.C. 226), none of the funds provided in this Act shall be obligated for any aspect of the processing or issuance of permits or leases pertaining to exploration for or development of coal, oil, gas, oil shale, phosphate, potassium, sulphur, gilsonite, or geothermal resources on Federal lands within any component of the National Wilderness Preservation System or within any Forest Service RARE II areas recommended for wilderness designation or allocated to further planning in Executive Communication 1504, Ninety-sixth Congress (House Document numbered 96-119); or within any lands designated by Congress as wilderness study areas or within Bureau of Land Management wilderness study areas: *Provided,* That nothing in this section shall prohibit the expenditure of funds for any aspect of the processing or issuance of permits pertaining to exploration for or development of the mineral resources described in this section, within any component of the National Wilderness Preservation System now in effect or hereinafter enacted, any Forest Service RARE II areas recommended for wilderness designation or allocated to further planning, within any lands designated by Congress as wilderness study areas, or Bureau of Land Management wilderness study areas, under valid existing rights, or leases validly issued in accordance with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws or valid mineral rights in existence prior to October 1, 1982: *Provided further,* That funds provided in this Act may be used by the Secretary of Agriculture in any area of National Forest lands or the Secretary of the Interior to issue under their existing authority in any area of National Forest or public lands withdrawn pursuant to this Act such permits as may be necessary to conduct prospecting, seismic surveys, and core sampling conducted by helicopter or other means not requiring construction of roads or improvement of existing roads or ways, for the purpose of gathering information about and inventorying energy, mineral, and other resource values of such area, if such activity is carried out in a manner compatible with the preservation of the wilderness environment: *Provided further,* That seismic activities involving the use of explosives shall not be permitted in designated wilderness areas: *Provided further,* That funds provided in this Act may be used by the Secretary of the Interior to augment recurring surveys of the mineral values of wilderness areas pursuant to section 4(d)(2) of the Wilderness Act and acquire information on other national forest and public land areas withdrawn pursuant to this Act, by conducting, in conjunction with the Secretary of Energy, the national laboratories, or other Federal agencies, as appropriate, such mineral inventories of areas withdrawn pursuant to this Act as he deems appropriate. These inventories shall be conducted in a manner compatible with the preservation of the wilderness environment through the use of methods including core sampling conducted by helicopter; geophysical techniques such as induced polarization, synthetic aperture radar, magnetic and gravity surveys; geochemical techniques including stream sediment reconnaissance and X-ray diffraction analysis; land satellites; or any other methods he deems appropriate. The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to conduct inventories or segments of inventories, such as data analysis activities, by contract with private entities deemed by him to be

Permits for prospecting, seismic surveys, and core samplings.

Mineral inventories.

16 USC 1133.

qualified to engage in such activities whenever he has determined that such contracts would decrease Federal expenditures and would produce comparable or superior results: *Provided further,* That in carrying out any such inventory or surveys, where National Forest System lands are involved, the Secretary of the Interior shall consult with the Secretary of Agriculture concerning any activities affecting surface resources: *Provided further,* That funds provided in this Act may be used by the Secretary of the Interior to issue oil and gas leases for the subsurface of national forest or public land wilderness areas, or any lands designated by Congress as wilderness study areas, that are immediately adjacent to producing oil and gas fields or areas that are prospectively valuable. Such leases shall allow no surface occupancy and may be entered only by directional drilling from outside the wilderness or other nonsurface disturbing methods.

Oil and gas leases.

SEC. 309. None of the funds provided in this Act shall be used to evaluate, consider, process or award oil, gas or geothermal leases on Federal lands in the Mount Baker-Snoqualmie National Forest, State of Washington, within the hydrographic boundaries of the Cedar River municipal watershed upstream of river mile 21.6, the Green River municipal watershed upstream of river mile 61.0, the North Fork of the Tolt River proposed municipal watershed upstream of river mile 11.7 and the South Fork Tolt River municipal watershed upstream of river mile 8.4.

Mount Baker-Snoqualmie National Forest, Wash., oil, gas, or geothermal leases.

SEC. 310. No assessments may be levied against any program, budget activity, subactivity, or project funded by this Act unless such assessments and the basis therefor are presented to the Committees on Appropriations and are approved by such committees.

Assessments, presentation to congressional committees.

SEC. 311. Employment funded by this Act shall not be subject to any personnel ceiling or other personnel restriction for permanent or other than permanent employment except as provided by law.

Employment.

SEC. 312. Funds provided for land acquisition in this Act may not be used to acquire lands for more than the approved appraised value (as addressed in section 301(3) of Public Law 91-646) except for condemnations and declarations of taking, without the written approval of the Committees on Appropriations.

Land acquisition, congressional approval. 42 USC 4651.

SEC. 313. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution, the Secretary of the Interior and Secretary of Agriculture are authorized to enter into contracts with State and local governmental entities, including local fire districts, for procurement of services in the presuppression, detection, and suppression of fires on any units within their jurisdiction. In addition, any contracts or agreements with the jurisdiction for fire management services listed above which are previously executed shall remain valid.

Contracts with State and local governments.

SEC. 314. Except as expressly provided for by law, none of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be obligated to dispose, except by exchange, of any Federal land tract until such time as the agency responsible for administering the disposal of the tract has specifically identified the tract as no longer being needed by the Federal Government; inventoried the tract as to its public benefit values; provided opportunity for public review and discussion of the tract proposed for disposal; and provided 30 days advance notice of the tract proposed for disposal and of the plans for carrying out such disposal to the congressional delegation of the State or States in which the tract proposed for sale is located and to the appropriate congressional committees for immediate printing in the Congres-

Publication in Congressional Record.

sional Record: *Provided,* That neither the Act of July 31, 1958, as amended (72 Stat. 438, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 1012a; 16 U.S.C. 478a) nor the Act of June 14, 1926, as amended (49 U.S.C. 869 et seq.) shall be subject to the provisions of this section.

43 USC 869 *et seq.*

SEC. 315. No part of any appropriation contained in, or funds made available by this Act, shall be available for any agency to pay to the Administrator of the General Services Administration a rate per square foot for rental of space and services (established pursuant to section 210(j) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended) which is in excess of 14 per centum higher than the rate per square foot established for space and services by the General Services Administration for the fiscal year 1982.

40 USC 490.

SEC. 316. The Congress finds that the Forest Service's proposal of March 15, 1983, to consider six million acres of the national forest for possible sale has met with considerable opposition; and the national forests are an important part of the national heritage of the United States; and the national forests provide and protect important resources; and the national forests provide unique opportunities for recreation; and it is inconsistent with past management practices to dispose of large portions of our national forests. It is, therefore, the sense of the Congress that it is not in the national interest to grant the authority to sell significant acreage of the national forest until such time as the Forest Service specifically identifies the tracts which are no longer needed by the Federal Government; inventories the tracts as to their public benefit value; provides opportunities for public review and discussion of the tracts; and completes all necessary environmental assessments of such sales.

16 USC 396f.

SEC. 317. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of the Interior is authorized and shall seek to acquire the private lands described in section 505(a) of the Act of November 10, 1978 (92 Stat. 3467), by crediting a surplus property account, to be established in the name of each landowner, in the amount of the acquisition price for such landowner's lands. The National Park Service shall update the existing appraisals for the parcels and, based on the approved appraised values, shall negotiate with the landowners for acquisition prices. Each owner may, using such credits in his surplus property account, bid, as any other bidder for surplus property, wherever located, in accordance with the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949. The Administrator of the General Services Administration shall establish each landowner's surplus property account and shall adjust the credits in such accounts to reflect successful bids under this section. Title to the lands described in this section shall pass to the Government at the time of establishment of the surplus property accounts. The credits in any of the surplus property accounts may be transferred or sold in whole or in part at any time by the landowner to any other party, thereby vesting such party with all the rights of the landowner, and after such transfer, the landowner shall notify the Administrator of the transfer. At any time the Secretary may purchase the balance of any surplus property account subject to the availability of appropriated funds.

16 USC 396d.

Landowner's surplus property account.

40 USC 471 note.

Notification of transfer.

Land conveyance.

SEC. 318. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of the Interior (hereinafter in this Act referred to as the "Secretary") is hereby authorized to convey to Mitchell School District in Scotts Bluff County, Nebraska, all right, title, and interest, except as provided herein, to a tract of land consisting of 20

acres, more or less, more particularly described as the west half southwest quarter northwest quarter section 17, township 23 north, range 55 west, sixth principal meridian. Conveyance of such right, title, and interest shall be upon the condition that the Mitchell School District shall simultaneously convey without cost, an easement right on certain of the above-described lands to the Pathfinder Irrigation District for the purpose of operating and maintaining irrigation canals, laterals, or drains-related storage works of the North Platte project, a Federal reclamation project. The Mitchell School District shall pay the fair market value of the lands as of the date of the conveyance, including administrative costs, as determined by the Secretary. In determining the fair market value of the lands, the Secretary shall recognize the existence of the easement right to be granted to the Pathfinder Irrigation District and shall not include the value of any improvements made on or to the lands by the Mitchell School District or its predecessors. Withdrawals from the public domain as they pertain only to the lands described in this paragraph under Secretarial Orders of February 11, 1903, and July 24, 1917, for purposes of the North Platte project, are revoked by conveyance of the rights, title, and interests as set forth in this paragraph.

Fair market value.

Easement right.

Land withdrawals, revocation.

SEC. 319. Section 3 of Public Law 96-315 is hereby amended by adding the following new subsection:

Permits. 94 Stat. 958.

"(f) Up to 15 additional permits shall be granted to those persons meeting any one of the following conditions:

(1) A resident as of July 1, 1982, who held a valid Fish and Wildlife Service access permit for improved property owners at any time during the period from July 29, 1976, through December 31, 1979.

(2) Anyone in continuous residency since 1976 residing in the area bounded on the north by the refuge boundary and on the south by a straight line passing through a point on the east-west prolongation of the centerline of Albacore Street, Whaleshead Club Subdivision, Currituck County, North Carolina.

(3) Any permanent full-time resident as of April 1, 1983, not otherwise eligible who can substantiate to the Secretary of the Interior that access is essential to their maintaining a livelihood.".

Approved November 4, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3363:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 98-253 (Comm. on Appropriations) and No. 98-399 (Comm. of Conference).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-184 (Comm. on Appropriations).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
June 28, considered and passed House.
Aug. 1-3, Sept. 13, 19-21, considered and passed Senate, amended.
Oct. 5, House agreed to conference report; concurred in certain Senate amendments in others with amendments, and disagreed to another.
Oct. 19, Senate agreed to conference report; concurred in certain House amendments, in others with amendments, and disagreed to an amendment.
Oct. 20, Senate receded from an amendment and concurred in a House amendment with an amendment. House receded from its amendment in disagreement and concurred in Senate amendments.

Public Law 98-147
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Nov. 4, 1983
[S.J. Res. 45]

Designating the week of November 20, 1983, through November 26, 1983, as "National Family Week".

National Family Week.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President is hereby authorized and requested to issue a proclamation designating the week of November 20, 1983, through November 26, 1983, as "National Family Week", and inviting the Governors of the several States, the chief officials of local governments, and the people of the United States to observe such week with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

Approved November 4, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 45:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Apr. 21, considered and passed Senate.
Oct. 26, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-148
98th Congress

An Act

To designate the Federal Building in Fort Myers, Florida, as the "George W. Whitehurst Federal Building and United States Courthouse".

Nov. 7, 1983
[S. 552]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the building located at 2301 First Street, Fort Myers, Florida, known as the Federal Building, shall hereafter be known and designated as the "George W. Whitehurst Federal Building and United States Courthouse". Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, record, or other paper of the United States to that building shall be deemed to be a reference to the "George W. Whitehurst Federal Building and United States Courthouse".

George W. Whitehurst Federal Building and U.S. Courthouse. Designation.

SEC. 2. Section 3(b) of Public Law 98-1 is amended by striking the words "six months" and substituting therefor "two years".

Ante, p. 3.

Approved November 7, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 552 (H.R. 3303):

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-366 accompanying H.R. 3303 (Comm. on Public Works and Transportation).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Sept. 30, considered and passed Senate.
Oct. 3, H.R. 3303 considered and passed House; S. 552 passed in lieu.
Oct. 4, proceedings of Oct. 3 vacated and S. 552 passed House, amended.
Oct. 27, Senate concurred in House amendment.

Public Law 98-149
98th Congress

An Act

Nov. 7, 1983
[S. 1944]

To allow the obsolete submarine United States ship Albacore to be transferred to the Portsmouth Submarine Memorial Association, Incorporated, before the expiration of the otherwise applicable sixty-day congressional review period.

U.S.S. *Albacore.* Transfer to submarine memorial association.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That clauses (2) and (3) of section 7308(c) of title 10, United States Code, shall not apply with respect to the transfer by the Secretary of the Navy under section 7308(a) of such title of the obsolete submarine United States ship Albacore to the Portsmouth Submarine Memorial Association, Incorporated, a nonprofit corporation organized under the laws of the State of New Hampshire.

Approved November 7, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1944 (H.R. 3980):

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-441 accompanying H.R. 3980 (Comm. on Armed Services).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Oct. 20, considered and passed Senate.
Oct. 26, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-150
98th Congress

An Act

To amend the Ethics in Government Act of 1978 to make certain changes in the authority of the Office of Government Ethics, and for other purposes.

Nov. 11, 1983
[S. 461]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Ethics in Government Act of 1978, amendment.

AMENDMENTS TO ETHICS IN GOVERNMENT ACT OF 1978

SECTION 1. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Act, whenever an amendment or repeal is expressed in terms of an amendment to, or repeal of, a section or other provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to a section or other provision of the Ethics in Government Act of 1978.

2 USC 701 note.

FIVE YEAR TERM FOR AND REMOVAL OF THE DIRECTOR

SEC. 2. Section 401(b) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "Effective with respect to any individual appointed or reappointed by the President as Director on or after October 1, 1983, the term of service of the Director shall be five years.".

5 USC app.

AUTHORITY OF DIRECTOR

SEC. 3. (a) Section 402(a) is amended by striking out "under the general supervision of" and inserting in lieu thereof "in consultation with".

5 USC app.

(b) Section 402(b) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—

(A) by striking out "and recommending to the Office of Personnel Management";

(B) by inserting "and the Office of Personnel Management" immediately after "Attorney General"; and

(C) by striking out "President or the Office of Personnel Management" and inserting in lieu thereof "President or the Director";

(2) in paragraph (2)—

(A) by striking out "and recommending to the Office of Personnel Management";

(B) by inserting "and the Office of Personnel Management" immediately after "Attorney General"; and

(C) by striking out "President or the Office of Personnel Management" and inserting in lieu thereof "President or the Director";

(3) in paragraph (6) by striking out "Office of Personnel Management" and inserting in lieu thereof "Director";

(4) in paragraph (12)—

(A) by inserting "and the Office of Personnel Management" immediately after "Attorney General"; and

(B) by striking out "Office of Personnel Management" and inserting in lieu thereof "Director"; and

(5) in paragraph (15) by striking out "and recommending for promulgation by the Office of Personnel Management" and inserting in lieu thereof ", in consultation with the Office of Personnel Management, and promulgating".

5 USC app. (c) Section 404 is amended by striking out "Office of Personnel Management" and inserting in lieu thereof "Director".

5 USC app. (d)(1) Any rules or regulations issued under section 402 of the Ethics in Government Act of 1978 which are in effect immediately before the effective date of the amendments made by this Act shall remain in effect according to their terms until modified, superseded, set aside, or revoked on or after such effective date.

(2) The responsibilities of the Director of the Office of Government Ethics under paragraphs (6) and (12), respectively, of section 402(b) of the Ethics in Government Act of 1978, with respect to rules and regulations issued by the Office of Personnel Management before the effective date of the amendments made by this Act shall not be affected by this Act or any of the amendments made by this Act.

SEPARATE BUDGET LINE ITEM FOR OFFICE OF GOVERNMENT ETHICS

SEC. 4. Title IV is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"SUBMISSION OF BUDGET

5 USC app. "SEC. 407. (a) In the budget submitted to the Congress pursuant to section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, the President shall include estimated expenditures and proposed appropriations the President decides are necessary to support the Office of Government Ethics in the fiscal year for which the budget is submitted and the four fiscal years after that year.

"(b) In the statement of changes submitted to Congress with respect to the budget pursuant to section 1106(b) of title 31, United States Code, the President shall specify the effect of such changes on the information submitted pursuant to subsection (a) of this section.".

REQUEST ASSISTANCE FROM INSPECTORS GENERAL

5 USC app. SEC. 5. Section 403 is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following:

"The authority of the Director under this section includes the authority to request assistance from the inspector general of an agency in conducting investigations pursuant to subsections (b)(3) 5 USC app. and (b)(4) of section 402.".

OFFICE OF GOVERNMENT ETHICS REVIEW OF FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE REPORTS OF HIGH LEVEL WHITE HOUSE AIDES

5 USC app. SEC. 6. Section 203(c) is amended by adding after "designated agency officials," the following: "employees described in section 105(a)(2) (A) or (B), 106(a)(1) (A) or (B), or 107 (a)(1)(A) or (b)(1)(A)(i), of title 3, United States Code,".

LIMIT ON OUTSIDE EARNED INCOME FOR HIGH LEVEL WHITE HOUSE AIDES

SEC. 7. Section 210 is amended to read as follows: 5 USC app.

"OUTSIDE EARNED INCOME

"SEC. 210. Except where the employee's agency or department shall have more restrictive limitations on outside earned income, all employees covered by this title—

"(1) who are compensated at a pay grade in the General Schedule of grade GS-16 or above and who occupy nonjudicial full-time positions, appointments to which are required to be made by the President by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, or 5 USC 5332 note.

"(2) who are employees of the White House Office and are compensated at rates equivalent to level II of the Executive Schedule under section 5313 of title 5, United States Code,

may not have in any calendar year outside earned income attributable to such calendar year which is in excess of 15 percent of their salary.".

REPORTS BY PRESIDENTIAL NOMINEES

SEC. 8. Section 201(b) is amended— 5 USC app.

(1) by inserting "(1)" immediately after "(b)";

(2) by inserting after the first sentence the following: "Such individual shall, not later than the date of the first hearing to consider the nomination of such individual, make current the report filed pursuant to this paragraph by filing the information required by section 202(a)(1)(A) with respect to income and honoraria received as of the date which occurs five days before the date of such hearing."; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(2) An individual whom the President or the President-elect has publicly announced he intends to nominate to a position may file the report required by paragraph (1) at any time after that public announcement but not later than is required under the first sentence of such paragraph.".

ETHICS AGREEMENTS

SEC. 9. Title II is amended—

(1) by redesignating section 211 as section 212; and 5 USC app.

(2) by inserting after section 210 the following new section:

"NOTICE OF ACTIONS TAKEN TO COMPLY WITH ETHICS AGREEMENTS

"SEC. 211. (a) In any case in which an individual agrees with that individual's designated agency official, the Office of Government Ethics, or a Senate confirmation committee to take any action to comply with this Act or any other law or regulation governing conflicts of interest of, or establishing standards of conduct applicable with respect to, officers or employees of the Government, that individual shall notify in writing the designated agency official, the Office of Government Ethics, or the appropriate committee of the Senate, as the case may be, of any action taken by the individual pursuant to that agreement. Such notification shall be made not 5 USC app.

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later than the date specified in the agreement by which action by the individual must be taken, or not later than three months after the date of the agreement, if no date for action is so specified.

"(b) If an agreement described in subsection (a) requires that the individual recuse himself or herself from particular categories of agency or other official action, the individual shall reduce to writing those subjects regarding which the recusal agreement will apply and the process by which it will be determined whether the individual must recuse himself or herself in a specific instance. An individual shall be considered to have complied with the requirements of subsection (a) with respect to such recusal agreement if such individual files a copy of the document setting forth the information described in the preceding sentence with such individual's designated agency official, the Office of Government Ethics, or the appropriate committee of the Senate, as the case may be, within the time prescribed in the last sentence of subsection (a).".

BLIND TRUST AMENDMENTS

2 USC 702, 5 USC app., 28 USC app.

SEC. 10. (a) Sections 102(e)(7), 202(f)(7), and 302(f)(7) are each amended to read as follows:

"(7) Any trust may be considered to be a qualified blind trust if—

"(A) the trust instrument is amended to comply with the requirements of paragraph (3) or, in the case of a trust instrument which does not by its terms permit amendment, the trustee, the reporting individual, and any other interested party agree in writing that the trust shall be administered in accordance with the requirements of this subsection and the trustee of such trust meets the requirements of paragraph (3)(A); except that in the case of any interested party who is a dependent child, a parent or guardian of such child may execute the agreement referred to in this subparagraph;

"(B) a copy of the trust instrument (except testamentary provisions) and a copy of the agreement referred to in subparagraph (A), and a list of the assets held by the trust at the time of approval by the supervising ethics office, including the category of value of each asset as determined under subsection (d) of this section, are filed with such office and made available to the public as provided under paragraph (5)(D) of this subsection; and

"(C) the supervising ethics office determines that approval of the trust arrangement as a qualified blind trust is in the particular case appropriate to assure compliance with applicable laws and regulations.".

(b) Sections 102(e)(5)(A), 202(f)(5)(A), and 302(f)(5)(A) are each amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "This subparagraph shall not apply with respect to a trust meeting the requirements for being considered a qualified blind trust under paragraph (7) of this subsection.".

APPLICATION OF FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS TO STAFF OF FEDERAL ADVISORY COMMITTEES

5 USC app.

SEC. 11. Section 201 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(j)(1) Any individual who performs staff functions in support of an advisory committee which is composed, in whole or in part, of special Government employees shall be subject to the provisions of

this title as if that individual were such a special Government employee.

"(2) For purposes of paragraph (1)— Definitions.

"(A) the term 'advisory committee' means any committee, board, commission, council, conference, panel, task force, or other similar group which is established—

"(i) by statute or reorganization plan,

"(ii) by the President, or

"(iii) by one or more agencies,

in the interest of obtaining advice or recommendations for the President or one or more agencies or officers of the Federal Government; such term includes any subcommittee or other subgroup of an advisory committee, but does not include the Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations and the Commission on Government Procurement;

"(B) the term 'staff functions in support of an advisory committee' means such activities as the Director of the Office of Government Ethics by regulation prescribes which are carried out with respect to those functions for which the advisory committee was established as described in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph;

"(C) the term 'special Government employee' has the meaning given that term by section 202 of title 18, United States Code; and

"(D) the term 'agency' has the meaning given that term by section 551(1) of title 5, United States Code.

"(3) The Director of the Office of Government Ethics shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary to carry out this subsection.".

EXTENSION OF AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 12. Section 405 is amended in paragraph (2) by striking out "four" and inserting in lieu thereof "nine". 5 USC app.

EFFECTIVE DATE

SEC. 13. The amendments made by this Act shall take effect on October 1, 1983. 5 USC app.

Approved November 11, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 461 (H.R. 2717):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 98-89 accompanying H.R. 2717, Pt. 1 (Comm. on the Judiciary) and Pt. 2 (Comm. on Post Office and Civil Service).

SENATE REPORT No. 98-59 (Comm. on Governmental Affairs).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):

Apr. 6, considered and passed Senate.

Sept. 19, H.R. 2717 considered and passed House; S. 461, amended, passed in lieu.

Sept. 28, Senate concurred in House amendment with an amendment.

Sept. 30, House concurred in Senate amendment with amendments.

Oct. 27, Senate concurred in House amendments.

Public Law 98-151
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Nov. 14, 1983
[H.J. Res. 413]

Making further continuing appropriations for the fiscal year 1984.

Further continuing appropriations for fiscal year 1984.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, and out of applicable corporate or other revenues, receipts, and funds, for the several departments, agencies, corporations, and other organizational units of the Government for the fiscal year 1984, and for other purposes, namely:

Post, p. 1421.

SEC. 101. (a) Pending enactment of the Department of Defense Appropriation Act, 1984, such amounts as may be necessary for continuing activities, not otherwise specifically provided for elsewhere in this joint resolution, which were conducted in fiscal year 1983, for which provision was made in the Department of Defense Appropriation Act, 1983, but such activities shall be funded at not to exceed an annual rate for new obligational authority of $247,000,000,000, which is an increase above the current rate, and this level shall be distributed on a pro rata basis to each appropriation account utilizing the fiscal year 1984 amended budget request as the base for such distribution and shall be available under the terms and conditions provided for in the applicable appropriation Acts for fiscal year 1983: *Provided,* That, unless approved by both the House and the Senate in H.R. 4185, no appropriation or funds made available or authority granted pursuant to this subsection shall be used to initiate multiyear procurements, utilizing advance procurement funding for economic order quantity procurement unless specifically appropriated later: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated or made available pursuant to this subsection shall be available for the conversion of any full-time positions in support of the Army Reserve, Air Reserve, Army National Guard, and Air National Guard by Active or Reserve Military Personnel, from civilian positions designated "military technicians" to military positions: *Provided further,* That, unless approved by both the House and the Senate in H.R. 4185, no appropriation or funds made available or authority granted pursuant to this subsection shall be used to initiate or resume any project, activity, operation or organization which is defined as any project, subproject, activity, budget activity, program element, and subprogram within a program element, and for investment items is further defined as a P-1 line item in a budget activity within an appropriation account and a R-1 line item which includes a program element and subprogram element within an appropriation account, for which appropriations, funds or other authority were not available during the fiscal year 1983.

96 Stat. 1833.

Post, p. 1421.

Foreign Assistance and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 1984.
96 Stat. 1830.
Ante, p. 301.

(b)(1) Such amounts as may be necessary for continuing the activities under the purview of the Foreign Assistance Appropriations Act as provided for in Public Law 97-377 and Public Law 98-63, under the terms and conditions, and at the rate, provided for in those Acts or at the rate provided for in the budget estimates,

whichever is lower, and under the more restrictive authority: *Provided,* That such terms and conditions shall be applied without regard to the earmarkings, ceilings or transfers of funds contained in such Acts, except that the provisions of title V of Public Law 97-121 shall apply including the provisions of section 523 of such title: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection making amounts available or otherwise providing for levels of program authority, the following amounts only shall be provided for the following accounts or under the following headings: $79,720,549 for payment to the "International Bank for Reconstruction and Development", to remain available until expended, and not to exceed $983,220,105 in callable capital subscriptions; $118,423,983 for payment to the "Inter-American Development Bank", to remain available until expended, of which not more than $80,423,000 shall be available for the Fund for Special Operations, as authorized by sections 26, 29, and 30 of the Inter-American Development Bank Act, and not to exceed $806,464,582 in callable capital subscriptions; $945,000,000 for payment to the "International Development Association", to remain available until expended; $13,232,676 for payment to the "Asian Development Bank", to remain available until expended, and not to exceed $251,377,943 in callable capital subscriptions; $100,000,000 for payment to the "Asian Development Fund", to remain available until expended; $17,986,678 for payment to the "African Development Bank", to remain available until expended, and not to exceed $53,960,036 in callable capital subscriptions; $50,000,000 for payment to the "African Development Fund", to remain available until expended; $314,164,000 for "International Organizations and Programs", including the provisions of section 103(g) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, except that such funds shall be made available only in accordance with the Joint Explanatory Statement of the Committee of Conference accompanying the conference report on this joint resolution (H. J. Res. 413); $715,106,500 for "Agriculture, rural development, and nutrition, Development Assistance"; $240,000,000 for "Population, Development Assistance"; $125,000,000 for "Health, Development Assistance"; $116,477,000 for "Education and human resources development, Development Assistance", of which $4,000,000 shall be available only for scholarships for South African students in accordance with the last sentence of section 105(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961; $140,288,000 for "Energy and selected development activities, Development Assistance"; $10,000,000 for "Science and technology, Development Assistance": *Provided further,* That of the funds made available to carry out the provisions of sections 103 through 106 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, not less than $10,000,000 shall be available for Botswana: *Provided further,* That funds made available as loans to carry out the provisions of sections 103 through 106 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 shall remain available for obligation until September 30, 1985; up to $20,000,000 of the funds appropriated by this subsection to carry out the provisions of chapter 1 of part I are available for the "Private Sector Revolving Fund", which shall be available for obligation until September 30, 1985, except that amounts hereafter deobligated from the Private Sector Revolving Fund are hereby continued available for reobligation for the purposes of such fund; $30,000,000 for "American schools and hospitals abroad"; $103,000,000 for "Sahel development program"; $36,537,000 for "Payment to the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability Fund";

95 Stat. 1654.
95 Stat. 1657.
22 USC 283w, 283z-1, 283z-2.
22 USC 2151a.
22 USC 2151c.
22 USC 2151a-2151d.
22 USC 2151.

$25,000,000 for "International disaster assistance", to remain available until expended, of which $10,000,000 shall be used only for earthquake relief and reconstruction in southern Italy, which amount may be derived either from amounts appropriated to carry out the provisions of section 491 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 or from up to $10,000,000 of amounts heretofore appropriated pursuant to chapter 4 of part II of such Act for Syria which are, if deobligated, hereby continued available for the purposes of section 491 or for other programs for Italy consistent with sections 103 through 106 of such Act, and up to $15,000,000 of such deobligated amounts are hereby continued available and may be used for grant economic assistance programs for Grenada, except that such funds for Grenada may not be made available for obligation unless the Appropriations Committees of both Houses of Congress are previously notified 15 days in advance; $1,100,000 in foreign currencies for "Overseas training and special development activities (foreign currency program)"; $2,903,250,000 for the "Economic Support Fund", of which not less than $910,000,000 shall be available for Israel, not less than $750,000,000 shall be available for Egypt, not less than $15,000,000 shall be available for Cyprus, and, notwithstanding section 660 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, not less than $3,000,000 shall be available for programs and projects in El Salvador to promote the creation of judicial investigative capabilities, protection for key participants in pending judicial cases, and modernization of penal and evidentiary codes; $46,200,000 for "Peacekeeping operations"; $361,533,250 for "Operating expenses of the Agency for International Development", subject to the limitation on transfers of funds into this account and payment for Foreign Affairs Administrative Support contained in Public Law 97-377; $16,250,000 for "Trade and Development"; $41,200,000 for "International narcotics control"; $3,000,000 for the "African Development Foundation"; $13,000,000 for the "Inter-American Foundation"; not to exceed $10,000,000 for gross obligations for the amount of direct loans and not to exceed $100,000,000 of contingent liability for total commitments to guarantee loans for the "Overseas Private Investment Corporation"; $115,000,000 for the "Peace Corps"; $323,000,000 for "Migration and Refugee Assistance"; $2,500,000 for "Anti-Terrorism Assistance"; $510,000,000 for necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 503 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961; $51,532,000 for "International Military Education and Training"; $1,315,000,000 for necessary expenses to carry out sections 23 and 24 of the Arms Export Control Act, of which not less than $850,000,000 shall be available for Israel ($1,700,000,000 of the amount provided for the total aggregate credit sale ceiling during the fiscal year 1984 shall be available only to Israel), and not less than $465,000,000 shall be available for Egypt; $4,401,250,000 of contingent liability for total commitments to guarantee loans under "Foreign Military Credit Sales": *Provided further,* That of the total aggregate credit ceiling made available to Israel, up to $300,000,000 shall be made available for research and development activities in the United States and $250,000,000 shall be made available for the procurement of defense articles and defense services in Israel for the Lavi program: *Provided further,* That not more than $64,800,000 of the total funds and authorities made available under this subsection for programs for military assistance shall be available for El Salvador; not to exceed $225,000,000 are authorized to be made available for the "Special Defense Acquisition Fund"; and not to exceed $3,865,000,000 of gross

22 USC 2292.
22 USC 2346.
Notification of congressional committees.
22 USC 2151a-2151d.
22 USC 2420.
96 Stat. 1830.
22 USC 2311.
22 USC 2763, 2764.

obligations for the principal amount of direct loans and $10,000,000,000 of total commitments to guarantee loans under "Export-Import Bank of the United States", and not to exceed $16,899,000 shall be available for administrative expenses: *Provided further,* That no funds in this subsection shall be available for Guatemala except for economic development projects through private voluntary organizations: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available to the Agency for International Development shall be used to fund projects or programs where comparable American private enterprise funding is available: *Provided further,* That the Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of State are directed to submit to the Committees on Foreign Affairs and the Committees on Appropriations by February 1, 1984, a report on the domestic economic policies of those nations receiving economic assistance, either directly or indirectly from the United States including, where appropriate, an analysis of the foreign assistance programs conducted by these recipient nations: *Provided further,* That appropriations made available and authority provided by this subsection shall remain available until September 30, 1984, notwithstanding section 102 of this joint resolution.

Report to congressional committees.

Not later than January 31 of each year, or at the time of the transmittal by the President to the Congress of the annual presentation materials on foreign assistance, whichever is earlier, the President shall transmit to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate a full and complete report which assesses, with respect to each foreign country, the degree of support by the government of each such country during the preceding twelve-month period for the foreign policy of the United States. Such report shall include, with respect to each such country which is a member of the United Nations, information to be compiled and supplied by the Permanent Representative of the United States to the United Nations, consisting of a comparison of the overall voting practices in the principal bodies of the United Nations during the preceding twelve-month period of such country and the United States, with special note of the voting and speaking records of such country on issues of major importance to the United States in the General Assembly and the Security Council, and shall also include a report on actions with regard to the United States in important related documents such as the Non-Aligned Communique. A full compilation of the information supplied by the Permanent Representative of the United States to the United Nations for inclusion in such report shall be provided as an addendum to such report. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available pursuant to this subsection shall be obligated or expended to finance directly any assistance to a country which the President finds, based on the contents of the report required to be transmitted under this paragraph, is engaged in a consistent pattern of opposition to the foreign policy of the United States.

Report to Congress.
22 USC 2414a.

None of the funds heretofore appropriated or otherwise made available for Syria for the purposes of carrying out the provisions of chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 shall be expended after the date of enactment of this joint resolution. The Administrator of the Agency for International Development is directed to terminate the economic assistance program to Syria and to deobligate all funds heretofore obligated for assistance to Syria, except that such funds may continue to be available to finance the training or studies outside of Syria of students whose course of study

22 USC 2346a.

22 USC 2346.

Termination directive.

or training program began before enactment of this joint resolution. The Administrator of the Agency for International Development is authorized to adopt as a contract of the United States Government, and assume any liabilities arising thereunder (in whole or in part), any contract with a United States contractor which had been funded by the Agency for International Development prior to the date of enactment of this joint resolution. Amounts certified pursuant to section 1311 of the Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1955, as having been obligated against appropriations heretofore made pursuant to chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (and predecessor legislation) for Syria are hereby continued available until expended to meet necessary expenses arising from the termination under this subsection of assistance programs for Syria authorized by such chapter: *Provided*, That this shall not be construed as permitting payments or reimbursements of any kind to the Government of Syria.

31 USC 1108, 1501, 1502.

22 USC 2346.

None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available under this subsection may be available for any country during any three-month period beginning on or after October 1, 1983, immediately following a certification by the President to the Congress that the government of such country is failing to take adequate measures to prevent narcotic drugs or other controlled substances (as listed in the schedules in section 202 of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse and Prevention Control Act of 1971 (21 U.S.C. 812)) which are cultivated, produced, or processed illicitly, in whole or in part, in such country, or transported through such country from being sold illegally within the jurisdiction of such country to United States Government personnel or their dependents or from entering the United States unlawfully.

Amounts certified pursuant to section 1311 of the Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1955, as having been obligated against appropriations heretofore made under the authority of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, for the same general purpose as any of the subparagraphs under "Agency for International Development" in prior appropriations Acts, are, if deobligated, hereby continued available for development project assistance for the same period as the respective appropriations in such subparagraphs for the same general purpose and for the same country as originally obligated or for relief, rehabilitation, and reconstruction activities in the Andean region: *Provided*, That the Appropriations Committees of both Houses of the Congress are notified fifteen days in advance of the deobligation or reobligation of such funds.

31 USC 1108, 1501, 1502.

22 USC 2151 note.

Notification of congressional committees.

Short title.

Section 101(b)(1) of this joint resolution may be cited as the "Foreign Assistance and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 1984".

Ante, p. 964.

International Security and Development Assistance Authorizations Act of 1983.

(2) Section 101(b)(2) of this joint resolution may be cited as the "International Security and Development Assistance Authorizations Act of 1983".

22 USC 2151 note.

AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS

22 USC 2763.

22 USC 2764.

There is authorized to be appropriated to the President $1,315,000,000 for the fiscal year 1984 to carry out section 23 of the Arms Export Control Act. The total principal amount of loans guaranteed under section 24(a) of the Arms Export Control Act shall not exceed $4,446,500,000 for the fiscal year 1984.

There are authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year 1984 the following amounts to carry out the following provisions of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961:

(1) $725,213,000 to carry out section 103. 22 USC 2151a.
(2) $244,600,000 to carry out section 104(b). 22 USC 2151b.
(3) $133,400,000 to carry out section 104(c).
(4) $121,477,000 to carry out section 105. 22 USC 2151c.
(5) $160,000,000 to carry out section 106. 22 USC 2151d.
(6) $103,000,000 to carry out section 121. 22 USC 2151s.
(7) $30,000,000 to carry out section 214. 22 USC 2174.
(8) $266,214,000 to carry out chapter 3 of part I. 22 USC 2221.
(9) $47,000,000 to carry out section 481. 22 USC 2291.
(10) $25,000,000 to carry out section 491. 22 USC 2292.
(11) $3,074,000,000 to carry out chapter 4 of part II. 22 USC 2346.
(12) $639,700,000 to carry out section 503. 22 USC 2311.
(13) $56,452,000 to carry out chapter 5 of part II. 22 USC 2347.
(14) $46,200,000 to carry out chapter 6 of part II. 22 USC 2348.
(15) $22,000,000 to carry out section 661. 22 USC 2421.
(16) $370,000,000 to carry out section 667. 22 USC 2427.

There is authorized to be appropriated to the President to carry out the African Development Foundation Act $3,000,000 for the fiscal year 1984. 22 USC 290h note.

There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out the Peace Corps Act $116,000,000 for the fiscal year 1984. 22 USC 2501 note.

Section 10 of Public Law 91-672 and section 15(a) of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 shall not apply with respect to funds appropriated for "Migration and Refugee Assistance" or for the Inter-American Foundation by the joint resolution of October 1, 1983 (Public Law 98-107), as amended by this joint resolution. 22 USC 2412. 22 USC 2680. *Ante*, p. 733.

ASSISTANCE FOR ISRAEL AND EGYPT

Section 31(b)(3) of the Arms Export Control Act is amended to read as follows: 22 USC 2771.

"(3) Of the aggregate total of credits (or participations in credits) extended under section 23 of this Act and of the total principal amount of loans guaranteed under section 24(a) of this Act, not less than $1,700,000,000 for the fiscal year 1984 shall be available only for Israel, of which not less than $850,000,000 shall be credits under section 23. Of the total aggregate credit ceiling made available to Israel, up to $300,000,000 shall be made available for research and development activities in the United States and $250,000,000 shall be made available for the procurement of defense articles and defense services in Israel for the Lavi program.". 22 USC 2763. 22 USC 2764.

Section 31(c) of such Act is amended— 22 USC 2771.

(a) in the first sentence by striking out "for the fiscal year 1982 and for the fiscal year 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "for the fiscal year 1984"; and

(b) in the last sentence—

(1) by striking out "$550,000,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$850,000,000 for the fiscal year 1984"; and

(2) by striking out "for each such year".

Section 31(b)(6) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"(6) Of the total amounts of credits (or participations in credits) extended under section 23 of this Act, not less than $465,000,000 for the fiscal year 1984 shall be available only for Egypt, and Egypt shall be released from its contractual liability to repay the United

States Government with respect to such credits (and participations in credits). Of the total principal amount of loans guaranteed under section 24(a) of this Act, not less than $900,000.000 for the fiscal year 1984 shall be available only for Egypt.".

22 USC 2764.

Section 31(b)(5) of such Act is amended by striking out "for the fiscal year 1982 and for the fiscal year 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "for the fiscal year 1984".

22 USC 2771.

Section 532 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended to read as follows:

22 USC 2346a.

"SEC. 532. EARMARKING FOR ISRAEL AND EGYPT.—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated to carry out this chapter for the fiscal year 1984, not less than $910,000,000 shall be available only for Israel and not less than $750,000,000 shall be available only for Egypt.".

CONDITIONS ON MILITARY ASSISTANCE FOR EL SALVADOR

Not more than 70 percent of the amount made available for the fiscal year 1984 for military assistance for El Salvador under chapters 2 and 5 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 and under the Arms Export Control Act may be expended until—

22 USC 2311, 2347.
22 USC 2751 note.

(1) Salvadoran authorities have substantially concluded all investigative actions in the case of the National Guardsmen charged with murder in the deaths of the four United States churchwomen in December 1980 that were set forth in communications from the Department of State (including the letters dated July 8 and September 23, 1983); and

(2) Salvadoran authorities have brought the accused to trial and have obtained a verdict.

Presidential determination and certification to Congress.

Not more than 90 percent of the amount made available for the fiscal year 1984 for military assistance for El Salvador under chapters 2 and 5 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 and under the Arms Export Control Act may be expended until the President has determined and certified to the Congress that—

(1) the Government of El Salvador has not taken any action which would alter, suspend, or terminate the land reform program for phase I or phase III promulgated under Decree 154 (dated March 5, 1980) or Decree 207 (dated April 28, 1980) in a manner detrimental to the rights of the beneficiaries or the potential beneficiaries under those decrees; and

(2) the Government of El Salvador continues to make documented progress on implementing the land reform program.

MINORITY SET-ASIDE

Except to the extent that the Administrator of the Agency for International Development determines otherwise, not less than 10 percent of the aggregate of the funds made available for the fiscal year 1984 to carry out chapter 1 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 shall be made available only for activities of economically and socially disadvantaged enterprises (within the meaning of section 133(c)(5) of the International Development and Food Assistance Act of 1977), historically Black colleges and universities, and private and voluntary organizations which are controlled by individuals who are Black Americans, Hispanic Americans, or Native Americans, or who are economically and socially disadvantaged (within the meaning of section 133(c)(5) (B) and (C) of the Interna-

22 USC 2151.

22 USC 2151 note.

tional Development and Food Assistance Act of 1977). For purposes of this section, economically and socially disadvantaged individuals shall be deemed to include women.

MINORITY RESOURCE CENTER

None of the funds authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year 1984 to carry out the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 may be used to eliminate the Minority Resource Center as a separate and distinct entity within the Agency for International Development, including implementation of a consolidation of the Minority Resource Center with the Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization under section 133(c)(8) of the International Development and Food Assistance Act of 1977. 22 USC 2151 note.

22 USC 2151 note.

PROMOTING THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE HAITIAN PEOPLE AND PROVIDING FOR ORDERLY EMIGRATION FROM HAITI

It is the sense of the Congress that for the fiscal year 1984 up to $24,000,000 of the funds available to carry out chapter 1 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, and up to $10,000,000 of the funds available to carry out chapter 4 of part II of such Act, should be made available for development assistance for Haiti, subject to the limitation contained in the third paragraph of this heading 22 USC 2151. 22 USC 2346.

To the maximum extent practicable, assistance for Haiti under chapter 1 of part I and under chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 should be provided through private and voluntary organizations.

Funds available for fiscal year 1984 to carry out chapter 1 of part I or chapter 2, 4, or 5 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 may be obligated for Haiti, and credits may be extended and guarantees may be issued under the Arms Export Control Act for Haiti, only if the President determines that the Government of Haiti— Presidential determination. 22 USC 2151, 2311, 2346, 2347 22 USC 2751 note.

(1) is continuing to cooperate with the United States in halting illegal emigration to the United States from Haiti;

(2) is cooperating fully in implementing United States development, food, and other economic assistance programs in Haiti (including programs for prior fiscal years); and

(3) is making a concerted and significant effort to improve the human rights situation in Haiti by implementing the political reforms which are essential to the development of democracy in Haiti, including the establishment of political parties, free elections, and freedom of the press.

Six months after the date of enactment of this section, the President shall report to the Congress on the extent to which the actions of the Government of Haiti are consistent with each numbered provision contained in the third paragraph of this heading. Report to Congress.

Notwithstanding the limitations of section 660 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, funds made available under such Act for the fiscal year 1984 may be used for programs with Haiti, which shall be consistent with prevailing United States refugee policies, to assist in halting significant illegal emigration from Haiti to the United States. 22 USC 2420.

PRIVATE SECTOR REVOLVING FUND

Enactment.
22 USC 2151f.

The amendment contained in section 407 of H.R. 2992, as reported by the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives on May 17, 1983, is hereby enacted.

ANTITERRORISM ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

Enactment.
22 USC 2304, 2349aa—2349aa-6, 2349aa note, 2403.

The amendments contained in title II of H.R. 2992, as reported by the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives on May 17, 1983, are hereby enacted, except that, for purposes of such enactment, section 575 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 shall read as follows:

22 USC 2349aa-4.

"SEC. 575. APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated to the President to carry out this chapter $5,000,000 for the fiscal year 1984. Amounts appropriated under this section are authorized to remain available until expended.".

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution, except section 102, such amounts as may be necessary for continuing the following activities, not otherwise provided for in this joint resolution, which were conducted in the fiscal year 1983, under the terms and conditions provided in applicable appropriation Acts for the fiscal year 1983, at the current rate:

42 USC 300k-1.

Health planning activities authorized by title XV of the Public Health Service Act;

42 USC 289*l*-1.

National Research Service Awards authorized by section 472(d) of the Public Health Service Act;

42 USC 289c-4.

National Arthritis Advisory Board, National Diabetes Advisory Board, and National Digestive Diseases Advisory Board authorized by section 437 of the Public Health Service Act;

42 USC 241.

Medical Library Assistance programs authorized by title III of the Public Health Service Act;

66 Stat. 274.
94 Stat. 110.
8 USC 1521, 1522 note.
8 USC 1522 note.

Refugee and entrant assistance activities under the provisions of title IV of the Immigration and Nationality Act, title IV and part B of title III of the Refugee Act of 1980, and sections 501 (a) and (b) of the Refugee Education Assistance Act of 1980: *Provided,* That such funds may be expended for individuals who would meet the definition of "Cuban and Haitian entrant" under section 501(e) of the Refugee Education Assistance Act of 1980 but for the application of paragraph (2)(B) thereof: *Provided further,* That none of the funds made available under this joint resolution may be used to implement any administratively proposed block grant, per capita grant, or similar consolidation of the Refugee Resettlement Program, or to distribute any funds under any such administrative proposal;

Child abuse prevention and treatment and adoption opportunities activities authorized by the Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act;

42 USC 5101 note.

Activities under the Domestic Volunteer Service Act of 1973, as amended; and

42 USC 4951 note.

Activities of the Department of Defense, Army National Guard and Army Reserve Operation and Maintenance and National Guard and Reserve Equipment Procurement.

(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution, except section 102, such sums as may be necessary for programs, projects, or activities provided for in the Agriculture, Rural Development and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984 (H.R. 3223), to

the extent and in the manner provided for in the conference report and joint explanatory statement of the Committee of Conference (House Report Number 98-450), filed in the House of Representatives on October 27, 1983, as if such Act had been enacted into law.

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution except section 102, such amounts as may be necessary for programs, projects, or activities not otherwise specifically provided for in this joint resolution for which appropriations, funds, or other authority would be available in the Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984 (H.R. 3222), at a rate for operations and to the extent and in the manner that was provided for in Public Law 98-107: *Provided,* That none of the funds made available in this joint resolution for the Department of Justice and the Federal Trade Commission may be used for any activity, the purpose of which is to overturn or alter the per se prohibition on resale price maintenance in effect under Federal antitrust laws: *Provided further,* That nothing in this provision shall prohibit any employee of the Department of Justice or the Federal Trade Commission from presenting testimony on this matter before appropriate committees of the House and Senate.

Post, p. 1071.

Ante, p. 733.

(f) Such amounts as may be necessary for continuing the activities, not otherwise specifically provided for in this joint resolution, which were provided for in H.R. 4139, the Treasury, Postal Service and General Government Appropriations Act, 1984, as passed by the House of Representatives on October 27, 1983, to the extent and in the manner provided for in such Act, and at a rate for operations as was provided for in S. 1646, the Treasury, Postal Service and General Government Appropriations Bill, 1984, as reported to the Senate (S. Rept. 98-186) on July 20, 1983: *Provided,* That any activity included in the Senate reported bill (S. 1646), but not included in the House passed bill (H.R. 4139), shall be continued at the rate and under the terms and conditions of the Senate reported bill (S. 1646).

(g) Notwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution, the following amounts are hereby made available, in addition to funds otherwise available, for the following purposes:

EDUCATION FOR THE HANDICAPPED

For an additional amount for carrying out section 611 of the Education of the Handicapped Act, $25,000,000 to become available on July 1, 1984 and to remain available until September 30, 1985.

20 USC 1411.

REHABILITATION SERVICES AND HANDICAPPED RESEARCH

For an additional amount for carrying out section 100(b)(1) of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, $10,000,000.

29 USC 720.

GRANTS TO SCHOOLS WITH SUBSTANTIAL NUMBERS OF IMMIGRANTS

For carrying out emergency immigrant education assistance under title V of H.R. 3520 as passed the House of Representatives September 13, 1983, $30,000,000.

HIGHER EDUCATION

20 USC 1070.

For an additional amount for work-study programs under title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965, $5,000,000.

For an additional amount for supplemental educational opportunity grants under title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965, $5,000,000.

COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTERS

42 USC 241, 300w.

For an additional amount for carrying out titles III and XIX of the Public Health Service Act with respect to community health centers, $10,000,000.

NATIONAL TECHNICAL INSTITUTE FOR THE DEAF

20 USC 681 note.

For an additional amount for carrying out the National Technical Institute for the Deaf Act, $1,700,000.

GALLAUDET COLLEGE

For an additional amount for carrying out the Act of June 18, 1954 (68 Stat. 265), relating to Gallaudet College, $2,000,000.

FOOD DISTRIBUTION AND EMERGENCY SHELTER

Terms and conditions.

There is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, $10,000,000 to the Federal Emergency Management Agency to carry out an emergency food and shelter program. Notwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution or any other provision of law, such amount shall be made available under the terms and conditions of the following paragraphs:

National board.

The Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency shall, as soon as practicable after enactment of this Act, constitute a national board for the purpose of determining how the program funds are to be distributed to individual localities. The national board shall consist of seven members. The United Way of America, the Salvation Army, the Council of Churches, the National Conference of Catholic Charities, the Council of Jewish Federations, Inc., the American Red Cross, and the Federal Emergency Management Agency shall each designate a representative to sit on the national board. The representative of the Federal Emergency Management Agency shall chair the national board.

Each locality designated by the national board to receive funds shall constitute a local board for the purpose of determining how its funds will be distributed. The local board shall consist, to the extent practicable, of representatives of the same organizations as the national board except that the mayor or appropriate head of government will replace the Federal Emergency Management Agency member.

The Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency shall award a grant for $10,000,000 to the national board within thirty days after enactment of this Act for the purpose of providing emergency food and shelter to needy individuals through private voluntary organizations.

Eligible private voluntary organizations should be nonprofit, have a voluntary board, have an accounting system, and practice nondiscrimination.

Participation in the program should be based upon a private voluntary organization's ability to deliver emergency food and shelter to needy individuals and such other factors as are determined by the local boards.

Total administrative costs shall not exceed 2 per centum of the total appropriation.

As authorized by the Charter of the Commodity Credit Corporation, the Corporation shall process and distribute surplus food owned or to be purchased by the Corporation under the food distribution and emergency shelter program in cooperation with the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

Funding availability.

SEC. 102. Appropriations and funds made available and authority granted pursuant to this joint resolution shall be available from November 10, 1983, and shall remain available until (a) enactment into law of an appropriation for any project or activity provided for in this joint resolution, or (b) enactment of the applicable appropriation Act by both Houses without any provision for such project or activity, or (c) September 30, 1984, whichever first occurs.

SEC. 103. Appropriations made and authority granted pursuant to this joint resolution shall cover all obligations or expenditures incurred for any project or activity during the period for which funds or authority for such project or activity are available under this joint resolution.

SEC. 104. Expenditures made pursuant to this joint resolution shall be charged to the applicable appropriation, fund, or authorization whenever a bill in which such applicable appropriation, fund, or authorization is contained is enacted into law.

Effective date.

SEC. 105. No provision in any appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1984 referred to in section 101 of this joint resolution that makes the availability of any appropriation provided therein dependent upon the enactment of additional authorizing or other legislation shall be effective before the date set forth in section 102(c) of this joint resolution.

Postal rates.

SEC. 106. Notwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution except section 102, there are appropriated to the Postal Service Fund sufficient amounts so that postal rates for all preferred-rate mailers covered by section 3626 of title 39, United States Code, shall be continued at the rates in effect on September 1, 1983 (step 14): *Provided,* That mail for overseas voting and mail for the blind shall continue to be free: *Provided further,* That six-day delivery and rural delivery of mail shall continue at the 1983 level.

39 USC 403 note.

Ratification and confirmation of certain essential obligations.

SEC. 107. All obligations incurred in anticipation of the appropriations and authority provided in this joint resolution for the purposes of maintaining the minimum level of essential activities necessary to protect life and property and bringing about orderly termination of other functions are hereby ratified and confirmed if otherwise in accordance with the provisions of this joint resolution.

SEC. 108. Nothwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution, funds available to the Federal Building Fund within the General Services Administration may be used to initiate new construction, purchase, advance design, and repairs and alteration line-items projects which are included in the Treasury, Postal Service and General Government Appropriation Act, 1984, as passed by the House or as reported to the Senate.

SEC. 110. Notwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution, within available funds not to exceed $100,000 is available to the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center and may be used for plans, major maintenance, and improvements to Center lands and facilities, to remain available until expended.

SEC. 112. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, none of the funds made available to the General Services Administration pursuant to section 210(f) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 shall be obligated or expended after the date of enactment of this joint resolution for the procurement by contract of any service which, before such date, was performed by individuals in their capacity as employees of the General Services Administration in any position of guards, elevator operators, messengers, and custodians, except that such funds may be obligated or expended for the procurement by contract of the covered services with sheltered workshops employing the severely handicapped under Public Law 92-28.

40 USC 490.

41 USC 46-48c.

SEC. 113. Notwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution, $7,400,000 is appropriated to the Tennessee Valley Authority, to be available for the purpose of providing recreation on the Ocoee River, $6,400,000 of which is for reimbursement of the power program for additional costs of power operations resulting from recreational releases of water, all of which shall be reimbursed from imposition of fees for such recreation activities.

Guaranteed or insured loans.

SEC. 114. The head of any department or agency of the Federal Government in carrying out any loan guarantee or insurance program for the fiscal year 1984 shall enter into commitments to guarantee or insure loans pursuant to such program in the full amount provided by law subject only to (1) the availability of qualified applicants for such guarantee or insurance, and (2) limitations contained in appropriation Acts.

SEC. 115. (a) Chapter 25 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding the following new section:

Penalty.
18 USC 510.

"§ 510. Forging endorsements on Treasury checks or bonds or securities of the United States

"(a) Whoever, with intent to defraud—

"(1) falsely makes or forges any endorsement or signature on a Treasury check or bond or security of the United States; or

"(2) passes, utters, or publishes, or attempts to pass, utter, or publish, any Treasury check or bond or security of the United States bearing a falsely made or forged endorsement or signature shall be fined not more than $10,000 or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both.

"(b) Whoever, with knowledge that such Treasury check or bond or security of the United States is stolen or bears a falsely made or forged endorsement or signature buys, sells, exchanges, receives, delivers, retains, or conceals any such Treasury check or bond or security of the United States that in fact is stolen or bears a forged or falsely made endorsement or signature shall be fined not more than $10,000 or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both.

"(c) If the face value of the Treasury check or bond or security of the United States or the aggregate face value, if more than one Treasury check or bond or security of the United States, does not exceed $500, in any of the above-mentioned offenses, the penalty shall be a fine of not more than $1,000 or imprisonment for not more than one year, or both.".

(b) Section 3056(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting in the fifth clause the number "510," after "509,".

(c) The analysis of chapter 25, of title 18, United States Code, immediately preceding section 471 of such title, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"510. Forging endorsements on Treasury checks or bonds or securities of the United States.".

U.S. Capitol bombing, reward for information.

SEC. 116. There is appropriated to the Department of Justice a total of not more than $100,000 which shall be paid to the person or persons giving information which leads to the arrest and conviction for the bombing of the Senate Wing of the United States Capitol on November 7, 1983, to be paid with the written approval of the Attorney General. Any officer or employee of the United States or any State or local government who furnishes information or renders service in the performance of his official duties is ineligible for payment under this section.

U.S. Route 209.

SEC. 117. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the ban on the use of United States Route 209 by commercial vehicular traffic established in Public Law 98-63 is extended until December 31, 1985: *Provided*, That up to 150 northbound and up to 150 southbound commercial vehicles per day serving businesses or persons in Orange County, New York are exempted from such ban: *Provided further*, That the exemption established herein is subject to reevaluation for safety by the five member United States Route 209 commission which shall make recommendations to the National Park Service for modification of such ban.

Ante, p. 301.

SEC. 118. (a)(1) Section 5723(a)(1) of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

(A) by inserting "(A)" after "travel expenses";

(B) by striking out "manpower shortage or" and inserting in lieu thereof "manpower shortage, (B)"; and

(C) by inserting ", or (B) of any person appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to a position the rate of pay for which is equal to or higher than the minimum rate of pay prescribed for GS-16" after "Senior Executive Service".

(2) Sections 5724(a)(2) and 5726(b) of title 5, United States Code, are each amended by striking out "11,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "18,000".

(3) Section 5724(b)(1) of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking out "not in excess of 20 cents a mile".

(4) Section 5724 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(j) The regulations prescribed under this section shall provide that the reassignment or transfer of any employee, for permanent duty, from one official station or agency to another which is outside the employee's commuting area shall take effect only after the employee has been given advance notice for a reasonable period. Emergency circumstances shall be taken into account in determining whether the period of advance notice is reasonable.".

(5) Section 5724a(a)(3) of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

(A) in the first sentence thereof, by striking out "30 days" and inserting in lieu thereof "60 days"; and

(B) by striking out the second and fourth sentences thereof and inserting after the first sentence the following: "The period of residence in temporary quarters may be extended for an

additional 60 days if the head of the agency concerned or his designee determines that there are compelling reasons for the continued occupancy of temporary quarters.".

(6) Section 5724a(a)(4) of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

(A) by inserting "(A)" after "(4)"; and

(B) by adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraph:

"(B)(i) In connection with the sale of the residence at the old official station, reimbursement under this paragraph shall not exceed 10 percent of the sale price or $15,000, whichever is the lesser amount.

"(ii) In connection with the purchase of a residence at the new official station, reimbursement under this paragraph shall not exceed 5 percent of the purchase price or $7,500, whichever is the lesser amount.

Effective date.

"(iii) Effective October 1 of each year, the respective maximum dollar amounts applicable under clauses (i) and (ii) shall be increased by the percent change, if any, in the Consumer Price Index published for December of the preceding year over that published for December of the second preceding year, adjusted to the nearest one-tenth of 1 percent. For the purpose of this clause, 'Consumer Price Index' means the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, United States City Average, Housing Component (1967=100), prepared by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Department of Labor.".

"Consumer Price Index."

(7)(A)(i) Subchapter II of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding after section 5724a the following new sections:

5 USC 5724b.

"§ 5724b. Taxes on reimbursements for travel, transportation, and relocation expenses of employees transferred

"(a) Under such regulations as the President may prescribe and to the extent considered necessary and appropriate, as provided therein, appropriations or other funds available to an agency for administrative expenses are available for the reimbursement of all or part of the Federal, State, and city income taxes incurred by an employee, or by an employee and such employee's spouse (if filing jointly), for any moving or storage expenses furnished in kind, or for which reimbursement or an allowance is provided (but only to the extent of the expenses paid or incurred). Reimbursements under this subsection shall also include an amount equal to all income taxes for which the employee, or the employee and spouse, as the case may be, would be liable due to the reimbursement for the taxes referred to in the first sentence of this subsection.

"Moving or storage expenses."

Ante, p. 977.

5 USC 5724.

5 USC 5724a, 5726.

"(b) For the purpose of this section, 'moving or storage expenses' means travel and transportation expenses (including storage of household goods and personal effects under section 5724 of this title) and other relocation expenses under sections 5724a and 5726(c) of this title.

5 USC 5724c.

"§ 5724c. Relocation services

"Each agency is authorized to enter into contracts to provide relocation services to agencies and employees for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this subchapter. Such services include but need not be limited to arranging for the purchase of a transferred employee's residence.".

(ii) The chapter analysis at the beginning of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 5724a the following new items:

"5724b. Taxes on reimbursements for travel, transportation, and relocation expenses of employees transferred.
"5724c. Relocation services.".

(B) Section 5724(i) of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking out "5724a" and inserting in lieu thereof "5724a, 5724b,".

(b) The amendments made by subsection (a) shall be carried out by agencies by the use of funds appropriated or otherwise available for the administrative expenses of each of such respective agencies. The amendments made by such subsection do not authorize the appropriation of funds in amounts exceeding the sums already authorized to be appropriated for such agencies. 5 USC 5724 note.

(c)(1) The amendments made by subsection (a) shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this joint resolution. Effective date. 5 USC 5724 note.

(2) Not later than thirty days after the date of the enactment of this joint resolution, the President shall prescribe the regulations required under the amendments made by subsection (a). Such regulations shall take effect as of such date of enactment. Regulations. Effective date.

SEC. 119. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution, the project for navigation at Eastport Harbor, Maine, authorized by section 101 of the River and Harbor Act of 1960 (74 Stat. 480), is not authorized after the date of enactment of this joint resolution. Eastport Harbor, Maine; navigation project.

(b) The Secretary of the Army shall transfer without consideration to the city of Eastport, Maine, title to any facilities and improvements constructed by the United States as part of the project described in subsection (a) of this section. Such transfer shall be made as soon as practicable after the date of enactment of this joint resolution. Nothing in this section shall require the conveyance of any interest in land underlying such project title to which is held by the State of Maine. Land conveyance.

SEC. 121. Funds appropriated or otherwise made available for fiscal year 1984 pursuant to section 101(e) of this joint resolution or the enactment into law of H.R. 3222 shall be available notwithstanding section 15(a) of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 and section 701 of the United States Information and Exchange Act of 1948, as amended, until November 18, 1983. *Post*, p. 1071. 22 USC 2680. 22 USC 1476.

SEC. 123. Section 5132(a)(1) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the second sentence thereof the following: "The Secretary shall annually sell to the public, directly and by mail, sets of uncirculated and proof coins, and shall solicit such sales through the use of the customer list of the Bureau of the Mint.".

SEC. 125. Notwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution, there are hereby appropriated $165,000 for the Joint Study Panel on the Social Security Administration for purposes of carrying out the study required by section 338 of the Social Security Amendments of 1983, to remain available until September 30, 1984. *Ante*, p. 132.

SEC. 126. For payments to defray the costs of training and provision of incentives to employers to hire and train certain wartime veterans who have been unemployed for long periods of time as authorized by law (the Emergency Veterans' Job Training Act of 1983, Public Law 98-77), $75,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1986: *Provided*, That not more than $25,000,000 of the amount appropriated shall be available for transfer to the "Readjustment benefits" appropriation for educational assistance payments under the provisions of section 18 of Public Law 98-77. Any unused portion of the amount so transferred may be returned to this appropriation at any time, but not later than December 31, 1984. *Ante*, p. 443. 29 USC 1721 note. *Ante*, p. 452. 29 USC 1721 note.

SEC. 127. The paragraph under the heading "Housing Programs, Annual Contributions for Assisted Housing" in the Department of Housing and Urban Development-Independent Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984 (Public Law 98-45, 97 Stat. 219, 220), is amended by striking out the period at the end thereof and inserting a colon in lieu thereof and the following: *"Provided further,* That $6,000,000 of contract authority and $30,000,000 of budget authority provided in or subject to the fourth proviso of this paragraph are approved for use to extend annual contributions contracts in accordance with section 504 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1970, as amended by section 6 of Public Law 98-35 (97 Stat. 197, 198-199): *Provided further,* That upon enactment of this joint resolution, $2,217,150,000 of budget authority shall be used only for the section 8 existing housing program (42 U.S.C. 1437f), $540,000,000 of budget authority shall be used only for the section 8 moderate rehabilitation program (42 U.S.C. 1437f), and $900,000,000 of budget authority shall be used only for the development or acquisition costs of public housing other than for Indian families: *Provided further,* That, if no authorization Act for fiscal year 1984 for the assisted housing programs of the Department of Housing and Urban Development is enacted before January 1, 1984, then the amount of budget authority to be used only for the section 8 existing housing program is increased to $3,922,650,000 as of January 1, 1984, the amount of contracts for annual contributions as provided under this heading in Public Law 98-45 is hereby increased by $23,551,393, and the $1,500,000,000 of budget authority deferred until January 1, 1984 in the second proviso under this heading in Public Law 98-45, shall, on January 1, 1984, be added to and merged with budget authority which is subject to the fourth proviso under such heading: *Provided further,* That if an authorization Act for fiscal year 1984 for the assisted housing programs of the Department of Housing and Urban Development is enacted before January 1, 1984 then the paragraph under this heading and the amendments provided in this joint resolution are modified as follows: (1) the $1,500,000,000 of budget authority otherwise deferred until January 1, 1984 in the second proviso under this heading in Public Law 98-45 shall not become available until March 31, 1984, and at such time shall be added to and merged with budget authority which is subject to the fourth proviso under such heading; (2) the amount of budget authority that shall only be used for the section 8 existing housing program (42 U.S.C. 1437f) would be $2,217,150,000; and (3) the $23,551,393 of additional contract authority provided in the previous proviso would not become available for contracts for annual contributions under section 5 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437c)."

12 USC 1701z-3.

Ante, p. 219.

Hickam Air Force Base Administrative Annex.

SEC. 129. No funds made available by this joint resolution or any other Act may be expended by the General Services Administration to sell, dispose, transfer, donate, or lease the real property and improvements known as the Hickam Air Force Base Administrative Annex (identified by the General Services Administration control number 9-D-HI-477-B) unless such sale, disposal, transfer, donation, or lease is to the State of Hawaii or any agency thereof for use for airport development purposes.

Unobligated funds, availability periods.

SEC. 130. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, $1,000,000 of the unobligated funds as of September 30, 1983 from the appropriation for closeout activities of the Community Services Administration shall remain available through September 30, 1988.

SEC. 131. Notwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution $2,650,000 is appropriated for the repair of the Pension Building in Washington, D.C.

Foreign-built liner vessels.

SEC. 134. Upon application, prior to January 1, 1984, by a subsidized United States-flag liner company holding a written option to purchase foreign-built liner vessels executed prior to November 16, 1983, the Secretary of Transportation shall permit the acquisition of no more than 4 existing foreign-built vessels for operation under United States flag, and shall require conversion of two such vessels in a United States shipyard. Upon application prior to June 1, 1984, by a subsidized United States-flag liner company which has taken delivery from United States shipyards of new United States-built liner vessels that were introduced into subsidized service within two years preceding the date of enactment of this joint resolution, the Secretary of Transportation shall permit the acquisition of no more than two existing foreign-built vessels for operation under United States flag, and shall require conversion of one such ship in a United States shipyard. Upon acquisition and documentation under the laws of the United States, these vessels shall be deemed to have been United States-built for purposes of title VI, except section 607, of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended, section 901(b) of said Act, and chapter 37 of title 46, United States Code.

46 USC app. 1171, 1177, 1241.

San Francisco Harbor, Calif; navigation project.

Ante, p. 520.

SEC. 135. Notwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution, the project for navigation, San Francisco Harbor, California—Fisherman's Wharf Area—is hereby authorized to be prosecuted by the Secretary of the Army substantially in accordance with the plans and subject to the conditions recommended in the report of the Chief of Engineers, dated February 3, 1978, as amended by the supplemental report of the Chief of Engineers dated June 7, 1979. Within available funds, the Corps of Engineers should proceed with the construction of the project.

Oil and gas leases.

SEC. 137. No funds in this or any other Act shall be used to process or grant oil and gas lease applications on any Federal lands outside of Alaska that are in units of the National Wildlife Refuge System, except where there are valid existing rights or except where it is determined that any of the lands are subject to drainage as defined in 43 CFR 3100.2, unless and until the Secretary of the Interior first promulgates, pursuant to section 553 of the Administrative Procedure Act, revisions to his existing regulations so as to explicitly authorize the leasing of such lands, holds a public hearing with respect to such revisions, and prepares an environmental impact statement with respect thereto.

5 USC 553.

SEC. 139. Notwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution, there is hereby appropriated $9,000,000 from the Federal Buildings Fund, for design of a Federal Building-United States Courthouse in Newark, New Jersey, and $550,000 from the Federal Buildings Fund, for design necessary for repair of the Customhouse-United States Courthouse in St. Louis, Missouri.

Ante, p. 733.

SEC. 140. Section 101(d) of Public Law 98-107 is hereby amended to read as follows:

"(d) Such amounts as may be necessary for continuing the activities, not otherwise specifically provided for in this joint resolution, which were provided for in H.R. 4139, the Treasury, Postal Service and General Government Appropriation Act, 1984, as passed the House of Representatives on October 27, 1983, at a rate for operations and to the extent and in the manner provided for in such Act.".

Approved November 14, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 413:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-540 (Comm. of Conference).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Nov. 10, considered and passed House; considered and passed Senate, amended.
Nov. 12, House agreed to conference report; receded from its disagreement and concurred in certain Senate amendments, and in others with amendments. Senate agreed to conference report and concurred in House amendments.

Public Law 98-152
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Designating the week beginning November 6, 1983, as "National Disabled Veterans Week".

Nov. 15, 1983
[H.J. Res. 283]

Whereas there are two million three hundred thousand disabled veterans in the United States;

Whereas disabled veterans have sacrificed their well-being in the service of their country;

Whereas disabled veterans endure severe disabilities, such as loss of limb, paralysis, blindness, deafness, and delayed-stress syndrome;

Whereas these disabled veterans consistently experience inordinately high rates of joblessness; and

Whereas disabled veterans have made important contributions to national welfare: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in recognition of the contributions that disabled veterans have made to the welfare of the United States, the week beginning November 6, 1983, is designated "National Disabled Veterans Week". The President is requested to issue a proclamation calling upon all Government agencies and the people of the United States to observe that week with appropriate programs, ceremonies, and activities.

National Disabled Veterans Week.

Approved November 15, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 283 (S.J. Res. 155):

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Sept. 15, considered and passed House.
Oct. 4, S.J. Res. 155 considered and passed Senate.
Nov. 10, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-153
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Nov. 15, 1983
[S.J. Res. 122]

To designate the week of November 27, 1983, through December 3, 1983, as "National Home Care Week".

Whereas organized home health care services to the elderly and disabled have existed in this country since the last quarter of the eighteenth century;

Whereas home health care is recognized as an effective and economical alternative to unnecessary institutionalization;

Whereas caring for the ill and disabled in their homes places emphasis on the dignity and independence of the individual receiving these services;

Whereas since the enactment of the medicare program, including skilled nursing services, physical therapy, speech therapy, social services, occupational therapy, and home health aide services, the number of home health agencies providing these services has increased from less than five hundred to more than three thousand; and

Whereas many private and charitable organizations provide these and similar services to millions of patients each year preventing, postponing, and limiting the need for institutionalization: Now, therefore, be it

National Home Care Week.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the week of November 27, 1983, through December 3, 1983, is designated as "National Home Care Week", and the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe the week with appropriate programs, ceremonies, and activities.

Approved November 15, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 122:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Oct. 4, considered and passed Senate.
Nov. 4, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-154
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

To designate the month of November 1983 as "National Christmas Seal Month".

Nov. 16, 1983
[S.J. Res. 188]

Whereas chronic diseases of the lung afflict well over seventeen million Americans, cause more than two hundred thousand deaths annually, at a cost to the Nation of more than $48.8 billion each year in lost wages, productivity, and in direct costs of medical care;

Whereas leading the fight in the voluntary sector to prevent illness, disability, and death from lung disease is the American Lung Association—the Christmas Seal People—a nonprofit public health organization supported by individual contributions to Christmas Seals and other donations;

Whereas chronic obstructive pulmonary diseases have been among the fastest rising causes of death—an 87 per centum increase in the past ten years. Almost seven million Americans, including two million two hundred and fifty thousand children, suffer from asthma;

Whereas, two and one-half million people have emphysema, while seven million eight hundred thousand suffer from chronic bronchitis. And it is expected that lung cancer will surpass breast cancer as the leading cause of cancer deaths among American women during this decade;

Whereas the American Lung Association, the Nation's first national voluntary public health organization, was founded in 1904 as the National Tuberculosis Association to combat TB when this lung disease was known to nearly every American family and one in seven deaths resulted from tuberculosis. Beginning in 1907, Christmas Seals were used to raise funds through private contributions to provide education to Americans about the disease;

Whereas, in its early years, the National Tuberculosis Association pioneered in school programs aimed at motivating our young people to establish healthful living patterns. That tradition remains strong as the American Lung Association, through its community Lung Associations, helps educate the public, patients, and their families about lung diseases; sponsors community action programs for good lung health; underwrites medical research; supports education for physicians and other health care workers; wages vigorous campaigns against cigarette smoking and air pollution. The primary source of funding for more than seventy years has been Christmas Seals. This year, Christmas Seals will be in sixty million homes. Tuberculosis has been subdued considerably, but not eradicated in the one hundred and two years since the discovery of the tubercle bacillus by Doctor Robert Koch. The disease is still responsible for one in one thousand deaths—many among children. The American Lung Association continues to work with Congress to better distribute resources to control tuberculosis and work toward its eradication;

Whereas the American Lung Association works with the National Heart, Lung and Blood Institute, a major component of the National Institutes of Health, to support research, training, and demonstration programs relevant to the lung, as well as the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases and the National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences, in addition to the Tuberculosis Program of the Centers for Disease Control, the Office of Smoking and Health, and the Office of Health Promotion; and

Whereas the American Lung Association continues to cooperate with Federal agencies to bring about a decrease in the serious problem of lung disease, a mission to which its volunteers and staff are committed: Now, therefore, be it

National Christmas Seal Month.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the month of November 1983 is designated as "National Christmas Seal Month" and the President of the United States is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon all Government agencies and the people of the United States to observe the month with appropriate activities supporting the Christmas Seal program.

Approved November 16, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 188:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Oct. 27, considered and passed Senate.
Nov. 4, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-155
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Designating November 12, 1983, as "Anti-Defamation League Day" in honor of the league's seventieth anniversary.

Nov. 16, 1983
[H.J. Res. 408]

Whereas the Anti-Defamation League since its inception has worked to strengthen the democratic underpinnings of American society and to establish a harmonious unity of friendship and understanding amidst this Nation's religious, racial, and ethnic diversity;

Whereas the Anti-Defamation League has combated, counteracted, and educated against anti-Semitism, racism, and the extremists of totalitarianism;

Whereas the Anti-Defamation League represents the special concerns and interests of the American Jewish community in upholding human rights and civil liberties in this country and throughout the world;

Whereas the Anti-Defamation League is an effective advocate for friendship and alliance with Israel;

Whereas the Anti-Defamation League, and its leaders and supporters, set an example of leadership and participation in events and programs to affect the well-being and future of all people; and

Whereas the Anti-Defamation League, in purpose and program, espouses and fulfills the highest ideals and aspirations of Americans of all faiths, races, and cultural origins: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, in honor of the seventieth anniversary of the founding of the Anti-Defamation League, November 12, 1983, is designated "Anti-Defamation League Day". The President is requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe that day with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

Anti-Defamation League Day.

Approved November 16, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 408:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Nov. 10, considered and passed House.
Nov. 11, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-156
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Nov. 17, 1983
[H.J. Res. 383]

To designate the week beginning November 6, 1983, as "Florence Crittenton Mission Week".

Whereas in 1883 Charles Crittenton of New York opened his first rescue mission to reverse society's punitive attitude toward outcast young women;

Whereas in 1898 the National Florence Crittenton Mission was the first of its kind to be chartered by Congress;

Whereas the Florence Crittenton Mission has achieved remarkable success, in the words of the original congressional charter, in aiding young women to "seek reformation of character . . . (and) to reach positions of honorable self-support";

Whereas the Florence Crittenton Mission has achieved distinction in providing a wide range of services, from residential care to career counseling, for troubled young women; and

Whereas the Florence Crittenton Mission has grown to a network of 39 agencies in 26 States, serving thousands of young women: Now, therefore, be it

Florence Crittenton Mission Week.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the week beginning November 6, 1983, is designated as "Florence Crittenton Mission Week". The President is requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe such week with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

Approved November 17, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 383:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Nov. 4, considered and passed House.
Nov. 10, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-157
98th Congress

An Act

To authorize rehabilitation of the Belle Fourche irrigation project, and for other purposes.

Nov. 17, 1983
[S. 448]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the general plan for the Belle Fourche project, South Dakota, heretofore authorized for construction by the Secretary of the Interior, May 10, 1904, pursuant to the Reclamation Act of 1902 (32 Stat. 388), is modified to include construction, betterment of works, water conservation, recreation, and fish and wildlife conservation and development. As so modified, the general plan is reauthorized under the designation "Belle Fourche unit" of the Pick-Sloan Missouri Basin program.

Belle Fourche irrigation project.

43 USC 391.

SEC. 2. (a) The Secretary of the Interior (hereinafter referred to as the "Secretary"), is authorized to negotiate and execute an amendatory repayment contract with the Belle Fourche irrigation district covering all lands of the existing Belle Fourche project. This contract shall replace all existing contracts between the Belle Fourche irrigation district and the United States.

Contract.

(b) The period of repayment of the construction and rehabilitation and betterment costs allocated to irrigation and assigned to be repaid by the irrigation water users shall be not more than forty years from and including the year in which such amendatory repayment contract is executed.

Repayment period.

(c) During the period required to complete the rehabilitation and betterment program and other water conservation works, the rates of charge to land class in the unit shall continue to be as established in the November 29, 1949, repayment contract with the district, as subsequently amended and supplemented; thereafter, such rates of charge and assessable acreage shall be in accordance with the amortization capacity and classification of unit lands as then determined by the Secretary.

SEC. 3. (a) All miscellaneous net revenues of the Belle Fourche unit shall accrue to the United States and shall be applied against irrigation costs not assigned to be repaid by irrigation water users.

(b) Construction and rehabilitation and betterment costs of the Belle Fourche unit allocated to irrigation and not assigned to be repaid by the irrigation water users nor returned from miscellaneous net revenues of the unit shall be returnable from net revenues of the Pick-Sloan Missouri Basin program within fifty years from and including the year in which the amendatory contract authorized by this Act is executed.

SEC. 4. The provision of lands, facilities, and project modifications which furnish recreation and fish and wildlife benefits in connection with the Belle Fourche unit shall be in accordance with the Federal Water Project Recreation Act (79 Stat. 213), as amended.

16 USC 460*l*-12 note.

SEC. 5. Appropriations heretofore or hereafter made for carrying on the functions of the Bureau of Reclamation shall be available for credits, expenses, charges, and costs provided by or incurred under

Rules and regulations.

this Act. The Secretary is authorized to make such rules and regulations as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

Contracts.

SEC. 6. The Secretary is authorized to amend existing contracts and enter into additional contracts as may be necessary to implement and facilitate any future agreement between the Belle Fourche irrigation district and non-Federal entities involving the sale of Belle Fourche project water for use by such non-Federal interest for other than irrigation purposes: *Provided,* That the net proceeds from such transactions between the Secretary, the Belle Fourche irrigation district, and such non-Federal interest shall be paid to the United States as reimbursement of the cost of the works authorized by this Act, that such transactions are not in violation of applicable State laws, and that such transactions shall be subject to the consent and conditions of the State of South Dakota to such water use by such non-Federal interest in accordance with the laws of South Dakota and the provisions of the Belle Fourche River Compact between the States of Wyoming and South Dakota to which the consent of Congress was given in the Act of February 26, 1944 (ch. 64, 58 Stat. 94).

Appropriation authorization.

SEC. 7. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated beginning October 1, 1984, for the rehabilitation and betterment of the irrigation facilities of the Belle Fourche unit and recreation and fish and wildlife measures as authorized by this Act, the sum of $42,000,000 (based on January 1981 prices), plus or minus such amounts, if any, as may be justified by reason of ordinary fluctuations in construction cost indexes applicable to the types of construction involved herein.

2 USC 651.

SEC. 8. Any new spending authority described in subsection (c)(2)(A) or (B) of section 401 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 which is provided under this Act shall be effective for any fiscal year only to such extent or in such amounts as are provided in advance in appropriations Acts.

Approved November 17, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 448:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-415 (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-138 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
June 15, considered and passed Senate.
Oct. 31, Nov. 1, considered and passed House, amended.
Nov. 3, Senate concurred in House amendments.

Public Law 98-158
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Designating the week beginning May 13, 1984, as "Municipal Clerk's Week".

Nov. 17, 1983
[S.J. Res. 92]

Whereas the municipal clerk, oldest of public servants, is the hub around which revolves efficient and responsive local government;
Whereas as local government has grown in responsibility and importance through the centuries, so has the commission of the municipal clerk;
Whereas the municipal clerk provides a direct link between past, present, and future by preserving records for posterity and implementing decisions of the legislative body, all the time seeking better and more efficient ways to do these jobs;
Whereas the accurate recording, careful safeguarding, and prompt retrieval of public records are vital functions, without which efficient and responsive local government could not exist;
Whereas municipal clerks follow a mandate to seek better and more effective ways to perform those critical responsibilities in light of the rapid technological advances of today's world; and
Whereas in keeping with this mandate, municipal clerks also are dedicated to continuous professional education and training, in order to stay abreast of those advances: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, in recognition of the outstanding and vital services performed by municipal clerks, reflecting their dedication to public service for the community, the week beginning May 13, 1984, is designated "Municipal Clerk's Week". The President is requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe that week with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

Municipal Clerk's Week.

Approved November 17, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 92:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
May 20, considered and passed Senate.
Sept. 27, considered and passed House, amended.
Nov. 3, Senate concurred in House amendments.

Public Law 98-159
98th Congress

An Act

Nov. 18, 1983
[H.R. 3348]

To honor Congressman Leo J. Ryan and to award a special congressional gold medal to the family of the late Honorable Leo J. Ryan.

Leo J. Ryan.
Gold medal.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) the President of the United States is authorized to present, on behalf of the Congress, a gold medal of appropriate design to the family of the late Honorable Leo J. Ryan in recognition of his distinguished service as a Member of Congress and the fact of his untimely death by assassination while performing his responsibilities as a Member of the United States House of Representatives. For such purpose, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to cause to be struck a gold medal with suitable emblems, devices, and inscriptions to be determined by the Secretary of the Treasury. There is authorized to be appropriated not to exceed $25,000 after October 1, 1983, to carry out the provisions of this subsection.

Appropriation authorization.

Duplicates.

(b) The Secretary of the Treasury may cause duplicates in bronze of such medal to be coined and sold under such regulations as he may prescribe, at a price sufficient to cover the cost thereof, including labor, material, dies, use of machinery, overhead expenses, and the gold medal. The appropriation made to carry out subsection (a) shall be reimbursed out of the proceeds of such sales.

(c) The medals provided for in this section are national medals for the purpose of section 5111 of title 31, United States Code.

Approved November 18, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3348:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Oct. 18, considered and passed House.
Nov. 10, considered and passed Senate.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 19, No. 46 (1983):
Nov. 18, Presidential statement.

Public Law 98-160
98th Congress

An Act

To amend title 38, United States Code, to extend and improve various health-care and other programs of the Veterans' Administration; and for other purposes.

Nov. 21, 1983
[H.R. 2920]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Veterans' Health Care Amendments of 1983.
38 USC 101 note.

SHORT TITLE; AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 38, UNITED STATES CODE

SECTION 1. (a) This Act may be cited as the "Veterans' Health Care Amendments of 1983".

(b) Except as otherwise expressly provided, whenever in this Act an amendment is expressed in terms of an amendment to a section or other provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to a section or other provision of title 38, United States Code.

TITLE I—VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION HEALTH-CARE PROGRAMS

VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS READJUSTMENT COUNSELING PROGRAM

SEC. 101. (a) Subsection (a) of section 612A is amended by inserting a period after "life" and striking out all that follows in the first sentence. 38 USC 612A.

(b)(1) Paragraph (1) of subsection (g) of such section is amended by striking out "September 30, 1984," and "October 1, 1984," and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1988," and "October 1, 1988,", respectively.

(2) Paragraph (2) of such subsection is amended to read as follows:

"(2)(A) Not later than April 1, 1987, the Administrator shall submit to the Committees on Veterans' Affairs of the Senate and House of Representatives a report on the Administrator's evaluation of the effectiveness in helping to meet the readjustment needs of veterans who served on active duty during the Vietnam era of the readjustment counseling and mental health services provided pursuant to this section (and of outreach efforts with respect to such counseling and services). Such report shall give particular attention, in light of the results of the study required by section 102 of the Veterans' Health Care Amendments of 1983, to the provision of such counseling and services to veterans with post-traumatic stress disorder and to the diagnosis and treatment of such disorder. Report to congressional committees.

Post, p. 994.

"(B) The report required by subparagraph (A) of this paragraph shall include—

"(i) the opinion of the Administrator with respect to (I) the extent to which the readjustment needs of veterans who served on active duty during the Vietnam era remain unmet, and (II) the extent to which the provision of readjustment counseling services under this section in a program providing such services through facilities situated apart from Veterans' Administration health-care facilities is needed to meet such needs; and

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"(ii) in light of the opinion submitted pursuant to clause (i) of this subparagraph, such recommendations for amendments to paragraph (1) of this subsection and for other legislative and administrative action as the Administrator considers appropriate.

Report to congressional committees.

"(3) Not later than July 1, 1987, the Administrator shall submit to such committees a report containing a description of the plans made and timetable for carrying out paragraph (1) of this subsection.".

STUDY OF POST-TRAUMATIC STRESS DISORDER AND OTHER POST-WAR PSYCHOLOGICAL PROBLEMS

38 USC 612A note.

SEC. 102. (a)(1) The Administrator of Veterans' Affairs shall provide for the conduct of a comprehensive study of the prevalence and incidence in the population of Vietnam veterans of post-traumatic stress disorder and other psychological problems in readjusting to civilian life (hereinafter in this section collectively referred to as "post-war psychological problems") and of the effects of post-war psychological problems on such veterans, with particular attention to veterans who have service-connected disabilities and with specific reference to women veterans.

(2) The study required by this subsection—

(A) shall be designed to yield information regarding any statistical correlations—

(i) between post-war psychological problems and physical disabilities (by type of disability) in the population of Vietnam veterans;

(ii) between post-war psychological problems and alcohol and drug abuse in such population;

(iii) between veterans in such population having post-war psychological problems and being members of minority groups; and

(iv) between post-war psychological problems in such population and the incarceration of such veterans in penal institutions;

(B) shall include an evaluation of the long-term effects of post-war psychological problems among Vietnam veterans on the families of such veterans (and on persons in other primary social relationships with such veterans); and

(C) shall include a survey of the extent to which Vietnam veterans with post-war psychological problems use care furnished by the Veterans' Administration.

Report to congressional committees.

(b) Not later than October 1, 1986, the Administrator shall submit to the Committees on Veterans' Affairs of the Senate and House of Representatives a report on the results of the study required by subsection (a). Such report shall contain—

(1) a description of the results of the study;

(2) information regarding the capability of the Veterans' Administration to provide treatment to the number of veterans estimated in such study to be suffering from post-war psychological problems;

(3) descriptions of the policies and procedures of the Veterans' Administration with respect to providing disability compensation for post-war psychological problems;

(4) a description of the activities of the Administrator in attempting to coordinate Veterans' Administration health-care

and compensation programs with respect to post-traumatic stress disorder; and

(5) such recommendations for administrative and legislative action as the Administrator considers appropriate in light of the results of the study.

(c) For the purpose of this section: Definitions.

(1) The terms "veteran", "service-connected", and "active duty" have the meanings provided in sections 101 (2), (16), and (21), respectively, of title 38, United States Code.

(2) The term "Vietnam veteran" means a veteran who served on active duty in the Republic of Vietnam or elsewhere in the Vietnam theater of operations during the Vietnam era (as defined in section 101(29) of such title).

ADULT DAY HEALTH-CARE SERVICES

SEC. 103. (a)(1) Section 620 is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection: 38 USC 620.

"(f)(1)(A) The Administrator is authorized to furnish adult day health care as provided for in this subsection. For the purpose only of authorizing the furnishing of such care and specifying the terms and conditions under which it may be furnished to veterans needing such care—

"(i) references to 'nursing home care' in subsections (a) through (d) of this section shall be deemed to be references to 'adult day health care'; and

"(ii) a veteran who is eligible for medical services under section 612(f)(2) of this title shall be deemed to be a veteran described in subsection (a)(1) of this section.

"(B) The Administrator may provide in-kind assistance (through the services of Veterans' Administration employees and the sharing of other Veterans' Administration resources) to a facility furnishing care to veterans under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph. Any such in-kind assistance shall be provided under a contract between the Veterans' Administration and the facility concerned. The Administrator may provide such assistance only for use solely in the furnishing of adult day health care and only if, under such contract, the Veterans' Administration receives reimbursement for the full cost of such assistance, including the cost of services and supplies and normal depreciation and amortization of equipment. Such reimbursement may be made by reduction in the charges to the United States or by payment to the United States. Any funds received through such reimbursement shall be credited to funds allotted to the Veterans' Administration facility that provided the assistance. Reimbursement.

"(2) The Administrator may conduct, at facilities over which the Administrator has direct jurisdiction, programs for the furnishing of adult day health care to veterans who are eligible for such care under paragraph (1) of this subsection, except that necessary travel and incidental expenses (or transportation in lieu thereof) may be furnished under such a program only under the terms and conditions set forth in section 111 of this title. The furnishing of care under any such program shall be subject to the limitations that are applicable to the duration of adult day health care furnished under paragraph (1) of this subsection.

"(3) Adult day health care may not be furnished under this section after September 30, 1988.". Restriction.

(2) The heading of such section is amended to read as follows:

"§ 620. Transfers for nursing home care; adult day health care".

(3) The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 17 is amended to read as follows:

"620. Transfers for nursing home care; adult day health care.".

Study.
38 USC 620 note.

(b) If the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs furnishes adult day health care under section 620(f) of title 38, United States Code (as added by subsection (a)), the Administrator shall conduct a study of the medical efficacy and cost-effectiveness of furnishing such care as an alternative for nursing home care and of the comparative advantages and disadvantages of providing such care through facilities that are not under the direct jurisdiction of the Administrator and through facilities that are under the direct jurisdiction of the Administrator.

Report to congressional committees.

(c) Not later than February 1, 1988, the Administrator shall submit to the Committees on Veterans' Affairs of the Senate and House of Representatives a report containing—

(1) the results of the study conducted under subsection (b) (if such a study is conducted);

(2) the Administrator's recommendation with respect to extending or repealing the date in subsection (f)(3) of section 620 of title 38, United States Code (as added by subsection (a)); and

(3) any other recommendation that the Administrator considers appropriate for legislative and administrative action with respect to the furnishing of such care.

COMMUNITY RESIDENTIAL CARE

SEC. 104. (a) Subchapter III of chapter 17 is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

38 USC 630.

"§ 630. Community residential care

"(a)(1) Subject to this section and regulations to be prescribed by the Administrator under this section, the Administrator may assist a veteran by referring such veteran for placement in, and aiding such veteran in obtaining placement in, a community residential-care facility if—

"(A) at the time of initiating the assistance the Administrator—

"(i) is furnishing the veteran medical services on an outpatient basis or hospital, domiciliary, or nursing home care; or

"(ii) has furnished the veteran such care or services within the preceding 12 months; and

"(B) placement of the veteran in a community residential-care facility is appropriate.

"(b)(1) The Administrator may not provide assistance under subsection (a) of this section with respect to a community residential-care facility unless such facility is approved by the Administrator for the purposes of this section.

"(2) The Administrator's approval of a facility for the purposes of this section shall be based upon the Administrator's determination, after inspection of the facility, that the facility meets the standards established in regulations prescribed under this section. Such standards shall include the following:

Standards.

"(A) Health and safety criteria, including a requirement of compliance with applicable State laws and local ordinances relating to health and safety.

"(B) A requirement that the costs charged for care by a facility be reasonable, as determined by the Administrator, giving consideration to such factors as (i) the level of care, supervision, and other services to be provided, (ii) the cost of goods and services in the geographic area in which the facility is located, and (iii) comparability with other facilities in such area providing similar services.

"(C) Criteria for determining the resources that a facility needs in order to provide an appropriate level of services to veterans.

"(D) Such other criteria as the Administrator determines are appropriate to protect the welfare of veterans placed in a facility under this section.

Payment.

"(3) Payment of the charges of a community residential-care facility for any care or service provided to a veteran whom the Administrator has referred to that facility under this section is not the responsibility of the United States or of the Veterans' Administration.

Inspections.

"(c)(1) In order to determine continued compliance by community residential-care facilities that have been approved under subsection (b) of this section with the standards established in regulations prescribed under this section, the Administrator shall provide for periodic inspection of such facilities.

"(2) If the Administrator determines that a facility is not in compliance with such standards, the Administrator (in accordance with regulations prescribed under this section)—

"(A) shall cease to refer veterans to such facility; and

"(B) may, with the permission of the veteran (or the person or entity authorized by law to give permission on behalf of the veteran), assist in removing a veteran from such facility.

Regulations prescribed to carry out this paragraph shall provide for reasonable notice and, upon request made on behalf of the facility, a hearing before any action authorized by this paragraph is taken.

Regulations.

"(d) The Administrator shall prescribe regulations to carry out this section. Such regulations shall include the standards required by subsection (b) of this section.

Report availability.

"(e)(1) To the extent possible, the Administrator shall make available each report of an inspection of a community residential-care facility under subsection (b)(2) or (c)(1) of this section to each Federal, State, and local agency charged with the responsibility of licensing or otherwise regulating or inspecting such facility.

"(2) The Administrator shall make the standards prescribed in regulations under subsection (d) of this section available to all Federal, State, and local agencies charged with the responsibility of licensing or otherwise regulating or inspecting community residential-care facilities.

"Community residential-care facility."

"(f) For the purpose of this section, the term 'community residential-care facility' means a facility that provides room and board and such limited personal care for and supervision of residents as the Administrator determines, in accordance with regulations prescribed under this section, are necessary for the health, safety, and welfare of residents.".

(b) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 17 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 629 the following new item:

"630. Community residential care.".

INCREASE IN PER DIEM RATES FOR CARE IN STATE HOMES

38 USC 641.

SEC. 105. (a) Section 641 is amended—

(1) by striking out "$6.35", "12.10", and "$13.25" in subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof "$7.30", "17.05", and "$15.25", respectively; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new subsection:

Report to congressional committees.

"(c) The Administrator shall submit every three years to the Committees on Veterans' Affairs of the Senate and House of Representatives a report on the adequacy of the rates provided in subsection (a) of this section in light of projections over each of the following five years of the demand on the Veterans' Administration for the provision of nursing home care to veterans eligible for such care under this section and sections 610 and 620 of this title. The first such report shall be submitted not later than June 30, 1986.".

Effective date. 38 USC 641 note.

(b) The amendments made by subsection (a) shall take effect on April 1, 1984.

PREVENTIVE HEALTH-CARE SERVICES

38 USC 601.

SEC. 106. (a) Section 601(6)(A)(i) is amended by inserting "(in the case of a person otherwise receiving care or services under this chapter) preventive health-care services as defined in section 662 of this title," after "podiatric services,".

38 USC 661.

(b) Section 661 is amended—

(1) by striking out "under which the Administrator may attempt to" and inserting in lieu thereof "in order to help";

(2) by inserting "veterans otherwise being furnished care or services under this chapter, including" after "certain" the first place it appears;

(3) by striking out "for certain" the second place it appears; and

(4) by striking out "treatment" and inserting in lieu thereof "care or services".

38 USC 663.

(c) Section 663 is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(1)—

(A) by striking out "may" and inserting in lieu thereof "shall, during fiscal years 1984 through 1988,";

(B) by inserting "otherwise being furnished care or services under this chapter" after "title";

(C) by striking out "and treatment" and inserting in lieu thereof "or services"; and

(D) by adding at the end the following new sentence: "In carrying out the pilot program under this subchapter, the Administrator may furnish such preventive health-care services to any other veteran described in section 612(f)(2) of this title.";

(2) by striking out subsection (b) and redesignating subsections (c) and (d) as subsections (b) and (c), respectively; and

(3) in subsection (c) (as so redesignated), by striking out "fiscal year 1984" and inserting in lieu thereof "each of fiscal years 1984 through 1988".

(d) Section 664 is amended by inserting "for each of fiscal years 1984 through 1988" after "Congress". 38 USC 664.

REPORT ON HEALTH-CARE NEEDS OF VETERANS IN PUERTO RICO

SEC. 107. Not later than December 1, 1983, the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs shall submit to the Committees on Veterans' Affairs of the Senate and House of Representatives a report containing the plans of the Administrator, and the reasons therefor, for meeting the health-care needs of veterans in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and in the Virgin Islands who are eligible for health care under chapter 17 of title 38, United States Code, and, particularly, the health-care needs of veterans whose disabilities are service connected. Such report (1) shall take into account the report by the Veterans' Administration's Office of Inspector General entitled "Report of Special Audit, Veterans' Administration Medical and Regional Office Center, San Juan, Puerto Rico (Report No. 3R2-A05-043)", dated February 22, 1983, and (2) shall include, with respect to each construction project (if any) that the Administrator recommends in such plans and for which a prospectus would be required under section 5004(b) of such title if such project were proposed to the Congress by the President or the Administrator, a prospectus that meets the requirements of such section. Submittal to congressional committees. 38 USC 601 *et seq.* 38 USC 5004.

BENEFICIARY TRAVEL

SEC. 108. (a)(1) If by January 1, 1984, the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs has not prescribed the regulations that the Administrator is required by subsection (e)(2)(A) of section 111 of title 38, United States Code, to prescribe, payments for travel that occurs during the period beginning on such date and ending on the day on which the Administrator prescribes such regulations may not be made under such section to any person except— 38 USC 111 *note.*

(A) a person receiving benefits under such title for or in connection with a service-connected disability;

(B) a veteran receiving or eligible to receive pension under section 521 of such title; or 38 USC 521.

(C) a person whose travel to a Veterans' Administration facility was required to be performed by a special mode of transportation and such travel (i) was authorized by the Administrator before such travel, or (ii) was in connection with a medical emergency of such a nature that the delay incident to obtaining authorization under subclause (i) would have been hazardous to the person's life or health.

(2) For the purpose of this subsection, the term "service-connected" has the meaning given such term in section 101(16) of title 38, United States Code. "Service-connected."

(b) The Administrator of Veterans' Affairs shall review the making of payments under section 111 for the purpose of effecting management improvements and economies in the making of such payments. Not later than April 1, 1984, the Administrator shall submit to the Committees on Veterans' Affairs of the Senate and House of Representatives a report describing and explaining the results of such review and including any recommendation for legislative and administrative action that the Administrator considers appropriate. Report to congressional committees.

TITLE II—PROVISIONS TO IMPROVE THE RECRUITMENT AND RETENTION OF CERTAIN HEALTH-CARE PERSONNEL

AUTHORITY FOR CERTAIN APPOINTMENTS

38 USC 4104.

SEC. 201. Section 4104 is amended—

(1) by striking out "physical therapists," in paragraph (2);

(2) by striking out "bacteriologists" in paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof "microbiologists";

(3) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon; and

(4) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(3) Certified or registered respiratory therapists, licensed physical therapists, and licensed practical or vocational nurses.".

QUALIFICATIONS OF APPOINTEES

38 USC 4105.

SEC. 202. (a) Section 4105(a) is amended—

(1) by striking out "Physicians" in clause (1) and inserting in lieu thereof "Physician";

(2) by striking out clauses (8) and (9);

(3) by redesignating clause (10) as clause (8) and by striking out the period at the end of such clause and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon and "and"; and

(4) by adding at the end the following new clause:

"(9) Physician assistant, expanded-function dental auxiliary, certified or registered respiratory therapist, licensed physical therapist, licensed practical or vocational nurse, occupational therapist, dietitian, microbiologist, chemist, biostatistician, medical technologist, dental technologist, or other position—

"have such medical, dental, scientific, or technical qualifications as the Administrator shall prescribe.".

(b) Section 4105(b) is amended by striking out "as physician" and all that follows through "auxiliary" and inserting in lieu thereof "to a position listed in section 4104(1) of this title".

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS

38 USC 4106.

SEC. 203. (a) Section 4106 is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(g)(1) Upon the recommendation of the Chief Medical Director, the Administrator (A) may use the authority in subsection (a) of this section to establish the qualifications for and (subject to paragraph (2) of this subsection) to appoint individuals to positions listed in section 4104(3) of this title, and (B) may use the authority provided in subsection (c) of this section for the promotion and advancement of Veterans' Administration employees serving in such positions.

Supra.

"(2) In using such authority to appoint individuals to such positions, the Administrator shall apply the principles of preference for the hiring of veterans and other persons established in subchapter I of chapter 33 of title 5.".

5 USC 3301.

Publication in Federal Register.

38 USC 4106 note.

(b)(1) Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs shall publish in the Federal Register, for public review and comment for a period of not less than 30 days, proposed regulations for the continued implemen-

tation of section 4106(g)(2) of title 38, United States Code (as added by subsection (a)).

(2) Not later than 180 days after such date of enactment, the Administrator shall publish in the Federal Register final regulations for such implementation. Publication in Federal Register.

PAY SCALES

SEC. 204. (a) Subsection (f) of section 4107 is amended— 38 USC 4107.

(1) by striking out "Under standards which the Administrator shall prescribe in regulations, physician" and inserting in lieu thereof "Physician"; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new sentences: "Notwithstanding any other provision of law, when the Administrator determines it to be necessary in order to obtain or retain the services of certified or registered respiratory therapists, licensed physical therapists, or licensed practical or vocational nurses, the Administrator may, on a nationwide, local, or other geographic basis, pay persons employed in such positions additional pay on the same basis as provided for nurses in subsection (e) of this section. The Administrator shall prescribe by regulation standards for compensation and payment under this subsection.". Regulations.

(b)(1) Paragraph (1)(A) of subsection (g) of such section is amended to read as follows:

"(A) of individuals employed in positions listed in paragraphs (1) and (3) of section 4104 of this title; or".

(2) Paragraph (3) of such subsection is amended by inserting "and licensed physical therapists" after "anesthetists".

(3) Paragraph (4) of such subsection is amended by inserting "with respect to health-care personnel described in clause (B) of such paragraph" after "subsection".

MEMBERSHIP OF DISCIPLINARY BOARDS

SEC. 205. The second sentence of section 4110(a) is amended to read as follows: "The majority of employees on a disciplinary board shall be employed in the same category of position as the employee who is the subject of the charges.". 38 USC 4110.

APPOINTMENT OF ADDITIONAL CIVIL SERVICE EMPLOYEES

SEC. 206. Section 4111 is amended— 38 USC 4111.

(1) by inserting "(a)" before "There";

(2) by striking out "paragraph (1)" and inserting in lieu thereof "paragraphs (1) and (3)"; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Administrator, after considering an individual's existing pay, higher or unique qualifications, or the special needs of the Veterans' Administration, may appoint the individual to a position in the Department of Medicine and Surgery providing direct patient-care services or services incident to direct patient-services at a rate of pay above the minimum rate of the appropriate grade.".

REPORT ON STATUS OF RECOMMENDATIONS

Submittal to congressional committees.

SEC. 207. (a)(1) Not later than January 1, 1984, the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs and the Director of the Office of Personnel Management shall submit to the Committees on Veterans' Affairs of the Senate and House of Representatives (hereinafter in this section referred to as "the Committees") a joint report regarding the status of efforts to carry out the recommendations made in the report, prepared pursuant to section 117 of Public Law 96-330, entitled "Study of the Feasibility and Desirability of Converting Selected Health Care Occupations to title 38, United States Code", and transmitted by the Administrator to the Committees on September 1, 1982 (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "1982 report").

94 Stat. 1040.

(2) The report required by paragraph (1) shall contain—

(A) with respect to each recommendation in the 1982 report, information on the decision that has been made as to whether such recommendation is being implemented in the manner described in the report and, if not, as to whether it is to be implemented in a modified form or not implemented and a statement of the reasons for such decision, and of the position of each agency with respect to such recommendation and such decision;

(B) the timetable for the actions planned for the implementation of each recommendation that is being implemented either in its original form or as modified;

(C) any further recommendation of the Administrator or Director, or both, for legislative or administrative action, or both, relating to the subject matter of the 1982 report; and

(D) such other information relating to the subject matter of the 1982 report as the Administrator or the Director, or both, consider appropriate.

Submittal to congressional committees.

(b)(1) Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit to the Committees a report on the implementation of the amendments made by this title. The report shall include—

(A) a description of the steps taken, as of the submission of the report, to exercise the authorities provided by such amendments and the justification for such steps;

(B) a description of the steps planned, as of the submission of the report, to be taken to exercise such authorities (including the timetable for the implementation of such steps) and the justification for such steps; and

(C) a description and justification of the extent to which such authorities have not been or are not planned to be exercised.

Submittal to congressional committees.

(2) Not later than September 30, 1985, the Administrator shall submit to the Committees a report containing—

(A) descriptions of (i) the results of the exercise of the authorities provided in the amendments made by this title, and (ii) the efforts under section 4101(b) of title 38, United States Code, to develop and carry out programs of education and training for career advancement for nursing assistants, noncertified, nonregistered inhalation therapists, and other personnel employed in the Department of Medicine and Surgery who provide either direct patient-care services or services incident to direct patient-care services;

(B) an evaluation of the effects of both the exercise of such authorities and such programs on the recruitment and reten-

tion of Veterans' Administration employees, on such employees' productivity and morale, and on such employees' effectiveness in carrying out the missions of the Veterans' Administration; and

(C) such recommendations for administrative or legislative action, or both, as the Administrator considers appropriate in light of such evaluation.

TITLE III—WOMEN VETERANS

ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON WOMEN VETERANS

SEC. 301. (a) Chapter 3 is amended by inserting after section 221 the following new section:

"§ 222. Advisory Committee on Women Veterans 38 USC 222.

"(a) The Administrator shall establish an advisory committee to be known as the Advisory Committee on Women Veterans (hereinafter in this section referred to as 'the Committee').

"(b)(1)(A) The Committee shall consist of members appointed by the Administrator from the general public, including— Membership.

"(i) representatives of women veterans;

"(ii) individuals who are recognized authorities in fields pertinent to the needs of women veterans, including the gender-specific health-care needs of women; and

"(iii) representatives of both female and male veterans with service-connected disabilities, including at least one female veteran with a service-connected disability and at least one male veteran with a service-connected disability.

"(B) The Committee shall include, as ex officio members—

"(i) the Secretary of Labor (or a representative of the Secretary of Labor designated by the Secretary after consultation with the Assistant Secretary of Labor for Veterans' Employment);

"(ii) the Secretary of Defense (or a representative of the Secretary of Defense designated by the Secretary after consultation with the Defense Advisory Committee on Women in the Services); and

"(iii) the Chief Medical Director and Chief Benefits Director, or their designees.

"(C) The Administrator may invite representatives of other departments and agencies of the United States to participate in the meetings and other activities of the Committee.

"(2) The Administrator shall determine the number, terms of service, and pay and allowances of members of the Committee appointed by the Administrator, except that a term of service of any such member may not exceed 3 years. The Administrator may reappoint any such member for additional terms of service. Terms of service, pay and allowances.

"(c) The Administrator shall, on a regular basis, consult with and seek the advice of the Committee with respect to—

"(1) the administration of benefits by the Veterans' Administration for women veterans;

"(2) reports and studies pertaining to women veterans; and

"(3) the needs of women veterans with respect to compensation, health care, rehabilitation, outreach, and other benefits and programs administered by the Veterans' Administration.

Report to Administrator.

"(d)(1) Not later than July 1, 1984, and not later than July 1 of each second year thereafter, the Committee shall submit to the Administrator a report on the programs and activities of the Veterans' Administration that pertain to women veterans. Each such report shall contain (A) an assessment of the needs of such veterans with respect to compensation, health care, rehabilitation, outreach, and other benefits and programs administered by the Veterans' Administration, (B) a review of the programs and activities of the Veterans' Administration designed to meet such needs, and (C) such recommendations (including recommendations for administrative and legislative action) as the Committee considers appropriate. Within 60 days after receiving each such report, the Administrator shall submit to the Congress a copy of the report, together with any comments concerning the report that the Administrator considers appropriate.

Report to Congress.

Report and recommendation submittal.

"(2) The Committee may submit to the Administrator such other reports and recommendations as the Committee considers appropriate.

"(3) The Administrator shall submit with each annual report submitted to the Congress pursuant to section 214 of this title a summary of all reports and recommendations of the Committee submitted to the Administrator since the previous annual report of the Administrator submitted pursuant to such section.".

(b) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 221 the following new item:

"222. Advisory Committee on Women Veterans.".

GENDER-SPECIFIC HEALTH-CARE SERVICES

38 USC 601 note.

SEC. 302. The Administrator of Veterans' Affairs shall ensure that each health-care facility under the direct jurisdiction of the Administrator is able, through services made available either by individuals appointed to positions in the Department of Medicine and Surgery or under contracts or other agreements made under section 4117, 5011, or 5053 of title 38, United States Code, to provide appropriate care, in a timely fashion, for any gender-specific disability (as defined in section 601(1) of such title) of a woman veteran eligible for such care under chapter 17 or chapter 31 of such title.

38 USC 601 *et seq.*, 1500 *et seq.*

TITLE IV—VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION REAL PROPERTY

REAL PROPERTY MANAGEMENT

38 USC 5022.

SEC. 401. Section 5022 is amended—

(1) by striking out "30 days" in subsection (a)(2)(A) and inserting in lieu thereof "180 days"; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(d) Real property under the jurisdiction of the Administrator may not be declared excess by the Administrator and disposed of by the General Services Administration or any other entity of the Federal Government unless the Administrator determines that the property is no longer needed by the Veterans' Administration in carrying out its functions.".

RELEASE OF REVERSIONARY INTEREST, BILOXI, MISSISSIPPI

SEC. 402. (a) The Administrator of Veterans' Affairs may execute such instruments as may be necessary to release the reversionary interest of the United States restricting to use as a public park or other public purpose the parcel of land described in subsection (b) which is a portion of a larger tract of land previously conveyed by the United States to the city of Biloxi, Mississippi, pursuant to the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the conveyance of certain real property to the city of Biloxi, Mississippi", approved October 4, 1966 (Public Law 89-629; 80 Stat. 876).

(b) The parcel of land referred to in subsection (a) is that parcel of land, consisting of approximately 7.24 acres, conveyed from the city of Biloxi, Mississippi, to Gulf Paving, Incorporated (a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Mississippi), by deed of June 29, 1973, recorded at book 65, page 589, in the records of the Office of the Chancery Clerk of Harrison County, Mississippi.

TITLE V—STATUS AND ROLE OF ADMINISTRATOR OF VETERANS' AFFAIRS

CONGRESSIONAL FINDINGS

SEC. 501. The Congress finds that— 38 USC 210 note.

(1) the Nation has an historic and deeply-rooted commitment to providing benefits and services to those who served in the Armed Forces;

(2) this commitment must be continued and maintained, both to fulfill moral obligations to those who served in the past and to assure current and potential members of the Armed Forces that the Nation's obligations to those who serve will always be honored;

(3) the Veterans' Administration is the principal Federal entity responsible for veterans' benefits and programs;

(4) the Veterans' Administration has a potential population of beneficiaries of over 28 million veterans and over 55 million survivors and dependents;

(5) the Veterans' Administration will distribute over $13.8 billion in income maintenance payments and over $1.5 billion in education, training, and rehabilitation assistance payments during fiscal year 1984, operates one of the Federal Government's two major home loan guaranty programs, with over four million loans currently guaranteed, administers the largest direct insurance program in the Nation, and operates 108 national cemeteries and provides burial assistance for nearly 350,000 deceased veterans annually;

(6) the Veterans' Administration operates the largest centrally administered health-care system—consisting of, among other facilities, 172 hospitals, 226 outpatient clinics, and 99 nursing home care units—in the United States;

(7) the Veterans' Administration health-care system serves as the primary backup to the medical resources of the Department of Defense in time of war or national emergency involving the use of the Armed Forces in armed conflict;

(8) in terms of share of the annual Federal budget, the Veterans' Administration ranks sixth among Federal depart-

ments and agencies, and among Federal departments and agencies only the Department of Defense employs more personnel;

(9) the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs is the principal executive branch official responsible for the administration of the benefits, services, and programs of the Veterans' Administration and for seeking the coordination of veterans' programs administered by other Federal departments and agencies;

(10) there is a need for greater coordination between the Veterans' Administration and other Federal entities administering veterans programs and between the Veterans' Administration and other Federal entities providing similar benefits to individuals on a basis other than their status as veterans;

(11) by virtue of the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs not being included in the President's Cabinet, the Administrator generally is not included in Cabinet meetings and deliberations and generally does not have the ready access to the President and senior advisers on the President's staff that Cabinet members have; and

(12) as a consequence, Presidential decisions affecting veterans and the Veterans' Administration are made from time to time without an understanding of their full impact on veterans and on the Veterans' Administration's performance of its statutory missions.

SENSE OF THE CONGRESS

Cabinet member, designation.
38 USC 210 note.

SEC. 502. In view of the findings in section 501, it is the sense of the Congress that the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs should be designated by the President as a member of, and a full participant in all activities of, the Cabinet and as the President's principal adviser on all matters relating to veterans and their dependents.

TITLE VI—RADIATION EXPOSURE STUDY AND GUIDE

RADIATION EXPOSURE STUDY AND GUIDE

Contracts or agreements.
38 USC 219 note.

SEC. 601. (a)(1)(A) Subject to subparagraphs (B) and (C), the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs, through contracts or agreements with private or public agencies or persons and in consultation with the Director of the Office of Technology Assessment, shall provide for the conduct of epidemiological study of the long-term adverse health effects of exposure to ionizing radiation from the detonation of nuclear devices in connection with the test of such devices or in connection with the American occupation of Hiroshima and Nagasaki, Japan, during the period beginning on September 11, 1945, and ending on July 1, 1946, in persons who, while serving in the Armed Forces of the United States, were exposed to such radiation. Such study shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, a study of identifiable prevalent illnesses, including malignancies, in the persons exposed.

(B) If the Administrator, in consultation with the Director of the Office of Technology Assessment, determines that it is not feasible to conduct scientifically valid study of any or all of the matters required under subparagraph (A) to be studied—

Submittal to congressional committees.

(i) the Administrator shall promptly submit to the appropriate committees of the Congress notice of that determination and the reasons therefor; and

(ii) the Director, not later than 60 days after such notice is provided, shall submit to such committees a report evaluating and commenting on such determination.

(C) If the Administrator notifies the Congress of a determination or determinations made pursuant to subparagraph (B), the matter or matters required under subparagraph (A) to be studied to which such determination or determinations apply shall not be required to be studied. If the Administrator notifies the Congress of a determination made pursuant to subparagraph (B) that, taken as a whole, study under subparagraph (A) is not scientifically feasible, the requirement in subparagraph (A) that the Administrator provide for the conduct of epidemiological study shall cease to have effect as if repealed by law.

Reports to congressional committees.

(2) Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit to the appropriate committees of the Congress a report on the development of a protocol or protocols for study under paragraph (1)(A). With respect to any such protocol under consideration for development, or in the process of development, that has not been completed by the end of such year, the report shall include an estimate of the completion date for such protocol and an estimate of the cost to be incurred in developing such protocol.

(3)(A) The Director of the Office of Technology Assessment shall monitor the development of the protocol or protocols for, and the conduct of, study under paragraph (1)(A) and shall submit to the appropriate committees of the Congress, at each of the times specified in the next sentence, a report on such monitoring. Reports under the preceding sentence shall be submitted within 6 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, within 12 months after such date, within 25 months after such date, and annually thereafter until such study is completed.

(B) If any protocol to which paragraph (2) applies (or any part of such protocol) is not completed by the end of the 12-month period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director shall periodically submit to such committees reports on the status of the development of such protocol.

(4) When the Administrator has entered into a contract or agreement with an agency or person for the conduct of a study under paragraph (1)(A), the Administrator and such agency or person shall submit to the appropriate committees of the Congress a joint report containing a copy of the contract and an estimate of the total cost of such study.

(5)(A) Not later than 24 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Administrator shall submit to the appropriate committees of the Congress a report on the status of study under paragraph (1)(A). Such report shall contain (i) a description of the progress on and any results obtained under such study, and (ii) such comments, and such recommendations for administrative and legislative action, as the Administrator considers appropriate in light of such progress and results.

(B) The requirement in subparagraph (A) for the submission of annual reports shall expire upon the submission of a report after the completion of study under paragraph (1)(A).

(6) A contract to carry out study under paragraph (1)(A) may not be entered into unless (A) appropriations for payments under the contract have been provided in advance, or (B) the contract provides that the obligation of the United States to make payments under the

contract is contingent upon the availability of funds appropriated for the making of such payments.

Appropriation authorization.

(7) There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for the conduct of study under subsection (a)(1)(A).

Guide, availability.

(b) Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall develop and distribute to appropriate Veterans' Administration personnel an indexed reference guide, derived from existing pertinent research-result compilations, designed to provide Veterans' Administration personnel who either furnish health care or adjudicate claims for benefits under title 38, United States Code, with readily usable information regarding the state of medical and other scientific information on any long-term adverse health effects in humans of exposure to ionizing radiation, including nuclear-device exposure, medical exposure, and occupational exposure.

(c)(1) For the purpose of ensuring that any study, research, or other activity carried out by the Federal Government with respect to adverse health effects in humans from exposure to ionizing radiation is scientifically valid and is conducted with efficiency and objectivity, the President shall ensure that—

(A) activities of the Veterans' Administration in connection with (i) study under subsection (a)(1)(A), (ii) the development of the guide required by subsection (b), and (iii) such additional research as may be identified, as a result of such study or the development of such guide or otherwise, as necessary for the resolution of questions regarding such effects are fully coordinated with studies and other activities which are planned, are being conducted, or have been completed by other departments, agencies, and instrumentalities of the Federal Government and which pertain to such effects, including the radioepidemiological tables mandated by section 7 of the Orphan Drug Act (Public Law 97-414; 96 Stat. 2059); and

42 USC 241 note.

(B) appropriate coordination and consultation occurs between and among the Administrator and the heads of such departments, agencies, and instrumentalities that may be engaged, during the conduct of study under subsection (a)(1)(A), in the design, conduct, monitoring, or evaluation of such radiation-exposure studies or related activities.

Report to congressional committees.

(2) Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to the appropriate committees of the Congress a report containing a description of the steps taken and plans made to ensure the coordination and consultation required by paragraph (1).

TITLE VII—MISCELLANEOUS AND TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS

HEALTH-CARE ELIGIBILITY

38 USC 610.

SEC. 701. Clause (3) of section 610(a) is amended by inserting "(A)" after "a person" and by inserting a comma and "or (B) who, but for a suspension pursuant to section 351 of this title (or both such a suspension and the receipt of retired pay), would be entitled to disability compensation, but only to the extent that such person's continuing eligibility for such care is provided for in the judgment or settlement described in such section" before the semicolon.

TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 38

SEC. 702. Title 38 is amended as follows:

38 USC 203.

(1) Section 203(b) is amended—

(A) by striking out "An appropriation" and inserting in lieu thereof "Any funds appropriated to the Veterans' Administration"; and

(B) by striking out "not" after "and the settlement is".

(2) Section 301(3) is amended by striking out the semicolon at the end and inserting in lieu thereof a period.

(3) Section 360 is amended by striking out "has suffered (1)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(1) has suffered".

(4) Section 361 is amended by striking out "United States Code,".

(5) Section 719(b) is amended by striking out "subsections" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "sections".

(6) Section 1622(d) is amended by inserting "of this title" after "section 1631(a)".

(7) Section 1623 is amended—

(A) in subsection (a), by inserting "of this title" after "section 1624"; and

(B) in subsection (d), by inserting "of this title" after "section 1622(c)".

(8) Section 1632 is amended—

(A) by striking out the comma after "title 31"; and

(B) by striking out "section 1322(a)" the second place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "such section".

(9) Section 1643 is amended by inserting "of this title" after "section 1622(c)".

(10) Section 1662(a)(1)(C) is amended by striking out "the effective date of the Veterans' Rehabilitation and Education Amendments of 1980" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1980".

(11) Section 1682(c)(1)(C) is amended by inserting a comma after "week)".

(12) Section 1701(a) is amended—

(A) in paragraph (1)—

(i) by striking out "title 37, United States Code," in clauses (A)(iii) and (C) and inserting in lieu thereof "title 37"; and

(ii) by inserting a comma after "thereunder" in clause (A)(iii); and

(B) in paragraph (9), by striking out "chapter 4C of title 29" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Act of August 16, 1937, popularly known as the 'National Apprenticeship Act' (29 U.S.C. 50 et seq.)".

(13) Section 1712(b)(2)(C) is amended by striking out "the effective date of the Veterans' Rehabilitation and Education Amendments of 1980" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1980".

(14) Section 1820 is amended—

(A) in subsection (a)(6), by striking out the comma after "title 31"; and

(B) in subsection (b), by striking out "section 5 of title 41" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U.S.C. 5)".

38 USC 2002, 2002A.

(15) Sections 2002 and 2002A are each amended by striking out "a Assistant" and inserting in lieu thereof "an Assistant".

(16) Section 3005 is amended by striking out "subchapter II of chapter 7 of title 42" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "title II of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 401 et seq.)".

(17) Section 3113(a)(2) is amended by striking out "section" and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection".

(18) Section 4142(f)(2) is amended by striking out "section 3324(a) and (b)" and inserting in lieu thereof "subsections (a) and (b) of section 3324".

(19) Section 5010(c)(2)(B) is amended by striking out "or" the first place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "and".

(20) Section 5053(d) is amended by striking out "subchapter XVIII of chapter 7 of title 42" and inserting in lieu thereof "title XVIII of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.)".

AMENDMENTS TO ELIMINATE CERTAIN GENDER-BASED REFERENCES

SEC. 703. Title 38 is amended as follows:

(1) Sections 3010(k), 3010(l), 3010(m), and 3021(a)(3) are each amended by striking out "widow" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "surviving spouse".

(2) Section 3107 is amended—

(A) by striking out "his wife" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "the veteran's spouse";

(B) by striking out "his children" both places it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "the veteran's children";

(C) by striking out "his custody" both places it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "the custody of the veteran";

(D) by striking out "widow" both places it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "surviving spouse"; and

(E) by striking out "payable to him" and inserting in lieu thereof "payable to the veteran".

(3) Section 3110 is amended—

(A) by striking out "widow" and inserting in lieu thererof "surviving spouse"; and

(B) by striking out "his death" and inserting in lieu thereof "the death of the veteran".

(4) Section 3203 is amended—

(A) in subsections (a)(2), (b)(1), and (c), by striking out "wife" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "spouse";

(B) in subsections (a)(2) and (b)(2), by striking out "him" and inserting in lieu thereof "the veteran";

(C) in subsection (b), by striking out "his" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "the veteran's"; and

(D) in subsection (d), by striking out "he" and inserting in lieu thereof "the veteran".

(5) Section 3402 is amended—

(A) in subsection (a)(1), by striking out "he" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Administrator";

(B) in subsection (a)(2), by striking out "his discretion" and inserting in lieu thereof "the discretion of the Administrator";

(C) in subsection (b)(1), by striking out "he" and inserting in lieu thereof "the individual"; and

(D) in subsection (c), by striking out "man" and inserting in lieu thereof "member".

(6) Section 3503(b) is amended— 38 USC 3503.

(A) by striking out "his right" and inserting in lieu thereof "the right";

(B) by striking out "his wife" and inserting in lieu thereof "the veteran's spouse"; and

(C) by striking out "wife" in the second and third sentences and inserting in lieu thereof "spouse".

TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS TO PUBLIC LAW 98-77

SEC. 704. The Emergency Veterans' Job Training Act of 1983 (Public Law 98-77, 97 Stat. 443) is amended—

(1) in section 3(3), by striking out " 'State'," and by inserting " 'State'," after " 'service-connected',"; and 29 USC 1721 note.

(2) in section 7— *Ante*, p. 445.

(A) in subsection (a)(2), by striking out "section" and inserting in lieu thereof "Act";

(B) in subsection (e)(2), by striking out "8" and inserting in lieu thereof "10"; and

(C) in subsection (h), by striking out "this Act" and inserting in lieu thereof "the provisions of this Act (other than subsections (b) and (d)(3))".

Approved November 21, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2920 (S. 578):

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-117 (Comm. on Veterans' Affairs).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-145 accompanying S. 578 (Comm. on Veterans' Affairs).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
May 23, considered and passed House.
June 28, considered and passed Senate, amended, in lieu of S. 578.
Nov. 2, House concurred in Senate amendments with amendments.
Nov. 3, Senate concurred in House amendments.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 19, No. 47 (1983):
Nov. 21, Presidential statement.

Public Law 98-161
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Nov. 21, 1983
[H.J. Res. 308]

Increasing the statutory limit on the public debt.

Public debt, increasing statutory limit.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (b) of section 3101 of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking out the dollar limitation contained in such subsection and inserting in lieu thereof "$1,389,000,000,000, or $1,490,000,000,000 on and after October 1, 1983,".

Approved November 21, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 308:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-566 (Comm. of Conference).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-279 (Comm. on Finance).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
June 27, considered and passed House.
Oct. 27-29, 31, considered and failed of passage in Senate.
Nov. 16, considered and passed Senate, amended.
Nov. 17, Senate agreed to conference report.
Nov. 18, House agreed to conference report.

Public Law 98-162
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

To commemorate the centennial of Eleanor Roosevelt's birth.

Nov. 21, 1983
[S.J. Res. 139]

Eleanor Roosevelt, birth centennial commemoration.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Congress finds and declares that—

(1) Eleanor Roosevelt, who was First Lady of the United States from 1933 to 1945, was one of the country's great First Ladies;

(2) born into wealth and privilege, herself, Eleanor Roosevelt nevertheless worked tirelessly to secure opportunities for disadvantaged Americans and to improve the lot of the needy elsewhere, and particularly in developing countries;

(3) both during and after her service in the White House, Eleanor Roosevelt campaigned indefatigably for human rights in the United States and throughout the world;

(4) Eleanor Roosevelt devoted her efforts especially to promoting the welfare of children;

(5) for this service, for her articulate and compassionate advocacy of the highest American ideals, and for demonstrating by personal example the capacities of American women to succeed in areas of daily life and work from which they were frequently excluded in her day, Eleanor Roosevelt earned a place of honor and respect in the hearts of the American people; and

(6) October 11, 1984, marks the centennial of Eleanor Roosevelt's birth, and it is appropriate for Americans to mark this occasion with appropriate commemorations during 1984.

Commission on the Eleanor Roosevelt Centennial. Establishment.

SEC. 2. (a) There is hereby established a Commission on the Eleanor Roosevelt Centennial.

(b) The membership of the Commission shall consist of the following—

(1) two Members of the House of Representatives, designated by the Speaker of the House;

(2) two Members of the Senate, designated by the President pro tempore of the Senate after consultation with the majority leader and the minority leader;

(3) the Director of the National Park Service, ex officio;

(4) the Archivist of the United States, ex officio;

(5) the Librarian of Congress, ex officio;

(6) the Governor of the State of New York, ex officio;

(7) the County Executive of Dutchess County, New York, ex officio;

(8) the surviving children of Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt; and

(9) the chairman of the Eleanor Roosevelt Institute, ex officio.

For a particular meeting of the Commission any member of the Commission may appoint another individual to serve in his stead.

(c) Commission members shall designate one of their number as Chairman.

SEC. 3. The Commission established by section 2 of this resolution is authorized to—

(1) encourage and recognize appropriate observances and commemorations, throughout the United States, of the one hundredth anniversary of the birth of Eleanor Roosevelt; and

(2) provide advice and assistance to Federal, State, and local government agencies and to private organizations in establishing such observances and commemorations.

SEC. 4. (a) The Commission shall meet no later than thirty days after enactment of this resolution at a date and location determined by the Librarian of Congress, and at such locations and intervals thereafter as the Commission may decide. Unless otherwise provided by the Commission, a majority of the Commission shall constitute a quorum. The Commission shall cease to exist on January 1, 1986.

Termination date.

(b) The Commission may adopt such rules and regulations as may be necessary to conduct meetings and carry out its duties under this resolution.

(c) The Administrator of General Services and the Director of the National Park Service shall provide the Commission such assistance and facilities as may be necessary to carry out its proceedings.

Donations.

(d) The Commission may accept donations of money, supplies, and services to carry out its responsibilities.

(e) The Eleanor Roosevelt Institute, a not-for-profit organization incorporated in the State of New York, and successor organization to the Eleanor Roosevelt Memorial Foundation, chartered pursuant to Public Law 88-11, shall provide staff assistance to, and coordinate policies and events for, the Commission.

77 Stat. 8.

Pay and expenses.

(f) Members of the Commission shall serve without pay. While away from their homes or regular places of business in the performance of services for the Commission, members of the Commission shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, in the same manner as persons employed intermittently in Government service are allowed expenses under section 5703 of title 5 of the United States Code, except that the total of payments made under this subsection for per diem in lieu of subsistence shall not exceed $10,000.

Eleanor Roosevelt National Historic Site.

SEC. 5. In commemoration of the one hundredth anniversary of the birth of Eleanor Roosevelt, the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Director of the National Park Service, shall complete such improvements and development in the Eleanor Roosevelt National Historic Site at Val-Kill in Hyde Park, New York, in fiscal year 1984, as will assure improved access and availability sufficiently to open the site to extensive public visitation.

Approved November 21, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 139:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Nov. 2, considered and passed Senate.
Nov. 4, considered and passed House.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 19, No. 47 (1983):
Nov. 21, Presidential statement.

Public Law 98-163
98th Congress

An Act

Nov. 22, 1983
[H.R. 2910]

To amend the Act of November 2, 1966, regarding leases and contracts affecting land within the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Reservation.

Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Reservation.
Leases and contracts.
25 USC 416a.
25 USC 415.
25 USC 81.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2 of the Act of November 2, 1966 (80 Stat. 1112), is amended by adding a new subsection (c) as follows:

"(c) Any lease entered into under this Act or the Act of August 9, 1955 (69 Stat. 539), as amended, or any contract entered into under section 2103 of the Revised Statutes, as amended, affecting land within the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Reservation may contain a provision for the binding arbitration of disputes arising out of such lease or contract. Such leases or contracts entered into pursuant to such Acts shall be considered within the meaning of 'commerce' as defined and subject to the provisions of section 1 of title 9, United States Code. Any refusal to submit to arbitration pursuant to a binding agreement for arbitration or the exercise of any right conferred by title 9 to abide by the outcome of arbitration pursuant to the provisions of chapter 1 of title 9, sections 1 through 14, United States Code, shall be deemed to be a civil action arising under the Constitution, laws or treaties of the United States within the meaning of section 1331 of title 28, United States Code.".

Approved November 22, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2910:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-424 (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Nov. 7, considered and passed House.
Nov. 11, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-164
98th Congress

An Act

To authorize appropriations for fiscal years 1984 and 1985 for the Department of State, the United States Information Agency, the Board for International Broadcasting, the Inter-American Foundation, and the Asia Foundation, to establish the National Endowment for Democracy, and for other purposes.

Nov. 22, 1983
[H.R. 2915]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Department of State, U.S. Information Agency, Board for International Broadcasting, Inter-American Foundation, and Asia Foundation, appropriation authorizations. Department of State Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1984 and 1985.

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF STATE

SHORT TITLE

SEC. 101. This title and title X of this Act may be cited as the "Department of State Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1984 and 1985".

AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 102. In addition to amounts otherwise authorized for such purposes, the following amounts are authorized to be appropriated for the Department of State to carry out the authorities, functions, duties, and responsibilities in the conduct of the foreign affairs of the United States and other purposes authorized by law:

(1) For "Administration of Foreign Affairs", $1,486,213,000 for the fiscal year 1984 and $1,580,820,000 for the fiscal year 1985.

(2) For "International Organizations and Conferences", $602,343,000 for the fiscal year 1984 and $602,343,000 for the fiscal year 1985.

(3) For "International Commissions", $23,207,000 for the fiscal year 1984 and $25,355,000 for the fiscal year 1985.

(4) For "Migration and Refugee Assistance", $344,500,000 for the fiscal year 1984 and $326,400,000 for the fiscal year 1985.

(5) For "United States Bilateral Science and Technology Agreements", $1,700,000 for the fiscal year 1984 and $1,700,000 for the fiscal year 1985.

IMPROVEMENT OF CONSULAR FACILITIES IN MEXICO CITY

SEC. 103. In addition to the amounts authorized to be appropriated by section 102(1) of this Act, there are authorized to be appropriated for "Administration of Foreign Affairs" for the fiscal year 1984, $4,000,000 to be used for the purchase of land for and the construction of additional consular facilities, and for certain improvements in existing consular facilities, at the United States Embassy in Mexico City, Mexico.

ADDITIONAL POSITIONS FOR POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC REPORTING AND FOR INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION POLICY

SEC. 104. The Secretary of State shall allocate such funds as may be necessary of the amounts appropriated to the Department of State for the fiscal year 1984 for "Administration of Foreign Affairs" in order to fund seventy-three additional positions for political and economic reporting and eleven additional positions for international communications and information policy. The positions funded pursuant to this section shall be in addition to the positions which the Department was authorized to have in fiscal year 1983 plus the number of additional positions which have been requested for the Department for the fiscal year 1984.

ALTERNATE COMMUNICATIONS CENTER

SEC. 105. Of the funds authorized to be appropriated under paragraph (1) of section 102, not less than $3,000,000 for the fiscal year 1984 and not less than $7,000,000 for the fiscal year 1985 shall be available only to cover expenses related to the establishment in the State of Maryland of an alternative communications center for the Department of State in order to secure the uninterrupted transmission of communications related to the foreign policy and national security interests of the United States and of communications of other departments and agencies of the United States.

NATIONAL COMMISSION ON EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC, AND CULTURAL COOPERATION

SEC. 106. (a) Section 5 of the joint resolution entitled "Joint resolution providing for membership and participation by the United States in the United Nations Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization, and authorizing an appropriation therefor", approved July 30, 1946 (22 U.S.C. 287q), is amended by repealing the eighth sentence.

(b) Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated for "Administration of Foreign Affairs" by section 102(1) of this Act, $250,000 for each of the fiscal years 1984 and 1985 shall be available only for the expenses of the secretariat of the National Commission on Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Cooperation.

COORDINATING COMMITTEE ON EXPORT CONTROLS

SEC. 107. Of the funds authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year 1984 under paragraph (2) of section 102, $2,000,000 shall be used to modernize the facilities and operating procedures of the Coordinating Committee on Export Controls. The Congress finds that the executive branch should seek cost sharing arrangements with other member countries to modernize both the facilities and operations of the Coordinating Committee on Export Controls.

WORLD HERITAGE TRUST FUND

SEC. 108. Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by paragraph (2) of section 102, not less than $248,500 for each of the fiscal years 1984 and 1985 shall be available only for the United States contribution to the World Heritage Trust Fund.

INTERPARLIAMENTARY GROUPS

SEC. 109. (a) Section 5 of the joint resolution entitled "Joint resolution to authorize participation by the United States in parliamentary conferences of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization", approved July 11, 1956 (22 U.S.C. 1928e), is amended by inserting immediately after the first sentence the following: "In addition to the amounts authorized by section 2, there is authorized to be appropriated $450,000 for fiscal year 1984 to meet the expenses incurred by the United States group in hosting the thirty-first annual meeting of the North Atlantic Assembly.".

(b) Of the amount appropriated for the purposes authorized by the amendment made by subsection (a) of this section, up to $25,000 may be used to meet the expenses incurred in hosting the spring 1984 meeting of the British-American Parliamentary Group which is to be held in the United States.

(c) In addition to the amounts authorized to be appropriated by section 102(2) of this Act, there are authorized to be appropriated for each of the fiscal years 1984 and 1985 for "International Organizations and Conferences" $50,000 for expenses of United States participation in interparliamentary groups such as the United States-European Community Interparliamentary Group.

PIRACY IN THE GULF OF THAILAND

SEC. 110. Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated for "Migration and Refugee Assistance" by section 102(4) of this Act, $5,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1984 and 1985 shall be used for assistance to combat piracy in the Gulf of Thailand.

RELIEF ASSISTANCE FOR EL SALVADOR AND LEBANON

SEC. 111. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, of the funds authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1984 under section 102(4) of this Act—

(1) $10,000,000 shall be available only for El Salvador for relief assistance for displaced persons; and

(2) up to $25,000,000, but not less than $5,000,000, shall be available only for Lebanon for relief and rehabilitation assistance for refugees and displaced persons.

WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION

SEC. 112. The joint resolution entitled "Joint resolution to authorize appropriations incident to United States participation in the International Bureau for the Protection of Industrial Property", approved July 12, 1960 (22 U.S.C. 269f), is amended by striking out all after the resolving clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "That funds appropriated to the Secretary of State for 'International Organizations and Conferences' shall be available for the payment by the United States of its proportionate share of the expenses of the International Bureau for the Protection of Industrial Property for any year after 1981 as determined under article 16(4) of the Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property, as revised, except that in no event shall the payment for any year exceed 6 per centum of all expenses of the Bureau apportioned among countries for that year.". 21 UST 1583; 24 UST 2140.

RESTRICTION ON ASSESSED PAYMENTS TO THE UNITED NATIONS

SEC. 113. None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act shall be used to make assessed payments to the United Nations, the United Nations Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization, the World Health Organization, the Food and Agriculture Organization, and the International Labor Organization which, in the aggregate, are in excess of the aggregate calendar year 1983 United States assessed contributions to such organizations.

RESTRICTIONS RELATING TO THE PALESTINE LIBERATION ORGANIZATION AND THE SOUTH WEST AFRICA PEOPLE'S ORGANIZATION

22 USC 287e note.

SEC. 114. (a) Funds appropriated for any fiscal year for the Department of State for "International Organizations and Conferences" may not be used for payment by the United States, as its contribution toward the assessed budget of the United Nations for any year, of any amount which would cause the total amount paid by the United States as its assessed contribution for that year to exceed the amount assessed as the United States contribution for that year less—

(1) 25 per centum of the amount budgeted for that year for the Committee on the Exercise for the Inalienable Rights of the Palestinian People (or any similar successor entity); and

(2) 25 per centum of the amount budgeted for that year for the Special Unit on Palestinian Rights (or any similar successor entity); and

(3) 25 per centum of the amount budgeted for that year for projects whose primary purpose is to provide benefits to the Palestine Liberation Organization or entities associated with it or to the South West Africa People's Organization.

(b) Funds appropriated for any fiscal year for the Department of State for "International Organizations and Conferences" may not be used for payment by the United States, as its contribution toward the assessed budget of any specialized agency of the United Nations for any year, of any amount which would cause the total amount paid by the United States as its assessed contribution for that year to exceed the amount assessed as the United States contribution for that year less 25 per centum of the amount budgeted by such agency for that year for projects whose primary purpose is to provide benefits to the Palestine Liberation Organization or entities associated with it or to the South West Africa People's Organization.

Budget review.

(c) The President shall annually review the budgets of the United Nations and its specialized agencies to determine which projects have the primary purpose of providing benefits to the Palestine Liberation Organization or to the South West Africa People's Organization. The President shall report to the Congress on any such project for which a portion of the United States assessed contribution is withheld and the amount withheld.

Report to Congress.

(d) Subsections (a)(3) and (b) shall not be construed as limiting United States contributions to the United Nations or its specialized agencies for projects whose primary purpose is to provide humanitarian, educational, developmental, and other nonpolitical benefits.

UNITED STATES PARTICIPATION IN THE UNITED NATIONS IF ISRAEL IS ILLEGALLY EXPELLED

SEC. 115. (a) The Congress finds that— 22 USC 287 note.

(1) the United Nations was founded on the principle of universality;

(2) the United Nations Charter stipulates that members may be suspended by the General Assembly only "upon the recommendation of the Security Council"; and

(3) any move by the General Assembly that would illegally deny Israel its credentials in the Assembly would be a direct violation of these provisions of the Charter.

(b) If Israel is illegally expelled, suspended, denied its credentials, or in any other manner denied its right to participate in the General Assembly of the United Nations or any specialized agency of the United Nations, the United States shall suspend its participation in the General Assembly or such specialized agency until the illegal action is reversed. The United States shall withhold payment of its assessed contribution to the United Nations or a specialized agency during any period in which United States participation is suspended pursuant to this section.

REVIEW OF UNITED STATES PARTICIPATION IN THE UNITED NATIONS

SEC. 116. (a) The Congress finds that—

(1) the United Nations was founded for the primary purpose of maintaining international peace and security by encouraging peaceful resolution of disputes and the development of friendly relations among nations;

(2) the United States, as a founding member of the United Nations and the largest contributor to the United Nations, became and remains a member of the United Nations in order to contribute to collective efforts among the nations of the world to realize the ends of international peace and security;

(3) the United States is committed to upholding and strengthening the principles and purposes of the United Nations Charter upon which the United Nations was founded.

(b) It is the sense of the Congress that—

(1) a review of United States participation in the United Nations is urgently called for with a view to examining—

(A) the extent and levels of United States financial contributions to the United Nations;

(B) the importance of the United Nations, as presently constituted, to fulfilling the policies and objectives of the United States;

(C) the benefits derived by the United States from participation in the United Nations;

(2) the President should review and make recommendations to the Congress regarding the matters described in this section by June 30, 1984; and Recommendations.

(3) the Secretary of State should communicate to the member states of the General Assembly of the United Nations the policy contained in this section.

REPORT ON POLICIES PURSUED BY OTHER COUNTRIES IN INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

Submittal to Congress. 22 USC 287b note.

SEC. 117. The Secretary of State shall transmit to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, by January 31 of each year, a report regarding the policies which each member country of the United Nations pursues in international organizations of which the United States is a member. The report shall describe generally each country's foreign policies as reflected in its activities in international organizations and shall detail their respective positions on major issues of interest to the United States, including key decisions relating to the budget of international organizations.

1985 CONFERENCE—UNITED NATIONS DECADE FOR WOMEN

SEC. 118. The President shall use every available means at his disposal to ensure that the 1985 Conference to commemorate the conclusion of the United Nations Decade for Women is not dominated by political issues extraneous to the goals of the 1985 Women's Conference that would jeopardize United States participation in and support for that Conference consistent with applicable legislation concerning United States contributions to the United Nations. Prior to the 1985 Conference, the President shall report to the Congress on the nature of the preparations, the adherence to the original goals of the Conference, and the extent of any continued United States participation and support for the Conference.

Report to Congress.

UNITED NATIONS WORLD ASSEMBLY ON AGING

SEC. 119. (a) The Congress finds that—

(1) in 1977 the Congress called for the United Nations to convene a World Assembly on Aging;

(2) the United Nations World Assembly on Aging was held in Vienna, Austria, from July 26 to August 6, 1982, and unanimously adopted the Vienna International Plan of Action on Aging on August 6, 1982, which called for the development of policies designed to enhance the individual lives of the aging and to allow the aging to enjoy their advancing years in peace, health, and security;

(3) the United Nations General Assembly on December 3, 1982, unanimously endorsed the World Assembly International Plan of Action; and

(4) the General Assembly of the United Nations, in adopting the plan, called upon governments to make continuous efforts to implement the principles and recommendations contained in the Plan of Action as adopted by the World Assembly on Aging.

(b) Therefore, it is the sense of the Congress that the President should take steps to—

(1) encourage Government-wide participation in implementing the recommendations of the World Assembly and planning for the scheduled review in 1985 by the United Nations on the implementation of the Vienna International Plan of Action on Aging;

(2) encourage the exchange of information and the promotion of research on aging among the States, the Federal Government, international organizations, and other nations;

(3) encourage greater private sector involvement in responding to the concerns of the aging; and

(4) inform developing nations that the United States Government recognizes aging as an important issue, requiring close and sustained attention in national and regional development plans.

EUROPEAN SPACE AGENCY

SEC. 120. Section 11 of the International Organizations Immunities Act (22 U.S.C. 288f-1) is amended by striking out "European Space Research Organization" and inserting in lieu thereof "European Space Agency".

ALLOCATION AUTHORITY

SEC. 121. Section 8 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2675) is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 8. The Secretary of State may allocate or transfer to any department, agency, or independent establishment of the United States Government (with the consent of the head of such department, agency, or establishment) any funds appropriated to the Department of State, for direct expenditure by such department, agency, or independent establishment for the purposes for which the funds were appropriated in accordance with authority granted in this Act or under authority governing the activities of such department, agency, or independent establishment.".

EMERGENCY EXPENDITURES

SEC. 122. (a) Section 4 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2671) is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (a) and (b) as paragraphs (1) and (2);

(2) by inserting "(a)" after "SEC. 4.";

(3) by inserting "subject to subsection (b)," before "make expenditures" in subsection (a)(1), as redesignated by paragraphs (1) and (2) of this section; and

(4) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(b)(1) Expenditures described under subsection (a) shall be made only for such activities as—

"(A) serve to further the realization of foreign policy objectives;

"(B) are a matter of urgency to implement;

"(C) with respect to activities the expenditures for which are required to be certified under subsection (a), require confidentiality in the best interests of the conduct of foreign policy by the United States; and

"(D) are not otherwise prohibited by law.

"(2) Activities described in paragraph (1) include—

"(A) the evacuation of United States Government employees and their dependents and private United States citizens when their lives are endangered by war, civil unrest, or natural disaster;

"(B) loans made to destitute citizens of the United States who are outside the United States and made to provide for the return to the United States of its citizens;

"(C) visits by foreign chiefs of state or heads of government to the United States;

"(D) travel of delegations representing the President at any inauguration or funeral of a foreign dignitary;

"(E) travel of the President, the Vice President, or a Member of Congress to a foreign country, including advance arrangements, escort, and official entertainment;

"(F) travel of the Secretary of State within the United States and outside the United States, including official entertainment;

"(G) official representational functions of the Secretary of State and other principal officers of the Department of State;

"(H) official functions outside the United States the expenses for which are not otherwise covered by amounts appropriated for representation allowances;

"(I) investigations and apprehension of groups or individuals involved in fraudulent issuance of United States passports and visas; and

"(J) gifts of nominal value given by the President, Vice President, or Secretary of State to a foreign dignitary.

Audit. Report to Congress.

"(c) The Inspector General of the Department of State and the Foreign Service shall conduct an annual confidential audit of the Department of State's emergency expenditures and prepare and transmit to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate an annual report indicating whether such expenditures were made in accordance with subsections (a) and (b) of this section.

Repatriation loan program.

"(d) With regard to the repatriation loan program, the Secretary of State shall—

"(1) require the borrower to provide a verifiable address and social security number at the time of application;

"(2) require a written loan agreement which includes a repayment schedule;

"(3) bar passports from being issued or renewed for those individuals who are in default;

"(4) refer any loan more than one year past due to the Department of Justice for litigation;

"(5) obtain addresses from the Internal Revenue Service for all delinquent accounts which have social security numbers;

"(6) report defaults to commercial credit bureaus as provided in section 3711(f) of title 31, United States Code;

"(7) be permitted to use any funds necessary to contract with commercial collection agencies, notwithstanding section 3718(c) of title 31, United States Code;

"(8) charge interest on all loans as of May 1, 1983, with the rate of interest to be that set forth in section 3717(a) of title 31, United States Code;

"(9) assess charges, in addition to the interest provided for in paragraph (8), to cover the costs of processing and handling delinquent claims, as of May 1, 1983;

"(10) assess a penalty charge, in addition to the interest provided for in paragraphs (8) and (9), of 6 per centum per year for failure to pay any portion of a debt more than ninety days past due; and

"(11) implement the interest and penalty provisions in paragraphs (8), (9), and (10) for all current and future loans, regardless of whether the debts were incurred before or after May 1, 1983.".

REPROGRAMING NOTIFICATIONS

SEC. 123. Title I of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 is amended by redesignating section 34 as section 35 and by inserting the following new section 34 after section 33: 22 USC 2651 note.

"SEC. 34. Unless the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate are notified fifteen days in advance of the proposed reprograming, funds appropriated for the Department of State shall not be available for obligation or expenditure through any reprograming of funds— 22 USC 2706.

"(1) which creates new programs;

"(2) which eliminates a program, project, or activity;

"(3) which increases funds or personnel by any means for any project or activity for which funds have been denied or restricted by the Congress;

"(4) which relocates an office or employees;

"(5) which reorganizes offices, programs, or activities;

"(6) which involves contracting out functions which had been performed by Federal employees; or

"(7) which involves a reprograming in excess of $250,000 or 10 per centum, whichever is less, and which (A) augments existing programs, projects, or activities, (B) reduces by 10 per centum or more the funding for any existing program, project, activity, or personnel approved by the Congress, or (C) results from any general savings from a reduction in personnel which would result in a change in existing programs, activities, or projects approved by the Congress.".

INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION POLICY

SEC. 124. Title I of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956, as amended by section 123 of this Act, is further amended by redesignating section 35 as section 36 and by inserting the following new section after section 34: 22 USC 2651 note.

"SEC. 35. (a) The Secretary of State shall assign responsibility for international communications and information policy matters within the Department of State to an appropriate Under Secretary of State (hereafter in this section referred to as the 'Under Secretary'). 22 USC 2707.

"(b) The Secretary of State shall establish, within the Department of State, an Office of the Coordinator for International Communications and Information Policy, headed by a Coordinator who shall be responsible to the Under Secretary. The Coordinator shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and shall have the rank of ambassador. The Coordinator shall be responsible, on behalf of the Under Secretary, for formulation, coordination, and oversight of international communications and information policy assigned to the Under Secretary. On behalf of the Under Secretary, the Coordinator shall—

"(1) maintain continuing liaison with the bureaus and offices of the Department of State and with other executive branch agencies concerned with international communications and information policy;

"(2) in accordance with such authority as may be delegated by the President pursuant to Executive order, chair such agency

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and interagency meetings as may be necessary to coordinate actions on pending issues to ensure proper policy coordination;

"(3) in accordance with such authority as may be delegated by the President pursuant to Executive order, supervise and coordinate the activities of the Senior Interagency Group on International Communications and Information Policy;

"(4) coordinate the activities of, and assist as appropriate, interagency working level task forces and committees concerned with specific aspects of international communications and information policy;

"(5) maintain liaison with the members and staffs of committees of the Congress concerned with international communications and information policy and provide testimony before such committees;

"(6) maintain appropriate liaison with representatives of the private sector to keep informed of their interests and problems, meet with them, and provide such assistance as may be needed to ensure that matters of concern to the private sector are promptly considered by the Department or other executive branch agencies; and

"(7) assist in arranging meetings of such public sector advisory groups as may be established to advise the Department of State and other executive branch agencies in connection with international communications and information policy issues.".

COUNSELOR OF THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE

SEC. 125. (a) Section 2 of the Act entitled "An Act to strengthen and improve the organization and administration of the Department of State, and for other purposes", approved May 26, 1949 (22 U.S.C. 2653), is amended by striking out "Counselor of the Department of State and the Legal Adviser who are" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "Legal Adviser who is".

(b)(1) Section 5314 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by inserting immediately after the item relating to the Under Secretaries of State the following:

"Counselor of the Department of State.".

5 USC 5315. (2) Section 5315 of such title is amended by striking out "Counselor of the Department of State.".

ATTENDANCE OF CITIZENS OF THE TRUST TERRITORY OF THE PACIFIC ISLANDS AT THE FOREIGN SERVICE INSTITUTE

SEC. 126. Section 701 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4021) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(c) Training and instruction may be provided at the Institute for not to exceed sixty citizens of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands in order to prepare them to serve as members of the foreign services of the Federated States of Micronesia, the Marshall Islands, and Palau. The authority of this subsection shall expire when the Compact of Free Association is approved by the Congress.".

FOREIGN NATIONAL EMPLOYEES

SEC. 127. (a) Section 408(a)(1) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3968(a)(1)) is amended in the last sentence by insert-

ing "(A)" immediately after "provision for" and by inserting immediately before the period at the end thereof the following: ", and (B) payments by the Government and foreign national employees to a trust or other fund in a financial institution in order to finance future benefits for foreign national employees, including provision for retention in the fund of accumulated interest for the benefit of covered foreign national employees".

(b)(1) Section 5944 of title 5, United States Code, is repealed. Repeal.

(2) The chapter analysis for chapter 59 of such title 5 is amended by striking out the item relating to section 5944.

CODIFICATION OF MERESMAN CASE

SEC. 128. Section 2103(f) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4153(f)) is amended in the last sentence by striking out "determined in accordance with chapter 8 of title I of this Act" and inserting in lieu thereof "on the same basis as a member retired from the Senior Foreign Service under section 607(c)(1), and section 609(a)(2)(B) shall be deemed to apply to such officer".

FOREIGN SERVICE VOTING RESIDENCE

SEC. 129. (a) Chapter 9 of title I of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"SEC. 906. ENTITLEMENT TO VOTE IN A STATE IN A FEDERAL ELECTION.—(a) Except as provided in subsection (b) and in such manner as shall be otherwise authorized by a State or other jurisdiction within the territory of the United States, a member of the Service residing outside the United States shall, in addition to any entitlement to vote in a State in a Federal election under section 3 of the Overseas Citizens Voting Rights Act (42 U.S.C. 1973dd-1), be entitled to vote in a Federal election in the State in which such member was last domiciled immediately before entering the Service if such member— 22 USC 4086.

"(1) makes an election of that State;

"(2) notifies that State of such election and notifies any other States in which he or she is entitled to vote of such election; and

"(3) otherwise meets the requirements of such Act.

"(b) The provisions of subsection (a) shall apply only to an individual who becomes a member of the Service on or after the date of enactment of this section and shall not apply to an individual who registers to vote in a State in which he is entitled to vote under section 3 of Overseas Citizens Voting Rights Act.". 42 USC 1973dd-1.

(b) The table of contents in section 2 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 is amended by inserting the following new item after the item relating to section 905:

"Sec. 906. Entitlement to Vote in a State in a Federal Election.".

MERGER OF FOREIGN SERVICE INFORMATION CORPS WITH FOREIGN SERVICE CORPS

SEC. 130. (a) Section 102 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3902) is amended—

(1) by striking out "(a)"; and

(2) by striking out subsection (b).

(b) Section 502 of such Act (22 U.S.C. 3982) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(d) The Secretary of State, in conjunction with the heads of the other agencies utilizing the Foreign Service personnel system, shall implement policies and procedures to insure that Foreign Service officers and members of the Senior Foreign Service of all agencies are able to compete for chief of mission positions and have opportunities on an equal basis to compete for assignments outside their areas of specialization.".

Report to Congress. 22 USC 3982 note.

(c) Not later than one year after the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary of State shall submit a report to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate describing the policies and procedures adopted pursuant to the amendment made by subsection (b).

DANGER PAY

SEC. 131. Section 5928 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "The presence of nonessential personnel or dependents shall not preclude payment of an allowance under this section. In each instance where an allowance under this section is initiated or terminated, the Secretary of State shall inform the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate of the action taken and the circumstances justifying it.".

SECURITY OFFICERS

SEC. 132. Section 2104 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4154) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(c) The three-year period referred to in subsection (a) shall be extended for an additional period not to exceed one year from the date of enactment of this section in the case of Department of State security officers who are members of the Service and who were initially ineligible for conversion under that subsection because they were available for worldwide assignment and there was a need for their services in the Service, but as to whom subsequent events require the services of these members (and of those later employed who are similarly situated) only or primarily for domestic functions.".

FOREIGN RELATIONS PUBLICATIONS

SEC. 133. (a) The Congress expresses concern about the excessive delays currently experienced in the publication of the Department of State's vital series of historical volumes, "The Foreign Relations of the United States". It is the sense of the Congress that the current delays must be substantially reduced so that publication of this series will occur after twenty years, and no later than twenty-five years, from the date of the events themselves.

Report to congressional committees.

(b) The Historian of the Department of State shall prepare and submit a report within three months after the date of enactment of this Act to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives explaining the reasons for these delays and the steps which would be required to reach the goal of publication within twenty-five years.

UNITED STATES DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH THE VATICAN

SEC. 134. In order to provide for the establishment of United States diplomatic relations with the Vatican, the Act entitled "An Act making Appropriations for the Consular and Diplomatic Expenses of the Government for the Year ending thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, and for other purposes", approved February 28, 1867, is amended by repealing the following sentence (14 Stat. 413): "And no money hereby or otherwise appropriated shall be paid for the support of an American legation at Rome, from and after the thirtieth day of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven.". 22 USC 2656 note.

USE OF HERBICIDES CONTAINING DIOXIN COMPOUNDS BY INTERNATIONAL COMMISSIONS

SEC. 135. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, none of the funds made available under this Act for "International Commissions" for the fiscal year 1984 and the fiscal year 1985 shall be available for the use, by such commissions or their agents, of herbicides containing dioxin compounds. Funding restriction.

(b) Unless the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on Environment and Public Works of the Senate, the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives, and the Governors of the affected border States are notified forty-five days in advance of the use of a herbicide by an international commission, funds appropriated for such use shall not be available for obligation or expenditure. Such notification shall include—

(1) the name of the herbicide;

(2) an estimate of the quantity of herbicide planned for use;

(3) an identification of the area on which the herbicide will be used; and

(4) a description of the herbicide's chemical composition.

FOREIGN SERVICE BUILDINGS ACT

SEC. 136. The Foreign Service Buildings Act, 1926 (22 U.S.C. 292–301), is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"SEC. 11. (a) Eligibility for award of contracts under this Act or of any other contract by the Secretary of State, including lease-back or other agreements, the purpose of which is to obtain the construction, alteration, or repair of buildings and grounds abroad, when estimated to exceed $5,000,000, including any contract alternatives or options, shall be limited, after a determination that adequate competition will be obtained thereby, to (1) American-owned bidders and (2) bidders from countries which permit or agree to permit substantially equal access to American bidders for comparable diplomatic and consular building projects, except that participation may be permitted by or limited to host-country bidders where required by international agreement or by the law of the host country or where determined by the Secretary of State to be necessary in the interest of bilateral relations or necessary to carry out the construction project. Contracts. Bidder qualifications. 22 USC 302.

"(b)(1) Generally applicable laws and regulations pertaining to licensing and other qualifications to do business in the country in

which the contract is to be performed shall not be deemed a limitation of access for purposes of this section.

"(2) For purposes of determining competitive status, bids qualifying under subsection (a)(1) shall be reduced by 10 per centum.

"(3) A determination of adequacy of competition for purposes of subsection (a) shall be made after advance publication by the Secretary of State of the proposed project, and receipt from not less than two prospective responsible bidders of intent to submit a bid or proposal. If competition is not determined to be adequate, contracts may be awarded without regard to subsection (a) and this subsection.

"(4) Bidder qualification under subsection (a) shall be determined on the basis of nationality of ownership, the burden of which shall be on the prospective bidder. Qualification under subsection (a)(1) shall require evidence of (A) performance of similar construction work in the United States, and (B) either (i) ownership in excess of fifty percent by United States citizens or permanent residents, or (ii) incorporation in the United States for more than three years and employment of United States citizens or permanent residents in more than half of the corporation's permanent full-time professional and managerial positions in the United States.

"(5) Qualification under this section shall be established on the basis of determinations at the time bids are requested.

"(c) Contracts for construction, alteration, or repair in the United States for or on behalf of any foreign mission (as defined in section 202(a)(4) of title II of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 4302(a)(4)) may, pursuant to the authority of that title, only be awarded to or performed by bidders qualifying under subsection (a) (1) or (2) or by nationals of the country for which the contract is being performed who are granted the right of entry into the United States for that purpose.

"(d) Determinations under this section shall be committed to the discretion of the Secretary of State.

Termination.

"(e) This section shall cease to be effective when the Secretary of State determines that there are internationally-agree-upon rules in effect on bidding for construction contracts.".

UNITED STATES CONSULATES

SEC. 137. Section 103(b) of the Department of State Authorization Act, fiscal years 1982 and 1983 (22 U.S.C. 2656 note) is amended by striking out the period at the end thereof and inserting in lieu thereof the following: ", to the extent such reopening is authorized by the foreign government involved. A report shall be made to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committtee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives concerning the extent to which such foreign government authorization has been received, and the progress achieved with respect to the reopening of the specified consulates.".

Report to congressional committees.

TITLE II—UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY

United States Information Agency Authorization Act, Fisal Years 1984 and 1985.

SHORT TITLE

SEC. 201. This title may be cited as the "United States Information Agency Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1984 and 1985".

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 202. In addition to the amounts otherwise authorized for such purposes, there are authorized to be appropriated for the United States Information Agency $642,348,000 for the fiscal year 1984 and $806,239,000 for the fiscal year 1985 to carry out international information, educational, cultural, and exchange programs under the United States Information and Educational Exchange Act of 1948, the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961, and Reorganization Plan Numbered 2 of 1977, and other purposes authorized by law.

22 USC 1431 note, 2451 note, 1461 note.

IMPROVEMENT OF VOICE OF AMERICA FACILITIES AND OPERATIONS

SEC. 203. Of the authorizations of appropriations contained in section 202—

(1) authorizations of $47,959,000 for the fiscal year 1984, which shall be available for the acquisition and construction of radio facilities, and

(2) authorizations of $164,800,000 for the fiscal year 1985, which shall be available for essential modernization of the facilities and operations of the Voice of America,

shall remain available until the appropriations are made, and when those amounts are appropriated they are authorized to remain available until expended.

INTERNAL AUDITORS

SEC. 204. Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated by section 202, not less than $600,000 for each of the fiscal years 1984 and 1985 shall be available only for the employment of twelve professional internal auditors for the United States Information Agency in excess of any internal auditors employed by the Agency during fiscal year 1983.

FUNDS FOR THE NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR DEMOCRACY

SEC. 205. Of the amounts appropriated for the United States Information Agency for each of the fiscal years 1984 and 1985, not less than $31,300,000 shall be available only for a grant, in accordance with title V of this Act, to the National Endowment for Democracy for use in carrying out its purposes.

Post, p. 1039.

EDUCATIONAL AND CULTURAL EXCHANGES

SEC. 206. (a) Of the funds authorized to be appropriated for the United States Information Agency for the fiscal year 1984, not less than $100,500,000 shall be available only for grants for the Fulbright Academic Exchange Programs and the International Visitor Program, not less than $3,729,000 shall be available only for grants for the Humphrey Fellowship Program, and not more than $7,100,000 shall be available for the Private Sector Program. Funds authorized to be appropriated by this title for the Private Sector Program shall be available only for grants to not-for-profit cultural, educational, or exchange-of-persons organizations. Of the funds authorized to be appropriated for the United States Information Agency for fiscal year 1984, $3,000,000 shall be available only for enhancements of United States libraries overseas and programs providing support

services to foreign students studying, or intending to study, in the United States.

(b) Of the funds authorized to be appropriated for the United States Information Agency for the fiscal year 1985, not less than $123,100,000 shall be available only for grants for the Fulbright Academic Exchange Programs and the International Visitor Program, and not less than $4,435,000 shall be available only for grants for the Humphrey Fellowship Program.

PRIVATE SECTOR PROGRAM

Limitation. 22 USC 2460 note.

SEC. 207. (a) No funds authorized to be appropriated for the Private Sector Program shall be used to pay for foreign travel by any United States citizen who, in the five years preceding the date of the proposed foreign travel, made two or more trips financed in whole or in substantial part by grants from the Private Sector Program. This limitation shall not apply to escort interpreters accompanying delegations, to artists accompanying exhibitions, to persons engaging in theatrical or musical performances, or to the full-time staff of the grantee organization. In addition, the Director of the Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs may waive this limitation in exceptional cases if he determines that foreign travel is essential to the successful completion of the grant program and so certifies in writing to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate at least fifteen days prior to the commencement of the proposed foreign travel.

Waiver.

Report to Congress.

(b) Not later than January 31 of each year, the Director of the Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs shall submit to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a report listing all individuals, with their organization, who in the preceding five years made two or more trips involving foreign travel financed in whole or substantial part by grants from the Private Sector Program.

INTERNATIONAL YOUTH YEAR

Grants.

SEC. 208. (a) From the funds allocated to the Private Sector Program, the United States Information Agency may make grants to youth and youth service organizations in support of activities to promote participation by American young people in the activities of International Youth Year. Activities to be supported shall involve exchange-of-persons. Grants under this subsection shall be subject to all applicable guidelines and notification requirements, except that organizations receiving such grants shall not be subject to the funding limitation on newer organizations which is contained in the "ECA Grant Guidelines" which were submitted to the Congress on May 4, 1983 (see pages 42-44 of the report of the Committee on Foreign Relations on S. 1342 (Senate Report Numbered 98-143) and pages 66-68 of the report of the Committee on Foreign Affairs to accompany H.R. 2915 (House of Representatives Report Numbered 98-130)).

Membership criteria.

(b) The Secretary of State shall ensure that any organization designated by the United States Government, or any agency thereof, as the official United States commission or committee for United States participation in International Youth Year meets the following criteria: (1) the membership of such organization is open to all

major youth and youth service organizations; (2) the charter of such organization provides that the organization will have full financial responsibility for its own assets, receipts, and expenditures; and (3) the composition of the Governing Board shall be elected from the constituent youth and youth service organizations, and in such an election the size of the membership of the constituent youth and youth service organizations shall be an important factor. Clause (3) shall not be construed as requiring any particular system of proportional representation in the election of the Governing Board.

(c) No funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act shall be made available to any organization to coordinate or plan for United States participation in International Youth Year if that organization does not meet the criteria specified in subsection (b). Funding restriction.

PROHIBITION ON LOBBYING WITH UNITED STATES FUNDS BY UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY GRANTEE ORGANIZATIONS

SEC. 209. None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this title shall be used by any grantee organization of the United States Information Agency for lobbying or propaganda which is directed at influencing public policy decisions of the Government of the United States or any State or locality thereof. This section shall not be construed so as to abridge the right of any grantee organization to exercise the same freedom of speech as is protected by the first article of amendment of the United States Constitution, so long as such organization does not use funds provided under this title in exercising such right.

FUNDS FOR OFFICIAL RECEPTIONS AND ENTERTAINMENT EXPENSES

SEC. 210. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, not more than $20,000 of the funds authorized to be appropriated to the United States Information Agency for the fiscal year 1984 or for the fiscal year 1985 shall be available for domestic representation or entertainment expenses, including official receptions.

FUNDS FOR UNITED STATES-GERMAN TEENAGE EXCHANGE

SEC. 211. In addition to amounts otherwise authorized to be appropriated for the United States Information Agency, there are authorized to be appropriated $2,500,000 for the fiscal year 1984 and $2,500,000 for the fiscal year 1985 to carry out a United States-German teenage exchange sponsored by the Members of the United States Congress and the West German Bundestag.

FUNDING FOR UNITED STATES PARTICIPATION IN THE TSUKUBA, JAPAN EXPOSITION 1985

SEC. 212. In addition to amounts otherwise made available for such purpose, there are authorized to be appropriated to the United States Information Agency, without fiscal year limitation, $4,000,000 for expenses in connection with United States participation in the Tsukuba, Japan Exposition 1985.

CHARTER FOR THE BUREAU OF EDUCATIONAL AND CULTURAL AFFAIRS

SEC. 213. The Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2451-2458a) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

22 USC 2460.

"SEC. 112. (a) In order to carry out the purposes of this Act, there is established in the United States Information Agency, or in such appropriate agency of the United States as the President shall determine, a Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs (hereinafter in this section referred to as the 'Bureau'). The Bureau shall be responsible for managing, coordinating, and overseeing programs established pursuant to this Act, including but not limited to—

"(1) the J. William Fulbright Educational Exchange Program which, by promoting the exchange of scholars, researchers, students, trainees, teachers, instructors, and professors, between the United States and foreign countries, accomplishes the purposes of section 102(a)(1) of this Act;

"(2) the Hubert H. Humphrey Fellowship Program which finances (A) study at American universities and institutions of higher learning, including study in degree granting programs, and (B) participation in fellowships, internships, or other programs in American governmental and nongovernmental institutions for public managers and other individuals from developing countries;

"(3) the International Visitors Program which provides grants for short-term visits to the United States for foreign nationals who are, or have the potential to be, leaders in their respective fields in their own countries;

"(4) the American Cultural Centers and Libraries which make available at selected foreign locations, books, films, sound recordings, and other materials about the United States, its people and culture, and about other topics;

"(5) the American Overseas Schools Program which provides financial assistance to the operations of American-sponsored schools overseas;

"(6) the American Studies Program which fosters and supports the study of the United States, and its people and culture, in foreign countries; and

"(7) a program of working with private, not-for-profit groups through contracts, grants, or cooperative agreements, as authorized by section 102 of this Act, so as to provide financial assistance to nongovernmental organizations engaged in implementing and enhancing exchange-of-persons programs.

"(b) The President shall insure that all programs under the authority of the Bureau shall maintain their nonpolitical character and shall be balanced and representative of the diversity of American political, social, and cultural life. The President shall insure that academic and cultural programs under the authority of the Bureau shall maintain their scholarly integrity and shall meet the highest standards of academic excellence or artistic achievement.

"(c) The Bureau shall administer no programs except those operating under the authority of this Act and consistent with its purposes.".

NOTIFICATION OF REPROGRAMINGS AND GRANTS

SEC. 214. Title VII of the United States Information and Educational Exchange Act of 1948 (22 U.S.C. 1476-1477b) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"SEC. 705. (a) Unless the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate are notified fifteen days in advance of a proposed reprograming, funds appropriated for the United States Information Agency shall not be available for obligation or expenditure through any such reprograming of funds— 22 USC 1477c.

"(1) which creates new programs;

"(2) which eliminates a program, project, or activity;

"(3) which increases funds or personnel by any means for any project or activity for which funds have been denied or restricted by the Congress;

"(4) which relocates an office or employees;

"(5) which reorganizes offices, programs, or activities;

"(6) which involves contracting out functions which had been performed by Federal employees; or

"(7) which involves a reprograming in excess of $250,000 or 10 per centum, whichever is less, and which (A) augments existing programs, projects, or activities, (B) reduces by 10 per centum or more the funding for any existing program, project, or activity, or personnel approved by the Congress, or (C) results from any general savings from a reduction in personnel which would result in a change in existing programs, activities, or projects approved by the Congress.

"(b) In addition, the United States Information Agency may award program grants for the fiscal years 1984 and 1985 only if the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate are notified fifteen days in advance of the proposed grant.".

SUPPLEMENTAL ALLOWANCE FOR USIA PERSONNEL STATIONED IN NEW YORK CITY

SEC. 215. Section 9 of the United Nations Participation Act of 1945 (22 U.S.C. 287e-1) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by inserting ", and any employee of the United States Information Agency designated by the Director of that Agency," immediately after "Secretary of State"; and

(2) in the last sentence, by striking out "forty-five employees" and inserting in lieu thereof "fifty employees, including not more than five employees of the United States Information Agency,".

DISTRIBUTION WITHIN THE UNITED STATES OF THE UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY FILM ENTITLED "THANKSGIVING IN PESHAWAR"

SEC. 216. (a) Notwithstanding the second sentence of section 501 of the United States Information and Education Exchange Act of 1948 (22 U.S.C. 1461(a))—

(1) the Director of the United States Information Agency shall make available to the Administrator of General Services a master copy of the film entitled "Thanksgiving in Peshawar"; and

(2) upon evidence that necessary United States rights and licenses have been secured and paid for by the person seeking domestic release of the film, the Administrator shall reimburse the Director for any expenses of the Agency in making that master copy available, shall deposit that film in the National Archives of the United States, and shall make copies of that film available for purchase and public viewing within the United States.

Reimbursement.

(b) Any reimbursement to the Director pursuant to this section shall be credited to the applicable appropriation of the United States Information Agency.

INCREASED LEASING AUTHORITY FOR RADIO FACILITIES

SEC. 217. Section 801(3) of the United States Information and Educational Exchange Act of 1948 (22 U.S.C. 1471(3)) is amended by striking out "ten years" and inserting in lieu thereof "twenty-five years".

Board for International Broadcasting Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1984 and 1985. 22 USC 2871 note.

TITLE III—BOARD FOR INTERNATIONAL BROADCASTING

SHORT TITLE

SEC. 301. This title may be cited as the "Board for International Broadcasting Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1984 and 1985".

AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 302. Subparagraph (A) of section 8(a)(1) of the Board for International Broadcasting Act of 1973 (22 U.S.C. 2877(a)(1)(A)) is amended to read as follows:

"(A) $111,600,000 for the fiscal year 1983, $106,055,000 for the fiscal year 1984, and $111,251,000 for the fiscal year 1985; and".

FOREIGN CURRENCY GAINS

SEC. 303. Section 8(b) of the Board for International Broadcasting Act of 1973 (22 U.S.C. 2877(a)) is amended to read as follows:

"(b) Beginning with fiscal year 1983, any amount appropriated under subsection (a)(1) of this section which, because of upward fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, is in excess of the amount necessary to maintain the budgeted level of operation for RFE/RL, Incorporated, may be merged with and made available for the same time period and same purposes as amounts appropriated under subsection (a)(2) of this section.".

BENEFITS FOR CERTAIN RETIREES AND SURVIVING SPOUSES OF EMPLOYEES OF RADIO FREE EUROPE AND RADIO LIBERTY

SEC. 304. The Board for International Broadcasting Act of 1973 (22 U.S.C. 2871-2880) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"BENEFITS FOR CERTAIN RETIREES AND SURVIVING SPOUSES OF EMPLOYEES OF RADIO FREE EUROPE AND RADIO LIBERTY

22 USC 2881.

"SEC. 12. The Congress hereby authorizes the Board to make available in accordance with the Supplemental Appropriations Act,

1983, $4,900,000 of the amount appropriated for the Board by that Act for enhancement of (1) the pensions and cost-of-living adjustments of individuals who retired from RFE/RL, Incorporated, before January 1, 1976, and (2) the benefits to which surviving spouses of employees of RFE/RL, Incorporated, are entitled by virtue of the creditable service of such employees rendered before January 1, 1976.". *Ante*, p. 301.

SALARY OF THE RFE/RL PRESIDENT

SEC. 305. (a) The Board for International Broadcasting Act of 1973 (22 U.S.C. 2871-2880), as amended by section 304 of this Act, is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"SALARY OF THE RFE/RL PRESIDENT

"SEC. 13. Funds made available under this Act to RFE/RL, Incorporated, may not be used for the salary of the President of RFE/RL, Incorporated, at an annual rate in excess of the rate payable for level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code.". 22 USC 2882.

(b) The amendment made by this section applies with respect to funds used for the salary of any President of RFE/RL, Incorporated, who is appointed after the date of enactment of this Act. 22 USC 2882 note.

POLICY ON BROADCASTS OF RFE/RL AND THE VOICE OF AMERICA CONCERNING SOVIET RELIGIOUS PERSECUTION

SEC. 306. It is the sense of the Congress that RFE/RL, Incorporated (commonly known as Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty) and the Voice of America (VOA) are to be commended for their news and editorial coverage of the increasing religious persecution in the Soviet Union, including the declining levels of Jewish emigration, and are encouraged to intensify their efforts in this regard.

BALTIC DIVISION

SEC. 307. None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by the amendment made by section 302 of this Act may be used for a grant to RFE/RL, Incorporated, unless— Funding restriction.

(1) the Estonian, Latvian, and Lithuanian radio services of RFE/RL, Incorporated, are organized as a separate division within Radio Liberty; and

(2) those radio services begin broadcasts under a name which would accurately reflect United States policy of not recognizing the illegal incorporation of Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania into the Soviet Union.

POLICY ON THE JAMMING BY THE SOVIET UNION OF BROADCASTS OF THE VOICE OF AMERICA AND RFE/RL

SEC. 308. (a) The Congress finds that—

(1) the permanent unrestrained flow of accurate information would greatly facilitate mutual understanding and world peace;

(2) the Soviet Union and its allies are at present electronically jamming the broadcasts of the Voice of America and RFE/RL,

Incorporated (commonly known as Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty); and

(3) electronic jamming of international broadcasts violates at least four international agreements: Article 35(1) of the International Telecommunications Union Convention, Article 19 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, Article 19 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, and the Final Act of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe (commonly known as the Helsinki Accords).

28 UST 2495.

(b) It is the sense of the Congress that the President should urge the Government of the Soviet Union to terminate its jamming of the broadcasts of the Voice of America and RFE/RL, Incorporated.

The Asia Foundation Act.

TITLE IV—THE ASIA FOUNDATION

SHORT TITLE

22 USC 4401 note.

SEC. 401. This title may be cited as "The Asia Foundation Act".

FINDINGS

22 USC 4401.

SEC. 402. The Congress finds that—

(1) The Asia Foundation, a private nonprofit corporation incorporated in 1954 in the State of California, has long been active in promoting Asian-American friendship and cooperation and in lending encouragement and assistance to Asians in their own efforts to develop more open, more just, and more democratic societies;

(2) The Asia Foundation's commitment to strengthening indigenous Asian institutions which further stable national development, constructive social change, equitable economic growth, and cooperative international relationships is fully consistent with and supportive of long-term United States interests in Asia;

(3) The Asia Foundation, as a private organization, is able to conduct programs in response to Asian initiatives that would be difficult or impossible for an official United States instrumentality, and it is in a position in Asia to respond quickly and flexibly to meet new opportunities;

(4) in recognition of the valuable contributions of The Asia Foundation to long-range United States foreign policy interests, the United States Government has, through a variety of agencies, provided financial support for The Asia Foundation; and

(5) it is in the interest of the United States, and the further strengthening of Asian-American friendship and cooperation, to establish a more permanent mechanism for United States Government financial support for the ongoing activities of The Asia Foundation, while preserving the independent character of the Foundation.

GRANTS TO THE ASIA FOUNDATION

22 USC 4402.

SEC. 403. (a) The Secretary of State shall make an annual grant to The Asia Foundation with the funds made available under section 404. Such grants shall be in general support of the Foundation's programs and operations. The terms and conditions of grants pursu-

ant to this section shall be set forth in a grant agreement between the Secretary of State and The Asia Foundation.

(b) If funds made available to The Asia Foundation pursuant to this title or pursuant to any other provision of law are, with the permission of the head of the Federal agency making the funds available, invested by the Foundation or any of its subgrantees pending disbursement, the resulting interest is not required to be deposited in the United States Treasury if that interest is used for the purposes for which the funds were made available. Interest.

FUNDING

SEC. 404. There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of State $5,000,000 for the fiscal year 1983, $10,000,000 for the fiscal year 1984, and $10,000,000 for the fiscal year 1985 for grants to The Asia Foundation pursuant to this title. 22 USC 4403.

TITLE V—NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR DEMOCRACY

National Endowment for Democracy Act.

SHORT TITLE

SEC. 501. This title may be cited as the "National Endowment for Democracy Act". 22 USC 4411 note.

NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR DEMOCRACY

SEC. 502. (a) The Congress finds that there has been established in the District of Columbia a private, nonprofit corporation known as the National Endowment for Democracy (hereafter in this title referred to as the "Endowment") which is not an agency or establishment of the United States Government. 22 USC 4411.

(b) The purposes of the Endowment, as set forth in its articles of incorporation, are—

(1) to encourage free and democratic institutions throughout the world through private sector initiatives, including activities which promote the individual rights and freedoms (including internationally recognized human rights) which are essential to the functioning of democratic institutions;

(2) to facilitate exchanges between United States private sector groups (especially the two major American political parties, labor, and business) and democratic groups abroad;

(3) to promote United States nongovernmental participation (especially through the two major American political parties, labor, business, and other private sector groups) in democratic training programs and democratic institution-building abroad;

(4) to strengthen democratic electoral processes abroad through timely measures in cooperation with indigenous democratic forces;

(5) to support the participation of the two major American political parties, labor, business, and other United States private sector groups in fostering cooperation with those abroad dedicated to the cultural values, institutions, and organizations of democratic pluralism; and

(6) to encourage the establishment and growth of democratic development in a manner consistent both with the broad concerns of United States national interests and with the specific

requirements of the democratic groups in other countries which are aided by programs funded by the Endowment.

GRANTS TO THE ENDOWMENT

22 USC 4412.

SEC. 503. (a) The Director of the United States Information Agency shall make an annual grant to the Endowment to enable the Endowment to carry out its purposes as specified in section 502(b). Such grants shall be made with funds specifically appropriated for grants to the Endowment or with funds appropriated to the Agency for the "Salaries and Expenses" account. Such grants shall be made pursuant to a grant agreement between the Director and the Endowment which requires that grant funds will only be used for activities which the Board of Directors of the Endowment determines are consistent with the purposes described in section 502(b), that the Endowment will allocate funds in accordance with subsection (e) of this section, and that the Endowment will otherwise comply with the requirements of this title. The grant agreement may not require the Endowment to comply with requirements other than those specified in this title.

(b) Funds so granted may be used by the Endowment to carry out the purposes described in section 502(b), and otherwise applicable limitations on the purposes for which funds appropriated to the United States Information Agency may be used shall not apply to funds granted to the Endowment.

Restriction.

(c) Nothing in this title shall be construed to make the Endowment an agency or establishment of the United States Government or to make the members of the Board of Directors of the Endowment, or the officers or employees of the Endowment, officers or employees of the United States.

(d) The Endowment and its grantees shall be subject to the appropriate oversight procedures of the Congress.

(e) Of the amounts made available to the Endowment for each of the fiscal years 1984 and 1985 to carry out programs in furtherance of the purposes of this Act—

(1) not less than $13,800,000 shall be for the Free Trade Union Institute; and

(2) not less than $2,500,000 shall be to support private enterprise development programs of the National Chamber Foundation.

ELIGIBILITY OF THE ENDOWMENT FOR GRANTS

22 USC 4413.

SEC. 504. (a) Grants may be made to the Endowment under this title only if the Endowment agrees to comply with the requirements specified in this section and elsewhere in this title.

(b)(1) The Endowment may only provide funding for programs of private sector groups and may not carry out programs directly.

(2) The Endowment may provide funding only for programs which are consistent with the purposes set forth in section 502(b).

Salary or compensation.

(c)(1) Officers of the Endowment may not receive any salary or other compensation from any source, other than the Endowment, for services rendered during the period of their employment by the Endowment.

Travel expenses.

(2) If an individual who is an officer or employee of the United States Government serves as a member of the Board of Directors or as an officer or employee of the Endowment, that individual may

not receive any compensation or travel expenses in connection with services performed for the Endowment.

(d)(1) The Endowment shall not issue any shares of stock or declare or pay any dividends. Stock or dividends.

(2) No part of the assets of the Endowment shall inure to the benefit of any member of the Board, any officer or employee of the Endowment, or any other individual, except as salary or reasonable compensation for services.

(e)(1) The accounts of the Endowment shall be audited annually in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by independent certified public accountants or independent licensed public accountants certified or licensed by a regulatory authority of a State or other political subdivision of the United States. The audits shall be conducted at the place or places where the accounts of the Endowment are normally kept. All books, accounts, financial records, reports, files, and all other papers, things, or property belonging to or in use by the Endowment and necessary to facilitate the audits shall be made available to the person or persons conducting the audits; and full facilities for verifying transactions with any assets held by depositories, fiscal agents, and custodians shall be afforded to such person or persons. Audits.

(2) The report of each such independent audit shall be included in the annual report required by subsection (h). The audit report shall set forth the scope of the audit and include such statements as are necessary to present fairly the Endowment's assets and liabilities, surplus or deficit, with an analysis of the changes therein during the year, supplemented in reasonable detail by a statement of the Endowment's income and expenses during the year, and a statement of the application of funds, together with the independent auditor's opinion of those statements. Report.

(f)(1) The financial transactions of the Endowment for each fiscal year may be audited by the General Accounting Office in accordance with such principles and procedures and under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Comptroller General of the United States. Any such audit shall be conducted at the place or places where accounts of the Endowment are normally kept. The representatives of the General Accounting Office shall have access to all books, accounts, records, reports, files, and all other papers, things, or property belonging to or in use by the Endowment pertaining to its financial transactions and necessary to facilitate the audit; and they shall be afforded full facilities for verifying transactions with any assets held by depositories, fiscal agents, and custodians. All such books, accounts, records, reports, files, papers, and property of the Endowment shall remain in the possession and custody of the Endowment. GAO audit.

(2) A report of each such audit shall be made by the Comptroller General to the Congress. The report to the Congress shall contain such comments and information as the Comptroller General may deem necessary to inform the Congress of the financial operations and condition of the Endowment, together with such recommendations with respect thereto as he may deem advisable. The report shall also show specifically any program, expenditure, or other financial transaction or undertaking observed in the course of the audit, which, in the opinion of the Comptroller General, has been carried on or made contrary to the requirements of this title. A copy of each report shall be furnished to the President and to the Endowment at the time submitted to the Congress. Report to Congress. Report to President.

Recordkeeping.

(g)(1) The Endowment shall ensure that each recipient of assistance provided through the Endowment under this title keeps such records as may be reasonably necessary to fully disclose the amount and the disposition by such recipient of the proceeds of such assistance, the total cost of the project or undertaking in connection with which such assistance is given or used, and the amount and nature of that portion of the cost of the project or undertaking supplied by other sources, and such other records as will facilitate an effective audit.

Information accessibility.

(2) The Endowment shall ensure that it, or any of its duly authorized representatives, shall have access for the purpose of audit and examination to any books, documents, papers, and records of the recipient that are pertinent to assistance provided through the Endowment under this title. The Comptroller General of the United States or any of his duly authorized representatives shall also have access thereto for such purpose.

Report to President and Congress.

(h) Not later than December 31 of each year, the Endowment shall submit an annual report for the preceding fiscal year to the President for transmittal to the Congress. The report shall include a comprehensive and detailed report of the Endowment's operations, activities, financial condition, and accomplishments under this title and may include such recommendations as the Endowment deems appropriate. The Board members and officers of the Endowment shall be available to testify before appropriate committees of the Congress with respect to such report, the report of any audit made by the Comptroller General pursuant to subsection (f), or any other matter which any such committee may determine.

Foreign Missions Amendments Act of 1983.

TITLE VI—FOREIGN MISSIONS

SHORT TITLE

22 USC 4301 note.

SEC. 601. This title may be cited as the "Foreign Missions Amendments Act of 1983".

REQUIREMENT FOR LIABILITY INSURANCE

SEC. 602. Section 6 of the Diplomatic Relations Act (22 U.S.C. 254e) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a) by striking out "President" and inserting in lieu thereof "Director of the Office of Foreign Missions in the Department of State";

(2) in subsection (b) by striking out "The President shall, by regulation, establish liability insurance requirements" and inserting in lieu thereof "The Director of the Office of Foreign Missions shall, by regulation, establish liability insurance requirements which can reasonably be expected to afford adequate compensation to victims and which are"; and

(3) in subsection (c) by striking out "President" and inserting in lieu thereof "Director of the Office of Foreign Missions".

ENFORCEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH LIABILITY INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS

SEC. 603. Title II of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 is amended by inserting after section 204 (22 U.S.C. 4304) the following new section:

"ENFORCEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH LIABILITY INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS

"SEC. 204A. (a)(1) The head of a foreign mission shall notify promptly the Director of the lapse or termination of any liability insurance coverage held by a member of the mission, by a member of the family of such member, or by an individual described in section 19 of the Convention on Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations of February 13, 1946. 22 USC 4304a. 21 UST 1418.

"(2) Not later than February 1 of each year, the head of each foreign mission shall prepare and transmit to the Director a report including a list of motor vehicles, vessels, and aircraft registered in the United States by members of the mission, members of the families of such members, individuals described in section 19 of the Convention on Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations of February 13, 1946, and by the mission itself. Such list shall set forth for each such motor vehicle, vessel, or aircraft— Report transmittal.

"(A) the jurisdiction in which it is registered;

"(B) the name of the insured;

"(C) the name of the insurance company;

"(D) the insurance policy number and the extent of insurance coverage; and

"(E) such other information as the Director may prescribe.

"(b) Whenever the Director finds that a member of a foreign mission, a member of the family of such member, or an individual described in section 19 of the Convention on Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations of February 13, 1946— 21 UST 1418.

"(1) is at fault for personal injury, death, or property damage arising out of the operation of a motor vehicle, vessel, or aircraft in the United States,

"(2) is not covered by liability insurance, and

"(3) has not satisfied a court-rendered judgment against him or is not legally liable,

the Director shall impose a surcharge or fee on the foreign mission of which such member or individual is a part, amounting to the unsatisfied portion of the judgment rendered against such member or individual or, if there is no court-rendered judgment, an estimated amount of damages incurred by the victim. The payment of any such surcharge or fee shall be available only for compensation of the victim or his estate. Surcharge or fee.

"(c) For purposes of this section—

"(1) the term 'head of a foreign mission' has the same meaning as is ascribed to the term 'head of a mission' in Article 1 of the Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations of April 18, 1961 (T.I.A.S. numbered 7502; 23 U.S.T. 3227); and

"(2) the terms 'members of a mission' and 'family' have the same meanings as is ascribed to them by paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 2 of the Diplomatic Relations Act (22 U.S.C. 254a).".

DIRECTOR OF THE OFFICE OF FOREIGN MISSIONS

SEC. 604. (a) Section 203 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 4303) is amended in subsection (a)—

(1) in the second sentence by striking out "appointed by the Secretary" and inserting in lieu thereof "appointed by the President by and with the advice and consent of the Senate"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following: "The Director shall have the rank of ambassador. The Director shall be an individual who is a member of the Foreign Service, who has been a member of the Foreign Service for at least ten years, who has significant administrative experience, and who has served in countries in which the United States has had significant problems in assuring the secure and efficient operations of its missions as the result of the actions of other countries.".

(b) Such section is further amended by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (c) and by inserting the following new subsection (b) after subsection (a):

"(b) There shall also be a Deputy Director of the Office of Foreign Missions who shall be an individual who has served in the United States intelligence community.".

22 USC 4303 note.

(c) The amendments made by this section shall apply with respect to any Director of the Office of Foreign Missions, and to any Deputy Director of the Office of Foreign Missions, appointed after the date of enactment of this Act.

EXTRAORDINARY PROTECTIVE SERVICES

SEC. 605. (a) Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated for "Administration of Foreign Affairs" by section 102(1) of this Act, $6,000,000 for the fiscal year 1984 and $6,300,000 for the fiscal year 1985 may be used for the provision of protective services directly or by contract in locations for which funds are not otherwise available to provide such services, to the extent deemed necessary by the Secretary of State in carrying out title II of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (relating to foreign missions), except that amounts used under this section shall not be subject to the provisions of section 208(h) of that Act.

22 USC 4301.

22 USC 4308.

(b) The Secretary of State may provide funds to a State or local authority for protective services under this section only if the Secretary has determined that a threat of violence, or other circumstance, exists which requires extraordinary security measures which exceed those which local law enforcement agencies can reasonably be expected to take.

(c) Funds may be obligated under this section only after regulations to implement this section have been issued by the Secretary of State after consultation with appropriate committees of the Congress.

(d) No more than 20 per centum of funds available for obligation under this section in any fiscal year may be obligated for protective services within any single State during that year.

Time period.

(e) Any agreement with a State or local authority for the provision of protective services under this section shall be for a period of not to exceed ninety days in any calendar year, but such agreements may be renewed after review by the Secretary of State.

(f) Not less than 15 per centum of funds available for obligation under this section each fiscal year shall be retained as a reserve for protective services provided directly by the Secretary of State or for expenditures in local jurisdictions not otherwise covered by an agreement for protective services under this section.

TITLE VII—INTERNATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

International Environment Protection Act of 1983.

SHORT TITLE

SEC. 701. This title may be cited as the "International Environment Protection Act of 1983". 22 USC 2151 note.

ENDANGERED SPECIES

SEC. 702. Chapter 1 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended by inserting immediately after section 118 (22 U.S.C. 2151p) the following new section: 22 USC 2151q.

"SEC. 119. ENDANGERED SPECIES.—(a) The Congress finds the survival of many animal and plant species is endangered by overhunting, by the presence of toxic chemicals in water, air and soil, and by the destruction of habitats. The Congress further finds that the extinction of animal and plant species is an irreparable loss with potentially serious environmental and economic consequences for developing and developed countries alike. Accordingly, the preservation of animal and plant species through the regulation of the hunting and trade in endangered species, through limitations on the pollution of natural ecosystems, and through the protection of wildlife habitats should be an important objective of the United States development assistance.

"(b) In order to preserve biological diversity, the President is authorized to furnish assistance under this part to assist countries in protecting and maintaining wildlife habitats and in developing sound wildlife management and plant conservation programs. Special efforts should be made to establish and maintain wildlife sanctuaries, reserves, and parks; to enact and enforce anti-poaching measures; and to identify, study, and catalog animal and plant species, especially in tropical environments. Wildlife preservation assistance.

"(c) The Administrator of the Agency for International Development, in conjunction with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Interior, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, the Chairman of the Council on Environmental Quality, and the heads of other appropriate Government agencies, shall develop a United States strategy, including specific policies and programs, to protect and conserve biological diversity in developing countries.

"(d) Each annual report required by section 634(a) of this Act shall include, in a separate volume, a report on the implementation of this subsection. Not later than one year after the date of enactment of this section, the President shall submit a comprehensive report to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate on the United States strategy to protect and conserve biological diversity in developing countries.". 22 USC 2394. Report to Congress.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXCHANGES

SEC. 703. (a) Section 102(b) of the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2452(b)) is amended—

(1) by striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (9);

(2) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (10) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and

(3) by adding the following after paragraph (10):

"(11) interchanges and visits between the United States and other countries of scientists, scholars, leaders, and other experts in the fields of environmental science and environmental management.".

(b) Of the amount by which expenditures for the Fulbright Academic Exchange Programs, for the Humphrey Fellowship Program, and for the International Visitor Program for each of the fiscal years 1984 and 1985 exceeds the expenditures for these programs in fiscal year 1982, 5 per centum shall be used to finance programs authorized by the amendment made by subsection (a) of this section.

INTERNATIONAL WILDLIFE RESOURCES CONSERVATION

Review.

SEC. 704. (a) The Secretary of State and the Secretary of the Interior, in consultation with the heads of other concerned Federal agencies, shall undertake a review of the effectiveness of existing United States international activities relating to the conservation of international wildlife resources and shall develop recommendations to substantially improve existing capabilities. On the basis of this review, the Secretary of State and the Secretary of the Interior shall, within six months after the date of enactment of this Act, transmit to chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and to the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives a report—

Report to congressional committees.

(1) describing the programs of all Federal agencies concerned with international wildlife resources conservation programs;

(2) recommending an integrated United States plan of action to assist foreign governments and international organizations in conserving wildlife, taking into account the projections in the Global 2000 study;

(3) analyzing the extent to which the Department of State and other relevant Federal agencies are currently involved in—

(A) the establishment of effective liaison with international, national, and local governmental and nongovernmental agencies, organizations, and persons involved in or knowledgeable of wildlife resources conservation abroad;

(B) the provision of expert international wildlife resources conservation staff assistance and advice to United States Embassies, Agency for International Development missions, United States overseas military installations, and other United States governmental or private interests;

(C) facilitating the provision of advice or assistance to governments, agencies, or organizations which wish to enhance their wildlife resources conservation capabilities abroad;

(D) the acquisition and dissemination of reliable data or information concerning—

(i) the conservation status of species of wild fauna and flora;

(ii) the conservation status of lands and waters upon which wild fauna and flora depend;

(iii) existing or proposed laws, proclamations, statutes, orders, regulations, or policies which pertain to the taking, collecting, import, or export of wildlife resources, or to other aspects of international wildlife resources conservation;

(iv) the potential impact upon wildlife resources abroad of actions authorized, funded, or carried out by the United States Government; and

(v) opportunities to initiate or enhance the efficiency of international wildlife resources conservation by the transfer of United States expertise through technical assistance, training, exchange of publications, or other means;

(E) maintaining liaison, for the purposes of providing information needed to make sound conservation decisions, with persons responsible for implementing actions abroad which are authorized, funded, or carried out by Federal agencies or other persons under the jurisdiction of the United States; and

(F) the performance of any other activities which may be relevant to the United States obligations, authorities, or interests in the field of international wildlife resources conservation;

(4) recommending steps which could be taken to increase the capabilities of the Department of State and other relevant Federal agencies in carrying out the functions described in paragraph (3), including estimates of the costs of taking those steps and estimates of the personnel required to increase those capabilities; and

(5) analyzing the desirability of delineating geographic regions abroad (which would be known as "International Wildlife Resources Conservation Regions") and assigning qualified members of the Foreign Service to be responsible for wildlife resource conservation issues in those regions.

TITLE VIII—SOVIET-EASTERN EUROPEAN RESEARCH AND TRAINING

Soviet-Eastern European Research and Training Act of 1983.

SHORT TITLE

SEC. 801. This title may be cited as the "Soviet-Eastern European Research and Training Act of 1983".

22 USC 4501 note.

FINDINGS AND DECLARATIONS

SEC. 802. The Congress finds and declares that—

22 USC 4501.

(1) factual knowledge, independently verified, about the Soviet Union and Eastern European countries is of the utmost importance for the national security of the United States, for the furtherance of our national interests in the conduct of foreign relations, and for the prudent management of our domestic affairs;

(2) the development and maintenance of knowledge about the Soviet Union and Eastern European countries depends upon the national capability for advanced research by highly trained and experienced specialists, available for service in and out of Government;

(3) certain essential functions are necessary to ensure the existence of that knowledge and the capability to sustain it, including—

(A) graduate training;

(B) advanced research;

(C) public dissemination of research data, methods, and findings;

(D) contact and collaboration among Government and private specialists; and

(E) firsthand experience of the Soviet Union and Eastern European countries by American specialists, including on site conduct of advanced training and research to the extent practicable; and

(4) it is in the national interest for the United States Government to provide a stable source of financial support for the functions described in this section and to supplement the financial support for those functions which is currently being furnished by Federal, State, local, regional, and private agencies, organizations, and individuals, and thereby to stabilize the conduct of these functions on a national scale, consistently, and on a long range unclassified basis.

DEFINITIONS

22 USC 4502.

SEC. 803. As used in this title—

(1) the term "institution of higher education" has the same meaning given such term in section 1201(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965; and

20 USC 1141.

(2) the term "Advisory Committee" means the Soviet-Eastern European Studies Advisory Committee established by section 804(a).

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE SOVIET-EASTERN EUROPEAN STUDIES ADVISORY COMMITTEE

22 USC 4503.

SEC. 804. (a) There is established within the Department of State the Soviet-Eastern European Studies Advisory Committee which shall be composed of the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Education, the Librarian of Congress, the President of the American Association for the Advancement of Slavic Studies, and the President of the Association of American Universities. The Secretary of State shall be the Chairman.

Meetings.

(b) The Advisory Committee shall meet at the call of the Chairman and shall hold at least one meeting each year. Three members of the Advisory Committee shall constitute a quorum.

(c) The Secretary of State may detail personnel of the Department of State to provide technical and clerical assistance to the Advisory Committee in carrying out its functions under this title.

(d) The Advisory Committee shall recommend grant policies for the advancement of the objectives of this title. In proposing recipients for grants under this title, the Advisory Committee shall give the highest priority to national organizations with an interest and expertise in conducting research and training concerning Soviet and Eastern European countries and in disseminating the results of such research. In making its recommendations, the Advisory Committee shall emphasize the development of a stable, long-term research program.

AUTHORITY TO MAKE PAYMENTS

22 USC 4504.

SEC. 805. (a) The Secretary of State, after consultation with the Advisory Committee, shall make payments, in accordance with the

provisions of this section, out of funds made available to carry out this title.

(b)(1) One part of the payments made in each fiscal year shall be used to conduct a national research program at the postdoctoral or equivalent level, such program to include— Research program.

(A) the dissemination of information about the research program and the solicitation of proposals for research contracts from American institutions of higher education and not-for-profit corporations, such contracts to contain shared-cost provisions; and

(B) the awarding of contracts for such research projects as the respective institution determines will best serve to carry out the purposes of this title after reviewing proposals submitted under subparagraph (A).

(2) One part of the payments made in each fiscal year shall be used—

(A) to establish and carry out a program of graduate, postdoctoral, and teaching fellowships for advanced training in Soviet and Eastern European studies and related studies, such program— Graduate, postdoctoral and teaching fellowships.

(i) to be coordinated with the research program described in paragraph (1);

(ii) to be conducted, on a shared-cost basis, at American institutions of higher education; and

(iii) to include—

(I) the dissemination of information on the fellowship program and the solicitation of applications for fellowships from qualified institutions of higher education and qualified individuals; and

(II) the awarding of such fellowships as the respective institution determines will best serve to carry out the purposes of this title after reviewing applications submitted under subclause (I); and

(B) to disseminate research, data, and findings on Soviet and Eastern European studies and related fields in such a manner and to such extent as the respective institution determines will best serve to carry out the purposes of this title.

(3) One part of the payments made in each fiscal year shall be used—

(A) to provide fellowship and research support for American specialists in the fields of Soviet and Eastern European studies and related studies to conduct advanced research with particular emphasis upon the use of data on the Soviet Union and Eastern European countries; and

(B) to conduct seminars, conferences, and other similar workshops designed to facilitate research collaboration between Government and private specialists in the fields of Soviet and East European studies and related studies.

(4) One part of the payments made in each fiscal year shall be used to conduct specialized programs in advanced training and research on a reciprocal basis in the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and the countries of Eastern Europe designed to facilitate access for American specialists to research institutes, personnel, archives, documentation, and other research and training resources located in the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and Eastern European countries. Specialized programs in advanced training and research.

Language training.
Grants.

(5) One part of the payments made in each fiscal year shall be used to support language training in Russian and Eastern European languages. Such payments shall include grants to individuals to pursue such training and to summer language institutes operated by institutions of higher education. Preference shall be given for Russian language studies.

(6) Payments may be made to carry out other research and training in Soviet and Eastern European studies not otherwise described in this section.

APPLICATIONS; PAYMENTS TO ELIGIBLE ORGANIZATIONS

22 USC 4505.

SEC. 806. (a) Any institution seeking funding under this title shall prepare and submit an application to the Secretary of State once each fiscal year. Each such application shall—

(1) provide a description of the purposes for which the payments will be used in accordance with section 805; and

(2) provide such fiscal control and such accounting procedures as may be necessary (A) to ensure a proper accounting of Federal funds paid under this title, and (B) to ensure the verification of the costs of the continuing education and research programs conducted under this title.

(b) Payments under this title may be made in installments, in advance, or by way of reimbursement, with necessary adjustments on account of overpayments and underpayments.

REPORT

22 USC 4506.

SEC. 807. The Secretary of State shall prepare and submit to the President and the Congress at the end of each fiscal year in which an institution receives assistance under this title a report of the activities of such institution supported by such assistance, if the administrative expenses of such institution which are covered by such assistance represent more than 10 per centum of such assistance, together with such recommendations as the Advisory Committee deems advisable.

FEDERAL CONTROL OF EDUCATION PROHIBITED

22 USC 4507.

SEC. 808. Nothing contained in this title may be construed to authorize any department, agency, officer, or employee of the United States to exercise any direction, supervision, or control over the curriculum, program of instruction or research, administration, or personnel of any educational institution.

ALLOCATION OF FUNDS

22 USC 4508.

SEC. 809. Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by section 102(1) of this Act—

(1) up to $5,000,000 for the fiscal year 1984 shall be available to carry out this title; and

(2) $5,000,000 for the fiscal year 1985 shall be available only to carry out this title.

TERMINATION

SEC. 810. The provisions of this title shall cease to be effective at the end of the ten-year period beginning on the date of enactment of this title. 22 USC 4509.

TITLE IX—UNITED STATES-INDIA FUND FOR CULTURAL, EDUCATIONAL, AND SCIENTIFIC COOPERATION

United States-India Fund for Cultural, Educational, and Scientific Cooperation Act.

SHORT TITLE

SEC. 901. This title may be cited as the "United States-India Fund for Cultural, Educational, and Scientific Cooperation Act". 22 USC 290j note.

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE FUND

SEC. 902. (a) The President is authorized to enter into an agreement with the Government of India for the establishment of a fund (hereafter in this title referred to as the "Fund") which would provide grants and other assistance for cultural, educational, and scientific programs of mutual interest. Such programs may include exchanges of persons, exchanges of information, and other programs of study, research, and scholarly cooperation. The agreement may also provide for the establishment of an endowment, a foundation, or other means to carry out the purposes of the agreement. 22 USC 290j.

(b) The United States representatives on any board or other entity created in accordance with the agreement to administer the Fund shall be designated by the President predominately from among representatives of United States Government agencies, including those administering programs which may be supported in whole or in part by the Fund.

(c) United States Government agencies carrying out programs of the types specified in subsection (a) may receive amounts directly from the Fund for use in carrying out those programs.

USE OF UNITED STATES OWNED RUPEES TO CAPITALIZE THE FUND

SEC. 903. Subject to applicable requirements concerning reimbursement to the Treasury for United States owned foreign currencies, the President may make available to the Fund, for use in carrying out the agreement authorized by section 902, up to the equivalent of $200,000,000 in foreign currencies owned by the United States in India or owed to the United States by the Government of India. Such use may include investment in order to generate interest which would be retained in the Fund and used to support programs pursuant to that agreement. 22 USC 290j-1. Investments.

TITLE X—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Department of State Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1984 and 1985.

INTER-AMERICAN FOUNDATION

SEC. 1001. Section 401(s)(2) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1969 (22 U.S.C. 290f(s)(2)) is amended in the first sentence by striking out "$12,000,000 for the fiscal year 1982 and $12,800,000 for the fiscal year 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "$16,000,000 for the fiscal year 1984 and $16,000,000 for the fiscal year 1985".

HUMAN RIGHTS ACTIVITIES

SEC. 1002. (a) Section 116(e) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151n(e)) is amended—

(1) by striking out "$1,500,000 of the funds made available under this chapter for each of the fiscal years 1982 and 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "$3,000,000 of the funds made available under this chapter and chapter 4 of part II for each fiscal year";

(2) by inserting "(1)" immediately after "(e)"; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

Grants.

"(2)(A) Of the amounts made available to carry out this subsection, $500,000 for the fiscal year 1984 and $1,000,000 for the fiscal year 1985 shall be used for grants to nongovernmental organizations in South Africa promoting political, economic, social, juridical, and humanitarian efforts to foster a just society and to help victims of apartheid.

"(B) In making grants under this paragraph, priority should be given to those organizations or activities which contribute, directly or indirectly, to promoting a just society, to aiding victims of official discrimination, and to the nonviolent elimination of apartheid. Priority should also be given to those organizations whose programs and activities evidence community support. Grants may be made only for organizations whose character and membership reflect the objective of a majority of South Africans for an end to the apartheid system of separate development and for interracial cooperation and justice. Grants may not be made under this paragraph to governmental institutions or organizations or to organizations financed or controlled by the Government of South Africa.

Limitation.

"(C)(i) Except as provided in clause (ii), grants under this paragraph may not to exceed $10,000.

"(ii) Of the amounts allocated to carry out this paragraph, $100,000 shall be available each fiscal year only for grants to organizations which have available for their use resources whose value is at least equal to the amount of the grant under this paragraph. Grants of up to $30,000 may be made to such organizations. For purposes of this clause, the term 'resources' includes, in addition to cash assets, in-kind assets and contributions such as equipment, materials, and staff and volunteer time.

Report to Congress.

"(D) Within nine months after the date of enactment of this paragraph, the Administrator of the Agency for International Development shall prepare, in consultation with the Secretary of State, and shall submit to the Congress a report detailing grants and proposed grants under this paragraph and their conformity with the provisions of this paragraph.".

(b) Section 624(f)(2) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 2384(f)(2)) is amended by inserting immediately before the semicolon at the end of subparagraph (C) the following: ", and as part of the Assistant Secretary's overall policy responsibility for the creation of United States Government human rights policy, advising the Administrator of the Agency for International Development on the policy framework under which section 116(e) projects are developed and consulting with the Administrator on the selection and implementation of such projects".

Supra.

INTERNATIONAL NARCOTICS CONTROL

SEC. 1003. (a) Section 481(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2291(a)) is amended to read as follows:

"(a)(1) It is the sense of the Congress that—

"(A) under the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961, each signatory country has the responsibility of limiting to licit purposes the cultivation, production, manufacture, sale, and other distribution of scheduled drugs; 18 UST 1407.

"(B) the international community should provide assistance, where appropriate, to those producer and transit countries which require assistance in discharging these primary obligations;

"(C) international narcotics control programs should include, as a priority, the progressive elimination of the illicit cultivation of the crops from which narcotic and psychotropic drugs are derived, and should also include the suppression of the illicit manufacture of and traffic in narcotic and psychotropic drugs; and

"(D) effective international cooperation is necessary to control the illicit cultivation, production, and smuggling of, trafficking in, and abuse of narcotic and psychotropic drugs.

This cooperation should include the development and transmittal of plans by each signatory country to the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961, in which illicit narcotics and psychotropic crop cultivation exists, which would advise the International Narcotics Control Board, the United Nations Commission on Narcotic Drugs, and the international community of the strategy, programs, and timetable such country has established for the progressive elimination of that cultivation.

"(2) In order to promote such cooperation, the President is authorized to conclude agreements with other countries to facilitate control of the production, processing, transportation, and distribution of narcotics analgesics, including opium and its derivatives, other narcotic and psychotropic drugs, and other controlled substances.

"(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the President is authorized to furnish assistance to any country or international organization, on such terms and conditions as he may determine, for the control of narcotic and psychotropic drugs and other controlled substances.".

(b) Section 481 of such Act (22 U.S.C. 2291) is amended by striking out subsection (e) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(e)(1) Not later than February 1 of each year, the President shall transmit to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, a report on United States policy to establish and encourage an international strategy to prevent the illicit cultivation and manufacture of and traffic in narcotic and psychotropic drugs and other controlled substances. Report to Congress.

"(2)(A) Each report pursuant to this subsection shall describe the policies adopted, agreements concluded, and programs implemented by the Department of State in pursuit of its delegated responsibilities for international narcotics control, including policy development, bilateral and multilateral funding and other support for international narcotics control projects, representations of the United States Government to international organizations and agencies concerned with narcotics control, training of foreign enforcement personnel, coordination of the international narcotics control

activities of United States Government agencies, and technical assistance to international demand reduction programs.

"(B) Each such report shall also describe the activities of the United States in international financial institutions to combat the entry of illicit narcotic and psychotropic drugs and other controlled substances into the United States.

"(C) Each such report shall describe the activities for the fiscal year just ended, for the current fiscal year, and for the next fiscal year.

Identification of illicit drug producing countries.

"(3) Each such report shall identify those countries which are the significant direct or indirect sources of illicit narcotic and psychotropic drugs and other controlled substances significantly affecting the United States. For each such country, each report shall include the following:

"(A) A detailed status report, with such information as can be reliably obtained, on the illicit narcotic or psychotropic drugs or other controlled substances which are being cultivated, produced, or processed in or transported through such country, noting significant changes in conditions, such as increases or decreases in the illicit cultivation and manufacture of and traffic in such drugs and substances.

"(B) A description of the assistance under this chapter and the other kinds of United States assistance which such country received in the preceding fiscal year, which are planned for such country for the current fiscal year, and which are proposed for such country for the next fiscal year, with an analysis of the impact that the furnishing of each such kind of assistance has had or is expected to have on the illicit cultivation and manufacture of and traffic in narcotic and psychotropic drugs and other controlled substances in such country.

"(C) A description of the plans, programs, and timetables adopted by such country for the progressive elimination of the illicit cultivation of narcotic and pyschotropic drugs and other controlled substances, and a discussion of the adequacy of the legal and law enforcement measures taken and the accomplishments achieved in accord with these plans.

U.S. assistance.

"(4) In addition, each report pursuant to this subsection shall include, for each major illicit drug producing country for which the President is proposing to furnish United States assistance for the next fiscal year, a determination by the President of the maximum reductions in illicit drug production which are achievable during the next fiscal year. Such determination shall be based upon (A) the measures which the country is currently taking, and the measures which the country has planned for the next fiscal year, in order to prevent narcotic and psychotropic drugs and other controlled substances from being cultivated, produced, or processed illicitly, in whole or in part in such country, from being transported through such country to United States Government personnel or their dependents, or from entering the United States unlawfully, and (B) the other information provided pursuant to this subsection.

"(5) For each major illicit drug producing country which received United States assistance for the preceding fiscal year, each report pursuant to this subsection shall set forth the actual reductions in illicit drug production achieved by that country during such fiscal year.

Consultations.

"(f) As soon as possible after the transmittal of the report required by subsection (e), the designated representatives of the President

shall initiate appropriate consultations with members of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and members of the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives. Such consultations shall include in-person discussions by designated representatives of the President (including the Assistant Secretary of State for International Narcotics Control and appropriate representatives of the Department of Health and Human Services, the Department of the Treasury, the Department of Defense, the Department of Justice, and the Agency for International Development) to review the worldwide illicit drug production situation and the role that United States assistance to major illicit drug producing countries, and United States contributions to international financial institutions, have in combating the entry of illicit narcotic and pyschotropic drugs and other controlled substances into the United States. Such consultation shall include, with respect to each major illicit drug producing country for which the President is proposing to furnish United States assistance for the next fiscal year, the furnishing of—

"(1) a description of the nature of the illicit drug production problem;

"(2) an analysis of the climatic, geographic, political, economic, and social factors that affect the illicit drug production;

"(3) a description of the methodology employed to determine the maximum achievable reductions in illicit drug production described pursuant to subsection (e)(4); and

"(4) an analysis of any additional United States assistance that would be required to achieve those reductions.

Publication in Congressional Record.

The chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations and the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs shall each cause the substance of each consultation to be printed in the Congressional Record.

Hearing.

"(g) After consultations have been initiated pursuant to subsection (f), the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on Foreign Affairs should hold a hearing to review the report submitted pursuant to subsection (e), especially the determinations described in subsection (e)(4). The hearing shall be open to the public unless the committee determines, in accordance with the rules of its House, that the hearing should be closed to the public.

Suspension of U.S. assistance.

"(h)(1) If the President determines that a major illicit drug producing country has failed to take adequate steps to prevent narcotic and psychotropic drugs and other controlled substances produced or processed, in whole or in part, in such country or transported through such country, from being sold illegally within the jurisdiction of such country to United States Government personnel or their dependents or from being smuggled into the United States—

"(A) the President shall suspend United States assistance to or for such country; and

"(B) the Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct the United States Executive Director of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the United States Executive Director of the International Development Association, the United States Executive Director of the Inter-American Development Bank, and the United States Executive Director of the Asian Development Bank, to vote against any loan or other utilization of the funds of their respective institution to or for such country.

"(2) In determining whether adequate steps have been taken, the President shall give foremost consideration to whether the actions of the government of the country have resulted in the maximum reductions in illicit drug production which were determined to be achievable pursuant to subsection (e)(4). The President shall also consider whether such government has taken the legal and law enforcement measures to enforce in its territory, to the maximum extent possible, the elimination of illicit cultivation and the suppression of illicit manufacture of and traffic in narcotic and psychotropic drugs and other controlled substances, as evidenced by seizures of such drugs and substances and of illicit laboratories and the arrest and prosecution of violators involved in the traffic in such drugs and substances significantly affecting the United States.

Report to Congress.

"(3) If assistance to a country is suspended pursuant to this subsection, such suspension shall continue in force until the President determines, and reports to the Congress in writing, that the government of such country has taken the adequate steps described in paragraph (2) of this subsection, including—

"(A) having prepared, presented, and committed itself to a plan providing for the control, reduction, and gradual elimination of the illicit cultivation, production, processing, transportation, and distribution of narcotic and psychotropic drugs and other controlled substances within an explicitly stated period of time, with implementation commencing prior to the resumption of United States assistance to or for such country and prior to approval by the United States of the extension of any loan or the furnishing of any financial or technical assistance by any international financial institution to such country; and

"(B) having taken legal and law enforcement measures to enforce effective suppression of the illicit cultivation, production, processing, transportation, and distribution of narcotic and pyschotropic drugs and other controlled substances.

Definitions.

"(i) As used in this section—

"(1) the term 'legal and law enforcement measures' means—

"(A) the enactment and implementation of laws and regulations or the implementation of existing laws and regulations to provide for the progressive control, reduction, and gradual elimination of the illicit cultivation, production, processing, transportation, and distribution of narcotic drugs and other controlled substances; and

"(B) the effective organization, staffing, equipping, funding, and activation of those governmental authorities responsible for narcotics control;

"(2) the term 'major illicit drug producing country' means a country producing five metric tons or more of opium or opium derivative during a fiscal year or producing five hundred metric tons or more of coca or marijuana (as the case may be) during a fiscal year;

"(3) the term 'narcotic and psychotropic drugs and other controlled substances' has the same meaning as is given by any applicable international narcotics control agreement or domestic law of the country or countries concerned; and

"(4) the term 'United States assistance' means assistance of any kind which is provided by grant, sale, loan, lease, credit, guaranty, or insurance, or by any other means, by any agency or instrumentality of the United States Government to any foreign country, including—

"(A) assistance under this Act (including programs under title IV of chapter 2 of this part);

"(B) sales, credits, and guaranties under the Arms Export Control Act; 22 USC 2751 note.

"(C) sales under title I or III and donations under title II of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 of nonfood commodities; 7 USC 1701, 1727, 1721.

"(D) other financing programs of the Commodity Credit Corporation for export sales of nonfood commodities; and

"(E) financing under the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945; 12 USC 635 note.

except that the term 'United States assistance' does not include (i) international narcotics control assistance under this chapter, (ii) disaster relief assistance (including any assistance under chapter 9 of this part), (iii) assistance which involves the provision of food or medicine, (iv) assistance for refugees, (v) assistance under the Inter-American Foundation Act, or (vi) activities authorized pursuant to the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401 et seq.), the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 403a et seq.), or Executive Order Number 12333 (December 4, 1981). 50 USC 401 note.

"(j) The Department of State shall encourage the International Narcotics Control Board and the United Nations Commission on Narcotic Drugs to take such actions as are appropriate and necessary to secure from signatory countries to the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961, the plans described in this section, and to obtain reports from such countries on their achievements under such plans.". 18 UST 1407.

TERMINATION OF ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS FOR SYRIA

SEC. 1004. (a) After the enactment of this section, funds available to the Agency for International Development may not be used for any payment or reimbursement of any kind to the Government of Syria or for the delivery of any goods or services of any kind to the Government of Syria. 22 USC 2346a note.

(b) The Administrator of the Agency for International Development shall deobligate all funds which have been obligated for Syria under the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 prior to the enactment of this section, except that— 22 USC 2151 note.

(1) such funds may continue to be used to finance the training or studies outside of Syria of students whose course of study began before the enactment of this section;

(2) the Administrator may adopt as a contract of the United States Government any contract with a United States or third-country contractor which would otherwise be terminated pursuant to this subsection, and may assume in whole or in part any liabilities arising under such contract, except that the authority provided by this paragraph may be exercised only to the extent that budget authority is available to meet the obligations of the United States under such contracts; and

(3) amounts certified pursuant to section 1311 of the Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1955, as having been obligated for Syria under chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 shall continue to be available until expended to meet necessary expenses arising from the termination of assistance programs for Syria pursuant to this subsection. 31 USC 1108, 1501, 1502. 22 USC 2346.

PROHIBITION ON CERTAIN ASSISTANCE TO THE KHMER ROUGE IN KAMPUCHEA

22 USC 2151 note.

SEC. 1005. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, none of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or any other Act may be obligated or expended for the purpose or with the effect of promoting, sustaining, or augmenting, directly or indirectly, the capacity of the Khmer Rouge or any of its members to conduct military or paramilitary operations in Kampuchea or elsewhere in Indochina.

(b) All funds appropriated before the date of enactment of this section which were obligated but not expended for activities having the purpose or effect described in subsection (a) shall be deobligated and shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States as miscellaneous receipts.

(c) This section shall not be construed as limiting the provision of food, medicine, or other humanitarian assistance to the Kampuchean people.

RAOUL WALLENBERG AND JAN KAPLAN

SEC. 1006. (a) The Congress finds that—

(1) the Soviet Union arrested one of the great heroes of modern times in 1945 when they arrested Raoul Wallenberg;

(2) Raoul Wallenberg was a Swedish diplomat who, at great personal risk, had acted to save hundreds of thousands of Hungarian Jews from the Nazi Holocaust;

(3) Raoul Wallenberg took these actions as a humanitarian and with the knowledge, consent, and financial assistance of the United States Government;

(4) Raoul Wallenberg has recently been made an honorary citizen of the United States;

(5) the Soviet Union has changed their story a number of times about the whereabouts of Raoul Wallenberg;

(6) the most recent position of the Soviet Union is that he died in 1947;

(7) there are many eyewitnesses who have testified that they saw Raoul Wallenberg in Russian prisons and hospitals in the decades since the 1940's;

(8) one of the most recent eyewitnesses was Jan Kaplan, a Russian refusnik who shortly after his release from a Soviet jail in 1977, phoned his daughter, Doctor Anna Bilder, in Israel and reported that he had met a Swede in prison who had survivied thirty years in the Gulag;

(9) during the next two years, Anna Bilder received no further word from or about her father;

(10) in July 1977, Jan Kaplan's wife smuggled a letter to Doctor Bilder informing her that Jan Kaplan had been rearrested because of a letter he had tried to smuggle to her about Raoul Wallenberg;

(11) in 1980, the Swedish Government sent an official request to interview Jan Kaplan;

(12) the Soviets made no response to this request;

(13) the whereabouts of Jan Kaplan are not known; and

(14) Jan Kaplan could provide valuable information about Raoul Wallenberg.

(b) It is the sense of the Congress that the President, acting directly or through the Secretary of State, should take all possible

steps at all appropriate times to ascertain the whereabouts of Jan Kaplan and to request an interview with him in order to learn more concerning the whereabouts of Raoul Wallenberg.

POLICY TOWARD THE EXPORT OF NUCLEAR-RELATED EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OR TECHNOLOGY TO INDIA, ARGENTINA, AND SOUTH AFRICA

SEC. 1007. (a) It is the sense of Congress that the United States Government should disapprove the export of, and should suspend or revoke approval for the export of, any nuclear-related equipment, material, or technology, including nuclear components and heavy water, to the Government of India, Argentina, or South Africa until such time as such government gives the Government of the United States stronger nuclear nonproliferation guarantees. Such guarantees should include—

(1) reliable assurances by such government that it is not engaged in any program leading to the development, testing, or detonation of nuclear explosive devices; and

(2) agreement by such government to accept international safeguards on all its nuclear facilities.

(b) If the President determines, in the case of India's Tarapur reactor, while it is under International Atomic Energy Agency inspection, that certain equipment or nonnuclear material or technology is necessary for humanitarian reasons to protect the health and safety of operations and is not available from a foreign supplier, the President may authorize the export of such equipment or nonnuclear material or technology.

ACID RAIN

SEC. 1008. (a) The Congress finds the following:

(1) Acid deposition, commonly known as "acid rain" is believed to have caused serious damage to the natural environment in large parts of Canada and the United States and has raised justified concerns among citizens of both countries.

(2) Acid rain is believed to have caused billions of dollars of damage annually to both natural and manmade materials. It damages crops and the forests which support 25 per centum of the Canadian economy and much of our own. It threatens marine life in fresh water lakes, rivers, and streams.

(3) The principal sources of acid rain are believed to be emissions resulting from power generation, industrial production, mineral smelters, and automobile transportation which originate in both the United States and Canada and which affect the environment of the other.

(4) Section 612 of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, fiscal year 1979, called upon the President to "make ever effort to negotiate a cooperative agreement with the Government of Canada aimed at preserving the mutual airshed of the United States and Canada so as to protect and enhance air resoures". 42 USC 7415 note.

(5) On August 5, 1980, the Governments of Canada and the United States signed a Memorandum of Intent committing both parties "to develop a bilateral agreement which will reflect and further the development of effective domestic control programs and other measures to combat transboundary air pollution," and, as an interim action, committing both parties to "promote

vigorous enforcement of existing laws and regulations" and "to develop domestic air pollution control policies and strategies, and as necessary and appropriate, seek legislative or other support to give effect to them".

(6) The Government of Canada has made a formal offer to reduce eastern emissions of sulfur dioxide by 50 per centum by 1990 should the United States make a comparable commitment.

(7) Both the United States and Canada have taken steps to reduce transboundary pollutants. Present United States air emission standards are the most stringent in the world. In the past decade, the United States has reduced sulfur dioxide emissions by 15 per centum. However, the failure of the United States to respond in a timely manner to concerns about transboundary air pollution would harm the historically close relations between the United States and Canada.

(8) The strategies and techniques adopted to control air pollution emissions should weigh heavily the employment and other economic effects on employment in the United States and Canada of the acid precipitation, electricity generation, manufacture, distribution and installation of pollution control equipment, and any curtailment of emission producing industrial activity.

(b) It is therefore the sense of the Congress that the President should—

(1) respond constructively to the Canadian offer on air pollution emissions;

(2) proceed to negotiate as expeditiously as possible a bilateral agreement with Canada providing for significant reductions in transboundary air pollution while keeping economic dislocations in both countries to the minimum possible; and

(3) consider prompt initiation of a joint Government-supported program to develop new cost-effective technologies that will facilitate reduction of sulfur dioxide emissions and other copollutants;

Report to Congress.

(4) instruct the Secretary of State to report to the Congress no later than December 1, 1983, on the progress toward achieving a new transboundary air pollution agreement, including a cooperative program on new technologies.

INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS ON NATURAL GAS

SEC. 1009. (a) The Congress finds that—

(1) the foreign policy and economic well-being of the United States depend on mutually beneficial relationships with our trading partners throughout the world;

(2) America's present economic difficulties have been caused in part by the huge increases in the price of energy, especially imported energy, during the 1970's;

(3) at a time when prices for other forms of energy are stabilizing or falling, the burner-tip price of natural gas continues to rise throughout the United States;

(4) the high price of natural gas is a severe hardship for low-income persons, the elderly, the agricultural industry, small businesses, and other consumers without alternative fuel sources;

(5) high-priced imported natural gas is a major factor contributing to these price increases;

(6) imports of high-priced natural gas continue at prices above fair market levels, despite the increased availability of uncommitted and ample supplies of lower priced domestic gas;

(7) it is in the interest of the United States to continue to import natural gas from secure sources in whatever quantity consumers require, as long as the price is fair;

(8) the principles of free and fair international trade require that natural gas prices and terms of trade be made fair to all trading partners; and

(9) the immediacy of this problem requires the prompt and serious attention of all parties involved.

(b) It is the sense of the Congress that--

(1) the United States Government should move immediately to promote lower prices and fair market conditions for imported natural gas; and

(2) within thirty days after the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary of State, with the assistance of the Secretary of Energy, should prepare and transmit to the Congress a report on the progress made in achieving lower prices and fair market conditions for imported natural gas. Report to Congress.

PREPUBLICATION REVIEW OF WRITINGS OF FORMER FEDERAL EMPLOYEES

SEC. 1010. The head of a department or agency of the Government may not, before April 15, 1984, enforce, issue, or implement any rule, regulation, directive, policy, decision, or order which (1) would require any officer or employee to submit, after termination of employment with the Government, his or her writings for prepublication review by an officer or employee of the Government, and (2) is different from the rules, regulations, directives, policies, decisions, or orders (relating to prepublication review of such writings) in effect on March 1, 1983.

ELIMINATION AND MODIFICATION OF REPORTS

SEC. 1011. (a) The following provisions are repealed:

(1) Section 126(c) of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, fiscal year 1979 (22 U.S.C. 2691 note).

(2) Section 405(b) of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, fiscal year 1979 (22 U.S.C. 1048 note).

(3) Section 12(d) of the Taiwan Relations Act (22 U.S.C. 3311(d)).

(4) Section 4 of the Act of November 13, 1979 (Public Law 96-110; 93 Stat. 844). Repeal.

(5) Section 109(a)(7) of the Foreign Relations Authorizations Act, fiscal year 1978 (22 U.S.C. 2384 note).

(6) Section 411 of the International Development Cooperation Act of 1979 (22 U.S.C. 3511). Repeal.

(b) Section 412(b)(1)(B) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1522(b)(1)(B)) is amended—

(1) by striking out the first sentence; and

(2) by striking out "after such study" in the second sentence.

EXTENDED VOLUNTARY DEPARTURE STATUS FOR CERTAIN EL SALVADORANS

SEC. 1012. (a) The Congress finds that—

(1) ongoing fighting between the military forces of the Government of El Salvador and opposition forces is creating potentially life-threatening situations for innocent nationals of El Salvador;

(2) thousands of El Salvadoran nationals have fled from El Salvador and entered the United States since January 1980;

(3) currently the United States Government is detaining these nationals of El Salvador for the purpose of deporting or otherwise returning them to El Salvador, thereby irreparably harming the foreign policy image of the United States;

(4) deportation of these nationals could be temporarily suspended, until it became safe to return to El Salvador, if they are provided with extended voluntary departure status; and

(5) such extended voluntary departure status has been granted in recent history in cases of nationals who fled from Vietnam, Laos, Iran, and Nicaragua.

(b) Therefore, it is the sense of the Congress that—

(1) the Secretary of State should recommend that extended voluntary departure status be granted to aliens—

(A) who are nationals of El Salvador,

(B) who have been in the United States since before January 1, 1983,

(C) who otherwise qualify for voluntary departure (in lieu of deportation) under section 242(b) or 244(e) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1252(b) and 1254(e)), and

(D) who were not excludable from the United States at the time of their entry on any ground specified in section 212(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)) other than the grounds described in paragraphs (14), (15), (20), (21), and (25); and

(2) such status should be granted to those aliens until the situation in El Salvador has changed sufficiently to permit their safely residing in that country.

EXPEDITED PROCEDURES FOR CERTAIN JOINT RESOLUTIONS AND BILLS

50 USC 1546a.

SEC. 1013. Any joint resolution or bill introduced in either House which requires the removal of United States Armed Forces engaged in hostilities outside the territory of the United States, its possessions and territories, without a declaration of war or specific statutory authorization shall be considered in accordance with the procedures of section 601(b) of the International Security Assistance

and Arms Export Control Act of 1976, except that any such resolution or bill shall be amendable. If such a joint resolution or bill should be vetoed by the President, the time for debate in consideration of the veto message on such measure shall be limited to twenty hours in the Senate and in the House shall be determined in accordance with the Rules of the House. 90 Stat. 765.

Approved November 22, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2915 (S. 1342):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 98-130 (Comm. on Foreign Affairs) and No. 98-563 (Comm. of Conference).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-143 accompanying S. 1342 (Comm. on Foreign Relations).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
June 9, considered and passed House.
Sept. 22, 23, Oct. 5, 19, S. 1342 considered in Senate.
Oct. 20, considered and passed Senate, amended, in lieu of S. 1342.
Nov. 17, 18, conference report considered and passed House.
Nov. 18, Senate agreed to conference report.

Public Law 98-165
98th Congress

An Act

Nov. 22, 1983
[H.R. 3885]

To provide for the restoration of Federal recognition to the Confederated Tribes of the Grand Ronde Community of Oregon, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Grand Ronde Restoration Act.

SHORT TITLE

25 USC 713 note.

SECTION 1. This Act may be cited as the "Grand Ronde Restoration Act".

DEFINITIONS

25 USC 713.

SEC. 2. For the purposes of this Act—

(1) the term "tribe" means the Confederated Tribes of the Grand Ronde Community of Oregon considered as one tribe in accordance with section 3;

(2) the term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior or his designated representative;

(3) the term "Interim Council" means the council which is established under, and the members of which are elected pursuant to, section 5;

(4) the term "tribal governing body" means the governing body which is established under, and the members of which are elected pursuant to, the tribal constitution and bylaws adopted in accordance with section 6; and

(5) the term "member", when used with respect to the tribe, means an individual enrolled on the membership roll of the tribe in accordance with section 7.

CONSIDERATION OF THE CONFEDERATED TRIBES OF THE GRAND RONDE COMMUNITY AS ONE TRIBE

25 USC 713a.

SEC. 3. The Confederated Tribes of the Grand Ronde Community of Oregon shall be considered as one tribal unit for purposes of Federal recognition and eligibility for Federal benefits under section 4, the establishment of tribal self-government under sections 5 and 6, the compilation of a tribal membership roll under section 7, and the establishment of a tribal reservation under section 8.

RESTORATION OF FEDERAL RECOGNITION, RIGHTS, AND PRIVILEGES

25 USC 713b.

SEC. 4. (a) FEDERAL RECOGNITION.—Notwithstanding any provision of the Act approved August 13, 1954 (25 U.S.C. 691 et seq.) or any other law, Federal recognition is extended to the Confederated Tribes of the Grand Ronde Community of Oregon and the corporate charter of such tribe issued pursuant to section 17 of the Act approved June 18, 1934 (25 U.S.C. 477) and ratified by the tribe on August 22, 1936, is reinstated. Except as otherwise provided in this Act, all laws and regulations of the United States of general

application to Indians or nations, tribes, or bands of Indians which are not inconsistent with any specific provision of this Act shall be applicable to the tribe.

(b) RESTORATION OF RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES.—Except as provided in subsection (d), all rights and privileges of the tribe and the members of the tribe under any Federal treaty, Executive order, agreement, or statute, or under any other Federal authority, which may have been diminished or lost under the Act approved August 13, 1954 (25 U.S.C. 691 et seq.) are restored, and the provisions of such Act shall be inapplicable to the tribe and to members of the tribe after the date of enactment of this Act.

(c) FEDERAL SERVICES AND BENEFITS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the tribe and its members shall be eligible, on and after the date of the enactment of this Act, for all Federal services and benefits furnished to federally recognized Indian tribes without regard to the existence of a reservation for the tribe. In the case of Federal services available to members of federally recognized Indian tribes residing on or near a reservation, members of the tribe residing in the following counties of the State of Oregon shall be deemed to be residing on or near a reservation:

(1) Washington County.
(2) Marion County.
(3) Yamhill County.
(4) Polk County.
(5) Tillamook County.
(6) Multnomah County.

Any member residing in any such county shall continue to be eligible to receive any such Federal service notwithstanding the establishment of any reservation for the tribe in accordance with any plan prepared pursuant to section 8.

(d) NO HUNTING, FISHING OR TRAPPING RIGHTS RESTORED.—No hunting, fishing, or trapping rights of any nature of the tribe or of any member, including any indirect or procedural right or advantage over individuals who are not members, are granted or restored under this Act.

(e) EFFECT ON PROPERTY RIGHTS AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS.—Except as otherwise specifically provided in this Act, no provision contained in this Act shall alter any property right or obligation, any contractual right or obligation, or any obligation for taxes already levied.

INTERIM COUNCIL

SEC. 5. (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established an Interim Council of the tribe which shall be composed of nine members. The Interim Council shall represent the tribe and its members in the implementation of this Act and shall be the governing body of the tribe until the tribal governing body established in accordance with section 6 first convenes. 25 USC 713c.

(b) NOMINATION AND ELECTION OF INTERIM COUNCIL MEMBERS.—(1) Within forty-five days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall announce the date of a general council meeting of the tribe to nominate candidates for election to the Interim Council. Such general council meeting shall be held within fifteen days of such announcement.

(2) Within forty-five days after such general council meeting, the Secretary shall hold an election by secret ballot to elect the members of the Interim Council from among the members nominated in

such general council meeting. Absentee and write-in balloting shall be permitted.

Election, results.

(3) The Secretary shall approve the results of the Interim Council election conducted pursuant to this section if he is satisfied that the requirements of this section relating to the nomination and the election processes have been met. If he is not satisfied, he shall call for another general council meeting to be held within sixty days after such election to nominate candidates for election to the Interim Council and shall hold another election within forty-five days of such meeting.

Meeting and election, notification.

(4) The Secretary shall take any action necessary to ensure that each member described in section 7(d) of this Act is given notice of the time, place, and purpose of each meeting and election held pursuant to this subsection at least ten days before such general meeting or election.

(c) AUTHORITY AND CAPACITY; TERMINATION.—(1) The Interim Council shall have no powers other than those given it under this Act.

(2) With respect to any Federal service or benefit for which the tribe or any member is eligible, the Interim Council shall have full authority and capacity to receive grants and to enter into contracts.

(3)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the Interim Council and such Council's authority and capacity under this section shall cease to exist on the date the tribal governing body first convenes.

(B) With respect to any contractual right established and any obligation entered into by the Interim Council, such Council shall have the authority and capacity to bind the tribal governing body, as the successor in interest to the Interim Council, for a period of not more than six months beginning on the date such tribal governing body first convenes.

(d) VACANCY ON INTERIM COUNCIL.—Within thirty days after a vacancy occurs on the Interim Council and subject to the approval of the Secretary, the Interim Council shall hold a general council meeting to nominate a candidate for election to fill such vacancy and shall hold such election. The Interim Council shall provide notice of the time, place, and purpose of such meeting and election to members described in section 7(d) of this Act at least ten days before each such general meeting or election.

Meeting and election, notification.

TRIBAL CONSTITUTION AND BYLAWS; TRIBAL GOVERNING BODY

25 USC 713d.

SEC. 6. (a) ADOPTION OF PROPOSED CONSTITUTION AND BYLAWS; ELECTION: TIME AND PROCEDURE.—(1) The Interim Council shall be responsible for preparing the tribal constitution and bylaws which shall provide for, at a minimum, the establishment of a tribal governing body and tribal membership qualifications. Such proposed constitution and bylaws shall be adopted by the Interim Council no later than six months after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Election.

(2) Upon the adoption of the proposed tribal constitution and bylaws by the Interim Council, the Council shall request the Secretary, in writing, to schedule an election to approve or disapprove the adoption of such constitution and bylaws. The Secretary shall conduct an election by secret ballot in accordance with section 16 of the Act approved June 18, 1934 (25 U.S.C. 476).

(b) NOTICE AND CONSULTATION.—Not less than thirty days before any election scheduled pursuant to subsection (a), a copy of the proposed tribal constitution and bylaws, as adopted by the Interim

Council, along with a brief and impartial description of the proposed constitution and bylaws shall be sent to each member eligible to participate in such election under section 7(d). The members of the Interim Council may freely consult with members of the tribe concerning the text and description of the constitution and bylaws, except that such consultation may not be carried on within fifty feet of the polling places on the date of such election.

(c) MAJORITY VOTE FOR ADOPTION; PROCEDURE IN EVENT OF FAILURE TO ADOPT PROPOSED CONSTITUTION.—(1) In any election held pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, a vote of a majority of those actually voting shall be necessary and sufficient for the approval of the adoption of the tribal constitution and bylaws.

(2) If in any such election such majority does not approve the adoption of the proposed tribal constitution and bylaws, the Interim Council shall be responsible for preparing another tribal constitution and other bylaws in the same manner provided in this section for the first proposed constitution and bylaws. Such new proposed constitution and bylaws shall be adopted by the Interim Council no later than six months after the date of the election in which the first proposed constitution and bylaws failed of adoption. An election on the question of the adoption of the new proposal of the Interim Council shall be conducted in the same manner provided in subsection (a)(2) for the election on the first proposed constitution and bylaws.

(d) ELECTION OF TRIBAL GOVERNING BODY.—Not later than one hundred and twenty days after the tribe approves the adoption of the tribal constitution and bylaws and subject to the approval of the Secretary, the Interim Council shall conduct an election, by secret ballot, to elect the tribal governing body established under such constitution and bylaws. Notwithstanding any provision of the tribal constitution and bylaws, absentee and write-in balloting shall be permitted in an election under this subsection.

MEMBERSHIP ROLLS; VOTING RIGHTS OF MEMBER

SEC. 7. (a) MEMBERSHIP ROLL ESTABLISHED AND OPENED.—The membership roll of the tribe is established and open. 25 USC 713e.

(b) CRITERIA GOVERNING ELIGIBILITY.—(1) Until the first election of the tribal governing body is held pursuant to section 6(d), any living individual may be enrolled on the membership roll of the tribe if—

(A) that individual's name was listed on the final membership roll of the tribe published on April 6, 1956, in volume 20, number 101, Federal Register, pages 3636 through 3642; 20 FR 3636-3642.

(B) that individual was entitled to be on the membership roll of the tribe on August 13, 1954, but was not listed; or

(C) that individual is a descendant of an individual, living or dead, described in subparagraph (A) or (B) and possesses at least one-fourth degree of blood of members of the tribe, living or dead, or individuals who are or would have been eligible to be members under this paragraph.

(2) After the first election of the tribal governing body is held pursuant to section 6(d), the provisions of the constitution and bylaws adopted in accordance with section 6(a) shall govern membership in the tribe.

(c) PROCEDURES FOR VERIFICATION OF ELIGIBILITY.—(1) Before the election of the members of the Interim Council is held pursuant to section 5(b), verification of (A) descendancy, for purposes of enroll-

ment, and (B) age, for purposes of voting rights under subsection (d), shall be made upon oath before the Secretary whose determination thereon shall be final.

(2) After the election of the members of the Interim Council is held pursuant to section 5(b), but before the first election of the members of the tribal governing body is held pursuant to section 6(d), the verification of descendancy and age shall be made upon oath before the Interim Council, or its authorized representative. An individual may appeal the exclusion of his name from the membership roll of the tribe to the Secretary, who shall make a final determination of each such appeal within ninety days after such an appeal has been filed with him. The determination of the Secretary with respect to such an appeal shall be final.

Name exclusion, appeal.

(3) After the first election of the members of the tribal governing body is held pursuant to section 6(d), the provisions of the constitution and bylaws adopted in accordance with section 6(a) shall govern the verification of any requirements for membership in the tribe. The Interim Council and the Secretary shall deliver their records and files and any other material relating to the enrollment of tribal members to such tribal governing body.

(4) Not less than sixty days before the election under section 6(a), the Secretary shall publish in the Federal Register a certified copy of the membership roll of the tribe as of the date of such publication. Such membership roll shall include the names of all individuals who were enrolled by the Secretary, either directly under paragraph (1) or pursuant to an appeal under paragraph (2), and by the Interim Council under paragraph (2).

Publication in Federal Register.

(d) VOTING RIGHTS OF MEMBER.—Each member who is eighteen years of age or older shall be eligible to attend, participate in, and vote at each general council meeting. Each such member may nominate candidates for any office, run for any office, and vote in any election of members to the Interim Council and to such other tribal governing body as may be established under the constitution and bylaws adopted in accordance with section 6.

ESTABLISHMENT OF TRIBAL RESERVATION

25 USC 713f.

SEC. 8. (a) PLAN FOR ESTABLISHMENT OF RESERVATION.—(1) Any reservation for the tribe shall be established by an Act of Congress enacted after the enactment of this Act.

(2) The Secretary shall enter into negotiations with the tribal governing body with respect to establishing a reservation for the tribe and, in accordance with this section and within two years of the date of the enactment of this Act, develop a plan for the establishment of such a reservation. Upon the approval of such plan by the tribal governing body (and after consultation with interested parties pursuant to subsection (b)), the Secretary shall submit such plan to the Clerk of the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate for distribution to the committees of the respective Houses of the Congress with jurisdiction over the subject matter.

Plan submittal to congressional committees.

(b) CONSULTATION WITH STATE AND LOCAL OFFICIALS REQUIRED.—To assure that legitimate State and local interests are not prejudiced by the proposed enlargement of the reservation, the Secretary shall notify and consult all appropriate officials of the State of Oregon, all appropriate local governmental officials in the State of Oregon, and any other interested party in developing any plan under subsection (a). The Secretary shall provide complete informa-

tion on the proposed plan to such officials and interested parties, including the restrictions on such proposed plan imposed by subsection (c). During any consultation by the Secretary under this subsection, the Secretary shall provide such information as he may possess, and shall request comments and additional information, on the following subjects:

Information availability. Comments.

(1) The size and location of the proposed reservation.

(2) The anticipated effect of the establishment of the proposed reservation on State and local expenditures and tax revenues.

(3) The extent of any State or local service to the tribe, the reservation of the tribe, or members after the establishment of the proposed reservation.

(4) The extent of Federal services to be provided in the future to the tribe, the reservation of the tribe, or members.

(5) The extent of service to be provided in the future by the tribe to members residing on or off the reservation.

(c) RESTRICTIONS ON PLAN.—Any plan developed by the Secretary under subsection (a) shall provide that—

(1) any real property transferred by the tribe or any member to the Secretary shall be taken and held in the name of the United States for the benefit of the tribe and shall be a part of the reservation of the tribe;

(2) the establishment of the reservation shall not grant or restore to the tribe or any member any hunting, fishing, or trapping right of any kind on such reservation, including any indirect or procedural right or advantage over individuals who are not members of the tribe;

(3) the Secretary shall not accept any real property in trust for the benefit of the tribe or its members which is not located within the political boundaries of Polk, Yamhill, or Tillamook County, Oregon;

(4) any real property taken in trust by the Secretary pursuant to such plan shall be subject to—

(A) all legal rights and interests in such land existing at the time of the acquisition of such land by the Secretary, including any lien, mortgage, or previously levied and outstanding State or local tax, and

(B) foreclosure or sale in accordance with the laws of the State of Oregon pursuant to the terms of any valid obligation in existence at the time of the acquisition of such land by the Secretary;

(5) any real property transferred pursuant to such plan shall be exempt from Federal, State, and local taxation of any kind;

(6) the State of Oregon shall exercise criminal and civil jurisdiction over the reservation, and over the individuals on the reservation, in accordance with section 1162 of title 18, United States Code, and section 1360 of title 28, United States Code, respectively; and

(7) any Federal real property transferred for the benefit of the tribe, pursuant to any reservation plan developed under section 8(a) of this Act, shall come only from available public lands administered under the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701), and from lands held in trust by the United States for the tribe or for individual Indians.

(d) APPENDIX TO PLAN SUBMITTED TO THE CONGRESS.—The Secretary shall append to the plan submitted to the Congress under subsection (a) a detailed statement—

(1) describing the manner in which the Secretary notified all interested parties in accordance with subsection (b);

(2) naming each individual and official consulted in accordance with subsection (b);

(3) summarizing the testimony received by the Secretary pursuant to any such consultation; and

(4) including any written comments or reports submitted to the Secretary by any party named in paragraph (2).

REGULATIONS

25 USC 713g.

SEC. 9. The Secretary may promulgate such regulations as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

Approved November 22, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3885:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-464 (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Nov. 7, considered and passed House.
Nov. 11, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-166
98th Congress

An Act

Making appropriations for the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for other purposes.

Nov. 28, 1983
[H.R. 3222]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for other purposes, namely:

Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1984.

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND RELATED AGENCIES

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Department of Commerce and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984.

General Administration

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the general administration of the Department of Commerce, including not to exceed $2,000 for official entertainment, $32,868,000.

SPECIAL FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM

For payments in foreign currencies which the Treasury Department determines to be excess to the normal requirements of the United States, for necessary expenses for the promotion of foreign commerce and for scientific and technological research and development, as authorized by law, $693,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That this appropriation shall be available, in addition to other appropriations to the Department of Commerce, for payments in the foregoing currencies.

Bureau of the Census

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for collecting, compiling, analyzing, preparing, and publishing statistics, provided for by law, $77,507,000.

PERIODIC CENSUSES AND PROGRAMS

For expenses necessary to collect and publish statistics for periodic censuses and programs provided for by law, $78,220,000, to remain available until expended. None of the funds made available to the Bureau of the Census under this Act may be expended for prosecution of any person for the failure to return 1978 Agricultural

Census forms 78-A40A or 78-A40B, or 78-A40C or 78-A40D, or form 79-A9A, or form 79-A9B, or for the preparation of similar forms for any future agricultural census.

ECONOMIC AND STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses, as authorized by law, of economic and statistical analysis programs, $38,337,000.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

42 USC 3121 note. 84 Stat. 375.

For economic development assistance as provided by the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965, as amended, and Public Law 91-304, and such laws that were in effect immediately before September 30, 1982, $240,000,000: *Provided,* That during fiscal year 1984 total commitments to guarantee loans shall not exceed $150,000,000 of contingent liability for loan principal. Of the total amount appropriated under this heading, $40,000,000 shall be made available under the criteria and conditions of assistance described in section 101(a) of Public Law 98-8.

Ante, p. 29.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of administering the economic development assistance programs as provided for by law, $27,500,000: *Provided,* That these funds may be used to monitor projects approved pursuant to title I of the Public Works Employment Act of 1976, as amended, title II of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, and the Community Emergency Drought Relief Act of 1977. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act or any other law, funds appropriated in this paragraph shall be used to fill and maintain forty-seven permanent positions designated as Economic Development Representatives out of the total number of permanent positions funded in the Salaries and Expenses account of the Economic Development Administration for fiscal year 1984, and such positions shall be maintained in the various States within the approved organizational structure in place on June 1, 1981, and where possible, with those employees who filled those positions on that date.

42 USC 6701 note. 19 USC 2251. 42 USC 5184 note. Economic Development Representatives.

INTERNATIONAL TRADE ADMINISTRATION

OPERATIONS AND ADMINISTRATION

For necessary expenses for international trade activities of the Department of Commerce, including trade promotional activities abroad without regard to the provisions of law set forth in 44 U.S.C. 3702 and 3703; full medical coverage for dependent members of immediate families of employees stationed overseas; employment of Americans and aliens by contract for services abroad; rental of space abroad for periods not exceeding five years, and expenses of alteration, repair, or improvement; purchase or construction of temporary demountable exhibition structures for use abroad; payment of tort claims, in the manner authorized in the first paragraph of 28

U.S.C. 2672 when such claims arise in foreign countries; not to exceed $165,200 for official representation expenses abroad; awards of compensation to informers under the Export Administration Act of 1979, and as authorized by 22 U.S.C. 401(b); purchase of passenger motor vehicles for official use abroad and motor vehicles for law enforcement use; $167,393,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That the provisions of the first sentence of section 105(f) and all of section 108(c) of the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2455(f) and 2458(c)) shall apply in carrying out these activities. During fiscal year 1984 and within the resources and authority available, gross obligations for the principal amount of direct loans shall not exceed $7,500,000. During fiscal year 1984, total commitments to guarantee loans shall not exceed $15,000,000 of contingent liability for loan principal.

50 USC app. 2401 note.

MINORITY BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT AGENCY

MINORITY BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT

For necessary expenses of the Department of Commerce in fostering, promoting, and developing minority business enterprise, including expenses of grants, contracts, and other agreements with public or private organizations, $53,342,000, of which $39,600,000, shall remain available until expended: *Provided,* That not to exceed $13,742,000 shall be available for program management: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated in this paragraph or in this title for the Department of Commerce shall be available to reimburse the fund established by 15 U.S.C. 1521 on account of the performance of a program, project, or activity, nor shall such fund be available for the performance of a program, project, or activity, which had not been performed as a central service pursuant to 15 U.S.C. 1521 before July 1, 1982, unless the Appropriations Committees of both Houses of Congress are notified fifteen days in advance of such action in accordance with the Committees' reprograming procedures.

Notification of congressional committees.

UNITED STATES TRAVEL AND TOURISM ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the United States Travel and Tourism Administration, as provided for by law, including employment of aliens by contract for services abroad; rental of space abroad for periods not exceeding five years, and expenses of alteration, repair, or improvement; advance of funds under contracts abroad; payment of tort claims in the manner authorized in the first paragraph of 28 U.S.C. 2672, when such claims arise in foreign countries; and not to exceed $5,000 for representation expenses abroad; $12,000,000.

NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION

OPERATIONS, RESEARCH, AND FACILITIES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses of activities authorized by law for the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, including acqui-

33 USC 851.

sition, maintenance, operation, and hire of aircraft; 399 commissioned officers on the active list; construction of facilities, including initial equipment; alteration, modernization, and relocation of facilities; and acquisition of land for facilities; $988,212,000, to remain available until expended, of which $27,000,000 shall be derived from the Airport and Airways Trust Fund; and of which $2,500,000 shall be available for payments under section 4(b) of the Commercial Fisheries Research and Development Act of 1964 for commercial fishery failures and disruptions; and in addition, $23,600,000 shall be transferred to this appropriation from the fund entitled "Promote and develop fishery products and research pertaining to American fisheries": *Provided,* That of the funds appropriated in this paragraph, necessary funds shall be used to fill and maintain a staff of three persons, as National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration personnel, to work on contracts and purchase orders at the National Data Buoy Center in Bay St. Louis, Mississippi, and report to the Director of the National Data Buoy Center in the same manner and extent that such procurement functions were performed at Bay St. Louis prior to June 26, 1983, except that they may provide procurement assistance to other Department of Commerce activities pursuant to ordinary interagency agreements. Where practicable, these positions shall be filled by the employees who performed such functions prior to June 26, 1983.

16 USC 779b.

National Data Buoy Center, Miss.

COASTAL ZONE MANAGEMENT

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

16 USC 1451 note.

33 USC 1442; 16 USC 1431.

For carrying out the provisions of Public Law 92-583, as amended, and section 202 of title II and title III of Public Law 92-532, as amended, $13,356,000, to remain available until expended; and in addition, $16,000,000, to remain available until expended, shall be available by transfer from repayments of principal and interest on outstanding loans in the fund entitled "Coastal Energy Impact Fund".

FISHING VESSEL AND GEAR DAMAGE COMPENSATION FUND

22 USC 1980 and note.

For carrying out the provisions of section 3 of Public Law 95-376, not to exceed $1,732,000, to be derived from receipts collected pursuant to that Act, to remain available until expended.

FISHERMEN'S CONTINGENCY FUND

43 USC 1841.

For carrying out the provisions of title IV of Public Law 95-372, not to exceed $294,000, to be derived from receipts collected pursuant to that Act, to remain available until expended.

FOREIGN FISHING OBSERVER FUND

16 USC 971 note. 94 Stat. 1069.

16 USC 1801 note.

16 USC 1801 note.

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Atlantic Tunas Convention Act of 1975, as amended (Public Law 96-339), the Magnuson Fishery Conservation and Management Act of 1976, as amended (Public Law 94-265), and the American Fisheries Promotion Act (Public Law 96-561), there are appropriated from the fees imposed under the foreign fishery observer program authorized by

these Acts, not to exceed $11,880,000, to remain available until expended.

FISHERMEN'S GUARANTY FUND

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Fishermen's Protective Act of 1967, as amended, $2,079,000, to be derived from the receipts collected pursuant to that Act, to remain available until expended. 22 USC 1971 note.

FISHERIES LOAN FUND

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of section 221 of the American Fisheries Promotion Act of December 22, 1980 (Public Law 96-561), there are appropriated to the Fisheries Loan Fund, $3,000,000 from receipts collected pursuant to that Act: *Provided*, That during fiscal year 1984 not to exceed $300,000 of the Fisheries Loan Fund shall be available for administrative expenses. 16 USC 1801 note.

PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Patent and Trademark Office, including defense of suits instituted against the Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks, $80,444,000, and, in addition, such fees as shall be collected pursuant to 15 U.S.C. 1113 and 35 U.S.C. 41 and 376, to remain available until expended.

NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS

SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL RESEARCH AND SERVICES

For necessary expenses of the National Bureau of Standards, $115,718,000, to remain available until expended, of which not to exceed $3,807,000 may be transferred to the "Working Capital Fund".

NATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses, as provided for by law, of the National Telecommunications and Information Administration, $12,771,000, to remain available until expended.

PUBLIC TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITIES, PLANNING AND CONSTRUCTION

For grants authorized by section 392 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, $11,880,000, to remain available until expended. 47 USC 392.

GENERAL PROVISIONS—DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

During the current fiscal year, applicable appropriations and funds available to the Department of Commerce shall be available

for the activities specified in the Act of October 26, 1949 (15 U.S.C. 1514), to the extent and in the manner prescribed by said Act.

During the current fiscal year, appropriations to the Department of Commerce which are available for salaries and expenses shall be available for hire of passenger motor vehicles; services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; and uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901-5902).

No funds in this title shall be used to sell to private interests, except with the consent of the borrower, or contract with private interests to sell or administer, any loans made under the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965 or any loans made under section 254 of the Trade Act of 1974.

42 USC 3121 note.

During the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, the United States Postal Service may furnish to the Secretary of Commerce any list of names and addresses requested under section 6(a) of title 13, United States Code. The Secretary shall prepare and submit to the President and the appropriate committees of Congress, not later than August 31, 1984, a report relating to—

19 USC 2344. Lists of names and addresses.

Report to President and congressional committees.

(1) the purpose for which any list furnished by the Postal Service under the preceding sentence was used, particularly with regard to any progress made by the Bureau of the Census in the development of an improved list methodology;

(2) categories of sources (other than the Postal Service) from which any list of names and addresses was acquired by the Bureau of the Census during the period covered by the report, and the relative advantages and disadvantages of acquiring and using lists from those other categories of sources as compared with acquiring and using lists furnished by the Postal Service;

(3) measures taken to ensure the confidentiality of any information furnished by the Postal Service under the preceding sentence; and

(4) such other matters as the Secretary considers appropriate.

The Secretary is encouraged to acquire lists of names and addresses from a representative sample of sources other than the Postal Service in order to ensure that meaningful comparisons under paragraph (2) may be made.

Meteorological satellites, prohibited sale or lease. 15 USC 1517 note.

No funds made available by this Act, or any other Act, may be used—

(1) by the Source Evaluation Board for Civil Space Remote Sensing as established by the Secretary of Commerce to develop or issue a request for proposal to transfer the ownership or lease the use of any meteorological satellite (METSAT) or associated ground system to any private entity; or

(2) by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration to transfer the ownership of any meteorological satellite (METSAT) or associated ground system to any private entity.

RELATED AGENCIES

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

MARITIME ADMINISTRATION

OPERATING-DIFFERENTIAL SUBSIDIES (LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORITY)

For the payment of obligations incurred for operating-differential subsidies as authorized by the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended, $401,294,000, to remain available until expended. 46 USC app. 1245.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

For necessary expenses for research and development activities, as authorized by law, $11,385,000, to remain available until expended.

OPERATIONS AND TRAINING

For necessary expenses of operations and training activities authorized by law, $73,283,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That reimbursements may be made to this appropriation from receipts to the "Federal ship financing fund" for administrative expenses in support of that program.

GENERAL PROVISIONS—MARITIME ADMINISTRATION

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the Maritime Administration is authorized to furnish utilities and services and make necessary repairs in connection with any lease, contract, or occupancy involving Government property under control of the Maritime Administration and payments received by the Maritime Administration for utilities, services, and repairs so furnished or made shall be credited to the appropriation charged with the cost thereof: *Provided,* That rental payments under any such lease, contract, or occupancy on account of items other than such utilities, services, or repairs shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

No obligations shall be incurred during the current fiscal year from the construction fund established by the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, or otherwise, in excess of the appropriations and limitations contained in this Act, or in any prior appropriation Act and all receipts which otherwise would be deposited to the credit of said fund shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts. 46 USC app. 1245.

None of the funds provided in this Act for the Maritime Administration shall be used for enforcement of any rule with respect to the repayment of construction differential subsidy for permanent release of vessels from the restrictions in section 506 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended, until June 15, 1984. 46 USC app. 1156.

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

CHRYSLER CORPORATION LOAN GUARANTEE PROGRAM

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

For necessary administrative expenses, as authorized by the Chrysler Corporation Loan Guarantee Act of 1979 (Public Law 96-185), $495,000.

15 USC 1861 note.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses for the Federal Communications Commission, as authorized by law, including uniforms and allowances therefor, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901-02); not to exceed $600,000 for land and structures; not to exceed $385,000 for improvement and care of grounds and repair to buildings; not to exceed $3,000 for official reception and representation expenses; purchase (not to exceed ten for replacement only) and hire of motor vehicles; special counsel fees; and services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; $86,383,000. Not to exceed $300,000 of the foregoing amount shall remain available until September 30, 1985, for research and policy studies. In addition, an amount equivalent to funds deposited into the General Fund of the Treasury by the State of Florida as a result of the expense of construction and relocation of the Fort Lauderdale Monitoring Station shall remain available until expended for the completion of construction and relocation of such monitoring station.

Fort Lauderdale Monitoring Station, construction and relocation.

FEDERAL MARITIME COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Federal Maritime Commission, including services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; hire of passenger motor vehicles; and uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 5901-02; $10,756,000: *Provided,* That not to exceed $1,500 shall be available for official reception and representation expenses.

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Federal Trade Commission, including uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 5901-5902; services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; hire of passenger motor vehicles; and not to exceed $2,000 for official reception and representation expenses; the sum of $63,500,000: *Provided,* That the funds appropriated in this paragraph are subject to the limitations and provisions of sections 10(a) and 10(c) (notwithstanding section 10(e)), 11(b), 18, and 20 of the Federal Trade Commission Improvements Act of 1980 (Public Law 96-252; 94 Stat. 374): *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated in this paragraph may be used to promulgate final rules under section 18(a)(1)(B) of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et seq.) until the

15 USC 57a and note, 57c note.

15 USC 57a.

enactment of legislation authorizing appropriations for the Federal Trade Commission or until the adjournment of the first session of the Ninety-eighth Congress, whichever is earlier.

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the International Trade Commission, including hire of passenger motor vehicles and services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, $20,774,000.

MARINE MAMMAL COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Marine Mammal Commission as authorized by title II of Public Law 92-522, as amended, $929,000. 16 USC 1401.

OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES TRADE REPRESENTATIVE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the Office of the United States Trade Representative, including the hire of passenger motor vehicles and the employment of experts and consultants as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, $11,371,000: *Provided,* That not to exceed $60,000 shall be available for official reception and representation expenses.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses for the Securities and Exchange Commission, including services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, and not to exceed $2,000 for official reception and representation expenses, $93,000,000.

SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, of the Small Business Administration, including hire of passenger motor vehicles and not to exceed $1,500 for official reception and representation expenses, $201,643,000; and for grants for Small Business Development Centers as authorized by section 21(a) of the Small Business Act, as amended, $22,000,000. In addition, beginning with disasters commencing between January 1, 1983, through September 30, 1983, determination of a natural disaster by the Secretary of Agriculture pursuant to 7 U.S.C. 1961 shall be deemed a disaster declaration by the Administrator of the Small Business Administration for purposes of determining eligibility for assistance under section 7(b)(1) of the Small Business Act for agricultural enterprises as defined in section 18(b) of the Small Business Act: *Provided,* That nothing in this paragraph is to preclude the applicability of section 18(a) of the

15 USC 648.
Disaster declarations.
15 USC 636 note.
15 USC 636.
15 USC 647.
Benefit duplication.

15 USC 647.

Small Business Act with regard to the duplication of benefits for disasters commencing between January 1, 1983, through September 30, 1983: *Provided further,* That $36,600,000 for disaster loan making activities, including loan servicing, shall be transferred to this appropriation from the "Disaster loan fund".

REVOLVING FUNDS

The Small Business Administration is hereby authorized to make such expenditures, within the limits of funds and borrowing authority available to its revolving funds, and in accord with the law, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations as provided by section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended, as may be necessary in carrying out the programs set forth in the budget for the current fiscal year for the "Disaster loan fund", the "Business loan and investment fund", the "Lease guarantees revolving fund", the "Pollution control equipment contract guarantees revolving fund", and the "Surety bond guarantees revolving fund".

31 USC 9104.

BUSINESS LOAN AND INVESTMENT FUND

For additional capital for the "Business loan and investment fund", authorized by the Small Business Act, as amended, $230,000,000, to remain available without fiscal year limitation; and for additional capital for new direct loan obligations to be incurred by the "Business loan and investment fund", authorized by the Small Business Act, as amended, $133,400,000, to remain available without fiscal year limitation.

15 USC 631 note.

SURETY BOND GUARANTEES REVOLVING FUND

For additional capital for the "Surety bond guarantees revolving fund", authorized by the Small Business Investment Act, as amended, $8,910,000, to remain available without fiscal year limitation.

15 USC 661 note.

Short title.

This title may be cited as the "Department of Commerce and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984".

Department of Justice and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984.

TITLE II—DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND RELATED AGENCIES

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

General Administration

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the administration of the Department of Justice, $63,360,000 of which $556,000 is to remain available until expended for the Federal justice research program.

United States Parole Commission

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the United States Parole Commission, as authorized by law, $7,248,000.

LEGAL ACTIVITIES

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, GENERAL LEGAL ACTIVITIES

For expenses necessary for the legal activities of the Department of Justice, not otherwise provided for, including not to exceed $20,000 for expenses of collecting evidence, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney General and accounted for solely on his certificate; and rent of private or Government-owned space in the District of Columbia; $158,385,000, of which not to exceed $10,374,000 for asbestos litigation support contracts shall remain available until September 30, 1985; and of which $2,753,000 shall be for the Office of Special Investigations; and of which $450,000 shall remain available until expended to reimburse private litigants for legal fees incurred in the State of New Mexico ex rel. Reynolds v. Aamodt water adjudication suit.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, ANTITRUST DIVISION

For expenses necessary for the enforcement of antitrust, consumer protection and kindred laws, $43,475,000.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, FOREIGN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT COMMISSION

For expenses necessary to carry out the activities of the Foreign Claims Settlement Commission, including services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; allowances and benefits similar to those allowed under the Foreign Service Act of 1980 as determined by the Commission; expenses of packing, shipping, and storing personal effects of personnel assigned abroad; rental or lease, for such periods as may be necessary, of office space and living quarters of personnel assigned abroad; maintenance, improvement, and repair of properties rented or leased abroad, and furnishing fuel, water, and utilities for such properties; insurance on official motor vehicles abroad; advances of funds abroad; advances or reimbursements to other Government agencies for use of their facilities and services in carrying out the functions of the Commission; hire of motor vehicles for field use only; and employment of aliens; $827,000.

22 USC 3901 note.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, UNITED STATES ATTORNEYS AND MARSHALS

For necessary expenses of the offices of the United States attorneys, marshals, and bankruptcy trustees; including acquisition, lease, maintenance, and operation of aircraft, $372,330,000. In addition, section 408(c) of Public Law 95-598, the Bankruptcy Reform Act of 1978, is amended by inserting September 30, 1984 in lieu of April 1, 1984.

28 USC note prec. 581.

SUPPORT OF UNITED STATES PRISONERS

For support of United States prisoners in non-Federal institutions, $44,320,000; and in addition, $6,000,000 shall be available under the Cooperative Agreement Program for the purpose of renovating, constructing, and equipping State and local jail facilities that confine Federal prisoners: *Provided*, That amounts made available for constructing any local jail facility shall not exceed the cost of constructing space for the average Federal prisoner population for that facility as projected by the Attorney General: *Provided further*,

Jails, cost restrictions.

That following agreement on or completion of any federally assisted jail construction, the availability of such space shall be assured and the per diem rate charged for housing Federal prisoners at that facility shall not exceed direct operating costs for the period of time specified in the cooperative agreement.

FEES AND EXPENSES OF WITNESSES

For expenses, mileage, compensation, and per diems of witnesses and for per diems in lieu of subsistence, as authorized by law, including advances; $37,883,000.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, COMMUNITY RELATIONS SERVICE

Cuban and Haitian entrants.
42 USC 2000g *et seq.*

For necessary expenses of the Community Relations Service, established by title X of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, $32,196,000, of which $26,389,000 shall remain available until expended to make payments in advance for grants, contracts and reimbursable agreements and other expenses necessary under section 501(c), the Refugee Education Assistance Act of 1980, Public Law 96-422, for the processing, care, maintenance, security, transportation and reception and placement in the United States of Cuban and Haitian entrants.

8 USC 1522 note.

INTERAGENCY LAW ENFORCEMENT

ORGANIZED CRIME DRUG ENFORCEMENT

For expenses necessary for the detection, investigation, prosecution, and incarceration of individuals involved in organized criminal drug trafficking not otherwise provided for, $89,050,000, of which $2,475,000 for the Presidential Commission on Organized Crime, and of which $13,860,000 for purchase of automated data processing and telecommunications equipment and $9,523,000 for undercover operations shall remain available until September 30, 1985.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for detection, investigation, and prosecution of crimes against the United States; including purchase for police-type use (not to exceed one thousand four hundred of which one thousand two hundred will be for replacement only) and hire of passenger motor vehicles; acquisition, lease, maintenance and operation of aircraft; and not to exceed $70,000 to meet unforeseen emergencies of a confidential character, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney General, and to be accounted for solely on his certificate; $1,047,000,000, of which not to exceed $52,000,000 for automated data processing and telecommunications and $1,000,000 for undercover operations and $10,000,000 for the relocation within the District of Columbia of the Washington field office shall remain available until September 30, 1985: *Provided,* That notwithstanding the provisions of title 31 U.S.C. 3302, the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation may establish and collect fees to process fingerprint identification records for noncriminal employment and licensing purposes, and credit not more than $13,500,000 of such fees to this appropriation to be used for salaries and other expenses

Fingerprint identification records, processing fees.

incurred in providing these services: *Provided further,* That passenger motor vehicles for police-type use may be purchased without regard to the general purchase price limitation for the current fiscal year.

Vehicle price limitation.

DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Drug Enforcement Administration, including not to exceed $70,000 to meet unforeseen emergencies of a confidential character, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney General, and to be accounted for solely on his certificate; purchase of not to exceed eight hundred eighty-eight passenger motor vehicles of which six hundred eighty-two are for replacement only for police-type use without regard to the general purchase price limitation for the current fiscal year; and acquisition, lease, maintenance, and operation of aircraft; $286,123,000, of which not to exceed $1,200,000 for research shall remain available until expended and $1,700,000 for purchase of evidence and payments for information shall remain available until September 30, 1985: *Provided,* That there shall be allocated to the Drug Enforcement Administration offices in the land border States of Vermont, Michigan, New Hampshire, Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Arizona, and New Mexico, a minimum of $10,000 each for the purchase of information and evidence unless the Committees on Appropriations are notified that efficient drug law enforcement would be impaired by such minimum allocation.

Notification of congressional committees.

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the administration and enforcement of the laws relating to immigration, naturalization, and alien registration, including not to exceed $50,000 to meet unforeseen emergencies of a confidential character, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney General and accounted for solely on his certificate; purchase for police-type use (not to exceed four hundred for replacement only) and hire of passenger motor vehicles; acquisition, lease, maintenance and operation of aircraft; and research related to immigration enforcement; and for expenses necessary under section 501(c) of the Refugee Education Assistance Act of 1980 (Public Law 96-442) for the processing, care, maintenance, security, transportation, and the initial reception and placement in the United States of Cuban and Haitian entrants; $501,257,000, of which not to exceed $400,000 for research shall remain available until expended; and of which not to exceed $9,989,000 shall be available to establish a National Records Center and $11,023,000 to implement the long-range automated data processing plan, each amount to remain available until September 30, 1985: *Provided,* That none of the funds available to the Immigration and Naturalization Service shall be available for administrative expenses to pay any employee overtime pay in an amount in excess of $20,000 except in such instances when the Commissioner makes a determination that this restriction is impossible to implement.

8 USC 1522 note.

National Records Center; ADP plan.

Overtime pay.

FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the administration, operation, and maintenance of Federal penal and correctional institutions, including purchase (not to exceed thirty-one for replacement only) and hire of law enforcement and passenger motor vehicles; $424,284,000: *Provided,* That there may be transferred to the Health Resources and Services Administration such amounts as may be necessary, in the discretion of the Attorney General, for direct expenditures by that Administration for medical relief for inmates of Federal penal and correctional institutions.

Medical relief.
42 USC 250a.

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF CORRECTIONS

For carrying out the provisions of sections 4351-4353 of title 18, United States Code, which established a National Institute of Corrections, $14,000,000, to remain available until expended.

BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

For planning, acquisition of sites and construction of new facilities; purchase and acquisition of facilities and remodeling and equipping of such facilities for penal and correctional use, including all necessary expenses incident thereto, by contract or force account; and constructing, remodeling, and equipping necessary buildings and facilities at existing penal and correctional institutions, including all necessary expenses incident thereto, by contract or force account, $47,711,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That labor of United States prisoners may be used for work performed under this appropriation.

Prisoner labor.

FEDERAL PRISON INDUSTRIES, INCORPORATED

The Federal Prison Industries, Incorporated, is hereby authorized to make such expenditures, within the limits of funds and borrowing authority available, and in accord with the law, and to make such contracts and commitments, without regard to fiscal year limitations as provided by section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended, as may be necessary in carrying out the program set forth in the budget for the current fiscal year for such corporation, including purchase of not to exceed five (for replacement only) and hire of passenger motor vehicles, except as hereinafter provided.

31 USC 9104.

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE AND VOCATIONAL EXPENSES, FEDERAL PRISON INDUSTRIES, INCORPORATED

Not to exceed $1,941,000 of the funds of the corporation shall be available for its administrative expenses, and not to exceed $6,613,000 for the expenses of vocational training of prisoners, both amounts to be computed on an accrual basis and to be determined in accordance with the corporation's prescribed accounting system in effect on July 1, 1946, and shall be exclusive of depreciation, payment of claims, expenditures which the said accounting system requires to be capitalized or charged to cost of commodities acquired or produced, including selling and shipping expenses, and expenses

in connection with acquisition, construction, operation, maintenance, improvement, protection, or disposition of facilities and other property belonging to the corporation or in which it has an interest.

OFFICE OF JUSTICE ASSISTANCE, RESEARCH, AND STATISTICS

LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE

For grants, contracts, cooperative agreements, and other assistance authorized by the Justice System Improvement Act of 1979, as amended, including salaries and expenses in connection therewith, $87,064,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That $67,300,000 of this amount shall be for a criminal justice assistance program, to be available only upon enactment of authorizing legislation except that $2,500,000 of such amount shall be available upon enactment into law of H.R. 3222 and shall be awarded by the Administrator to the National Center for State Courts for court system management and improvement: *Provided further,* That $3,500,000 shall be made available from Law Enforcement Assistance Administration reversionary funds to complete the Bi-State Criminal Justice Assistance Center at Texarkana, Arkansas, under the same terms and conditions that previous Federal assistance was made available for construction of this facility; and for grants, contracts, cooperative agreements, and other assistance authorized by title II of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974, as amended, including salaries and expenses in connection therewith, $70,155,000, to remain available until expended.

42 USC 3701 note.

Ante, p. 1071.

Bi-State Criminal Justice Assistance Center, Ark.

42 USC 5611.

RESEARCH AND STATISTICS

For research, development, demonstration, statistical and related efforts directed toward the improvement of civil, criminal and juvenile justice systems authorized by the Justice System Improvement Act of 1979, including salaries and other expenses in connection therewith, $40,133,000, to remain available until expended.

42 USC 3701 note.

GENERAL PROVISIONS—DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

SEC. 201. A total of not to exceed $50,000 from funds appropriated to the Department of Justice in this title shall be available for official reception and representation expenses in accordance with distributions, procedures, and regulations established by the Attorney General.

Official reception and representation expenses.

SEC. 202. Notwithstanding any other provision of law or this Act, materials produced by convict labor may be used in the construction of any highways or portion of highways located on Federal-aid systems, as described in section 103 of title 23, United States Code.

Convict labor, highway construction. 23 USC 114 note.

SEC. 203. Notwithstanding section 501(e)(2)(B) of Public Law 96-442, funds appropriated to the Department of Justice in this title may be expended for assistance to Cuban-Haitian entrants as authorized under section 501(c) of said Act.

Cuban-Haitian entrants, assistance.

SEC. 204. No part of the funds appropriated in this title for the Department of Justice may be used to represent the Tennessee Valley Authority in litigation in which the Authority is a party unless the Department is requested to provide representation in such litigation by the Authority.

SEC. 205. (a) Subject to subsection (b) of this section, authorities contained in Public Law 96-132, "The Department of Justice Appropriation Authorization Act, Fiscal Year 1980", shall remain in effect until the termination date of this Act or until the effective date of a Department of Justice Appropriation Authorization Act, whichever is earlier.

93 Stat. 1040.

FBI undercover operations.

(b)(1) With respect to any undercover investigative operation of the Federal Bureau of Investigation which is necessary for the detection and prosecution of crimes against the United States or for the collection of foreign intelligence or counterintelligence—

(A) sums authorized to be appropriated for the Federal Bureau of Investigation for fiscal year 1984 may be used for purchasing property, buildings, and other facilities, and for leasing space, within the United States, the District of Columbia, and the territories and possessions of the United States, without regard to section 1341 of title 31 of the United States Code, section 3732(a) of the Revised Statutes (41 U.S.C. 11(a)), section 305 of the Act of June 30, 1949 (63 Stat. 396; 41 U.S.C. 255), the third undesignated paragraph under the heading "Miscellaneous" of the Act of March 3, 1877 (19 Stat. 370; 40 U.S.C. 34), section 3324 of title 31 of the United States Code, section 3741 of the Revised Statutes (41 U.S.C. 22), and subsections (a) and (c) of section 304 of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (63 Stat. 395; 41 U.S.C. 254 (a) and (c)),

(B) sums authorized to be appropriated for the Federal Bureau of Investigation for fiscal year 1984 may be used to establish or to acquire proprietary corporations or business entities as part of an undercover investigative operation, and to operate such corporations or business entities on a commercial basis, without regard to section 9102 of title 31 of the United States Code,

(C) sums authorized to be appropriated for the Federal Bureau of Investigation for fiscal year 1984, and the proceeds from such undercover operation, may be deposited in banks or other financial institutions, without regard to section 648 of title 18 of the United States Code and section 3302 of title 31 of the United States Code, and

(D) the proceeds from such undercover operation may be used to offset necessary and reasonable expenses incurred in such operation, without regard to section 3302 of title 31 of the United States Code, only upon the written certification of the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (or, if designated by the Director, a member of the Undercover Operations Review Committee established by the Attorney General in the Attorney General's Guidelines on FBI Undercover Operations, as in effect on July 1, 1983) and the Attorney General (or if designated by the Attorney General, a member of such Review Committee), that any action authorized by subparagraph (A), (B), (C), or (D) of this paragraph is necessary for the conduct of such undercover operation. Such certification shall continue in effect for the duration of such undercover operation, without regard to fiscal years.

(2) As soon as the proceeds from an undercover investigative operation with respect to which an action is authorized and carried out under subparagraphs (C) and (D) of paragraph (1) are no longer necessary for the conduct of such operation, such proceeds or the

balance of such proceeds remaining at the time shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States as miscellaneous receipts.

Report to Attorney General and Comptroller General.

(3) If a corporation or business entity established or acquired as part of an undercover operation under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) with a net value of over $50,000 is to be liquidated, sold, or otherwise disposed of, the Federal Bureau of Investigation, as much in advance as the Director or his designee determines is practicable, shall report the circumstances to the Attorney General and the Comptroller General. The proceeds of the liquidation, sale, or other disposition, after obligations are met, shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States as miscellaneous receipts.

Financial audit. 28 USC 533 note.

(4)(A) The Federal Bureau of Investigation shall conduct a detailed financial audit of each undercover investigative operation which is closed in fiscal year 1984,

Submittal to Attorney General.

(i) submit the results of such audit in writing to the Attorney General, and

Submittal to Congress.

(ii) not later than 180 days after such undercover operation is closed, submit a report to the Congress concerning such audit.

Report to Congress.

(B) The Federal Bureau of Investigation shall also submit a report annually to the Congress specifying—

(i) the number, by programs, of undercover investigative operations pending as of the end of the one-year period for which such report is submitted,

(ii) the number, by programs, of undercover investigative operations commenced in the one-year period preceding the period for which such report is submitted, and

(iii) the number, by programs, of undercover investigative operations closed in the one-year period preceding the period for which such report is submitted and, with respect to each such closed undercover operation, the results obtained. With respect to each such closed undercover operation which involves any of the sensitive circumstances specified in the Attorney General's Guidelines on FBI Undercover Operations, such report shall contain a detailed description of the operation and related matters, including information pertaining to—

(I) the results,

(II) any civil claims, and

(III) identification of such sensitive circumstances involved, that arose at any time during the course of such undercover operation.

Definitions. 28 USC 533 note.

(5) For purposes of paragraph (4)—

(A) the term "closed" refers to the earliest point in time at which—

(I) all criminal proceedings (other than appeals) are concluded, or

(II) covert activities are concluded, whichever occurs later,

(B) the term "employees" means employees, as defined in section 2105 of title 5 of the United States Code, of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and

(C) the terms "undercover investigative operation" and "undercover operation" mean any undercover investigative operation of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (other than a foreign counterintelligence undercover investigative operation)—

(i) in which—

(I) the gross receipts (excluding interest earned) exceed $50,000, or

(II) expenditures (other than expenditures for salaries of employees) exceed $150,000, and

(ii) which is exempt from section 3302 or 9102 of title 31 of the United States Code, except that clauses (i) and (ii) shall not apply with respect to the report required under subparagraph (B) of such paragraph.

RELATED AGENCIES

COMMISSION ON CIVIL RIGHTS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the Commission on Civil Rights, including hire of passenger motor vehicles, $11,887,000.

EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission as authorized by title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, 29 U.S.C. 206(d) and 621–634, including services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; hire of passenger motor vehicles; and not to exceed $19,000,000 for payments to State and local enforcement agencies for services to the Commission pursuant to title VII of the Civil Rights Act, as amended and sections 6 and 14 of the Age Discrimination in Employment Act; $151,399,000.

42 USC 2000e.

29 USC 625, 633.

LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION

PAYMENT TO THE LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION

For payment to the Legal Services Corporation to carry out the purposes of the Legal Services Corporation Act of 1974, as amended, $275,000,000: *Provided,* That notwithstanding any regulation, guideline, or rule of the Corporation, the funds appropriated in this Act for the Legal Services Corporation shall be used by the Corporation in making grants or entering into contracts under section 1006(a) (1) and (3) so as to insure that total annual funding for each such current grantee and contractor is maintained in fiscal year 1984 in the same proportion which total appropriations to the Corporation in fiscal year 1984 bear to the total appropriations to the Corporation in fiscal year 1983, unless action is taken by directors of the Corporation prior to January 1, 1984, who have been confirmed in accordance with section 1004(a) of the Legal Services Corporation Act: *Provided further,* That, notwithstanding the above proviso, the funds distributed to each grantee funded in fiscal year 1983 pursuant to the number of poor people determined by the Bureau of the Census to be within its geographical area be distributed in the following order:

42 USC 2996 note.

42 USC 2996e.

42 USC 2996c. Grant distribution.

(1) first, grants from the Legal Services Corporation and contracts entered into with the Legal Services Corporation under section 1006(a)(1) of the Legal Services Corporation Act shall be maintained in fiscal year 1984 at not less than 5 per centum more than the annual level at which each grantee and contractor was funded in fiscal year 1983 or $6.50 per poor person within its geographical area under the 1980 Census, whichever is greater;

42 USC 2996e.

(2) second, each such grantee funded in fiscal year 1983, pursuant to the number of poor people within its geographical area, shall be increased by an equal percentage of the amount

by which the grantee's funding, including the increase under the first priority above, falls below $13 per poor person within its geographical area under the the 1980 Census:

Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated in this Act for the Legal Services Corporation shall be used to bring a class action suit against the Federal Government or any State or local government unless— Class action suits, restriction.

(1) the project director of a recipient has expressly approved the filing of such an action in accordance with policies established by the governing body of such recipient;

(2) the class relief which is the subject of such an action is sought for the primary benefit of individuals who are eligible for legal assistance; and

(3) that prior to filing such an action, the recipient project director has determined that the government entity is not likely to change the policy or practice in question, that the policy or practice will continue to adversely affect eligible clients, that the recipient has given notice of its intention to seek class relief and that responsible efforts to resolve without litigation the adverse effects of the policy or practice have not been successful or would be adverse to the interest of the clients:

except that this proviso may be superseded by regulations governing the bringing of class action suits promulgated by a majority of the Board of Directors of the Corporation who have been confirmed in accordance with section 1004(a) of the Legal Services Corporation Act: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated in this Act made available by the Legal Services Corporation may be used— 42 USC 2996c. Lobbying restrictions.

(1) to pay for any publicity or propaganda intended or designed to support or defeat legislation pending before Congress or State or local legislative bodies or intended or designed to influence any decision by a Federal, State, or local agency;

(2) to pay for any personal service, advertisement, telegram, telephone communication, letter, printed or written matter, or other device, intended or designed to influence any decision by a Federal, State, or local agency, except when legal assistance is provided by an employee of a recipient to an eligible client on a particular application, claim, or case, which directly involves the client's legal rights or responsibilities;

(3) to pay for any personal service, advertisement, telegram, telephone communication, letter, printed or written matter, or any other device intended or designed to influence any Member of Congress or any other Federal, State, or local elected official—

(A) to favor or oppose any referendum, initiative, constitutional amendment, or any similar procedure of the Congress, any State legislature, any local council or any similar governing body acting in a legislative capacity,

(B) to favor or oppose an authorization or appropriation directly affecting the authority, function, or funding of the recipient or the Corporation, or

(C) to influence the conduct of oversight proceedings of the recipient or the Corporation;

(4) to pay for any personal service, advertisement, telegram, telephone communication, letter, printed or written matter, or any other device intended or designed to influence any Member of Congress or any other Federal, State, or local elected official

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to favor or oppose any Act, bill, resolution, or similar legislation, except that this proviso shall not preclude funds from being used to provide communication directly to a Federal, State, or local elected official on a specific and distinct matter where the purpose of such communication is to bring the matter to the official's attention if—

(A) the project director of a recipient has expressly approved in writing the undertaking of such communication to be made on behalf of a client or class of clients in accordance with policy established by the governing body of the recipient; and

(B) the project director of a recipient has determined prior to the undertaking of such communication, that—

(i) the client and each such client is in need of relief which can be provided by the legislative body involved;

(ii) appropriate judicial and administrative relief have been exhausted; and

(iii) documentation has been secured from each eligible client that includes a statement of the specific legal interests of the client, except that such communication may not be the result of participation in a coordinated effort to provide such communications under this proviso; and

(C) the project director of a recipient maintains documentation of the expense and time spent under this proviso as part of the records of the recipient; or

(D) the project director of a recipient has approved the submission of a communication to a legislator requesting introduction of a private relief bill:

except that nothing in this proviso shall prohibit communications made in response to a request from a Federal, State, or local official: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated in this Act made available by the Legal Services Corporation may be used to pay for any administrative or related costs associated with an activity prohibited in clause (1), (2), (3), or (4) of the previous proviso:

Alien assistance.

Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated under this Act for the Legal Services Corporation will be expended to provide legal assistance for or on behalf of any alien unless the alien is present in the United States and is—

(1) an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence as defined in section 101(a)(20) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(20));

(2) an alien who is either married to a United States citizen or is a parent or an unmarried child under the age of twenty-one years of such a citizen and who has filed an application for adjustment of status to permanent resident under the Immigration and Nationality Act, and such application has not been rejected;

8 USC 1101 note.

(3) an alien who is lawfully present in the United States pursuant to an admission under section 207 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1157, relating to refugee admissions) or who has been granted asylum by the Attorney General under such Act; or

(4) an alien who is lawfully present in the United States as a result of the Attorney General's withholding of deportation pursuant to section 243(h) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1253(h)):

Provided further, That an alien who is lawfully present in the United States as a result of being granted conditional entry pursuant to section 203(a)(7) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1153(a)(7)) before April 1, 1980, because of persecution or fear of persecution on account of race, religion, or political opinion or because of being uprooted by catastrophic natural calamity shall be deemed, for purposes of the previous proviso, to be an alien described in clause (3) of the previous proviso: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated for the Legal Services Corporation may be used to support or conduct training programs for the purpose of advocating particular public policies or encouraging political activities, labor or antilabor activities, boycotts, picketing, strikes, and demonstrations, including the dissemination of information about such policies or activities, except that this provision shall not be construed to prohibit the training of attorneys or paralegal personnel necessary to prepare them to provide adequate legal assistance to eligible clients or to advise any eligible client as to the nature of the legislative process or inform any eligible client of his rights under statute, order, or regulation: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated in this Act for the Legal Services Corporation may be used to carry out the procedures established pursuant to section 1011(2) of the Legal Services Corporation Act unless the Corporation prescribes procedures to insure that financial assistance under this title shall not be terminated, and a suspension of financial assistance shall not be continued for more than thirty days, unless the grantee, contractor, or person or entity receiving financial assistance under this title has been afforded reasonable notice and opportunity for a timely, full, and fair hearing and, when requested, such hearing shall be conducted by an independent hearing examiner, subject to the following conditions—

Hearing.

42 USC 2996j.

(1) such request for a hearing shall be made to the Corporation within thirty days after receipt of notice to terminate financial assistance, deny an application for refunding, or suspend financial assistance and such hearing shall be conducted within thirty days of receipt of such request for a hearing;

(2) the Corporation shall make such final decision within thirty days after completion of such hearing; and

(3) hearing examiners shall be appointed by the Corporation in accordance with procedures established in regulations promulgated by the Corporation:

Provided further, Than none of the funds appropriated in this Act for the Legal Services Corporation may be used to carry out the procedures established pursuant to section 1011(2) of the Legal Services Corporation Act unless the Corporation prescribes procedures to ensure that an application for refunding shall not be denied unless the grantee, contractor, or person or entity receiving assistance under this title has been afforded reasonable notice and opportunity for a timely, full, and fair hearing to show cause why such action should not be taken and subject to all other conditions of the previous proviso: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated in this Act for the Legal Services Corporation shall be used by the Corporation in making grants or entering into contracts for legal assistance unless the Corporation insures that the recipient is either (1) a private attorney or attorneys (for the sole purpose of furnishing legal assistance to eligible clients) or (2) a qualified nonprofit organization chartered under the laws of one of the States,

Hearing.

42 USC 2996j.

a purpose of which is furnishing legal assistance to eligible clients, the majority of the board of directors or other governing body of which organization is comprised of attorneys who are admitted to practice in one of the States and who are appointed to terms of office on such board or body by the governing bodies of State, county, or municipal bar associations the membership of which represents a majority of the attorneys practicing law in the locality in which the organization is to provide legal assistance: *Provided further,* That no member of the Board of Directors of the Legal Services Corporation shall be compensated for his services to the Corporation except for the payment of an attendance fee at meetings of the Board at a rate not to exceed the highest daily rate for grade fifteen (15) of the General Schedule and necessary travel expenses to attend Board meetings in accordance with the Standard Government Travel Regulations: *Provided further,* That no officer or employee of the Legal Services Corporation or a recipient program shall be reimbursed for membership in a private club, or be paid severance pay in excess of what would be paid a Federal employee for comparable service: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be expended by the Legal Services Corporation to participate in litigation unless the Corporation or a recipient of the Corporation is a party, or a recipient is representing an eligible client in litigation in which the interpretation of this title or a regulation promulgated under this title is an issue, and shall not participate on behalf of any client other than itself.

Compensation of Board members.

Short title.

This title may be cited as the "Department of Justice and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984".

Department of State and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984.

TITLE III—DEPARTMENT OF STATE AND RELATED AGENCIES

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Administration of Foreign Affairs

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Department of State and the Foreign Service, not otherwise provided for, including obligations of the United States abroad pursuant to treaties, international agreements, and binational contracts (including obligations assumed in Germany on or after June 5, 1945); expenses authorized by section 9 of the Act of August 31, 1964, as amended (31 U.S.C. 3721), and section 2 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956, as amended (22 U.S.C. 2669); telecommunications; expenses necessary to provide maximum physical security in Government-owned and leased properties and vehicles abroad; permanent representation to certain international organizations in which the United States participates pursuant to treaties, conventions, or specific Acts of Congress; expenses of the United States-Japan Advisory Group; acquisition by exchange or purchase of vehicles as authorized by law, except that special requirement vehicles may be purchased without regard to any price limitation otherwise established by law; $1,114,810,000, of which $17,500,000 shall remain available until September 30, 1985. Of the amounts available for expenditure pursuant to the International Center Act of 1968, not to exceed $925,000 may be made available until expended from proceeds of lease, sale,

82 Stat. 958.
96 Stat. 101.

or exchange for purposes authorized in section 5 thereof as amended by Public Law 97-186. 82 Stat. 959. 96 Stat. 101.

REOPENING CONSULATES

For necessary expenses of the Department of State and the Foreign Service for reopening and operating certain United States consulates as specified in section 103 of the Department of State Authorization Act, fiscal years 1982 and 1983, $2,500,000. 96 Stat. 273.

REPRESENTATION ALLOWANCES

For representation allowances as authorized by section 905 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980, as amended (22 U.S.C. 4085), and for representation by United States missions to the United Nations and the Organization of American States, $4,148,000.

ACQUISITION, OPERATION, AND MAINTENANCE OF BUILDINGS ABROAD

For necessary expenses for carrying out the Foreign Service Buildings Act of 1926, as amended (22 U.S.C. 292-300), $160,000,000, to remain available until expended, of which $1,100,000 shall be available for an air conditioning project at the United States Embassy in Mexico City; and of which not to exceed $2,800,000 shall be available for purchase of a site adjacent to the United States Embassy in Mexico City; and of which $1,500,000 shall be available for design and development of a new chancery building for the United States Embassy in Seoul, Korea; and, in addition there shall be available subject to the approval of the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate under said Committees' policies concerning the reprogramming of funds, the sum of $30,000,000, to remain available until expended, for overseas housing requirements. 22 USC 299.

ACQUISITION, OPERATION, AND MAINTENANCE OF BUILDINGS ABROAD (SPECIAL FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM)

For payments in foreign currencies which the Treasury Department determines to be excess to the normal requirements of the United States for the purposes authorized by section 4 of the Foreign Service Buildings Act of 1926, as amended (22 U.S.C. 295), $10,012,000, to remain available until expended.

EMERGENCIES IN THE DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR SERVICE

For expenses necessary to enable the Secretary of State to meet unforeseen emergencies arising in the Diplomatic and Consular Service, to be expended pursuant to the requirement of 31 U.S.C. 3526(e), $4,356,000.

PAYMENT TO THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE IN TAIWAN

For necessary expenses to carry out the Taiwan Relations Act, Public Law 96-8 (93 Stat. 14), $9,380,000. 22 USC 3301 note.

PAYMENT TO THE FOREIGN SERVICE RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY FUND

For payment to the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability Fund, as authorized by law, $103,791,000.

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS AND CONFERENCES

CONTRIBUTIONS TO INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

22 USC 269a note.

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary to meet annual obligations of membership in international multilateral organizations, pursuant to treaties, conventions, or specific Acts of Congress, $520,515,000: *Provided,* That none of the funds appropriated in this paragraph shall be available for a United States contribution to an international organization for the United States' share of interest costs made known to the United States Government by such organization for loans incurred on or after October 1, 1983, through external borrowings.

CONTRIBUTIONS FOR INTERNATIONAL PEACEKEEPING ACTIVITIES

For payments, not otherwise provided for, by the United States for expenses of the United Nations peacekeeping forces, $66,279,000.

INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCES AND CONTINGENCIES

22 USC 2672.

For necessary expenses authorized by section 5 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956, contributions for the United States share of general expenses of international organizations and representation to such organizations, and personal services without regard to civil service and classification laws, $8,910,000 to remain available until expended, of which not to exceed $225,000 may be expended for representation as authorized by law.

INTERNATIONAL COMMISSIONS

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, to meet obligations of the United States arising under treaties, conventions, or specific Acts of Congress, as follows:

INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARY AND WATER COMMISSION, UNITED STATES AND MEXICO

22 USC 269a note.

For necessary expenses for the United States Section of the United States and Mexico International Boundary and Water Commission, and to comply with laws applicable to the United States Section; and leasing of private property to remove therefrom sand, gravel, stone, and other materials, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (41 U.S.C. 5); as follows:

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Rio Grande bank protection project.

Anzalduas diversion dam.

Trans-border sewage treatment.

For salaries and expenses, not otherwise provided for, including preliminary surveys, $10,651,000: *Provided,* That expenditures for the Rio Grande bank protection project shall be subject to the provisions and conditions contained in the appropriation for said project as provided by the Act approved April 25, 1945 (59 Stat. 89): *Provided further,* That the Anzalduas diversion dam shall not be operated for irrigation or water supply purposes in the United States unless suitable arrangements have been made with the prospective water users for repayment to the Government of such portions of the cost of said dam as shall have been allocated to such purposes by the Secretary of State: *Provided further,* That not to

exceed $800,000 of the amount appropriated in this paragraph shall be available for reimbursement of the city of San Diego, in the State of California, for expenses incurred in treating domestic sewage received from the city of Tijuana, in the State of Baja California, Mexico, and not to exceed $100,000 of the amount appropriated in this paragraph shall be available for reimbursement of the city of Nogales, in the State of Arizona, for expenses incurred in treating domestic sewage received from the city of Nogales, in the State of Sonora, Mexico.

CONSTRUCTION

For detailed plan preparation and construction of authorized projects, to remain available until expended, $672,000.

AMERICAN SECTIONS, INTERNATIONAL COMMISSIONS

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, $3,426,000; for the International Joint Commission, including salaries and expenses of the Commissioners on the part of the United States who shall serve at the pleasure of the President; salaries of employees appointed by the Commissioners on the part of the United States with the approval solely of the Secretary of State; travel expenses and compensation of witnesses; not to exceed $3,000 for representation; and the International Boundary Commission, for necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, including expenses required by awards to the Alaskan Boundary Tribunal and existing treaties between the United States and Canada or Great Britain.

INTERNATIONAL FISHERIES COMMISSIONS

For necessary expenses for international fisheries commissions, not otherwise provided for, $8,876,000: *Provided,* That the United States share of such expenses may be advanced to the respective commissions.

OTHER

UNITED STATES BILATERAL SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY AGREEMENTS

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, to enable the United States to participate in programs of scientific and technological cooperation with Yugoslavia; $1,683,000, to remain available until expended.

THE ASIA FOUNDATION

For a grant to the Asia Foundation, $9,900,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That section 15(a) of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 shall not apply to the unobligated balances of previous appropriations for the activities of the Asia Foundation. 22 USC 2680.

GENERAL PROVISIONS—DEPARTMENT OF STATE

SEC. 301. None of the funds appropriated in this title shall be used (1) to pay the United States contribution to any international organization which engages in the direct or indirect promotion of the

principle or doctrine of one world government or one world citizenship; (2) for the promotion, direct or indirect, of the principle or doctrine of one world government or one world citizenship.

International arbitration.

SEC. 302. Funds appropriated under this title shall be available for expenses of international arbitrations and other proceedings for the international resolution of disputes arising under treaties or other international agreements, including international air transport agreements, and arbitrations arising under contracts authorized by law for the performance of services or acquisition of property abroad.

SEC. 303. Funds appropriated under this title shall be available, except as otherwise provided, for salaries and expenses of personnel and dependents as authorized by the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (94 Stat. 2071); allowances and differentials as authorized by subchapter III of chapter 59 of 5 U.S.C.; services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; expenses as authorized by section 2 (a), (c), and (e) of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956; and hire of passenger or freight transportation.

22 USC 3901 note.
5 USC 5921.
22 USC 2669.

RELATED AGENCIES

ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT AGENCY

ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT ACTIVITIES

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, for arms control and disarmament activities, including not to exceed $24,000 for official reception and representation expenses, authorized by the Act of September 26, 1961, as amended (22 U.S.C. 2551 et seq.), $18,500,000.

BOARD FOR INTERNATIONAL BROADCASTING

GRANTS AND EXPENSES

For expenses of the Board for International Broadcasting, including grants to RFE/RL, Inc., $100,000,000, of which not to exceed $52,000 may be made available for official reception and representation expenses: *Provided,* That notwithstanding section 8(b) of the Board for International Broadcasting Act of 1973, not to exceed $4,900,000 of the amounts placed in reserve in fiscal year 1983 pursuant to that section or which would be placed in reserve pursuant to that section, shall be available in fiscal year 1984 to the Board for carrying out that Act, and, in addition, $13,282,000 shall be appropriated for grants to RFE/RL, Inc. for facility modernization and program enhancement.

22 USC 2877.

COMMISSION ON SECURITY AND COOPERATION IN EUROPE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the Commission on Security and Cooperation in Europe, as authorized by Public Law 94-304, $544,000 to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That not to exceed $6,000 of such amount shall be available for official reception and representation expenses: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated under this heading shall be available during calendar

22 USC 3001.

Conference report requirement.

year 1984 unless a conference report on H.R. 2915, "The State Department Authorization Act" is filed.

JAPAN-UNITED STATES FRIENDSHIP COMMISSION

JAPAN-UNITED STATES FRIENDSHIP TRUST FUND

For expenses of the Japan-United States Friendship Commission as authorized by Public Law 94-118, as amended, from the interest earned on the Japan-United States Friendship Trust Fund, $1,683,000, to remain available until expended; and an amount of Japanese currency not to exceed the equivalent of $1,200,000 based on exchange rates at the time of payment of such amounts, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That not to exceed a total of $2,500 of such amounts shall be available for official reception and representation expenses. 22 USC 2901 note.

UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary to enable the United States Information Agency, as authorized by Reorganization Plan No. 2 of 1977, the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act, as amended (22 U.S.C. 2451 et seq.), and the United States Information and Educational Exchange Act, as amended (22 U.S.C. 1431 et seq.), to carry out international communication, educational and cultural activities, including employment, without regard to civil service and classification laws, of persons on a temporary basis (not to exceed $20,000); expenses authorized by the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3901 et seq.), living quarters as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 5912, and allowances as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 5921-5928; and entertainment, including official receptions, within the United States, not to exceed $20,000; $471,853,000, of which not to exceed $6,509,000 of the amounts allocated by the United States Information Agency to carry out section 102(a)(3) of the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act, as amended (22 U.S.C. 2452(a)(3)), shall remain available until expended: *Provided,* That not to exceed $615,000 may be used for representation abroad: *Provided further,* That receipts not to exceed $500,000 may be credited to this appropriation from fees or other payments received from or in connection with English-teaching programs as authorized by section 810 of Public Law 80-402, as amended. 5 USC app. 22 USC 1475e.

RADIO BROADCASTING TO CUBA

For an additional amount, necessary to enable the United States Information Agency to carry out the Radio Broadcasting to Cuba Act (providing for the Radio Marti program or Cuba Service of the Voice of America), including the purchase, rent, construction, and improvement of facilities for radio transmission and reception and purchase and installation of necessary equipment for radio transmission and reception, $10,000,000, to remain available until expended. *Ante,* p. 749.

EDUCATIONAL AND CULTURAL EXCHANGE PROGRAMS

For expenses of Fulbright, International Visitor, Humphrey Fellowship and Congress-Bundestag Exchange Programs as authorized by Reorganization Plan No. 2 of 1977 and the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act, as amended (22 U.S.C. 2451 et seq.), $92,900,000. For the Private Sector Exchange Programs, $7,100,000.

5 USC app.

NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR DEMOCRACY

For grants made by the United States Information Agency to the National Endowment for Democracy as authorized by the National Endowment for Democracy Act, $18,000,000: *Provided,* That these funds shall be available for obligation only upon enactment into law of authorizing legislation.

Ante, p. 1039.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES (SPECIAL FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM)

For payments in foreign currencies which the Department of the Treasury determines to be excess to the normal requirements of the United States, for necessary expenses of the United States Information Agency, as authorized by law, $10,450,000, to remain available until expended.

CENTER FOR CULTURAL AND TECHNICAL INTERCHANGE BETWEEN EAST AND WEST

To enable the Director of the United States Information Agency to provide for carrying out the provisions of the Center for Cultural and Technical Interchange Between East and West Act of 1960, by grant to any appropriate recipient in the State of Hawaii, $18,362,000: *Provided,* That none of the funds appropriated herein shall be used to pay any salary, or to enter into any contract providing the payment thereof, in excess of the highest rate authorized in the General Schedule of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended.

22 USC 2054 note.

5 USC 5332 note.

ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION OF RADIO FACILITIES

For an additional amount for the purchase, rent, construction, and improvement of facilities for radio transmission and reception and purchase and installation of necessary equipment for radio transmission and reception, and for lease of real property for periods up to twenty-five years in Africa, $31,000,000, to remain available until expended.

Short title.

This title may be cited as the "Department of State and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984".

Judiciary Appropriation Act, 1984.

TITLE IV—THE JUDICIARY

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the operation of the Supreme Court, as required by law, excluding care of the building and grounds, including purchase, or hire, driving, maintenance and operation of an automobile for the Chief Justice, hire of passenger motor vehicles;

not to exceed $10,000 for official reception and representation expenses; and for miscellaneous expenses, to be expended as the Chief Justice may approve; $13,635,000.

CARE OF THE BUILDING AND GROUNDS

For such expenditures as may be necessary to enable the Architect of the Capitol to carry out the duties imposed upon him by the Act approved May 7, 1934 (40 U.S.C. 13a–13b), including improvements, maintenance, repairs, equipment, supplies, materials, and appurtenances; special clothing for workmen; and personal and other services (including temporary labor without regard to the Classification and Retirement Acts, as amended), and for snow removal by hire of men and equipment or under contract without compliance with section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (41 U.S.C. 5); $1,971,000, of which $131,000 shall remain available until expended.

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FEDERAL CIRCUIT

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For salaries of the chief judge, judges, and other officers and employees, and for all necessary expenses of the court, $4,680,000.

UNITED STATES COURT OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For salaries of the chief judge and eight judges; salaries of the officers and employees of the court; services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; and necessary expenses of the court, including exchange of books and traveling expenses, as may be approved by the court; $5,675,000: *Provided,* That travel expenses of judges of the Court of International Trade shall be paid upon written certificate of the judge.

COURTS OF APPEALS, DISTRICT COURTS, AND OTHER JUDICIAL SERVICES

SALARIES OF JUDGES

For salaries of circuit judges; district judges (including judges of the district courts of the Virgin Islands, Guam, and the Northern Mariana Islands); judges of the United States Claims Court; and justices and judges retired or resigned under title 28, United States Code, sections 371, 372, and 373; $69,500,000.

SALARIES OF SUPPORTING PERSONNEL

For the salaries of secretaries and law clerks to circuit and district judges, magistrates and staff, circuit executives, clerks of court, probation officers, pretrial service officers, staff attorneys, librarians, the supporting personnel of the United States Claims Court, and all other officers and employees of the Federal Judiciary, not otherwise specifically provided for, $330,000,000: *Provided,* That the secretaries and law clerks to circuit and district judges shall be appointed in such number and at such rates of compensation as may

28 USC 604 note.

be determined by the Judicial Conference of the United States: *Provided further,* That the number of staff attorneys to be appointed in each of the courts of appeals shall not exceed the ratio of one attorney for each authorized judgeship.

DEFENDER SERVICES

For the operation of Federal Public Defender and Community Defender organizations, the compensation and reimbursement of expenses of attorneys appointed to represent persons under the Criminal Justice Act of 1964, as amended, and the compensation of attorneys appointed to represent jurors in civil actions for the protection of their employment, as authorized by law; $37,000,000, to remain available until expended.

18 USC 3006A note.

FEES OF JURORS AND COMMISSIONERS

For fees and expenses and refreshments of jurors; compensation of jury commissioners; and compensation of commissioners appointed in condemnation cases pursuant to Rule 71A(h) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure; $43,500,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That the compensation of land commissioners shall not exceed the daily equivalent of the highest rate payable under section 5332 of title 5, United States Code.

28 USC app.

EXPENSES OF OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF THE COURTS

For necessary operation and maintenance expenses, not otherwise provided for, incurred by the Judiciary, including the purchase of firearms and ammunition, $75,350,000.

BANKRUPTCY COURTS, SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For salaries and expenses of the judges and other officers and employees of the Bankruptcy Courts of the United States, not otherwise provided for, $100,895,000.

SERVICES FOR DRUG DEPENDENT OFFENDERS

For contractual services and expenses relating to the supervision of drug dependent offenders, as authorized by Public Law 95-537, $5,000,000.

18 USC 3651 note.

SPACE AND FACILITIES

For rental of space, alterations, and related services and facilities, including the procurement, transportation, and installation of furniture and furnishings for the United States Courts of Appeals, District Courts, Bankruptcy Courts, and Claims Court, $142,624,000.

COURT SECURITY

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, incident to the procurement, installation, and maintenance of security equipment and protective services for the United States Courts in courtrooms and adjacent areas, including building ingress-egress control, inspection of packages, directed security patrols, and other similar activities; $18,690,000, to be expended directly or transferred to the

United States Marshals Service which shall be responsible for administering elements of the Judicial Security Program consistent with standards or guidelines agreed to by the Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts and the Attorney General.

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES COURTS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts, including travel, advertising, hire of a passenger motor vehicle, and rent in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, $26,775,000, of which $700,000 shall be derived by transfer from "Pretrial Services Agencies, The Judiciary".

FEDERAL JUDICIAL CENTER

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Federal Judicial Center, as authorized by Public Law 90-219, $8,445,000. 28 USC 620.

GENERAL PROVISIONS—THE JUDICIARY

SEC. 401. Appropriations and authorizations made in this title which are available for salaries and expenses shall be available for services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109.

SEC. 402. Appropriations made in this title shall be available for salaries and expenses of the Temporary Emergency Court of Appeals authorized by Public Law 92-210. Temporary Emergency Court of Appeals.

SEC. 403. The position of trustee coordinator in the Bankruptcy Courts of the United States shall not be limited to persons with formal legal training. 12 USC 1904 note. Bankruptcy Court trustee coordinator.

SEC. 404. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Administrative Office of the United States Courts, or any other agency or instrumentality of the United States, is prohibited from restricting solely to staff of the Clerks of the United States Bankruptcy Courts the issuance of notices to creditors and other interested parties. The Administrative Office shall permit and encourage the preparation and mailing of such notices to be performed by or at the expense of the debtors, trustees or such other interested parties as the Court may direct and approve. The Administrator of the United States Courts shall make appropriate provisions for the use of and accounting for any postage required pursuant to such directives. The provisions of this paragraph shall terminate on October 1, 1984. Notice to creditors, issuance.

This title may be cited as the "Judiciary Appropriation Act, 1984". Short title.

TITLE V—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 501. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used for publicity or propaganda purposes not authorized by the Congress. Publicity or propaganda.

SEC. 502. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to administer any program which is funded in whole or in

part from foreign currencies or credits for which a specific dollar appropriation therefor has not been made.

Fiscal year funding limitation.

SEC. 503. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided herein.

Consulting service contracts.

SEC. 504. The expenditure of any appropriation under this Act for any consulting service through procurement contract, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 3109, shall be limited to those contracts where such expenditures are a matter of public record and available for public inspection, except where otherwise provided under existing law, or under existing Executive order issued pursuant to existing law.

Disapproved regulations.

SEC. 505. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act shall be available to implement, administer, or enforce any regulation which has been disapproved pursuant to a resolution of disapproval duly adopted in accordance with the applicable law of the United States.

Refugee Act compliance.

SEC. 506. No funds appropriated under this Act may be used for any action by the Attorney General or by the Secretary of State which is not in compliance with the provisions of the Refugee Act of 1980.

8 USC 1101 note.

Provisions held invalid.

SEC. 507. If any provision of this Act or the application of such provision to any person or circumstances shall be held invalid, the remainder of the Act and the application of such provision to persons or circumstances other than those as to which it is held invalid shall not be affected thereby.

SEC. 508. None of the funds in this Act shall be available for payment of that portion of Standard Level User Charges (SLUC) that are in excess of a 7 per centum increase over the amounts paid for such charges in fiscal year 1983.

Personnel and program changes; notification of congressional committees.

SEC. 509. (a) None of the funds provided under this Act shall be available for obligation or expenditure through a reprograming of funds which: (1) creates new programs; (2) eliminates a program, project, or activity; (3) increases funds or personnel by any means for any project or activity for which funds have been denied or restricted; (4) relocates an office or employees; (5) reorganizes offices, programs, or activities; or (6) contracts out any functions or activities presently performed by Federal employees; unless the Appropriations Committees of both Houses of Congress are notified fifteen days in advance of such reprograming of funds.

(b) None of the funds provided under this Act shall be available for obligation or expenditure for activities, programs, or projects through a reprograming of funds in excess of $250,000 or 10 per centum, whichever is less, that: (1) augments existing programs, projects, or activities; (2) reduces by 10 per centum funding for any existing program, project, or activity, or numbers of personnel by 10 per centum as approved by Congress; or (3) results from any general savings from a reduction in personnel which would result in a change in existing programs, activities, or projects as approved by Congress, unless, the Appropriations Committees of both Houses of Congress are notified fifteen days in advance of such reprograming of funds.

SEC. 510. None of the funds appropriated in title I and title II of this Act may be used for any activity, the purpose of which is to overturn or alter the per se prohibition on resale price maintenance in effect under Federal antitrust laws: *Provided*, That nothing in this provision shall prohibit any employee of a department or agency for which funds are provided in titles I and II of this Act

from presenting testimony on this matter before appropriate committees of the House and Senate.

This Act may be cited as the "Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1984". Short title.

Approved November 28, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3222 (H.R. 3134) (S. 1721):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 98-232 (Comm. on Appropriations), No. 98-226 accompanying H.R. 3134 (Comm. on Appropriations), and No. 98-478 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORT No. 98-206 accompanying S. 1721 (Comm. on Appropriations).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):

Sept. 19, considered and passed House.

Oct. 21, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Nov. 9, House agreed to conference report, concurred in certain Senate amendments, in others with amendments, and disagreed to an amendment.

Nov. 15, Senate agreed to conference report; concurred in certain House amendments; receded from its amendment in disagreement, and further amended it.

Nov. 16, House concurred in Senate amendment.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 19, No. 48 (1983):

Nov. 28, Presidential statement.

Public Law 98-167
98th Congress

An Act

Nov. 29, 1983
[S. 376]

To amend the Debt Collection Act of 1982 to eliminate the requirement that contracts for collection services to recover indebtedness owed the United States be effective only to the extent and in the amount provided in advance appropriation Acts.

Debt Collection Act of 1982, amendment.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (c) of section 3718 of title 31, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "This limitation does not apply in the case of a contract that authorizes a person to collect a fee as provided in subsection (b) of this section.".

Approved November 29, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 376:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-482 (Comm. on the Judiciary).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-75 (Comm. on Governmental Affairs).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
May 20, considered and passed Senate.
Nov. 14, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-168
98th Congress

An Act

To amend title 5, United States Code, to extend the Federal Physicians Comparability Allowance Act of 1978, and for other purposes.

Nov. 29, 1983
[H.R. 2077]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

TITLE I—PHYSICIANS COMPARABILITY ALLOWANCE

Federal Physicians Comparability Allowance Act of 1978, amendment.

SHORT TITLE

SEC. 101. This title may be cited as the "Federal Physicians Comparability Allowance Amendments of 1983".

Federal Physicians Comparability Allowance Amendments of 1983.

EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY

5 USC 5948 note.

SEC. 102. (a) The second sentence of section 5948(d) of title 5, United States Code, is amended to read as follows: "No agreement shall be entered into under this section later than September 30, 1987, nor shall any agreement cover a period of service extending beyond September 30, 1989.".

(b) Section 3 of the Federal Physicians Comparability Allowance Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. 5948 note) is amended by striking out "September 30, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1989".

PAY OF CERTAIN FEDERAL PHYSICIANS FOR FISCAL YEAR 1982

5 USC 5948 note.

SEC. 103. (a) Any individual whose aggregate pay for fiscal year 1982 exceeded the limitation set forth in section 5383(b) of title 5, United States Code, is relieved of all liability to the United States for any amounts paid to such individual in excess of such limitation if, and to the extent that, such liability takes into account any allowance paid under section 5948 of such title.

5 USC 5948.

(b)(1) The appropriate agency head shall pay, out of any appropriation or fund available to pay allowances under section 5948 of title 5, United States Code, to any individual as to whom liability is relieved under subsection (a), an amount equal to the aggregate of any amounts paid by such individual, or withheld from sums otherwise due such individual, with respect to any liability relieved under such subsection.

(2) A payment under paragraph (1)—

(A) shall be made only if written application therefor is submitted to the appropriate agency head, in accordance with such regulations as the President or his designee may prescribe, within two years after the date of enactment of this Act; and

(B) shall not be considered for purposes of applying the limitation set forth in section 5383(b) of title 5, United States Code.

(c) For the purpose of this section— Definitions.

(1) the term "aggregate pay", as used with respect to an individual, means the aggregate amount paid to such individual under sections 4507, 5382, 5384, and 5948 of title 5, United States Code;

(2) the term "appropriate agency head", as used with respect to an individual, means the head of the agency employing such individual when such individual was paid an allowance with respect to which liability is relieved under this subsection; and

(3) the term "agency" has the meaning given such term by section 5948(g)(2) of such title.

5 USC 5948.

TITLE II—FEDERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ADJUSTMENT

Federal Employees' Retirement Contribution Temporary Adjustment Act of 1983.

SHORT TITLE

5 USC 8331 note.

SEC. 201. This title may be cited as the "Federal Employees' Retirement Contribution Temporary Adjustment Act of 1983".

STATEMENT OF POLICY

5 USC 8331 note.

SEC. 202. It is the policy of the Government—

(1) that the amount required to be contributed to certain public retirement systems by employees and officers of the Government who are also required to pay employment taxes relating to benefits under title II of the Social Security Act for service performed after December 31, 1983, be modified until the date on which such employees and officers are covered by a new Government retirement system (the design, structure, and provisions of which have not been determined on the date of enactment of this Act) or January 1, 1986, whichever is earlier;

42 USC 401.

(2) that the Treasury be required to pay into such retirement systems the remainder of the amount such employees and officers would have contributed during such period but for the temporary modification;

(3) that the employing agencies make contributions to the retirement systems with respect to such service in amounts required by law in effect before January 1, 1984, without reduction in such amounts;

(4) that such employees and officers accrue credit for service for the purposes of the public retirement systems in effect on the date of enactment of this Act until a new Government retirement system covering such employees and officers is established;

(5) that, where appropriate, deposits to the credit of such a retirement system be required with respect to service performed by an employee or officer of the Government during the period described in clause (1), and, where appropriate, annuities be offset by the amount of certain social security benefits attributable to such service; and

(6) that such employees and officers who are first employed in civilian service by the Government or first take office in civilian service in the Government on or after January 1, 1984, become subject to such new Government retirement system as may be established for employees and officers of the Government on or after January 1, 1984, and before January 1, 1986, with credit for service performed after December 31, 1983, by such em-

ployees and officers transferred to such new Government retirement system.

DEFINITIONS

SEC. 203. (a) For the purposes of this title— 5 USC 8331 note.

(1) the term "covered employee" means any individual whose service is covered service;

(2) the term "covered retirement system" means—

(A) the Civil Service Retirement and Disability System under subchapter III of chapter 83 of title 5, United States Code; 5 USC 8331.

(B) the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability System under chapter 8 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4041 et seq.);

(C) the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability System under the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement Act of 1964 for Certain Employees (50 U.S.C. 403 note); and

(D) any other retirement system (other than a new Government retirement system) under which a covered employee who is a participant in the system is required to make contributions to the system in an amount equal to a portion of the participant's basic pay for covered service, as determined by the President;

(3) the term "covered service" means service which is employment for the purposes of title II of the Social Security Act and chapter 21 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 by reason of the amendments made by section 101 of the Social Security Amendments of 1983 (97 Stat. 67); and 42 USC 401. 26 USC 3101 *et seq.*

(4) the term "new Government retirement system" means any retirement system which (A) is established for officers or employees of the Government by or pursuant to a law enacted after December 31, 1983, and before January 1, 1986, and (B) takes effect on or before January 1, 1986.

(b) The President shall publish the determinations made for the purpose of subsection (a)(2)(D) in an Executive order. Executive order, publication.

CONTRIBUTION ADJUSTMENTS

SEC. 204. (a) In the case of a covered employee who is participating in a covered retirement system, an employing agency shall deduct and withhold only 1.3 percent of the basic pay of such employee under— 5 USC 8331 note.

(1) section 8334 of title 5, United States Code;

(2) section 805 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4045);

(3) section 211 of the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement Act of 1964 for Certain Employees (50 U.S.C. 403 note); or

(4) any provision of any other covered retirement system which requires a participant in the system to make contributions of a portion of the basic pay of the participant;

for covered service which is performed after December 31, 1983, and before the earlier of the effective date of a new Government retirement system or January 1, 1986. Deductions shall be made and withheld as provided by such provisions in the case of covered service which is performed on or after such effective date or Janu-

ary 1, 1986, as the case may be, and is not subject to a new Government retirement system.

(b) Employing agencies of the Government shall make contributions with respect to service to which subsection (a) of this section applies under the second sentence of section 8334(a)(1) of title 5, United States Code, the second sentence of section 805(a) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4045(a)), the second sentence of section 211(a) of the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement Act of 1964 for Certain Employees (50 U.S.C. 403 note), and any provision of any other covered retirement system requiring a contribution by the employing agency, as if subsection (a) of this section had not been enacted.

REIMBURSEMENT FOR CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY

Definitions.
5 USC 8331 note.

SEC. 205. (a) For purposes of this section—

(1) the term "contribution deficiency", when used with respect to a covered retirement system, means the excess of—

(A) the total amount which, but for section 204(a) of this Act, would have been deducted and withheld under a provision referred to in such section from the pay of covered employees participating in such retirement system for service to which such section applies, over

(B) the total amount which was deducted and withheld from the pay of covered employees for such service as provided in section 204(a) of this Act; and

(2) the term "appropriate agency head" means—

(A) the Director of the Office of Personnel Management, with respect to the Civil Service Retirement and Disability System under subchapter III of chapter 83 of title 5, United States Code;

5 USC 8331.

(B) the Secretary of State, with respect to the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability System under chapter 8 of the Foreign Service Retirement Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 404 et seq.);

22 USC 4041 *et seq.*

(C) the Director of Central Intelligence, with respect to the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability System under the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement Act of 1964 for Certain Employees (50 U.S.C. 403 note); and

(D) the officer designated by the President for that purpose in the case of any retirement system described in section 203(a)(2)(D) of this Act.

(b) At the end of each of fiscal years 1984, 1985, and 1986, the appropriate agency head—

(1) shall determine the amount of the contribution deficiency for such fiscal year in the case of each covered retirement system, including the interest that those contributions would have earned had they been credited to the fund established for the payment of benefits under such retirement system in the same manner and at the same time as deductions under the applicable provision of law referred to in section 204(a) of this Act; and

Secretary of the Treasury, notification.

(2) shall notify the Secretary of the Treasury of the amount of the contribution deficiency in each such case.

(c) Before closing the accounts for each of fiscal years 1984, 1985, and 1986, the Secretary of the Treasury shall credit to the fund established for the payment of benefits under each covered retire-

ment system, as a Government contribution, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, an amount equal to the amount determined under subsection (b) with respect to that covered retirement system for the fiscal year involved.

(d) Amounts credited to a fund under subsection (c) shall be accounted for separately than amounts credited to such fund under any other provision of law.

SPECIAL DEPOSIT AND OFFSET RULES RELATING TO RETIREMENT BENEFITS FOR INTERIM COVERED SERVICE

SEC. 206. (a) For the purposes of this section, the term "interim covered service" means covered service to which section 204(a) applies. 5 USC 8331 note.

(b)(1) Paragraphs (2) and (3) apply according to the provisions thereof only with respect to a covered employee who is employed by the Government on December 31, 1983.

(2)(A) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the interim covered service of such covered employee shall be considered—

(i) in determining entitlement to and computing the amount of an annuity (other than a disability or survivor annuity) commencing under a covered retirement system during the period beginning January 1, 1984, and ending on the earlier of the date a new Government retirement system takes effect or January 1, 1986, by reason of the retirement of such covered employee during such period only if such covered employee makes a deposit to the credit of such covered retirement system for such covered service in an amount computed as provided in subsection (f); and

(ii) in computing a disability or survivor annuity which commences under a covered retirement system during such period and is based in any part on such interim covered service.

(B) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an annuity to which subparagraph (A)(ii) applies shall be reduced by the portion of the amount of any benefits which is payable under title II of the Social Security Act and is attributable to the interim covered service considered in computing the amount of such annuity, as determined under subsection (g), unless, in the case of a survivor annuity, a covered employee has made a deposit with respect to such covered service for the purposes of subparagraph (A)(i) before the date on which payment of such annuity commences. 42 USC 401.

(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if a new Government retirement system is not established or is inapplicable to such a covered employee who retires or dies subject to a covered retirement system after the date on which such new Government retirement system takes effect, the interim covered service of such covered employee shall be considered in determining entitlement to and computing the amount of an annuity under a covered retirement system based on the service of such covered employee only if such covered employee makes a deposit to the credit of such covered retirement system for such covered service in an amount computed as provided in subsection (f).

(c)(1) Paragraphs (2) and (3) apply according to the provisions thereof only with respect to a covered employee who was not employed by the Government on December 31, 1983.

(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any annuity which commences under a covered retirement system during the

period described in subsection (b)(2)(A)(i) and is based, in any part, on interim covered service shall be reduced by the portion of the amount of any benefits which is payable under title II of the Social Security Act to the annuitant and is attributable to such service, as determined under subsection (g).

42 USC 401.

(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if a new Government retirement system is not established, the interim covered service of such a covered employee who retires or dies after January 1, 1986, shall be considered in determining entitlement to and computing the amount of an annuity under a covered retirement system based on the service of such covered employee only if such covered employee makes a deposit to the credit of such covered retirement system for such covered service in an amount computed as provided in subsection (f).

(d) If a covered employee with respect to whom subsection (b)(3) or (c)(3) applies dies without having made a deposit pursuant to such subsection, any individual who is entitled to an annuity under a covered retirement system based on the service of such covered employee or who would be entitled to such an annuity if such deposit had been made by the covered employee before death may make such deposit after the date of death of such covered employee. Service covered by a deposit made pursuant to the first sentence shall be considered in determining, in the case of each individual to whom the first sentence applies, the entitlement to and the amount of an annuity under a covered retirement system based on the service of such covered employee.

(e) A reduction in annuity under subsection (b)(2)(B) or (c)(2) shall commence on the first day of the first month after the date on which payment of benefits under title II of the Social Security Act commence and shall be redetermined each time an increase in such benefits takes effect pursuant to section 215(i) of the Social Security Act. In the case of an annuity of a participant or former participant in a covered retirement system, of a surviving spouse or child of such participant or former participant, or of any other person designated by such participant or former participant to receive an annuity, under a covered retirement system (other than a former spouse) the reduction in annuity under subsection (b)(2)(B) or (c)(2) shall be calculated before any reduction in such annuity provided under such system for the purpose of paying an annuity under such system to any former spouse of such participant or former participant based on the service of such participant or former participant.

42 USC 401.

42 USC 415.

(f) For the purposes of subsection (b) or (c), the amount of a deposit to the credit of the applicable covered retirement system shall be equal to the excess of—

(1) the total amount which would have been deducted and withheld from the basic pay of the covered employee for the interim covered service under such covered retirement system but for the application of section 204(a), over

(2) the amount which was deducted and withheld from such basic pay for such interim covered service pursuant to section 204(a) and was not refunded to such covered employee.

(g) For the purpose of subsections (b)(2)(B) and (c)(2), the portion of the amount of the benefits which is payable under title II of the Social Security Act to an individual and is attributable to interim covered service shall be determined by—

42 USC 401.

(1) computing the amount of such benefits including credit for such service;

(2) computing the amount of such benefits, if any, without including credit for such service; and

(3) subtracting the amount computed under clause (2) from the amount computed under clause (1).

(h) The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall furnish to the appropriate agency head (as defined in section 205(a)(2)) such information as such agency head considers necessary to carry out this section. Information submittal.

TRANSFER OF CREDIT TO NEW RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SEC. 207. (a) Any covered employee who first becomes employed in civilian service by the Government or first takes office in civilian service in the Government on or after January 1, 1984, shall become subject to such new Government retirement system as may be established. 5 USC 8331 note.

(b) In the case of any covered employee who is subject to a covered retirement system on or after January 1, 1984, and thereafter becomes subject to a new Government retirement system—

(1) credit for the service of such employee to which section 204(a) applies shall be transferred from such covered retirement system to the new Government retirement system for the purposes of the new Government retirement system; and

(2) such service shall be considered not to be creditable service for the purposes of such covered retirement system,

effective on the date on which such employee becomes subject to such new Government retirement system.

ELECTIONS BY CERTAIN COVERED EMPOLYEES

SEC. 208. (a) Any individual performing service of a type referred to in clause (i), (ii), (iii), or (iv) of section 210(a)(5) of the Social Security Act beginning on or before December 31, 1983, may— 5 USC 8331 note. *Ante*, p. 67.

(1) if such individual is then currently a participant in a covered retirement system, elect by written application submitted before January 1, 1984—

(A) to terminate participation in such system, effective after December 31, 1983; or

(B) to remain under such system, as if the preceding sections of this Act and the amendments made by this Act had not been enacted; or

(2) if such individual is then currently not a participant in a covered retirement system, elect by written application—

(A) to become a participant under such system (if such individual is otherwise eligible to participate in the system), subject to the preceding sections of this Act and the amendments made by this Act; or

(B) to become a participant under such system (if such individual is otherwise eligible to participate in the system), as if the preceding sections of this Act and the amendments made by this Act had not been enacted.

(b) An application by an individual under subsection (a) shall be submitted to the official by whom such covered employee is paid.

(c) Any individual who elects to terminate participation in a covered retirement system under subsection (a)(1)(A) is entitled to have such individual's contributions to the retirement system refunded, in accordance with applicable provisions of law, as if such Refund of retirement contributions.

individual had separated from service as of the effective date of the election.

(d) Any individual who is eligible to make an election under subparagraph (A) or (B) of subsection (a)(1), but who does not make an election under either such subparagraph, shall be subject to the preceding sections of this Act and the amendments made by this Act.

TITLE III—SENIOR EXECUTIVE SERVICE

Report to Congress.
5 USC 5383 note.

SEC. 301. (a) The Office of Personnel Management shall study and, within 12 months after the date of enactment of this Act, submit to each House of the Congress a report on the effect which section 5383(b) of title 5, United States Code (relating to the maximum aggregate amount payable to a member of the Senior Executive Service in a fiscal year) has had with respect to recruitment, retention, and morale of career appointees in the Senior Executive Service.

(b) Section 3135(a)(7) of title 5, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(7) for the preceding fiscal year, by agency—

"(A) the number of performance awards, and the number of ranks, conferred, as well as the respective aggregate amounts paid for such awards and ranks;

"(B) the percentage of career appointees in such agency who received any such award, and the percentage who received any such rank; and

"(C) the name of each individual who received any such award or rank, the award or rank received, and a brief summary of the reasons why such individual was selected;".

Approved November 29, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2077 (S. 1009):

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-542 (Comm. of Conference).
SENATE REPORTS: No. 98-218 accompanying S. 1009 (Comm. on Governmental Affairs) and No. 98-307 (Comm. of Conference).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Sept. 19, considered and passed House.
Sept. 30, considered and passed Senate, amended, in lieu of S. 1009.
Nov. 4, House concurred in Senate amendment with an amendment; Senate concurred in House amendment with an amendment.
Nov. 11, Senate agreed to conference report.
Nov. 16, House agreed to conference report.

Public Law 98-169
98th Congress

An Act

To transfer from the Director of the Office of Management and Budget to the Administrator of General Services the responsibility for publication of the catalog of Federal domestic assistance programs, and for other purposes.

Nov. 29, 1983
[H.R. 2592]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That chapter 61 of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

Catalog of Federal domestic assistance programs. Transfer of publication responsibility. 31 USC 6101.

(1) by adding at the end of section 6101 the following new paragraphs:

"(5) 'Director' means the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.

"(6) 'Administrator' means the Administrator of General Services."; and

(2) by striking out the phrase "Director of the Office of Management and Budget" each time that it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "Director".

31 USC 6102-6104.

SEC. 2. Section 6102 of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out "prepare and maintain information on domestic assistance programs" in subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof "collect and review information on domestic assistance programs and shall provide such information to the Administrator"; and

(2) by striking out the second sentence of subsection (b) and inserting in lieu thereof "The Director shall be responsible for ensuring that the Administrator incorporates all relevant information received on a regular basis.";

(3) by striking out "Director" in subsection (c) and inserting in lieu thereof "Administrator";

(4) by striking out "and" at the end of subsection (c)(1), by striking out the period at the end of subsection (c)(2) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and", and by adding thereafter the following new paragraph:

"(3) shall ensure that the information in the computerized system is made current on a regular basis and that the printed catalog and supplements thereto contain the most current data available at the time of printing.".

SEC. 3. (a) Section 6101 of title 31, United States Code (as amended by the first section of this Act), is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"Formula."

"(7) 'formula' means any prescribed method employing objective data or statistical estimates for making individual determinations among recipients of Federal funds, either in terms of eligibility or actual funding allocations, that can be written in the form of either—

"(A) a closed mathematical statement; or

"(B) an iterative procedure or algorithm which can be written as a computer program;

and from which the results can be objectively replicated, within reasonable limits due to rounding error, through independent

application of such statement, procedures, or algorithm, by different qualified individuals.".

31 USC 6102.

(b) Section 6102(a) of such title (as amended by section 2(1) of this Act) is further amended—

(1) by striking out subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) and redesignating subparagraphs (F), (G), and (H) as subparagraphs (E), (F), and (G), respectively;

(2) by redesignating paragraphs (3), (4), and (5) as paragraphs (5), (6), and (7), respectively; and

(3) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraphs:

"(3) a specification of each formula governing eligibility for assistance or the distribution of assistance under the program, which shall be described through the use of—

"(A) the language used to specify each such formula in the law authorizing the program;

"(B) the language used to specify each such formula in any Federal rule promulgated pursuant to the law authorizing the program; or

"(C) a mathematical statement which is derived from the language referred to in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph;

"(4) a description of all data and statistical estimates used to carry out each formula specified pursuant to paragraph (3), and an identification of the sources of such data and estimates;".

(c) Section 6102(c) of such title (as amended by section 2(4) of this Act) is further amended—

(1) by striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (2);

(2) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (3) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and

(3) by inserting after paragraph (3) the following new paragraph:

Transmittal to congressional committees.

"(4) shall transmit annually the information compiled under paragraphs (3) and (4) of subsection (a) to the Committee on Government Operations of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate.".

Computerized information system.

(d) Section 6103(a) of such title is amended to read as follows:

"(a) The Administrator shall maintain a computerized information system providing access to—

"(1) the information described in paragraphs (1), (2), (5), (6), and (7) of section 6102(a) of this title; and

"(2) such portions or summaries, as the Administrator considers appropriate, of the information described in paragraphs (3) and (4) of such section.".

(e) Section 6104(b)(1) of such title is amended to read as follows:

"(1)(A) all substantive information on domestic assistance programs that, at the time the catalog is prepared, is in the system under paragraphs (1), (2), (5), (6), and (7) of section 6102(a) of this title; and

"(B) such portions or summaries, as the Administrator considers appropriate, of the information on domestic assistance programs that, at the time the catalog is prepared, is in the system under paragraphs (3) and (4) of section 6102(a) of this title;".

SEC. 4. Section 6103 of title 31, United States Code (as amended by section 3(d) of this Act), and section 6104 of such title (as amended by section 3(e) of this Act) are amended by striking out "Director" each

place it appears in such sections and inserting in lieu thereof "Administrator".

SEC. 5. Title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking out section 6105 and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"§ 6105. Oversight responsibility of Director 31 USC 6105.

"The Director shall have oversight responsibility for the exercise of all authorities and responsibilities in this chapter not specifically assigned to the Director.

"§ 6106. Authorization of appropriations 31 USC 6106.

"After October 1, 1983, there may be appropriated to the Administrator such sums as may be necessary to carry out the responsibilities of this chapter.".

SEC. 6. The analysis of chapter 61 of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking out the item relating to section 6105 and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"6105. Oversight responsibility of Director.
"6106. Authorization of appropriations.".

SEC. 7. The Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall transfer to the Administrator of General Services such personnel, property, records, and unexpended balances of appropriations available in connection with any authorities and responsibilities so transferred, as the Director of the Office of Management and Budget determines are necessary to carry out the responsibilities transferred pursuant to this Act. 31 USC 6101 note.

Approved November 29, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2592 (S. 1267):

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-112 (Comm. on Government Operations).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-216 accompanying S. 1267 (Comm. on Governmental Affairs).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
June 1, considered and passed House.
Oct. 27, S. 1267 considered and passed Senate.
Oct. 28, passage of S. 1267 vitiated in Senate, and H.R. 2592, amended, passed in lieu.
Nov. 17, House concurred in Senate amendment.

Public Law 98-170
98th Congress

An Act

Nov. 29, 1983
[S. 807]

To amend the boundaries of the Cumberland Island National Seashore.

Cumberland Island National Seashore.
16 USC 459i.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1 of the Act of October 23, 1972 (86 Stat. 1066), as amended by the Act of November 10, 1978 (92 Stat. 3489), is further amended by striking out "numbered CUIS 40,000D" and substituting "numbered CUIS 40,000E".

Approved November 29, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 807:

SENATE REPORT No. 98-256 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Oct. 6, considered and passed Senate.
Nov. 15, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-171
98th Congress

An Act

To amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act to authorize marketing research and promotion projects, including paid advertising, for filberts, and to amend the Potato Research and Promotion Act.

Nov. 29, 1983
[H.R. 2590]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 8c(6)(I) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act, as reenacted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937 (7 U.S.C. 608c(6)(I)) is amended by inserting "filberts (otherwise known as hazelnuts)," after "almonds," each place such term appears.

Agricultural Adjustment Act and Potato Research and Promotion Act, amendments.

SEC. 2. (a) Section 308 of the Potato Research and Promotion Act (7 U.S.C. 2617) is amended by—

(1) amending paragraph (b) to add at the end thereof the following: "The requirement for inclusion of public representatives on the board shall not be subject to producer approval in a referendum.";

(2) amending paragraph (e) to read as follows:

"(e) Providing that the board shall recommend to the Secretary and the Secretary shall fix the assessment rate at not more than one cent per one hundred pounds of potatoes handled; except that if approved by producers pursuant to section 314, the rate of assessment shall not exceed one-half of 1 per centum of the immediate past ten-calendar-year United States average price received for potatoes by growers as reported by the Department of Agriculture."; and

7 USC 2623.

(3) amending paragraph (f)(1) by adding immediately before the semicolon at the end thereof the following: ": *Provided,* That the provision for payment to the Department of Agriculture for any referendum and administrative costs so incurred shall not be subject to producer approval in a referendum".

7 USC 2623 note.

(b) The failure of potato producers in December 1982 to approve amendments to the plan issued under this title shall not be deemed to invalidate the plan.

Approved November 29, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2590:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-335 (Comm. on Agriculture).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Aug. 1, considered and passed House.
Nov. 17, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-172
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

To provide for the awarding of a special gold medal to Danny Thomas in recognition of his humanitarian efforts and outstanding work as an American.

Nov. 29, 1983
[H.J. Res. 93]

Whereas Danny Thomas founded the St. Jude Children's Research Hospital, a nonprofit hospital dedicated to helping grievously ill children of all faiths and races, children living and children yet unborn;

Whereas Danny Thomas founded ALSAC, Aiding Leukemia Stricken American Children, an organization which annually holds a Teenagers' March to raise the $12 million needed in annual maintenance costs incurred by the hospital;

Whereas Pope Paul VI presented Danny Thomas with one of the highest honors he could bestow upon a layman—Knight Commander with Star in the Equestrian Order of the Holy Sepulchre of Jerusalem;

Whereas the National Conference of Christians and Jews selected Danny Thomas as their Man of the Year;

Whereas Danny Thomas was presented by the American Medical Association with its Layman Award, the highest honor it can bestow upon a nonmedical man and only the sixth such award given since 1948;

Whereas Danny Thomas has given "command performances" for five Presidents—Presidents Roosevelt, Truman, Eisenhower, Kennedy, and Johnson;

Whereas Danny Thomas gave of his time during World War II to entertain United States troops in North Africa, Italy, and the Philippines; and

Whereas Danny Thomas has helped to alleviate the suffering of many children throughout the world and given them hope for a brighter future: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) the President is authorized to present, on behalf of the Congress, to Danny Thomas a gold medal of appropriate design, in recognition of his humanitarian efforts and his outstanding work as an American.

Danny Thomas.
Gold medal.

(b) For purposes of the presentation referred to in subsection (a), the Secretary of the Treasury shall cause to be struck a gold medal with suitable emblems, devices, and inscriptions to be determined by the Secretary.

(c) Effective October 1, 1983, there are authorized to be appropriated not to exceed $25,000 to carry out the provisions of this section.

Appropriation authorization.

SEC. 2. (a) The Secretary of the Treasury may cause duplicates in bronze of the medal provided for in the first section to be coined and sold under such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, at a price sufficient to cover the cost thereof, including labor, materials, dies, use of machinery, overhead expenses, and the gold medal.

Duplicates.

Proceeds and reimbursement.

(b) The appropriation used to carry out the provisions of the first section shall be reimbursed out of the proceeds of such sales.

SEC. 3. The medals provided for in this Act are national medals for the purpose of section 5111 of title 31, United States Code.

Approved November 29, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 93:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Nov. 7, considered and passed House.
Nov. 17, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-173
98th Congress

An Act

To declare that the United States holds certain lands in trust for the Kaw Tribe of Oklahoma.

Nov. 29, 1983
[S. 1168]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) subject to the provisions of subsection (c), all right, title, and interest of the United States in the surface estate of the land described in subsection (b) is hereby declared to be held by the United States in trust for the benefit and use of the Kaw Tribe of Oklahoma.

Kaw Tribe of Okla.
Lands in trust.

(b) The land described in this subsection is the following 132.50 acres, more or less, located within township 27 north, range 4 east, Indian meridian, in Kay County, Oklahoma:

Section 22, northwest quarter northeast quarter southeast quarter, east half east half southeast quarter, west half west half southeast quarter, west half west half east half southwest quarter southeast quarter, west half west half southeast quarter northwest quarter southeast quarter, northeast quarter northwest quarter southeast quarter.

Section 27, west half northwest quarter northeast quarter, west half west half east half northwest quarter northeast quarter.

(c) Nothing in this Act shall deprive any person (other than the United States) of any right-of-way, mineral interest, grazing permit, water right, or other right or interest which such person may have in the land described in subsection (b) on the date preceding the date of enactment of this Act.

Approved November 29, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1168 (H.R. 3111):

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-465 accompanying H.R. 3111 (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-175 (Comm. on Indian Affairs).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
July 20, considered and passed Senate.
Nov. 14, H.R. 3111 considered and passed House; S. 1168 passed in lieu.

11-194 O - 85 -- 37 : QL 3

Public Law 98-174
98th Congress

An Act

Nov. 29, 1983
[S. 1837]

To designate the Federal Building in Seattle, Washington, as the "Henry M. Jackson Federal Building".

Henry M. Jackson Federal Building. Designation.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the building located at 915 Second Avenue, Seattle, Washington, known as the Federal Building, shall hereafter be known and designated as the "Henry M. Jackson Federal Building". Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, record, or other paper of the United States to that building shall be deemed to be a reference to the "Henry M. Jackson Federal Building".

Approved November 29, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1837:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Sept. 30, considered and passed Senate.
Nov. 18, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-175
98th Congress

An Act

To make certain land owned by the United States in the State of New York part of the Green Mountain National Forest.

Nov. 29, 1983
[H.R. 24]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all land owned by the United States within the Hector Land Utilization project, an administrative unit of the Forest Service located in Seneca and Schuyler Counties in the State of New York, or hereafter acquired by the United States for national forest purposes for inclusion therein, shall be deemed to be part of the Green Mountain National Forest and the national forest system and subject to the Weeks Act of March 1, 1911 (16 U.S.C. 480, et seq.), and to all laws, rules, and regulations applicable to national forest lands acquired thereunder. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for the purposes of the Acts of May 23, 1908, and March 1, 1911 (16 U.S.C. 500), the amount that is paid to the State of New York as its share of moneys received from such forest shall be based on the receipts from the lands in such forest that are within the State of New York.

Green Mountain National Forest.

16 USC 517 note.

Approved November 29, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 24:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-293 (Comm. on Agriculture).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-288 (Comm. on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
July 18, considered and passed House.
Nov. 17, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-176
98th Congress

An Act

Nov. 29, 1983
[H.R. 594]

To amend section 1 of the Act of June 5, 1920, as amended, to authorize the Secretary of Commerce to settle claims for damages of less than $2,500 arising by reason of acts for which the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration is responsible.

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. Settlement of damage claims.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1 of the Act of June 5, 1920, as amended (41 Stat. 929, as amended; 33 U.S.C. 853), is further amended to read as follows: "The Secretary of Commerce is authorized to consider, ascertain, adjust, and determine all claims for damages, where the amount of the claim does not exceed $2,500, occasioned, subsequent to June 5, 1920, by acts for which the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration is responsible.".

Approved November 29, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 594 (S. 969):

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-62 (Comm. on the Judiciary).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-150 accompanying S. 969 (Comm. on the Judiciary).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
May 3, considered and passed House.
June 23, S. 969 considered and passed Senate.
Nov. 15, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-177
98th Congress

An Act

To extend the Small Business Development Center program administered by the Small Business Administration until January 1, 1985.

Nov. 29, 1983
[H.R. 4013]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 204 of Public Law 96-302 (94 Stat. 848) is amended by striking "October 1, 1984" and by inserting "January 1, 1985".

Small Business Development Center Program, extension.
15 USC 648 note.

Approved November 29, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 4013 (H.R. 5334) (S. 1429):

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-406 (Comm. on Small Business).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Oct. 18, considered and passed House.
Nov. 17, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-178
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Nov. 29, 1983
[H.J. Res. 168]

To designate the week beginning May 27, 1984, as "National Tourism Week".

Whereas tourism is vital to the United States, contributing to its economic prosperity, employment, and international balance of payments;

Whereas travelers from the United States and other countries spent $191,000,000,000 in the United States during 1981, directly producing four million six hundred thousand jobs, $40,000,000,000 in wages and salaries, and $18,000,000,000 in Federal, State, and local tax revenues;

Whereas, if viewed as a single retail industry, the travel and tourism sector of the economy constituted the second largest retail industry in the United States in 1981, as measured by business receipts;

Whereas tourism contributes substantially both to personal growth, health, and education, and to intercultural appreciation of the geography, history, and people of the United States;

Whereas tourism enhances international understanding and good will; and

Whereas, as incomes and leisure time continue to increase, tourism will become an increasingly important aspect of the daily lives of the people of the United States: Now, therefore, be it

National Tourism Week.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the week beginning May 27, 1984, hereby is designated "National Tourism Week", and the President of the United States is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe such week with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

Approved November 29, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 168:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
June 22, considered and passed House.
Nov. 15, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-179
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Providing for the convening of the second session of the Ninety-eighth Congress, and for other purposes.

Nov. 29, 1983
[H.J. Res. 421]

98th Congress.
Second session.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the second regular session of the Ninety-eighth Congress shall begin at 12 o'clock meridian on Monday, January 23, 1984.

SEC. 2. That prior to the convening of the second regular session of the Ninety-eighth Congress on January 23, 1984, as provided in section 1 of this resolution, Congress shall reassemble at 12 o'clock meridian on the second day after its Members are notified in accordance with section 3 of this resolution.

SEC. 3. The Speaker of the House, after consultation with the minority leader of the House, and the majority leader of the Senate, after consultation with the minority leader of the Senate, acting jointly, shall notify the Members of the House and the Senate, respectively, to reassemble whenever, in their opinion, the public interest shall warrant it.

Approved November 29, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 421:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Nov. 16, considered and passed House.
Nov. 18, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-180
98th Congress

An Act

Nov. 29, 1983
[H.R. 3385]

To stabilize the supply and demand for dairy products, to make modifications in the tobacco production adjustment program, to provide emergency livestock feed assistance, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Dairy and Tobacco Adjustment Act of 1983".

Dairy and Tobacco Adjustment Act of 1983.
7 USC 1421 note.

TITLE I—DAIRY

SHORT TITLE

Dairy Production Stabilization Act of 1983.
7 USC 1421 note.

SEC. 101. This title may be cited as the "Dairy Production Stabilization Act of 1983".

Subtitle A—Dairy Stabilization Program

DAIRY PRODUCTION STABILIZATION

SEC. 102. (a) Section 201(d) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1446(d)) is amended to read as follows:

"(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law—

"(1)(A) Effective for the period beginning with the date of enactment of the Dairy Production Stabilization Act of 1983 and ending on the last day of the month of enactment of such Act, the price of milk shall be supported at a rate equivalent to $13.10 per hundredweight for milk containing 3.67 per centum milkfat.

Supra.

"(B) Effective for the period beginning on the first day of the first calendar month following the date of enactment of the Dairy Production Stabilization Act of 1983 and ending on September 30, 1985, the price of milk shall be supported at a rate equivalent to $12.60 per hundredweight for milk containing 3.67 per centum milkfat, except that—

"(i) on April 1, 1985, if the Secretary estimates that for the twelve-month period beginning on such date net price support purchases of milk or the products of milk would be in excess of six billion pounds milk equivalent, the Secretary may reduce the price support rate in effect on such date in the amount of 50 cents per hundredweight; and

"(ii) on July 1, 1985—

"(I) if the Secretary estimates that for the twelve-month period beginning on such date net price support purchases of milk or the products of milk would be in excess of five billion pounds milk equivalent, the Secretary may reduce the price support rate in effect on such date in the amount of 50 cents per hundredweight; or

"(II) if the Secretary estimates that for the twelve-month period beginning on such date net price support

purchases of milk or the products of milk would be five billion pounds milk equivalent or less and if the Secretary determines it necessary in order to assure an adequate supply of pure and wholesome milk to meet current needs, the Secretary may increase the price support rate in effect on such date in an amount not less than 50 cents per hundredweight.

"(C) The price of milk shall be supported through the purchase of milk and the products of milk.

"(2)(A)(i) Effective for the period beginning with the first day of the first calendar month following the date of enactment of the Dairy Production Stabilization Act of 1983 and ending on March 31, 1985, to encourage the adjustment of milk production to levels consistent with the national demand for milk and the products of milk, the Secretary shall provide for a reduction of 50 cents per hundredweight to be made in the price received on all milk produced in the United States and marketed by producers for commercial use.

Ante, p. 1128.

"(ii) Effective for the period beginning with the date of enactment of the Dairy Production Stabilization Act of 1983 and ending on the last day of the month of enactment of such Act, the provisions of paragraphs (2) through (7) of subsection (d) of this section, as in effect on the day immediately prior to the date of enactment of the Dairy Production Stabilization Act of 1983, shall be applicable to all milk produced in the United States and marketed by producers for commercial use. Enactment of the Dairy Production Stabilization Act of 1983 shall not affect in any manner the collection or enforcement of any deduction from the price of milk previously implemented by the Secretary under this subsection as in effect for any milk marketed for commercial use prior to the effective date of the reduction provided for in this paragraph, as added by section 102(a) of the Dairy Production Stabilization Act of 1983.

"(B) The funds represented by the reduction in the price required to be applied to the marketings of milk by a producer under subparagraph (A) shall be collected and remitted to the Commodity Credit Corporation, at such time and in such manner as prescribed by the Secretary, by each person making payment to a producer for milk purchased from the producer, except that in the case of a producer who markets milk of the producer's own production directly to consumers, such funds shall be remitted directly to the Corporation by the producer.

Commodity Credit Corporation, collection of funds.

"(C) To the extent that funds collected under this paragraph are inadequate to make the payments to producers who reduce marketings under paragraph (3), such payments shall be made using funds otherwise available to the Corporation. The funds remitted to the Corporation under this paragraph shall be considered as included in the payments to a producer of milk for purposes of the minimum price provisions of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1933, as reenacted and amended by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937.

7 USC 601 note.
7 USC 674.

"(3)(A) The Secretary shall, not later than January 1, 1984, provide for a milk diversion program under which the Secretary shall offer to enter into a contract, at any time up to February 1, 1984, with any producer of milk in the United States for the purpose of reducing the quantity of milk marketed by the producer for commercial use during the fifteen-month period

Milk diversion program.
Contract offer.

Milk reduction plan, submittal to Secretary.

beginning on January 1, 1984. Each producer of milk in the United States seeking to enter into a contract for diversion payments under this paragraph shall, prior to entering into such contract, provide the Secretary with a plan that (i) describes the manner in which the producer intends to achieve the reduction in milk marketings that would be required under such contract, and (ii) includes an estimate by the producer of the amount of such reduction which the producer intends to achieve through increased slaughter of dairy cattle (including the approximate number of dairy cattle that will be sold for slaughter during each month of the contract). In setting the terms and conditions of such contracts, the Secretary shall take into account any adverse impact of the reductions in milk production on beef, pork, and poultry producers in the United States and shall take all feasible steps to minimize such impact.

Contract requirements.

"(B) Each such contract shall require that—

"(i) the producer shall reduce the quantity of milk marketed for commercial use in an amount equal to a percentage specified by the producer, but not less than 5 per centum nor more than 30 per centum, of the quantity of milk marketed by such producer for commercial use during the marketing history period described in subparagraph (F);

"(ii) any production capacity of a facility that becomes available for use because a producer reduces milk production in order to comply with the contract shall not be used by the producer, or made available by the producer for use by any other person, for the production of milk;

"(iii) any dairy cattle that would or could have been used by the producer for the production of milk if the producer had not entered into and complied with such contract shall not have been sold, leased, or otherwise transferred to another person after November 8, 1983, except as permitted by the Secretary up to the date of enactment of the Dairy Production Stabilization Act of 1983 in order to further the purposes of this Act, or unless such cattle are sold for slaughter or sold or transferred to another producer with respect to whom there is in effect a contract entered into under this subsection, except that the Secretary may, to the extent practicable and to the extent deemed consistent with the goals of the diversion program, permit the sale of registered, purebred cattle for breeding purposes subject to such terms and conditions as the Secretary may prescribe based on a history of such sales by the producer or the sale or transfer of any dairy cattle if the Secretary determines that such sale or transfer does not result in adversely affecting the purpose of the program; and

Ante, p. 1128.

Payment.

"(iv) the producer shall repay to the Secretary the entire payment received under this paragraph, including simple interest payable at a rate prescribed by the Secretary which shall, to the extent practicable, reflect the cost to the Corporation of its borrowings from the United States Treasury, commencing on the date payment is first received under this paragraph, if the producer fails to comply with such contract.

"(C) Except as provided in subparagraph (D), the Secretary shall pay to a producer who complies with a contract, entered into under this paragraph, an amount equal to the product of

$10 per hundredweight and the amount, measured in hundredweights, by which the quantity of milk marketed by such producer for commercial use during the period specified in such contract is less than the quantity of milk marketed by such producer for commercial use during the marketing history period.

"(D) No payment may be made under subparagraph (C) to a producer with respect to— Payment restrictions.

"(i) any reduction in the quantity of milk marketed by the producer for commercial use that exceeds the lesser of 30 per centum of the aggregate quantity of milk marketed by the producer for commercial use during the producer's marketing history period, or the sum of—

"(I) the reduction in the quantity of milk marketed for commercial use required under the provisions of the contract the producer has entered into under this paragraph, after any adjustment by the Secretary under subparagraph (E); and

"(II) 3 per centum of the quantity of milk marketed by the producer for commercial use during such producer's marketing history period;

"(ii) any reduction in the quantity of milk marketed by the producer for commercial use if such reduction is less than the larger of 5 per centum of the aggregate quantity of milk marketed by the producer for commercial use during the producer's marketing history period, or the difference between—

"(I) the reduction in the quantity of milk marketed for commercial use required under the provisions of the contract the producer has entered into under this paragraph, after any adjustment by the Secretary under subparagraph (E); and

"(II) 3 per centum of the quantity of milk marketed by the producer for commercial use during such producer's marketing history period;

"(iii) except as provided in subparagraph (H), any reduction in the quantity of milk marketed for commercial use by a producer who, as determined by the Secretary, was not actively engaged in the production of milk for commercial use as of the date of enactment of the Dairy Production Stabilization Act of 1983; and *Ante*, p. 1128.

"(iv) any reduction in the quantity of milk marketed for commercial use by a producer who violates any requirement specified in this paragraph.

"(E) The Secretary may, in accordance with such rules or procedures as prescribed by the Secretary, modify contracts entered into under this paragraph if the Secretary determines that, as a result of contracts entered into under this paragraph, (i) there would be an excessive reduction in the level of milk production in the United States, or (ii) there has been a substantial hardship to producers of beef cattle, dairy cattle, hogs, or poultry sold for slaughter. If, under the provisions of clause (ii), the Secretary should specify a reduction in marketings in any quarter that is less than the percentage specified in the contract, such modification shall not be so great as to require the producer to make a reduction in excess of 150 per centum of the reduction required by the contract in any succeeding quarter: Contract modification.

Provided, That after making any adjustments in milk marketed for commercial use in any period of the contract, except to the extent required by the foregoing provisions of this sentence, the aggregate reduction in milk marketed for commercial use for the entire diversion period must continue to be at least equal to the total reduction required by the contract. In the event of a modification, under clause (i) of this subparagraph, the Secretary may reduce the required reduction among all contracts on such basis as the Secretary determines will serve to reduce future dairy surpluses. In no event shall any reduction under this paragraph be apportioned on the basis of geographic region or area.

Diversion payments.

"(F) Any producer of milk in the United States seeking to enter into a contract for diversion payments under this paragraph shall provide the Secretary with evidence of such producer's marketing history. The marketing history shall be the marketings of milk by such producer for commercial use during calendar year 1982 (with production during the January through March quarter to be counted by the Secretary as corresponding to both the first and the last quarters of the fifteen-month diversion contract) or, at the option of the producer, the average marketings of milk by the producer during calendar years 1981 and 1982 (with production during the January through March quarter of each such year to be counted by the Secretary as corresponding to both the first and last quarters of the fifteen-month diversion contract). The producer's marketing history may be adjusted as the Secretary determines necessary to correct for abnormally low production resulting from a natural disaster or other condition beyond the control of the producer or such other factors as the Secretary determines necessary to provide a fair and equitable marketing history.

Marketing history.

"(G) No marketing history shall be assigned to any producer who commenced marketing of milk after December 31, 1982, except as provided in subparagraph (H).

"(H) A producer's marketing history established under this paragraph shall not be transferable to any other person, unless the entire milk production facility used by the producer to produce milk for commercial use during the marketing history period and the producer's entire dairy herd were transferred by reason of the death of the producer, by reason of a gift from the producer, or to a member or members of the family of the producer. The term 'member of the family of the producer' means (i) an ancestor of the producer, (ii) the spouse of the producer, (iii) a lineal descendant of the producer, or the producer's spouse, or a parent of the producer, or (iv) the spouse of any such lineal descendant.

"Member of the family of the producer."

"(I) Eligibility for diversion payments shall be determined on the basis of the marketing history provided for in subparagraph (F).

"(J)(i) Producers eligible for diversion payments shall apply for such payments at the end of each quarter. Payment may be made to any producer who can establish that marketings of milk by such producer for commercial use have been reduced from the level of marketings during the corresponding period of the marketing history period in an amount as specified by the Secretary for each quarter in the contract: *Provided,* That the aggregate quantity of such reductions for the entire diversion

period must be at least equal to the total reduction required by the contract. Prior to approving such payment, the Secretary shall require evidence that such reduction in marketings has taken place. As part of such evidence, the producer shall certify, in a form specified by the Secretary, that such reduction is a net decrease in marketings of milk for commercial use and has not been offset by expansion of production in other production facilities in which the producer has an interest, or by transfer of partial interest in the production facility, or by employment of such other scheme or device to qualify for payment for which such producer would otherwise not be eligible.

Certification of reduction.

"(ii) Payments made under this paragraph during the contract period shall be considered preliminary settlements for reductions in marketings. A final settlement shall be made following the end of the contract period and shall be based on the volume of marketings for the entire contract period. If, based on total marketings for the contract period, it is determined that preliminary settlements have resulted in overpayments to the producer, the Secretary shall recover such overpayments from such producer.

Settlement.

Overpayment recovery.

"(K) Application for payment shall be made by producers through the county committees established under section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act.

16 USC 590h.

"(L) A producer may assign a contract entered into under this paragraph only if—

Contract assignment.

"(i) the producer's interest in the entire milk production facility and the entire dairy herd used by the producer to produce milk for commercial marketings have been transferred as a unit to the person to whom the assignment is to be made;

"(ii) the assignee is a person to whom the producer's marketing history may be transferred under subparagraph (H);

"(iii) the producer and the assignee agree in writing that the assignee shall succeed to all rights and liabilities of the producer under the contract; and

"(iv) a copy of such writing is submitted to the Secretary before the transfer occurs.

"(M) A contract entered into under this paragraph by a producer who by reason of death cannot perform or assign such contract may be performed or assigned, in accordance with subparagraph (L), by the estate of such producer.

"(N) If the provisions for reductions in the price received for milk marketed for commercial use as provided for in paragraph (2) are held to be invalid by any court, or the Secretary is restrained or enjoined by any court from implementing such provisions, the Secretary shall immediately suspend making any diversion payments under this paragraph for the period beginning with the date of such court action and shall resume making such payments only if such court action is overruled, stayed, or terminated.

Payment suspension.

"(O) If the Secretary determines that there has been a marked deviation in the composition of milk marketed for commercial use by a producer from that of such producer's marketings during the marketing history period, an adjustment as determined appropriate by the Secretary shall be made in

Payment adjustment.

the producer's diversion payments to reflect the composition of milk marketed during the marketing history period.

Records and reports.

"(4) Each producer who markets milk and each person required to make payment to the Corporation under this subsection shall keep such records and make such reports, in such manner, as the Secretary determines necessary to carry out this subsection. The Secretary may make such investigations as the Secretary deems necessary for the effective administration of this subsection or to determine whether any person subject to the provisons of this subsection has engaged or is engaged or is about to engage in any act or practice that constitutes or will constitute a violation of any provision of this subsection or regulation issued under this subsection. For the purpose of such investigation, the Secretary may administer oaths and affirmations, subpena witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any records that are relevant to the inquiry. Such attendance of witnesses and the production of any such records may be required from any place in the United States. In case of contumacy by, or refusal to obey a subpena to, any person, the Secretary may invoke the aid of any court of the United States within the jurisdiction of which such investigation or proceeding is carried on, or where such person resides or carries on business, in requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of records. Such court may issue an order requiring such person to appear before the Secretary to produce records or to give testimony on the matter under investigation. Any failure to obey such order of the court may be punished by such court as a contempt thereof. All process in any such case may be served in the judicial district of which such person is an inhabitant or wherever such person may be found.

Investigations.

U.S. courts, assistance.

"(5)(A) The district courts of the United States are vested with jurisdiction specifically to enforce, and to prevent and restrain any person from violating, any provision of this subsection or any regulation issued under this subsection. Any such civil action authorized to be brought under this subsection shall be referred to the Attorney General for appropriate action. The Secretary is not required, however, to refer to the Attorney General minor violations of this subsection whenever the Secretary believes that the administration and enforcement of this subsection would be adequately served by suitable written notice or warning to any person committing such violation.

Penalties.

"(B) Each person (i) as to whom there is a failure to make a reduction in the price of milk received by such person as required by paragraph (2), (ii) who fails to remit to the Corporation the funds required to be collected and remitted by paragraph (2)(B), or (iii) who fails to make the reduction in marketings required by a contract under paragraph (3) shall be liable, in addition to any amount due, to a marketing penalty at a rate equal to the support price for milk in effect at the time the failure occurs on the quantity of milk as to which the failure applies. The Secretary may reduce any such marketing penalty in such amount as the Secretary determines equitable in any case in which the Secretary determines that the failure was unintentional or without knowledge on the part of the person concerned. Each person who knowingly violates any other provi-

sion of this subsection, or any regulation issued under this subsection, shall be liable for a civil penalty of not more than $1,000 for each such violation. Any penalty provided for under this subparagraph shall be assessed by the Secretary after notice and opportunity for a hearing.

"(C) Any person against whom a penalty is assessed under subparagraph (B) may obtain review of such penalty in an appropriate district court of the United States by filing a civil action in such court not later than thirty days after such penalty is imposed. The Secretary shall promptly file in such court a certified copy of the record upon which the penalty is based. The findings of the Secretary may be set aside only if found to be unsupported by substantial evidence. Penalty review.

"(D) The district courts of the United States shall have jurisdiction to review and enforce any penalty imposed under subparagraph (B). Enforcement.

"(E) The remedies provided in this paragraph shall be in addition to, and not exclusive of, other remedies that may be available.

"(F) In carrying out this subsection, the Secretary may, as the Secretary deems appropriate—

"(i) use the services of State and county committees established under section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act; and 16 USC 590h.

"(ii) enter into agreements to use, on a reimbursable or nonreimbursable basis, the services of administrators of Federal milk marketing orders and State milk marketing programs.

"(6) The term 'United States' as used in paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection means the forty-eight contiguous States in the continental United States.". "United States."

(b) The Secretary of Agriculture shall implement the provisions of section 201(d) of the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended by subsection (a) of this section, without regard to the provisions requiring notice and other procedures for public participation in rulemaking contained in section 553 of title 5, United States Code, or in any directive of the Secretary. 7 USC 1446 note. 7 USC 1446.

AVOIDANCE OF ADVERSE IMPACT OF DAIRY DIVERSION PROGRAM ON BEEF AND PORK PRODUCERS

SEC. 103. In order to minimize the adverse impact of the dairy diversion program on beef and pork producers in the United States during the period the diversion program is in effect— 7 USC 1446 note.

(1) the Secretary of Agriculture shall, to the maximum extent practicable, use funds available for the purposes of clause (2) of section 32 of Public Law No. 320, 74th Congress (7 U.S.C. 612c) and other funds available to the Secretary under the commodity distribution and other nutrition programs of the Department of Agriculture to increase the use of beef and pork for such purposes;

(2) the Secretary of Defense and other Federal and State agencies are encouraged to use increased quantities of beef and pork to meet the food needs of the programs which they administer; and

(3) the Secretary of Agriculture shall take appropriate action to encourage the consumption of beef and pork by members of the public.

Subtitle B—Dairy Promotion Program

FINDINGS AND DECLARATION OF POLICY

7 USC 4501.

SEC. 110. (a) Congress finds that—

(1) dairy products are basic foods that are a valuable part of the human diet;

(2) the production of dairy products plays a significant role in the Nation's economy, the milk from which dairy products are manufactured is produced by thousands of milk producers, and dairy products are consumed by millions of people throughout the United States;

(3) dairy products must be readily available and marketed efficiently to ensure that the people of the United States receive adequate nourishment;

(4) the maintenance and expansion of existing markets for dairy products are vital to the welfare of milk producers and those concerned with marketing, using, and producing dairy products, as well as to the general economy of the Nation; and

(5) dairy products move in interstate and foreign commerce, and dairy products that do not move in such channels of commerce directly burden or affect interstate commerce of dairy products.

(b) It, therefore, is declared to be the policy of Congress that it is in the public interest to authorize the establishment, through the exercise of the powers provided herein, of an orderly procedure for financing (through assessments on all milk produced in the United States for commercial use) and carrying out a coordinated program of promotion designed to strengthen the dairy industry's position in the marketplace and to maintain and expand domestic and foreign markets and uses for fluid milk and dairy products produced in the United States. Nothing in this subtitle may be construed to provide for the control of production or otherwise limit the right of individual milk producers to produce milk.

DEFINITIONS

7 USC 4502.

SEC. 111. As used in this subtitle—

(a) the term "Board" means the National Dairy Promotion and Research Board established under section 113 of this subtitle;

(b) the term "Department" means the Department of Agriculture;

(c) the term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Agriculture;

(d) the term "milk" means any class of cow's milk produced in the United States;

(e) the term "dairy products" means products manufactured for human consumption which are derived from the processing of milk, and includes fluid milk products;

(f) the term "fluid milk products" means those milk products normally consumed in liquid form as a beverage;

(g) the term "person" means any individual, group of individuals, partnership, corporation, association, cooperative, or any other entity;

(h) the term "producer" means any person engaged in the production of milk for commercial use;

(i) the term "promotion" means actions such as paid advertising, sales promotion, and publicity to advance the image and sales of and demand for dairy products;

(j) the term "research" means studies testing the effectiveness of market development and promotion efforts, studies relating to the nutritional value of milk and dairy products, and other related efforts to expand demand for milk and dairy products;

(k) the term "nutrition education" means those activities intended to broaden the understanding of sound nutritional principles including the role of milk and dairy products in a balanced diet; and

(l) the term "United States" as used in sections 110 through 117 means the forty-eight contiguous States in the continental United States.

ISSUANCE OF ORDERS

SEC. 112. (a) During the period beginning with the date of enactment of this subtitle and ending thirty days after receipt of a proposal for an initial dairy products promotion and research order, the Secretary shall publish such proposed order and give due notice and opportunity for public comment upon the proposed order. The proposal for an order may be submitted by an organization certified under section 114 of this subtitle or by any interested person affected by the provisions of this subtitle. Public comments. 7 USC 4503.

(b) After notice and opportunity for public comment are given, as provided for in subsection (a) of this section, the Secretary shall issue a dairy products promotion and research order. Such order shall become effective not later than ninety days following publication of the proposal.

(c) The Secretary may, from time to time, amend a dairy products promotion and research order.

REQUIRED TERMS IN ORDERS

SEC. 113. Any order issued under this subtitle shall contain terms and conditions as follows: 7 USC 4504.

(a) The order shall provide for the establishment and administration of appropriate plans or projects for advertisement and promotion of the sale and consumption of dairy products, for research projects related thereto, for nutrition education projects, and for the disbursement of necessary funds for such purposes. Any such plan or project shall be directed toward the sale and marketing or use of dairy products to the end that the marketing and use of dairy products may be encouraged, expanded, improved, or made more acceptable. No such advertising or sales promotion program shall make use of unfair or deceptive acts or practices with respect to the quality, value, or use of any competing product.

(b) The order shall provide for the establishment and appointment by the Secretary of a National Dairy Promotion and Research Board that shall consist of not less than thirty-six members. Members of the Board shall be milk producers appointed by the Secretary from National Dairy Promotion and Research Board. Establishment.

nominations submitted by eligible organizations certified under section 114 of this subtitle, or, if the Secretary determines that a substantial number of milk producers are not members of, or their interests are not represented by, any such eligible organization, then from nominations made by such milk producers in the manner authorized by the Secretary. In making such appointments, the Secretary shall take into account, to the extent practicable, the geographical distribution of milk production volume throughout the United States. In determining geographic representation, whole States shall be considered as a unit. A region may be represented by more than one director and a region may be made up of more than one State. The term of appointment to the Board shall be for three years with no member serving more than two consecutive terms, except that initial appointments shall be proportionately for one-year, two-year, and three-year terms. The Board shall appoint from its members an executive committee whose membership shall equally reflect each of the different regions in the United States in which milk is produced. The executive committee shall have such duties and powers as are conferred upon it by the Board. Board members shall serve without compensation, but shall be reimbursed for their reasonable expenses incurred in performing their duties as members of the Board including a per diem allowance as recommended by the Board and approved by the Secretary.

Geographic representation.

Executive committee.

Powers and duties.

(c) The order shall define the powers and duties of the Board that shall include only the powers enumerated in this section. These shall include, in addition to the powers set forth elsewhere in this section, the powers to (1) receive and evaluate, or on its own initiative develop, and budget for plans or projects to promote the use of fluid milk and dairy products as well as projects for research and nutrition education and to make recommendations to the Secretary regarding such proposals, (2) administer the order in accordance with its terms and provisions, (3) make rules and regulations to effectuate the terms and provisions of the order, (4) receive, investigate, and report to the Secretary complaints of violations of the order, and (5) recommend to the Secretary amendments to the order. The Board shall solicit, among others, research proposals that would increase the use of fluid milk and dairy products by the military and by persons in developing nations, and that would demonstrate the feasibility of converting surplus nonfat dry milk to casein for domestic and export use.

(d) The order shall provide that the Board shall develop and submit to the Secretary for approval any promotion, research, or nutrition education plan or project and that any such plan or project must be approved by the Secretary before becoming effective.

Budget approval.

(e) The order shall require the Board to submit to the Secretary for approval budgets on a fiscal period basis of its anticipated expenses and disbursements in the administration of the order, including projected costs of dairy products promotion and research projects.

Agreements.

(f) The order shall provide that the Board, with the approval of the Secretary, may enter into agreements for the development and conduct of the activities authorized under the order as specified in subsection (a) and for the payment of the cost thereof with funds collected through assessments under the order. Any such agreement shall provide that (1) the contracting party shall develop and submit to the Board a plan or project together with a budget or budgets that shall show estimated costs to be incurred for such plan or project, (2)

the plan or project shall become effective upon the approval of the Secretary, and (3) the contracting party shall keep accurate records of all of its transactions, account for funds received and expended, and make periodic reports to the Board of activities conducted, and such other reports as the Secretary or the Board may require.

Assessments.

(g) The order shall provide that each person making payment to a producer for milk produced in the United States and purchased from the producer shall, in the manner as prescribed by the order, collect an assessment based upon the number of hundredweights of milk for commercial use handled for the account of the producer and remit the assessment to the Board. The assessment shall be used for payment of the expenses in administering the order, with provision for a reasonable reserve, and shall include those administrative costs incurred by the Department after an order has been promulgated under this subtitle. The rate of assessment prescribed by the order shall be 15 cents per hundredweight of milk for commercial use or the equivalent thereof. A milk producer or the producer's cooperative who can establish that the producer is participating in active, ongoing qualified State or regional dairy product promotion or nutrition education programs intended to increase consumption of milk and dairy products generally shall receive credit in determining the assessment due from such producer for contributions to such programs of up to 10 cents per hundredweight of milk marketed or, for the period ending six months after the date of enactment of this Act, up to the aggregate rate in effect on the date of enactment of this Act of such contributions to such programs (but not to exceed 15 cents per hundredweight of milk marketed) if such aggregate rate exceeds 10 cents per hundredweight of milk marketed. Any person marketing milk of that person's own production directly to consumers shall remit the assessment directly to the Board in the manner prescribed by the order.

Records and reports.

(h) The order shall require the Board to (1) maintain such books and records (which shall be available to the Secretary for inspection and audit) as the Secretary may prescribe, (2) prepare and submit to the Secretary, from time to time, such reports as the Secretary may prescribe, and (3) account for the receipt and disbursement of all funds entrusted to it.

Investments.

(i) The order shall provide that the Board, with the approval of the Secretary, may invest, pending disbursement under a plan or project, funds collected through assessments authorized under this subtitle only in obligations of the United States or any agency thereof, in general obligations of any State or any political subdivision thereof, in any interest-bearing account or certificate of deposit of a bank that is a member of the Federal Reserve System, or in obligations fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States.

Governmental policy, restriction of influence.

(j) The order shall prohibit any funds collected by the Board under the order from being used in any manner for the purpose of influencing governmental policy or action except as provided by subsection (c)(5).

Records and reports.

(k) The order shall require that each person receiving milk from farmers for commercial use, and any person marketing milk of that person's own production directly to consumers, maintain and make available for inspection such books and records as may be required by the order and file reports at the time, in the manner, and having the content prescribed by the order. Such information shall be made available to the Secretary as is appropriate to the administration or

Information, confidentiality.

enforcement of this subtitle, or any order or regulation issued under this subtitle. All information so obtained shall be kept confidential by all officers and employees of the Department, and only such information so obtained as the Secretary deems relevant may be disclosed by them and then only in a suit or administrative hearing brought at the request of the Secretary, or to which the Secretary or any officer of the United States is a party, and involving the order with reference to which the information to be disclosed was obtained. Nothing in this subsection may be deemed to prohibit (1) the issuance of general statements, based upon the reports, of the number of persons subject to an order or statistical data collected therefrom, which statements do not identify the information furnished by any person, or (2) the publication, by direction of the Secretary, of the name of any person violating any order, together with a statement of the particular provisions of the order violated by such person. No information obtained under the authority of this subtitle may be made available to any agency or officer of the Federal Government for any purpose other than the implementation of this subtitle and any investigatory or enforcement action necessary for the implementation of this subtitle. Any person violating the provisions of this subsection shall, upon conviction, be subject to a fine of not more than $1,000, or to imprisonment for not more than one year, or both, and, if an officer or employee of the Board or the Department, shall be removed from office.

Violations and penalties.

(l) The order shall provide terms and conditions, not inconsistent with the provisions of this subtitle, as necessary to effectuate the provisions of the order.

CERTIFICATION OF ORGANIZATIONS

7 USC 4505.

SEC. 114. (a) The eligibility of any organization to represent milk producers, and to participate in the making of nominations under section 113 of this subtitle shall be certified by the Secretary. The Secretary shall certify any organization that the Secretary determines meets the eligibility criteria established by the Secretary under this section and the Secretary's determination as to eligibility shall be final.

(b) Certification shall be based, in addition to other available information, on a factual report submitted by the organization, which shall contain information deemed relevant and specified by the Secretary, including, but not limited to, the following:

(1) geographic territory covered by the organization's active membership;

(2) nature and size of the organization's active membership including the proportion of the total number of active milk producers represented by the organization;

(3) evidence of stability and permanency of the organization;

(4) sources from which the organization's operating funds are derived;

(5) functions of the organization; and

(6) the organization's ability and willingness to further the aims and objectives of this subtitle.

The primary considerations in determining the eligibility of an organization shall be whether its membership consists primarily of milk producers who produce a substantial volume of milk and whether the primary or overriding interest of the organization is in the production or processing of fluid milk and dairy products and

promotion of the nutritional attributes of fluid milk and dairy products.

REQUIREMENT OF REFERENDUM

SEC. 115. (a) Within the sixty-day period immediately preceding September 30, 1985, the Secretary shall conduct a referendum among producers who, during a representative period (as determined by the Secretary), have been engaged in the production of milk for commercial use for the purpose of ascertaining whether the order then in effect shall be continued. Such order shall be continued only if the Secretary determines that it has been approved by not less than a majority of the producers voting in the referendum, who during a representative period (as determined by the Secretary) have been engaged in the production of milk for commercial use. If continuation of the order is not approved by a majority of the producers voting in the referendum, the Secretary shall terminate collection of assessments under the order within six months after the Secretary determines that such action is favored by a majority of the producers voting in the referendum and shall terminate the order in an orderly manner as soon as practicable after such determination. 7 USC 4506.

(b) The Secretary shall be reimbursed from assessments collected by the Board for any expenses incurred by the Department in connection with the conduct of any referendum under this section and section 116, except for the salaries of Government employees. Expenses, reimbursement.

SUSPENSION AND TERMINATION OF ORDERS

SEC. 116. (a) After September 30, 1985, the Secretary shall, whenever the Secretary finds that any order issued under this subtitle or any provision thereof obstructs or does not tend to effectuate the declared policy of this subtitle, terminate or suspend the operation of such order or such provisions thereof. 7 USC 4507.

(b) After September 30, 1985, the Secretary may conduct a referendum at any time, and shall hold a referendum on request of a representative group comprising 10 per centum or more of the number of producers subject to the order, to determine whether the producers favor the termination or suspension of the order. The Secretary shall suspend or terminate collection of assessments under the order within six months after the Secretary determines that suspension or termination of the order is favored by a majority of the producers voting in the referendum who, during a representative period (as determined by the Secretary), have been engaged in the production of milk for commercial use and shall terminate the order in an orderly manner as soon as practicable after such determination. Referendum.

(c) The termination or suspension of any order, or any provision thereof, shall not be considered an order within the meaning of this subtitle.

COOPERATIVE ASSOCIATION REPRESENTATION

SEC. 117. Whenever, under the provisions of this subtitle, the Secretary is required to determine the approval or disapproval of producers, the Secretary shall consider the approval or disapproval by any cooperative association of producers, engaged in a bona fide manner in marketing milk or the products thereof, as the approval 7 USC 4508.

or disapproval of the producers who are members of or under contract with such cooperative association of producers. If a cooperative association of producers elects to vote on behalf of its members, such cooperative association shall provide each producer, on whose behalf the cooperative association is expressing approval or disapproval, a description of the question presented in the referendum together with a statement of the manner in which the cooperative association intends to cast its vote on behalf of the membership. Such information shall inform the producer of procedures to follow to cast an individual ballot should the producer so choose within the period of time established by the Secretary for casting ballots. Such notification shall be made at least thirty days prior to the referendum and shall include an official ballot. The ballots shall be tabulated by the Secretary and the vote of the cooperative association shall be adjusted to reflect such individual votes.

PETITION AND REVIEW

7 USC 4509.

SEC. 118. (a) Any person subject to any order issued under this subtitle may file with the Secretary a petition stating that any such order or any provision of such order or any obligation imposed in connection therewith is not in accordance with law and requesting a modification thereof or an exemption therefrom. The petitioner shall thereupon be given an opportunity for a hearing on the petition, in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary. After such hearing, the Secretary shall make a ruling on the petition, which shall be final if in accordance with law.

Hearing.

U.S. district courts, jurisdiction.

(b) The district courts of the United States in any district in which such person is an inhabitant or carries on business are hereby vested with jurisdiction to review such ruling, if a complaint for that purpose is filed within twenty days from the date of the entry of such ruling. Service of process in such proceedings may be had on the Secretary by delivering a copy of the complaint to the Secretary. If the court determines that such ruling is not in accordance with law, it shall remand such proceedings to the Secretary with directions either (1) to make such ruling as the court shall determine to be in accordance with law, or (2) to take such further proceedings as, in its opinion, the law requires.

ENFORCEMENT

7 USC 4510.

SEC. 119. (a) The district courts of the United States are vested with jurisdiction specifically to enforce, and to prevent and restrain any person from violating, any order or regulation made or issued under this subtitle. Any civil action authorized to be brought under this subsection shall be referred to the Attorney General for appropriate action, except that the Secretary is not required to refer to the Attorney General minor violations of this subtitle whenever the Secretary believes that the administration and enforcement of this subtitle would be adequately served by suitable written notice or warning to any person committing such violation.

Violations and penalties.

(b) Any person who willfully violates any provision of any order issued by the Secretary under this subtitle shall be assessed a civil penalty by the Secretary of not more than $1,000 for each such violation and, in the case of a willful failure to pay, collect, or remit the assessment as required by the order, in addition to the amount due, a penalty equal to the amount of the assessment on the

quantity of milk as to which the failure applies. The amount of any such penalty shall accrue to the United States and may be recovered in a civil suit brought by the United States.

(c) The remedies provided in subsections (a) and (b) of this section shall be in addition to, and not exclusive of, other remedies that may be available.

INVESTIGATIONS; POWER TO SUBPENA AND TAKE OATHS AND AFFIRMATIONS; AID OF COURTS

SEC. 120. The Secretary may make such investigations as the Secretary deems necessary for the effective administration of this subtitle or to determine whether any person subject to the provisions of this subtitle has engaged or is about to engage in any act that constitutes or will constitute a violation of any provision of this subtitle or of any order, or rule or regulation issued under this subtitle. For the purpose of such investigation, the Secretary may administer oaths and affirmations, subpena witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any records that are relevant to the inquiry. Such attendance of witnesses and the production of any such records may be required from any place in the United States. In case of contumacy by, or refusal to obey a subpena to, any person, the Secretary may invoke the aid of any court of the United States within the jurisdiction of which such investigation or proceeding is carried on, or where such person resides or carries on business, in requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of records. The court may issue an order requiring such person to appear before the Secretary to produce records or to give testimony touching the matter under investigation. Any failure to obey such order of the court may be punished by such court as a contempt thereof. Process in any such case may be served in the judicial district in which such person is an inhabitant or wherever such person may be found. 7 USC 4511.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

SEC. 121. (a) Nothing in this subtitle may be construed to preempt or supersede any other program relating to dairy product promotion organized and operated under the laws of the United States or any State. 7 USC 4512.

(b) The provisions of this subtitle applicable to orders shall be applicable to amendments to orders.

AUTHORIZATION

SEC. 122. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such funds as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this subtitle. The funds so appropriated shall not be available for payment of the expenses or expenditures of the Board in administering any provisions of any order issued under the terms of this subtitle. 7 USC 4513.

TITLE II—TOBACCO

Tobacco Adjustment Act of 1983.

SHORT TITLE

SEC. 201. This title may be cited as the "Tobacco Adjustment Act of 1983". 7 USC 1421 note.

PRICE SUPPORT ADJUSTMENTS

Ante, p. 296.

SEC. 202. Effective for the 1984 and subsequent crops of tobacco, section 106 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1445) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsections:

"(f) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section—

"(1) For the 1984 crop of Flue-cured tobacco, the support level shall be the level in cents per pound at which the 1982 crop was supported.

"(2) For the 1985 crop of Flue-cured tobacco, the support level shall be the level in cents per pound at which the 1982 crop was supported, plus or minus, respectively, the amount by which (A) the support level for the 1985 crop, as determined under subsection (b), is greater or less than (B) the support level for the 1984 crop, as determined under subsection (b), as that difference may be adjusted by the Secretary under subsection (d) if the support level under clause (A) is greater than the support level under clause (B), except that the support level for the 1985 crop shall be the level in cents per pound at which the 1982 crop was supported if the support level as determined under subsection (b) for the 1985 crop would not be more than 5 per centum greater than the support level as determined under subsection (b) for the 1984 crop.

"(3) For the 1984 crop of any kind of tobacco (other than Flue-cured tobacco) for which marketing quotas are in effect or are not disapproved by producers and for the 1985 crop of any kind of tobacco (other than Flue-cured and Burley tobacco) for which marketing quotas are in effect or are not disapproved by producers, the Secretary shall establish the support level at such level as will not narrow the normal price support differential between Flue-cured tobacco and such other kind of tobacco. Before establishing the support level under this paragraph for any such kind of tobacco the Secretary shall publish in the Federal Register a notice of the level the Secretary proposes to establish and give an opportunity for the public to comment on the proposal. In determining the level to be established under this paragraph for a particular kind of tobacco, the Secretary shall take into consideration the cost of producing such kind of tobacco, the supply and demand conditions for such kind of tobacco, the comments received in response to the public notice of the proposal, and such other relevant factors as the Secretary determines appropriate.

Publication in Federal Register. Public comment.

"(4) For the 1985 crop of Burley tobacco and for the 1986 and each subsequent crop of any kind of tobacco for which marketing quotas are in effect or are not disapproved by producers, the support level shall be the level in cents per pound at which the immediately preceding crop was supported (or if the level for that crop was adjusted under subsection (g) the level at which such crop would have been supported without regard to any adjustment under subsection (g)), plus or minus, respectively, the amount by which (A) the support level for the crop for which the determination is being made, as determined under subsection (b), is greater or less than (B) the support level for the immediately preceding crop, as determined under subsection (b), as that difference may be adjusted by the Secretary

under subsection (d) if the support level under clause (A) is greater than the support level under clause (B).

"(g)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (d) and (f) and section 403, the Secretary, if requested by the board of directors of the association through which price support for Flue-cured tobacco is made available to producers, may (1) designate for any crop certain grades of Flue-cured tobacco that are eligible for price support (but representing in the aggregate not more than 25 per centum of the total quantity of the Flue-cured tobacco crop that the Secretary estimates will be produced) that the Secretary determines are of such quantity or quality as to impair their marketability, and (2) without regard to the weighted average of the support rates for eligible grades of Flue-cured tobacco determined under the proviso to the first sentence of subsection (d), further reduce the support rates for such grades to the extent the Secretary deems necessary to reflect their market value, but in no event by more than 12 per centum of the respective support rates that would otherwise be established under this section.

"(2) Any reduction in the support rates for grades of Flue-cured tobacco under this subsection shall not be considered in determining the support levels for subsequent years.".

ELIMINATION OF DOUBLE ASSESSMENT; USE OF FUND

SEC. 203. Section 106A(d) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1445–1(d)) is amended by—

(1) in paragraph (2), striking out "and subsequent crops" and inserting in lieu thereof "crop only"; and

(2) in paragraph (3), inserting before the semicolon at the end thereof the following: ": *Provided*, That, notwithstanding any other provision of law, use by the association of moneys in the Fund, including interest and other earnings, for the purposes of reducing the association's outstanding indebtedness to the Corporation associated with 1982 and subsequent crops of quota tobacco and making loan advances to producers is authorized, and use of such moneys for any other purposes that will be mutually beneficial to producers who contribute to the Fund and to the Corporation, shall, if approved by the Secretary, be considered an appropriate use of the Fund".

NO NET COST TOBACCO ACCOUNT—FLUE-CURED TOBACCO

SEC. 204. Section 106B(a) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1445–2(a)) is amended by—

(1) in paragraph (1), striking out ", except that the term does not include such an association that has entered into such an agreement to make price support available to producers of Flue-cured tobacco"; and

(2) in paragraph (5), striking out "except Flue-cured tobacco".

LEASE AND TRANSFER OF FLUE-CURED TOBACCO; FORFEITURE OF ALLOTMENT AND QUOTA

SEC. 205. (a) Effective for the 1984 and subsequent crops of tobacco, section 316(a)(1) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1314b(a)(1)) is amended to read as follows:

"(a)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law—

"(A)(i) The Secretary, if the Secretary determines that it will not impair the effective operation of the tobacco marketing quota or price support program, may permit the owner and operator of any farm for which a tobacco acreage allotment (other than a Burley, Flue-cured, dark air-cured, Fire-cured, Virginia sun-cured and cigar-binder, type 54 or 55 tobacco acreage allotment) is established under this Act to lease and transfer all or any part of such allotment to any other owner or operator of a farm in the same county for use in such county on a farm having a current tobacco allotment of the same kind.

"(ii) The Secretary shall, only with respect to the 1984 through 1986 crops of Flue-cured tobacco, permit the owner of a farm to which a Flue-cured tobacco acreage allotment or quota is assigned under this Act to lease and transfer all or any part of such allotment or quota to any other owner or operator of a farm in the same county for use in such county on a farm having a current Flue-cured tobacco acreage allotment or quota except that for the 1985 and 1986 crops such lease and transfer shall be permitted only if (except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2)(A)) the parties to the lease file a copy of the lease agreement with the county committee for the county in which the farms are located, together with a written statement certifying that none of the consideration for the lease has been or will be paid to the lessor, either directly or indirectly in any form including a loan by the lessee to the lessor, the endorsement of a note by the lessee for the lessor, or any other similar arrangement which represents the anticipated income for the lease, prior to the marketing of the tobacco produced under the lease and that the lease and transfer is otherwise in compliance with the provisions of this section. Beginning with the 1985 crop, the Secretary shall promulgate regulations establishing, insofar as is reasonably practicable, a similar requirement providing that none of the consideration for the lease of any Flue-cured tobacco acreage allotment and quota may be paid to the lessor prior to the marketing of the tobacco produced under the lease. The Secretary shall also require that any seller of a Flue-cured tobacco allotment and quota grant to the buyer an option to make payment therefore in equal annual installments payable each fall for a period not to exceed five years from the year in which the sale is made. With respect to the 1987 and subsequent crops of Flue-cured tobacco, the Secretary shall not permit the lease and transfer of Flue-cured tobacco acreage allotments and quotas.

Regulations.

"(B) If, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, the county committee determines that the lessee or the lessor of a Flue-cured tobacco acreage allotment or quota knowingly made a false statement in the written statement filed under subparagraph (A), (i) in the case of a false statement knowingly made by the lessee, the lease agreement for purposes of the Flue-cured tobacco marketing quota program with respect to the lessee's farm shall be considered null and void as of the date approved by the county committee or (ii) in the case of a false statement knowingly made by the lessor, the Flue-cured tobacco allotment and quota next established for the farm of the lessor shall be

Notice; hearing.

reduced by the percentage which the leased allotment or quota was of the total Flue-cured tobacco allotment or quota for the farm. Notice of any determination made by the county committee under the preceding provision shall be mailed as soon as practicable to the lessee or lessor involved. If the lessee or lessor is dissatisfied with such determination, the lessee or lessor may request, within fifteen days after notice of such determination is mailed, a review of such determination by a local review committee under section 363 of this Act.". Review. 7 USC 1363.

(b) Effective for the 1984 and subsequent crops of tobacco, section 317 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1314c) is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(k)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any person who, on or after January 1, 1986, owns a farm for which a Flue-cured tobacco acreage allotment or marketing quota is established under this Act shall, subject to paragraph (2) of this subsection, forfeit such allotment or quota after February 15 of any year immediately following the last year of the three-year period immediately preceding the year for which the determination is being made in which Flue-cured tobacco has not been planted or considered planted on such farm during at least two years out of such three-year period.

"(2) The allotment or quota specified in paragraph (1) of this subsection shall be forfeited if, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, the appropriate county committee determines that the conditions for forfeiture specified in such paragraph exist. Any allotment or quota so forfeited shall be reallocated by such county committee for use by active Flue-cured tobacco producers (as defined in section 316(g)(1) of this Act) in the county involved. 7 USC 1314b.

"(3) Notice of any determination made by the county committee under paragraph (2) of this subsection shall be mailed, as soon as practicable, to the person involved. If such person is dissatisfied with such determination, such person may request, within fifteen days after notice of such determination is mailed, a review of such determination by a local review committee under section 363 of this Act.". Review. 7 USC 1363.

CONFORMING AMENDMENTS

SEC. 206. (a) Effective for the 1984 and subsequent crops of tobacco, section 316(c) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1314b(c)) is amended by striking out the second through the sixth sentences.

(b) Effective for the 1987 and subsequent crops of tobacco, section 316 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1314b), as amended by subsection (a), is further amended by—

(1) in subsection (a), striking out paragraph (2);

(2) in subsection (e)(1), striking out "or, in the case of Flue-cured tobacco," and inserting in lieu thereof "or, in the case of the sale of a Flue-cured tobacco acreage allotment or poundage quota,"; and

(3) in subsection (g)(2), striking out the second sentence.

MANDATORY SALE OF ALLOTMENTS AND QUOTAS BY NON-FARMING ENTITIES

SEC. 207. (a) Section 316A(a) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1314b-1(a)) is amended by—

(1) inserting after "individual" the following: ", any partnership, any family farm corporation, any trust, estate or similar fiduciary account with respect to which the beneficial interest is in one or more individuals, or any educational institution that uses a Flue-cured acreage allotment or quota for instructional or demonstration purposes"; and

(2) striking out "1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "1984".

(b) Section 316B(a) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1314b-2(a)) is amended by—

(1) striking out clause (2) and inserting in lieu thereof "(2) does not use the land on the farm for agricultural purposes, or does not use its Burley marketing quota for educational, instructional, or demonstration purposes;";

(2) striking out "1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "1984"; and

(3) adding at the end thereof the following sentence: "Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this subsection, any person to whom this subsection, as in effect prior to the enactment of the Tobacco Adjustment Act of 1983, applies and who—

Ante, p. 1143.

"(A) is required to sell or forfeit the marketing quota by December 1, 1983, because the person was not significantly involved in the management or use of the land for agricultural purposes, but

"(B) would be eligible to retain the marketing quota under this subsection, as amended by the Tobacco Adjustment Act of 1983,

may, if the person elects to do so, sell such person's marketing quota if a record of the transfer is filed with the county committee by February 1, 1984.".

FLUE-CURED MARKETING QUOTA ANNOUNCEMENT DATE

SEC. 208. Section 317(d) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1314c(d)) is amended by striking out "December 1" and "February 1" each time they appear in the first and sixth sentences and inserting in lieu thereof "December 15" and "March 1", respectively.

RESERVE FOR NEW FLUE-CURED TOBACCO GROWERS; FARM YIELD

SEC. 209. (a) The second sentence of section 317(e) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1314c(e)) is amended by—

(1) striking out "1 per centum" and inserting in lieu thereof "3 per centum"; and

(2) inserting "(except that not less than two-thirds of such reserve shall be for new farms)" immediately before the period at the end thereof.

(b) The last sentence of section 317(e) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1314c(e)) is amended by striking out the phrase ", and shall not exceed the community average yield".

DETERMINATION OF FLUE-CURED TOBACCO PLANTED ACREAGE

SEC. 210. Section 317 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1314c), as amended by section 205 of this Act, is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(l) The Secretary shall determine the acreage planted to Flue-cured tobacco on each farm whenever an acreage-poundage program for Flue-cured tobacco is in effect under this section.".

LIMIT ON THE LEASE OF BURLEY QUOTA; PROHIBITION AGAINST FALL LEASING

SEC. 211. Effective for the 1984 and subsequent crops of tobacco, section 319(g) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1314e(g)) is amended by striking out the third proviso and inserting in lieu thereof the following new provisos: "*Provided further,* That not more than fifteen thousand pounds of Burley tobacco quota may be leased and transferred to any farm under this section: *Provided further,* That a lease and transfer of Burley tobacco quota shall not be effective for any crop year unless a record of the transfer is filed with the county committee not later than July 1 of that crop year:".

COMBINATION OF FARMS WITH BURLEY QUOTA

SEC. 212. (a) Section 318(b) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1314d(b)) is amended by inserting "except as provided in section 379(b) of this Act," immediately after "(1)".

(b) Section 379 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1379) is amended by—

(1) inserting "(a)" immediately after the section designation; and

(2) adding at the end thereof a new subsection as follows:

"(b) In any case in which two or more tracts of land are located in contiguous counties in the same State and are owned by the same person, the Secretary shall permit such tracts to be combined as one farm if (1) a Burley tobacco poundage quota is established for one or more of such tracts, and (2) the relevant county committees determine that such tracts will be operated as a single farming unit.".

IMPORTED TOBACCO

SEC. 213. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law— 7 USC 511r.

(1) All tobacco offered for importation into the United States, except tobacco described in paragraph (2), shall be inspected, insofar as practicable, for grade and quality as tobacco marketed through a warehouse in the United States is inspected for grade and quality. Inspection.

(2) Cigar tobacco and oriental tobacco (both as provided for in Schedule 1, Part 13, Tariff Schedules of the United States) offered for importation into the United States shall be accompanied by a certification by the importer, in such form as the Secretary of Agriculture may prescribe, stating the kind and type of such tobacco, and, in the case of cigar tobacco, that such tobacco will be used solely in the manufacture or production of cigars. Certification. 19 USC 1202 note.

(b) The Secretary of Agriculture shall establish grade and quality standards for the purposes of subsection (a)(1) that are, insofar as Standards.

practicable, the same as those applicable to tobacco marketed through a warehouse in the United States.

Denial of entry.

(c) Any tobacco described in subsection (a)(2) that is not accompanied by the certification required by that subsection shall not be permitted entry into the United States. The provisions of section 1001 of title 18, United States Code, shall be applicable with respect to any certification made by an importer under such subsection.

Enforcement.

Regulations.

(d) The Secretary of Agriculture shall enforce the provisions of subsection (a) at the point of entry of tobacco offered for importation into the United States. The Secretary shall by regulation fix and collect from the importer fees and charges for inspection under subsection (a)(1) which shall, as nearly as practicable, cover the costs of such services, including the administrative and supervisory costs customarily included by the Secretary in user fee calculations. The fees and charges, when collected, shall be credited to the current appropriation account that incurs the cost and shall be available without fiscal year limitation to pay the expenses of the Secretary incident to providing services under subsection (a)(1).

TITLE III—DAIRY REPORTS AND OTHER PROVISIONS

DAIRY REPORTS

Submittal to congressional committees. 7 USC 4514.

SEC. 301. The Secretary of Agriculture shall submit to the House Committee on Agriculture and the Senate Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry the following reports:

California standards, national applicability.

(1) Not later than July 1, 1984, a report on the effect of applying, nationally, standards similar to the current California standards for fluid milk products in their final consumer form, as they would relate to—

(A) consumer acceptance, overall consumer consumption trends, and total per capita consumption;

(B) nutritional augmentation, particularly for young and older Americans;

(C) implementing improved interagency enforcement of minimum standards to prevent consumer fraud and deception;

(D) multiple component pricing for producer milk;

(E) reduced Commodity Credit Corporation purchases;

(F) consistency of product quality throughout the year and between marketing regions of the United States; and

(G) consumer prices.

Parity formula. Payment limit.

(2) Not later than December 31, 1984, a report on (A) recommendations for changes in the application of the parity formula to milk so as to make the formula more consistent with modern production methods and with special attention to the cost of producing milk as a result of changes in productivity, and (B) the feasibility of imposing a limitation on the total amount of payments and other assistance a producer of milk may receive during a year under section 201(d) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1446(d)).

(3) Not later than April 15, 1985, a report on the effectiveness of the paid diversion program carried out under section 201(d) of the Agricultural Act of 1949.

(4) Not later than July 1, 1985, and July 1 of each year after the date of enactment of this title, an annual report describing activities conducted under the dairy products promotion and

research order issued under subtitle B of title I of this Act, and accounting for the receipt and disbursement of all funds received by the National Dairy Promotion and Research Board under such order including an independent analysis of the effectiveness of the program. *Ante*, p. 1136.

BARTER OF DAIRY AND OTHER COMMODITIES

SEC. 302. (a) It is the sense of Congress that the Secretary of Agriculture should exchange or barter, to the maximum extent practicable under the provisions of law specified in subsection (b), commodities (especially dairy products) owned by the Commodity Credit Corporation for materials, goods, and equipment produced in foreign countries. 7 USC 1727g note.

(b) The provisions of law referred to in subsection (a) are—

(1) section 4(h) of the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714b(h)),

(2) section 310 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1692), and 7 USC 1727g.

(3) section 416 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1431).

EMERGENCY FEED ASSISTANCE

SEC. 303. (a) As used in this section— 7 USC 1427 note.

(1) the term "damaged corn" means corn that is classified as U.S. No. 4, U.S. No. 5, or U.S. Sample grade under section 810.353 of title 7, Code of Federal Regulations; and "Damaged corn."

(2) the term "eligible farmers and ranchers" means farmers and ranchers who are eligible to receive loans under section 321 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1961). "Eligible farmers and ranchers."

(b) To assist eligible farmers and ranchers in areas that have been adversely affected by the drought, hot weather, or related disaster to preserve and maintain foundation herds of livestock and poultry (including their offspring), the Secretary of Agriculture shall make damaged corn held by the Commodity Credit Corporation available to such farmers and ranchers in accordance with section 407 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1427).

(c) In making damaged corn available to such farmers and ranchers under this section, the Secretary shall offer the damaged corn held by the Corporation at a price that is equal to 75 per centum of the current basic county loan rate for such corn in effect under the Agricultural Act of 1949 (or a comparable price if there is no such current basic county loan rate). 7 USC 1421 note.

(d) The Secretary shall make damaged corn available for sale, as provided under this section, until September 30, 1984, or the date, as determined by the Secretary, on which any emergency created by the drought, hot weather, or related disaster no longer exists.

EGG INDUSTRY MARKETING ORDERS

SEC. 304. The Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 601 et seq.), reenacted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, is amended by— 7 USC 674.

(1) striking out in the first sentence of section 8c(2) "poultry (but not excepting turkeys), eggs (but not excepting turkey hatching eggs)," and inserting in lieu thereof "poultry (but not 7 USC 608c.

excepting turkeys and not excepting poultry which produce commercial eggs),"; and

7 USC 608c.

(2) inserting in subsection (I) of section 8c(6) after the word "pecans," and before the word "avocados,", the word "eggs,".

SEPARABILITY

7 USC 1421 note.

SEC. 305. Except as otherwise provided in this Act, if any provision of this Act or the application thereof to any person or circumstances is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of this Act and of the application of such provision to other persons and circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

Approved November 29, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3385 (H.R. 4196) (S. 1529):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 98-289 (Comm. on Agriculture) and No. 98-556 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORT No. 98-163 accompanying S. 1529 (Comm. on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):

July 18, 19, considered and passed House.
Oct. 5, 6, S. 1529 considered in Senate.
Oct. 7, H.R. 3385 considered and passed Senate, amended.
Nov. 7, 9, H.R. 4196 considered and passed House.
Nov. 9, House agreed to Senate amendments with amendments.
Nov. 17, Senate agreed to conference report.
Nov. 18, House agreed to conference report.

Public Law 98-181
98th Congress

An Act

Making supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for other purposes.

Nov. 30, 1983
[H.R. 3959]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for other purposes, namely:

Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1984.

TITLE I

CHAPTER I

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

HOUSING FOR THE ELDERLY OR HANDICAPPED FUND

Title I of the Department of Housing and Urban Development-Independent Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984 (Public Law 98-45), is amended by inserting before the period at the end of the paragraph under the heading "Housing for the elderly or handicapped fund" (97 Stat. 219, 220) the following: ": *Provided further,* That notwithstanding section 202(a)(3) of the Housing Act of 1959, loans made in fiscal year 1984 shall bear an interest rate which does not exceed 9.25 per centum, including the allowance adequate in the judgment of the Secretary to cover administrative costs and probable losses under the program".

Ante, p. 219.

12 USC 1701q note.
12 USC 1701q.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

COUNCIL ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY AND OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

For an additional amount for the "Council on Environmental Quality and Office of Environmental Quality", $600,000 to conduct a study to consider and define a National Center for Water Resources Research, and a study to define and plan a National Clearinghouse for Water Resources Information.

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The limitation on spending for official reception and representation allowance for fiscal year 1984 contained in the "Salaries and expenses" appropriation for the Federal Emergency Management Agency in the Department of Housing and Urban Development-

11-194 O - 85 -- 38 : QL 3

Ante, p. 219.

Independent Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984 (Public Law 98-45), is increased from $500 to $2,000.

STATE AND LOCAL ASSISTANCE

Ante, p. 219.

The Department of Housing and Urban Development-Independent Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984, under the account, Federal Emergency Management Agency, State and Local Assistance, is amended by adding the following before the period: ": *Provided further*, That notwithstanding any other provision of law for the fiscal year 1984, $55,000,000 is available for contributions to the States under section 205 of the Federal Civil Defense Act of 1950, as amended (50 U.S.C. App. 2286), for personnel and administrative expenses".

EMERGENCY FOOD DISTRIBUTION AND SHELTER PROGRAM

For an emergency food distribution and shelter program to be carried out by the Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency, $30,000,000, such sum to remain available for obligation until March 31, 1984, and to be made available under the following terms and conditions:

(1) The Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency shall, as soon as practicable after the date of the enactment of this Act, constitute a national board for the purpose of determining how the program funds are to be distributed to individual localities. The national board shall consist of seven members. The United Way of America, the Salvation Army, the National Council of Churches, the National Conference of Catholic Charities, the Council of Jewish Federations, Incorporated, the American Red Cross, and the Federal Emergency Management Agency shall each designate a representative to sit on the national board. The representative of the Federal Emergency Management Agency shall serve as chairman of the national board.

(2) Each locality designated by the national board to receive funds shall constitute a local board for the purpose of determining how its funds will be distributed. The local board shall consist, to the extent practicable, of representatives of the same organizations as the national board except that the mayor or appropriate head of government will replace the Federal Emergency Management Agency member.

(3) The Director of the Federal Emergency Managemen. Agency shall award a grant for $30,000,000 to the national board within thirty days after the date of the enactment of this Act for the purpose of providing emergency food and shelter to needy individuals through private voluntary organizations.

(4) Eligible private voluntary organizations shall be nonprofit, have a voluntary board, have an accounting system, and practice nondiscrimination.

(5) Participation in the program shall be based upon a private voluntary organization's ability to deliver emergency food and shelter to needy individuals and such other factors as are determined by the local boards.

(6) Total administrative costs may not exceed 2 percent of the total appropriation.

(7) As authorized by the Charter of the Commodity Credit Corporation, the Corporation shall process and distribute sur-

plus food owned or to be purchased by the Corporation under the food distribution and emergency shelter program in cooperation with the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

CONSTRUCTION OF FACILITIES

For an additional amount for "Construction of facilities", $20,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1986, for partial funding of the construction of facilities at the John F. Kennedy Space Center for the Solid Rocket Booster assembly and refurbishment contractor and for warehousing to be used by the Shuttle processing contractor: *Provided*, That with the funds appropriated under the "Space flight, control and data communications" account in the 1984 Housing and Urban Development-Independent Agencies Appropriation Act (Public Law 98-45), NASA may enter into a contract with Morton Thiokol, Inc., to amortize the Thiokol Casting Pit Covers over a twelve-year period for a total cost of not to exceed $23,000,000 under the authority granted under Public Law 98-45.

Ante, p. 219.

VETERANS ADMINISTRATION

MEDICAL AND PROSTHETIC RESEARCH

For an additional amount for "Medical and prosthetic research", $53,974,000, to remain available until September 30, 1985.

VETERANS JOB TRAINING

For an additional amount for payment of expenses as authorized by the Emergency Veterans' Job Training Act of 1983 (Public Law 98-77), $75,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1986.

Ante, p. 443.

SHORT TITLE AND TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION 1. (a) Titles I through XI of this Act may be cited as the "Domestic Housing and International Recovery and Financial Stability Act".

(b) Titles I through V of this Act may be cited as the "Housing and Urban-Rural Recovery Act of 1983".

Domestic Housing and International Recovery and Financial Stability Act. 12 USC 1701 note.

Housing and Urban-Rural Recovery Act of 1983. 12 USC 1701 note.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Sec. 1. Short title and table of contents.

TITLE I—COMMUNITY AND NEIGHBORHOOD DEVELOPMENT AND CONSERVATION

PART A—COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM

Sec. 101. Low and moderate income benefit objective.
Sec. 102. Definitions.
Sec. 103. Authorization of appropriations.
Sec. 104. Statement of activities and review.
Sec. 105. Eligible activities.
Sec. 106. Allocation and distribution of funds.
Sec. 107. Discretionary fund.
Sec. 108. Guarantee of loans.
Sec. 109. Use of grants to settle outstanding urban renewal loans.
Sec. 110. Transition provisions.

PART B—OTHER PROGRAMS

Sec. 121. Urban development action grants.
Sec. 122. Urban homesteading.
Sec. 123. Neighborhood development demonstration.
Sec. 124. Rehabilitation loans.
Sec. 125. Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation.
Sec. 126. Repealers.

TITLE II—HOUSING ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

Sec. 201. Allocation and use of assisted housing authority.
Sec. 202. Increase in single person occupancy limitation.
Sec. 203. Priority for housing assistance.
Sec. 204. Lease and grievance procedures.
Sec. 205. Reporting requirements.
Sec. 206. Amendments affecting tenant rents or contributions.
Sec. 207. Voucher demonstration.
Sec. 208. Renewal of section 8 contracts.
Sec. 209. Repeal of new construction authority.
Sec. 210. Single room occupancy housing.
Sec. 211. Shared housing for the elderly and handicapped.
Sec. 212. Payments for operation of lower income housing projects.
Sec. 213. Income eligibility.
Sec. 214. Demolition and disposition of public housing.
Sec. 215. Financing limitations.
Sec. 216. Emergency shelter program.
Sec. 217. Operating assistance for troubled multifamily housing projects.
Sec. 218. Section 236 assistance.
Sec. 219. Rent supplement program.
Sec. 220. Report regarding housing neighborhood strategy area program.
Sec. 221. Consideration of utility payments made by tenants in assisted housing.
Sec. 222. Public housing child care demonstration program.
Sec. 223. Housing for the elderly and handicapped.
Sec. 224. Congregate services.
Sec. 225. Demonstration project.
Sec. 226. Section 235 homeownership assistance.
Sec. 227. Pet ownership in assisted rental housing for the elderly or handicapped

TITLE III—RENTAL HOUSING REHABILITATION AND PRODUCTION PROGRAM

Sec. 301. Rental rehabilitation and development grants.
Sec. 302. Conforming amendments to the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974.
Sec. 303. Conforming amendments to the National Housing Act.

TITLE IV—PROGRAM AMENDMENTS AND EXTENSIONS

PART A—FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION MORTGAGE INSURANCE PROGRAMS

Subpart 1—General Authorities and Requirements

Sec. 401. Extension of mortgage insurance programs.
Sec. 402. Amount to be insured under the National Housing Act.
Sec. 403. Authorization of appropriations to cover losses to the General Insurance Fund.
Sec. 404. Elimination of requirement that Federal Housing Administration interest rates be set by law.
Sec. 405. Minimum property standards.
Sec. 406. Time of payment of mortgage insurance premiums.
Sec. 407. Mortgage insurance for American Samoa.
Sec. 408. Assignment of section 221(g)(4) mortgages to Government National Mortgage Association.
Sec. 409. Termination of section 221 buy-back provision.

Subpart 2—Single-Family Mortgage Insurance Programs

Sec. 415. Title I insurance for existing manufactured homes.
Sec. 416. Increased title I loan limits for manufactured homes and lots.
Sec. 417. Refinancing manufactured homes under title I.
Sec. 418. Counseling for persons assisted under temporary mortgage assistance payments program.
Sec. 419. Cooperative housing.
Sec. 420. Mortgage insurance for condominium units.

Sec. 421. Single-family mortgage insurance on Hawaiian home lands.
Sec. 422. Single family mortgage insurance on Indian reservations.
Sec. 423. Treatment of Federal Housing Administration single family premiums.
Sec. 424. Change in maximum loan-to-value ratio for modestly priced single family homes.
Sec. 425. Nonoccupant single family mortgagors.
Sec. 426. Payment of claims without acquisition of title.
Sec. 427. Structural defects in Veterans' Administration-approved, Federal Housing Administration-insured new homes.
Sec. 428. Reinsurance demonstration program.

Subpart 3—Multifamily and Other Mortgage Insurance Programs

Sec. 431. Discretionary authority to regulate rents or charges.
Sec. 432. Removal of refinancing limitations on certain multifamily projects.
Sec. 433. Limitation on prepayment of mortgages on multifamily rental housing.
Sec. 434. Assumption of loss under multifamily co-insurance.
Sec. 435. Mortgage insurance for manufactured home parks for the elderly.
Sec. 436. Mortgage insurance for public hospitals.
Sec. 437. Mortgage insurance for board and care homes.

Subpart 4—Insurance of Alternative Mortgage Instruments

Sec. 441. Indexed mortgages.
Sec. 442. Graduated payment mortgages for multifamily housing.
Sec. 443. Adjustable rate mortgages for single family housing.
Sec. 444. Shared appreciation mortgages for single family housing.
Sec. 445. Shared appreciation mortgages for multifamily housing.
Sec. 446. Insurance of mortgages not providing for complete amortization.
Sec. 447. Premium charges for insurance of alternative mortgage instruments.
Sec. 448. Report on home equity conversion mortgages for the elderly.

PART B—FLOOD AND PROPERTY INSURANCE PROGRAMS

Sec. 451. Flood insurance.
Sec. 452. Crime and riot insurance.
Sec. 453. Study of sinkhole insurance.

PART C—REGULATORY AND OTHER PROGRAMS

Sec. 461. Real estate settlement procedures.
Sec. 462. National Institute of Building Sciences.
Sec. 463. Solar Energy and Energy Conservation Bank.
Sec. 464. Weatherization program.
Sec. 465. Counseling.
Sec. 466. Research authorization.
Sec. 467. National housing partnerships.
Sec. 468. Report regarding program changes.
Sec. 469. Periodic report on residential mortgage delinquencies and foreclosures.
Sec. 470. Public notice and comment regarding Department demonstration programs.
Sec. 471. Multifamily mortgage foreclosure.
Sec. 472. Alternative mortgage transactions.
Sec. 473. Due-on-sale clause prohibitions.
Sec. 474. Cancellation of debt owed the Treasury and liquidation of new communities program.

PART D—SECONDARY MORTGAGE MARKET PROGRAMS

Sec. 481. Amount to be guaranteed under the Government National Mortgage Association mortgage-backed securities program.
Sec. 482. Government National Mortgage Association commitment extension.
Sec. 483. Special assistance and emergency mortgage purchase assistance functions of the Government National Mortgage Association.

TITLE V—RURAL HOUSING

Sec. 501. Short title.
Sec. 502. Definitions.
Sec. 503. Section 502 amendments.
Sec. 504. Rehabilitation loans.
Sec. 505. Technical services and research.
Sec. 506. Standards for adequate housing.
Sec. 507. General authority of the Secretary.
Sec. 508. Amendment to section 511.

Sec. 509. Repeal of section 512.
Sec. 510. Determination of need for housing under sections 514 and 516.
Sec. 511. Authorizations.
Sec. 512. Section 515 amendments.
Sec. 513. Farm labor housing.
Sec. 514. Insured rural housing loans.
Sec. 515. Definition of rural area.
Sec. 516. Shared housing for the elderly and handicapped.
Sec. 517. Rental assistance tenant contribution.
Sec. 518. Technical and supervisory assistance.
Sec. 519. Condominium housing.
Sec. 520. FHA insurance.
Sec. 521. Processing of application.
Sec. 522. Rural housing preservation grant program.
Sec. 523. Miscellaneous.

TITLE VI—EXPORT-IMPORT BANK ACT AMENDMENTS OF 1983

Sec. 601. Short title.

PART A—EXPORT-IMPORT BANK ACT AMENDMENTS

Sec. 611. Extension of the Export-Import Bank Act.
Sec. 612. Competitive mandate.
Sec. 613. Advisory committee.
Sec. 614. Terms of directors.
Sec. 615. Report on authority
Sec. 616. Exports of services.
Sec. 617. Competitive insurance.
Sec. 618. Small business needs.
Sec. 619. Special facilities in support of United States exports.
Sec. 620. Technical amendments.
Sec. 621. Capital level of the Bank.
Sec. 622. Medium-term financing.
Sec. 623. Report to Congress.

PART B—MATCHING CREDITS

Sec. 631. Matching credits.
Sec. 632. Report.
Sec. 633. Technical amendment.

PART C—TIED AID CREDIT EXPORT SUBSIDIES

Sec. 641. Short title.
Sec. 642. Statement of purpose.
Sec. 643. Negotiating mandate.
Sec. 644. Establishment of a tied aid credit program in the United States Export-Import Bank.
Sec. 645. Establishment of a tied aid credit program in the Agency for International Development.
Sec. 646. Implementation.
Sec. 647. Definitions.

TITLE VII—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Sec. 701. Home Mortgage Disclosure Act Amendments.
Sec. 702. Members to serve until successors are appointed.
Sec. 703. Extension to March 30, 1984.

TITLE VIII—INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND

Sec. 801. Promoting conditions for exchange rate stability.
Sec. 802. Quota increase.
Sec. 803. Special drawing rights.
Sec. 804. Instructions to the United States Executive Director.
Sec. 805. Elimination of agricultural export subsidies.
Sec. 806. Sustaining economic growth.
Sec. 807. Opposing Fund bailouts of banks.
Sec. 808. Surplus commodities.
Sec. 809. International cooperation.
Sec. 810. IMF interest rates.
Sec. 811. Borrowing in United States credit markets.
Sec. 812. Trade provisions.
Sec. 813. Reports to Congress.

TITLE IX—INTERNATIONAL LENDING SUPERVISION

Sec. 901. Short title.
Sec. 902. Declaration of policy.
Sec. 903. Definitions.
Sec. 904. Strengthened supervision of international lending.
Sec. 905. Reserves.
Sec. 906. Accounting for fees on international loans.
Sec. 907. Collection and disclosure of certain international lending data.
Sec. 908. Capital adequacy.
Sec. 909. Foreign loan evaluations.
Sec. 910. General authorities.
Sec. 911. GAO audit authority.
Sec. 912. Equal representation for the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.
Sec. 913. Reports.

TITLE X—MULTILATERAL DEVELOPMENT BANKS

Sec. 1001. Inter-American Development Bank.
Sec. 1002. Asian Development Bank.
Sec. 1003. African Development Fund.
Sec. 1004. Human rights.
Sec. 1005. Study.
Sec. 1006. Personnel practices.

TITLE XI—IMF APPROPRIATION

Sec. 1101. IMF appropriation.
Sec. 1102. Condition of international financial system.

TITLE I—COMMUNITY AND NEIGHBORHOOD DEVELOPMENT AND CONSERVATION

PART A—COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM

LOW AND MODERATE INCOME BENEFIT OBJECTIVE

SEC. 101. (a) Section 101(c) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 is amended— 42 USC 5301.

(1) in the first sentence, by inserting after "title" the following: "and of the community development program of each grantee under this title"; and

(2) in the second sentence, by inserting after the first comma the following: "not less than 51 percent of the aggregate of the Federal assistance provided under section 106 and, if applicable, the funds received as a result of a guarantee under section 108, shall be used for the support of activities that benefit persons of low and moderate income, and". 42 USC 5306. 42 USC 5308. 31 USC 1305.

(b) Section 104(b)(3) of such Act is amended— 42 USC 5304.

(1) by striking out the first semicolon and inserting in lieu thereof ", and"; and

(2) by inserting before the semicolon at the end thereof the following: ", except that the aggregate use of funds received under section 106 and, if applicable, as a result of a guarantee under section 108, during a period specified by the grantee of not more than 3 years, shall principally benefit persons of low and moderate income in a manner that ensures that not less than 51 percent of such funds are used for activities that benefit such persons during such period".

DEFINITIONS

SEC. 102. (a) Section 102(a)(4) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 is amended— 42 USC 5302.

(1) by striking out the semicolon and all that follows through "later"; and

Metropolitan city.

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new sentences: "In order to permit an orderly transition of each city losing its classification as a metropolitan city by reason of the population data of the 1980 decennial census or revisions in the designation of metropolitan areas or central cities, any city classified as or deemed by law to be a metropolitan city for purposes of assistance under any section of this title for fiscal year 1983 shall retain such qualification for purposes of receiving such assistance for fiscal years 1984 and 1985. Any unit of general local government that becomes eligible to be classified as a metropolitan city for fiscal year 1984 or 1985 while its population is included in an urban county for such fiscal year may, upon submission of written notification to the Secretary, defer its classification as a metropolitan city for all purposes under this title for fiscal years 1984, 1985, and 1986 if such unit of general local government continues to have its population included in such urban county under subsection (d).".

Notification. Classification deferral.

Urban county.

(b) Section 102(a)(6) of such Act is amended by striking out the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following new sentences: "In order to permit an orderly transition of each county losing its classification as an urban county by reason of a decrease in population, any county classified as or deemed to be an urban county under this paragraph for purposes of receiving assistance under any section of this title for fiscal year 1983 shall retain such qualification for purposes of receiving such assistance for fiscal years 1984 and 1985, or for such longer period covered by a cooperation agreement entered into during fiscal year 1984. Notwithstanding the combined population amount set forth in clause (B) of the first sentence, a county shall also qualify as an urban county for purposes of assistance under section 106 if such county (A) complies with all other requirements set forth in the first sentence; (B) has, according to the most recent available decennial census data, a combined population between 190,000 and 199,999, inclusive; (C) had a population growth rate of not less than 15 percent during the most recent 10-year period measured by applicable censuses; and (D) has submitted data satisfactory to the Secretary that it has a combined population of not less than 200,000.".

42 USC 5302.

42 USC 5306.

Definitions.

(c) Section 102(a) of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraphs:

42 USC 5302.

"(20) The terms 'persons of low and moderate income' and 'low- and moderate-income persons' have the meaning given the term 'lower income families' in section 3(b)(2) of the United States Housing Act of 1937. The term 'persons of very low income' has the meaning given the term 'very low-income families' in such section. For purposes of such terms, the area involved shall be determined in the same manner as such area is determined for purposes of assistance under section 8 of such Act.

Post, p. 1179.

42 USC 1437f.

"(21) The term 'buildings for the general conduct of government' means city halls, county administrative buildings, State capital or office buildings or other facilities in which the legislative or general administrative affairs of the government are conducted. Such term does not include such facilities as neighborhood service centers or special purpose buildings located in low- and moderate-income areas that house various nonlegisla-

tive functions or services provided by government at decentralized locations.".

(d) Section 102 of such Act is amended by striking out "Department of Commerce" each place it appears in paragraphs (3), (4), and (9) of subsection (a) and in subsection (b) and inserting in lieu thereof "Office of Management and Budget". 42 USC 5302.

(e) Section 102(b) of such Act is amended by striking out the last sentence.

(f) The last sentence of section 102(d) of such Act is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: ", except where the unit of general local government loses the designation of metropolitan city".

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 103. Section 103 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 is amended by striking out the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "There are authorized to be appropriated for purposes of assistance under sections 106 and 107 not to exceed $3,468,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1984, 1985, and 1986.". 42 USC 5303. 42 USC 5306, 5307.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND REVIEW

SEC. 104. (a) Section 104(a)(1) of the Housing and Community Develpment Act of 1974 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "In all cases, beginning in fiscal year 1984, the statement required in this subsection shall include a description of the use of funds made available under section 106 in fiscal year 1982 and thereafter (or, beginning in fiscal year 1985, such use since preparation of the last statement prepared pursuant to this subsection) together with an assessment of the relationship of such use to the community development objectives identified in the statement prepared pursuant to this subsection for such previous fiscal years and to the requirements of section 104(b)(3).". 42 USC 5304. 42 USC 5306. *Ante*, p. 1159.

(b) Section 104(a)(2) of such Act is amended—

(1) in the first sentence, by inserting "in a timely manner" after "shall";

(2) in subparagraph (A)—

(A) by inserting after "citizens" the following: "or, as appropriate, units of general local government"; and

(B) by inserting before the semicolon at the end thereof the following: ", including the estimated amount proposed to be used for activities that will benefit persons of low and moderate income and the plans of the grantee for minimizing displacement of persons as a result of activities assisted with such funds and to assist persons actually displaced as a result of such activities";

(3) by striking out "and" at the end of subparagraph (B);

(4) by striking out the period at the end of subparagraph (C) and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon;

(5) by inserting after subparagraph (C) the following new subparagraphs:

"(D) provide citizens or, as appropriate, units of general local government with reasonable access to records regarding the past use of funds received under section 106 by the grantee; and 42 USC 5306.

"(E) provide citizens or, as appropriate, units of general local government with reasonable notice of, and opportunity to com-

42 USC 5306.

ment on, any substantial change proposed to be made in the use of funds received under section 106 from one eligible activity to another."; and

(6) by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Any final statement of activities may be modified or amended from time to time by the grantee in accordance with the same procedures required in this paragraph for the preparation and submission of such statement.".

42 USC 5304.

(c) Section 104(b) of such Act is amended—

(1) by inserting before the semicolon at the end of paragraph (2) the following: ", and the grantee will affirmatively further fair housing";

(2) by striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (3);

(3) by redesignating paragraph (4) as paragraph (6); and

(4) by inserting after paragraph (3) the following new paragraphs:

"(4) it has developed a community development plan, for the period specified by the grantee under paragraph (3), that identifies community development and housing needs and specifies both short- and long-term community development objectives that have been developed in accordance with the primary objective and requirements of this title;

"(5) the grantee will not attempt to recover any capital costs of public improvements assisted in whole or part under section 106 or with amounts resulting from a guarantee under section 108 by assessing any amount against properties owned and occupied by persons of low and moderate income, including any fee charged or assessment made as a condition of obtaining access to such public improvements, unless (A) funds received under section 106 are used to pay the proportion of such fee or assessment that relates to the capital costs of such public improvements that are financed from revenue sources other than under this title; or (B) for purposes of assessing any amount against properties owned and occupied by persons of low and moderate income who are not persons of very low income, the grantee certifies to the Secretary that it lacks sufficient funds received under section 106 to comply with the requirements of subparagraph (A); and".

42 USC 5306.
42 USC 5308.
31 USC 1305.

(d) Section 104(c)(1)(A) of such Act is amended by inserting after "community" the first place it appears the following: "(including the number of vacant and abandoned dwelling units)".

(e) Section 104(d) of such Act is amended—

(1) by inserting "and evaluation" after "performance" in the first sentence;

(2) by inserting "and to the requirements of subsection (b)(3)" after "subsection (a)" in the first sentence; and

Report.

(3) by inserting after the first sentence the following: "Such report shall also be made available to the citizens in each grantee's jurisdiction in sufficient time to permit such citizens to comment on such report prior to its submission, and in such manner and at such times as the grantee may determine. The grantee's report shall indicate its programmatic accomplishments, the nature of and reasons for changes in the grantee's program objectives, indications of how the grantee would change its programs as a result of its experiences, and an evaluation of the extent to which, its funds were used for activities that benefited low- and moderate-income persons. The

report shall include a summary of any comments received by the grantee from citizens in its jurisdiction respecting its program. The Secretary shall encourage and assist national associations of grantees eligible under section 106(d)(2)(B), national associations of States, and national associations of units of general local government in nonentitlement areas to develop and recommend to the Secretary, within one year after the effective date of this sentence, uniform recordkeeping, performance reporting, and evaluation reporting, and auditing requirements for such grantees, States, and units of local government, respectively. Based on the Secretary's approval of these recommendations, the Secretary shall establish such requirements for use by such grantees, States, and units of local government.".

Recommendations. 42 USC 5306.

Requirements.

(f) The second sentence of section 104(g)(1) of such Act is amended by inserting after "payment" the following: "and substantial disbursements from such fund must begin within 180 days after receipt of such payment".

42 USC 5304.

(g) Section 104 of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsections:

"(i) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any unit of general local government may retain any program income that is realized from any grant made by the Secretary, or any amount distributed by a State, under section 106 if (1) such income was realized after the initial disbursement of the funds received by such unit of general local government under such section; and (2) such unit of general local government has agreed that while the unit of general local government is participating in a community development program under this title it will utilize the program income for eligible community development activities in accordance with the provisions of this title. A State may require as a condition of any amount distributed by such State under section 106(d) that a unit of general local government shall pay to such State any such income to be used by such State to fund additional eligible community development activities, except that such State shall waive such condition to the extent such income is applied to continue the activity from which such income was derived.

42 USC 5306.

Payment and waiver.

"(j) Each grantee shall provide for reasonable benefits to any person involuntarily and permanently displaced as a result of the use of assistance received under this title to acquire or substantially rehabilitate property.".

ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES

SEC. 105. (a) Section 105(a)(2) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 is amended to read as follows:

42 USC 5305.

"(2) the acquisition, construction, reconstruction, or installation (including design features and improvements with respect to such construction, reconstruction, or installation that promote energy efficiency) of public works, facilities (except for buildings for the general conduct of government), and site or other improvements;".

(b)(1) Section 105(a)(8) of such Act is amended—

(A) by striking out "10" and inserting in lieu thereof "15"; and

(B) by inserting before the semicolon at the end thereof the following: "unless such unit of general local government used more than 15 percent of the assistance received under this title

for fiscal year 1983 for such activities (excluding any assistance received pursuant to Public Law 98-8), in which case such unit of general local government may use not more than the percentage or amount of such assistance used for such activities for such fiscal year, whichever method of calculation yields the higher amount".

Ante, p. 13.

(2) Section 303(b) of the Housing and Community Development Amendments of 1981 is amended by striking out ", 1983, and 1984" and inserting in lieu thereof "and 1983".

42 USC 5305 note.

(c) Section 105(a)(14) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 is amended by inserting after "public facilities" the following: "(except for buildings for the general conduct of government)".

42 USC 5305.

(d) Section 105(a)(15) of such Act is amended by inserting the following before the semicolon at the end thereof: ", including grants to neighborhood-based nonprofit organizations, or other private or public nonprofit organizations, for the purpose of assisting, as part of neighborhood revitalization or other community development, the development of shared housing opportunities (other than by construction of new facilities) in which elderly families (as defined in section 3(b)(3) of the United States Housing Act of 1937) benefit as a result of living in a dwelling in which the facilities are shared with others in a manner that effectively and efficiently meets the housing needs of the residents and thereby reduces their cost of housing".

Elderly families.

42 USC 1437a.

(e) Section 105 of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(c)(1) In any case in which an assisted activity described in paragraph (14) or (17) of subsection (a) is identified as principally benefiting persons of low and moderate income, such activity shall—

"(A) be carried out in a neighborhood consisting predominately of persons of low and moderate income and provide services for such persons; or

"(B) involve facilities designed for use predominately by persons of low and moderate income; or

"(C) involve employment of persons, a majority of whom are persons of low and moderate income.

"(2) In any case in which an assisted activity described in subsection (a) is designed to serve an area generally and is clearly designed to meet identified needs of persons of low and moderate income in such area, such activity shall be considered to principally benefit persons of low and moderate income if (A) not less than 51 percent of the residents of such area are persons of low and moderate income; or (B) in any jurisdiction having no areas meeting the requirements of subparagraph (A), the area served by such activity has a larger proportion of persons of low and moderate income than not less than 75 percent of the other areas in the jurisdiction of the recipient.

"(3) Any assisted activity under this title that involves the acquisition or rehabilitation of property to provide housing shall be considered to benefit persons of low and moderate income only to the extent such housing will, upon completion, be occupied by such persons.".

ALLOCATION AND DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS

42 USC 5306.

SEC. 106. (a) Section 106(b) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(6)(A) Where data are available, the amount determined under paragraph (1) for a metropolitan city that has been formed by the consolidation of one or more metropolitan cities with an urban county shall be equal to the sum of the amounts that would have been determined under paragraph (1) for the metropolitan city or cities and the balance of the consolidated government, if such consolidation had not occurred. This paragraph shall apply only to any consolidation that— Consolidation.

"(i) included all metropolitan cities that received grants under this section for the fiscal year preceding such consolidation and that were located within the urban county;

"(ii) included the entire urban county that received a grant under this section for the fiscal year preceding such consolidation; and

"(iii) took place on or after January 1, 1983.

"(B) The population growth rate of all metropolitan cities referred to in section 102(a)(12) shall be based on the population of (i) metropolitan cities other than consolidated governments the grant for which is determined under this paragraph; and (ii) cities that were metropolitan cities before their incorporation into consolidated governments. For purposes of calculating the entitlement share for the balance of the consolidated government under this paragraph, the entire balance shall be considered to have been an urban county.". 42 USC 5302.

(b) Section 106(c)(1)(B) of such Act is amended to read as follows: 42 USC 5306.

"(B) in reallocating amounts resulting from an action under section 104(d) or section 111, a city or county against whom any such action was taken in a fiscal year shall be excluded from a calculation of share for purposes of reallocating, in the succeeding year, the amounts becoming available as a result of such action; and". *Ante*, p. 1162. 42 USC 5311.

(c) Section 106(c) of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph: Transfer of responsibility.

"(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1), the Secretary may upon request transfer responsibility to any metropolitan city for the administration of any amounts received, but not obligated, by the urban county in which such city is located if (A) such city was an included unit of general local government in such county prior to the qualification of such city as a metropolitan city; (B) such amounts were designated and received by such county for use in such city prior to the qualification of such city as a metropolitan city; and (C) such city and county agree to such transfer of responsibility for the administration of such amounts.".

(d)(1) Section 106(d)(2)(A) of such Act is amended—

(A) by striking out "the State" and inserting in lieu thereof "a State that has elected, in such manner and at such time as the Secretary shall prescribe"; and

(B) by inserting after clause (ii) the following new sentence: "Any election to distribute funds made after the close of fiscal year 1984 is permanent and final.".

(2) Section 106(d)(2)(B) of such Act is amended by striking out "where" and all that follows through the period at the end thereof and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "if the State has not elected to distribute such amounts.".

(e) Section 106(d)(2)(C) of such Act is amended by striking out clause (iii) and inserting in lieu thereof the following new clause:

"(iii) will not refuse to distribute such amounts to any unit of general local government on the basis of the particular eligible activity selected by such unit of general local government to meet its community development needs, except that this clause may not be considered to prevent a State from establishing priorities in distributing such amounts on the basis of the activities selected; and".

42 USC 5306.

(f) Section 106(d)(2) of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraph:

Certification.

"(D) To receive and distribute amounts allocated under paragraph (1), the Governor of each State shall certify that each unit of general local government to be distributed funds will be required to identify its community development and housing needs, including the needs of low and moderate income persons, and the activities to be undertaken to meet such needs.".

Payments.

(g) The second and third sentences of section 106(d)(3)(A) of such Act are amended to read as follows: "The State shall pay from its own resources all administrative expenses incurred by the State in carrying out its responsibilities under this title, except that from the amounts received for distribution in nonentitlement areas, the State may deduct an amount to cover such expenses not to exceed the sum of $102,000 plus 50 percent of any such expenses in excess of $100,000. Amounts deducted in excess of $100,000 shall not exceed 2 percent of the amount so received.".

(h) Section 106(d)(3) of such Act is amended by striking out subparagraph (C) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(C) Any amounts allocated for use in a State under paragraph (1) that are not received by the State for any fiscal year because of failure to meet the requirements of subsection (a) or (b) of section 104, or that become available as a result of actions against the State under section 104(d) or 111, shall be added to amounts allocated to all States under paragraph (1) for the succeeding fiscal year.

Ante, p. 1162.
42 USC 5311.

"(D) Any amounts allocated for use in a State under paragraph (1) that become available as a result of actions under section 104(d) or 111 against units of general local government in nonentitlement areas of the State or as a result of the closeout of a grant made by the Secretary under this section in nonentitlement areas of the State shall be added to amounts allocated to the State under paragraph (1) for the fiscal year in which the amounts become so available.".

(i) Section 106(d) of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraphs:

"(5) No amount may be distributed by any State or the Secretary under this subsection to any unit of general local government located in a nonentitlement area unless such unit of general local government certifies that—

"(A) it will minimize displacement of persons as a result of activities assisted with such amounts;

42 USC 2000a note.
82 Stat. 73.

"(B) its program will be conducted and administered in conformity with Public Law 88-352 and Public Law 90-284, and that it will affirmatively further fair housing;

"(C) it will provide for opportunities for citizen participation, hearings, and access to information with respect to its community development program that are comparable to those required of grantees under section 104(a)(2); and

42 USC 5304.

"(D) it will not attempt to recover any capital costs of public improvements assisted in whole or part under section 106 or

with amounts resulting from a guarantee under section 108 by assessing any amount against properties owned and occupied by persons of low and moderate income, including any fee charged or assessment made as a condition of obtaining access to such public improvements, unless (i) funds received under section 106 are used to pay the proportion of such fee or assessment that relates to the capital costs of such public improvements that are financed from revenue sources other than under this title; or (ii) for purposes of assessing any amount against properties owned and occupied by persons of low and moderate income who are not persons of very low income, the grantee certifies to the Secretary or such State, as the case may be, that it lacks sufficient funds received under section 106 to comply with the requirements of clause (i). 42 USC 5308. 31 USC 1305. 42 USC 5306.

"(6) Any activities conducted with amounts received by a unit of general local government under this subsection shall be subject to the applicable provisions of this title and other Federal law in the same manner and to the same extent as activities conducted with amounts received by a unit of general local government under subsection (a).".

(j) Section 106(f) of such Act is amended to read as follows: 42 USC 5306.

"(f) If the total amount available for distribution in any fiscal year to metropolitan cities and urban counties under this section is insufficient to provide the amounts to which metropolitan cities and urban counties would be entitled under subsection (b), and funds are not otherwise appropriated to meet the deficiency, the Secretary shall meet the deficiency through a pro rata reduction of all amounts determined under subsection (b). If the total amount available for distribution in any fiscal year to metropolitan cities and urban counties under this section exceeds the amounts to which metropolitan cities and urban counties would be entitled under subsection (b), the Secretary shall distribute the excess through a pro rata increase of all amounts determined under subsection (b).".

DISCRETIONARY FUND

SEC. 107. (a) Section 107(a) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 is amended by striking out the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "Of the total amount approved in appropriation Acts under section 103 for each of the fiscal years 1984, 1985, and 1986, not more than $68,200,000 for each such fiscal year may be set aside in a special discretionary fund for grants under subsection (b).". 42 USC 5307. 42 USC 5303.

(b) Section 107(b)(4) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"(4) to States, units of general local government, Indian tribes, or areawide planning organizations for the purpose of providing technical assistance in planning, developing, and administering assistance under this title; to groups designated by such governmental units to assist them in carrying out assistance under this title; to qualified groups for the purpose of assisting more than one such governmental unit to carry out assistance under this title; and to States and units of general local government for implementing special projects otherwise authorized under this title; and the Secretary may also provide technical assistance, directly or through contracts, to such governmental units and groups; and".

(c) Section 107(b) of such Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (3); and
(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:
"(5) to States and units of general local government for the purpose of allocating amounts to any such State or unit of general local government that is determined by the Secretary to have received insufficient amounts under section 106 as a result of a miscalculation of its share of funds under such section.".

42 USC 5306.

GUARANTEE OF LOANS

Financing.
42 USC 5308.

SEC. 108. (a) Section 108(a) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 is amended by inserting after the first sentence the following new sentence: "A guarantee under this section may be used to assist a grantee in obtaining financing only if the grantee has made efforts to obtain such financing without the use of such guarantee and cannot complete such financing consistent with the timely execution of the program plans without such guarantee.".

(b) Section 108(a) of such Act is amended by striking out the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "Notwithstanding any other provision of law and subject only to the absence of qualified applicants or proposed activities, to the authority provided in this section, and to any funding limitation approved in appropriation Acts, the Secretary shall enter into commitments during fiscal year 1984 to guarantee notes and obligations under this section with an aggregate principal amount of $225,000,000.".

USE OF GRANTS TO SETTLE OUTSTANDING URBAN RENEWAL LOANS

42 USC 5312.

SEC. 109. Section 112 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(c) Any unit of general local government may retain any program income that is realized from a grant made by the Secretary pursuant to subsection (a) or under title I of the Housing Act of 1949 if (1) such income was realized after the initial disbursement of the grant funds by such unit of general local government; and (2) such unit of general local government agrees to utilize the program income for eligible community development activities in accordance with the provisions of this title.".

42 USC 1450.

TRANSITION PROVISIONS

42 USC 5316.

SEC. 110. (a) Section 116(b) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 is amended by—
(1) striking out "(in that fiscal year)"; and
(2) striking out "in that year" and inserting in lieu thereof "for that year".

42 USC 5316 note.

(b) The amendments made by this section shall apply only to funds available for fiscal year 1984 and thereafter.

PART B—OTHER PROGRAMS

URBAN DEVELOPMENT ACTION GRANTS

42 USC 5318.

SEC. 121. (a) Section 119(a) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "There are authorized to be appropriated to

carry out the provisions of this section not to exceed $440,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1984, 1985, and 1986, and any amount appropriated under this sentence shall remain available until expended.".

(b) Section 119(b)(1) of such Act is amended— Standards revision. 42 USC 5318.

(1) in the last sentence, by striking out "where data are available, the extent of unemployment and job lag" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "the extent of unemployment, job lag, or surplus labor"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new sentences: "Any city that has a population of less than 50,000 persons and is not the central city of a metropolitan area, and that was eligible for fiscal year 1983 under this paragraph for assistance under this section, shall continue to be eligible for such assistance until the Secretary revises the standards for eligibility for such cities under this paragraph and includes the extent of unemployment, job lag, or labor surplus as a standard of distress for such cities. The Secretary shall make such revision as soon as practicable following the effective date of this sentence.".

(c) Subparagraphs (A) and (B) of section 119(b)(2) of such Act ar each amended by inserting "neighborhood statistics areas," after "enumeration districts,".

(d) Section 119(c)(3) of such Act is amended—

(1) by striking out ", and (B)" and inserting in lieu thereof "; (B)"; and

(2) by inserting the following after "carried out" in clause (B): "; and (C) has made available the analysis described in clause (B) to any interested person or organization residing or located in the neighborhood in which the proposed activities are to be carried out".

(e) Section 119(d)(1) of such Act is amended in the first sentence by adding after the word "criteria" where it first appears: "for a national competition".

(f) Section 119(i) of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "The Secretary shall encourage cooperation by geographically proximate cities of less than 50,000 population by permitting consortia of such cities, which may also include county governments that are not urban counties, to apply for grants on behalf of a city that is otherwise eligible for assistance under this section. Any grants awarded to such consortia shall be administered in compliance with eligibility requirements applicable to individual cities.". Consortia of cities.

(g) Section 119 of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsections:

"(p) An unincorporated portion of an urban county that is approved by the Secretary as an identifiable community for purposes of this section is eligible for a grant under subsection (b)(2) if such portion meets the eligibility requirements contained in the first sentence of subsection (b)(1) and the requirements of subsection (b)(2)(B) (applied to the population of the portion of the urban county) and if it otherwise complies with the provisions of this section.

"(q) Of the amounts appropriated for purposes of this section for any fiscal year, not more than $2,500,000 may be used by the Secretary to make technical assistance grants to States or their agencies, municipal technical advisory services operated by universi-

ties, or State associations of counties or municipalities, to enable such entities to assist units of general local government described in subsection (i) in developing, applying for assistance for, and implementing programs eligible for assistance under this section.

"(r) In providing assistance under this section, the Secretary may not discriminate among programs on the basis of the particular type of activity involved, whether such activity is primarily a neighborhood, industrial, or commercial activity.".

URBAN HOMESTEADING

12 USC 1706e.

SEC. 122. (a) The first sentence of section 810(h) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 is amended by striking out "and (g)" and all that follows through "1983" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: ", (g), (h), and (i), there are authorized to be appropriated not to exceed $12,000,000 for fiscal year 1984, and such sums as may be necessary for fiscal year 1985".

(b) Section 810(a)(3) of such Act is amended by inserting "by a person legally entitled to reside there" before the semicolon.

(c) Section 810(b)(3) of such Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "three years" in subparagraph (A) and inserting in lieu thereof "5 years, except under such emergency standards as may be prescribed by the Secretary";

(2) by striking out subparagraph (B) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(B) repair all defects in the property that pose a substantial danger to health and safety within 1 year of the date of such initial conveyance;"; and

(3) by striking out "eighteen months after occupying the property" in subparagraph (C) and inserting in lieu thereof "3 years after the date of initial conveyance".

(d) Section 810(b) of such Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (5);

(2) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (6) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(7) an equitable procedure for selecting the recipients of such properties that—

"(A) gives a special priority to applicants—

"(i) whose current housing fails to meet standards of health and safety, including overcrowding;

"(ii) who currently pay in excess of 30 percent of their income for shelter; and

"(iii) who have little prospect of obtaining improved housing within the foreseeable future through means other than homesteading;

"(B) excludes applicants who are currently homeowners; and

"(C) takes into account the capacity of the applicant to contribute a substantial amount of labor to the rehabilitation process, or to obtain assistance from private sources, community organizations, or other sources.".

(e) Section 810(f) of such Act is amended—

(1) by inserting ", the Secretary of Agriculture," after "Secretary" each place it appears;

(2) by striking out "one- to four-family residences" and inserting in lieu thereof "residential properties"; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Such listing shall be accessible to the public during ordinary business hours at the offices of such unit of general local government or public agency.". Public access.

(f) Section 810 of such Act is amended— 12 USC 1706e.

(1) in subsection (c), by inserting "or (h)" after "subsection (b)";

(2) by redesignating subsection (h) as subsection (k); and

(3) by inserting after subsection (g) the following new subsections:

"(h)(1) The Secretary may, on a demonstration basis during fiscal years 1984 and 1985, convey to any unit of general local government or public agency designated by such unit of general local government any real property— Property conveyance.

"(A) to which the Secretary holds title; and

"(B) that the Secretary determines to be suitable for a multifamily homesteading program that complies with the requirements of paragraph (2);

for such consideration, if any, as may be agreed upon between the Secretary and such unit of general local government or public agency.

"(2) Any multifamily homesteading program carried out by any unit of general local government or public agency designated by any such unit of general local government shall be considered a multifamily homesteading program that complies with the requirements of this subsection if the Secretary determines that such program contains adequate assurances that—

"(A) the primary use of all homestead properties following conversion or rehabilitation shall be residential; and

"(B) not less than 75 percent of the residential occupants of homestead properties following conversion or rehabilitation shall be lower income families.

"(3) As used in this subsection and subsection (i) the term 'lower income families' has the meaning given such term in section 3(b)(2) of the United States Housing Act of 1937. "Lower income families." 42 USC 1437a.

"(i)(1) The Secretary shall use not more than $1,000,000 of the amounts appropriated under this section for each of the fiscal years 1984 and 1985 to undertake a program to demonstrate the feasibility of providing assistance to State or local governments or their agencies for the purchase of any real property that—

"(A) is improved by one- to four-family residence;

"(B) is not occupied by a person legally entitled to reside there;

"(C) is designated by a State or general unit of local government for use in a single family homestead program; and

"(D) will be conveyed to lower income families under such program upon condition that each such family agrees—

"(i) to occupy the property as a principal residence for a period of not less than 5 years, except under such emergency standards as may be prescribed by the Secretary;

"(ii) to repair all defects in the property that pose a substantial danger to health or safety within 1 year of the date of the initial conveyance; and

"(iii) to make such repairs and improvements to the property as may be necessary to meet applicable local

standards for decent, safe, and sanitary housing within 3 years after the date of the initial conveyance.

"(2) The Secretary shall give a preference to demonstrations under this subsection involving the acquisition of properties that become available in satisfaction of public liens such as tax liens.

Evaluation. Report to Congress. Recommendations.

"(j) The Secretary shall conduct a continuing evaluation of the demonstration programs carried out under subsections (h) and (i) and shall transmit to the Congress a report not later than December 31, 1985, containing a summary of his evaluation of all such programs and his recommendations for the future conduct of such programs.".

NEIGHBORHOOD DEVELOPMENT DEMONSTRATION

Definitions. 42 USC 5318 note.

SEC. 123. (a) For the purposes of this section:

(1) The term "eligible neighborhood development activity" means—

(A) creating permanent jobs in the neighborhood;

(B) establishing or expanding businesses within the neighborhood;

(C) developing, rehabilitating, or managing neighborhood housing stock;

(D) developing delivery mechanisms for essential services that have lasting benefit to the neighborhood; or

(E) planning, promoting, or financing voluntary neighborhood improvement efforts.

(2) The term "eligible neighborhood development organization" means—

(A) an entity organized as a private, voluntary, nonprofit corporation under the laws of the State in which it operates;

(B) an organization that is responsible to residents of its neighborhood through a governing body, not less than 51 per centum of the members of which are residents of the area served;

(C) an organization that has conducted business for at least three years prior to the date of application for participation;

(D) an organization that operates within an area that meets the requirements for Federal assistance under section 119 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974; and

42 USC 5318.

(E) an organization that conducts one or more eligible neighborhood development activities that have as their primary beneficiaries low- and moderate-income persons, as defined in section 102(a)(20) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974.

Ante, p. 1160.

(3) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development.

Program.

(b)(1) The Secretary shall carry out, in accordance with this section, a demonstration program to determine the feasibility of supporting eligible neighborhood development activities by providing Federal matching funds to eligible neighborhood development organizations on the basis of the monetary support such organizations have received from individuals, businesses, and nonprofit or other organizations in their neighborhoods prior to receiving assistance under this section.

(2) The Secretary shall accept applications from eligible neighborhood development organizations for participation in the demonstration program. Eligible organizations may participate in more than one year of the program, but shall be required to submit a new application and to compete in the selection process for each program year. Not more than 30 per centum of the grants may be for multiyear awards. Applications.

(3) From the pool of eligible neighborhood development organizations submitting applications for participation in a given program year, the Secretary shall select participating organizations in an appropriate number through a competitive selection process. To be selected, an applicant shall—

(A) have demonstrated measurable achievements in one or more of the activities specified in subsection (a)(4);

(B) specify a business plan for accomplishing one or more of the activities specified in subsection (a)(4); and

(C) specify a strategy for achieving greater long term private sector support.

(c)(1) The Secretary shall award grants under this section among the eligible neighborhood development organizations submitting applications for such grants on the basis of—

(A) the degree of economic distress of the neighborhood involved;

(B) the extent to which the proposed activities will benefit persons of low and moderate income;

(C) the extent of neighborhood participation in the proposed activities, as indicated by the proportion of the households and businesses in the neighborhood involved that are members of the eligible neighborhood development organization involved; and

(D) the extent of voluntary contributions available for the purpose of subsection (e)(4), except that the Secretary shall waive the requirement of this subparagraph in the case of an application submitted by a small eligible neighborhood development organization, an application involving activities in a very low-income neighborhood, or an application that is especially meritorious. Waiver.

(d) The Secretary shall consult with an informal working group representative of eligible neighborhood organizations with respect to the implementation and evaluation of the program established in this section.

(e)(1) The Secretary shall assign each participating organization a defined program year, during which time voluntary contributions from individuals, businesses, and nonprofit or other organizations in the neighborhood shall be eligible for matching.

(2) Subject to paragraph (3), at the end of each three-month period occurring during the program year, the Secretary shall pay to each participating neighborhood development organization the product of— Payment.

(A) the aggregate amount of voluntary contributions that such organization certifies to the satisfaction of the Secretary it received during such three-month period; and

(B) the matching ratio established for such test neighborhoods under paragraph (4).

(3) The Secretary shall pay not more than $50,000 under this Act to any participating neighborhood development organization during a single program year. Payment.

Federally matched funds.

(4) For purposes of paragraph (2), the Secretary shall, for each participating organization, determine an appropriate ratio by which monetary contributions made to participating neighborhood development organizations will be matched by Federal funds. The highest such ratios shall be established for neighborhoods having the smallest number of households or the greatest degree of economic distress.

Certification.

(5) The Secretary shall insure that—

(A) grants and other forms of assistance may be made available under this section only if the application contains a certification by the unit of general local government within which the neighborhood to be assisted is located that such assistance is not inconsistent with the housing and community development plans of such unit, except that the failure of a unit of general local government to respond to a request for a certification within thirty days after the request is made shall be deemed to be a certification; and

(B) eligible neighborhood development activities comply with all applicable provisions of the Civil Rights Act of 1964.

42 USC 2000a note.

(6) To carry out this section, the Secretary—

(A) may issue regulations as necessary;

(B) shall utilize, to the fullest extent practicable, relevant research previously conducted by Federal agencies, State and local governments, and private organizations and persons;

(C) shall disseminate information about the kinds of activities, forms of organizations, and fund-raising mechanisms associated with successful programs;

Evaluation and report to Congress.

(D) shall undertake any other activity the Secretary deems necessary to carry out this section, which shall include an evaluation and report to Congress on the demonstration and may include the performance of research, planning, and administration, either directly, or when in the Secretary's judgment such activity will be carried out more effectively, more rapidly, or at less cost, by contract or grant; and

(E) may use not more than 5 per centum of the funds appropriated for administrative or other expenses in connection with the demonstration.

Reports to Congress.

(f) The Secretary shall submit to the Congress—

(1) not later than three months after the end of each fiscal year in which payments are made under this section, an interim report containing a summary of the activities carried out under this section during such fiscal year and any preliminary findings or conclusions drawn from the demonstration program; and

(2) not later than March 15 of the year after the end of the last fiscal year in which such payments are made, a final report containing a summary of all activities carried out under this section, the evaluation required in subsection (e)(6)(D) and any findings, conclusions, or recommendations for legislation drawn from the demonstration program.

(g) For purposes of carrying out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated not to exceed $2,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1984 and 1985.

REHABILITATION LOANS

42 USC 1452b.

SEC. 124. (a) Section 312(d) of the Housing Act of 1964 is amended by adding the following new sentence at the end thereof: "The Secretary may not establish (1) any requirement that a certain

proportion of assistance received under this section be utilized for any particular type of dwelling unit; or (2) any priority for the receipt of such assistance that is based on the receipt or use of funds by an applicant or area under any other program of Federal assistance for housing or community development, other than the urban homesteading program established in section 810 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974.". 12 USC 1706e.

(b) Section 312(h) of such Act is amended— *Ante*, p. 746.

(1) by striking out "November 30, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1984"; and

(2) by striking out "December 1, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1984".

NEIGHBORHOOD REINVESTMENT CORPORATION

SEC. 125. Section 608(a) of the Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation Act is amended by striking out "title" and all that follows though "1982" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "title not to exceed $16,512,000 for fiscal year 1984, and such sums as may be necessary for fiscal year 1985". 42 USC 8107.

REPEALERS

SEC. 126. (a)(1) Section 414 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1969 hereby is repealed. 40 USC 484b.

(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development and the Secretary of Agriculture may dispose of Federal surplus real property pursuant to the terms of section 414 of such Act if, prior to the date of the enactment of this Act, either Secretary had requested the Administrator of General Services to transfer such property for such disposition. Property disposal. 40 USC 484b note.

(3) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), section 414(b) of such Act shall continue to apply, where applicable, to all property transferred by either Secretary pursuant to section 414 of such Act, including properties transferred pursuant to paragraph (2). 40 USC 484b note.

(b)(1) Section 106(g) of the Housing Act of 1949 hereby is repealed. 42 USC 1456.

(2) Section 703(d) of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1965 hereby is repealed. 42 USC 3103.

(3) Section 704, and the second sentence of section 706, of the Housing Act of 1961 hereby are repealed. 42 USC 1500c, 1500c-2.

TITLE II—HOUSING ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

ALLOCATION AND USE OF ASSISTED HOUSING AUTHORITY

SEC. 201. (a)(1) Section 213(a)(1) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "Upon receiving an application for such housing assistance, the Secretary shall assure that funds made available under this section shall be utilized to the maximum extent practicable to meet the needs and goals identified in the unit of local government's housing assistance plan.". 42 USC 1439.

(2) Section 213(d) of such Act is amended by striking out paragraphs (1) and (2) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(1) The Secretary shall allocate assistance referred to in subsection (a) (other than assistance approved in appropriation Acts for use under sections 9, 14, and 17 of the United States Housing Act of

42 USC 1437g, 1437*l*, *post*, p. 1196.

1937) the first time it is available for reservation on the basis of a formula which is contained in a regulation prescribed by the Secretary, and which is based on the relative needs of different States, areas, and communities as reflected in data as to population, poverty, housing overcrowding, housing vacancies, amount of substandard housing, and other objectively measurable conditions specified in such regulation. Any amounts allocated to a State or areas or communities within a State which are not likely to be utilized within a fiscal year shall not be reallocated for use in another State unless the Secretary determines that other areas or communities within the same State cannot utilize the amounts within that same fiscal year.

"(2) Not later than sixty days after approval in an appropriation Act, the Secretary shall allocate from the amounts available for use in nonmetropolitan areas an amount of authority for assistance under section 8(d) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 determined in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture for use in connection with section 532 of the Housing Act of 1949 during the fiscal year for which such authority is approved. The amount of assistance allocated to nonmetropolitan areas pursuant to this section in any fiscal year shall not be less than 20 nor more than 25 per centum of the total amount of such assistance.".

42 USC 1437f.

Post, p. 1250.

Report to Congress.

(3) Not later than March 1, 1984, the Secretary shall report to the Congress on the impact of the last sentence of section 213(d)(2) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974.

Ante, p. 1175.

42 USC 1437c.

(b) Section 5(c) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 is amended—

(1) by striking out the last sentence of paragraph (1);

(2) by striking out paragraphs (2) and (3) and redesignating the remaining paragraphs accordingly; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following:

Conversion approval.

42 USC 1437*l*.

"(5) During such period as the Secretary may prescribe for starting construction, the Secretary may approve the conversion of public housing development authority for use under section 14 or for use for the acquisition and rehabilitation of property to be used in public housing, if the public housing agency, after consultation with the unit of local government, certifies that such assistance would be more effectively used for such purpose, and if the total number of units assisted will not be less than 90 per centum of the units covered by the original reservation.

Contracts, contributions, and grants.

Post, p. 1196.

"(6) The aggregate amount of budget authority which may be obligated for contracts for annual contributions and for grants under section 17 is increased by $9,912,928,000 on October 1, 1983, and by such sums as may be approved in appropriation Acts on October 1, 1984.

"(7)(A) Using the additional budget authority provided under paragraph (6) and the balances of budget authority which become available during fiscal year 1984, to the extent approved in appropriations Acts, the Secretary may reserve authority to enter into obligations aggregating—

"(i) not to exceed $1,289,550,000 for public housing, of which not to exceed $389,550,000 shall be available for Indian housing;

42 USC 1437f.

"(ii) not to exceed $1,926,400,000 for assistance under section 8 in connection with projects developed under section 202 of the Housing Act of 1959;

12 USC 1701q.

"(iii) not to exceed $1,550,000,000 for comprehensive improvement assistance under section 14;

42 USC 1437*l*.

"(iv) not to exceed $2,217,150,000 for assistance under section 8(b)(1);

"(v) not to exceed $540,000,000 for assistance under section 8(e)(5);

"(vi) not to exceed $242,115,000 for assistance under section 8(o);

"(vii) not to exceed $150,000,000 for assistance under section 17 with respect to rental rehabilitation;

"(viii) not to exceed $200,000,000 with respect to rental development under section 17; and

"(ix) not to exceed $1,603,170,000 for additional assistance under section 8.

"(B) Using the additional budget authority provided under paragraph (6) and the balances of budget authority which become available during fiscal year 1985, to the extent approved in appropriations Acts, the Secretary may reserve authority to enter into obligations aggregating—

"(i) not to exceed such sums as may be approved in an appropriation Act for public housing, of which not to exceed such sums as may be approved in an appropriation Act shall be available for Indian housing;

"(ii) not to exceed such sums as may be approved in an appropriation Act for assistance under section 8 in connection with projects developed under section 202 of the Housing Act of 1959;

"(iii) not to exceed such sums as may be approved in an appropriation Act for comprehensive improvement assistance under section 14;

"(iv) not to exceed such sums as may be approved in an appropriation Act for assistance under section 8(b)(1);

"(v) not to exceed such sums as may be approved in an appropriation Act for assistance under section 8(e)(5);

"(vi) not to exceed such sums as may be approved in an appropriation Act for assistance under section 8(o);

"(vii) not to exceed $150,000,000 for assistance under section 17 with respect to rental rehabilitation;

"(viii) not to exceed $115,000,000 with respect to rental development under section 17; and

"(ix) not to exceed such sums as may be approved in an appropriation Act for additional assistance under section 8.

"(C) The specific authorities under this paragraph are subject to such adjustments as may be made under paragraph (5).".

(c) Section 6 of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(h) On or after October 1, 1983, the Secretary may enter into a contract involving new construction only if the public housing agency demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Secretary that the cost of new construction is less than the cost of acquisition or acquisition and rehabilitation, including any reserve fund under subsection (i), would be.

"(i) The Secretary may, upon application by a public housing agency in connection with the acquisition of housing for use as public housing, establish and set aside a reserve fund in an amount not to exceed 30 per centum of the acquisition cost which shall be available for use for major repairs to such housing.

"(j) On or after October 1, 1983, in entering into commitments for the development of public housing, the Secretary shall give a prior-

42 USC 1437f.

Post, p. 1183.

Post, p. 1181.

Post, p. 1196.

42 USC 1437f.

12 USC 1701q.

42 USC 1437*l*.

42 USC 1437f.

Post, p. 1183.

Post, p. 1181.

Post, p. 1196.

42 USC 1437f.

42 USC 1437d.

Contract. Costs.

Reserve fund.

Large-family housing.

ity to projects for the construction of housing suitable for occupancy by large families.".

INCREASE IN SINGLE PERSON OCCUPANCY LIMITATION

42 USC 1437a.

SEC. 202. Section 3(b)(3) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "The Secretary may increase the limitation described in the second sentence of this paragraph to not more than 30 per centum if, following consultation with the public housing agency involved, the Secretary determines that the dwelling units involved are neither being occupied, nor are likely to be occupied within the next 12 months, by families or persons described in clauses (A), (B), and (C), due to the condition or location of such dwelling units, and that such dwelling units may be occupied if made available to single persons described in clause (D).".

PRIORITY FOR HOUSING ASSISTANCE

SEC. 203. (a) Section 6(c)(4)(A) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 is amended by inserting "or are paying more than 50 per centum of family income for rent" after "under this Act".

42 USC 1437d.

(b)(1) Section 8(d)(1)(A) of such Act is amended by inserting ", are paying more than 50 per centum of family income for rent," after "substandard housing".

42 USC 1437f.

(2) Section 8(e)(2) of such Act is amended by inserting ", are paying more than 50 per centum of family income for rent," after "substandard housing".

Post, p. 1183.

(3) Section 101(e)(1)(B) of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1965 is amended by inserting ", was paying more than 50 per centum of family income for rent," after "substandard housing".

12 USC 1701s.

LEASE AND GRIEVANCE PROCEDURES

Ante, p. 1177.

SEC. 204. Section 6 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsections:

Regulations.

"(k) The Secretary shall by regulation require each public housing agency receiving assistance under this Act to establish and implement an administrative grievance procedure under which tenants will—

"(1) be advised of the specific grounds of any proposed adverse public housing agency action;

"(2) have an opportunity for a hearing before an impartial party upon timely request within any period applicable under subsection (l);

"(3) have an opportunity to examine any documents or records or regulations related to the proposed action;

"(4) be entitled to be represented by another person of his choice at any hearing;

"(5) be entitled to ask questions of witnesses and have others make statements on his behalf; and

"(6) be entitled to receive a written decision by the public housing agency on the proposed action.

An agency may exclude from its procedure any grievance concerning an eviction or termination of tenancy in any jurisdiction which requires that, prior to eviction, a tenant be given a hearing in court

which the Secretary determines provides the basic elements of due process.

"(l) Each public housing agency shall utilize leases which— Leases.

"(1) do not contain unreasonable terms and conditions;

"(2) obligate the public housing agency to maintain the project in a decent, safe, and sanitary condition;

"(3) require the public housing agency to give adequate written notice of termination of the lease which shall not be less than—

"(A) a reasonable time, but not to exceed 30 days, when the health or safety of other tenants or public housing agency employees is threatened;

"(B) 14 days in the case of nonpayment of rent; and

"(C) 30 days in any other case; and

"(4) require that the public housing agency may not terminate the tenancy except for serious or repeated violation of the terms or conditions of the lease or for other good cause.".

REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

SEC. 205. Section 6 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: *Ante*, p. 1178. 42 USC 1437d.

"(m) The Secretary shall not impose any unnecessarily duplicative or burdensome reporting requirements on tenants or public hearing agencies assisted under this Act.".

AMENDMENTS AFFECTING TENANT RENTS OR CONTRIBUTIONS

SEC. 206. (a) Section 3(a) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 is amended— 42 USC 1437a.

(1) by inserting the following immediately after the first sentence: "Reviews of family income shall be made at least annually."; and

(2) by inserting after "under this Act" in the final sentence the following: "(other than a family assisted under section 8(o))". *Post*, p. 1181.

(b) Section 3(b) of such Act is amended by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof the following: ", except that the Secretary may establish income ceilings higher or lower than 50 per centum of the median for the area on the basis of the Secretary's findings that such variations are necessary because of unusually high or low family incomes.". Income ceilings.

(c) Section 3(b)(5) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 is amended to read as follows: 42 USC 1437a.

"(5) The term 'adjusted income' means the income which remains after excluding— "Adjusted income."

"(A) $480 for each member of the family residing in the household (other than the head of the household or his spouse) who is under 18 years of age or who is 18 years of age or older and is disabled or handicapped or a full-time student;

"(B) $400 for any elderly family;

"(C) medical expenses in excess of 3 per centum of annual family income for any elderly family; and

"(D) child care expenses to the extent necessary to enable another member of the family to be employed or to further his or her education.".

42 USC 1437a note.

(d)(1) The following provisions of this paragraph apply to determinations of the rent to be paid by or the contribution required of a tenant occupying housing assisted under the authorities amended by this section or subsections (a) through (h) of section 322 of the Housing and Community Development Amendments of 1981 (hereinafter referred to as "assisted housing") on or before the effective date of regulations implementing this section:

95 Stat. 400.

(A) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section or subsections (a) through (h) of section 322 of the Housing and Community Development Amendments of 1981, the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development (hereinafter referred to as the "Secretary") may provide for delayed applicability, or for staged implementation, of the procedures for determining rents or contributions, as appropriate, required by such provisions if the Secretary determines that immediate application of such procedures would be impracticable, would violate the terms of existing leases, or would result in extraordinary hardship for any class of tenants.

Increases.

(B) The Secretary shall provide that the rent or contribution, as appropriate, required to be paid by a tenant shall not increase as a result of the amendments made by this section and subsections (a) through (h) of section 322 of the Housing and Community Development Amendments of 1981, and as a result of any other provision of Federal law or regulation, by more than 10 per centum during any twelve-month period, unless the increase above 10 per centum is attributable to increases in income which are unrelated to such amendments, law, or regulation.

Increases.

(2) Tenants of assisted housing other than those referred to in paragraph (1) shall be subject to immediate rent payment or contribution determinations in accordance with applicable law and without regard to the provisions of paragraph (1), but the Secretary shall provide that the rent or contribution payable by any such tenant who is occupying assisted housing on the effective date of any provision of Federal law or regulation shall not increase, as a result of any such provision of Federal law or regulation, by more than 10 per centum during any twelve-month period, unless the increase above 10 per centum is attributable to increases in income which are unrelated to such law or regulation.

Increases.
42 USC 1490a.

(3) In the case of tenants receiving rental assistance under section 521(a)(1) of the Housing Act of 1949 on the effective date of this section whose assistance is converted to assistance under section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 on or after such date, the Secretary shall provide that the rent or contribution payable by any such tenant shall not increase, as a result of such conversion, by more than 10 per centum during any twelve-month period, unless the increase above 10 per centum is attributable to increases in income which are unrelated to such conversion or to any provision of Federal law or regulation.

42 USC 1437f.

Conversion and increase.

(4)(A) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in the case of the conversion of any assistance under section 101 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1965, section 236(f)(2) of the National Housing Act, or section 23 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (as in effect before the date of the enactment of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974) to assistance under section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, any increase in rent payments or contributions resulting from such conversion, and from

79 Stat. 451.
12 USC 1715z-1.

42 USC 5301 note.
42 USC 1437f.

the amendments made by this section of any tenant benefiting from such assistance who is sixty-two years of age or older may not exceed 10 per centum per annum.

(B) In the case of any such conversion of assistance occurring on or after October 1, 1981, and before the date of the enactment of this section, the rental payments due after such date of enactment by any tenant benefiting from such assistance who was sixty-two years of age or older on the date of such conversion shall be computed as if the tenant's rental payment or contribution had, on the date of conversion, been the lesser of the actual rental payment or contribution required, or 25 per centum of the tenant's income. Conversion.

(5) The limitations on increases in rent contained in paragraphs (1)(B), (2), (3), and (4) shall remain in effect and may not be changed or superseded except by another provision of law which amends this subsection. Increase limitations.

(6) As used in this subsection, the term "contribution" means an amount representing 30 per centum of a tenant's monthly adjusted income, 10 per centum of the tenant's monthly income, or the designated amount of welfare assistance, whichever amount is used to determine the monthly assistance payment for the tenant under section 3(a) of the United States Housing Act of 1937. "Contribution." *Ante*, p. 1179.

(7) The provisions of subsections (a) through (h) of section 322 of the Housing and Community Development Amendments of 1981 shall be implemented and fully applicable to all affected tenants no later than five years following the date of enactment of such amendments, except that the Secretary may extend the time for implementation if the Secretary determines that full implementation would result in extraordinary hardship for any class of tenants. 95 Stat. 400.

(e) Section 322(i) of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981 is repealed. 42 USC 1437a note.

VOUCHER DEMONSTRATION

SEC. 207. Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: 42 USC 1437f. *Post*, p. 1183.

"(o)(1) In connection with the rental rehabilitation and development program under section 17 or the rural housing preservation grant program under section 533 of the Housing Act of 1949, or for other purposes, the Secretary is authorized to conduct a demonstration program using a payment standard in accordance with this subsection. The payment standard shall be used to determine the monthly assistance which may be paid for any family, as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, and shall be based on the fair market rental established under subsection (c). Payment standard. *Post*, p. 1196. *Post*, p. 1250.

"(2) The monthly assistance payment for any family shall be the amount by which the payment standard for the area exceeds 30 per centum of the family's monthly adjusted income, except that such monthly assistance payment shall not exceed the amount by which the rent for the dwelling unit (including the amount allowed for utilities in the case of a unit with separate utility metering) exceeds 10 per centum of the family's monthly income. Monthly assistance payment.

"(3) Assistance payments may be made only for (A) a family determined to be a very low-income family at the time it initially receives assistance, or (B) a family previously assisted under this Act. In selecting families to be assisted, preference shall be given to families which, at the time they are seeking assistance, occupy substandard housing, are involuntarily displaced, or are paying more than 50 per centum of family income for rent.

"(4) The Secretary shall use substantially all of the authority to enter into contracts under this subsection to make assistance payments for families residing in dwellings to be rehabilitated with assistance under section 17 and for families displaced as a result of rental housing development assisted under such section or as a result of activities assisted under section 533 of the Housing Act of 1949.

Post, p. 1196.

Post, p. 1250.

"(5) If a family vacates a dwelling unit before the expiration of a lease term, no assistance payment may be made with respect to the unit after the month during which the unit was vacated.

"(6) A contract with a public housing agency for annual contributions under this subsection shall be for an initial term of sixty months. The Secretary shall require (with respect to any unit) that (A) the public housing agency inspect the unit before any assistance payment may be made to determine that it meets housing quality standards for decent, safe, and sanitary housing established by the Secretary for the purpose of this section, and (B) the public housing agency make annual or more frequent inspections during the contract term. No assistance payment may be made for a dwelling unit which fails to meet such quality standards, unless any such failure is promptly corrected by the owner and the correction verified by the public housing agency.

Housing quality standards.

"(7)(A) The amount of assistance payments under this subsection may, in the discretion of the public housing agency, be adjusted as frequently as twice during any five-year period where necessary to assure continued affordability. The aggregate amount of adjustments pursuant to the preceding sentence may not exceed the amount of any excess of the annual contributions provided for in the contract over the amount of assistance payments actually paid (including amounts which otherwise become available during the contract period).

Payment adjustments.

"(B) For the purpose of subparagraph (A), each contract with a public housing agency for annual contributions under this subsection shall provide annual contributions equal to 115 per centum of the estimated aggregate amount of assistance required during the first year of the contract.

"(C) Any amounts not needed for adjustments under subparagraph (A) may be used to provide assistance payments for additional families.

"(D) Before making such adjustments the public housing agency shall consult with the public and the general local government regarding the impact of such adjustments on the number of families that can be assisted.

"(8) A public housing agency may utilize not to exceed 5 per centum of the amount of authority available under this subsection to provide assistance with respect to cooperative or mutual housing which has a resale structure which maintains affordability for lower income families where the agency determines such action will assist in maintaining the affordability of such housing for such families.".

RENEWAL OF SECTION 8 CONTRACTS

42 USC 1437f.

SEC. 208. Section 8(d)(2) of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "A contract under this section may not be attached to the structure except where the Secretary specifically waives the foregoing limitation and the public housing agency approves such action, and the owner agrees to rehabilitate the

structure other than with assistance under this Act and otherwise complies with the requirements of this section. The aggregate term of such contract and any contract extension may not be more than 180 months.".

REPEAL OF NEW CONSTRUCTION AUTHORITY

SEC. 209. (a) The United States Housing Act of 1937 is amended as follows: 42 USC 1437f.

(1) Section 8(a) is amended by striking out ", newly constructed, and substantially rehabilitated".

(2) Section 8(b)(2) is repealed.

(3) Section 8(e) of such Act is amended by striking out paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) and by redesignating paragraphs (4) and (5) as paragraphs (1) and (2), respectively.

(4) Section 8(i) of such Act is repealed.

(5) Section 8 of such Act is amended by striking out subsections (l) and (m).

(6) Section 8(n) of such Act is amended by striking out "(e)(5) and subsection (i)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(e)(2)".

(b) The amendments made by subsection (a) shall take effect on October 1, 1983, except that the provisions repealed shall remain in effect— Effective date. 42 USC 1437f note.

(1) with respect to any funds obligated for a viable project under section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 prior to January 1, 1984; and 42 USC 1437f.

(2) with respect to any project financed under section 202 of the Housing Act of 1959. 12 USC 1701q.

SINGLE ROOM OCCUPANCY HOUSING

SEC. 210. Section 8(n) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 is amended— 42 USC 1437f.

(1) by inserting "subsection (b)(1)," before "subsection (e)(5)";

(2) by inserting a comma after "(e)(5)";

(3) by striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (1);

(4) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and

(5) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph: Certification.

"(3) in the case of assistance under subsection (b)(1), the unit of general local government in which the property is located and the local public housing agency certify to the Secretary that the property complies with local health and safety standards.".

SHARED HOUSING FOR THE ELDERLY AND HANDICAPPED

SEC. 211. Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 is amended by adding the following new subsection at the end thereof: 42 USC 1437f.

"(p) In order to assist elderly families (as defined in section 3(b)(3)) who elect to live in a shared housing arrangement in which they benefit as a result of sharing the facilities of a dwelling with others in a manner that effectively and efficiently meets their housing needs and thereby reduces their cost of housing, the Secretary shall permit assistance provided under the existing housing and moderate rehabilitation programs to be used by such families in such arrangements. In carrying out this subsection, the Secretary shall issue *Ante*, p. 1178.

Minimum habitability standards.

minimum habitability standards for the purpose of assuring decent, safe, and sanitary housing for such families while taking into account the special circumstances of shared housing.".

PAYMENTS FOR OPERATION OF LOWER INCOME HOUSING PROJECTS

42 USC 1437g.

SEC. 212. Section 9(c) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 is amended—

(1) by striking out "and" after "October 1, 1980,"; and

(2) by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: ", not to exceed $1,500,000,000 on or after October 1, 1983, and by such sums as may be necessary on or after October 1, 1984,".

INCOME ELIGIBILITY

42 USC 1437n.

SEC. 213. Section 16(a) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 is amended by striking out "10 per centum" and inserting in lieu thereof "25 per centum".

DEMOLITION AND DISPOSITION OF PUBLIC HOUSING

SEC. 214. (a) The United States Housing Act of 1937 is amended by adding the following new section at the end thereof:

"DEMOLITION AND DISPOSITION OF PUBLIC HOUSING

Application approval.
42 USC 1437p.

"SEC. 18. (a) The Secretary may not approve an application by a public housing agency for permission, with or without financial assistance under this Act, to demolish or dispose of a public housing project or a portion of a public housing project unless the Secretary has determined that—

"(1) in the case of an application proposing demolition of a public housing project or a portion of a public housing project, the project or portion of the project is obsolete as to physical condition, location, or other factors, making it unusable for housing purposes, or no reasonable program of modifications is feasible to return the project or portion of the project to useful life; or in the case of an application proposing the demolition of only a portion of a project, the demolition will help to assure the useful life of the remaining portion of the project; or

"(2) in the case of an application proposing disposition of real property of a public housing agency by sale or other transfer—

"(A)(i) the property's retention is not in the best interests of the tenants or the public housing agency because developmental changes in the area surrounding the project adversely affect the health or safety of the tenants or the feasible operation of the project by the public housing agency, because disposition allows the acquisition, development, or rehabilitation of other properties which will be more efficiently or effectively operated as lower income housing projects and which will preserve the total amount of lower income housing stock available in the community, or because of other factors which the Secretary determines are consistent with the best interests of the tenants and public housing agency and which are not inconsistent with other provisions of this Act; and

"(ii) for property other than dwelling units, the property is excess to the needs of a project or the disposition is incidental to, or does not interfere with, continued operation of a project; and

"(B) the net proceeds of the disposition will be used for (i) the payment of development cost for the project and for the retirement of outstanding obligations issued to finance original development or modernization of the project, and (ii) to the extent that any proceeds remain after the application of proceeds in accordance with clause (i), the provision of housing assistance for lower income families through such measures as modernization of lower income housing, or the acquisition, development, or rehabilitation of other properties to operate as lower income housing. Proceeds.

"(b) The Secretary may not approve an application or furnish assistance under this section under this Act unless—

"(1) the application from the public housing agency has been developed in consultation with tenants and tenant councils, if any, who will be affected by the demolition or disposition and contains a certification by appropriate local government officials that the proposed activity is consistent with the applicable housing assistance plan; and

"(2) all tenants to be displaced as a result of the demolition or disposition will be given assistance by the public housing agency and are relocated to other decent, safe, sanitary, and affordable housing, which is, to the maximum extent practicable, housing of their choice, including housing assisted under section 8 of this Act. 42 USC 1437f.

"(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary is authorized to make available financial assistance for applications approved under this section using available annual contributions authorized under section 5(c). *Ante*, p. 1176.

"(d) The provisions of this section shall not apply to the conveyance of units in a public housing project for the purpose of providing homeownership opportunities for lower income families capable of assuming the responsibilities of homeownership.".

(b) Section 6(f) and section 14(f) of such Act are repealed. 42 USC 1437d, 1437*l*.

FINANCING LIMITATIONS

SEC. 215. The United States Housing Act of 1937 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"FINANCING LIMITATIONS

"SEC. 19. On and after October 1, 1983, the Secretary— Contracts.

"(1) may only enter into contracts for annual contributions regarding obligations financing public housing projects authorized by section 5(c) if such obligations are exempt from taxation under section 11(b), or if such obligations are issued under section 4 and such obligations are exempt from taxation; and 42 USC 1437q. *Ante*, p. 1176. 42 USC 1437i. 42 USC 1437b.

"(2) may not enter into contracts for periodic payments to the Federal Financing Bank to offset the costs to the Bank of purchasing obligations (as described in the first sentence of section 16(b) of the Federal Financing Bank Act of 1973) issued by local public housing agencies for purposes of financing public housing projects authorized by section 5(c) of this Act.". 12 USC 2294.

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EMERGENCY SHELTER PROGRAM

Grants.

SEC. 216. There are authorized to be appropriated not to exceed $60,000,000 for fiscal year 1984 for the Secretary to make grants to States, units of general local government, and Indian tribes, and nonprofit organizations which will operate programs on behalf of such units of general local government and Indian tribes, for the provision of shelter and essential services for individuals who are subject to life-threatening situations because of their lack of housing. Such grants shall be awarded on the basis of the extent of the need for emergency housing in the area where the project is, or will be, located, taking into account regional variations in the cost of providing shelter. Such grants may be used to rehabilitate existing structures in order to provide basic shelter, to maintain structures providing such shelter, to pay for utilities and the furnishing of such shelters, to provide for any health and safety measures that are required to protect the individuals using such shelter, and for any activity described in section 105(a) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 that is consistent with the purposes of this paragraph. A structure which is rehabilitated with assistance under this paragraph shall be used for emergency housing for a period of not less than 3 years after such rehabilitation. In providing grants under this paragraph, the Secretary shall take into consideration the special needs of families and single women.

42 USC 5305.

Families and single women.

OPERATING ASSISTANCE FOR TROUBLED MULTIFAMILY HOUSING PROJECTS

SEC. 217. (a)(1) Section 201(a) of the Housing and Community Development Amendments of 1978 is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: ", without regard to whether such projects are insured under the National Housing Act".

12 USC 1715z-1a.

(2) Section 201(b) of such Act is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: ", without regard to whether such projects are insured under the National Housing Act".

(3) Section 201(c)(1)(A) of such Act is amended by striking out the first semicolon and all that follows through "1979".

(b)(1) Section 201(a) of such Act is amended by striking out "or under" and inserting in lieu thereof ", the United States Housing Act of 1937, or".

(2) Section 201(c)(1) of such Act is amended—

(A) by striking out "or" at the end of subparagraph (A);

(B) by redesignating subparagraph (B) as subparagraph (C); and

(C) by inserting after subparagraph (A) the following new subparagraph:

"(B) is assisted under section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 following conversion to such assistance from assistance under section 236 of the National Housing Act or section 101 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1965; or".

42 USC 1437f.
12 USC 1715z-1.
12 USC 1701s; 42 USC 1451.

(c) Section 236(f)(3) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "September 30, 1982" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1985".

12 USC 1715z-1.

SECTION 236 ASSISTANCE

SEC. 218. (a) Section 236(f) of the National Housing Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: 12 USC 1715z-1.

"(4) To ensure that eligible tenants occupying that number of units with respect to which assistance was being provided under this subsection immediately prior to the date of enactment of this sentence receive the benefit of assistance contracted for under paragraph (2), the Secretary shall offer annually to amend contracts entered into under this subsection with owners of projects assisted but not subject to mortgages insured under this section to provide sufficient payments to cover up to 90 per centum of the necessary rent increases and changes in the incomes of eligible tenants, subject to the availability of authority for such purpose under section 5(c) of the United States Housing Act of 1937. The Secretary shall take such actions as may be necessary to ensure that payments, including payments that reflect necessary rent increases and changes in the incomes of tenants, are made on a timely basis for all units covered by contracts entered into under paragraph (2).". Contracts and payments. *Ante*, p. 1176.

(b) Section 236(i)(1) of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "The Secretary shall utilize, to the extent necessary after September 30, 1984, any authority under this section that is recaptured either as the result of the conversion of housing projects covered by assistance under subsection (f)(2) to contracts for assistance under section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 or otherwise for the purpose of making assistance payments, including amendments as provided in subsection (h), with respect to housing projects assisted, but not subject to mortgages insured, under this section that remain covered by assistance under subsection (f)(2).". Contracts and payments. 42 USC 1437f.

RENT SUPPLEMENT PROGRAM

SEC. 219. (a) Section 101(g) of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1965 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "To ensure that qualified tenants occupying that number of units with respect to which assistance was being provided under this section immediately prior to the date of enactment of this sentence receive the benefit of assistance contracted for under this section, the Secretary shall offer annually to amend contracts entered into with owners of projects assisted under this section but not subject to mortgages insured under title II of the National Housing Act to provide sufficient payments to cover up to 90 per centum of the necessary rent increases and changes in the incomes of qualified tenants, subject to the availability of authority for such purpose under section 5(c) of the United States Housing Act of 1937. The Secretary shall take such actions as may be necessary to ensure that payments, including payments that reflect necessary rent increases and changes in the incomes of tenants, are made on a timely basis for all units covered by contracts entered into under this section.". Contracts and payments. 12 USC 1701s. 12 USC 1707. *Ante*, p. 1176.

(b) Section 101(l) of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "The Secretary shall utilize, to the extent necessary after September 30, 1984, any authority under this section that is recaptured either as the result of the conversion of housing projects covered by assistance under this section to contracts for assistance under section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 or otherwise (1) for the purpose of making assistance payments, including amendments as provided in subsection (g), with Payments. 42 USC 1437f.

12 USC 1701.

respect to housing projects assisted under this section, but not subject to mortgages insured under the National Housing Act, that remain covered by assistance under this section; and (2) if not required to provide assistance under this section, and notwithstanding any other provision of law, for the purpose of contracting for assistance payments under section 236(f)(2) of the National Housing Act.".

12 USC 1715z-1.

REPORT REGARDING HOUSING NEIGHBORHOOD STRATEGY AREA PROGRAM

Transmittal to Congress.

SEC. 220. Not later than the expiration of the one hundred twenty-day period following the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall transmit to the Congress a report with respect to the program established by the Secretary to provide assistance under

42 USC 1437f.

section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 to units of general local government in areas where concentrated housing and community development block-grant assisted physical development and public service activities are conducted under title I of the

42 USC 5301.

Housing and Community Development Act of 1974. Such report shall include the following information for each unit of general local government selected to participate in such program:

(1) the total number of dwelling units located in such unit of general local government that have been initially reserved by the Secretary for assistance under such program, and any subsequent revision of such number;

(2) the total amount of funds pledged by such unit of general local government for all public improvements and services, and actual and future expenditures, in connection with such program;

(3) the status of the dwelling units located in such unit of general local government that have been initially reserved by the Secretary for assistance under such program, including the number of units completed and occupied;

(4) the total number of dwelling units required to complete each local program, as estimated by such unit of general local government; and

(5) the total number of local programs considered completed by such unit of general local government.

CONSIDERATION OF UTILITY PAYMENTS MADE BY TENANTS IN ASSISTED HOUSING

42 USC 602 note.

SEC. 221. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for purposes of determining eligibility, or the amount of benefits payable, under

42 USC 601.

chapter A of title IV of the Social Security Act, any utility payment, up to the utility allowance, made by a person living in a dwelling unit in a lower income housing project assisted under the United

42 USC 1437 note.
12 USC 1715z-1.

States Housing Act of 1937 or section 236 of the National Housing Act shall be considered to be a rental payment.

PUBLIC HOUSING CHILD CARE DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM

12 USC 1701z-6 note.

SEC. 222. (a) The Secretary of Housing and Urban Development (hereinafter referred to as the "Secretary") shall carry out a demonstration program to determine the feasibility of using public housing facilities in the provision of child care services for lower income

families who reside in public housing. The Secretary shall design such program to determine the extent to which the availability of child care services in lower income housing projects facilitates the employability of the heads of such families and their spouses.

(b) To carry out the demonstration under this section, the Secretary shall authorize the use of public housing agency facilities located in areas where—

(1) the units of general local government have indicated that funds under title I of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 will be made available to make minor renovations to the facilities to make them suitable for use as child care facilities, and to support child care services in such facilities; 42 USC 5301.

(2) the public housing agency does not have a child care services program in operation prior to the demonstration program under this section;

(3) the proposed child care services program will serve preschool children during the day, elementary school children after school, or both, in order to permit eligible persons who head the families of such children to obtain, retain, or train for employment;

(4) the proposed child care services program of such public housing agency is designed, to the extent practicable, to involve the participation of the parents of children benefiting from such program, and to employ in part-time positions elderly individuals who reside in the lower income housing project involved; and

(5) the proposed child care services program of such public housing agency will comply with all applicable State and local laws, regulations, and ordinances.

(c) The Secretary shall conduct periodic evaluations of each child care services demonstration carried out under this section for purposes of determining the effectiveness of such demonstration in providing child care services and permitting eligible persons who head lower income families and their spouses residing in public housing to obtain, retain, or train for employment. Evaluations.

(d) Nothing in this section may be construed as authorizing the Secretary to establish any health, safety, educational, or other standards with respect to child care services or facilities assisted with grants received under this section.

(e) Not later than the expiration of the two-year period following the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall prepare and submit to the Congress a detailed report setting forth the findings and conclusions of the Secretary as a result of carrying out the demonstration program established in this section. Such report shall include any recommendations of the Secretary with respect to the establishment of a permanent program of using public housing facilities to be used in providing child care services in lower income housing projects. Report to Congress. Recommendations.

HOUSING FOR THE ELDERLY AND HANDICAPPED

SEC. 223. (a)(1) Section 202(a)(3) of the Housing Act of 1959 is amended by inserting the following before the period at the end thereof: ", except that such interest rate plus such allowance shall not exceed 9.25 per centum per annum". 12 USC 1701q.

12 USC 1701q note.

(2) The amendment made by paragraph (1) shall apply only with respect to loan agreements entered into after September 30, 1982, and prior to October 1, 1984.

12 USC 1701q.

(b) Section 202(a)(4)(B)(i) of such Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "and" after "1980," in the first sentence; and

(2) by inserting ", to $6,400,000,000 on October 1, 1983, and to such sum as may be approved in an appropriation Act on October 1, 1985," after "1981".

(c) Section 202(a)(4)(C) of such Act is amended by striking out "$850,848,000" and "1982" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "$666,400,000" and "1984", respectively.

(d) Section 202(h) of such Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "1978" and inserting in lieu thereof "1983";

(2) by inserting before the period at the end of the first sentence the following: ", and persons described in subparagraphs (B) and (C) of subsection (d)(4) who have been released from residential health treatment facilities";

(3) in paragraph (1), by striking out "handicapped persons" and inserting in lieu thereof "persons described in the first sentence of this subsection";

(4) in paragraph (2), by striking out "handicapped persons" and inserting in lieu thereof "persons described in the first sentence of this subsection who are";

(5) in paragraph (1), by striking out "and" at the end thereof;

(6) in paragraph (2), by striking out the period at the end thereof and inserting in lieu thereof "; and".

(e) Section 202 of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsections:

Efficiency units.

"(i)(1) Unless otherwise requested by the sponsor, a maximum of 25 per centum of the units in a project financed under this section may be efficiency units, subject to a determination by the Secretary that such units are appropriate for the elderly or handicapped population residing in the vicinity of such project or to be served by such project.

"(2) The Secretary may require a sponsor of a housing project financed with a loan under this section to deposit an amount not to exceed $10,000 in a special escrow account to assure the commitment and long-term management capabilities of such sponsor.

Per unit cost limitations.

"(3) In establishing per unit cost limitations for purposes of this section, the Secretary shall take into account design features necessary to meet the needs of elderly and handicapped residents, and such limitations shall reflect the cost of providing such features. The Secretary shall adjust the per unit cost limitations in effect on January 1, 1983, not less than once annually to reflect changes in the general level of construction costs.

Prepayment and transfer.

"(j)(1) The Secretary may not approve the prepayment of any loan made under this section, or transfer such loan, unless such prepayment or transfer is made as part of a transaction that will ensure that the project involved will continue to operate until the original maturity date of such loan in a manner that will provide rental housing for the elderly and handicapped on terms at least as advantageous to existing and future tenants as the terms required by the original loan agreement entered into under this section and any other loan agreements entered into under other provisions of law.

"(2) The Secretary may not sell any mortgage held by the Secretary as security for a loan made under this section.

"(k)(1) In the process of selecting projects for loans under this section, the Secretary shall assure the inclusion of special design features and congregate space if necessary to meet the special needs of elderly and handicapped residents.

"(2) The Secretary shall encourage the provision of small and scattered site group homes and independent living facilities for nonelderly handicapped persons and families.

Selection of contractor.

"(l) The basis for selection of a contractor to be employed in the development or construction of a project assisted under this section shall be determined by the project sponsor or borrower if the development cost of the project is less than $2,000,000, if the project rentals will be less than 110 per centum of the fair market rent applicable to projects financed under this section, or if the sponsor of the project is a labor organization.

"(m) Nothing in this section authorizes the Secretary to prohibit any sponsor from voluntarily providing funds from other sources for amenities and other features of appropriate design and construction suitable for inclusion in such project if the cost of such amenities is (1) not financed with the loan, and (2) not taken into account in determining the amount of Federal subsidy or of the rent contribution of tenants.".

CONGREGATE SERVICES

Report to Congress. 42 USC 8007.

SEC. 224. (a) Section 408 of the Congregate Housing Services Act of 1978 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(c) Not later than March 15, 1984, the Secretary shall prepare and submit to the Congress a report evaluating the effects of any changes in the administration of the congregate housing services program established in this title which have occurred since January 1, 1983. Such report shall include an evaluation by the Secretary of the reorganization or decentralization of the administration of such program, and any legislative recommendations of the Secretary for the establishment of a permanent congregate housing services program and the reasons for such recommendations.".

42 USC 8010.

(b) Section 411(a) of the Congregate Housing Services Act of 1978 is amended—

(1) by striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (3);

(2) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (4); and

(3) by adding the following at the end thereof:

"(5) for fiscal year 1984, not to exceed $4,000,000; and

"(6) for fiscal year 1985, such sums as may be necessary.".

DEMONSTRATION PROJECT

12 USC 1701z-6 note.

SEC. 225. (a) The Congress finds that—

(1) the Department of Health and Human Services spends in excess of $5,000,000,000 annually for housing in the form of allowances for shelter for public assistance recipients;

(2) States administering the Department of Health and Human Services public assistance program often specify shelter allowances that have little relationship to the cost or the quality of the housing in which public assistance recipients live;

(3) at least 30 per centum of public assistance recipients live in substandard housing;

(4) the older rental buildings in which many public assistance recipients live are in those neighborhoods that need the assistance of the programs of the Department of Housing and Urban Development for preservation and rehabilitation; and

(5) there is the potential for improving housing for many lower income families by coordinating State and local government efforts in order to assure that families receiving public assistance payments from the Department of Health and Human Services are able to live in decent, safe, and sanitary housing.

(b) The purpose of this section, therefore, is to provide assistance to units of general local government and their designated agencies in order to develop a program that will—

(1) encourage the upgrading of housing occupied primarily by lower income families, including families receiving assistance under the aid for families with dependent children program established under title IV of the Social Security Act; and

42 USC 601.

(2) provide for better coordination at the local level of the efforts to assist families receiving public assistance from the Department of Health and Human Services so that these families will be able to occupy affordable housing that is decent, safe, and sanitary and that, if necessary, is rehabilitated with funds provided by the Department of Housing and Urban Development.

(c) The Secretary of Housing and Urban Development (hereafter referred to in this section as the "Secretary") shall, to the extent approved in appropriation Acts, establish and maintain a demonstration project to carry out the purpose described in subsection (b).

Grants.

(d) In carrying out such project, the Secretary shall make grants to units of general local government, or designated agencies thereof, to carry out administrative plans approved by the Secretary in accordance with subsection (e), and the Secretary may make grants to States to provide technical assistance for the purpose of assisting such units of general local government to develop and carry out such plans.

Grants.

(e)(1) Grants may be made to States and units of general local government and agencies thereof that apply for them in a manner and at a time determined by the Secretary and that, in the case of units of general local government and their agencies, are selected on the basis of an administrative plan described in such application.

(2) No such administrative plan shall be selected by the Secretary unless it sets forth a plan for local government activities that are designed to—

(A) require or encourage owners of rental housing occupied by lower income families to bring such housing into compliance with local housing codes;

(B) provide technical assistance, loans, or grants to assist owners described in subparagraph (A) to undertake cost-effective improvements of such housing;

(C) work with the State to establish and implement a schedule of local shelter allowances for recipients of assistance under title IV of the Social Security Act based on building quality that will be applicable to buildings involved in this program; and

42 USC 601.

(D) coordinate local housing inspection, housing rehabilitation loan or grant assistance, rental assistance, and social service programs for the purpose of improving the quality and affordability of housing for lower income families.

(3) Funds received from any grant made by the Secretary to a unit of general local government shall be made available for use according to the administrative plans and may be used for—

(A) technical assistance or financial assistance to property owners to upgrade housing projects described in paragraph (2)(A) of this subsection;

(B) temporary rental assistance to families who live in buildings assisted under this program and who are eligible for, but are not receiving, assistance under section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, except that such families shall not include families receiving assistance under title IV of the Social Security Act, and the amount of such rental assistance may not exceed 20 per centum of each grant received under this section; 42 USC 1437f. 42 USC 601.

(C) housing counseling and referral and other housing related services;

(D) expenses incurred in administering the program carried out with funds received under this section, except that such expenses may not exceed 10 per centum of the grant received under this section; and

(E) other appropriate activities that are consistent with the purposes of this section and that are approved by the Secretary.

(f) Any recipient of a grant from the Secretary under this section shall agree to—

(1) contribute to the program an amount equal to 15 per centum of the funds received from the Secretary under this section, and the Secretary shall permit the recipient to meet this requirement by the contribution of the value of services carried out specifically in connection with the program assisted under this section;

(2) permit the Secretary and the General Accounting Office to audit its books in order to assure that the funds received under this section are used in accordance with the section; and

(3) other terms and conditions prescribed by the Secretary for the purpose of carrying out this section in an effective and efficient manner.

(g) In making grants available under this section, the Secretary shall select as recipients at least 20 units of general local government (or their designated agencies). The selection of proposals for funding shall be based on criteria that result in a selection of projects that will enable the Secretary to carry out the purpose of this section in an effective and efficient manner and provide a sufficient amount of data necessary to make an evaluation of the demonstration project carried out under this section.

(h)(1) Not later than June 1, 1984, the Secretary shall transmit to the Congress an interim report on the implementation of the demonstration under this section. Reports to Congress.

(2) The Secretary shall transmit, not later than October 1, 1985, to both Houses of the Congress a detailed report concerning the findings and conclusions that have been reached by the Secretary as a result of carrying out this section, along with any legislative recommendations that the Secretary determines are necessary.

(i) To carry out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated not to exceed $10,000,000 during fiscal year 1984, and not to exceed $15,000,000 during fiscal year 1985, to remain available until expended.

SECTION 235 HOMEOWNERSHIP ASSISTANCE

12 USC 1715z.

SEC. 226. (a) Section 235(c)(1) of the National Housing Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "The" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "Subject to the second sentence of this paragraph, the"; and

(2) by inserting after the first sentence the following new sentence: "Assistance payments pursuant to any new contract entered into after September 30, 1983, that utilizes authority approved in appropriation Acts for any fiscal year beginning after such date may not be made for more than a 10-year period.".

Homeowner assistance fund.

(b) Section 235(c) of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(3)(A) There hereby is established in the Treasury of the United States a fund, which, to the extent approved in appropriation Acts, may be used by the Secretary for purposes of carrying out subparagraph (B). There shall be deposited into such fund (i) any amount recaptured under paragraph (2); (ii) any authority to make assistance payments under subsection (a) that is committed for use in a contract but is unused because the mortgage, loan, or advance of credit involved is refinanced or because such assistance payments are terminated or suspended for other reasons before the original termination date of such contract; and (iii) any amount received under subparagraph (C).

"(B) In the case of any homeowner whose assistance payments are terminated by reason of the 10-year limitation referred to in paragraph (1), and who is determined by the Secretary to be unable to assume the full payments due under the mortgage, loan, or advance of credit involved, the Secretary shall, to the extent of the availability of amounts in the fund established in subparagraph (A), contract to make, and make, continued assistance payments on behalf of such homeowner. Such continued assistance payments shall be made in an amount determined in accordance with the applicable provisions of paragraph (1) or subsection (a)(2)(B) and for such period as the Secretary determines to be appropriate.

"(C) Any amounts in such fund determined by the Secretary to be in excess of the amounts currently required to carry out the provisions of subparagraph (B) shall be invested by the Secretary in obligations of, or obligations guaranteed as to both principal and interest by, the United States or any agency of the United States.".

(c) Section 235(h)(1) of such Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "and" after "1971," in the second sentence;

(2) by inserting the following before the period at the end of such sentence: ", and by such sums as may be approved in an appropriation Act on or after October 1, 1983 (from the additional authority to enter into contracts made available on such date under the first sentence of section 5(c)(1) of the United States Housing Act of 1937)"; and

42 USC 1437c.

(3) by inserting the following new sentences after the second sentence: "The aggregate amount that may be obligated over the duration of the contracts entered into with the authority provided on or after October 1, 1983, may not exceed such sums of new budget authority as may be appropriated after the date of enactment of this sentence. The Secretary shall begin issuing new commitments and reservations to provide mortgage insur-

Commitments and reservations.

ance and assistance payments under this section before the expiration of the 30-day period following the approval in any appropriation Act of budget authority for this section after the date of the enactment of this sentence.".

(d) Section 235(i) of such Act is amended— 12 USC 1715z.

(1) in paragraph (3)(A)—

(A) by striking the word "two-family" and inserting "three-family" in lieu thereof; and

(B) by inserting the words "or a two-family" before the word "dwelling" the first time it appears;

(2) in paragraph (3)(D)—

(A) by inserting the words "or three-family" before the word "dwelling";

(B) by striking the figure "$55,000" and inserting "$60,000" in lieu thereof; and

(C) by striking the figure "$61,250" and inserting "$66,250" in lieu thereof; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraphs: Insurance.

"(4) In insuring eligible mortgages under this subsection, the Secretary may not deny insurance on the basis that a mortgage involves a two- to three-family dwelling or is to be used to finance substantial rehabilitation rather than new construction.

"(5) As a condition of insuring a mortgage on a two- to three-family dwelling, the Secretary shall require the mortgagor (A) not to discriminate against prospective tenants on the basis of their receipt of or eligibility for housing assistance under any Federal, State or local housing assistance program and (B) to agree that during the term of the mortgage each of the rental units shall be occupied by, or available for occupancy by, persons and families whose incomes do not exceed 100 per centum of the area median income.".

(e) Section 235(j) of such Act is amended—

(1) in paragraph (6) by striking out "two-family" and inserting "two- to three-family" in lieu thereof; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph: Insurance.

"(9) In insuring eligible mortgages under this subsection, the Secretary may not deny insurance on the basis that a mortgage involves a two- to three-family dwelling or is to be used to finance substantial rehabilitation rather than new construction.".

PET OWNERSHIP IN ASSISTED RENTAL HOUSING FOR THE ELDERLY OR HANDICAPPED

SEC. 227. (a) No owner or manager of any federally assisted rental housing for the elderly or handicapped may— 12 USC 1701r-1.

(1) as a condition of tenancy or otherwise, prohibit or prevent any tenant in such housing from owning common household pets or having common household pets living in the dwelling accommodations of such tenant in such housing; or

(2) restrict or discriminate against any person in connection with admission to, or continued occupancy of, such housing by reason of the ownership of such pets by, or the presence of such pets in the dwelling accommodations of, such person.

(b)(1) Not later than the expiration of the twelve-month period following the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development and the Secretary of Agriculture shall each issue such regulations as may be necessary to ensure (A) compliance with the provisions of subsection (a) with respect to any Regulations.

program of assistance referred to in subsection (d) that is administered by such Secretary; and (B) attaining the goal of providing decent, safe, and sanitary housing for the elderly or handicapped.

Rules.

(2) Such regulations shall establish guidelines under which the owner or manager of any federally assisted rental housing for the elderly or handicapped (A) may prescribe reasonable rules for the keeping of pets by tenants in such housing; and (B) shall consult with the tenants of such housing in prescribing such rules. Such rules may consider factors such as density of tenants, pet size, types of pets, potential financial obligations of tenants, and standards of pet care.

(c) Nothing in this section may be construed to prohibit any owner or manager of federally assisted rental housing for the elderly or handicapped, or any local housing authority or other appropriate authority of the community where such housing is located, from requiring the removal from any such housing of any pet whose conduct or condition is duly determined to constitute a nuisance or a threat to the health or safety of the other occupants of such housing or of other persons in the community where such housing is located.

"Federally assisted rental housing for the elderly or handicapped."

(d) For purposes of this section, the term "federally assisted rental housing for the elderly or handicapped" means any rental housing project that—

Ante, p. 1190.

(1) is assisted under section 202 of the Housing Act of 1959; or

(2) is assisted under the United States Housing Act of 1937, the National Housing Act, or title V of the Housing Act of 1949, and is designated for occupancy by elderly or handicapped families, as such term is defined in section 202(d)(4) of the Housing Act of 1959.

42 USC 1437 note.
12 USC 1701.
42 USC 1471.
12 USC 1701q.

TITLE III—RENTAL HOUSING REHABILITATION AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM

RENTAL REHABILITATION AND DEVELOPMENT GRANTS

SEC. 301. The United States Housing Act of 1937 is amended by inserting before section 18 the following:

"RENTAL REHABILITATION AND DEVELOPMENT GRANTS

42 USC 1437o.

"SEC. 17. (a) PROGRAM AUTHORITY.—(1) REHABILITATION AND DEVELOPMENT GRANTS.—The Secretary is authorized—

"(A) to make rental rehabilitation grants to States and units of general local government to help support the rehabilitation of privately owned real property to be used for primarily residential rental purposes in accordance with subsection (c); and

"(B) to make development grants for new construction or substantial rehabilitation in accordance with subsection (d).

"(2) AUTHORITY TO RESERVE HOUSING ASSISTANCE.—In connection with a grant under this section, the Secretary may reserve authority to provide housing assistance under section 8(o) to the extent necessary—

Ante, p. 1181.

"(A) to provide housing assistance to persons displaced by activities under this section; or

"(B) to support the grantee's program.

"(3) AUTHORIZATION.—To carry out the purposes of this section the Secretary may utilize not to exceed $615,000,000, as provided in section 5(c) for fiscal years 1984 and 1985, of which amount—

Ante, p. 1176.

"(A) not to exceed $150,000,000 shall be available in each such year for rental rehabilitation, of which $1,000,000 shall be available each year for technical assistance; and

"(B) not to exceed $200,000,000 for fiscal year 1984, and $115,000,000 for fiscal year 1985, shall be available for development grants.

"(b) DISTRIBUTION OF RENTAL REHABILITATION GRANT FUNDS.—(1) FORMULA ALLOCATION.—Of the amount available in any fiscal year for rehabilitation grants under this section, the Secretary shall allocate amounts for rehabilitation grants under subsection (c) to cities having populations of fifty thousand or more, urban counties, and States for use as provided in subsection (e), on the basis of a formula which shall be contained in a regulation proposed by the Secretary not later than sixty days after the effective date of this section. Such regulation shall be accompanied by the specific fund allocation for fiscal year 1984 for individual cities, urban counties, and States which would result from the proposed formula and any adjustments under paragraph (2). The formula contained in the regulation shall take into account objectively measurable conditions, including such factors as low income renter population, overcrowding of rental housing, the extent of physically inadequate housing stock, and such other objectively measurable conditions as the Secretary deems appropriate to reflect the need for assistance under this section, but excluding data relating to such factors which pertain to areas eligible for assistance under title V of the Housing Act of 1949. 42 USC 1471.

Regulation.

"(2) ADJUSTMENTS.—Before an allocation determined under paragraph (1) for any fiscal year is made available for use, the Secretary may adjust the allocation as follows:

"(A) The Secretary is authorized to establish minimum allocation amounts for cities and urban counties, representing program levels below which, in the Secretary's determination, conduct of a rental rehabilitation program would not be feasible. The amount of any allocation which is below this minimum shall be added to the allocation for the State in which the city or county is located and shall be available in accordance with subsection (e).

"(B) Beginning with fiscal years after fiscal year 1984, the Secretary is authorized to adjust the allocation for a city, urban county, or State administering a rental rehabilitation program as provided in subsection (f), by up to 15 per centum above or below the amount of such allocation, based on an annual review of performance in carrying out activities under this section in a timely manner and in achieving the result that at least 80 per centum of the units rehabilitated with assistance under this section in all program years have rents which are and remain at a level which would be affordable by lower income families. The last sentence of subparagraph (A) shall not apply to an allocation which is below the minimum amount described therein by reason of an adjustment under this subparagraph. The Secretary shall establish by regulation performance criteria for purposes of this subparagraph.

Rental rehabilitation program administration.

"(3) REALLOCATION.—After the allocation of rehabilitation grant amounts, the Secretary is authorized to reallocate such amounts among grantees on the basis of the Secretary's assessment of the progress of grantees in carrying out activities under this section in accordance with their specified schedules. Reallocations under this

paragraph shall be designed to encourage use of these resources expeditiously, consistent with the sound development and administration of the grantees' rental rehabilitation programs.

"(4) RECAPTURE.—Any rental rehabilitation grant amounts which are not obligated at the end of any fiscal year shall be added to the amount available for allocation for such grants for the succeeding fiscal year.

"(c) GRANTS FOR MODERATE REHABILITATION.—(1) PROGRAM DESCRIPTION.—A rehabilitation grant may be made under this section on the basis of satisfactory information provided in a program description which shall be submitted by the grantee at such time and in such manner as the Secretary may prescribe and which shall contain—

"(A) a description of the grantee's proposed rental rehabilitation program, which shall consist of the activities each grantee proposes to undertake for the fiscal year, including the grantee's anticipated schedule in carrying out those activities, or, in case of a State distributing resources as provided in subsection (e), its proposed method of distributing the resources, which shall have been made available to the public;

"(B) a certification that the grantee's program was developed after consultation with the public;

"(C) a statement of the procedures and standards which will govern selection of proposals by the grantee, which procedures and standards shall take into account the extent to which the proposal represents the efficient use of Federal resources and the extent to which the housing units involved will be adequately maintained and operated with rents at the levels proposed;

"(D) an estimate of the effect of the proposed program on neighborhood preservation;

"(E) evidence demonstrating the financial feasibility of the proposed program, including the availability of non-Federal and private resources and including evidence that the projects to be selected for rehabilitation will be located in neighborhoods where rents are generally affordable to lower income families and that the character of the neighborhood indicates that such rents will not materially change over an extended period; and

"(F) such other information as the Secretary shall prescribe.

Rental rehabilitation.

"(2) PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS.—A rental rehabilitation program assisted under this section shall provide that—

"(A) grant assistance shall only be used to rehabilitate real property to be used for primarily residential rental purposes;

"(B) grants shall only be used to assist the rehabilitation of real property located in neighborhoods where the median income does not exceed 80 per centum of the median income for the area;

"(C) grant assistance for any structure shall not exceed 50 per centum of the total costs associated with the rehabilitation of that structure, as determined by the Secretary, except that where the Secretary determines that refinancing costs and the special nature of the project require a greater amount of assistance, the grant amount shall be limited to not to exceed 50 per centum of the development cost including acquisition;

"(D) rehabilitation assisted under this section shall only be that which is necessary to correct substandard conditions, to

make essential improvements, and to repair major systems in danger of failure;

"(E) the amount of rental rehabilitation assistance provided under this section for any structure shall not exceed $5,000 per unit except as otherwise determined by the Secretary in areas of high material and labor costs where the grantee demonstrates that every appropriate step has been taken by the grantee to contain the amount of assistance within the limit set by this paragraph and that an exception is necessary to conduct a rehabilitation program while not exceeding the rehabilitation standards of subparagraph (D);

"(F) a structure may be assisted under this section only if the rehabilitation of such structure will not cause the involuntary displacement of very low-income families by families who are not very low-income families;

Low-income families, displacement.

"(G) the owner of each assisted structure agrees—

"(i) not to discriminate against prospective tenants on the basis of their receipt of or eligibility for housing assistance under any Federal, State, or local housing assistance program or, except for a structure for housing for the elderly, on the basis that the tenants have a minor child or children who will be residing with them; and

"(ii) not to convert the units to condominium ownership (or in the case of a cooperative, to condominium ownership or any form of cooperative ownership not eligible for assistance under this section);

for at least 10 years beginning on the date on which the units in the project are completed;

"(H) the State or unit of general local government that receives the assistance certifies to the satisfaction of the Secretary that the assistance will be made available in conformity with Public Law 88-352 and Public Law 90-284; and

42 USC 2000a note; 82 Stat. 73.

"(I) 100 per centum of the amount of assistance provided under this section shall be used by the grantee for the benefit of lower income families, except that such requirement shall be reduced to (i) 70 per centum if the grantee certifies in accordance with standards prescribed by the Secretary that such reduction is necessary, and that the grantee cannot develop a proposed program which complies with such requirement, after consultation with the public regarding the inability to develop a program which complies with such requirement, and (ii) to not less than 50 per centum where the Secretary determines that such further reduction is necessary.

"(3) SECRETARIAL RESPONSIBILITY.—The Secretary shall assure that—

"(A) an equitable share of the rehabilitation grants under this section is used to assist in the provision of housing for families, including large families with children; and

"(B) a priority shall be given to projects containing units in substandard condition which are occupied by very low-income families.

"(d) GRANTS FOR NEW CONSTRUCTION AND SUBSTANTIAL REHABILITATION.—

"(1) TYPES OF ASSISTANCE.—Development grant funds may be used by the grantee to make grants or loans, provide interest reduction payments, or furnish other comparable assistance to support the

new construction or substantial rehabilitation of real property to be used primarily for residential rental purposes.

"(2) AREA ELIGIBILITY.—To be eligible for development grants under this subsection, a project must be located in an area that is experiencing a severe shortage of decent rental housing opportunities for families and individuals without other reasonable and affordable housing alternatives in the private market. The Secretary shall issue regulations, consistent with the preceding sentence, that set forth minimum standards for determining areas eligible for assistance. Such standards shall be based on objectively measurable conditions, and shall take into account the extent of poverty, the extent of occupancy of physically inadequate housing by lower income families, the extent of housing overcrowding experienced by lower income families, the level and duration of rental housing vacancies, the extent of the lag between the estimated need for and production of rental housing, and other objectively measurable conditions specified by the Secretary consistent with the first sentence of this subsection. The Secretary shall propose regulations under this paragraph not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this section and shall promptly transmit to the Congress such proposed regulations accompanied by a list of those areas which meet the minimum standards contained in such regulations. Any unit of government located in an area which meets such minimum standards is eligible to submit an application for a rental housing development grant under this section. The Secretary may also consider an application for a project to be located in an area which is not eligible under such standards where the Secretary determines that a project involving assistance for other than moderate rehabilitation is necessary in order to meet special housing needs or to advance a particular neighborhood preservation purpose.

Regulations. Minimum standards.

Regulations, submittal to Congress.

"(3) APPLICATION.—A development grant may be made under this section on the basis of information provided in an application which shall be submitted by the grantee at such time and in such manner as the Secretary may prescribe. In addition to information relating to the selection criteria set forth in paragraph (5), the application shall contain—

"(A) a description of the grantee's proposed rental development program, which shall consist of the activities the grantee proposes to undertake for the fiscal year, including a specification of the grantee's anticipated schedule in carrying out those activities;

"(B) a certification that the grantee's program was developed after consultation with the public;

"(C) a statement of the procedures and standards which will govern selection of proposals by the grantee, which procedures and standards shall take into account the extent to which the proposal represents the efficient use of Federal resources and the extent to which the housing units involved will be adequately maintained and operated with rents maintained at the levels proposed;

"(D) an estimate of the effect of the proposed program on neighborhood preservation; and

"(E) such other information as the Secretary shall prescribe.

"(4) PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS.—A rental development program assisted under this section shall provide that—

"(A) grant assistance shall be used to develop real property to be used for residential rental purposes only;

"(B) grant assistance for any structure shall not exceed 50 per centum of the total costs associated with the rehabilitation or development of that structure, as determined by the Secretary, except that where the Secretary determines that refinancing costs and the special nature of the project require a greater amount of assistance, the grant amount shall be limited to not to exceed 50 per centum of the development cost including acquisition;

"(C) a structure may be assisted under this section only if the development of such structure will not cause the involuntary displacement of very low-income families by families who are not very low-income families; Low-income families, displacement.

"(D) the owner of each assisted structure agrees—

"(i) not to discriminate against prospective tenants on the basis of their receipt of or eligibility for housing assistance under any Federal, State, or local housing assistance program or, except for a structure for housing for the elderly, on the basis that the tenants have a minor child or children who will be residing with them; and

"(ii) not to convert the units to condominium ownership (or in the case of a cooperative, to condominium ownership or any form of cooperative ownership not eligible for assistance under this section);

during the 20-year period beginning on the date on which the units in the project are available for occupancy;

"(E) the owner of each assisted structure agrees that, during the 20-year period beginning on the date on which 50 per centum of the units in the structure are occupied or completed, at least 20 per centum of the units the construction or substantial rehabilitation of which is provided for under the application shall be occupied, or available for occupancy by, persons and families whose incomes do not exceed 80 per centum of the area median income;

"(F) the structure—

"(i) will have a value after rehabilitation or construction that is not more than the amount of a mortgage on the structure that could be insured under section 207 of the National Housing Act; and 12 USC 1713.

"(ii) is secured by a mortgage which bears a rate of interest and contains such other terms and conditions as the Secretary determines are reasonable;

"(G) the grantee must commence construction or substantial rehabilitation activities not later than 24 months after notice of project selection; and

"(H) the State or unit of general local government that receives the assistance certifies to the satisfaction of the Secretary that the assistance will be made available in conformity with Public Law 88-352 and Public Law 90-284. 42 USC 2000a note; 82 Stat. 73.

"(5) PROJECT SELECTION.—In selecting projects to receive development grants, the Secretary shall make such selection on the basis of the extent—

"(A) of the severity of the shortage of decent rental housing opportunities in the area in which the project or projects are to be located for families and individuals without other reasonable and affordable housing alternatives in the private market;

"(B) of non-Federal public and private financial or other contributions that reduce the amount of assistance necessary under this section;

"(C) to which the project or projects contribute to neighborhood development and mitigate displacement;

"(D) to which the applicant has established a satisfactory record of performance in meeting assisted housing needs and has the capacity to undertake the program in a timely manner;

"(E) to which the assistance requested will provide the maximum number of units for the least cost to the Federal Government, taking into consideration the extent to which assistance provided will be recaptured and cost differences among different areas, among financing alternatives, and among the types of projects and tenants being served;

"(F) to which the grantee will establish a mechanism to assure the maintenance of affordable rentals for lower income families;

"(G) to which the applicant has demonstrated the financial feasibility of the proposed program, including the availability of non-Federal and private resources; and

"(H) to which an equitable share of the development grant funds under this section will be used to assist in the provision of housing for families, including large families with children.

"(6) PRIORITIES.—In selecting projects for grants under this subsection, the Secretary shall give a priority to proposals involving projects—

"(A) which exceed the minimum requirements of paragraph (4)(E); and

"(B) in areas where the waiting lists for housing assistance are relatively long and where families holding certificates under section 8 require an excessive length of time to find housing.

42 USC 1437f.

"(7) ENFORCEMENT OF PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS.—(A) The grantee shall take appropriate legal action to enforce compliance with the requirements of this subsection by the owner of any assisted property or his or her successors in interest during the 20-year period beginning on the date on which 50 per centum of the units are occupied or are completed. For any violation of such agreements, the owner or his or her successors in interest shall make a payment to the grantee of an amount that equals the total amount of assistance provided under this title with respect to such project, plus interest thereon (without compounding), for each year and any fraction thereof that the assistance was outstanding, at a rate determined by the Secretary taking into account the average yield on outstanding marketable long-term obligations of the United States during the month preceding the date on which the assistance was made available. The amount of such assistance (and accrued interest) which is required to be repaid shall be reduced by 10 per centum for each full year in excess of 10 years which intervened between the commencement of the period and the violation. Any amounts recovered by the grantee shall be used to furnish assistance under this section.

Violation, payment.

"(B) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any assistance provided under this subsection shall constitute a debt, which is payable in the case of any failure to carry out the agreements, and shall be secured by the security instruments provided by the owner to the grantee.

"(8)(A) RENT PROVISIONS.—Rents charged for units available for occupancy by lower income families in any project assisted under this subsection shall be approved by the grantee. In approving such rents, the grantee shall provide that the rents of such units are not more than 30 per centum of the adjusted income of a family whose income equals 50 per centum of the median income for the area, as determined by the Secretary with adjustments for smaller and larger families. Not less than 30 days prior written notice of any increase in rents shall be provided to such tenants.

Increase notification.

"(B) Any schedule of rents submitted by an owner to the grantee for approval shall be deemed to be approved unless the grantee informs the owner, within 60 days after receiving such schedule, that such schedule is disapproved.

"(9) GRANT AMOUNT.—The amount of a development grant provided under this subsection shall not be more than that amount which will provide decent rental or cooperative housing of modest design which is affordable for families and individuals without other reasonable and affordable housing alternatives in the private market, including an amount necessary to achieve compliance with paragraph (8)(A).

"(e) STATE PROGRAM.—(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the State shall administer resources made available under subsection (b)(2) for any fiscal year. These resources shall only be used to carry out activities under this section in cities with populations of less than fifty thousand and in urban counties and cities whose allocations are less than the minimum allocation amount established under subsection (b)(2), but may not be used in areas which are eligible for assistance under title V of the Housing Act of 1949. The State may use all or part of these resources (A) to carry out its own rental rehabilitation program, or (B) to distribute them to units of general local government. A city with a population over fifty thousand may, with the agreement of the State government, elect to contract with the State to administer the grant program under this section in any fiscal year.

42 USC 1471.

"(2) States may elect not to administer resources made available under subsection (b)(2) of this section. This election shall be made in such manner and before such time as the Secretary may prescribe. The Secretary shall administer the resources available to any State exercising such an election in accordance with regulations and procedures prescribed by the Secretary, including the administration of grant programs of cities with populations over fifty thousand which elect not to administer their own program. Such regulations shall, to the maximum extent practicable, be comparable to those for cities and urban counties receiving resources under subsection (b).

"(3) A State may apply for and receive, on behalf of a unit of local government located in that State and with the concurrence of that unit of general local government, a rental development grant to be used in accordance with the provisions of subsection (d).

"(4) In any case in which the State is a grantee under any provision of this section, the Secretary shall require that the State take such actions as may be appropriate to assure compliance with the program requirements, owner agreements, and other provisions of this section.

"(f) APPLICABILITY OF REQUIREMENTS OR AGREEMENTS.—Requirements imposed by or agreements made with States and units of general local government regarding rents in structures assisted

under this section (including requirements relating to the rents which may be charged after rehabilitation) shall not apply to a structure assisted under this section unless (1) such requirements are imposed or agreements are entered into pursuant to a State law or local ordinance of general applicability which was enacted and in effect in that jurisdiction prior to the date of enactment of this section, and (2) such requirements or agreements would apply generally to structures not assisted under this section.

Regulations.

"(g) RELOCATION.—The Secretary shall by regulation establish such standards governing reasonable relocation payments and other related assistance as the Secretary determines to be appropriate.

"(h) ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.—Grantees receiving assistance under this section shall not deduct therefrom any amounts to cover administrative expenses incurred by them in carrying out their responsibilities under this section.

"(i) PRESERVATION, ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY, AND LABOR STANDARDS.—(1) The Secretary shall establish procedures which support national historic preservation objectives and which assure that, if any rehabilitation or development proposed to be assisted under this section would affect property which is included on the National Register of Historic Places or which is eligible for inclusion on the National Register of Historic Places, such activity shall not be undertaken unless (A) it will reasonably meet the standards issued by the Secretary of the Interior and the appropriate State historic preservation officer is afforded the opportunity to comment on the specific rehabilitation or development program, or (B) the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation is afforded an opportunity to comment on cases for which the grantee of assistance, in consultation with the State historic preservation officer, determines that the proposed activity cannot reasonably meet such standards or would adversely affect historic property as defined therein.

"(2) The Secretary's award and grantee's use of resources made available under this section shall be subject to section 104(f) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974.

42 USC 5304.

"(3) A structure assisted under this section shall be treated as a project subject to a mortgage insured under section 220 of the National Housing Act for the purpose of section 212 of such Act.

12 USC 1715k, 1715c.

"(j) FINANCING.—Subject to terms and conditions that are prescribed by the Secretary and are consistent with the purpose and other provisions of this section, any obligation issued by a State or local housing agency for the purpose of financing the development of a project or projects assisted under this section is hereby deemed an obligation that meets the requirements of, and has the benefits (including the benefit of interest earned with respect to the obligation being exempt from Federal taxation) associated with, an obligation described in section 11(b).

42 USC 1437i.

"(k) DEFINITIONS.—For the purpose of this section—

"(1) the term 'rehabilitation grant' means a grant to finance moderate rehabilitation;

"(2) the term 'development grant' means a grant to finance new construction or substantial rehabilitation;

"(3) the Secretary shall use the same population data and rules for designating cities and urban counties as apply under title I of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974;

42 USC 5301.

"(4) the term 'real property to be used primarily for residential rental purposes' includes cooperative or mutual housing

which has a resale structure which enables the cooperative to maintain affordability for lower income families; and

"(5) the term 'grantee' means—

"(A) any city or urban county receiving resources under this section;

"(B) any State administering a rental rehabilitation or development program as provided in subsection (f); and

"(C) any unit of general local government which receives assistance from the Secretary as provided in subsection (f)(2).

Consortium.

The Secretary shall encourage cooperation by units of general local government in the administration of grants under this section by permitting consortia of geographically proximate units of general local government to apply for assistance on behalf of their members, including establishment of eligibility under subsection (b) for consortia whose combined populations exceed fifty thousand and which can otherwise meet the requirements of such subsection. Any amounts made available to such a consortium shall be deducted from the allocation to the State in which the units of general local government are located.

"(l) REVIEW AND AUDIT.—The Secretary shall, at least on an annual basis, make such reviews and audits as may be necessary or appropriate to determine—

"(1) where the grantee is a unit of general local government or a State carrying out its own program as provided in subsection (f)(1), whether the grantee has carried out its activities in a timely manner and in accordance with the requirements of this section, and has a continuing capacity to carry out those activities in a timely manner; and

"(2) where the grantee is a State distributing resources made available under this section to units of general local government as provided in subsection (e)(2), whether the State (A) has distributed such resources in a timely manner and in accordance with the requirements of this section, and (B) has made such reviews and audits of the units of general local government as may be necessary or appropriate to determine whether they have satisfied the performance criteria described in paragraph (1).

In addition to the adjustments based on performance authorized by subsection (b)(2), the Secretary may adjust, reduce, or withdraw resources made available to States and units of general local government receiving assistance under this section, or take other action as appropriate in accordance with the findings of these reviews and audits, except that resources already expended on eligible activities shall not be recaptured or deducted from future resources made available to the grantee. Any amounts which become available as a result of actions under this paragraph shall be reallocated in the year in which they become available to such grantee or grantees as the Secretary may determine.

Submittal to Secretary.

"(m) PERFORMANCE REPORT.—Prior to the beginning of fiscal year 1985 and each fiscal year thereafter, each grantee shall submit to the Secretary a performance report concerning the activities carried out pursuant to this section, together with an assessment by the grantee of the relationship of these activities to the objectives of this section. Such report shall contain an analysis of the program's cost effectiveness, the type and income levels of tenants who benefit from the rehabilitation program, any tenant displacement resulting from

the program, and any other information the Secretary may require. To facilitate this reporting requirement, each grantee shall require owners of property rehabilitated under this section to provide verified income data and other pertinent tenant demographic information as prescribed by the Secretary (to include household size and race) or to otherwise arrange for the collection of such information on an annual basis. The Secretary shall stipulate the format for such data collection to assure that such information can be aggregated at the national level to allow congressional oversight.

"(n) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Prior to the beginning of fiscal year 1985 and each fiscal year thereafter, the Secretary shall provide a report to the Congress as to the overall progress of grantees in meeting the objectives of this section. Such report shall include an analysis of program costs, services delivered, beneficiaries, and the extent to which lower income tenants have been displaced as a result of rehabilitation assisted under this section.".

CONFORMING AMENDMENTS TO THE HOUSING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT ACT OF 1974

42 USC 5305.

SEC. 302. (a) Section 105(a) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 is amended—

(1) by striking out "and" at the end of clause (16);

(2) by striking out the period at the end of clause (17) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following:

Ante, p. 1196.

"(18) the rehabilitation or development of housing assisted under section 17 of the United States Housing Act of 1937.".

42 USC 5307.

(b) Section 107(d) of such Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "unless the applicant" in paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "and no assistance may be made available under section 17 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 unless the grantee"; and

(2) by inserting "grantee or" before "applicant" in paragraph (3).

42 USC 5301 note.

(c) Section 817 of such Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "and" after "1966,"; and

(2) by inserting after "and 1970" the following: ", and section 17 of the United States Housing Act of 1937".

CONFORMING AMENDMENTS TO THE NATIONAL HOUSING ACT

Insurance.
12 USC 1715z-9.

SEC. 303. (a) Section 244 of the National Housing Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

Post, p. 1207.

"(h) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, in the case of a mortgage insured under section 223(f) secured by property which is to be rehabilitated or developed under section 17 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, such coinsurance may include provisions that—

Ante, p. 1196.

"(1) insurance benefits shall equal the sum of (A) 90 per centum of the mortgage on the date of institution of foreclosure proceedings (or on the date of acquisition of the property otherwise after default), and (B) 90 per centum of interest arrears on the date benefits are paid;

"(2) the mortgagee shall remit to the Secretary, for credit to the General Insurance Fund, 90 per centum of any proceeds of the property, including sale proceeds, net of the mortgagee's

actual and reasonable costs related to the property and the enforcement of security;

"(3) payment of such benefits shall be made in cash unless the mortgagee submits a written request for debenture payment; and

"(4) the underwriter of coinsurance may reinsure 10 per centum of the mortgage amount with a private mortgage insurance company or with a State mortgage insurance agency. No commitment for insurance pursuant to this subsection may be issued on or after October 1, 1985.".

Insurance commitment issuance.
12 USC 1715n.

(b) Section 223(f) of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(5) In the case of any purchase or refinancing under this subsection involving property to be rehabilitated or developed under section 17 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, the Secretary may—

Ante, p. 1196.

"(A) include rehabilitation or development costs of not to exceed $20,000 per unit, except that the Secretary may increase such amount by not to exceed 25 per centum for specific properties where cost levels so require;

"(B) permit subordinated liens securing up to the full amount of mortgage financing provided by State or local governments or agencies thereof; and

"(C) pay such benefits in cash unless the mortgagee submits a written request for debenture payment.".

TITLE IV—PROGRAM AMENDMENTS AND EXTENSIONS

PART A—FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION MORTGAGE INSURANCE PROGRAMS

Subpart 1—General Authorities and Requirements

EXTENSION OF MORTGAGE INSURANCE PROGRAMS

SEC. 401. (a) Section 2(a) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "December 1, 1983" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1985".

Ante, p. 745.

(b) Section 217 of such Act is amended by striking out "November 30, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1985".

Ante, p. 745.

(c) Section 221(f) of such Act is amended by striking out "November 30, 1983" in the fifth sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1985".

Ante, p. 745.

(d)(1) Section 235(m) of such Act is amended by striking out "November 30, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1985".

Ante, p. 745.
12 USC 1715z.

(2) Section 235(q)(1) of such Act is amended by striking out "November 30, 1983" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1985".

(e) Section 244(d) of such Act is amended—

Ante, p. 745.

(1) by striking out "November 30, 1983" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1985";

(2) by striking out "December 1, 1983" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1985"; and

(3) by striking out the last two sentences.

Ante, p. 745. (f) Section 245(a) of such Act is amended by striking out "November 30, 1983" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1985".

Ante, p. 745. (g) Section 809(f) of such Act is amended by striking out "November 30, 1983" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1985".

Ante, p. 745. (h) Section 810(k) of such Act is amended by striking out "November 30, 1983" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1985".

Ante, p. 745. (i) Section 1002(a) of such Act is amended by striking out "November 30, 1983" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1985".

Ante, p. 745. (j) Section 1101(a) of such Act is amended by striking out "November 30, 1983" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1985".

AMOUNT TO BE INSURED UNDER THE NATIONAL HOUSING ACT

12 USC 1735f-9. SEC. 402. Section 531 of the National Housing Act is amended to read as follows:

"AMOUNT OF INSURED MORTGAGES

"SEC. 531. Notwithstanding any other provision of law and subject only to the absence of qualified requests for insurance, to the 12 USC 1707. authority provided in title II, and to any funding limitation approved in appropriation Acts, the Secretary shall enter into commitments during each of the fiscal years 1984 and 1985 to insure mortgages under title II with an aggregate principal amount of $50,900,000,000.".

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS TO COVER LOSSES TO THE GENERAL INSURANCE FUND

12 USC 1735c. SEC. 403. Section 519(f) of the National Housing Act is amended—

(1) by inserting "such sums as may be necessary" after "appropriated"; and

(2) by striking out "not" and all that follows through "1981".

ELIMINATION OF REQUIREMENT THAT FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION INTEREST RATES BE SET BY LAW

SEC. 404. (a) The Act entitled "An Act to amend chapter 37 of title 38 of the United States Code with respect to the veterans' home loan program, to amend the National Housing Act with respect to interest rates on insured mortgages, and for other purposes", approved May 7, 1968 (Pub. L. 90-301) is amended by striking out sections 3 and 4.

12 USC 1709-1 and note. 12 USC 1703. (b)(1) Section 2(b)(5) of the National Housing Act is amended to read as follows:

"(5) No insurance shall be granted under this section to any such financial institution with respect to any obligation representing any such loan, advance of credit, or purchase by it unless the obligation has such maturity, bears such insurance premium charges, and contains such other terms, conditions, and restrictions as the Secretary shall prescribe, in order to make credit available for the purpose of this title. Any such obligation with respect to which insurance is granted under this section shall bear interest at such

rate as may be agreed upon by the borrower and the financial institution.".

(2) Section 203(b)(5) of such Act is amended to read as follows: 12 USC 1709.
"(5) Bear interest at such rate as may be agreed upon by the mortgagor and the mortgagee.".

(3) Section 203(k)(3)(B) of such Act is amended to read as follows:
"(B) bear interest at such rate as may be agreed upon by the mortgagor and the mortgagee;".

(4) The first sentence of the first undesignated paragraph of section 207(c)(3) of such Act is amended to read as follows: "The 12 USC 1713.
mortgage shall provide for complete amortization by periodic payments within such term as the Secretary shall prescribe, and shall bear interest at such rate as may be agreed upon by the mortgagor and the mortgagee.".

(5) The first sentence of section 213(d) of such Act is amended to 12 USC 1715e.
read as follows: "Any mortgage insured under this section shall provide for complete amortization by periodic payments within such term as the Secretary may prescribe but not to exceed 40 years from the beginning of amortization of the mortgage, and shall bear interest at such rate as may be agreed upon by the mortgagor and the mortgagee.".

(6) The second sentence of section 220(d)(4) of such Act is amended 12 USC 1715k.
to read as follows: "The mortgage shall bear interest at such rate as may be agreed upon by the mortgagor and the mortgagee and contain such terms and provisions with respect to the application of the mortgagor's periodic payment to amortization of the principal of the mortgage, insurance, repairs, alterations, payment of taxes, default reserves, delinquency charges, foreclosure proceedings, anticipation of maturity, additional and secondary liens, and other matters as the Secretary may in the Secretary's discretion prescribe.".

(7) Section 220(h)(2)(iii) of such Act is amended to read as follows:
"(iii) bear interest at such rate as may be agreed upon by the mortgagor and the mortgagee;".

(8) Section 221(d)(5) of such Act is amended by striking out "(exclu- 12 USC 1715*l*.
sive" and all that follows through "mortgage market" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "at such rate as may be agreed upon by the mortgagor and the mortgagee".

(9) Section 231(c)(6) of such Act is amended to read as follows: 12 USC 1715v.
"(6) bear interest at such rate as may be agreed upon by the mortgagor and the mortgagee; and".

(10) Section 232(d)(3)(B) of such Act is amended to read as follows: 12 USC 1715w.
"(B) bear interest at such rate as may be agreed upon by the mortgagor and the mortgagee.".

(11) The first sentence of section 234(f) of such Act is amended to 12 USC 1715y.
read as follows: "Any blanket mortgage insured under subsection (d) shall provide for complete amortization by periodic payments within such terms as the Secretary may prescribe but not to exceed 40 years from the beginning of amortization of the mortgage, and shall bear interest at such rate as may be agreed upon by the mortgagor and the mortgagee.".

(12) Section 235(i)(3) of such Act is amended— 12 USC 1715z.
(A) by striking out "and" at the end of subparagraph (D);
(B) by striking out the period at the end of subparagraph (E) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and
(C) by adding the following new subparagraph at the end thereof:

"(F) bear interest at a rate not to exceed such percent per annum on the amount of the principal obligation outstanding at any time as the Secretary finds necessary to meet the mortgage market, taking into consideration the yields on mortgages in the primary and secondary markets.".

12 USC 1715z-5. (13) Section 240(c)(4) of such Act is amended to read as follows: "(4) bear interest at such rate as may be agreed upon by the mortgagor and the mortgagee;".

12 USC 1715z-6. (14) Section 241(b)(3) of such Act is amended to read as follows: "(3) bear interest at such rate as may be agreed upon by the mortgagor and the mortgagee;".

12 USC 1715z-7. (15) Section 242(d)(3)(B) of such Act is amended to read as follows: "(B) bear interest at such rate as may be agreed upon by the mortgagor and the mortgagee.".

12 USC 1749bb. (16) Section 1002(d)(2) of such Act is amended to read as follows: "(2) bear interest at such rate as may be agreed upon by the mortgagor and the mortgagee, except that the Secretary may agree to a reasonable extension of the term of a mortgage, the maturity of which is limited by this paragraph to not more than 10 years, if the Secretary determines that unusual or unforeseen circumstances make such extension necessary to avoid undue hardship to the mortgagor;".

MINIMUM PROPERTY STANDARDS

12 USC 1735f-4. SEC. 405. (a) Section 526 of the National Housing Act is amended—

(1) in the first sentence, by inserting ", other than manufactured homes," after "housing";

(2) by adding the following new sentence at the end thereof: "Following the effective date of this sentence, the energy performance requirements developed and established by the Secretary under this subsection for newly constructed residential housing, other than manufactured homes, shall be at least as effective in performance as the energy performance requirements incorporated in the minimum property standards that were in effect under this subsection on September 30, 1982."; and

(3) by inserting "(a)" after the section designation and adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(b) The Secretary may require that each property, other than a manufactured home, subject to a mortgage insured under this Act shall, with respect to health and safety, comply with one of the nationally recognized model building codes, or with a State or local building code based on one of the nationally recognized model building codes or their equivalent. The Secretary shall be responsible for determining the comparability of the State and local codes to such model codes and for selecting for compliance purposes an appropriate nationally recognized model building code where no such model code has been duly adopted or where the Secretary determines the adopted code is not comparable.".

(b) The section heading of section 526 of such Act is amended to read as follows: "MINIMUM PROPERTY STANDARDS".

TIME OF PAYMENT OF MORTGAGE INSURANCE PREMIUMS

12 USC 1735f-8. SEC. 406. Section 530 of the National Housing Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "promptly upon their receipt from the borrower" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: (1) in the case of loans or mortgages respecting one- to four-family residences, promptly upon their receipt from the borrower, and (2) in any other case, promptly when due to the Secretary";

(2) by inserting "or due date, as appropriate," after "such receipt"; and

(3) by inserting "or after the due date, as appropriate," before "and ending".

MORTGAGE INSURANCE FOR AMERICAN SAMOA

SEC. 407. (a) Section 9 of the National Housing Act is amended by inserting "American Samoa," after "the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands,". 12 USC 1706d.

(b) Section 201(d) of such Act is amended by inserting "American Samoa," after "the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands,". 12 USC 1707.

(c) Section 207(a)(7) of such Act is amended by inserting "American Samoa," after "the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands,". 12 USC 1713.

ASSIGNMENT OF SECTION 221(g)(4) MORTGAGES TO GOVERNMENT NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION

SEC. 408. Section 221(g)(4) of the National Housing Act is amended by inserting "(A)" after the paragraph designation and by adding the following new subparagraph at the end thereof: 12 USC 1715*l*.

"(B) In processing a claim for insurance benefits under this paragraph, the Secretary may direct the mortgagee to assign, transfer, and deliver the original credit instrument and the mortgage securing it directly to the Government National Mortgage Association in lieu of assigning, transferring, and delivering the credit instrument and the mortgage to the Secretary. Upon the assignment, transfer, and delivery of the credit instrument and the mortgage to the Association, the mortgage insurance contract shall terminate and the mortgagee shall receive insurance benefits as provided in subparagraph (A). The Association is authorized to accept such loan documents in its own name and to hold, service, and sell such loans as agent for the Secretary. The mortgagor's obligation to pay a service charge in lieu of a mortgage insurance premium shall continue as long as the mortgage is held by the Association or by the Secretary. The Secretary shall have the same authority with respect to mortgages assigned to the Secretary or the Association under this subparagraph as provided by section 223(c).". 12 USC 1715n.

Contract termination.

TERMINATION OF SECTION 221 BUY-BACK PROVISION

SEC. 409. The first sentence of section 221(g)(4)(A) of the National Housing Act, as redesignated by section 408 of this Act, is amended by inserting after "this section" the following: "pursuant to a commitment to insure entered into before the effective date of this clause". 12 USC 1715*l*.

Subpart 2—Single-Family Mortgage Insurance Programs

TITLE I INSURANCE FOR EXISTING MANUFACTURED HOMES

12 USC 1703.

SEC. 415. Section 2(a) of the National Housing Act is amended by inserting the following before the last undesignated paragraph thereof:

"The insurance authority provided under this section may be made available with respect to any existing manufactured home that has not been insured under this section if such home was constructed in accordance with the standards issued under the National Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974 and it meets standards similar to the minimum property standards applicable to existing homes insured under title II.".

42 USC 5401 note.
12 USC 1707.

INCREASED TITLE I LOAN LIMITS FOR MANUFACTURED HOMES AND LOTS

12 USC 1703.

SEC. 416. (a) Section 2(b)(1) of the National Housing Act is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (C), by striking out "$22,500" and all that follows through "modules)" and inserting in lieu thereof "$40,500";

(2) in subparagraph (D), by striking out "$35,000" and all that follows through "modules)" and inserting in lieu thereof "$54,000"; and

(3) in subparagraph (E), by striking out "such an amount as may be necessary, but not exceeding $12,500," and inserting in lieu thereof "$13,500".

(b) Section 2(b)(2) of such Act is amended by striking out the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "In other areas, the maximum dollar amounts specified in subsections (b)(1)(D) and (b)(1)(E) may be increased on an area-by-area basis to the extent the Secretary deems necessary, but not to exceed the percentage by which the maximum mortgage amount of a one-family residence in the area is increased by the Secretary under section 203(b)(2).".

Post, pp. 1216, 1217.

REFINANCING MANUFACTURED HOMES UNDER TITLE I

12 USC 1703.

SEC. 417. Section 2(b)(6) of the National Housing Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraph:

"(C) The owner-occupant of a manufactured home or a home and lot which was purchased without assistance under this section but which otherwise meets the requirements of this section may refinance such home or home and lot under this section if the home was constructed in accordance with standards established under section 604 of the National Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974.".

42 USC 5403.

COUNSELING FOR PERSONS ASSISTED UNDER TEMPORARY MORTGAGE ASSISTANCE PAYMENTS PROGRAM

12 USC 1715u.

SEC. 418. Section 230(d) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out ", to the extent practicable,".

COOPERATIVE HOUSING

12 USC 1709.

SEC. 419. Section 203(n) of the National Housing Act is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by inserting the following before the period at the end of the second sentence: "or the construction of which was completed more than a year prior to the application for the mortgage insurance"; and

(2) by striking out "nonprofit" in paragraph (2)(A).

MORTGAGE INSURANCE FOR CONDOMINIUM UNITS

SEC. 420. (a) The first sentence of section 234(c) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "(2)" and all that follows through the period at the end thereof and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "and (2) at least 80 percent of the units in the project covered by mortgages insured under this title are occupied by the mortgagors or comortgagors.". 12 USC 1715y.

(b) The third sentence of section 234(c) of such Act is amended by striking out "(A)" and all that follows through "$25,000" the second place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "(A) involve a principal obligation in an amount not to exceed the maximum principal obligation of a mortgage which may be insured in the area pursuant to section 203(b)(2)". *Post*, pp. 1216, 1217.

(c) Section 234 of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(k) With respect to a unit in any project which was converted from rental housing, no insurance may be provided under this section unless (1) the conversion occurred more than one year prior to the application for insurance, (2) the mortgagor or comortgagor was a tenant of that rental housing, or (3) the conversion of the property is sponsored by a bona fide tenants organization representing a majority of the households in the project.".

SINGLE-FAMILY MORTGAGE INSURANCE ON HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

SEC. 421. Title II of the National Housing Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"SINGLE-FAMILY MORTGAGE INSURANCE ON HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

"SEC. 247. (a) The Secretary, subject to such conditions as the Secretary may prescribe, may insure under any provision of this title that authorizes such insurance, a mortgage covering a property upon which there is located a one- to four-family residence, without regard to any limitation in this Act relating to marketability of title or any other limitation in this Act that the Secretary determines is contrary to promoting the availability of such insurance on Hawaiian home lands, if— 12 USC 1715z-12.

"(1) the mortgage is executed by a native Hawaiian on property located within Hawaiian home lands covered under a homestead lease issued under section 207(a) of the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920, or under the corresponding provision of the Constitution of the State of Hawaii adopted under section 4 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the admission of the State of Hawaii into the Union", approved March 18, 1959 (73 Stat. 5); 48 USC 701. 48 USC note prec. 491.

"(2) the property will be used as the principal residence of the Mortgagor; and

"(3) the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands of the State of Hawaii (A) is a comortgagor; (B) guarantees to reimburse the

Secretary for any mortgage insurance claim paid in connection with a property on Hawaiian home lands; or (C) offers other security acceptable to the Secretary.

"(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the Secretary may, with respect to mortgages eligible for insurance under subsection (a), insure and make commitments to insure advances made during construction if the Secretary determines that the proposed construction is otherwise acceptable and that no feasible financing alternative is available.

Definitions.

"(c) For purposes of this section:

"(1) The term 'native Hawaiian' means any descendant of not less than one-half part of the blood of the races inhabiting the Hawaiian Islands before January 1, 1778.

"(2) The term 'Hawaiian home lands' means all lands given the status of Hawaiian home lands under section 204 of the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920, or under the corresponding provision of the Constitution of the State of Hawaii adopted under section 4 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the admission of the State of Hawaii into the Union", approved March 18, 1959 (73 Stat. 5).".

48 USC 698.

48 USC note prec. 491.

SINGLE FAMILY MORTGAGE INSURANCE ON INDIAN RESERVATIONS

SEC. 422. Title II of the National Housing Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"SINGLE FAMILY MORTGAGE INSURANCE ON INDIAN RESERVATIONS

12 USC 1715z-13.

"SEC. 248. (a) The Secretary, subject to such special conditions as the Secretary may prescribe, may insure under any provision of this title that authorizes such insurance, a mortgage covering a property upon which there is located a one- to four-family residence, without regard to any limitation in this Act relating to marketability of title or any other limitation in this Act that the Secretary determines is contrary to promoting the availability of such insurance on Indian reservations if the mortgage (1) is executed by an Indian tribe and the property is located on trust or otherwise restricted lands; or (2) is executed by a member of an Indian tribe who will use the property as a principal residence and the property is on trust lands or otherwise restricted land.

"(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, with respect to mortgages covering a property upon which there is located a one- to four-family residence—

"(1) the Secretary may insure and make commitments to insure under this title pursuant to this section advances made during construction where the Secretary determines that the proposed construction is otherwise acceptable and meets an applicable tribal or national model building code, and that no feasible financing alternative is available;

"(2) the applicable percentage limitation on the amount of the principal obligation of a mortgage based on the appraised value or replacement cost, as appropriate, of a one- to four-family owner-occupied residence contained in this title shall apply in the case of all mortgages insured pursuant to this section without regard to whether the residences are owner-occupied where the residences are owned by the tribe; and

"(3)(A) the Secretary may require an Indian tribe, only as a condition of insurance made under this title pursuant to this section, to pledge income from tribal resources or income from tribal assets not subject to a restriction by the Secretary of the Interior or pledge grants under title I of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 or any other Federal grant program administered by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development to be used to reimburse the Secretary for any mortgage insurance claims paid in connection with residences insured pursuant to this section; or

Grants.

42 USC 5301.

"(B) in the case of an individual Indian mortgagor, the Secretary may require a pledge of his or her share of distributed income from tribal resources or income from tribal assets, excluding any Federal grants received by the tribe.

"(c) The Secretary may not refuse to insure a mortgage under this section to an individual home purchaser because there is no distributed tribal or trust fund income attributable to that purchaser.

"(d) Before making any commitment to insure a mortgage under this section with respect to property located on tribal or trust land, the Secretary shall require a showing by the tribe that it has adopted eviction procedures to be used in the event of a default.

Eviction procedures.

"(e) A mortgage insured under this section may be assumed, subject to credit approval by the lender and the consent of the tribe to an assumption of the existing lease or the grant of a new lease, without an adjustment of the interest rate. Any other sale of a property subject to a mortgage insured under this section may be made only if a new lease is granted, except that a sale following a foreclosure may be accompanied by an assumption of the lease with the consent of the tribe.

"(f)(1) The Secretary shall make information regarding the status and payment history of loans insured under this section available to local credit bureaus and prospective creditors. Prior to accepting assignment of a mortgage, the Secretary shall require mortgagees to submit documentation that mortgagors have been counseled in a face-to-face interview, informed of the provisions of this subsection or other available assistance, and provided with the names and addresses of officials of the Department of Housing and Urban Development to whom further communications shall be addressed.

Loan information, availability.
Mortgagee counseling.

"(2) Notwithstanding the requirement for conveyance of title under section 204, a mortgagee under this section shall be entitled to receive the benefit of insurance under this section in the case of a mortgage which is more than 90 days in default upon conveyance of the lease agreement and the mortgage documents.

12 USC 1710.

"(3) In the event that any default is cured, the Secretary shall seek to reinstate the loan with the mortgagee or another mortgagee. For purposes of this paragraph, the Secretary may provide appropriate financial incentives to reinstate the loan commensurate with sound management of the insurance fund.

"(4) If the Secretary determines that a mortgagor is not making a good-faith effort to cure a default, and that trust fund or tribal income is available under subsection (b)(3)(B), the Secretary shall commence proceedings for the garnishment of the mortgagor's distributed share of tribal or trust fund income in order to collect loan payments that are past due. Proceedings under this paragraph may be instituted in a tribal court, court of competent jurisdiction designated by the tribe, or Federal district court.

Garnishment.

Foreclosure proceedings.

"(5) If the Secretary determines such action is necessary to protect the insurance fund from undue loss, the Secretary may initiate foreclosure proceedings with respect to any mortgage acquired under this subsection. Such proceeding may take place in a tribal court, a court of competent jurisdiction, or Federal district court. Any such court shall have jurisdiction to convey to the Secretary the remaining life of a lease on the real property and to order eviction of the delinquent mortgagor.

Premium charge.

"(g) In the administration of this section, the Secretary shall establish a premium charge for insurance that will be sufficient to cover the full costs of the mortgage insurance program under this section, except that such charge may not exceed 3 percent per annum of the principal amount of the mortgage outstanding at any time. Not later than September 30, 1984, the Secretary shall determine and report to the Congress on the feasibility of eliminating any excess amount of the premium under this section over the premium under section 203. In the event such premiums are not sufficient to cover the full costs of the mortgage insurance program under this section, the Secretary shall make recommendations to the Congress about changes to the program.

Report to Congress.

12 USC 1709. Recommendations to Congress.

Definitions.

"(h) For purposes of this section:

"(1) The term 'Indian tribe' means any Indian or Alaska native tribe, band, nation, or other organized group or community of Indians or Alaska natives recognized as eligible for the services provided to Indians or Alaska natives by the Secretary of the Interior because of its status as such an entity, or that is an eligible recipient under chapter 67 of title 31, United States Code.

31 USC 6701 *et seq.*

"(2) The term 'trust or otherwise restricted land' means (A) that area of land, as defined by the Secretary of the Interior, over which an Indian tribe is recognized by the United States as having governmental jurisdiction; (B) land held in trust for the benefit of any Indian tribe or individual or held by any Indian tribe or individual subject to a restriction by the United States against alienation; or (C) land acquired by Alaska natives under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act or any other land acquired by Alaska natives pursuant to statute by virtue of their unique status as Alaska natives.".

43 USC 1601 note.

TREATMENT OF FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION SINGLE FAMILY PREMIUMS

12 USC 1709.

SEC. 423. (a) Section 203 of the National Housing Act is amended by inserting the following new subsection after subsection (c):

"(d) Notwithstanding any provision of this title governing maximum mortgage amounts for insuring a mortgage secured by a one- to four-family dwelling, the maximum amount of the mortgage determined under any such provision may be increased by the amount of the mortgage insurance premium paid at the time the mortgage is insured.".

(b)(1) The first sentence of section 203(b)(2) of such Act is amended by striking out the following: ": *Provided*, That the foregoing maximum mortgage amounts may be increased by the amount of the mortgage insurance premium paid at the time the mortgage is insured".

12 USC 1715e.

(2) Section 213(b)(2) of such Act is amended by striking out the following: ": *Provided further*, That the foregoing maximum mort-

gage amounts may be increased by the amount of the mortgage insurance premium paid at the time the mortgage is insured".

(3) Section 221(d)(2)(A) of such Act is amended by striking out the following: ": *Provided further*, That the foregoing maximum mortgage amounts may be increased by the amount of the mortgage insurance premium paid at the time the mortgage is insured". 12 USC 1715*l*.

(4) Clause (A) of the third sentence of section 234(c) of such Act is amended by striking out the following: ": *Provided*, That the foregoing maximum mortgage amounts may be increased by the amount of the mortgage insurance premium paid at the time the mortgage is insured". 12 USC 1715y.

(5) Section 235(i) of such Act is amended— 12 USC 1715z.

(A) by striking out in paragraph (3)(B) the following: ": *Provided*, That the foregoing maximum mortgage amounts may be increased by the amount of the mortgage insurance premium paid at the time the mortgage is insured";

(B) by striking out in paragraph (3)(C) the following: ": *Provided*, That the foregoing maximum mortgage amounts may be increased by the amount of the mortgage insurance premium paid at the time the mortgage is insured"; and

(C) by striking out in paragraph (3)(D) the following: ": *Provided*, That the foregoing maximum mortgage amounts may be increased by the amount of the mortgage insurance premium paid at the time the mortgage is insured".

(c) The amendments made by this section shall take effect only if the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development determines that the program of advance payment of insurance premiums, with specific regard to the effect of the provisions authorized by the amendments made by such sections, is actuarially sound. Effective date. 12 USC 1709 note.

CHANGE IN MAXIMUM LOAN-TO-VALUE RATIO FOR MODESTLY PRICED SINGLE FAMILY HOMES

SEC. 424. (a) Section 203(b)(2) of the National Housing Act is amended— 12 USC 1709.

(1) by striking out "(except as provided in the next to the last sentence of this paragraph)" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "(except as otherwise provided in this paragraph)"; and

(2) by inserting after the first sentence the following new sentence: "If the mortgage to be insured under this section covers property on which there is located a one- to four-family residence to be occupied as the principal residence of the owner, and the appraised value of the property, as of the date the mortgage is accepted for insurance, does not exceed $50,000, the principal obligation may be in an amount not to exceed 97 percent of such appraised value.".

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect only if the Secretary finds and reports to the Congress that such amendment, taking into account the higher loan-to-value ratio resulting from the advance payment of mortgage insurance premiums, will not adversely affect the actuarial soundness of the Federal Housing Administration mortgage insurance program. Effective date. Report to Congress. 12 USC 1709 note.

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NONOCCUPANT SINGLE FAMILY MORTGAGORS

12 USC 1709.

SEC. 425. Section 203(b)(8) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out all that follows "an amount equal to" through "subsection:" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "the lesser of (A) the otherwise applicable maximum dollar amount prescribed under paragraph (2), or (B) 85 percent of the appraised value of the property as of the date the mortgage is accepted for insurance:".

PAYMENT OF CLAIMS WITHOUT ACQUISITION OF TITLE

12 USC 1710.

SEC. 426. (a) Section 204(a) of the National Housing Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "Upon such conveyance and assignment" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "The Secretary is also authorized, in accordance with such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, to make the benefit of the insurance as hereinafter provided available to the mortgagee, notwithstanding any provision of this section requiring conveyance of title to the property to the Secretary, (1) upon sale of the insured property at foreclosure, where such sale is for at least the fair market value of the property (with appropriate adjustments), as determined by the Secretary, and (2) upon the assignment to the Secretary of all claims referred to in clause (2) of the preceding sentence. The payment of benefits under the preceding sentence may be made for any mortgage insured pursuant to a commitment to insure issued on or after the effective date of this sentence and, with the approval of the mortgagee, for any mortgage insured pursuant to a commitment issued before that date. Upon the conveyance and assignment referred to in the first sentence of this section or the sale and assignment referred to in the second sentence of this subsection,"; and

(2) by striking out "and any amount" and all that follows through the colon preceding the first proviso of the final sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "any amount received as rent or other income from the property, less reasonable expenses incurred in handling the property, after either of such dates, and, in the case of insurance benefits paid in accordance with the second sentence of this section, any amount received upon the foreclosure sale of the property:".

(b) Section 204(j) of such Act is amended by inserting after "under section 203" the following: "(other than a mortgagee receiving insurance benefits under the second sentence of subsection (a))"

STRUCTURAL DEFECTS IN VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION-APPROVED, FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION-INSURED NEW HOMES

12 USC 1735b.

SEC. 427. Section 518(a) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "approved for mortgage insurance prior to the beginning of construction which he finds" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "that, before the beginning of construction, was approved for mortgage insurance under this Act or for guaranty, insurance, or a direct loan under chapter 37 of title 38, United States Code, and that the Secretary finds".

38 USC 1801 *et seq.*

REINSURANCE DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM

SEC. 428. (a) Title II of the National Housing Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"REINSURANCE CONTRACTS

"SEC. 249. (a) The purpose of this section is to authorize a demonstration mortgage reinsurance program designed to test the feasibility of entering into reinsurance contracts with private mortgage insurers in order to reduce Government risk and administrative costs, and to speed mortgage processing. The Secretary shall limit the demonstration under this section to not more than two administrative regions of the Department of Housing and Urban Development, and shall assure that the program is in the financial interest of the Government and will not result in loss of employment by any employees of the Department of Housing and Urban Development before September 30, 1985. The aggregate number of mortgages insured under this section in any administrative region of the Department of Housing and Urban Development in any fiscal year may not exceed 10 percent of the aggregate number of mortgages and loans insured by the Secretary under this title in such region during the preceding fiscal year. 12 USC 1715z-14.

"(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act inconsistent with this section, the Secretary is authorized to provide mortgage insurance with respect to one- to four-family dwellings under sections 203(b), 234, and 245 through reinsurance contracts with private mortgage insurance companies which have been determined to be qualified insurers under section 302(b)(2)(C). Such contracts shall require private mortgage insurance companies to— 12 USC 1709, 1715y, 1715z-10. 12 USC 1717.

"(1) assume a percentage of loss on any mortgage insured pursuant to section 203(b), 234, or 245 covering a one- to four-family dwelling, which percentage of loss shall be set forth in the reinsurance contract; and

"(2) carry out (under appropriate delegation) such credit approval, appraisal, inspection, commitment, claims processing, property disposition, or other function as the Secretary pursuant to regulations, shall approve as consistent with the purposes of this section.

"(c) Any contract of reinsurance under this section shall contain such provisions relating to the sharing of premiums on a sound actuarial basis, establishment of insurance reserves, manner of calculating claims on such insurance, conditions with respect to foreclosure, handling and disposition of property prior to claim or settlement, right of assignees, and other similar matters as the Secretary may prescribe pursuant to regulations. Pursuant to a contract under this section, a private mortgage insurance company shall endorse loans for insurance and take such other actions on behalf of the Secretary and in the Secretary's name as the Secretary may authorize.

"(d) The Secretary shall require any private mortgage insurance company participating in the program under this section to provide reinsurance for those mortgages offered by the Secretary for inclusion in the program.".

(b) The Secretary of Housing and Urban Development shall evaluate the reinsurance program under section 249 of the National Housing Act and, not later than March 1, 1985, submit to the Report to Congress. 12 USC 1715z-14 note. *Supra.*

Congress a report setting forth the results of such evaluation. Such report shall include an evaluation of the possible effect of a reinsurance program on the characteristics of the pool of mortgages remaining wholly under the applicable insurance funds and the actuarial soundness of such funds under such conditions.

Subpart 3—Multifamily and Other Mortgage Insurance Programs

DISCRETIONARY AUTHORITY TO REGULATE RENTS OR CHARGES

12 USC 1713.

SEC. 431. (a) Section 207(b)(2) of the National Housing Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "any other mortgagor approved by the Secretary" and all that follows through "reasonable return on the investment." and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "any other mortgagor approved by the Secretary. The Secretary may, in the Secretary's discretion, require any such mortgagor to be regulated or restricted as to rents or sales, charges, capital structure, rate of return, and methods of operation so as to provide reasonable rentals to tenants and a reasonable return on the investment. Any such regulations or restrictions shall continue for such period or periods as the Secretary, in the Secretary's discretion, may require, including until the termination of all obligations of the Secretary under the insurance and during such further period of time as the Secretary shall be the owner, holder, or reinsurer of the mortgage.";

(2) by striking out "render effective the regulations or restrictions" and inserting in lieu thereof "render effective any such regulations or restrictions"; and

(3) by striking out "and directed" in the second sentence of the first undesignated paragraph.

12 USC 1715y.

(b) Section 234(d)(2) of such Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "shall be regulated or restricted by the Secretary" and inserting in lieu thereof "may, in the Secretary's discretion, be regulated or restricted"; and

(2) by striking out "the regulation and restriction" and inserting in lieu thereof "any such regulation or restriction".

12 USC 1713 note.

(c) The amendments made in this section shall not apply with respect to mortgages insured by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development before the date of the enactment of this Act.

REMOVAL OF REFINANCING LIMITATIONS ON CERTAIN MULTIFAMILY PROJECTS

12 USC 1715k.

SEC. 432. (a) Section 220(d)(3)(B)(ii) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "*Provided further,*" the first time it appears and all that follows through "property or project:".

12 USC 1715*l*.

(b) Section 221(d)(3)(iii) of such Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "*Provided*, That" and all that follows through "property or project:"; and

(2) by striking out "*further*" the first time it appears.

(c) Section 221(d)(4)(iv) of such Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "*Provided*, That" and all that follows through "property or project:"; and

(2) by striking out "*further*" the first time it appears.

LIMITATION ON PREPAYMENT OF MORTGAGES ON MULTIFAMILY RENTAL HOUSING

SEC. 433. Title II of the National Housing Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"LIMITATION ON PREPAYMENT OF MORTGAGES ON MULTIFAMILY RENTAL HOUSING

"SEC. 250. (a) During any period in which an owner of a multifamily rental housing project is required to obtain the approval of the Secretary for prepayment of the mortgage, the Secretary shall not accept an offer to prepay the mortgage on such project unless— 12 USC 1715z-15.

"(1) the Secretary has determined that such project is no longer meeting a need for rental housing for lower income families in the area or that the needs of lower income families in such project can more efficiently and effectively be met through other Federal housing assistance taking into account the remaining time the project could meet such needs;

"(2) the Secretary (A) has determined that the tenants have been notified of the owner's request for approval of a prepayment; (B) has provided the tenants with an opportunity to comment on the owner's request; and (C) has taken such comments into consideration; and

"(3) the Secretary has ensured that there is a plan for providing relocation assistance for adequate, comparable housing for any lower income tenant who will be displaced as a result of the prepayment and withdrawal of the project from the program.

"(b) In the case of a project assisted under section 236 or the proviso to section 221(d)(5) of this title, section 101 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1965, or section 202 of the Housing Act of 1959 where the owner has the right to prepay the mortgage covering the assisted project without the Secretary's approval, the Secretary shall give a priority for additional assistance under section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 and section 201 of the Housing and Community Development Amendments of 1978 to tenants and applicants to become tenants of the project, if— 12 USC 1715z-1. 12 USC 1715*l*. 12 USC 1701s, 42 USC 1451. 12 USC 1701q. 42 USC 1437f. 12 USC 1715z-1 and note, 1715z-1a.

"(1) funds to provide such additional assistance are available; and

"(2) the Secretary determines that making such additional assistance available to the project is necessary to prevent the owner from prepaying the mortgage.

"(c) Any owner of a multifamily rental housing project referred to in subsection (b) who receives additional assistance under section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 under the priority established in subsection (b) shall— 42 USC 1437f.

"(1) fully utilize the assistance which is available;

"(2) grant a priority to applicants to become tenants who have the lowest incomes; and

"(3) maintain the low-income character of the project for a period at least equal to the remaining term of the project mortgage to the extent that assistance is provided.

"(d) For purposes of this section, the term 'lower income families' has the meaning given such term in section 3(b)(2) of the United States Housing Act of 1937.". 42 USC 1437a.

ASSUMPTION OF LOSS UNDER MULTIFAMILY CO-INSURANCE

12 USC 1715z-9.

SEC. 434. Section 244(g) of the National Housing Act is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking out "the mortgagee is a public housing agency or an insured depository institution and"; and

(2) by striking out paragraph (5) and inserting in lieu thereof the following new paragraph:

"(5) As used in this subsection, the term 'public housing agency' has the meaning given such term in section 3(b)(6) of the United States Housing Act of 1937.".

42 USC 1437a.

MORTGAGE INSURANCE FOR MANUFACTURED HOME PARKS FOR THE ELDERLY

12 USC 1713.

SEC. 435. The first sentence of the second undesignated paragraph of section 207(b) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "no mortgage shall be insured hereunder" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "the Secretary may not insure any mortgage under this section (except a mortgage with respect to a manufactured home park designed exclusively for occupancy by elderly persons)".

MORTGAGE INSURANCE FOR PUBLIC HOSPITALS

12 USC 1715z-7.

SEC. 436. Section 242 of the National Housing Act is amended—

(1) by inserting "public facility," in subsection (b)(1)(C) after "which is a"; and

(2) by inserting the following before the period at the end of subsection (f): ", and, in the case of public hospitals, to encourage programs that are undertaken to provide essential health care services to all residents of a community regardless of ability to pay".

MORTGAGE INSURANCE FOR BOARD AND CARE HOMES

12 USC 1715w.

SEC. 437. (a) Section 232(a)(2) of the National Housing Act is amended by inserting "and board and care homes" after "intermediate care facilities".

(b) Section 232(b) of such Act is amended—

(1) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (3) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and

(2) by adding the following new paragraph at the end thereof:

"(4) the term 'board and care home' means any residential facility providing room, board, and continuous protective oversight that is regulated by a State pursuant to the provisions of section 1616(e) of the Social Security Act, so long as the home is located in a State that, at the time of an application is made for insurance under this section, has demonstrated to the Secretary that it is in compliance with the provisions of such section 1616(e).".

42 USC 1382e.

(c)(1) Section 232(d) of such Act is amended by inserting "or a board and care home" after "intermediate care facility" the second place it appears.

(2) Section 232(d)(4) of such Act is amended—

(A) by striking out "The" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "(A) With respect to nursing homes and intermediate care facilities and combined nursing home and intermediate care facilities, the";

(B) by striking out "(A)" and "(B)" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "(i)" and "(ii)", respectively; and

(C) by adding the following new subparagraph at the end thereof:

"(B) With respect to board and care homes, the Secretary shall not insure any mortgage under this section unless he has received from the appropriate State licensing agency a statement verifying that the State in which the home is or is to be located is in compliance with the provisions of section 1616(e) of the Social Security Act.". 42 USC 1382e.

(d) Section 232(g) of such Act is amended by striking out "Health, Education, and Welfare" and inserting in lieu thereof "Health and Human Services". 12 USC 1715w.

(e) Section 232(h) of such Act is amended by striking out "Health, Education, and Welfare" and inserting in lieu thereof "Health and Human Services".

(f)(1) Section 232(i)(1) of such Act is amended—

(A) by inserting "or to board and care homes" after "intermediate care facilities";

(B) by inserting the following after "Association": "(or any subsequent edition specified by the Secretary of Health and Human Services)";

(C) by striking out "Health, Education, and Welfare" and inserting in lieu thereof "Health and Human Services"; and

(D) by inserting the following before the period at the end thereof: "or as mandated by a State under the provisions of section 1616(e) of such Act". 42 USC 1382e.

(2) Section 232(i)(2) of such Act is amended—

(A) by striking out "and" at the end of subparagraph (D);

(B) by striking out the period at the end of subparagraph (E) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and

(C) by adding the following new subparagraph at the end thereof:

"(F) in the case of board and care homes, be made with respect to such a home located in a State with respect to which the Secretary has received from the appropriate State licensing agency a statement verifying that the State in which the home is or is to be located is in compliance with the provisions of section 1616(e) of the Social Security Act.".

(g) The section heading of section 232 of the National Housing Act is amended to read as follows: "Mortgage Insurance for Nursing Homes, Intermediate Care Facilities, and Board and Care Homes".

Subpart 4—Insurance of Alternative Mortgage Instruments

INDEXED MORTGAGES

SEC. 441. (a) Section 245(a) of the National Housing Act is amended— 12 USC 1715z-10.

(1) in the first sentence, by inserting after "income" the following: "or with monthly payments and outstanding balances adjusted by a percentage change in a selected price index"; and

(2) in the second sentence, by striking out "subsection (b)" and inserting in lieu thereof "subsections (b) and (c)".

(b) Section 245 of such Act is amended by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d) and by inserting the following new subsection after subsection (b):

"(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a), the Secretary may insure under any provision of this title a mortgage or loan that meets the requirements of the first sentence of subsection (a) and that has provisions permitting adjustment of monthly payments and outstanding principal according to changes or percentages of changes in a selected price index if the Secretary determines—

"(1) the principal obligation of the mortgage or loan initially does not exceed the percentage of the initial appraised value of the property specified in section 203(b) as of the date the mortgage or loan is accepted for insurance; and

12 USC 1709.

"(2) the monthly payments and principal obligation of the mortgage or loan thereafter will not at any time be increased at a rate greater than the percentage change in the price index stipulated in the initial mortgage or loan contract.

In carrying out this subsection, the Secretary shall give a priority to mortgages executed by mortgagors who, as determined by the Secretary, have not owned dwelling units within the preceding 3 years. The Secretary shall, not later than March 31, 1984, prescribe regulations establishing guidelines governing mortgages and loans described in this subsection and shall, to the extent practicable, conduct a demonstration program to insure mortgages and loans in accordance with this subsection during fiscal years 1984 and 1985. The aggregate number of mortgages and loans insured under this subsection, section 251, and section 252 in any fiscal year may not exceed 10 percent of the aggregate number of mortgages and loans insured by the Secretary under this title during the preceding fiscal year.".

Regulations.

Post, p. 1225.

(c) The section heading of section 245 of such Act is amended to read as follows: "GRADUATED PAYMENT AND INDEXED MORTGAGES".

12 USC 1715z-10.

GRADUATED PAYMENT MORTGAGES FOR MULTIFAMILY HOUSING

SEC. 442. Section 245 of the National Housing Act, as amended in section 441, is amended by—

(1) redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (e); and

(2) inserting after subsection (c) the following new subsection:

"(d)(1) The Secretary may insure, under any provision of this title relating to multifamily housing projects, mortgages and loans with provisions of varying rates of amortization corresponding to anticipated variations in project income, to the extent the Secretary determines such mortgages or loans (A) have promise for expanding housing opportunities or meet special needs; (B) can be developed to include any safeguards for mortgagors, tenants, or purchasers that may be necessary to offset special risks of such mortgages; and (C) have a potential for acceptance in the private market.

"(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, the principal obligation of a mortgage or loan insured pursuant to this subsection—

"(A) may not exceed initially the percentage of the initial appraised value or replacement cost of the property involved that is required by the provision of this title under which such property is insured; and

"(B) thereafter (including all interest to be deferred and added to principal) may not at any time be scheduled to exceed 100 percent of the projected value of such property.

"(3) For purposes of this subsection, the projected value of a property shall be calculated by the Secretary by increasing the

initial appraised value of such property at a rate not in excess of 2.5 percent per annum.".

ADJUSTABLE RATE MORTGAGES FOR SINGLE FAMILY HOUSING

SEC. 443. Title II of the National Housing Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"ADJUSTABLE RATE SINGLE FAMILY MORTGAGES

"SEC. 251. (a) The Secretary may insure under any provision of this title a mortgage involving property upon which there is located a dwelling designed principally for occupancy by one to four families, where the mortgage provides for periodic adjustments by the mortgagee in the effective rate of interest charged. Such interest rate adjustments may be accomplished through adjustments in the monthly payment amount, the outstanding principal balance, or the mortgage term, or a combination of these factors, except that in no case may any extension of a mortgage term result in a total term in excess of 40 years. Adjustments in the effective rate of interest shall correspond to a specified national interest rate index approved in regulations by the Secretary, information on which is readily accessible to mortgagors from generally available published sources. Adjustments in the effective rate of interest shall (1) be made on an annual basis; (2) be limited, with respect to any single interest rate increase, to no more than 1 percent on the outstanding loan balance; and (3) be limited to a maximum increase of 5 percentage points above the initial contract interest rate over the term of the mortgage.

12 USC 1715z-16.

Information accessibility.

"(b) The Secretary shall issue regulations requiring that the mortgagee make available to the mortgagor, at the time of loan application, a written explanation of the features of the adjustable rate mortgage, including a hypothetical payment schedule that displays the maximum potential increases in monthly payments to the mortgagor over the first 5 years of the mortgage term.

Regulations.

"(c) The aggregate number of mortgages and loans insured under this section, section 245(c), and section 252 in any fiscal year may not exceed 10 percent of the aggregate number of mortgages and loans insured by the Secretary under this title during the preceding fiscal year.".

Ante, p. 1223.
Infra.

SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES FOR SINGLE FAMILY HOUSING

SEC. 444. Title II of the National Housing Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES FOR SINGLE FAMILY HOUSING

"SEC. 252. (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this title that is inconsistent with this section, the Secretary may insure, under any provision of this title providing for insurance of mortgages on properties upon which there is located a dwelling designed principally for occupancy by one to four families, a mortgage secured by a first lien on such a property or on the stock allocated to a dwelling unit in a residential cooperative housing corporation, which—

12 USC 1715z-17.

"(1) provides for the mortgagee to share in a predetermined percentage of the property's or stock's net appreciated value;

"(2) bears interest at a rate which meets criteria prescribed by the Secretary;

"(3) provides for amortization over a period of not to exceed 30 years, but the actual term of the mortgage (excluding any refinancing) may be not less than 10 nor more than 30 years, and contains such provisions relating to refinancing of the principal balance of the mortgage and any contingent deferred interest as the Secretary may provide; and

"(4) meets such other conditions as the Secretary may require by regulation.

"(b) The mortgagee's share of a property's or stock's net appreciated value shall be payable upon sale or transfer (as defined by the Secretary) of the property or stock or payment in full of the mortgage, whichever occurs first. For purposes of this section, the term 'net appreciated value' means the amount by which the sales price of the property or stock (less the mortgagor's selling costs) exceeds the value of the property or stock at the time the commitment to insure is issued (with adjustments for capital improvements stipulated in the loan contract). If there has been no sale or transfer at the time the mortgagee's share of net appreciated value becomes payable, the sales price for purposes of this section shall be determined by means of an appraisal conducted in accordance with procedures approved by the Secretary and provided for in the mortgage.

"Net appreciated value."

"(c) In the event of a default, the mortgagee shall be entitled to receive the benefits of insurance in accordance with section 204(a), but such insurance benefits shall not include the mortgagee's share of net appreciated value. The term 'original principal obligation of the mortgage' as used in section 204 shall not include the mortgagee's share of net appreciated value.

Ante, p. 1218.

"(d) Mortgages insured pursuant to this section which contain provisions for sharing appreciation or which otherwise require or permit increases in the outstanding loan balance which are authorized under this section or under applicable regulations shall not be subject to any State constitution, statute, court decree, common law, rule, or public policy limiting or prohibiting increases in the outstanding loan balance after execution of the mortgage.

"(e) In carrying out the provisions of this section, the Secretary shall encourage the use of insurance under this section by low and moderate income tenants who would otherwise be displaced by the conversion of their rental housing to condominium or cooperative ownership.

Consumer protections and disclosure requirements.

"(f) The Secretary shall prescribe adequate consumer protections and disclosure requirements with respect to mortgages insured under this section, and may prescribe such other terms and conditions as may be appropriate to carry out the provisions of this section.

Ante, pp. 1223, 1225.

"(g) The aggregate number of mortgages and loans insured under this section, section 245(c), and section 251 in any fiscal year may not exceed 10 percent of the aggregate number of mortgages and loans insured by the Secretary under this title during the preceding fiscal year.".

SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES FOR MULTIFAMILY HOUSING

SEC. 445. Title II of the National Housing Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES FOR MULTIFAMILY HOUSING

"SEC. 253. (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this title that is inconsistent with this section, the Secretary may insure, under any provision of this title providing for insurance of mortgages on properties including 5 or more family units, a mortgage secured by a first lien on the property that (1) provides for the mortgagee to share in a predetermined percentage of the property's net appreciated value; and (2) meets such other conditions, including limitations on the rate of interest which may be charged, as the Secretary may require by regulation. 12 USC 1715z-18.

"(b) The mortgagee's share of a property's net appreciated value shall be payable upon maturity or upon payment in full of the loan or sale or transfer (as defined by the Secretary) of the property, whichever occurs first. The term of the mortgage shall not be less than 15 years, and shall be repayable in equal monthly installments of principal and fixed interest during the mortgage term in an amount which would be sufficient to retire a debt with the same principal and fixed interest rate over a period not exceeding 30 years. In the case of a mortgage which will not be completely amortized during the mortgage term, the principal obligation of the mortgage may not exceed 85 percent of the estimated value of the property or project. For purposes of this section, the term 'net appreciated value' means the amount by which the sales price of the property (less the mortgagor's selling costs) exceeds the value (or replacement cost, as appropriate) of the property at the time the commitment to insure is issued (with adjustments for capital improvements stipulated in the loan contract). If there has been no sale or transfer at the time the mortgagee's share of net appreciated value becomes payable, the sales price for purposes of this section shall be determined by means of an appraisal conducted in accordance with procedures approved by the Secretary and provided for in the mortgage. "Net appreciated value."

"(c) In the event of a default, the mortgagee shall be entitled to receive the benefits of insurance in accordance with section 204, but such insurance benefits shall not include the mortgagee's share of net appreciated value. The term 'original principal obligation of the mortgage' as used in section 204(a) shall not include the mortgagee's share of net appreciated value. 12 USC 1710.

"(d) The Secretary shall establish by regulation the maximum percentage of net appreciated value which may be payable to a mortgagee as the mortgagee's share. The Secretary shall also establish disclosure requirements applicable to mortgagees making mortgage loans pursuant to this section, to assure that mortgagors are informed of the characteristics of such mortgages. Regulations. Disclosure requirements.

"(e) Mortgages insured pursuant to this section which contain provisions for sharing appreciation or which otherwise require or permit increases in the outstanding loan balance which are authorized under this section or under applicable regulations shall not be subject to any State constitution, statute, court decree, common law, rule, or public policy limiting or prohibiting increases in the outstanding loan balance after execution of the mortgage.

"(f) The number of dwelling units included in properties covered by mortgages insured pursuant to this section in any fiscal year may not exceed 5,000.". Dwelling units, limitation.

INSURANCE OF MORTGAGES NOT PROVIDING FOR COMPLETE AMORTIZATION

12 USC 1713.

SEC. 446. (a) The first sentence of the first undesignated paragraph of section 207(c)(3) of the National Housing Act is amended by inserting immediately after "periodic payments" the following: "(unless otherwise approved by the Secretary)".

12 USC 1715k.

(c) Section 220(d)(4) of such Act is amended by inserting after "periodic payments" the following: "(unless otherwise approved by the Secretary)".

12 USC 1715*l*.

(d) Section 221(d)(6) of such Act is amended by inserting after "periodic payments" the following: "(unless otherwise approved by the Secretary)".

12 USC 1715v.

(e) Section 231(c)(5) of such Act is amended by inserting after "periodic payments" the following: "(unless otherwise approved by the Secretary)".

12 USC 1713 note.

(f) The aggregate number of dwelling units included in properties covered by mortgages insured pursuant to the authority granted in the amendments made by this section in any fiscal year may not exceed 10,000.

PREMIUM CHARGES FOR INSURANCE OF ALTERNATIVE MORTGAGE INSTRUMENTS

12 USC 1709.
Ante, pp. 1223, 1213, 1225, 1227.

SEC. 447. The first proviso in section 203(c) of the National Housing Act is amended by inserting after "fixed for insurance" the following: "(1) under section 245, 247, 251, 252, or 253, or any other financing mechanism providing alternative methods for repayment of a mortgage that is determined by the Secretary to involve additional risk, or (2)".

REPORT ON HOME EQUITY CONVERSION MORTGAGES FOR THE ELDERLY

Report to Congress.
12 USC 1709 note.

SEC. 448. The Secretary of Housing and Urban Development shall evaluate the existing use of home equity conversion mortgages for the elderly and, not later than the expiration of the 1-year period following the date of the enactment of this Act, submit to the Congress a report setting forth the results of such evaluation. Such report shall include—

(1) an evaluation of whether the use of such mortgages improves the financial situation, or otherwise meets the special needs, of elderly homeowners;

(2) an evaluation of any risks incurred by mortgagors as a result of the use of such mortgages, and any recommendations of the Secretary for appropriate safeguards to be included in such mortgages to minimize such risks;

(3) an evaluation of the potential for acceptance of such mortgages in the private market; and

(4) any recommendations of the Secretary for the establishment of a Federal program of insuring such mortgages.

PART B—FLOOD AND PROPERTY INSURANCE PROGRAMS

FLOOD INSURANCE

SEC. 451. (a) Section 1319 of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 is amended by striking out "November 30, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1985". *Ante*, p. 746.

(b) Section 1336(a) of such Act is amended by striking out "November 30, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1985". *Ante*, p. 746.

(c) Section 1376(c) of such Act is amended— 42 USC 4127.

(1) by striking out "and" after "1981,"; and

(2) by inserting the following before the period at the end thereof ", not to exceed $49,752,000 for the fiscal year 1984, and such sums as may be necessary for fiscal year 1985".

(d)(1) The National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 is amended by striking out "Secretary" and "Secretary's" each place they appear therein (other than as a reference to a Secretary other than the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development) and inserting in lieu thereof "Director" and "Director's", respectively. 42 USC 4001 note.

(2) Section 1304(a) of such Act is amended by striking out "Secretary of Housing and Urban Development" and inserting in lieu thereof "Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency". 42 USC 4011.

(3) Section 1333 of such Act is amended by inserting "original exclusive" before "jurisdiction". 42 USC 4053.

(4) Section 1340(a)(2) of such Act is amended by striking out "officers and employees of the Department of Housing and Urban Development, and". 42 USC 4071.

(5) Section 1341 of such Act is amended by inserting "original exclusive" before "jurisdiction". 42 USC 4072.

(6) Section 1360(a)(2) of such Act is amended by striking out "within fifteen years following such date" and inserting in lieu thereof "by September 30, 1985". 42 USC 4101.

(7) Section 1360 of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(d) The Director shall, not later than September 30, 1984, submit to the Congress a plan for bringing all communities containing flood-risk zones into full program status by September 30, 1987.". Plan, submittal to Congress.

(8) Section 1370(a)(6) of such Act is amended to read as follows: 42 USC 4121.

"(6) the term 'Director' means the Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency.".

(e)(1) The Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973 is amended by striking out "Secretary" and "Secretary's" each place they appear therein (other than as a reference to a Secretary other than the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development) and inserting in lieu thereof "Director" and "Director's", respectively. 42 USC 4003, 4012a, 4105–4107, 4128.

(2) Section 3(a)(6) of such Act is amended to read as follows: 42 USC 4003.

"(6) 'Director' means the Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency.".

(f) Section 15(e) of the Federal Flood Insurance Act of 1956 is amended by striking out "Secretary" the first and third places it appears therein and inserting in lieu thereof "Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency". 42 USC 2414.

(g)(1) The premium rates charged for flood insurance under any program established pursuant to the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 may not be increased during the period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act and ending on September 30, 1984. 42 USC 4015 note. 42 USC 4001 note.

Report to Congress.

42 USC 4001 note.

(2) The Federal Insurance Administrator shall, not later than June 30, 1984, submit to the Congress a report with respect to the premium rate structure for flood insurance made available pursuant to the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968. Such report shall include an explanation of any increases in such premiums that the Administrator anticipates will be made before October 1, 1985.

CRIME AND RIOT INSURANCE

Ante, p. 746.

SEC. 452. (a)(1) Section 1201(b)(1) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "this title shall terminate on November 30, 1983," and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "part B shall terminate on November 30, 1983, and parts A, C, and D shall terminate on September 30, 1984,".

(2) Section 1201(b) of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(3) The Administrator shall notify participating insurers under part B that the reinsurance authority of the Administrator under such part shall terminate on November 30, 1983.".

12 USC 1749bbb *et seq.*

(b)(1) Title XII of such Act is amended by striking out "Secretary" and "Secretary's" each place they appear therein (other than as a reference to a Secretary other than the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development) and inserting in lieu thereof "Director" and "Director's", respectively.

12 USC 1749bbb-2.

(2) Section 1203(a) of such Act is amended—

(A) by striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (15);

(B) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (16) and inserting "; and" in lieu thereof; and

(C) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(17) 'Director' means the Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency.".

12 USC 1749bbb-10b.

(3) Section 1232(2) of such Act is amended by striking out "officers and employees of the Department of Housing and Urban Development, and".

12 USC 1749bbb-17.

(4) Section 1247 of such Act is amended by inserting "of the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development" after "regulations)".

STUDY OF SINKHOLE INSURANCE

42 USC 4122 note.

SEC. 453. The Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency may make a grant to a nonprofit organization, educational institution or affiliated agency or entity, or State or local agency to finance a study of the feasibility of expanding the national flood insurance program to cover damage or loss arising from sinkholes. There is authorized to be appropriated not to exceed $1,000,000 to carry out the provisions of this section.

PART C—REGULATORY AND OTHER PROGRAMS

REAL ESTATE SETTLEMENT PROCEDURES

12 USC 2602.

SEC. 461. (a) Section 3 of the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act of 1974 is amended—

(1) by striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (5);

(2) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (6) and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon; and

(3) by adding the following new paragraphs at the end thereof:

"(7) the term 'controlled business arrangement' means an arrangement in which (A) a person who is in a position to refer business incident to or a part of a real estate settlement service involving a federally related mortgage loan, or an associate of such person, has either an affiliate relationship with or a direct or beneficial ownership interest of more than 1 percent in a provider of settlement services; and (B) either of such persons directly or indirectly refers such business to that provider or affirmatively influences the selection of that provider; and "Controlled business arrangement."

"(8) the term 'associate' means one who has one or more of the following relationships with a person in a position to refer settlement business: (A) a spouse, parent, or child of such person; (B) a corporation or business entity that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with such person; (C) an employer, officer, director, partner, franchisor, or franchisee of such person; or (D) anyone who has an agreement, arrangement, or understanding, with such person, the purpose or substantial effect of which is to enable the person in a position to refer settlement business to benefit financially from the referrals of such business.". "Associate."

(b) Section 8(c) of such Act is amended— 12 USC 2607.

(1) by striking out "or" before "(3)";

(2) by redesignating clause (4) as clause (5);

(3) by inserting the following after "brokers," at the end of clause (3): "(4) controlled business arrangements so long as (A) at or prior to the time of the referral a disclosure is made of the existence of such an arrangement to the person being referred and, in connection with the referral, such person is provided a written estimate of the charge or range of charges generally made by the provider to which the person is referred, except that where a lender makes the referral, this requirement may be satisfied as part of and at the time that the estimates of settlement charges required under section 5(c) are provided, (B) such person is not required to use any particular provider of settlement services, and (C) the only thing of value that is received from the arrangement, other than the payments permitted under this subsection, is a return on the ownership interest or franchise relationship,"; and 12 USC 2604.

(4) by inserting the following new sentence at the end thereof: "For purposes of the preceding sentence, the following shall not be considered a violation of clause 4(B): (i) any arrangement that requires a buyer, borrower, or seller to pay for the services of an attorney, credit reporting agency, or real estate appraiser chosen by the lender to represent the lender's interest in a real estate transaction, or (ii) any arrangement where an attorney or law firm represents a client in a real estate transaction and issues or arranges for the issuance of a policy of title insurance in the transaction directly as agent or through a separate corporate title insurance agency that may be established by that attorney or law firm and operated as an adjunct to his or its law practice.".

(c) Section 8(d) of such Act is amended by striking out paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(2) Any person or persons who violate the prohibitions or limitations of this section shall be jointly and severally liable to the person or persons charged for the settlement service involved in the viola- Violations.

tion in an amount equal to three times the amount of any charge paid for such settlement service.

"(3) No person or persons shall be liable for a violation of the provisions of section 8(c)(4)(A) if such person or persons proves by a preponderance of the evidence that such violation was not intentional and resulted from a bona fide error notwithstanding maintenance of procedures that are reasonably adapted to avoid such error.

Ante, p. 1231.

"(4) The Secretary, the Attorney General of any State, or the insurance commissioner of any State may bring an action to enjoin violations of this section.

Court costs and attorney fees.

"(5) In any private action brought pursuant to this subsection, the court may award to the prevailing party the court costs of the action together with reasonable attorneys fees.

"(6) No provision of State law or regulation that imposes more stringent limitations on controlled business arrangements shall be construed as being inconsistent with this section.".

12 USC 2614.

(d) Section 16 of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"JURISDICTION OF COURTS

12 USC 2607, 2608.

"SEC. 16. Any action pursuant to the provisions of section 8 or 9 may be brought in the United States district court or in any other court of competent jurisdiction, for the district in which the property involved is located, or where the violation is alleged to have occurred, within one year from the date of the occurrence of the violation, except that actions brought by the Secretary, the Attorney General of any State, or the insurance commissioner of any State may be brought within 3 years from the date of the occurrence of the violation.".

12 USC 2617.

(e) Section 19 of such Act is amended by adding the following new subsection at the end thereof:

Investigations.

"(c)(1) The Secretary may investigate any facts, conditions, practices, or matters that may be deemed necessary or proper to aid in the enforcement of the provisions of this Act, in prescribing of rules and regulations thereunder, or in securing information to serve as a basis for recommending further legislation concerning real estate settlement practices. To aid in the investigations, the Secretary is authorized to hold such hearings, administer such oaths, and require by subpena the attendance and testimony of such witnesses and production of such documents as the Secretary deems advisable.

"(2) Any district court of the United States within the jurisdiction of which an inquiry is carried on may, in the case of contumacy or refusal to obey a subpena of the Secretary issued under this section, issue an order requiring compliance therewith; and any failure to obey such order of the court may be punished by such court as a contempt thereof.".

Effective date. 12 USC 2602 note.

(f) The amendments made by this section shall become effective on January 1, 1984.

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF BUILDING SCIENCES

Appropriation authorization. 12 USC 1701j-2.

SEC. 462. Section 809(h) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentences: "In addition to the amounts authorized to be appropriated under the first sentence of this section, there is authorized to be appropriated to the Institute to carry out the

provisions of this section not to exceed $250,000 for fiscal year 1984. Any amount appropriated under the preceeding sentence shall be made available for expenditure or obligation by the Institute only to the extent of an equal amount received by the Institute after the effective date of this sentence from persons or entities other than the Federal Government.".

SOLAR ENERGY AND ENERGY CONSERVATION BANK

SEC. 463. (a)(1) Section 504(6) of the Solar Energy and Energy Conservation Bank Act is amended— 12 USC 3602.

(A) by inserting after subparagraph (G) the following new subparagraphs:

"(H) air-conditioning systems having better than average energy efficiency ratings;

"(I) any residential energy audit;";

(B) by redesignating subparagraphs (H) and (I) as subparagraphs (J) and (K), respectively; and

(C) in subparagraph (K), as so redesignated in this paragraph—

(i) by striking out "any residential energy audit,"; and

(ii) by striking out "(H)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(J)".

(2) Section 504(7) of the Solar Energy and Energy Conservation Bank Act is amended—

(A) by inserting after subparagraph (I) the following new subparagraphs:

"(J) air-conditioning systems having better than average energy efficiency ratings;

"(K) any commercial energy audit;";

(B) by redesignating subparagraphs (J) and (K) as subparagraphs (L) and (M), respectively; and

(C) in subparagraph (M), as so redesignated in this paragraph—

(i) by striking out ", and any commercial energy audit,"; and

(ii) by striking out "(J)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(L)".

(b) Section 508(f) of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Each such advisory committee shall meet at the call of its chairperson or a majority of its members, and shall meet not less than twice during each year.". 12 USC 3606.

(c)(1) Section 511(a) of such Act is amended— 12 USC 3609.

(A) by striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (3);

(B) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (4) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and

(C) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(5) in the case of a residential building with 2 to 4 dwelling units and an owner or tenant whose income exceeds 150 percent of the median area income, or in the case of a residential building that is available for rent and is owned by a person whose income exceeds 150 percent of the median area income—

"(A) an amount equal to 20 percent of the cost of the residential energy conservation improvements; or

"(B) the sum of $400 times the number of dwelling units in such building in the case of an owner, or $400 in the case of a tenant,

whichever is less.".

12 USC 3609.

(2) Section 511 of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(d) The Board may not limit the amount of financial assistance that may be provided under this subtitle for the purchase or installation of residential or commercial energy conserving improvements on the basis of the projected amount of energy conserved as a result of such improvements.".

Installation warranties.
12 USC 3612.

(c)(1) Section 514(a)(2) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"(2)(A) the contractor who installs residential or commercial energy conserving improvements in a building shall, in connection with such improvements, warrant in writing that the owner or tenant receiving the proceeds of such loan shall (for those improvements found within 1 year of installation to be defective due to materials manufacture, design, or installation) at a minimum be entitled to obtain within a reasonable period of time and at no charge appropriate replacement parts, materials, or installation; and

"(B) in the case of energy conserving improvements installed by an owner or tenant without the assistance of a contractor, such owner or tenant shall certify to the financial institution that he or she has obtained warranties as appropriate from the supplier for the energy conserving measures;".

(2) Section 514(b)(4) of such Act is amended by inserting before the semicolon at the end thereof the following: "unless such residential energy conserving improvements are installed in a building which is either located in an area which is not served by a public utility described in section 211(a) of such Act or which is located in an area served by such a public utility but in which no list has been made public by the public utility under section 215(a)(3) of such Act or by the Secretary of Energy".

42 USC 8811.

42 USC 8815.

(3) Section 514(b)(5) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"(5)(A) the contractor who installs residential or commercial energy conserving improvements in a building shall, in connection with such improvements, warrant in writing that the owner or tenant receiving the proceeds of such loan shall (for those improvements found within 1 year of installation to be defective due to materials manufacture, design, or installation) at a minimum be entitled to obtain within a reasonable period of time and at no charge appropriate replacement parts, materials, or installation; and

"(B) in the case of energy conserving improvements installed by an owner or tenant without the assistance of a contractor, such owner or tenant shall certify to the financial institution that he or she has obtained warranties as appropriate from the supplier for the energy conserving measures;".

12 USC 3618.

(e) Section 520 of such Act is amended—

(1) by inserting "(a)" after the section designation; and

Regulations.

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(b) Not later than 90 days after the effective date of this subsection, the Board shall issue regulations that—

"(1) permit the provision of financial assistance under this subtitle for the purchase and installation of solar energy systems of the active type, and the purchase and installation of passive and active type solar space heating and water heating in new and existing residential buildings and multifamily residential buildings;

"(2) do not prohibit the use of tax-exempt financing in connection with any purchase or installation of residential or commercial energy conserving improvements or solar energy systems assisted under this subtitle;

"(3) provide that a residential energy audit shall not be required as a condition of the receipt of financial assistance by an owner or tenant of a residential building under this subtitle, except that such regulations may require such audit with respect to any such building located in an area in which an audit is available under the provisions of title II or VII of the National Energy Conservation Policy Act; Residential energy audit. 42 USC 8211, 8281.

"(4)(A) establish a maximum limitation on the percentage or amount of any financial assistance provided under this subtitle that may be used for administrative expenses, which limitation shall be 12 percent (or such higher percentage as the Secretary may determine to be appropriate), or $20,000, whichever amount is greater; and

"(B) provide that not more than one-half of any such amount may be used by any State for its administrative expenses, except that if any State is the sole administrative entity in such State with respect to financial assistance under this subtitle such State may use all of such amount for such expenses;

"(5) establish criteria for the allocation of financial assistance under this subtitle among eligible financial institutions; and

"(6) provide that any amount of unexpended financial assistance under this subtitle that is recaptured by the Board shall be reallocated by the Board to eligible financial institutions under this subtitle.".

(f)(1) Section 1071 of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981 is amended— 12 USC 3620 note.

(A) by striking out "such fiscal year" and inserting in lieu thereof "of fiscal years 1982 and 1983"; and

(B) by inserting after "$50,000,000" the following: ", and for fiscal year 1984 not to exceed $35,000,000,".

(2) Section 522 of the Solar Energy and Energy Conservation Bank Act is amended— 12 USC 3620.

(A) by striking out the hyphen before paragraph (1) in subsection (a) and all that follows through the period at the end of subsection (b) and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "and of solar energy systems such sums as may be necessary for fiscal year 1985."; and

(B) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (b).

WEATHERIZATION PROGRAM

SEC. 464. Section 422 of the Energy Conservation in Existing Buildings Act of 1976 is amended to read as follows: 42 USC 6872.

"AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

"SEC. 422. Of the funds authorized by section 1005(1) of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981 for energy conservation for fiscal year 1984, not less than $190,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated to carry out the weatherization program under this part. There is authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for fiscal year 1985 to carry out such weatherization 42 USC 7270 note.

program. Any amount appropriated under this section shall remain available until expended.".

COUNSELING

12 USC 1701x.

SEC. 465. Section 106(a)(3) of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968 is amended—

(1) by striking out "1982" and inserting in lieu thereof "1984"; and

(2) by striking out "$4,000,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$3,500,000".

RESEARCH AUTHORIZATION

12 USC 1701z-1.

SEC. 466. (a) Section 501 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1970 is amended by striking out the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "There are authorized to be appropriated for activities under this title not to exceed $19,000,000 for fiscal year 1984, and such sums as may be necessary for fiscal year 1985. Of the amount appropriated under the preceding sentence for fiscal year 1984, not less than $2,000,000 shall be provided for implementation of a research program to be developed in consultation with public housing agencies, which program shall identify current problems of public housing management, specific solutions to such problems, and incentives to encourage implementation of such solutions.".

(b) Title V of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1970 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"BIENNIAL SURVEY OF ECONOMIC AND HOUSING MARKET CONDITIONS

12 USC 1701z-10a.

"SEC. 512. The Secretary shall, not less than biennially, survey national, regional, and local economic and housing market conditions in a manner that provides data comparable to the data collected in such survey conducted in 1981.".

NATIONAL HOUSING PARTNERSHIPS

42 USC 3936.

SEC. 467. Section 906(a)(1) of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968 is amended—

(1) by striking out "or" after "building" and inserting in lieu thereof a comma; and

(2) by inserting after "rehabilitation" the following ", acquisition, and financing".

REPORT REGARDING PROGRAM CHANGES

Transmittal to Congress.

SEC. 468. The Secretary of Housing and Urban Development shall, not later than March 1, 1984, transmit a report to both Houses of the Congress that describes—

(1) the standards utilized by the Department of Housing and Urban Development to make determinations concerning whether program requirements and changes to those requirements are implemented through the use of regulations, handbooks, memoranda, telegrams, or other forms of formal or informal notices; and

(2) the system currently utilized by the Department to assure that changes in the operation of departmental programs that

substantially affect the eligibility, rights, or benefits of persons applying for or receiving assistance under any such programs are subject to requirements of notice and publication, especially those requirements specified in subsections (b) through (e) of section 553 of title 5, United States Code.

PERIODIC REPORT ON RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE DELINQUENCIES AND FORECLOSURES

SEC. 469. As soon as practicable following the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, with the cooperation of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, and the Comptroller of the Currency, shall develop a method of accurately reporting to the Congress on a periodic basis with respect to residential mortgage delinquencies and foreclosures. Each such report shall include information with respect to the number of residential mortgage foreclosures, and the number of sixty- and ninety-day residential mortgage delinquencies, in the Nation and in each State. 12 USC 1701p-1.

PUBLIC NOTICE AND COMMENT REGARDING DEPARTMENT DEMONSTRATION PROGRAMS

SEC. 470. (a) No demonstration program not expressly authorized in law may be commenced by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development until (1) a description of such demonstration program is published in the Federal Register, which description may be included in a notice of funding availability; and (2) there expires a period of sixty calendar days following the date of such publication, during which period the Secretary shall fully consider any public comments submitted with respect to such demonstration program. Publication in Federal Register. 42 USC 3542.

(b) Nothing in this section may be considered to authorize the conducting of any demonstration program by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development.

MULTIFAMILY MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE

SEC. 471. Section 364 of the Multifamily Mortgage Foreclosure Act of 1981 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "If the Secretary forecloses on any such mortgage pursuant to such other foreclosure procedures available, the provisions of section 367(b) may be applied at the discretion of the Secretary.". 12 USC 3703. 12 USC 3706.

ALTERNATIVE MORTGAGE TRANSACTIONS

SEC. 472. Section 805(a) of the Alternative Mortgage Transaction Parity Act of 1982 is amended by inserting after "transactions" the following: "(or to any class or type of alternative mortgage transaction)". 12 USC 3804.

DUE-ON-SALE CLAUSE PROHIBITIONS

SEC. 473. Section 341(d) of the Thrift Institutions Restructuring Act is amended by striking out "A lender" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "With respect to a real property loan secured by a lien on residential real property containing less than five dwelling units, including a lien on the stock allocated to a dwelling 12 USC 1701j-3.

unit in a cooperative housing corporation, or on a residential manufactured home, a lender".

CANCELLATION OF DEBT OWED THE TREASURY AND LIQUIDATION OF NEW COMMUNITIES PROGRAM

12 USC 1701g-5b.

SEC. 474. (a) In order to provide for the management and orderly liquidation of the assets, and discharge the liabilities, acquired or incurred in connection with the new communities program authorized pursuant to title IV of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968 and title VII of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1970 (hereafter referred to in this section as "title IV" and "title VII", respectively), the liquidation of the new communities program shall be carried out pursuant to the provisions of law applicable to the revolving fund (liquidating programs) established pursuant to title II of the Independent Offices Appropriations Act, 1955, upon the transfer by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development (hereafter in this section referred to as the "Secretary") of the assets and liabilities of the fund authorized under section 717 of title VII to such revolving fund, as required in title I of the Department of Housing and Urban Development-Independent Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984. The Secretary shall report to the Congress not less than sixty days prior to taking any action with respect to the disposition of real property (other than a purchase money mortgage) which involves any further potential liability of or assistance from the Department of Housing and Urban Development with respect to any property so transferred.

42 USC 3901.
42 USC 4501.
12 USC 1701g-5.
42 USC 4518.
Ante, p. 219.
Report to Congress.

(b) In carrying out the purposes of subsection (a), all moneys in the revolving fund (liquidating programs) shall be available for necessary administrative and other expenses of servicing and liquidating obligations guaranteed pursuant to section 403 and section 713 of title IV and title VII, respectively, including costs of services (including legal services) performed on a contract or fee basis, and to discharge any other liability acquired or incurred in connection with the new communities program. Notwithstanding any other provision of law relating to the acquisition, handling, improvement, or disposal of real and other property by the United States, the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development shall also have power, for the protection of the interests of the revolving fund (liquidating programs), to pay out of any moneys in such fund all expenses or charges in connection with the acquisition, handling, improvement, or disposal of any property, real or personal, acquired by the Secretary either prior or subsequent to the date of the enactment of this Act as a result of recoveries under security, subrogation, or other rights in connection with the new communities program.

42 USC 3902, 4514.

(c) After making the transfer required in title I of the Department of Housing and Urban Development-Independent Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984, the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development may issue obligations to the Secretary of the Treasury in an amount sufficient to enable the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development to satisfy any guarantee made pursuant to section 403 or 713 of title IV or title VII, respectively, and otherwise carry out the functions authorized by this section. The obligations issued under this subsection shall have such maturities and bear such rate or rates of interest as shall be determined by the Secretary of the Treasury. The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to purchase any obligations so issued, and for that purpose the

Ante, p. 219.
42 USC 3902, 4514.

Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to use as a public debt transaction the proceeds from the sale of any securities issued under chapter 31 of title 31, United States Code, and the purposes for which securities may be issued under such chapter are extended to include purchases of obligations issued under this subsection.

31 USC 3101 *et seq.*

(d) Upon the transfer required in title I of the Department of Housing and Urban Development-Independent Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984, each obligation issued by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development to the Secretary of the Treasury pursuant to section 407(a) or 717(b) of title IV or title VII, respectively, together with any promise to repay the principal and unpaid interest which has accrued on each obligation, and any other term or condition specified by each such obligation, is canceled.

Ante, p. 219.

42 USC 3906, 4518.

(e) Title IV, except for sections 408, 411, 413, 414, and 416, and part B of title VII, except for sections 724, 725, 726, and subsections (b) through (e) of section 727, are hereby repealed. Section 717 of title VII shall remain in effect until completion of the transfer required in title I of the Department of Housing and Urban Development-Independent Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984. The Secretary may not implement the amendment to section 214 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1980, made by section 329(a) of the Housing and Community Development Amendments of 1981, before the expiration of the one-year period following the date of the enactment of this Act. Any actions taken, prior to repeal, under the authority of any of the sections which are repealed by this section shall continue to be valid. Nothing in this subsection shall impair the validity of any guarantees which have been made pursuant to title IV or title VII and any such guarantees shall continue to be governed by the provisions of title IV or title VII, as applicable, as they existed immediately before the date of the enactment of this Act.

42 USC 3901.
42 USC 4511.
42 USC 4518 note.

42 USC 1436a note.

42 USC 1436a.

42 USC 3901 note.

42 USC 3901, 4501.

PART D—SECONDARY MORTGAGE MARKET PROGRAMS

AMOUNT TO BE GUARANTEED UNDER THE GOVERNMENT NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES PROGRAM

SEC. 481. Section 306(g)(2) of the Federal National Mortgage Association Charter Act is amended to read as follows:

12 USC 1721.

"(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law and subject only to the absence of qualified requests for guarantees, to the authority provided in this subsection, and to any funding limitation approved in appropriation Acts, the Association shall enter into commitments for each of the fiscal years 1984 and 1985 to issue guarantees under this subsection for each such fiscal year in an aggregate amount of $68,250,000,000.".

GOVERNMENT NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION COMMITMENT EXTENSION

SEC. 482. The commitment issued under section 305(b) of the Federal National Mortgage Association Charter Act, known as GNMA commitment numbered 926-984, to purchase a mortgage insured under such Act shall be granted for 43 months without the imposition of additional fees beyond the initial commitment fee.

Post, p. 1240.

SPECIAL ASSISTANCE AND EMERGENCY MORTGAGE PURCHASE ASSISTANCE FUNCTIONS OF THE GOVERNMENT NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION

Repeals.
12 USC 1720, 1723e.
12 USC 1723e note.
12 USC 1720 note.

SEC. 483. (a) Sections 305 and 313 of the Federal National Mortgage Association Charter Act and section 3(b) of the Emergency Home Purchase Assistance Act of 1974 are hereby repealed.

(b) Any purchase or commitment to purchase any mortgage pursuant to section 305 or 313 of the Federal National Mortgage Association Charter Act made before the date of the enactment of this Act, and the servicing and disposition of any such mortgage, shall continue to be governed by the provisions of such sections as they existed immediately before the effective date of this section.

Rural Housing Amendments of 1983.

TITLE V—RURAL HOUSING

SHORT TITLE

42 USC 1441 note.

SEC. 501. This title may be cited as the "Rural Housing Amendments of 1983".

DEFINITIONS

42 USC 1471.

SEC. 502. (a) Section 501(b)(4) of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended to read as follows:

"(4) For the purpose of this title, the terms 'low income families or persons' and 'very low-income families or persons' means those families and persons whose incomes do not exceed the respective levels established for lower income families and very low-income families by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development under the United States Housing Act of 1937.".

42 USC 1437 note.

(b) Section 501(b)(5) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"(5) For the purpose of this title, the terms 'income' and 'adjusted income' have the meanings given by sections 3(b)(4) and 3(b)(5), respectively, of the United States Housing Act of 1937.".

Ante, p. 1179.

SECTION 502 AMENDMENTS

42 USC 1472.

SEC. 503. (a) Section 502 of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(d) On and after the effective date of the Rural Housing Amendments of 1983—

Supra.

"(1) not less than 40 per centum of the dwelling units financed under this section shall be available only for occupancy by very low-income families or persons; and

"(2) not less than 30 per centum of the dwelling units in each State financed under this section shall be available only for occupancy by very low-income families or persons.

"(e)(1) A loan which may be made or insured under this section with respect to housing shall be made or insured with respect to a manufactured home or with respect to a manufactured home and lot, whether such home or such home and lot is real property, personal property, or mixed real and personal property, if—

"(A) the manufactured home meets the standards prescribed pursuant to title VI of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974;

42 USC 5401.

"(B) the manufactured home, or the manufactured home and lot, meets the installation, structural, and site requirements

which would apply under title II of the National Housing Act; and 12 USC 1707.

"(C) the manufactured home meets the energy conserving requirements established under paragraph (2), or until the energy conserving requirements are established under paragraph (2), the manufactured home meets the energy conserving requirements applicable to housing other than manufactured housing financed under this title.

"(2) Energy conserving requirements established by the Secretary for the purpose of paragraph (1)(C) shall— Energy conserving requirements.

"(A) reduce the operating costs for a borrower by maximizing the energy savings and be cost-effective over the life of the manufactured home or the term of the loan, whichever is shorter, taking into account variations in climate, types of energy used, the cost to modify the home to meet such requirements, and the estimated value of the energy saved over the term of the mortgage; and

"(B) be established so that the increase in the annual loan payment resulting from the added energy conserving requirements in excess of those required by the standards prescribed under title VI of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 shall not exceed the projected savings in annual energy costs.". 42 USC 5401.

(b) Within 18 months from the issuance by the Secretary of Agriculture of regulations under section 502(e)(2) of the Housing Act of 1949, the Secretary of Energy, in consultation with the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development and the Secretary of Agriculture, shall conduct a study and transmit to the Congress a report that compares the increased construction costs, actual annual energy use, and the projected value of energy saved over the expected life of the home or the mortgage term, whichever is shorter, of manufactured homes which are financed under titles I and II of the National Housing Act, or under title V of the Housing Act of 1949 and which are built according to national manufactured housing safety standards with other homes insured under either such Act. Report to Congress. 42 USC 1472 note. *Ante*, p. 1240. 12 USC 1702, 1707. 42 USC 1471.

(c) Section 527 of such Act is repealed. Repeal. 42 USC 1490g.

(d) Section 502(a) of such Act is amended— 42 USC 1472.

(1) by inserting "(1)" after the subsection designation;

(2) by striking out all after "making of the loan with interest" and inserting in lieu thereof a period and the following: "The Secretary may accept the personal liability of any person with adequate repayment ability who will cosign the applicant's note to compensate for any deficiency in the applicant's repayment ability. At the borrower's option, the borrower may prepay to the Secretary as escrow agent, on terms and conditions prescribed by him, such taxes, insurance, and other expenses as the Secretary may require in accordance with section 501 (e)."; and 42 USC 1471.

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(2) The Secretary may extend the period of any loan made under this section if the Secretary determines that such extension is necessary to permit the making of such loan to any person whose income does not exceed 60 per centum of the median income for the area and who would otherwise be denied such loan because the payments required under a shorter period would exceed the financial capacity of such person. The aggregate period for which any Loan extension period.

loan may be extended under this paragraph may not exceed 5 years.".

REHABILITATION LOANS

42 USC 1474.

SEC. 504. The first and second sentences of section 504(a) of the Housing Act of 1949 are amended to read as follows: "The Secretary may make a loan, grant, or combined loan and grant to an eligible very low-income applicant in order to improve or modernize a rural dwelling, to make the dwelling safer or more sanitary, or to remove hazards. The Secretary may make a loan or grant under this subsection to the applicant to cover the cost of any or all repairs, improvements, or additions such as repairing roofs, providing sanitary waste facilities, providing a convenient and sanitary water supply, repairing or providing structural supports, or making similar repairs, additions, improvements, including all preliminary and installation costs in obtaining central water and sewer service. The maximum amount of a grant, a loan, or a loan and grant shall not exceed such limitations as the Secretary determines to be appropriate.".

TECHNICAL SERVICES AND RESEARCH

42 USC 1476.

SEC. 505. Section 506(b) of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "In carrying out this subsection, the Secretary may permit demonstrations involving innovative housing units and systems which do not meet existing published standards, rules, regulations, or policies if the Secretary finds that in so doing, the health and safety of the population of the area in which the demonstration is carried out will not be adversely affected, except that the aggregate expenditures for such demonstrations may not exceed $10,000,000 in any fiscal year. The Secretary shall report to the Congress at the close of each fiscal year on the results of such demonstrations.".

Report to Congress.

STANDARDS FOR ADEQUATE HOUSING

42 USC 1479.

SEC. 506. (a) Section 509(a) of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "The Secretary shall approve a residential building as meeting such standards if the building is constructed in accordance with (1) the minimum standards prescribed by the Secretary, (2) the minimum property standards prescribed by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development for mortgages insured under title II of the National Housing Act, (3) the standards contained in any of the voluntary national model building codes, or (4) in the case of manufactured housing, the standards referred to in section 502(e) of this Act. To the maximum extent feasible, the Secretary shall promote the use of energy saving techniques through standards established by such Secretary for newly constructed residential housing assisted under this title. Such standards shall, insofar as is practicable, be consistent with the standards established pursuant to section 526 of the National Housing Act and shall incorporate the energy performance requirements developed pursuant to such section.".

12 USC 1707.

Ante, p. 1240.

Ante, p. 1210.

Repeal.
42 USC 1490i.

(b) Section 529 of such Act is repealed.

GENERAL AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY

SEC. 507. (a) Section 510(e) of such Act is amended by adding before the semicolon at the end thereof the following: "and the authority of the Secretary under this paragraph includes the authority to transfer section 502 inventory properties for use as rental or cooperative units under section 515 with mortgages containing repayment terms with up to fifty years to private nonprofit organizations or public bodies. Such a transfer may be made even where rental assistance may be required so long as the authority to provide such assistance is available after taking into account the requirements of section 521(d)(1). Where the Secretary determines the transfer will contribute to the provision of housing for very low-income persons and families, the transfer may be made at the lesser of the appraised value or the Farmers Home Adminstration's investment". 42 USC 1480. 42 USC 1472. 42 USC 1485. *Post*, p. 1249.

(b) Section 510 of such Act is amended by redesignating subsection (j) as subsection (k) and inserting after subsection (i) the following new subsection: 42 USC 1480.

"(j) utilize the services of fee inspectors and fee appraisers to expedite the processing of applications for loans and grants under this title, which services shall be utilized in any case in which a county or district office is unable to expeditiously process such loan and grant applications, and to include the cost of such services in the amount of such loans and grants; and".

AMENDMENT TO SECTION 511

SEC. 508. The second sentence of section 511 of the Housing Act of 1949 is repealed. 42 USC 1481.

REPEAL OF SECTION 512

SEC. 509. Section 512 of the Housing Act of 1949 is repealed. 42 USC 1482.

DETERMINATION OF NEED FOR HOUSING UNDER SECTIONS 514 AND 516

SEC. 510. Section 514 of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by adding the following new subsection at the end thereof: 42 USC 1484.

"(h) In making available assistance in any area under this section or section 516, the Secretary shall— 42 USC 1486.

"(1) in determining the need for the assistance, take into consideration the housing needs only of domestic farm labor, including migrant farmworkers, in the area; and

"(2) in determining whether to provide such assistance, make such determination without regard to the extent or nature of other housing needs in the area.".

AUTHORIZATIONS

SEC. 511. (a) Section 513 of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended to read as follows: 42 USC 1483.

"PROGRAM LEVELS AND AUTHORIZATIONS

"SEC. 513. (a) The Secretary may insure and guarantee loans under this title during fiscal years 1984 and 1985 in an aggregate amount not to exceed such sums as may be approved in an appropriation Act.

"(b) There are authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years 1984 and 1985—

42 USC 1474. "(1) such sums as may be necessary for grants pursuant to section 504;

42 USC 1479. "(2) such sums as may be necessary for the purposes of section 509(c);

"(3) such sums as may be necessary to meet payments on notes or other obligations issued by the Secretary under section 42 USC 1481. 511 equal to (A) the aggregate of the contributions made by the Secretary in the form of credits on principal due on loans made 42 USC 1473. pursuant to section 503, and (B) the interest due on a similar sum represented by notes or other obligations issued by the Secretary;

"(4) such sums as may be necessary for financial assistance 42 USC 1486. pursuant to section 516;

"(5) such sums as may be necessary for the purposes of section 42 USC 1490c. 523;

42 USC 1490e. "(6) such sums as may be necessary for purposes of section 525 (a);

"(7) not to exceed $100,000,000 for each such year for grants *Post*, p. 1249. under section 531, of which 5 per centum shall be available for technical assistance; and

"(8) such sums as may be required by the Secretary to administer the provisions of sections 235 and 236 of the National 12 USC 1715z, 1715z-1. Housing Act and section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937.

42 USC 1437f. "(c) The Secretary may enter into rental assistance contracts aggregating such sums as may be approved in appropriation Acts *Post*, p. 1248. under section 521(a)(2)(A) during fiscal years 1984 and 1985.".

Ante, p. 746. (b) Section 515(b)(5) of such Act is amended by striking out "November 30, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1985".

Ante, p. 746. (c) Section 517(a)(1) of such Act is amended by striking out "November 30, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1985".

Ante, p. 746. (d) Section 523(f) of such Act is amended—
42 USC 1490c. (1) by striking out the first sentence; and
(2) by striking out "November 30, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1985".

(e) Section 523(g) of such Act is amended—
(1) by striking out "fiscal year 1982" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "fiscal year 1985"; and
(2) by striking out the first sentence.

SECTION 515 AMENDMENTS

Rent increases, limitations. 42 USC 1485. SEC. 512. (a) Section 515 of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(g) The Secretary shall limit increases in rents on or after the date of enactment of this subsection for newly constructed or substantially rehabilitated projects assisted under this section to the lesser of the actual operating cost increases incurred or the amount of operating cost increases incurred with respect to comparable rental dwelling units of various sizes and types in the same market area which are suitable for occupancy by families and persons assisted under this section. Where no comparable dwelling units exist in the same market area, the Secretary shall have authority to

approve such increases in accordance with the best available data regarding operating cost increases in rental dwelling units.

"(h) After approving a project involving newly constructed or substantially rehabilitated units under this section, the Secretary shall limit cost increases to those approved by the Secretary. The Secretary may approve those increases only for unforeseen factors beyond the owner's control, design changes required by the Secretary or the local government, or changes in financing approved by the Secretary.

"(i) For the purpose of achieving the lowest cost in providing units in newly constructed projects assisted under this section, the Secretary shall give a preference in entering into contracts under this section for projects which are to be located on specific tracts of land provided by States, units of local government, or others if the Secretary determines that the tract of land is suitable for such housing, and that affording such preference will be cost effective.

Management fees.

"(j) The Secretary shall assure that management fees are not excessive when a project developed under this section is managed by the developer or an affiliate of the developer.

"(k) For purposes of determining the market feasibility of any project to be assisted under this section—

42 USC 1490a.

"(1) in the case of any applicant whose project is expected to utilize rental assistance payments under section 521, the Secretary shall only require such applicant to demonstrate that a market exists for persons and families eligible for such rental assistance payments; and

"(2) in the case of any applicant whose project is expected to utilize any assistance under a program of a State, or political subdivision thereof, that is similar to such assistance payments under section 521, the Secretary shall only require such applicant to demonstrate that—

"(A) a market exists for persons and families eligible for such program of assistance;

"(B) such program of assistance will provide rental assistance for a period of not less than five years, and for the term of the loan remaining after the period of such assistance, that an adequate rental market exists for the project without such assistance; and

"(C) during the term of such rental assistance contracts, such State or political subdivision shall make available the amounts required for such rental assistance not less than annually.

Housing standards.

"(l) The Secretary shall establish standards for housing and related facilities rehabilitated or repaired with amounts received under a loan made or insured under this section. Standards established by the Secretary under this subsection shall provide that except for substantial rehabilitation the particular items or systems repaired or rehabilitated must meet appropriate levels of quality or performance comparable to those levels prescribed by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development for rehabilitation, but shall not require that such items or systems or the remainder of the property meet the standards which are applicable to new construction. The Secretary shall ensure that standards prescribed under this subsection provide decent, safe, and sanitary housing and related facilities.

"(m) The Secretary may not deny assistance under this section or section 521 on the basis that the project involved is to be located on more than one site.

42 USC 1490a.

"(n) The Secretary may not (1) deny assistance under this section on the basis that rental assistance payments under section 521 may be required unless the authority to provide such assistance is not available; or (2) promulgate any regulation that would have the effect of denying occupancy to eligible persons on the basis that such persons require rental assistance payments under section 521.

Post, p. 1248.

"(o)(1) To the extent assistance is available under section 521(a)(2), not more than 25 per centum of the dwelling units which were available for occupancy under this section prior to the date of enactment of this subsection, and which will be leased on or after such effective date shall be available for leasing by low income persons and families other than very low-income persons and families.

"(2) To the extent assistance is available under section 521(a)(2), not more than 5 per centum of the dwelling units which become available for occupancy under this section on or after the date of enactment of this subsection shall be available for leasing by low income persons and families other than very low-income persons and families.

"(3) Units in projects financed under this section which become available for occupancy after the date of enactment of this subsection shall not be available for occupancy by persons and families other than very low-income persons and families if the authority to provide assistance for such persons is available.

Income determination.

"(p) In determining the income of a person or family occupying housing financed under this section, the Secretary shall consider the value of that person's or family's assets in the same manner as the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development considers such value for the purpose of the United States Housing Act of 1937.".

42 USC 1437 note.

42 USC 1485.

(b) Section 515(b) of such Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "and" at the end of clause (5);

(2) by striking out the period at the end of clause (6) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(7) loans may be made to owners who are otherwise eligible under this section to purchase and convert single-family residences to rental units of two or more dwellings.".

(c) Section 515 of such Act is amended—

(1) by striking out subsection (a)(2);

(2) by redesignating subsections (a)(3) and (a)(4) as subsections (a)(2) and (a)(3), respectively;

(3) by striking out subsection (b)(2); and

(4) by redesignating subsections (b)(3), (b)(4), (b)(5), (b)(6), and (b)(7) as subsections (b)(2), (b)(3), (b)(4), (b)(5), and (b)(6), respectively.

(d) Section 515(c) of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "A loan may be made or insured under subsection (a) or (b) with respect to detached units, including those on scattered sites, for cooperative housing.".

(e) Section 515(d)(1) of such Act is amended by inserting before the first semicolon the following: ", and such term also means manufactured home rental parks where either the lots or both the lots and the homes are available for use by occupants eligible under this section".

FARM LABOR HOUSING

SEC. 513. Section 516 of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following subsection: 42 USC 1486.

"(i) The Secretary shall utilize not more than 10 per centum of the amounts available for any fiscal year for purposes of this section for financial assistance to eligible private and public nonprofit agencies to encourage the development of domestic and migrant farm labor housing projects under this title.".

INSURED RURAL HOUSING LOANS

SEC. 514. (a) Section 517 of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended— 42 USC 1487.

(1) by striking out all after "insured" in subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof a period and the following: "The amount of such a loan to a low income person or family shall not exceed the amount necessary to provide adequate housing which is modest in size, design, and cost (as determined by the Secretary)."; and

(2) by striking out "(b)(4)" in subsection (b) and inserting in lieu thereof "(b)(3)".

(b) Section 517(j) of such Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "; and" at the end of paragraph (5) and inserting in lieu thereof a period; and

(2) by striking out paragraph (6).

(c) Section 517(o) of such Act is repealed.

(d) Section 517 of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(o) The Secretary shall promulgate rules which encourage the rehabilitation or purchase of existing buildings for the purpose of providing housing which is economical in cost and operation.". Rules.

DEFINITION OF RURAL AREA

SEC. 515. Section 520 of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "For purposes of this title, any area classified as 'rural' or a 'rural area' prior to the receipt of data from or after the 1980 decennial census and determined not to be 'rural' or a 'rural area' as a result of such data shall continue to be so classified through the end of fiscal year 1984, if such area has a population in excess of 10,000 but not in excess of 20,000.". 42 USC 1490.

SHARED HOUSING FOR THE ELDERLY AND HANDICAPPED

SEC. 516. Section 521(a)(2) of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by adding the following new subparagraph at the end thereof: 42 USC 1490a.

"(E) In order to assist elderly or handicapped persons or families who elect to live in a shared housing arrangement in which they benefit as a result of sharing the facilities of a dwelling with others in a manner that effectively and efficiently meets their housing needs and thereby reduces their cost of housing, the Secretary shall permit rental assistance to be used by such persons or families if the shared housing arrangement is in a single-family dwelling. For the purpose of this subparagraph, the Secretary shall prescribe minimum habitability standards to assure decent, safe, and sanitary

housing for such families while taking into account the special circumstances of shared housing.".

RENTAL ASSISTANCE TENANT CONTRIBUTION

42 USC 1490a.

SEC. 517. (a) Section 521(a)(2)(A) of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by striking out the last two sentences.

(b) Section 521(a) of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

42 USC 1484, 1485.

"(3)(A) In the case of loans under sections 514 and 515 approved prior to the effective date of this paragraph with respect to which rental assistance is provided, the rent for tenants receiving such assistance shall not exceed the highest of (i) 30 per centum of monthly adjusted income, (ii) 10 per centum of monthly income, or (iii) if the person or family is receiving payments for welfare assistance from a public agency, the portion of such payments which is specifically designated by such agency to meet the person's or family's housing costs.

"(B) In the case of a section 515 loan approved prior to the effective date of this paragraph with respect to which interest credits are provided, the tenant's rent shall not exceed the highest of (i) 30 per centum of monthly adjusted income, (ii) 10 per centum of monthly income, or (iii) if the person or family is receiving payments for welfare assistance from a public agency, the portion of such payments which is specifically designated by such agency to meet the person's or family's housing costs, or, where no rental assistance authority is available, the rent level established on a basis of a 1 per centum interest rate on debt service.

"(C) No rent for a unit financed under section 514 or 515 shall be increased as a result of this subsection or other provision of Federal law or Federal regulation by more than 10 per centum in any twelve-month period, unless the increase above 10 per centum is attributable to increases in income which are unrelated to this subsection or other law, or regulation.

"(4) In the case of a loan with respect to the purchase of a manufactured home with respect to which rental assistance is provided, the monthly payment for principal and interest on the manufactured home and for lot rental and utilities shall not exceed the highest of (A) 30 per centum of monthly adjusted income, (B) 10 per centum of monthly income, or (C) if the person or family is receiving payments for welfare assistance from a public agency, the portion of such payments which is specifically designated by such agency to meet the person's or family's housing costs.".

(c) Section 521(a)(2)(A) of such Act is amended by striking out "25 per centum of income." and inserting in lieu thereof "the highest of (i) 30 per centum of monthly adjusted income, (ii) 10 per centum of monthly income; or (iii) if the person or family is receiving payments for welfare assistance from a public agency, the portion of such payments which is specifically designated by such agency to meet the person's or family's housing costs. Any rent or contribution of any recipient shall not increase as a result of this section or any other provision of Federal law or regulation by more than 10 per centum during any twelve-month period, unless the increase above 10 per centum is attributable to increases in income which are unrelated to this subsection or other law or regulation.".

42 USC 1490j.

(d) Section 530 of such Act is amended by striking out "25" and inserting in lieu thereof "30".

(e) Section 521 of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: 42 USC 1490a.

"(d)(1)(A) In entering into contracts for assistance under this section and utilizing rental assistance authority which becomes available, the Secretary shall first assure that expiring contracts are extended for those units occupied by persons and families of low income, and that additional assistance is used where necessary to provide the full amount authorized pursuant to existing contracts. Contracts.

"(B) Remaining funds shall be used for contracts which assist very low-income persons and families occupying projects receiving commitments under section 514, 515, or 516 after fiscal year 1983, except that up to 5 per centum of the units assisted may be occupied by persons and families of low income. 42 USC 1484-1486.

"(C) To the extent any funds are available after providing assistance in accordance with subparagraphs (A) and (B), the Secretary shall provide additional assistance to existing projects which would become occupied and affordable by very low-income persons and families, except that up to 5 per centum of the units assisted may be occupied by persons and families of low income.

"(2) The Secretary shall transfer rental assistance contract authority under this section from projects where such authority is unused after initial rentup and not needed because of a lack of eligible tenants in the area to projects where such authority is needed. Transfer authority.

"(e) Any rent or contribution of any recipient shall not increase as a result of this section, any amendment thereto, or any other provision of Federal law or regulation by more than 10 per centum during any twelve-month period, unless the increase above 10 per centum is attributable to increases in income which are unrelated to this subsection or other law or regulation.".

(f) The amendments made by this section shall take effect six months after the date of enactment of this Act, or upon the earlier promulgation of regulations implementing this section by the Secretary. Effective date. 42 USC 1490a note.

TECHNICAL AND SUPERVISORY ASSISTANCE

SEC. 518. (a) The last sentence of section 525(b) of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by striking out all after "sooner" and inserting in lieu thereof a period. 42 USC 1490e.

(b) Section 525(c) of such Act is repealed.

CONDOMINIUM HOUSING

SEC. 519. (a) Section 526 of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended— 42 USC 1490f.

(1) by striking out "in his discretion" in subsection (a); and

(2) by striking out "in his discretion" in subsection (c).

FHA INSURANCE

SEC. 520. Title V of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"FHA INSURANCE

"SEC. 531. The Secretary is authorized to act as an agent of the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development to recommend insur- 42 USC 1490k.

11-194 O - 85 -- 41 : QL 3

ance of any mortgage meeting the requirements of section 203 of the National Housing Act.". 12 USC 1709.

PROCESSING OF APPLICATION

SEC. 521. Title V of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"PROCESSING OF APPLICATIONS

42 USC 1490*l*. "SEC. 532. (a) The Secretary shall, in making assistance available under this title, give a priority to applications submitted by—

"(1) persons and families that have the greatest housing assistance needs because of their low income and their residing in inadequate dwellings;

"(2) applicants applying for assistance for projects that will serve such persons and families; and

"(3) applicants residing in areas which are the most rural in character.

42 USC 1483. 42 USC 1490a. "(b) In making available the assistance authorized by section 513 and section 521(a) with respect to projects involving insured and guaranteed loans and interest credits and rental assistance payments, the Secretary shall process and approve requests for such assistance in a manner that provides for a preliminary reservation of assistance at the time of initial approval of the project.".

RURAL HOUSING PRESERVATION GRANT PROGRAM

SEC. 522. Title V of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"HOUSING PRESERVATION GRANTS

42 USC 1490m. "SEC. 533. (a) The purpose of this section is to authorize the Secretary to make grants to eligible grantees including private nonprofit organizations, Indian tribes, general units of local government, counties, States, and consortia of other eligible grantees, in order to—

"(1) rehabilitate single family housing in rural areas which is owned by low- and very low-income persons and families, and

"(2) rehabilitate rental properties or cooperative housing which has a membership resale structure that enables the cooperative to maintain affordability for persons of low income in rural areas serving low- and very low-income occupants.

The Secretary may also provide assistance payments as provided by section 8(o) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 upon the request of grantees in order to minimize the displacement of very low-income tenants residing in units rehabilitated with assistance under this section. *Ante*, p. 1181.

"(b) Rehabilitation programs assisted under this section shall—

"(1) be used to provide loans or grants to owners of single family housing in order to cover the cost of repairs and improvements;

"(2) be used to provide interest reduction payment;

"(3) be used to provide loans or grants to owners of rental housing, except that rental rehabilitation assistance provided under this subsection for any structure shall not exceed 75 per

centum of the total costs associated with the rehabilitation of that structure;

"(4) be used to provide other comparable assistance that the Secretary deems appropriate to carry out the purpose of this section, designed to reduce the costs of such repair and rehabilitation in order to make such housing affordable by persons of low income and, to the extent feasible, by persons and families whose incomes do not exceed 50 per centum of the area median income;

"(5) benefit low- and very low-income persons and families in rural areas, without causing the displacement of current residents; and

"(6) raise health and safety conditions to meet those specified in section 509(a).

Ante, p. 1242.

Funding allocations.

"(c)(1) The Secretary shall allocate rehabilitation grant funds for use in each State on the basis of a formula contained in a regulation prescribed by the Secretary using the average of the ratios between—

"(A) the population of the rural areas in that State and the population of the rural areas of all States;

"(B) the extent of poverty in the rural areas in that State and the extent of poverty in the rural areas of all States; and

"(C) the extent of substandard housing in the rural areas of that State and the extent of substandard housing in the rural areas of all States.

Uncommitted funds.

Any funds which are allocated to a State but uncommitted to grantees will be transferred to the State office of the Farmers Home Administration in a timely manner and be used for authorized rehabilitation activities under section 504.

42 USC 1474.

"(2) Unless there is only one eligible grantee in a State, a single grantee may not receive more than 50 per centum of a State's allocation.

Activity statements by grantees.

"(d)(1) Eligible grantees may submit a statement of activity to the Secretary at the time specified by the program administrator, containing a description of its proposed rehabilitation program. The statement shall consist of the activities each entity proposes to undertake for the fiscal year, and the projected progress in carrying out those activities. The statement of activities shall be made available to the public for comment.

Public availability.

"(2) In preparing such statement, the grantee shall consult with and consider the views of appropriate local officials.

Evaluation by Secretary.

"(3) The Secretary shall evaluate the merits of each statement on the basis of such criteria as the Secretary shall prescribe, including the extent—

"(A) to which the repair and rehabilitation activities will assist persons of low income who lack adequate shelter, with priority given to applications assisting the maximum number of persons and families whose incomes do not exceed 50 per centum of the area median income;

"(B) to which the repair and rehabilitation activities include the participation of other public or private organizations in providing assistance, in addition to the assistance provided under this section, in order to lower the costs of such activities or provide for the leveraging of available funds to supplement the rural housing preservation grant program;

"(C) to which such activities will be undertaken in rural areas having populations below 10,000 or in remote parts of other rural areas;

"(D) to which the repair and rehabilitation activities may be expected to result in achieving the greatest degree of repair or improvement for the least cost per unit or dwelling;

"(E) to which the program would minimize displacement;

"(F) to which the program would alleviate overcrowding in rural residences inhabited by low- and very low-income persons and families;

"(G) to which the program would minimize the use of grant funds for administrative purposes; and

"(H) to which the owner agrees to meet the requirement of subsection (e)(1)(B)(iv) for a period longer than 5 years;

and shall assess the demonstrated capacity of the grantee to carry out the program as well as the financial feasibility of the program.

"(4) The amount of assistance provided under this section with respect to any housing shall be the least amount that the Secretary determines is necessary to provide, through the repair and rehabilitation of such housing, decent housing of modest design that is affordable for persons of low income.

Rental or cooperative housing assistance.

"(e)(1) Assistance under this section may be provided with respect to rental or cooperative housing only if—

"(A) the owner has entered into such agreements with the Secretary as may be necessary to assure compliance with the requirements of this section, to assure the financial feasibility of such housing, and to carry out the other provisions of this section;

"(B) the owner agrees—

"(i) to pass on to the tenants any reduction in the debt service payments resulting from the assistance provided under this section;

"(ii) not to convert the units to condominium ownership (or in the case of a cooperative, to condominium ownership or any form of cooperative ownership not eligible for assistance under this section);

"(iii) not refuse to rent a dwelling unit in the structure to a family solely because the family is receiving or is eligible to receive assistance under any Federal, State, or local housing assistance program; and

"(iv) that the units repaired and rehabilitated with such assistance will be occupied, or available for occupancy, by persons of low income;

during the 5-year period beginning on the date on which the units in the housing are available for occupancy;

"(C) the unit of general local government or nonprofit organization that receives the assistance certifies to the satisfaction of the Secretary that the assistance will be made available in conformity with Public Law 88-352 and Public Law 90-284;

42 USC 2000a note.
82 Stat. 73.

"(D) the owner agrees to enter into and abide by written leases with the tenants, which leases shall provide that tenants may be evicted only for good cause; and

"(E) the unit of general local government or nonprofit organization will agree to supervise repairs and rehabilitation and will agree to have a disinterested party inspect such repairs and rehabilitation.

"(2) Assistance under this section provided with respect to any housing other than rental or cooperative housing may be provided only if the owner complies with the requirements set forth in subparagraph (E) of paragraph (1) and any other requirements established by the Secretary to carry out the purpose of this section.

"(3)(A) The Secretary shall provide that if the owner or his or her successors in interest fail to carry out the agreements described in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (1) during the applicable period, the owner or his or her successors in interest shall make a payment to the Secretary of an amount that equals the total amount of assistance provided under this section with respect to such housing, plus interest thereon (without compounding), for each year and any fraction thereof that the assistance was outstanding, at a rate determined by the Secretary taking into account the average yield on outstanding marketable long-term obligations of the United States during the month preceding the date on which the assistance was made available.

"(B) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any assistance provided under this section shall constitute a debt, which is payable in the case of any failure to carry out the agreements described in subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) of paragraph (1), and shall be secured by the security instruments provided by the owner to the Secretary.

Advance assistance payments.

"(f) The Secretary shall provide for such advance payments of assistance under this section as the Secretary determines is necessary to effectively carry out the provisions of this section.

Review and audits.

"(g) The Secretary shall, at least on an annual basis, make such review and audits as may be necessary or appropriate to determine whether the grantee has carried out its activities in a timely manner and in accordance with the requirements of this section, the degree to which the activities assisted benefitted persons of low income and very low-income who lacked adequate housing, and whether the grantee has a continuing capacity to carry out the activities in a timely manner. The Secretary may adjust, reduce, or withdraw resources made available to grantees receiving assistance under this section, or take other action as appropriate in accordance with the findings of these reviews and audits. Any amounts which became available as a result of actions under this subsection shall be reallocated in the year in which they become available to such grantee or grantees as the Secretary may determine.

"(h) The Secretary is authorized to prescribe such rules and regulations and make such delegations of authority as he deems necessary to carry out this section within 90 days after the date of enactment of this section.

Procedures supporting historic preservation.

"(i) The Secretary shall establish procedures which support national historic preservation objectives and which assure that, if any rehabilitation proposed to be assisted under this section would affect property that is included or is eligible for inclusion on the National Register of Historic Places, such activity shall not be undertaken unless (1) it will reasonably meet the standards for rehabilitation issued by the Secretary of the Interior and the appropriate State historic preservation officer is afforded the opportunity to comment on the specific rehabilitation plan, or (2) the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation is afforded an opportunity to comment on cases for which the recipient of assistance, in consultation with the State historic preservation officer, determines that the proposed rehabilitation activity cannot reasonably meet such standards or would adversely affect historic property as defined therein.

Report to Congress.

"(j) Not later than 180 days after the close of each fiscal year in which assistance under this section is furnished, the Secretary shall submit to the Congress a report which shall contain—

"(1) a description of the progress made in accomplishing the objectives of this section; and

"(2) a summary of the use of such funds during the preceding year.

The Secretary shall require grantees under this section to submit to him such reports, and other information as may be necessary in order for the Secretary to make the report required by this subsection.".

MISCELLANEOUS

SEC. 523. Title V of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"REVIEW OF RULES AND REGULATIONS

Publication in Federal Register. 42 USC 1490n.

"SEC. 534. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no rule or regulation pursuant to this title may become effective unless it has first been published for public comment in the Federal Register for at least 60 days, and published in final form for at least 30 days.

Transmittal to congressional committees.

"(b) The Secretary shall transmit to the chairman and ranking Member of the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs of the House, all rules and regulations at least 15 days before they are sent to the Federal Register for purposes of subsection (a).

"(c) The provisions of this section shall not apply to a rule or regulation which the Secretary certifies is issued on an emergency basis.

"RECIPROCITY IN APPROVAL OF HOUSING SUBDIVISIONS AMONG FEDERAL AGENCIES

42 USC 1490o.

"SEC. 535. The Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, and the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs shall each accept an administrative approval of any housing subdivision made by any of the others so that not later than January 1, 1984, there is total reciprocity for housing subdivision approvals among the agencies which they head.".

Export-Import Bank Act Amendments of 1983.

TITLE VI—EXPORT-IMPORT BANK ACT AMENDMENTS OF 1983

SHORT TITLE

12 USC 635 note.

SEC. 601. This title may be cited as the "Export-Import Bank Act Amendments of 1983".

PART A—EXPORT-IMPORT BANK ACT AMENDMENTS

EXTENSION OF THE EXPORT-IMPORT BANK ACT

Ante, p. 916.

SEC. 611. Section 8 of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635f) is amended by striking out "November 18, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1986".

COMPETITIVE MANDATE

SEC. 612. (a) The second sentence of section 2(b)(1)(A) of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635(b)(1)(A)) is amended—

(1) by inserting "in all its programs" after "objective"; and

(2) by inserting "fully" after "which are".

(b) The first sentence of section 2(b)(1)(B) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 635(b)(1)(B)) is amended by striking out "It is" and all that follows through "exports of other countries;" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "It is further the policy of the United States that loans made by the Bank in all its programs shall bear interest at rates determined by the Board of Directors, consistent with the Bank's mandate to support United States exports at rates and on terms and conditions which are fully competitive with exports of other countries, and consistent with international agreements. For the purpose of the preceding sentence, rates and terms and conditions need not be equivalent to those offered by foreign countries, but should be established so that the effect of such rates, terms, and conditions for all the Bank's programs, including those for small businesses and for medium-term financing, will be to neutralize the effect of such foreign credit on international sales competition. The Bank shall consider its average cost of money as one factor in its determination of interest rates, where such consideration does not impair the Bank's primary function of expanding United States exports through fully competitive financing. It is also the policy of the United States".

(c) The first sentence of section 2(b)(1)(B) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 635(b)(1)(B)), as in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this title, is amended by inserting "export trading companies," after "independent export firms,".

ADVISORY COMMITTEE

SEC. 613. Section 3(d) of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635a(d)) is amended to read as follows:

"(d)(1)(A) There is established an Advisory Committee to consist of twelve members who shall be appointed by the Board of Directors on the recommendation of the President of the Bank.

"(B) Such members shall be broadly representative of production, commerce, finance, agriculture, labor, services, and State government.

"(2) Not less than three members appointed to the Advisory Committee shall be representative of the small business community.

"(3) The Advisory Committee shall meet at least once each quarter.

"(4) The Advisory Committee shall advise the Bank on its programs, and shall submit, with the report specified in section 2(b)(1)(A) of this Act, its own comments to the Congress on the extent to which the Bank is meeting its mandate to provide competitive financing to expand United States exports, and any suggestions for improvements in this regard.".

Comments, submittal to Congress.
12 USC 635.

TERMS OF DIRECTORS

SEC. 614. (a) Section 3(c) of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635a(c)) is amended—

(1) by redesignating the first sentence through the seventh sentence of such section as paragraphs (1) through (7), respectively;

(2) in the fifth paragraph of such section, as so redesignated by paragraph (1), by striking out "Terms of the directors shall be at the pleasure of the President of the United States, and the" and inserting in lieu thereof "The"; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(8)(A) The terms of the directors, including the President and the First Vice President of the Bank, appointed under this section shall be four years, except that—

"(i) during their terms of office, the directors shall serve at the pleasure of the President of the United States;

"(ii) the term of any director appointed after the date of enactment of this paragraph to serve before January 20, 1985, shall expire on January 20, 1985;

"(iii) of the directors first appointed to serve beginning on or after January 21, 1985, two directors (other than the President and First Vice President of the Bank) shall be appointed for terms of two years, as designated by the President of the United States at the time of their appointment; and

"(iv) any director first appointed to serve for a term beginning on any date after January 21, 1985, shall serve only for the remainder of the period for which such director would have been appointed if such director's term had begun on January 21, 1985. If such term would have expired before the date on which such director's term actually begins, the term of such director shall be the four-year period, or remainder thereof, as if such director had been preceded by a director whose term had begun on January 21, 1985.

"(B) Of the five members of the Board appointed by the President, not less than one such member shall be selected from among the small business community and shall represent the interests of small business.

Vacancy.

"(C) Any person chosen to fill a vacancy shall be appointed only for the unexpired term of the director whom such person succeeds.

"(D) Any director whose term has expired may be reappointed.".

12 USC 635a note.

Ante, p. 1255.

(b) In order to carry out the amendment made by subsection (a) regarding section 3(c)(8)(B) of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945, the first member, other than a member who will serve as Chairman or Vice Chairman of the Bank, appointed by the President of the United States to the Board of Directors of the Export-Import Bank of the United States after the date of the enactment of this section shall be selected from among the small business community and shall represent the interests of small business.

REPORT ON AUTHORITY

SEC. 615. Section 7(a)(2) of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635e(a)(2)) is amended to read as follows:

"(2)(A)(i) Not later than March 31 of each fiscal year, the President of the United States shall determine whether the authority available to the Bank for such fiscal year will be sufficient to meet the Bank's needs, particularly those needs arising from—

"(I) increases in the level of exports unforeseen at the time of the original budget request for such fiscal year;

"(II) any increased foreign export credit subsidies; or

"(III) the lack of progress in negotiations to reduce or eliminate export credit subsidies.

"(ii) Not later than April 15 of each year, the President of the United States shall transmit to the Congress a report on such determination.

Transmittal to Congress.

"(B)(i) If the President of the United States finds that the amount of direct loan authority or guarantee authority available to the Bank for the fiscal year involved exceeds the amount which will be necessary to carry out the Bank's functions consistent with the availability of qualified applications and limitations imposed by law during such year, the President of the United States shall promptly transmit to the Congress a request for legislation to eliminate the amount of such excess direct loan, loan guarantee, or insurance authority.

Presidential request for legislation to Congress.

"(ii) The Bank shall continue to make remaining amounts of its authority available for the fiscal year involved, in accordance with its practices and the requirements of this Act, unless otherwise directed pursuant to law.".

EXPORTS OF SERVICES

SEC. 616. (a) Section 2 of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635) is amended—

(1) in the second sentence of subsection (a)(1), by inserting "and services" after "exchange of commodities";

(2) in the second sentence of subsection (b)(1)(A), by inserting "of goods and services" after "exports"; and

(3) by inserting after subsection (b)(1)(C) the following:

"(D)(i) It is further the policy of the United States to foster the delivery of United States services in international commerce. In exercising its powers and functions, the Bank shall give full and equal consideration to making loans and providing guarantees for the export of services (independently, or in conjunction with the export of manufactured goods, equipment, hardware or other capital goods) consistent with the Bank's policy to neutralize foreign subsidized credit competition and to supplement the private capital market.

"(ii) The Bank shall include in its annual report a summary of its programs regarding the export of services.".

(b) Section 206 of the Export Trading Company Act of 1982 (Public Law 97-290) is amended— 12 USC 635a-4.

(1) by striking out "or" after "export accounts receivable" and inserting in lieu thereof a comma; and

(2) by inserting after "exportable goods," the following: "accounts receivable from leases, performance contracts, grant commitments, participation fees, member dues, revenue from publications, or such other collateral as the Board of Directors may deem appropriate,".

COMPETITIVE INSURANCE

SEC. 617. Section 2 of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(d)(1) In carrying out its responsibilities under this Act, the Bank shall work to ensure that United States companies are afforded an equal and nondiscriminatory opportunity to bid for insurance in connection with transactions assisted by the Bank.

"(2) In furtherance of such effort, the Chairman of the Bank shall review Bank policies and programs in regard to this issue, and in coordination with the United States Trade Representative and the appropriate agencies of the Department of State, the Department of the Treasury, and the Department of Commerce, undertake actions designed to promote equal and nondiscriminatory opportunities to bid for insurance in connection with all aspects of international trade activities.

Bank report to congressional committees.

"(3) The Bank shall report to the Committee or Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate not later than May 15, 1984, regarding—

"(A) the existing obstacles to equal and nondiscriminatory bidding for insurance related to transactions assisted by the Bank;

"(B) the efforts that the Bank has taken in addressing such problems; and

"(C) recommendations for such legislative or administrative actions as the Bank considers necessary.".

SMALL BUSINESS NEEDS

SEC. 618. (a) Section 2(b)(1) of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635(b)(1)) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (B), by striking out "that the Bank shall give due recognition to the policy stated in section 2(a) of the Small Business Act" and all that follows through "the Small Business Administration and other departments and agencies in matters affecting small business concerns;"; and

Ante, p. 1257.

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(E)(i)(I) It is further the policy of the United States to encourage the participation of small business in international commerce.

"(II) In exercising its authority, the Bank shall develop a program which gives fair consideration to making loans and providing guarantees for the export of goods and services by small businesses.

"(ii) It is further the policy of the United States that the Bank shall give due recognition to the policy stated in section 2(a) of the Small Business Act that 'the Government should aid, counsel, assist, and protect, insofar as is possible, the interests of small business concerns in order to preserve free competitive enterprise'.

15 USC 631.

"(iii) In furtherance of this policy, the Board of Directors shall designate an officer of the Bank who—

"(I) shall be responsible to the President of the Bank for all matters concerning or affecting small business concerns; and

"(II) among other duties, shall be responsible for advising small business concerns of the opportunities for small business concerns in the functions of the Bank and for maintaining liaison with the Small Business Administration and other departments and agencies in matters affecting small business concerns.

"(iv) The Director appointed to represent the interests of small business under section 3(c) of this Act shall ensure that the Bank carries out its responsibilities under clauses (ii) and (iii) of this subparagraph and that the Bank's financial and other resources are, to the maximum extent possible, appropriately used for small business needs.

Ante, pp. 1255, 1256.

"(v) To assure that the purposes of clauses (i) and (ii) of this subparagraph are carried out, the Bank shall make available, from the aggregate loan, guarantee, and insurance authority available to it, an amount to finance exports by small business concerns (as defined under section 3 of the Small Business Act) which shall be not less than— Financing. 15 USC 632.

"(I) 6 per centum of such authority for fiscal year 1984;

"(II) 8 per centum of such authority for fiscal year 1985; and

"(III) 10 per centum of such authority for fiscal year 1986 and thereafter.

"(vi) The Bank shall utilize the amount set aside pursuant to clause (v) of this subparagraph to offer financing for small business exports on terms which are fully competitive with regard to interest rates and with regard to the portion of financing which may be provided, guaranteed, or insured. Financing under this clause (vi) shall be available without regard to whether financing for the particular transaction was disapproved by any other Federal agency.

"(vii)(I) The Bank shall utilize a part of the amount set aside pursuant to clause (v) to provide lines of credit or guarantees to consortia of small or medium size banks, export trading companies, State export finance agencies, export financing cooperatives, small business investment companies (as defined in section 103 of the Small Businss Investment Act of 1958), or other financing institutions or entities in order to finance small business exports. 15 USC 662.

"(II) Financing under this clause (vii) shall be made available only where the consortia or the participating institutions agree to undertake processing, servicing, and credit evaluation functions in connection with such financing.

"(III) To the maximum extent practicable, the Bank shall delegate to the consortia the authority to approve financing under this clause (vii).

"(IV) In the administration of the program under this clause (vii), the Bank shall provide appropriate technical assistance to participating consortia and may require such consortia periodically to furnish information to the Bank regarding the number and amount of loans made and the creditworthiness of the borrowers.

"(viii) In order to assure that the policy stated in clause (i) is carried out, the Bank shall promote small business exports and its small business export financing programs in cooperation with the Secretary of Commerce, the Office of International Trade of the Small Business Administration, and the private sector, particularly small business organizations, State agencies, chambers of commerce, banking organizations, export management companies, export trading companies, and private industry.".

(b) Section 9 of such Act (12 U.S.C. 635g) is amended—

(1) in the first sentence of subsection (b), by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: "and of the activities of the member of the Board appointed to represent the interests of small business"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(c)(1) The Bank shall include in its annual report to the Congress a report on the allocation of the sums set aside for small business exports pursuant to section 2(b)(1)(E). Annual report to Congress. *Ante*, p. 1258.

"(2) Such report shall specify—

"(A) the total number and dollar volume of loans made from the sums set aside;

"(B) the number and dollar volume of loans made through the consortia program under section 2(b)(1)(E)(vii);

Ante, p. 1258.

"(C) the amount of guarantees and insurance provided for small business exports;

"(D) the number of recipients of financing from the sums set aside who have not previously participated in the Bank's programs;

"(E) the number of commitments entered into in amounts less than $500,000; and

"(F) any recommendations for increasing the participation of banks and other institutions in the programs authorized under section 2(b)(1)(E).

Transmittal to congressional committees.

"(3) For the purpose of this subsection, the Bank's report shall be transmitted to the Committee on Small Business of the Senate and the Committee on Small Business of the House of Representatives.".

Ante, p. 1258.

(c) Section 2(b)(1) of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635(b)(1)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(F) Consistent with international agreements, the Bank shall urge the Foreign Credit Insurance Association to provide coverage against 100 per centum of any loss with respect to exports having a value of less than $100,000.".

SPECIAL FACILITIES IN SUPPORT OF UNITED STATES EXPORTS

SEC. 619. (a) The Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"SPECIAL FACILITIES IN SUPPORT OF UNITED STATES EXPORTS

12 USC 635i-1.

"SEC. 13. The Bank is authorized to establish general facilities consisting of guarantees and insurance in support of export transactions to Brazil in the aggregate amount of $1,500,000,000 and to Mexico in the aggregate amount of $500,000,000. No such guarantees may be made, or insurance issued, after March 31, 1985.".

(b) The first sentence of section 2(b)(3) of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635(b)(3)) is amended by inserting "or general guarantee or insurance facility" after "no loan or financial guarantee".

(c) Section 2(b)(3)(A) of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635(b)(3)(A)) is amended to read as follows:

"(A) in the case of a loan or financial guarantee—

"(i) a brief description of the purposes of the transaction;

"(ii) the identity of the party or parties requesting the loan or financial guarantee;

"(iii) the nature of the goods or services to be exported and the use for which the goods or services are to be exported; and

"(iv) in the case of a general guarantee or insurance facility—

"(I) a description of the nature and purpose of the facility;

"(II) the total amount of guarantees or insurance; and

"(III) the reasons for the facility and its methods of operation; and".

(d) Section 2(b) of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635(b)) is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraph (8) as paragraph (9);

(2) by redesignating paragraph (7), the second time it appears therein, as paragraph (8); and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(10)(A) The Bank shall not, without a specific authorization by law, guarantee, insure, or extend credit (or participate in the extension of credit) to—

"(i) assist specific countries with balance of payments financing; or

"(ii) assist (as the primary purpose of any such guarantee, insurance, or credit) any country in the management of its international indebtedness, other than its outstanding obligations to the Bank.

"(B) Nothing contained in subparagraph (A) shall preclude guarantees, insurance, or credit the primary purpose of which is to support United States exports.".

TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS

SEC. 620. (a) Section 2(b)(4) of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635(b)(4)) is amended by striking out "he" wherever it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "the Secretary".

(b) Section 3(e) of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635a(e)) is amended—

(1) by striking out "his" and inserting in lieu thereof "such individual's"; and

(2) by striking out "he" and inserting in lieu thereof "such individual".

(c) Section 4 of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635b) is amended by striking out "he" and inserting in lieu thereof "the President".

(d) Section 7(b) of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635e(b)) is amended by striking out "he" wherever it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "the President".

CAPITAL LEVEL OF THE BANK

SEC. 621. The Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"CAPITAL LEVEL OF THE BANK

"SEC. 14. After fiscal year 1983, if at the end of any fiscal quarter the value of the total capital stock and retained earnings of the Bank falls below 50 per centum of the value of the total capital stock and retained earnings of the Bank at the end of fiscal year 1983, the Board of Directors shall notify the Congress of the decrease in the level of the capital stock of the Bank not later than thirty days after the end of the fiscal quarter involved and the Congress shall take appropriate action.".

Notification of Congress.
12 USC 635i-2.

MEDIUM-TERM FINANCING

SEC. 622. Section 2(a) of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635(a)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(2) In order for the Bank to be competitive in all of its financing programs with countries whose exports compete with United States exports, the Bank shall establish a program that—

"(A) provides medium-term financing where necessary to be fully competitive—

"(i) at rates of interest to the customer which are equal to rates established in international agreements; and

"(ii) in amounts up to 85 percent of the total cost of the exports involved; and

"(B) enables the Bank to cooperate fully with the Secretary of Commerce and the Administrator of the Small Business Administration to develop a program for purposes of disseminating information (using existing private institutions) to small business concerns regarding the medium-term financing provided under this paragraph.".

REPORT TO CONGRESS

SEC. 623. Section 9 of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635g) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

Ante, p. 1259.

"(d)(1) The report shall include a detailed description of all actions which have been taken by the Bank or which will be taken by the Bank—

"(A) to maintain the competitive position of key linkage industries in the United States;

"(B) to support industries which are engaged in the export of high value added products;

"(C) to support industries which are engaged in the development of new capital goods technology;

"(D) to preserve and create high skilled jobs in the United States economy; and

"(E) to enhance the opportunity for growth and expansion of small businesses and entrepreneurial enterprises.

"(2) Such report shall include the comments of the Advisory Committee regarding the objectives specified in paragraph (1).".

PART B—MATCHING CREDITS

MATCHING CREDITS

SEC. 631. Section 1912 of the Export-Import Bank Act Amendments of 1978 is amended—

12 USC 635a-3.

(1) by adding at the end of subsection (a)(1) the following: "The inquiry, and where appropriate, the determination and authorization to the Export-Import Bank of the United States referred to in this section shall be completed and made within 60 days of the receipt of such information."; and

(2) in subsection (b)(1), by striking out "determining factor" and inserting in lieu thereof "significant factor".

REPORT

SEC. 632. Section 1911 of the Export-Import Bank Act Amendments of 1978 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "After October 1, 1983, there are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.".

12 USC 635a-2.

TECHNICAL AMENDMENT

SEC. 633. (a) Section 1912(b) of the Export-Import Bank Act Amendments of 1978 is amended by strking out "he" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Secretary". 12 USC 635a-3.

(b) Section 1912(a)(2) of the Export-Import Bank Act Amendments of 1978 is amended by striking out "he" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Secretary".

PART C—TIED AID CREDIT EXPORT SUBSIDIES

Trade and Development Enhancement Act of 1983.

SHORT TITLE

SEC. 641. This part may be referred to as the "Trade and Development Enhancement Act of 1983". 12 USC 635o note.

STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

SEC. 642. The purpose of this part is— 12 USC 635o.

(1) to expand employment and economic growth in the United States by expanding United States exports to the markets of the developing world;

(2) to stimulate the economic development of countries in the developing world by improving their access to credit for the importation of United States products and services for developmental purposes;

(3) to neutralize the predatory financing engaged in by many nations whose exports compete with United States exports, and thereby restore export competition to a market basis; and

(4) to encourage foreign governments to enter into effective and comprehensive agreements with the United States to end the use of tied aid credits for exports, and to limit and goverr the use of export credit subsidies generally.

NEGOTIATING MANDATE

SEC. 643. The President shall vigorously pursue negotiations to limit and set rules for the use of tied aid for exports. The negotiating objectives of the United States should include reaching agreements— Presidential action. 12 USC 635p.

(1) to define the various forms of tied aid credit, particularly mixed credits under the Arrangement on Guidelines for Officially Supported Export Credits established through the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (hereinafter in this part referred to as the "Arrangement");

(2) to phase out the use of government-mixed credits by a date certain;

(3) to set rules governing the use of public-private cofinancing, or other forms of mixed financing, which may have the same result as government-mixed credits of drawing on concessional development assistance to produce subsidized export financing;

(4) to raise the threshold for notification of the use of tied aid credit to a 50 per centum level of concessionality;

(5) to improve notification procedures so that advance notification must be given on all uses of tied aid credit; and

(6) to prohibit the use of tied aid credit for production facilities for goods which are in structural oversupply in the world.

ESTABLISHMENT OF A TIED AID CREDIT PROGRAM IN THE UNITED STATES EXPORT-IMPORT BANK

12 USC 635q.

SEC. 644. (a)(1) The Chairman of the Export-Import Bank of the United States shall establish, within the Export-Import Bank of the United States, a program of tied aid credits for United States exports.

Cooperation with AID.

(2) The program shall be carried out in cooperation with the Agency for International Development and with private financial institutions or entities, as appropriate.

Program inclusions.

(3) The program may include—

(A) the combined use of the credits, loans, or guarantees offered by the Export-Import Bank of the United States with concessional financing or grants offered by the Agency for International Development, by methods including the blending of the financing of, or parallel financing by, the Bank and the Agency for International Development; and

(B) the combined use of credits, loans, or guarantees offered by the Bank, with financing offered by private financial institutions or entities, by methods including the blending of the financing of, or parallel financing by, the Bank and private institutions or entities.

(b) The purpose of the tied aid credit program under this section is to offer or arrange for financing for the export of United States goods and services which is substantially as concessional as foreign financing for which there is reasonable proof that such foreign financing is being offered to, or arranged for, a bona fide foreign competitor for a United States export sale.

(c) The Chairman of the Bank is authorized to establish a fund, as necessary, for carrying out the tied aid credit program described in this section.

Congressional financing or grants.

(d) Concessional financing or grants offered by the Agency for International Development for the purposes of the mixed financing program established under this section shall be made available in accordance with the provisions of subsections (c) and (d) of section 645 of this Act.

ESTABLISHMENT OF A TIED AID CREDIT PROGRAM IN THE AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

12 USC 635r.

SEC. 645. (a) The Administrator of the Agency for International Development shall establish within the Agency a program of tied aid credits for United States exports. The program shall be carried out in cooperation with the Export-Import Bank of the United States and with private financial institutions or entities, as appropriate. The program may include—

Program inclusions.

(1) the combined use of the credits, loans, or guarantees offered by the Bank with concessional financing or grants offered by the Agency for International Development, by methods including the blending of the financing of, or parallel financing by, the Bank and the Agency for International Development; and

(2) the combination of concessional financing or grants offered by the Agency for International Development with financing offered by private financial institutions or entities, by methods including the blending of the financing of, or parallel financing

by, the Agency for International Development and private institutions or entities.

(b) These funds may be combined with financing by the Export-Import Bank of the United States or private commercial financing in order to offer, or arrange for, financing for the exportation of United States goods and services which is substantially as concessional as foreign financing for which there is reasonable proof that such foreign financing is being offered to, or arranged for, a bona fide foreign competitor for a United States export sale. Combined funding.

(c)(1) Funds of the agency for International Development which are used to carry out a tied aid credit program authorized by subsections (a) and (b) shall be offered only to finance United States exports which can reasonably be expected to contribute to the advancement of the development objectives of the importing country or countries, and shall be consistent with the economic, security, and political criteria used to establish country allocations of Economic Support Funds.

(2) The Administrator of the Agency for International Development is authorized to establish a fund, as necessary, for carrying out a tied aid credit financing program as described in this section.

(d) The Administrator of the Agency for International Development may draw on Economic Support Funds allocated for Commodity Import Programs to finance a tied aid credit activity. Allocations.

IMPLEMENTATION

SEC. 646. (a)(1) The National Advisory Council on International Monetary and Financial Policies shall coordinate the implementation of the tied aid credit programs authorized by sections 644 and 645. 12 USC 635s.

Ante, p. 1264.

(2) No financing may be approved under the tied aid credit programs authorized by section 644 or section 645 without the unanimous consent of the members of the National Advisory Council on International Monetary and Financial Policies.

DEFINITIONS

SEC. 647. For purposes of this part— 12 USC 635t.

(1) the term "tied aid credit" means credit—

(A) which is provided for development aid purposes;

(B) which is tied to the purchase of exports from the country granting the credit;

(C) which is financed either exclusively from public funds, or, as a mixed credit, partly from public and partly from private funds; and

(D) which has a grant element, as defined by the Development Assistance Committee of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, greater than zero percent;

(2) the term "government-mixed credits" means the combined use of credits, insurance, and guarantees offered by the Export-Import Bank of the United States with concessional financing or grants offered by the Agency for International Development to finance exports;

(3) the term "public-private cofinancing" means the combined use of either official development assistance or official export credit with private commercial credit to finance exports;

(4) the term "blending of financings" means the use of various combinations of official development assistance, official export credit, and private commercial credit, integrated into a single package with a single set of financial terms, to finance exports;

(5) the term "parallel financing" means the related use of various combinations of separate lines of official development assistance, official export credits, and private commercial credit, not combined into a single package with a single set of financial terms, to finance exports; and

(6) the term "Bank" means the Export-Import Bank of the United States.

19 USC 1671a.

SEC. 650. (a) Section 702 of the Tariff Act of 1930 as amended, is amended by adding after subsection 702(b)(2) a new subsection 702(b)(3) as follows:

"(3) PETITION BASED UPON A DEROGATION OF AN INTERNATIONAL UNDERTAKING ON OFFICIAL EXPORT CREDITS.—If the sole basis of a petition filed under subsection 702(b)(1) is the derogation of an international undertaking on official export credits, the Administering Authority shall immediately notify the Secretary of the Treasury who shall, in consultation with the Administering Authority, within twenty days determine the existence and estimated value of the derogation, if any, and shall publish such determination in the Federal Register.".

Publication in Federal Register.

19 USC 1671b.

(b) Section 703 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, is amended by redesignating subsection 703(b) as subsection 703(b)(1) and adding a new subsection 703(b)(2) as follows:

"(2) Notwithstanding subsection (b)(1), when the petition is one subject to subsection 702(b)(3), the Administering Authority shall, taking into account the nature of the subsidy concerned, make the determination required by subsection 703(b)(1) on an expedited basis and within 85 days after the date on which the petition is filed under section 702(b) unless the provisions of section 703(c) apply.".

(c) Title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section—

19 USC 1671g.

"SEC. 708. Nothing in this title shall be interpreted as superseding the provisions of section 1912 of the Export-Import Bank Act Amendments of 1978, except that in the event of an assessment of duty based on a derogation under section 706 or action under section 703(d)(2), the Secretary of the Treasury shall not authorize the Bank to provide guarantees, insurance and credits to competing United States sellers pursuant to section 1912 of such Act.".

12 USC 635a-3.
19 USC 1671e.
19 USC 1671b.

TITLE VII—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

HOME MORTGAGE DISCLOSURE ACT AMENDMENTS

SEC. 701. (a) Sections 304, 310, and 311 of the Home Mortgage Disclosure Act of 1975 (12 U.S.C. 2803, 2809, and 2810) are amended by striking out "standard metropolitan statistical area" wherever it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "primary metropolitan statistical area, metropolitan statistical area, or consolidated metropolitan statistical area that is not comprised of designated primary metropolitan statistical areas".

(b) Section 308 of the Home Mortgage Disclosure Act of 1975 (12 U.S.C. 2807) is amended by striking out "standard metropolitan statistical areas" wherever it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "primary metropolitan statistical areas, metropolitan statistical

areas, or consolidated metropolitan statistical areas that are not comprised of designated primary metropolitan statistical areas".

(c) Section 203(1) of the Depository Institutions Management Interlocks Act (12 U.S.C. 3202(1)) is amended by striking out "standard metropolitan statistical area" and inserting in lieu thereof "primary metropolitan statistical area, the same metropolitan statistical area, or the same consolidated metropolitan statistical area that is not comprised of designated primary metropolitan statistical areas".

MEMBERS TO SERVE UNTIL SUCCESSORS ARE APPOINTED

SEC. 702. (a) Section 2 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1812) is amended by inserting after the third sentence the following: "Each such appointive member may continue to serve after the expiration of his term until a successor has been appointed and qualified.".

(b) Section 17(a) of the Federal Home Loan Bank Act (12 U.S.C. 1436(a)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "Upon the expiration of the term of office of a member of the Board, such member may continue to serve until a successor has been appointed and qualified.". 12 USC 1437.

DEFENSE PRODUCTION ACT EXTENSION

SEC. 703. The first sentence of Section 717(a) of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. App. 2166(a)) is amended by striking out "September 30, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "March 30, 1984". *Ante*, p. 53.

TITLE VIII—INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND

PROMOTING CONDITIONS FOR EXCHANGE RATE STABILITY

SEC. 801. The Bretton Woods Agreements Act (22 U.S.C. 286 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"PROMOTING CONDITIONS FOR EXCHANGE RATE STABILITY

"SEC. 40. (a) In order to help assure that the resources provided under section 41 are used to support pro-growth policies which will help establish the economic conditions necessary for more appropriate financial and exchange rate alignment and stability, it is the sense of Congress that the Secretary of the Treasury shall— Initiatives by Treasury Secretary. 22 USC 286y. *Post*, p. 1268.

"(1) in consultation with the Secretary of State and the United States Trade Representative, initiate discussions with other countries regarding the economic dislocations which result from structural exchange rate imbalances; and

"(2) instruct the United States Executive Director of the Fund to work for adoption of policies in the Fund, both within the framework of article IV (of the Articles of Agreement of the Fund) consultations and with respect to the conditions associated with Fund-supported balance of payments adjustments programs, which promote conditions contributing to the stability of exchange rates and avoid the manipulation of exchange rates between major currencies. Among other initiatives, the Secretary of the Treasury shall propose strengthening the article IV consultation procedures of the Fund to attempt to

ensure that countries which are artificially maintaining undervalued or overvalued rates of exchange agree to adopt market determined exchange rates.

Assistance extensions.

"(b) In determining his vote on extensions of assistance to any Fund borrower, the United States Executive Director of the Fund shall take into account whether such borrower's policies are consistent with the requirements of article IV of the Articles of Agreement of the Fund.".

QUOTA INCREASE

SEC. 802. (a) The Bretton Woods Agreements Act (22 U.S.C. 286 et seq.) is amended—

22 USC 286e-2.

(1) in section 17(a)—

(A) by striking out "decision of January 5, 1962," and inserting in lieu thereof "decisions of January 5, 1962, and February 24, 1983, as amended in accordance with their terms,"; and

(B) by striking out "not to exceed $2,000,000,000 outstanding at any one time," and inserting in lieu thereof "in an amount not to exceed the equivalent of 4,250,000,000 Special Drawing Rights, limited to such amounts as are provided in advance in appropriations Acts, except that prior to activation, the Secretary of the Treasury shall certify that supplementary resources are needed to forestall or cope with an impairment of the international monetary system and that the Fund has fully explored other means of funding,";

Supplementary resources.

(2) in section 17(b), by striking out "$2,000,000,000," and inserting in lieu thereof "4,250,000,000 Special Drawing Rights, except that prior to activation, the Secretary of the Treasury shall certify whether supplementary resources are needed to forestall or cope with an impairment of the international monetary system and that the Fund has fully explored other means of funding,";

(3) by adding at the end of section 17 the following:

"(d) Unless the Congress by law so authorizes, neither the President, the Secretary of the Treasury, nor any other person acting on behalf of the United States, may instruct the United States Executive Director to the Fund to consent to any amendment to the Decision of February 24, 1983, of the Executive Directors of the Fund, if the adoption of such amendment would significantly alter the amount, terms, or conditions of participation by the United States in the General Arrangements to Borrow."; and

(4) by adding at the end thereof the following:

"QUOTA INCREASE

22 USC 286e-1i.

"SEC. 41. (a) The United States Governor of the Fund is authorized to consent to an increase in the quota of the United States in the Fund equivalent to 5,310,800,000 Special Drawing Rights, limited to such amounts as are provided in advance in appropriations Acts.

Consultation with congressional committees.

"(b)(1) The Secretary of the Treasury shall consult with the chairman and the ranking minority member of—

"(A) the Committee on Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives, and any appropriate subcommittee of each such committee; and

"(B) the committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate, and any appropriate subcommittee of each such committee,

for purposes of discussing the position of the executive branch and the views of the Congress with respect to any international negotiations being held to consider any future quota increase for the International Monetary Fund which may involve an increased contribution, subscription, or loan by the United States.

"(2) Such consultation shall be made—

"(A) not later than thirty days before the initiation of such international negotiations;

"(B) during the period in which such negotiations are being held, in a frequent and timely manner; and

"(C) before a session of such negotiations is held at which the United States representatives may agree to such quota increase.

"COLLECTION AND EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION ON MONETARY AND FINANCIAL PROBLEMS

"SEC. 42. (a) It is the sense of the Congress that— 22 USC 286z.

"(1) the lack of sufficient information currently available to allow members of the Fund to make sound and prudent decisions concerning their public and private sector international borrowing, and to allow lenders to make sound and prudent decisions concerning their international lending, threatens the stability of the international monetary system; and

"(2) in recognition of the Fund's duties, as provided particularly by article VIII of the Articles of Agreement of the Fund, to act as a center for the collection and exchange of information on monetary and financial problems, the Fund should adopt necessary and appropriate measures to ensure that more complete and timely financial information will be available.

"(b) To this end, the Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct the United States Executive Director of the Fund to initiate discussions with other directors of the Fund and with Fund management, and to propose and vote for, the adoption of procedures, within the Fund—

"(1) to collect and disseminate information, on a quarterly basis, from and to Fund members, and to such other persons as the Fund deems appropriate, concerning—

"(A) the extension of credit by banks or nonbanks to private and public entities, including all government entities, instrumentalities, and central banks of member countries; and

"(B) the receipt of such credit by those private and public entities of member countries, where such banks or nonbanks are not principally established within the borders of the member country to which the credits are extended; and

"(2) to disseminate publicly information which is developed in the course of the Fund's collection, and to review and comment on efforts which the Fund determines would serve to enhance the informational base upon which international borrowing and lending decisions are taken.

"(c) For purposes of this section, the term 'credit' includes— "Credit."

"(1) outstanding loans to private and public entities, including government entities, instrumentalities, and central banks of any member, and

"(2) unused lines of credit which have been made available to those private and public entities of any member,

where such loans or lines of credit are repayable in freely convertible currency.

Presidential authority. 22 USC 286f.

"(d) The President is authorized to use the authority provided under section 8 of this Act to require any person (as defined in such section) subject to the jurisdiction of the United States to provide such information as the Fund determines to be necessary in order to carry out the provisions of this section.".

SPECIAL DRAWING RIGHTS

SEC. 803. Section 6 of the Special Drawing Rights Act (22 U.S.C. 286q) is amended—

(1) by inserting "(a)" after "SEC. 6."; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following:

Consultations with Treasury Secretary and congressional committees.

"(b)(1) Neither the President nor any person or agency shall on behalf of the United States vote to allocate Special Drawing Rights under article XVIII, sections 2 and 3, of the Articles of Agreement of the Fund without consultations by the Secretary of the Treasury at least 90 days prior to any such vote, with the Chairman and ranking minority members of the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs of the House of Representatives, and the appropriate subcommittees thereof.

"(2) Such consultations shall include an explanation of the consistency of such proposal to allocate with the requirements of the Articles of Agreement of the Fund, in particular the requirement that in all its decisions with respect to allocation of Special Drawing Rights, the Fund shall 'seek to meet the long-term global need, as and when it arises, to supplement existing reserve assets in such manner as will promote the attainment of its purposes and will avoid economic stagnation and deflation as well as excess demand and inflation in the world'.".

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE UNITED STATES EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

SEC. 804. The Bretton Woods Agreements Act (22 U.S.C. 286 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"INSTRUCTIONS TO THE UNITED STATES EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

22 USC 286aa.

"SEC. 43. (a) The Congress hereby finds that Communist dictatorships result in severe constraints on labor and capital mobility and other highly inefficient labor and capital supply rigidities which contribute to balance of payments deficits in direct contradiction of the goals of the International Monetary Fund. Therefore, the Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct the United States Executive Director of the Fund to actively oppose any facility involving use of Fund credit by any Communist dictatorship, unless the Secretary of the Treasury certifies and documents in writing upon request and so notifies and appears, if requested, before the Foreign Relations and Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs Committees of the Senate and the Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee of the House of Representatives, at least twenty-one days in advance of any vote on such drawing that such drawing—

Appearance before congressional committees.

(1) provides the basis for correcting the balance of payments difficulties and restoring a sustainable balance of payments position;

(2) would reduce the severe constraints on labor and capital mobility or other highly inefficient labor and capital supply rigidities and advances market-oriented forces in that country; and

(3) is in the best economic interest of the majority of the people in that country.

Should the Secretary not meet a request to appear before the aforementioned committees at least twenty-one days in advance of any vote on any facility involving use of Fund credit by any communist dictatorship and certify and document in writing that these three conditions have been met, the United States Executive Director shall vote against such program.

"(b) The Congress hereby finds that the practice of apartheid results in severe constraints on labor and capital mobility and other highly inefficient labor and capital supply rigidities which contribute to balance of payments deficits in direct contradiction of the goals of the International Monetary Fund. Therefore, the President shall instruct the United States Executive Director of the Fund to actively oppose any facility involving use of Fund credit by any country which practices apartheid unless the Secretary of the Treasury certifies and documents in writing, upon request, and so notifies and appears, if requested, before the Foreign Relations and Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs Committees of the Senate and the Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee of the House of Representatives, at least twenty-one days in advance of any vote on such drawing, that such drawing: (1) would reduce the severe constraints on labor and capital mobility, through such means as increasing access to education by workers and reducing artificial constraints on worker mobility and substantial reduction of racially-based restrictions on the geographical mobility of labor; (2) would reduce other highly inefficient labor and capital supply rigidities; (3) would benefit economically the majority of the people of any country which practices apartheid; (4) is suffering from a genuine balance of payments imbalance that cannot be met by recourse to private capital markets. Should the Secretary not meet a request to appear before the aforementioned committees at least twenty-one days in advance of any vote on any facility involving use of Fund credit by any country practicing apartheid and certify and document in writing that these four conditions have been met, the United States Executive Director shall vote against such program.".

Countries practicing apartheid, restricted funding.
Notification of congressional committees.

ELIMINATION OF AGRICULTURAL EXPORT SUBSIDIES

SEC. 805. The Bretton Woods Agreements Act (22 U.S.C. 286 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"ELIMINATION OF AGRICULTURAL EXPORT SUBSIDIES

"SEC. 44. The Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct the United States Executive Director of the Fund to propose and work for the adoption of a policy encouraging Fund members to eliminate all predatory agricultural export subsidies which might result in the reduction of other member countries' exports.".

22 USC 286bb.

SUSTAINING ECONOMIC GROWTH

SEC. 806. The Bretton Woods Agreements Act (22 U.S.C. 286 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"SUSTAINING ECONOMIC GROWTH

Presidential instructions. 22 USC 286cc.

"SEC. 45. (a)(1) The President shall instruct the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of State, and other appropriate Federal officials, and shall request the Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, to use all appropriate means to encourage countries to formulate economic adjustment programs to deal with their balance of payment difficulties and external debt owed to private banks.

Economic adjustment programs.

"(2) Such economic adjustment programs should be designed to safeguard, to the maximum extent feasible, international economic growth, world trade, employment, and the long-term solvency of banks, and to minimize the likelihood of civil disturbances in countries needing economic adjustment programs.

"(b) To ensure the effectiveness of economic adjustment programs supported by Fund resources—

"(1) the United States Executive Director of the Fund shall recommend and shall work for changes in Fund guidelines, policies, and decisions which would—

"(A) convert short-term bank debt which was made at high interest rates into long-term debt at lower rates of interest;

"(B) assure that the annual external debt service, which shall include principal, interest, points, fees, and other charges required of the country involved, is a manageable and prudent percentage of the projected annual export earnings of such country; and

"(C) provide that in approving any economic adjustment program the Fund shall take into account the number of countries applying to the Fund for economic adjustment programs and the aggregate effects that such programs will have on international economic growth, world trade, exports and employment of other member countries, and the long-term solvency of banks; and

Written documentation to congressional committees.

"(2) except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, the United States Executive Director of the Fund shall oppose and vote against providing assistance from the Fund for any economic adjustment program for a country in which the annual external debt service exceeds 85 per centum of the annual export earnings of such country, unless the Secretary of the Treasury first determines and provides written documentation to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs of the House of Representatives that—

"(A) the economic adjustment program converts high interest rate, short-term bank debt into long-term debt at significantly narrower interest rate spreads than the average interest rate spreads prevailing on bank debt reschedulings negotiated between August 1982 and August 1983 for countries receiving assistance from the Fund for economic adjustment programs in order to minimize the burdens of

adjustment on the debtor nation, provided that such interest rate spreads are consistent with that nation's need to obtain adequate external private financing;

"(B) the annual external debt service required of the country involved is a manageable and prudent percentage of the projected annual export earnings of such country; and

"(C) the economic adjustment program will not have an adverse impact on international economic growth, world trade, exports, and employment of other member countries, and the long-term solvency of banks.

Warranted assistance in certain circumstances.

"(c) The provisions of subsection (b)(2) shall not apply in any case in which the Secretary of the Treasury first determines and provides written documentation to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs of the House of Representatives that—

"(1) an emergency exists in a nation that has applied to the Fund for assistance that requires an immediate short-term loan to avoid disrupting orderly financial markets;

"(2) a sudden decrease in export earnings in the country applying to the Fund for assistance has increased the ratio of annual external debt service to annual export earnings, to greater than 85 per centum for a period projected to be no more than one year; or

"(3) other extraordinary circumstances exist which warrant waiving the provisions of subsection (b)(2).".

OPPOSING FUND BAILOUTS OF BANKS

SEC. 807. The Bretton Woods Agreements Act (22 U.S.C. 286 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"OPPOSING FUND BAILOUTS OF BANKS

22 USC 286dd.

"SEC. 46. The Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct the United States Executive Director of the Fund—

"(1) to oppose and vote against any Fund drawing by a member country where, in his judgment, the Fund resources would be drawn principally for the purpose of repaying loans which have been imprudently made by banking institutions to the member country; and

"(2) to work to insure that the Fund encourages borrowing countries and banking institutions to negotiate, where appropriate, a rescheduling of debt which is consistent with safe and sound banking practices and the country's ability to pay.".

SURPLUS COMMODITIES

SEC. 808. (a) Section 4(b) of the Bretton Woods Agreements Act (22 U.S.C. 286b(b)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(8) The general policy objectives for the guidance of the United States Executive Director of the Bank shall take into account the effect that development assistance loans have upon individual industry sectors and international commodity markets—

"(A) to minimize projected adverse impacts; and

"(B) to avoid, wherever possible, government subsidization of production and exports of international commodities without regard to economic conditions in the markets for such commodities.".

INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION

SEC. 809. The Bretton Woods Agreements Act (22 U.S.C. 286 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION

Lending policies, adoption. 22 USC 286ee.

"SEC. 47. The Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct the United States Executive Director of the Fund to propose that the Fund adopt the following policies with respect to international lending:

"(1) In its consultations with a member government on its economic policies pursuant to article IV of the Articles of Agreement of the Fund, the Fund should—

"(A) intensify its examination of the trend and volume of external indebtedness of private and public borrowers in the member country and comment, as appropriate, in its report to the Executive Board from the viewpoint of the contribution of such borrowings to the economic stability of the borrower; and

"(B) consider to what extent and in what form these comments might be made available to the international banking community and the public.

"(2) As part of any Fund-approved stabilization program, the Fund should give consideration to placing limits on public sector external short- and long-term borrowing.

"(3) As a part of its annual report, and at such times as it may consider desirable, the Fund should publish its evaluation of the trend and volume of international lending as it affects the economic situation of lenders, borrowers, and the smooth functioning of the international monetary system.".

IMF INTEREST RATES

SEC. 810. The Bretton Woods Agreements Act (22 U.S.C. 286 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"IMF INTEREST RATES

22 USC 286ff.

"SEC. 48. The Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct the United States Executive Director of the Fund to propose and work for the adoption of Fund policies regarding the rate of remuneration paid on use of member's quota subscriptions and the rate of charges on Fund drawings to bring those rates in line with market rates.".

BORROWING IN UNITED STATES CREDIT MARKETS

Notice transmittal to congressional committees.

SEC. 811. Section 5 of the Bretton Woods Agreements Act (22 U.S.C. 286c) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "Neither the President nor any person or agency shall, on behalf of the United States, consent to any borrowing (other than borrowing from a foreign government or other official public source) by the Fund of funds denominated in United States dollars, unless the Secretary of the Treasury transmits a notice of such proposed

borrowing to both Houses of the Congress at least 60 days prior to the date on which such borrowing is scheduled to occur.".

TRADE PROVISIONS

SEC. 812. The Bretton Woods Agreements Act (22 U.S.C. 286 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"TRADE PROVISIONS

Fund, financial assistance policies. 22 USC 286gg.

"SEC. 49. (a)(1) The Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct the United States Executive Director of the Fund to initiate a wide consultation with the Managing Director of the Fund and the other directors of the Fund with regard to the development of Fund financial assistance policies which, to the maximum feasible extent—

"(A) reduce obstacles to and restrictions upon international trade and investment in goods and services;

"(B) eliminate unfair trade and investment practices; and

"(C) promote mutually advantageous economic relations.

"(2) The Secretary of the Treasury shall work closely in this effort with the Trade Policy Committee.

"(3) As part of this effort, the Secretary of the Treasury shall also instruct the United States Executive Director of the Fund to encourage close cooperation between Fund staff and the GATT Secretariat.

Agreements with Fund-assisted countries.

"(b)(1) The Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct the United States Executive Director of the Fund, prior to the extension to any country of financial assistance by the Fund, to work to have the Fund obtain the agreement of such country to eliminate, in a manner consistent with its balance of payments adjustment program, unfair trade and investment practices with respect to goods and services which the United States Trade Representative, after consultation with the Trade Policy Committee, has determined to have a significant deleterious effect on the international trading system.

Unfair trade and investment practices.

"(2) Such practices include—

"(A) the provision of predatory export subsidies, employed in connection with the exporting of agricultural commodities and products thereof to foreign countries;

"(B) the provision of other export subsidies, such as government subsidized below-market interest rate financing for commodities or manufactured goods;

"(C) unreasonable import restrictions;

"(D) the imposition of trade-related performance requirements on foreign investment; and

"(E) practices which are inconsistent with international agreements.

Requests for periodic drawing.

"(c)(1) In determining the United States position on requests for periodic drawing under Fund programs, the Secretary of the Treasury shall take full account of the progress countries have made in achieving targets for eliminating or phasing out the practices referred to in subsection (b) of this section.

Report to congressional committees.

"(2) In the event that the United States supports a request for drawing by a country that has not achieved the Fund targets relating to such practices specified in its program, the Secretary of the Treasury shall report to the appropriate committees of the Congress the reasons for the United States position.".

REPORTS TO CONGRESS

SEC. 813. The Bretton Woods Agreements Act (22 U.S.C. 286 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"REPORTS TO CONGRESS

22 USC 286b-2.

"SEC. 50. (a) The National Advisory Council on International Monetary and Financial Policies shall include in its annual reports to the Congress—

Statement listing appraisals.

"(1) a statement listing all appraisal reports which have been circulated during the preceding year within the Bank for project assistance which would establish or enhance the capacity of any country to produce a commodity for export, if—

"(A) such commodity is in surplus on world markets or is likely to be in surplus on world markets at the time the resulting productive capacity is expected to become operative; and

"(B) such project assistance will cause material injury to United States producers of the same, similar, or competing commodity;

Review.

"(2) a review of success in reducing or eliminating import restrictions and unfair export subsidies which have been determined to be inconsistent with international agreements, and which have a serious adverse impact on the United States, or any other member's, exports or employment;

Study.

"(3) a study for the fiscal year 1984 report of the impact on the United States steel and copper industries of steel and copper subsidies by nations who are borrowers from the Fund;

Review.

"(4) a review for the fiscal year 1984 report regarding progress achieved in reaching the goal of eliminating all predatory agricultural export subsidies which might result in the reduction of other member countries' exports as set forth in section 44; and

Ante, p. 1271.

"(5) copies of the analyses and any written documentation prepared by the Secretary of the Treasury pursuant to subsections (b)(2) and (c) of section 45 and a statement detailing the actions and progress made in carrying out the requirements of subsections (a) and (b) of section 45.

Ante, p. 1272.

"(b) Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this section, the Secretary of the Treasury shall transmit a report to the Congress on the operation of the international monetary and financial system, including—

"(1) findings of the Secretary of the Treasury, the Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve, and the Secretary of State regarding consideration of United States membership in the Bank for International Settlements; and

"(2) proposals to improve the floating exchange rate system.

"(c) Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this section, the Secretary of the Treasury shall transmit a report to the Congress with respect to strengthening the role and improving the operation of the International Monetary Fund, including—

"(1) ways to maintain realistic, market-determined exchange rates with other major currencies and recommendations regarding what can be done to avoid exchange rate manipulation. In particular, such report shall examine the policies of major trading partners which (A) maintain a substantial trade surplus with the United States, and (B) encourage export of capital to

such an extent that exchange rates do not appear to reflect adjustments based on trade patterns alone;

"(2) a review and analysis of— Review and analysis.

"(A) the ability of the Fund to promote real economic growth and sustained, noninflationary recovery, pursuant to its mandate in article I of the Articles of Agreement of the Fund, in countries which enter into stabilization pro grams with the Fund;

"(B) the feasibility of the Fund issuing securities in the private capital markets as a means of increasing its resources, either in lieu of, or in addition to, future quota increases, together with an evaluation of how such borrowing would affect the credit markets of the United States;

"(C) the feasibility of returning all or part of the Fund's gold reserves to Fund members or of selling the Fund's gold reserves in the private markets in an effort to raise capital;

"(D) the feasibility of establishing temporary, supplemental financing facilities at the Fund;

"(E) the feasibility of establishing a Gold Lending Facility whereby the Fund would lend gold to Fund members who would in turn use such gold as collateral for commercial loans;

"(F) recommendations for amendments to the Articles of Agreement of the Fund, if any, to improve the role of the Fund in the international monetary system; and

"(G) the effect on (i) the market price of gold, (ii) countries whose central banks maintain reserves in the form of gold and (iii) credit markets of the United States as a result of taking any of the actions described in subparagraphs (C), (D), or (E) of this paragraph;

"(3) actions which have been taken to carry out the provisions of section 33 of this Act; 22 USC 286s.

"(4) progress made in implementing section 48 of this Act; *Ante*, p. 1274.

"(5) a study on the past and potential impact of Fund loan quota extension on world oil prices, such study to be done in cooperation with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Energy; Study.

"(6) an assessment—

"(A) of whether under present circumstances a systematic restructuring and stretching out of developing country debt should be conducted;

"(B) regarding the role global recovery will play in solving the debt crisis and what interim financing measures may have to be taken for those countries which have no possibility of continuing to service their debts even in the event of a vigorous economic recovery;

"(C) of whether the Fund, which is increasingly being used as a source of credit to finance balance of payments deficits, has adeqate resources to cover all conceivable requests for credit extensions taking into account the quota increase consented to under section 41 of this Act; *Ante*, p. 1268.

"(D) regarding what role the United States Government sees for the Fund in providing finance and credit to the least developed countries who have such a limited capacity to borrow to finance payments deficits; and

"(E) pursuant to the agreement at the Williamsburg Summit, outlining what progress has been made in the

consultations among finance ministers and the managing director of the Fund on the conditions for improving the international monetary system; and

"(7) establishing collection, review, comment, and reporting procedures within the Fund as provided in section 42 of this Act.".

Ante, p. 1269.

International Lending Supervision Act of 1983.

TITLE IX—INTERNATIONAL LENDING SUPERVISION

SHORT TITLE

12 USC 3901 note.

SEC. 901. This title may be cited as the "International Lending Supervision Act of 1983".

DECLARATION OF POLICY

12 USC 3901.

SEC. 902. (a)(1) It is the policy of the Congress to assure that the economic health and stability of the United States and the other nations of the world shall not be adversely affected or threatened in the future by imprudent lending practices or inadequate supervision.

(2) This shall be achieved by strengthening the bank regulatory framework to encourage prudent private decisionmaking and by enhancing international coordination among bank regulatory authorities.

(b) The Federal banking agencies shall consult with the banking supervisory authorities of other countries to reach understandings aimed at achieving the adoption of effective and consistent supervisory policies and practices with respect to international lending.

DEFINITIONS

12 USC 3902.

SEC. 903. For purposes of this title—

(1) the term "appropriate Federal banking agency" has the same meaning given such term in section 3(q) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, except that for purposes of this title such term means the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System for—

12 USC 1813.

(A) bank holding companies and any nonbank subsidiary thereof;

(B) Edge Act corporations organized under section 25(a) of the Federal Reserve Act; and

12 USC 611–631.

(C) Agreement Corporations operating under section 25 of the Federal Reserve Act; and

12 USC 601–604a.

(2) the term "banking institution" means—

(A)(i) an insured bank as defined in section 3(h) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act or any subsidiary of an insured bank;

12 USC 1813.

(ii) an Edge Act corporation organized under section 25(a) of the Federal Reserve Act; and

(iii) an Agreement Corporation operating under section 25 of the Federal Reserve Act; and

(B) to the extent determined by the appropriate Federal banking agency, any agency or branch of a foreign bank, and any commercial lending company owned or controlled by one or more foreign banks or companies that control a foreign bank as those terms are defined in the Interna-

tional Banking Act of 1978. The term "banking institution" shall not include a foreign bank. 12 USC 3101 note.

STRENGTHENED SUPERVISION OF INTERNATIONAL LENDING

SEC. 904. (a) Each appropriate Federal banking agency shall evaluate banking institution foreign country exposure and transfer risk for use in banking institution examination and supervision. 12 USC 3903.

(b) Each such agency shall establish examination and supervisory procedures to assure that factors such as foreign country exposure and transfer risk are taken into account in evaluating the adequacy of the capital of banking institutions.

RESERVES

SEC. 905. (a)(1) Each appropriate Federal banking agency shall require a banking institution to establish and maintain a special reserve whenever, in the judgment of such appropriate Federal banking agency— 12 USC 3904.

(A) the quality of such banking institution's assets has been impaired by a protracted inability of public or private borrowers in a foreign country to make payments on their external indebtedness as indicated by such factors, among others, as—

(i) a failure by such public or private borrowers to make full interest payments on external indebtedness;

(ii) a failure to comply with the terms of any restructured indebtedness; or

(iii) a failure by the foreign country to comply with any International Monetary Fund or other suitable adjustment program; or

(B) no definite prospects exist for the orderly restoration of debt service.

(2) Such reserves shall be charged against current income and shall not be considered as part of capital and surplus or allowances for possible loan losses for regulatory, supervisory, or disclosure purposes.

(b) The appropriate Federal banking agencies shall analyze the results of foreign loan rescheduling negotiations, assess the loan loss risk reflected in rescheduling agreements, and, using the powers set forth in section 908 (regarding capital adequacy), ensure that the capital and reserve positions of United States banks are adequate to accommodate potential losses on their foreign loans. *Post*, p. 1280.

(c) The appropriate Federal banking agencies shall promulgate regulations or orders necessary to implement this section within one hundred and twenty days after the date of the enactment of this title. Regulations.

ACCOUNTING FOR FEES ON INTERNATIONAL LOANS

SEC. 906. (a)(1) In order to avoid excessive debt service burdens on debtor countries, no banking institution shall charge, in connection with the restructuring of an international loan, any fee exceeding the administrative cost of the restructuring unless it amortizes such fee over the effective life of each such loan. 12 USC 3905.

(2)(A) Each appropriate Federal banking agency shall promulgate such regulations as are necessary to further carry out the provisions of this subsection.

(B) The requirement of paragraph (1) shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this section.

Regulations.

(b)(1) Subject to subsection (a), the appropriate Federal banking agencies shall promulgate regulations for accounting for agency, commitment, management and other fees charged by a banking institution in connection with an international loan.

(2) Such regulations shall establish the accounting treatment of such fees for regulatory, supervisory, and disclosure purposes to assure that the appropriate portion of such fees is accrued in income over the effective life of each such loan.

(3) The appropriate Federal banking agencies shall promulgate regulations or orders necessary to implement this subsection within one hundred and twenty days after the date of the enactment of this title.

COLLECTION AND DISCLOSURE OF CERTAIN INTERNATIONAL LENDING DATA

12 USC 3906.

SEC. 907. (a) Each appropriate Federal banking agency shall require, by regulation, each banking institution with foreign country exposure to submit, no fewer than four times each calendar year, information regarding such exposure in a format prescribed by such regulations.

(b) Each appropriate Federal banking agency shall require, by regulation, banking institutions to disclose to the public information regarding material foreign country exposure in relation to assets and to capital.

Regulations.

(c) The appropriate Federal banking agencies shall promulgate regulations or orders necessary to implement this section within one hundred and twenty days after the date of the enactment of this title.

CAPITAL ADEQUACY

12 USC 3907.

SEC. 908. (a)(1) Each appropriate Federal banking agency shall cause banking institutions to achieve and maintain adequate capital by establishing minimum levels of capital for such banking institutions and by using such other methods as the appropriate Federal banking agency deems appropriate.

(2) Each appropriate Federal banking agency shall have the authority to establish such minimum level of capital for a banking institution as the appropriate Federal banking agency, in its discretion, deems to be necessary or appropriate in light of the particular circumstances of the banking institution.

Failure to maintain minimum level.

(b)(1) Failure of a banking institution to maintain capital at or above its minimum level as established pursuant to subsection (a) may be deemed by the appropriate Federal banking agency, in its discretion, to constitute an unsafe and unsound practice within the meaning of section 8 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act.

12 USC 1818.

Directive.

(2)(A) In addition to, or in lieu of, any other action authorized by law, including paragraph (1), the appropriate Federal banking agency may issue a directive to a banking institution that fails to maintain captial at or above its required level as established pursuant to subsection (a).

(B)(i) Such directive may require the banking institution to submit and adhere to a plan acceptable to the appropriate Federal banking

agency describing the means and timing by which the banking institution shall achieve its required capital level.

(ii) Any such directive issued pursuant to this paragraph, including plans submitted pursuant thereto, shall be enforceable under the provisions of section 8(i) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act to the same extent as an effective and outstanding order issued pursuant to section 8(b) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act which has become final. 12 USC 1818.

(3)(A) Each appropriate Federal banking agency may consider such banking institution's progress in adhering to any plan required under this subsection whenever such banking institution, or an affiliate thereof, or the holding company which controls such banking institution, seeks the requisite approval of such appropriate Federal banking agency for any proposal which would divert earnings, diminish capital, or otherwise impede such banking institution's progress in achieving its minimum capital level.

(B) Such appropriate Federal banking agency may deny such approval where it determines that such proposal would adversely affect the ability of the banking institution to comply with such plan.

(C) The Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and the Secretary of the Treasury shall encourage governments, central banks, and regulatory authorities of other major banking countries to work toward maintaining and, where appropriate, strengthening the capital bases of banking institutions involved in international lending.

FOREIGN LOAN EVALUATIONS

SEC. 909. (a)(1) In any case in which one or more banking institutions extend credit, whether by loan, lease, guarantee, or otherwise, which individually or in the aggregate exceeds $20,000,000, to finance any project which has as a major objective the construction or operation of any mining operation, any metal or mineral primary processing operation, any fabricating facility or operation, or any metal-making operations (semi and finished) located outside the United States or its territories and possessions, a written economic feasibility evaluation of such foreign project shall be prepared and approved in writing by a senior official of the banking institution, or, if more than one banking institution is involved, the lead banking institution, prior to the extension of such credit. 12 USC 3908.

(2) Such evaluation shall—

(A) take into account the profit potential of the project, the impact of the project on world markets, the inherent competitive advantages and disadvantages of the project over the entire life of the project, and the likely effect of the project upon the overall long-term economic development of the country in which the project is located; and

(B) consider whether the extension of credit can reasonably be expected to be repaid from revenues generated by such foreign project without regard to any subsidy, as defined in international agreements, provided by the government involved or any instrumentality of any country.

(b) Such economic feasibility evaluations shall be reviewed by representatives of the appropriate Federal banking agencies whenever an examination by such appropriate Federal banking agency is conducted. Review.

12 USC 1818.

(c)(1) The authorities of the Federal banking agencies contained in section 8 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act and in section 910 of this Act, except those contained in section 910(d), shall be applicable to this section.

(2) No private right of action or claim for relief may be predicated upon this section.

GENERAL AUTHORITIES

Regulations or orders.
12 USC 3909.

SEC. 910. (a)(1) The appropriate Federal banking agencies are authorized to interpret and define the terms used in this title, and each appropriate Federal banking agency shall prescribe rules or regulations or issue orders as necessary to effectuate the purposes of this title and to prevent evasions thereof.

(2) The appropriate Federal banking agency is authorized to apply the provisions of this title to any affiliate of an insured bank, but only to affiliates for which it is the appropriate Federal banking agency, in order to promote uniform application of this title or to prevent evasions thereof.

12 USC 371c.

(3) For purposes of this section, the term "affiliate" shall have the same meaning as in section 23A of the Federal Reserve Act, except that the term "member bank" in such section shall be deemed to refer to an "insured bank", as such term is used in section 3(h) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act.

12 USC 1813.

(b) The appropriate Federal banking agencies shall establish uniform systems to implement the authorities provided under this title.

Supplemental powers or authorities.
12 USC 1818.

(c)(1) The powers and authorities granted in this title shall be supplemental to and shall not be deemed in any manner to derogate from or restrict the authority of each appropriate Federal banking agency under section 8 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act or any other law including the authority to require additional capital or reserves.

(2) Any such authority may be used by any appropriate Federal banking agency to ensure compliance by a banking institution with the provisions of this title and all rules, regulations, or orders issued pursuant thereto.

Violations.

(d)(1) Any banking institution which violates, or any officer, director, employee, agent, or other person participating in the conduct of the affairs of such banking institution, who violates any provision of this title, or any rule, regulation, or order, issued under this title, shall forfeit and pay a civil penalty of not more than $1,000 per day for each day during which such violation continues.

12 USC 1818.

(2) Such violations shall be deemed to be a violation of a final order under section 8(i)(2) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act and the penalty shall be assessed and collected by the appropriate Federal banking agency under the procedures established by, and subject to the rights afforded to parties in, such section.

GAO AUDIT AUTHORITY

12 USC 3910.

SEC. 911. (a)(1) Under regulations of the Comptroller General, the Comptroller General shall audit the appropriate Federal banking agencies (as defined in section 903 of this title), but may carry out an onsite examination of an open insured bank or bank holding company only if the appropriate Federal banking agency has consented in writing.

Ante, p. 1278.

Audit inclusions.

(2) An audit under this subsection may include a review or evaluation of the international regulation, supervision, and exami-

nation activities of the appropriate Federal banking agency, including the coordination of such activities with similar activities of regulatory authorities of a foreign government or international organization.

Federal Reserve Board and bank audits, exclusions.

(3) Audits of the Federal Reserve Board and Federal Reserve banks may not include—

(A) transactions for, or with, a foreign central bank, government of a foreign country, or nonprivate international financing organization;

(B) deliberations, decisions, or actions on monetary policy matters, including discount window operations, reserves of member banks, securities credit, interest on deposits, or open market operations;

(C) transactions made under the direction of the Federal Open Market Committee; or

(D) a part of a discussion or communication among or between members of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and officers and employees of the Federal Reserve System related to subparagraphs (A) through (C) of this paragraph.

Information disclosure.

(b)(1)(A) Except as provided in this subsection, an officer or employee of the General Accounting Office may not disclose information identifying an open bank, an open bank holding company, or a customer of an open or closed bank or bank holding company.

(B) The Comptroller General may disclose information related to the affairs of a closed bank or closed bank holding company identifying a customer of the closed bank or closed bank holding company only if the Comptroller General believes the customer had a controlling influence in the management of the closed bank or closed bank holding company or was related to or affiliated with a person or group having a controlling influence.

Reporting criminal violations.

(2) An officer or employee of the General Accounting Office may discuss a customer, bank, or bank holding company with an official of an appropriate Federal banking agency and may report an apparent criminal violation to an appropriate law enforcement authority of the United States Government or a State.

Information withholding from Congress.

(3) This subsection does not authorize an officer or employee of an appropriate Federal banking agency to withhold information from a committee of the Congress authorized to have the information.

Records and property.

(c)(1)(A) To carry out this section, all records and property of or used by an appropriate Federal banking agency, including samples of reports of examinations of a bank or bank holding company the Comptroller General considers statistically meaningful and workpapers and correspondence related to the reports shall be made available to the Comptroller General, including such records and property pertaining to the coordination of international regulation, supervisor and examination activities of an appropriate Federal banking agency.

(B) The Comptroller General shall give each appropriate Federal banking agency a current list of officers and employees to whom, with proper identification, records and property may be made available, and who may make notes or copies necessary to carry out an audit.

(C) Each appropriate Federal banking agency shall give the Comptroller General suitable and lockable offices and furniture, telephones, and access to copying facilities.

(2) Except for the temporary removal of workpapers of the Comptroller General that do not identify a customer of an open or closed bank or bank holding company, an open bank, or an open bank holding company, all workpapers of the Comptroller General and records and property of or used by an appropriate Federal banking agency that the Comptroller General possesses during an audit, shall remain in such agency. The Comptroller General shall prevent unauthorized access to records or property.

EQUAL REPRESENTATION FOR THE FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION

12 USC 3911.

SEC. 912. As one of the three Federal bank regulatory and supervisory agencies, and as the insurer of the United States banks involved in international lending, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation shall be given equal representation with the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency on the Committee on Banking Regulations and Supervisory Practices of the Group of Ten Countries and Switzerland.

REPORTS

Transmittal to Congress.
12 USC 3912.

SEC. 913. Not later than six months after the date of the enactment of this title, the Secretary of the Treasury or the appropriate Federal banking agencies as specified below, shall transmit a report to the Congress regarding changes to improve the international lending operations of banking institutions. Such report shall—

(1) review the laws, regulations, and examination and supervisory procedures and practices, governing international banking in each of the Group of Ten Nations and Switzerland with particular attention to such matters bearing on capital requirements, lending limits, reserves, disclosure, examiner access, and lender of last resort resources, such report to be prepared by the Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System;

(2) outline progress made in reaching the goal specified in section 908(c), such report to be prepared by the Secretary of the Treasury and the Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; and

Ante, p. 1280.

(3) indicate actions taken to implement this title by the appropriate Federal banking agencies, including a description of the actions taken in carrying out the objectives of the title and any actions taken by any appropriate Federal banking agency that are inconsistent with the uniform implementation by the appropriate Federal banking agencies of their respective authorities under this title, and any recommendations for amendments to this or other legislation, such report to be prepared by the appropriate Federal banking agencies.

TITLE X—MULTILATERAL DEVELOPMENT BANKS

INTER-AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK

SEC. 1001. The Inter-American Development Bank Act (22 U.S.C. 283 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

22 USC 283z-3.

"SEC. 31. (a)(1) The United States Governor of the Bank is authorized to vote for resolutions—

"(A) which were proposed by the Governors at a special meeting in February 1983;

"(B) which are pending before the Board of Governors of the Bank; and

"(C) which provide for—

"(i) an increase in the authorized capital stock of the Bank and subscriptions thereto; and

"(ii) an increase in the resources of the Fund for Special Operations and contributions thereto.

"(2)(A) Upon adoption of the resolutions specified in paragraph (1), the United States Governor of the Bank is authorized on behalf of the United States to—

"(i) subscribe to 427,396 shares of the increase in the authorized capital stock of the Bank; and

"(ii) contribute $350,000,000 to the Fund for Special Operations.

"(B) Any commitment to make such subscriptions to paid-in and callable capital stock and to make such contributions to the Fund for Special Operations shall be effective only to such extent or in such amounts as are provided in advance in appropriation Acts.

"(b) In order to pay for the increase in the United States subscription and contribution provided for in this section, there are authorized to be appropriated, without fiscal year limitation, for payment by the Secretary of the Treasury— U.S. subscription and contribution. Appropriation authorization.

"(1) $5,155,862,744 for the United States subscriptions to the capital stock of the Bank; and

"(2) $350,000,000 for the United States share of the increase in the resources of the Fund for Special Operations.".

ASIAN DEVELOPMENT BANK

SEC. 1002. The Asian Development Bank Act (22 U.S.C. 285 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"SEC. 27. (a)(1) The United States Governor of the Bank is authorized to subscribe on behalf of the United States to one hundred twenty-three thousand three hundred and seventy-five additional shares of the capital stock of the Bank. 22 USC 285x.

"(2) Any subscription to the capital stock of the Bank shall be effective only to such extent or in such amounts as are provided in advance in appropriation Acts.

"(b) In order to pay for the increase in the United States subscription to the Bank provided for in subsection (a), there are authorized to be appropriated, without fiscal year limitation, $1,322,999,476 for payment by the Secretary of the Treasury. Appropriation authorization.

"(c)(1) The Congress hereby finds that—

"(A) the Republic of China (Taiwan) is a charter member in good standing of the Asian Development Bank;

"(B) the Republic of China has grown from a borrower to a lender in the Asian Development Bank; and

"(C) the Republic of China provides, through its economic success, a model for other nations in Asia.

"(2) It is the sense of the Congress that—

"(A) Taiwan, Republic of China, should remain a full member of the Asian Development Bank, and that its status within that body should remain unaltered no matter how the issue of the People's Republic of China's application for membership is disposed of;

"(B) the President and the Secretary of State should express support of Taiwan, Republic of China, making it clear that the United States will not countenance attempts to expel Taiwan, Republic of China, from the Asian Development Bank; and

"(C) the Secretary of the Senate and Clerk of the House shall transmit a copy of this resolution to the President with the request that he transmit such copy to the Board of Governors of the Asian Development Bank.

Asian Development Fund.
22 USC 285y.

"SEC. 28. (a)(1) The United States Governor of the Bank is authorized to contribute on behalf of the United States $520,000,000 to the Asian Development Fund, a special fund of the Bank.

"(2) Any commitment to make the contribution authorized in paragraph (1) shall be made subject to obtaining the necessary appropriations.

Appropriation authorization.

"(b) In order to pay for the United States contribution to the Asian Development Fund provided for in this section, there are authorized to be appropriated, without fiscal year limitation, $520,000,000 for payment by the Secretary of the Treasury.".

AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT FUND

SEC. 1003. The African Development Fund Act (22 U.S.C. 290g et seq.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

U.S. contribution.
22 USC 290g-12.

"SEC. 213. (a)(1) The United States Governor of the Fund is authorized to contribute on behalf of the United States $150,000,000 to the Fund as the United States contribution to the third replenishment of the resources of the Fund.

"(2) Any commitment to make the contribution authorized in paragraph (1) shall be made subject to obtaining the necessary appropriations.

Appropriation authorization.

"(b) In order to pay for the United States contribution provided for in this section, there are authorized to be appropriated, without fiscal year limitation, $150,000,000 for payment by the Secretary of the Treasury.".

HUMAN RIGHTS

22 USC 262d.

SEC. 1004. Section 701 of the International Financial Institutions Act (22 U.S.C. 262g) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(1), by striking out "consistent"; and

(2) in subsection (g)(1), by striking out "The Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall report quarterly" and inserting in lieu thereof "Not later than thirty days after the end of each calendar quarter, the Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall report.".

STUDY

SEC. 1005. (a) It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) the multilateral development institutions serve an invaluable role in promoting development abroad;

(2) foreign direct investment, trade, and commercial lending make a contribution at least equal to that of development assistance in promoting development;

(3) United States economic interests are vitally affected by conditions in developing countries; and

(4) the multilateral development banks already play an important, although indirect, role in encouraging private investment flows.

(b)(1)(A) The Secretary of the Treasury shall conduct a study of how the multilateral development institutions could more actively encourage foreign direct investment and commercial capital flows and channel such investment and capital flows to developing countries for sound and productive development projects through the International Finance Corporation in cooperation with the multilateral development institutions or through a new investment banking facility at one or more of these institutions.

(B) In addition, such study shall evaluate whether the multilateral development institutions could help increase foreign direct investment and commercial capital flows by insuring that the interests of investors and host governments are adequately protected.

(2) The Secretary of the Treasury shall solicit comments on such study from the multilateral development institutions and shall incorporate such comments with the study in a report to be transmitted to both Houses of the Congress within one hundred and eighty days of the date of the enactment of this section.

Comments and report to Congress.

PERSONNEL PRACTICES

SEC. 1006. (a) It shall be the policy of the United States that no initiatives, discussions, or recommendations concerning the placement or removal of any Inter-American Development Bank, Asian Development Bank, or African Development Bank personnel shall be based on the political philosophy or activity of the individual under consideration.

22 USC 276c-3.

(b) The Secretary of the Treasury shall consult with the Chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the relevant subcommittees prior to any discussions or recommendations by any official of the United States Government concerning the placement or removal of any principal officer of the Inter-American Development Bank, Asian Development Bank, or African Development Bank management.

Consultation with congressional committees.

TITLE XI—IMF APPROPRIATION

IMF APPROPRIATION

SEC. 1101. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, there is appropriated for an increase in the United States quota in the International Monetary Fund, the dollar equivalent of 5,310,800,000 Special Drawing Rights, to remain available until expended.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, there is appropriated for an increase in loans to the International Monetary Fund under the General Arrangements to Borrow, the dollar equivalent of 4,250,000,000 Special Drawing Rights less $2,000,000,000 previously appropriated by the Act of October 23, 1962 (Public Law 87-872, 76 Stat. 1163), pursuant to the authorization contained in section 17 of the Bretton Woods Agreements Act and merged with this appropriation, to remain available until expended.

22 USC 286e-2.

CONDITION OF INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL SYSTEM

SEC. 1102. (a) The Congress finds and declares that—

(1) the international banking system is currently threatened by a series of national financial crises;

(2) the Congress is desirous of finding a solution to the current monetary crisis which will result in a stable monetary system and preservation of a liberal international economy;

(3) this solution must be found without placing inordinate pressures on United States credit markets;

(4) the breakdown in the Bretton Woods monetary system has contributed directly to these problems;

(5) the economic policies prescribed by the International Monetary Fund can be harmful to economic growth; and

(6) the International Monetary Fund currently holds approximately $40,000,000,000 of uncommitted assets in the form of gold bullion and has not utilized them fully to date.

(b) It is the sense of the Senate that—

(1) restoration of a stable monetary system is necessary to assure economic growth and to maintain a liberal international economic system;

(2) as a first step toward this restoration the Secretary of the Treasury should call for an international conference on the monetary system to investigate its systemic problems;

(3) in coping with the current financial crisis, the International Monetary Fund should make fuller use of its current assets, including its gold holdings;

(4) the International Monetary Fund should revise the conditions placed on its loans so as to encourage economic growth.

GENERAL OPERATING EXPENSES

Of the funds appropriated under this heading in the Department of Housing and Urban Development-Independent Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984 (Public Law 98-45), $1,000,000 shall be available for an evaluation of the emergency veterans' job training program.

Ante, p. 219.

CHAPTER II

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

SENATE

PAYMENT TO WIDOWS AND HEIRS OF DECEASED MEMBERS OF CONGRESS

For payment to Helen H. Jackson, widow of Henry M. Jackson, late a Senator from the State of Washington, $69,800.

SALARIES, OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

OFFICES OF THE MAJORITY AND MINORITY LEADERS

For an additional amount for "Offices of the Majority and Minority Leaders", $140,000.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE SENATE

SECRETARY OF THE SENATE

For an additional amount for "Secretary of the Senate", $60,000.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 1201. The Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Sergeant at Arms") may designate one or more employees in the Office of the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate to approve, on his behalf, all vouchers, for payment of moneys, which the Sergeant at Arms is authorized to approve. Whenever the Sergeant at Arms makes a designation under the authority of the preceding sentence, he shall immediately notify the Committee on Rules and Administration in writing of the designation, and thereafter any approval of any voucher, for payment of moneys, by an employee so designated shall (until such designation is revoked and the Sergeant at Arms notifies the Committee on Rules and Administration in writing of the revocation) be deemed and held to be approved by the Sergeant at Arms for all intents and purposes. 2 USC 61e-4.

SEC. 1202. Any provision of law which is enacted prior to October 1, 1983, and which directs the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate to deposit any moneys in the United States Treasury for credit to the account, within the contingent fund of the Senate, for "Miscellaneous Items", or for "Automobiles and Maintenance" shall, on and after October 1, 1983, be deemed to direct him to deposit such moneys in the United States Treasury for credit to the account, within the contingent fund of the Senate, for the "Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate". 2 USC 68-4.

SEC. 1203. (a) Section 105(a)(2) of the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1968 (2 U.S.C. 61-1(2)) is amended to read as follows: Employee compensation rates, certification.

"(2) New or changed rates of compensation (other than changes in rates which are made by law) of any such employee (other than an employee who is an elected officer of the Senate) shall be certified in writing to the Disbursing Office of the Senate (and, for purposes of this paragraph, a new rate of compensation refers to compensation in the case of an appointment, transfer from one Senate appointing authority to another, or promotion by an appointing authority to a position the compensation for which is fixed by law). In the case of an appointment or other new rate of compensation, the certification must be received by such office on or before the day the rate of new compensation is to become effective. In any other case, the changed rate of compensation shall take effect on the first day of the month in which such certification is received (if such certification is received within the first ten days of such month), on the first day of the month after the month in which such certification is received (if the day on which such certification is received is after the twenty-fifth day of the month in which it is received), and on the sixteenth day of the month in which such certification is received (if such certification is received after the tenth day and before the twenty-sixth day of such month). Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, if the certification for a changed rate of compensation for an employee specifies an effective date of such change, such change shall become effective on the date so specified, but only if the date so specified is the first or sixteenth day of a month and is after the

effective date prescribed in the preceding sentence; and, notwithstanding such sentence and the preceding provisions of this sentence, any changed rate of compensation for a new employee or an employee transferred from one appointing authority to another shall take effect on the date of such employee's appointment or transfer (as the case may be) if such date is later than the effective date for such changed rate of compensation as prescribed by such sentence.".

2 USC 61-1 note.

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall be applicable in the case of new or changed rates of compensation which are certified to the Disbursing Office of the Senate on or after January 1, 1984.

SEC. 1204. (a) The fifth sentence of subsection (e) of section 506 of the Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1973 (2 U.S.C. 58(e)) is amended by striking out "or Minority Whip" and inserting in lieu thereof "Minority Whip, Secretary of the Conference of the Majority, or Secretary of the Conference of the Minority".

Effective date.
2 USC 58 note.

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall be effective in the case of expenses incurred or charges imposed on or after October 1, 1983.

2 USC 58a.

SEC. 1205. (a) The Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate shall furnish each Senator local and long-distance telecommunications services in Washington, District of Columbia, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Senate Committee on Rules and Administration; and the costs of such service shall be paid out of the contingent fund of the Senate from moneys made available to him for that purpose.

Repeal.

(b) Subsection (g) of section 112 of the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1978 (2 U.S.C. 58a) is repealed, effective on the first day of the first calendar month which begins more than thirty days after the date of enactment of this Act.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

PAYMENTS TO WIDOWS AND HEIRS OF DECEASED MEMBERS OF CONGRESS

For payment to Kathryn Jackson McDonald, widow of Honorable Larry McDonald, late a Representative from the State of Georgia, $69,800.

RAILROAD ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES BOARD

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For salaries and expenses, Railroad Accounting Principles Board, $50,000, to be expended in accordance with section 302(a) of Public Law 96-448 (49 U.S.C. 11161-11168), subject to the enactment of authorizing legislation.

CHAPTER III

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM

For an additional amount for "Construction program", $1,500,000, to remain available until expended, for the Secretary of the Interior to construct a new headquarters for the operation of the Valley Division of the Yuma Reclamation Project and to cover the accompanying relocation costs associated with the move. The cost of this work will be nonreimbursable and constructed features will be turned over to the Yuma Valley Water Users Association for operation and maintenance.

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

ENERGY SUPPLY, RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES

For an additional amount for "Energy Supply, Research and Development", $8,000,000, to remain available until expended, of which $4,000,000 shall be made available to implement the four atoll health care plan authorized in section 102 of Public Law 96-205 and $3,000,000 shall be for construction and operation of a second small community solar energy project on the island of Molokai, Hawaii.

48 USC 1681 note.

ATOMIC ENERGY DEFENSE ACTIVITIES

For an additional amount for "Atomic Energy Defense Activities", for Project 77-13-f, $57,000,000, to remain available until expended.

Of the funds appropriated for "Atomic Energy Defense Activities" in Public Law 98-50, an amount shall be made available to purchase 4 additional helicopters.

Ante, p. 247.

TERMINATION OF THE USE OF CERTAIN SEEPAGE BASINS

Of the funds heretofore appropriated for "Atomic Energy Defense Activities", $30,000,000 is to be made available for use by the Secretary of Energy—

(1) to terminate, within 24 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the use of seepage basins associated with the fuel fabrication area at the Savannah River Plant, Aiken, South Carolina; and

(2) to submit to the appropriate committees of Congress, within 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, a plan for the protection of groundwater at the Savannah River Plant which shall include—

Groundwater protection plan to congressional committees.

(A) proposed methods for discontinuing the use of seepage basins associated with the materials processing areas;

(B) provisions for the implementation of other actions appropriate to mitigate any significant adverse effects of on-site or off-site groundwater and of chemical contaminants in seepage basins and adjacent areas, including the removal of such contaminants where necessary; and

(C) provisions for continuing the expanded monitoring program of groundwater impacts involving the appropriate South Carolina agencies in accordance with the statutory responsibilities of such agencies.

(RESCISSION)

Of the funds appropriated for "Atomic Energy Defense Activities" in Public Law 98-50 for Project 82-D-109, 155 mm artillery fired atomic projectile, $50,000,000 are rescinded.

Ante, p. 255.

NUCLEAR WASTE DISPOSAL FUND

For an additional amount for "Nuclear Waste Disposal Fund", $12,000,000, to remain available until expended, to be derived from the Nuclear Waste Fund. To the extent that balances in the fund are not sufficient to cover amounts available for obligation in this account, the Secretary shall exercise his authority pursuant to section 302(e)(5) of Public Law 97-425 to issue obligations to the Secretary of the Treasury.

42 USC 10222.

INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

APPALACHIAN REGIONAL COMMISSION

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

APPALACHIAN REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS

For an additional amount for "Appalachian Regional Development Programs", $9,400,000, to remain available until expended, for the Appalachian Development Highway System.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 1300. No part of the funds appropriated under this Act or any other provisions of law may hereafter be used by the Department of Justice to represent the Tennessee Valley Authority in litigation in which the Authority is a party unless the Department is requested to provide representation in such litigation by the Authority.

Vessel Kennedy, restoration and display.

SEC. 1301. Within funds available to the Corps of Engineers—Civil for Operation and Maintenance, General, not to exceed $2,000,000 shall be used to rehabilitate, restore, and refurbish the Corps of Engineers dredge vessel Kennedy, to transport the vessel to New Orleans, Louisiana, and there to operate, maintain, and display the vessel for the duration of the 1984 Louisiana World Exposition. Such operation, maintenance, and display shall include the preparation and use of audio-visual and other exhibits to inform the public of Corps of Engineers water resources activities.

Water delivery to Everglades National Park.

SEC. 1302. The Secretary of the Army is authorized, for a period of two years beginning with enactment of this Act with the concurrence of the Director of the National Park Service and the South Florida Water Management District, to modify the schedule for delivery of water from the central and southern Florida project to the Everglades National Park required by section 2 of the River Basin Monetary Authorization and Miscellaneous Civil Works Amendments Act of 1970 (Public Law 91-282) and to conduct an

84 Stat. 310.

experimental program for the delivery of water to the Everglades National Park from such project for the purpose of determining an improved schedule for such delivery.

The Secretary of the Army is further authorized to acquire such interest in lands currently in agriculture production which are adversely affected by any modification of schedule for water delivery to Everglades National Park under the preceding paragraph. The Secretary shall acquire any interest in land at the fair market value of such interest based on conditions existing after the construction of the project described in the preceding paragraph of this section and before any modification of such delivery schedule. The Secretary is also authorized to construct necessary flood protection measures for protection of homes in the area affected by any modification of such delivery schedule, at an estimated cost of $10,000,000.

Water projects, W. Va. and Ky.

SEC. 1303. The Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers, is directed to utilize available construction general appropriations to complete bank protection works at Wheeling Island, West Virginia, in the Hannibal Lock and Dam pool, at an estimated cost of $135,000 and to complete the local flood protection project at Russell, Kentucky, at an estimated cost of $600,000.

Water project studies, Calif. and Ill.

SEC. 1304. The Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers, is directed to utilize available general investigation funds to initiate a study of alternatives to the Mentone Dam of the Santa Ana Mainstem project in California and the flood control study of the Illinois River between Henry and Naples, Illinois.

Red River Waterway Project.

SEC. 1305. Funds available or hereafter made available for the Red River Waterway Project shall be used to provide for construction of a high level replacement bridge for the Louisiana and Arkansas Railway Company near Alexandria, Louisiana, pursuant to an agreement between the Chief of Engineers and the Railway Com pany and upon terms and conditions acceptable to the Chief or Engineers in the interest of navigation and the expeditious prosecu tion of the Project. Federal costs of the bridge replacement, includ ing design and construction, shall be limited to $24,270,000 (July 1, 1983 price levels), with an adjustment to this amount, if any, as may be justified by reason of a fluctuation in the cost of construction as indicated by the Engineer News Record's applicable construction indices, plus the cost of necessary real estate interests to be acquired by the Corps of Engineers, which interests may be conveyed to the Railway Company.

84 Stat. 1822.

SEC. 1306. Section 116(a) of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1970 (Public Law 91-611) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

> "Those areas of the river between Howard Street and Caldwell Avenue in Niles, Illinois, that have accumulated silt and side bank sloughing should be excavated to the normal alignment and depth, and the bank rebuilt where sloughing has occurred at an estimated cost of $100,000.".

CHAPTER IV

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

FISH AND WILDLIFE AND PARKS

UNITED STATES FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

For an additional amount for "Resource management", $500,000.

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

OPERATION OF THE NATIONAL PARK SYSTEM

96 Stat. 1970.

Funds appropriated to the National Park Service under this head in Public Law 97-394 shall be available to reimburse the Estate of Bess W. Truman for operation expenses, including maintenance and protection, of the Harry S Truman National Historic Site incurred during the period October 18, 1982 through December 27, 1982.

CONSTRUCTION

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, section 4 of the Act of October 26, 1972, as amended (86 Stat. 1181; 16 U.S.C. 433c note), is amended by striking the numeral "9,327,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "10,500,000".

LAND ACQUISITION AND STATE ASSISTANCE

For an additional amount for "Land acquisition and State assistance", $25,500,000, to be derived from the Land and Water Conservation Fund and to remain available until expended.

OFFICE OF SURFACE MINING RECLAMATION AND ENFORCEMENT

ABANDONED MINE RECLAMATION FUND

For an additional amount for "Abandoned Mine Reclamation Fund", $42,000,000, to remain available until expended, to be derived from receipts of the Abandoned Mine Reclamation Fund to provide for the acquisition of private homes and businesses and nonprofit buildings occupied or utilized continuously since September 1, 1983, and the lands on which they are located, excluding all mineral interests, and the relocation of families and individuals residing in the Borough of Centralia and the Village of Byrnesville and on outlying properties who are threatened by the progressive movement of the mine fire currently burning in and around the Borough of Centralia: *Provided,* That all acquisitions made by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania under the authority provided herein shall be at fair market value without regard to mine fire related damages as was properly done by OSM in its prior acquisitions of Centralia properties. These activities must comply with the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 (42 U.S.C. 4601, et seq.), but shall not constitute a major action within the meaning of section 102(2)(c) of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332): *Provided further,*

That no funds may be used to pay for the actual construction costs of permanent housing: *Provided further,* That the Federal discretionary share shall not exceed 75 percent of the cost of such acquisition or relocation: *Provided further,* That any funds remaining available following completion of these acquisition and relocation activities may be made available to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to undertake other approved reclamation projects pursuant to section 405 of the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977: *Provided further,* That funds made available under this head to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall be accounted against the total Federal and State share funding which is eventually allocated to the Commonwealth.

30 USC 1235.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

OPERATION OF INDIAN PROGRAMS

For an additional amount for pre-kindergarten programs, $1,600,000.

Notwithstanding the provisions of Public Law 97-257, the funds appropriated therein under this head for transfer to the State of Alaska shall remain available until expended and may be used for reconstruction of day schools formerly operated by the Bureau of Indian Affairs.

96 Stat. 818.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Funds available to the Department of the Interior and the Forest Service in fiscal year 1984 for the purpose of contracting for services that require the utilization of privately owned aircraft for the carriage of cargo or freight shall be used only to contract for aircraft that are certified as airworthy by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration as standard category aircraft under 14 CFR 21.183 unless the Secretary of the contracting department determines that such aircraft are not reasonably available to conduct such services.

Privately owned aircraft, service contracts.

Subsection (d) of section 109 of the Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for other purposes" (Public Law 98-146), is amended by striking out "The limitation with regard to this subsection on the use of funds shall not apply if any State-owned tide or submerged lands within the area described in this subsection are now or hereafter subject to sale or lease for the extraction of oil or gas from such State lands; and" and insert in lieu thereof "The limitation with regard to this subsection on the use of funds shall not apply to submerged lands within 30-nautical miles off any Florida land mass located south of 25 degrees north latitude; and".

Ante, p. 936.

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

FOSSIL ENERGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

For an additional amount for "Fossil Energy Research and Development", $1,000,000, to remain available until expended.

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, NATIONAL GALLERY OF ART

For an additional amount for special exhibitions, $250,000, to remain available until expended.

CHAPTER V

UNITED STATES RAILWAY ASSOCIATION

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Budget deferral, disapproval by Congress.

The Congress disapproves the proposed deferral of budget authority in the amount of $2,050,000 for the United States Railway Association (deferral numbered D84-20), as set forth in the President's special message which was transmitted to the Congress on October 3, 1983. This disapproval shall be effective on the date of enactment of this Act and the amount of the proposed deferral disapproved herein shall be made available for obligation.

CHAPTER VI

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

FEDERAL GRAIN INSPECTION SERVICE

INSPECTION AND WEIGHING SERVICES

For expenses necessary to recapitalize the revolving fund established under section 7(j)(1) of the United States Grain Standards Act, as amended (7 U.S.C. 79(j)(1)), $6,000,000.

FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE

Child care food program.

Effective on October 16, 1983, and until April 16, 1984, the Secretary of Agriculture shall not reduce or withhold reimbursements, shall not collect or attempt to collect funds from an institution, its parents, affiliates or successors, and shall not otherwise affect an institution's participation in the child care food program (42 U.S.C. 1766), where the Secretary's claim relates to payments made in New York during the period January 1, 1975, through December 31, 1976, by the Secretary to the institution as a participant in the child care food program.

AGRICULTURAL STABILIZATION AND CONSERVATION SERVICE

EMERGENCY CONSERVATION PROGRAM

For an additional amount to carry out the emergency conservation program authorized by title IV of the Agricultural Credit Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2201 et seq.), $7,000,000, to remain available until expended.

DONATION OF CERTAIN PROPERTY

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Agriculture shall have the authority to donate, without consideration, the land, buildings, facilities and equipment at the United

States Department of Agriculture Plant Introduction Station, commonly known as Bamboo Research Station in Savannah, Georgia, to the College of Agriculture, University of Georgia.

CHAPTER VII

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

HIGHER EDUCATION

For an additional amount for part B of title IX of the Higher Education Act of 1965, $500,000. 20 USC 1134d.

TITLE II

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 2001. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond September 30, 1984, unless expressly so provided herein.

SEC. 2002. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the terms "meat" and "meat food products" as used in the Prompt Payment Act (Public Law 97-177; 96 Stat. 85) in section 2(a)(2)(B)(i) thereof shall include also edible fresh or frozen poultry meat, perishable poultry meat food products, fresh eggs and perishable egg products; and the Secretary of Agriculture, out of funds available to the Commodity Credit Corporation, upon proper proof of loss, shall pay outstanding claims for losses resulting from the 1980 embargo on sales of agricultural commodities to the Soviet Union sustained by businesses dealing in pork and frozen hog carcasses as well as edible fresh or frozen poultry meat, perishable poultry meat food products, fresh eggs and perishable egg products. "Meat" and "meat food products." 31 USC 3903 note.

SEC. 2003. (a) Section 4 of the Act entitled "An Act to save daylight and to provide standard time for the United States", approved March 19, 1918 (15 U.S.C. 263), is amended—

(1) by striking out "Yukon" and inserting in lieu thereof "Alaska";

(2) by striking out "Alaska-Hawaii" and inserting in lieu thereof "Hawaii-Aleutian"; and

(3) by striking out "Bering" and inserting in lieu thereof "Samoa".

(b)(1) Any reference to Yukon standard time in any law, regulation, map, document, record, or other paper of the United States shall be held and considered to be a reference to Alaska standard time. 15 USC 263 note.

(2) Any reference to Alaska-Hawaii standard time in any law, regulation, map, document, record, or other paper of the United States shall be held and considered to be a reference to Hawaii-Aleutian standard time.

(3) Any reference to Bering standard time in any law, regulation, map, document, record, or other paper of the United States shall be held and considered to be a reference to Samoa standard time.

(c) The Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 (45 U.S.C. 701 et seq.) is amended—

(1) by striking from section 201(e) of such Act "1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "1985"; and 45 USC 711.

45 USC 748.

(2) by striking from section 308(c)(1) of such Act "1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "1985".

Grenada rescue.

SEC. 2004. It is the sense of the Senate that the United States Armed Forces engaged in military operations in Grenada are to be commended for their rescue of United States citizens on that island, and for their valor, success, and exemplary conduct in battle, which has been in the highest traditions of the military service.

Ante, p. 32.

SEC. 2005. (a) Section 17 of the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(2), by inserting ", or the benefit year beginning July 1, 1983" after "July 1, 1982";

(2) in subsection (e), by striking out "June 30, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "June 30, 1984"; and

(3) by amending subsection (f) to read as follows:

"Period of eligibility."

"(f)(1) For purposes of this section the term 'period of eligibility' means, with respect to any employee for the benefit year beginning July 1, 1982, the period beginning with the later of—

"(A) the first day of unemployment following the day on which he exhausted his rights to unemployment benefits (as determined under subsection (b)) in such benefit year; or

"(B) March 10, 1983,

and consisting of five consecutive registration periods (without regard to benefit year); except that for purposes of this paragraph, any registration period beginning after June 30, 1983, and before the date of the enactment of the Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1984, shall not be taken into account for purposes of payment of benefits, or in determining the consecutiveness of registration periods.

Ante, p. 1153.

"(2) For purposes of this section the term 'period of eligibility' means, with respect to any employee for the benefit year beginning July 1, 1983, the period beginning with the later of—

"(A) the first day of unemployment following the day on which he exhausted his rights to unemployment benefits (as determined under subsection (b)) in such benefit year; or

"(B) the date of the enactment of the Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1984,

and consisting of five consecutive registration periods; except that no such period of eligibility shall include any registration period beginning after June 30, 1984.".

45 USC 368 note.

(b) The amendments made by this section shall apply with respect to days of unemployment during any registration period beginning on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Ante, p. 32.

(c) Amounts appropriated under section 102(b) of Public Law 98-8 shall remain available without regard to fiscal year limitation for purposes of carrying out the amendments made by this section, and amounts appropriated under such section into the railroad unemployment insurance account in the Unemployment Trust Fund may be transferred into the railroad unemployment insurance administration account in the Unemployment Trust Fund as may be necessary to carry out the amendments made by this section (as determined by the Railroad Retirement Board).

SEC. 2006. The first paragraph under the heading "Community development grants" in the Department of Housing and Urban Development-Independent Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984 (Public Law 98-45) is hereby amended by striking out the period at the end thereof, and inserting the following: ": *Provided further*, That any unit of general local government which was classified as an urban

Ante, p. 222.

county in fiscal year 1983 pursuant to section 102(a)(6) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended, shall continue to be classified as an urban county for the purposes of the allocation of funds provided therein for fiscal year 1984.". *Ante*, p. 1160.

This Act may be cited as the "Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1984". Short title.

Approved November 30, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3959 (H.R. 1) (H.R. 2957) (S. 695) (S. 869) (S. 1310):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 98-123 and Pt. 2 accompanying H.R. 1, No. 98-175 accompanying H.R. 2957 all from (Comm. on Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs), No. 98-375 (Comm. on Appropriations) and No. 98-551 (Comm. of Conference) both accompanying H.R. 3959.

SENATE REPORTS: No. 98-35 accompanying S. 695, No. 98-127 accompanying S. 1310, No. 98-183 accompanying S. 869 all from (Comm. on Foreign Relations), No. 98-111 accompanying S. 869, No. 98-122 accompanying S. 695 both from (Comm. on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs), and No. 98-275 accompanying H.R. 3959 (Comm. on Appropriations).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):

June 7, 8, S. 695 considered and passed Senate.
July 11-13, H.R. 1 considered and passed House.
July 25, 26, 29, Aug. 3, H.R. 2957 considered and passed House; passage vacated and S. 695, amended, passed in lieu.
Sept. 23, S. 869 considered and passed Senate.
Oct. 5, H.R. 3959 considered and passed House.
Oct. 25-27, considered and passed Senate, amended.
Nov. 16, House agreed to conference report; concurred in certain Senate amendments and in others with amendments.
Nov. 17, Senate agreed to conference report; concurred in House amendments and in another with an amendment.
Nov. 18, House concurred in Senate amendment.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 19, No. 48 (1983):

Nov. 30, Presidential statement.

Public Law 98-182
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Nov. 30, 1983
[S.J. Res. 44]

To authorize the President to issue a proclamation designating the week beginning on March 11, 1984, as "National Surveyors Week".

Whereas the Congress of the United States recognizes the valuable contributions of the surveying profession to history, development, and quality of life in the United States of America;

Whereas the surveying profession requires special education, training, experience, and knowledge of the principles of mathematics, the related physical and applied sciences, and requirements of law for adequate evidence; and

Whereas, since the early days of our Nation when many of our forefathers, including our first and third Presidents, were surveyors, the profession of surveying has continued to be uniquely qualified to determine and describe land and water boundaries for the management of our natural resources and the protection of private property rights: Now, therefore, be it

National Surveyors Week.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President is hereby authorized and requested to issue a proclamation designating the week beginning on March 11, 1984, as "National Surveyors Week" and to urge the people of the United States to observe such week with appropriate ceremonies and activities paying tribute to professional surveyors and their contribution to society.

Approved November 30, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 44:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Mar. 18, considered and passed Senate.
Nov. 17, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-183
98th Congress

An Act

To amend the Civil Rights Act of 1957 to extend the life of the Civil Rights Commission, and for other purposes.

Nov. 30, 1983
[H.R. 2230]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "United States Commission on Civil Rights Act of 1983".

United States Commission on Civil Rights Act of 1983.
42 USC 1975 note.

ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMISSION

SEC. 2. (a) There is established a Commission on Civil Rights (hereafter in this Act referred to as the "Commission").

42 USC 1975.

(b)(1) The Commission shall be composed of eight members. Not more than four of the members shall at any one time be of the same political party. Members of the Commission shall be appointed as follows:

Membership.

(A) four members of the Commission shall be appointed by the President;

(B) two members of the Commission shall be appointed by the President pro tempore of the Senate, upon the recommendations of the Majority Leader and the Minority Leader, and of the members appointed not more than one shall be appointed from the same political party; and

(C) two members of the Commission shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives upon the recommendations of the Majority Leader and the Minority Leader, and of the members appointed not more than one shall be appointed from the same political party.

(2) The term of office of each member of the Commission shall be six years; except that (A) members first taking office shall serve as designated by the President, subject to the provisions of paragraph (3), for terms of three years, and (B) any member appointed to fill a vacancy shall serve for the remainder of the term for which his predecessor was appointed.

Term of office.

(3) The President shall designate terms of members first appointed under paragraph (2) so that two members appointed under clauses (B) and (C) of paragraph (1) and two members appointed under clause (A) of paragraph (1) are designated for terms of three years and two members appointed under clauses (B) and (C) of paragraph (1) and two members appointed under clause (A) of paragraph (1) are designated for terms of six years. No more than two persons of the same political party shall be designated for three year terms.

(c) The President shall designate a Chairman and a Vice Chairman from among the Commission's members with the concurrence of a majority of the Commission's members. The Vice Chairman shall act in the place and stead of the Chairman in the absence of the Chairman.

(d) The President may remove a member of the Commission only for neglect of duty or malfeasance in office.

Removal of member.

(e) Any vacancy in the Commission shall not affect its powers and shall be filled in the same manner, and subject to the same limitation with respect to party affiliation as the original appointment was made.

Quorum.

(f) Five members of the Commission shall constitute a quorum.

RULES OF PROCEDURE OF THE COMMISSION HEARINGS

Publication in Federal Register.
42 USC 1975a.

SEC. 3. (a) At least thirty days prior to the commencement of any hearing, the Commission shall cause to be published in the Federal Register notice of the date on which such hearing is to commence, the place at which it is to be held and the subject of the hearing. The Chairman, or one designated by him to act as Chairman at a hearing of the Commission, shall announce in an opening statement the subject of the hearing.

(b) A copy of the Commission's rules shall be made available to any witness before the Commission, and a witness compelled to appear before the Commission or required to produce written or other matter shall be served with a copy of the Commission's rules at the time of service of the subpena.

Legal counsel.

(c) Any person compelled to appear in person before the Commission shall be accorded the right to be accompanied and advised by counsel, who shall have the right to subject his client to reasonable examination, and to make objections on the record and to argue briefly the basis for such objections. The Commission shall proceed with reasonable dispatch to conclude any hearing in which it is engaged. Due regard shall be had for the convenience and necessity of witnesses.

(d) The Chairman or Acting Chairman may punish breaches of order and decorum by censure and exclusion from the hearings.

Evidence or testimony.

(e) If the Commission determines that evidence or testimony at any hearing may tend to defame, degrade, or incriminate any person, it shall receive such evidence or testimony or summary of such evidence or testimony in executive session. The Commission shall afford any person defamed, degraded, or incriminated by such evidence or testimony an opportunity to appear and be heard in executive session, with a reasonable number of additional witnesses requested by him, before deciding to use such evidence or testimony. In the event the Commission determines to release or use such evidence or testimony in such manner as to reveal publicly the identity of the person defamed, degraded, or incriminated, such evidence or testimony, prior to such public release or use, shall be given at a public session, and the Commission shall afford such person an opportunity to appear as a voluntary witness or to file a sworn statement in his behalf and to submit brief and pertinent sworn statements of others. The Commission shall receive and dispose of requests from such person to subpena additional witnesses. If a report of the Commission tends to defame, degrade or incriminate any person, then the report shall be delivered to such person thirty days before the report shall be made public in order that such person may make a timely answer to the report. Each person so defamed, degraded or incriminated in such report may file with the Commission a verified answer to the report not later than twenty days after service of the report upon him. Upon a showing of good cause, the Commission may grant the person an extension of time within which to file such answer. Each answer shall plainly and concisely state the facts and law constituting the person's reply

Commission report.

Filing of answer.

or defense to the charges or allegations contained in the report. Such answer shall be published as an appendix to the report. The right to answer within these time limitations and to have the answer annexed to the Commission report shall be limited only by the Commission's power to except from the answer such matter as it determines has been inserted scandalously, prejudiciously or unnecessarily.

(f) Except as provided in this section and section 6(f) of this Act, the Chairman shall receive and the Commission shall dispose of requests to subpena additional witnesses.

Evidence or testimony, release. Fine or imprisonment.

(g) No evidence or testimony or summary of evidence or testimony taken in executive session may be released or used in public sessions without the consent of the Commission. Whoever releases or uses in public without the consent of the Commission such evidence or testimony taken in executive session shall be fined not more than $1,000, or imprisoned for not more than one year.

(h) In the discretion of the Commission, witnesses may submit brief and pertinent sworn statements in writing for inclusion in the record. The Commission shall determine the pertinency of testimony and evidence adduced at its hearings.

Transcripts.

(i) Every person who submits data or evidence shall be entitled to retain or, on payment of lawfully prescribed costs, procure a copy or transcript thereof, except that a witness in a hearing held in executive session may for good cause be limited to inspection of the official transcript of his testimony. Transcript copies of public sessions may be obtained by the public upon the payment of the cost thereof. An accurate transcript shall be made of the testimony of all witnesses at all hearings, either public or executive sessions, of the Commission or of any subcommittee thereof.

Fees and mileage payments.

(j) A witness attending any session of the Commission shall be paid the same fees and mileage that are paid witnesses in the courts of the United States. Mileage payments shall be tendered to the witness upon service of a subpena issued on behalf of the Commission or any subcommittee thereof.

Subpena.

(k) The Commission shall not issue any subpena for the attendance and testimony of witnesses or for the production of written or other matter which would require the presence of the party subpenaed at a hearing to be held outside of the State wherein the witness is found or resides or is domiciled or transacts business, or has appointed an agent for receipt of service of process except that, in any event, the Commission may issue subpenas for the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of written or other matter at a hearing held within fifty miles of the place where the witness is found or resides or is domiciled or transacts business or has appointed an agent for receipt of service of process.

Publication in Federal Register.

(l) The Commission shall separately state and currently publish in the Federal Register (1) descriptions of its central and field organizations including the established places at which, and methods whereby, the public may secure information or make requests; (2) statements of the general course and method by which its functions are channeled and determined; and (3) rules adopted as authorized by law. No person shall in any manner be subject to or required to resort to rules, organization, or procedure not so published.

5 USC 551.

(m) The provisions of subchapter II of chapter 5 of title 5 of the United States Code, relating to administrative procedure and freedom of information, shall, to the extent not inconsistent with this section, apply to the Commission established under this Act.

COMPENSATION OF MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSION

42 USC 1975b.

SEC. 4. (a) Each member of the Commission who is not otherwise in the service of the Government of the United States shall receive a sum equivalent to the compensation paid at level IV of the Federal Executive Salary Schedule, pursuant to section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, prorated on a daily basis for each day spent in the work of the Commission, shall be paid actual travel expenses, and per diem in lieu of subsistence expenses when away from his usual place of residence, in accordance with section 5703 of title 5 of the United States Code.

(b) Each member of the Commission who is otherwise in the service of the Government of the United States shall serve without compensation in addition to that received for such other service, but while engaged in the work of the Commission shall be paid actual travel expenses, and per diem in lieu of subsistence expenses when away from his usual place of residence, in accordance with subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5 of the United States Code.

5 USC 5701.

DUTIES OF THE COMMISSION

42 USC 1975c.

SEC. 5. (a) The Commission shall—

(1) investigate allegations in writing under oath or affirmation that certain citizens of the United States are being deprived of their right to vote and have that vote counted by reason of their color, race, religion, sex, age, handicap, or national origin; which writing, under oath or affirmation, shall set forth the facts upon which such belief or beliefs are based;

(2) study and collect information concerning legal developments constituting discrimination or a denial of equal protection of the laws under the Constitution because of race, color, religion, sex, age, handicap, or national origin or in the administration of justice;

(3) appraise the laws and policies of the Federal Government with respect to discrimination or denials of equal protection of the laws under the Constitution because of race, color, religion, sex, age, handicap, or national origin or the administration of justice;

(4) serve as national clearinghouse for information in respect to discrimination or denials of equal protection of the laws because of race, color, religion, sex, age, handicap, or national origin, including but not limited to the fields of voting, education, housing, employment, the use of public facilities, and transportation, or in the administration of justice; and

(5) investigate allegations, made in writing and under oath or affirmation, that citizens of the United States are unlawfully being accorded or denied the right to vote, or to have their votes properly counted, in any election of the Presidential electors, Members of the United States Senate, or the House of Representatives, as a result of any patterns or practice of fraud or discrimination in the conduct of such election.

Prohibited investigations.

(b) Nothing in this or any other Act shall be construed as authorizing the Commission, its Advisory Committees, or any person under its supervision or control to inquire into or investigate any membership practices or internal operations of any fraternal organization, any college or university fraternity or sorority, any private club or any religious organization.

(c) The Commission shall submit reports to the Congress and the President at such times as the Commission, the Congress or the President shall deem desirable. Reports to Congress and the President.

(d) As used in this section, the term "handicap" means, with respect to an individual, a circumstance that would make that individual a handicapped individual as defined in the second sentence of section 7(6) of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 706(6)). "Handicap."

(e) Nothing in this or any other Act shall be construed as authorizing the Commission, its Advisory Committees, or any person under its supervision or control to appraise, or to study and collect information about, laws and policies of the Federal Government, or any other governmental authority in the United States, with respect to abortion. Abortion.

(f) The Commission shall appraise the laws and policies of the Federal Government with respect to denials of equal protection of the laws under the Constitution involving Americans who are members of eastern- and southern-European ethnic groups and shall report its findings to the Congress. Such reports shall include an analysis of the adverse consequences of affirmative action programs encouraged by the Federal Government upon the equal opportunity rights of these Americans. Reports to Congress.

POWERS OF THE COMMISSION

SEC. 6. (a)(1) There shall be a full-time staff director for the Commission who shall be appointed by the President with the concurrence of a majority of the Commission. 42 USC 1975d.

(2)(A) Effective November 29, 1983, or on the date of enactment of this Act, whichever occurs first, all employees (other than the staff director and the members of the Commission) of the Commission on Civil Rights are transferred to the Commission established by section 2(a) of this Act. Effective date. Transfer of Commission on Civil Rights employees.

(B) Upon application of any individual (other than the staff director or a member of the Commission) who was an employee of the Commission on Civil Rights established by the Civil Rights Act of 1957 on September 30, 1983, the Commission shall appoint such individual to a position the duties and responsibilities of which and the rate of pay for which, are the same as the duties, responsibilities and rate of pay of the position held by such employee on September 30, 1983. 42 USC 1975 note.

(C)(i) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, employees transferred to the Commission under subparagraph (A) shall retain all rights and benefits to which they were entitled or for which they were eligible immediately prior to their transfer to the Commission.

(ii) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Commission shall be bound by those provisions of title 5, United States Code, to which the Commission on Civil Rights, established by the Civil Rights Act of 1957, was bound.

(3) Within the limitation of its appropriations, the Commission may appoint such other personnel as it deems advisable, in accordance with the civil service and classification laws, and may procure services as authorized by section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, but at rates for individuals not in excess of the daily equivalent paid for positions at the maximum rate for GS-15 of the General Schedule under section 5332 of title 5, United States Code.

"Whoever."

(b) The Commission shall not accept or utilize services of voluntary or uncompensated personnel, and the term "whoever" as used in subsection (g) of section 3 hereof shall be construed to mean a person whose services are compensated by the United States.

(c) The Commission may constitute such advisory committees within States as it deems advisable, but the Commission shall constitute at least one advisory committee within each State composed of citizens of that State. The Commission may consult with governors, attorneys general, and other representatives of State and local governments and private organizations, as it deems advisable.

(d) Members of the Commission, and members of advisory committees constituted pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, shall be exempt from the operation of sections 203, 205, 207, 208, and 209 of title 18 of the United States Code.

(e) All Federal agencies shall cooperate fully with the Commission to the end that it may effectively carry out its functions and duties.

Hearings.

(f) The Commission, or on the authorization of the Commission any subcommittee of two or more members, at least one of whom shall be of each major political party, may, for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this resolution, hold such hearings and act at such times and places as the Commission or such authorized subcommittee may deem advisable. Subpenas for the attendance and testimony of witnesses or the production of written or other matter may be issued in accordance with the rules of the Commission as contained in section 3 (j) and (k) of this Act, over the signature of the Chairman of the Commission or of such subcommittee, and may be served by any person designated by such Chairman. The holding of hearings by the Commission, or the appointment of a subcommittee to hold hearings pursuant to this subparagraph, must be approved by a majority of the Commission, or by a majority of the members present at a meeting at which at least a quorum of five members is present.

Subpenas.

(g) In case of contumacy or refusal to obey a subpena, any district court of the United States or the United States court of any territory or possession, or the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia, within the jurisdiction of which the inquiry is carried on or within the jurisdiction of which said person guilty of contumacy or refusal to obey is found or resides or is domiciled or transacts business, or has appointed an agent for receipt of service of process, upon application by the Attorney General of the United States shall have jurisdiction to issue to such person an order requiring such person to appear before the Commission or a subcommittee thereof, there to produce pertinent, relevant and nonprivileged evidence if so ordered, or there to give testimony touching the matter under investigation; and any failure to obey such order of the court may be punished by said court as a contempt thereof.

(h) Without limiting the application of any other provision of this Act, each member of the Commission shall have the power and authority to administer oaths or take statements of witnesses under affirmation.

Rules and regulations.

(i)(1) The Commission shall have the power to make such rules and regulations as are necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act.

(2) To the extent not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, the Commission established by section 2(a) of this Act shall be bound by all rules issued by the Civil Rights Commission established by the

Civil Rights Act of 1957 which were in effect on September 30, 1983, until modified by the Commission in accordance with applicable law. 42 USC 1975 note.

(3) The Commission shall make arrangements for the transfer of all files, records, and balances of appropriations of the Commission on Civil Rights as established by the Civil Rights Act of 1957 to the Commission established by this Act.

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 7. There are authorized to be appropriated $12,180,000 for the fiscal year 1984, and such sums as may be necessary for each succeeding fiscal year ending prior to October 1, 1989. 42 USC 1975e.

TERMINATION

SEC. 8. The provisions of this Act shall terminate six years after its date of enactment. 42 USC 1975f.

Approved November 30, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2230:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-197 (Comm. on the Judiciary).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Aug. 3, 4, considered and passed House.
Nov. 9, 10, 14, considered and passed Senate, amended.
Nov. 16, House concurred in Senate amendment.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 19, No. 48 (1983): Nov. 30, Presidential statement.

Public Law 98-184
98th Congress

An Act

Nov. 30, 1983
[H.R. 2479]

To amend the Act of March 3, 1869, incorporating the Masonic Relief Association of the District of Columbia, now known as Acacia Mutual Life Insurance Company.

Masonic Relief Association, District of Columbia. Acacia Mutual Life Insurance Company. 15 Stat. 335. Directors.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 3 of the Act of March 3, 1869, incorporating the Masonic Mutual Relief Association of the District of Columbia (now known as Acacia Mutual Life Insurance Company) is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 3. The number of directors of said company shall be fixed by the bylaws and shall be at least three. A number of the directors, less than a majority, shall be elected by the policyholders at the annual meeting of the company from among themselves for a term of three years. In all cases of a tie vote the choice shall be determined by lot, and in all other cases a plurality vote shall decide. The annual meeting of the company shall be held at such time and place as provided in the bylaws. The board of directors shall elect from among the policyholders at their first meeting succeeding the annual meeting of the company a president, one or more vice presidents, a secretary, and a treasurer, and from time to time such additional officers as the bylaws may provide. The president, the vice president(s), the secretary, and the treasurer shall each give bond with surety to the company in such sum as the board of directors may require for the faithful performance of his duties. At all meetings of the board of directors a majority of the entire board shall form a quorum. In case of any vacancy in the board of directors by death, resignation, or otherwise, such vacancy may be filled for the remainder of the unexpired term by the remaining directors from among the policyholders of the company.".

Election of officers.

Approved November 30, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2479:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-408 (Comm. on the Judiciary).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Nov. 7, considered and passed House.
Nov. 18, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-185
98th Congress

An Act

To extend and amend the provisions of title 31, United States Code, relating to the general revenue sharing program.

Nov. 30, 1983
[H.R. 2780]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Local Government Fiscal Assistance Amendments of 1983.
31 USC 6701 note.

SHORT TITLE

SECTION 1. This Act may be cited as the "Local Government Fiscal Assistance Amendments of 1983".

EXTENSION OF PROGRAM

"Entitlement period."

SEC. 2. Section 6701(a)(1) of title 31, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(1) 'entitlement period' means each one-year period beginning on October 1 of 1982, 1983, 1984, and 1985.".

TERMINATION OF STATE SHARE

SEC. 3. Section 6703(b)(1) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by inserting after "each entitlement period" the following: "beginning before October 1, 1983,".

STATE VARIATIONS OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT ALLOCATIONS

SEC. 4. Subsection (a) of section 6711 of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by adding "and" at the end of clause (1);

(2) by striking out "; and" at the end of clause (2) and inserting in lieu thereof a period; and

(3) by striking out clause (3).

MODIFICATION OF INTRASTATE ALLOCATION FORMULA IN CERTAIN CASES

SEC. 5. Subsection (c) of section 6713 of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out "and" at the end of clause (1);

(2) by striking out the period at the end of clause (2) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new clause:

"(3) for purposes of intrastate allocations under sections 6708, 6709, and 6712, consider any reduction in the amount of adjusted taxes of any unit of general local government if such reduction—

"(A) results from a specific economic dislocation which causes—

"(i) the closing of places of employment,

"(ii) declines in assessed values of, or receipt of taxes from, real property, or

"(iii) declines in sales or income tax collections of such government, and

"(B) would reduce the allocation of the unit of local government for an entitlement period by an amount equal to or greater than 20 percent of such allocation for the preceding entitlement period.".

PUBLIC HEARINGS

SEC. 6. Section 6714 of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out paragraph (1) of subsection (a);

(2) by redesignating paragraphs (2) and (3) of subsection (a) as paragraphs (1) and (2), respectively;

(3) by striking out "subsection (a)(2)" in subsection (b)(1) and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection (a)(1)";

(4) by striking out clause (1) of subsection (c);

(5) by striking out "subsection (a)(2)" in subsection (c)(2) and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection (a)(1)"; and

(6) by redesignating clauses (2) and (3) of subsection (c) as clauses (1) and (2), respectively.

DISCRIMINATION PROCEEDINGS

SEC. 7. Section 6717 of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out "the Secretary submits a notice of noncompliance to the government" in subsection (b) and inserting in lieu thereof "the government receives a notice of noncompliance from the Secretary of the Treasury"; and

(2) by striking out "shall suspend payments to the government under this chapter unless by the 10th day after the decision" in the second sentence of subsection (c) and inserting in lieu thereof "shall notify the government of the decision and shall suspend payments to the government under this chapter unless, within 10 days after the government receives notice of the decision,".

AUDIT REQUIREMENTS

SEC. 8. (a) Section 6723(a)(1) of title 31, United States Code is amended—

(1) by striking out "expecting to receive" and "which receives";

(2) by striking out "at least once every 3 years" and inserting in lieu thereof "at least as often as is required by paragraph (2)"; and

(3) by striking out "auditing standards" and inserting in lieu thereof "government auditing standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States".

(b) Section 6723(a)(2) of such title is amended to read as follows: "(2) Paragraph (1) of this subsection does not apply to a government for a fiscal year in which the government receives less than $25,000 under this chapter. A government which receives at least $25,000 but not more than $100,000 under this chapter for a fiscal year shall have an audit made in accordance with paragraph (1) at least once every 3 years. A government which receives more than $100,000 under this chapter for a fiscal year shall have an audit

made in accordance with paragraph (1) for such fiscal year, except that, if the government operates on a biennial fiscal period, such audit may be made biennially but shall cover the financial statement or statements for, and compliance with the requirements of this chapter during, both years within such period.".

(c) Section 6723(b)(1) of such title is amended— 31 USC 6723.

(1) by striking out "at least once every 3 years" in clause (A) and inserting in lieu thereof "at least as often as would be required by subsection (a)(2)"; and

(2) by striking out "auditing standards" and inserting in lieu thereof "government auditing standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States".

(d) Section 6723(c)(2) of such title is amended—

(1) by striking out "generally accepted auditing standards" the first place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "generally accepted government auditing standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States"; and

(2) by striking out "generally accepted auditing standards" the second place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "such auditing standards".

(e) Section 6723(e) of such title is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "No later than 30 days following completion of the audit, the audit report shall be made available for public inspection by the State government or unit of local government.". Report, public inspection.

TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS

SEC. 9. (a)(1) Subsection (a) of section 6701 of title 31, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new clauses: Definitions.

"(8) 'adjusted taxes of a unit of general local government' means the taxes imposed by the unit of general local government for public purposes (except employee and employer assessments and contributions to finance retirement and social insurance systems and other special assessments for capital outlay) determined by the Secretary of Commerce for general statistical purposes and adjusted (under regulations of the Secretary of the Treasury) to exclude amounts properly allocated to education expenses.

"(9) 'urbanized population' has the meaning given to such term by the Secretary of Commerce for general statistical purposes.".

(2) Section 6701(c) of such title is amended by striking out the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "Except as provided in regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary shall make all data computations based on the ratio of the estimated population of the part to the population of the entire unit of general local government.". Data computations.

(3) Section 6701(d) of such title is amended by inserting "annexation," after "constitutional change,".

(4) Section 6701(e)(2) of such title is amended by striking out "having one unit of general local government" and inserting in lieu thereof "and the sole unit of general local government in the area".

(b) Section 6704(a) of such title is amended— 31 USC 6704.

(1) by inserting "under this chapter" before the semicolon at the end of clause (1);

(2) by striking out "received under" in clause (3) and inserting in lieu thereof "so received in accordance with";

(3) by striking out "consistent" in clause (5) and inserting in lieu thereof "in accordance";

(4) by striking out "section 6723(b)" in clause (7) and inserting in lieu thereof "section 6723(g)";

(5) by striking out "and" at the end of such clause (7);

(6) by striking out the period at the end of clause (8) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and

(7) by inserting after such clause the following new clause: "(9) the government will comply with the requirements of sections 6714 and 6723.".

31 USC 6707. (c) Section 6707(c)(5) of such title is amended by striking out the last sentence.

31 USC 6709. (d) Clause (A) of section 6709(a)(2) of such title is amended to read as follows:

"(A) the adjusted taxes of the unit of general local government, divided by".

31 USC 6713. (e) Section 6713(a) of such title is amended by inserting "before the beginning of the entitlement period" immediately after "Secretary of Commerce".

31 USC 6716. (f) Section 6716 of such title is amended by striking out "when" in subsections (a) and (b) and inserting in lieu thereof "if".

(g) Section 6716(c)(1) of such title is amended by inserting before the period at the end the following: "with respect to which the allegation of discrimination is made".

31 USC 6717. (h) Section 6717 of such title is amended—

(1) by striking out "a part" in subsection (b)(3) and inserting in lieu thereof "any part";

(2) by striking out "except when" in subsection (c) and inserting in lieu thereof "unless";

(3) by striking out "When" in such subsection and inserting in lieu thereof "If"; and

(4) by inserting "of discrimination" after "The holding" in subsection (e).

31 USC 6718. (i) Section 6718(b) of such title is amended by striking out "about" and inserting in lieu thereof "based on".

STUDY OF FEDERAL/STATE/LOCAL FISCAL RELATIONSHIPS

31 USC 6701 note. SEC. 10. (a) The Secretary of the Treasury shall undertake a study of the following issues:

31 USC 6701 *et seq.* (1) The various factors used in the current allocation formulas under chapter 67 of title 31, United States Code, and possible alternatives to such formulas and factors (such as State gross domestic product, the representative tax system, and the inclusion of user fees in factors based on tax collections), including an analysis of the strengths and weaknesses of such formulas and factors.

(2) The long-term outlook for the fiscal condition and fiscal capacity of Federal, State, and local governments.

(3) The concept of returning revenue sources to State and local governments along with responsibility for programs and activities for which financial assistance is now provided by the Federal Government.

(4) The impacts of the cyclical nature of the economy and other factors, such as unemployment, on the expenditures,

needs, and fiscal capacities of Federal, State, and local governments, and the responsiveness of the distribution of Federal financial assistance to the cyclical nature of the economy and such other factors.

(5) The responsiveness of the distribution of Federal assistance to the fiscal capacities of State and local governments, and the responsiveness of the distribution of Federal assistance to the need for services of State and local governments and to cost-of-living and cost-of-government differentials.

(6) The mathematical forms, data, and administration of Federal grant formulas, including the formulas examined under paragraph (1).

(7) The impact on State and local governments of—

(A) modification of the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 with respect to— 26 USC 1 *et seq.*

(i) the deductibility of State and local government taxes, and

(ii) the tax exempt status of State and local securities used for purposes other than the financing of public facilities and cash management, and

(B) increases in allocations under chapter 67 of title 31, United States Code, made to compensate for the modifications described in clause (A). 31 USC 6701 *et seq.*

Plan development.

(b) The Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary of Commerce, the Comptroller General of the United States, the Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations, and recognized organizations of elected officials of State and local governments, including regional organizations of such officials and officials of States that may receive substantially reduced funding under alternative methods of allocating Federal grants-in-aid, shall develop a plan for the completion of the study required by subsection (a). Such plan may provide for the participation of such individuals and organizations in the conduct of the study.

Report to President and Congress.

(c) Upon completion of the study required by subsection (a), the Secretary shall solicit the views of the persons and organizations with whom he was required to consult by subsection (b) and shall append such views to a final report to the President and the Congress. Such report shall be submitted no later than June 30, 1985.

Appropriation authorization.

(d) There are authorized to be appropriated for each of the fiscal years 1984 and 1985 such sums as may be necessary to carry out this section, not to exceed for each such fiscal year an amount equal to 3 percent of the cost of administering chapter 67 of title 31, United States Code, for the preceding fiscal year.

ADJUSTING DEFINITION OF MASSACHUSETTS TAX EFFORT

SEC. 11. (a) For the purposes of allocating amounts under sections 6708 and 6709 of title 31, United States Code, among units of general local government within the Commonwealth of Massachusetts for the entitlement period beginning October 1, 1983, the adjusted taxes of those governments shall include property taxes levied for the Commonwealth's 1982 fiscal year and recognized as fiscal year 1982 receipts pursuant to Massachusetts General Laws, chapter 59, sections 21 and 23, and chapter 44, sections 35 through 46.

(b) No tax collections credited to any unit of general local government under subsection (a) for the Commonwealth's 1982 fiscal year

11-194 O - 85 -- 43 : QL 3

shall be credited to that unit of general local government for any other fiscal year.

EFFECTIVE DATE

31 USC 6701 note.

SEC. 12. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the amendments made by this Act shall apply to entitlement periods (as such term is defined in section 6701(a)(1) of title 31, United States Code) beginning on or after October 1, 1983.

Ante, p. 1309.

Ante, p. 1310.

(b) The amendments made by section 8 shall apply with respect to any fiscal year (or period) of any State government or unit of general local government beginning on or after October 1, 1983.

Approved November 30, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2780 (S. 1426):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 98-179 (Comm. on Government Operations) and No. 98-550 (Comm. of Conference).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-189 accompanying S. 1426 (Comm. on Finance).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Aug. 2, considered and passed House.
Sept. 21, considered and passed Senate, amended, in lieu of S. 1426.
Nov. 17, House and Senate agreed to conference report.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 19, No. 48 (1983):
Nov. 30, Presidential statement.

Public Law 98-186
98th Congress

An Act

To amend title 39, United States Code, to strengthen the investigatory and enforcement powers of the Postal Service by authorizing certain inspection authority and by providing for civil penalties for violations of orders under section 3005 of such title (pertaining to schemes for obtaining money by false representations or lotteries), and for other purposes.

Nov. 30, 1983
[S. 450]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Mail Order Consumer Protection Amendments of 1983".

Mail Order Consumer Protection Amendments of 1983.
39 USC 3001 note.

CEASE-AND-DESIST ORDERS; MIRROR IMAGE DOCTRINE; TEST PURCHASE AUTHORITY

SEC. 2. (a) Section 3005(a) of title 39, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (1);

(2) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and

(3) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph:

"(3) requires the person or his representative to cease and desist from engaging in any such scheme, device, lottery, or gift enterprise.".

(b) The first sentence of section 3005(d) of such title is amended—

(1) by striking out "or" before "(2)"; and

(2) by inserting before the period a comma and "or (3) an advertisement promoting the sale of a book or other publication, or a solicitation to purchase, or a purchase order for any such publication, if (A) such advertisement, solicitation, or purchase order is not materially false or misleading in its description of the publication; (B) such advertisement, solicitation, or purchase order contains no material misrepresentation of fact: *Provided, however,* That no statement quoted or derived from the publication shall constitute a misrepresentation of fact as long as such statement complies with the requirements of subparagraphs (A) and (C); and (C) the advertisement, solicitation, or purchase order accurately discloses the source of any statements quoted or derived from the publication. Paragraph (3) shall not be applicable to any publication, advertisement, solicitation, or purchase order which is used to sell some other product in which the publisher or author has a financial interest as part of a commercial scheme".

(c) Section 3005 of such title is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(e)(1) In conducting an investigation to determine if a person is engaged in any of the activities covered by subsection (a) of this section, the Postmaster General (or any duly authorized agent of the Postmaster General) may tender, at any reasonable time and by any

reasonable means, the price advertised or otherwise requested for any article or service that such person has offered to provide through the mails.

"(2) A failure to provide the article or service offered after the Postmaster General or his agent has tendered the price advertised or otherwise requested in the manner described in paragraph (1) of this subsection, and any reasons for such failure, may be considered in a proceeding held under section 3007 of this title to determine if there is probable cause to believe that a violation of this section has occurred.

Regulations.

"(3) The Postmaster General shall prescribe regulations under which any individual seeking to make a purchase on behalf of the Postal Service under this subsection from any person shall—

"(A) identify himself as an employee or authorized agent of the Postal Service, as the case may be;

"(B) state the nature of the conduct under investigation; and

"(C) inform such person that the failure to complete the transaction may be considered in a proceeding under section 3007 of this title to determine probable cause, in accordance with paragraph (2) of this subsection.".

CIVIL PENALTIES; SEMIANNUAL REPORTS

SEC. 3. (a) Chapter 30 of title 39, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sections:

39 USC 3012.

"§ 3012. Civil penalties

"(a) Any person—

"(1) who, through the use of the mail, evades or attempts to evade the effect of an order issued under section 3005(a)(1) or 3005(a)(2) of this title;

Ante, p. 1315.

"(2) who fails to comply with an order issued under section 3005(a)(3) of this title; or

"(3) who (other than a publisher described by section 3007(b) of this title) has actual knowledge of any such order, is in privity with any person described by paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection, and engages in conduct to assist any such person to evade, attempt to evade, or fail to comply with any such order, as the case may be, through the use of the mail;

shall be liable to the United States for a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed $10,000 for each day that such person engages in conduct described by paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of this subsection. A separate penalty may be assessed under this subsection with respect to the conduct described in each such paragraph.

"(b)(1) Whenever, on the basis of any information available to it, the Postal Service finds that any person has engaged, or is engaging, in conduct described by paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of subsection (a), the Postal Service may, under the provisions of section 409(d) of this title, commence a civil action to enforce the civil penalties established by such subsection. Any such action shall be brought in the district court of the United States for the district in which the defendant resides or receives mail.

"(2) If the district court determines that a person has engaged, or is engaging, in conduct described by paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of subsection (a), the court shall determine the civil penalty, if any under this section, taking into account the nature, circumstances, extent, and gravity of the violation or violations of such subsection,

and, with respect to the violator, the ability to pay the penalty, the effect of the penalty on the ability of the violator to conduct lawful business, any history of prior violations of such subsection, the degree of culpability, and such other matters as justice may require.

"(c) All penalties collected under authority of this section shall be paid into the Treasury of the United States.

"(d) In any proceeding at any time under this section, the defendant shall be entitled as a defense or counterclaim to seek judicial review, if not already had, pursuant to chapter 7 of title 5, of the order issued under section 3005 of this title. However, nothing in this section shall be construed to preclude independent judicial review otherwise available pursuant to chapter 7 of title 5 of an order issued under section 3005 of this title. Judicial review. 5 USC 701 *et seq.*

"§ 3013. Semiannual reports on investigative activities of the Postal Service 39 USC 3013.

"The Postmaster General shall submit semiannual reports to the Board summarizing the investigative activities of the Postal Service. One semiannual report shall be submitted for the reporting period beginning on October 1 and ending on March 31, and the other semiannual report shall be submitted for the reporting period beginning on April 1 and ending on September 30. Each such report shall be submitted within sixty days after the close of the reporting period involved and shall include with respect to such reporting period—

"(1) a summary of any proceedings instituted under section 3005 of this title, and the results of those and of any other such proceedings decided, settled, or otherwise concluded during such period;

"(2) the number of cases in which the authority described in section 3005(e) of this title was used; *Ante*, p. 1315.

"(3) the number of applications for temporary restraining orders or preliminary injunctions submitted under section 3007 of this title and, of those applications, the number granted;

"(4) the total amount of expenditures and obligations incurred in carrying out the investigative activities of the Postal Service; and

"(5) such other information relating to the investigative activities of the Postal Service as the Board may require.

Upon approval of a report submitted under the first sentence of this section, the Board shall transmit such report to the Congress.". Transmittal to Congress.

(b) Section 3012 of title 39, United States Code (as added by subsection (a) of this section) shall apply with respect to conduct which occurs on or after the date of the enactment of this Act. 39 USC 3012 note.

(c) The analysis for chapter 30 of title 39, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 3011 the following new items:

"3012. Civil penalties.
"3013. Semiannual reports on investigative activities of the Postal Service.".

CONSUMER EDUCATION PROGRAM ON SCHEMES INVOLVING FALSE REPRESENTATIONS

SEC. 4. (a) As soon as practicable after the date of enactment of this Act, the Postmaster General or his designee, following consultation with representatives of the mail order industry, shall develop and carry out a program designed to provide consumer education to 39 USC 3005 note.

the public on schemes involving false representations through use of the mails, including the dissemination of information on recognizing practices commonly associated with such schemes, as well as appropriate measures which an individual may take upon receiving mail matter which the individual believes may be part of such a scheme.

Summary.

(b) A summary of the activities carried out under subsection (a) shall be included in each annual report rendered by the Postmaster General under section 2402 of title 39, United States Code.

Approved November 30, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 450:

SENATE REPORT No. 98-51 (Comm. on Governmental Affairs).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Nov. 3, considered and passed Senate.
Nov. 16, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-187
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

To designate the week of December 4, 1983, through December 10, 1983, as "Carrier Alert Week".

Nov. 30, 1983
[S.J. Res. 141]

Whereas the National Association of Letter Carriers and the United States Postal Service, recognizing their unique presence in the neighborhoods of America, and further recognizing the needs of a special segment of postal customers, the homebound, the elderly, and the handicapped, and resolving to encourage joint support of local community social service agencies in a program called Carrier Alert;

Whereas under Carrier Alert, the local sponsoring social service agency notifies the local post office of customers who wish to participate in this program, and the letter carrier of the customer, in the performance of daily rounds, will be alert to an accumulation of mail which might signify a sudden illness or accident, and through locally developed procedures, the accumulation of such mail will be reported to the social service agency for appropriate followup; and

Whereas Carrier Alert, an all volunteer program, is a natural extension of the care which individual letter carriers traditionally have exhibited for customers, not just in the delivery of mail, but in a genuine concern for the well being of such customers, and it has been customary for letter carriers to show particular consideration for customers whose health or advanced age required a little extra special attention: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the United States Congress commends the effort and concern of the National Association of Letter Carriers and the United States Postal Service for the elderly, the homebound, and the handicapped, and that the week of

Carrier Alert Week.

December 4, 1983, through December 10, 1983, is designated as "Carrier Alert Week", and the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe the day with appropriate programs, ceremonies, and activities.

Approved November 30, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 141:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Nov. 10, considered and passed Senate.
Nov. 17, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-188
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

To designate the week beginning January 15, 1984, as "National Fetal Alcohol Syndrome Awareness Week".

Nov. 30, 1983
[H.J. Res. 324]

Whereas fetal alcohol syndrome is one of the three major causes of birth defects and accompanying mental retardation in the United States;

Whereas fetal alcohol syndrome can result in such serious health problems as deficiencies in prenatal and postnatal growth that are associated with mental retardation, developmental disabilities that may cause an infant to experience delays in learning to walk and speak, and heart defects, including a hole between the pumping chambers of the heart;

Whereas, in cases in which fetal alcohol syndrome is avoided, infants may still experience fetal alcohol effects, a series of poorly defined health problems that include increased irritability during the newborn period and hyperactivity;

Whereas the discovery of fetal alcohol syndrome as a major health problem is a recent occurrence, and many questions regarding the illness remain unanswered;

Whereas there has never been an infant born with fetal alcohol syndrome whose mother did not consume alcohol during pregnancy;

Whereas fetal alcohol syndrome can be prevented if pregnant women and women considering pregnancy abstain from alcohol consumption; and

Whereas the Surgeon General of the Public Health Service has issued an advisory stating that pregnant women and women considering pregnancy should not consume alcohol: Now, therefore, be it

National Fetal Alcohol Syndrome Awareness Week.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the week beginning January 15, 1984, hereby is designated "National Fetal Alcohol Syndrome Awareness Week", and the President of the United States is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe such week with appropriate activities.

Approved November 30, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 324 (S.J. Res. 176):

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Nov. 17, considered and passed House.
Nov. 18, S.J. Res. 176 considered and passed Senate; H.J. Res. 324 considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-189
98th Congress

An Act

To extend the authorization of appropriations of the National Historical Publications and Records Commission for five years.

Nov. 30, 1983
[H.R. 2196]

National Historical Publications and Records Commission. Appropriations authorization, extension.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2504(b) of title 44, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(b) For the purposes specified in subsection (a), there is authorized to be appropriated to the General Services Administration an amount not to exceed $4,000,000 for each of the fiscal years ending on September 30, 1984, and September 30, 1985; and an amount not to exceed $5,000,000 for each of the fiscal years ending on September 30, 1986, September 30, 1987, and September 30 1988. Amounts appropriated under this subsection shall be available until expended when so provided in appropriation Acts.".

Approved November 30, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2196 (S. 1513):

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-129 (Comm. on Government Operations).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-219 accompanying S. 1513 (Comm. on Governmental Affairs).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
June 1, considered and passed House.
Oct. 6, S. 1513 considered and passed Senate.
Nov. 18, considered and passed Senate, amended; House concurred in Senate amendment.

Public Law 98-190
98th Congress

An Act

Nov. 30, 1983
[H.R. 4294]

To name the Veterans' Administration Medical Center in Altoona, Pennsylvania, the "James E. Van Zandt Veterans' Administration Medical Center", and to name the Veterans' Administration Medical Center in Dublin, Georgia, the "Carl Vinson Veterans' Administration Medical Center".

James E. Van Zandt Veterans' Administration Medical Center; Carl Vinson Veterans' Administration Medical Center, designations.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Veterans' Administration Medical Center in Altoona, Pennsylvania, shall after the date of the enactment of this Act be known and designated as the "James E. Van Zandt Veterans' Administration Medical Center". Any reference to such medical center in any law, regulation, map, document, record, or other paper of the United States shall after such date be deemed a reference to the James E. Van Zandt Veterans' Administration Medical Center.

SEC. 2. The Veterans' Administration Medical Center in Dublin, Georgia, shall after the date of the enactment of this Act be known and designated as the "Carl Vinson Veterans' Administration Medical Center". Any reference to such medical center in any law, regulation, map, document, record, or other paper of the United States shall after such date be deemed a reference to the Carl Vinson Veterans' Administration Medical Center.

Approved November 30, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 4294:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-481 (Comm. on Veterans' Affairs).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Nov. 8, considered and passed House.
Nov. 18, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-191
98th Congress

An Act

To revise the authority and responsibility of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy, to authorize appropriations for the Office of Federal Procurement Policy for an additional four fiscal years, and for other purposes.

Dec. 1, 1983
[H.R. 2293]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act Amendments of 1983".

Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act Amendments of 1983.
41 USC 401 note.

REFERENCE

SEC. 2. Except as otherwise specifically provided, whenever in this Act a reference is expressed in terms of a section or other provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to a section or other provision, respectively, of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 401 et seq.).

DECLARATION OF POLICY

SEC. 3. Section 2 (41 U.S.C. 401) is amended to read as follows:

"DECLARATION OF POLICY

"SEC. 2. It is the policy of the Congress to promote economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the procurement of property and services by the executive branch of the Federal Government by—

"(1) promoting full and open competition;

"(2) establishing policies, procedures, and practices which will provide the Government with property and services of the requisite quality, within the time needed, at the lowest reasonable cost;

"(3) promoting the development of simplified uniform procurement processes;

"(4) promoting the participation of small business concerns;

"(5) supporting the continuing development of a competent, professional work force;

"(6) eliminating fraud and waste in the procurement process;

"(7) eliminating redundant administrative requirements placed on contractor and Federal procurement officials;

"(8) promoting fair dealings and equitable relationships with the private sector;

"(9) ensuring that payment is made in a timely manner and only for value received;

"(10) requiring, to the extent practicable, the use of commercial products to meet the Government's needs;

"(11) requiring that personal services are obtained in accordance with applicable personnel procedures and not by contract;

"(12) ensuring the development of procurement policies that will accommodate emergencies and wartime as well as peacetime requirements; and

"(13) promoting, whenever feasible, the use of specifications which describe needs in terms of functions to be performed or the performance required.".

DEFINITIONS

SEC. 4. Section 4 (41 U.S.C. 403) is amended to read as follows:

"DEFINITIONS

"SEC. 3. As used in this Act—

"(1) the term 'executive agency' means—

"(A) an executive department specified in section 101 of title 5, United States Code;

"(B) a military department specified in section 102 of such title;

"(C) an independent establishment as defined in section 104(1) of such title; and

"(D) a wholly owned Government corporation fully subject to the provisions of chapter 91 of title 31, United States Code;

31 USC 9101 *et seq.*

"(2) the term 'procurement' includes all stages of the process of acquiring property or services, beginning with the process for determining a need for property or services and ending with contract completion and closeout;

"(3) the term 'procurement system' means the integration of the procurement process, the professional development of procurement personnel, and the management structure for carrying out the procurement function;

"(4) the term 'single system of Government-wide procurement regulations' means (A) a single Government-wide procurement regulation issued and maintained jointly by the General Services Administration, the Department of Defense, and the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, pursuant to their respective authorities, title III of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (41 U.S.C. 251 et seq.), chapter 137 of title 10, United States Code, and the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958 (42 U.S.C. 2451 et seq.), and (B) agency acquisition regulations implementing and supplementing the Government-wide procurement regulation issued as provided in clause (A), which shall be limited to (i) regulations essential to implement Government-wide policies and procedures within the agency and (ii) additional policies and procedures required to satisfy the specific and unique needs of the agency; and

10 USC 2301 *et seq.*

"(5) the term 'standards' means the criteria for determining the effectiveness of the procurement system by measuring the performance of the various elements of such system.".

AUTHORITY AND FUNCTIONS OF THE ADMINISTRATOR

SEC. 5. Section 6 (41 U.S.C. 405) is amended to read as follows:

"AUTHORITY AND FUNCTIONS OF THE ADMINISTRATOR

"SEC. 6. (a) The Administrator shall provide overall direction of procurement policy and leadership in the development of procure-

ment systems of the executive agencies. To the extent that the Administrator considers appropriate, in carrying out the policies and functions set forth in this Act, and with due regard for applicable laws and the program activities of the executive agencies, the Administrator may prescribe Government-wide procurement policies which shall be implemented in the single system of Government-wide procurement regulations and shall be followed by executive agencies in the procurement of—

"(1) property other than real property in being;

"(2) services, including research and development; and

"(3) construction, alteration, repair, or maintenance of real property.

"(b) In any instance in which the Administrator determines that the Department of Defense, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, and the General Services Administration are unable to agree on or fail to issue Government-wide regulations, procedures and forms in a timely manner, the Administrator may, with due regard for applicable laws and the program activities of the executive agencies and consistent with the policies and functions set forth in this Act, prescribe Government-wide regulations, procedures and forms which shall be followed by executive agencies in the procurement of— Regulations, procedures and forms.

"(1) property other than real property in being;

"(2) services, including research and development; and

"(3) construction, alteration, repair, or maintenance of real property.

"(c) The authority of the Administrator under this Act shall not be construed to—

"(1) impair or interfere with the determination by executive agencies of their need for, or their use of, specific property, services, or construction, including particular specifications therefor; or

"(2) interfere with the determination by executive agencies of specific actions in the award or administration of procurement contracts.

"(d) The functions of the Administrator shall include—

"(1) providing leadership and ensuring action by the executive agencies in the establishment, development and maintenance of the single system of simplified Government-wide procurement regulations and resolving differences among the executive agencies in the development of simplified Government-wide procurement regulations, procedures and forms;

"(2) coordinating the development of Government-wide procurement system standards that shall be implemented by the executive agencies in their procurement systems;

"(3) providing leadership and coordination in the formulation of the executive branch position on legislation relating to procurement;

"(4) providing for a computer-based Federal Procurement Data System which shall be located in the General Services Administration (acting as executive agent for the Administrator) and shall collect, develop, and disseminate procurement data; Federal Procurement Data System.

"(5) providing for a Federal Acquisition Institute which shall be located in the General Services Administration (acting as executive agent for the Administrator) and shall— Federal Acquisition Institute.

"(A) foster and promote Government-wide career management programs for a professional procurement work force; and

"(B) promote and coordinate Government-wide research and studies to improve the procurement process and the laws, policies, methods, regulations, procedures, and forms relating to procurement by the executive agencies;

"(6) establishing criteria and procedures to ensure the effective and timely solicitation of the viewpoints of interested parties in the development of procurement policies, regulations, procedures, and forms;

"(7) developing standard contract forms and contract language in order to reduce the Government's cost of procuring property and services and the private sector's cost of doing business with the Government; and

"(8) completing action, as appropriate, on the recommendations of the Commission on Government Procurement.

"(e) In carrying out the functions set forth in subsection (c), the Administrator—

"(1) shall consult with the affected executive agencies, including the Small Business Administration;

"(2) may, with the concurrence of the heads of affected executive agencies, designate an executive agency or executive agencies to assist in the performance of such functions; and

"(3) may establish advisory committees or other interagency groups to assist in providing for the establishment, development, and maintenance of a single system of simplified Government-wide procurement regulations and to assist in the performance of any of the other functions which the Administrator considers appropriate.

Procurement regulation.

"(f) The Director of the Office of Management and Budget may deny the promulgation of or rescind any Government-wide regulation or final rule or regulation of any executive agency relating to procurement if the Administrator determines that such rule or regulation is inconsistent with the policies set forth in section 2 or any policies, regulations, or procedures issued pursuant to subsection (a).

"(g) Except as otherwise provided by law, no duties, functions, or responsibilities, other than those expressly assigned by this Act, shall be assigned, delegated, or transferred to the Administrator.

"(h) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to—

"(1) impair or affect the authorities or responsibilities conferred by the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 with respect to the procurement of automatic data processing and telecommunications equipment and services or of real property; or

40 USC 471 note.

"(2) limit the current authorities and responsibilities of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.

Policies, regulations, procedures, and forms.

"(i)(1) With due regard to applicable laws and the program activities of the executive agencies administering Federal programs of grants or assistance, the Administrator may prescribe Government-wide policies, regulations, procedures, and forms which the Administrator considers appropriate and which shall be followed by such executive agencies in providing for the procurement, to the extent required under such programs, of property or services referred to in clauses (1), (2), and (3) of subsection (a) by recipients of Federal grants or assistance under such programs.

"(2) Nothing in paragraph (1) shall be construed to—

"(A) permit the Administrator to authorize procurement or supply support, either directly or indirectly, to recipients of Federal grants or assistance; or

"(B) authorize any action by such recipients contrary to State and local laws, in the case of programs to provide Federal grants or assistance to States and political subdivisions.".

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 6. Section 11 (41 U.S.C. 410) is amended to read as follows:

"AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

"SEC. 11. There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out the provisions of this Act, and for no other purpose, $4,500,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for each of the three succeeding fiscal years.".

EXPERIMENTAL PROGRAMS; ADDITIONAL PROCUREMENT RESPONSIBILITIES OF EXECUTIVE AGENCIES

SEC. 7. The Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sections:

"TESTS OF INNOVATIVE PROCUREMENT METHODS AND PROCEDURES

"SEC. 15. (a) The Administrator may develop innovative procurement methods and procedures to be tested by selected executive agencies. The innovative procurement methods and procedures tested under this subsection shall be consistent with the policies set forth in section 2. In developing any program to test innovative procurement methods and procedures under this subsection, the Administrator shall consult with the heads of executive agencies to— 41 USC 413.

"(1) ascertain the need for and specify the objectives of such program;

"(2) develop the guidelines and procedures for carrying out such program and the criteria to be used in measuring the success of such program;

"(3) evaluate the potential costs and benefits which may be derived from the innovative procurement methods and procedures tested under such program;

"(4) select the appropriate executive agencies or components of executive agencies to carry out such program;

"(5) specify the categories and types of products or services to be procured under such program; and

"(6) develop the methods to be used to analyze the results of such program.

A program to test innovative procurement methods and procedures may not be carried out unless approved by the heads of the executive agencies selected to carry out such program.

"(b) If the Administrator determines that it is necessary to waive the application of any provision of law in order to carry out a proposed program to test innovative procurement methods and procedures under subsection (a), the Administrator shall transmit notice of the proposed program to the Committee on Government Notification to congressional committees.

Operations of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate and request that such committees take such action as may be necessary to provide that such provision of law does not apply with respect to the proposed program. The notification to Congress shall include a description of the proposed program (including the scope and purpose of the proposed program), the procedures to be followed in carrying out the proposed program, the provisions of law affected and any provision of law the application of which must be waived in order to carry out the proposed program, and the executive agencies involved in carrying out the proposed program.

"EXECUTIVE AGENCY RESPONSIBILITIES

41 USC 414.

"SEC. 16. To further achieve effective, efficient, and economic administration of the Federal procurement system, the head of each executive agency shall, in accordance with applicable laws, Government-wide policies and regulations, and good business practices—

"(1) increase the use of effective competition in procurement by the executive agency;

"(2) establish clear lines of authority, accountability, and responsibility for procurement decisionmaking within the executive agency, including placing the procurement function at a sufficiently high level in the executive agency to provide—

"(A) direct access to the head of the major organizational element of the executive agency served; and

"(B) comparative equality with organizational counterparts;

"(3) designate a senior procurement executive who shall be responsible for management direction of the procurement system of the executive agency, including implementation of the unique procurement policies, regulations, and standards of the executive agency; and

"(4) develop and maintain a procurement career management program in the executive agency to assure an adequate professional work force.

"STUDIES AND REPORTS

41 USC 415.

"SEC. 17. (a) The Administrator shall conduct studies and issue a report on the extent of competition in the award of subcontracts by Federal prime contractors including an evaluation of the data available on subcontracts awarded in fiscal year 1982 with respect to (1) the source selection method used in awarding such subcontracts, (2) the type of subcontracts awarded, (3) the dollar value of such subcontracts, (4) the size of the subcontractors which were awarded the subcontract (by number of employees), and (5) the geographical location of such subcontractors. The report shall also include recommendations for improvements, if appropriate, in the extent of competition in the awarding of subcontracts and in the collection of data on such subcontract awards.

Completion date. Submittal to congressional committees.

"(b) The report required under subsection (a) of this section shall be completed by April 1, 1984, and shall be submitted to the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Government Operations of the House of Representatives not later than April 15, 1984.".

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

SEC. 8. (a) Section 8 (41 U.S.C. 407) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) by striking out "(1)" at the beginning of paragraph (1); and

(B) by striking out paragraphs (2), (3), and (4);

(2) in subsection (b)— Report to Congress

(A) by striking out the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "At least 30 days prior to the effective date of any policy or regulation prescribed under section 6(a), the Administrator shall transmit to the Congress a report on the proposed policy or regulation."; and

(B) by inserting "or regulation" after "policy" each place it appears in clauses (1), (2), and (3) in the second sentence of such subsection; and

(3) by striking out "any policy" in subsection (c) and inserting in lieu thereof "any policy or regulation".

(b) Section 10 (41 U.S.C. 409) is amended to read as follows: Continuing effect.

"SEC. 10. Procurement policies, regulations, procedures, or forms in effect on the date of enactment of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act Amendments of 1983 shall continue in effect, as modified from time to time, until repealed, amended, or superseded by policies, regulations, procedures, or forms promulgated by the Administrator.". *Ante*, p. 1325.

(c) Subsection (a) of section 12 (41 U.S.C. 411) is amended to read as follows:

"(a) The Administrator may delegate, and authorize successive redelegations of, any authority, function, or power of the Administrator under this Act (other than the authority to provide overall direction of Federal procurement policy and to prescribe policies and regulations to carry out such policy), to any other executive agency with the consent of the head of such executive agency or at the direction of the President.".

(d)(1) Sections 201(a)(1), 201(c), and 206(a)(4) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 481(a)(1), 481(c), 487(a)(4)) are each amended by inserting "and regulations" after "subject to policy directives".

(2) Section 602(c) of such Act (40 U.S.C. 474) is amended by inserting "except as otherwise provided by the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act, and" after "any law inconsistent herewith,".

SMALL PURCHASES

SEC. 9. (a)(1) Section 302(c)(3) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (41 U.S.C. 252(c)(3)) is amended by striking out "$10,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$25,000".

(2) Section 201(a)(1), 201(c), and 206(a)(4) of such Act (40 U.S.C. 481(a)(1), 481(c), 487(a)(4)) are each amended by striking out "subject to policy directives" and inserting in lieu thereof "subject to regulations".

(3) Section 602(c) of such Act (40 U.S.C. 474) is amended by inserting "except as otherwise provided by the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act, and" after "any law inconsistent herewith,".

(b) Clause (1) of the first sentence of section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U.S.C. 5) is amended by striking out "$10,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$25,000".

(c) The Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the Legislative Branch for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1966, and for other purposes", approved July 27, 1965 (41 U.S.C. 6a-1), is amended by striking out "$10,000" in the third full unnumbered paragraph under the heading "Office of Architect of the Capitol" and inserting in lieu thereof "$25,000".

(d) Clause (3) of the first sentence of section 9(b) of the Tennessee Valley Authority Act of 1933 (16 U.S.C. 831h(b)) is amended by striking out "$10,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$25,000".

STUDY OF WEAPON SYSTEMS SPARE PARTS PROCUREMENT BY THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Review. Report to Congress.

SEC. 10. (a) Not later than June 1, 1984, the Office of Federal Procurement Policy (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Office") shall review the procurement practices, regulations, and reform proposals and programs of the Department of Defense relating to the procurement of spare parts for weapon systems and shall transmit to the Congress a report on the findings, conclusions, and recommendations of the Office relating to such matters. The report shall include (1) an evaluation of the adequacy of the reform proposals and programs to promote practices and the development of directives which will achieve control of costs, economy, and efficiency in the procurement of such spare parts and (2) such recommendations for legislation with respect to the procurement of such spare parts as the Office considers appropriate.

(b)(1) The Secretary of Defense shall furnish to the Office such information on the practices, regulations, and reform proposals and programs of the Department of Defense relating to the procurement of spare parts for weapon systems as the Office considers necessary to carry out subsection (a).

(2) The Inspector General of the Department of Defense shall furnish to the Office such information on the practices of the Department of Defense in procuring spare parts for weapons systems as the Inspector General acquires during his audits of such practices and the Office considers necessary to carry out subsection (a).

Review and comment.

(c) The Inspector General of the Department of Defense shall have reasonable opportunity to review and comment on the report required by subsection (a) before the report is transmitted to the Congress. The comments of the Inspector General shall be included in such report.

PROCUREMENT PRACTICES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AT THE END OF THE FISCAL YEAR

Review. Report to Congress.

SEC. 11. (a)(1) Not later than February 1, 1984, the Office of Federal Procurement Policy (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Office") shall review the procurement actions of the Department of Defense during the one-week period ending September 30, 1983, and transmit to the Congress a report on such review as provided in paragraph (2). In carrying out the preceding sentence, the Office shall review the regulations and administrative and

managerial guidelines applicable to procurement actions of the Department of Defense during the final quarter of a fiscal year.

(2) The report required by paragraph (1) shall include (A) the number and dollar amount of contracts and purchases which were made by the Department of Defense during the one-week period referred to in paragraph (1), (B) the findings and conclusions of the Office on whether the Department of Defense had a bona fide need for the property or services procured by each such contract and purchase, (C) a list of the contracts and purchases which were made by the Department of Defense during such period without formal advertising, including the dollar amount of each such contract or purchase, (D) a list of the contracts and purchases made by the Department of Defense during such period after soliciting bids or proposals from only one source, including the dollar amount of each such contract and purchase, (E) each justification for making each contract and purchase included in the list under clause (C) or (D) without formal advertising or soliciting bids or proposals from more than one source, (F) the findings and conclusions of the Office on whether any regulation or administrative or managerial guideline reviewed pursuant to paragraph (1) (including the requirements of Office of Federal Procurement Policy letter number 81-1) were violated in making any of the contracts or purchases reviewed pursuant to paragraph (1), and (G) such recommendations for legislation and administrative actions relating to the procurement practices of the Department of Defense as the Office considers appropriate to assure economy and efficiency in procurement actions by the Department of Defense during the final quarter of a fiscal year.

(b)(1) The Secretary of Defense shall furnish to the Office such information on the procurement actions of the Department of Defense and the regulations and administrative and managerial guidelines applicable to such actions as the Office considers necessary to carry out subsection (a).

(2) The Inspector General of the Department of Defense shall furnish to the Office such information on the procurement actions of the Department of Defense and the regulations and administrative and managerial guidelines applicable to such actions as the Inspector General has acquired and the Office considers necessary to carry out subsection (a).

(3) The Comptroller General of the United States shall furnish to the Office such information on the procurement actions of the Department of Defense and the regulations and administrative and managerial guidelines applicable to such actions as the Comptroller General has acquired and the Office considers necessary to carry out subsection (a).

(4) Each official furnishing information to the Office under paragraph (1), (2), or (3) shall include with such information all information furnished by such official to the Congress, any committee of the Congress, or any Member of the Congress relating to the procurement actions required by subsection (a) to be reviewed by the Office.

Approved December 1, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2293 (S. 1001):

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-146 (Comm. on Government Operations).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-214 accompanying S. 1001 (Comm. on Governmental Affairs).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
June 1, considered and passed House.
Nov. 15, considered and passed Senate, amended, in lieu of S. 1001.
Nov. 17, House concurred in Senate amendments.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 19, No. 48 (1983):
Dec. 1, Presidential statement.

Public Law 98-192
98th Congress

An Act

To amend and extend the Tribally Controlled Community College Assistance Act of 1978, and for other purposes.

Dec. 1, 1983
[S. 726]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Tribally Controlled Community College Assistance Act of 1978, amendment.

SECTION 1. The matter preceding title I of the Tribally Controlled Community College Assistance Act of 1978 (92 Stat. 1325) (hereafter in this Act referred to as the "Act") is amended—

(1) by striking out "DEFINITIONS" and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"DEFINITIONS

"SEC. 2. (a) For purposes of this Act, the term—"; 25 USC 1801.

(2) by striking out "and is eligible to receive services from the Secretary of the Interior" in paragraph (1);

(3) by inserting before the semicolon at the end of paragraph (5) thereof the following: "and the reference to Secretary in clause (5)(A) of such section shall be deemed to refer to the Secretary of the Interior"; and

(4) by striking out paragraph (7) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(7) 'Indian student count' means a number equal to the total number of Indian students enrolled in each tribally controlled community college, determined in a manner consistent with subsection (b) of this section on the basis of the quotient of the sum of the credit hours of all Indian students so enrolled, divided by twelve." "Indian student count."

"(b) The following conditions shall apply for the purpose of determining the Indian student count pursuant to paragraph (7) of subsection (a):

"(1) Such number shall be calculated on the basis of the registrations of Indian students as in effect at the conclusion of the third week of each academic term.

"(2) Credits earned in classes offered during a summer term shall be counted toward the computation of the Indian student count in the succeeding fall term. Credits.

"(3) Indian students earning credits in any continuing education program of a tribally controlled community college shall be included in determining the sum of all credit hours.

"(4) Credits earned in a continuing education program shall be converted to a credit-hour basis in accordance with the tribally controlled community college's system for providing credit for participation in such program.

"(5) No credit hours earned by an Indian student who is not making satisfactory progress toward a degree or certificate, in accordance with the standards and practices of the appropriate accrediting agency or the institution at which the student is in attendance, shall be taken into account.".

25 USC 1802.

SEC. 2. Section 101 of the Act is amended by inserting immediately before the period at the end thereof the following: ", and to allow for the improvement and expansion of the physical resources of such institutions".

25 USC 1803.

SEC. 3. (a) Section 102 of the Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "is authorized to" in subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof "shall, subject to appropriations,"; and

(2) by striking out "to defray the expense of activities related to education programs for Indian students" in subsection (b) and inserting in lieu thereof "to defray, at the determination of the tribally controlled community college, expenditures for academic, educational, and administrative purposes and for the operation and maintenance of the college".

25 USC 1807. *Infra.*

(b) Section 106(a) of the Act is amended by inserting after the second sentence the following new sentence: "Such application shall include a description of recordkeeping procedures for the expenditure of funds received under this Act which will allow the Secretary to audit and monitor programs conducted with such funds.".

SEC. 4. (a) The Act is amended—

25 USC 1805–1815.

(1) by redesignating sections 104 through 114 as sections 105 through 115, respectively; and

(2) by inserting after section 103 the following new section:

"PLANNING GRANTS

25 USC 1804a.

"SEC. 104. (a) The Secretary shall establish a program in accordance with this section to make grants to tribes and tribal entities (1) to conduct planning activities for the purpose of developing proposals for the establishment of tribally controlled community colleges, or (2) to determine the need and potential for the establishment of such colleges.

Regulations. Applications, submission and review.

"(b) The Secretary shall establish, by regulation, procedures for the submission and review of applications for grants under this section.

Infra.

"(c) From the amount appropriated to carry out this title for any fiscal year (exclusive of sums appropriated for section 105), the Secretary shall reserve (and expend) an amount necessary to make grants to five applicants under this section of not more than $15,000 each, or an amount necessary to make grants in that amount to each of the approved applicants, if less than five apply and are approved.".

(b) The Act is further amended—

25 USC 1806.

(1) by striking out "section 106" in section 106 (as redesignated by subsection (a)(1)) and inserting in lieu thereof "section 107";

25 USC 1807.

(2) by striking out "section 105" in section 107 (as so redesignated) and inserting in lieu thereof "section 106"; and

25 USC 1811.

(3) by striking out "section 106(a)" in section 111 (as so redesignated) and inserting in lieu thereof "section 107(a)".

25 USC 1805.

SEC. 5. Section 105 of the Act (as redesignated by section 4(a)(1)) is amended—

(1) by inserting "from a tribally controlled community college which is receiving funds under section 108" after "upon request" in the first sentence thereof; and

(2) by striking out "to tribally controlled community colleges" in such sentence.

SEC. 6. (a) Section 106 of the Act (as redesignated by section 4(a)(1) of this Act) is amended— 25 USC 1806.

(1) by striking out "FEASIBILITY" in the heading of such section and inserting in lieu thereof "ELIGIBILITY";

(2) by striking out "feasibility" each place it appears in such section and inserting in lieu thereof "eligibility";

(3) by striking out "Assistant Secretary of Education of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare" in subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof "Secretary of Education";

(4) by inserting at the end of subsection (b) the following new sentence: "Such a positive determination shall be effective for the fiscal year succeeding the fiscal year in which such determination is made."; and

(5) by striking out "10 per centum" in subsection (c)(2) and inserting in lieu thereof "5 per centum".

(b) Section 107 of the Act (as redesignated by section 4(a)(1) of this Act) is amended— 25 USC 1807.

(1) by striking out "feasibility" in subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof "eligibility", and

(2) striking out "Assistant Secretary of Education of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare" in subsection (b) and inserting in lieu thereof "Secretary of Education".

SEC. 7. Section 108(a) of the Act (as redesignated by section 4(a)(1) of this Act) is amended to read as follows: 25 USC 1808.

"SEC. 108. (a) Except as provided in section 111, the Secretary shall, subject to appropriations, grant for each academic year to each tribally controlled community college having an application approved by him an amount equal to the product of— *Post*, p. 1338.

"(1) the Indian student count at such college during such academic year, as determined by the Secretary in accordance with section 2(a)(7) of this Act; and *Ante*, p. 1335.

"(2)(A) $4,000 for fiscal year 1984,

"(B) $5,025 for fiscal year 1985,

"(C) $5,415 for fiscal year 1986, and

"(D) $5,820 for fiscal year 1987,

except that no grant shall exceed the total cost of the education program provided by such college.".

SEC. 8. Section 109 of the Act (as redesignated by section 4(a)(1) of this Act) is amended— 25 USC 1809.

(1) by inserting "(a)" immediately after the section designation; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsections:

"(b)(1) The amount of any grant for which tribally controlled community colleges are eligible under section 108 shall not be altered because of funds allocated to any such colleges from funds appropriated under the Act of November 2, 1921 (42 Stat. 208; 25 U.S.C. 13). *Supra.*

"(2) No tribally controlled community college shall be denied funds appropriated under such Act of November 2, 1921, because of the funds it receives under this Act. Funds, denial.

"(c) For the purposes of sections 312(2)(A)(i) and 322(a)(2)(A)(i) of the Higher Education Act of 1965, any Indian student who receives a student assistance grant from the Bureau of Indian Affairs for postsecondary education shall be deemed to have received such assistance under subpart 1 of part A of title IV of such Act.". 20 USC 1058, 1061. 20 USC 1070.

SEC. 9. Section 110 of the Act (as redesignated by section 4(a)(1) of this Act) is amended to read as follows: 25 USC 1810.

"APPROPRIATION AUTHORIZATION

"SEC. 110. (a)(1) There is authorized to be appropriated, for the purpose of carrying out section 105, $3,200,000 for each of the fiscal years 1985, 1986, and 1987.

Ante, p. 1336.

"(2) There is authorized to be appropriated for the purpose of carrying out section 107, $30,000,000 for each of such fiscal years.

Ante, p. 1337.

"(3) There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for the purpose of carrying out sections 112(b) and 113 for each of such fiscal years.

Post, pp. 1339, 1340.

"(b)(1) For the purpose of affording adequate notice of funding available under this Act, amounts appropriated in an appropriation Act for any fiscal year to carry out this Act shall become available for obligation on July 1 of that fiscal year and shall remain available until September 30 of the succeeding fiscal year.

"(2) In order to effect a transition to the forward funding method of timing appropriation action described in paragraph (1), there are authorized to be appropriated, in an appropriation Act or Acts for the same fiscal year, two separate appropriations to carry out this Act, the first of which shall not be subject to paragraph (1).".

25 USC 1811.

SEC. 10. Section 111 of the Act (as redesignated by section 4(a)(1) of this Act) is amended by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (c) and by striking out subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"SEC. 111. (a)(1) If the sums appropriated for any fiscal year pursuant to section 110(a)(2) for grants under section 107 are not sufficient to pay in full the total amount which approved applicants are eligible to receive under such section for such fiscal year—

Supra.
Ante, p. 1337.

"(A) the Secretary shall first allocate to each such applicant which received funds under section 107 for the preceding fiscal year an amount equal to 95 per centum of the product of—

"(i) the per capita payment for the preceding fiscal year; and

"(ii) such applicant's Indian student count for the current fiscal year;

"(B) the Secretary shall next allocate to applicants who did not receive funds under such section for the preceding fiscal year an amount equal to 100 per centum of the product of—

"(i) the per capita payment for the preceding fiscal year; and

"(ii) the applicant's Indian student count for the current fiscal year;

in the order in which such applicants have qualified for assistance in accordance with such section so that no amount shall be allocated to a later qualified applicant until each earlier qualified applicant is allocated an amount equal to such product; and

"(C) if additional funds remain after making the allocations required by subparagraphs (A) and (B), the Secretary shall allocate such funds by—

"(i) ratably increasing the amounts of the grants determined under subparagraph (A) until such grants are equal to 100 per centum of the product described in such subparagraph; and

"(ii) then ratably increasing the amounts of both (I) the grants determined under subparagraph (A), as increased under clause (i) of this subparagraph, and (II) the grants determined under subparagraph (B).

"(2) For purposes of paragraph (1) of this subsection, the term 'per capita payment' for any fiscal year shall be determined by dividing the amount available for grants to tribally controlled community colleges under section 107 for such fiscal year by the sum of the Indian student counts of such colleges for such fiscal year. The Secretary shall, on the basis of the most satisfactory data available, compute the Indian student count for any fiscal year for which such count was not used for the purpose of making allocations under this title. "Per capita payment."

Ante, p. 1337.

"(b)(1) If the sums appropriated for any fiscal year for grants under section 107 are not sufficient to pay in full the total amount of the grants determined pursuant to subsection (a)(1)(A), the amount which applicants described in such subsection are eligible to receive under section 107 for such fiscal year shall be ratably reduced.

"(2) If any additional funds become available for making payments under section 107 for any fiscal year to which subsection (a) or paragraph (1) of this subsection applies, such additional amounts shall be allocated by first increasing grants reduced under paragraph (1) of this subsection on the same basis as they were reduced and by then allocating the remainder in accordance with subsection (a). Sums appropriated in excess of the amount necessary to pay in full the total amounts for which applicants are eligible under section 107 shall be allocated by ratably increasing such total amounts.

"(3) References in this subsection and subsection (a) to section 107 shall, with respect to fiscal year 1983, be deemed to refer to section 106 as in effect at the beginning of such fiscal year.". *Ante*, p. 1337.

SEC. 11. Section 112 of the Act (as redesignated by section 4(a)(1) of this Act) is amended to read as follows: 25 USC 1812.

"REPORT ON FACILITIES

"SEC. 112. (a) The Administrator of General Services shall provide for the conduct of a study of facilities available for use by tribally controlled community colleges. Such study shall consider the condition of currently existing Bureau of Indian Affairs facilities which are vacant or underutilized and shall consider available alternatives for renovation, alteration, repair, and reconstruction of such facilities (including renovation, alteration, repair, and reconstruction necessary to bring such facilities into compliance with local building codes). Such study shall also identify the need for new construction. A report on the results of such study shall be submitted to the Congress not later than eighteen months after the date of enactment of this subsection. Such report shall also include an identification of property— Submittal to Congress.

"(1) on which structurally sound buildings suitable for use as educational facilities are located, and

"(2) which is available for use by tribally controlled community colleges under section 202(a)(2) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 483(a)(2)) and under the Act of August 6, 1956 (70 Stat. 1057; 25 U.S.C. 443a).

"(b) The Administrator of General Services, in consultation with the Bureau of Indian Affairs, shall initiate a program to conduct necessary renovations, alterations, repairs, and reconstruction identified pursuant to subsection (a) of this section. Renovation program.

"(c) For the purposes of this section, the term 'reconstruction' has the meaning provided in the first sentence of subparagraph (B) of "Reconstruction."

section 742(2) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1132e-1(2)(B)).".

25 USC 1813.

SEC. 12. Section 113 of the Act (as redesignated by section 4(a)(1) of this Act) is amended to read as follows:

"CONSTRUCTION OF NEW FACILITIES

Grants.

"SEC. 113. (a) With respect to any tribally controlled community college for which the report of the Administrator of General Services under section 112(a) of this Act identifies a need for new construction, the Secretary shall, subject to appropriations and on the basis of an application submitted in accordance with such requirements as the Secretary may prescribe by regulation, provide grants for such construction in accordance with this section.

Ante, p. 1339.

"(b) In order to be eligible for a grant under this section, a tribally controlled community college—

"(1) must be a current recipient of grants under section 105 or 107, and

Ante, pp. 1336, 1337.

"(2) must be accredited by a nationally recognized accrediting agency listed by the Secretary of Education pursuant to the last sentence of section 1201(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1141(a)), except that such requirement may be waived if the Secretary determines that there is a reasonable expectation that such college will be fully accredited within eighteen months. In any case where such a waiver is granted, grants under this section shall be available only for planning and development of proposals for construction.

Accreditation. Waiver.

"(c)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), grants for construction under this section shall not exceed 80 per centum of the cost of such construction, except that no tribally controlled community college shall be required to expend more than $400,000 in fulfillment of the remaining 20 per centum. For the purpose of providing its required portion of the cost of such construction, a tribally controlled community college may use funds provided under the Act of November 2, 1921 (25 U.S.C. 13), popularly referred to as the Snyder Act.

Waiver.

"(2) The Secretary may waive, in whole or in part, the requirements of paragraph (1) in the case of any tribally controlled community college which demonstrates that neither such college nor the tribal government with which it is affiliated have sufficient resources to comply with such requirements. The Secretary shall base a decision on whether to grant such a waiver solely on the basis of the following factors: (A) tribal population; (B) potential student population; (C) the rate of unemployment among tribal members; (D) tribal financial resources; and (E) other factors alleged by the college to have a bearing on the availability of resources for compliance with the requirements of paragraph (1) and which may include the educational attainment of tribal members.

"(d) If, within twenty years after completion of construction of a facility which has been constructed in whole or in part with a grant made available under this section—

"(1) the facility ceases to be used by the applicant in a public or nonprofit capacity as an academic facility, unless the Secretary determines that there is good cause for releasing the institution from this obligation, and

"(2) the tribe with which the applicant is affiliated fails to use the facility for a public purpose approved by the tribal govern-

ment in furtherance of the general welfare of the community served by the tribal government,

title to the facility shall vest in the United States and the applicant (or such tribe if such tribe is the successor in title to the facility) shall be entitled to recover from the United States an amount which bears the same ratio to the present value of the facility as the amount of the applicant's contribution (excluding any funds provided under the Act of November 2, 1921 (25 U.S.C. 13)) bore to the original cost of the facility. Such value shall be determined by agreement of the parties or by action brought in the United States district court for the district in which such facility is located.

"(e) No construction assisted with funds under this section shall be used for religious worship or a sectarian activity or for a school or department of divinity. Religious activities.

"(f) For the purposes of this section— Definitions.

"(1) the term 'construction' includes reconstruction or renovation (as such terms are defined in the first sentence of subparagraph (B) of section 742(2) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1132e-1(2)(B))); and

"(2) the term 'academic facilities' has the meaning provided such term under section 742(1) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1132e-1(1)).".

SEC. 13. The Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new title:

"TITLE III—TRIBALLY CONTROLLED COMMUNITY COLLEGE ENDOWMENT PROGRAM

"PURPOSE

"SEC. 301. It is the purpose of this title to provide grants for the encouragement of endowment funds for the operation and improvement of tribally controlled community colleges. 25 USC 1831.

"ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM; PROGRAM AGREEMENTS

"SEC. 302. (a) From the amount appropriated pursuant to section 306, the Secretary shall establish a program of making endowment grants to tribally controlled community colleges which are current recipients of assistance under section 107 of this Act or under section 3 of the Navajo Community College Act. No such college shall be ineligible for such a grant for a fiscal year by reason of the receipt of such a grant for a preceding fiscal year, but no such college shall be eligible for such a grant for a fiscal year if such college has been awarded a grant under section 333 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 for such fiscal year. 25 USC 1832. *Ante*, p. 1337. 25 USC 640b. *Ante*, p. 708.

"(b) No grant for the establishment of an endowment fund by a tribally controlled community college shall be made unless such college enters into an agreement with the Secretary which—

"(1) provides for the establishment and maintenance of a trust fund at a federally insured banking or savings institution;

"(2) provides for the deposit in such trust fund of—

"(A) any Federal capital contributions made from funds appropriated under section 306;

"(B) a capital contribution by such college in an amount equal to the amount of each Federal capital contribution; and

"(C) any earnings of the funds so deposited;

"(3) provides that such funds will be deposited in such a manner as to insure the accumulation of interest thereon at a rate not less than that generally available for similar funds deposited at the same banking or savings institution for the same period or periods of time;

"(4) provides that, if at any time such college withdraws any capital contribution made by that college, an equal amount of Federal capital contribution shall be withdrawn and returned to the Secretary for reallocation to other colleges;

"(5) provides that no part of the net earnings of such trust fund will inure to the benefit of any private person; and

"(6) includes such other provisions as may be necessary to protect the financial interest of the United States and promote the purpose of this title and as are agreed to by the Secretary and the college, including a description of recordkeeping procedures for the expenditure of accumulated interest which will allow the Secretary to audit and monitor programs and activities conducted with such interest.

"USE OF FUNDS

25 USC 1833.

"SEC. 303. Interest deposited, pursuant to section 302(b)(2)(C), in the trust fund of any tribally controlled community college may be periodically withdrawn and used, at the discretion of such college, to defray any expenses associated with the operation of such college, including expense of operations and maintenance, administration, academic and support personnel, community and student services programs, and technical assistance.

"COMPLIANCE WITH MATCHING REQUIREMENT

25 USC 1834.

"SEC. 304. For the purpose of complying with the contribution requirement of section 302(b)(2)(B), a tribally controlled community college may use funds which are available from any private or tribal source.

"ALLOCATION OF FUNDS

25 USC 1835.

"SEC. 305. (a) From the amount appropriated pursuant to section 306, the Secretary shall allocate to each tribally controlled community college which is eligible for an endowment grant under this title an amount for a Federal capital contribution equal to the amount which such college demonstrates has been placed within the control of, or irrevocably committed to the use of, the college and is available for deposit as a capital contribution of that college in accordance with section 302(b)(2)(B), except that the maximum amount which may be so allocated to any such college for any fiscal year shall not exceed $350,000.

"(b) If for any fiscal year the amount appropriated pursuant to section 306 is not sufficient to allocate to each tribally controlled community college an amount equal to the amount demonstrated by such college pursuant to subsection (a), then the amount of the allocation to each such college shall be ratably reduced.

"AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

"SEC. 306. (a) There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out the provisions of this title $5,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1985, 1986, and 1987. 25 USC 1836.

"(b) Any funds appropriated pursuant to subsection (a) are authorized to remain available until expended.".

SEC. 14. Section 5(a)(1) of the Navajo Community College Act is amended by striking out "October 1, 1979" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1984". 25 USC 640c-1.

SEC. 15. In promulgating any regulations to implement the amendments made by this Act, the Secretary of the Interior shall consult with tribally controlled community colleges. 25 USC 1815 note.

Approved December 1, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 726 (H.R. 2307):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 98-77 accompanying H.R. 2307 (Comm. on Education and Labor) and No. 98-505 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 98-64 (Comm. on Indian Affairs) and No. 98-303 (Comm. of Conference).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):

May 3, H.R. 2307 failed of passage in House.

May 25, considered and passed Senate.

Oct. 20, considered and passed House, amended.

Nov. 17, Senate and House agreed to conference report.

Public Law 98-193
98th Congress

An Act

Dec. 1, 1983
[S. 1046]

To clarify the applicability of a provision of law regarding risk retention.

Product Liability Risk Retention Act of 1981, amendment.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2(b) of the Product Liability Risk Retention Act of 1981 (15 U.S.C. 3901(b)) is amended to read as follows:

"(b) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to affect either the tort law or the law governing the interpretation of insurance contracts of any State, and the definitions of product liability and product liability insurance under any State law shall not be applied for the purposes of this Act, including recognition or qualification of risk retention groups or purchasing groups.".

Approved December 1, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1046:

SENATE REPORT No. 98-172 (Comm. on Commerce, Science, and Transportation).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Sept. 27, considered and passed Senate.
Nov. 18, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-194
98th Congress

An Act

To provide revised reimbursement criteria for small rural health clinics utilizing National Health Service Corps personnel.

Dec. 1, 1983
[S. 2129]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Rural Health Clinics Act of 1983".

Rural Health Clinics Act of 1983.
42 USC 201 note.

FINDINGS

SEC. 2. Congress finds and declares that— 42 USC 254g note.

(1) rural health clinics are an important part of America's health care delivery system;

(2) National Health Service Corps personnel assigned to rural health clinics located in health manpower shortage areas have provided valuable and needed staffing help for such clinics;

(3) rural health clinics receiving assistance from National Health Service Corps personnel should be expected to reimburse the Federal Government for a reasonable share of the costs of such personnel; and

(4) the criteria which should be applied to reimbursement by such clinics for use of such personnel should be a fair and equitable one which reflects the needs of such clinics and the populations served by such clinics, as well as the value of the services rendered by such personnel. Reimbursement.

ALTERNATIVE REIMBURSEMENT PROVISIONS

SEC. 3. (a)(1) Subsection (a) of section 334 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254g) is amended—

(A) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A) of paragraph (3), by inserting ", if not a small health center," after "the entity";

(B) by striking out "and" at the end of subparagraph (C) of such paragraph;

(C) by redesignating paragraph (4) as (5); and

(D) by inserting after paragraph (3) the following new paragraph:

"(4) the entity, if a small health center, shall pay to the United States, in each calendar quarter (or other period as may be specified in the agreement) during which any Corps member is assigned to such entity, an amount determined by the Secretary in accordance with subsection (f); and".

(b) Subsection (b) of such section is amended—

(1) by inserting ", on a prospective or retrospective basis," after "in whole or in part" in paragraph (1);

(2) by inserting "which is not a small health center" after "for an entity" in such paragraph;

(3) by inserting ", on a prospective or retrospective basis," after "in whole or in part" in paragraph (2);

(4) by inserting "is not a small health center and which" after "for any entity which" in such paragraph;

(5) by inserting "and does not, pursuant to paragraph (5), require payment by the entity in the amount described in subsection (f)(1)," after "paragraph (1) or (2)," in paragraph (3); and

Waiver.

(6) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(5)(A) If the Secretary determines that an entity which is not a small health center is eligible for a waiver under paragraph (1) or (2), the Secretary may waive the application of subsection (a)(3) for such entity and require such entity to make payment in an amount equal to the amount described in subsection (f)(1) that would be payable by such entity if such entity were a small health center.

"(B) The Secretary may waive in whole or in part, on a prospective or retrospective basis, the application of the requirement of subparagraph (A) for any entity if the Secretary determines that the entity is financially unable to meet such requirement or that compliance with such requirement would unreasonably limit the ability of the entity to provide for the adequate support of the provision of health services by Corps members. Funds which would be paid to the United States but for a waiver under this subparagraph shall be used by an entity to—

"(i) expand or improve its provision of health services;

"(ii) increase the number of individuals served;

"(iii) renovate or modernize facilities for its provision of health services;

"(iv) improve the administration of its health service programs; or

"(v) to establish a financial reserve to assure its ability to continue providing health services.".

(c) Subsection (c) of such section is amended—

(1) by inserting "which is not a small health center" after "an entity";

(2) by inserting "or subsection (b)(5)(A)" before "shall be used by the entity".

(d) Such section is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

Payment to U.S.

"(f)(1) An entity which is a small health center shall pay to the United States, as prescribed by the Secretary in each calendar quarter (or other period as may be specified in the agreement) during which any Corps member is assigned to such entity, an amount equal to the amount (prorated for a calendar quarter or other period) by which the revenues that the center may reasonably expect to receive during an annual period for the provision of health services exceeds the costs that the center may reasonably expect to incur in the provision of such services, except that the amount that an entity shall pay to the United States under this paragraph shall not exceed the amount such entity would pay to the United States under paragraph (3) of subsection (a) if such paragraph applied to such entity.

Proposed budget, submittal to Secretary.

"(2)(A) To determine for purposes of paragraph (1) the revenues and costs which an entity that is a small health center may reasonably be expected to receive and incur in an annual period for the provision of health services, the entity shall submit to the Secretary before the beginning of such period a proposed budget which—

"(i) describes the primary and supplemental health services (as defined in section 330) which are needed by the area the entity serves in such period; and 42 USC 254c.

"(ii) states the revenues and costs which the entity expects to receive and incur in providing such health services in such period.

"(B) From the submission under subparagraph (A) and other information available to the Secretary, the Secretary shall determine—

"(i) the primary and supplemental health services (as defined in section 330) needed in the area the entity serves;

"(ii) the fees, premiums, third party reimbursements, and other revenues the entity making the submission may reasonably expect to receive from the provision of such services; and

"(iii) the costs which the entity may reasonably expect to incur in providing such services.

The revenues and costs determined by the Secretary shall be the revenues and costs used in making the determination under paragraph (1). Revenues and costs.

"(3) The Secretary may waive in whole or in part, on a prospective or retrospective basis, the application of paragraph (1) for an entity which is a small health center if the Secretary determines that the entity needs all or part of the amounts otherwise payable under such paragraph to— Waiver.

"(A) expand or improve its provision of health services;

"(B) increase the number of individuals served;

"(C) renovate or modernize facilities for its provision of health services;

"(D) improve the administration of its health service programs; or

"(E) establish a financial reserve to assure its ability to continue providing health services.

"(4) The excess (if any) of the amount of funds collected by an entity which is a small health center in accordance with subsection (a)(2) over the amount paid to the United States in accordance with paragraph (1) of this subsection shall be used by the center for the purposes set out in subparagraphs (A) through (E) of paragraph (3) of this subsection or to recruit and retain health manpower to provide health services to the individuals in the health manpower shortage area for which the entity submitted an application. Health manpower.

"(5) For purposes of this section, the term 'small health center' means an entity other than— "Small health center."

"(A) a hospital (or part of a hospital);

"(B) a public entity; or

"(C) an entity that is receiving a grant under section 329 or section 330, except that such term includes an entity whose grant is less than the total of the amounts, calculated on an annual basis, specified in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of subsection (a)(3).". 42 USC 254b, 254c.

EFFECTIVE DATE AND APPLICABILITY

42 USC 254g note.

Ante, p. 1345.

SEC. 4. The amendments made by section 3 shall apply with respect to agreements entered into under section 334 of the Public Health Service Act after the date of the enactment of this Act, but, to the extent feasible, the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall revise agreements entered into under such section 334 before such date to reflect the amendments made by section 3.

Approved December 1, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 2129:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Nov. 18, considered and passed Senate and House.

Public Law 98-195
98th Congress

An Act

To direct the Secretary of Agriculture to release on behalf of the United States a reversionary interest in certain land in the State of Delaware.

Dec. 1, 1983
[S. 1503]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subject to section 2, the Secretary of Agriculture shall release, on behalf of the United States, with respect to the land described in section 3, the condition contained in the deed dated September 24, 1954, recorded June 30, 1955, in deed book 447, page 595, in the Office of the Sussex County Recorder of Deeds, Georgetown, Delaware, between the United States of America and the State of Delaware, conveying certain tracts of land to the State of Delaware, which condition requires that the land conveyed be used for public purposes and if at any time such land ceases to be so used, it shall immediately revert to and become revested in the United States.

State of Delaware, release of reversionary land interest.

SEC. 2. The condition referred to in section 1, with respect to the land described in section 3, shall be released only upon certification by the Secretary of the Delaware Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control to the Secretary of Agriculture that an area of wetlands, marsh, or shore lands within the State of Delaware containing at least 6.21 acres has been dedicated to public purposes. Such certification shall specify the location and set forth a legal description of the dedicated area, and shall be accompanied by a legal opinion establishing that title to the dedicated property is vested in the State of Delaware and that a restriction of public purpose applies to the dedicated property.

Certification.

SEC. 3. The land referred to in section 1 is a tract of land, being a portion of tract numbered 24 of those lands conveyed by James Leslie Ford, marshal of the United States for the District of Delaware, to the United States of America in the deed dated September 16, 1939, recorded November 20, 1939, in deed book 322, page 125, in the Office of the Sussex County Recorder of Deeds, Georgetown, Delaware, containing 6.21 acres of land, more or less, more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at the point of intersection of the northeasterly side of Hassell Street (at 30 feet wide) with the northeasterly side of a 50-foot wide right-of-way known as Assawoman Street,

thence with said point of beginning and along the said northeasterly side of Hassell Street, and crossing the said 50-foot wide right-of-way known as Assawoman Street, south 05 degrees 20 minutes 55 seconds east, 297.80 feet to a point in the low water line of Little Bay;

thence by the various meanderings thereof, generally in a northwesterly and northeasterly direction, and the westerly limits of lands known as Bay View Park and Bay View Park first addition, 1,666 feet, more or less, to a point, said point being distant by the seventeen following tie lines connecting

points in or near the said low water line from the last described point:

(1) south 39 degrees 04 minutes 05 seconds west, 45.00 feet to a point;

(2) north 68 degrees 30 minutes 00 seconds west, 40.00 feet to a point;

(3) north 30 degrees 50 minutes 00 seconds west, 72.00 feet to a point;

(4) north 66 degrees 10 minutes 00 seconds west, 114.00 feet to a point;

(5) north 62 degrees 34 minutes 00 seconds west, 178.00 feet to a point;

(6) north 41 degrees 07 minutes 35 seconds west, 180.00 feet to a point;

(7) north 22 degrees 10 minutes 50 seconds east, 138.00 feet to a point;

(8) north 79 degrees 25 minutes 00 seconds east, 120.00 feet to a point;

(9) north 47 degrees 20 minutes 00 seconds east, 87.00 feet to a point;

(10) north 27 degrees 20 minutes 00 seconds east, 67.00 feet to a point;

(11) north 48 degrees 40 minutes 00 seconds east, 121.00 feet to a point;

(12) north 66 degrees 50 minutes 00 seconds east, 23.00 feet to a point;

(13) north 04 degrees 00 minutes 00 seconds west, 100.00 feet to a point;

(14) north 25 degrees 52 minutes 00 seconds west, 74.00 feet to a point;

(15) north 77 degrees 25 minutes 00 seconds west, 96.00 feet to a point;

(16) north 02 degrees 00 minutes 00 seconds east, 145.00 feet to a point; and

(17) north 81 degrees 52 minutes 00 seconds west, 66.00 feet to a point;

thence by a line through Bay View Park the first and second additions, crossing Hassell Street and Todd Drive and through lots numbered 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18 and a portion of 20, north 09 degrees 57 minutes 20 seconds west, 650.30 feet to a point;

thence continuing through a portion of lot numbered 20 and recrossing a portion of said Todd Drive, north 40 degrees 04 minutes 20 seconds west, 115.00 feet to a point in the low water line of Jefferson Creek;

thence thereby the two following described courses and distances:

(1) south 77 degrees 36 minutes 45 seconds east, 68.63 feet to a point; and

(2) north 75 degrees 50 minutes 00 seconds east, 30.90 feet to a point;

thence along the northeasterly line of lots numbered 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, and 20 of Bay View Park second addition, south 15 degrees 24 minutes 53 seconds east, 698.18 feet to a point in the line dividing Bay View Park first addition from Bay View Park second addition and the northeasterly side of Hassell Street;

thence by new lines along the said northeasterly side of Hassell Street the three following described courses and distances:

(1) south 85 degrees 30 minutes 00 seconds east, 53.72 feet to a point;

(2) south 15 degrees 24 minutes 53 seconds east, 295.00 feet to a point; and

(3) south 05 degrees 20 minutes 55 seconds east, 469.20 feet to a point on the northeasterly side of said Assawoman Street and the point and place of beginning.

Approved December 1, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1503:

SENATE REPORT No. 98-287 (Comm. on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Nov. 17, considered and passed Senate.
Nov. 18, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-196
98th Congress

An Act

Dec. 1, 1983
[S. 577]

To provide for the conveyance of certain Federal lands adjacent to Orchard and Lake Shore Drives, Lake Lowell, Boise project, Idaho.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Orchard and Lake Shore Drives, Lake Lowell, Boise, Idaho. Land conveyance.

SECTION 1. The Secretary of the Interior (hereinafter referred to as the "Secretary") is hereby authorized to convey all right, title, and interest, except as reserved herein, to certain small tracts of Federal lands located adjacent to Orchard and Lake Shore Drives, Lake Lowell, Boise project, Idaho, to the adjacent landowners.

SEC. 2. Such conveyances shall be made by the Secretary only to the adjacent landowners, and shall be made within one year from the date of his receipt of a proper application from such landowners. Applicants for such conveyances must pay the fair market value of the lands as of the date of the conveyance, including administrative costs and the costs to the Government of conducting the necessary land surveys and preparing the legal descriptions of the land to be conveyed. In determining the fair market value of the lands, the Secretary shall not include the value of any improvements made to the lands by the adjacent landowners or their predecessors.

Mineral rights.

SEC. 3. All conveyances made pursuant to this Act shall reserve to the United States all mineral deposits in the lands and shall assure that the right to mine and remove such minerals is subservient to the surface rights granted in the conveyances.

Approved December 1, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 577:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-269 (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-7 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Mar. 2, considered and passed Senate.
July 18, considered and passed House, amended.
Nov. 18, Senate concurred in House amendments.

Public Law 98-197
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

To extend the term of the Presidential Commission for the German-American Tricentennial, and for other purposes.

Dec. 1, 1983
[H.J. Res. 405]

Whereas in commemoration of the three hundredth anniversary of German settlement in America at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on October 6, 1683, the Congress passed Senate Joint Resolution 260, Ninety-seventh Congress, which was signed into law by the President on January 14, 1983, as Public Law 97-472 (hereinafter in this resolution referred to as the "Act"); 96 Stat. 2603.

Whereas the Act established the Presidential Commission for the German-American Tricentennial (hereinafter in this resolution referred to as the "Commission") to plan, encourage, develop, and coordinate the commemoration of the German-American Tricentennial, and provided for the termination of the Commission on January 31, 1984;

Whereas the Act authorizes the Commission to encourage the participation of, and receive donations of money, property, and personal services from, public and private organizations and individuals to assist the Commission in carrying out its responsibilities, and provides that all expenditures of the Commission are to be made from donated funds;

Whereas one of the key projects undertaken by the Commission is to oversee the planning and establishment of a German-American Friendship Garden in the District of Columbia as an enduring symbol of German-American contributions to this country and the lasting friendship between the United States and the Federal Republic of Germany; and

Whereas the President and the Congress are of the opinion that more time will be needed by the Commission beyond its presently scheduled expiration date of January 31, 1984, to complete its work on the German-American Friendship Garden: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the term of the Commission is hereby extended to October 31, 1984, and the deadline for the report of the Commission's activities to the Congress required by the Act is hereby also extended to that date.

Presidential Commission for the German-American Tricentennial. Term and report deadline, extension.

SEC. 2. After December 31, 1983, the Commission shall not incur any obligations other than in connection with its work on the German-American Friendship Garden, or the carrying out of necessary administrative functions, nor shall the Commission solicit, receive, or use any donated funds or the support or assistance of any

other executive agency or department after December 31, 1983, except for the purposes of its work on the German-American Friendship Garden, the liquidation of financial obligations incurred prior to January 1, 1984, and the carrying out of necessary administrative functions.

SEC. 3. Except as otherwise provided in this resolution, the provisions of the Act shall remain in effect.

Approved December 1, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 405:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Nov. 4, considered and passed House.
Nov. 18, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-198
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Expressing the sense of the Congress with respect to international efforts to further a revolution in child health.

Dec. 1, 1983
[S.J. Res. 111]

Whereas the report entitled "State of the World's Children, 1982-83" of the United Nations Children's Fund (hereafter in this joint resolution referred to as "UNICEF") offers unprecedented hope for a "revolution in child health" which could save the lives of up to twenty thousand of the forty thousand children who perish daily around the world from malnutrition and disease;

Whereas the techniques involved in this health revolution, including oral rehydration home treatment, low-cost vaccines which do not require refrigeration, promotion of breast-feeding, and use of child growth charts to detect malnutrition, are estimated to cost only a few dollars per child;

Whereas this UNICEF report and the activities of UNICEF have been widely acclaimed by the Secretary General of the United Nations and the heads of the governments of such countries as the United Kingdom, France, Sweden, India, and Pakistan; and

Whereas the President of the United States on April 18, 1983, has issued a statement endorsing this health revolution for children and calling on the cooperation of United States Government agencies with international organizations and agencies associated in this effort: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it is the sense of the Congress that—

International health efforts for children.

(1) the techniques articulated by UNICEF in its report entitled "The State of the World's Children, 1982-1983" represent an unprecedented low-cost opportunity to significantly reduce child mortality and morbidity throughout the world, and have the full support and encouragement of the Congress at a time of economic difficulty and constriction for all countries;

(2) the President be commended for taking steps to promote, encourage, and undertake activities to further the objectives of the child health revolution and for directing all appropriate United States Government agencies, including the Department of State, the Agency for International Development, and the Department of Health and Human Services, to support and cooperate with UNICEF, the World Health Organization, the United Nations Development Program, and other international financial and assistance agencies participating in fostering this child health revolution; and

(3) other public and private organizations involved in health, education, finance, labor, communications, and humanitarian assistance should cooperate with and support the efforts of the United States to further the objectives of the child health revolution.

Approved December 1, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 111:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
July 13, considered and passed Senate,
Nov. 17, considered and passed House.

Public Law 98-199
98th Congress

An Act

To revise and extend the Education of the Handicapped Act, and for other purposes.

Dec. 2, 1983
[S. 1341]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Education of the Handicapped Act Amendments of 1983".

Education of the Handicapped Act Amendments of 1983.
20 USC 1400 note.

DEFINITIONS

SEC. 2. Section 602 of the Education of the Handicapped Act (hereinafter in this Act referred to as "the Act") is amended— 20 USC 1401.

(1) in paragraph (1) by inserting "or language" after "speech";

(2) by striking out paragraph (2);

(3) in paragraph (3) by inserting "the Education of" after "Committee on";

(4) in paragraph (6) by amending such paragraph to read as follows:

"(6) The term 'State' means any of the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Mariana Islands, or the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.";

(5) in paragraph (14) by striking out "Health, Education, and Welfare" and inserting in lieu thereof "Education";

(6) by inserting "(a)" after "602"; and

(7) by inserting at the end of such section a new subsection (b) as follows:

"(b) For purposes of part C of this title, 'handicapped youth' means any handicapped child (as defined in section 602(a)(1)) who— "Handicapped youth." 20 USC 1421.

"(1) is twelve years of age or older; or

"(2) is enrolled in the seventh or higher grade in school.".

DESIGNATION OF THE AGENCY FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION

SEC. 3. (a) Section 603 of the Act is amended to read as follows: 20 USC 1402.

"OFFICE OF SPECIAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS

"SEC. 603. (a) There shall be, within the Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services in the Department of Education, an Office of Special Education Programs which shall be the principal agency in the Department for administering and carrying out this Act and other programs and activities concerning the education and training of the handicapped.

"(b)(1) The office established under subsection (a) shall be headed by a Deputy Assistant Secretary who shall be selected by the Secretary and shall report directly to the Assistant Secretary for Special Education and Rehabilitative Services. The position of Deputy Assistant Secretary shall be in grade GS-18 of the General Schedule under section 5104 of title 5, United States Code, and shall

5 USC 3132.

be a Senior Executive Service position for the purposes of section 3132(a)(2) of such title.

"(2) In addition to such Deputy Assistant Secretary, there shall be established in such office not less than six positions for persons to assist the Deputy Assistant Secretary, including the position of the Associate Deputy Assistant Secretary. Each such position shall be in grade GS-15 of the General Schedule under section 5104 of title 5, United States Code.".

20 USC 1400 *et seq.*

(b) The Act is amended by striking out "Commissioner" or "Commissioner's" wherever it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "Secretary" or "Secretary's", respectively.

AMENDMENTS WITH RESPECT TO THE ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON THE EDUCATION OF HANDICAPPED CHILDREN AND YOUTH

20 USC 1403.

SEC. 4. Section 604 of the Act is amended to read as follows:

"NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON THE EDUCATION OF HANDICAPPED CHILDREN AND YOUTH

Establishment.

"SEC. 604. (a) The Secretary shall establish in the Department of Education a National Advisory Committee on the Education of Handicapped Children and Youth, consisting of fifteen members, appointed by the Secretary. Not less than five such members shall be parents of handicapped children and the remainder shall be handicapped persons (including students), persons affiliated with education, training, or research programs for the handicapped, and those having demonstrated a commitment to the education of handicapped children.

Review and recommendations.

"(b) The Advisory Committee shall review the administration and operation of the programs authorized by this Act and other provisions of law administered by the Secretary with respect to handicapped children (including the effect of such programs in improving the educational attainment of such children) and make recommendations for the improvement of such programs. Such recommendations shall take into consideration experience gained under this and other Federal programs for handicapped children and, to the extent appropriate, experience gained under other public and private programs for handicapped children. The Advisory Committee may make such recommendations to the Secretary as the Committee considers appropriate and shall make an annual report of its findings and recommendations to the Secretary not later than June 30 of each year. The Secretary shall transmit each such report, together with comments and recommendations, to the Congress.

Annual report.

Report to Congress.

Appropriation authorization.

"(c) There are authorized to be appropriated for the purposes of this section $200,000 for fiscal year 1984, and for each of the two succeeding fiscal years.".

AMENDMENTS WITH RESPECT TO GRANTS FOR THE REMOVAL OF ARCHITECTURAL BARRIERS

20 USC 1406.

SEC. 5. Section 607 of the Act is amended to read as follows:

"GRANTS FOR THE REMOVAL OF ARCHITECTURAL BARRIERS

"SEC. 607. (a) The Secretary is authorized to make grants and to enter into cooperative agreements with State educational agencies

to assist such agencies in making grants to local educational agencies or intermediate educational units to pay part or all of the cost of altering existing buildings and equipment in accordance with standards promulgated under the Act approved August 12, 1968 (Public Law 90-480), relating to architectural barriers. 42 USC 4151-4157.

"(b) For the purposes of carrying out the provisions of this section, there are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary.". Appropriation authorization.

REQUIREMENTS FOR PRESCRIBED REGULATIONS

SEC. 6. The Act is amended by inserting after section 607 the following new section:

"REQUIREMENTS FOR PRESCRIBING REGULATIONS

"SEC. 608. (a) For purposes of complying with section 431(b) of the General Education Provisions Act with respect to regulations promulgated under part B of this Act, the thirty-day period under such section shall be ninety days. 20 USC 1407. 20 USC 1232. 20 USC 1411.

"(b) The Secretary may not implement, or publish in final form, any regulation prescribed pursuant to this Act which would procedurally or substantively lessen the protections provided to handicapped children under this Act, as embodied in regulations in effect on July 20, 1983 (particularly as such protections relate to parental consent to initial evaluation or initial placement in special education, least restrictive environment, related services, timelines, attendance of evaluation personnel at IEP meetings, or qualifications of personnel), except to the extent that such regulation reflects the clear and unequivocal intent of the Congress in legislation.

"(c) The Secretary shall transmit a copy of any regulations promulgated under this Act to the National Advisory Committee on the Education of the Handicapped concurrently with publication in the Federal Register.". Transmittal to Committee. Publication in Federal Register.

PARTICIPATION OF HANDICAPPED CHILDREN IN PRIVATE SCHOOLS

SEC. 7. Section 613 of the Act is amended by inserting at the end of such section the following new subsection: 20 USC 1413.

"(d)(1) If, on the date of enactment of the Education of the Handicapped Act Amendments of 1983, a State educational agency is prohibited by law from providing for the participation in special programs of handicapped children enrolled in private elementary and secondary schools as required by subsection (a)(4), the Secretary shall waive such requirement, and shall arrange for the provision of services to such children through arrangements which shall be subject to the requirements of subsection (a)(4). Waiver. *Ante*, p. 1357.

"(2)(A) When the Secretary arranges for services pursuant to this subsection, the Secretary, after consultation with the appropriate public and private school officials, shall pay to the provider of such services an amount per child which may not exceed the Federal amount provided per child under this part to all handicapped children enrolled in the State for services for the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which the determination is made. Payments.

"(B) Pending final resolution of any investigation or complaint that could result in a determination under this subsection, the Secretary may withhold from the allocation of the affected State Withholding of allocation.

educational agency the amount the Secretary estimates would be necessary to pay the cost of such services.

"(C) Any determination by the Secretary under this section shall continue in effect until the Secretary determines that there will no longer be any failure or inability on the part of the State educational agency to meet the requirements of subsection (a)(4).

"(3)(A) The Secretary shall not take any final action under this subsection until the State educational agency affected by such action has had an opportunity, for at least 45 days after receiving written notice thereof, to submit written objections and to appear before the Secretary or his designee to show cause why such action should not be taken.

Petition.

"(B) If a State educational agency is dissatisfied with the Secretary's final action after a proceeding under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, it may, within 60 days after notice of such action, file with the United States court of appeals for the circuit in which such State is located a petition for review of that action. A copy of the petition shall be forthwith transmitted by the clerk of the court to the Secretary. The Secretary thereupon shall file in the court the record of the proceedings on which he based his action, as provided in section 2112 of title 28, United States Code.

"(C) The findings of fact by the Secretary, if supported by substantial evidence, shall be conclusive; but the court, for good cause shown, may remand the case to the Secretary to take further evidence, and the Secretary may thereupon make new or modified findings of fact and may modify his previous action, and shall file in the court the record of the further proceedings. Such new or modified findings of fact shall likewise be conclusive if supported by substantial evidence.

"(D) Upon the filing of a petition under subparagraph (B), the court shall have jurisdiction to affirm the action of the Secretary or to set it aside, in whole or in part. The judgment of the court shall be subject to review by the Supreme Court of the United States upon certiorari or certification as provided in section 1254 of title 28, United States Code.

Judgment, review.

AMENDMENTS RELATING TO EVALUATION

20 USC 1418.

SEC. 8. Section 618 of the Act is amended to read as follows:

"EVALUATION

"SEC. 618. (a) The Secretary shall directly or by grant, contract, or cooperative agreement, collect data and conduct studies, investigations, and evaluations—

"(1) to assess progress in the implementation of this Act, the impact, and the effectiveness of State and local efforts to provide free appropriate public education to all handicapped children and youth; and

"(2) to provide Congress with information relevant to policymaking and provide Federal, State, and local educational agencies with information relevant to program management, administration, and effectiveness with respect to such education.

Programs and projects, data collection.

"(b) In carrying out the responsibilities under this section, the Secretary, on at least an annual basis, shall obtain data concerning programs and projects assisted under this Act, and under other

Federal laws relating to the education of handicapped children and youth, and such additional information, from State and local educational agencies and other appropriate sources, as is necessary for the implementation of this Act including—

"(1) the number of handicapped children and youth in each State receiving a free appropriate public education (special education and related services) by disability category and by age group (3–5, 6–11, 12–17, and 18–21);

"(2) the number of handicapped children and youth in each State who are participating in regular educational programs, by disability category (consistent with the requirements of section 612(5)(B) and section 614(a)(1)(C)(iv)), and the number of handicapped children and youth in separate classes, separate schools or facilities, or public or private residential facilities, or who have been otherwise removed from the regular education environment; 20 USC 1412, 1414.

"(3) the number of handicapped children and youth exiting the educational system each year through program completion or otherwise, by disability category and age, and anticipated services for the next year;

"(4) the amount of Federal, State, and local funds expended in each State specifically for special education and related services (which may be based upon a sampling of data from State agencies including State and local educational agencies);

"(5) the number and type of personnel that are employed in the provision of special education and related services to handicapped children and youth by disability category served, and the estimated number and type of additional personnel by disability category needed to adequately carry out the policy established by this Act; and

"(6) a description of the special education and related services needed to fully implement the Act throughout each State, including estimates of the number of handicapped children and youth within each disability by age group (3–5, 6–11, 12–17, and 18–21) in need of improved services and the type of programs and services in need of improvement.

"(c) The Secretary shall, by grant, contract, or cooperative agreement, provide for evaluation studies to determine the impact of this Act. Each such evaluation shall include recommendations for improvement of the programs under this Act. The Secretary shall, not later than July 1 of each year, submit to the appropriate committees of each House of the Congress and publish in the Federal Register proposed evaluation priorities for review and comment. Studies. Recommendations. Submittal to congressional committees. Publication in Federal Register.

"(d)(1) The Secretary is authorized to enter into cooperative agreements with State educational agencies to carry out studies to assess the impact and effectiveness of programs assisted under the Act. Agreements.

"(2) Such agreements shall—

"(A) provide for the payment of not to exceed 60 per centum of the total cost of studies conducted by a participating State educational agency to assess the impact and effectiveness of programs assisted under the Act; and

"(B) be developed in consultation with the State Advisory Panel established under this Act, the local educational agencies, and others involved in or concerned with the education of handicapped children and youth.

"(3) The Secretary shall provide technical assistance to participating State educational agencies in the implementation of the study design, analysis, and reporting procedures.

Information dissemination.

"(4) In addition, the Secretary shall disseminate information from such studies to State educational agencies, and as appropriate, others involved in, or concerned with the education of handicapped children and youth.

Studies

"(e)(1) At least one study shall be a longitudinal study of a sample of handicapped students, encompassing the full range of handicapping conditions, examining their educational progress while in special education and their occupational, educational, and independent living status after graduating from secondary school or otherwise leaving special education.

"(2) At least one study shall focus on obtaining and compiling current information available through State educational agencies and local educational agencies and other service providers, regarding State and local expenditures for educational services for handicapped students (including special education and related services), and gather information needed in order to calculate a range of per pupil expenditures by handicapping condition.

Report.

"(f)(1) Not later than one hundred and twenty days after the close of each fiscal year, the Secretary shall publish and disseminate an annual report on the progress being made toward the provision of a free appropriate public education to all handicapped children and youth. The annual report is to be transmitted to the appropriate committees of each House of Congress and the National Advisory Committee on the Education of Handicapped Children and Youth, and published and disseminated in sufficient quantities to the education community at large and to other interested parties.

Transmittal to Congress and Committee.

"(2) The Secretary shall include in each annual report—

"(A) an index and summary of each evaluation activity and results of studies conducted under subsection (c);

"(B) a compilation and analysis of data gathered under subsection (b);

"(C) a description of findings and determinations resulting from monitoring reviews of State implementation of part B of this Act;

20 USC 1411.

"(D) an analysis and evaluation of the participation of handicapped children and youth in vocational education programs and services;

"(E) an analysis and evaluation of the effectiveness of procedures undertaken by each State educational agency, local educational agency, and intermediate educational unit to ensure that handicapped children and youth receive special education and related services in the least restrictive environment commensurate with their needs and to improve programs of instruction for handicapped children and youth in day or residential facilities; and

"(F) any recommendations for change in the provisions of this Act or any other Federal law providing support for the education of handicapped children and youth.

"(3) In the annual report for fiscal year 1985 (published in 1986) and for every third year thereafter, the Secretary shall include in the annual report—

"(A) an index of all current projects funded under parts C through F of this Act; and

Post, pp. 1363-1372; 20 USC 1451.

"(B) data reported under sections 621, 622, 623, 627, 634, 641, and 653.

Infra; post, pp. 1364, 1365, 1368, 1372; 20 USC 1453.

"(g) There are authorized to be appropriated $3,100,000 for fiscal year 1984, $3,270,000 for fiscal year 1985, and $3,440,000 for fiscal year 1986 to carry out the provisions of this section.". Appropriations authorization.

AMENDMENTS RELATING TO PRESCHOOL INCENTIVE GRANTS

SEC. 9. Section 619(c) of the Act is amended by inserting ", and for providing special education and related services for handicapped children from birth to three years of age" immediately before the period. 20 USC 1419.

AMENDMENTS CONCERNING CENTERS AND SERVICES TO MEET SPECIAL NEEDS OF THE HANDICAPPED

SEC. 10. Part C of the Act is amended to read as follows:

"PART C—CENTERS AND SERVICES TO MEET SPECIAL NEEDS OF THE HANDICAPPED

"REGIONAL RESOURCE CENTERS

"SEC. 621. (a) The Secretary is authorized to make grants to, or to enter into contracts or cooperative agreements with, institutions of higher education, private nonprofit organizations, State educational agencies, or combinations of such agencies and institutions (which combinations may include one or more local educational agencies) within particular regions of the United States, to pay all or part of the cost of the establishment and operation of regional resource centers. Each regional resource center shall provide consultation, technical assistance, and training to State educational agencies and through such State agencies to local educational agencies. Each center established or operated under this section shall— Operational costs. 20 USC 1421.

"(1) assist in identifying and solving persistent problems in providing quality special education and related services for handicapped children and youth;

"(2) assist in developing, identifying, and replicating successful programs and practices which will improve special education and related services to handicapped children and youth and their families;

"(3) gather and disseminate information to all State educational agencies within the region and coordinate activities with other centers assisted under this section and other relevant projects conducted by the Department of Education; and

"(4) assist in the improvement of information dissemination to and training activities for professionals and parents of handicapped children.

"(b) In determining whether to approve an application for a project under this section, the Secretary shall consider the need for such a center in the region to be served by the applicant and the capability of the applicant to fulfill the responsibilities under subsection (a).

"(c) Each regional resource center shall report a summary of materials produced or developed and this information shall be included in the annual report to Congress required under section 618. Report to Congress.

Ante, p. 1360.

"SERVICES FOR DEAF-BLIND CHILDREN AND YOUTH

Grants, cooperative agreements or contracts.
20 USC 1422.

"SEC. 622. (a)(1) The Secretary is authorized to make grants to, or to enter into cooperative agreements or contracts with, public or nonprofit private agencies, institutions, or organizations to assist State educational agencies to—

"(A) assure deaf-blind children and youth provision of special education and related services as well as vocational and transitional services; and

"(B) make available to deaf-blind youth upon attaining the age of twenty-two, programs and services to facilitate their transition from educational to other services.

"(2) A grant, cooperative agreement, or contract pursuant to paragraph (1)(A) may be made only for programs providing (A) technical assistance to agencies, institutions, or organizations providing educational services to deaf-blind children or youth; (B) preservice or inservice training to paraprofessionals, professionals, or related services personnel preparing to serve, or serving, deaf-blind children or youth; (C) replication of successful innovative approaches to providing educational or related services to deaf-blind children and youth; and (D) facilitation of parental involvement in the education of their deaf-blind children and youth. Such programs may include—

"(i) the diagnosis and educational evaluation of children and youth at risk of being certified deaf-blind;

"(ii) programs of adjustment, education, and orientation for deaf-blind children and youth; and

"(iii) consultative, counseling, and training services for the families of deaf-blind children and youth.

"(3) A grant, cooperative agreement, or contract pursuant to paragraph (1)(B) may be made only for programs providing (A) technical assistance to agencies, institutions, and organizations serving, or proposing to serve, deaf-blind individuals who have attained age twenty-two years; (B) training or inservice training to paraprofessionals or professionals serving, or preparing to serve, such individuals; and (C) assistance in the development or replication of successful innovative approaches to providing rehabilitative, semi-supervised, or independent living programs.

"(4) In carrying out this subsection, the Secretary shall take into consideration the need for a center for deaf-blind children and youth in light of the general availability and quality of existing services for such children and youth in the part of the country involved.

"(b) The Secretary is also authorized to enter into a limited number of cooperative agreements or contracts to establish and support regional programs for the provision of technical assistance in the education of deaf-blind children and youth.

Report to Secretary.

"(c)(1) Programs supported under this section shall report annually to the Secretary on (A) the numbers of deaf-blind children and youth served by age, severity, and nature of deaf-blindness; (B) the number of paraprofessionals, professionals, and family members directly served by each activity; and (C) the types of services provided.

"(2) The Secretary shall examine the number of deaf-blind children and youth (A) reported under subparagraph (c)(1)(A) and by the States; (B) served by the programs under part B of this Act and subpart 2 of part B, title I, of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (as modified by chapter 1 of the Education

20 USC 1411.

20 USC 2771.

Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981); and (C) the Deaf-Blind Registry of each State. The Secretary shall revise the count of deaf-blind children and youth to reflect the most accurate count. 20 USC 3801.

"(3) The Secretary shall summarize these data for submission in the annual report required under section 618. Report. *Ante*, p. 1360.

"(d) The Secretary shall disseminate materials and information concerning effective practices in working with deaf-blind children and youth.

"EARLY EDUCATION FOR HANDICAPPED CHILDREN

"SEC. 623. (a)(1) The Secretary is authorized to arrange by contract, grant, or cooperative agreement with appropriate public agencies and private nonprofit organizations, for the development and operation of programs of experimental preschool and early education for handicapped children which the Secretary determines show promise of promoting a comprehensive and strengthened approach to the special problems of such children. Such programs shall include activities and services designed to (1) facilitate the intellectual, emotional, physical, mental, social, and language development of such children; (2) encourage the participation of the parents of such children in the development and operation of any such program; and (3) acquaint the community to be served by any such program with the problems and potentialities of such children. Contract, grant, or cooperative agreement. 20 USC 1423.

"(2) Programs authorized by this subsection shall be coordinated with similar programs in the schools operated or supported by State or local educational agencies of the community to be served.

"(3) As much as is feasible, such programs shall be geographically dispersed throughout the Nation in urban as well as rural areas.

"(4) No arrangement pursuant to this subsection shall provide for the payment of more than 90 per centum of the total annual costs of development, operation, and evaluation of any program. Non-Federal contributions may be in cash or in kind, fairly evaluated, including, but not limited to, plant, equipment, and services. Payment.

"(5) For purposes of this subsection the term 'handicapped children' includes children from birth through eight years of age. "Handicapped children."

"(b)(1) Subject to paragraph (2), the Secretary is authorized to make a grant to each State through the State educational agency or other State agency to assist such State agency in planning, developing, and implementing a comprehensive delivery system for the provision of special education and related services to handicapped children from birth through five years of age.

"(2) The Secretary shall make one of the following types of grants (authorized under paragraph (1)) to any State which submits an application which meets the requirements of this subsection: Types of grants.

"(A) PLANNING GRANT.—A grant for a maximum of two years for the purpose of assessing needs within the State and establishing a procedure and design for the development of a State plan which includes parent participation and training of professionals and others.

"(B) DEVELOPMENT GRANT.—A grant for a maximum of three years for the purpose of developing a comprehensive State plan, and gaining approval of this plan from the State Board of Education, the Commissioner of Education, or other designated official of the appropriate State agency.

"(C) IMPLEMENTATION GRANT.—A grant for a maximum of three years for the purpose of implementing and evaluating

the comprehensive State plan. A State must apply for annual renewal of such grant.

Application submittal.

"(3) Each State educational agency or other State agency desiring to receive a grant under this subsection shall submit an application at such time, in such manner, and accompanied by such information as the Secretary considers necessary. Each such application shall contain assurances and evidence that:

"(A) The State agency receiving the grant will coordinate with other appropriate State agencies (including the State educational agency) in carrying out the grant.

"(B) The State plan will address the special education and related service needs of all handicapped children from birth through five years of age with special emphasis on children who are often not identified and children who are not now served.

"(C) The State plan will be closely coordinated with child-find efforts under section 612(2)(C) and with preschool incentive grant activities under section 619 of this Act.

20 USC 1412.
20 USC 1419.

"(4) The Secretary shall include in the annual report under section 618 of this Act the following:

Ante, p. 1360.

"(A) The States and State agencies receiving grants under this subsection and the types of grants received.

"(B) A description of the activities in each State being undertaken through grants under this subsection.

Special education and services, status.

"(C) Beginning in 1986, in consultation with the National Council for the Handicapped and the National Advisory Committee on the Education of Handicapped Children and Youth, a description of the status of special education and related services to handicapped children from birth through five years of age (including those receiving services through Head Start, Developmental Disabilities Program, Crippled Children's Services, Mental Health/Mental Retardation Agency, and State child-development centers and private agencies under contract with local schools).

"(c)(1) Not less than 30 per centum of the funds made available in any year for the purposes of this section may be used for purposes of subsection (b).

"(2) Not less than 10 per centum of the funds made available in any year for the purposes of subsection (b) shall be available for the provision of training and technical assistance to States preparing to receive or receiving grants under this section.

"RESEARCH, INNOVATION, TRAINING, AND DISSEMINATION ACTIVITIES IN CONNECTION WITH CENTERS AND SERVICES FOR THE HANDICAPPED

Grants, contracts, or cooperative agreements.
20 USC 1424.

"SEC. 624. (a) The Secretary is authorized to make grants to, or to enter into contracts or cooperative agreements with such organizations or institutions, as are determined by the Secretary to be appropriate, consistent with the purposes of this part, for—

"(1) research to identify and meet the full range of special needs of handicapped children and youth;

"(2) the development or demonstration of new, or improvements in existing, methods, approaches, or techniques which would contribute to the adjustment and education of handicapped children and youth;

"(3) training of personnel for programs specifically designed for handicapped children; and

"(4) dissemination of materials and information about practices found effective in working with such children and youth.

"(b) In making grants and contracts under this section, the Secretary shall ensure that the activities funded under such grants and contracts will be coordinated with similar activities funded from grants and contracts under other sections of this Act.

"(c) In carrying out the provisions of this section the Secretary is authorized to address the needs of the severely handicapped.

"POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION PROGRAMS

"SEC. 625. (a)(1) The Secretary is authorized to make grants to or enter into contracts with State educational agencies, institutions of higher education, junior and community colleges, vocational and technical institutions, and other appropriate nonprofit educational agencies for the development, operation, and dissemination of specially designed model programs of postsecondary, vocational, technical, continuing, or adult education for handicapped individuals.

Grants or contracts.
20 USC 1424a.

"(2) In making grants or contracts on a competitive basis under this section, the Secretary shall give priority consideration to the four regional centers for the deaf and to model programs for individuals with handicapping conditions other than deafness—

"(A) for developing and adapting programs of postsecondary, vocational, technical, continuing, or adult education to meet the special needs of handicapped individuals; and

"(B) for programs that coordinate, facilitate, and encourage education of handicapped individuals with their nonhandicapped peers.

"(3) Of the sums made available for programs under this section, not less than $2,000,000 shall first be available for the four regional centers for the deaf.

"(b) For the purposes of this section the term 'handicapped individuals' means individuals who are mentally retarded, hard of hearing, deaf, speech or language impaired, visually handicapped, seriously emotionally disturbed, orthopedically impaired, or other health impaired individuals, or individuals with specific learning disabilities who by reason thereof require special education and related services.

"Handicapped individuals."

"SECONDARY EDUCATION AND TRANSITIONAL SERVICES FOR HANDICAPPED YOUTH

"SEC. 626. (a) The Secretary is authorized to make grants to, or enter into contracts with, institutions of higher education, State educational agencies, local educational agencies, or other appropriate public and private nonprofit institutions or agencies (including the State job training coordinating councils and service delivery area administrative entities established under the Job Training Partnership Act (Public Law 97-300)) to—

Grants or contracts.
20 USC 1425.

29 USC 1501 note.

"(1) strengthen and coordinate education, training, and related services for handicapped youth to assist in the transitional process to postsecondary education, vocational training, competitive employment, continuing education, or adult services; and

"(2) stimulate the improvement and development of programs for secondary special education.

"(b) Projects assisted under this section may include—

"(1) developing strategies and techniques for transition to independent living, vocational training, postsecondary education, and competitive employment for handicapped youth;

"(2) establishing demonstration models for services and programs which emphasize vocational training, transitional services, and placement for handicapped youth;

"(3) conducting demographic studies which provide information on the numbers, age levels, types of handicapping conditions, and services required for handicapped youth in need of transitional programs;

"(4) specially designed vocational programs to increase the potential for competitive employment for handicapped youth;

"(5) research and development projects for exemplary service delivery models and the replication and dissemination of successful models;

"(6) initiating cooperative models between educational agencies and adult service agencies, including vocational rehabilitation, mental health, mental retardation, public employment, and employers, which facilitate the planning and developing of transitional services for handicapped youth to postsecondary education, vocational training, employment, continuing education, and adult services; and

"(7) developing appropriate procedures for evaluating vocational training, placement, and transitional services for handicapped youth.

"(c) For purposes of subsections (b)(1) and (b)(2), if an applicant is not an educational agency, such applicant shall coordinate with the State educational agency.

"(d) Projects funded under this section shall to the extent appropriate provide for the direct participation of handicapped students and the parents of handicapped students in the planning, development, and implementation of such projects.

"(e) The Secretary, as appropriate, shall coordinate programs described under this section with projects developed under section 311 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973.

29 USC 777a.

"PROGRAM EVALUATIONS

20 USC 1426.

"SEC. 627. The Secretary shall conduct, either directly or by contract, a thorough and continuing evaluation of the effectiveness of each program assisted under this part. Results of the evaluations shall be analyzed and submitted to the appropriate committees of each House of Congress together with the annual report under section 618.

Submittal to Congress.

Ante, p. 1360.

"AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

20 USC 1427.

"SEC. 628. (a) There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out the provisions of section 621, $5,700,000 for fiscal year 1984, $6,000,000 for fiscal year 1985, and $6,300,000 for fiscal year 1986.

Ante, p. 1363.

"(b) There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out the provisions of section 622, $15,000,000 for fiscal year 1984, and for each of the two succeeding fiscal years.

Ante, p. 1364.

"(c) There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out the provisions of section 623, $26,000,000 for fiscal year 1984, $27,100,000 for fiscal year 1985, and $28,300,000 for fiscal year 1986.

Ante, p. 1365.

"(d) There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out the provisions of subsection (c) of section 624, $5,000,000 for fiscal year

Ante, p. 1366.

1984, $5,300,000 for fiscal year 1985, and $5,600,000 for fiscal year 1986.

"(e) There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out the provisions of section 625, $5,000,000 for fiscal year 1984, $5,300,000 for fiscal year 1985, and $5,500,000 for fiscal year 1986. *Ante*, p. 1367.

"(f) There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out the provisions of section 626, $6,000,000 for fiscal year 1984, $6,330,000 for fiscal year 1985, and $6,660,000 for fiscal year 1986.". *Ante*, p. 1367.

AMENDMENTS CONCERNING TRAINING PERSONNEL FOR THE EDUCATION OF THE HANDICAPPED

SEC. 11. Part D of the Act is amended to read as follows:

"PART D—TRAINING PERSONNEL FOR THE EDUCATION OF THE HANDICAPPED

"GRANTS FOR PERSONNEL TRAINING

"SEC. 631. (a)(1) The Secretary is authorized to make grants, which may include scholarships with necessary stipends and allowances, to institutions of higher education (including the university-affiliated facilities program under the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 and the satellite network of the developmental disabilities program) and other appropriate nonprofit agencies to assist them in training personnel for careers in special education including— 20 USC 1431. 29 USC 701 note.

"(A) special education teaching, including speech, language, and hearing impaired, and adaptive physical education;

"(B) related services to handicapped children and youth in educational settings;

"(C) special education supervision and administration;

"(D) special education research; and

"(E) training of special education personnel and other personnel providing special services.

"(2) The Secretary shall ensure that grants awarded to applicant institutions and agencies under this subsection meet State and professionally recognized standards for the training of special education and related services personnel.

"(3) Grants under this subsection may be used by such institutions to assist in covering the cost of courses of training or study for such personnel and for establishing and maintaining fellowships or traineeships with such stipends and allowances as may be determined by the Secretary.

"(4) The Secretary in carrying out the purposes of this subsection may reserve a sum not to exceed 5 per centum of the amount available for this subsection in each fiscal year for contracts to prepare personnel in areas where shortages exist, when a response to that need has not been adequately addressed by the grant process.

"(b) The Secretary is authorized to make grants to institutions of higher education and other appropriate nonprofit agencies to conduct special projects to develop and demonstrate new approaches for the preservice training purposes set forth in subsection (a), for regular educators, and for the inservice training of special education personnel, including classroom aides, related services personnel, and regular education personnel who serve handicapped children.

"(c)(1) The Secretary is authorized to make grants through a separate competition to private nonprofit organizations for the pur-

pose of providing training and information to parents of handicapped children and volunteers who work with parents to enable such individuals to participate more effectively with professionals in meeting the educational needs of handicapped children. Such grants shall be designed to meet the unique training and information needs of parents of handicapped children, including those who are members of groups that have been traditionally underrepresented, living in the area to be served by the grant.

"(2) In order to receive a grant under this subsection a private nonprofit organization shall—

"(A) be governed by a board of directors on which a majority of the members are parents of handicapped children and which includes members who are professionals in the field of special education and related services who serve handicapped children and youth; or if the nonprofit private organization does not have such a board, such organization shall have a membership which represents the interests of individuals with handicapping conditions, and shall establish a special governing committee on which a majority of the members are parents of handicapped children and which includes members who are professionals in the fields of special education and related services, to operate the training and information program under this subsection;

"(B) serve the parents of children with the full range of handicapping conditions under such grant program; and

"(C) demonstrate the capacity and expertise to conduct effectively the training and information activities authorized under this subsection.

Quarterly review.

"(3) The board of directors or special governing committee of a private nonprofit organization receiving a grant under this subsection shall meet at least once in each calendar quarter to review such parent training and information activities, and each such committee shall advise the governing board directly of its views and recommendations. Whenever a private nonprofit organization requests the renewal of a grant under this subsection, the board of directors or the special governing committee shall submit to the Secretary a written review of the parent training and information program conducted by that private nonprofit organization during the preceding fiscal year.

Review, submittal to Secretary.

"(4) The Secretary shall ensure that grants under this subsection will—

"(A) be distributed geographically to the greatest extent possible throughout all the States; and

"(B) be targeted to parents of handicapped children in both urban and rural areas, or on a State, or regional basis.

"(5) Parent training and information programs assisted under this subsection shall assist parents to—

"(A) better understand the nature and needs of the handicapping conditions of their child;

"(B) provide followup support for their handicapped child's educational programs;

"(C) communicate more effectively with special and regular educators, administrators, related services personnel, and other relevant professionals;

"(D) participate in educational decisionmaking processes including the development of their handicapped child's individualized educational program;

"(E) obtain information about the programs, services, and resources available to their handicapped child, and the degree to which the programs, services, and resources are appropriate; and

"(F) understand the provisions for the education of handicapped children as specified under part B of this Act. 20 USC 1411.

"(6) Each private nonprofit organization operating a program receiving assistance under this subsection shall consult with appropriate agencies which serve or assist handicapped children and youth and are located in the jurisdictions served by the program.

"(7) The Secretary shall provide technical assistance, by grant or contract, for establishing, developing, and coordinating parent training and information programs.

"GRANTS TO STATE EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES FOR TRAINEESHIPS

"SEC. 632. The Secretary shall make grants to State educational agencies to assist them in establishing and maintaining, directly or through grants to institutions of higher education, programs for the preservice and inservice training of teachers of handicapped children, or supervisors of such teachers. 20 USC 1432.

"GRANTS TO IMPROVE RECRUITMENT OF EDUCATIONAL PERSONNEL AND DISSEMINATION OF INFORMATION CONCERNING EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FOR THE HANDICAPPED

"SEC. 633. (a) The Secretary is authorized to make a grant to or enter into a contract with a public agency or a nonprofit private organization or institution for a national clearinghouse on the education of the handicapped and to make grants or contracts with a public agency or a nonprofit private organization or institution for other support projects which may be deemed necessary by the Secretary to achieve the following objectives: 20 USC 1433.

"(1) to disseminate information and provide technical assistance on a national basis to parents, professionals, and other interested parties concerning—

"(A) programs relating to the education of the handicapped under this Act and under other Federal laws; and

"(B) participation in such programs, including referral of individuals to appropriate national, State, and local agencies and organizations for further assistance;

"(2) to encourage students and professional personnel to seek and obtain careers and employment in the various fields relating to the education of handicapped children and youth; and

"(3) to provide information on available services and programs in postsecondary education for the handicapped.

"(b) In addition to the clearinghouse established under subsection (a), the Secretary shall make a grant or enter into a contract for a national clearinghouse on postsecondary education for handicapped individuals for the purpose of providing information on available services and programs in postsecondary education for the handicapped.

"(c)(1) In awarding the grants and contracts under this section, the Secretary shall give particular attention to any demonstrated experience at the national level relevant to performance of the functions established in this section, and ability to conduct such projects, communicate with the intended consumers of information, and

maintain the necessary communication with other agencies and organizations.

"(2) The Secretary is authorized to make contracts with profit-making organizations under this section only when necessary for materials or media access.

"REPORTS TO THE SECRETARY

20 USC 1434.

"SEC. 634. (a) Not more than sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, each recipient of a grant or contract under this part during such fiscal year shall prepare and submit a report to the Secretary. Each such report shall be in such form and detail as the Secretary determines to be appropriate, and shall include—

"(1) the number of individuals trained under the grant or contract, by category of training and level of training; and

"(2) the number of individuals trained under the grant or contract receiving degrees and certification, by category and level of training.

"(b) A summary of the data required by this section shall be included in the annual report of the Secretary under section 618 of this Act.

Ante, p. 1360.

"AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

20 USC 1435.

Ante, p. 1371.

"SEC. 635. (a) There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out the provisions of this part (other than section 633) $58,000,000 for fiscal year 1984, $61,150,000 for fiscal year 1985, and $64,370,000 for fiscal year 1986. There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out the provisions of section 633, $1,000,000 for fiscal year 1984, $1,050,000 for fiscal year 1985, and $1,110,000 for fiscal year 1986.

"(b) Of the funds appropriated pursuant to subsection (a) for any fiscal year, the Secretary shall reserve 10 per centum for activities under section 631(c).".

Ante, p. 1369.

AMENDMENTS RELATED TO RESEARCH IN THE EDUCATION OF THE HANDICAPPED

SEC. 12. Part E of the Act is amended to read as follows:

"PART E—RESEARCH IN THE EDUCATION OF THE HANDICAPPED

"RESEARCH AND DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS IN EDUCATION OF HANDICAPPED CHILDREN

Grants, contracts, or cooperative agreements.
20 USC 1441.

"SEC. 641. (a) The Secretary is authorized to make grants to, or enter into contracts or cooperative agreements with, State and local educational agencies, institutions of higher education, and other public agencies and nonprofit private organizations for research and related activities, to assist special education personnel, related services personnel, and other appropriate persons, including parents, in improving the education and related services for handicapped children and youth and to conduct research, surveys, or demonstrations relating to the education of handicapped children and youth. Research and related activities shall be designed to increase knowledge and understanding of handicapping conditions and teaching, learning, and education-related practices and services for handicapped children and youth. Research and related activities assisted under this section shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

"(1) The development of new and improved techniques and devices for teaching handicapped children and youth.

"(2) The development of curricula which meet the unique educational needs of handicapped children and youth.

"(3) The application of new technologies and knowledge for the purpose of improving the instruction of handicapped children and youth.

"(4) The development of program models and exemplary practices in areas of special education.

"(5) The dissemination of information on research and related activities conducted under this part to interested individuals and organizations.

"(b) In carrying out this section the Secretary shall consider the special education experience of the applicant and the ability of the applicant to disseminate the findings of any grant or contract.

"(c) The Secretary shall publish proposed research priorities in the Federal Register every two years, not later than July 1, and shall allow a period of sixty days for public comments and suggestions. After analyzing and considering the public comments, the Secretary shall publish final research priorities in the Federal Register not later than thirty days after the close of the comment period.

Publications in Federal Register.
Public comments and suggestions.

"(d) The Secretary shall provide an index (including the title of each research project and the name and address of the researching organization) of all research projects conducted in the prior fiscal year in the annual report described under section 618. The Secretary shall make reports of research projects available to the education community at large and to other interested parties.

Index.

Ante, p. 1360.
Public availability.

"(e) The Secretary shall coordinate the research priorities established under this section with research priorities established by the National Institute of Handicapped Research and shall provide information concerning research priorities established under this section to the National Council on the Handicapped and to the National Advisory Committee on the Education of Handicapped Children.

"RESEARCH AND DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS IN PHYSICAL EDUCATION AND RECREATION FOR HANDICAPPED CHILDREN

"SEC. 642. The Secretary is authorized to make grants to States, State or local educational agencies, institutions of higher education, and other public or nonprofit private educational or research agencies and organizations, and to make contracts with States, State or local educational agencies, institutions of higher education, and other public or private educational or research agencies and organizations, for research and related purposes relating to physical education or recreation for handicapped children, and to conduct research, surveys, or demonstrations relating to physical education or recreation for handicapped children.

Grants and contracts.
20 USC 1442.

"PANELS OF EXPERTS

"SEC. 643. The Secretary shall from time to time appoint panels of experts who are competent to evaluate various types of proposals for projects under parts C, D, E, and F, and shall secure the advice and recommendations of one such panel before making any grant or contract under parts C, D, E, and F of this Act. The panels shall be composed of—

20 USC 1443.

Ante, pp. 1363-1372; 20 USC 1451.

"(1) individuals from the field of special education for the handicapped and other relevant disciplines who have significant expertise and experience in the content areas and age levels addressed in the proposals; and

"(2) handicapped individuals and parents of handicapped individuals when appropriate.

"AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

20 USC 1444.

"SEC. 644. For purposes of carrying out this part, there are authorized to be appropriated $20,000,000 for fiscal year 1984, $21,100,000 for fiscal year 1985, and $22,200,000 for fiscal year 1986.".

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR INSTRUCTIONAL MEDIA

20 USC 1454.

SEC. 13. Section 654 of the Act is amended to read as follows:

"AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

"SEC. 654. For the purposes of carrying out this part, there are authorized to be appropriated $19,000,000 for fiscal year 1984, $20,000,000 for fiscal year 1985, and $21,100,000 for fiscal year 1986.".

REPEALERS

20 USC 1461.

SEC. 14. Part G of the Act is repealed.

TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS

20 USC 1411.

SEC. 15. Section 611(e) and section 611(a)(2) of the Act are amended by inserting "the Northern Mariana Islands," after "the Virgin Islands,".

AMENDMENTS TO THE OMNIBUS BUDGET RECONCILIATION ACT OF 1981

20 USC 1411 note.

SEC. 16. (a) Section 602(a)(1) of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981 is amended by striking out "each of the fiscal years 1983 and 1984" and inserting in lieu thereof "the fiscal year 1983, and $1,071,850,000 for the fiscal year 1984".

20 USC 101 note.

(b) Section 605 of such Act is amended by striking out ", 1983, and 1984" and inserting in lieu thereof "and 1983, and $5,500,000 for fiscal year 1984".

95 Stat. 485.

(c) Section 605(b) of such Act is amended by striking out ", 1983, and 1984" and inserting in lieu thereof "and 1983, and $56,000,000 for the fiscal year 1984".

20 USC 681 note.

(d) Section 605(c) of such Act is amended by striking out ", 1983, and 1984" and inserting in lieu thereof "and 1983, and $28,000,000 for the fiscal year 1984".

SPECIAL STUDY ON TERMINOLOGY

SEC. 17. (a)(1) The Secretary of Education shall either directly or by grant or contract, conduct a review and evaluation of the term "behaviorally disordered" as the use of such term relates to handicapped children, as defined in section 602(a)(1) of the Education of the Handicapped Act.

Ante, p. 1357.

(2) The review and evaluation under this section shall involve the active participation of the parents of handicapped children.

(b)(1) Not later than six months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the Congress, for referral to the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Labor and Human Resources of the Senate, a report of the review and evaluation required by this section, together with a detailed proposal for any legislation necessary to implement the recommendations of such review and evaluation. Report to Congress.

(2) The report required under paragraph (1) shall include— Contents.

(A) the number of seriously emotionally disturbed children currently being served under the Education of the Handicapped Act, and the anticipated number of children and youth (by type of condition) in special and regular education who would be served under the Education of the Handicapped Act if the definition is changed; 20 USC 1400.

(B) how the population of children currently served under such Act as "seriously emotionally disturbed" may be changed (particularly in terms of the severity of disability) if the term "behaviorally disordered" is substituted for the term "seriously emotionally disturbed";

(C) how a change in terminology will impact on the identification, assessment, types of special education and related services provided, and the availability of such services, if the change in terminology is made;

(D) how the settings in which special education and related services are provided may change if the change in terminology is made;

(E) how the change in terminology may affect the attitudes of, and the relationships among, parents, professionals, and children and youth;

(F) how the change in terminology will impact upon the training of professional personnel providing services under such Act; and

(G) a number of examples of seriously emotionally disturbed children who are currently effectively and ineffectively served.

(c) The Secretary is authorized to use funds appropriated for purposes of part E of the Education of the Handicapped Act to carry out the purposes of this section. *Ante*, p. 1372.

SEC. 18. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the provisions of this Act shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act. Effective date.

(b)(1) To the extent that the amendments made by this Act to parts C, D, E, and G of the Education of the Handicapped Act prohibit or limit the use of funds, such amendments shall apply only to funds obligated after the date of enactment of this Act. 20 USC 1401 note. *Ante*, pp. 1363-1374.

20 USC 1400.

Ante, pp. 1363-1374.

(2) As determined necessary by the Secretary of Education for purposes of providing services under the Education of the Handicapped Act pending the issuance of regulations implementing the amendments made by this Act, the Secretary shall provide financial assistance under parts C, D, E, and G of the Act as in effect on the day before the date of enactment of this Act until issuance of such regulations or March 1, 1984, whichever is earlier.

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR STATE GRANTS UNDER THE REHABILITATION ACT OF 1973

29 USC 730.
29 USC 720.

SEC. 19. (a) For the purpose of making State grants under part B of section 100(b)(1) of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (hereinafter in this section referred to as "the Act") $1,037,800,000 are authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1984, and the amount determined under section 100(c) of the Act for each of the fiscal years 1985 and 1986.

(b)(1) There are also authorized to be appropriated for the purpose of section 100(b)(1) of the Act such additional sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 1984, 1985, and 1986. Any amount appropriated pursuant to this subparagraph shall be allocated in accordance with paragraph (2).

(2) For any fiscal year for which an amount is appropriated pursuant to paragraph (1), each State shall receive an additional allocation which bears the same ratio to the additional amount appropriated as that State's allotment under section 110 of the Act bears to the total amount allotted pursuant to such section.

29 USC 730.

AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR DISCRETIONARY PROGRAMS UNDER THE REHABILITATION ACT OF 1973

29 USC 732.

SEC. 20. (a) For the purpose of allotments under section 112 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (hereinafter in this section referred to as "the Act") there are authorized to be appropriated $3,500,000 for fiscal year 1984.

29 USC 750.

(b) For the purpose of making grants to Indian tribes under part D of title I of the Act, there are authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1984 such sums as may be necessary, not to exceed 1 percent of the amount appropriated pursuant to section 100(b)(1) of the Act.

29 USC 720.
29 USC 761.

(c) For the purposes of section 201(a)(2) of the Act there are authorized to be appropriated $36,000,000 for fiscal year 1984.

29 USC 774.

(d) For the purposes of section 304 of the Act there are authorized to be appropriated $22,000,000 for fiscal year 1984.

29 USC 777.

(e) For the purposes of section 310(a) of the Act there are authorized to be appropriated $12,900,000 for fiscal year 1984.

29 USC 777c.

(f) For the purpose of section 313(e) of the Act there are authorized to be appropriated $3,700,000 for fiscal year 1984.

29 USC 777f.

(g) For the purposes of section 316 of the Act there are authorized to be appropriated $2,000,000 for fiscal year 1984.

(h) For the purposes of section 502 of the Act there are authorized to be appropriated $3,000,000 for fiscal year 1984. 29 USC 792.

(i) For the purposes of section 621 of the Act there are authorized to be appropriated $13,000,000 for fiscal year 1984. 29 USC 795g.

(j) For the purposes of section 731 (the second place it appears) in the Act, $21,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1984. 29 USC 796i.

Approved December 2, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1341 (H.R. 3435):

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-410 accompanying H.R. 3435 (Comm. on Education and Labor).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-191 (Comm. on Labor and Human Resources).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
June 27, considered and passed Senate.
Nov. 17, H.R. 3435 considered and passed House; S. 1341, amended, passed in lieu.
Nov. 18, Senate concurred in House amendment.

11-194 O - 85 -- 45 : QL 3

Public Law 98-200
98th Congress

An Act

Dec. 2, 1983
[H.R. 2395]

To extend the Wetlands Loan Act.

Wetlands Loan Act, extension.
16 USC 715k-3.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first section of the Act entitled "An Act to promote the conservation of migratory waterfowl by the acquisition of wetlands and other essential waterfowl habitat, and for other purposes", approved October 4, 1961, is amended by striking out "September 30, 1983," and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1984,".

16 USC 715k-5.

SEC. 2. Section 3 of such Act of October 4, 1961, is amended by striking out "October 1, 1983," each place it appears therein and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1984,".

Approved December 2, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2395 (S. 1284):

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-132 (Comm. on Merchant Marine and Fisheries).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-90 accompanying S. 1284 (Comm. on Environment and Public Works).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Oct. 31, considered and passed House.
Nov. 17, considered and passed Senate, amended, in lieu of S. 1284; House concurred in Senate amendment.

Public Law 98-201
98th Congress

An Act

To amend the provisions of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act relating to the scientific advisory panel and to extend the authorization for appropriations for such Act.

Dec. 2, 1983
[H.R. 2785]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, amendment.

7 USC 136w.

SCIENTIFIC ADVISORY PANEL

SECTION 1. Section 25(d) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act is amended by—

(1) amending the fourth sentence to read as follows: "The comments, evaluations, and recommendations of the advisory panel submitted under this subsection and the response of the Administrator shall be published in the Federal Register in the same manner as provided for publication of the comments of the Secretary of Agriculture under such sections.";

Publication in Federal Register.

(2) striking out the eighth sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "The panel referred to in this subsection shall consist of 7 members appointed by the Administrator from a list of 12 nominees, 6 nominated by the National Institutes of Health and 6 by the National Science Foundation, utilizing a system of staggered terms of appointment. Members of the panel shall be selected on the basis of their professional qualifications to assess the effects of the impact of pesticides on health and the environment. To the extent feasible to insure multidisciplinary representation, the panel membership shall include representation from the disciplines of toxicology, pathology, environmental biology, and related sciences. If a vacancy occurs on the panel due to expiration of a term, resignation, or any other reason, each replacement shall be selected by the Administrator from a group of 4 nominees, 2 submitted by each of the nominating entities named in this subsection. The Administrator may extend the term of a panel member until the new member is appointed to fill the vacancy. If a vacancy occurs due to resignation, or reason other than expiration of a term, the Administrator shall appoint a member to serve during the unexpired term utilizing the nomination process set forth in this subsection. Should the list of nominees provided under this subsection be unsatisfactory, the Administrator may request an additional set of nominees from the nominating entities."; and

Membership.

(3) striking out in the third from the last sentence "September 30, 1981" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1987".

EXTENSION OF THE AUTHORIZATION FOR APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 2. Section 31 of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136y) is amended by adding at the end thereof a new sentence as follows: "There are hereby authorized to be appropriated to carry out the provisions of this Act for the period beginning October 1, 1983, and ending September 30, 1984, such sums as may be necessary, but not in excess of $64,200,000.".

Approved December 2, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2785:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-104 (Comm. on Agriculture).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
May 17, considered and passed House.
Nov. 18, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-202
98th Congress

An Act

To amend the Arms Control and Disarmament Act in order to extend the authorization for appropriations.

Dec. 2, 1983
[H.R. 2906]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 49(a) of the Arms Control and Disarmament Act (22 U.S.C 2589(a)) is amended to read as follows:

Arms Control and Disarmament Act, amendment.
Appropriations authorization.

"SEC. 49. (a) To carry out the purposes of this Act, there are authorized to be appropriated—

"(1) for the fiscal year 1984, $20,888,000;

"(2) for the fiscal year 1985, $21,932,000; and

"(3) such additional amounts as may be necessary, for each such fiscal year, for increases in salary, pay, retirement, other employee benefits authorized by law, and other nondiscretionary costs, and to offset adverse fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates.

Of the sums authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal years 1984 and 1985, not less than $200,000 shall be available in each such fiscal year only for the program for visiting scholars in the field of arms control and disarmament established under section 28 of this Act. Amounts appropriated under this subsection are authorized to remain available until expended.". *Infra.*

SEC. 2. Section 22 of the Arms Control and Disarmament Act (22 U.S.C. 2562) is amended by striking out "He" in the third sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "The Director shall attend all meetings of the National Security Council involving weapons procurement, arms sales, consideration of the defense budget, and all arms control and disarmament matters. The Director".

SEC. 3. Title II of the Arms Control and Disarmament Act (22 U.S.C. 2561 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"PROGRAM FOR VISITING SCHOLARS

"SEC. 28. A program for visiting scholars in the field of arms control and disarmament shall be established by the Director in order to obtain the services of scholars from the faculties of recognized institutions of higher learning. The purpose of the program will be to give specialists in the physical sciences and other disciplines relevant to the Agency's activities an opportunity for active participation in the arms control and disarmament activities of the Agency and to gain for the Agency the perspective and expertise such persons can offer. Each fellow in the program shall be appointed for a term of one year, except that such term may be extended for a 1-year period. Fellows shall be chosen by a board consisting of the Director, who shall be the chairperson, and all former Directors of the Agency.". 22 USC 2568.

SEC. 4. The Arms Control and Disarmament Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"SPECIALISTS FLUENT IN RUSSIAN LANGUAGE

22 USC 2591.

"SEC. 51. The Director is authorized to create up to eight additional permanent personnel positions at both junior and more senior levels for specialists in Soviet foreign and military policies, arms control, or strategic affairs, who also demonstrate fluency in the Russian language.".

REPORT TO CONGRESS ON SOVIET COMPLIANCE WITH ARMS CONTROL AGREEMENTS

Transmittal to Congress.

SEC. 5. The President shall prepare and transmit to the Congress a report on the record of the compliance or noncompliance of the Soviet Union with existing arms control agreements to which the Soviet Union is a party.

SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVES FOR ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT NEGOTIATIONS

SEC. 6. (a) Section 27 of the Arms Control and Disarmament Act (22 U.S.C. 2567) is amended by striking out "a Special Representative" and inserting in lieu thereof "two Special Representatives".

(b) Section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out

"Special Representative for Arms Control and Disarmament Negotiations, United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency."; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following:

"Special Representatives for Arms Control and Disarmament Negotiations, United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency (2).".

Approved December 2, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2906 (S. 608):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 98-180 (Comm. on Foreign Affairs) and No. 98-564 (Comm. of Conference).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-144 accompanying S. 608 (Comm. on Foreign Relations).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
May 23, considered and passed House.
Nov. 10, considered and passed Senate, amended, in lieu of S. 608.
Nov. 17, House agreed to conference report.
Nov. 18, Senate agreed to conference report.

Public Law 98-203
98th Congress

An Act

To declare that the United States holds certain lands in trust for the Las Vegas Paiute Tribe.

Dec. 2, 1983
[H.R. 3765]

Paiute Tribe of Las Vegas, Nev. Lands in trust.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) subject to the provisions of subsection (b), all right, title, and interest of the United States in the following lands (including all improvements thereon and appurtenances thereto) located in Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada, are hereby declared to be held by the United States in trust for the benefit and use of the Las Vegas Paiute Tribe and are hereby declared to be part of the Las Vegas Paiute Reservation:

Township 18 south, range 59 east, Mount Diablo base line and meridian, section 36, 640 acres more or less, excepting therefrom that certain strip of land 400 feet in width bearing northwesterly through said section for the purposes of right-of-way for United States Highway numbered 95. Reservations, restrictions, and conditions, if any; rights-of-way and assessors either of record or actually existing on said premises.

Township 18 south, range 59 east, Mount Diablo base line and meridian, section 35, 640 acres more or less, excepting therefrom that certain strip of land 400 feet in width bearing northwesterly through said section for the purposes of right-of-way for United States Highway numbered 95. Reservations, restrictions, and conditions, if any; rights-of-way and assessors either of record or actually existing on said premises.

Township 18 south, range 59 east, Mount Diablo base line and meridian, section 26, 640 acres more or less, excepting therefrom that certain strip of land 400 feet in width bearing northwesterly through said section for the purposes of right-of-way for United States Highway numbered 95. Reservations, restrictions, and conditions, if any; rights-of-way and assessors either of record or actually existing on said premises.

Township 18 south, range 59 east, Mount Diablo base line and meridian, section 27, 640 acres more or less, excepting therefrom that certain strip of land 400 feet in width bearing northwesterly through said section for the purposes of right-of-way for United States Highway numbered 95. Reservations, restrictions, and conditions, if any; rights-of-way and assessors either of record or actually existing on said premises.

Township 18 south, range 59 east, Mount Diablo base line and meridian, section 25, 640 acres more or less, reservations, restrictions, and conditions, if any; rights-of-way and assessors either of record or actually existing on said premises.

Township 18 south, range 59 east, Mount Diablo base line and meridian, section 34, 640 acres more or less, reservations, restrictions, and conditions, if any; rights-of-way and assessors either of record or actually existing on said premises.

Township 20 south, range 61 east, Mount Diablo base line and meridian, 10 acres of land within section 27 as acquired by the United States for the use of Paiute Indians by deed dated December 30, 1911, said deed being of record in book 2, page 246 in Clark County, Nevada.

Right or interest.

(b) Nothing in this section shall deprive any person of any right-of-way, mining claim, grazing permit, water right, or other right or interest which such person may have in land described in subsection (a) on the date preceding the date of enactment of this Act.

(c) Section 1 of the Act of August 9, 1955 (69 Stat. 539), as amended (25 U.S.C. 415), is further amended by inserting ", and lands held in trust for the Las Vegas Paiute Tribe of Indians," immediately after "Chelan County, Washington,".

(d) Section 164 of the Act of July 14, 1955 (69 Stat. 322, 42 U.S.C. 7474), as amended, shall be applied without regard to the provisions of subsection (a).

Approved December 2, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3765:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-530 (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Nov. 18, considered and passed House and Senate.

Public Law 98-204
98th Congress

An Act

To suspend the noncash benefit requirement for the Puerto Rico nutrition assistance program, to provide States with greater flexibility in the administration of the food stamp program, and for other purposes.

Dec. 2, 1983
[H.R. 4252]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That effective for the period beginning January 1, 1984, and ending September 30, 1985, section 19(a)(1)(A) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2028(a)(1)(A)) is amended by striking out "noncash".

Puerto Rico, nutrition assistance program. Food stamp program.

SEC. 2. The Secretary of Agriculture shall conduct a study of the food assistance program in Puerto Rico carried out under section 19 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2028) which shall include (1) an assessment of its impact on the adequacy of the nutritional level of the diets of households receiving food assistance in the form of cash rather than in a noncash form, (2) an assessment of the expenditure levels for food of such households, and (3) any other factors the Secretary considers appropriate. The Secretary shall submit a final report of the findings of the study to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate no later than March 1, 1985.

Study.
7 USC 2028 note.

Report to congressional committees.

SEC. 3. Section 3(c) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2012(c)) is amended by—

Waiver.

(1) by striking out "the limit of twelve months may be waived by the Secretary to improve the administration of the program" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "the foregoing limits on the certification period may, with the approval of the Secretary, be waived by a State agency for certain categories of households where such waiver will improve the administration of the program"; and

(2) adding at the end of clause (2) the following new sentence: "The maximum limit of twelve months for such period under the foregoing proviso may be waived by the Secretary where such waiver will improve the administration of the program.".

SEC. 4. Section 5(f)(2) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2014(f)(2)) is amended by redesignating subparagraph (B) as subparagraph (C), and inserting after subparagraph (A) the following new subparagraph:

"(B) Household income for households that (i) are permitted to report household circumstances at specified intervals less frequent than monthly under section 6(c)(1) of this Act, (ii) have no earned income and in which all adult members are elderly or disabled members, or (iii) are any other households, other than a migrant household, not required to report monthly or at less frequent intervals under section 6(c)(1) of this Act, may, with the approval of the Secretary, be calculated by a State agency on a prospective basis, as provided in paragraph (3)(A) of this subsection.".

Household income.
7 USC 2015.

SEC. 5. Section 6(c)(1) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2015(c)(1)) is amended by inserting after the first sentence the

following new sentence: "The Secretary may permit State agencies to accept, as satisfying the requirement that households report at such specified less frequent intervals, (i) recertifications conducted in accordance with section 11(e)(4) of this Act, (ii) in-person interviews conducted during a certification period, (iii) written reports filed by households, or (iv) such other documentation or actions as the Secretary may prescribe.".

7 USC 2020.

SEC. 6. Section 6(c)(3) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2015(c)(3)) is amended by striking out the third sentence and inserting in lieu thereof: "Reports required to be filed monthly under paragraph (1) shall be the sole reporting requirement for subject matter included in such reports.".

SEC. 7. Section 11(e)(19) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2020(e)(19)) is amended to read as follows:

"(19) that—

"(A) in any case in which information is available from agencies administering State unemployment compensation laws under section 303(d) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 503(d)), the information shall be requested and utilized by the State agency to the extent permitted under such section; or

"(B) in any case in which information is not available from agencies administering State unemployment compensation laws under section 303(d) of the Social Security Act—

"(i) information available from the Social Security Administration under section 6103(1)(7) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 shall be requested and utilized by the State agency to the extent permitted under such section; or

26 USC 6103.

"(ii) similar information available from other sources shall be requested and utilized by the State agency to the extent approved by the Secretary and permitted by any law controlling access to the information;".

Approved December 2, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 4252:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-539 (Comm. on Agriculture).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Nov. 15, considered and passed House.
Nov. 17, considered and passed Senate, amended.
Nov. 18, House concurred in certain Senate amendments and in another with amendments; Senate concurred in House amendments.

Public Law 98-205
98th Congress

An Act

To designate the Federal building to be constructed in Savannah, Georgia, as the "Juliette Gordon Low Federal Building".

Dec. 2, 1983
[S. 505]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Federal building to be constructed at Telfair Square, Savannah, Georgia, shall hereafter be named and designated as the "Juliette Gordon Low Federal Building". Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, record, or other paper of the United States to such building shall be held to be a reference to the "Juliette Gordon Low Federal Building".

Juliette Gordon Low Federal Building, designation.

Highway projects, Va. and D.C.

SEC. 2. (a) The Administrator of General Services (hereinafter referred to as the "Administrator") may accept and use contributions from individuals and private organizations for the design and construction of a memorial, to be located in or around the building referred to in the first section of this Act, commemorating the life and accomplishments of Juliette Gordon Low. The Administrator, in consultation with the chairman of the National Endowment for the Arts and the national president of the Girl Scouts of America, shall determine the appropriate form and location of such memorial, taking into account the cost of maintaining such memorial.

Memorial, construction.

(b) The Administrator shall provide maintenance for such memorial.

Maintenance.

SEC. 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Transportation, in cooperation with the Commonwealth of Virginia and the District of Columbia, shall carry out a demonstration project on Interstate Highways 95 and 395 in Virginia and the District of Columbia for a period of not less than 12 months commencing within 30 days after the District of Columbia begins actual reconstruction of the George Mason Bridge. The Commonwealth of Virginia and the District of Columbia shall restrict the use of the express lanes on such highway to buses, emergency vehicles, and other vehicles carrying four or more persons during the hours of 6 o'clock ante meridiem to 9 o'clock ante meridiem on Monday through Friday, exclusive of holidays, on northbound lanes and during the hours of 3:30 o'clock post meridiem to 6 o'clock post meridiem on Monday through Friday, exclusive of holidays, on southbound lanes during the demonstration period. The Secretary of Transportation, in consultation with the Commonwealth of Virginia and the District of Columbia, may adjust such hours and refine the demonstration to enhance safety, minimize congestion, and maximize the use of the facility. During the demonstration period, the Secretary of Transportation, in cooperation with the Commonwealth of Virginia and the District of Columbia shall carry out an environmental assessment of the effects of the high occupancy vehicle restrictions, and shall, upon completion of such assessment, report to the Congress the results of the assessment and the demonstration project.

Interstate Highway demonstration and reconstruction project, Va. and D.C.

Environmental assessment. Report to Congress.

20 USC 76j.

SEC. 4. Section 4 of the John F. Kennedy Center Act is amended by inserting "(a)" after "SEC. 4." and by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

Memorials or plaques.

"(b)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the Board shall assure that after the date of enactment of this subsection, no additional memorials or plaques in the nature of memorials shall be designated or installed in the public areas of the John F. Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts.

"(2) Paragraph (1) of this subsection shall not apply to—

"(A) any plaque acknowledging a gift from a foreign country;

"(B) any plaque on a theater chair or a theater box acknowledging the gift of such chair or box; and

"(C) any inscription on the marble walls in the north or south galleries, the Hall of States, or the Hall of Nations acknowledging a major contribution;

which plaque or inscription is permitted under policies of the Board in effect on the date of enactment of this subsection.

"(3) For purposes of this subsection, testimonials and benefit performances shall not be construed to be memorials.".

Interstate Highway 66, Va. Demonstration project.

SEC. 5. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law and the Secretary of Transportation's decision on Interstate Highway 66, Fairfax and Arlington Counties, Virginia, dated January 5, 1977, the Secretary of Transportation, in cooperation with the Commonwealth of Virginia, shall carry out a demonstration project on Interstate Highway 66 in Fairfax and Arlington Counties, Virginia for a period not less than 12 months commencing within 60 days of the enactment of this section. The Commonwealth of Virginia shall restrict the use of such highway between I-495 and the District of Columbia to high occupancy vehicles carrying three or more passengers during the hours of 7 o'clock ante meridiem to 9 o'clock ante meridiem on Monday through Friday, exclusive of holidays, on eastbound lanes and during the hours of 4 o'clock post meridiem to 6 o'clock post meridiem on Monday through Friday, exclusive of holidays, on westbound lanes during the demonstration period. High occupancy vehicle requirements shall not apply to vehicles entering I-66 or the

Theodore Roosevelt Bridge from Lynn Street or the George Washington Parkway in Arlington County, Virginia. During the demonstration period, the Secretary of Transportation, in cooperation with the Commonwealth of Virginia, shall carry out an environmental assessment of the effects of the high occupancy vehicle restrictions, and shall, upon completion of such assessment, report to the Congress the results of the assessment and the demonstration project.

Environmental assessment. Report to Congress.

Approved December 2, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 505 (H.R. 1551):

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-363 accompanying H.R. 1551 (Comm. on Public Works and Transportation).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-123 (Comm. on Environment and Public Works).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Aug. 3, considered and passed Senate.
Nov. 18, H.R. 1551 considered and passed House; S. 505, amended, passed in lieu; Senate concurred in House amendments.

Public Law 98-206
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Dec. 2, 1983
[H.J. Res. 311]

To proclaim March 20, 1984, as "National Agriculture Day".

Whereas agriculture is this Nation's most basic industry, and its associated production, processing, and marketing segments, together provide more jobs than any other single industry; and

Whereas the productivity of American agriculture is a vital ingredient in our strength as a Nation, both domestically and on the world scene; and

Whereas to maintain a healthy agriculture it is necessary that all Americans should understand how agriculture affects their lives and well-being, and should be aware of their personal stake in an abundant food and fiber supply: Now, therefore, be it

National Agriculture Day.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That March 20, 1984, is hereby proclaimed "National Agriculture Day", and the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe this day with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

Approved December 2, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 311:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Sept. 15, considered and passed House.
Nov. 18, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-207
98th Congress

An Act

To extend the authorities under the Export Administration Act of 1979, and for other purposes.

Dec. 5, 1983
[H.R. 4476]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 20 of the Export Administration Act of 1979 (50 U.S.C. App. 2419) is amended by striking out "October 14, 1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "February 29, 1984".

Export Administration Act of 1979, authority extension.
Ante, p. 744.

Approved December 5, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 4476:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Nov. 17, considered and passed House.
Nov. 18, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-208
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

Dec. 5, 1983
[H.J. Res. 381]

To provide for appointment of Samuel Curtis Johnson as a citizen regent of the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution.

Smithsonian Institution.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the vacancy in the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution, of the class other than Members of Congress, caused by the resignation of John Paul Austin of Georgia on May 9, 1983, is filled by appointment of Samuel Curtis Johnson of Wisconsin for the statutory term of six years.

Approved December 5, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 381 (S.J. Res. 177):

SENATE REPORT No. 98-313 accompanying S.J. Res. 177 (Comm. on Rules and Administration).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Nov. 17, considered and passed House.
Nov. 18, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 98-209
98th Congress

An Act

To amend chapter 47 of title 10, United States Code (the Uniform Code of Military Justice), to improve the quality and efficiency of the military justice system, to revise the laws concerning review of courts-martial, and for other purposes.

Dec. 6, 1983
[S. 974]

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Military Justice Act of 1983.

SHORT TITLE; REFERENCES TO THE UNIFORM CODE OF MILITARY JUSTICE

SECTION 1. (a) This Act may be cited as the "Military Justice Act of 1983". 10 USC 801 note.

(b) Except as otherwise expressly provided, whenever in this Act an amendment or repeal is expressed in terms of an amendment to, or repeal of, a section or other provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to a section or other provision of chapter 47 of title 10, United States Code (the Uniform Code of Military Justice). 10 USC 801 *et seq.*

INCLUSION OF LAW SPECIALISTS OF THE COAST GUARD WITHIN DEFINITION OF JUDGE ADVOCATE

SEC. 2. (a) Clause 13 of section 801 (article 1(13)) is amended to read as follows: 10 USC 801.

"(13) 'Judge advocate' means—

"(A) an officer of the Judge Advocate General's Corps of the Army or the Navy;

"(B) an officer of the Air Force or the Marine Corps who is designated as a judge advocate; or

"(C) an officer of the Coast Guard who is designated as a law specialist.".

(b) The first sentence of section 806(a) (article 6(a)) is amended by striking out "and Air Force and law specialists of the" and inserting in lieu thereof "Air Force, and". 10 USC 806.

(c) Section 815(e) (article 15(e)) is amended by striking out "of the Army, Navy, Air Force, or Marine Corps, or a law specialist or lawyer of the Coast Guard or" and inserting in lieu thereof "or a lawyer of the". 10 USC 815.

(d) Section 827 (article 27) is amended— 10 USC 827.

(1) in subsection (b)(1), by striking out "of the Army, Navy, Air Force, or Marine Corps or a law specialist of the Coast Guard,"; and

(2) in subsection (c)(3), by striking out ", or a law specialist,".

(e) Section 842(a) (article 42(a)) is amended by striking out ", law specialist," both places it appears in the third sentence. 10 USC 842.

(f) Section 936(a) (article 136(a)) is amended— 10 USC 936.

(1) in clause (1), by striking out "of the Army, Navy, Air Force, and Marine Corps"; and

(2) by striking out clause (2) and redesignating clauses (3) through (7) as clauses (2) through (6), respectively.

MATTERS RELATING TO THE MILITARY JUDGE, COUNSEL, AND MEMBERS OF THE COURT-MARTIAL

10 USC 816.

SEC. 3. (a) Section 816(1)(B) (article 16(1)(B)) is amended by inserting "orally on the record or" before "in writing".

10 USC 825.

(b) Section 825 (article 25) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(e) Before a court-martial is assembled for the trial of a case, the convening authority may excuse a member of the court from participating in the case. Under such regulations as the Secretary concerned may prescribe, the convening authority may delegate his authority under this subsection to his staff judge advocate or legal officer or to any other principal assistant.".

10 USC 826.

(c)(1) Section 826 (article 26) is amended—

(A) by striking out subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(a) A military judge shall be detailed to each general court-martial. Subject to regulations of the Secretary concerned, a military judge may be detailed to any special court-martial. The Secretary concerned shall prescribe regulations providing for the manner in which military judges are detailed for such courts-martial and for the persons who are authorized to detail military judges for such courts-martial. The military judge shall preside over each open session of the court-martial to which he has been detailed."; and

Regulations.

(B) in the first sentence of subsection (c), by striking out "by the convening authority, and, unless" and inserting in lieu thereof "in accordance with regulations prescribed under subsection (a). Unless".

10 USC 827.

(2) Section 827(a) (article 27(a)) is amended—

(A) by striking out "For each" and all that follows through "appropriate." and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "(1) Trial counsel and defense counsel shall be detailed for each general and special court-martial. Assistant trial counsel and assistant and associate defense counsel may be detailed for each general and special court-martial. The Secretary concerned shall prescribe regulations providing for the manner in which counsel are detailed for such courts-martial and for the persons who are authorized to detail counsel for such courts-martial."; and

Regulations.

(B) by designating the sentence beginning "No person who has acted as investigating officer" as paragraph (2) and by striking out "assistant defense counsel" in such sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "assistant or associate defense counsel".

10 USC 829.

(d) Section 829(a) (article 29(a)) is amended by striking out "except for" and all that follows through the period and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "unless excused as a result of a challenge, excused by the military judge for physical disability or other good cause, or excused by order of the convening authority for good cause.".

10 USC 838.

(e)(1) Section 838(b)(6) (article 38(b)(6)) is amended by striking out "a convening authority" and inserting in lieu thereof "the person authorized under regulations prescribed under section 827 of this title (article 27) to detail counsel".

(2) Paragraph (7) of section 838(b) (article 38(b)(7)) is amended by inserting after the first sentence the following new sentence: "Such

regulations may not prescribe any limitation based on the reasonable availability of counsel solely on the grounds that the counsel selected by the accused is from an armed force other than the armed force of which the accused is a member.".

(3) Section 838(c) (article 38(c)) is amended to read as follows: 10 USC 838.

"(c) In any court-martial proceeding resulting in a conviction, the defense counsel—

"(1) may forward for attachment to the record of proceedings a brief of such matters as he determines should be considered in behalf of the accused on review (including any objection to the contents of the record which he considers appropriate);

"(2) may assist the accused in the submission of any matter under section 860 of this title (article 60); and *Infra.*

"(3) may take other action authorized by this chapter.".

(f) Section 842(a) (article 42(a)) is amended by striking out "assistant defense counsel" in the first and third sentences and inserting in lieu thereof "assistant or associate defense counsel". 10 USC 842.

PRETRIAL ADVICE AND REFERRAL OF CHARGES

SEC. 4. (a)(1) The first sentence of section 834(a) is amended by striking out "or legal officer". 10 USC 834.

(2) The second sentence of such section is amended to read as follows: "The convening authority may not refer a specification under a charge to a general court-martial for trial unless he has been advised in writing by the staff judge advocate that—

"(1) the specification alleges an offense under this chapter;

"(2) the specification is warranted by the evidence indicated in the report of investigation under section 832 of this title (article 32) (if there is such a report); and

"(3) a court-martial would have jurisdiction over the accused and the offense.".

(b) Section 834 (article 34) is further amended by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (c) and inserting after subsection (a) the following new subsection (b):

"(b) The advice of the staff judge advocate under subsection (a) with respect to a specification under a charge shall include a written and signed statement by the staff judge advocate—

"(1) expressing his conclusions with respect to each matter set forth in subsection (a); and

"(2) recommending action that the convening authority take regarding the specification.

If the specification is referred for trial, the recommendation of the staff judge advocate shall accompany the specification.".

RIGHT TO APPEAL AND RELATED MATTERS

SEC. 5. (a)(1) Section 860 (article 60) is amended to read as follows: 10 USC 860.

"§ 860. Art. 60. Action by the convening authority

"(a) The findings and sentence of a court-martial shall be reported promptly to the convening authority after the announcement of the sentence.

"(b)(1) Within 30 days after the sentence of a general court-martial or of a special court-martial which has adjudged a bad-conduct discharge has been announced, the accused may submit to the convening authority matters for consideration by the convening

authority with respect to the findings and the sentence. In the case of all other special courts-martial, the accused may make such a submission to the convening authority within 20 days after the sentence is announced. In the case of all summary courts-martial the accused may make such a submission to the convening authority within 7 days after the sentence is announced. If the accused shows that additional time is required for the accused to submit such matters, the convening authority or other person taking action under this section, for good cause, may extend the period—

Extension period.

"(A) in the case of a general court-martial or a special court-martial which has adjudged a bad-conduct discharge, for not more than an additional 20 days; and

"(B) in the case of all other courts-martial, for not more than an additional 10 days.

"(2) In a summary court-martial case the accused shall be promptly provided a copy of the record of trial for use in preparing a submission authorized by paragraph (1).

"(3) In no event shall the accused in any general or special court-martial case have less than a 7-day period after the day on which a copy of the authenticated record of trial has been given to him within which to make a submission under paragraph (1). The convening authority or other person taking action on the case, for good cause, may extend this period for up to an additional 10 days.

Extension period.

Waiver.

"(4) The accused may waive his right to make a submission to the convening authority under paragraph (1). Such a waiver must be made in writing and may not be revoked. For the purposes of subsection (c)(2), the time within which the accused may make a submission under this subsection shall be deemed to have expired upon the submission of such a waiver to the convening authority.

"(c)(1) The authority under this section to modify the findings and sentence of a court-martial is a matter of command prerogative involving the sole discretion of the convening authority. Under regulations of the Secretary concerned, a commissioned officer commanding for the time being, a successor in command, or any person exercising general court-martial jurisdiction may act under this section in place of the convening authority.

"(2) Action on the sentence of a court-martial shall be taken by the convening authority or by another person authorized to act under this section. Subject to regulations of the Secretary concerned, such action may be taken only after consideration of any matters submitted by the accused under subsection (b) and, if applicable, under subsection (d), or after the time for submitting such matters expires, whichever is earlier. The convening authority or other person taking such action, in his sole discretion, may approve, disapprove, commute, or suspend the sentence in whole or in part.

"(3) Action on the findings of a court-martial by the convening authority or other person acting on the sentence is not required. However, such person, in his sole discretion, may—

"(A) dismiss any charge or specification by setting aside a finding of guilty thereto; or

"(B) change a finding of guilty to a charge or specification to a finding of guilty to an offense that is a lesser included offense of the offense stated in the charge or specification.

Written recommendation.

"(d) Before acting under this section on any general court-martial case or any special court-martial case that includes a bad-conduct discharge, the convening authority or other person taking action under this section shall obtain and consider the written recommen-

dation of his staff judge advocate or legal officer. The convening authority or other person taking action under this section shall refer the record of trial to his staff judge advocate or legal officer, and the staff judge advocate or legal officer shall use such record in the preparation of his recommendation. The recommendation of the staff judge advocate or legal officer shall include such matters as the President may prescribe by regulation and shall be served on the accused, who shall have five days from the date of receipt in which to submit any matter in response. The convening authority or other person taking action under this section, for good cause, may extend that period for up to an additional 20 days. Failure to object in the response to the recommendation or to any matter attached to the recommendation waives the right to object thereto.

Extension period.

"(e)(1) The convening authority or other person taking action under this section, in his sole discretion, may order a proceeding in revision or a rehearing.

"(2) A proceeding in revision may be ordered if there is an apparent error or omission in the record or if the record shows improper or inconsistent action by a court-martial with respect to the findings or sentence that can be rectified without material prejudice to the substantial rights of the accused. In no case, however, may a proceeding in revision—

"(A) reconsider a finding of not guilty of any specification or a ruling which amounts to a finding of not guilty;

"(B) reconsider a finding of not guilty of any charge, unless there has been a finding of guilty under a specification laid under that charge, which sufficiently alleges a violation of some article of this chapter; or

"(C) increase the severity of the sentence unless the sentence prescribed for the offense is mandatory.

"(3) A rehearing may be ordered by the convening authority or other person taking action under this section if he disapproves the findings and sentence and states the reasons for disapproval of the findings. If such person disapproves the findings and sentence and does not order a rehearing, he shall dismiss the charges. A rehearing as to the findings may not be ordered where there is a lack of sufficient evidence in the record to support the findings. A rehearing as to the sentence may be ordered if the convening authority or other person taking action under this subsection disapproves the sentence.".

Rehearing.

(2) The item relating to such section (article) in the table of sections at the beginning of subchapter IX is amended to read as follows:

"860. 60. Action by the convening authority.".

(b)(1) Section 861 (article 61) is amended to read as follows:

10 USC 861.

"§ 861. Art. 61. Waiver or withdrawal of appeal

"(a) In each case subject to appellate review under section 866 or 869(a) of this title (article 66 or 69(a)), except a case in which the sentence as approved under section 860(c) of this title (article 60(c)) includes death, the accused may file with the convening authority a statement expressly waiving the right of the accused to such review. Such a waiver shall be signed by both the accused and by defense counsel and must be filed within 10 days after the action under section 860(c) of this title (article 60(c)) is served on the accused or on defense counsel. The convening authority or other person taking

Post, p. 1402.
Ante, p. 1395.

Extension period.

such action, for good cause, may extend the period for such filing by not more than 30 days.

"(b) Except in a case in which the sentence as approved under section 860(c) of this title (article 60(c)) includes death, the accused may withdraw an appeal at any time.

Ante, p. 1395.

"(c) A waiver of the right to appellate review or the withdrawal of an appeal under this section bars review under section 866 or 869(a) of this title (article 66 or 69(a)).".

Post, p. 1402.

(2) The item relating to such section (article) in the table of sections at the beginning of subchapter IX is amended to read as follows:

"861. 61. Waiver or withdrawal of appeal.".

10 USC 862.

(c)(1) Section 862 (article 62) is amended to read as follows:

"§ 862. Art. 62. Appeal by the United States

"(a)(1) In a trial by court-martial in which a military judge presides and in which a punitive discharge may be adjudged, the United States may appeal an order or ruling of the military judge which terminates the proceedings with respect to a charge or specification or which excludes evidence that is substantial proof of a fact material in the proceeding. However, the United States may not appeal an order or ruling that is, or that amounts to, a finding of not guilty with respect to the charge or specification.

Written notice.

"(2) An appeal of an order or ruling may not be taken unless the trial counsel provides the military judge with written notice of appeal from the order or ruling within 72 hours of the order or ruling. Such notice shall include a certification by the trial counsel that the appeal is not taken for the purpose of delay and (if the order or ruling appealed is one which excludes evidence) that the evidence excluded is substantial proof of a fact material in the proceeding.

"(3) An appeal under this section shall be diligently prosecuted by appellate Government counsel.

Submittal to Court of Military Review.

"(b) An appeal under this section shall be forwarded by a means prescribed under regulations of the President directly to the Court of Military Review and shall, whenever practicable, have priority over all other proceedings before that court. In ruling on an appeal under this section, the Court of Military Review may act only with respect to matters of law, notwithstanding section 866(c) of this title (article 66(c)).

"(c) Any period of delay resulting from an appeal under this section shall be excluded in deciding any issue regarding denial of a speedy trial unless an appropriate authority determines that the appeal was filed solely for the purpose of delay with the knowledge that it was totally frivolous and without merit.".

(2) The item relating to such section (article) in the table of sections at the beginning of subchapter IX is amended to read as follows:

"862. 62. Appeal by the United States.".

10 USC 863.

(d) Section 863 (article 63) is amended—

(1) by striking out subsection (a); and

(2) in subsection (b)—

(A) by striking out "(b)";

(B) by inserting "under this chapter" after "Each rehearing"; and

(C) by inserting at the end thereof the following: "If the sentence approved after the first court-martial was in accordance with a pretrial agreement and the accused at the rehearing changes his plea with respect to the charges or specifications upon which the pretrial agreement was based, or otherwise does not comply with the pretrial agreement, the sentence as to those charges or specifications may include any punishment not in excess of that lawfully adjudged at the first court-martial.".

(e) Section 871 (article 71) is amended— 10 USC 871.

(1) by striking out subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof the following: Death sentence.

"(a) If the sentence of the court-martial extends to death, that part of the sentence providing for death may not be executed until approved by the President. In such a case, the President may commute, remit, or suspend the sentence, or any part thereof, as he sees fit. That part of the sentence providing for death may not be suspended.";

(2) in subsection (b), by striking out the first and second sentences and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "If in the case of a commissioned officer, cadet, or midshipman, the sentence of a court-martial extends to dismissal, that part of the sentence providing for dismissal may not be executed until approved by the Secretary concerned or such Under Secretary or Assistant Secretary as may be designated by the Secretary concerned. In such a case, the Secretary, Under Secretary, or Assistant Secretary, as the case may be, may commute, remit, or suspend the sentence, or any part of the sentence, as he sees fit."; and Dismissal.

(3) by striking out subsections (c) and (d) and inserting in lieu thereof the following: Sentences. Final judgment.

"(c)(1) If a sentence extends to death, dismissal, or a dishonorable or bad-conduct discharge and if the right of the accused to appellate review is not waived, and an appeal is not withdrawn, under section 861 of this title (article 61), that part of the sentence extending to death, dismissal, or a dishonorable or bad-conduct discharge may not be executed until there is a final judgment as to the legality of the proceedings (and with respect to death or dismissal, approval under subsection (a) or (b), as appropriate). A judgment as to legality of the proceedings is final in such cases when review is completed by a Court of Military Review and— *Ante*, p. 1397. Review.

"(A) the time for the accused to file a petition for review by the Court of Military Appeals has expired and the accused has not filed a timely petition for such review and the case is not otherwise under review by that Court;

"(B) such a petition is rejected by the Court of Military Appeals; or

"(C) review is completed in accordance with the judgment of the Court of Military Appeals and—

"(i) a petition for a writ of certiorari is not filed within the time limits prescribed by the Supreme Court;

"(ii) such a petition is rejected by the Supreme Court; or

"(iii) review is otherwise completed in accordance with the judgment of the Supreme Court.

"(2) If a sentence extends to dismissal or a dishonorable or bad conduct discharge and if the right of the accused to appellate review is waived, or an appeal is withdrawn, under section 861 of this title

(article 61), that part of the sentence extending to dismissal or a bad-conduct or dishonorable discharge may not be executed until review of the case by a judge advocate (and any action on that review) under section 864 of this title (article 64) is completed. Any other part of a court-martial sentence may be ordered executed by the convening authority or other person acting on the case under section 860 of this title (article 60) when approved by him under that section.

Post, p. 1401.

Ante, p. 1395.

Suspension.

"(d) The convening authority or other person acting on the case under section 860 of this title (article 60) may suspend the execution of any sentence or part thereof, except a death sentence.".

10 USC 857.

(f) Subsection (a) of section 857 (article 57(a)) is amended to read as follows:

"(a) No forfeiture may extend to any pay or allowances accrued before the date on which the sentence is approved by the person acting under section 860(c) of this title (article 60(c)).".

10 USC 876a.

(g) Section 876a (article 76a) is amended—

(1) by striking out "864 or 865 of this title (article 64 or 65) by the officer exercising general court-martial jurisdiction" and inserting in lieu thereof "860 of this title (article 60)"; and

(2) by striking out "by the officer exercising general court-martial jurisdiction" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "under section 860 of this title (article 60)".

(h)(1) The table of subchapters at the beginning of chapter 47 is amended by striking out the item relating to subchapter IX and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"IX. Post-trial Procedure and Review of Courts-Martial ..... 859 59".

(2) The subchapter heading at the beginning of subchapter IX is amended to read as follows:

"SUBCHAPTER IX—POST-TRIAL PROCEDURE AND REVIEW OF COURTS-MARTIAL".

RECORD OF TRIAL

10 USC 801.

SEC. 6. (a) Section 801 (article 1) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new clause:

"Record."

"(14) 'Record', when used in connection with the proceedings of a court-martial, means—

"(A) an official written transcript, written summary, or other writing relating to the proceedings; or

"(B) an official audiotape, videotape, or similar material from which sound, or sound and visual images, depicting the proceedings may be reproduced.".

10 USC 849.

(b) Subsections (d) and (f) of section 849 (article 49) are each amended by inserting after "read in evidence" the following: "or, in the case of audiotape, videotape, or similar material, may be played in evidence".

10 USC 854.

(c) Section 854 (article 54) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by striking out the last sentence;

(2) in subsection (b), by striking out "shall contain the matter and";

(3) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d); and

(4) by inserting after subsection (b) the following new subsection:

"(c)(1) A complete record of the proceedings and testimony shall be prepared—

"(A) in each general court-martial case in which the sentence adjudged includes death, a dismissal, a discharge, or (if the sentence adjudged does not include a discharge) any other punishment which exceeds that which may otherwise be adjudged by a special court-martial; and

"(B) in each special court-martial case in which the sentence adjudged includes a bad-conduct discharge.

"(2) In all other court-martial cases, the record shall contain such matters as may be prescribed by regulations of the President.".

(d)(1) Section 865 (article 65) is amended to read as follows: 10 USC 865.

"§ 865. Art. 65. Disposition of records

"(a) In a case subject to appellate review under section 866 or 869(a) of this title (article 66 or 69(a)) in which the right to such review is not waived, or an appeal is not withdrawn, under section 861 of this title (article 61), the record of trial and action thereon shall be transmitted to the Judge Advocate General for appropriate action.

Post, p. 1402.

Ante, p. 1397.

"(b) Except as otherwise required by this chapter, all other records of trial and related documents shall be transmitted and disposed of as the Secretary concerned may prescribe by regulation.".

(2) The item relating to such section (article) in the table of sections at the beginning of subchapter IX is amended to read as follows:

"865. 65. Disposition of records.".

REVIEW OF COURTS-MARTIAL AND RELATED MATTERS

SEC. 7. (a)(1) Section 864 (article 64) is amended to read as follows: 10 USC 864.

"§ 864. Art. 64. Review by a judge advocate

"(a) Each case in which there has been a finding of guilty that is not reviewed under section 866 or 869(a) of this title (article 66 or 69(a)) shall be reviewed by a judge advocate under regulations of the Secretary concerned. A judge advocate may not review a case under this subsection if he has acted in the same case as an accuser, investigating officer, member of the court, military judge, or counsel or has otherwise acted on behalf of the prosecution or defense. The judge advocate's review shall be in writing and shall contain the following:

Post, p. 1402.

"(1) Conclusions as to whether—

"(A) the court had jurisdiction over the accused and the offense;

"(B) the charge and specification stated an offense; and

"(C) the sentence was within the limits prescribed as a matter of law.

"(2) A response to each allegation of error made in writing by the accused.

"(3) If the case is sent for action under subsection (b), a recommendation as to the appropriate action to be taken and an opinion as to whether corrective action is required as a matter of law.

"(b) The record of trial and related documents in each case reviewed under subsection (a) shall be sent for action to the person exercising general court-martial jurisdiction over the accused at the

time the court was convened (or to that person's successor in command) if—

"(1) the judge advocate who reviewed the case recommends corrective action;

Ante, p. 1395.

"(2) the sentence approved under section 860(c) of this title (article 60(c)) extends to dismissal, a bad-conduct or dishonorable discharge, or confinement for more than six months; or

"(3) such action is otherwise required by regulations of the Secretary concerned.

"(c)(1) The person to whom the record of trial and related documents are sent under subsection (b) may—

"(A) disapprove or approve the findings or sentence, in whole or in part;

"(B) remit, commute, or suspend the sentence in whole or in part;

"(C) except where the evidence was insufficient at the trial to support the findings, order a rehearing on the findings, on the sentence, or on both; or

"(D) dismiss the charges.

"(2) If a rehearing is ordered but the convening authority finds a rehearing impracticable, he shall dismiss the charges.

"(3) If the opinion of the judge advocate in the judge advocate's review under subsection (a) is that corrective action is required as a matter of law and if the person required to take action under subsection (b) does not take action that is at least as favorable to the accused as that recommended by the judge advocate, the record of trial and action thereon shall be sent to the Judge Advocate General for review under section 869(b) of this title (article 69(b)).".

Infra.

(2) The item relating to such section (article) in the table of sections at the beginning of subchapter IX is amended to read as follows:

"864. 64. Review by a judge advocate.".

10 USC 866.

(b) Section 866(a) (article 66(a)) is amended by inserting after the second sentence the following new sentence: "Any decision of a panel may be reconsidered by the court sitting as a whole in accordance with such rules.".

(c) Section 866(b) (article 66(b)) is amended to read as follows:

"(b) The Judge Advocate General shall refer to a Court of Military Review the record in each case of trial by court-martial—

"(1) in which the sentence, as approved, extends to death, dismissal of a commissioned officer, cadet, or midshipman, dishonorable or bad-conduct discharge, or confinement for one year or more; and

"(2) except in the case of a sentence extending to death, the right to appellate review has not been waived or an appeal has not been withdrawn under section 861 of this title (article 61).".

Ante, p. 1397.

10 USC 867.

(d) Section 867(b)(1) (article 67(b)(1)) is amended by striking out "affects a general or flag officer or".

10 USC 869.

(e)(1) The text of section 869 (article 69) is amended to read as follows:

"(a) The record of trial in each general court-martial that is not otherwise reviewed under section 866 of this title (article 66) shall be examined in the office of the Judge Advocate General if there is a finding of guilty and the accused does not waive or withdraw his right to appellate review under section 861 of this title (article 61). If any part of the findings or sentence is found to be unsupported in

law or if reassessment of the sentence is appropriate, the Judge Advocate General may modify or set aside the findings or sentence or both. If the Judge Advocate General so directs, the record shall be reviewed by a Court of Military Review under section 866 of this title (article 66), but in that event there may be no further review by the Court of Military Appeals except under section 867(b)(2) of this title (article 67(b)(2)).

"(b) The findings or sentence, or both, in a court-martial case not reviewed under subsection (a) or under section 866 of this title (article 66) may be modified or set aside, in whole or in part, by the Judge Advocate General on the ground of newly discovered evidence, fraud on the court, lack of jurisdiction over the accused or the offense, error prejudicial to the substantial rights of the accused, or the appropriateness of the sentence. If such a case is considered upon application of the accused, the application must be filed in the office of the Judge Advocate General by the accused on or before the last day of the two-year period beginning on the date the sentence is approved under section 860(c) of this title (article 60(c)), unless the accused establishes good cause for failure to file within that time.

Ante, p. 1395.

"(c) If the Judge Advocate General sets aside the findings or sentence, he may, except when the setting aside is based on lack of sufficient evidence in the record to support the findings, order a rehearing. If he sets aside the findings and sentence and does not order a rehearing, he shall order that the charges be dismissed. If the Judge Advocate General orders a rehearing but the convening authority finds a rehearing impractical, the convening authority shall dismiss the charges.".

Rehearing.

(2) The two-year period specified under the second sentence of section 869(b) (article 69(b)) of title 10, United States Code, as amended by paragraph (1), does not apply to any application filed in the office of the appropriate Judge Advocate General (as defined in section 801(1) of such title) on or before October 1, 1983. The application in such a case shall be considered in the same manner and with the same effect as if such two-year period had not been enacted.

10 USC 869 note.

INCLUSION OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES IN PUNITIVE ARTICLES

SEC. 8. (a) Subchapter X is amended by inserting after section 912 (article 112) the following new section (article):

"§ 912a. Art. 112a. Wrongful use, possession, etc., of controlled substances

10 USC 912a.

"(a) Any person subject to this chapter who wrongfully uses, possesses, manufactures, distributes, imports into the customs territory of the United States, exports from the United States, or introduces into an installation, vessel, vehicle, or aircraft used by or under the control of the armed forces a substance described in subsection (b) shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

"(b) The substances referred to in subsection (a) are the following:

"(1) Opium, heroin, cocaine, amphetamine, lysergic acid diethylamide, methamphetamine, phencyclidine, barbituric acid, and marijuana and any compound or derivative of any such substance.

"(2) Any substance not specified in clause (1) that is listed on a schedule of controlled substances prescribed by the President for the purposes of this article.

"(3) Any other substance not specified in clause (1) or contained on a list prescribed by the President under clause (2) that is listed in schedules I through V of section 202 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 812).".

(b) The table of sections at the beginning of such subchapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 912 (article 112) the following new item:

"912a. 112a. Wrongful use, possession, etc., of controlled substances.".

THE CODE COMMITTEE

10 USC 867.

SEC. 9. (a) Section 867(g) (article 67(g)) is amended—

(1) by striking out "The Court of Military Appeals" and all that follows through "and report" and inserting in lieu thereof "(1) A committee consisting of the judges of the Court of Military Appeals, the Judge Advocates General of the Army, Navy, and Air Force, the Chief Counsel of the Coast Guard, the Director, Judge Advocate Division, Headquarters, United States Marine Corps, and two members of the public appointed by the Secretary of Defense shall meet at least annually. The committee shall make an annual comprehensive survey of the operation of this chapter. After each such survey, the committee shall report";

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(2) Each member of the committee appointed by the Secretary of Defense shall be a recognized authority in military justice or criminal law. Each such member shall be appointed for a term of three years.

5 USC app.

"(3) The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App. I) shall not apply to the committee.".

Commission, establishment. Study and recommendations. 10 USC 867 note.

(b)(1) The Secretary of Defense shall establish a commission to study and make recommendations concerning the following matters:

(A) Whether the sentencing authority in court-martial cases should be exercised by a military judge in all noncapital cases to which a military judge has been detailed.

(B) Whether military judges and the Courts of Military Review should have the power to suspend sentences.

(C) Whether the jurisdiction of the special court-martial should be expanded to permit adjudgment of sentences including confinement of up to one year, and what, if any, changes should be made to current appellate jurisdiction.

(D) Whether military judges, including those presiding at special and general courts-martial and those sitting on the Courts of Military Review, should have tenure.

(E) What should be the elements of a fair and equitable retirement system for the judges of the United States Court of Military Appeals.

Membership.

(2) The commission shall consist of nine members, at least three of whom shall be persons from private life who are recognized authorities in military justice or criminal law.

Report.

(3) The commission shall prepare a comprehensive report in support of its recommendations on the matters set forth in paragraph (1). The commission shall include in such report its findings and comments on the following matters:

(A) The experience in the civilian sector with jury sentencing and judge-alone sentencing, with particular reference to consist-

ency, uniformity, sentence appropriateness, efficiency in the sentencing process, and impact on the rights of the accused.

(B) The potential impact of mandatory judge-alone sentencing on the Armed Forces, with particular reference to consistency, uniformity, sentence appropriateness, efficiency in the sentencing process, impact on the rights of the accused, effect on the participation of members of the Armed Forces in the military justice system, impact on relationships between judge advocates and other members of the Armed Forces, and impact on the perception of the military justice system by members of the Armed Forces, the legal profession, and the general public.

(C) The likelihood of a reduction in the number of general court-martial cases in the event the confinement jurisdiction of the special court-martial is expanded; the additional protections that should be afforded the accused if such jurisdiction is expanded; whether the minimum number of members prescribed by law for a special court-martial should be increased; and whether the appellate review process should be modified so that a greater number of cases receive review by the military appellate courts, in lieu of legal reviews presently conducted in the offices of the Judge Advocates General and elsewhere, especially if the commission determines that the special court-martial jurisdiction should be expanded.

(D) The effectiveness of the present systems for maintaining the independence of military judges and what, if any, changes are needed in these systems to ensure maintenance of an independent military judiciary, including a term of tenure for such judges consistent with efficient management of military judicial resources.

(4) The commission shall transmit its report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives and to the committee established under section 867(g) (article 67(g)) of title 10, United States Code, not later than the first day of the ninth calendar month that begins after the date of the enactment of this Act. Not later than the first day of the third calendar month that begins after receipt of such report, the committee established under section 867(g) (article 67(g)) of such title shall submit such comments on the report as it considers appropriate to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives and to the Secretary of Defense, the Secretaries of the military departments, and the Secretary of Transportation.

Report to congressional committees.

Ante, p. 1404.

Report comments, submittal to congressional committees and departmental Secretaries.

(5) The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that the commission is provided with appropriate and adequate office space, together with such equipment, office supplies, and communications facilities and services as may be necessary for the operation of such offices, and shall provide necessary maintenance services for such offices and the equipment and facilities located therein.

(6) The Secretary shall ensure that the commission has reasonable access to information relevant to the study.

SUPREME COURT REVIEW

SEC. 10. (a)(1) Chapter 81 of title 28, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

28 USC 1259.

"§ 1259. Court of Military Appeals; certiorari

"Decisions of the United States Court of Military Appeals may be reviewed by the Supreme Court by writ of certiorari in the following cases:

"(1) Cases reviewed by the Court of Military Appeals under section 867(b)(1) of title 10.

10 USC 867.

"(2) Cases certified to the Court of Military Appeals by the Judge Advocate General under section 867(b)(2) of title 10.

"(3) Cases in which the Court of Military Appeals granted a petition for review under section 867(b)(3) of title 10.

"(4) Cases, other than those described in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of this subsection, in which the Court of Military Appeals granted relief.".

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 81 of such title is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"1259. Court of Military Appeals; certiorari.".

(b) Section 2101 of title 28, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(g) The time for application for a writ of certiorari to review a decision of the United States Court of Military Appeals shall be as prescribed by rules of the Supreme Court.".

10 USC 866.

(c)(1) Section 866(e) (article 66(e)) is amended by striking out "or the Court of Military Appeals" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Court of Military Appeals, or the Supreme Court".

10 USC 867.

(2) Section 867 (article 67) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(h)(1) Decisions of the Court of Military Appeals are subject to review by the Supreme Court by writ of certiorari as provided in section 1259 of title 28. The Supreme Court may not review by a writ of certiorari under such section any action of the Court of Military Appeals in refusing to grant a petition for review.

Supra.

"(2) The accused may petition the Supreme Court for a writ of certiorari without prepayment of fees and costs or security therefor and without filing the affidavit required by section 1915(a) of title 28.".

10 USC 870.

(3)(A) Section 870(b) (article 70(b)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Appellate Government counsel may represent the United States before the Supreme Court in cases arising under this chapter when requested to do so by the Attorney General.".

(B) Subsections (c) and (d) of such section are amended to read as follows:

"(c) Appellate defense counsel shall represent the accused before the Court of Military Review, the Court of Military Appeals, or the Supreme Court—

"(1) when requested by the accused;

"(2) when the United States is represented by counsel; or

"(3) when the Judge Advocate General has sent the case to the Court of Military Appeals.

"(d) The accused has the right to be represented before the Court of Military Review, the Court of Military Appeals, or the Supreme Court by civilian counsel if provided by him.".

CORRECTION OF RECORDS; DISCHARGE REVIEW

SEC. 11. (a) Section 1552 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(f) With respect to records of courts-martial and related administrative records pertaining to court-martial cases tried or reviewed under chapter 47 of this title (or under the Uniform Code of Military Justice (Public Law 506 of the 81st Congress)), action under subsection (a) may extend only to— 10 USC 801 *et seq.*

"(1) correction of a record to reflect actions taken by reviewing authorities under chapter 47 of this title (or under the Uniform Code of Military Justice (Public Law 506 of the 81st Congress)); or

"(2) action on the sentence of a court-martial for purposes of clemency.".

(b) Section 1553 of such title is amended by adding at the end of subsection (a) the following new sentence: "With respect to a discharge or dismissal adjudged by a court-martial case tried or reviewed under chapter 47 of this title (or under the Uniform Code of Military Justice (Public Law 506 of the 81st Congress)), action under this subsection may extend only to a change in the discharge or dismissal or issuance of a new discharge for purposes of clemency.". 10 USC 1553.

EFFECTIVE DATE; CONFORMING AMENDMENT

SEC. 12. (a)(1) The amendments made by this Act shall take effect on the first day of the eighth calendar month that begins after the date of enactment of this Act, except that the amendments made by sections 9, 11 and 13 shall be effective on the date of the enactment of this Act. The amendments made by section 11 shall only apply with respect to cases filed after the date of enactment of this Act with the boards established under sections 1552 and 1553 of title 10, United States Code. 10 USC 801 note.

(2) The amendments made by section 3(c) and 3(e) do not affect the designation or detail of a military judge or military counsel to a court-martial before the effective date of such amendments.

(3) The amendments made by section 4 shall not apply to any case in which charges were referred to trial before the effective date of such amendments, and proceedings in any such case shall be held in the same manner and with the same effect as if such amendments had not been enacted.

(4) The amendments made by sections 5, 6, and 7 shall not apply to any case in which the findings and sentence were adjudged by a court-martial before the effective date of such amendments. The proceedings in any such case shall be held in the same manner and with the same effect as if such amendments had not been enacted.

(5) The amendments made by section 8 shall not apply to any offense committed before the effective date of such amendments. Nothing in this provision shall be construed to invalidate the prosecution of any offense committed before the effective date of such amendments.

(b) Section 7(b)(1) of the Military Justice Amendments of 1981 (95 Stat. 1089; 10 U.S.C. 706 note) is amended to read as follows:

"(b)(1) The amendments made by section 2 shall apply to each member whose sentence by court-martial is approved on or after January 20, 1982—

"(A) under section 864 or 865 (article 64 or 65) of title 10, United States Code, by the officer exercising general court-martial jurisdiction under the provisions of such section as it existed on the day before the effective date of the Military Justice Act of 1983; or

"(B) under section 860 (article 60) of title 10, United States Code, by the officer empowered to act on the sentence on or after the effective date of the Military Justice Act of 1983.".

Ante, p. 1401.

Ante, p. 1393.

Ante, p. 1395.

TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS TO UNIFORM CODE OF MILITARY JUSTICE

SEC. 13. (a)(1) Clauses (11) and (12) of subsection (a) of section 802 (article 802) are amended—

10 USC 802.

(A) by striking out "the following:"; and

(B) by inserting "the Commonwealth of" before "Puerto Rico".

(2) Subsection (b) of such section (article) is amended by striking out "of this section".

10 USC 815.

(b)(1) The heading of section 815 (article 15) is amended to read as follows:

"§ 815. Art. 15. Commanding officer's non-judicial punishment".

(2) Subsection (b) of such section (article) is amended—

(A) by striking out "of this section"; and

(B) by striking out "subsection (b)(2)(A)" in clause (2)(H)(i) and inserting in lieu thereof "clause (A)".

10 USC 825.

(c) Section 825(c)(2) (article 25(c)(2)) is amended by striking out "the word".

10 USC 867.

(d) Section 867(a)(3) (article 67(a)(3)) is amended by inserting "Circuit" after "District of Columbia".

Approved December 6, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 974:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-549 (Comm. on Armed Services).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-53 (Comm. on Armed Services).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Apr. 28, considered and passed Senate.
Nov. 16, considered and passed House, amended.
Nov. 18, Senate concurred in House amendment.

Public Law 98-210
98th Congress

An Act

To consolidate and authorize certain marine fishery programs and functions of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration under the Department of Commerce.

Dec. 6, 1983
[S. 1099]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Marine Fisheries Program Authorization Act".

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Marine Fisheries Program Authorization Act.

FISHERIES INFORMATION COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS

SEC. 2. (a) There are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Commerce to enable the National Marine Fisheries Service to carry out its Fisheries Information Collection and Analysis duties under law, $26,500,000 for fiscal year 1984. These moneys shall be used to fund those duties relating to fisheries information collection and analysis specified by the Fish and Wildlife Act of 1956 (16 U.S.C. 742a et seq.), the Act of May 11, 1938 (16 U.S.C. 755), and the Fur Seal Act of 1966 (16 U.S.C. 1151 et seq.), the Act entitled, "An Act to promote the conservation of wildlife, fish, and game, and for other purposes", approved March 10, 1934 (16 U.S.C. 661 et seq.), and any other law involving such duties. These duties include, but are not limited to, collection analysis and dissemination of scientific data necessary to manage: marine fishery resources, marine mammals, endangered species, and their habitats.

(b) This authorization shall be in addition to any Fisheries Information Collection Analysis moneys authorized under the Magnuson Fishery Conservation and Management Act of 1976 (16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1361 et seq.), and the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.).

FISHERIES CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT OPERATIONS

SEC. 3. (a) There are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Commerce to enable the National Marine Fisheries Service to carry out its fisheries conservation and management operations duties under law, $35,000,000 for fiscal year 1984. These moneys shall be used to fund those duties relating to fisheries conservation and management operations specified by the Fish and Wildlife Act of 1956 (16 U.S.C. 742a et seq.), the Act of May 11, 1938 (16 U.S.C. 755), the Fur Seal Act of 1966 (16 U.S.C. 1151 et seq.), and the Act entitled, "An Act to promote the conservation of wildlife, fish, and game, and for other purposes", approved March 10, 1934 (16 U.S.C. 661 et seq.), and any other law involving such duties. These duties include, but are not limited to, development, implementation, and enforcement of conservation and management measures to achieve continued optimum use of living marine resources; including hatch-

11-194 O - 85 -- 46 : QL 3

ery operations, fishery management plan activities, habitat conservation, and protected species management.

(b) This authorization shall be in addition to any fisheries conservation and management moneys authorized under the Fishery Conservation and Management Act of 1976 (16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.), the Salmon and Steelhead Conservation Act of 1980 (16 U.S.C. 3301 et seq.), and the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1361 et seq.).

FISHERIES STATE AND INDUSTRY ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

SEC. 4. (a) There are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Commerce to enable the National Marine Fisheries Service to carry out its fisheries State and industry assistance program duties under law, $10,000,000 for fiscal year 1984. These moneys shall be used to fund those duties specified by the Fish and Wildlife Act of 1956 (16 U.S.C. 742a et seq.) and any other law affecting State and industry fisheries assistance. These duties include, but are not limited to, financial assistance for fishing boats and fish processing plants, market development for fishery products, product quality and grants to States for improving management of interstate fisheries and stimulating fishery development.

(b) This authorization shall be in addition to any fisheries State and industry assistance program moneys authorized under the Commercial Fisheries Research and Development Act of 1964 (16 U.S.C. 779 et seq.), the Act entitled "An Act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to initiate with several States a cooperative program for the conservation, development, and enhancement of the Nation's anadromous fish, and for other purposes", approved October 30, 1965 (16 U.S.C. 757a et seq.), the Central, Western, and South Pacific Fishery Development Act (16 U.S.C. 758e), and the Magnuson Fishery Conservation and Management Act of 1976 (16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.).

PAY INCREASE AUTHORIZATIONS

SEC. 5. There are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Commerce to enable the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration to carry out its duties indicated under this Act, such additional sums as may be necessary for increases in salary, pay, and other employee benefits authorized by law.

FREIGHT FORWARDER AMENDMENTS

SEC. 6. Subsection (c) of section 1608 of the Act of August 13, 1981 (95 Stat. 752) is repealed.

46 USC 801, 801 note.

COASTWISE VESSELS

Documentation.

SEC. 7. (a) That, notwithstanding the failure of the vessel named below to meet the requirements contained in 46 U.S.C. 12105, 46 U.S.C. 12106, and 46 U.S.C. 12107, and section 27 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1920, as amended (46 App. U.S.C. 883), on the date of this Act, the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating shall cause the vessel Protector Alpha, Official Number

Ante, p. 586.

Ante, pp. 586, 587.

394610, to be documented as a vessel of the United States with the privilege of engaging in the coastwise trade, if (1) such vessel complies with all other requirements of law and (2) all repairs and modifications totalling at least $3,000,000 are performed on such vessel in a shipyard in the United States.

Approved December 6, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1099:

SENATE REPORT No. 98-80 (Comm. on Commerce, Science, and Transportation).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
June 15, considered and passed Senate.
Nov. 16, considered and passed House, amended.
Nov. 18, Senate concurred in House amendment.

Public Law 98-211
98th Congress

An Act

Dec. 8, 1983
[H.R. 1035]

To make certain technical amendments to improve implementation of the Education Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Education Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981, amendment.

STATE PROGRAM DESIGN

SECTION 1. (a) Section 555(b) of the Education Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981 (Public Law 97-35; 20 U.S.C. 3801 et seq.) (hereafter in this Act referred to as "the Act") is amended to read as follows:

20 USC 3804.

"(b) PROGRAM DESIGN.—State agency programs shall be designed to serve migratory children of migratory agricultural workers or of migratory fishermen, handicapped children, and neglected and delinquent children (as described in subparts 1, 2, and 3, respectively, of part B of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965) in accordance with section 554(a)(2) and the other applicable requirements of this chapter. The Secretary shall continue to use the definitions of 'agricultural activity', 'currently migratory child', and 'fishing activity' which were in effect on June 30, 1982, in regulations prescribed under subpart 1 of part B of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965. No additional definition of 'migratory agricultural worker' or 'migratory fisherman' may be applied after the date of enactment of this subsection to such subpart 1.".

20 USC 2761, 2771, 2781. 20 USC 3803.

20 USC 3804.

(b) Section 555 of the Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(e) EVALUATION.—Each State educational agency shall—

Public availability.

"(1) conduct an evaluation of the programs assisted under this chapter at least every two years and shall make public the results of that evaluation; and

"(2) collect data on the race, age, and gender of children served by the programs assisted under this chapter and on the number of children served by grade-level under the programs assisted under this chapter.".

APPLICATIONS

20 USC 3805.

SEC. 2. (a) Section 556(b) of the Act is amended by inserting "or" at the end of paragraph (1)(A), by striking out "or" at the end of paragraph (1)(B), and by striking out paragraph (1)(C).

(b) Section 556 of the Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(c) EXEMPTION FROM TARGETING.—The requirements of subsection (b)(1) shall not apply in the case of a local educational agency with a total enrollment of less than one thousand children, but this subsection does not relieve such an agency from the responsibility to serve children under the assurances set forth in subsection (b)(2).".

(c) Clause (2) of section 556(b) of the Act is amended by striking all that follows "areas," in such clause and inserting in lieu thereof "requires, among the educationally deprived children selected, the inclusion of those children who have the greatest need for special assistance, and determines the needs of participating children with sufficient specificity to ensure concentration on those needs;". 20 USC 3805.

(d) Clause (4) of section 556(b) of the Act is amended by inserting before the semicolon a comma and the following: "and that the results of such evaluation will be considered by such agency in the improvement of the programs and projects assisted under this chapter; and".

FLEXIBILITY TO CONTINUE TITLE I TYPE EXPENDITURES

SEC. 3. Section 556 of the Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection: *Ante*, p. 1412.

"(d) LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY DISCRETION.—Notwithstanding subsection (b)(1) of this section, a local educational agency shall have discretion to make educational decisions which are consistent with achieving the purposes of this chapter as set forth in this subsection, as follows: Eligible school attendance area. Educationally deprived children.

"(1) A local educational agency may designate any school attendance area in which at least 25 per centum of the children are from low-income families as an eligible school attendance area.

"(2) A local educational agency may, with the approval of the State educational agency, designate as eligible (and serve) school attendance areas with substantially higher numbers or percentages of educationally deprived children before school attendance areas with higher concentrations of children from low-income families, but this provision shall not permit the provision of services to more school attendance areas than could otherwise be served. A State educational agency shall approve such a proposal only if the State educational agency finds that the proposal will not substantially impair the delivery of compensatory education services to educationally deprived children from low-income families in project areas served by the local educational agency.

"(3) Funds received under this chapter may be used for educationally deprived children who are in a school which is not located in an eligible school attendance area when the proportion of children from low-income families in average daily attendance in such school is substantially equal to the proportion of such children in an eligible school attendance area of such agency.

"(4) If an eligible school attendance area or eligible school was so designated in accordance with subsection (b)(1)(A) in either of two preceding fiscal years, it may continue to be so designated for a single additional fiscal year even though it does not qualify in accordance with subsection (b)(1)(A).

"(5) With approval of the State educational agency, eligible school attendance areas or eligible schools which have higher proportions of children from low-income families may be skipped if they are receiving, from non-Federal funds, services of the same nature and scope as would otherwise be provided under this chapter, but (A) the number of children attending private elementary and secondary schools who receive services

under this chapter shall be determined without regard to non-Federal compensatory education funds which serve eligible children in public elementary and secondary schools, and (B) children attending private elementary and secondary schools who receive assistance under this chapter shall be identified in accordance with this section and without regard to skipping public school attendance areas or schools under this paragraph.

"(6) A child who, in any previous year, was identified as being in greatest need of assistance, and who continues to be educationally deprived, but who is no longer identified as being in greatest need of assistance, may participate in a program or project assisted under this title for the current year.

"(7) Educationally deprived children who begin participation in a program or project assisted under this chapter who, in the same school year, are transferred to a school attendance area or a school not receiving funds under this chapter, may continue to participate in a program or project funded under this chapter for the remainder of such year.

"(8) The local educational agency is not required to use funds under this chapter to serve educationally deprived children in greatest need of assistance if such children are receiving, from non-Federal sources, services of the same nature and scope as would otherwise be provided under this chapter.

Educational program, upgrade.

"(9) In the case of any school serving an attendance area that is eligible to receive services under this chapter and in which not less than 75 per centum of the children are from low-income families, funds received under this chapter may be used for a project designed to upgrade the entire educational program in that school in the same manner and only to the same extent as permitted under section 133(b) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (but without regard to paragraph (4) of such section).

20 USC 2753.

Public school personnel, duty assignment.

"(10) Public school personnel paid entirely by funds made available under this chapter may be assigned limited, rotating, supervisory duties which are assigned to similarly situated personnel who are not paid with such funds, and such duties need not be limited to classroom instruction or to the benefit of children participating in programs or projects funded under this chapter. Such duties may not exceed the same proportion of total time as is the case with similarly situated personnel at the same school site, or 10 per centum of the total time, whichever is less.".

PARENTAL INVOLVEMENT

Ante, p. 1413.
20 USC 3805.

SEC. 4. Section 556 of the Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

Public meeting.

"(e) PARENTAL INVOLVEMENT.—For the purposes of complying with the assurances given pursuant to subsection (b)(3) with respect to consultation with parents of participating children, (1) a local educational agency shall convene annually a public meeting, to which all parents of eligible students shall be invited, to explain to parents the programs and activities provided with funds made available under this chapter, and (2) if parents desire further activities, the local educational agency may, upon request, provide reasonable support for such activities.".

AREAS FOR SERVICES TO PRIVATE SCHOOLCHILDREN

SEC. 5. Section 557(a) of the Act is amended by inserting "(1)," immediately after "556(b)". 20 USC 3806.

APPLICATION OF NONSUPPLANTING RULE TO STATES

SEC. 6. Section 558(b) of the Act is amended— 20 USC 3807.

(1) by inserting "State educational agency or other State agency in operating its State level programs or a" before "local educational agency" in the first sentence; and

(2) by striking out "a local educational agency shall not be required" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "no State educational agency, other State agency, or local educational agency shall be required".

EXCLUSIONS OF SPECIAL PROGRAM FUNDS

SEC. 7. Section 558(d) of the Act is amended— 20 USC 3807.

(1) by striking out "if such programs are consistent with the purposes of this chapter" and inserting in lieu thereof "including compensatory education for educationally deprived children (which meets the requirements of section 131(c) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965)"; and 20 USC 2751.

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "For the purpose of determining compliance with the requirements of subsection (c), a local educational agency may exclude State and local funds expended for—

"(1) bilingual education for children of limited English proficiency,

"(2) special education for handicapped children or children with specific learning disabilities, and

"(3) certain State phase-in programs as described in section 131(d) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965.".

OVERLAP IN COUNTY BOUNDARIES

SEC. 8. Section 558(e) of the Act is amended by striking out "In any State" and inserting in lieu thereof "Notwithstanding section 111(a)(3)(C) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, in any State". 20 USC 3807. 20 USC 2711.

RESTRICTION OF EXPENDITURES TO MEETING EDUCATIONAL NEEDS

SEC. 9. (a) Section 561(b) of the Act is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: "and because they are the most likely to be able to design programs to meet the educational needs of the students in their own districts". 20 USC 3811.

(b) Section 564(a) of the Act is amended— 20 USC 3814.

(1) by striking out "and" at the end of paragraphs (5) and (6);

(2) by redesignating paragraph (7) as paragraph (8); and

(3) by inserting after paragraph (6) the following new paragraph:

"(7) provides assurance that, apart from technical and advisory assistance and monitoring compliance with this chapter, the State educational agency has exercised and will exercise no influence in the decisionmaking processes of local educational

agencies as to the expenditures made pursuant to its application under section 566; and".

20 USC 3816. (c) Section 566(c) of the Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "In exercising such discretion, it shall be the responsibility of each local educational agency to ensure that each expenditure of funds under this chapter is for the purpose of meeting the educational needs within the schools of that local educational agency.".

PHASE-OUT AND TRANSITION EXPENSES

20 USC 3812. SEC. 10. Section 562(c) of the Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "Until September 30, 1983, such funds may also be used to assist in phasing out programs described in section 20 USC 3811. 561(a) and in promoting an orderly transition to operations under this chapter.".

STATE ALLOTMENTS

20 USC 3813. SEC. 11. The first sentence of section 563(a) is amended by striking out "not to exceed".

AUDIT REQUIREMENT FOR SMALL LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES

20 USC 3814. SEC. 12. Section 564 of the Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

31 USC 7305. "(c) Notwithstanding section 1745 of this Act, local educational agencies receiving less than an average $5,000 each year under this chapter need not be audited more frequently than once every five years.".

REQUIREMENT FOR STATE CERTIFICATION OF LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY APPLICATIONS

20 USC 3816. SEC. 13. Section 566(a) of the Act is amended by striking out everything preceding paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"SEC. 566. (a) A local educational agency may receive its allocation of funds under this chapter for any year for which its application to the State educational agency has been certified to meet the requirements of this subsection. The State educational agency shall certify any such application if such application—".

SCHOOL LEVEL PROGRAMS

20 USC 3823. SEC. 14. Section 573(a) of the Act is amended by striking out "chapter" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "subchapter".

STATE RULEMAKING

20 USC 3871. SEC. 15. Section 591 of the Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(d) Nothing in this subtitle shall be interpreted (1) to authorize State regulations, issued pursuant to procedures as established by State law, applicable to local educational agency programs or projects funded under this subtitle, except as related to State audit and financial responsibilities, or (2) to encourage, preempt, or prohibit

regulations issued pursuant to State law which are not in conflict with the provisions of this subtitle. The imposition of any State rule or policy relating to the administration and operation of programs funded by this subtitle (including those based on State interpretation of any Federal law, regulation, or guideline) shall be identified as a State imposed requirement.".

WITHHOLDING OF PAYMENTS

SEC. 16. Section 592(a) of the Act is amended— 20 USC 3872.

(1) by striking out "on the record" in the first sentence; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "A transcript or recording shall be made of any hearing conducted under this subsection and shall be available for inspection by any person.".

JUDICIAL REVIEW

SEC. 17. Section 593(b) of the Act is amended by inserting "and a local educational agency" after "A State educational agency". 20 USC 3873.

APPLICATION OF GENERAL EDUCATION PROVISIONS ACT

SEC. 18. (a) Section 596 of the Act is amended to read as follows: 20 USC 3876.

"APPLICATION OF OTHER LAWS

"SEC. 596. (a) Except as otherwise specifically provided by this section, the General Education Provisions Act shall apply to the programs authorized by this subtitle. 20 USC 1221.

"(b) The following provisions of the General Education Provisions Act shall be superseded by the specified provisions of this subtitle with respect to the programs authorized by this subtitle:

"(1) Section 408(a)(1) of the General Education Provisions Act is superseded by section 591(a) of this subtitle. 20 USC 1221e-3.

"(2) Section 426(a) of such Act is superseded by section 591(b) of this subtitle. 20 USC 3871. 20 USC 1231c.

"(3) Section 427 of such Act is superseded by section 556(b)(3) of this subtitle. 20 USC 1231d. 20 USC 3805.

"(4) Section 430 of such Act is superseded by sections 556(a) and 564(b) of this subtitle. 20 USC 1231g. 20 USC 3805, 3814.

"(5) Section 431A of such Act is superseded by section 558(a) of this subtitle. 20 USC 1232-1.

"(6) Section 453 of such Act is superseded by section 592 of this subtitle. 20 USC 3807. 20 USC 1234b. 20 USC 3872.

"(7) Section 455 of such Act is superseded by section 593 of this subtitle with respect to judicial review of withholding of payments. 20 USC 1234d. 20 USC 3873.

"(c) Sections 434, 435, and 436 of the General Education Provisions Act, except to the extent that such sections relate to fiscal control and fund accounting procedures, shall not apply to the programs authorized by this subtitle and shall not be construed to authorize the Secretary to require any reports or take any actions not specifically authorized by this subtitle.". 20 USC 1232c-1232e.

(b) Section 406A(a) of the General Education Provisions Act, as added by the Education Amendments of 1974 (relating to responsibility of States to furnish information), is amended— 20 USC 1221e-1a.

(1) by striking out paragraphs (3) and (4);
(2) by inserting "and" at the end of paragraph (2); and
(3) by redesignating paragraph (5) as paragraph (3).

CONFORMING AND TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS TO TITLE I OF ESEA

SEC. 19. (a) Title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 is amended—

20 USC 2762.

(1) in section 142(a) by striking out "subpart 3 of part A, other than sections 122, 123, and 126(d) thereof" in paragraph (3) and inserting in lieu thereof "section 556 (other than subsection (b)(1)) and section 558 of the Education Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981"; and

20 USC 2772, 2782.

(2) in sections 147 and 152(a), by striking out "subpart 3 of part A, other than sections 122, 123, 125, 126(d), and 126(e) thereof" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 556 (other than subsection (b)(1)) and section 558 (other than subsection (c)) of the Education Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981".

(b) The amendments made by subsection (a) shall apply only with respect to funds for use under the Education Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981.

20 USC 3801 note.

EXTENSION OF AUTHORIZATION FOR TITLE VII OF ESEA

SEC. 20. Section 528 of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981 is amended—

20 USC 3489.

(1) by striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (13);
(2) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (14) and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon and the word "and"; and
(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:
"(15) title VII of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965.".

CONFORMING AMENDMENTS

20 USC 3815.

SEC. 21. (a) Section 565(a) of the Act is amended by striking out "nonpublic" and inserting in lieu thereof "private, nonprofit".

20 USC 3383.

(b) The first sentence of section 1003(a)(1) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 is amended by inserting after "Act" a comma and the following: "or the Education Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981".

ASSESSMENT OF COMPENSATORY EDUCATION

SEC. 22. Chapter 1 of the Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"NATIONAL ASSESSMENT OF COMPENSATORY EDUCATION ASSISTED UNDER THIS CHAPTER

20 USC 3808.

"SEC. 559. (a) The Secretary shall conduct a national assessment of compensatory education assisted under this chapter, through independent studies and analysis by the National Institute of Education. The assessment shall include descriptions and assessments of the impact of (1) services delivered, (2) recipients of services, (3) background and training of teachers and staff, (4) allocation of funds (to school sites), (5) coordination with other programs, (6) effectiveness of programs on student's basic and higher order academic skills,

school attendance, and future education, and (7) a national profile of the way in which local educational agencies implement activities described under section 556(b). The National Institute of Education shall consult with the Committee on Labor and Human Resources of the Senate and the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives in the design and implementation of the assessment required by this section. The National Institute of Education shall report to Congress the preliminary results of the assessment required by this section in January and July of 1986, and a final report shall be prepared and submitted to the Congress not later than January 1, 1987.

20 USC 3805.

Reports to Congress.

"(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law or regulation, such reports shall not be subject to any review outside of the Department of Education before their transmittal to the Congress, but the President and the Secretary may make such additional recommendations to the Congress with respect to the assessment as they deem appropriate.".

Recommendations to Congress.

IMPACT AID

SEC. 23. Section 5(c) of the Act of September 30, 1950 (Public Law 874, 81st Congress), is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "If any legislation enacted after March 31, 1983, affects the determination of amounts of payments made on the basis of entitlements established under sections 2, 3, and 4 by placing any additional restriction on payments based on the concentration of children counted under subsection (a) or (b) of section 3 in the schools of a local educational agency, such restriction shall be applied, in the case of any State (other than a territory or possession of the United States) within which there is only one local educational agency, by treating each administrative school district within such State as a local educational agency (solely for the purpose of computing the amount of such payments). Treating such an administrative school district as a local educational agency under the preceding sentence shall not result, during fiscal year 1984, 1985, or 1986, in an increase of more than 10 per centum in the amount of funds paid to such State above the amount which would otherwise be paid to such State for such fiscal year.".

20 USC 240.

NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

SEC. 24. (a) Section 515(b) of the Omnibus Education Reconciliation Act of 1981 is amended by inserting "(g)(2)" after "section 406".

20 USC 1221e–1 note.

(b) The National Center for Education Statistics shall not terminate the study of the condition of education for Hispanic Americans unless specifically required or authorized to do so by law.

Hispanic Americans.
20 USC 1221e–1 note.

EFFECTIVE DATE

SEC. 25. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the amendments made by this Act to the Education Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981 and title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 shall be effective July 1, 1983.

20 USC 3804 note.
20 USC 3801 note.
20 USC 2701.

(b) With respect to the period beginning July 1, 1982, and ending June 30, 1983, no recipient of funds under the Education Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981 shall be held to have expended

such funds in violation of the requirements of such Act if such funds are expended either in accordance with such Act as in effect prior to the date of enactment of this Act or in accordance with such Act as amended by this Act.

Approved December 8, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 1035 (S. 1008):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 98-51 (Comm. on Education and Labor) and No. 98-574 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORT No. 98-166 accompanying S. 1008 (Comm. on Labor and Human Resources).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):

Aug. 4, S. 1008 considered and passed Senate.

Apr. 12, considered and passed House.

Oct. 7, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Nov. 18, House and Senate agreed to conference report.

Public Law 98-212
98th Congress

An Act

Making appropriations for the Department of Defense for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, and for other purposes.

Dec. 8, 1983
[H.R. 4185]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, for military functions administered by the Department of Defense, and for other purposes, namely:

Department of Defense Appropriation Act, 1984.

TITLE I

MILITARY PERSONNEL

Military Personnel, Army

For pay, allowances, individual clothing, subsistence, interest on deposits, gratuities, permanent change of station travel (including all expenses thereof for organizational movements), and expenses of temporary duty travel between permanent duty stations, for members of the Army on active duty (except members of reserve components provided for elsewhere), cadets, and aviation cadets; $15,048,533,000.

Military Personnel, Navy

For pay, allowances, individual clothing, subsistence, interest on deposits, gratuities, permanent change of station travel (including all expenses thereof for organizational movements), and expenses of temporary duty travel between permanent duty stations, for members of the Navy on active duty (except members of the Reserve provided for elsewhere), midshipmen, and aviation cadets; $11,171,278,000: *Provided,* That notwithstanding any other provision of law, funds made available by this Act shall be available for payment of the Aviation Officer Continuation Bonus pursuant to agreements accepted from officers of all aviation specialties where shortages exist.

Military Personnel, Marine Corps

For pay, allowances, individual clothing, subsistence, interest on deposits, gratuities, permanent change of station travel (including all expenses thereof for organizational movements), and expenses of temporary duty travel between permanent duty stations, for members of the Marine Corps on active duty (except members of the Reserve provided for elsewhere); $3,433,859,000: *Provided,* That notwithstanding any other provision of law, funds made available by this Act shall be available for payment of the Aviation Officer

Continuation Bonus pursuant to agreements accepted from officers of all aviation specialties where shortages exist.

MILITARY PERSONNEL, AIR FORCE

For pay, allowances, individual clothing, subsistence, interest on deposits, gratuities, permanent change of station travel (including all expenses thereof for organizational movements), and expenses of temporary duty travel between permanent duty stations, for members of the Air Force on active duty (except members of reserve components provided for elsewhere), cadets, and aviation cadets; $12,577,203,000.

RESERVE PERSONNEL, ARMY

For pay, allowances, clothing, subsistence, gratuities, travel, and related expenses for personnel of the Army Reserve on active duty under sections 265, 3019, and 3033 of title 10, United States Code, or while serving on active duty under section 672(d) of title 10, United States Code, in connection with performing duty specified in section 678(a) of title 10, United States Code, or while undergoing reserve training, or while performing drills or equivalent duty or other duty, and for members of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, and expenses authorized by section 2131 of title 10, United States Code, as authorized by law; $1,361,150,000.

RESERVE PERSONNEL, NAVY

For pay, allowances, clothing, subsistence, gratuities, travel, and related expenses for personnel of the Naval Reserve on active duty under section 265 of title 10, United States Code, or personnel while serving on active duty under section 672(d) of title 10, United States Code, in connection with performing duty specified in section 678(a) of title 10, United States Code, or while undergoing reserve training, or while performing drills or equivalent duty, and for members of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, and expenses authorized by section 2131 of title 10, United States Code, as authorized by law; $739,800,000.

RESERVE PERSONNEL, MARINE CORPS

For pay, allowances, clothing, subsistence, gratuities, travel, and related expenses for personnel of the Marine Corps Reserve on active duty under section 265 of title 10, United States Code, or while serving on active duty under section 672(d) of title 10, United States Code, in connection with performing duty specified in section 678(a) of title 10, United States Code, or while undergoing reserve training, or while performing drills or equivalent duty, and for members of the Marine Corps platoon leaders class, and expenses authorized by section 2131 of title 10, United States Code, as authorized by law; $176,200,000.

RESERVE PERSONNEL, AIR FORCE

For pay, allowances, clothing, subsistence, gratuities, travel, a.. related expenses for personnel of the Air Force Reserve on active duty under sections 265, 8019, and 8033 of title 10, United States Code, or while serving on active duty under section 672(d) of title 10,

United States Code, in connection with performing duty specified in section 678(a) of title 10, United States Code, or while undergoing reserve training, or while performing drills or equivalent duty or other duty, and for members of the Air Reserve Officers' Training Corps, and expenses authorized by section 2131 of title 10, United States Code, as authorized by law; $380,000,000.

NATIONAL GUARD PERSONNEL, ARMY

For pay, allowances, clothing, subsistence, gratuities, travel, and related expenses for personnel of the Army National Guard while on duty under sections 265, 3033, or 3496 of title 10 or section 708 of title 32, United States Code, or while serving on active duty under section 672(d) of title 10 or section 502(f) of title 32, United States Code, in connection with performing duty specified in section 678(a) of title 10, United States Code, or while undergoing training, or while performing drills or equivalent duty or other duty, and expenses authorized by section 2131 of title 10, United States Code, as authorized by law; $1,882,980,000.

NATIONAL GUARD PERSONNEL, AIR FORCE

For pay, allowances, clothing, subsistence, gratuities, travel, and related expenses for personnel of the Air National Guard on duty under sections 265, 8033, or 8496 of title 10 or section 708 of title 32, United States Code, or while serving on active duty under section 672(d) of title 10 or section 502(f) of title 32, United States Code, in connection with performing duty specified in section 678(a) of title 10, United States Code, or while undergoing training, or while performing drills or equivalent duty or other duty, and expenses authorized by section 2131 of title 10, United States Code, as authorized by law; $589,100,000.

TITLE II

RETIRED MILITARY PERSONNEL

RETIRED PAY, DEFENSE

For retired pay and retirement pay, as authorized by law, of military personnel on the retired lists of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, and Air Force, including the reserve components thereof, retainer pay for personnel of the Inactive Fleet Reserve, and payments under section 4 of Public Law 92-425 and chapter 73 of title 10, United States Code; $16,592,600,000.

10 USC 1448 note, 1431 *et seq.*

TITLE III

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the operation and maintenance of the Army, as authorized by law, not to exceed $8,490,000 can be used for emergencies and extraordinary expenses, to be expended on the approval or authority of the Secretary of the Army, and payments may be made on his certificate of

necessity for confidential military purposes, $17,054,846,000, of which not less than $1,247,000,000 shall be available only for the maintenance of real property facilities.

ARMY STOCK FUND

For the Army stock fund; $388,600,000.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the operation and maintenance of the Navy and the Marine Corps, as authorized by law, not to exceed $2,700,000 can be used for emergencies and extraordinary expenses, to be expended on the approval or authority of the Secretary of the Navy, and payments may be made on his certificate of necessity for confidential military purposes, $21,943,818,000, of which not less than $605,000,000 shall be available only for the maintenance of real property facilities: *Provided*, That of the total amount of this appropriation made available for the alteration, overhaul, and repair of naval vessels, not more than $3,100,000,000 shall be available for the performance of such work in Navy shipyards: *Provided further*, That funds herein provided shall be available for payments in support of the LEASAT program in accordance with the terms of the Aide Memoire, dated January 5, 1981.

NAVY STOCK FUND

For the Navy stock fund; $632,869,000.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, MARINE CORPS

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the operation and maintenance of the Marine Corps, as authorized by law, $1,524,600,000, of which not less than $231,000,000 shall be available only for the maintenance of real property facilities.

MARINE CORPS STOCK FUND

For the Marine Corps stock fund; $20,780,000.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AIR FORCE

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the operation and maintenance of the Air Force, as authorized by law, including the lease and associated maintenance of replacement aircraft for the CT-39 aircraft to the same extent and manner as authorized for service contracts by section 2306(g), title 10, United States Code, and not to exceed $4,770,000 can be used for emergencies and extraordinary expenses, to be expended on the approval or authority of the Secretary of the Air Force, and payments may be made on his certificate of necessity for confidential military purposes, $17,573,895,000, of which not less than $1,217,200,000 shall be available only for the maintenance of real property facilities.

AIR FORCE STOCK FUND

For the Air Force stock fund; $1,288,725,000.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, DEFENSE AGENCIES

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the operation and maintenance of activities and agencies of the Department of Defense (other than the military departments), as authorized by law, $6,446,652,000, of which not to exceed $8,571,000 can be used for emergencies and extraordinary expenses, to be expended on the approval or authority of the Secretary of Defense, and payments may be made on his certificate of necessity for confidential military purposes. Of the total amount of this appropriation, not less than $78,000,000 shall be available only for the maintenance of real property facilities.

DEFENSE STOCK FUND

For the Defense stock fund; $43,600,000.

DEFENSE INDUSTRIAL FUND

For the Defense industrial fund; $150,000,000.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY RESERVE

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the operation and maintenance, including training, organization, and administration, of the Army Reserve; repair of facilities and equipment; hire of passenger motor vehicles; travel and transportation; care of the dead; recruiting; procurement of services, supplies, and equipment; and communications, $683,850,000, of which not less than $39,000,000 shall be available only for maintenance of real property facilities.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY RESERVE

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the operation and maintenance, including training, organization, and administration, of the Navy Reserve; repair of facilities and equipment; hire of passenger motor vehicles; travel and transportation; care of the dead; recruiting; procurement of services, supplies, and equipment; and communications, $634,500,000, of which not less than $29,500,000 shall be available only for the maintenance of real property facilities.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, MARINE CORPS RESERVE

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the operation and maintenance, including training, organization, and administration, of the Marine Corps Reserve; repair of facilities and equipment; hire of passenger motor vehicles; travel and transportation; care of the dead; recruiting; procurement of services, supplies, and equipment; and communications, $52,129,000, of which not less than $2,200,000 shall be available only for the maintenance of real property facilities.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AIR FORCE RESERVE

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the operation and maintenance, including training, organization, and ad-

ministration, of the Air Force Reserve; repair of facilities and equipment; hire of passenger motor vehicles; travel and transportation; care of the dead; recruiting; procurement of services, supplies, and equipment; and communications, $781,600,000, of which not less than $19,000,000 shall be available only for the maintenance of real property facilities.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY NATIONAL GUARD

For expenses of training, organizing, and administering the Army National Guard, including medical and hospital treatment and related expenses in non-Federal hospitals; maintenance, operation, and repairs to structures and facilities; hire of passenger motor vehicles; personnel services in the National Guard Bureau; travel expenses (other than mileage), as authorized by law for Army personnel on active duty, for Army National Guard division, regimental, and battalion commanders while inspecting units in compliance with National Guard regulations when specifically authorized by the Chief, National Guard Bureau; supplying and equipping the Army National Guard as authorized by law; and expenses of repair, modification, maintenance, and issue of supplies and equipment (including aircraft), $1,170,190,000, of which not less than $40,000,000 shall be available only for the maintenance of real property facilities.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AIR NATIONAL GUARD

For operation and maintenance of the Air National Guard, including medical and hospital treatment and related expenses in non-Federal hospitals; maintenance, operation, repair, and other necessary expenses of facilities for the training and administration of the Air National Guard, including repair of facilities, maintenance, operation, and modification of aircraft; transportation of things; hire of passenger motor vehicles; supplies, materials, and equipment, as authorized by law for the Air National Guard; and expenses incident to the maintenance and use of supplies, materials, and equipment, including such as may be furnished from stocks under the control of agencies of the Department of Defense; travel expenses (other than mileage) on the same basis as authorized by law for Air National Guard personnel on active Federal duty, for Air National Guard commanders while inspecting units in compliance with National Guard regulations when specifically authorized by the Chief, National Guard Bureau, $1,789,300,000, of which not less than $38,800,000 shall be available only for the maintenance of real property facilities.

NATIONAL BOARD FOR THE PROMOTION OF RIFLE PRACTICE, ARMY

For the necessary expenses, in accordance with law, for construction, equipment, and maintenance of rifle ranges; the instruction of citizens in marksmanship; the promotion of rifle practice; and the travel of rifle teams, military personnel, and individuals attending regional, national, and international competitions; $899,000, of which not to exceed $7,500 shall be available for incidental expenses of the National Board; and from other funds provided in this Act, not to exceed $680,000 worth of ammunition may be issued under authority of title 10, United States Code, section 4311: *Provided*, That competitors at national matches under title 10, United States

Code, section 4312, may be paid subsistence and travel allowances in excess of the amounts provided under title 10, United States Code, section 4313.

CLAIMS, DEFENSE

For payment, not otherwise provided for, of claims authorized by law to be paid by the Department of Defense (except for civil functions), including claims for damages arising under training contracts with carriers, and repayment of amounts determined by the Secretary concerned, or officers designated by him, to have been erroneously collected from military and civilian personnel of the Department of Defense, or from States, territories, or the District of Columbia, or members of the National Guard units thereof; $160,400,000.

COURT OF MILITARY APPEALS, DEFENSE

For salaries and expenses necessary for the United States Court of Military Appeals; $3,372,000, and not to exceed $1,500 can be used for official representation purposes.

SUMMER OLYMPICS

For logistical support and personnel services (other than pay and nontravel related allowances of members of the Armed Forces of the United States, except for members of the Reserve components thereof called or ordered to active duty to provide support for the XXIII Olympiad) provided by any component of the Department of Defense to the 1984 games of the XXIII Olympiad; $45,000,000: *Provided*, That the Department of Defense may also provide support to the Los Angeles Olympic Organizing Committee on a reimbursable basis, with such reimbursements to be credited to the current applicable appropriation accounts of the Department.

ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, DEFENSE

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, for environmental restoration programs, including hazardous waste disposal operations and removal of unsafe or unsightly buildings and debris of the Department of Defense, and including programs and operations at sites formerly used by the Department of Defense; $150,000,000.

TITLE IV

PROCUREMENT

AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT, ARMY

For construction, procurement, production, modification, and modernization of aircraft, equipment, including ordnance, ground handling equipment, spare parts, and accessories therefor; specialized equipment and training devices; expansion of public and private plants, including the land necessary therefor, without regard to section 4774, title 10, United States Code, for the foregoing purposes, and such lands and interests therein, may be acquired, and construction prosecuted thereon prior to approval of title as required by section 355, Revised Statutes, as amended; and procurement and 40 USC 255.

installation of equipment, appliances, and machine tools in public and private plants; reserve plant and Government and contractor-owned equipment layaway; and other expenses necessary for the foregoing purposes; $3,214,048,000, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1986.

MISSILE PROCUREMENT, ARMY

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For construction, procurement, production, modification, and modernization of missiles, equipment, including ordnance, ground handling equipment, spare parts, and accessories therefor; specialized equipment and training devices; expansion of public and private plants, including the land necessary therefor, without regard to section 4774, title 10, United States Code, for the foregoing purposes, and such lands and interests therein, may be acquired, and construction prosecuted thereon prior to approval of title as required by section 355, Revised Statutes, as amended; and procurement and installation of equipment, appliances, and machine tools in public and private plants; reserve plant and Government and contractor-owned equipment layaway; and other expenses necessary for the foregoing purposes, as follows: For Other Missile Support, $9,200,000; for the Patriot program, $885,000,000; for the Stinger program, $105,200,000, and in addition, $32,600,000 to be derived by transfer from "Missile Procurement, Army, 1983/1985"; for the Laser Hellfire program, $218,800,000; for the TOW program, $189,200,000; for the Pershing II program, $407,700,000; for the MLRS program, $532,100,000; for modification of missiles, $123,300,000; for spares and repair parts, $271,000,000; for support equipment and facilities, $109,200,000; in all: $2,822,700,000, and in addition $32,600,000 to be derived by transfer, to remain available until September 30, 1986: *Provided,* That within the total amount appropriated, the subdivisions within this account shall be reduced by $28,000,000 for revised economic assumptions.

40 USC 255.

PROCUREMENT OF WEAPONS AND TRACKED COMBAT VEHICLES, ARMY

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For construction, procurement, production, and modification of weapons and tracked combat vehicles, equipment, including ordnance, spare parts and accessories therefor; specialized equipment and training devices; expansion of public and private plants, including the land necessary therefor, without regard to section 4774, title 10, United States Code, for the foregoing purposes, and such lands and interests therein may be acquired, and construction prosecuted thereon prior to approval of title as required by section 355, Revised Statutes, as amended; and procurement and installation of equipment, appliances, and machine tools in public and private plants; reserve plant and Government and contractor-owned equipment layaway; and other expenses necessary for the foregoing purposes; $4,594,103,000, and in addition, $65,200,000, to be derived by transfer from "Procurement of Weapons and Tracked Combat Vehicles, Army, 1982/1984" and $83,800,000, to be derived by transfer from "Procurement of Weapons and Tracked Combat Vehicles, Army, 1983/1985", to remain available for obligation until September 30,

1986: *Provided*, That notwithstanding any other provision of law, within three months after enactment of this Act the Secretary of Defense shall complete and submit to the Committees on Appropriations and Armed Services of the House and Senate a study on the feasibility and cost effectiveness of establishing a second production source or multiyear procurement of the AGT 1500 engine for the M-1 tank, together with the Secretary's determination, based on the findings of such study, whether a second production source or multiyear procurement contract is in the national interest: *Provided further*, That current production of the AGT 1500 engine shall not be interrupted or reduced in the interim.

M-1 tank engine study, submittal to congressional committees.

PROCUREMENT OF AMMUNITION, ARMY

For construction, procurement, production, and modification of ammunition, and accessories therefor; specialized equipment and training devices; expansion of public and private plants, including ammunition facilities authorized in military construction authorization Acts or authorized by section 2673, title 10, United States Code, and the land necessary therefor, without regard to section 4774, title 10, United States Code, for the foregoing purposes, and such lands and interests therein, may be acquired, and construction prosecuted thereon prior to approval of title as required by section 355, Revised Statutes, as amended; and procurement and installation of equipment, appliances, and machine tools in public and private plants; reserve plant and Government and contractor-owned equipment layaway; and other expenses necessary for the foregoing purposes; $1,980,100,000, of which $1,200,000 shall be available only for procurement of 9mm handgun ammunition, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1986.

40 USC 255.

OTHER PROCUREMENT, ARMY

For construction, procurement, production, and modification of vehicles, including tactical, support (including not to exceed fifteen vehicles required for physical security of personnel notwithstanding price limitations applicable to passenger carrying vehicles but not to exceed $100,000 per vehicle), and nontracked combat vehicles; the purchase of not to exceed two thousand one hundred and forty-one passenger motor vehicles for replacement only; communications and electronic equipment; other support equipment; spare parts, ordnance, and accessories therefor; specialized equipment and training devices; expansion of public and private plants, including the land necessary therefor, without regard to section 4774, title 10, United States Code, for the foregoing purposes, and such lands and interests therein, may be acquired, and construction prosecuted thereon prior to approval of title as required by section 355, Revised Statutes, as amended; and procurement and installation of equipment, appliances, and machine tools in public and private plants; reserve plant and Government and contractor-owned equipment layaway; and other expenses necessary for the foregoing purposes; $4,680,528,000, of which $24,400,000 shall be available for the M9 Armored Combat Earthmover under a multiyear contract, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1986.

AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT, NAVY

For construction, procurement, production, modification, and modernization of aircraft, equipment including ordnance, spare parts, and accessories therefor; specialized equipment; expansion of public and private plants, including the land necessary therefor, and such lands and interests therein, may be acquired, and construction prosecuted thereon prior to approval of title as required by section 355, Revised Statutes, as amended; and procurement and installation of equipment, appliances, and machine tools in public and private plants; reserve plant and Government and contractor-owned equipment layaway; $10,174,608,000, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1986.

40 USC 255.

WEAPONS PROCUREMENT, NAVY

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For construction, procurement, production, modification, and modernization of missiles, torpedoes, other weapons, and related support equipment including spare parts, and accessories therefor; expansion of public and private plants, including the land necessary therefor, and such lands and interests therein, may be acquired, and construction prosecuted thereon prior to approval of title as required by section 355, Revised Statutes, as amended; and procurement and installation of equipment, appliances, and machine tools in public and private plants; reserve plant and Government and contractor-owned equipment layaway, as follows: For missile programs, $2,962,600,000; for the MK-48 torpedo program, $124,600,000; for the MK-46 torpedo program, $212,900,000; for the MK-60 captor mine program, $73,900,000; for the MK-30 mobile target program, $17,600,000; for the MK-38 mini mobile target program, $2,000,000; for the antisubmarine rocket (ASROC) program, $17,300,000; for modification of torpedoes, $111,800,000; for the torpedo support equipment program, $72,100,000; for the MK-15 close-in weapons system program, $120,400,000; for the MK-45 gun mount/MK-6 ammunition hoist, $16,100,000; for the MK-75 gun mount program, $11,100,000; for the MK-19 machine gun program, $900,000; for the 25mm gun mount, $700,000; for the 9mm handgun, $500,000; for small arms and weapons, $2,500,000; for the modification of guns and gun mounts, $13,600,000; for the guns and gun mounts support equipment program, $9,300,000; in all: $3,725,332,000, and in addition, $77,800,000, to be derived by transfer from "Weapons Procurement, Navy, 1983/1985", to remain available until September 30, 1986: *Provided*, That within the total amount appropriated, the subdivisions within this account shall be reduced by $44,568,000, as follows: $8,568,000 for spares and repair parts and $36,000,000 for revised economic assumptions.

SHIPBUILDING AND CONVERSION, NAVY

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For expenses necessary for the construction, acquisition, or conversion of vessels as authorized by law, including armor and armament thereof, plant equipment, appliances, and machine tools and installation thereof in public and private plants; reserve plant and

Government and contractor-owned equipment layaway; procurement of critical, long leadtime components and designs for vessels to be constructed or converted in the future; and expansion of public and private plants, including land necessary therefor, and such lands and interests therein, may be acquired, and construction prosecuted thereon prior to approval of title as required by section 355, Revised Statutes, as amended, as follows: for the Trident submarine program, $1,704,900,000; for the T-AK cargo ship conversion program, $900,000; for the SSN-688 nuclear attack submarine program, $2,018,000,000; for the reactivation of the U.S.S. Missouri, $57,700,000: *Provided,* That none of these funds shall be available for obligation until the Secretary of the Navy reports to the Committees on Appropriations on the decision whether to implement the phase II battleship modernization, and any decision to proceed with phase II shall be accompanied by a plan for implementation to include cost and schedule data; for the aircraft carrier service life extension program, $95,900,000; for the CG-47 AEGIS cruiser program, $3,285,000,000; for the DDG-51 guided missile destroyer program, $79,000,000; for the LSD-41 landing ship dock program, $405,500,000; for the FFG-7 guided missile frigate program, $116,400,000, and in addition, provided that the FFG-7 guided missile frigate shall be constructed with an upgraded MK-92 fire control system and an X-band phased array radar, the following amounts shall be derived by transfer: from the FFG-7 guided missile frigate program of "Shipbuilding and Conversion, Navy, 1980/1984", $26,500,000; from the FFG-7 guided missile frigate program of "Shipbuilding and Conversion, Navy, 1981/1985", $19,100,000; from SSN-688 nuclear attack submarine, FFG-7 guided missile frigate, T-AGOS ocean surveillance ship, and escalation programs of "Shipbuilding and Conversion, Navy, 1982/1986", $66,000,000; and from the Trident submarine, SSN-688 nuclear attack submarine, FFG-7 guided missile frigate, CVN aircraft carrier, and escalation programs of "Shipbuilding and Conversion, Navy, 1983/1987", $72,000,000; in all, $183,600,000 to be derived by transfer; for the T-AO fleet oiler ship program, $335,500,000; for the MCM mine countermeasures ship program, $301,000,000: *Provided further,* That funds appropriated or made available in this Act for the MCM mine countermeasures ship program may be obligated or expended only under a firm fixed price contract: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated or made available in this Act for the MCM mine countermeasures ship program may be obligated or expended until such time as the Department of the Navy develops electromagnetic interference specifications for the MCM-1 class of ships, and the Secretary of the Navy certifies to the Committees on Appropriations that the electromagnetic interference specifications developed will result in a design that will be free of electromagnetic interference in the context of the approved electromagnetic interference and electromagnetic compatibility specifications; for the MSH coastal mine hunter program, $65,000,000; for the T-AGS surveying ship program, $17,000,000; for the T-AKR fast logistics ship program, $230,000,000; for the T-AH hospital ship program, $180,000,000, and in addition, $44,000,000 to be derived by transfer from the T-AH hospital ship program of "Shipbuilding and Conversion, Navy, 1983/1987"; for the T-AFS combat stores ship program, $11,000,000; for the LHD-1 amphibious assault ship program, $1,365,700,000; for the strategic sealift program, $31,000,000; for craft, outfitting, post delivery, cost growth, and escalation on prior year programs,

40 USC 255.

Battleship modernization, report to congressional committees.

Certified specifications to congressional committees.

$1,056,400,000; in all: $11,215,400,000, and in addition, $227,600,000 to be derived by transfer, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1988: *Provided further,* That additional obligations may be incurred after September 30, 1988, for engineering services, tests, evaluations, and other such budgeted work that must be performed in the final stage of ship construction; and each Shipbuilding and Conversion, Navy, appropriation that is currently available for such obligations may also hereafter be so obligated after the date of its expiration: *Provided further,* That within the total amount appropriated, the subdivisions within this account shall be reduced by $140,500,000, as follows: $27,500,000 for consultants, studies, and analyses, and $113,000,000 for revised economic assumptions: *Provided further,* That none of the funds herein provided for the construction or conversion of any naval vessel to be constructed in shipyards in the United States shall be expended in foreign shipyards for the construction of major components of the hull or superstructure of such vessel: *Provided further,* That none of the funds herein provided shall be used for the construction of any naval vessel in foreign shipyards.

OTHER PROCUREMENT, NAVY

For procurement, production, and modernization of support equipment and materials not otherwise provided for, Navy ordnance and ammunition (except ordnance for new aircraft, new ships, and ships authorized for conversion); the purchase of not to exceed one vehicle required for physical security of personnel notwithstanding price limitations applicable to passenger carrying vehicles but not to exceed $100,000 per vehicle and the purchase of not to exceed six hundred and sixty-seven passenger motor vehicles of which six hundred and twenty-five shall be for replacement only; expansion of public and private plants, including the land necessary therefor, and such lands and interests therein, may be acquired, and construction prosecuted thereon prior to approval of title as required by section 355, Revised Statutes, as amended; and procurement and installation of equipment, appliances, and machine tools in public and private plants; reserve plant and Government and contractor-owned equipment layaway, as follows: For ship support equipment, $673,909,000; for communications and electronics equipment, $1,555,233,000; for aviation support equipment, $699,405,000; for ordnance support equipment, $926,162,000, of which $698,000 shall be available only for procurement of 9mm handgun ammunition; for civil engineering support equipment, $196,622,000; for supply support equipment, $112,474,000; for personnel/command support equipment, $275,601,000; in all: $4,308,543,000, to remain available until September 30, 1986: *Provided,* That within the total amount appropriated, the subdivisions within this account shall be reduced by $130,863,000 as follows: $16,863,000 for spares and repair parts; $20,000,000 undistributed reduction; $4,000,000 for consultants, studies, and analyses; and $90,000,000 for revised economic assumptions.

40 USC 255.

PROCUREMENT, MARINE CORPS

For expenses necessary for the procurement, manufacture, and modification of missiles, armament, ammunition, military equipment, spare parts, and accessories therefor; plant equipment, appliances, and machine tools, and installation thereof in public and

private plants; reserve plant and Government and contractor-owned equipment layaway; vehicles for the Marine Corps, including purchase of not to exceed two hundred and four passenger motor vehicles for replacement only; and expansion of public and private plants, including land necessary therefor, and such lands, and interests therein, may be acquired and construction prosecuted thereon prior to approval of title as required by section 355, Revised Statutes, as amended; $1,741,306,000, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1986. 40 USC 255.

AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For construction, procurement, and modification of aircraft and equipment, including armor and armament, specialized ground handling equipment, and training devices, spare parts, and accessories therefor; specialized equipment; expansion of public and private plants, Government-owned equipment and installation thereof in such plants, erection of structures, and acquisition of land without regard to section 9774 of title 10, United States Code, for the foregoing purposes, and such lands and interests therein, may be acquired, and construction prosecuted thereon prior to approval of title as required by section 355, Revised Statutes, as amended; reserve plant and Government and contractor-owned equipment layaway; and other expenses necessary for the foregoing purposes including rents and transportation of things; $21,080,110,000, of which $5,626,800,000 shall be available only for the purchase of the B-1B bomber under a multiyear contract, of which $112,100,000 shall be available for contribution of the United States share of the cost of the acquisition by the North Atlantic Treaty Organization of an Airborne Early Warning and Control System (AWACS) and, in addition, the Department of Defense may make a commitment to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization to assume the United States share of contingent liability in connection with the NATO E-3A Cooperative Programme; and in addition, $310,200,000, which shall be derived by transfer from "Aircraft Procurement, Air Force, 1983/1985", of which $288,200,000 shall be from the A-10 program, $14,000,000 shall be from the C-135 modification program, and $8,000,000 shall be from the C-130H program to be available only for the purchase of C-130H aircraft; and in addition, $12,900,000, which shall be derived by transfer from "Aircraft Procurement, Air Force, 1982/1984", from the Civilian Reserve Airlift Fleet modification program to be available only for the Civilian Reserve Airlift Fleet modification program: *Provided*, That none of the funds in this Act may be obligated under the four major fiscal year 1984 production contracts for the B-1B bomber if the current dollar costs of such production contracts would exceed the Air Force's original current dollar estimates for the four major fiscal year 1984 B-1B production contracts based on the production portion of the $20,500,000,000 estimate for the B-1B bomber baseline costs expressed in fiscal year 1981 constant dollars; to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1986: *Provided*, That none of the funds appropriated by this Act may be obligated for procurement of the alternate fighter engine until the Secretary of Defense notifies the appropriations committees of both the House and the Senate of his approval of the decision made by the source selection authority: *Provided further*, Notification to congressional committees.

That nothing in this paragraph shall prohibit award of separate long lead contracts for essential parts and components necessary to meet the required delivery schedule for the alternate fighter engine.

MISSILE PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For construction, procurement, and modification of missiles, spacecraft, rockets, and related equipment, including spare parts and accessories therefor, ground handling equipment, and training devices; expansion of public and private plants, Government-owned equipment and installation thereof in such plants, erection of structures, and acquisition of land without regard to section 9774 of title 10, United States Code, for the foregoing purposes, and such lands and interests therein, may be acquired and construction prosecuted thereon prior to approval of title as required by section 355, Revised Statutes, as amended; reserve plant and Government and contractor-owned equipment layaway; and other expenses necessary for the foregoing purposes including rents and transportation of things; $7,747,838,000, of which $81,600,000 shall be available for the purchase of the phase III Defense Satellite Communications System (DSCS III) under a multiyear contract: *Provided,* That after the Secretary of the Air Force gives written notification of a proposed multiyear contract for the Defense Satellite Communications System to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives, such contract may not then be awarded until forty-five days after such notification; and of which $200,000,000 for cooperative NATO air base defense shall not be available to support implementing an agreement with any foreign government until forty-five days after such agreement, together with supporting data including total program cost estimates, has been submitted to the Congress; and in addition, $55,000,000, to be derived by transfer from "Missile Procurement, Air Force, 1983/1985", to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1986.

40 USC 255.

Notification to congressional committees.

OTHER PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE

For procurement and modification of equipment (including ground guidance and electronic control equipment, and ground electronic and communication equipment), and supplies, materials, and spare parts therefor, not otherwise provided for; the purchase of not to exceed five vehicles required for physical security of personnel notwithstanding price limitations applicable to passenger carrying vehicles but not to exceed $100,000 per vehicle and the purchase of not to exceed one thousand two hundred and sixty-one passenger motor vehicles of which seven hundred and thirteen shall be for replacement only; and expansion of public and private plants, Government-owned equipment and installation thereof in such plants, erection of structures, and acquisition of land without regard to section 9774 of title 10, United States Code, for the foregoing purposes, and such lands and interests therein, may be acquired, and construction prosecuted thereon, prior to approval of title as required by section 355, Revised Statutes, as amended; reserve plant and Government and contractor-owned equipment layaway; $6,914,232,000, of which $1,000,000 shall be available only for procurement of 9mm handguns and $446,000 shall be available only for

procurement of 9mm handgun ammunition, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1986.

NATIONAL GUARD AND RESERVE EQUIPMENT

For procurement of aircraft, missiles, tracked combat vehicles, and other procurement for the reserve components of the Armed Forces, not to exceed $176,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1986, distributed as follows: Army National Guard, not to exceed $100,000,000; Air National Guard, not to exceed $25,000,000; Naval Reserve, not to exceed $51,000,000.

ACQUISITION, CONSTRUCTION, AND IMPROVEMENTS, COAST GUARD

For acquisition, construction, and improvements, not otherwise provided for; $300,000,000, to be transferred to the Coast Guard: "Acquisition, Construction, and Improvements", to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1986.

PROCUREMENT, DEFENSE AGENCIES

For expenses of activities and agencies of the Department of Defense (other than the military departments) necessary for procurement, production, and modification of equipment, supplies, materials, and spare parts therefor, not otherwise provided for; the purchase of not to exceed seven vehicles required for physical security of personnel notwithstanding price limitations applicable to passenger carrying vehicles but not to exceed $100,000 per vehicle and the purchase of not to exceed seven hundred and twenty-two passenger motor vehicles of which three hundred and ninety-three shall be for replacement only; expansion of public and private plants, equipment, and installation thereof in such plants, erection of structures, and acquisition of land for the foregoing purposes, and such lands and interests therein, may be acquired, and construction prosecuted thereon prior to approval of title as required by section 355, Revised Statutes, as amended; reserve plant and Government and contractor-owned equipment layaway; $942,657,000, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1986. 40 USC 255.

TITLE V

RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION

RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION, ARMY

For expenses necessary for basic and applied scientific research, development, test, and evaluation, including maintenance, rehabilitation, lease, and operation of facilities and equipment, as authorized by law; $4,199,125,000, of which $15,000,000 shall be available only for integration (including qualification) of the Hellfire missile on the UH-60 helicopter, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1985.

RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION, NAVY

For expenses necessary for basic and applied scientific research, development, test, and evaluation, including maintenance, rehabilitation, lease, and operation of facilities and equipment, as author-

ized by law; $7,559,818,000, of which not less than $72,593,000 shall be available only for the Mark 92 fire control system which includes the phased array radar improvement program and of which not less than $61,165,000 shall be available only for the Marine Corps Assault Vehicles program which includes the MPGS, LVT(X), and LAV subprojects, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1985.

RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION, AIR FORCE

For expenses necessary for basic and applied scientific research, development, test, and evaluation, including maintenance, rehabilitation, lease, and operation of facilities and equipment, as authorized by law; $12,227,706,000, of which $23,500,000 shall not be made available for obligation on visible/ultraviolet laser technology prior to the submission of a report by the Department of Defense Defensive Technologies Study Team recommending a plan for the expenditure of laser technology funds, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1985.

Laser technology report.

RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION, DEFENSE AGENCIES

For expenses of activities and agencies of the Department of Defense (other than the military departments), necessary for basic and applied scientific research, development, test, and evaluation; advanced research projects as may be designated and determined by the Secretary of Defense, pursuant to law; maintenance, rehabilitation, lease, and operation of facilities and equipment, as authorized by law; $2,703,620,000, of which $20,000,000 shall not be made available for obligation on short wavelength laser technology prior to the submission of a report by the Department of Defense Defensive Technologies Study Team recommending a plan for the expenditure of laser technology funds, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1985: *Provided*, That such amounts as may be determined by the Secretary of Defense to have been made available in other appropriations available to the Department of Defense during the current fiscal year for programs related to advanced research may be transferred to and merged with this appropriation to be available for the same purposes and time period: *Provided further*, That such amounts of this appropriation as may be determined by the Secretary of Defense may be transferred to carry out the purposes of advanced research to those appropriations for military functions under the Department of Defense which are being utilized for related programs to be merged with and to be available for the same time period as the appropriation to which transferred.

Laser technology report.

DIRECTOR OF TEST AND EVALUATION, DEFENSE

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, of independent activities of the Director of Defense Test and Evaluation in the direction and supervision of test and evaluation, including initial operational testing and evaluation; and performance of joint testing and evaluation; and administrative expenses in connection therewith; $49,000,000, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1985.

TITLE VI

SPECIAL FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM

For payment in foreign currrencies which the Treasury Department determines to be excess to the normal requirements of the United States for expenses in carrying out programs of the Department of Defense, as authorized by law; $3,050,000, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1985: *Provided,* That this appropriation shall be available in addition to other appropriations to such Department, for payments in the foregoing currencies.

TITLE VII

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Consulting services.

SEC. 701. The expenditure of any appropriation under this Act for any consulting service through procurement contract, pursuant to section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, shall be limited to those contracts where such expenditures are a matter of public record and available for public inspection, except where otherwise provided under existing law, or under existing Executive order issued pursuant to existing law.

Publicity or propaganda.

SEC. 702. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used for publicity or propaganda purposes not authorized by the Congress.

Experts and consultants.

SEC. 703. During the current fiscal year, the Secretary of Defense and the Secretaries of the Army, Navy, and Air Force, respectively, if they should deem it advantageous to the national defense, and if in their opinions the existing facilities of the Department of Defense are inadequate, are authorized to procure services in accordance with section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense, and to pay in connection therewith travel expenses of individuals, including actual transportation and per diem in lieu of subsistence while traveling from their homes or places of business to official duty stations and return as may be authorized by law: *Provided,* That such contracts may be renewed annually.

Noncitizen compensation and employment.
10 USC 1584 note.

SEC. 704. During the current fiscal year, provisions of law prohibiting the payment of compensation to, or employment of, any person not a citizen of the United States shall not apply to personnel of the Department of Defense.

10 USC 138 note.

SEC. 705. Appropriations contained in this Act and in subsequent appropriation Acts for the Department of Defense shall be available for insurance of official motor vehicles in foreign countries, when required by laws of such countries; payments in advance of expenses determined by the investigating officer to be necessary and in accord with local custom for conducting investigations in foreign countries incident to matters relating to the activities of the department concerned; reimbursement to General Services Administration for security guard services for protection of confidential files; and all necessary expenses, at the seat of government of the United States of America or elsewhere, in connection with communication and other services and supplies as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act.

Prisoners of war.
10 USC 138 note.

SEC. 706. Any appropriation available hereafter to the Army, Navy, or Air Force may, under such regulations as the Secretary

concerned may prescribe, be used for expenses incident to the maintenance, pay, and allowances of prisoners of war, other persons in Army, Navy, or Air Force custody whose status is determined by the Secretary concerned to be similar to prisoners of war, and persons detained in such custody pursuant to Presidential proclamation.

Land acquisition.
10 USC 138 note.

SEC. 707. Appropriations available to the Department of Defense for the current fiscal year and hereafter for maintenance or construction shall be available for acquisition of land or interest therein as authorized by sections 2672, 2675 or 2828 of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 708. Appropriations for the Department of Defense for the current fiscal year shall be available (a) for transportation to primary and secondary schools of minor dependents of military and civilian personnel of the Department of Defense as authorized for the Navy by section 7204 of title 10, United States Code; (b) for expenses in connection with administration of occupied areas; (c) for payment of rewards as authorized for the Navy by section 7209(a) of title 10, United States Code, for information leading to the discovery of missing naval property or the recovery thereof; (d) for payment of deficiency judgments and interests thereon arising out of condemnation proceedings; (e) for leasing of buildings and facilities including payment of rentals for special purpose space at the seat of government, and in the conduct of field exercises and maneuvers or, in administering the provisions of the Act of July 9, 1942 (56 Stat. 654; 43 U.S.C. 315q), rentals may be paid in advance; (f) payments under contracts for maintenance of tools and facilities for twelve months beginning at any time during the fiscal year; (g) maintenance of defense access roads certified as important to national defense in accordance with section 210 of title 23, United States Code; (h) for the purchase of milk for enlisted personnel of the Department of Defense heretofore made available pursuant to section 202 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1446a), and the cost of milk so purchased, as determined by the Secretary of Defense, shall be included in the value of the commuted ration; (i) transporting civilian clothing to the home of record of selective service inductees and recruits on entering the military services; (j) payments under leases for real or personal property, including maintenance thereof when contracted for as a part of the lease agreement, for twelve months beginning at any time during the fiscal year; (k) pay and allowances of not to exceed nine persons, including personnel detailed to International Military Headquarters and Organizations, at rates provided for under section 625(d)(1) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended; (l) the purchase of right-hand-drive vehicles not to exceed $12,000 per vehicle; (m) for payment of unusual cost overruns incident to ship overhaul, maintenance, and repair for ships inducted into industrial fund activities or contracted for in prior fiscal years: *Provided*, That the Secretary of Defense shall notify the Congress promptly prior to obligation of any such payments; (n) for payments from annual appropriations to industrial fund activities and/or under contract for changes in scope of ship overhaul, maintenance, and repair after expiration of such appropriations, for such work either inducted into the industrial fund activity or contracted for in that fiscal year; and (o) for payments for depot maintenance contracts for twelve months beginning at any time during the fiscal year.

22 USC 2385.

Notification to Congress.

SEC. 709. Appropriations for the Department of Defense for the current fiscal year shall be available for: (a) donations of not to exceed $25 to each prisoner upon each release from confinement in military or contract prison and to each person discharged for fraudulent enlistment; (b) authorized issues of articles to prisoners, applicants for enlistment and persons in military custody; (c) subsistence of selective service registrants called for induction, applicants for enlistment, prisoners, civilian employees as authorized by law, and supernumeraries when necessitated by emergent military circumstances; (d) reimbursement for subsistence of enlisted personnel while sick in hospitals; (e) expenses of prisoners confined in nonmilitary facilities; (f) military courts, boards, and commissions; (g) utility services for buildings erected at private cost, as authorized by law, and buildings on military reservations authorized by regulations to be used for welfare and recreational purposes; (h) exchange fees, and losses in the accounts of disbursing officers or agents in accordance with law; (i) expenses of Latin American cooperation as authorized for the Navy by section 7208 of title 10, United States Code; (j) expenses of apprehension and delivery of deserters, prisoners, and members absent without leave, including payment of rewards of not to exceed $75 in any one case; (k) carrying out section 10 of the Act of September 23, 1950, as amended; and (l) providing, with or without reimbursement, not to exceed $60,000,000 to procure secure communications systems, equipment and related items throughout the United States Government.

10 USC 858 note.

10 USC 807 note.

SEC. 710. The Secretary of Defense and each purchasing and contracting agency of the Department of Defense shall assist American small and minority-owned business to participate equitably in the furnishing of commodities and services financed with funds appropriated under this Act by increasing, to an optimum level, the resources and number of personnel jointly assigned to promoting both small and minority business involvement in purchases financed with funds appropriated herein, and by making available or causing to be made available to such businesses, information, as far in advance as possible, with respect to purchases proposed to be financed with funds appropriated under this Act, and by assisting small and minority business concerns to participate equitably as subcontractors on contracts financed with funds appropriated herein, and by otherwise advocating and providing small and minority business opportunities to participate in the furnishing of commodities and services financed with funds appropriated by this Act.

Small and minority-owned business contracts.

SEC. 711. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided herein.

Fiscal year funding limitation.

SEC. 712. (a) During the current fiscal year, the President may exempt appropriations, funds, and contract authorizations, available for military functions under the Department of Defense, from the provisions of section 1512 of title 31, United States Code, whenever he deems such action to be necessary in the interest of national defense.

Funding exemptions.

(b) Upon determination by the President that such action is necessary, the Secretary of Defense is authorized to provide for the cost of an airborne alert as an excepted expense in accordance with the provisions of section 3732 of the Revised Statutes (41 U.S.C. 11).

Airborne alert expenses.

(c) Upon determination by the President that it is necessary to increase the number of military personnel on active duty subject to existing laws beyond the number for which funds are provided in

Active duty military personnel increases.

this Act, the Secretary of Defense is authorized to provide for the cost of such increased military personnel, as an excepted expense in accordance with the provisions of section 3732 of the Revised Statutes (41 U.S.C. 11).

Monthly report to Congress.

(d) The Secretary of Defense shall immediately advise Congress of the exercise of any authority granted in this section, and shall report monthly on the estimated obligations incurred pursuant to subsections (b) and (c).

Commissary stores.

SEC. 713. No appropriation contained in this Act shall be available in connection with the operation of commissary stores of the agencies of the Department of Defense for the cost of purchase (including commercial transportation in the United States to the place of sale but excluding all transportation outside the United States) and maintenance of operating equipment and supplies, and for the actual or estimated cost of utilities as may be furnished by the Government and of shrinkage, spoilage, and pilferage of merchandise under the control of such commissary stores, except as authorized under regulations promulgated by the Secretaries of the military departments concerned with the approval of the Secretary of Defense, which regulations shall provide for reimbursement therefor to the appropriations concerned and, notwithstanding any other provision of law, shall provide for the adjustment of the sales prices in such commissary stores to the extent necessary to furnish sufficient gross revenues from sales of commissary stores to make such reimbursement: *Provided*, That under such regulations as may be issued pursuant to this section all utilities may be furnished without cost to the commissary stores outside the continental United States and in Alaska: *Provided further*, That no appropriation contained in this Act shall be available to pay any costs incurred by any commissary store or other entity acting on behalf of any commissary store in connection with obtaining the face value amount of manufacturer or vendor cents-off discount coupons unless all fees or moneys received for handling or processing such coupons are reimbursed to the appropriation charged with the incurred costs: *Provided further*, That no appropriation contained in this Act shall be available in connection with the operation of commissary stores within the continental United States unless the Secretary of Defense has certified that items normally procured from commissary stores are not otherwise available at a reasonable distance and a reasonable price in satisfactory quality and quantity to the military and civilian employees of the Department of Defense.

Proficiency flying.

SEC. 714. No part of the appropriations in this Act shall be available for any expense of operating aircraft under the jurisdiction of the armed forces for the purpose of proficiency flying, as defined in Department of Defense Directive 1340.4, except in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense. Such regulations (1) may not require such flying except that required to maintain proficiency in anticipation of a member's assignment to combat operations and (2) such flying may not be permitted in cases of members who have been assigned to a course of instruction of ninety days or more.

Household goods.

SEC. 715. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for expense of transportation, packing, crating, temporary storage, drayage, and unpacking of household goods and personal effects in any one shipment having a net weight in excess of thirteen thousand five hundred pounds.

Vessel transfers.
40 USC 483a.

SEC. 716. Vessels under the jurisdiction of the Department of Transportation, the Department of the Army, the Department of the Air Force, or the Department of the Navy may be transferred or otherwise made available without reimbursement to any such agencies upon the request of the head of one agency and the approval of the agency having jurisdiction of the vessels concerned.

Obligated funds, limitation.

SEC. 717. Not more than 20 per centum of the appropriations in this Act which are limited for obligation during the current fiscal year shall be obligated during the last two months of the fiscal year: *Provided*, That this section shall not apply to obligations for support of active duty training of civilian components or summer camp training of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, or the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice, Army.

Foreign real property, commodities, and services.

SEC. 718. During the current fiscal year the agencies of the Department of Defense may accept the use of real property from foreign countries for the United States in accordance with mutual defense agreements or occupational arrangements and may accept services furnished by foreign countries as reciprocal international courtesies or as services customarily made available without charge; and such agencies may use the same for the support of the United States forces in such areas without specific appropriation therefor.

In addition to the foregoing, agencies of the Department of Defense may accept real property, services, and commodities from foreign countries for the use of the United States in accordance with mutual defense agreements or occupational arrangements and such agencies may use the same for the support of the United States forces in such areas, without specific appropriations therefor: *Provided*, That the foregoing authority shall not be available for the conversion of heating plants from coal to oil at defense facilities in Europe: *Provided further*, That within thirty days after the end of each quarter the Secretary of Defense shall render to Congress and to the Office of Management and Budget a full report of such property, supplies, and commodities received during such quarter.

Report to Congress and OMB.

Research and development funds.

SEC. 719. During the current fiscal year, appropriations available to the Department of Defense for research and development may be used for the purposes of section 2353 of title 10, United States Code, and for purposes related to research and development for which expenditures are specifically authorized in other appropriations of the Service concerned.

Educational expenses, limitation.

SEC. 720. No appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for the payment of more than 75 per centum of charges of educational institutions for tuition or expenses of off-duty training of military personnel (except with regard to such charges of educational institutions (a) for enlisted personnel in the pay grade E-5 or higher with less than 14 years' service, for which payment of 90 per centum may be made or (b) for military personnel in off-duty high school completion programs, for which payment of 100 per centum may be made), nor for the payment of any part of tuition or expenses for such training for commissioned personnel who do not agree to remain on active duty for two years after completion of such training: *Provided*, That the foregoing limitation shall not apply to the Program for Afloat College Education.

10 USC 2103 note.

SEC. 721. No part of the funds appropriated herein shall be expended for the support of any formally enrolled student in basic courses of the senior division, Reserve Officers' Training Corps, who has not executed a certificate of loyalty or loyalty oath in such form as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of Defense.

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Procurement restrictions.

SEC. 721A. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act, except for small purchases in amounts not exceeding $10,000 shall be available for the procurement of any article of food, clothing, cotton, woven silk or woven silk blends, spun silk yarn for cartridge cloth, synthetic fabric or coated synthetic fabric, or wool (whether in the form of fiber or yarn or contained in fabrics, materials, or manufactured articles), or specialty metals including stainless steel flatware, or hand or measuring tools, not grown, reprocessed, reused, or produced in the United States or its possessions, except to the extent that the Secretary of the Department concerned shall determine that satisfactory quality and sufficient quantity of any articles of food or clothing or any form of cotton, woven silk and woven silk blends, spun silk yarn for cartridge cloth, synthetic fabric or coated synthetic fabric, wool, or specialty metals including stainless steel flatware, grown, reprocessed, reused, or produced in the United States or its possessions cannot be procured as and when needed at United States market prices and except procurements outside the United States in support of combat operations, procurements by vessels in foreign waters, and emergency procurements or procurements of perishable foods by establishments located outside the United States for the personnel attached thereto: *Provided*, That nothing herein shall preclude the procurement of specialty metals or chemical warfare protective clothing produced outside the United States or its possessions when such procurement is necessary to comply with agreements with foreign governments requiring the United States to purchase supplies from foreign sources for the purposes of offsetting sales made by the United States Government or United States firms under approved programs serving defense requirements or where such procurement is necessary in furtherance of the standardization and interoperability of equipment requirements within NATO so long as such agreements with foreign governments comply, where applicable, with the requirements of section 36 of the Arms Export Control Act and with section 2457 of title 10, United States Code: *Provided further*, That nothing herein shall preclude the procurement of foods manufactured or processed in the United States or its possessions: *Provided further*, That no funds herein appropriated shall be used for the payment of a price differential on contracts hereafter made for the purpose of relieving economic dislocations other than certain contracts not involving fuel made on a test basis by the Defense Logistics Agency with a cumulative value not to exceed $4,000,000,000, as may be determined by the Secretary of Defense pursuant to existing laws and regulations as not to be inappropriate therefor by reason of national security considerations: *Provided further*, That the Secretary specifically determines that there is a reasonable expectation that offers will be obtained from a sufficient number of eligible concerns so that awards of such contracts will be made at a reasonable price and that no award shall be made for such contracts if the price differential exceeds 2.2 per centum: *Provided further*, That none of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be used except that, so far as practicable, all contracts shall be awarded on a formally advertised competitive bid basis to the lowest responsible bidder.

22 USC 2776.

Inactive duty training pay.

SEC. 722. None of the funds appropriated by this Act may be obligated under section 206 of title 37, United States Code, for inactive duty training pay of a member of the National Guard or a member of a reserve component of a uniformed service for more than four periods of equivalent training, instruction, duty or appro-

priate duties that are performed instead of that member's regular period of instruction or regular period appropriate duty.

Furnishings and automobiles, purchase.
10 USC 138 note.

SEC. 723. Appropriations contained in this Act and in subsequent appropriation Acts for the Department of Defense shall be available for the purchase of household furnishings, and automobiles from military and civilian personnel on duty outside the continental United States, for the purpose of resale at cost to incoming personnel, and for providing furnishings, without charge, in other than public quarters occupied by military or civilian personnel of the Department of Defense on duty outside the continental United States or in Alaska, upon a determination, under regulations approved by the Secretary of Defense, that such action is advantageous to the Government.

Uniforms.

SEC. 724. During the current fiscal year, appropriations available to the Department of Defense for pay of civilian employees shall be available for uniforms, or allowances therefor, as authorized by section 5901 of title 5, United States Code.

Legislative liaison activities.

SEC. 725. Funds provided in this Act for legislative liaison activities of the Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, the Department of the Air Force, and the Office of the Secretary of Defense shall not exceed $9,500,000 for the current fiscal year: *Provided*, That this amount shall be available for apportionment to the Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, the Department of the Air Force, and the Office of the Secretary of Defense as determined by the Secretary of Defense.

Civil reserve air fleet.

SEC. 726. Of the funds made available by this Act for the services of the Military Airlift Command, $100,000,000 shall be available only for procurement of commercial transportation service from carriers participating in the civil reserve air fleet program; and the Secretary of Defense shall utilize the services of such carriers which qualify as small businesses to the fullest extent found practicable: *Provided*, That the Secretary of Defense shall specify in such procurement, performance characteristics for aircraft to be used based upon modern aircraft operated by the civil reserve air fleet.

Civilian clothing allowance.

SEC. 727. During the current fiscal year, appropriations available to the Department of Defense for operation may be used for civilian clothing, not to exceed $40 in cost for enlisted personnel: (1) discharged for misconduct, unsuitability, or otherwise than honorably; (2) sentenced by a civil court to confinement in a civil prison or interned or discharged as an alien enemy; or (3) discharged prior to completion of recruit training under honorable conditions for dependency, hardship, minority, disability, or for the convenience of the Government.

Defense contractor advertising, prohibited costs.
10 USC 138 note.

SEC. 728. No part of the funds appropriated herein or in subsequent appropriation Acts for the Department of Defense shall be available for paying the costs of advertising by any defense contractor, except advertising for which payment is made from profits, and such advertising shall not be considered a part of any defense contract cost. The prohibition contained in this section shall not apply with respect to advertising conducted by any such contractor, in compliance with regulations which shall be promulgated by the Secretary of Defense, solely for (1) the recruitment by the contractor of personnel required for the performance by the contractor of obligations under a defense contract, (2) the procurement of scarce items required by the contractor for the performance of a defense contract, or (3) the disposal of scrap or surplus materials acquired by the contractor in the performance of a defense contract.

Transfer of funds.

SEC. 729. Upon determination by the Secretary of Defense that such action is necessary in the national interest, he may, with the approval of the Office of Management and Budget, transfer not to exceed $1,200,000,000 of working capital funds of the Department of Defense or funds made available in this Act to the Department of Defense for military functions (except military construction) between such appropriations or funds or any subdivision thereof, to be merged with and to be available for the same purposes, and for the same time period, as the appropriation or fund to which transferred: *Provided,* That such authority to transfer may not be used unless for higher priority items, based on unforeseen military requirements, than those for which originally appropriated and in no case where the item for which funds are requested has been denied by Congress: *Provided further,* That the Secretary of Defense shall notify the Congress promptly of all transfers made pursuant to this authority.

Notification to Congress.

Working capital funds.

SEC. 730. During the current fiscal year, cash balances in working capital funds of the Department of Defense established pursuant to section 2208 of title 10, United States Code, may be maintained in only such amounts as are necessary at any time for cash disbursements to be made from such funds: *Provided,* That transfers may be made between such funds in such amounts as may be determined by the Secretary of Defense, with the approval of the Office of Management and Budget, except that transfers between a stock fund account and an industrial fund account may not be made unless the Secretary of Defense has notified the Congress of the proposed transfer. Except in amounts equal to the amounts appropriated to working capital funds in this Act, no obligations may be made against a working capital fund to procure war reserve material inventory, unless the Secretary of Defense has notified the Congress prior to any such obligation.

Notification to Congress.

Federal Employees Compensation Fund.

SEC. 731. Not more than $225,400,000 of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be made available for payment to the Federal Employees Compensation Fund, as established by 5 U.S.C. 8147.

Loan restrictions.

SEC. 732. No part of the funds appropriated under this Act shall be used to provide a loan, guarantee of a loan, or a grant to any applicant who has been convicted by any court of general jurisdiction of any crime which involves the use of or the assistance to others in the use of force, trespass, or the seizure of property under control of an institution of higher education to prevent officials or students at such an institution from engaging in their duties or pursuing their studies.

Heating plant conversion.

SEC. 733. None of the funds available to the Department of Defense shall be utilized for the conversion of heating plants from coal to oil at defense facilities in Europe.

Experimental subjects, restricted research.

SEC. 734. None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be available for any research involving uninformed or nonvoluntary human beings as experimental subjects: *Provided,* That this limitation shall not apply to measures intended to be beneficial to the recipient and consent is obtained from the recipient or a legal representative acting on the recipient's behalf.

10 USC 138 note.

SEC. 735. Appropriations for the current fiscal year and hereafter for operation and maintenance of the active forces shall be available for medical and dental care of personnel entitled thereto by law or regulation (including charges of private facilities for care of military personnel, except elective private treatment); welfare and recreation; hire of passenger motor vehicles; repair of facilities; modification of personal property; design of vessels; industrial mobilization;

installation of equipment in public and private plants; military communications facilities on merchant vessels; acquisition of services, special clothing, supplies, and equipment; and expenses for the Reserve Officers' Training Corps and other units at educational institutions.

Reprograming of funds.

SEC. 736. No part of the funds in this Act shall be available to prepare or present a request to the Committees on Appropriations for reprograming of funds, unless for higher priority items, based on unforeseen military requirements, than those for which originally appropriated and in no case where the item for which reprograming is requested has been denied by the Congress.

Nonemergency inpatient hospital care.

SEC. 737. No funds appropriated by this Act shall be available to pay claims for nonemergency inpatient hospital care provided under the Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services for services available at a facility of the uniformed services within a 40-mile radius of the patient's residence: *Provided,* That the foregoing limitation shall not apply to payments that supplement primary coverage provided by other insurance plans or programs that pay for at least 75 per centum of the covered services.

Health program, limitations.

SEC. 738. None of the funds contained in this Act available for the Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services under the provisions of section 1079(a) of title 10, United States Code, shall be available for (a) services of pastoral counselors, or family and child counselors, or marital counselors unless the patient has been referred to such counselor by a medical doctor for treatment of a specific problem with results of that treatment to be communicated back to the physician who made such referral; (b) special education, except when provided as secondary to the active psychiatric treatment on an institutional inpatient basis; (c) therapy or counseling for sexual dysfunctions or sexual inadequacies; (d) treatment of obesity when obesity is the sole or major condition treated; (e) surgery which improves physical appearance but which is not expected to significantly restore functions including, but not limited to, mammary augmentation, face lifts and sex gender changes except that breast reconstructive surgery following mastectomy and reconstructive surgery to correct serious deformities caused by congenital anomalies, accidental injuries and neoplastic surgery are not excluded; (f) reimbursement of any physician or other authorized individual provider of medical care in excess of the eightieth percentile of the customary charges made for similar services in the same locality where the medical care was furnished, as determined for physicians in accordance with section 1079(h) of title 10, United States Code; or (g) any service or supply which is not medically or psychologically necessary to prevent, diagnose, or treat a mental or physical illness, injury, or bodily malfunction as assessed or diagnosed by a physician, dentist, clinical psychologist, optometrist, podiatrist, certified nurse-midwife, certified nurse practitioner, or certified clinical social worker, as appropriate, except as authorized by section 1079(a)(4) of title 10, United States Code: *Provided,* That any changes in availability of funds for the Program made in this Act from those in effect prior to its enactment shall be effective for care received following enactment of this Act.

10 USC 1071 *et seq.*

SEC. 739. Appropriations available to the Department of Defense for the current fiscal year shall be available to provide an individual entitled to health care under chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, with one wig if the individual has alopecia that resulted from

treatment of malignant disease: *Provided*, That the individual has not previously received a wig from the Government.

SEC. 740. Funds appropriated in this Act shall be available for the appointment, pay, and support of persons appointed as cadets and midshipmen in the two-year Senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps course in excess of the 20 percent limitation on such persons imposed by section 2107(a) of title 10, United States Code, but not to exceed 60 percent of total authorized scholarships.

Unused accrued leave.

SEC. 741. None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be available to pay any member of the uniformed service for unused accrued leave pursuant to section 501 of title 37, United States Code, for more than sixty days of such leave, less the number of days for which payment was previously made under section 501 after February 9, 1976.

Enlisted aides, limitation.

SEC. 742. None of the funds appropriated by this Act may be used to support more than 300 enlisted aides for officers in the United States Armed Forces.

Public affairs activities.

SEC. 743. No appropriation contained in this Act may be used to pay for the cost of public affairs activities of the Department of Defense in excess of $34,200,000.

SEC. 743A. None of the funds provided in this Act shall be available for the planning or execution of programs which utilize amounts credited to Department of Defense appropriations or funds pursuant to the provisions of section 37(a) of the Arms Export Control Act representing payment for the actual value of defense articles specified in section 21(a)(1) of that Act: *Provided*, That such amounts so credited shall be deposited in the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts as provided in section 3302(b) of title 31, United States Code.

22 USC 2777.
22 USC 2761.

Senior ROTC unit, limitation.

SEC. 744. No appropriation contained in this Act shall be available to fund any costs of a Senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps unit—except to complete training of personnel enrolled in Military Science 4—which in its junior year class (Military Science 3) has for the four preceding academic years, and as of September 30, 1983, enrolled less than (a) seventeen students where the institution prescribes a four-year or a combination four- and two-year program; or (b) twelve students where the institution prescribes a two-year program: *Provided*, That, notwithstanding the foregoing limitation, funds shall be available to maintain one Senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps unit in each State and at each State-operated maritime academy: *Provided further*, That units under the consortium system shall be considered as a single unit for purposes of evaluation of productivity under this provision: *Provided further*, That enrollment standards contained in Department of Defense Directive 1215.8 for Senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps units, as revised during fiscal year 1981, may be used to determine compliance with this provision, in lieu of the standards cited above.

Lodging expenses, restriction.

SEC. 745. (a) None of the funds appropriated by this Act or available in any working capital fund of the Department of Defense shall be available to pay the expenses attributable to lodging of any person on official business away from his designated post of duty, or in the case of an individual described under section 5703 of title 5, United States Code, his home or regular place of duty, when adequate Government quarters are available, but are not occupied by such person.

(b) The limitation set forth in subsection (a) is not applicable to employees whose duties require official travel in excess of fifty

percent of the total number of the basic administrative work weeks during the current fiscal year.

Transferred enlisted members, retainer pay.

SEC. 746. (a) None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be available to pay the retainer pay of any enlisted member of the Regular Navy, the Naval Reserve, the Regular Marine Corps, or the Marine Corps Reserve who is transferred to the Fleet Reserve or the Fleet Marine Corps Reserve under section 6330 of title 10, United States Code, on or after December 31, 1977, if the provisions of section 6330(d) of title 10, are utilized in determining such member's eligibility for retirement under section 6330(b) of title 10: *Provided,* That notwithstanding the foregoing, time creditable as active service for a completed minority enlistment, and an enlistment terminated within three months before the end of the term of enlistment under section 6330(d) of title 10, prior to December 31, 1977, may be utilized in determining eligibility for retirement: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding the foregoing, time may be credited as active service in determining a member's eligibility for retirement under section 6330(b) of title 10 pursuant to the provisions of the first sentence of section 6330(d) of title 10 for those members who had formally requested transfer to the Fleet Reserve or the Fleet Marine Corps Reserve on or before October 1, 1977.

(b) None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be available to pay that portion of the retainer pay of any enlisted member of the Regular Navy, the Naval Reserve, the Regular Marine Corps, or the Marine Corps Reserve who is transferred to the Fleet Reserve or the Fleet Marine Corps Reserve under section 6330 of title 10, United States Code, on or after December 31, 1977, which is attributable under the second sentence of section 6330(d) of title 10 to time which, after December 31, 1977, is not actually served by such member.

CIA programs, fiscal year funding limitation.

SEC. 747. None of the funds appropriated by this Act for programs of the Central Intelligence Agency shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year, except for: (a) funds appropriated for the Reserve for Contingencies, which shall remain available until September 30, 1985; and (b) funds appropriated for Headquarters Construction, which shall remain available until September 30, 1988.

CIA salaries, limitation.

SEC. 748. None of the funds provided by this Act may be used to pay the salaries of any person or persons who authorize the transfer of unobligated and deobligated appropriations into the Reserve for Contingencies of the Central Intelligence Agency.

Morale, welfare, and recreation activities.

SEC. 749. None of the funds appropriated by this Act may be used to support more than 9,901 full-time and 2,603 part-time military personnel assigned to or used in the support of Morale, Welfare, and Recreation activities as described in Department of Defense Instruction 7000.12 and its enclosures, dated September 4, 1980.

SEC. 750. All obligations incurred in anticipation of the appropriations and authority provided in this Act are hereby ratified and confirmed if otherwise in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

Abortion funding, restriction.

SEC. 751. None of the funds provided by this Act shall be used to perform abortions except where the life of the mother would be endangered if the fetus were carried to term.

SEC. 752. None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be used for the provision, care or treatment to dependents of members or former members of the Armed Services or the Department of Defense for the elective correction of minor dermatological blemishes and marks or minor anatomical anomalies.

SEC. 753. None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be available for the purchase of insignia for resale unless the sales price of such insignia is adjusted to the extent necessary to recover the cost of purchase of such insignia and the estimated cost of all related expenses, including but not limited to management, storage, handling, transportation, loss, disposal of obsolete material, and management fees paid to the military exchange systems: *Provided*, That amounts derived by the adjustment covered by the foregoing limitations may be credited to the appropriations against which the charges have been made to recover the cost of purchase and related expense.

Claim payments to Federal Republic of Germany.

SEC. 754. None of the funds appropriated by this Act or heretofore appropriated by any other Act shall be obligated or expended for the payment of anticipatory possession compensation claims to the Federal Republic of Germany other than claims listed in the 1973 agreement (commonly referred to as the Global Agreement) between the United States and the Federal Republic of Germany.

Debt recovery contracts.

SEC. 755. During the current fiscal year the Department of Defense may enter into contracts to recover indebtedness to the United States pursuant to section 3718 of title 31, United States Code, and any such contract entered into by the Department of Defense may provide that appropriate fees charged by the contractor under the contract to recover indebtedness may be payable from amounts collected by the contractor to the extent and under the conditions provided under the contract.

Procurement limitation.

SEC. 755A. None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be available for a contract for studies, analyses, or consulting services entered into without competition on the basis of an unsolicited proposal unless the head of the activity responsible for the procurement determines:

(a) as a result of thorough technical evaluation, only one source is found fully qualified to perform the proposed work, or

(b) the purpose of the contract is to explore an unsolicited proposal which offers significant scientific or technological promise, represents the product of original thinking, and was submitted in confidence by one source, or

(c) where the purpose of the contract is to take advantage of unique and significant industrial accomplishment by a specific concern, or to insure that a new product or idea of a specific concern is given financial support:

Provided, That this limitation shall not apply to contracts in an amount of less than $25,000, contracts related to improvements of equipment that is in development or production, or contracts as to which a civilian official of the Department of Defense, who has been confirmed by the Senate, determines that the award of such contract is in the interest of the national defense.

Foreign military and diplomatic personnel, medical care.

SEC. 756. None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be available to provide medical care in the United States on an inpatient basis to foreign military and diplomatic personnel or their dependents unless the Department of Defense is reimbursed for the costs of providing such care: *Provided*, That reimbursements for medical care covered by this section shall be credited to the appropriations against which charges have been made for providing such care.

Second career training program.
94 Stat. 1150.

SEC. 757. None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be obligated for the second career training program authorized by Public Law 96-347.

SEC. 758. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available in this Act shall be obligated or expended for salaries or expenses during the current fiscal year for the purposes of demilitarization of surplus nonautomatic firearms less than .50 caliber.

Pre-paid health benefits, demonstration projects.

SEC. 759. During the current fiscal year, not to exceed $125,000,000 of the funds provided in this Act for the Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services may be used to conduct a test program in accordance with the following guidelines: In carrying out the provisions of sections 1079 and 1086 of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of Defense, after consulting with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, may contract with organizations that assume responsibility for the maintenance of the health of a defined population, for the purpose of experiments and demonstration projects designed to determine the relative advantages and disadvantages of providing pre-paid health benefits: *Provided,* That such projects must be designed in such a way as to determine methods of reducing the cost of health benefits provided under such sections without adversely affecting the quality of care. Except as provided otherwise, the provisions of such a contract may deviate from the cost-sharing arrangements prescribed and the types of health care authorized under sections 1079 and 1086, when the Secretary of Defense determines that such a deviation would serve the purpose of this section.

Multiyear procurement contracts, limitations.

SEC. 760. None of the funds provided in this Act shall be available to initiate (1) a multiyear contract that employs economic order quantity procurement in excess of $20,000,000 in any one year of the contract or that includes an unfunded contingent liability in excess of $20,000,000 or (2) a contract for advance procurement leading to a multiyear contract that employs economic order quantity procurement in excess of $20,000,000 in any one year, unless the Committees on Appropriations and Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives have been notified at least thirty days in advance of the proposed contract award: *Provided,* That no part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be available to initiate multiyear procurement contracts for major systems unless specifically provided herein. For purposes of this provision, a major system is defined as a system or major assembly thereof whose eventual total expenditure for research, development, test, and evaluation is more than $200,000,000, or whose eventual total expenditure for procurement is more than $1,000,000,000.

Travel allowances.

SEC. 761. None of the funds appropriated by this Act which are available for payment of travel allowances for per diem in lieu of subsistence to enlisted personnel shall be used to pay such an allowance to any enlisted member in an amount that is more than the amount of per diem in lieu of subsistence that the enlisted member is otherwise entitled to receive minus the basic allowance for subsistence, or pro rata portion of such allowance, that the enlisted member is entitled to receive during any day, or portion of a day, that the enlisted member is also entitled to be paid a per diem in lieu of subsistence: *Provided,* That if an enlisted member is in a travel status and is not entitled to receive a per diem in lieu of subsistence because the member is furnished meals in a Government mess, funds available to pay the basic allowance for subsistence to such a member shall not be used to pay that allowance, or pro rata portion of that allowance, for each day, or portion of a day, that such enlisted member is furnished meals in a Government mess.

Retired or retainer pay, limitation.

SEC. 762. None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be available to pay the retired pay or retainer pay of a member of the Armed Forces for any month who, on or after January 1, 1982, becomes entitled to retired or retainer pay, in an amount that is greater than the amount otherwise determined to be payable after such reductions as may be necessary to reflect adjusting the computation of retired pay or retainer pay that includes credit for a part of a year of service to permit credit for a part of a year of service only for such month or months actually served: *Provided,* That the foregoing limitation shall not apply to any member who before January 1, 1982: (a) applied for retirement or transfer to the Fleet Reserve or Fleet Marine Corps Reserve; (b) is being processed for retirement under the provisions of chapter 61 of title 10 or who is on the temporary disability retired list and thereafter retired under the provisions of sections 1210 (c) or (d) of title 10; or (c) is retired or in an inactive status and would be eligible for retired pay under the provisions of chapter 67 of title 10, but for the fact that the person is under 60 years of age.

10 USC 1201 *et seq.*

10 USC 1331 *et seq.*

SEC. 762A. None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be available to approve a request for waiver of the costs otherwise required to be recovered under the provisions of section 21(e)(1)(C) of the Arms Export Control Act unless the Committees on Appropriations have been notified in advance of the proposed waiver.

22 USC 2761.

Child advocacy and family counseling services.

SEC. 763. Funds available to the Department of Defense during the current fiscal year shall be available to continue a program to provide child advocacy and family counseling services to deal with problems of child and spouse abuse.

POMCUS transportation.

SEC. 764. None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be available for the transportation of equipment or materiel designated as Prepositioned Materiel Configured in Unit Sets (POMCUS) in Europe in excess of four division sets: *Provided,* That the foregoing limitation shall not apply with respect to any item of equipment or materiel which is maintained in the inventories of the Active and Reserve Forces at levels of at least 70 per centum of the established requirements for such an item of equipment or materiel for the Active Forces and 50 per centum of the established requirement for the Reserve Forces for such an item of equipment or materiel: *Provided further,* That no additional commitments to the establishment of POMCUS sites shall be made without prior approval of Congress.

Transfer of military equipment or data to foreign country.

SEC. 765. (a) None of the funds in this Act may be used to transfer any article of military equipment or data related to the manufacture of such equipment to a foreign country prior to the approval in writing of such transfer by the Secretary of the military service involved.

(b) No funds appropriated by this Act may be used for the transfer of a technical data package from any Government-owned and operated defense plant manufacturing large caliber cannons to any foreign government, nor for assisting any such government in producing any defense item currently being manufactured or developed in a United States Government-owned, Government-operated defense plant manufacturing large caliber cannons.

(c) None of the funds in this Act shall be used, in any way, directly or indirectly, to sell or otherwise provide the AN/SQR-19 Towed Array Sonar to any foreign country, directly or indirectly, including any administrative and military and civilian personnel costs in

connection with the arrangement of the sale of the AN/SQR-19 Towed Array Sonar to any foreign country.

Intelligence or special activity.

SEC. 766. None of the funds appropriated in this Act may be made available through transfer, reprograming, or other means for any intelligence or special activity different from that previously justified to the Congress unless the Director of Central Intelligence or the Secretary of Defense has notified the House and Senate Appropriations Committees of the intent to make such funds available for such activity.

Advanced Technology Bomber program.

SEC. 767. Of the funds appropriated by this Act for strategic programs, the Secretary of Defense shall provide funds for the Advanced Technology Bomber program at a level at least equal to the amount provided by the committee of conference on this Act in order to maintain priority emphasis on this program.

Coal or coke purchases.

SEC. 767A. None of the funds available to the Department of Defense during the current fiscal year shall be used by the Secretary of a military department to purchase coal or coke from foreign nations for use at United States defense facilities in Europe when coal from the United States is available.

SEC. 768. None of the funds available to the Department of Defense shall be available for the procurement of manual typewriters which were manufactured by facilities located within States which are Signatories to the Warsaw Pact.

Executive Schedule employees.

SEC. 769. None of the funds appropriated by this Act may be used to appoint or compensate more than 37 individuals in the Department of Defense in positions in the Executive Schedule (as provided in sections 5312-5316 of title 5, United States Code).

Military technicians.

SEC. 770. None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be available to convert a position in support of the Army Reserve, Air Force Reserve, Army National Guard, and Air National Guard occupied by, or programed to be occupied by, a military technician to a position to be held by a person in an active Guard or Reserve status if that conversion would reduce the total number of positions occupied by, or programed to be occupied by, military technicians of the component concerned, below the number of positions occupied by military technicians in that component on September 30, 1982: *Provided,* That none of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be available to support more than 28,108 positions in support of the Army Reserve or Army National Guard occupied by, or programed to be occupied by, persons in an active Guard or Reserve status: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be available to support more than 25,714 positions occupied by, or programed to be occupied by, persons in an active Reserve or Guard status in support of the Army Reserve or Army National Guard after February 1, 1984: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated by this Act may be used to include military technicians in computing civilian personnel ceilings, including statutory or administratively imposed ceilings, on activities in support of the Army Reserve, Air Force Reserve, Army National Guard or Air National Guard.

Civilian personnel ceilings.

SEC. 771. None of the funds provided in this Act may be used to impose civilian personnel ceilings on Department of Defense industrially funded activities: *Provided,* That any increase in civilian personnel of such industrial funds in excess of the number employed on September 30, 1982, shall not be counted for the purposes of any statutory or administratively imposed civilian personnel ceiling otherwise applicable during fiscal year 1984.

Transfer of funds.

SEC. 772. Appropriations or funds available to the Department of Defense during the current fiscal year may be transferred to appropriations provided in this Act for research, development, test, and evaluation to the extent necessary to meet increased pay costs authorized by or pursuant to law, to be merged with and to be available for the same purposes, and the same time period, as the appropriation to which transferred.

96 Stat. 1864.

SEC. 773. The proviso contained in section 790 of the Department of Defense Appropriation Act, 1983, as enacted in Public Law 97-377 is hereby repealed.

Foreign currency exchange rates.
10 USC 138 note.

SEC. 774. During the current fiscal year and subsequent fiscal years, for the purposes of the appropriation "Foreign Currency Fluctuations, Defense" the foreign currency exchange rates used in preparing budget submissions shall be the foreign currency exchange rates as adjusted or modified, as reflected in applicable Committee reports on this Act.

Nicaraguan military or paramilitary operations.

SEC. 775. During fiscal year 1984, not more than $24,000,000 of the funds available to the Central Intelligence Agency, the Department of Defense, or any other agency or entity of the United States involved in intelligence activities may be obligated or expended for the purpose or which would have the effect of supporting, directly or indirectly, military or paramilitary operations in Nicaragua by any nation, group, organization, movement, or individual.

Indian labor and products.

SEC. 775A. So far as may be practicable, Indian labor shall be employed, and purchases of the products of Indian industry may be made in open market in the discretion of the Secretary of Defense: *Provided,* That the products must meet pre-set contract specifications.

Aircraft or vehicle leasing.

SEC. 776. None of the funds made available by this Act shall be used in any way for the leasing to non-Federal agencies in the United States aircraft or vehicles owned or operated by the Department of Defense when suitable aircraft or vehicles are commercially available in the private sector: *Provided,* That nothing in this section shall affect authorized and established procedures for the sale of surplus aircraft or vehicles: *Provided further,* That nothing in this section shall prohibit such leasing when specifically authorized in a subsequent Act of Congress.

Funding prohibited to influence Congress.

SEC. 777. None of the funds made available by this Act shall be used in any way, directly or indirectly, to influence congressional action on any legislation or appropriation matters pending before the Congress.

SEC. 778. No funds available to the Department of Defense during the current fiscal year may be used to enter into any contract with a term of three years or more, inclusive of any option for contract extension or renewal, for any vessels, aircraft or vehicles, through a lease, charter, or similar agreement, that imposes an estimated termination liability (excluding the estimated value of the leased item at the time of termination) on the Government exceeding 50 per centum of the original purchase value of the vessel, aircraft, or vehicle involved for which the Congress has not specifically provided authority in an appropriation Act for the obligation of 10 per centum of such termination liability.

Small business bids or offers.

SEC. 779. None of the funds appropriated by this Act may be obligated or expended to formulate or to carry out any requirement that, in order to be eligible to submit a bid or an offer on a Department of Defense contract to be let for the supply of commercial or commercial-type products, a small business concern (as

defined pursuant to section 3 of the Small Business Act) must (1) demonstrate that its product is accepted in the commercial market (except to the extent that may be required to evidence compliance with the Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act), or (2) satisfy any other prequalification to submitting a bid or an offer for the supply of any such product. 15 USC 632. 41 USC 35 note.

SEC. 779A. None of the funds appropriated in this Act may be obligated or expended in any way for the purpose of the sale, lease, rental, or excessing of any portion of land currently identified as Fort DeRussy, Honolulu, Hawaii. Ft. DeRussy, Hawaii, land restriction.

SEC. 780. None of the funds made available by this Act shall be available to operate in excess of 247 commissaries in the contiguous United States.

SEC. 781. None of the funds provided in this Act shall be used to procure aircraft ejection seats manufactured in any foreign nation that does not permit United States manufacturers to compete for ejection seat procurement requirements in that foreign nation.

SEC. 782. No more than $203,322,000 of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be available for the payment of unemployment compensation benefits. Unemployment benefit payments.

SEC. 783. None of the funds appropriated by this Act should be obligated for the pay of any individual who is initially employed after the date of enactment of this Act as a technician in the administration and training of the Army Reserve and the maintenance and repair of supplies issued to the Army Reserve unless such individual is also a military member of the Army Reserve troop program unit that he or she is employed to support. Those technicians employed by the Army Reserve in areas other than Army Reserve troop program units need only be members of the Selected Reserve. Army reserve technicians.

SEC. 784. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Export-Import Bank of the United States may transfer to the Department of the Air Force, specifically for the Air National Guard, if requested, without reimbursement, five (5) DC-10 aircraft and associated spare parts in the possession of the Bank as a result of a default of a borrower from the Bank.

SEC. 785. None of the funds appropriated by this Act may be obligated or expended to adjust a base period under section 1079(h)(2) of title 10, United States Code, more frequently than the Secretary of Defense considers appropriate.

SEC. 786. None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be available to pay Variable Housing Allowance pursuant to section 403(a) title 37, United States Code, in amounts that exceed the amount of Variable Housing Allowance to which the member would otherwise be entitled under section 403(a), title 37, United States Code, minus the difference between the amount of Basic Allowance for Quarters such member is receiving and the Basic Allowance for Quarters payable to a member of the same rank and grade on September 30, 1983. Housing allowances.

SEC. 787. None of the funds available to the Department of Defense shall be used to adjust any contract price for amounts set forth in any shipbuilding claim, request for equitable adjustment, or demand for payment or incurred due to the preparation, submission, or adjudication of any such shipbuilding claim, request, or demand under a contract entered into after the date of enactment of this Act, arising out of events occurring more than eighteen months prior to the submission of such shipbuilding claim, request, or Shipbuilding claims. 10 USC 2304 note.

demand. For the purposes of this Act, the requirement for "submission" of a shipbuilding claim, request, or demand is met only when the certification required in section 6(c)(1) of the Contracts Disputes Act of 1978 is provided and the shipbuilding claim, request, or demand is fully documented and substantiated in accordance with regulations to be promulgated by the Secretary of Defense.

41 USC 605.

Flat rate per diem system.

SEC. 788. Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense, the Department of the Air Force, and Defense Logistics Agency, may test a flat rate per diem system for military and civilian travel allowances: *Provided,* That per diem allowances paid under a flat rate per diem system shall be in an amount determined by the Secretary of Defense to be sufficient to meet normal and necessary expenses in the area in which travel is performed, but in no event will the travel allowances exceed $75 for each day in travel status within the continental United States: *Provided further,* That the test approved under this section shall expire on September 30, 1985, or upon the effective date of permanent legislation establishing a flat rate per diem system for military and civilian personnel, whichever occurs first.

DOD Dependents Schools, prohibited transfer. *Ante,* p. 692.

SEC. 789. None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be used for the transfer of the Department of Defense Dependents Schools (DODDS) to the Department of Education, as prohibited by section 1223 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984.

SEC. 790. No part of the funds appropriated herein shall be available for the purchase of more than 50 per centum of the fiscal year requirements for aircraft power supply cable assemblies of each military facility from industries established pursuant to title 18, United States Code: *Provided,* That the restriction contained herein shall not apply to small purchases in amounts not exceeding $10,000.

SEC. 791. None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be used to purchase dogs or cats or otherwise fund the use of dogs or cats for the purpose of training Department of Defense students or other personnel in surgical or other medical treatment of wounds produced by any type of weapon: *Provided,* That the standards of such training with respect to the treatment of animals shall adhere to the Federal Animal Welfare Law and to those prevailing in the civilian medical community.

7 USC 2131 note.

Housing allowances.

SEC. 792. Beginning on April 1, 1984, or on the effective date of the next adjustment in the General Schedule of compensation for Federal classified employees, whichever occurs first, none of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be available to pay Variable Housing Allowance to a member pursuant to section 403(a), title 37, United States Code, in an amount that exceeds the difference between $800 and the amount of Basic Allowance for Quarters such member receives pursuant to section 403, title 37, United States Code, in the case of members with dependents, or the difference between $600 and the amount of Basic Allowance for Quarters such member receives pursuant to section 403, title 37, United States Code, in the case of a member without dependents.

Fairbanks, land transfer.

SEC. 793. The land and building located on the parce. described as lot four (4), block four (4), Fairbanks Original Townsite, section 10 townsite 1 south, range 1 west, Fairbanks meridian, shall be transferred to the city of Fairbanks.

Weapon system procurement. 10 USC 2304 note.

SEC. 794. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, none of the funds appropriated by this or any other Act may be obligated or expended for the procurement of a weapon system unless the prime

contractor or other contractors for such system provides the United States with written guarantees—

(1) that the system and each component thereof were designed and manufactured so as to conform to the Government's performance requirements as specifically delineated (A) in the production contract, or (B) in any other agreement relating to the production of such system entered into by the United States and the contractor;

(2) that the system and each component thereof, at the time they are provided to the United States, are free from all defects (in materials and workmanship) which would cause the system to fail to conform to the Government's performance requirements as specifically delineated (A) in the production contract, or (B) in any other agreement relating to the production of such system entered into by the United States and the contractor; and

(3) that, in the event of a failure of the weapon system or a component to meet the conditions specified in clauses (1) and (2)—

(A) the contractor will bear the cost of all work promptly to repair or replace such parts as are necessary to achieve the required performance requirements; or

(B) if the contractor fails to repair or replace such parts promptly, as determined by the Secretary of Defense, the contractor will pay the costs incurred by the United States in procuring such parts from another source.

(b) A written guarantee provided pursuant to subsection (a) shall not apply in the case of any weapon system or component thereof which has been furnished by the Government to a contractor.

(c) The Secretary of Defense may waive the requirements of subsection (a) in the case of a weapon system if the Secretary— Waiver.

(1) determines that the waiver is necessary in the interest of the national defense or would not be cost-effective; and

(2) notifies the Committees on Armed Services and Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives in writing of his intention to waive such requirements with respect to such weapon system and includes in the notice an explanation of the reasons for the waiver. Notification to congressional committees.

(d) The requirements for written guarantees provided in subsection (a) hereof shall apply only to contracts which are awarded after the date of enactment of this Act and shall not cover combat damage.

SEC. 795. None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be obligated under the competitive rate program of the Department of Defense for the transportation of household goods to or from Alaska and Hawaii. Alaska and Hawaii, household goods transportation.

SEC. 796. No funds appropriated for the Departments of Defense, Army, Navy, or the Air Force shall be obligated by their respective Secretaries for architectural and engineering services and construction design contracts for Military Construction projects in the amount of $85,000 and over, unless competition for such contracts is open to all firms regardless of size in accordance with 40 U.S.C. § 541, et seq. Military construction contracts. 10 USC 2807 note.

SEC. 797. None of the funds made available by this Act shall be used to initiate full-scale engineering development of any major defense acquisition program until the Secretary of Defense has Certification or plan submittal to Congress.

provided to the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate—

(a) a certification that the system or subsystem being developed will be procured in quantities that are not sufficient to warrant development of two or more production sources, or

(b) a plan for the development of two or more sources for the production of the system or subsystem being developed.

Federal Contract Research Centers.

SEC. 798. Funds appropriated by this Act shall be available for such studies and analyses contracts with federally established nonprofit corporations which operate Federal Contract Research Centers as the Secretary of Defense may determine in accordance with procedures in effect on June 1, 1983, notwithstanding any other provisions of law: *Provided,* That this section shall expire on April 30, 1984.

Expiration date.

SEC. 799. It is the sense of the Congress that the Secretary of Defense should formulate and carry out a program under which contracts awarded by the Department of Defense in fiscal year 1984 would, to the maximum extent practicable and consistent with existing law, be awarded to contractors who agree to carry out such contracts in labor surplus areas (as defined and identified by the Department of Labor).

McNeil Island Federal Penitentiary, Wash., transfer.

SEC. 799A. The Administrator of General Services shall transfer to the State of Washington for educational correctional facility use and in accordance with provisions of law relating to the disposal of Federal property, that part of the real property, including all improvements and related personal property thereon, which was administered by the Department of Justice, located in Pierce County, Washington, known as the former McNeil Island Federal Penitentiary. Such transfer shall not include that part of McNeil Island comprising the wildlife refuge area.

Ante, p. 1423.

SEC. 799B. Within the funds made available under title III of this Act, the military departments may use such funds as necessary, but not to exceed $2,300,000, to carry out the provisions of section 430 of title 37, United States Code.

Ante, p. 639.

U.S. troops in Lebanon and Grenada, free mailing privileges.

SEC. 799C. Within funds available under title III of this Act, the Department of Defense shall provide free mailing privileges to members of the Armed Forces of the United States assigned to duty as part of the multinational peacekeeping force in Lebanon and to members of the Armed Forces of the United States assigned to duty in Grenada in the same manner and to the same extent such privileges would be accorded under section 3401 of title 39, United States Code, to members of the Armed Forces of the United States serving on active duty in an overseas area, as designated by the President, when the Armed Forces of the United States are engaged in military operations involving armed conflict with a hostile foreign force.

Countries with illicit drug activities, restriction.

SEC. 799D. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available under this Act may be available for any country during any three-month period beginning on or after November 1, 1983, immediately following a certification by the President to the Congress that the government of such country is failing to take adequate measures to prevent narcotic drugs or other controlled substances (as listed in the schedules in section 202 of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse and Prevention Control Act of 1971 (21 U.S.C. 812), which are cultivated, produced, or processed illicitly, in whole or in part, in such country, or transported through such country from being sold illegally within the jurisdiction of such country to United

States Government personnel or their dependents or from entering the United States unlawfully.

Surviving family members, funeral transportation expenses.
Ante, p. 1423.

SEC. 799E. Within funds available under title III of this Act, but not to exceed $100,000, and under such regulations as the Secretary of Defense may prescribe, the Department of Defense may, in addition to allowances currently available, make payments for travel and transportation expenses of the surviving spouse, children, parents, and brothers and sisters of any member of the Armed Forces of the United States, who dies as the result of an injury or disease incurred in line of duty to attend the funeral of such member in any case in which the funeral of such member is more than 200 miles from the residence of the surviving spouse, children, parents or brothers and sisters, if such spouse, children, parents or brothers and sisters, as the case may be, are financially unable to pay their own travel and transportation expenses to attend the funeral of such member.

Weapon systems, spare-parts procurement review.
Report to Congress.

SEC. 799F. (a) Not later than June 1, 1984, the Office of Federal Procurement Policy (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Office") shall review the procurement practices, regulations, and reform proposals and programs of the Department of Defense relating to the procurement of spare parts for weapon systems and shall transmit to the Congress a report on the findings, conclusions, and recommendations of the Office relating to such matters. The report shall include (1) an evaluation of the adequacy of the reform proposals and programs to promote practices and the development of directives which will achieve control of costs, economy, and efficiency in the procurement of such spare parts and (2) such recommendations for legislation with respect to the procurement of such spare parts as the Office considers appropriate.

(b)(1) The Secretary of Defense shall furnish to the Office such information on the practices, regulations, and reform proposals and programs of the Department of Defense relating to the procurement of spare parts for weapon systems as the Office considers necessary to carry out subsection (a).

(2) The Inspector General of the Department of Defense shall furnish to the Office such information on the practices of the Department of Defense in procuring spare parts for weapon systems as the Inspector General acquires during his audits of such practices and the Office considers necessary to carry out subsection (a).

(c) The Inspector General of the Department of Defense shall have reasonable opportunity to review and comment on the report required by subsection (a) before the report is transmitted to the Congress. The comments of the Inspector General shall be included in such report.

SEC. 799G. It is the sense of the Congress that competition, which is necessary to enhance innovation, effectiveness, and efficiency, and which has served our Nation so well in other spheres of political and economic endeavor, should be expanded and increased in the provision of our national defense.

Joint Tactical Missile System, prohibition.

SEC. 799H. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, no funds appropriated by this Act shall be expended for the research, development, test, evaluation or procurement for integration of a nuclear warhead into the Joint Tactical Missile System (JTACMS).

TITLE VIII

RELATED AGENCIES

INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY STAFF

For necessary expenses of the Intelligence Community Staff; $17,323,000.

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY SYSTEM FUND

For payment to the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability System Fund, to maintain proper funding level for continuing the operation of the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability System; $86,300,000.

Short title.

This Act may be cited as the "Department of Defense Appropriation Act, 1984".

Approved December 8, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 4185 (S. 2039):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 98-427 (Comm. on Appropriations) and No. 98-567 (Comm. of Conference).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-292 accompanying S. 2039 (Comm. on Appropriations).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Oct. 25, 26, Nov. 1, 2, considered and passed House.
Nov. 3, 4, 7, 8, considered and passed Senate, amended.
Nov. 18, House agreed to conference report; concurred in certain amendments and in others with amendments; Senate agreed to conference report; concurred in House amendments.

Public Law 98-213
98th Congress

An Act

To authorize $15,500,000 for capital improvement projects on Guam, and for other purposes.

Dec. 8, 1983
[S. 589]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1(a)(1) of Public Law 95-348 (92 Stat. 487) as amended by Public Law 97-357 (96 Stat. 1705) is amended by deleting the word "and" where it last appears, and inserting after the words "fiscal year 1983," the words "and effective October 1, 1983, $15,500,000,".

Guam, capital improvement projects.

SEC. 2. Funds authorized to be appropriated for the construction of a hydroelectric facility in Ponape pursuant to section 101 of Public Law 96-205 (94 Stat. 84), as amended, may be appropriated directly to the Secretary of the Army for expenditure by the Chief of Engineers on such construction.

48 USC 1681 note.

SEC. 3. (a) Section 205(a) of Public Law 96-205, as amended by Public Law 96-597, is further amended by changing "1983." to "1985.".

48 USC 1681 note.

(b) Section 205(c) of Public Law 96-205 (94 Stat. 87) is amended to read as follows: "As provided in section 602 of Public Law 94-241 (90 Stat. 263, 270) the term 'rebate of any taxes' shall, effective January 1, 1985, apply only to the extent taxes have actually been paid pursuant to section 601 of said Act, shall not exceed the amount of tax actually paid for any tax year, and may only be paid following the close of the tax year involved. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, effective January 1, 1985, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands shall maintain, as a matter of public record, the name and address of each person receiving such a rebate, together with the amount of the rebate, and the year for which such rebate was made.".

Rebate of any taxes.
48 USC 1681 note.

Effective date.

(c) The Secretary of the Interior and the Governor of the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands shall each submit a report to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate on any efforts to develop any needed modification of the income tax rates required by sections 601 and 602 of the Covenant to Establish a Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands in Political Union With the United States of America approved by Public Law 94-241 (90 Stat. 263, 269-270) to enforce such sections. The initial report shall be transmitted not later than January 1, 1984, with subsequent reports to be transmitted every three months thereafter until January 1, 1985. The reports shall set forth the precise objectives of both the Commonwealth government and the administration, any areas of difference, the modifications under consideration, and what progress has been made to resolve any differences and implement the provisions of sections 601 and 602.

Reports to congressional committees.

48 USC 1681 note.

Objectives.

SEC. 4. (a) Section 303 of Public Law 97-357 (96 Stat. 1705, 1709) is amended by deleting "grants to" and inserting in lieu thereof "grants or loans to".

48 USC 1574b. (b) Public Law 94-392 (48 U.S.C. 1574(b)), as amended, is hereby further amended by—

(1) deleting the semicolon in section 2(b)(1) and adding the following: ", except that $28,000,000 of the guaranteed bonding authority will be used for water producing and power projects, including maintenance and overhaul of electrical generating and distribution mechanisms, and $12,000,000 of the guaranteed bonding authority will be used for repair and improvements of the water distribution and storage systems;"; and

(2) in section 2(f), strike "$61,000,000" and insert in lieu thereof "$101,000,000" and in each place where it occurs, strike "1984" and insert in lieu thereof "1990".

SEC. 5. (a) Section 29 of the Revised Organic Act of the Virgin Islands (68 Stat. 509; 48 U.S.C. 1543) is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 29. All members of the Legislature of the Virgin Islands, the Governor, the Lieutenant Governor, all judges and all officials of the government of the Virgin Islands who report directly to the Governor shall be citizens of the United States.".

48 USC 1423. (b) Subsection (c) of section 10 of the Organic Act of Guam is further amended by deleting all through "*Provided,* That any" and inserting in lieu thereof "Any".

26 USC 7652. (c) Section 1906(a)(55) of the Act of October 4, 1976 (90 Stat. 1832), is amended as follows:

(1) in paragraph (B) change the language to be inserted to read "emergency relief purposes and essential public projects"; and

(2) add the following new paragraph (D) to read as follows:

"(D) by amending the second sentence in paragraph (A) by changing the colon after 'determine' to a period and striking the remainder of the sentences.".

48 USC 1561. (d) Section 3 of the Revised Organic Act of the Virgin Islands (68 Stat. 498), as amended, is further amended by inserting "article VI, clause 3;" after "article IV, section 1 and section 2, clause 1;" and before "the first to ninth amendments".

48 USC 1469a. SEC. 6. Section 501(d), of Public Law 95-134 (91 Stat. 1159, 1164), as amended, is amended by changing "$100,000" to "$200,000".

48 USC 1492. SEC. 7. Section 604(d) of Public Law 96-597 (94 Stat. 3477, 3481) is amended by inserting before the period "and may implement any projects or programs contained in recommendations of the plan".

Health care program. Marshall Islands. 48 USC 1681 note. Notification to congressional committees. SEC. 8. The Secretary of the Interior is directed to implement the health care program required by section 106 of Public Law 95-134 (91 Stat. 1159) for the populations of the four atolls in the Marshall Islands identified in such section immediately upon enactment of this section and shall promptly notify the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate if he finds that the populations of other atolls should be included in the program setting forth the basis for his finding and the estimated cost of extension of the program. The Secretary of Energy shall transmit annually to the Committees on Interior and Insular Affairs and Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Committees on Energy and Natural Resources and Appropriations of the Senate together with the proposed budget for the next fiscal year, a

Budget and program description, submittal to congressional committees.

description of the program and the estimated costs for implementation together with any recommendations which he may have for improvements in such program.

SEC. 9. Subsection (b) of section 606 of the Covenant to Establish a Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands in Political Union With the United States of America, approved by Public Law 94-241, is amended by striking out "upon termination of the Trusteeship Agreement or" and inserting in lieu thereof "on January 1 of the first calendar year following the termination of the Trusteeship Agreement or upon". 48 USC 1681 note.

SEC. 10. Section 419(a)(2) of the Act of August 23, 1958 (72 Stat. 731, as amended, 49 U.S.C. 1389(a)(2)), is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraph: 49 USC app. 1389.

"(D) The Board may, after considering the views of any interested community, the territory of Guam and appropriate Federal agencies, determine what is the essential air transportation for Guam without regard to whether it is being served by more than one air carrier holding a certificate issued under section 401 of this title.". 49 USC app. 1371.

SEC. 11. Title III of the Clean Air Act is amended by inserting after section 324 the following new section and renumbering succeeding sections accordingly: 42 USC 7625a, 7626.

"EXEMPTIONS FOR CERTAIN TERRITORIES

"SEC. 325. (a)(1) Upon petition by the governor of Guam, American Samoa, or the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, the Administrator is authorized to exempt any person or source or class of persons or sources in such territory from any requirement under this Act other than section 112 or any requirement under section 110 or part D necessary to attain or maintain a national primary ambient air quality standard. Such exemption may be granted if the Administrator finds that compliance with such requirement is not feasible or is unreasonable due to unique geographical, meteorological, or economic factors of such territory, or such other local factors as the Administrator deems significant. Any such petition shall be considered in accordance with section 307(d) and any exemption under this subsection shall be considered final action by the Administrator for the purposes of section 307(b). 42 USC 7625-1. 42 USC 7412. 42 USC 7410, 7501. 42 USC 7607.

"(2) The Administrator shall promptly notify the Committees on Energy and Commerce and on Interior and Insular Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committees on Environment and Public Works and on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate upon receipt of any petition under this subsection and of the approval or rejection of such petition and the basis for such action. Notification to congressional committees.

"(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, any fossil fuel fired steam electric power plant operating within Guam as of the date of enactment of this section is hereby exempted from:

"(1) any requirement of the new source performance standards relating to sulfur dioxide promulgated under section 111 as of such date of enactment; and 42 USC 7411.

"(2) any regulation relating to sulfur dioxide standards or limitations contained in a State implementation plan approved under section 110 as of such date of enactment: *Provided*, That such exemption shall expire eighteen months after such date of enactment unless the Administrator determines that such plant is making all emissions reductions practicable to prevent Expiration date. 42 USC 7410.

exceedances of the national ambient air quality standards for sulfur dioxide.".

42 USC 1662a.

SEC. 12. Amendments of, or modifications to, the constitution of American Samoa, as approved by the Secretary of the Interior pursuant to Executive Order 10264 as in effect January 1, 1983, may be made only by Act of Congress.

3 CFR, 1949–1953 Comp., p. 765.

48 USC 1681 note.

SEC. 13. (a) The Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers and in cooperation with the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, is hereby authorized and directed to study and draft plans for development, utilization, and conservation of water and related land resources of the Commonwealth. To carry out the purposes of this section there are authorized to be appropriated effective October 1, 1983, such sums as may be necessary.

Appropriation authorization.

Studies.

(b) Such studies shall include appropriate consideration of the needs for flood protection; wise use of flood plain lands; navigation facilities; hydroelectric power generation; regional water supply and waste water management facilities systems; general recreational facilities; enhancement and control of water quality; enhancement and conservation of fish and wildlife; and other measures for environment improvement and economic and human resources development. Such studies shall also be compatible with comprehensive development plans formulated by local planning agencies and other interested Federal agencies.

7 USC 1446 note.

SEC. 14. Effective with respect to milk marketed for commercial use during the period beginning on December 1, 1983 and ending on May 31, 1984, paragraphs (2) and (3) of section 201(d) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 shall apply only to milk produced in the forty-eight contiguous States.

7 USC 1446.

"Territory."

SEC. 15. (a) Section 1839 of the Revised Statutes (48 U.S.C. 1451) is amended by adding at the end thereof: "As used herein, the term 'Territory' does not include the Virgin Islands, Puerto Rico, American Samoa, Guam, or the Northern Mariana Islands.".

(b) Section 1840 of the Revised Statutes (48 U.S.C. 1452) is amended by adding at the end thereof: "As used herein, the term 'Territory' does not include the Virgin Islands, Puerto Rico, American Samoa, Guam, or the Northern Mariana Islands.".

Repeals.

SEC. 16. The following provisions of law are repealed:

(a) That portion of section 1 of the Legislative, Executive, and Judicial Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1916 (March 5, 1915, c. 141, Sec. 1, 38 Stat. 1021) which reads as follows: "Hereafter, the accounts and vouchers relating to the expenditure of the appropriations for government in the Territories shall be transmitted to the Secretary of the Interior for administrative examination and by him passed to the Auditor for the Interior Department for settlement.";

48 USC 1469–1.

48 USC 1488.

(b) Chapter 56 of the Act of April 16, 1880 (21 Stat. 74);

(c) Section 1841 of the Revised Statutes (48 U.S.C. 1453);

(d) Section 1873 of the Revised Statutes (48 U.S.C. 1453a);

(e) Section 1843 of the Revised Statutes (48 U.S.C. 1454);

(f) Section 1844 of the Revised Statutes (48 U.S.C. 1455);

(g) Section 1855 of the Revised Statutes (48 U.S.C. 1457);

(h) Section 1857 of the Revised Statutes (48 U.S.C. 1458);

(i) Section 1858 of the Revised Statutes (48 U.S.C. 1459);

(j) Section 1860 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (48 U.S.C. 1460);

(k) Section 1854 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (48 U.S.C. 1460a);
(l) Section 8 of the Act of March 22, 1882 (22 Stat. 31); 48 USC 1461.
(m) Section 1 of the Act of June 19, 1878 (20 Stat. 193); 48 USC 1462.
(n) Section 1868 of the Revised Statutes (48 U.S.C. 1463);
(o) Section 1864 of the Revised Statutes (48 U.S.C. 1463a);
(p) Section 1 of the Act of April 7, 1874 (18 Stat. 27); 48 USC 1464.
(q) Section 1878 of the Revised Statutes (48 U.S.C. 1465);
(r) That portion of chapter 88 of the Act of May 1, 1876 (19 Stat. 43), which reads as follows: "And hereafter payment of salaries of all officers of the Territories of the United States appointed by the President shall commence only when the person appointed to any such office shall take the proper oath, and shall enter upon the duties of such office in such Territory; and said oath shall hereafter be administered in the Territory in which such office is held."; 48 USC 1466.
(s) Section 1883 of the Revised Statutes (48 U.S.C. 1467);
(t) Section 1884 of the Revised Statutes (48 U.S.C. 1468), as amended by section 304 of chapter 18 of the Act of June 10, 1921 (42 Stat. 24);
(u) Section 1886 of the Revised Statutes (48 U.S.C. 1469), as amended by section 304 of chapter 18 of the Act of June 10, 1921 (42 Stat. 24);
(v) Section 1888 of the Revised Statutes (48 U.S.C. 1470);
(w) Section 1 of chapter 818 of the Act of July 30, 1886 (24 Stat. 170); 48 USC 1471.
(x) Section 4 of chapter 818 of the Act of July 30, 1868 (24 Stat. 171), as amended by chapter 43 of the Act of August 22, 1911 (37 Stat. 33); 48 USC 1472.
(y) Section 3 of chapter 818 of the Act of July 30, 1886 (24 Stat. 171); 48 USC 1473.
(z) Section 2 of chapter 679 of the Act of July 19, 1888 (25 Stat. 336); 48 USC 1474.
(aa) Section 2 of chapter 818 of the Act of July 30, 1886 (24 Stat. 171); 48 USC 1475.
(bb) Chapter 35 of the Act of March 4, 1898 (30 Stat. 252); 48 USC 1476.
(cc) Chapter 820 of the Act of June 6, 1900 (31 Stat. 683); 48 USC 1477.
(dd) Section 6 of chapter 818 of the Act of July 30, 1886 (24 Stat. 171); 48 USC 1478.
(ee) Section 7 of chapter 818 of the Act of July 30, 1886 (24 Stat. 171); 48 USC 1479.
(ff) Chapter 235 of the Act of June 16, 1880 (21 Stat. 277); 48 USC 1481.
(gg) Section 1892 of the Revised Statutes (48 U.S.C. 1482);
(hh) Section 1893 of the Revised Statutes (48 U.S.C. 1483);
(ii) Section 1894 of the Revised Statutes (48 U.S.C. 1484);
(jj) Section 1895 of the Revised Statutes (48 U.S.C. 1485); and
(kk) Chapter 388 of the Act of June 22, 1874 (18 Stat. 135). 48 USC 1487.

SEC. 17. No provision of law prohibiting the payment of compensation to, or employment of, any person not a citizen of the United States of America by the United States of America shall bar the United States of America from paying compensation to or employing any citizen of the Northern Mariana Islands. Compensation or employment. 48 USC 1681 note.

SEC. 18. No requirement of United States citizenship in any Federal law which provides Federal services or financial assistance and which is applicable to the Northern Mariana Islands by operation of section 502(a)(1) of the Covenant or, if enacted subsequent to March 24, 1976, by its own terms shall bar a citizen of the Northern 48 USC 1681 note. 48 USC 1681 note.

Mariana Islands from receiving services or assistance pursuant to such law.

Citizenship or nationality requirement.
48 USC 1681 note.

SEC. 19. (a) The President may, subject to the provisions of section 20 of this Act, by proclamation provide that the requirement of United States citizenship or nationality provided for in any of the statutes listed on pages 63-74 of the Interim Report of the Northern Mariana Islands Commission on Federal Laws to the Congress of the United States, dated January 1982 and submitted pursuant to section 504 of the Covenant, shall not be applicable to the citizens of the Northern Mariana Islands. The President is authorized to correct clerical errors in the list, and to add to it provisions, where it appears from the context that they were inadvertently omitted from the list.

48 USC 1681 note.

(b) A statute which denies a benefit or imposes a burden or a disability on an alien, his dependents, or his survivors shall, for the purposes of this Act, be considered to impose a requirement of United States citizenship or nationality.

Proclamations, issuance.
48 USC 1681 note.

SEC. 20. (a) The President may issue one or more proclamations under the authority of this Act.

(b) When issuing such proclamation or proclamations the President—

(1) shall take into account:

(i) the hardship suffered by the citizens of the Northern Mariana Islands resulting from the fact that, while they are subject to most of the laws of the United States, they are denied the benefit of those laws which contain a requirement of United States citizenship or nationality;

(ii) the responsibilities, obligations, and limitations imposed upon the United States by international law;

(2) may make the requirement of United States citizenship or nationality inapplicable only to those citizens of the Northern Mariana Islands who declare in writing that they do not intend to exercise their option under section 302 of the Covenant to become a national but not a citizen of the United States;

48 USC 1681 note.

(3) may make the requirement of a United States citizenship or nationality inapplicable only in the Northern Mariana Islands;

(4) may retain the requirement of United States citizenship or nationality with respect to parts of a statute or portion thereof.

48 USC 1681 note.

SEC. 21. If the President does not issue any proclamation authorized by section 19 of this Act within a period of six months following the effective date of the Act, the requirement of United States citizenship or nationality as a prerequisite of any benefit, right, privilege, or immunity in any statute made applicable to the Northern Mariana Islands by the terms of that statute or by operation of the Covenant shall not be applicable to citizens of the Northern Mariana Islands: *Provided,* That the provisions of this section shall not be applicable to any requirements of United States citizenship or nationality contained in statutes relating to the political rights of citizenship, and to the diplomatic protection of, and services to, citizens or nationals of the United States in foreign countries:

Provided further, That with respect to the statutes relating to the uniformed services, the requirement of United States citizenship or nationality shall remain in effect, except with respect to those citizens of the Northern Mariana Islands who declare in writing that they do not intend to exercise their option under section 302 of the Covenant to become a national but not a citizen of the United States. 48 USC 1681 note.

SEC. 22. Nothing in this Act shall be construed as extending to the Northern Mariana Islands any statutory provision or regulation not otherwise applicable to or within the Northern Mariana Islands, in particular the statutes relating to immigration and nationality and the regulations issued under them. 48 USC 1681 note.

SEC. 23. The authority of the President to issue proclamations under section 19 of this Act shall terminate upon the establishment of the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands pursuant to section 1002 of the Covenant. Section 21 of this Act shall not become effective if the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands is established within the period of six months following the effective date of this Act. Proclamation issuance, termination. 48 USC 1681 note. 48 USC 1681 note.

SEC. 24. As used in this Act: 48 USC 1681 note. Definitions.

(a) "Covenant" means the Covenant to Establish a Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands in Political Union With the United States of America, approved by the Joint Resolution of March 24, 1976 (90 Stat. 263, 48 U.S.C. 1681, note).

(b) "Citizen of the Northern Mariana Islands" means a citizen of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands and his or her children under the age of eighteen years, who does not owe allegiance to any foreign state, and who—

(1) was born in the Northern Mariana Islands and is physically present in the Northern Mariana Islands or in the United States or any territory or possession thereof; or

(2) has been lawfully and continuously domiciled in the Northern Mariana Islands since January 1, 1974, and, who, unless then under age, was registered to vote in an election for the Mariana Islands legislature or for any municipal election in the Northern Mariana Islands prior to January 1, 1975.

(c) "Domicile" means that place where a person maintains a residence with the intention of continuing such residence for an unlimited or indefinite period, and to which such person has the intention of returning whenever he is absent, even for an extended period.

48 USC 1681 note.

SEC. 25. Upon the establishment of the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands pursuant to section 1002 of the Covenant, the benefits acquired under this Act shall merge without interruption into those to which the recipient is entitled by virtue of his acquisition of United States citizenship, unless the recipient exercises his privilege under section 302 of the Covenant to become a national but not a citizen of the United States.

Approved December 8, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 589:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-174 (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-46 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Apr. 7, considered and passed Senate.
Oct. 3, considered and passed House, amended.
Nov. 17, Senate concurred in House amendment with amendments.
Nov. 18, House concurred in Senate amendments.

Public Law 98-214
98th Congress

An Act

To authorize appropriations for the Federal Communications Commission for fiscal years 1984 and 1985, and for other purposes.

Dec. 8, 1983
[H.R. 2755]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Federal Communications Commission Authorization Act of 1983.
47 USC 609 note.

SHORT TITLE

SECTION 1. This Act may be cited as the "Federal Communications Commission Authorization Act of 1983".

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION APPROPRIATIONS AUTHORIZATION

SEC. 2. (a) Section 6 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 156) is amended to read as follows:

"AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

"SEC. 6. There are authorized to be appropriated for the administration of this Act by the Commission $91,156,000, together with such sums as may be necessary for increases resulting from adjustments in salary, pay, retirement, other employee benefits required by law, and other nondiscretionary costs, for each of the fiscal years 1984 and 1985.".

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply with respect to fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1983.

Effective date.
47 USC 156 note.

INCREASE IN PUBLIC BROADCASTING APPROPRIATIONS AUTHORIZATION

SEC. 3. (a) Section 396(k)(1)(C) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 396(k)(1)(C)) is amended by striking out ", and $130,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1984, 1985, and 1986." and inserting in lieu thereof ", $145,000,000 for fiscal year 1984, $153,000,000 for fiscal year 1985, and $162,000,000 for fiscal year 1986.".

(b) Paragraph (10) of such section 396(k) is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: ", and unless further assurances are provided to the Corporation that no officer or employee of such an entity will be loaned money by that entity on an interest-free basis".

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION ADMINISTRATIVE MATTERS

SEC. 4. (a) Section 316 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 316) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by inserting "(1)" after "(a)" and by striking out "and shall have been given reasonable opportunity" and all that follows and inserting in lieu thereof "and

shall be given reasonable opportunity, of at least thirty days, to protest such proposed order of modification; except that, where safety of life or property is involved, the Commission may by order provide, for a shorter period of notice.";

(2) by adding at the end of subsection (a) the following new paragraphs:

"(2) Any other licensee or permittee who believes its license or permit would be modified by the proposed action may also protest the proposed action before its effective date.

"(3) A protest filed pursuant to this subsection shall be subject to the requirements of section 309 for petitions to deny."; and

47 USC 309.

(3) in subsection (b), by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: "; except that, with respect to any issue that addresses the question of whether the proposed action would modify the license or permit of a person described in subsection (a)(2), such burdens shall be as determined by the Commission".

(b) Section 503(b)(5) of such Act (47 U.S.C. 503(b)(5)) is amended by inserting, before the period in the second sentence, the following: "or if the person involved is transmitting on frequencies assigned for use in a service in which individual station operation is authorized by rule pursuant to section 307(e)".

47 USC 307.

FINANCIAL OVERSIGHT OF NATIONAL PUBLIC RADIO BY CORPORATION FOR PUBLIC BROADCASTING

SEC. 5. Section 396(l) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 396(l)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

Funds, distribution.

"(4)(A) Subject to subparagraph (C), the Corporation may not distribute to National Public Radio any funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act unless there is in effect a determination by the Corporation that—

"(i) National Public Radio has adopted and is implementing a system of financial controls and procedures devised in consultation with, and recommended by, an independent certified public accountant and determined by the Comptroller General as sufficient to assure that the financial transactions of National Public Radio reflect prudent management practices and are accounted for in a manner consistent with generally accepted accounting principles;

"(ii) National Public Radio has adopted a budget under which reasonably projected expenditures will not exceed reasonably projected revenues from all sources for any fiscal year in which such funds are distributed to National Public Radio; and

"(iii) financial reporting systems of National Public Radio provide the Corporation with continuous access to all financial books and records of National Public Radio.

Report to congressional committees.

"(B) Not later than fifteen days after the date of the enactment of this paragraph, the Corporation shall report to the appropriate committees of the Congress on actions taken by National Public Radio to meet the conditions described in subparagraph (A) and on actions taken by the Corporation with respect to the indebtedness of National Public Radio related to deficits accumulated before October 1, 1983. The Corporation shall certify to such committees when such conditions have been met.

"(C) The requirements of subparagraphs (A) and (B) shall cease to be effective on and after the date on which the Corporation certifies

to the appropriate committees of Congress that all indebtedness of National Public Radio related to deficits accumulated before October 1, 1983, has been liquidated in full.".

CORPORATION FOR PUBLIC BROADCASTING

ADMINISTRATIVE MATTERS

SEC. 6. (a) Section 396(c)(1) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 396(c)(1)) is amended—

(1) in the first sentence, by striking out ", and the President of the Corporation"; and

(2) by striking out the third sentence.

(b)(1) Section 396(d)(1) of such Act is amended by inserting after "annually" the following: "elect one of their members to be Chairman and".

(2) The subsection heading for section 396(d) of such Act is amended by striking out "VICE CHAIRMAN" and inserting in lieu thereof "CHAIRMAN AND VICE CHAIRMAN".

(c) Section 396(e)(1) of such Act is amended by striking out "No officer of the Corporation, other than a Vice Chairman" and inserting in lieu thereof "No officer of the Corporation, other than the Chairman or a Vice Chairman".

ADMINISTRATION OF REGIONAL CONCENTRATION RULES FOR BROADCAST STATIONS

SEC. 7. Section 310 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 310) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(e)(1) In the case of any broadcast station, and any ownership interest therein, which is excluded from the regional concentration rules by reason of the savings provision for existing facilities provided by the First Report and Order adopted March 9, 1977 (docket No. 20548; 42 Fed. Reg. 16145), the exclusion shall not terminate solely by reason of changes made in the technical facilities of the station to improve its service.

"Regional concentration rules."

"(2) For purposes of this subsection, the term 'regional concentration rules' means the provisions of sections 73.35, 73.240, and 73.636 of title 47, Code of Federal Regulations (as in effect June 1, 1983), which prohibit any party from directly or indirectly owning, operating, or controlling three broadcast stations in one or several services where any two of such stations are within 100 miles of the third (measured city-to-city), and where there is a primary service contour overlap of any of the stations.".

CLARIFICATION AND ADMINISTRATION OF SECTION 223

SEC. 8. (a) Section 223 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 223) is amended—

(1) by striking out "$500" and inserting in lieu thereof "$50,000";

(2) by inserting "(a)" before "Whoever"; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

Violations and penalties.

"(b)(1) Whoever knowingly—

"(A) in the District of Columbia or in interstate or foreign communication, by means of telephone, makes (directly or by

recording device) any obscene or indecent communication for commercial purposes to any person under eighteen years of age or to any other person without that person's consent, regardless of whether the maker of such communication placed the call; or

"(B) permits any telephone facility under such person's control to be used for an activity prohibited by subparagraph (A), shall be fined not more than $50,000 or imprisoned not more than six months, or both.

"(2) It is a defense to a prosecution under this subsection that the defendant restricted access to the prohibited communication to persons eighteen years of age or older in accordance with procedures which the Commission shall prescribe by regulation.

"(3) In addition to the penalties under paragraph (1), whoever, in the District of Columbia or in interstate or foreign communication, intentionally violates paragraph (1)(A) or (1)(B) shall be subject to a fine of not more than $50,000 for each violation. For purposes of this paragraph, each day of violation shall constitute a separate violation.

"(4)(A) In addition to the penalties under paragraphs (1) and (3), whoever, in the District of Columbia or in interstate or foreign communication, violates paragraph (1)(A) or (1)(B) shall be subject to a civil fine of not more than $50,000 for each violation. For purposes of this paragraph, each day of violation shall constitute a separate violation.

"(B) A fine under this paragraph may be assessed either—

"(i) by a court, pursuant to a civil action by the Commission or any attorney employed by the Commission who is designated by the Commission for such purposes, or

"(ii) by the Commission after appropriate administrative proceedings.

Litigation.

"(5) The Attorney General may bring a suit in the appropriate district court of the United States to enjoin any act or practice which violates paragraph (1)(A) or (1)(B). An injunction may be granted in accordance with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure."

28 USC app.

(b) Section 223(a) of the Communications Act of 1934 (as redesignated by subsection (a) of this section) is amended in paragraph (2) by inserting "facility" after "telephone".

Regulations.
47 USC 223 note.

(c) The Federal Communications Commission shall issue regulations pursuant to section 223(b)(2) of the Communications Act of 1934 (as added by subsection (a) of this section) not later than one hundred and eighty days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

47 USC 223 note.
Ante, p. 1469.

(d) The Commission shall act on all complaints alleging violation of section 223 of the Communications Act of 1934 which are pending on the date of the enactment of this Act within ninety days of such date of enactment.

DIRECTION ON USE OF FUNDS REGARDING SPECTRUM ALLOCATION AND ASSIGNMENTS FOR PUBLIC SAFETY PURPOSES

47 USC 303 note.

SEC. 9. (a) Funds authorized to be appropriated under section 2 of this Act shall be used by the Federal Communications Commission to establish a plan which adequately ensures that the needs of State and local public safety authorities would be taken into account in making allocations of the electromagnetic spectrum. In establishing such a plan the Commission shall (1) review the current and future needs of such public safety authorities in light of suitable and commercially available equipment and (2) consider the need for a

nationwide contiguous frequency allocation for public safety purposes.

(b) Pending adoption of a plan, the Commission, while making assignments and allocations, shall duly recognize the needs of State and local public safety authorities.

CERTIFICATION OF TECHNICIANS

SEC. 10. Section 4(f)(4) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 154(f)(4)) is amended—

(1) by redesignating subparagraphs (E) through (H) as subparagraphs (F) through (I), respectively; and

(2) by inserting immediately after subparagraph (D) the following new subparagraph:

"(E) The Commission shall have the authority to endorse certification of individuals to perform transmitter installation, operation, maintenance, and repair duties in the private land mobile services and fixed services (as defined by the Commission by rule) if such certification programs are conducted by organizations or committees which are representative of the users in those services and which consist of individuals who are not officers or employees of the Federal Government.".

VOLUNTEER ADMINISTERED AMATEUR RADIO EXAMINATIONS

SEC. 11. Section 4(f)(4) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 154(f)(4)), as amended by section 10 of this Act, is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraph:

"(J) With respect to the acceptance of voluntary uncompensated services for the preparation, processing, or administration of examinations for amateur station operator licenses pursuant to subparagraph (A) or (B) of this paragraph, individuals, or organizations which provide or coordinate such authorized volunteer services may recover from examinees reimbursement for out-of-pocket costs. The total amount of allowable cost reimbursement per examinee shall not exceed $4, adjusted annually every January 1 for changes in the Department of Labor Consumer Price Index. Such individuals and organizations shall maintain records of out-of-pocket expenditures and shall certify annually to the Commission that all costs for which reimbursement was obtained were necessarily and prudently incurred.". Reimbursement. Records.

NEW TECHNOLOGIES AND SERVICES

SEC. 12. Title I of the Communications Act of 1934 is amended by inserting after section 6 the following new section:

"NEW TECHNOLOGIES AND SERVICES

"SEC. 7. (a) It shall be the policy of the United States to encourage the provision of new technologies and services to the public. Any person or party (other than the Commission) who opposes a new technology or service proposed to be permitted under this Act shall have the burden to demonstrate that such proposal is inconsistent with the public interest. 47 USC 157.

"(b) The Commission shall determine whether any new technology or service proposed in a petition or application is in the public interest within one year after such petition or application is filed or twelve months after the date of the enactment of this section, if later. If the Commission initiates its own proceeding for a new technology or service, such proceeding shall be completed within 12 months after it is initiated or twelve months after the date of the enactment of this section, if later.".

RADIO COMMUNICATION CONFERENCE PARTICIPANTS

SEC. 13. Not fewer than three vice chairpersons shall be appointed to any United States delegation to or for radio communications conferences held under the auspices of the International Telecommunications Union. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and unless declined by the head of the entity involved, such chairpersons shall be officers or employees of the Department of State, the Department of Commerce, and the Federal Communications Commission.

Approved December 8, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2755:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-356 (Comm. on Energy and Commerce).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):
Nov. 17, considered in House.
Nov. 18, considered and passed House and Senate.

Public Law 98-215
98th Congress

An Act

To authorize appropriations for fiscal year 1984 for intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the United States Government, for the Intelligence Community Staff, for the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability System, and for other purposes.

Dec. 9, 1983
[H.R. 2968]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1984".

Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1984.

TITLE I—INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 101. Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1984 for the conduct of the intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the following elements of the United States Government:

(1) The Central Intelligence Agency.
(2) The Department of Defense.
(3) The Defense Intelligence Agency.
(4) The National Security Agency.
(5) The Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, and the Department of the Air Force.
(6) The Department of State.
(7) The Department of the Treasury.
(8) The Department of Energy.
(9) The Federal Bureau of Investigation.
(10) The Drug Enforcement Administration.

CLASSIFIED SCHEDULE OF AUTHORIZATIONS

SEC. 102. The amounts authorized to be appropriated under section 101, and the authorized personnel ceilings as of September 30, 1984, for the conduct of the intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the elements listed in such section, are those specified in the classified Schedule of Authorizations prepared by the committee of conference to accompany H.R. 2968 of the Ninety-eighth Congress. That Schedule of Authorizations shall be made available to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives and to the President. The President shall provide for suitable distribution of the Schedule, or of appropriate portions of the Schedule within the executive branch.

Availability to congressional committees and President. Distribution.

CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION OF EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF PROGRAM AUTHORIZATIONS

SEC. 103. During fiscal year 1984, funds may not be made available for any intelligence or intelligence-related activity unless such funds have been specifically authorized for such activity or, in the case of

Reprograming or transfer authority.

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funds appropriated for a different activity, unless the Director of Central Intelligence or the Secretary of Defense has notified the appropriate committees of Congress of the intent to make such funds available for such activity, except that, in no case may reprograming or transfer authority be used by the Director of Central Intelligence or the Secretary of Defense unless for higher priority intelligence or intelligence-related activities, based on unforeseen requirements, than those for which funds were originally authorized, and in no case where the intelligence or intelligence-related activity for which funds were requested has been denied by Congress.

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION OF AN ADDITIONAL BUILDING AT THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY HEADQUARTERS COMPOUND

SEC. 104. Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated under section 101(1), there is authorized to be appropriated the sum of $75,500,000 for the design and construction of a new building at the Central Intelligence Agency headquarters compound.

AUTHORITY FOR TRANSFER OF AUTHORIZED FUNDS OF THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY TO THE STATE OF VIRGINIA

Highway improvements.

SEC. 105. Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated under section 101(1), the Central Intelligence Agency is authorized to transfer an amount not to exceed $3,000,000 to the State of Virginia for the design and construction of highway improvements associated with construction at the Central Intelligence Agency headquarters compound.

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR COUNTERTERRORISM ACTIVITIES OF THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

SEC. 106. In addition to the amounts authorized to be appropriated under section 101(9), there is authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1984 the sum of $13,800,000 for the conduct of the activities of the Federal Bureau of Investigation to counter terrorism in the United States.

PERSONNEL CEILING ADJUSTMENTS

SEC. 107. The Director of Central Intelligence may authorize employment of civilian personnel in excess of the numbers authorized for the fiscal year 1983 under sections 102 and 202 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for fiscal year 1983 (Public Law 97-269) and in excess of the numbers authorized for the fiscal year 1984 under sections 102 and 202 of this Act when he determines that such action is necessary to the performance of important intelligence functions, except that such number may not, for any element of the Intelligence Community, exceed 2 per centum of the number of civilian personnel authorized under such sections for such element. The Director of Central Intelligence shall promptly notify the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate whenever he exercises the authority granted by this section.

96 Stat. 1142, 1143.

Notification to congressional committees.

LIMITATION ON COVERT ASSISTANCE FOR MILITARY OPERATIONS IN NICARAGUA

SEC. 108. During fiscal year 1984, not more than $24,000,000 of the funds available to the Central Intelligence Agency, the Department of Defense, or any other agency or entity of the United States involved in intelligence activities may be obligated or expended for the purpose or which would have the effect of supporting, directly or indirectly, military or paramilitary operations in Nicaragua by any nation, group, organization, movement, or individual.

CONGRESSIONAL FINDINGS

SEC. 109. (a) The Congress finds that— Nicaragua.

(1) the Government of National Reconstruction of Nicaragua has failed to keep solemn promises, made to the Organization of American States in July 1979, to establish full respect for human rights and political liberties, hold early elections, preserve a private sector, permit political pluralism, and pursue a foreign policy of nonaggression and nonintervention;

(2) by providing military support (including arms, training, and logistical, command and control, and communications facilities) to groups seeking to overthrow the Government of El Salvador and other Central American governments, the Government of National Reconstruction of Nicaragua has violated article 18 of the Charter of the Organization of American States 2 UST 2394. which declares that no state has the right to intervene, directly or indirectly, for any reason whatsoever, in the internal or external affairs of any other state;

(3) the Government of Nicaragua should be held accountable before the Organization of American States for activities violative of promises made to the Organization and for violations of the Charter of that Organization; and

(4) working through the Organization of American States is the proper and most effective means of dealing with threats to the peace of Central America, of providing for common action in the event of aggression, and of providing the mechanisms for peaceful resolution of disputes among the countries of Central America.

(b) The President should seek a prompt reconvening of the Seventeenth Meeting of Consultation of Ministers of Foreign Affairs of the Organization of American States for the purpose of reevaluating the compliance by the Government of National Reconstruction of Nicaragua—

(1) with the commitments made by the leaders of that Government in July 1979 to the Organization of American States; and

(2) with the Charter of the Organization of American States.

(c) The President should vigorously seek actions by the Organization of American States that would provide for a full range of effective measures by the member states to bring about compliance by the Government of National Reconstruction of Nicaragua with those obligations, including verifiable agreements to halt the transfer of military equipment and to cease furnishing of military support facilities to groups seeking the violent overthrow of governments of countries in Central America.

(d) The President should use all diplomatic means at his disposal to encourage the Organization of American States to seek resolution

of the conflicts in Central America based on the provisions of the Final Act of the San Jose Conference of October 1982, especially principles (d), (e), and (g), relating to nonintervention in the internal affairs of other countries, denying support for terrorist and subversive elements in other states, and international supervision of fully verifiable arrangements.

(e) The United States should support measures at the Organization of American States, as well as efforts of the Contadora Group, which seek to end support for terrorist, subversive, or other activities aimed at the violent overthrow of the governments of countries in Central America.

Report to Congress.

Recommendations.

(f) Not later than March 15, 1984, the President shall report to the Congress on the results of his efforts pursuant to this Act to achieve peace in Central America. Such report may include such recommendations as the President may consider appropriate for further United States actions to achieve this objective.

TITLE II—INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY STAFF

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 201. There is authorized to be appropriated for the Intelligence Community Staff for fiscal year 1984 the sum of $18,500,000.

AUTHORIZATION OF PERSONNEL END-STRENGTH

SEC. 202. (a) The Intelligence Community Staff is authorized two hundred and fifteen full-time personnel as of September 30, 1984. Such personnel of the Intelligence Community Staff may be permanent employees of the Intelligence Community Staff or personnel detailed from other elements of the United States Government.

(b) During fiscal year 1984, personnel of the Intelligence Community Staff shall be selected so as to provide appropriate representation from elements of the United States Government engaged in intelligence and intelligence-related activities.

Personnel detail.

(c) During fiscal year 1984, any officer or employee of the United States or a member of the Armed Forces who is detailed to the Intelligence Community Staff from another element of the United States Government shall be detailed on a reimbursable basis, except that any such officer, employee or member may be detailed on a nonreimbursable basis for a period of less than one year for the performance of temporary functions as required by the Director of Central Intelligence.

INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY STAFF ADMINISTERED IN SAME MANNER AS CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

SEC. 203. During fiscal year 1984, activities and personnel of the Intelligence Community Staff shall be subject to the provisions of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401 et seq.) and the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 403a-403n) in the same manner as activities and personnel of the Central Intelligence Agency.

TITLE III—CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY SYSTEM

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 301. There is authorized to be appropriated for the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability Fund for fiscal year 1984 the sum of $86,300,000.

TITLE IV—ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS RELATED TO THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY AND THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY STAFF

ELIGIBILITY FOR APPOINTMENT TO CERTAIN CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY POSITIONS

Age limits.

SEC. 401. Section 5 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 403f) is amended by striking the last "and" in subsection (d), by striking the period at the end of subsection (e) and substituting in lieu thereof "; and", and by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(f) Determine and fix the minimum and maximum limits of age within which an original appointment may be made to an operational position within the Agency, notwithstanding the provision of any other law, in accordance with such criteria as the Director, in his discretion, may prescribe.".

ELIGIBILITY FOR INCENTIVE AWARDS

50 USC 403e-1.

SEC. 402. (a) The Director of Central Intelligence may exercise the authority granted in section 4503 of title 5, United States Code, with respect to Federal employees and members of the Armed Forces detailed or assigned to the Central Intelligence Agency or to the Intelligence Community Staff, in the same manner as such authority may be exercised with respect to the personnel of the Central Intelligence Agency and the Intelligence Community Staff.

(b) The authority granted by subsection (a) of this section may be exercised with respect to Federal employees or members of the Armed Forces detailed or assigned to the Central Intelligence Agency or to the Intelligence Community Staff on or after a date five years before the date of enactment of this section.

APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTOR OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY STAFF

SEC. 403. The National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401 et seq.) is amended by adding after section 102 the following new section:

"APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTOR OF INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY STAFF

50 USC 403-1.

"SEC. 102a. (1) If a commissioned officer of the Armed Forces is appointed as Director of the Intelligence Community Staff, such commissioned officer, while serving in such position—

"(A) shall not be subject to supervision, control, restriction, or prohibition by the Department of Defense or any component thereof; and

(B) shall not exercise, by reason of his status as a commissioned officer, any supervision, control, powers, or functions (other than as authorized as Director of the Intelligence Com-

munity Staff) with respect to any of the military or civilian personnel thereof.

"(2) Except as provided in subsection (1), the appointment of a commissioned officer of the Armed Forces to the position of Director of the Intelligence Community Staff, his acceptance of such appointment and his service in such position shall in no way affect his status, position, rank, or grade in the Armed Forces, or any emolument, perquisite, right, privilege, or benefit incident to or arising out of any such status, position, rank, or grade. Any such commissioned officer, while serving in the position of Director of the Intelligence Community Staff, shall continue to hold a rank and grade not lower than that in which he was serving at the time of his appointment to such position and to receive the military pay and allowances (including retired or retainer pay) payable to a commissioned officer of his grade and length of service for which the appropriate military department shall be reimbursed from any funds available to defray the expenses of the Intelligence Community Staff. In addition to any pay or allowance payable under the preceding sentence, such commissioned officer shall be paid by the Intelligence Community Staff, from funds available to defray the expenses of such staff, an annual compensation at a rate equal to the excess of the rate of compensation payable for such position over the annual rate of his military pay (including retired and retainer pay) and allowances.

"(3) Any commissioned officer to which subsection (1) applies, during the period of his service as Director of the Intelligence Community Staff, shall not be counted against the numbers and percentages of commissioned officers of the rank and grade of such officer authorized for the Armed Force of which he is a member, except that only one commissioned officer of the Armed Forces occupying the position of Director of Central Intelligence or Deputy Director of Central Intelligence as provided for in section 102, or the position of Director of the Intelligence Community Staff, under this section, shall be exempt from such numbers and percentage at any one time.".

50 USC 403.

TITLE V—ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS RELATED TO THE DEFENSE INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

BENEFITS FOR CERTAIN EMPLOYEES OF THE DEFENSE INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

SEC. 501. (a) Title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 191 the following new section:

10 USC 192.

"§ 192. Benefits for certain employees of the Defense Intelligence Agency

"(a) The Director of the Defense Intelligence Agency, on behalf of the Secretary of Defense, may provide to military and civilian personnel of the Department of Defense who are United States nationals, who are assigned to Defense Attaché Offices and Defense Intelligence Agency Liaison Offices outside the United States, and who are designated by the Secretary of Defense for the purposes of this subsection, allowances and benefits comparable to those provided by the Secretary of State to officers and employees of the Foreign Service under paragraphs (2), (3), (4), (6), (7), (8), and (13) of section 901 and under sections 903, 705, and 2308 of the Foreign

Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4025; 22 U.S.C. 4081 (2), (3), (4), (6), (7), (8), and (13); 22 U.S.C. 4083; 5 U.S.C. 5924(4)).

"(b) The authority of the Director of the Defense Intelligence Agency, on behalf of the Secretary of Defense, to make payments under subsection (a) is effective for any fiscal year only to the extent that appropriated funds are available for such purpose.

"(c) Members of the Armed Forces may not receive benefits under both subsection (a) and title 37, United States Code, for the same purpose. The Secretary of Defense shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary to carry out this subsection. Regulations.

"(d) Regulations issued pursuant to subsection (a) shall be submitted to the Committee on Armed Services and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Armed Services and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate before such regulations take effect.". Submittal to congressional committees.

(b) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 8 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after Sec. 191 the following new item:

"192. Benefits for certain employees of the Defense Intelligence Agency.".

TITLE VI—GENERAL PROVISIONS

RESTRICTION OF CONDUCT OF INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES

SEC. 601. The authorization of appropriations by this Act shall not be deemed to constitute authority for the conduct of any intelligence activity which is not otherwise authorized by the Constitution or laws of the United States. USC prec. title 1.

INCREASES IN EMPLOYEE BENEFITS AUTHORIZED BY LAW

SEC. 602. Appropriations authorized by this Act for salary, pay, retirement, and other benefits for Federal employees may be increased by such additional or supplemental amounts as may be necessary for increases in such benefits authorized by law.

Approved December 9, 1983.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2968 (S. 1230):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 98-189, Pt. I (Comm. on Intelligence), Pt. II (Comm. on Armed Services), and No. 98-569 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 98-77 (Comm. on Intelligence) and No. 98-171 (Comm. on Armed Services) both accompanying S. 1230.

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 129 (1983):

Oct. 20, considered and passed House.

Nov. 3, considered and passed Senate, amended, in lieu of S. 1230.

Nov. 18, House and Senate agreed to conference report.

PRIVATE LAWS

FIRST SESSION, NINETY-EIGHTH CONGRESS

PRIVATE LAWS

FIRST SESSION NINETY-EIGHTH CONGRESS

Private Law 98-1
98th Congress

An Act

To provide for the operation of certain foreign-built vessels in the coastwise trade of Alaska.

Aug. 26, 1983
[H.R. 1372]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, notwithstanding section 27 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1920, or any other law restricting the coastwise trade to vessels of the United States, the vessels Yukon Princess I and ACT-100 may operate within the State of Alaska until November 6, 1985. The repair or reconstruction of either vessel is subject to the same requirements as a vessel qualified to engage in the coastwise trade.

Yukon Princess I and Act-100, vessels in coastwise trade.
46 USC app. 883.

SEC. 2. A vessel named in section 1 may continue to operate until November 6, 1990, if the owner of that vessel, before November 6, 1985, contracts to build or purchase a new comparable hovercraft vessel built in the United States.

Approved August 26, 1983.

Private Law 98-2
98th Congress

An Act

For the relief of Ronald Goldstock and Augustus M. Statham.

Nov. 2, 1983
[H.R. 730]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Ronald Goldstock of Larchmont, New York, a former employee of the Department of Labor, the sum of $6,176.05 in full settlement of all his claims against the United States for certain expenses he incurred at the time of his relocation in 1979 from Ithaca, New York to Washington, District of Columbia; these expenses, which failed to qualify for reimbursement, were incurred in good-faith reliance on assurances by the Department of Labor that his real estate expenses and the expenses of his dependents were authorized at Government expense.

Ronald Goldstock and Augustus M. Statham.

(b) The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Augustus M. Statham of Great Falls, Virginia, an employee of the Department of Labor, the sum of $11,725.95 in full settlement of all his claims against the United States for certain expenses he incurred at the time of his relocation in 1979 from San Francisco, California to Washington, District of Columbia; these expenses were incurred in good-faith reliance on the assurances of Department of Labor officials that such relocation costs were reimbursable by the Government.

SEC. 2. No part of the amount appropriated in this subsection (a) or (b) of the first section of this Act in excess of 10 per centum thereof shall be directly or indirectly paid to or received by any

agent or attorney in connection with the claims referred to in the first section of the Act, and the same shall be unlawful, any contract to the contrary notwithstanding. Violation of this section shall be considered a misdemeanor and any person convicted thereof shall be fined not more than $1,000.

Violation, penalty.

Approved November 2, 1983.

Private Law 98-3
98th Congress

An Act

Nov. 2, 1983
[H.R. 732]

For the relief of Gregory B. Dymond, Samuel K. Gibbons, Jack C. Kean, James D. Nichols, and Roy A. Redmond.

Gregory B. Dymond et al.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) Gregory B. Dymond of Gladstone, Missouri, is relieved of all liability for repayment to the United States of the sum of $8,832.70 plus accrued interest which represents the amount that Mr. Dymond is indebted to the Department of Labor for payments received for travel and relocation expenses arising from his relocation from Fenton, Missouri, to accept employment with the Department of Labor in Kansas City, Missouri.

(b) Samuel K. Gibbons of Walnut Creek, California, is relieved of all liability for repayment to the United States of the sum of $2,165 plus accrued interest for indebtedness to the Department of Labor which represents the amount that Mr. Gibbons is indebted to the Department of Labor for payments received for relocation and travel expenses arising from his relocation from Saint Louis, Missouri, to accept employment with the Department of Labor in Kansas City, Missouri.

(c) Jack C. Kean of Garland, Texas, is relieved of all liability for repayment to the United States of the sum of $7,929.06 plus accrued interest which represents the amount that Mr. Kean is indebted to the Department of Labor for payment received for travel and relocation expenses arising from his relocation from Saint Louis, Missouri, to accept employment with the Department of Labor in Dallas, Texas.

(d) James D. Nichols of Manassas, Virginia, is relieved of all liability for repayment to the United States of the sum of $8,082.13 plus accrued interest which represents the amount that Mr. Nichols is indebted to the Department of Labor for payments received for travel and relocation expenses arising from his relocation from Saint Louis, Missouri, to accept employment with the Department of Labor in Denver, Colorado.

(e) Roy A. Redmond of Manassas, Virginia, is relieved of all liability for repayment to the United States of the sum of $6,025.79 plus accrued interest which represents the amount that Mr. Redmond is indebted to the Department of Labor for payments received for expenses arising from his relocation from Virginia Beach, Virginia, to accept employment with the Department of Labor in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

These expenses, which failed to qualify for reimbursement, were incurred in good-faith reliance on assurances of the Department of

Labor that the travel and relocation expenses of these persons and those of their dependents were authorized at Government expense.

SEC. 2. In addition to the relief provided in subsection (b) of the previous section of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Samuel K. Gibbons the sum of $4,015.15 in full settlement of all his claims against the United States for certain real estate, travel, and relocation expenses he and and his family incurred at the time of his relocation in 1979 from Saint Louis, Missouri, to Kansas City, Missouri; these expenses were incurred in good-faith reliance on assurances of the Department of Labor that travel and relocation expense for himself and his family were authorized at Government expense.

SEC. 3. No part of the amount appropriated in section 2 of this Act in excess of 10 per centum thereof shall be directly paid to or received by any agent or attorney in connection with the claims referred to in section 2 of this Act, and the same shall be unlawful, any contract to the contrary notwithstanding. Violation of this section shall be considered a misdemeanor and any person convicted thereof shall be fined not more than $1,000.

Violation, penalty.

Approved November 2, 1983.

Private Law 98-4
98th Congress

An Act

For the relief of Stephen C. Ruks.

Nov. 2, 1983
[H.R. 745]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of Transportation shall pay, out of any money available for such purpose, the sum of $9,700 to Stephen C. Ruks of Cordova, Alaska, a member of the Alaska Civil Air Patrol, for damage to his airplane incurred while engaged in a rescue mission which he undertook on behalf of the Coast Guard. Acceptance of such sum by Stephen C. Ruks shall constitute full satisfaction of all claims against the United States by Stephen C. Ruks arising out of the incident described in the preceding sentence.

Stephen C. Ruks.

SEC. 2. No amount in excess of 10 per centum of the sum appropriated by the first section of this Act shall be paid to or received by any agent or attorney in consideration for services rendered in connection with the claim described in such section. Any violation of this section shall be a misdemeanor and any person convicted thereof shall be fined not more than $1,000.

Violation, penalty.

Approved November 2, 1983.

Private Law 98-5
98th Congress

An Act

Nov. 29, 1983
[H.R. 726]

For the relief of James A. Ferguson.

James A. Ferguson.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That James A. Ferguson of San Antonio, Texas, is relieved of all liability to the United States in the amount of $1,912.16 which represents the amount claimed to be overpaid to him when, because he was misinformed by the United States Air Force concerning the limitation on federally compensable moving expenditures contained in the last sentence of section 5724(b) of title 5, United States Code, he expended sums from his travel advance in excess of that limitation to cover the costs of commercially transporting his mobile home to his new permanent duty station in 1978.

SEC. 2. (a) The Secretary of the Treasury shall pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to James A. Ferguson an amount equal to the aggregate of the amounts paid by him, or withheld from sums otherwise due him, in complete or partial satisfaction of the liability to the United States specified in the first section.

(b) No more than 10 per centum of the amount appropriated in subsection (a) shall be paid to or received by any agent or attorney on account of services rendered in connection with the liability dealt with in this Act. Any person violating the provisions of this subsection shall be fined not more than $1,000.

Violation.

Approved November 29, 1983.

Private Law 98-6
98th Congress

An Act

Nov. 30, 1983
[H.R. 724]

For the relief of Carlos Mebrano Gatson.

Carlos M. Gatson.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, in the administration of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Carlos Mebrano Gatson, the father of a citizen of the United States, shall be deemed to be an immediate relative within the meaning of section 201(b) of such Act, and the provisions of section 204 of that Act shall not be applicable in this case.

8 USC 1151.
8 USC 1154.

Approved November 30, 1983.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS

FIRST SESSION, NINETY-EIGHTH CONGRESS

CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS

FIRST SESSION, NINETY-EIGHTH CONGRESS

ADJOURNMENT—HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND SENATE

Jan. 3, 1983
[S. Con. Res. 1]

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That when the Senate adjourns on Monday, January 3, 1983, pursuant to a motion made by the Majority Leader in accordance with this resolution, it stand adjourned until 12:00 noon on Tuesday, January 25, 1983.

SEC. 2. That the consent of the Senate is hereby given to an adjournment of more than three days to a day certain by the House of Representatives to begin on Thursday, January 6, 1983 or Friday, January 7, 1983, and terminating on January 25, 1983 at 12:00 noon, pursuant to a motion by the Majority Leader, or his designee.

Agreed to January 3, 1983.

JOINT MEETING

Jan. 25, 1983
[H. Con. Res. 1]

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That the two Houses of Congress assemble in the Hall of the House of Representatives on Tuesday, January 25, 1983, at 9 o'clock post meridiem for the purpose of receiving such communications as the President of the United States shall be pleased to make to them.

Communications from President.

Agreed to January 25, 1983.

ADJOURNMENT—SENATE

Feb. 2, 1983
[S. Con. Res. 8]

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That when the Senate adjourns on Thursday, February 3, 1983, or Friday, February 4, 1983, pursuant to a motion of the Majority Leader or his designee, pursuant to this resolution, it stand adjourned until 12 noon on Monday, February 14, 1983.

Agreed to February 2, 1983.

ADJOURNMENT—HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Feb. 15, 1983
[H. Con. Res. 57]

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That when the House adjourns on Thursday, February 17, 1983, it

stand adjourned until 12 o'clock meridian on Tuesday, February 22, 1983.

Agreed to February 15, 1983.

Feb. 28, 1983
[H. Con. Res. 65]

OFFICIAL VISIT OF QUEEN ELIZABETH II AND PRINCE PHILIP, DUKE OF EDINBURGH—WELCOME

Whereas Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II and His Royal Highness The Prince Philip, Duke of Edinburgh, will pay an official visit to the United States from February 26 to March 7, 1983;

Whereas the Royal Couple will travel on board the HMY Britannia, visiting several cities on the west coast of the United States, including San Diego, Los Angeles, Palm Springs, Santa Barbara, San Francisco, Sacramento, and Seattle;

Whereas they will visit important United States naval facilities, institutions of higher learning, business and cultural organizations, and hospitals, and will spend a weekend at Yosemite National Park; and

Whereas they will be received by President and Mrs. Reagan at the President's ranch and, in return, will host a dinner for the President and First Lady aboard the HMY Britannia: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That in special recognition to the historical ties of friendship between the peoples of the United States and the United Kingdom, the highly valued political and economic relationship which exists between our two countries, and the cultural bonds which have long enriched our two societies, the Congress hereby extends a warm welcome to Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II and His Royal Highness The Prince Philip, Duke of Edinburgh, on the occasion of their official visit to the United States.

Agreed to February 28, 1983.

Mar. 24, 1983
[S. Con. Res. 20]

CORRECTIONS IN ENROLLMENT OF H.R. 1718

Ante, p. 13.

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That in the enrollment of the bill (H.R. 1718) entitled "An Act making appropriations to provide productive employment for hundreds of thousands of jobless Americans, to hasten or initiate Federal projects and construction of lasting value to the Nation and its citizens, and to provide humanitarian assistance to the indigent for fiscal year 1983, and for other purposes", the Clerk of the House of Representatives is hereby authorized and directed, in the enrollment of the said bill, to make the following corrections, namely, after the word "unemployment" in paragraph (a)(6) in section 101, insert a comma; and at the end of section 101, insert the following:

"(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the head of each Federal agency to which appropriations are made under this title, with respect to project grants or project contracts in this section, shall expedite final approval of projects in areas of high unemployment, labor surplus areas, or in political units or in pockets of poverty that are currently or should meet the criteria to be eligible under the urban development action grant program administered by the Department of Housing and Urban Development in order to allocate sums as required by this section. Nothing required by this section shall impede the rapid expenditure of funds under this section.

"(f) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, any agency rulemaking proceeding conducted in order to implement the provisions of this title shall be conducted expeditiously, and in no case shall an agency hearing on the record be required.".

Agreed to March 24, 1983.

ADJOURNMENT—HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND SENATE

Mar. 24, 1983
[H. Con. Res. 94]

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That when the House adjourns on Thursday, March 24, 1983, it stand adjourned until 12 o'clock meridian on Tuesday, April 5, 1983, and that when the Senate adjourns on Thursday, March 24, 1983, or Friday, March 25, 1983, pursuant to a motion made by the Majority Leader in accordance with this resolution, it stand adjourned until 12 o'clock meridian on Tuesday, April 5, 1983.

Agreed to March 24, 1983.

CORRECTIONS IN ENROLLMENT OF H.R. 1900

Apr. 7, 1983
[H. Con. Res. 102]

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That in the enrollment of the bill (H.R. 1900) to assure the solvency of the Social Security Trust Funds, to reform the medicare reimbursement of hospitals, to extend the Federal supplemental compensation program, and for other purposes, the Clerk of the House of Representatives shall make the corrections specified in the succeeding sections of this concurrent resolution.

Ante, p. 65.

SEC. 2. In title I of the bill, make the following corrections:

(1) In section 101 of the bill—

(A) in subsection (a)(1)—

(i) in the proposed subparagraph (B) of section 210(a)(5) of the Social Security Act, strike out "before or after" and insert in lieu thereof "before, on, or after", and

(ii) in the proposed clause (iii) of such section 210(a)(5), strike out "United States District Court" and

insert in lieu thereof "United States district court"; and

(B) in subsection (b)(1), in the proposed subparagraph (B) of section 3121(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, strike out "before or after" and insert in lieu thereof "before, on, or after".

(2) In section 102 of the bill, strike out "after January 1, 1984" in subsection (e)(1)(B) and insert in lieu thereof "after December 31, 1983".

(3) In section 112 of the bill—

(A) in subsection (a)(4)—

(i) in the proposed subparagraph (C)(i) of section 215(i)(1) of the Social Security Act, strike out "1985" and "1984" and insert in lieu thereof "1984" and "1983", respectively,

(ii) in the proposed subparagraph (C)(ii) of such section 215(i)(1), strike out "1984" and insert in lieu thereof "1983",

(iii) in the proposed subparagraph (F)(i) of such section 215(i)(1), strike out "as of the beginning of such year," the second place it appears, and

(iv) in the proposed subparagraph (G) of such section 215(i)(1), strike out "for the preceding calendar year";

(B) in subsection (d)(1), in the proposed clause (iii) of section 215(i)(2)(C) of the Social Security Act—

(i) insert "for the current calendar year" after "OASDI fund ratio",

(ii) strike out "each calendar year" and insert in lieu thereof "the preceding calendar year", and

(iii) strike out "that year" and insert in lieu thereof "the current calendar year";

(C) in subsection (d)(2), strike out "section 111(b)(1)", "section 111(b)(2)", and "sections 111(b)(2)" and insert in lieu thereof "section 111(c)", "section 111(a)(6) and (b)(2)", and "sections 111(a)(6), 111(b)(2),", respectively;

(D) in subsection (e), strike out "1984" and insert in lieu thereof "1983"; and

(E) in subsection (f), strike out "1985" and insert in lieu thereof "1984".

(4) In section 113 of the bill—

(A) in the proposed subparagraph (B)(i) of section 215(a)(7) of the Social Security Act (contained in subsection (a) of such section 113), strike out "the preceding paragraphs of this subsection" in both the first and second sentences and insert in lieu thereof "paragraph (1) of this subsection";

(B) in the proposed subparagraph (D) of such section 215(a)(7), strike out "24 years" and insert in lieu thereof "25 years";

(C) add quotation marks at the end of the proposed paragraph (5) of section 215(d) of the Social Security Act (contained in subsection (b) of such section 113); and

(D) in the proposed paragraph (9)(A) of section 215(f) of the Social Security Act (contained in subsection (c) of such section 113), insert "(notwithstanding paragraph (4) of this subsection)" after "shall be recomputed".

(5) In section 114 of the bill, after subsection (b), add the following new subsection:

(c)(1) Paragraphs (2)(A) and (3) of section 202(w) of such Act are each amended by striking out "age 72" and inserting in lieu thereof "age 70".

(2) The amendments made by paragraph (1) shall apply with respect to increment months in calendar years after 1983.

(6) In section 121 of the bill, in the proposed paragraph (1) of section 86(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (contained in subsection (a) of such section 121), add a period at the end of subparagraph (B).

(7) In section 122 of the bill—

(A) in subsection (a), in the proposed paragraph (3) of section 37(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, indent the last (flush) sentence of subparagraph (A) 4 ems so as to align with subparagraph (B); and

(B) in subsection (c)(7), reset the quoted material in 10-point light-face type for table of contents.

(8)(A) In the first section 125 of the bill (treatment of certain faculty practice plans), strike out "medical schools" in subsection (a)(1)(B)(ii) and insert in lieu thereof "medical school".

(B) Redesignate the second section 125 of the bill (allocations to disability insurance trust fund) as section 126.

(9) In section 132 of the bill, in subsection (b)(1)(B)(i)(I), strike out "excluding surviving spouses" and insert in lieu thereof "excluding divorced spouses".

(10) In section 142 of the bill—

(A) in subsection (a)(2)(A), strike out clause (iii) and insert in lieu thereof the following:

(iii) by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: "(even if such an investment would earn interest at a rate different than the rate earned by investments redeemed by the lending fund in order to make the loan)";

(B) in the proposed subparagraph (B)(iii)(I) of section 201(l)(3) of the Social Security Act (contained in subsection (a)(3)(B) of such section 142), strike out "reduced" and all that follows down through "Hospital Insurance Trust Fund,";

(C) in subsection (b)(2)(A), strike out clause (iii) and insert in lieu thereof the following:

(iii) by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: "(even if such an investment would earn interest at a rate different than the rate earned by investments redeemed by the lending fund in order to make the loan)";

and

(D) in the proposed subparagraph (B)(iii)(I) of section 1817(j)(3) of the Social Security Act (contained in subsection (b)(3)(B) of such section 142), strike out "reduced" and all that follows down through "Disability Insurance Trust Fund,".

(11) In section 143 of the bill—

(A) in the proposed subsection (a) of section 709 of the Social Security Act—

(i) strike out "Fund," where it first appears and insert in lieu thereof "Fund and", and

(ii) insert "in the balance ratio" after "such inadequacy" where it first appears; and

(B) in the proposed subsection (b) of such section 709, strike out "section 201(1)" where it appears in paragraphs

(1) and (2) and insert in lieu thereof "section 201(l) or 1817(j)".

(12) In section 151 of the bill—

(A) in the proposed paragraph (1) of section 217(g) of the Social Security Act (contained in subsection (a) of such section 151), strike out "Social Security Act Amendments" each place it appears (three places) and insert in lieu thereof "Social Security Amendments"; and

(B) in the last sentence of the proposed paragraph (2) of such section 217(g) (contained in subsection (a) of such section 151), strike out "compensate for" and insert in lieu thereof "take into account".

(13) Redesignate section 153 of the bill as section 152, and amend such section to read as follows:

ACCOUNTING FOR CERTAIN UNNEGOTIATED CHECKS FOR BENEFITS UNDER THE SOCIAL SECURITY PROGRAM

SEC. 152. (a) Section 201 of the Social Security Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(m)(1) The Secretary of the Treasury shall implement procedures to permit the identification of each check issued for benefits under this title that has not been presented for payment by the close of the sixth month following the month of its issuance.

"(2) The Secretary of the Treasury shall, on a monthly basis, credit each of the Trust Funds for the amount of all benefit checks (including interest thereon) drawn on such Trust Fund more than 6 months previously but not presented for payment and not previously credited to such Trust Fund, to the extent provided in advance in appropriation Acts.

"(3) If a benefit check is presented for payment to the Treasury and the amount thereof has been previously credited pursuant to paragraph (2) to one of the Trust Funds, the Secretary of the Treasury shall nevertheless pay such check, if otherwise proper, recharge such Trust Fund, and notify the Secretary of Health and Human Services.

"(4) A benefit check bearing a current date may be issued to an individual who did not negotiate the original benefit check and who surrenders such check for cancellation if the Secretary of the Treasury determines it is necessary to effect proper payment of benefits.".

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply with respect to all checks for benefits under title II of the Social Security Act which are issued on or after the first day of the twenty-fourth month following the month in which his Act is enacted.

(c)(1) The Secretary of the Treasury shall transfer from the general fund of the Treasury to the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and to the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund, in the month following the month in which this Act is enacted and in each of the succeeding 30 months, such sums as may be necessary to reimburse such Trust Funds in the total amount of all checks (including interest thereon) which he and the Secretary of Health and Human Services jointly determine to be unnegotiated benefit checks, to the extent provided in advance in appropriation Acts. After any amounts authorized by this subsection have been transferred to a Trust Fund with respect to any benefit check, the provisions of paragraphs (3) and (4) of section 201(m) of the Social Security Act (as added by subsection (a) of this section) shall be applicable to such check.

(2) As used in paragraph (1), the term "unnegotiated benefit checks" means checks for benefits under title II of the Social Security Act which are issued prior to the twenty-fourth month following the month in which this Act is enacted, which remain unnegotiated after the sixth month following the date on which they were issued, and with respect to which no transfers have previously been made in accordance with the first sentence of such paragraph.

(14) Redesignate section 154 of the bill as section 153.

On page 10, strike out lines 14 and 15 and insert in lieu thereof the following:

(15) Redesignate section 155 of the bill as section 154; and, in the matter proposed to be inserted in the matter proposed to be inserted by subsections (a), (b), and (c) of such section, insert after "reasonable" the following: ": *Provided,* That the certification shall not refer to economic assumptions underlying the Trustee's report".

SEC. 3. In title II of the bill, make the following corrections: in paragraphs (1)(B) and (2) of section 201(c), insert "(as amended by section 309(g) of this Act)" after "(c)".

SEC. 4. In title III of the bill, make the following corrections:

(1) In section 306 of the bill, strike out "section 301(b)(7)" in subsection (a)(9) and insert in lieu thereof "section 301(b)(6)".

(2) In section 309 of the bill, strike out "section 301(a)(6)" in subsection (a) and insert in lieu thereof "section 301(a)(7)".

(3) In section 321 of the bill, in the proposed clause (B) of section 210(a) of the Social Security Act (contained in subsection (b) of such section 321), strike out the final semicolon and insert in lieu thereof a comma.

(4) In section 322 of the bill, strike out "is amended" in subsection (a)(1) and insert in lieu thereof "(as amended by sections 321(b) and 323(a)(2) of this Act) is further amended".

(5) In section 323 of the bill—

(A) in subsection (b)(2)(A)—

(i) strike out "is amended" and insert in lieu thereof "(as amended by section 124(c)(3) of this Act) is further amended", and

(ii) in the proposed paragraph (10) of section 211(a) of the Social Security Act, strike out "the exclusion" and insert in lieu thereof "The exclusion", and strike out "and" immediately after the semicolon; and

(B) in subsection (b)(2)(B), in the proposed paragraph (10) of such section 211(a)—

(i) strike out "in the case" and insert in lieu thereof "In the case", and

(ii) strike out "and" immediately after the semicolon.

(6) In section 324(c)(1) of the bill—

(A) in subsection (c)(1), strike out "is amended" and insert in lieu thereof "(as amended by section 101(c)(1) of this Act) is further amended"; and

(B) in such subsection (c)(1), strike out "(as amended by this Act)".

(7) Redesignate sections 326 and 327 of the bill as sections 325 and 326, respectively.

(8) Redesignate section 328 of the bill as section 327; and—

(A) in subsection (a)(2) of such section, strike out "subsection (p)" and insert in lieu thereof "the subsection (p) which was added by Public Law 95-472"; and

(B) in both paragraph (1) and paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of such section—

(i) strike out "after" and insert in lieu thereof "after and below", and

(ii) reset the proposed new sentence to begin full measure flush.

(9) Redesignate section 329 of the bill as section 328; and in subsection (b) of such section strike out ", as amended by this Act, is" and insert in lieu thereof "(as amended by section 324(c)(2) of this Act) is further".

(10) In section 335 of the bill, after "existing under" in subsection (c), insert "the Social Security Act on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.".

(11) In section 336 of the bill (use of death certificates to prevent erroneous benefit payments to deceased individuals), in the proposed subsection (r) of section 205 of the Social Security Act—

(A) add "and" after the semicolon at the end of paragraph (1)(A); and

(B) strike out "(1)", "(2)", and "(3)" in paragraph (1)(B) and insert in lieu thereof "(i)", "(ii)", and "(iii)", respectively.

(12) In section 338(d) of the bill, strike out "filing" in the last sentence and insert in lieu thereof "submission".

(13) in section 339 of the bill, in the proposed subsection (x) of section 202 of the Social Security Act (contained in subsection (a) of such section 339)—

(A) strike out the comma after "under this section" in paragraph (1) of such subsection (x); and

(B) strike out "under this section" in paragraph (2) of such subsection (x) and insert in lieu thereof "under this section or section 223".

(14) In section 341 of the bill—

(A) in subsection (a)(1), strike out "by inserting before the period at the end of the first sentence the following: ', and" and insert in lieu thereof the following: "in the first sentence, by striking out 'Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, all ex officio' and inserting in lieu thereof 'Secretary of Health and Human Services, all ex officio, and";

(B) in subsection (b)(1), strike out "by inserting before the period at the end of the first sentence the following: ', and" and insert in lieu thereof the following: "in the first sentence, by striking out 'Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, all ex officio' and inserting in lieu thereof 'Secretary of Health and Human Services, all ex officio, and"; and

(C) in subsection (c)(1), strike out "by inserting before the period at the end of the first sentence the following: ', and" and insert in lieu thereof the following: "in the first sentence, by striking out 'Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, all ex officio' and inserting in lieu thereof 'Secretary of Health and Human Services, all ex officio, and".

(15) Redesignate section 344 of the bill as section 343; and—

(A) reset the center heading of such section in small caps (striking out the subheading "report"); and

(B) in subsection (a) of such section, strike out "this Part" and "Senate Committee on Finance" and insert in lieu thereof "this section" and "Committee on Finance of the Senate", respectively.

(16) Redesignate section 345 of the bill as section 344, and reset the center heading of such section in small caps (striking out the subheading "reorganization").

(17) Redesignate section 346 of the bill as section 345.

(18) Redesignate section 347 of the bill as section 346; and in paragraph (2) of the proposed section 710 of the Social Security Act (as contained in such section), strike out "(A)".

(19) Redesignate section 348 of the bill as section 347; and in subsection (b) of such section strike out all that follows "shall apply" and insert in lieu thereof "only with respect to taxable years beginning after December 1989, and only in the case of individuals who have attained retirement age (as defined in section 216(l) of the Social Security Act).".

SEC. 5. In title V of the bill, make the following correction: in section 522(a), in clause (ii) of paragraph (3)(A) of section 202(a) of the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970 (as contained in such section 522(a)), strike out "; or" and insert in lieu thereof a period.

SEC. 6. In title VI of the bill, make the following corrections:

(1) In section 601(b)(9) of the bill—

(A) strike out "amending" and insert in lieu thereof "repealing", and

(B) strike out "to read as follows" and insert in lieu thereof "and by inserting after paragraph (5), effective with respect to cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 1983, the following new paragraph (6)".

(2)(A) In section 601(c)(3) of the bill, in the proposed paragraph (4)(B) of section 1886(c) of the Social Security Act, strike out "Social Security Act Amendments" and insert in lieu thereof "Social Security Amendments".

(B) In section 601(e) of the bill, in subparagraphs (A)(ii) and (B)(ii) of the proposed subsection (e)(1) of section 1886 of the Social Security Act, strike out "Social Security Act Amendments" and insert in lieu thereof "Social Security Amendments" each place it appears.

(3) In section 601(e) of the bill, in proposed clause (ii) of subsection (d)(2)(C) of section 1886 of the Social Security Act, strike out "and region".

(4) In section 601(e) of the bill, in proposed subparagraph (H) of subsection (d)(2) of section 1886 of the Social Security Act, insert a comma after "proportion".

(5) In section 601(e) of the bill, in proposed subparagraph (c) of subsection (d)(4) of section 1886 of the Social Security Act, insert a comma after "thereafter".

(6) In section 601(e) of the bill, in proposed clause (ii) of subsection (d)(5)(C) of section 1886 of the Social Security Act, insert "with the target and DRG percentages determined under paragraph (1)(C)(i)" after "clause (i) of that paragraph".

(7) In section 601(e) of the bill, in proposed subsection (e) of section 1886 of the Social Security Act—

(A) strike out "hereafter" and insert in lieu thereof "hereinafter" both places it appears in paragraph (2);

(B) strike out "selected" in paragraph (2) and insert in lieu thereof "appointed"; and

(C) strike out "but not limited to" each place it appears in paragraph (6)(B).

(8) In section 602(e)(3) of the bill, in proposed paragraph (14) of section 1862(a) of the Social Security Act, insert "promulgated" before "specifically".

(9) In section 602(f)(1)(C) of the bill, in proposed subparagraph (F) of section 1866(a)(1) of the Social Security Act—

(A) insert "Federal Hospital Insurance" before "Trust Fund", and

(B) insert "of such reviews" before the comma at the end.

(10) In section 602(f)(2) of the bill, strike out "services)" and insert in lieu thereof "services".

(11) In section 602(g) of the bill, in proposed paragraph (4) of section 1876(g) of the Social Security Act, insert ", if applicable," after "section 1886, or" and strike out "or as applicable".

(12) In subparagraph (A) and (C) of section 602(h)(1) of the bill, in the matters proposed to be inserted in section 1878(a) of the Social Security Act, strike out "section 1886(d)" and insert in lieu thereof "subsection (b) or (d) of section 1886" each place it appears.

(13) In section 602(h)(2)(A) of the bill, insert closing quotation marks after "located)".

(14) In section 602(k) of the bill, strike out "(other than physician services)" and insert in lieu thereof "(other than physicians' services)".

(15) In section 602(l)(2) of the bill, in the sentence proposed to be added at the end of section 1866(a)(1) of the Social Security Act, strike out "terminates" and insert in lieu thereof "is terminated".

(16) In section 603(a)(2)(A) of the bill, insert "on" before "classes of hospitals".

(17) In section 603(a)(3)(B) of the bill, strike out the comma after "title".

(18) In section 603(b)(2) of the bill, strike out "(or upon the request of a party to demonstration project agreement)" and insert "(or upon the request of another party to the demonstration project agreement)" after "August 1982".

(19) In section 605 of the bill, strike out "102" in subsection (a) and insert in lieu thereof "102(b)".

(20) In section 606(a) of the bill—

(A) insert "(1)" after "SEC. 606. (a)",

(B) in proposed subsection (a)(1) and subsection (a)(3) of section 1839 of the Social Security Act, strike out "who have attained retirement age" and insert in lieu thereof "age 65 and over"; and

(C) amend subparagraph (C) of paragraph (3) of such section of the bill to read as follows:

(C) Section 1839(e) of such Act (as so redesignated) is amended—

(i) by striking out "(c)", "(c)(1)", and "(c)(3)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(a)", "(a)(1)", and "(a)(3)", respectively,

(ii) by striking out "June 1983" in paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof "December 1983", and

(iii) by striking out "July 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "January 1986" each place it appears.

(21) In section 607(d) of the bill, strike out "(z)" and insert in lieu thereof "(2)".

SEC. 7. Conform the table of contents in section 101 of the bill to reflect the changes made pursuant to the preceding provisions of this concurrent resolution.

Agreed to April 7, 1983.

JOINT MEETING

Apr. 21, 1983
[H. Con. Res. 114]

Communications from President.

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That the two Houses of Congress assemble in the Hall of the House of Representatives on Wednesday, April 27, 1983, at 8 o'clock post meridiem, for the purpose of receiving such communications as the President of the United States shall be pleased to make to them.

Agreed to April 21, 1983.

UNITED STATES AND THAILAND—ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY OF DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS

Apr. 28, 1983
[S. Con. Res. 19]

Whereas March 20, 1983, marks the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the signing of the Treaty of Amity and Commerce between the United States and the Kingdom of Thailand, formerly named Siam;

Whereas this treaty marked the opening of formal diplomatic relations between the two countries and was the first treaty concluded between the United States and an Asian nation;

Whereas the United States and Thailand, during the past one hundred and fifty years, have developed a close, friendly, and cooperative relationship to the benefit of their nations and peoples; and

Whereas the people of the United States and the people of Thailand share a strong and abiding attachment to the ideals of individual freedom and national independence: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That the Congress hereby recognizes the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the establishment of relations between the United States and Thailand.

SEC. 2. The Congress extends warm congratulations to His Majesty the King of Thailand and to the Thai people on this historic occasion, together with the best wishes for long continuation of the warm and cordial relations which bind our two peoples.

SEC. 3. The Secretary of the Senate shall transmit a copy of this concurrent resolution to the President of the United States with the request that the President transmit such copy to the Government of the Kingdom of Thailand.

Agreed to April 28, 1983.

MX MISSILE PROCUREMENT AND BASING MODE DEVELOPMENT—APPROVAL OF FUNDS

May 26, 1983
[S. Con. Res. 26]

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That the House of Representatives and the Senate of the United

States approve the obligation and expenditure of funds appropriated in Public Law 97-377 for MX missile procurement and full-scale engineering development of a basing mode for the MX missile.

96 Stat. 1830.

Agreed to May 26, 1983.

May 26, 1983
[S. Con. Res. 41]

ADJOURNMENT—HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND SENATE

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That when the Senate adjourns on Thursday, May 26, 1983, or Friday, May 27, 1983, pursuant to a motion made by the Majority Leader in accordance with this resolution, it stand adjourned until 12:00 noon on Monday, June 6, 1983, and that when the House adjourns on Thursday, May 26, 1983, it stand adjourned until 12:00 noon on Wednesday, June 1, 1983.

Agreed to May 26, 1983.

June 23, 1983
[S. Con. Res. 14]

SIMON BOLIVAR—COMMEMORATION OF HIS BIRTH

Whereas July 24, 1983, marks the bicentennial of the birth of Simon Bolivar, hero of the independence of the Americas;

Whereas Simon Bolivar offered his life to democratic ideals and created a legacy of freedom and independence;

Whereas Simon Bolivar, with his actions and patriotic commitment, forged the nationhood of Bolivia, Colombia, Ecuador, Panama, Peru, and Venezuela;

Whereas, through his political initiative, Simon Bolivar developed the ideal of Pan-Americanism based on independence, sovereignty, unity, and solidarity, and developed the right of all nations to live in peace; and

Whereas Simon Bolivar was the architect of the Treaty of Union, League and Perpetual Confederation at the historical Congress of Panama in 1826, implanting the roots of the oldest international system of cooperation among nations: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That the Congress—

(1) expressing the sentiments of the people of the United States, extolls this illustrious figure, Simon Bolivar;

(2) recognizes July 24, 1983, through July 23, 1984, as the bicentennial year of the birth of Simon Bolivar, hero of the independence of the Americas;

(3) calls upon the President to issue a proclamation commemorating the ideals and example of Simon Bolivar;

(4) declares its intention to send a congressional delegation to Venezuela in July 1983 to represent the United States in the

official ceremonies of observance of the bicentennial of the birth of Simon Bolivar; and

(5) calls upon the Librarian of Congress, acting through the Congressional Research Service, to conduct a study on the impact of Simon Bolivar on the United States.

SEC. 2. The Secretary of the Senate shall transmit a copy of this concurrent resolution to the President.

Agreed to June 23, 1983.

CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET FOR FISCAL YEARS 1984–1986 AND REVISION FOR FISCAL YEAR 1983

June 23, 1983
[H. Con. Res. 91]

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That the Congress hereby determines and declares that the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 1983 is hereby revised and replaced, the first concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 1984 is hereby established, and the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 1985 and 1986 are hereby set forth:

(a) The following budgetary levels are appropriate for the fiscal years beginning on October 1, 1982, October 1, 1983, October 1, 1984, and October 1, 1985:

(1) The recommended levels of Federal revenues are as follows:

Fiscal year 1983: $604,300,000,000.
Fiscal year 1984: $679,600,000,000.
Fiscal year 1985: $750,500,000,000.
Fiscal year 1986: $835,800,000,000.

and the amounts by which the aggregate levels of Federal revenues should be changed are as follows:

Fiscal year 1983: −$100,000,000.
Fiscal year 1984: +$12,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 1985: +$15,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 1986: +$46,000,000,000.

and the amounts for Federal Insurance Contributions Act revenues for hospital insurance within the recommended levels of Federal revenues are as follows: 26 USC 3126.

Fiscal year 1983: $35,900,000,000.
Fiscal year 1984: $40,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 1985: $44,700,000,000.
Fiscal year 1986: $51,400,000,000.

and the amounts for Federal Insurance Contributions Act revenues and other revenues pursuant to Public Law 98–21 for old age, survivors, and disability insurance within the recommended levels of Federal revenues are as follows: *Ante,* p. 65.

Fiscal year 1983: $148,800,000,000.
Fiscal year 1984: $167,900,000,000.
Fiscal year 1985: $187,300,000,000.
Fiscal year 1986: $203,300,000,000.

(2)(A) The appropriate levels of total new budget authority, including amounts reserved pursuant to section 2, are as follows:

Fiscal year 1983: $883,360,000,000.
Fiscal year 1984: $928,725,000,000.

Fiscal year 1985: $996,750,000,000.
Fiscal year 1986: $1,059,300,000,000.

(B) The appropriate levels of total new budget authority, excluding amounts reserved pursuant to section 2, are as follows:

Fiscal year 1983: $877,200,000,000.
Fiscal year 1984: $919,500,000,000.
Fiscal year 1985: $990,500,000,000.
Fiscal year 1986: $1,054,600,000,000.

(3)(A) The appropriate levels of total budget outlays, including amounts reserved pursuant to section 2, are as follows:

Fiscal year 1983: $812,850,000,000.
Fiscal year 1984: $858,925,000,000.
Fiscal year 1985: $911,600,000,000.
Fiscal year 1986: $966,635,000,000.

(B) The appropriate levels of total budget outlays, excluding amounts reserved pursuant to section 2, are as follows:

Fiscal year 1983: $807,400,000,000.
Fiscal year 1984: $849,500,000,000.
Fiscal year 1985: $906,750,000,000.
Fiscal year 1986: $962,950,000,000.

(4)(A) Unless subparagraph (B) applies, the amounts of the deficits in the budget which are appropriate in the light of economic conditions and all other relevant factors are as follows:

Fiscal year 1983: $203,100,000,000.
Fiscal year 1984: $169,900,000,000.
Fiscal year 1985: $156,250,000,000.
Fiscal year 1986: $127,150,000,000.

(B) If all of the adjustments provided for in section 2 of this resolution are made, the amounts of the deficits in the budget which are appropriate in the light of economic conditions and all other relevant factors shall not exceed:

Fiscal year 1983: $208,550,000,000.
Fiscal year 1984: $179,325,000,000.
Fiscal year 1985: $161,100,000,000.
Fiscal year 1986: $130,835,000,000.

(5) The appropriate levels of the public debt are as follows:

Fiscal year 1983: $1,389,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 1984: $1,614,600,000,000.
Fiscal year 1985: $1,830,100,000,000.
Fiscal year 1986: $2,022,800,000,000.

and the amounts by which the statutory limits on such debt should be accordingly increased are as follows:

Fiscal year 1983: $246,100,000,000.
Fiscal year 1984: $225,600,000,000.
Fiscal year 1985: $215,500,000,000.
Fiscal year 1986: $192,700,000,000.

(6)(A) The appropriate levels of total Federal credit activity, including amounts reserved pursuant to section 2, for the fiscal years beginning on October 1, 1982, October 1, 1983, October 1, 1984, and October 1, 1985, are as follows:

Fiscal year 1983:

(i) New direct loan obligations, $54,250,000,000.

(ii) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $99,600,000,000.

(iii) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $68,250,000,000.

Fiscal year 1984:
(i) New direct loan obligations, $47,900,000,000.
(ii) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $101,700,000,000.
(iii) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $68,250,000,000.
Fiscal year 1985:
(i) New direct loan obligations, $47,800,000,000.
(ii) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $106,600,000,000.
(iii) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $68,250,000,000.
Fiscal year 1986:
(i) New direct loan obligations, $47,750,000,000.
(ii) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $106,800,000,000.
(iii) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $68,250,000,000.

(B) The appropriate levels of total Federal credit activity, excluding amounts reserved pursuant to section 2, for the fiscal years beginning on October 1, 1982, October 1, 1983, October 1, 1984, and October 1, 1985, are as follows:
Fiscal year 1983:
(i) New direct loan obligations, $52,700,000,000.
(ii) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $99,600,000,000.
(iii) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $68,250,000,000.
Fiscal year 1984:
(i) New direct loan obligations, $46,700,000,000.
(ii) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $100,100,000,000.
(iii) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $68,250,000,000.
Fiscal year 1985:
(i) New direct loan obligations, $46,700,000,000.
(ii) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $103,050,000,000.
(iii) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $68,250,000,000.
Fiscal year 1986:
(i) New direct loan obligations, $47,750,000,000.
(ii) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $106,800,000,000.
(iii) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $68,250,000,000.

(b) The Congress hereby determines and declares the appropriate levels of budget authority and budget outlays, and the appropriate levels of new direct loan obligations and new loan guarantee commitments for fiscal years 1983 through 1986 for each major functional category are:
(1) National Defense (050):
Fiscal year 1983:
(A) New budget authority, $244,600,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $214,300,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

Fiscal year 1984:
(A) New budget authority, $268,600,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $240,000,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $297,300,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $265,300,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $329,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $295,000,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(2) International Affairs (150):
Fiscal year 1983:
(A) New budget authority, $24,850,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $11,500,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $10,650,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $9,250,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1984:
(A) New budget authority, $18,700,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $12,950,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $12,000,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $10,300,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $16,800,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $13,000,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $12,300,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $10,300,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $16,250,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $12,900,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $12,850,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $10,300,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(3) General Science, Space, and Technology (250):
Fiscal year 1983:
(A) New budget authority, $7,900,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $7,700,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $200,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1984:
(A) New budget authority, $8,700,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $8,300,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $50,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $8,500,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $8,500,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $8,150,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $8,300,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(4) Energy (270):
Fiscal year 1983:
(A) New budget authority, $3,950,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $4,450,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $11,600,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $150,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1984:
(A) New budget authority, $4,200,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $4,300,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $12,050,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $150,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $3,900,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $3,150,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $12,500,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $3,500,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $3,050,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $12,600,000,000
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(5) Natural Resources and Environment (300):
Fiscal year 1983:
(A) New budget authority, $12,400,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $12,450,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $50,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1984:
(A) New budget authority, $12,050,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $12,500,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $50,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $11,850,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $12,550,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $50,000,000.

11-194 O - 85 -- 49 : QL 3

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $11,700,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $12,150,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $50,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

(6)(i) Agriculture (350), including amounts reserved pursuant to section 2:
Fiscal year 1983:
(A) New budget authority, $24,650,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $24,450,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $19,400,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $5,550,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1984:
(A) New budget authority, $13,600,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $12,100,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $13,300,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $4,350,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $14,500,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $12,400,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $12,750,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $4,350,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $13,200,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $13,100,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $13,200,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $4,350,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

(ii) Agriculture (350), excluding amounts reserved pursuant to section 2:
Fiscal year 1983:
(A) New budget authority, $24,200,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $24,000,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $18,600,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $5,550,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1984:
(A) New budget authority, $13,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $11,500,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $12,100,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $3,750,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $14,500,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $12,400,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $11,650,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $3,800,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $13,200,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $13,100,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $12,200,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $3,850,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(7)(i) Commerce and Housing Credit (370), including amounts reserved pursuant to section 2:
Fiscal year 1983:
(A) New budget authority, $6,060,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $3,550,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $7,200,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $53,700,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $68,250,000,000.
Fiscal year 1984:
(A) New budget authority, $6,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $2,450,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $5,900,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $54,200,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $68,250,000,000.
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $6,250,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $500,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $5,800,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $54,200,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $68,250,000,000.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $6,450,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $260,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $5,800,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $54,200,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $68,250,000,000.
(ii) Commerce and Housing Credit (370), excluding amounts reserved pursuant to section 2:
Fiscal year 1983:
(A) New budget authority, $5,300,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $3,500,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $6,450,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $53,700,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $68,250,000,000.
Fiscal year 1984:
(A) New budget authority, $6,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $2,250,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, $5,900,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $54,200,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $68,250,000,000.
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $6,250,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $150,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $5,800,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $54,200,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $68,250,000,000.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $6,450,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $100,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $5,800,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $54,200,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $68,250,000,000.
(8) Transportation (400):
Fiscal year 1983:
(A) New budget authority, $26,850,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $22,100,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $200,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $1,050,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1984:
(A) New budget authority, $28,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $26,000,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $100,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $600,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $28,950,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $27,000,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $100,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $350,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $29,800,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $28,100,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $100,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $300,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(9)(i) Community and Regional Development (450), including amounts reserved pursuant to section 2:
Fiscal year 1983:
(A) New budget authority, $8,650,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $7,800,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $2,100,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $500,000,000.

(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1984:
(A) New budget authority, $6,975,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $8,225,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,700,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $1,500,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $9,900,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $9,200,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,800,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $3,500,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $9,900,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $9,175,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,800,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $3,550,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(ii) Community and Regional Development (450), excluding amounts reserved pursuant to section 2:
Fiscal year 1983:
(A) New budget authority, $8,650,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $7,800,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $2,100,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $500,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1984:
(A) New budget authority, $6,850,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $8,100,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,700,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $500,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $7,300,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $8,350,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,800,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $500,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $7,350,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $7,800,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,800,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $550,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(10)(i) Education, Training, Employment, and Social Services (500), including amounts reserved pursuant to section 2:
Fiscal year 1983:
(A) New budget authority, $32,850,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $32,150,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $600,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $6,500,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1984:
(A) New budget authority, $37,450,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $31,850,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $650,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $6,650,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $31,300,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $30,250,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $750,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $6,650,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $31,500,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $31,050,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $800,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $6,650,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

(ii) Education, Training, Employment, and Social Services (500), excluding amounts reserved pursuant to section 2:
Fiscal year 1983:
(A) New budget authority, $28,350,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $27,650,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $600,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $6,500,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1984:
(A) New budget authority, $33,950,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $28,350,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $650,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $6,650,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $31,300,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $30,250,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $750,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $6,650,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $31,500,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $31,050,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $800,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $6,650,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

(11)(i) Health (550), including amounts reserved pursuant to section 2:
Fiscal year 1983:
(A) New budget authority, $25,350,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $29,900,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, $50,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $250,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1984:
(A) New budget authority, $34,100,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $34,000,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $50,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $250,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $37,450,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $37,050,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $50,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $250,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $38,500,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $37,950,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $50,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $300,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(ii) Health (550), excluding amounts reserved pursuant to section 2:
Fiscal year 1983:
(A) New budget authority, $25,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $29,550,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $50,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $250,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1984:
(A) New budget authority, $32,100,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $32,000,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $50,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $250,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $35,800,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $35,400,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $50,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $250,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $38,500,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $37,950,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $50,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $300,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(12) Medical Insurance (570):
Fiscal year 1983:
(A) New budget authority, $46,250,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $53,150,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1984:
(A) New budget authority, $62,500,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $60,600,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $70,850,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $68,600,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $81,200,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $76,150,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(13)(i) Income Security (600), including amounts reserved pursuant to section 2:
Fiscal year 1983:
(A) New budget authority, $121,900,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $109,800,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,000,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $14,650,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments $0.
Fiscal year 1984:
(A) New budget authority, $126,750,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $104,300,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,000,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $14,700,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $129,800,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $104,250,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $750,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $16,500,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $134,150,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $107,450,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $500,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $18,150,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(ii) Income Security (600), excluding amounts reserved pursuant to section 2:
Fiscal year 1983:
(A) New budget authority, $121,900,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $109,800,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,000,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $14,650,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1984:
(A) New budget authority, $124,800,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $102,350,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,000,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $14,700,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $129,350,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $103,800,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $750,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $16,500,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $133,700,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $107,000,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $500,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $18,150,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(14) Social Security (650):
Fiscal year 1983:
(A) New budget authority, $184,500,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $167,600,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1984:
(A) New budget authority, $176,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $176,400,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $196,400,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $187,300,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $213,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $199,700,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(15)(i) Veterans Benefits and Services (700), including amounts reserved pursuant to section 2:
Fiscal year 1983:
(A) New budget authority, $25,200,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $24,500,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $950,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $8,000,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

Fiscal year 1984:
(A) New budget authority, $25,700,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $25,600,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $800,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $9,000,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $26,600,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $26,100,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $650,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $10,500,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $27,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $26,500,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $700,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $12,500,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

(ii) Veterans Benefits and Services (700), excluding amounts reserved pursuant to section 2:
Fiscal year 1983:
(A) New budget authority, $25,200,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $24,500,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $950,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $8,000,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1984:
(A) New budget authority, $25,550,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $25,450,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $800,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $9,000,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $26,450,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $25,950,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $650,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $10,500,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $27,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $26,500,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $700,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $12,500,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

(16) Administration of Justice (750):
Fiscal year 1983:
(A) New budget authority, $5,200,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $5,100,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

Fiscal year 1984:
(A) New budget authority, $5,850,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $5,850,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $5,650,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $5,750,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $5,750,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $5,650,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

(17) General Government (800):
Fiscal year 1983:
(A) New budget authority, $5,700,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $5,750,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1984:
(A) New budget authority, $5,600,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $5,600,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $6,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $5,800,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $6,200,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $5,900,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

(18) General Purpose Fiscal Assistance (850):
Fiscal year 1983:
(A) New budget authority, $6,400,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $6,400,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $250,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1984:
(A) New budget authority, $7,250,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $7,150,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $250,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $7,100,000,000.

(B) Outlays, $7,100,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $300,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $7,200,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $7,200,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $300,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

(19)(i) Net Interest (900), including amounts reserved pursuant to section 2:
Fiscal year 1983:
(A) New budget authority, $88,400,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $88,400,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1984:
(A) New budget authority, $98,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $98,000,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $104,500,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $104,500,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $107,200,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $107,200,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

(ii) Net Interest (900), excluding amounts reserved pursuant to section 2:
Fiscal year 1983:
(A) New budget authority, $88,300,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $88,300,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1984:
(A) New budget authority, $97,100,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $97,100,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $103,100,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $103,100,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $105,500,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $105,500,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(20) Allowances (920):
Fiscal year 1983:
(A) New budget authority, $800,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $900,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1984:
(A) New budget authority, $750,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $800,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $2,050,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $2,200,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $3,400,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $3,600,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(21) Undistributed Offsetting Receipts (950):
Fiscal year 1983:
(A) New budget authority, −$19,100,000,000.
(B) Outlays, −$19,100,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1984:
(A) New budget authority, −$18,050,000,000.
(B) Outlays, −$18,050,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, −$18,900,000,000.
(B) Outlays, −$18,900,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, −$23,750,000,000.
(B) Outlays, −$23,750,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

RESERVE PROGRAMS

SEC. 2. (a) The following amounts of new budget authority and budget outlays for fiscal year 1983 and fiscal year 1984 are hereby reserved by the Congress for subsequent allocation to committees

2 USC 633.

under section 302(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 for the functions and programs listed in the Statement of Managers, accompanying this resolution:

Fiscal year 1983:

(1) New budget authority, $6,060,000,000.

(2) Outlays, $5,350,000,000.

Fiscal year 1984:

(1) New budget authority, $8,325,000,000.

(2) Outlays, $8,525,000,000.

(b) In the House of Representatives:

(1) Upon the enactment of any legislation referred to in subsection (a) which requires an appropriation, or upon enactment of an appropriation for such purpose before the authorizing legislation is enacted, the Committee on the Budget is authorized and directed to report to the House a revised allocation of new budget authority and budget outlays for fiscal years 1983 and 1984 to the Committee on Appropriations reflecting the content of such legislation; and

(2) When one or more committees, other than the Committee on Appropriations, report legislation only referred to in subsection (a) providing new spending authority defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, or providing new budget authority, or when the Committee on Rules reports a resolution providing for consideration of such legislation which has not been reported by a committee, the Committee on the Budget is authorized and directed to report to the House a revised allocation of such new spending authority for fiscal years 1983 and 1984 to the appropriate committee reflecting the content of such legislation: *Provided, however,* That if such legislation is rejected by either House, the Committee on the Budget is authorized and directed to report to the House a similar reduction in the appropriate allocation.

2 USC 651.

(c) In the Senate:

(1) Upon the enactment of any legislation referred to in subsection (a) which requires an appropriation, the Committee on the Budget is directed to report to the Senate a revised allocation of new budget authority and budget outlays for fiscal years 1983 and 1984 to the Committee on Appropriations or any other appropriate committee reflecting the content of such legislation insofar as it relates to the programs referred to in subsection (a); and

(2) When the Senate moves to proceed or proceeds to consider legislation referred to in subsection (a) providing new spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, or providing new budget authority, the Committee on the Budget is directed to report to the Senate a revised allocation of such new spending authority for fiscal years 1983 and 1984 to the appropriate committee reflecting the content of such legislation insofar as it relates to the programs referred to in subsection (a) above: *Provided, however,* That if such legislation is rejected by either House, the Committee on the Budget is directed to report to the Senate a similar reduction in the appropriate allocation.

(d) Any revised allocation reported to the House or Senate pursuant to subsection (b) or (c) of this section shall be considered to be the allocation made pursuant to section 302(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 for purposes of sections 4 and 5 of this resolution and section 401(b)(2) of such Act. The adjustments made pursuant to those sections for each program shall not exceed the amounts

provided for such program as set forth in the Statement of Managers.

(e) For purposes of section 311(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the appropriate levels of new budget authority and budget outlays for fiscal years 1983 and 1984 shall be considered to be the following: 2 USC 642.

Fiscal Year 1983 Budget Authority $877,200,000,000.
Fiscal Year 1983 Budget Outlays $807,400,000,000.
Fiscal Year 1984 Budget Authority $919,500,000,000.
Fiscal Year 1984 Budget Outlays $849,500,000,000:

Provided, however, That if a revised allocation is made pursuant to subsection (b) or (c) then such levels shall be similarly adjusted in any report pursuant to such subsections to reflect the revised allocation.

RECONCILIATION

SEC. 3. (a) Not later than July 22, 1983, Senate committees named in subsections (b) through (e) of this section shall submit their recommendations to the Senate Committee on the Budget and not later than July 22, 1983, the House committees named in subsections (f) through (l) of this section shall submit their recommendations to the House Budget Committee. After receiving those recommendations, the Committees on the Budget shall report to the House and Senate a reconciliation bill or resolution or both carrying out all such recommendations without any substantive revision.

(b)(1) The Senate Committee on Finance shall report changes in laws within the jurisdiction of that committee which provide spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce outlays by $400,000,000 in fiscal year 1984; to reduce outlays by $500,000,000 in fiscal year 1985; and to reduce outlays by $800,000,000 in fiscal year 1986. 2 USC 651.

(2) The Senate Committee on Finance shall report changes in laws within the jurisdiction of that committee sufficient to increase revenues as follows: $12,000,000,000 in fiscal year 1984; $15,000,000,000 in fiscal year 1985; and $46,000,000,000 in fiscal year 1986.

(c) The Senate Committee on Governmental Affairs shall report changes within the jurisdiction of that committee, (1) sufficient to achieve savings in budget authority and outlays, or (2) which provide spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce budget authority and outlays, or (3) any combination thereof, as follows: $1,619,000,000 in budget authority and $1,900,000,000 in outlays in fiscal year 1984; $2,332,000,000 in budget authority and $2,841,000,000 in outlays in fiscal year 1985; and $3,235,000,000 in budget authority and $4,144,000,000 in outlays in fiscal year 1986.

(d) The Senate Committee on Small Business shall report changes in laws within the jurisdiction of that committee which will result in savings in budget authority and outlays, as follows: $139,000,000 in budget authority and $287,000,000 in outlays in fiscal year 1984; $555,000,000 in budget authority and $466,000,000 in outlays in fiscal year 1985; and $544,000,000 in budget authority and $443,000,000 in outlays in fiscal year 1986.

(e) The Senate Committee on Veterans' Affairs shall report changes in laws within the jurisdiction of that committee which provide spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce budget authority by $228,000,000 and outlays by $226,000,000 in fiscal year 1984; to reduce budget authority by $139,000,000 and outlays by

$138,000,000 in fiscal year 1985; and to reduce budget authority by $141,000,000 and outlays by $140,000,000 in fiscal year 1986.

(f) The House Committee on Armed Services shall report changes in laws within the jurisdiction of that committee which provide spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce budget authority by $253,000,000 and outlays by $253,000,000 in fiscal year 1984; to reduce budget authority by $360,000,000 and outlays by $360,000,000 in fiscal year 1985; and to reduce budget authority by $621,000,000 and outlays by $621,000,000 in fiscal year 1986.

2 USC 651.

(g) The House Committee on Energy and Commerce shall report changes in laws within the jurisdiction of that committee which provide spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce outlays by $400,000,000 in fiscal year 1984; to reduce outlays by $500,000,000 in fiscal year 1985; and to reduce outlays by $800,000,000 in fiscal year 1986.

(h) The House Committee on Foreign Affairs shall report changes in laws within the jurisdiction of that committee which provide spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce outlays by $3,000,000 in fiscal year 1984; to reduce outlays by $4,000,000 in fiscal year 1985; and to reduce outlays by $4,000,000 in fiscal year 1986.

(i) The House Committee on Post Office and Civil Service shall report changes in laws within the jurisdiction of that committee which provide spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce budget authority by $1,619,000,000 and outlays by $1,900,000,000 in fiscal year 1984; to reduce budget authority by $2,332,000,000 and outlays by $2,841,000,000 in fiscal year 1985; and to reduce budget authority by $3,235,000,000 and outlays by $4,144,000,000 in fiscal year 1986.

(j) The House Committee on Small Business shall report changes in laws within the jurisdiction of that committee which will result in savings in budget authority and outlays, as follows: $139,000,000 in budget authority and $287,000,000 in outlays in fiscal year 1984; $555,000,000 in budget authority and $466,000,000 in outlays in fiscal year 1985; and $544,000,000 in budget authority and $443,000,000 in outlays in fiscal year 1986.

(k) The House Committee on Veterans' Affairs shall report changes in laws within the jurisdiction of that committee which provide spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce budget authority by $228,000,000 and outlays by $226,000,000 in fiscal year 1984; to reduce budget authority by $139,000,000 and outlays by $138,000,000 in fiscal year 1985; and to reduce budget authority by $141,000,000 and outlays by $140,000,000 in fiscal year 1986.

(l)(1) The House Committee on Ways and Means shall report changes in laws within the jurisdiction of that committee which provide spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce outlays by $400,000,000 in fiscal year 1984; to reduce outlays by $500,000,000 in fiscal year 1985; and to reduce outlays by $800,000,000 in fiscal year 1986.

(2) The House Committee on Ways and Means shall report changes in laws within the jurisdiction of that committee sufficient to increase revenues as follows: $12,000,000,000 in fiscal year 1984; $15,000,000,000 in fiscal year 1985; and $46,000,000,000 in fiscal year 1986.

(3) If the changes in laws reported to the House by the Committee on Ways and Means pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection contain changes involving the imposition of new or expanded taxes to directly finance programs within the jurisdiction of any other committee of the House (including, but not limited to, inland waterways or deep draft ports) or the imposition of any new or expanded user fees within the jurisdiction of any other committee of the House, an appropriate referral pursuant to Rule X of the Rules of the House should be considered.

(m) Should provisions in subtitle A of title I of Public Law 97-253, relating to 50 cent per hundredweight assessments against milk producers, be finally adjudicated by the courts to be unconstitutional or unenforceable, the House Committee on Agriculture and the Senate Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry shall report changes in laws within their jurisdiction within 30 days of that disposition which provide spending authority only as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce outlays by $1,243,000,000 in fiscal year 1984; to reduce outlays by $1,332,000,000 in fiscal year 1985; and to reduce outlays by $1,327,000,000 in fiscal year 1986.

7 USC 1446.

2 USC 651.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

SEC. 4. No bill or resolution providing new discretionary budget authority or new spending authority described in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, for fiscal year 1984, which exceeds the appropriate allocation of new discretionary budget authority or new spending authority described in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act, made pursuant to section 302(a) of such Act, shall be enrolled in the House of Representatives, and no bill or resolution providing new budget authority or new spending authority described in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, for fiscal year 1984, which exceeds the appropriate allocation of new budget authority or new spending authority described in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act, made pursuant to section 302(a) of such Act, shall be enrolled in the Senate, until after the Congress has completed action on the second concurrent resolution on the budget required to be reported under section 310 of such Act or until October 1, 1983, whichever occurs first.

2 USC 633.

2 USC 641.

SEC. 5. (a) If Congress has not completed action by October 1, 1983, on the concurrent resolution on the budget required to be reported under section 310(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 for the 1984 fiscal year, then this concurrent resolution shall be deemed to be the concurrent resolution required to be reported under section 310(a) of such Act, for the purposes of section 311 of such Act.

2 USC 642.

(b) Section 311(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, as made applicable by subsection (a) of this section, shall not apply to bills, resolutions, or amendments within the jurisdiction of a committee, or any conference report on any such bill or resolution, if—

(1) the enactment of such bill or resolution as reported;

(2) the adoption and enactment of such amendment; or

(3) the enactment of such bill or resolution in the form recommended in such conference report;

would not cause the appropriate allocation for such committee of new discretionary budget authority, new budget authority, or new spending authority as described in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Con-

2 USC 651.
2 USC 633.

gressional Budget Act of 1974 made pursuant to section 302(a) of such Act for fiscal year 1984 to be exceeded.

(c) The provisions of this section shall cease to apply when Congress completes action on a subsequent concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 1984 pursuant to section 304 or 310 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974.

2 USC 635, 641.

SEC. 6. Monetary Policy.—Inasmuch as—

(1) there is a need for coordination between fiscal and monetary policy,

(2) actual and projected budget deficits have placed a heavy burden on monetary policy,

(3) any reduction in the budget deficit brought about by this budget resolution will reduce pressures on monetary policy,

(4) there is a need for vigorous economic growth consistent with reasonable price stability,

(5) the Banking and Budget Committees of the respective Houses require information regarding the Federal Reserve's monetary policy and the economic assumptions consistent with that policy, and

(6) the Budget Committees are, therefore, interested in the recommendations of the Banking Committees of the respective Houses with respect to such information,

the House Committee on Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs, and the Senate Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs are requested to report to their respective bodies, no later than September 30, 1983, a resolution expressing the sense of the Congress as to (A) the coordination of the Federal Reserve's monetary policy with the fiscal policy reflected in this budget resolution and the appropriate information regarding the economic assumptions and goals of the Federal Reserve System, (B) the appropriate information to implement this policy coordination including, but not limited to, the effects of the Federal Reserve's monetary policy on the economy, and (C) any other matters pertaining to the Federal Reserve's execution or congressional oversight of monetary policy, as the above Committees deem appropriate.

SEC. 7. It is the sense of the Congress that, in light of budget restraint, limited resources, and the need to foster economic growth, the House Committee on Armed Services should initiate a thorough review of military retirement programs which constitute a major sector of the defense budget and should recommend changes which would result in reduced spending under these programs.

SEC. 8. It is the sense of the Congress that the President and the Congress, through the appropriations process, should limit the on-budget new direct loan obligations of the Federal Government to an amount not to exceed $38,150,000,000 in fiscal year 1983 and $31,000,000,000 in fiscal year 1984; off-budget new direct loan obligations to an amount not to exceed $16,100,000,000 in fiscal year 1983 and $16,900,000,000 in fiscal year 1984; new primary loan guarantee commitments to an amount not to exceed $99,600,000,000 in fiscal year 1983 and $101,700,000,000 in fiscal year 1984; and new secondary loan guarantee commitments to an amount not to exceed $68,250,000,000 in fiscal year 1983 and $68,250,000,000 in fiscal year 1984. It is further the sense of the Congress that the President and the Congress should limit total Federal Financing Bank origination of direct loans guaranteed by other Federal agencies to $15,000,000,000 in fiscal year 1983 and $15,500,000,000 in fiscal year 1984, and Federal Financing Bank purchases of certificates of beneficial ownership from Federal agencies to $12,050,000,000 in fiscal

year 1983 and $13,950,000,000 in fiscal year 1984. It is further the sense of the Congress that direct borrowing transactions of Federal agencies should be, to the maximum extent possible, restricted to the Federal Financing Bank.

SEC. 9. It is the sense of the Congress and the budgets of Federal agencies initiating Federal Financing Bank purchases of certificates of beneficial ownership and originations of guaranteed loans should include the budget authority and outlays resulting from the transactions. The Congress recommends that the committees with jurisdiction over the Federal Financing Bank Act of 1973 consider expeditiously legislation to require that the budgetary impact of such Federal Financing Bank transactions be included in the budgets of the initiating agencies beginning with the fiscal year 1985 budget.

12 USC 2281 note.

Agreed to June 23, 1983.

ADJOURNMENT—HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND SENATE

June 29, 1983
[S. Con. Res. 48]

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That when the Senate adjourns on Wednesday, June 29, 1983, Thursday, June 30, 1983, or Friday, July 1, 1983, pursuant to a motion made by the Majority Leader in accordance with this resolution, it stand adjourned until 12:00 noon on Monday, July 11, 1983, and that when the House adjourns on Thursday, June 30, 1983, it stand adjourned until 12:00 noon on Monday, July 11, 1983.

Agreed to June 29, 1983.

"THE CAPITOL"

July 27, 1983
[S. Con. Res. 35]

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representative concurring), That there shall be printed as a Senate document a revised edition of "The Capitol", to be published under the direction of the Joint Committee on Printing with the editorial assistance of the Committee on Rules and Administration.

Printing as Senate document.

SEC. 2. In addition to the usual number of copies, there shall be printed five hundred and sixty-six thousand additional copies, of which four hundred and forty-three thousand copies shall be for the use of the House of Representatives, one hundred and three thousand copies shall be for the use of the Senate, and twenty thousand copies shall be for the use of the Joint Committee on Printing.

Additional copies.

SEC. 3. A sum not to exceed $15,000 for travel expenses and photographic expenses incurred in carrying out this concurrent resolution shall be paid from the contingent fund of the Senate on vouchers approved by the chairman of the Joint Committee on Printing.

Travel and photographic expenses.

Agreed to July 27, 1983.

July 27, 1983
[H. Con. Res. 39]

UNITED NATIONS DECADE OF DISABLED PERSONS

Whereas a new era in recognition of human rights and universal respect for these rights has begun;

Whereas the United Nations General Assembly has declared 1983 through 1992 as the United Nations Decade of Disabled Persons;

Whereas the United States has made great strides during the last decade in improving the lives of thirty-five million American citizens with physical and mental disabilities;

Whereas there is still much to be done to open doors to the full participation and equality of disabled persons in society throughout the world;

Whereas handicapped individuals should be able to participate fully in the mainstream of society through education, employment and community living opportunities;

Whereas the United States recognizes the need for further progress in strengthening public understanding and awareness of the needs and aspirations of disabled persons;

Whereas there is hope that this spirit of carrying out the goals of the International and National Years in 1981 and 1982 will continue throughout this decade;

Whereas a framework for national action has been established by these previous initiatives and the improvement of programs for the disabled over the last decade; and

Whereas further progress should be made in the United States toward achieving the following long-term goals of and for disabled persons promoted during the International Year of Disabled Persons: (1) expanded educational opportunity; (2) improved access to housing, buildings, and transportation; (3) expanded employment opportunity; (4) expanded participation in recreational, social, and cultural activities; (5) expanded and strengthened rehabilitation programs and facilities; (6) purposeful application of biomedical research aimed at conquering major disabling conditions; (7) reduction in the incidence of disability by expanded accident and disease prevention; (8) expanded application of technology to minimize the effects of disability; and (9) expanded international exchange of information and experience to benefit all disabled persons: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That it is the sense of the Congress that the President should take all steps within his authority to implement, within the United States, the objectives of the United Nations Decade of Disabled Persons (1983–1992), as proclaimed by the United Nations General Assembly on December 3, 1982.

SEC. 2. The President should report to the Congress annually during the United Nations Decade of Disabled Persons on the plans developed by the executive branch in accordance with United Nations General Assembly Resolution 37/53 to implement, within the United States, the objectives of the United Nations Decade of Disabled Persons and on the steps taken pursuant to those plans.

SEC. 3. The Clerk of the House shall transmit a copy of this resolution to the President.

Agreed to July 27, 1983.

JOINT COMMITTEE FOR HARRY S TRUMAN—COMMEMORATION OF HIS BIRTH

July 29, 1983
[H. Con. Res. 126]

Whereas the year 1984 marks the one hundredth anniversary of the birth of Harry S Truman on May 8, 1884;

Whereas Harry S Truman was born and reared in rural Missouri, enjoyed a boyhood reminiscent of Huckleberry Finn's, graduated from high school, made his living for a decade on a farm behind a plow, joined the Army in the First World War, and, as a captain, led Battery D, 129th Field Artillery, 35th Division, in combat in the Meuse-Argonne and at Verdun;

Whereas he served for a decade as judge (commissioner) of Jackson County, Missouri, and, among other responsibilities, oversaw the building of some of the first paved roads around Kansas City;

Whereas he was elected to the United States Senate and took his seat in 1935, serving as a member of the Senate Appropriations, Military Affairs, and Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committees, was instrumental in writing major pieces of legislation, including the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938 and the Transportation Act of 1940, proposed and served as chairman of the Senate Special Committee to Investigate the National Defense Program (the "Truman Committee"), which was estimated to have saved taxpayers billions of dollars on war contracts; 52 Stat. 973. 54 Stat. 898.

Whereas under Franklin D. Roosevelt, he served as Vice President of the United States from January 20, 1945, to April 12, 1945;

Whereas upon the death of Roosevelt on April 12, 1945, Harry S Truman was sworn in as President of the United States at the climax of the Second World War and with almost no preparation for the historic military and diplomatic problems that were piling up on the United States, including the question of using the atomic bomb to end the war against Japan quickly so as to save Japanese and American lives in the end;

Whereas with modesty, courage, and commonsense he took up the cause of opposing Soviet expansion in Eastern Europe, the Balkans, the Black Sea Straits, and Iran, directed that, despite Roosevelt's sudden death, the United Nations Conference on International Organization meet in San Francisco as scheduled to establish the United Nations, and successfully recommended that the Senate approve ratification of the charter, bringing the United States into the United Nations;

Whereas he presided over the turbulent task of postwar reconversion of the economy from wartime to a peacetime production, obtained passage of the landmark Employment Act of 1946 that declared that "it is the continuing policy and responsibility of the Federal Government to use all practical means . . . functions and resources" to foster "maximum employment, production and purchasing power", prevailed upon Congress to pass the National Housing Act of 1949 to provide low-cost housing and slum clearance, won a bitter battle in Congress to keep control of nuclear weapons in civilian hands, introduced legislation for national medical insurance that was the forerunner of Medicare, which has assured adequate medical treatment for millions of Americans, unified the Armed Forces in a new Department of Defense and created modern new organs of government, including the Council 15 USC 1021 note. 42 USC 1441 note.

of Economic Advisers, the National Security Council, and the Central Intelligence Agency;

Whereas he directed that the United States be the first nation to recognize the new State of Israel in 1948 and began the special relationship that has existed between Americans and Israelis;

Whereas he ordered the racial desegregation of the armed services in 1948 and the same year submitted to Congress the first Presidential special message on civil rights, based on a report To Secure These Rights, which proved to have laid out the agenda for the civil rights reforms of the 1960's;

Whereas by his decision to institute an airlift at the time of the Soviet blockade of Berlin in 1948 and 1949, he balked an attempt by the Kremlin to dominate all of Germany, if not of Europe;

Whereas under his policies the former enemy states of Japan and Germany (West Germany at least) were brought into a friendly and constructive relationship with the United States;

Whereas in 1950, he resolutely drew the line against further Communist expansionism and upheld the ideal of collective security by committing American forces—later joined by those of other members of the United Nations—to throw the invading North Korean Communist Army back to the 38th parallel in Korea, preserving South Korea, still a steadfast ally; and

Whereas he took as his slogan "The Buck Stops Here" and said in his farewell address of January 15, 1953, "I have tried to give it everything that was in me" and left office, after virtually two full terms, with employment and prosperity high and the Western World firmly allied against possible Communist aggression: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That (a) in order to provide for an appropriate commemoration by the Congress of the centennial of the birth of Harry S Truman, thirty-third President of the United States of America, there is established a Special Joint Committee on Arrangements (hereinafter referred to in this concurrent resolution as the "joint committee") which shall be composed of sixteen members as follows:

(1) The President pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

(2) Seven Members of the Senate to be appointed by the President pro tempore of the Senate, four upon recommendation of the majority leader of the Senate and three upon recommendation of the minority leader of the Senate.

(3) Seven Members of the House of Representatives to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, three upon recommendation of the minority leader of the House of Representatives.

(b) The members of the joint committee shall select a chairman and a vice chairman from among its members. A majority of the members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. Any vacancy in the membership of the joint committee shall be filled in the same manner in which the original appointment was made.

(c) For the purposes of paragraph 4 of rule XXV of the Standing Rules of the Senate, service of a Senator as a member or chairman of the joint committee shall not be taken into account.

SEC. 2. It shall be the duty of the joint committee to—

(1) make arrangements for a joint meeting of the Congress to be held on Tuesday, May 8, 1984, or such other day as may be designated by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, in

the Hall of the House of Representatives in commemoration of the centennial of the birth of Harry S Truman;

(2) plan the proceedings of and issue appropriate invitations for such joint meeting; and

(3) coordinate the joint committee's arrangements with the activities of the Truman Centennial Committee, Washington, District of Columbia.

SEC. 3. The joint committee may—

(1) appoint an executive director, who shall serve without compensation, and accept such other volunteer services of individuals as it deems appropriate;

(2) adopt rules respecting its organization and procedures; and

(3) sit and act at such times and places as it shall deem appropriate.

SEC. 4. The expenses of the joint committee under this concurrent resolution may not exceed $25,000 and shall be paid from the contingent fund of the House of Representatives upon vouchers approved by the chairman of the joint committee.

Agreed to July 29, 1983.

ADJOURNMENT—HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND SENATE

July 29, 1983
[H. Con. Res. 153]

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That when the House adjourns on Thursday, August 4, 1983, or on Friday, August 5, 1983, pursuant to a motion made by the Majority Leader, or his designee, in accordance with this resolution, and that when the Senate adjourns on Wednesday, August 3, 1983, or Thursday, August 4, 1983, or on Friday, August 5, 1983, pursuant to a motion made by the Majority Leader in accordance with this resolution, they stand adjourned until 12 o'clock meridian on Monday, September 12, 1983, or until 12 o'clock meridian on the second day after Members are notified to reassemble pursuant to section 2 of this concurrent resolution whichever occurs first.

SEC. 2. The Speaker of the House and the Majority Leader of the Senate shall notify the Members of the House and the Senate, respectively, to reassemble whenever, in their opinion, the public interest shall warrant it.

Agreed to July 29, 1983.

CARL HAYDEN—BUST PLACEMENT IN CAPITOL OR SENATE OFFICE BUILDINGS

Aug. 1, 1983
[S. Con. Res. 7]

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That in honor of Carl Hayden, who served in the United States Congress longer than any other man in history, the Joint Committee on the Library (hereinafter referred to as the "Joint Committee") is

authorized and directed to provide for the design and sculpture of a bronze or marble bust of Carl Hayden. The Joint Committee is further authorized and directed to accept such bust on behalf of the Senate and to cause such bust to be placed in an appropriate location within the Senate wing of the Capitol or any of the Senate Office Buildings, or any room, space, or corridor thereof.

SEC. 2. (a) The Joint Committee is authorized to solicit and accept gifts of property, real or personal, or services to carry out the provisions of this resolution. After January 3, 1985 the Joint Committee shall not solicit or accept any such gifts, and shall expend or use all such gifts before expending any moneys provided for in subsection (b).

(b) Expenses incurred by the Joint Committee in carrying out the provisions of this resolution, which shall not exceed $10,000, shall be paid out of the contingent fund of the Senate on vouchers approved by the Chairman of the Joint Committee.

Agreed to August 1, 1983.

Aug. 1, 1983
[S. Con. Res. 58]

CORRECTIONS IN ENROLLMENT OF S. 272

Ante, p. 403.

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That in the enrollment of the bill (S. 272) to improve small business access to Federal procurement information, and for other purposes, the Secretary of the Senate is hereby authorized and directed, in the enrollment of said bill, to make the following corrections, namely, strike the matter relating to subparagraph (D) of section 8(e)(1) of the Small Business Act in its entirety and insert in lieu thereof "(D) the procurement is made from another Government department or agency, or a mandatory source of supply;"; in the matter relating to section 8(e)(1)(G) of such Act strike out "from an educational institution"; in the matter relating to section 8(e)(4) of such Act after the phrase "or section 9 of this Act" insert "or unless the Federal department's need for the property, supplies, or services is of such unusual and compelling urgency that the Government would be seriously injured if the provisions of this paragraph were complied with"; in the matter relating to section 8(e)(4) of such Act after the phrase "for the award of a sole source contract" insert "or a contract that results from an unsolicited proposal"; and in the matter relating to section 8(e)(4)(B) of such Act strike out "sole source"; and in the matter relating to section 8(e)(4) of such Act add at the end thereof the following: "Annually, each department shall report to the Congress on each negotiation above the stated amount if the head of the procuring activity or his deputy did not approve the authority to enter into such contract.".

Agreed to August 1, 1983.

CORRECTIONS IN ENROLLMENT OF H.R. 3190

Aug. 4, 1983
[S. Con. Res. 63]

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That in the enrollment of the bill (H.R. 3190) to establish an improved program for extra long staple cotton, the Clerk of the House of Representatives shall make the following corrections:

Ante, p. 494.

(1) In the eleventh sentence of the proposed subsection (h)(8)(A) of section 103 of the Agricultural Act of 1949, contained in section 4 of the bill, strike out "such provision" and insert in lieu thereof "such production".

(2) In proposed subsection (h)(9) of section 103 of the Agricultural Act of 1949, contained in section 4 of the bill, strike out "paragraph (3)" and insert in lieu thereof "paragraph (8)".

Agreed to August 4, 1983.

ALICE MITCHELL RIVLIN—EXPRESSION OF GRATITUDE

Aug. 4, 1983
[H. Con. Res. 154]

Whereas Doctor Alice Mitchell Rivlin has served with dedication and distinction as the first Director of the Congressional Budget Office since 1975;

Whereas, under the leadership of Doctor Rivlin, the Congressional Budget Office has become an indispensable, professional, nonpartisan organization that has consistently supplied Congress with timely and objective forecasts of economic conditions, projections of Federal spending and revenues, options for reducing the Federal deficit, and objective analyses of important public policy issues;

Whereas the direction by Doctor Rivlin of the Congressional Budget Office has fulfilled the intent of the framers of the Congressional Budget Act to create a capability within Congress to analyze budgetary information independently from the executive branch, thereby making the Office, a vital support agency of the Congress; 2 USC 621 note.

Whereas Doctor Rivlin is nationally recognized as an eminent authority on economic and budgetary issues, has earned the respect and admiration of her colleagues in business and Government, and has brought credit to herself, the Congressional Budget Office, and the Congress: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That the Congress of the United States expresses gratitude to Doctor Alice Mitchell Rivlin for her dedicated service as Director of the Congressional Budget Office and wishes her continued success.

SEC. 2. The Clerk of the House shall transmit a copy of this resolution to Doctor Alice Mitchell Rivlin.

Agreed to August 4, 1983.

Sept. 22, 1983
[S. Con. Res. 68]

CORRECTION IN ENROLLMENT OF S. 602

Ante, p. 749.

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That in the enrollment of the bill (S. 602) to provide for the broadcasting of accurate information to the people of Cuba, and for other purposes, the Secretary of the Senate is hereby authorized and directed to make the following correction, namely, in section 7(b), in the first sentence, strike out "shall" where it first appears and insert "may".

Agreed to September 22, 1983.

Oct. 6, 1983
[H. Con. Res. 184]

ADJOURNMENT—HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND SENATE

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That when the House adjourns on Thursday, October 6, 1983, or on Friday, October 7, 1983, pursuant to a motion made by the majority leader, or his designee, in accordance with this resolution, and that when the Senate adjourns on Thursday, October 6, 1983, or Friday, October 7, 1983, pursuant to a motion made by the majority leader in accordance with this resolution, they stand adjourned until 12 o'clock meridian on Monday, October 17, 1983.

Agreed to October 6, 1983.

Nov. 10, 1983
[S. Con. Res. 82]

TERRORIST ATTACK IN RANGOON, BURMA ON 17 KOREANS—EXPRESSIONS OF SYMPATHY AND CONDEMNATION

Whereas the people of the United States and the people of Korea are joined together by bonds of friendship and mutual commitment;

Whereas the people of Korea have recently suffered a grave tragedy through a terrorist attack on October 9, 1983, in Rangoon, Burma, which took the lives of seventeen Koreans, including senior members of the Government of the Republic of Korea; and

Whereas the victims of that attack included several individuals who had lived and studied in the United States, who had wide circles of friends here, and who were known and admired by a number of Members of Congress of the United States for their lasting contributions to the strong relationship between our two countries: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That the Congress—

(1) expresses its most profound sympathy and condolence to the families of the Koreans who were the victims of the tragic killing in Burma and to the Korean people;

(2) reaffirms the lasting friendship and solidarity between the people of the United States and the people of Korea; and

(3) condemns this outrageous terrorist act and calls upon the international community to redouble its efforts to combat terrorism and to isolate, censure, and punish the perpetrators of such acts.

Agreed to November 10, 1983.

KAMPUCHEA INVASION—U.S. SUPPORT OF ASEAN TO ACHIEVE A PEACEFUL SOLUTION

Nov. 15, 1983
[H. Con. Res. 176]

Whereas the Vietnamese invasion and occupation of Kampuchea represent blatant aggression by a stronger nation against a weaker one in violation of the United Nations Charter, which Vietnam has pledged to uphold;

Whereas every United Nations General Assembly since 1979 and the International Conference on Kampuchea have called for the withdrawal of foreign troops from Kampuchea and free elections under international supervision;

Whereas this invasion and occupation have resulted in widespread suffering for the Khmer people and the denial of Khmer self-determination;

Whereas the presence of one hundred and fifty thousand to one hundred and seventy thousand Vietnamese troops in Kampuchea continues to threaten the security of neighboring countries and the peace and stability in Southeast Asia;

Whereas the free nations of the Association of South East Asian Nations (ASEAN) have been the leading force in efforts to achieve a peaceful solution to the problem of Kampuchea based on the resolutions of the United Nations and the International Conference on Kampuchea; and

Whereas the existence of non-Communist forces led by respected Khmer nationalists Prince Norodom Sihanouk and Son Sann enhances the prospects for such a peaceful solution: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That it is the sense of the Congress that the United States should continue to—

(1) give full support to efforts by the members of the Association of South East Asian Nations (ASEAN) to secure a political resolution of the Kampuchean problem which would ensure the withdrawal of all foreign forces and the restoration of Khmer self-determination through free elections under international supervision;

(2) urge other nations, both individually and collectively, to support such ASEAN efforts in the United Nations and other international bodies;

(3) urge other nations to cooperate with ASEAN in maintaining economic and diplomatic pressure on Vietnam until it accepts the need for a peaceful settlement in Kampuchea based on the relevant United Nations resolutions;

(4) support international efforts through the United Nations Border Relief Operation to relieve the suffering of the more than two hundred thousand Khmer civilians who have sought refuge along the Thai border from the Vietnamese occupation; and

(5) give humanitarian and political support to the non-Communist Khmer nationalist forces that represent the legitimate aspirations of the Khmer people.

Agreed to November 15, 1983.

Nov. 15, 1983
[H. Con. Res. 214]

JOHN F. KENNEDY—COMMEMORATION OF HIS DEATH

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That the Rotunda of the United States Capitol is hereby authorized to be used on November 16, 1983, in such a manner as the Speaker and minority leader of the United States House of Representatives and the majority leader and minority leader of the United States Senate may deem appropriate to commemorate the twentieth anniversary of the death of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy. Physical preparations for the conduct of the ceremony shall be carried out in accordance with such conditions as may be prescribed by the Architect of the Capitol.

Agreed to November 15, 1983.

Nov. 17, 1983
[S. Con. Res. 76]

LECH WALESA—1983 NOBEL PEACE PRIZE RECIPIENT, U.S. CONGRATULATIONS

Whereas a secure and universal peace is a major objective of people of good will throughout the world;

Whereas one of the necessary conditions of achieving such peace is universal respect for and realization of internationally recognized human rights and fundamental freedoms;

Whereas article 23 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights establishes the right of every individual to work, to free choice of employment, to just and favorable conditions of work, and to form and to join trade unions for the protection of the interests of such individual;

Whereas the right to form and to join trade unions for the protection of the interest of the individual is a right guaranteed by the Helsinki Final Act, of which Poland is a signatory;

Whereas the independent Polish trade union Solidarity has for three years represented the interests of the Polish working class in a cooperative, moderate, and conciliatory fashion;

Whereas the trade union Solidarity preserved peaceful methods and

intentions even in the face of persecution, imprisonment of union leaders, and government violence against the union;

Whereas the founder and elected leader of Solidarity, Lech Walesa, has had a fundamental role in establishing and leading Solidarity as a labor organization working for peaceful goals by peaceful means; and

Whereas Lech Walesa has been awarded the 1983 Nobel Peace Prize in recognition for inspiring all peace-loving people by attempting to solve the labor problems of Poland through negotiations and cooperation, and suffering imprisonment and unjust vilification as a result of these actions: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That the Congress of the United States of America—

(1) congratulates Lech Walesa as the recipient of the 1983 Nobel Peace Prize and commends the Norwegian Nobel Committee on this outstanding choice,

(2) requests the Government of Poland to facilitate the personal attendance at the award ceremony and to guarantee the safe return to Poland of Lech Walesa, and

(3) calls upon all peace-loving nations to continue to support the cause of free trade unions everywhere, to promote internationally recognized human rights and fundamental freedoms, and to help establish on the basis of freedom and mutual trust a secure and universal peace.

Agreed to November 17, 1983.

LIBRARIAN OF CONGRESS—STUDY OF THE CHANGING ROLE OF THE BOOK

Nov. 18, 1983
[S. Con. Res. 59]

Whereas the Congress of the United States has built and nurtured a library preeminent in the world;

Whereas this Library beginning as a small collection of books has now grown to over eighty million items in all formats encompassing all areas of knowledge;

Whereas eighteen million of these items are conventional books which throughout history have been the most powerful and democratizing learning devices known to mankind;

Whereas the book is now among the least expensive and most widely accessible means to liberty and learning;

Whereas advances in technology over the last two decades have in many ways complemented the book as a learning tool;

Whereas rapidly advancing technologies and electronic printing and publishing are revolutionizing the world of learning and the role of the book in the future; and

Whereas the Congress in 1977 established the Center for the Book in the Library of Congress to study the development of the written record in our society: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That—

(1) a timely study of the changing role of the book in the future is highly desirable;

(2) the Congress authorizes the Librarian of Congress, under the auspices of the Center for the Book of the Library of Congress, to conduct such an inquiry;

(3) in conducting such a study, the Librarian of Congress shall seek the advice and assistance of persons highly knowledgeable about the role of the book in civilization and the influence of new technologies on the future of the book;

(4) such persons should include scholars, authors, educators, publishers, librarians, scientists, and individuals in computer technology, industry, and labor; and

(5) the Librarian of Congress should transmit the results of such a study to the Congress of the United States not later than December 1, 1984.

Agreed to November 18, 1983.

Nov. 18, 1983
[H. Con. Res. 221]

ADJOURNMENT—HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND SENATE

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That when the House adjourns on Thursday, November 17, 1983, on Friday, November 18, 1983, or on Saturday, November 19, 1983, pursuant to a motion made by the majority leader, or his designee, in accordance with this resolution, and that when the Senate adjourns on Thursday, November 17, 1983, on Friday, November 18, 1983, or on Saturday, November 19, 1983, pursuant to a motion made by the majority leader in accordance with this resolution, they stand adjourned sine die, or until 12 o'clock meridian on the second day after Members are notified to reassemble pursuant to section 2 of this concurrent resolution.

SEC. 2. The Speaker of the House, after consultation with the minority leader of the House, and the majority leader of the Senate, after consultation with the minority leader of the Senate, acting jointly, shall notify the Members of the House and Senate, respectively, to reassemble whenever, in their opinion, the public interest shall warrant it.

Agreed to November 18, 1983.

PROCLAMATIONS

PROCLAMATIONS

Proclamation 5008 of December 29, 1982

National Closed-Captioned Television Month

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Nothing is more important to the welfare and progress of the United States than the assurance that all its people are afforded equality of opportunities. Our Nation's commitment to open new doors of opportunity for people in all walks of life has guided the growth of our Nation and stands as a measure of its greatness.

The realization of our high hopes for a better America can be gauged by our ability to bring the handicapped of our Nation into the mainstream of society. The recent initiation in March 1980 of closed-captioned television, which opened this important communications medium to millions of deaf and hearing-impaired Americans, is a significant achievement toward this end. The development of closed-captioned television marks the culmination of many years of cooperative effort by government, private industry and nonprofit groups. It is breaking down historic communications barriers and opening new social, educational and vocational opportunities for the hearing-impaired.

In recognition of the invaluable service performed by closed-captioned television, and in order to call public attention to the contribution that it is making toward enriching the lives of millions of Americans, the Congress has, by joint resolution, requested that the President designate the month of December 1982 as "National Closed-Captioned Television Month."

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate the month of December 1982 as National Closed-Captioned Television Month.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this twenty-ninth day of December, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-two, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5009 of January 3, 1983

Bicentennial of Air and Space Flight

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

On November 21, 1783, a French balloonist named Etienne de Montgolfier made the first manned flight in history when he soared aloft in a hot air balloon at LaMuette, France. The balloon sailed over Paris for 25 minutes and traveled five and one-half miles.

This epochal flight fulfilled mankind's desire, as old as the myth of Icarus, to become airborne. But it was also something more than the fulfillment of a dream. Montgolfier's achievement was a concrete demonstration of the power of technological know-how when coupled with the yearnings of the

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human spirit. For the first time, man had freed not only his imagination but his physical self from the forces of gravity. With every advance, our imagination and knowledge have leaped forward—from Montgolfier to the Wright brothers, through the moon walks and the space shuttle.

In the 200 years since that first flight, man's quest to understand the unknown has resulted in our ability to fly higher, faster, safer and farther. We race the sun as we move from continent to continent in a matter of hours. We have vastly multiplied commerce and communication among far-flung peoples. We have flown 250 thousand miles to explore the surface of the moon, and, with this unprecedented triumph of spirit and technology, changed forever our view of the Earth. She is a delicate blue jewel in the darkness of space.

96 Stat. 2048.

In recognition of 200 years of progress around the globe in manned flight, the Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 270, has designated the year 1983 as the Bicentennial of Air and Space Flight. I am proud to have been named Honorary Chairman of the United States Organizing Committee, which will plan our participation in activities at home and abroad to commemorate the Bicentennial. I view the celebration as an opportunity to increase public awareness of our Nation's achievements in aviation and space flight and to rededicate ourselves to the spirit of excellence which has brought us so far so fast.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate the year beginning January 1, 1983, as the Bicentennial of Air and Space Flight. I call upon all government agencies and the American people to observe this year with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 3rd day of Jan., in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and 83, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5010 of January 3, 1983

One Hundred and Fiftieth Anniversary of Greene County, Missouri

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

The year 1983 marks the sesquicentennial anniversary of the founding of Greene County, Missouri.

Greene County, named for the Revolutionary War hero General Nathanael Greene, has enjoyed a long and distinguished history. Many of its sons and daughters have held high public office and otherwise served the State of Missouri and our nation.

In 1833, Greene County included all of southwest Missouri and remains today an important cultural and economic center. As the third most populous county in the State of Missouri, it continues to grow and prosper.

96 Stat. 2094.

The Congress of the United States, by House Joint Resoultion 630, has requested and authorized the President of the United States to proclaim January 3, 1983, as the One Hundred and Fiftieth Anniversary of Greene County, Missouri.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim January 3, 1983, as the "One Hundred and Fiftieth Anniversary of Greene County, Missouri."

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this third day of January, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5011 of January 7, 1983

National Jaycee Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

For more than sixty years, the Jaycees have brought together outstanding young members of communities throughout the Nation to help meet the vital needs of our ever-changing and increasingly complex society. Motivated by their creed "Service to humanity is the best work of life," hundreds of thousands of Jaycees have voluntarily contributed their energy to a wide variety of humanitarian projects and have thereby enriched their country, their communities and their own lives.

As a training ground for new leaders, the Jaycees have made their most valuable and lasting contribution to our society. This organization has for generations launched young Americans on careers of leadership in every field of endeavor.

In recognition of the accomplishments of this organization, the Congress of the United States, by Senate Joint Resolution 240, has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation designating the week beginning on January 16, 1983, as "National Jaycee Week." 96 Stat. 2292.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate the week beginning January 16, 1983, as National Jaycee Week, and I call upon the people of the United States to observe that period with appropriate programs, ceremonies and activities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 7th day of January, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5012 of January 10, 1983

Public Employees' Appreciation Day, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

January 1983 marks the one hundredth anniversary of the signing of the Pendleton Act which created the Federal civil service system. The Act es- 22 Stat. 403.

tablished the principle of hiring according to merit in the Federal service, and although the system has been modified and refined through the years, it continues to play an essential role in ensuring the stability of the world's largest and most successful democracy. Our ability to function effectively in times of trial and upheaval and to prosper when various national crises have passed depends in no small degree upon the contributions of those who make up our civil service system.

The American civil service system succeeds because of several factors. It is built upon the concept that selection of career government employees must be based upon merit principles, the goal being to hire the most capable and qualified people to do the public's work. It also provides for a vital partnership between political leaders, who bring with them policies and programs endorsed by the electorate, and career civil servants, who provide the expertise and continuity which are essential to the effective operation of a government as large and varied as ours.

To commemorate the Centennial and to show our appreciation to Federal employees past and present, public agencies and private groups throughout America will sponsor events highlighting the history and accomplishments of the civil service system during January 1983 and in succeeding months.

96 Stat. 2093.

In recognition of the tremendous contributions of public employees to our Nation's government, the Congress, by House Joint Resolution 619, has designated January 17, 1983, as "Public Employees' Appreciation Day" and has requested the President to issue a Proclamation in observance of that day.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, in recognition of the Centennial of the Federal civil service system, do hereby proclaim January 17, 1983, as Public Employees' Appreciation Day.

I urge all Americans to join with members of the Federal civil service system, and the many professional associations and employee unions which represent them, in commemorating the centennial anniversary of the institution to which they belong and in appreciation of the countless contributions they have made on behalf of all Americans over the past one hundred years.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 10th day of January, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Editorial Note: The President's memorandum for heads of executive departments and agencies, dated Jan. 10, 1983, on the centennial of the Federal civil service is printed in the *Weekly Compilation of Presidential Documents* (vol. 19, p. 28).

Proclamation 5013 of January 12, 1983

National Inventors' Day, 1983

By the President of the United States of America

A Proclamation

Almost two hundred years ago, President George Washington recognized that invention and innovation were fundamental to the welfare and strength of the United States. He successfully urged the First Congress to

enact a patent statute as expressly authorized by the U.S. Constitution and wisely advised that "there is nothing which can better deserve your patronage than the promotion of science . . ." In 1790, the first patent statute initiated the transformation of the United States from an importer of technology to a world leader in technological innovation.

Today, just as in George Washington's day, inventors are the keystone of the technological progress that is so vital to the economic, environmental, and social well-being of this country. Individual ingenuity and perseverance, spurred by the incentives of the patent system, begin the process that results in improved standards of living, increased public and private productivity, creation of new industries, improved public services, and enhanced competitiveness of American products in world markets.

In recognition of the enormous contribution inventors make to the nation and the world, the Congress, pursuant to Senate Joint Resolution 140 (Public Law 97–198), has designated February 11, 1983, the anniversary of the birth of Thomas Alva Edison, one of America's most famous and prolific inventors, as National Inventors' Day. Such recognition is especially appropriate at a time when our country is striving to maintain its global position as a leader in innovation and technology. Key to our future success will be the dedication and creativity of inventors. 96 Stat. 120.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim February 11, 1983, as National Inventors' Day and call upon the people of the United States to observe this day with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 12th day of Jan., in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5014 of January 20, 1983

Tricentennial Anniversary Year of German Settlement in America

By the President of the United States of America

A Proclamation

On October 6, 1683, a group of thirteen Mennonite families, coming from the city of Krefeld, now in the Federal Republic of Germany, founded Germantown, Pennsylvania, today a suburb of Philadelphia. Since then, more than seven million German immigrants have entered the United States and made extraordinary human, economic, political, social, and cultural contributions to the growth and success of our great country.

Today there are more than sixty million Americans of German descent, a number about equal to the total population of the Federal Republic of Germany. More Americans claim German ancestry than any other nationality. During my address to the Bundestag in Bonn in June of last year, I spoke of the importance which the United States attaches to the Tricentennial year of 1983 commemorating German settlement in America. Despite the legacy of two world wars which found us on opposing sides, West Germany and

the United States have forged an exceptionally close relationship during the past three decades. The success of the Marshall Plan, the Berlin Airlift, and the ensuing NATO partnership have led to a recognition of our common democratic ideals and joint interest in Western economic and political strength.

Throughout 1983 there will be numerous activities and observances to celebrate the Tricentennial. President Karl Carstens has accepted my invitation to attend the culminating event in Philadelphia next October.

96 Stat. 2603. The Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 260, has designated 1983 as the "Tricentennial Anniversary Year of German Settlement in America" and has authorized and requested the President to issue a Proclamation in observance of that year. By the same Resolution, the Congress established the Presidential Commission for the German-American Tricentennial to plan, encourage, develop and coordinate the commemoration of this historic event.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the year commencing on January 1, 1983, as the Tricentennial Anniversary Year of German Settlement in America, and urge all Americans to observe the year with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 20th day of Jan., in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5015 of January 20, 1983

Red Cross Month, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

American Red Cross volunteers are among the millions of citizens who quietly serve their fellow man. Since the first settlement on our shores, a volunteer spirit has characterized the American way. This spirit has been reflected in the actions of the neighbor who is always ready to lend a hand.

The services performed by the Red Cross provide us with benefits that would otherwise cost billions of dollars. Last year, it was the volunteer who—giving freely of his or her time, energy, and talent—made it possible for the Red Cross to collect and provide the ill and injured with nearly six million units of blood. Volunteers established shelters to feed and attend to disaster victims, conducted thousands of courses to improve the quality of life by teaching nutrition, first aid, water safety, home nursing, and preparation for parenthood. The volunteer reached out to our young people, to members of the military, to veterans, and to the elderly and through personal contact eased their loneliness and fears.

For 102 years, the American Red Cross has been an essential ingredient of American life, helping us to learn, to grow, and to prosper. In accordance with this year's theme: "The Red Cross. We'll Help. Will You?" I urge all Americans to donate their time and financial resources in support of Red Cross activities. By giving of ourselves, we give the greatest gift one human being can give another—the gift of love.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America and Honorary Chairman of the American National Red Cross, do hereby designate March 1983 as Red Cross Month.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 20th day of Jan., in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5016 of January 20, 1983

National Consumers' Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

A major function of our competitive free enterprise economy is to satisfy consumer demand. The effective demand of consumers is what keeps producers in the business of supplying goods and services and is vital to keeping the wheels of industry turning. Therefore, it is most important that we fully recognize the crucial role consumers play in our economy.

Everyone is a consumer, but too often this role is the most neglected in terms of preparation and training. In our complex market economy major decisions have to be made about living within our means; protecting our futures through insurance, pension plans, and investments; choosing goods and services from our global marketplace; and voting on issues directly affecting our public and private consumption. Because consumer and economic education can contribute immeasurably to our competence as consumers and citizens, it should be started in the schools at the earliest possible time.

Consumers should have access to a wide assortment of competitively priced goods and services produced here and abroad; accurate information on product content and care, on contractual agreements, on the cost of credit—essentially whatever facts are needed to make an informed choice. But of greatest importance to consumers and private enterprise is protection against the marketing of goods that are hazardous to health or life, a fair hearing of complaints with appropriate remedies where justified, and dutiful consideration of consumer concerns at all levels of government.

It is clear that the greatest fairness for consumers can be achieved through the active cooperation of business, government, and consumers themselves working to insure equity, increased competition, and safety in our free market economy.

Because an effective and efficient system of commerce depends on an informed and educated public, I urge schools, public and private agencies, and all appropriate public-spirited groups to advance consumer competence by helping provide the necessary consumer and economic information for all our citizens to make well thought-out choices in the marketplace. While the responsibility for consumer education rests primarily with the individual, the communications media and other interested organizations and institutions play an instrumental part in furthering the understanding of American consumers. I urge consumers to avail themselves of this valuable information and to wisely select the goods and services they seek.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate the week beginning April 24, 1983 as National Consumers' Week.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 20th. day of Jan., in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5017 of January 27, 1983

National Day of Prayer, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Prayer is the mainspring of the American spirit, a fundamental tenet of our people since before the Republic was founded. A year before the Declaration of Independence, in 1775, the Continental Congress proclaimed the first National Day of Prayer as the initial positive action they asked of every colonist.

Two hundred years ago in 1783, the Treaty of Paris officially ended the long, weary Revolutionary War during which a National Day of Prayer had been proclaimed every spring for eight years. When peace came the National Day of Prayer was forgotten. For almost half a century, as the Nation grew in power and wealth, we put aside this deepest expression of American belief—our national dependence on the Providence of God.

It took the tragedy of the Civil War to restore a National Day of Prayer. As Abraham Lincoln said, "Intoxicated with unbroken success, we have become too self-sufficient to feel the necessity of redeeming and preserving grace, too proud to pray to the God that made us."

Revived as an annual observance by Congress in 1952, the National Day of Prayer has become a great unifying force for our citizens who come from all the great religions of the world. Prayer unites people. This common expression of reverence heals and brings us together as a Nation and we pray it may one day bring renewed respect for God to all the peoples of the world. From General Washington's struggle at Valley Forge to the present, this Nation has fervently sought and received divine guidance as it pursued the course of history. This occasion provides our Nation with an opportunity to further recognize the source of our blessings, and to seek His help for the challenges we face today and in the future.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim Thursday, May 5, 1983, National Day of Prayer. I call upon every citizen of this great Nation to gather together on that day in homes and places of worship to pray, each after his or her own manner, for unity of the hearts of all mankind.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 27th day of Jan., in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5018 of February 3, 1983

Year of the Bible, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Of the many influences that have shaped the United States of America into a distinctive Nation and people, none may be said to be more fundamental and enduring than the Bible.

Deep religious beliefs stemming from the Old and New Testaments of the Bible inspired many of the early settlers of our country, providing them with the strength, character, convictions, and faith necessary to withstand great hardship and danger in this new and rugged land. These shared beliefs helped forge a sense of common purpose among the widely dispersed colonies—a sense of community which laid the foundation for the spirit of nationhood that was to develop in later decades.

The Bible and its teachings helped form the basis for the Founding Fathers' abiding belief in the inalienable rights of the individual, rights which they found implicit in the Bible's teachings of the inherent worth and dignity of each individual. This same sense of man patterned the convictions of those who framed the English system of law inherited by our own Nation, as well as the ideals set forth in the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution.

For centuries the Bible's emphasis on compassion and love for our neighbor has inspired institutional and governmental expressions of benevolent outreach such as private charity, the establishment of schools and hospitals, and the abolition of slavery.

Many of our greatest national leaders—among them Presidents Washington, Jackson, Lincoln, and Wilson—have recognized the influence of the Bible on our country's development. The plainspoken Andrew Jackson referred to the Bible as no less than "the rock on which our Republic rests." Today our beloved America and, indeed, the world, is facing a decade of enormous challenge. As a people we may well be tested as we have seldom, if ever, been tested before. We will need resources of spirit even more than resources of technology, education, and armaments. There could be no more fitting moment than now to reflect with gratitude, humility, and urgency upon the wisdom revealed to us in the writing that Abraham Lincoln called "the best gift God has ever given to man . . . But for it we could not know right from wrong."

The Congress of the United States, in recognition of the unique contribution of the Bible in shaping the history and character of this Nation, and so many of its citizens, has by Senate Joint Resolution 165 authorized and requested the President to designate the year 1983 as the "Year of the Bible." 96 Stat. 1211.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, in recognition of the contributions and influence of the Bible on our Republic and our people, do hereby proclaim 1983 the Year of the Bible in the United States. I encourage all citizens, each in his or her own way, to reexamine and rediscover its priceless and timeless message.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this third day of February, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of

the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5019 of February 3, 1983

American Heart Month, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Diseases of the heart and blood vessels are our Nation's most pressing health problem. Over sixty million Americans are afflicted by one or another of this family of diseases, which cause nearly a million deaths annually, disable many millions of others, and cost the Nation more than $60 billion each year. The leading killers among the cardiovascular diseases are coronary heart disease and stroke.

In 1948 a newly created Federal agency—now the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute—and a private health organization, the American Heart Association, joined hands to combat the cardiovascular diseases. Their combined efforts were directed toward the conquest of these diseases through prevention, diagnosis, and treatment; through the training of new research workers and clinicians in the cardiovascular field; and through support for community service programs.

Until the mid-1960s, mortality from coronary heart disease had continued to increase despite our best efforts; however, in 1965 mortality from heart disease began a steady decline that continues to the present. From 1972 to 1980, mortality rates from coronary heart disease declined by 22.5 percent, and mortality rates from stroke declined by 36.5 percent.

Advances in diagnosis and treatment have been major factors in these reductions. But perhaps equally important, large numbers of Americans have voluntarily modified their habits and lifestyles: many have quit or cut down on cigarette smoking, are watching their weight and blood cholesterol levels, exercising more, and seeking the help of a physician in the control of treatable conditions which increase the risk of premature arteriosclerosis and its consequences.

Though we have made considerable progress in reducing the toll in illness, disability, and death caused by cardiovascular diseases, these diseases continue to be a serious threat to the health and well-being of our citizens. To encourage continued application of what is known about the prevention and relief of cardiovascular diseases and to stimulate the development of new knowledge and techniques that may bring about their ultimate conquest, the Congress has requested that the President annually proclaim February as American Heart Month.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the month of February 1983 as American Heart Month. I invite the Governors of the States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the officials of other areas subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, and the American people, to join me in reaffirming our commitment to the resolution of the nationwide problem of cardiovascular disease.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 3rd day of Feb., in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5020 of February 10, 1983

Save Your Vision Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Good vision is a priceless gift. Yet each year many Americans needlessly lose vision as a result of diseases and accidents whose sight-destroying effects could have been prevented.

Regular eye examinations by an eyecare professional can often avert the tragedy of visual loss. While a checkup will usually show that our eyes are healthy, we may also receive early warning of a serious eye disease requiring treatment. Diabetic eye disease, for example, is a leading cause of visual impairment. Through examination it can be detected and treated. If all diabetics were aware of the need for routine eye checkups, many more cases of blindness could be avoided.

The elderly and the young have a special need for periodic eye examinations. A number of blinding diseases strike more often in later years. With early warning of eye disease and proper treatment, older people could be spared visual handicaps which threaten their independence and limit their enjoyment of life. For children, a routine checkup may reveal an eye problem that can hamper the child in school or at play. Some disorders must be treated during childhood or permanent visual loss will result.

Accidents are a common cause of vision loss or impairment. Tragically, many accidents could have been avoided by the use of such simple precautions as wearing safety glasses, goggles, or face shields while involved in hazardous work or sporting activities.

We can help others in our community to prevent or overcome visual impairment by supporting organizations committed to sight conservation. These organizations campaign for eye safety and the use of protective eye wear in sports and on the job. They provide aids and professional low vision services to improve the quality of life for those who are vision impaired, and they encourage us to donate our eyes after death for biomedical research and for sight-restoring corneal transplant surgery.

To encourage Americans to safeguard their eyesight and reduce the national toll of visual disability, the Congress, by joint resolution approved December 30, 1963 (77 Stat. 629, 36 U.S.C. 169a), has requested the President to proclaim the first week in March of each year as Save Your Vision Week.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate the week beginning March 6, 1983, as Save Your Vision Week. I urge all citizens to join in this observance by taking steps to preserve vision and prevent eye injury at home, at work, and at play. I call upon eyecare professionals, the media, educators, and all individuals and public and private organizations concerned with sight conser-

vation to unite in activities that will foster concern for eye care and eye safety among Americans of all ages. I also urge their support of programs to improve and protect the vision of all Americans.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 10th day of Feb., in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5021 of February 14, 1983

Temporary Duty Reductions on Certain Articles Pursuant to Legislation Implementing the Nairobi Protocol to the Florence Agreement on the Importation of Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Materials

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

1. On March 1, 1977, the Nairobi Protocol (the Protocol) (97th Congress, 1st session, Senate Treaty Document 97–2, p. 9) to the Florence Agreement on the Importation of Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Materials of November 22, 1950 (the Florence Agreement) (17 U.S.T. 1837) was opened for signature. The Protocol supplements and expands upon the Florence Agreement, which provided for duty-free entry under specified conditions of various educational, scientific, and cultural materials and which entered into force with respect to the United States on November 2, 1966. On January 16, 1981, the President submitted the Protocol to the Senate for advice and consent to its ratification, together with an explanatory letter from the Secretary of State containing a statement that the Administration did not intend to adhere to the optional Annexes F, G, and H of the Protocol.

2. On January 12, 1983, the Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Materials Importation Act of 1982 (the Act) (Pub. L. 97–446; 96 Stat. 2346) was enacted. Section 167(b)(1) of the Act directs the President to proclaim temporary duty-free treatment for certain imported articles for the blind or for other handicapped persons.

96 Stat. 2349.

3. Section 167(b)(2) of the Act also authorizes the President to proclaim temporary duty-free treatment for imports of specified printed, visual, and auditory material and certain tools for scientific apparatus, if he determines such action is in the interest of the United States. I have determined that it is in the interest of the United States to implement, on a temporary basis, duty-free treatment for such articles as provided in section 167(b)(2) of the Act.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, acting under the authority vested in me by the Constitution and the statutes of the United States, including, but not limited to, section 167(b) of the Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Materials Importation Act of 1982 (96 Stat. 2349) and section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2483), do proclaim that—

(1) The Appendix to the Tariff Schedules of the United States (TSUS) (19 U.S.C. 1202) is modified as set forth in the Annex to this proclamation.

(2) The modifications of the Appendix to the TSUS made by the Annex hereto shall be effective as to articles entered, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on and after February 11, 1983, and before the close of August 11, 1985, unless the period of their effectiveness is earlier expressly suspended, terminated, or modified.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 14th day of February, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

ANNEX

The Appendix to the Tariff Schedules of the United States is modified by inserting the following new part, including its headnotes and items with accompany rates of duty:

"PART 4. – TEMPORARY DUTY REDUCTIONS, PURSUANT TO THE EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC, AND CULTURAL MATERIALS IMPORTATION ACT OF 1982

Part 4 headnotes:

1. An article described in any of the provisions of this part, if entered during the period specified in the last column, is classifiable in said provision, if the conditions and requirements thereof and of any applicable regulations are met. The provisions of this part shall prevail over any provision describing such article in schedules 1 to 8, inclusive.
2. For the purposes of items 960.10, 960.12, and 960.15—
   (a) The term *"physically or mentally handicapped persons"* includes any person suffering from a permanent or chronic physical or mental impairment which substantially limits one or more major life activities, such as caring for one's self, performing manual tasks, walking, seeing, hearing, speaking, breathing, learning, and working.
   (b) These items do not cover—
      (i) articles for acute or transient disability;
      (ii) spectacles, dentures, and cosmetic articles for individuals not substantially disabled;
      (iii) therapeutic and diagnostic articles; and
      (iv) medicines or drugs.

Item	Articles	Rates of Duty		Effective Period
		1	2	
	Articles specially designed or adapted for the use or benefit of the blind or other physically or mentally handicapped persons (however provided for in schedules 1 to 7):			
	Articles for the blind:			
960.10	Books, music, and pamphlets, in raised print, used exclusively by or for them ...	Free	Free	On or before 8/11/85
960.12	Braille tablets, cubarithms, and special apparatus, machines, presses, and types for their use or benefit exclusively ...	Free	Free	On or before 8/11/85
960.15	Other ...	Free	Free	On or before 8/11/85
960.20	Catalogs of films, recording or other visual and auditory material of an educational, scientific or cultural character (provided for in items 270.25, 270.45, 270.50, and 270.85, part 5, schedule 2) ...	Free	Free	On or before 8/11/85

Item	Articles	Rates of Duty		Effective Period
		1	2	
960.30	Architectural, engineering, industrial, or commercial drawings and plans, whether originals or reproductions (provided for in items 273.45, 273.50, and 273.55, part 5, schedule 2)	Free	Free	On or before 8/11/85
960.40	Loose illustrations, reproduction proofs or reproduction films used for the production of books (provided for in items 274.50, 274.60, 274.65, 274.70, and 274.73, part 5, schedule 2)	Free	Free	On or before 8/11/85
960.50	Developed photographic film; photographic slides; transparencies; holograms for laser projection; and microfilm, microfiche, and similar articles (provided for in items 274.50 through 274.70, inclusive, part 5, schedule 2)	Free	Free	On or before 8/11/85
960.55	Motion picture films in any form on which pictures, or sound and pictures, have been recorded, whether or not developed (provided for in items 724.05 and 724.10, part 2G, schedule 7)	Free	Free	On or before 8/11/85
960.60	Magnetic video tape on which pictures or pictures and sound have been recorded (provided for in item 724.12, part 2G, schedule 7)	Free	Free	On or before 8/11/85
960.65	Sound recordings, combination sound and visual recordings, and magnetic recordings (however provided for in schedules 1 to 7)	Free	Free	On or before 8/11/85
960.70	Patterns, models (except toy models) and wall charts of an educational, scientific or cultural character; mock-ups or visualizations of abstract concepts such as molecular structures or mathematical formulae; materials for programmed instruction; and kits containing printed materials and audio materials and visual materials or any combination of two or more of the foregoing (however provided for in schedules 1 to 7)	Free	Free	On or before 8/11/85
960.80	Tools specially designed to be used for the maintenance, checking, gauging, or repair of instruments or apparatus admitted under item 851.60, part 4 of schedule 8; all of the foregoing entered for the use of any nonprofit institution, whether public or private, established for educational or scientific purposes (however provided for in schedules 1 to 7)	Free	Free	On or before 8/11/85"

Proclamation 5022 of February 14, 1983

Zoo and Aquarium Month, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

As the living classroom for some 20 million school children each year, zoos and aquariums have an important role in the American educational process. They also provide stimulating recreational experiences for more than 125 million people who visit them annually.

The United States has some of the finest zoo and aquarium facilities in the world. Many are foremost in the effort to conserve the species they house. American zoos and aquariums cooperate with institutions around the globe to preserve wildlife and to create more sophisticated techniques for exhibiting animals in natural settings.

To both children and adults, animals represent a special sense of curiosity, feeling, and caring. By enabling us to observe animals firsthand and to learn about their habitats, zoos and aquariums have become a valuable and unique asset.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate the month of June 1983 as Zoo and Aquarium Month.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 14th day of Feb., in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5023 of February 16, 1983

Lithuanian Independence Day, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Sixty-five years ago a small nation achieved freedom in the aftermath of World War I. Proclaiming the Lithuanian Republic, its founders stepped forward on February 16, 1918, to assert their country's independence and commitment to a government based on justice, democracy, and the rights of the individual.

Twenty-two years later Soviet tyranny imposed itself on Lithuania and denied the Lithuanian people their just right of national self-determination.

In the intervening years, the United States has refused to recognize the forcible incorporation of Lithuania into the Soviet Union.

An enduring belief in freedom for all people unites Americans everywhere. But we must be vigilant in the protection of our common ideal, for as long as freedom is denied others, it is not secure here.

We mark this anniversary of Lithuanian independence with a renewed hope that the blessings of liberty will be restored to Lithuania.

Ante, p. 5.

The Congress of the United States, by House Joint Resolution 60, has authorized and requested the President to proclaim February 16, 1983, as Lithuanian Independence Day.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim February 16, 1983, as Lithuanian Independence Day.

I invite the people of the United States to observe this day with appropriate ceremonies and deeds and to reaffirm their dedication to the ideals which unite us and inspire others.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 16th day of February, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5024 of March 7, 1983

National Children and Television Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Television has the power to shape thoughts, stir emotions, and inspire actions. It teaches, it sells, it entertains, it informs, and it has the capacity to influence powerfully the lives and values of our children. They learn much from television about the world, our society, and their place in it.

Television can communicate values that are consistent with our heritage and traditions and can portray those actions and attitudes that make for better citizens. It also can depict themes that are destructive of these values. Recognizing that children are at a formative and vulnerable stage in their lives, many individuals and groups have a great interest in television programming. These concerned citizens are working to improve the quality of television programs viewed by their families.

96 Stat. 2293.

By Senate Joint Resolution 264 (P.L. 97–443), the Congress has designated the week of March 13, 1983, through March 19, 1983, as "National Children and Television Week" and has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation in observance of that week.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week of March 13, 1983, through March 19, 1983, as "National Children and Television Week." I commend all those persons concerned about the quality of children's television programming, and I call upon all government agencies and the people of the United States

to observe the week with appropriate activities supporting television programs which are attentive to the needs and interests of children.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 7th day of March, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5025 of March 7, 1983

National Poison Prevention Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

The annual observance of National Poison Prevention Week affords communities across America a special opportunity to increase citizen awareness of the dangers of accidental poisoning.

In recent years the number of poisonings among children has fallen dramatically, due in large measure to the introduction of child-protective packaging. At the community level, poison centers are an essential resource in reducing the incidence of serious injury resulting from accidental ingestions. By providing timely diagnostic and treatment information to medical practitioners and first aid instruction to anxious parents, poison centers have successfully worked to save lives.

While poison centers have proved invaluable, they often provide "after-the-fact" treatment. This year, National Poison Prevention Week will underscore the equally important role poison centers can play in preventing child poisonings "before the fact."

Working together as sponsors of National Poison Prevention Week are national medical, pharmacy, nursing, dental, and hospital associations; health and safety groups; organizations representing manufacturers, packagers, and distributors of consumer products, including medicines; the media; and government agencies. Most of these groups have State and local chapters and affiliates that, along with community organizations, are the backbone of what has become a successful nationwide poison prevention program.

To aid in encouraging the American people to learn of the dangers of accidental poisoning and to take appropriate preventive measures, the Congress, by a joint resolution approved September 26, 1961 (75 Stat. 681), requested the President to issue annually a proclamation designating the third week in March as National Poison Prevention Week. 36 USC 165.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week beginning March 20, 1983, as National Poison Prevention Week.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 7th day of March, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5026 of March 7, 1983

National Agriculture Day, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

The history of American agriculture is an inspiring story of progress and sacrifice, high technology and individual effort, and frustration and success. It reflects the growth of our country from an untamed wilderness to the highly productive nation and world leader it is today.

Despite flood, frost, heat, hail, drought, and disease, Americans enjoy an abundance of diverse and high quality products. Our 2.4 million farms are the foundation for a trillion-dollar agricultural industry which employs 19 million farm people and which is the primary source of food and fiber for a third of a billion of the world's population. Each American farm worker produces enough food and fiber to support nearly 80 people—a production achievement unmatched anywhere in the world and unparalleled in history.

The courage, tenacity, and know-how of the American farmer make it possible for our citizens to spend a smaller share of their income on food than do people living in any other country.

To honor those who sustain our agricultural prowess and to achieve a greater understanding of each American's dependence upon a reliable food and fiber supply, the Congress of the United States, by Senate Joint Resolution 235, has authorized and requested the President to proclaim March 21, 1983, as "National Agriculture Day."

96 Stat. 1467.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim March 21, 1983, as "National Agriculture Day" and call upon the people of the United States to observe this day with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 7th day of March, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5027 of March 7, 1983

National Coin Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Since the beginning of history, coins have played an important role in the story of civilization. They reflect the economic development of their country of origin, as well as the scientific advancement and artistic values of the people who produce and use them. Today, millions of Americans collect coins for both pleasure and profit.

To help foster the public's interest in coin collecting, the United States Mint annually offers proof sets of the current year's coinage. In 1982, the United States Mint struck a commemorative silver half-dollar marking the 250th

anniversary of the birth of George Washington. In 1983–1984, the first commemorative Olympic coinage ever issued by our country will be introduced in gold and silver.

Recognizing that coin collecting has educational and cultural value, promotes greater understanding of our history and heritage, and is enjoyed by millions of Americans, the Congress, pursuant to House Joint Resolution 516 (Public Law 97–239), has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation designating the week beginning April 17, 1983, as "National Coin Week." 96 Stat. 271.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week beginning April 17, 1983, as "National Coin Week" and call upon the people of the United States to observe this week with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 7th day of March, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5028 of March 7, 1983

Small Business Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Our Founding Fathers envisioned a nation whose strength and vitality would emerge from the ingenuity of its people and their commitment to individual liberty. They understood that a nation's prosperity is dependent on the freedom of its citizens to pursue their hopes, dreams, and creative ambitions. American entrepreneurs and small business owners enthusiastically embraced the challenges of freedom and through the miracle of the marketplace set in motion the forces of economic growth that made our Nation uniquely productive. This pattern of economic development has inspired people throughout the world to look to America for a better life.

The Nation grew as our free enterprise system became the mainspring of American progress by encouraging entrepreneurs to compete in meeting the demand for new products and methods of production. Competition enabled us to develop our human resources more effectively and enrich our society. With each new discovery, our perception of what could be achieved expanded.

Today small business plays an even more vital role in our national life and is responsible for the creation of well over half of the new jobs in our economy. Small business is also in the forefront of utilizing technological advances.

America's entrepreneurs and small business owners are among the most dynamic and innovative leaders of the business community. Their willingness to confront uncertainty with creativity and determination to succeed helps our Nation meet the challenges we face today. This spirit of accomplishment inspires Americans to look toward tomorrow with confidence and anticipation to the new opportunities open to future generations. By

taking steps to encourage the formation and success of small businesses, America can help ensure its economic standing in the world.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week beginning May 8, 1983, as Small Business Week. I call upon every American to join me in this tribute.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 7th day of March, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5029 of March 8, 1983

Women's History Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Before the signing of the Declaration of Independence, Abigail Adams, wife of one President and mother of another, wrote a prophetic letter to a delegate to the Continental Congress in Philadelphia. Its recipient was her husband, whom she admonished: ". . . in the new code of laws which I suppose it will be necessary for you to make I desire you would remember the ladies, and be more generous and favourable to them than your ancestors . . . if particular care and attention is not paid to the ladies we are determined to foment a rebellion . . ."

However, until well into the second century after that letter was written, barriers existed for women in educational, business and professional opportunities as well as in the law.

Today, American women of every ethnic origin, creed, and race play a vital role in our cultural, military, economic, social and political life. A woman serves as a Supreme Court Justice; there are women serving as university presidents, members of Congress, doctors, lawyers, astronauts, coal miners, corporate executives, members of the President's Cabinet, ranking military officers and leaders in civil rights, the diplomatic corps, cultural endeavors, private sector initiatives, truck drivers, and, very importantly, mothers and homemakers who continually strengthen the foundation of our country's greatness, the family.

During the past two hundred years, women have fought for the causes of abolition, health reform, elimination of child labor, temperance, voting rights, and improvement of industrial labor conditions. Their energy, persistence, and dedication to these causes have enlightened our Nation as to the needs of our society and frequently quickened our country's effort to effect positive change.

This memorable role of women in our Nation's history has been recorded in the written word and has been told as well in music, on canvas, in stone, and through poetry, novels, and the dance. In recognizing the outstanding achievements of America's women, we pay homage to an essential part of our Nation's heritage.

Ante, p. 6.

By Senate Joint Resolution 37, the Congress of the United States has authorized and requested the President to proclaim the week which includes March 8, 1983, as "Women's History Week."

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week beginning March 6, 1983, as "Women's History Week." Recognizing that the many contributions of American women have at times been overlooked in the annals of American history, I encourage all citizens to observe this important week by participating in appropriate ceremonies and activities planned by individuals, governmental agencies, and private institutions and associations throughout the country.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 8th day of March, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5030 of March 10, 1983

Exclusive Economic Zone of the United States of America

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

WHEREAS the Government of the United States of America desires to facilitate the wise development and use of the oceans consistent with international law;

WHEREAS international law recognizes that, in a zone beyond its territory and adjacent to its territorial sea, known as the Exclusive Economic Zone, a coastal State may assert certain sovereign rights over natural resources and related jurisdiction; and

WHEREAS the establishment of an Exclusive Economic Zone by the United States will advance the development of ocean resources and promote the protection of the marine environment, while not affecting other lawful uses of the zone, including the freedoms of navigation and overflight, by other States;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, by the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and laws of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the sovereign rights and jurisdiction of the United States of America and confirm also the rights and freedoms of all States within an Exclusive Economic Zone, as described herein.

The Exclusive Economic Zone of the United States is a zone contiguous to the territorial sea, including zones contiguous to the territorial sea of the United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (to the extent consistent with the Covenant and the United Nations Trusteeship Agreement), and United States overseas territories and possessions. The Exclusive Economic Zone extends to a distance 200 nautical miles from the baseline from which the breadth of the territorial sea is measured. In cases where the maritime boundary with a neighboring State remains to be determined, the boundary of the Exclusive Economic Zone shall be determined by the United States and other State concerned in accordance with equitable principles.

Within the Exclusive Economic Zone, the United States has, to the extent permitted by international law, (a) sovereign rights for the purpose of exploring, exploiting, conserving and managing natural resources, both living

and non-living, of the seabed and subsoil and the superjacent waters and with regard to other activities for the economic exploitation and exploration of the zone, such as the production of energy from the water, currents and winds; and (b) jurisdiction with regard to the establishment and use of artificial islands, and installations and structures having economic purposes, and the protection and preservation of the marine environment.

This Proclamation does not change existing United States policies concerning the continental shelf, marine mammals and fisheries, including highly migratory species of tuna which are not subject to United States jurisdiction and require international agreements for effective management.

The United States will exercise these sovereign rights and jurisdiction in accordance with the rules of international law.

Without prejudice to the sovereign rights and jurisdiction of the United States, the Exclusive Economic Zone remains an area beyond the territory and territorial sea of the United States in which all States enjoy the high seas freedoms of navigation, overflight, the laying of submarine cables and pipelines, and other internationally lawful uses of the sea.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this tenth day of March, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Editorial Note: For the President's statement of Mar. 10, 1983, on the establishment of the zone, see the *Weekly Compilation of Presidential Documents* (vol. 19, p. 383).

Proclamation 5031 of March 14, 1983

National P.O.W.–M.I.A. Recognition Day, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Since the earliest days of our Nation, America's men and women have answered the call to duty. In each of our country's conflicts, our prisoners of war have endured extreme hardships and have been required to make great sacrifices. But even when facing the most extreme adversity, they have proudly defended American ideals. Their burden has been magnified when they were subject to mistreatment, torture, or death in violation of fundamental moral standards and international codes of conduct.

Our country is also acutely aware of the deep suffering experienced by the families of our servicemen held captive or missing in action. These families have faced a haunting uncertainty and awesome silence that tear at their hearts and earns the deep esteem of their countrymen.

American P.O.W.'s and M.I.A.'s are heroes who have gone beyond courage and beyond duty to an honored place in the souls of their fellow Americans. They symbolize the kind of singular sacrifice and devotion that has repeatedly proven instrumental in shaping our Nation's destiny. This country will never forget nor fail to honor those who have so courageously garnered our highest regard.

By Joint Resolution, the Congress has designated April 9, 1983, as National P.O.W.–M.I.A. Recognition Day. On this day, I firmly believe that we should recognize the special debt all Americans owe to our fellow citizens who gave up their freedom in the service of our country and to the families who have undergone a great travail.

We shall continue to remember our missing servicemen. Our Nation must never forget them. Resolution of their fate is, and will remain, a matter of the highest national priority. On April 9, 1983, a P.O.W.–M.I.A. Flag will fly over the White House, the Departments of State and Defense, and the Veterans Administration as a symbol of our unswerving commitment to resolving the fate of all servicemen still missing.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate Saturday, April 9, 1983, as National P.O.W.–M.I.A. Recognition Day, a day dedicated to all former American prisoners of war, to those still missing, and to their families. I call on all Americans to join in honoring those who have been held captive in war and their loved ones.

I call upon State and local officials and private organizations to observe this day with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 14th day of March, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5032 of March 15, 1983

Loyalty Day, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

It was once written that America is great because it is good, and if America ever ceases to be good, America will cease to be great. So long as Americans remain faithful—in deeds as well as thought—to the ideals embodied in our Constitution and furthered in our free institutions, our Nation's greatness will flourish.

Americans have fought, and many have died, to preserve the blessings of liberty in this fair land. Each of us has the opportunity to honor these sacrifices and to renew our commitment to American ideals as we go about our daily lives. When we participate in a free election, extend a helping hand to a neighbor, live responsible and productive lives, or teach a child through our own actions that all people are equal under the law, we manifest our allegiance to this great country.

We must never take our precious freedoms for granted. Rather, from time to time we must rededicate ourselves to the magnificent ideals of our great democracy—liberty, justice, and dignity for all mankind.

For this purpose, the Congress, by joint resolution approved July 18, 1958 (72 Stat. 369; 36 U.S.C. 162), has designated May 1 of each year as Loyalty Day, a day for reflection upon our national institutions, our heritage of freedom, and what it means to be an American.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim Sunday, May 1, 1983, as Loyalty Day and call upon all Americans and patriotic, civic, and educational organizations to observe that day with appropriate ceremonies.

I call upon all government officials to display the flag of the United States on all Government buildings and grounds on that day.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 15th day of March, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5033 of March 21, 1983

National Eye Donor Month, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

One of the most magnificent presents that one human being can bestow upon another is the gift of sight. Incredible as it may seem, it is within the power of each of us to give this precious gift simply by making arrangements to donate our eyes after death.

Thanks to advances in eye research, donor eyes can be stored and the preserved corneal tissues transplanted into the eyes of people who would otherwise be unable to see the beautiful and exciting world in which we live.

Each year some 30,000 people lose vision because their corneas have been damaged by injury, disease, or an inherited condition. Where the cornea has become so clouded that vision is lost, sight usually can be restored through a replacement cornea provided by a cornea donor.

Tragically, some visually impaired people who could benefit from this operation cannot be helped because suitable corneal tissue is not always available when needed. Donor eyes are also needed for vision research so that we may learn more about how this organ functions and develop ways to prevent and treat the many disorders which threaten sight.

It is appropriate that we as a Nation encourage eye donations and increase public awareness of the need for such donations. By filling out a uniform donor card and carrying it, we may give the gift of sight to people who now suffer from corneal blindness and benefit others from eye research.

Ante, p. 10.

The Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 15, has designated March 1983 as "National Eye Donor Month" and has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation in observance of that month.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the month of March 1983 as "National Eye Donor Month." I urge all citizens, health care professionals, educators, the media, and public and private organizations concerned with vision and vision research to join me in supporting this humanitarian action.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this twenty-first day of March, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of

the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5034 of March 21, 1983

Afghanistan Day, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

The tragedy of Afghanistan continues as the valiant and courageous Afghan freedom fighters persevere in standing up against the brutal power of the Soviet invasion and occupation. The Afghan people are struggling to reclaim their freedom, which was taken from them when the Soviet Union invaded Afghanistan in December of 1979.

In this three-year period the Soviet Union has been unable to subjugate Afghanistan. The Soviet forces are pitted against an extraordinary people who, in their determination to preserve the character of their ancient land, have organized an effective and still spreading country-wide resistance. The resistance of the Afghan freedom fighters is an example to all the world of the invincibility of the ideals we in this country hold most dear, the ideals of freedom and independence.

We must also recognize that the sacrifices required to maintain this resistance are very high. Millions have gone into exile as refugees. We will probably never know the numbers of people killed and maimed, poisoned and gassed, of the homes that have been destroyed, and of the lives that have been shattered and stricken with grief.

It is, therefore, incumbent upon us as Americans to reflect on the events in Afghanistan, to think about the agony which these brave people bear, and to maintain our condemnation of the continuing Soviet occupation. Our observance again this year of Afghanistan Day on March 21, the Afghan New Year, will recall for all the world America's unflagging sympathy for a determined people, its support for their refugees and commitment to achieving a political settlement for Afghanistan which will free that country from tyranny's yoke.

The Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 65, has designated March 21, 1983 as "Afghanistan Day" and has requested the President to issue a proclamation in observance of that day. *Ante,* p. 41.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate March 21, 1983 as Afghanistan Day.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this twenty-first day of March, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Editorial Note: For the President's message of Mar. 21, 1983, on Afghanistan Day, see the *Weekly Compilation of Presidential Documents* (vol. 19, p. 436).

Proclamation 5035 of March 24, 1983

National Maritime Day, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

The restructuring of longstanding Federal maritime policies constitutes a high priority of my Administration.

Considerable progress has been made in removing unnecessary regulatory contraints which contribute to inefficiency and increased costs of our shipping and shipbuilding. These efforts will continue and will greatly enhance our maritime posture. Over the next few years, new generations of efficient and productive merchant ships will improve the competitiveness of our fleet.

These and other announced policy initiatives are part of my firm commitment to provide the foundation upon which to build and maintain the strong merchant marine needed to serve the Nation's waterborne commerce and national defense requirements.

36 USC 145.

In recognition of the importance of the American merchant marine, the Congress, by joint resolution of May 20, 1933, designated May 22 as National Maritime Day and requested the President to issue annually a proclamation calling for its appropriate observance. This date was chosen to commemorate the day in 1819 when the SS SAVANNAH departed Savannah, Georgia, on the first transatlantic steamship voyage.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate May 22, 1983, as the fifty-first observance of National Maritime Day. I urge the people of the United States to honor our American merchant marine on that day by displaying the flag of the United States at their homes and other suitable places, and I request that all ships sailing under the American flag dress ship on that day.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 24th day of March, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5036 of March 25, 1983

Asian/Pacific American Heritage Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

The strength of America lies in our free enterprise system, and the spirit of our great Nation grows out of the richness of our diverse cultural heritage and the hard work and convictions of our citizens.

Americans who have come to this land from Asian and Pacific countries have overcome great adversity and supreme challenges to make outstanding contributions to our Nation's progress in a wide range of fields—science, the arts, medicine, law, literature, agriculture, industry, commerce, and government.

As we celebrate the accomplishments of Asian and Pacific Americans, we are grateful to them for bringing to our shores the strong and varied traditions of their homelands and for greatly enriching our culture and our institutions. We appreciate and value their presence and treasure their enduring commitment to the unalienable right to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby declare the week beginning May 7, 1983 as Asian/Pacific American Heritage Week and call upon the American people to observe this week with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 25th day of March, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5037 of March 25, 1983

National Mental Health Counselors Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America

A Proclamation

Mental health counselors provide 50 percent of the mental health services delivered in this country. They work with adults and children whose self-doubts or distorted perceptions of the world interfere with their capacities to fulfill their obligations or to enjoy the pleasures that life can offer. They work with the chronically mentally ill, the depressed, the suicidal, the anxious, the phobic, the juvenile delinquent, the abused, and the deprived.

Through utilization of individual and group counseling techniques, mental health counselors help individuals to develop self-understanding, make life decisions, and adjust to the everyday demands of a complex world.

Mental health counselors apply skills gained through years of education and training in a multitude of settings—hospitals, community agencies, clinics, and in the private practice sector. They play an important role in our Nation's health care system.

In recognition of their service in behalf of others to save lives and reduce suffering, the Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 35, has designated the week beginning March 20, 1983, as National Mental Health Counselors Week, and has requested the President to issue a proclamation in observance of that week.

Ante, p. 39.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week beginning March 20, 1983, as National Mental Health Counselors Week. I call upon health care professionals, educators, the media, individuals, and public and private organizations concerned with mental health to join me in observing this week.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this twenty-fifth day of March, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5038 of April 4, 1983

Swedish-American Friendship Day, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

On April 3, 1783, Ambassador Extraordinary Gustav Philip Creutz, representing the King of Sweden, and Benjamin Franklin, Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States of America, signed a Treaty of Amity and Commerce in Paris, France. In the Treaty, they pledged, "firm, inviolable and universal peace and a true and sincere friendship between the King, his heirs and successors, and the United States of America."

They could not then know how dramatically that friendship would flourish, and how closely mingled the fates and fortunes of the two lands would become. During the nineteenth century, thousands of Swedes joined the great current of Scandinavian migration to the United States. Once there, they helped push the frontier westward, achieving great successes in agriculture and industry. Their achievements constitute proud monuments to the Swedish-American heritage and to the development of our country.

Democratic ideals, a belief in ingenuity and hard work, concern for the individual, and free trade are among the many values and principles both countries share. Because of the extensive commerce and interchange of persons and ideas between Sweden and the United States, we have long enjoyed a deep understanding of each other.

Ante, p. 56.

For these reasons, the Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 64, has authorized and requested the President to proclaim April 4, 1983, as Swedish-American Friendship Day.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate April 4, 1983, as Swedish-American Friendship Day. I invite the people of the United States to honor the Bicentennial of the Treaty of Amity and Commerce that day by holding appropriate ceremonies and activities in suitable places throughout the land.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this fourth day of April, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5039 of April 4, 1983

National Child Abuse Prevention Month, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Child abuse and child neglect continue to threaten the lives and health of over a million of our Nation's children. Their physical suffering and emotional anguish challenge us, as parents, neighbors, and citizens, to increase our attention to their protection and intensify our efforts to prevent their maltreatment.

Children may be endangered by physical battering, denial of the basic necessities for life and health, sexual abuse and exploitation, or emotional cruelty. Public concern can help prevent maltreatment and help protect children. Action taken after cruelty has occurred is often too late. Prevention of abuse requires that neighborhoods and communities be attentive to the problems of families in their midst and be willing to help when help is needed. It requires the active concern of educational, medical, mental health, law enforcement, and social service professionals, and the efforts of volunteers and private citizens.

The health and well-being of our children underlie the future of our Nation. The Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 21, has recognized the need for public attention to prevention of child abuse and has requested me to proclaim April 1983 as National Child Abuse Prevention Month.

Ante, p. 12.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the month of April 1983 as "National Child Abuse Prevention Month." I urge all citizens to renew our Nation's commitment to meet the serious challenge that child abuse and child neglect pose to the welfare of our children and families.

I invite the Governors of the States; the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and the Territories; the Mayor of the District of Columbia; the heads of voluntary and private groups; and the offices of local, State and Federal government to join in this observance. I also urge them to encourage activities whose purpose is to prevent and treat child abuse and child neglect.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 4th day of April, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5040 of April 4, 1983

Pan American Day and Pan American Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

For the last fifty-two years, the proclamation of an annual Pan American Day has brought to the attention of the world the unique harmony of ideals inspiring the nations of the western hemisphere. These common goals of peace, prosperity, and freedom serve as the foundation for the Organization of American States, which is charged with upholding and defending these principles.

The OAS has succeeded admirably in maintaining and strengthening the traditional bonds of friendship among the peoples of the Americas. At the same time, the peacekeeping mechanisms forged by the OAS member nations have proved effective in preventing the level of conflict that has afflicted other areas of the globe.

The commitment of the Pan American nations to work together to solve their problems has prompted the creation of several specialized inter-American agencies. These agencies, along with the major councils of the OAS, have been instrumental in promoting the economic, social, scientific,

educational, and cultural development of the Pan American nations. The Inter-American Human Rights Commission also has made a significant contribution to strengthening respect for basic liberties throughout the hemisphere.

Cooperation among Pan American nations is predicated on mutual respect for the individual character and culture of each people. Pan American Day commemorates this high mutual regard and salutes the great progress that has been made within the OAS framework.

On this Pan American Day of 1983, the people of the United States extend warm greetings to their neighbors in the Americas, and reaffirm their commitment to the spirit of solidarity, the ideals and purposes of the inter-American system, and their active support of the Organization of American States.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim Thursday, April 14, 1983, as Pan American Day, and the week beginning April 10, 1983, as Pan American Week; and I urge the Governors of the fifty States, and the Governor of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the officials of the other areas under the flag of the United States of America, to honor these observances with appropriate activities and ceremonies.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 4th day of April, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5041 of April 4, 1983

Prayer for Peace, Memorial Day, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Each year, for more than 100 years, we have gathered on Memorial Day to pay tribute to those men and women who have fallen in battle, sacrificing their lives to preserve our freedom and world peace. In doing this, we are reminded that neither peace nor liberty is guaranteed, and that our national ideals remain threatened by global conflict, economic crises, violence, and aggression.

Throughout our history, America has been a symbol of hope for all people. We must always accept the many responsibilities that this requires. Thus, we are prepared to assist other nations in their struggle for economic progress; to help those in other lands who suffer from political repression and injustice; to deter aggression by strengthening democracy around the globe; and to work tirelessly toward a world without war.

Those who have sacrificed their lives for our country serve as a reminder that our work is unfinished. With vision and purpose and a prayer in our hearts, let us dedicate ourselves to their memory.

36 USC 169g.

In recognition of those Americans to whom we pay tribute today, the Congress, by joint resolution of May 11, 1950 (64 Stat. 158), has requested the President to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United

States to observe each Memorial Day as a day of prayer for permanent peace and designating a period on that day when the people of the United States might unite in prayer.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate Memorial Day, Monday, May 30, 1983, as a day of prayer for permanent peace, and I designate the hour beginning in each locality at 11 o'clock in the morning of that day as a time to unite in prayer. I urge the press, radio, television, and all other information media to cooperate in this observance.

I also request the Governors of the United States and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and the appropriate officials of all local units of government to direct that the flag be flown at half-staff during this Memorial Day on all buildings, grounds, and naval vessels throughout the United States and in all areas under its jurisdiction and control, and I request the people of the United States to display the flag at half-staff from their homes for the customary forenoon period.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 4th day of April, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5042 of April 6, 1983

Mother's Day, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Traditionally, this Nation honors its mothers by designating the second Sunday in May as Mother's Day.

To our mothers we owe our highest esteem, for it is from their gift of life that the flow of events begins that shapes our destiny. A mother's love, nurturing, and beliefs are among the strongest influences molding the development and character of our youngsters. As Henry Ward Beecher wrote, "What a mother sings to the cradle goes all the way down to the coffin."

Motherhood is both a great responsibility and one of the most rewarding and pleasurable experiences life has to offer. Mother's Day presents a special opportunity to appreciate our mothers—to consider all they have done, and all they continue to do, in fostering children's physical and emotional growth, nursing illness, encouraging success, easing failure, maintaining family life, supporting their spouses, contributing vitally to the economy through their accomplishments at work, and serving their communities. The quality and scope of their activities, as well as their overriding concern for the well-being of their families and our country, inspires and strengthens us as individuals and as a Nation.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby request that Sunday, May 8, 1983, be observed as Mother's Day. I direct Government officials to display the flag of the United States on all Federal Government buildings, and I urge all citizens to display the flag at their homes and other suitable places on that day.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 6th day of April, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5043 of April 7, 1983

Cancer Control Month, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Cancer is a major concern to the American people because statistics demonstrate that at least one out of four Americans now living will become a victim of this disease. However, it is important to recognize that we are making progress against this dread killer—in basic research, in prevention, and in bringing the fruits of cancer research to the community.

Recent empirical studies and basic research are bringing us close to an understanding of how best to prevent, diagnose, and treat cancer. Such scientific advances as the discovery of the oncogene, or cancer gene, have provided fresh insights into the molecular process of this disease. Also on the horizon are positive developments in several areas that enhance our ability to deal with this disease syndrome: e.g., the utilization of hyperthermia, improved immunotherapeutic techniques that include the use of monoclonal antibodies and new vaccines, and approaches to surgery that, while less severe in nature, remain a major weapon in our arsenal.

We continue to gather information indicating that life-style and environment play a significant part in the incidence of cancer. Today there is a growing awareness of carcinogens and radiation as causative factors in cancer development. We recognize more fully the importance of diet and nutrition as factors in the development and prevention of this disease. As we evaluate the incidence of cancer among various groups of people, we may be able to identify substances that can have a chemopreventive effect on the population as a whole.

Reports issued by the Surgeon General increasingly link cigarette smoking with cancer of the lung and other parts of the body.

A concerted effort has begun to bring the latest advances in cancer care and treatment to the community at large in a more effective way than ever before. We hope that with the goodwill, determination, and support of the American people, our continued progress will eventually lead to the control and prevention of this tragic disease.

In 1938, the Congress of the United States passed a joint resolution requesting the President to issue an annual proclamation declaring April to be Cancer Control Month.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the month of April, 1983, as Cancer Control Month. I invite the Governors of the fifty States and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the appropriate officials of all other areas under the United States flag, to issue similar proclamations. I also ask the health care professionals, the communications industry, and all other interested persons and groups to unite during this appointed time to reaffirm publicly our Nation's continuing commitment to control cancer.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this seventh day of April, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5044 of April 7, 1983

Crime Victims Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America

A Proclamation

For too many years, the scales of justice—the very hallmark of our free society—have been out of balance. Too often innocent victims of crime turn to their government for protection and support only to find that the criminal justice system seems unable to achieve two of its fundamental purposes—protecting those who obey the law and punishing those who break it. Victims and their families must bear the physical, financial, and emotional impact of the crime. It is unjust and inexcusable when they are ignored or mistreated by this system. Victims called for help, and they needed our assistance. Frequently, their pleas have been unheard and their needs have gone unattended.

These were the conclusions of the President's Task Force on Victims of Crime that I established last year. The Task Force conducted hearings around the country, taking testimony from professionals within and outside the system and, most importantly, from victims themselves. The Task Force concluded that the neglect and mistreatment of crime victims are a national disgrace.

I asked the Task Force for recommendations to restore balance to our system. It submitted 68 specific recommendations directed to the Executive Branch and the Congress, State and local legislative bodies, law enforcement officers, the judiciary, prosecutors, defense attorneys, parole boards, bar associations, the religious community, schools, hospitals, the mental health professionals, and the private sector.

No segment of our society should refuse to recognize its responsibility to help. This Administration has already begun implementation of the Task Force's recommendations.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week beginning April 17, 1983, as Crime Victims Week. I urge officials at all levels of government to take immediate and decisive action to meet the needs of crime victims in their jurisdictions. I urge every American to take action to ease the burdens faced by innocent victims. I urge the victims themselves not to despair. You have made us aware of the inequities you have faced, and we are moving forward to correct them. For too long the justice system has failed to address adequately the rights of victims. The time has come to restore the balance. If our system is to survive, it must truly bring justice to all who seek it.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 7th day of April, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

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Proclamation 5045 of April 7, 1983

National Defense Transportation Day and National Transportation Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

From Maine to Hawaii, from the Alaskan border to the Gulf of Mexico, America is a land unified, strengthened, and enriched by transportation. We enjoy a mobility unparalleled anywhere in the world. Our transportation systems—land, water, and air—enable us to work where we choose, travel where we please, and ship the products of our farms and factories across the country and around the world.

Through the years, transportation developments have paced the growth and progress of our Nation, led to innovations in other industries, contributed significantly to the expansion of our country, and strengthened our defense and the vitality of our economy. Transportation has become one of America's greatest and most valued assets, and the people of the transportation industries are an essential segment of our society.

The Nation has experienced enormous progress in all forms of transportation, from the earliest Erie Canal boats to today's vast inland waterway system; from the clipper ship to the container ship; from yesterday's primitive Lancaster turnpike to our modern 42,000-mile network of interstate highways; from the ribbons of rail that fused a continent to a national rail complex that carries one-and-a-half billion tons of cargo a year; from the first fledgling flight at Kitty Hawk to a national system serving 300 million passengers and hundreds of thousands of general aviation flyers a year; from horse-drawn transit vehicles to today's sleek urban rail cars and buses. America and its transportation industries have grown and prospered, providing employment, security, safe and efficient mobility for all Americans, and opening avenues to the future with such visionary projects as NASA's space shuttle program.

In recognition of the importance of transportation in America and to honor the millions of Americans who serve and supply our transportation needs,
36 USC 160. the Congress, by joint resolution approved May 16, 1957, has requested that the third Friday in May of each year be designated National Defense Trans-
36 USC 166. portation Day; and by a joint resolution approved May 14, 1962, that the week in which that Friday falls be proclaimed National Transportation Week.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate Friday, May 20, 1983 as National Defense Transportation Day and the week beginning May 15, 1983 as National Transportation Week, and I urge the people of the United States to observe this occasion with appropriate ceremonies which will give full recognition to the importance of our transportation system and the maintenance of its facilities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 7th day of April, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5046 of April 7, 1983

World Trade Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America

A Proclamation

The United States is firmly linked with other nations in the global economy by mutually benefical international trade. Exports now account for more than 16 percent of the total value of all goods produced in this country. Two of every five acres of farmland produce for export, and one of every eight jobs in manufacturing depends on overseas trade. Indeed, four of every five new manufacturing jobs are export-related.

As the world's largest trading Nation, the United States has much to gain from the continued expansion of world trade and much to lose if it is diminished. As a country that has been built on economic freedom, America must be an unrelenting advocate of free trade.

As an integral part of the marketplace, the free flow of goods and services across international borders serves to raise the living standards and promote the well-being of people throughout the globe. It inspires private initiative and the entrepreneurial spirit which leads to more open markets, greater freedom, and serves as a boon to human progress. In an interdependent world made smaller by modern communications, free trade is even more essential for the continued economic growth and advancement of both industrialized and developing nations. America must not be tempted to turn to protectionism, but lead the way toward freer trade and more open markets where our producers and trading partners can compete on a fair and equal basis.

Despite the high volume of our international trade, we still are far from matching the international sales efforts of our leading competitors. Only ten percent of our firms export, and only seven percent of our gross national product finds its way into foreign markets—less than half the percentage of our major trading partners.

In this increasingly interdependent world, American business must focus more of its efforts on exporting our goods and services. A promising new tool is now available to increase export participation: the Export Trading Company Act of 1982. This law will help American businesses, particularly small and medium-sized companies, to organize themselves for stronger export efforts with considerably less hindrance by government regulation. 15 USC 4001 note.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week beginning May 22, 1983, as World Trade Week, and I invite the people of the United States to join in appropriate observances to affirm the enormous potential international trade has for creating jobs and stimulating economic activity in this country, as well as for generating prosperity the world over.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 7th day of April, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5047 of April 11, 1983

National Arthritis Month, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Arthritis, the oldest known group of chronic diseases, is still the Nation's greatest crippler. At least 35 million Americans—about one in seven—have some form of arthritis.

The total cost of arthritis must be counted not only in terms of socioeconomic losses, but also in terms of human suffering and disability. Uncontrolled arthritis has major negative social, psychological, and economic impacts not only on the patients who suffer from arthritis, but also on their families and on our society in general.

We have learned a great deal through research, but as yet these disorders are not fully understood and are not adequately controllable. We must meet the critical need for new research ideas and productive research studies upon which advances in the area of arthritis treatment and prevention can be based. Our goal continues to be the eventual elimination of arthritis as a cause of human suffering and economic burden to our Nation.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States
Ante, p. 61. of America, in accordance with Senate Joint Resolution 32, do hereby proclaim the month of May 1983 as National Arthritis Month. I urge the people of the United States and educational, philanthropic, scientific, medical and health care organizations, and professionals to support appropriate efforts to discover the causes and cures of all forms of arthritis and to alleviate the suffering of victims of these disorders.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this eleventh day of April, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5048 of April 14, 1983

Modification of Proclamation No. 4991 Regarding Suspension of the Application of TSUS Column 1 Rates of Duty to Products of Poland

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

96 Stat. 2782. By Proclamation No. 4991 of October 27, 1982, the President suspended the application of the rates of duty provided for in column 1 of the Tariff Schedules of the United States (TSUS) to products of Poland. Proclamation No. 4991 is effective with respect to articles exported on and after November 1, 1982.

Taking into account the factors cited in Proclamation No. 4991 and in order to alleviate unnecessary hardships to United States companies that entered

into contracts before the decision to suspend most-favored-nation treatment for products of Poland was announced, I find it appropriate to amend Proclamation No. 4991 to permit articles that are exported to a consignee in the United States before June 30, 1983, pursuant to written and binding contracts to purchase executed on or before October 9, 1982, to enter at the column 1 rate of duty. 96 Stat. 2782.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, acting under the authority vested in me by the Constitution and the statutes of the United States including, but not limited to, the Trade Expansion Act of 1962, and the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, do proclaim that paragraph 3 of Proclamation No. 4991 of October 27, 1982, is hereby amended to read as follows: 19 USC 1801 note. 19 USC 2101.

"(3) This Proclamation shall take effect with respect to articles exported on and after November 1, 1982, other than articles exported prior to June 30, 1983, to a consignee in the United States pursuant to a written and binding contract to purchase which was executed on or before October 9, 1982, provided that a copy of such contract is presented to the United States Customs Service on or before May 31, 1983 and the importer or consignee in the United States certifies that the articles are exported pursuant to that contract."

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 14th day of April, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5049 of April 14, 1983

American Indian Day, 1983

By the President of the United States of America

A Proclamation

The story of the Indian in America is a record of endurance, of survival, of adaptation and creativity in the face of overwhelming obstacles. It is a record of enormous contributions to this country—to its art and culture, its strength and spirit, its sense of history, and its sense of purpose.

When European settlers began to develop colonies in North America, they entered into treaties with sovereign Indian nations. Our new Nation continued to enter into treaties with Indian tribes on a government-to-government basis. Throughout our history, despite periods of conflict and shifting national policies in Indian affairs, the government-to-government relationship between the United States and Indian tribes has endured. The Constitution, treaties, laws, and court decisions have consistently recognized a unique political relationship between Indian tribes and the United States.

In 1970, President Nixon announced a national policy of self-determination for Indian tribes. At the heart of the new policy was a commitment by the Federal government to foster and encourage tribal self-government.

As set forth in the message on Indian policy of January 24, 1983, this Administration honors the commitment made in 1970 to strengthen tribal governments and lessen Federal control over tribal government affairs. To further the principle of self-government, we will encourage the political and economic development of the tribes by eliminating excessive Federal regu-

lation and government intervention, which in the past have stifled local decision-making, thwarted Indian control of Indian resources, and promoted dependence rather than self-sufficiency.

In promoting effective self-government and a more favorable environment for the development of healthy reservation economies, we will take a flexible approach which recognizes the diversity among tribes and the right of each tribe to set its own priorities and goals. The tribes, not the Federal government, will chart the path of their own development. In support of this policy, the Federal government will faithfully fulfill its responsibility for the physical and financial resources it holds in trust for the tribes and their members.

In recognition of the unique status and contribution of the American Indian peoples to our Nation, the Congress of the United States, by House Joint Resolution 459 (P.L. 97–445), has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation designating May 13, 1983 as "American Indian Day."

96 Stat. 2328.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim May 13, 1983 as American Indian Day. I invite the people of the United States to observe this day with appropriate ceremonies and deeds and to reaffirm their dedication to the ideals which our first Americans subscribe.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 14th day of April, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5050 of April 15, 1983

Temporary Duty Increase and Tariff-Rate Quota on the Importation Into the United States of Certain Heavyweight Motorcycles

By the President of the United States of America

A Proclamation

1. Pursuant to section 201(d)(1) of the Trade Act of 1974 (the Trade Act) (19 U.S.C. 2251(d)(1)), as amended, the United States International Trade Commission (USITC) on February 1, 1983, reported to the President the results of its Investigation No. TA–201–47 under section 201(b) of the Trade Act (19 U.S.C. 2251(b)). The USITC determined that motorcycles having engines with total piston displacement over 700 cubic centimeters, provided for in item 692.50 of the Tariff Schedules of the United States (TSUS) (19 U.S.C. 1202), are being imported into the United States in such increased quantities as to be a substantial cause of the threat of serious injury to the domestic industry producing articles like or directly competitive with the imported articles. The USITC recommended the imposition of additional ad valorem duties on imports of such motorcycles of: 45 percent in the first year, 35 percent in the second year, 20 percent in the third year, 15 percent in the fourth year, and 10 percent in the fifth year.

2. On April 1, 1983, pursuant to section 202(b)(1) of the Trade Act (19 U.S.C. 2252(b)(1)), and after taking into account the considerations specified in section 202(c) of the Trade Act (19 U.S.C. 2252(c)), I determined to impose the additional duties recommended by the USITC, but with tariff-rate

quotas to assure small volume producers which have not contributed to the threat of injury continued access to the United States market. In order to treat Japan fairly, I determined to provide a tariff-rate quota also for articles from Japan. On April 1, 1983, in accordance with section 203(b)(1) of the Trade Act (19 U.S.C. 2253(b)(1)), I transmitted a report to the Congress setting forth the action I determined to take and the reason it differed from the action recommended by the USITC.

3. Section 503(c)(2) of the Trade Act (19 U.S.C. 2463(c)(2)) provides that no article shall be an eligible article for purposes of the Generalized System of Preferences (GSP) for any period during which such article is the subject of any action proclaimed pursuant to section 203 of the Trade Act (19 U.S.C. 2253).

4. Section 203(e)(1) of the Trade Act (19 U.S.C. 2253(e)(1)) requires that import relief be proclaimed and take effect within 15 days after the import relief determination date.

5. Pursuant to sections 203(a)(1), 203(e)(1), and 503(c)(2) of the Trade Act (19 U.S.C. 2253(a)(1), 2253(e)(1), and 2463(c)(2)), I am providing import relief through the temporary increase of import duties imposed in the form of tariff-rate quotas, and the suspension of GSP treatment, on certain motorcycles, as hereinafter proclaimed.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, acting under the authority vested in me by the Constitution and the statutes of the United States, including General Headnote 4 of the TSUS, sections 203, 503, and 604 of the Trade Act (19 U.S.C. 2253, 2463, and 2483), and in accordance with Article XIX of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) (61 Stat. (pt. 5) A58; 8 UST (pt. 2) 1786), do proclaim that—

(1) Part I of Schedule XX to the GATT is modified to conform to the action taken in Annex I to this proclamation. 61 Stat. A1157.

(2) Subpart B, part 6 of schedule 6 and subpart A, part 2 of the Appendix to the TSUS are modified as set forth in Annex I to this proclamation.

(3)(a) Annex II of Executive Order No. 11888 of November 24, 1975, as amended, listing articles that are eligible for benefits of the GSP when imported from any designated beneficiary developing country, is amended by deleting item 692.50 and substituting item 692.53, as added by Annex I to this proclamation, in lieu thereof. 3 CFR, 1971–1975 Comp., p. 1053.

(b) In order to restore GSP treatment for the motorcycles subject to import relief, Annex II of Executive Order No. 11888 of November 24, 1975, as amended, is further amended by inserting in numerical sequence item 692.52, as added by Annex I of this proclamation, effective upon the termination of the import relief proclaimed herein or of any period of extension of such relief.

(4) In order to provide staged reductions in the rates of duty for those new TSUS items created by Annex I(b) to this proclamation, Annex III to Presidential Proclamation 4707 of December 11, 1979, as amended, is further amended by Annex II to this proclamation, attached hereto and made a part thereof. 19 USC 2111 note.

(5) Whenever the column 1 rate of duty in the TSUS for any item specified in Annex I(b) to this proclamation is reduced to the same level as, or to a lower level than, the corresponding rate of duty inserted in the column entitled "LDDC" by Annex I(b) of this proclamation, the rate of duty in the column entitled "LDDC" for such item shall be deleted from the TSUS.

(6) With the exception of paragraph (3)(b), this proclamation shall be effective with respect to articles entered, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after April 16, 1983, and before the close of April 15, 1988, unless the period of its effectiveness is earlier expressly modified or terminated.

(7) The Commissioner of Customs shall take such action as the United States Trade Representative shall direct in the implementation and administration of the import relief herein proclaimed.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 15th day of April, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

ANNEX I

(a) Subpart A, part 2 of the Appendix to the TSUS is modified—

(1) by adding in numerical sequence the following new headnote 9:

"9. *Tariff-rate quota as to certain motorcycles; United States International Trade Commission (USITC) surveys on such motorcycles.*—The provisions of this headnote apply to item 924.20 of this subpart and shall remain in effect through April 15, 1988.

(a) The additional duties on motorcycles shall be assessed on each motorcycle imported in excess of the number of motorcycles provided for each of the following countries in any year from April 16 to April 15, inclusive, as set forth in this table:

Restraint period	Quota quantity		
	Federal Republic of Germany	Japan	All other foreign countries
April 16, 1983, through April 15, 1984	5,000	6,000	4,000
April 16, 1984, through April 15, 1985	6,000	7,000	5,000
April 16, 1985, through April 15, 1986	7,000	8,000	6,000
April 16, 1986, through April 15, 1987	8,500	9,000	7,000
April 16, 1987, through April 15, 1988	10,000	10,000	8,000

(b) the USITC shall conduct surveys with respect to the motorcycles subject to temporary duty increases as follows:

(1) *Quarterly.*—Surveys by calendar quarter to obtain monthly data on U.S. production, U.S. producers' sales, shipments and inventories, U.S. importers' sales and inventories, imports for consumption, dealers' inventories, U.S. exports, employment, employee-hours, wages, prices, and apparent U.S. consumption. The initial survey shall cover the last quarter of 1982 and the first and second quarters of 1983; the last such survey shall cover the quarter which ends not less than 60 days prior to the termination of the import relief. The results of these surveys shall be published within 60 days of the end of the quarter.

(2) *Annually.*—Annual surveys to obtain from domestic producers data by calendar quarter on profits, unfilled orders, and inventories, annual data on capital expenditures and capacity, and a summary on an annual basis of action taken to adjust to imports and of progress in the adjustment program; and to obtain from importers data by calendar quarter on prices, unfilled orders, and inventories. The initial survey shall cover calendar year 1983, and subsequent surveys shall cover calendar years beginning with 1984. The results of each such survey shall be published by the end of the first quarter of each year thereafter so long as the import relief is in effect."

(2) by inserting in numerical sequence the following new item and rates of duty:

Item	Articles	Rates of duty					
		1					2
		Effective on or after April 16,					
		1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	
"924.20	Motorcycles provided for in item 692.52 having engines with total piston displacement over 700 cubic centimeters, imported in excess of the quota quantities specified in headnote 9 to this subpart.....	The rate provided for in item 692.52 + 45% ad val.	The rate provided for in item 692.52 + 35% ad val.	The rate provided for in item 692.52 + 20% ad val.	The rate provided for in item 692.52 + 15% ad val.	The rate provided for in item 692.52 + 10% ad val.	The rate provided for in item 692.52, but not less than the rate which would have applied had the imported article been subject to the applicable column 1 rate of duty provided herein for this item"

(b) Subpart B, part 6, schedule 6 of the TSUS is modified by deleting item 692.50 and by inserting in lieu thereof the following:

	[Motorcycles . . .:]				
	"Motorcycles:				
692.52	Having engines with total piston displacement over 700 cubic centimeters	4.4% ad val	3.7% ad val	10% ad val.	
692.53	Other	4.4% ad val	3.7% ad val	10% ad val."	

ANNEX II

Annex III to Presidential Proclamation 4707 of December 11, 1979, is amended by deleting from Section A of that Annex TSUS item number 692.50 with its corresponding rates of duty and by inserting the following TSUS item numbers, rates of duty, and footnotes therein:

Item in TSUS as modified by Annex II	Rate from which staged	Rates of duty [1], effective with respect to articles entered on and after January 1—							
		1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
		Pct.	*Pct.*	*Pct.*	*Pct.*	*Pct.*	*Pct.*	*Pct.*	*Pct.*
[4] 692.50	5% ad val	4.8	4.7	4.5	[4] 4.4	([4])	([4])	([4])	([4])
[4] 692.52	([4])	([4])	([4])	([4])	[4] 4.4	4.2	4	3.9	3.7
[4] 692.53	([4])	([4])	([4])	([4])	[4] 4.4	4.2	4	3.9	3.7

[4] Item 692.50 is discontinued and superseded by items 692.52 and 692.53 effective April 16, 1983.

Proclamation 5051 of April 15, 1983

National Mental Health Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Mental illness costs this Nation more than $50 billion a year and contributes to declining productivity and rising health costs. Approximately 35 million people a year suffer from a diagnosable mental disorder. In addition, millions more seek professional assistance to alleviate the physical and emotional problems created by excessive stress.

These facts and figures, however, cannot describe the high cost in human suffering from mental illness. Incapacitation—most often temporary but permanent for some—may result from severe depression, crippling anxieties, or other manifestations of mental disorders. Yet public fear and misunderstanding of their illnesses place additional burdens on the afflicted and their families.

It is important that the public understand that major advancements brought about by science have made mental illnesses and stress-related disorders greatly amenable to treatment. New technologies have added significantly to the numbers of patients who have improved or recovered following treatment and promise further advances.

In recognition of the importance for our Nation of the treatment, care and support for the mentally ill provided by health professionals, volunteers, and family members, the Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 52, has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation designating the week of April 10 through April 16, 1983, as National Mental Health Week.

Ante, p. 63.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate the week beginning on April 10, 1983, as National Mental Health Week. I call upon health professionals, educators, communications media, the business community, individuals, and public and private organizations concerned with the welfare of their fellow citizens to seek and encourage better understanding of mental disorders and to honor those whose studies, treatment, and support have brought palpable gains and welcome hope to the mentally ill.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this fifteenth day of April, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5052 of April 15, 1983

Law Day U.S.A., 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Our Founding Fathers were guided by a belief in the dignity of the individual when they framed our system of government. The Constitution and the Bill of Rights guarantee the blessings of liberty to all, regardless of race, religion, or national origin. These cherished documents bequeath to all Americans the right to equal justice under law and the means to safeguard this right through the legal system.

Today marks our Nation's twenty-sixth annual celebration of Law Day, a day set aside for all Americans to reflect on our legal heritage, the rights we enjoy under our democracy, and the role of law in our society. The theme of this year's Law Day observance is "Sharing in Justice," highlighting both the rights and the responsibilities of each citizen as a participant in shaping and protecting our laws and system of justice.

Each new generation of Americans inherits as a birthright the legal protections secured, protected, and expanded by the vigilance and sacrifice of preceding generations. These rights—freedom of speech, trial by jury, personal liberty, a representative and limited government, and equal protection of the laws, to name but a few—give every citizen a vested interest in American justice.

Active participation in our system serves to protect these interests and preserve them for future generations. It is participation that begins in our own neighborhoods, at town meetings, and during open sessions of city government. Meaningful sharing and participation in our system of justice must start where one is affected most: close to home. This is the basis and strength of our Federal system. Sharing in justice also means working for objectives within the legal system, voting thoughtfully and intelligently, expressing views to our elected representatives, serving as jurors, and volunteering to make our neighborhoods, schools, and communities better places for all. The continuous involvement of the people with all levels of government makes our system of justice work.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, in accordance with Public Law 87–20 of April 7, 1961, do hereby proclaim Sunday, May 1, 1983, as Law Day U.S.A., and I invite the American people to observe this event with programs emphasizing the need for each citizen to share and participate in our system of justice. 36 USC 164.

I call upon the legal profession, schools, civic, service, and fraternal organizations, public bodies, libraries, the courts, all media of public information, business, the clergy, and all interested individuals and organizations to focus attention on our Nation's dedication to justice. I also call upon all

public officials to display the flag of the United States on all government buildings open on Law Day, May 1, 1983.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 15th day of April, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5053 of April 19, 1983

Jewish Heritage Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

American Jews have made significant contributions to every phase of American life. They have served this Nation by fighting for her freedom, building her industry, working for her goals, and nurturing her dreams. They have brought distinction to every field of American endeavor and have participated in the cultural development, economic growth, and spiritual progress of America.

The Jewish people remain dedicated to ancient and revered traditions which have been severely tested over the centuries. From the observance of Passover, which tells the story of the passage from bondage to freedom and rekindles the hope for all who are oppressed, through the participation in the National Days of Remembrance honoring the victims and survivors of the Holocaust and the anniversary of the Warsaw Ghetto Uprising, Jews pay tribute to their past.

Each spring, the American Jewish community remembers its struggles, celebrates its achievements, and renews its commitment to a future of continued advancement. It is during this time that American Jews renew their common heritage with Jews throughout the world by celebrating such occasions as Israel's Independence Day and Solidarity Day for Soviet Jews. In particular, these Jewish traditions have been honored in 1983 by the American Gathering of Holocaust Survivors.

In recognition of the special significance of this time of year to American Jews, in tribute to the important contributions they have made to American life, and in tribute to the cultural diversity of the American people, the Congress of the United States, by House Joint Resolution 80, has authorized and requested the President to proclaim April 17 through April 24, 1983, as Jewish Heritage Week.

Ante, p. 64.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week beginning April 17, 1983, as Jewish Heritage Week. I call upon the people of the United States, Federal, State and local government officials, and interested organizations to observe that week with appropriate ceremonies, activities, and reflection.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 19th day of April, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5054 of April 20, 1983

Death of Federal Diplomatic and Military Personnel in Beirut, Lebanon

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

As a mark of respect for the American diplomats, military personnel and loyal staff members who died violently in the performance of their duty on April 18, 1983, in the tragic bombing of the United States Embassy in Beirut, Lebanon, I hereby order, by virtue of the authority vested in me as President of the United States of America by Section 175 of Title 36 of the United States Code, that the flag of the United States shall be flown at half-staff upon all public buildings and grounds, at all military posts and naval stations, and on all naval vessels of the Federal government in the District of Columbia and throughout the United States and its Territories and possessions through Tuesday, April 26, 1983. I also direct that the flag shall be flown at half-staff for the same length of time at all United States embassies, legations, consular offices, and other facilities abroad, including all military facilities and naval vessels and stations.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 20th day of April, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5055 of April 22, 1983

National Farm Safety Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Many of the world's people depend on American agriculture to fill their food and fiber needs. Yet, the efficiency of American agriculture and the quality of life for those who work on the land are impaired by a high accident rate. Many farm and ranch families, both owners and workers, suffer great personal sorrow and economic loss each year because of serious injuries or fatal accidents. It is particularly unfortunate that farm children and teenagers often are the victims of these accidents.

Although great progress has been made in improving safety on farms, much work remains to be done. It is important that community leaders and public officials continue to contribute their time and effort to promoting accident prevention programs. But real progress in safety must start with the individual. Most farm accidents can be prevented if safe work methods are followed and appropriate protective equipment used. If our farmers and ranchers develop strong safety habits while at work, in the home, in recreational pursuits, and while driving on the road, our safety record will improve further.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate the week of September 18 through Septem-

ber 24, 1983, as National Farm Safety Week. I urge all persons who live and work on the Nation's farms and ranches to make safety a daily part of activities on the job, at home or on the highway. I also urge those who work with and service America's farms and ranches to support safety efforts in every way possible. I call upon parents especially to teach their children good safety practices and instill in them a positive attitude toward safety which will serve them well throughout their lives.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 22nd day of April, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5056 of April 26, 1983

National Physical Fitness and Sports Month, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Regular, vigorous physical activity is essential to good health and effective performance of our daily responsibilities. In addition, physical activity and sports programs can provide rich sources of personal pleasure and satisfaction.

Many individuals, families, communities, and others are increasingly concerned about physical fitness, and there is a growing recognition that physical activity is an important part of daily life for people of both sexes and all ages. Americans who are not reaping the benefits and pleasures of physical activity and sports should develop a personal physical fitness program in accordance with their capability.

In recognition of the importance of physical activity as a part of our daily life, the Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 53, has authorized and requested the President to designate the month of May 1983 as "National Physical Fitness and Sports Month."

Ante, p. 174.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the month of May 1983 as National Physical Fitness and Sports Month and urge communities, schools, States, employers, voluntary organizations, churches, and other organizations to stage appropriate observances and special events. Furthermore, I urge individuals and families to use this occasion to renew their commitments to make regular physical activity an integral part of their lives.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 26th day of April, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5057 of April 29, 1983

National Year of Voluntarism

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Voluntarism is a cornerstone of the American way of life and a fundamental characteristic of our American heritage. The generosity and civic-mindedness of the American people has long been a noted aspect of our Nation. Since its inception, this has been a country in which neighbor has lent a hand to neighbor, and families have banded together to help one another in times of adversity.

Voluntary service remains as important today as it was in earlier decades. We cannot rely solely on institutions of government to provide remedies for our problems. Many of the solutions must be devised and supported by other individuals and private groups. Greater emphasis must be placed on developing increased community commitment to voluntary service and on developing more volunteer leaders.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, in recognition of the vital contributions volunteers make to our society, do hereby designate the period beginning on May 1, 1983 until April 30, 1984 as the National Year of Voluntarism, and I call upon the people of the United States and interested groups and organizations to observe this celebration with appropriate activities of voluntary service and efforts to attract additional persons to this valuable and rewarding tradition.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 29th day of April, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5058 of May 6, 1983

Older Americans Month, 1983

By The President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Throughout our history, the American people have held a special place in their hearts for our older citizens.

From this Nation's earliest days, when the wisdom and eloquence of our elder statesmen played such an important role in the creation of our Republic, to this era of renewed private sector initiative, where so many of our senior citizens toil in volunteer armies of community service across the land, older Americans remain a vital force in our national life.

We recognize that no single group in our society has done more to build America and to shape our national character than our nearly thirty-three million older citizens. We treasure their continuing involvement and the unique understanding they bring to us. Their wisdom, experience, insights, and accomplishments merit an invaluable place in our culture and economy.

Through hard work and creativity, our older Americans have made enormous contributions throughout their lives to preserve our way of life and our standard of living.

Now we must keep faith with them.

It is our responsibility to protect them by reducing inflation—that monster which eats at savings and pensions and destroys the independence and well-being of our older Americans.

Of particular importance to our older citizens is the integrity of their pension funds. The recent rise in business confidence and the resulting surge in the net worth of investments have significantly increased the value of America's pension funds. These developments remind us that the most important step we can take for all Americans, but especially our senior citizens, is to follow economic policies that will create noninflationary growth.

It is also our responsibility to keep faith with our older citizens by guaranteeing a secure and stable social security system so they might live in dignity. The recent amendments to the Social Security Act assure the elderly that America will always uphold the promises made in troubled times a half-century ago.

42 USC 1305.

The future of our older Americans should be as sweet as the memories of their youth. I believe the future for our older citizens holds as much promise as the achievements of their past. In this twenty-first annual observance of Older Americans Month, we celebrate that potential.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the month of May 1983 as Older Americans Month. I ask public officials at all levels, community agencies, educators, the clergy, the communications media, and the American people to take this opportunity to honor older Americans and to consider how we may make it possible for them to enjoy their later years.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this sixth day of May, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5059 of May 10, 1983

Flag Day and National Flag Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Two hundred eight years ago, the first distinctive American flags were flown over the colonial defenses during the Battle of Bunker Hill. One flag

was an adaptation of the British Blue Ensign while the other had a new design. Both flags bore a pine tree, symbol of the struggle colonial Americans undertook to wrest their land from the forests.

As the colonials moved toward a final separation from Britain, other flags with various symbols appeared to inform the world of the hopes, dreams, and challenges of the new Nation. Many of the early American flags carried such mottoes as "Liberty or Death" or "Don't Tread on Me" to reflect the courage and quest for freedom which motivated our forefathers and gave birth to our Nation.

Two years after the Battle of Bunker Hill, the Continental Congress chose a flag which, tellingly, expressed the unity and resolve of the patriots who had banded together to seek independence. The delegates voted "that the flag of the thirteen United States be thirteen stripes, alternate red and white; that the union be thirteen stars, white in a blue field representing a new constellation." Two centuries later, with the addition of thirty-seven stars, this flag still symbolizes our shared commitment to freedom and equality. It carries a message of hope to the downtrodden, opportunity to the oppressed, and peace to all mankind.

As challenges face our Nation today, the "Stars and Stripes" continues to remind each of us of the sacrifices and determination which built this Nation. It signals the great land of opportunity that our forefathers carved out of the wilderness and gave their lives to make free so many years ago.

Now it is our responsibility to remember the great price that has been paid to keep our flag flying free today and our privilege to ensure that it will keep flying free for future generations.

To commemorate the adoption of our flag, the Congress, by a joint resolution approved August 3, 1949 (63 Stat. 492), designated June 14 of each year as Flag Day and requested the President to issue an annual proclamation calling for its observance and the display of the flag of the United States on all Government buildings. The Congress also requested the President, by a joint resolution approved June 9, 1966 (80 Stat. 194), to issue annually a proclamation designating the week in which June 14 occurs as National Flag Week and calling upon all citizens of the United States to display the flag during that week. 36 USC 157. 36 USC 157a.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate June 14, 1983, as Flag Day and the week beginning June 12, 1983, as National Flag Week, and I direct the appropriate officials of the Government to display the flag on all government buildings during that week. I urge all Americans to observe Flag Day, June 14, and National Flag Week by flying the "Stars and Stripes" from their homes and other suitable places.

I also urge the American people to celebrate those days from Flag Day through Independence Day, set aside by Congress as a time to honor America (89 Stat. 211), by having public gatherings and activities at which they can honor their country in an appropriate manner. 36 USC 157b.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 10th day of May, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5060 of May 11, 1983

National Amateur Baseball Month, 1983

By The President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

The game of baseball originated in the United States of America approximately 150 years ago and quickly became a fixture of community life. Today baseball diamonds dot parks, playgrounds, and schoolyards across the land, and virtually every village, town, and neighborhood has its own team, or teams. No summer would be complete without its schedule of games and championship playoffs.

Baseball is affectionately known as the "national pastime" because of its popularity as both a participant and spectator sport. Some 19 million children, youths, and adults play amateur baseball in the United States, and many millions more attend amateur contests as spectators each year. This vast program is made possible by generous contributions of time, effort, and financial support by millions of individuals representing business, fraternal, civic, religious and service organizations.

Baseball has achieved its greatest popularity and highest level of perfection in the United States, but it is rapidly gaining acceptance elsewhere. In Europe, and in Japan and other Far Eastern countries, there is growing recognition of baseball's great entertainment value and its effectiveness as a means of instilling those qualities of teamwork and fair play that are essential to good citizenship. This recognition is reflected in the fact that baseball will be a part of the 1984 Olympic Games in Los Angeles.

Because amateur baseball plays such an important role in our lives, and because millions of Americans are involved in the game as players, fans, and supporters, it is fitting that we should celebrate this uniquely American activity.

In recognition of the wholesome recreation, good sportsmanship, competitiveness, and teamwork so necessary in developing good citizenship which the game of baseball affords, the Congress of the United States, by House Joint Resolution 175 (P.L. 98–16), has designated the month of May 1983 as "National Amateur Baseball Month" and has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation in observance of that month.

Ante, p. 57.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the month of May 1983 as National Amateur Baseball Month, and I call upon the people of the United States to observe such month with appropriate programs, ceremonies, and activities, so as to testify to the great and significant value of amateur baseball to the American way of life.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 11th day of May, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Editorial Note: For the President's remarks of May 11, 1983, on signing Proclamation 5060, see the *Weekly Compilation of Presidential Documents* (vol. 19, p. 699).

Proclamation 5061 of May 12, 1983

National Parkinson's Disease Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Nearly half a million Americans suffer from Parkinson's disease, a progressive disorder of the nervous system. We know now that their symptoms of tremor and muscle stiffness are related to a chemical deficiency in the part of the brain that controls movement, but there is far more to learn about this disease.

Several drugs developed since World War II have enabled thousands of Parkinson's patients to function more fully. Rigorous research is still needed, however, to provide more information about this disease and to develop new and improved therapies. Scientists must continue to explore possible causes of Parkinson's disease and search for ways to prevent the disorder or lessen its effect.

Many of the scientists studying Parkinson's disease receive support from the Federal government through the National Institute of Neurological and Communicative Disorders and Stroke and privately through four voluntary organizations: the American Parkinson Disease Association, the National Parkinson Foundation, Inc., the Parkinson's Disease Foundation, and the United Parkinson Foundation. I commend these voluntary groups and the scientists who devote their efforts toward conquering this disease. I also note the courage and resourcefulness of Parkinson's disease patients in overcoming their dis- order and in helping other patients and families deal with the effects of this disease.

In order to emphasize the role of research in conquering Parkinson's disease and encourage continued private and Federal support of this research, the Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 62, has designated the week beginning May 15, 1983 as "National Parkinson's Disease Week" and has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation in observance of that week. *Ante*, p. 187.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week beginning May 15, 1983 as National Parkinson's Disease Week. I urge physicians, scientists, and government and private agencies concerned with Parkinson's disease to sponsor activities which will inform Americans about this illness and the need for continued research.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 12th. day of May, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5062 of May 17, 1983

Management Week in America, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

The high level of competence and dedication of the members of the management profession has contributed significantly to the success of the American economy. Management skills are particularly important at the present time because of the need for increased productivity to allow our goods and services to compete more successfully in both domestic and world markets. We urge those with management responsibilities to continue to improve their skills.

It is important that we acknowledge the essential role of management in ensuring the strength of the American economy, both in the past and for the future. We hope that public recognition of the vital role managerial personnel play in furthering the goals of our society will encourage and inspire young Americans to consider management as a career.

In recognition of the essential role of this profession in ensuring the continued strength of the American economy, the Congress, by House Joint Resolution 225, has designated the week beginning on June 5, 1983, as "Management Week in America" and has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation in observance of that week. 96 Stat. 242.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week beginning June 5, 1983, as Management Week in America and call upon the American people to observe that week with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 17th day of May, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5063 of May 18, 1983

National Andrei Sakharov Day

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Dr. Andrei Sakharov has earned the admiration and gratitude of the people of the United States and other countries throughout the world for his tireless and courageous efforts on behalf of international peace and on behalf of basic human freedoms for the peoples of the Soviet Union. In recognition of this work, Dr. Sakharov was awarded the Nobel Prize for Peace. Soviet authorities prevented Dr. Sakharov from receiving this award in person by prohibiting him from leaving the Soviet Union.

In the face of continuous harassment and mistreatment by the Soviet authorities, Dr. Sakharov has continued his work for peace and individual human rights. Despite his exile to the remote city of Gorkiy on January 22, 1980, and despite continued efforts by the Soviet authorities to deny Dr.

Sakharov the means of continuing his work and of maintaining contact with the outside world, the example of Andrei Sakharov's courage continues to shine brightly.

The Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 51, has designated May 21, 1983 as "National Andrei Sakharov Day" and has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation in observance of that day. On this occasion, Americans everywhere are given the opportunity to reaffirm that, despite attempts at repression, the ideals of peace and freedom will endure and ultimately triumph. *Ante*, p. 190.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim May 21, 1983 as National Andrei Sakharov Day. I call upon the American people to observe that day with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this eighteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Editorial Note: For the President's remarks of May 18, 1983, on Andrei Sakharov Day, see the *Weekly Compilation of Presidential Documents* (vol. 19, p. 739).

Proclamation 5064 of May 25, 1983

Missing Children Day, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Each year hundreds of thousands of American families are confronted with a unique tragedy—a missing child. While most of these children return home safely, far too many are exposed to serious danger and exploitation. Often the child's fate is never known. During the child's disappearance, the family faces an ordeal of imagined horrors and unknown consequences. Finding and safely returning these children to their homes has become a national problem.

Our children are the Nation's most valuable and most vulnerable asset. They are our link to the future, our hope for a better life. Their protection and safety must be one of our highest priorities.

The striking mobility of our society has created special difficulties for the law enforcement agencies that must deal with crimes involving children. The solution to this problem demands the attention and cooperation of all our law enforcement agencies, city, State, and local.

The date of May 25 has particular significance in the cause of missing children. On that day in 1979, six year old Etan Patz disappeared from his home in New York City. Unfortunately, Etan has never been found. His brave parents have fought to increase our awareness of this tragedy and to improve the agencies that work to solve this unique type of crime.

As a Nation and as individuals, we all have a responsibility to direct our resources and our efforts to this worthy goal.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim May 25, 1983 as Missing Children Day. I urge officials at all levels of government to take decisive action to ensure the safety and protection of the children in their respective jurisdictions, and I urge all our law enforcement agencies to take particular notice of the danger that threatens any child who has lost his or her home. I urge every American family to take the proper precautions to protect their children.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this twenty-fifth day of May, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5065 of May 25, 1983

National Safe Boating Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America

A Proclamation

Americans increasingly look to the water for recreation and relaxation, and this year approximately one-quarter of them will enjoy boating in one of its many and varied forms.

It is of paramount importance that those involved in recreational boating recognize that observance of proper safety practices is essential to the enjoyment of boating. In order to protect their families and friends, all persons who use our waters should be courteous and well-versed in safety rules and the techniques of safe boating operation.

Since learning the fundamentals of safe boating adds to the pleasure of boating, participants should take advantage of the many boating courses offered by Federal and State agencies and private organizations.

In addition, all persons should wear a personal flotation device while on the water. Seventy-five percent of those who died in boating accidents last year might have been saved had they worn these devices.

In recognition of the need for boating safety, the Congress enacted the joint resolution of June 4, 1958 (36 U.S.C. 161) as amended, requesting that the President proclaim annually a National Safe Boating Week.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate the week beginning June 5, 1983, as National Safe Boating Week.

I also invite the Governors of the States, Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, the Virgin Islands, Guam, and American Samoa, and the Mayor of the District of Columbia to provide for the observance of this week.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 25th. day of May, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5066 of June 1, 1983

Father's Day, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Each year this Nation sets aside a day on which to honor fathers for their many contributions to the well-being of their children, their families, and our society.

Traditionally, Americans have looked to fathers to provide leadership and stability for their families. Fathers play a vital role in providing sustenance, protection, and guidance for their families and the community at large. We owe them our high esteem, for their presence and gift of love as role models, providers, and defenders of the Nation. They not only play an invaluable part in transmitting the values and traditions of our society, but are instrumental in encouraging the self-confidence of our youngsters in facing the future.

Fatherhood is both a great responsibility and one of the most rewarding and pleasurable experiences life has to offer. Father's Day presents a special opportunity to appreciate our fathers—to consider all they have done, and all they continue to do, in fostering children's physical and emotional growth, encouraging success, easing failure, maintaining family life, contributing vitally to the economy, and serving their communities. The quality and scope of their activities, as well as their overriding concern for the well-being of their families and our country, inspire and strengthen us as individuals and as a Nation.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, in accordance with the joint resolution of the Congress (36 U.S.C. 142a), do hereby proclaim Sunday, June 19, 1983, as Father's Day. I invite the States and communities and the people of the United States to observe that day with appropriate ceremonies as a mark of gratitude and abiding affection for their fathers. I direct government officials to display the flag of the United States on all Federal government buildings, and I urge all citizens to display the flag at their homes and other suitable places on that day.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 1st day of June, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5067 of June 6, 1983

Captive Nations Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Twenty-five years ago, the United Nations Declaration of Human Rights proclaimed that "all human beings are born free and equal in dignity and

rights." This reaffirmed an eternal truth that Thomas Jefferson in 1776 wrote into our own Declaration of Independence. Another great thinker, Edmund Burke, observed simply that "the cause of Freedom is the cause of God." Some twenty-five centuries before, the prophet Isaiah admonished the world "To bind up the broken-hearted, to proclaim liberty to the captives."

Free people, if they are to remain free, must defend the liberty of others. As the custodians of a democratic tradition firmly established on this continent more than two centuries ago, Americans are deeply committed to the goal of representative government everywhere.

Each year, the United States reaffirms its commitment to the cause of liberty during Captive Nations Week, by reminding all those who are forced to live under the domination of foreign military power and alien ideology that the United States supports their aspirations for freedom, independence and national self-determination.

The Congress, by a joint resolution approved July 17, 1959 (73 Stat. 212), has authorized and requested the President to proclaim the third week in July as Captive Nations Week.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate the week beginning July 17, 1983, as Captive Nations Week. I invite the people of the United States to observe this week with appropriate ceremonies and activities and to reaffirm their dedication to the ideals of freedom, which unite us and inspire others.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 6th. day of June, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5068 of June 13, 1983

Baltic Freedom Day, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

In 1940, Soviet armies invaded and occupied the independent countries of Lithuania, Latvia, and Estonia. The peaceful, Western-oriented Baltic nations were crushed by the force of arms of their hostile neighbor. Under the cynical arrangements of the infamous Ribbentrop-Molotov agreement, the Soviet Union forcibly incorporated the three Baltic Republics into its empire.

Following the Soviet takeover, tens of thousands of the Baltic peoples were subject to imprisonment, deportation, persecution, and execution. Their religious, cultural, and historical heritage has been denigrated. The foreign political system which now controls their homelands has attempted to force these unwilling people to accept an alien life of totalitarian domination. But it has failed.

Today, the Baltic peoples continue to struggle to attain the freedoms we enjoy. These men and women still suffer harsh imprisonment, banishment, and persecution for their beliefs. Brave Lithuanians, Latvians, and Estoni-

ans still seek to exercise their human rights to think, speak, and believe as their conscience directs them.

The people of the United States of America share the just aspirations of the people of the Baltic nations for national independence, and we cannot remain silent in the face of the continued refusal of the government of the U.S.S.R. to allow these people to be free. We uphold their right to determine their own national destiny, free of foreign domination.

The government of the United States has never recognized the forced incorporation of the Baltic States into the Soviet Union and will not do so in the future.

In its defense of the rights of the Baltic people, the United States does not stand alone. On January 13th, the Parliament of Europe passed a resolution by an overwhelming majority on "The situation in Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania," calling for the restoration of self-determination for the Baltic States.

By House Joint Resolution 201, the Congress of the United States has authorized and requested the President to designate June 14, 1983, as "Baltic Freedom Day." *Ante*, p. 208.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate June 14, 1983 as Baltic Freedom Day. I call upon the people of the United States to observe this day with appropriate remembrances and ceremonies and to reaffirm their commitment to principles of liberty and freedom for all oppressed people.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this thirteenth day of June, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5069 of June 17, 1983

National Scleroderma Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America

A Proclamation

Scleroderma is a painful and debilitating connective tissue disorder that causes hardening of the skin and can also affect several internal organs of the body. Although it can begin at any age, it usually afflicts people in their productive years. Several thousand middle-aged Americans—women more than men—have scleroderma.

In the more serious systemic form, scleroderma can not only affect the skin, joints, and muscles but also strike the gastrointestinal tract, lungs, heart, or kidneys. The cause and cure of scleroderma remain unknown, and it may be difficult to treat.

Nevertheless, there is ample reason for hope because the outlook for victims of scleroderma has improved significantly in recent years. Previously, the chances of survival were slim when scleroderma attacked the kidneys. But this is no longer the case. Medical researchers have discovered in the

past few years that aggressive treatment with newly-developed anti-hypertensive drugs can lower blood pressure, improve kidney function, and dramatically save lives. In addition, recent research has revealed the importance of abnormalities of fine blood vessels in the development of scleroderma.

Supported by the National Institutes of Health and by private voluntary agencies, researchers throughout the world are focusing their efforts on scleroderma. Improved methods for diagnosis, treatment, and control are being explored.

To increase awareness of scleroderma, recognize progress, and emphasize the need for a continued effort to defeat this disease, the Congress has, by
Ante, p. 210. Senate Joint Resolution 75, designated the week of June 12 through June 18, 1983, as National Scleroderma Week, 1983.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week of June 12 through June 18, 1983, as National Scleroderma Week, 1983. I urge the people of the United States and educational, philanthropic, biomedical research, and health care organizations to continue their diligent and valuable efforts to discover the cause and cure of scleroderma in order to alleviate the suffering of all persons afflicted by this disorder.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this seventeenth day of June, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5070 of June 20, 1983

National Children's Liver Disease Awareness Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Liver disorders affect thousands of American children from infancy to adolescence. More than 100 different types of liver diseases, which attack these young people, have been identified. These diseases can be inherited or acquired from infection, poisons, injury, or such diseases as cystic fibrosis, anemia, leukemia, kidney or intestinal disease and glandular disorders. Infants can be born with a damaged liver or with biliary atresia, a disease characterized by abnormally-formed bile ducts. Some disorders can result in cirrhosis of the liver. Other causes of fatal or chronic liver disease include hepatitis, Reye's syndrome, Wilson's disease, galactosemia, and glycogen storage disease.

Research on liver diseases is continuing in order to increase our understanding of the underlying causes of these disorders, find preventive measures, develop better means of early detection, and improve our current methods of treatment.

Ante, p. 211. The Congress of the United States, by House Joint Resolution 234, has designated the week beginning June 19, 1983 as "National Children's Liver Disease Awareness Week" and has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation in observance of that week.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week beginning June 19, 1983 as National Children's Liver Disease Awareness Week. I urge the people of the United States, and educational, philanthropic, scientific, medical and health care organizations and professionals to support appropriate efforts to discover the causes and cures of all types of liver disorders in children and to alleviate the suffering of victims of these disorders.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this twentieth day of June, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5071 of June 28, 1983

Import Quotas on Certain Sugars, Sirups, Blends, and Mixtures

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

1. The Secretary of Agriculture has advised me that he has reason to believe that certain sugars, blended sirups, and sugars mixed with other ingredients, described below, and certain other sugars, sirups and mixtures of sugar or sirup with other ingredients are practically certain to be imported into the United States under such conditions and in such quantities as to render or tend to render ineffective, or materially interfere with, the price support operations being conducted by the Department of Agriculture for sugar cane and sugar beets.

2. I agree that there is reason for such belief by the Secretary of Agriculture, and therefore I am requesting the United States International Trade Commission to make an immediate investigation with respect to this matter pursuant to section 22 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1933, as amended (7 U.S.C. 624), and report its findings and recommendations to me as soon as possible.

3. The Secretary of Agriculture has also determined and reported to me with regard to the sugars, blended sirups, and sugars mixed with other ingredients, described below, that a condition exists which requires emergency treatment and that the import quotas hereinafter proclaimed should be imposed without awaiting the report and recommendations of the United States International Trade Commission.

4. On the basis of the information submitted to me, I find and declare that:

(a) The articles described below are practically certain to be imported into the United States under such conditions and in such quantities as to render or tend to render ineffective, or materially interfere with, the price support operations of the Department of Agriculture for sugar cane and sugar beets;

(b) The representative period within the meaning of the first proviso to subsection (b) of section 22 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1933, as amended (7 U.S.C. 624), for imports of the articles described below is the years 1978–81, during which years there were no imports of the described articles; and

(c) The imposition of the import quotas hereinafter proclaimed, without awaiting the recommendations of the United States International Trade Commission with respect to such action, is necessary in order that the entry, or withdrawal from warehouse for consumption, of the articles described below will not materially interfere with the price support operations being conducted by the Department of Agriculture for sugar cane or sugar beets.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, by the authority vested in me by section 22 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1933, as amended, and the Constitution and Statutes of the United States, including Section 301 of Title 3 of the United States Code, do hereby proclaim as follows:

7 USC 624.

1. Part 3 of the Appendix to the Tariff Schedules of the United States is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following two items:

Item	Articles	Quota Quantity
958.10	Blended sirups provided for in TSUS item 155.75, containing sugars derived from sugar cane or sugar beets, capable of being further processed or mixed with similar or other ingredients, and not prepared for marketing to the retail consumers in the identical form and package in which imported	None
958.15	Articles containing over 65 percent by dry weight of sugars derived from sugar cane or sugar beets, whether or not mixed with other ingredients, capable of being further processed or mixed with similar or other ingredients, and not prepared for marketing to the retail consumers in the identical form and package in which imported; all the foregoing articles provided for in TSUS items 155.75, 156.45, 183.01, and 183.05, except articles within the scope of other import restrictions provided for in part 3 of the Appendix to the Tariff Schedules of the United States	None

2. Pending Presidential action upon receipt of the report and recommendations of the United States International Trade Commission on this matter, the quotas established by this proclamation shall apply to articles entered, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after the effective date of this proclamation. However, these quotas shall not apply to articles entered, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, if the articles were (1) exported from the country of origin prior to the effective date of this proclamation, and (2) imported directly into the United States, as determined by the appropriate customs officials, in accordance with the criteria set forth at 19 CFR 10.174, 10.175 (1982).

3. This proclamation shall be effective as of 12:01 a.m. Eastern Daylight Time on the day following the date of its signing.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 28th day of June, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and seventh.

RONALD REAGAN

Editorial Note: A letter from the President to the Chairman of the U.S. International Trade Commission on the import quotas, dated June 28, 1983, is printed in the *Weekly Compilation of Presidential Documents* (vol. 19, p. 946).

Proclamation 5072 of July 15, 1983

National Atomic Veterans' Day, 1983

By the President of The United States of America
A Proclamation

Between 1945 and 1963 the United States conducted some 235 atmospheric nuclear weapons tests in the Pacific and the American Southwest. At least 220,000 American servicemen and women witnessed and participated in these tests, or served in forces occupying Hiroshima and Nagasaki immediately following World War II. It is only fitting that their dedication to duty be afforded proper recognition and brought to the attention of the American people.

Many of these American servicemen and women witnessed the awesome potential of nuclear weapons. In honoring these veterans, let us rededicate ourselves once more to our national goal of a world at peace in which nuclear war is unthinkable.

The Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 68, has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation designating July 16, 1983, as "National Atomic Veterans' Day." *Ante*, p. 288.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate Saturday, July 16, 1983, as National Atomic Veterans' Day, a day dedicated to those patriotic Americans who through their participation in these tests helped lead the United States to the forefront of technology in defense of our great Nation and the freedoms we as Americans hold so dear. I urge my fellow citizens to join with me in appreciation of their service to their country.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 15th day of July, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America, the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5073 of July 19, 1983

Bicentennial Year of the Birth of Simon Bolivar

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

July 24, 1983, marks the bicentennial of the birth of Simon Bolivar, the great Liberator who laid the foundation for the Inter-American System. The Government and people of the United States take pride in joining with the other countries of the Americas in celebrating this historic event. A great soldier and patriot, Simon Bolivar serves as an inspiration to all the peoples of the western hemisphere. Through turbulent and frustrating times, he had the vision to see that the unity of the Americas could be achieved.

Bolivar's military prowess made independence possible for Venezuela, Colombia, Peru, Ecuador, Bolivia, and Panama in a struggle similar to that which had brought the United States its liberty forty years earlier. Although shaken by personal tragedy and disappointed by two unsuccessful attempts

to establish an independent republic in his homeland, Bolivar persevered. His burning desire for freedom could not be extinguished, and his subsequent brilliant military victories inspired an entire continent. Likewise, his vision of a united Americas continues to inspire new generations of citizens in every country of this hemisphere.

Bolivar's letter from Jamaica on September 6, 1815, poignantly expressed his dream of a union "with a single bond that unites its parts among themselves and to the whole." With this aim in mind, he convoked the Congress of Panama in 1826, which signalled a decisive step toward the system of cooperation we enjoy today. The Treaty drawn up by that Congress was ratified by only one country, but the idea of forming a coalition of American Republics took root, slowly developed, and finally evolved into a unique and beneficial system of international cooperation.

From the seeds planted by Simon Bolivar, the Organization of American States was born. Bolivar's ideals of Pan Americanism, based on independence, solidarity, sovereignty, as well as the right of all nations to live in peace, find clear expression in the Charter of the Organization of American States.

The debt owed by all Americans to Simon Bolivar is incalculable. Thus, it is fitting that we should pause and reflect upon his great achievements in this bicentennial year of his birth. On this occasion, we in the United States join with our hemispheric friends to remember the great hero whose ideals bind us closer together. Bolivar, more than any other figure in the history of the western hemisphere, understood that, while we are citizens of separate countries, we are members of one family in the new world—we are Americans.

Ante, p. 1500. The Congress of the United States, by Senate Concurrent Resolution 14, has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation designating the period from July 24, 1983 through July 23, 1984, as the bicentennial year of the birth of Simon Bolivar.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate the year beginning July 24, 1983 through July 23, 1984 as the Bicentennial Year of the Birth of Simon Bolivar, hero of the independence of the Americas.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 19th day of July, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5074 of July 19, 1983

Temporary Duty Increases and Quantitative Limitations on the Importation Into the United States of Certain Stainless Steel and Alloy Tool Steel

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

1. Pursuant to section 201(d)(1) of the Trade Act of 1974 (the Trade Act) (19 U.S.C. 2251(d)(1)), the United States International Trade Commission (USITC) on May 6, 1983, reported to the President the results of its Investi-

gation No. TA–201–48 under section 201(b) of the Trade Act (19 U.S.C. 2251(b)). The USITC determined that certain bars; wire rods; and plates, sheets, and strip, not cut, not pressed, and not stamped to nonrectangular shape; all the foregoing of stainless steel or certain alloy tool steel; and round wire of high speed tool steel; provided for in items 606.90, 606.93, 606.94, 606.95, 607.26, 607.28, 607.34, 607.43, 607.46, 607.54, 607.72, 607.76, 607.88, 607.90, 608.26, 608.29, 608.34, 608.43, 608.49, 608.57, 608.64, and 609.45 of the Tariff Schedules of the United States (TSUS) (19 U.S.C. 1202), are being imported into the United States in such increased quantities as to be a substantial cause of serious injury to the domestic industries producing articles like or directly competitive with the imported articles. The USITC recommended the imposition of quantitative restrictions on imports of articles classified in the above TSUS items with exemptions for certain articles which are not produced in the United States or are produced in such small quantities that their exemption would not have an adverse impact on the domestic industry.

2. On July 5, 1983, pursuant to section 202(b)(1) of the Trade Act (19 U.S.C. 2252(b)(1)), and after taking into account the considerations specified in section 202(c) of the Trade Act (19 U.S.C. 2252(c)), I determined to impose additional tariffs and quantitative restrictions, with exemptions for certain articles which are not produced in the United States or are produced in such small quantities that their exemption would not have an adverse impact on the domestic industry. On July 5, 1983, in accordance with section 203(b)(1) of the Trade Act (19 U.S.C. 2253(b)(1)), I transmitted a report to the Congress setting forth my determination and intention to proclaim these additional tariffs and quotas, and stating the reasons why my decision differed from the action recommended by the USITC.

3. Section 203(e)(1) of the Trade Act (19 U.S.C. 2253(e)(1)) requires that import relief be proclaimed and take effect within 15 days after the import relief determination date.

4. Pursuant to sections 203(a)(1), 203(a)(3), and 203(e)(1) of the Trade Act (19 U.S.C. 2253(a)(1), 2253(a)(3), and 2253(e)(1)), I am providing import relief through the temporary imposition of increased tariffs and quantitative restrictions on certain stainless steel and alloy tool steel, as hereinafter proclaimed.

5. In accordance with section 203(d)(2) of the Trade Act (19 U.S.C. 2253(d)(2)), I have determined that the level of import relief hereinafter proclaimed pursuant to section 203(a)(3) of the Trade Act (19 U.S.C. 2253(a)(3)) permits the importation into the United States of a quantity of articles which is not less than the average annual quantity of such articles imported into the United States in the 1972–1982 period, exclusive of 1975 and 1982, which I have determined to be the most recent representative period for imports of such articles.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, acting under the authority vested in me by the Constitution and the statutes of the United States, including sections 203 and 604 of the Trade Act (19 U.S.C. 2253 and 2483), and in accordance with Article XIX of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) (61 Stat. (pt. 5) A58; 8 UST (pt. 2) 1786), do proclaim that—

(1) Part I of Schedule XX of the GATT is modified to conform to the action taken in the Annex to this proclamation. 61 Stat. A1157.

(2) Subpart A, part 2 of the Appendix to the TSUS is modified as set forth in the Annex to this proclamation.

(3) The United States Trade Representative (USTR) is hereby directed to take such actions and perform such functions for the United States as may be necessary to administer and implement the relief set forth in the Annex hereto, including the allocation of quota quantities on a country-by-country basis; to negotiate orderly marketing agreements pursuant to section 203 of the Trade Act (19 U.S.C. 2253); and to modify, pursuant to section 203, the relief set forth in the Annex hereto. In order to carry out said directive, the USTR is hereby authorized to delegate to appropriate officials or agencies of the United States authority to perform any functions necessary for the implementation and administration of said relief. The USTR is hereby authorized to make any changes in the headnote or TSUS items created in the Annex hereto which may be necessary to implement the foregoing authority, such changes to be effective on or after the date of their publication in the **Federal Register** or such other date as may be specified therein.

(4) The President's authority in sections 203(g) (1) and (2) of the Trade Act (19 U.S.C. 2253(g) (1) and (2)) to prescribe regulations providing for the efficient and fair administration of any restriction herein proclaimed or governing the entry or withdrawal from warehouse of articles covered by any orderly marketing agreement negotiated hereunder or of like articles which are the product of countries not parties to any such agreement, has been delegated to the Secretary of the Treasury pursuant to section 5(b) of Executive Order No. 11846, as amended. Such authority shall be exercised by the Secretary of the Treasury, upon direction by the USTR, in consultation with representatives of the member agencies of the Trade Policy Staff Committee.

19 USC 2111 note.

(5) The USTR is directed to conduct an annual review of the necessity for and effectiveness of such relief and recommend to the President any appropriate action under section 203(h)(4) of the Trade Act (19 U.S.C. 2253(h)(4)), and to set up such interagency bodies as may be necessary to monitor the progress toward adjustment of the domestic industry.

(6) The Secretary of the Treasury shall take such actions, not otherwise in contravention of law or in derogation of the authority of the Secretary, as the USTR shall determine are necessary to implement any import relief under this proclamation, or modifications thereof.

(7) This proclamation shall be effective with respect to articles entered, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after July 20, 1983, and before the close of July 19, 1987, unless the period of its effectiveness is earlier expressly modified or terminated.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 19th. day of July, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

ANNEX

Subpart A, part 2 of the Appendix to the Tariff Schedules of the United States (19 U.S.C. 1202) is modified—

(a) by adding in numerical sequence the following new headnote 10:

"10. *Additional duties and quantitative limitations on stainless steel and alloy tool steel.*—The provisions of this headnote apply to items 926.00 through 926.23, inclusive, of this subpart. The duties provided for in items 926.00 and 926.05 and the quantitative limitations set forth in items 926.10 through 926.23, inclusive, are in addition to the duties provided for the subject articles in schedule 6, part 2B, or in item 832.00, part 3A, schedule 8, where applicable.

(a) *Definitions.*—For the purposes of this subpart—

(i) the term *"restraint period"* refers to a 3-month period provided for in the Quota Quantity column for items 926.10 through 926.23, inclusive;

(ii) the terms *"razor blade steel"* and *"chipper knife steel"* are defined as provided in headnotes 2(h)(x) and 2(h)(viii), respectively, of part 2B, schedule 6;

(iii) the term *"band saw steel"* refers to alloy tool steel which contains, in addition to iron, each of the following elements by weight in the amounts specified:

(A) carbon	not less than 0.47 nor more than 0.53 percent;
(B) manganese	not less than 0.60 nor more than 0.90 percent;
(C) sulfur	none, or not more than 0.015 percent;
(D) phosphorus	none, or not more than 0.025 percent;
(E) silicon	not less than 0.10 nor more than 0.25 percent;
(F) chromium	not less than 0.90 nor more than 1.10 percent;
(G) nickel	not less than 0.50 nor more than 0.70 percent;
(H) molybdenum	not less than 0.90 nor more than 1.10 percent; and
(IJ) vanadium	not less than 0.08 percent nor more than 0.15 percent;

(iv) the term *"cladding grade 434 stainless steel sheet"* refers to stainless steel sheet, not under 0.055 inch and not over 0.065 inch in thickness, not under 25.5 inches and not over 26.25 inches in width, containing by weight not more than 0.12 percent carbon; not less than 16 percent nor more than 18 percent chromium; and not less than 0.75 percent nor more than 1.25 pecent molybdenum; certified by the importer of record or the ultimate consignee at the time of entry for use in the manufacture of stainless steel-clad-aluminum automobile trim.

(b) *Shortfall.*—During the last 30-day period of a restraint period, if the United States Trade Representative (USTR) determines that any quota quantity under an item hereof is unlikely to be used during that restraint period, the USTR may, to the extent permitted by law, modify the quota quantity for that item during the remainder of that restraint period to reallocate the shortfall or any portion thereof to the quota quantity of any other item, such modifications to be effective on the date of their publication in the **Federal Register.**

(c) *Carryover.*—Whenever the quota quantity specified for an item has not been entered during any restraint period, the USTR may by **Federal Register** notice authorize the entry during subsequent restraint periods of an amount not to exceed the difference between the quota quantity specified for such restraint period and the amount entered during that period; and such amount shall not be counted against the quota quantity therefor.

(d) *Exceeding restraint levels.*—The USTR may by **Federal Register** notice authorize the restraint levels for any quota quantity to be exceeded by not more than 10 percent during any restraint period. If a quota quantity is exceeded during a restraint period, the USTR shall make a downward adjustment of the corresponding quota quantity for the next restraint period in the absolute amount the preceding restraint level was exceeded.

(e) *Adjustments.*—If any country-by-country allocations of quota quantities are made by the USTR, the USTR may make the necessary adjustments to the appropriate quota quantities.

(f) *United Stated International Trade Commission (USITC) surveys.*—The USITC shall conduct mandatory surveys with respect to the products subject to import relief under each item involved as follows:

(i) *Quarterly.*—Surveys by calendar quarter to obtain from domestic producers monthly data on production, shipments, prices, employment, and man-hours; and to obtain from importers data by calendar quarter on prices, orders, and inventories. The inital surveys shall cover the fourth quarter of 1982 and the first two quarters of 1983; subsequent surveys will cover individual quarters; the last such survey shall cover the quarter which ends not less than 60 days prior to the termination of the import restraints. The USITC shall publish the results of the initial surveys by October 1, 1983 and the results of later surveys within 45 days of the end of the surveyed quarter. Such surveys will be conducted monthly, upon written request of the USTR to the USITC, if the USTR determines that monthly reporting is necessary.

(ii) *Annually.*—Annual surveys to obtain from domestic producers data by calendar quarter on profits, orders, and inventories, and annual data on capital expenditures, capacity, and research and development expenditures. The initial surveys shall cover the fourth quarter of 1982 and calendar year 1982, as appropriate, and calendar year 1983, and the results shall be published by March 31, 1984. The results of subsequent surveys shall be published by March 31 of each year thereafter so long as the import restraints in this subpart are in effect. With each annual survey, the USITC shall also report the production, capacity, and capacity utilization, to the extent the information can be obtained, for each country which is a major supplier of imports, and any projected changes in production, capacity, and capacity utilization for those countries.".

(b) by inserting in numerical sequence the following new provisions:

Item	Articles	Rates of duty				
		1				2
		Effective with respect to articles entered during the period—				
		July 20, 1983, through July 19, 1984	July 20, 1984, through July 19, 1985	July 20, 1985, through July 19, 1986	July 20, 1986, through July 19, 1987	
26.00	Sheets and strip of stainless steel (except razor blade steel, and cladding grade 434 stainless steel sheet) provided for in items 607.76, 607.90, 608.29, 608.43, and 608.57, part 2B, schedule 6, all the foregoing whether or not entitled to duty-free treatment under item 832.00, part 3A, schedule 8	10% ad val.	8% ad val...	6% ad val...	4% ad val...	No change
26.05	Plates of stainless steel provided for in items 607.76 and 607.90, part 2B, schedule 6, all the foregoing whether or not entitled to duty-free treatment under item 832.00, part 3A, schedule 8	8% ad val...	6% ad val...	5% ad val...	4% ad val...	No change

Item	Articles	Quota Quantity (in short tons) Entered during the restraint period—			
		July 20 through October 19	October 20 through January 19	January 20 through April 19	April 20 through July 19
	Whenever the respective aggregate quantity of articles specified below for items 926.10 through 926.23, inclusive, has been entered in any restraint period (whether, for tariff purposes, in schedule 6 or in item 832.00 of schedule 8), no article in such item may be entered during the remainder of such restraint period, except as provided in headnote 10:				
	Bars of stainless steel, provided for in item 606.90, part 2B, schedule 6:				
926.10	If entered during the period from July 20, 1983, through July 19, 1984, inclusive	6,750	6,750	6,750	6,750
926.11	If entered during the period from July 20, 1984, through July 19, 1985, inclusive	6,950	6,950	6,950	6,950
926.12	If entered during the period from July 20, 1985, through July 19, 1986, inclusive	7,150	7,150	7,150	7,150
926.13	If entered during the period from July 20, 1986, through July 19, 1987, inclusive	7,375	7,375	7,375	7,375
	Wire rod of stainless steel, provided for in item 607.26 and 607.43, part 2B, schedule 6:				
926.15	If entered during the period from July 20, 1983, through July 19, 1984, inclusive	4,775	4,775	4,775	4,775
926.16	If entered during the period from July 20, 1984, through July 19, 1985, inclusive	4,925	4,925	4,925	4,925
926.17	If entered during the period from July 20, 1985, through July 19, 1986, inclusive	5,075	5,075	5,075	5,075
926.18	If entered during the period from July 20, 1986, through July 19, 1987, inclusive	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225
	Bars, wire rods, plates, sheets, and strip, all the foregoing of alloy tool steel (except chipper knife steel and band saw steel), provided for in items 606.95, 607.28, 607.34, 607.46, 607.54, 607.72, 607.88, 608.34, 608.49, and 608.64, and round wire of high speed tool steel, provided for in item 609.45, part 2B, schedule 6:				
926.20	If entered during the period from July 20, 1983, through July 19, 1984, inclusive	5,600	5,600	5,600	5,600
926.21	If entered during the period from July 20, 1984, through July 19, 1984, inclusive	5,775	5,775	5,775	5,775
926.22	If entered during the period from July 20, 1985, through July 19, 1986, inclusive	5,950	5,950	5,950	5,950
926.23	If entered during the period from July 20, 1986, through July 19, 1987, inclusive	6,125	6,125	6,125	6,125"

Proclamation 5075 of July 25, 1983

Helsinki Human Rights Day

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

When the Final Act of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe, widely referred to as "Helsinki accords," was concluded in Helsinki on August 1, 1975, thirty-three governments of Eastern and Western Europe, as well as the United States and Canada, committed themselves to "respect human rights and fundamental freedoms, including the freedom of thought, conscience, religion or belief, for all without distinction as to race, sex, language, or religion." The participating governments further committed themselves to foster "freer movement and contacts," improved access to information, and cultural and educational exchanges.

The Helsinki accords are a major achievement in the development of universal standards of international conduct and fundamental human rights. These standards go back to the earliest days of the American Republic. In a letter from Paris written to James Madison in 1787, Thomas Jefferson said that "a bill of rights is what the people are entitled to against every government on earth." The Helsinki accords are, in effect, a bill of rights for all the people of Europe.

The Government of the United States is firmly committed to the full implementation of the human rights and humanitarian provisions of the Helsinki accords. The American people are unalterably dedicated to the preservation and promotion of fundamental human rights throughout the world. The Helsinki accords are a powerful diplomatic instrument to advance the cause of human dignity and liberty.

At the Helsinki follow-up meeting in Madrid, the United States along with other Western countries has pointed out the failures of the Soviet Union and East European states to comply with their obligations under the humanitarian and human rights provisions of the Helsinki accords. The suppression of the trade union *Solidarity* in Poland, the continuing acts of repression directed against the Helsinki monitors, the drastic decrease in the level of emigration from the Soviet Union, and the harassment and persecution throughout the Soviet Union and Eastern Europe of citizens attempting to express their religious and political freedoms flagrantly denies the principles of Helsinki agreed to by the respective governments. These repressive actions not only threaten the achievement of genuine security and cooperation in Europe, but have a chilling effect on the human spirit of the brave peoples enduring this tyranny.

Ante, p. 294.

The Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 96, has designated August 1, 1983 as "Helsinki Human Rights Day" and has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation in observance of that day. On this occasion, Americans are afforded the opportunity to reaffirm their commitment to the human rights principles embodied in the Final Act of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe and to demonstrate their solidarity with the peoples of the Soviet Union and Eastern Europe, whose basic human rights are being violated by their governments on a continuing and regular basis.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 25th day of July, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5076 of July 26, 1983

FBI Day, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

"Fidelity, Bravery, Integrity." As the motto of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, these words serve as a reminder of the vital part this institution plays in maintaining order and justice in our free society. From its inception under President Theodore Roosevelt to the present, the FBI has worked diligently to enforce our laws, ensure the Nation's security, and further the pursuit of justice across our land. Under the strong and dedicated leadership of its Directors, the FBI has been shaped into the modern, efficient, and highly regarded crime-fighting agency it is today.

During the past three-quarters of a century, the FBI has fought against gangsters, foiled Axis-inspired espionage and sabotage, dealt serious blows to organized crime, worked to stem racial violence, and undertook the responsibility of safeguarding America against threats of hostile intelligence agents and efforts to subvert our form of government. Beyond this, today's FBI is not only preeminent in scientific investigative support, but has demonstrated great vision and distinction in the performance of its duties and the training of its Special Agents.

In a world tested by terrorism and turmoil, the FBI faces new, complex, and difficult challenges. In dealing with these problems, the Nation can be confident that the agency will continue to protect the rights of our citizens while vigorously addressing the ravages of crime.

By designating July 26, 1983, as FBI Day, we mark the seventy-fifth anniversary of the creation of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. In celebrating this event, law enforcement agencies throughout the Nation join the American people in expressing their debt of gratitude to the men and women who have made the FBI the world's foremost criminal investigative organization. This major milestone provides an opportunity for all our citizens to join in honoring those whose dedicated efforts have made the FBI a formidable foe of criminals and a stalwart defender of America's freedom and security.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate July 26, 1983, as FBI Day.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 26th day of July, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Editorial Note: For the President's remarks of July 26, 1983, on signing Proclamation 5076, see the *Weekly Compilation of Presidential Documents* (vol. 19, p. 1045).

Proclamation 5077 of July 27, 1983

National Animal Agriculture Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Foods from animal origin supply 70 percent of the protein, 35 percent of the energy, 80 percent of the calcium, 60 percent of the phosphorous, and im-

portant quantities of the "B" vitamins and trace minerals in the average American's diet. The application of scientific methods has markedly improved the efficiency of meat production in recent years and enhanced the desirability of these foods to consumers.

During July 1983, the American Society of Animal Science is celebrating its seventy-fifth anniversary. Its 7,500 members provide research, extension and educational services to all segments of animal agriculture in both the United States and other countries.

In recognition of the great progress which has been made in the past seventy-five years in applying scientific principles to animal agriculture production and the role of animal products in our daily life, the Congress of the United States, by Senate Joint Resolution 77, has authorized and requested the President to designate the week of July 24 to July 31, 1983, as "National Animal Agriculture Week."

Ante, p. 297.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate the week beginning July 24, 1983, as National Animal Agriculture Week. I call upon the people of the United States and interested organizations to mark this week with appropriate observances to honor the contributions made by animal agriculture production to our economy.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 27th day of July, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5078 of July 29, 1983

National Paralyzed Veterans Recognition Day, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

The people of this great Nation owe a tremendous debt of gratitude to the brave men and women of our Armed Forces who have fought to preserve America's freedom and independence. National Paralyzed Veterans Recognition Day offers us an opportunity to express our appreciation to a very special group of our veterans—those who suffer the disability of paralysis.

On this day of tribute to these dedicated citizens, we honor them for the great sacrifice they made for their country, and praise them for the courage, determination, and perseverance they demonstrate daily in facing the difficult challenges of their disabilities. The strong will and spirit which they exhibit in overcoming the limitations of their paralysis serve as an inspiring display of the American drive to achieve, build, and advance which has kept this country strong for the past two centuries. Each of us is heartened by the knowledge that this Nation's paralyzed veterans lead active, productive lives which enrich us all. It is indeed appropriate that we set aside a special day upon which to thank them for their past and continuing contributions to this country.

In recognition of the sacrifices and contributions that these veterans have made and the service rendered by the many veterans who later suffered paralysis from nonservice related causes, the Congress of the United States,

by House Joint Resolution 258, has designated August 3, 1983, as "National Paralyzed Veterans Recognition Day," and has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation in observance of that day. *Ante*, p. 300.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim August 3, 1983, as National Paralyzed Veterans Recognition Day. I call upon the people of the United States and interested organizations to mark this day with appropriate observances to honor the sacrifices and service of paralyzed veterans.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 29th day of July, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5079 of August 4, 1983

Women's Equality Day, 1983

By the President of the United States of America

A Proclamation

The 19th Amendment to the Constitution, which gave women the right to vote, became law sixty-three years ago on August 26, 1920. USC prec. title 1.

Since that important milestone in the history of the United States, women have used the ballot just as they have always used their energies and talents—to affect and improve our national life.

When the great philosopher and historian Alexis DeToqueville visited America, he took a long look at our way of life and wrote, "If I were asked . . . . to what the singular prosperity and growing strength of that people ought mainly to be attributed, I should reply: To the superiority of their women."

Women have every reason to be proud of their contributions to every aspect of our society—science, space, government, business, medicine, education, health, and the family. And their contributions are growing.

We continue, as a Nation, to pursue equal opportunity and rights for all of our citizens, granting each person the chance to reach his or her goals.

On this occasion, it is appropriate that we recognize the accomplishments of the women of America and renew our efforts to ensure equal opportunity for all people in this great land.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim August 26, 1983, as Women's Equality Day. I call upon all Americans and interested organizations to mark this occasion with appropriate observances.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 4th day of August, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5080 of August 5, 1983

National Child Support Enforcement Month, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

More than 15 million children are living in families where the father is absent, and nearly one-third of those are living in poverty. More than half the families who should receive court-ordered child support do not receive full payment, thus depriving children of billions of dollars in support each year. In some cases, these unfortunate children are left without the necessities of life.

The American people willingly extend help to children in need, including those whose parents are failing to meet their responsibilities. However, it is our obligation to make every effort to place the financial responsibility where it rightly belongs—on the parent who has been legally ordered to support his child.

For several years, the Federal government has worked with the States to recover child support payments from non-custodial parents. Collections for these children have improved dramatically in recent years, enabling thousands of families to leave the public assistance rolls. Nonetheless, we must work even harder to ensure that all American children are provided the financial support they deserve and to support enforcement personnel, judicial officials, and the legal community in alleviating this problem.

Ante, p. 399.

The Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 56, has designated the month of August 1983 as National Child Support Enforcement Month and has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation in observance of that month.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the month of August 1983 as National Child Support Enforcement Month, and I call upon all government agencies and the people of the United States to observe the month with appropriate programs, ceremonies, and activities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 5th day of August, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Editorial Note: For the President's remarks of Aug. 5, 1983, on signing Proclamation 5080, see the *Weekly Compilation of Presidential Documents* (vol. 19, p. 1094).

Proclamation 5081 of August 8, 1983

Child Health Day, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

More than anything else, we seek the blessing of good health for our chil-

dren. We hope for the sound minds in sound bodies that lead to lives of strength and achievement.

Through the resources of a health care system second to none, this Nation strives to protect all of our children from preventable diseases, to encourage behavior that fosters good health, and to treat their episodic illnesses.

Unfortunately, some children are burdened with disabilities and chronic illnesses and need long-term healing and care. Their ability to thrive and to contribute to society depends on their receiving the kinds of treatment and health care that are available in this country as in few other places on earth.

Our task on this Child Health Day, 1983, is to fuse our efforts as parents, volunteers, health professionals, and educators to help all children—particularly those with special health needs—take advantage of opportunities that enable them to heal, to grow, and to achieve everything of which they are capable.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, pursuant to a joint resolution of May 18, 1928, as amended (36 U.S.C. 143), do hereby proclaim Monday, October 3, 1983, as Child Health Day, 1983.

I urge all Americans to join me in encouraging good health habits and attitudes in our children and invite all citizens and all agencies and organizations interested in child welfare to unite on Child Health Day with appropriate observances and activities directed toward establishing such practices in the youth of our country.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 8th day of Aug., in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5082 of August 11, 1983

200th Anniversary of the Signing of the Treaty of Paris

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

On September 3, 1983, we celebrate the 200th anniversary of the signing of the Treaty of Paris, which brought our War of Independence from Great Britain to a successful and formal conclusion.

When our Founding Fathers boldly declared our independence in 1776, our fledgling Nation began a seven-year struggle for its freedom and survival; at no other time in our history has our security and existence been so severely threatened. Yet we emerged from the Revolutionary War a united and sovereign Nation.

In the Treaty of Paris, Britain formally acknowledged the independence of the United States of America. This "American Birth Certificate" inaugurated an era of peace for the new Nation which led to the adoption of the Constitution of the United States of America on September 17, 1787.

It is only fitting that this Treaty was signed in Paris, the capital of our oldest ally, thereby recognizing the extraordinary role France played in se-

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curing the independence of the United States in fulfillment of the obligations it assumed in the Franco-American Alliance of 1778.

The American Peace Commissioners who negotiated the Treaty—John Adams, Benjamin Franklin, and John Jay—carried to Paris the aspirations of a peaceful Nation willing and able to defend its sovereignty. The brave Americans who fought for our Nation's independence ensured that Adams, Franklin, and Jay could negotiate from a position of strength to achieve an agreement with just and equitable provisions. Their efforts gained respect for the United States among nations of Europe and the world—an achievement considered the greatest triumph in the history of American diplomacy.

The Treaty of Paris was the first step toward an alliance with Great Britain which has grown stronger through two centuries to become one of our most important alliance relationships. Political, cultural, economic, and defense ties between our two nations are firm and lasting. The solidarity we and all our allies demonstrated at the recent Williamsburg Summit is the heritage of the Treaty of Paris and confirms again our Nation's willingness to pursue peaceful relations and our desire to befriend those others who share our commitment to democracy and liberty.

Ante, p. 409.

In tribute to the remarkable accomplishments of the Treaty of Paris, the Congress of the United States, by House Joint Resolution 321, has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation which would designate September 3, 1983, as a day of national celebration of this monumental document.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate September 3, 1983, as a day to celebrate the signing of the Treaty of Paris, and I invite the people of this Nation to observe that day with appropriate ceremonies to honor the spirit of peace and liberty which the Treaty represents.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this eleventh day of August, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5083 of August 11, 1983

Minority Enterprise Development Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America

A Proclamation

The entrepreneurial spirit underlies our free enterprise system and is one of the principal sources of America's strength.

Ownership of one's own business is an aspiration held by many Americans. Minority Americans share fully in this aspiration. The success of minority business enterprise demonstrates that hard work and individual determination can serve as a powerful engine for social mobility and economic progress.

As a Nation, we are indebted to minority entrepreneurs for their contributions to our economic well-being. They bring innovative products and serv-

ices to the marketplace, create jobs, and provide training to thousands of workers.

Our challenge today is to enhance the ability of minority Americans to participate more fully in the market economy and to achieve greater economic independence.

In my December 17, 1982, statement, I promised to designate the first full week in October each year to honor the many valuable contributions minority businessmen and businesswomen make to our society.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week of October 2 through October 8, 1983, as Minority Enterprise Development Week, and I call upon all Americans to join together with minority business enterprises across the country in appropriate observances.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 11th day of August, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5084 of August 25, 1983

National Hispanic Heritage Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America

A Proclamation

National Hispanic Heritage Week pays tribute to a rich part of America's cultural tradition, offering all Americans a welcome opportunity to recognize the qualities and contributions of Hispanic Americans from earliest colonial times to the present. The dedication to principles of loyalty, patriotism, strong religious faith and devotion to family displayed by Hispanic Americans is basic to the American way of life.

Hispanic Americans have played an important role in the development of our rich cultural heritage and every State has benefitted from their influence. They have distinguished themselves in the arts and sciences, education, industry, government and many other areas of productive endeavor. Indeed, they are a part of all that makes America great.

Just as their forefathers sought a dream in the New World, Hispanic Americans have realized their dreams in our great Nation and will continue to do so. Their dedication to higher purposes reflects what is best in the American spirit.

Through the years, Hispanic American citizens have risen to the call of duty in defense of liberty and freedom. Their bravery is well-known and has been demonstrated time and again, dating back to the aid rendered by General Bernardo de Galvez during the American Revolution.

In recognition of the many achievements of the Hispanic American Community, the Congress, by joint resolution approved September 17, 1968 (82 Stat. 848), authorized and requested the President to issue annually a proclama- 36 USC 169f.

tion designating the week which includes September 15 and 16 as National Hispanic Heritage Week.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week beginning September 11, 1983, as National Hispanic Heritage Week in honor of the Hispanic peoples who have enriched our daily lives, our traditions and our national strength. In this spirit, I ask all of our citizens to reflect on the sense of brotherhood that binds us together as one people.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 25th day of Aug., in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5085 of August 29, 1983

Citizenship Day and Constitution Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America

A Proclamation

There can be no more precious possession than United States citizenship. As the Columbus, Ohio, *Dispatch* so fittingly stated many years ago:

"In the darkness that has settled over so much of the world and which shadows the existence of men in places where individual liberty still struggles to live, the United States of America has become the source of hope and aid to the millions of oppressed who once knew freedom and the hated enemy of the overlords of darkness who would destroy it wherever they can."

USC prec. title 1.

The Constitution provides a framework for our continuous striving to make a better America. It provides the basic balance between each branch of government, limits the power of that government, and guarantees to each of us as citizens our most basic rights. The Constitution, however, is only the outline of our system of government. It is through each individual citizen living out the ideals of the Constitution that we reach for a full expression of those ideals. Therefore, while we celebrate Citizenship Day and Constitution Week, let us rededicate ourselves to a full realization of the potential of the great country which the Founding Fathers struggled to create more than two hundred years ago.

Not only during this week, but throughout the year, we should continue to seek that "more perfect union" which will establish justice and insure domestic tranquility for each of us and our future generations through the Constitution.

In recognition of the importance of our Constitution and the role of our citizenry in shaping our government, the Congress, by joint resolution of February 29, 1952 (36 U.S.C. 153), designated September 17th of each year as Citizenship Day and authorized the President to issue annually a proclamation calling upon officials of the government to display the flag on all government buildings on that day. The Congress also, by joint resolution of August 2, 1956 (36 U.S.C. 159), requested the President to proclaim the week beginning September 17th and ending September 23rd of each year as Constitution Week.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, call upon appropriate government officials to display the flag of the United States on all government buildings on Citizenship Day, September 17, 1983. I urge Federal, State and local officials, as well as leaders of civic, educational, and religious organizations to conduct ceremonies and programs that day to commemorate the occasion.

I also proclaim the week beginning September 17th and ending September 23rd, 1983 as Constitution Week, and I urge all Americans to observe that week with appropriate ceremonies and activities in their schools, churches and other suitable places.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this twenty-ninth day of August, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5086 of September 1, 1983

Death of American Citizens on Board Korean Airlines Flight

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

As a mark of respect for the American citizens and all those who died violently on board the Korean Airlines flight which was ruthlessly shot down by Soviet fighters between Sakhalin and Monoron Islands on September 1, 1983, I hereby order, by virtue of the authority vested in me as President of the United States of America, that the flag of the United States shall be flown at half-staff upon all public buildings and grounds, at all military posts and naval stations, and on all naval vessels of the Federal Government in the District of Columbia and throughout the United States and its Territories and possessions through Sunday, September 4, 1983. I also direct that the flag shall be flown at half-staff for the same length of time at all United States embassies, legations, consular offices, and other facilities abroad, including all military facilities and naval vessels and stations.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this first day of September, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5087 of September 6, 1983

Fire Prevention Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

This great Nation of ours, the richest and most technologically advanced in the world, continues to lead all major industrialized countries in per capita deaths and property loss from fire.

Each year thousands of American lives are lost, billions of dollars in property are needlessly destroyed, and thousands of persons are permanently disfigured or disabled by burn injuries from preventable fires.

Obviously, we must continue to address fire prevention as a national priority, and I strongly urge each citizen to make a personal commitment to aid in the reduction of this senseless and tragic waste of precious lives, property, and natural resources from fire. Through a concentrated effort our Nation can substantially reduce the human suffering and economic losses from fire.

Since most deaths and injuries from fire occur in the home, it is essential that families install and maintain smoke detectors to provide early warning should a fire occur. In addition, each family should establish and practice home fire escape plans. Commercial enterprises and State and local governments should consider installation of fast-response sprinklers to protect lives in residences, hotels, motels, and nursing homes.

An indispensable ingredient of fire prevention is our professional firefighter. Firefighting is one of our most hazardous occupations. We are indebted to the brave men and women who serve communities across the Nation so bravely—often at the risk of their own safety and sometimes at the cost of their own lives.

We must also applaud the efforts of our fire chiefs, the National Fire Protection Association, the Fire Marshals Association of North America, the International Association of Fire Chiefs, the International Association of Firefighters, the National Volunteer Fire Council, the International Society of Fire Service Instructors, the Joint Council of National Fire Service Organizations, the National Safety Council, and others for their work to reduce fire losses. These dedicated men and women need and merit our assistance and support.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate the week of October 9 through 15, 1983, as Fire Prevention Week, 1983.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 6th day of Sept., in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5088 of September 6, 1983

National School Lunch Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America

A Proclamation

The National School Lunch Program—now in its 37th year—operates to provide nutritious and well-balanced meals to many young people of our country. The school lunch program is an outstanding example of the partnership between the Federal government and State and local governments to make available the food, funds, and technical support that insures continued nutritional assistance for school students.

The youth of America are our greatest resource. The school lunch program demonstrates the awareness, concern, and willingness to work together that we all share in promoting the health and well-being of our students.

Over 23 million lunches are served daily in some 90,000 schools throughout the country. This effort is being conducted by resourceful and creative food service managers and staff in cooperation with government, parents, teachers, and civic groups.

By joint resolution approved October 9, 1962, the Congress designated the week beginning on the second Sunday of October in each year as National School Lunch Week and requested the President to issue annually a proclamation calling for the observance of that week. 36 USC 163.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby urge the people of the United States to observe the week of October 9, 1983, as National School Lunch Week and to give special and deserved recognition to those people at the State and local level who, through their innovative efforts, have made it possible to have a successful school lunch program.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 6th day of Sept., in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5089 of September 6, 1983

Columbus Day, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

It is fitting that Americans honor those individuals who have altered the course of history in this country by exhibiting great moral character and courage—men and women who have contributed to the development of personal liberties we enjoy today. Thus, it is especially appropriate that I urge all Americans to honor one of those individuals, Christopher Columbus.

Columbus was a bold and adventurous navigator who left Europe in 1492 in search of new lands and first recorded the sighting of the North American continent. In this sense he personifies the courage and vision so many explorers exhibited during this period. Yet he is more than this. He represents a spirit, the spirit of the Renaissance which contributed to the development of America. Along with Galileo, Copernicus, and others, Columbus symbolizes a quest for knowledge, a willingness and fortitude to go beyond what is accepted as truth in the name of progress. Columbus did not fall off the face of the earth; rather, through daring, risk, and innovation, he discovered new horizons.

Since Columbus discovered America, numerous families have exhibited that same courage and fortitude in setting sail across the seas to become American citizens. By taking that step into the new and unknown, those same families created an opportunity to realize increased prosperity and greater freedom here in these United States. The accomplishments and contributions of Christopher Columbus provide an example of the rewards that can come from taking initiatives. Today Americans have the opportunity and freedom to make accomplishments and contributions of their own and to enjoy the feelings of accomplishment which follow.

Of course Columbus Day is a day of special importance to Americans of Italian heritage. It is a day when all Americans should join in recognizing

the great contributions of Italian-Americans to this country's cultural, scientific, athletic and commercial achievements, and religious vitality.

In tribute to the achievement of Columbus, the Congress of the United States, by joint resolution approved April 30, 1934 (48 Stat. 657), as modified by the Act of June 28, 1968 (82 Stat. 250), has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation designating the second Monday in October of each year as Columbus Day.

36 USC 146.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate Monday, October 10, 1983, as Columbus Day. I invite the people of this Nation to observe that day in schools, churches and other suitable places with appropriate ceremonies in honor of this great explorer. I also direct that the flag of the United States be displayed on all public buildings on the appointed day in memory of Christopher Columbus.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 6th. day of Sept., in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5090 of September 6, 1983

General Pulaski Memorial Day, 1983

By the President of the United States of America

A Proclamation

On October 11, 1779, the Polish and American patriot Casimir Pulaski was mortally wounded while leading his troops in battle at Savannah, Georgia. Pulaski died fighting in our American Revolution so that we could live as a free and independent Nation.

It is fitting that we should pay tribute to this martyr for freedom and that free men and women everywhere should take this occasion to rededicate themselves to the principles for which Pulaski gave his life. The power of the ideal of freedom remains vital, both in Pulaski's homeland and in his adopted country. In paying tribute to Casimir Pulaski, we pay tribute as well to all those Poles who have sacrificed themselves over the years for their common goal: the freedom of that heroic nation.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, in recognition of the supreme sacrifice General Pulaski made for his adopted country, do hereby designate October 11, 1983, as General Pulaski Memorial Day, and I direct the appropriate Government officials to display the flag of the United States on all Government buildings on that day.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 6th day of Sept., in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5091 of September 6, 1983

White Cane Safety Day, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

One of the great blessings of life is to be able to move at will from place to place unhampered by fear for one's personal safety. For those who are blind, the white cane helps to make such freedom of movement possible. It enables the blind to use our streets and public facilities with maximum safety and thereby know the joys of self-reliance and independence and experience a more fulfilling life.

All Americans should be aware of the significance of the white cane and extend every courtesy and consideration to the men and women who carry it. In this way, we respect the privacy of the visually disabled and contribute to enlarging their mobility and independence.

In recognition of the significance of the white cane, the Congress, by a joint resolution approved October 6, 1964 (78 Stat. 1003), has authorized and requested the President to proclaim October 15 of each year as White Cane Safety Day. 36 USC 169d.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim October 15, 1983, as White Cane Safety Day. I urge all Americans to mark this occasion by giving greater consideration to the special needs of the visually disabled, and, particularly, to observe White Cane Safety Day with activities that contribute to maximum independent use of our streets and public facilities by our visually handicapped.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 6th day of Sept., in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5092 of September 6, 1983

National Forest Products Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Throughout our history, our Nation's abundant forests have served us in so many vital respects that we sometimes forget this extraordinary renewable natural resource. The growing and harvesting of trees, and the work force that turns them into useful products, make a valuable contribution to the Nation's economic well-being, and to providing homes for our people.

Familiar and useful items ranging from furniture to grocery bags to turpentine were once parts of trees in the forest. Our forest lands also provide water for homes, agriculture, and industry and pastures for grazing animals. Our forests serve us in many other ways. They provide a home for wildlife and are a source of recreational activities ranging from driving through and enjoying the scenery, to mountain climbing and backpacking in our numerous parks and wilderness areas.

We recognize that maintaining a healthy environment and a healthy economy are essential and complementary goals. We can be proud of our success and commitment to effective forest management, which strikes a vital balance between preservation and development of our forests. Through wise and sensitive management, we will maintain this vitally important part of our Nation's heritage, so those who follow will inherit forests that are even more useful and productive.

To promote greater awareness and appreciation for our forest resources, the Congress, by Public Law 86–753, 36 U.S.C. 163, has designated the week beginning on the third Sunday in October as National Forest Products Week.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week beginning on October 16, 1983, as National Forest Products Week and request that all Americans express their appreciation for the Nation's forests through suitable activities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 6th day of Sept., in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5093 of September 9, 1983

National Day of Mourning Sunday, September 11, 1983

By the President of the United States of America

A Proclamation

To the People of the United States:

September 1, 1983, will be seared in the minds of civilized people everywhere as the night of the Korean Air Lines Massacre. Two hundred sixty-nine innocent men, women and children, from 13 different countries, who were flying aboard KAL flight 007, were stalked, then shot out of the air and sent crashing to their deaths by a missile aimed and fired by the Soviet Union.

Good and decent people everywhere are filled with revulsion by this despicable deed, and by the refusal of the guilty to tell the truth. This was a crime against humanity that must never be forgotten, here or throughout the world.

We open our hearts in prayer to the victims and their families. We earnestly beseech Almighty God to minister to them in their trial of grief, sorrow, and pain.

In their memory, we ask all people who cherish individual rights, and who believe each human life is sacred, to come together in a shared spirit of wisdom, unity, courage, and love, so the world can prevent such an inhuman act from ever happening again.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, in tribute to the memory of the slain passengers of Korean Air Lines flight 007, and as an expression of public sorrow, do hereby appoint Sunday, September 11, 1983, to be a National Day of Mourning throughout the United States. I recommend that the people assemble on that day in

their respective places of worship, there to pay homage to the memory of those who died. I invite the people of the world who share our grief to join us in this solemn observance.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this ninth day of September, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5094 of September 14, 1983

Youth of America Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

More than 50 million American youth are included in the Nation's general population. These young citizens play major roles in our society as they mature into adulthood. They make important contributions to our country by pursuing their educations, working in the economy, upholding the law, and joining the military services.

Our young Americans have every reason to be proud of their contributions to the American way of life. They can look forward to doing more as they complete their educations and move into positions in science, space, education, medicine, business, labor, government, military service, and other fields. The future of America depends on the preparation and dedication of our younger citizens, because one day, it will be their responsibility to ensure the security of our Nation, both at home and abroad. They must be given every opportunity to achieve their goals as they pass through adolescence to full maturity.

Among the American youth population are many in special need. The Federal government works actively with State and local governments and the private sector in important programs responding to the needs of runaway and homeless youth, unemployed youth, and to those who experience physical, emotional, and social handicaps.

To assure our Nation's youth of our commitment to share our knowledge, experience, and wisdom, which will help nurture in them democratic principles, and the development of strong moral and spiritual values so vital to the survival and future betterment of America, the Congress of the United States, by Senate Joint Resolution 116, has designated the week of September 4 through September 10, 1983, as "Youth of America Week" and has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation in observance of that week. *Ante*, p. 490.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week beginning September 4, 1983 as Youth of America Week.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this fourteenth day of September, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5095 of September 15, 1983

National Respiratory Therapy Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Chronic lung diseases constitute an important health problem in the United States. They afflict nearly 18 million Americans and cause nearly 70,000 deaths each year, many of which are the direct result of cigarette smoking. Thousands of other persons annually suffer some degree of permanent disability as a result of these disorders. The economic cost of these diseases has been estimated to exceed $16 billion annually.

For some of these diseases the cause is unknown, and for many there is no cure. The timely initiation of appropriate therapy, however, can usually slow their progress, relieve their symptoms, reduce the extent of permanent lung damage and respiratory disability, and avert or delay the onset of life-threatening complications. Although the lung damage already caused by these diseases cannot be undone, respiratory therapy may help preserve lung function that might otherwise be irretrievably lost and can also help the patient make the most effective use of that which remains.

Respiratory therapy may take many forms, including drugs to dilate open air passages or protect against respiratory infections; respiratory-assistance techniques to maintain adequate blood oxygen levels; and exercise programs to improve the efficiency of breathing and condition respiratory muscles to bear the increased burden imposed on them. Kicking the smoking habit is also important to all respiratory therapy.

In recognition that chronic lung diseases are an important cause of death, ill health, and disability and that respiratory therapy can do much to lessen their effects, the Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 67, has authorized and requested the President to proclaim the week of September 25, 1983, through October 1, 1983, as "National Respiratory Therapy Week."

Ante, p. 400.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week of September 25 through October 1, 1983, as National Respiratory Therapy Week. I call upon all interested organizations and persons to utilize this opportunity to focus public attention on the national health problem posed by chronic lung diseases and to reaffirm our commitment to bring these diseases under effective control.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 15th day of September, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5096 of September 15, 1983

National Housing Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

The provision of a home and a suitable living environment for every American family continues to be a national housing goal. Homeownership and

decent housing instill pride in our citizens and contribute to the vitality of communities throughout America.

The resurgence of America's housing industry is both a contribution to and a result of our Nation's economic recovery. The substantial increase in housing starts in 1983, by restoring and creating thousands of jobs in housing and related industries, has been a major factor in the reduction of unemployment.

In recognition of our Nation's commitment to housing and homeownership and the role that housing plays in economic recovery, the Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 98, has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation designating the week of October 2 through October 9, 1983, as "National Housing Week." *Ante*, p. 489.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week beginning October 2, 1983, as National Housing Week, and call upon the people of the United States and interested groups and organizations to observe this week with appropriate activities and events.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this fifteenth day of September, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5097 of September 15, 1983

Leif Erikson Day, 1983

By the President of the United States of America

A Proclamation

In the grand tradition of the Nordic seafarers, Leif Erikson's courageous adventures in the North Atlantic represent an enduring symbol of man's resourceful response to the challenge of exploration and discovery. Medieval sagas describe supplies of timber and wild grapes which he brought back to Greenland from North America. His exploits offer inspiration for our continuing efforts to conquer fear of the unknown and explore new worlds.

Erikson, who was charged by King Olaf I to spread religion among settlers in Greenland, also embodies the tradition of Nordic enrichment of the wider western world. That tradition has been memorably dramatized for Americans during the past year by the *Scandinavia Today* program across this country. This splendid program has given people in all parts of the United States an admiring new appreciation of the rich cultural and intellectual heritage brought to this country by Nordic immigrants and the vitality of contemporary life in the Nordic countries.

As a mark of respect for the courage of Leif Erikson and the valuable continuing contribution which the Nordic people have made to life in the United States, the Congress of the United States, by joint resolution approved September 2, 1964 (78 Stat. 849, 36 U.S.C. 169c), authorized the President to proclaim October 9 in each year as Leif Erikson Day.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim Sunday, October 9, 1983 as Leif Erikson

Day. I direct the appropriate Government officials to display the flag of the United States on all Government buildings that day. I also invite the people of the United States to honor the memory of Leif Erikson on that day by holding appropriate exercises and ceremonies in suitable places throughout the land.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 15th day of Sept., in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5098 of September 15, 1983

Thanksgiving Day, 1983

By the President of the United States of America

A Proclamation

Since the Pilgrims observed the initial Thanksgiving holiday in 1621, this occasion has served as a singular expression of the transcending spiritual values that played an instrumental part in the founding of our country.

One hundred and twenty years ago, in the midst of a great and terrible civil conflict, President Lincoln formally proclaimed a national day of Thanksgiving to remind those "insensible to the ever watchful providence of Almighty God" of this Nation's bounty and greatness. Several days after the dedication of the Gettysburg battlefield, the United States celebrated its first national Thanksgiving. Every year since then, our Nation has faithfully continued this tradition. The time has come once again to proclaim a day of thanksgiving, an occasion for Americans to express gratitude to their God and their country.

In his remarks at Gettysburg, President Lincoln referred to ours as a Nation "under God." We rejoice in the fact that, while we have maintained separate institutions of church and state over our 200 years of freedom, we have at the same time preserved reverence for spiritual beliefs. Although we are a pluralistic society, the giving of thanks can be a true bond of unity among our people. We can unite in gratitude for our individual freedoms and individual faiths. We can be united in gratitude for our Nation's peace and prosperity when so many in this world have neither.

As was written in the first Thanksgiving Proclamation 120 years ago, "No human counsel hath devised nor hath any mortal hand worked out these great things. They are the gracious gifts of the Most High God." God has blessed America and her people, and it is appropriate we recognize this bounty.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, in the spirit of the Pilgrims, President Lincoln, and all succeeding Presidents, do hereby proclaim Thursday, November 24, 1983, as a National Day of Thanksgiving, and I call upon Americans to affirm this day of thanks by their prayers and their gratitude for the many blessings upon this land and its people.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 15th day of

Sept., in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Editorial Note: According to a note appearing on page 1441 of volume 19 of the *Weekly Compilation of Presidential Documents*, the Office of the Press Secretary states that the word "first" should be deleted from the text where it appears in the second and fourth paragraphs of Proclamation 5098.

Proclamation 5099 of September 19, 1983

National Historically Black Colleges Day, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

The one hundred and three historically black colleges and universities in the United States have contributed substantially to the growth and enrichment of the Nation. These institutions have a rich heritage and tradition of providing the challenging higher education so essential to an individual's full participation in our complex technological society.

Historically black colleges and universities bestow forty percent of all degrees earned by black students. They have awarded degrees to eighty-five percent of the country's black lawyers and doctors and fifty percent of its black business executives. Throughout the years, these institutions have helped many underprivileged students to attain their full potential through higher education.

In recognition of the fact that the achievements and goals of these historically black colleges and universities deserve national attention, the Congress of the United States, by Senate Joint Resolution 85, has designated and requested the President to proclaim September 26, 1983, as National Historically Black Colleges Day. *Ante*, p. 488.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim September 26, 1983, as National Historically Black Colleges Day. I ask all Americans to observe this day with appropriate ceremonies and activities to express our respect and appreciation for the outstanding academic and social accomplishments of the Nation's black institutions of higher learning.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 19th day of September, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5100 of September 19, 1983

Veterans Day, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

None among us deserve more respect than the millions of patriotic men and

women who have worn our Nation's uniform to preserve America's freedom and world peace.

Our Armed Forces veterans have earned a special day in which you and I may focus on their heroic accomplishments. For their unselfish devotion to duty, Congress established Veterans Day as a national expression of gratitude. On this historic occasion, our hearts and minds should be with our living veterans and their deceased comrades who have contributed so much to the defense of our country's ideals.

From Valley Forge when our Nation was in its infancy, to the Vietnam conflict where our men and women in uniform served and died for the human rights of others, through war and peace, these valiant citizens have answered the call to service with honor and dignity. They are indeed worthy of a formal tribute from a grateful Nation. Special consideration is due to those veterans who are sick and disabled. There is no better tangible expression of our affection than by remembering to visit them at home or in our hospitals.

In order that we pay meaningful tribute to those men and women who proudly served in our Armed Forces, Congress has provided (5 U.S.C. 6103(a)) that November 11 shall be set aside each year as a legal public holiday to honor America's veterans.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim Friday, November 11, 1983, as Veterans Day. In recognition of their valor, I urge all Americans to join with me in a fitting salute to our veterans, and I call upon Federal, State, and local government officials as well as private citizens to mark Veterans Day by displaying the flag of the United States, and I ask those Government officials to support fully and personally its observance by appropriate ceremonies throughout the country.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 19th day of Sept., in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5101 of September 20, 1983

National Cystic Fibrosis Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Cystic fibrosis is one of the most common fatal genetic diseases among children in the United States. In spite of its prevalence, however, the disease remains a mystery in many ways. Its underlying cause is elusive, as is a method for identifying carriers who have no symptoms. Even in victims of cystic fibrosis, the disease manifests itself in many different ways, often masquerading as other conditions, and thus confounds diagnosis.

Through the combined efforts of the Federal government's National Institutes of Health, private voluntary agencies, and researchers at medical centers and universities across the country, we are making inroads toward explaining the mysteries of cystic fibrosis. While the disease once was almost invariably fatal in infancy and early childhood, innovations in diagnosis and treatment over the past 20 years have virtually doubled the average

age of survival of its victims. For example, half of the children born with cystic fibrosis can now expect to live to age 21.

But this good news brings with it new hurdles. While people with cystic fibrosis are embarking on careers and assuming societal responsibilities to a greater extent than ever before, they do so in the shadow of a disease that remains progressively debilitating.

Therefore, the challenge remains to identify the cause of this disease and ultimately, we hope, to prevent it. Scientists are uncovering in greater and greater detail the metabolic defects involved in cystic fibrosis. By focusing on the unique physiology of people with the disease, researchers are getting closer to being able to identify its cause. In this effort, public awareness of the hallmarks and treatment of cystic fibrosis and of the importance of continuing scientific research are critical.

To enhance the public's awareness of this disease, the Congress of the United States, by Senate Joint Resolution 131, has designated the week of September 18 through September 24, 1983 as "National Cystic Fibrosis Week" and has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation in observance of that week. *Ante*, p. 613.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week beginning September 18, 1983, as National Cystic Fibrosis Week, and I call upon the people of the United States to observe that week by focusing attention on cystic fibrosis and the continuing efforts to clarify the causes of the disease and improve the treatment of its victims.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 20th day of September, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5102 of September 21, 1983

National Sickle-Cell Anemia Awareness Month, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Sickle-cell disease affects the health of some 50,000 to 60,000 Americans, most of whom are blacks. An additional two million blacks are carriers of the sickle-cell trait. Though the trait usually does not have clinical symptoms, it is very important in the genetic transmission of sickle-cell disease.

Since the early 1970's, the Federal government has conducted a National Sickle-Cell Disease Program. Coordinated by the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute, it promotes efforts toward prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of this disease. In addition, the National Institutes of Health have supported ten Comprehensive Sickle-Cell Centers throughout the United States. These facilities have been successful in developing unified programs of basic and clinical research, training, and community service directed at sickle-cell disease.

In the past decade, there has been substantial progress in research on sickle-cell disease. Diagnostic procedures have been greatly improved.

Measures to ameliorate the excruciatingly painful sickle-cell crises have been introduced for those afflicted with the disease. Our ability to combat life-threatening complications also has improved. Although much has been accomplished through this comprehensive national effort, more remains to be done to conquer this serious health problem.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the month of September, 1983, as National Sickle-Cell Anemia Awareness Month. I invite all Americans to join with me in reaffirming our commitment to reduce the burden of illness, disability, and premature death imposed by this disease.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 21st day of September, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5103 of September 22, 1983

American Business Women's Day, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

The activities of American businesswomen have experienced a dramatic transition and expansion in recent years. More and more women are participating in every aspect of business—as owners, executives, professionals, support staff and production workers.

Women play an increasingly important role in the Nation's economy and in determining and implementing the direction of both the private and public sectors of our Nation. Women entrepreneurs currently are the fastest growing segment of the small business community, owning twenty-two percent of all sole proprietorships and realizing gross receipts of over $40 billion. Women own businesses as diverse as coal mining, construction, manufacturing, and wholesale and retail trade.

With more options and choices available to them, women are realizing their potential as a vital force in the American economy.

In recognition that businesswomen are increasingly influencing the growth of our economy and the direction of our Nation, the Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 18 (Public Law 98–55), has designated September 22, 1983, as "American Business Women's Day" and has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation in observance of that day.

Ante, p. 290.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim September 22, 1983, as American Business Women's Day. I call upon every American to join me in observing this day with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 22nd day of September, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5104 of September 23, 1983

Modification of Country Allocations of Quotas on Certain Sugars, Sirups and Molasses

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

1. Headnote 2 of subpart A, part 10, schedule 1 of the Tariff Schedules of the United States (19 U.S.C. 1202), hereinafter referred to as the "TSUS", provides in relevant part as follows:

"(i) . . . if the President finds that a particular rate not lower than such January 1, 1968, rate, limited by a particular quota, may be established for any articles provided for in items 155.20 or 155.30, which will give due consideration to the interests in the United States sugar market of domestic producers and materially affected contracting parties to the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade, he shall proclaim such particular rate and such quota limitation, . . ."

"(ii) . . . any rate and quota limitation so established shall be modified if the President finds and proclaims that such modification is required or appropriate to give effect to the above considerations; . . ."

2. Headnote 2 was added to the TSUS by Proclamation 3822 of December 16, 1967 (82 Stat. 1455) to carry out a provision in the Geneva (1967) Protocol of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (Note 1 of Unit A, Chapter 10, Part I of Schedule XX; 19 U.S.T., Part II, 1282). The Geneva Protocol is a trade agreement that was entered into and proclaimed pursuant to section 201(a) of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962 (19 U.S.C. 1821(a)). Section 201(a) of the Trade Expansion Act authorizes the President to proclaim the modification or continuance of any existing duty or other import restriction or such additional import restriction as he determines to be required or appropriate to carry out any trade agreement entered into under the authority of that Act. 61 Stat. A1157.

3. By Proclamation 4941 of May 5, 1982 (47 FR 19661), I modified the quantitative limitations on the importation into the United States of certain sugars, sirups and molasses established in headnote 3 pursuant to the authority in headnote 2 and provided for a country-by-country allocation of the quota quantity established therein. 3 CFR, 1982 Comp., p.55.

4. I find the additional modifications of the quantitative limitations which are hereinafter proclaimed are appropriate to carry out the trade agreement described in paragraph 2 of this Proclamation and the International Sugar Agreement, 1977 (31 U.S.T. 5135), and give due consideration to the interests in the United States sugar market of domestic producers and materially affected contracting parties to the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade. 61 Stat. A3.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, by the authority vested in me by the Constitution and Statutes of the United States, including section 201 of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962, Section 301 of Title 3 of the United States Code, the International Sugar Agreement, 1977, Implementation Act (7 U.S.C. 3601 *et seq.*), and notwithstanding Executive Order 12224, and in conformity with headnote 2 of subpart A, part 10, schedule 1 of the TSUS, do hereby proclaim until otherwise superseded: 7 USC 3602 note.

A. Notwithstanding the provisions of Proclamation 4941, as amended, paragraph (c)(i) of headnote 3 of subpart A, part 10, schedule 1 of the TSUS is modified by designating the note at the end of the table "NOTE 1" and by adding the following new note:

"NOTE 2: Beginning with the quota year beginning September 26, 1983, the quota allocations for Nicaragua, Costa Rica, El Salvador and Honduras shall be as follows:.

Nicaragua	6,000 short tons, raw value
El Salvador	2.6 percent of the total base quota amount permitted to be imported under paragraphs (a) and (b) of this headnote plus 18 percent of the difference between 2.1 percent of the total base quota amount and 6,000 short tons, raw value
Honduras	1.0 percent of the total base quota amount plus 52 percent of the difference between 2.1 percent of the total base quota amount and 6,000 short tons, raw value
Costa Rica	1.5 percent of the total base quota amount plus 30 percent of the difference between 2.1 percent of the total base quota amount and 6,000 short tons, raw value"

B. The provisions of this Proclamation shall be effective for sugars, sirups, and molasses, entered or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after September 26, 1983.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this twenty-third day of September, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5105 of September 27, 1983

United Nations Day, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

The United Nations remains today—38 years after its creation—an institution uniquely endowed to promote international political, economic, social, and technical cooperation. Conceived during a brutal war and nurtured in a troubled peace, the United Nations has seen many of its shining promises realized, but many others have been frustrated. More often than the world community can afford, rivalries and divisions among states prompt abuse or misuse of the powers and machinery of the United Nations. Despite these imperfections, the system and its machinery continue to offer opportunities for mediating differences which threaten to erupt in hostilities; for arranging and overseeing agreements to end tensions or conflicts; for promoting the technical and scientific cooperation essential to meet problems of growth and development; and for coping with international emergencies of all kinds.

The people and the Government of the United States of America take pride in the support—moral, intellectual, political, and financial—which we have rendered to the United Nations, and in the leadership which we have provided to help bring about its foremost achievements. We also take pride in the knowledge that the principles of the United Nations charter are the same ones which underlie our liberty, our progress, and our development as a democratic society.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate Monday, October 24, 1983, as United Nations Day, and urge all Americans to better acquaint themselves with the activities and accomplishments of the United Nations.

I have appointed William M. Ellinghaus to serve as 1983 United States Chairman for United Nations Day, and I welcome the role of the United Nations Association of the United States of America in working with him to celebrate this special day.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 27th day of Sept., in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5106 of September 27, 1983

National Sewing Month, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Over fifty million Americans sew at home. Their efforts demonstrate the persistence, skill, and self-reliance which are so characteristic of this Nation. The home sewing industry generates over $3,500,000,000 annually for our economy and serves to introduce many younger Americans to activities which lead to careers in such fields as fashion, textile design, interior design and retail merchandising.

In recognition of the importance of home sewing to our economy, the Congress, by House Joint Resolution 218, has designated September 1983 as "National Sewing Month." *Ante*, p. 714.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim September 1983 as National Sewing Month. I call upon the people of the United States to observe this month with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this twenty-seventh day of September, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5107 of September 27, 1983

National Adult Day Care Center Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Adult day care centers provide supervised community settings in which partially disabled men and women of all ages can obtain care that may not be available in their own homes. These centers provide opportunities for adults who are socially isolated to find friends and learn skills. Day care centers enable individuals to obtain the care they need without being forced to live in institutions, and they offer needed respite to families whose infirmed relatives live with them.

In recognition that adult day care centers and their dedicated professional staffs serve many health maintenance functions, provide vital medical care,

including medication monitoring, therapies, and health education, and provide invaluable opportunities for social interaction to disabled elderly Americans, the Congress of the United States, by House Joint Resolution 132, has designated the week beginning September 25, 1983, as "National Adult Day Care Center Week" and has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation in observance of that week.

Ante, p. 713.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week beginning on September 25, 1983, as National Adult Day Care Center Week, and I call upon every American community to consider the value of adult day care centers and to give appropriate recognition to centers offering these important services throughout that week.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 27th day of September, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5108 of September 27, 1983

National Employ the Handicapped Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Our Nation's history is rooted in the struggle to attain independence: the right of free choice by free citizens in a society that honors the efforts of individuals. The movement of disabled people to full participation in our society, with all its benefits and responsibilities, is an ideal whose time has surely come.

All across this Nation, disabled people are striving to obtain more control over their lives through choices that minimize their reliance and dependence on others. They are taking charge of their own lives and becoming responsible for their own affairs. They are participating in the day-to-day life of the community and fulfilling the whole range of social roles possible in our society.

Since World War II, the United States has set aside one week each year to emphasize ways in which more people with disabilities can be assisted in their efforts to become independent through gainful employment. Despite past and present efforts of employers to hire people with disabilities, the unemployment level of disabled people continues to be unnecessarily high. To solve this problem, we must plan and develop strategies to demonstrate that disabled people are a valuable resource to our economy and our society.

The Congress, by joint resolution of August 11, 1945, as amended (36 U.S.C. 155), has called for the designation of the first full week in October of each year as National Employ the Handicapped Week. During this week, let us renew our commitments to expand the opportunities for disabled citizens and help them to attain their personal goals.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week beginning October 2, 1983, as National Employ the Handicapped Week.

I urge all governors, mayors, other public officials, leaders in business and labor, private citizens, and especially the disabled citizens of this great Nation to help meet the challenge of the day. Let us all work together to fulfill the dreams of our disabled citizens: full participation in our expanding economy.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 27th. day of Sept., in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5109 of September 27, 1983

National High School Activities Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Extracurricular activities in the high schools of this country provide our students with valuable opportunities to discover and develop talents in areas other than those covered within the classroom. Extracurricular activities also build school spirit and demonstrate the importance of promoting common goals.

Through such programs as student government, athletics, music, drama, debate, journalism, community service, and many others, students gain key insights into the roles which competition and cooperation play in our society. Moreover, these experiences help students to learn to set and achieve goals, to organize their time effectively, and to enhance the social skills that are needed to enjoy and succeed in life.

In recognition of the significant place extracurricular opportunities have in the growth of our high school students, the Congress of the United States, by Senate Joint Resolution 101, has authorized and requested the President to proclaim the week of October 17 through October 23, 1983 as National High School Activities Week. 96 Stat. 2291.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week beginning October 17, 1983 as National High School Activities Week, and I call upon the people of the United States to observe this period with appropriate programs, ceremonies, and activities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 27th day of Sept., in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5110 of September 30, 1983

National Alzheimer's Disease Month, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Alzheimer's disease, a devastating disease that affects the cells of the brain, is now regarded as the major form of old age "senility." While ex-

perts formerly believed that Alzheimer's occurred only in persons under 65, it now is recognized as the most common cause of severe intellectual impairment in older individuals. Presently, there is no established treatment that can cure, reverse or stop the progression of this disease, which is the cause of serious confusion and forgetfulness in about 1.5–2.5 million elderly persons in the United States.

Because there is an association of dementia with aging and because Americans are living longer, the numbers affected by this disease will continue to grow. As many as half of those in nursing homes suffer from this degenerative brain disease. Also, because of the decrease in life expectancy accompanying the illness, Alzheimer's is thought to be the fourth leading cause of death among adults of age 65 or more. Generally, from the time of onset, the disease reduces a person's remaining life expectancy by about one-half. It also deprives its victims of the opportunity to enjoy life and takes a serious toll on its victims' families and friends.

The emotional, financial and social consequences of Alzheimer's disease are so devastating that it deserves special attention. Science and clinical medicine are striving to improve our understanding of what causes Alzheimer's disease and how to treat it successfully. Right now, research is the only hope for victims and families.

To recognize that progress is being made against this disease and to show understanding and support for the individuals and the families and friends of those who are affected, the Congress of the United States, by Senate Joint Resolution 82, has authorized and requested the President to proclaim November 1983 as National Alzheimer's Disease Month.

Ante, p. 724.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the month of November 1983 as National Alzheimer's Disease Month. I call upon government agencies and the people of the United States to observe this month with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this thirtieth day of September, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5111 of October 1, 1983

Twenty-Fifth Anniversary of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration

By the President of the United States of America

A Proclamation

America is justifiably proud of its accomplishments in aeronautics and in space research. In the 25 years since the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) was created by an Act of Congress, our country and the world have witnessed an unsurpassed record of scientific and technical achievements which has established the United States as the world leader in aerospace research and development.

In aeronautics, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration has conducted an effective and productive research and technology program

that continues to contribute materially to the enduring preeminence of United States civil and military aviation. Two-thirds of the world's commercial aircraft fleet is American designed and built, accounting for some $10 billion in positive trade balance in 1982. NASA's wind tunnels, laboratories, and such experimental aircraft as the X–15 provide the solid essential research base for technology advancement and leadership.

In space, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration has conducted one of the most dramatic of all human endeavors: the Apollo Project which, 14 years ago, landed men on the Moon for the first time and returned them safely 240,000 miles to Earth. In addition, remotely controlled spacecraft have been dispatched on missions extending from near Earth orbit to the far reaches of the solar system. Through the Viking mission, the winds of Mars have been measured; through the Voyager mission, volcanoes on a moon of Jupiter have been observed and the rings of Saturn have been counted. More information has been gathered about the cosmos in 25 years than had been gleaned in all the preceding centuries. In the Space Shuttle, first launched in 1981, America now has a sophisticated new system for space research—a machine that delivers payloads routinely to orbit; allows humans to work in space; returns crew, experiments, and unrepairable spacecraft to Earth; and is reconditioned within a short period for its next launch. The Shuttle is booked through 1988, an indication of how utilitarian space has become. The government uses it to preserve the national security; the private sector uses it for commercial advantage; NASA uses it in a search for knowledge, not just of the beyond, but applied knowledge which will shed light on conditions and circumstances critical to the Earth and its inhabitants.

Significant benefits have already been derived from space research. For example, communications satellites now provide worldwide communications to well over 100 countries. Communications satellites have profoundly changed modern life, making events immediate, impacts instantaneous, and instruction possible almost anywhere. Future benefits will be even more impressive. The future looks bright, and NASA will be an important part of it.

The government-industry-university partnership, pioneered by NASA, has worked exceedingly well in aerospace research, providing a model to others on how the different sectors of American society can work together. This effort reflects America at its best: peacefully seeking knowledge and enlightenment, advancing technology for mankind's benefit, and organizing resources to accomplish great missions.

In order to recognize the enormous achievements by the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, the Congress has, by House Joint Resolution 284, authorized and requested the President to proclaim October 1, 1983, as the "Twenty-fifth Anniversary of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration." *Ante*, p. 731.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim October 1, 1983, as the "Twenty-fifth Anniversary of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration." I call upon the people of the United States to observe that occasion with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this first day of October, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5112 of October 3, 1983

National Year of Partnerships in Education 1983–1984

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

America's future is dependent upon the health and vitality of her education system. Although thousands of businesses, industries, individuals, organizations, teachers, administrators, and government at all levels have been involved in the education of our youth, there is more work to be done. More people must become active in improving the quality of education in our Nation.

Recently, many schools have developed private sector partnerships in an effort to broaden available resources and reach out to their communities for support. The private sector has much to offer the growing national movement to improve our education system. Some of the most effective methods include helping educators identify the learning needs of our society; encouraging professional exchanges between teachers, educators, and businesses; contributing expertise, financial resources, and equipment; and providing technical assistance in school administration and curriculum development. In order to encourage this trend, I call upon businesses, organizations, individuals, and agencies to become involved with their local schools.

Partnerships in Education Year gives us the opportunity to acknowledge the efforts of the private sector and to encourage the creation of new partnerships in education all across this Nation.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the period from October 1, 1983, through June 30, 1984, as the National Year of Partnerships in Education. I invite all Americans to join me in my commitment to the excellence and quality of education offered to all Americans.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 3rd day of Oct., in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5113 of October 4, 1983

National Productivity Improvement Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

The challenge of greater productivity growth is of supreme importance to America's future. Only through productivity gains can real living standards be improved. Greater productivity growth is the cornerstone of price stability and sustained economic growth. It is vital to regaining our competitive position in world markets and creating job opportunities for an expanding American labor force.

Productive societies reward saving, investing, building, and creating rather than consuming. A productive society lives within its means and does not pursue a pattern in its spending habits that results in simply shifting its burdens forward to the future. Productive societies also nourish the spirit of

adventure, innovation and entrepreneurship. Productive societies share common objectives and their leading institutions work together—business, government, labor, and academia view each other as partners, not adversaries.

We have made much progress in restoring the foundation for a prosperous and productive society. By reducing the rate of growth of government spending, by strengthening the incentives to save and invest, by eliminating many unnecessary and burdensome regulations, and by encouraging monetary policies that ensure the price stability needed for lasting economic growth we have created an environment for sustained increases in productivity.

The improvement of our Nation's productivity depends on all Americans. The recently concluded White House Conference on Productivity brought together an outstanding group of distinguished citizens from all walks of life and sectors of our economy. Their recommendations for actions at all levels in the public and private sectors will help us build on the foundation we have laid.

In order to encourage better understanding of the need for productivity growth and the development of methods to improve productivity in the private and public sectors, the Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 142, has designated the week of October 3 through October 9, 1983, as National Productivity Improvement Week. *Ante*, p. 754.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week of October 3 through October 9, 1983, as National Productivity Improvement Week. I call upon the people of the United States to observe such week with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 4th day of Oct., in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5114 of October 5, 1983

Myasthenia Gravis Awareness Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Americans with myasthenia gravis cannot move about freely, as most of us can. This chronic neuromuscular disease, which has no known cause, produces progressive muscular weakness and abnormally rapid fatigue of the voluntary muscles. Myasthenia gravis can also result in a life-threatening medical crisis, particularly when a patient's throat muscles are affected.

Myasthenia gravis can strike any person, at any age, at any time. At least 100,000 people have been diagnosed as having this disorder, and scientists estimate that another 100,000 persons with myasthenia gravis have not yet been diagnosed.

In the past, myasthenia gravis patients died or were severely incapacitated by their weakened muscles. Several forms of treatment developed by scientists in private and Federal research institutions have led to improved management of the disease. Research supported by the Myasthenia Gravis

Foundation, Inc., in collaboration with the Neurological Institute of the National Institutes of Health, has made important contributions to the management of this neurological disorder. Today, myasthenia gravis patients can expect to lead nearly normal lives.

Although much has been learned about myasthenia gravis, we still do not have the means to prevent this crippling disease. In order that the public should be made aware of the suffering endured by those who have the disease, the Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 140, has authorized and requested the President to proclaim the week of October 2 through October 8, 1983, as "Myasthenia Gravis Awareness Week."

Ante, p. 755.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week beginning October 2, 1983, as Myasthenia Gravis Awareness Week. I call upon all government agencies, health organizations, and the people of the United States to observe this week with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 5th day of October, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5115 of October 7, 1983

National Schoolbus Safety Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Schoolbus transportation serves a very special and important segment of this Nation—our children. More than twenty-two million young Americans use schoolbuses to get to school.

When we consider the millions of young people who are transported and the millions of trips schoolbuses make each year, we can take great pride in our safety record. Nevertheless, we must reaffirm our commitment to providing the safest possible transportation for our children. They are our most important resource, and their safe transport deserves to be one of our highest priorities.

In recognition of the national program which is underway to call public attention to the importance of schoolbus safety, and in recognition of the importance of safe transport of our young students to and from school, the Congress, by House Joint Resolution 137, has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation designating the week of October 2 through October 8, 1983, as National Schoolbus Safety Week.

Ante, p. 756.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week beginning on October 2, 1983, as National Schoolbus Safety Week. I call upon the people of the United States and interested groups and organizations to observe that week with appropriate activities and ceremonies.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this seventh day of October, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5116 of October 13, 1983

Lupus Awareness Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America

A Proclamation

Systemic lupus erthematosus (also known as lupus, or SLE) is a serious, potentially fatal, connective tissue disease that can affect many different organs of the body. More than 500,000 Americans are estimated to have lupus, approximately 90 percent of whom are women. The disease usually begins in adolescence or young adult life.

Scientists believe that lupus is caused by disturbances in the body's immune system; hormonal abnormalities and genetic factors also seem to be important. In its systemic form, the disease may involve the skin, joints, kidneys, heart, lungs and brain, in varying combinations.

The outlook for victims of lupus has been improving in recent years. The survival rate has increased as a result of greater awareness of the disease, improved diagnostic methods, and more effective treatments. However, new research findings and new approaches to diagnosis and improved treatment are urgently needed to eliminate lupus as a cause of human suffering. The Federal government and private voluntary organizations have developed a strong, enduring partnership committed to lupus research. I am confident that this cooperation will hasten the time when the cause and cure for the disease will be found.

In recognition of the progress being made in research, diagnostic methods and effective treatments for the cure and alleviation of lupus, and the need for greater public awareness of this disease, the Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 102, has authorized and requested the President to proclaim the week of October 16 through October 22, 1983, as "Lupus Awareness Week." *Ante,* p. 830.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week of October 16 through October 22, 1983, as "Lupus Awareness Week," and I call upon the people of the United States to observe this week with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 13th. day of October, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5117 of October 13, 1983

National Farm-City Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America

A Proclamation

The Nation's farms and cities provide the framework for American economic and social life. Each serves as the economic lifeline for the other.

Farms provide the basic food, fiber, and timber for consumer needs. The rural countryside also provides watersheds, a natural environment for clear

water and clean air, outdoor recreation, open spaces, and landscapes. The cities sustain industry, services, cultural centers, and house 97 percent of the population.

Each year the people of our farms and cities pause during Farm-City Week to reflect on their interdependence and the strength and vitality that each brings to our national life. It is appropriate that Farm-City Week comes near Thanksgiving, the traditional time since Colonial days for Americans to reflect on the rich bounty of the harvest. As a people we are indeed blessed to live in a land with a plentiful supply of wholesome food.

In a short period of time, the United States has developed from an agricultural economy with scattered rural outposts, clinging to life in the New World, to an efficient production system in which only three percent of the Nation's people feed and clothe the entire population. This rapid growth has been made possible through the unparalleled productivity and cooperation of farm and city people working in close harmony.

In order that farm and city people may continue to reflect on the benefits of mutual support, and to show their grateful appreciation for their combined efforts, the American people have traditionally set aside a week each year to pay tribute to farm-city people.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the period November 18 through November 24, 1983, as National Farm-City Week. I call upon all Americans, in rural areas and in cities alike, to join in recognizing the accomplishments of our productive farm families and of our urban residents in working together in a spirit of cooperation and interdependence to create bounty, wealth, and strength for the Nation.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 13th day of Oct., in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5118 of October 14, 1983

World Food Day, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

An adequate, wholesome food supply is essential to the physical and economic well-being of every individual and every nation. Countries throughout the world are dedicated to eliminating poverty-related hunger to the fullest extent possible. Although this objective is widely acknowledged, the resources and policies needed to achieve that object vary widely from country to country.

This Nation is richly endowed with natural resources. Through the generations, our people have developed the knowledge, the technology, the policies, and the economic system to transform our endowment into agricultural abundance. Not all nations are similarly endowed. Hunger persists throughout the world. The Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations estimates that as many as 500 million people suffer from poverty-related malnutrition, especially in lesser developed countries.

The United States has a long tradition of sharing its agricultural abundance with those in need. We are strongly committed to the constitution of the Food and Agriculture Organization, which calls upon member nations to "raise the levels of nutrition and standards of living of the peoples under their respective jurisdiction" and to contribute to "expanding the world economy and ensuring humanity's freedom from hunger." We have sought, and will continue to strive, to improve the economies and food production abilities of those countries where the need is greatest.

To this end, the United States has provided needy nations more than $40 billion of assistance under the Food for Peace Program since 1954. This year alone our food aid activities are assisting 70 countries. We are training an average of more than 2,000 agriculturalists per year from developing countries, and we are providing technical assistance to 50 nations in Asia, Africa, and Latin America to help develop their food research and production capabilities. In addition, we actively encourage American businesses to invest in projects that help build the agricultural economies of developing countries.

The people of the United States, as well as the people of other countries that have joined in the battle against hunger, can justifiably share a sense of accomplishment in the fact that food production per person has increased 21 percent in lesser developed countries since 1954. The concern of the international community with the problem of poverty-related malnutrition is reflected in the response to World Food Day. We particularly salute the Food and Agriculture Organization which, on World Food Day this year, celebrates 30 years of dedication to the elimination of hunger and malnutrition.

In recognition of one of the key recommendations of the 1980 report of the Presidential Commission on World Hunger, that called for efforts to be taken to increase public awareness of the world hunger problem, the Congress of the United States, by Senate Joint Resolution 81, has designated October 16, 1983, as "World Food Day" and has requested the President to issue a proclamation in observance of that day.

Ante, p. 747.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim October 16, 1983, as World Food Day and call upon the people of the United States to observe that day with appropriate activities to explore ways in which our Nation can further contribute to the elimination of hunger in the world.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 14th day of October, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Editorial Note: For the President's remarks of Oct. 14, 1983, on signing Proclamation 5118, see the *Weekly Compilation of Presidential Documents* (vol. 19, p. 1432).

Proclamation 5119 of October 17, 1983

Wright Brothers Day, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

1983 marks the eightieth anniversary of the Wright Brothers' historic flight aboard a self-propelled, winged aero-vehicle. That flight, lasting but 12 sec-

onds and spanning only 120 yards, followed 120 years of unsuccessful attempts to accomplish such a feat. Although short when measured against today's trans-meridian flights, its significance was great because it established the foundation for future successes in aviation which continue to enrich the quality of our lives today.

This year we also celebrate the bicentennial of man's first flight. Two hundred years ago, on August 27, 1783, the Montgolfier Brothers of France first launched a manned hot air balloon into the atmosphere. Shortly thereafter, in a balloon constructed by an American lawyer, Peter Carnes, Esq., the first American ventured aloft in a tethered balloon in Baltimore.

49 USC app. 1301 note.

This year also marks the twenty-fifth anniversary of the signing of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958. This legislation created the Federal Aviation Administration, which has played a central role in making civil air carriage ten times safer than it was in 1958, thus helping to advance the progress of civil aviation and to fulfill the Wright Brothers' dreams of the future role aviation would have in our world.

To commemorate the historic achievement of the Wright Brothers, the Congress, by joint resolution of December 17, 1963 (77 Stat. 402; 36 U.S.C. 169), designated the seventeenth day of December of each year as Wright Brothers Day and requested the President to issue a proclamation annually inviting the people of the United States to observe that day with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby call upon the people of this Nation and their local and national governmental officials to observe Wright Brothers Day, December 17, 1983, with appropriate ceremonies and activities, both to recall the accomplishments and to stimulate the development of aviation in this country and throughout the world.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 17th day of Oct., in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5120 of October 21, 1983

Metropolitan Opera Day, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Among this Nation's greatest treasures are the creative talents of our people and the opportunities available for them to develop their talents and thereby enhance the richness of our cultural life. In every artistic discipline, great American artists and institutions have established ever-rising standards of achievement to challenge and inspire successive generations.

No single institution embodies this tradition of sustained artistic achievement more fully than the Metropolitan Opera, which is celebrating 100 years of extraordinary contributions to the culture of America. Legendary performances of music theater masterpieces have filled the Metropolitan Opera House in New York, halls across the country during the Company's annual tours, and millions of American homes through live radio and television broadcasts which have become part of our national tradition. The Met-

ropolitan Opera also reaches out to discover and encourage young American talent by auditions held throughout the country, and it nurtures and develops great singers of the future.

Through its deep involvement with artists, audiences, and patrons, and with the voluntary assistance of the members of its National Council, the Metropolitan Opera has contributed invaluably to the growth of an American opera community whose vitality and brilliance are acclaimed around the world.

In recognition of the Metropolitan Opera's extraordinary achievements and commitment to excellence, the Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 128, has authorized and requested the President to designate October 22, 1983, the one hundredth anniversary of its first performance, as "Metropolitan Opera Day" throughout the United States.

Ante, p. 847.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate October 22, 1983, as Metropolitan Opera Day and call upon all Federal, State and local government agencies, interested groups and organizations, and the people of the United States to observe that day by engaging in appropriate programs and activities to show their support of America's rich heritage in music theater and one of its premier performing institutions.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this twenty-first day of October, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5121 of October 23, 1983

Death of American and French Military Personnel in Beirut, Lebanon

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

As a mark of respect for the American and French military personnel who died violently in the performance of their peacekeeping duties in the tragic bombings of October 23, 1983 in Beirut, Lebanon, I hereby order, by virtue of the authority vested in me as President of the United States of America, that the flag of the United States shall be flown at half-staff upon all public buildings and grounds, at all military posts and naval stations, and on all naval vessels of the Federal Government in the District of Columbia and throughout the United States and its Territories and possessions through Monday, October 31, 1983. I also direct that the flag shall be flown at half-staff for the same length of time at all United States embassies, legations, consular offices, and other facilities abroad, including all military facilities and naval vessels and stations.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this twenty-third day of October, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

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Proclamation 5122 of October 26, 1983

National Poison Prevention Week, 1984

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Childhood poisonings continue to pose a major public health problem in the United States. Each year, more than 100,000 children are treated in hospital emergency rooms because they accidentally ingested chemical household products.

For the past 23 years, the Poison Prevention Week Council has coordinated a network of organizations which seek to raise public awareness of the importance of preventing childhood poisonings. Working together as sponsors of National Poison Prevention Week are national medical, pharmacy, nursing, dental, and hospital associations; health and safety groups; organizations representing manufacturers, packagers, and distributors of consumer products, including medicines; the media; and government agencies. Most of these groups have State and local chapters and affiliates that, along with community organizations, are the backbone of what has become a successful nationwide poison prevention program.

In recent years, the number of poisonings among children has fallen dramatically for those substances that have been required to be packaged in child-resistant closures. However, despite these successes, many childhood poisonings continue to occur. Some adults purchase regulated products in conventional rather than child-resistant packaging or, alternatively, defeat the child-resistant packaging. In addition, adults who are using potentially poisonous products sometimes are distracted for a moment by a telephone call, a doorbell, or food cooking on the stove. These seemingly innocuous distractions can have disastrous consequences if a child ingests the poisonous product. The theme of National Poison Prevention Week is "Children Act Fast . . . So Do Poisons," and this theme emphasizes how important it is that adults never leave potential poisons unattended.

To assist in encouraging the American people to learn of the dangers of accidental poisoning and to take appropriate preventive measures, the Congress, by a joint resolution approved September 26, 1961 (75 Stat. 681), requested the President to issue annually a proclamation designating the third week in March as National Poison Prevention Week.

36 USC 165.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate the week beginning March 18, 1984, as National Poison Prevention Week.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this twenty-sixth day of October, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5123 of November 1, 1983

National Drug Abuse Education Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Drug abuse in the United States continues to be a major threat to the future of our Nation. Millions of our citizens are risking their health and their future by abusing drugs. The effects are clearly demonstrated by the tragic reports in daily news accounts of innocent people killed by drunk drivers, death by overdose, drug-related murders, drug smuggling, and other public outrages. Less obvious, but more pervasive, are the individual tragedies which destroy a person or family and which may cause loss of a job, interruption of schooling, and a reduction in our Nation's productivity.

Federal, State, and local governments have established programs to reduce the supply of illegal drugs. Similarly, government has encouraged the establishment of facilities for providing medical treatment for those suffering from this problem and sponsored extensive research on the effects of drug use. However, government cannot hope to solve the problems of drug abuse without the help of every American.

Drug abuse is a national problem and a target of a nationwide program. All across America, our citizens, community organizations, and the private sector have recognized that they can make a difference in the battle against this serious concern. Expanded drug abuse awareness efforts, the banding together of concerned parents, and the involvement of many community groups are lowering the rate of drug abuse which prevailed during the Seventies. There has been increasing attention focused on the potential of mass communications to discourage drug abuse.

Numerous public education efforts are epitomized in the excellent Chemical People Project which will be presented on public broadcasting stations across the United States on November 2 and 9, 1983. The Chemical People Project is an example of how a grassroots approach to organizing town meetings and community efforts can break through the "wall of denial" common to alcohol and drug abuse and can stimulate constructive action where it counts—in ourselves. We must continue to encourage and support efforts to educate our citizens to the health and societal consequences of drug abuse. Such efforts are an essential foundation for a successful national program to reduce and prevent drug abuse in our country.

In order to draw attention to the seriousness of the drug abuse problem and to encourage the education of parents and children in the home, classroom, and community to the impact of illegal drug abuse, the Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 57, has designated the week of November 2 through November 9, 1983, as National Drug Abuse Education Week.

Ante, p. 915.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week of November 2 through November 9, 1983 as National Drug Abuse Education Week. I call on all Americans to join the battle against drug abuse to protect our children so that we ensure a healthy and productive generation of Americans as our contribution to the future.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this first day of November, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Editorial Note: For the President's remarks of Nov. 1, 1983, on signing Proclamation 5123, see the *Weekly Compilation of Presidential Documents* (vol. 19, p. 1509).

Proclamation 5124 of November 3, 1983

National Diabetes Month, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Diabetes mellitus is a chronic disease that now threatens the lives of approximately 11 million Americans. Although careful treatment can control many of the short-term metabolic effects of diabetes, the disease is also associated with serious long-term complications that affect the eyes, kidneys, nerves, and blood vessels of the heart, brain, and extremities. In addition to its devastating toll in terms of human suffering, the cost of medical care for diabetic patients and associated losses due to disability and premature mortality now exceed $10 billion annually in the United States alone.

Fortunately, the outlook for clinical advances related to the diagnosis, treatment, cure, and, ultimately, the prevention of diabetes and its complications has never been as promising as it is today. Recent research advances have included the synthetic production of purified human insulin to ensure adequate supplies of this essential hormone, the development of improved methods for insulin administration, new technologies for monitoring critical blood sugar levels, new therapies for the treatment of diabetes-related kidney, eye, and cardiovascular diseases, and improved clinical capabilities for reducing the increased perinatal morbidity and mortality associated with diabetic pregnancies.

In addition, remarkable advances have also been made in developing procedures that permit the successful transplantation of insulin-producing cells into diabetic animals without the need for chronic suppression of the immune system. As these and related studies are extended to humans, they may lead directly to the development of a cure for some of the most serious types of diabetes and to a means to prevent, arrest, or reverse the long-term complications of this disease.

Recent advances in basic biomedical research are providing new insights into the multiple causes of diabetes. We anticipate that these studies will help to identify individuals at risk for developing diabetes so that we may ultimately develop approaches that will prevent the disease and its complications altogether. Basic and clinical research advances have significantly reduced diabetes-related morbidity and mortality and have measurably im-

proved the quality of life for people with diabetes. Nevertheless, much remains to be done before the cure and prevention of diabetes and its complications become a reality. Toward this goal, the Federal government, in cooperation with the private sector, will continue in the same determined spirit to lead the way toward eliminating diabetes as a major public health problem both for current and future generations.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, in accordance with Senate Joint Resolution 121, do hereby proclaim the month of November, 1983, as National Diabetes Month, and I call upon all government agencies and the people of the United States to observe this month with appropriate programs, ceremonies, and activities.

Ante, p. 918.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 3rd day of November, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5125 of November 4, 1983

National Reye's Syndrome Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Reye's Syndrome is a serious illness that may attack the brain and liver of a child recovering from influenza, chicken pox, or some other viral infection. The cause of this disease—which affects an estimated 600 to 1,200 children in the United States each year—is unknown.

The first signs of Reye's Syndrome in a child are repeated vomiting, fatigue, and general irritation. The disease may progress to a life-threatening stage. If early symptoms are recognized and treated promptly, however, it is less likely that the disease will cause dangerous brain swelling, coma, or death.

New treatments are being developed to help victims of Reye's Syndrome recover. This improved outlook is a direct result of scientific research carried out by public and private investigators and physicians, many of whom are supported by the American Reye's Syndrome Associations, the National Reye's Syndrome Foundation (Ohio), the National Reye's Syndrome Foundation (Michigan), and the United States Public Health Service. Within the Public Health Service, the Centers for Disease Control, the Food and Drug Administration and the National Institutes of Health are carrying out research projects and constant surveillance of cases.

Much still remains to be learned about Reye's Syndrome. Coordinated research is needed to find better ways to treat this disorder and ultimately to prevent it. Public education is also essential, because parents and physicians can help to protect the Nation's children from its lethal effects if they learn to recognize this disease in its earliest stages.

To enhance the public's awareness of the gravity of Reye's Syndrome, the Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 34, has designated the week of November 7 through November 13, 1983, as "National Reye's Syndrome Week" and has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation in observance of that week.

Ante, p. 291.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week beginning November 7, 1983, as National Reye's Syndrome Week, and I call upon the people of the United States to observe that week with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this fourth day of November, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5126 of November 4, 1983

National Family Week, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

The family and family life are central to our American heritage. Family bonds give us an anchor in the past, as well as hope for the future. It is within the family that tradition is created, individuals grow, and faith is nurtured. Through family living, we discover who we are, how to interact with our fellowman, and the values that make a free society possible.

Families perform the daily tasks that sustain and renew us, including raising children and caring for the elderly. Families not only provide better health but also serve the special needs of the handicapped. In particular, those who have opened their homes through adoption and foster care deserve special thanks for offering the gift of family life to our Nation's less fortunate children.

Today, amid new pressures and needs, America is relearning the importance of its families. For instance, success in the national fight against drug and alcohol abuse must begin with a strong and united family. We are newly aware that the family cannot be taken for granted, and that the support of a family can never truly be replicated.

Ante, p. 956.

In recognition of the importance of the family as an essential unit of our free and orderly society, the Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 45, has authorized and requested the President to designate the week beginning on November 20, 1983, as "National Family Week."

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week of November 20 through November 26, 1983, as National Family Week. I applaud the men and women who uphold our families in many ways, as parents, grandparents, as the daughters and sons of older Americans.

I invite the Governors of the several States, the chief officials of local governments and all our citizens to observe this week with appropriate ceremonies and activities. During a week in which we will also observe Thanksgiving Day, I especially invite all Americans to give thanks for the family relationships with which we have been blessed.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 4th day of November, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Proclamation 5127 of November 8, 1983

National Christmas Seal Month, 1983

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Chronic diseases of the lung afflict well over 17 million Americans, cause more than 200,000 deaths annually, and cost the Nation more than $29.4 billion in lost wages and medical expenses plus untold dollars in lost productivity.

Chronic obstructive pulmonary diseases have been among the fastest rising causes of death. Almost seven million Americans, including over two million children, suffer from asthma. Two and one-half million Americans have emphysema, while almost eight million suffer from chronic bronchitis. Furthermore, it is expected that deaths from lung cancer will surpass breast cancer as the leading cause of cancer deaths among American women during this decade.

Leading the fight in the voluntary sector to prevent illness, disability, and death from lung disease is the American Lung Association—the Christmas Seal people—a nonprofit public health organization supported by individual contributions to Christmas Seals and other donations.

The Nation's first national voluntary public health organization, the Association was founded in 1904 to combat tuberculosis. Since 1907, Christmas Seals have been used to raise funds through private contributions to help educate Americans about this disease. In its early years, the National Tuberculosis Association pioneered school programs aimed at motivating young people to establish healthful living patterns. That tradition remains strong, as the American Lung Association continues to give high priority to its health education activities in the schools.

In addition, the American Lung Association, through its community lung Associations, helps educate the public, patients and their families about lung diseases; sponsors community action programs for good lung health; underwrites medical research; supports education for physicians and other health care workers; and wages vigorous campaigns against cigarette smoking and air pollution. The primary source of funding for more than 70 years has been Christmas Seals. This year, Christmas Seals will be in 60 million homes.

In recognition of the American Lung Association's continuing efforts to eliminate all chronic diseases of the lung, the Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 188, has designated the month of November 1983 as "National Christmas Seal Month" and has requested the President to issue a proclamation in observance of that month.

Ante, p. 985.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim November 1983 as National Christmas Seal Month, and I call upon all Government agencies and the people of the United States to observe this month with appropriate activities and by supporting the Christmas Seal program.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this eighth day of November, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

Page

A

Acacia Mutual Life Insurance Co. *See* Masonic Relief Association.
Acid Rain, control policies....1059
"ACT-100," coastwise trade operation....1483
Adoption Assistance and Child Welfare Act of 1980, amendments....803
African Development Fund Act, amendments....1286
Aged Persons:
Department of State Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1984 and 1985....1017
Social Security Amendments of 1983....65
Agricultural Act of 1949, amendments...296, 494, 499, 718, 1128, 1144, 1145
Agricultural Adjustment Act, amendments....1117, 1151
Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, amendments....296, 494, 1145, 1147–1149
Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1949, amendments....1128
Agriculture and Agricultural Commodities:
See also specific commodities.
Dairy and Tobacco Adjustment Act of 1983....1128
Extra Long Staple Cotton Act of 1983....494
Feed grain programs, 1984 and 1985, announcement....718
Payment-in-Kind Tax Treatment Act of 1983....7
Unemployment compensation, federal supplement....608
Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973, amendments....36, 611, 612
Agriculture and Food Act of 1981, amendments....499
Aircraft and Air Carriers:
Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984....614
Korean Airlines flight—
Death of American citizens....1613
Soviet destruction, condemnation....715
Alabama:
Military Construction Authorization Act, 1984....757
National Trails System Act Amendments of 1983....42
Alaska:
Fur Seal Act Amendments of 1983....835
Social Security Amendments of 1983....65
"Albacore," transfer to submarine memorial association....958
Alcohol and Alcoholic Beverages:
See also Drugs and Drug Abuse.
Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act....384
Alcohol and Drug Abuse Amendments of 1983....175

Page

Aliens:
[*Note: For action concerning individuals see Individual Index following this Subject Index.*]
Social Security Amendments of 1983....65
Vessel ownership....216
Alternative Mortgage Transaction Parity Act of 1982, amendments....1237
American Fisheries Promotion Act, amendments....216
American Samoa:
Capital improvement projects funding....1459
Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984....614
Anadromous Fish Conservation Act, amendments....216
Anguilla, Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act....384
Animals:
Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984....614
Fur Seal Act Amendments of 1983....835
Antigua and Barbuda, Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act....384
Antilles. *See* Netherlands Antilles.
Appropriation Acts:
[*Note: For amendments to previously established appropriation acts, see specific short titles.*]
Agriculture Department, 1984....939, 1296
American Battle Monuments Commission, 1984....224
Appalachian Regional Commission, 1984....259, 1292
Architectural and Transportation Barriers Compliance Board, 1984....467
Arms Control and Disarmament Agency, 1984....1096
Central Intelligence Agency, 1984....1458
Civil Aeronautics Board, 1984....468
Civil Rights Commission, 1984....1088
Commerce Department, 1984....1071
Consumer Product Safety Commission, 1984....225
Continuing, 1984....733, 964
Corporation for Public Broadcasting, 1984....896
Defense Department, 1984...225, 247, 795, 1421
Delaware River Basin Commission, 1984....260
District of Columbia, 1984....819
Education Department, 1984...888, 946, 1297
Emergency jobs....13, 186
Energy Department, 1984...254, 941, 1291, 1295
Energy and water development, 1984....247

NOTE: Page references are to beginning pages of each law, excepting acts being amended or repealed, which cite to pages where they actually appear.

Page

Appropriation Acts—Continued
Environmental Protection Agency, 1984.... 225
Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, 1984.... 1088
Executive Office of the President, 1984.... 226, 1153
Federal Communications Commission, 1984.... 1078
Federal Emergency Management Agency, 1984.... 227, 1153
Federal Home Loan Bank Board, 1984.... 236
Federal Inspector for the Alaska Gas Pipeline, 1984.... 950
Federal Maritime Commission, 1984.... 1078
Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service, 1984.... 896
Federal Mine Safety and Health Review Commission, 1984.... 896
Federal Trade Commission, 1984.... 1078
Fine Arts Commission, 1984.... 950
Franklin Delano Roosevelt Memorial Commission, 1984.... 950
General Services Administration, 1984.... 228
Health and Human Services Department, 1984.... 228, 878, 944
Historic Preservation, Advisory Council on, 1984.... 950
Housing and Urban Development Department, 1984.... 219, 1153
Interior Department, 1984...250, 919, 1291, 1295
International Broadcasting, Board for, 1984.... 1096
International Trade Commission, 1984.... 1079
Interstate Commerce Commission, 1984.... 468
Interstate Commission on the Potomac River Basin, 1984.... 260
Japan-United States Friendship Commission, 1984.... 1097
Judiciary, 1984.... 1098
Justice Department, 1984.... 1080
Labor Department, 1984.... 871
Legal Services Corporation, 1984.... 1088
Legislative Branch, 1984.... 263, 1288
Marine Mammal Commission, 1984.... 1079
National Aeronautics and Space Administration, 1984.... 228, 1155
National Capital Planning Commission, 1984.... 950
National Commission on Libraries and Information Science, 1984.... 896
National Credit Union Administration, 1984.... 230
National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities, 1984.... 948
National Labor Relations Board, 1984.... 897

Page

National Mediation Board, 1984.... 897
National Science Foundation, 1984.... 230
National Transportation Safety Board, 1984.... 467
Navajo and Hopi Indian Relocation Commission, 1984.... 946
Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation, 1984.... 231
Nuclear Regulatory Commission, 1984.... 260
Occupational Safety and Health Review Commission, 1984.... 897
Panama Canal Commission, 1984.... 468
Pennsylvania Avenue Development Corporation, 1984.... 950
Prospective Payment Assessment Commission, 1984.... 897
Railroad Retirement Board, 1984.... 897
Securities and Exchange Commission, 1984.... 1079
Security and Cooperation in Europe, Commission on, 1984.... 1096
Selective Service System, 1984.... 232
Small Business Administration, 1984.... 1079
Smithsonian Institution, 1984.... 946, 1296
Soldiers' and Airmen's Home, 1984.... 898
State Department, 1984.... 1092
Supplemental, 1983.... 37, 301
Supplemental, 1984.... 1153
Susquehanna River Basin Commission, 1984.... 261
Tennessee Valley Authority, 1984.... 261
Trade Representative, Office of United States, 1984.... 1079
Transportation Department, 1984...453, 1077
Treasury Department, 1984.... 35, 232, 1078
United States Holocaust Memorial Council, 1984.... 951
United States Information Agency, 1984.... 1097
United States Railway Association, 1984.... 469, 1296
Veterans Administration, 1984.... 232, 1155
Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority, 1984.... 469
Argentina, nuclear-related equipment and technology, export policy.... 1059
Arizona:
National Trails System Act Amendments of 1983.... 42
Santa Cruz County, Fred Lawrence Whipple Observatory, land purchase by Smithsonian Institution.... 406
Arkansas, National Trails System Act Amendments of 1983.... 42
Armed Forces:
Capital improvement projects funding.... 1459
Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984.... 614

NOTE: Page references are to beginning pages of each law, excepting acts being amended or repealed, which cite to pages where they actually appear.

Page
Department of State Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1984 and 1985.....1017
Emergency Veterans' Job Training Act of 1983.....443
Enlistment and reenlistment bonuses, extension.....55
Hostilities outside U.S., forces engaged in, removal procedures.....1062
Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1984.....1473
Lebanon Emergency Assistance Act of 1983.....214
Military Construction Authorization Act, 1984.....757
Military Justice Act of 1983.....1393
Multinational Force in Lebanon Resolution.....805
Railroad Retirement Revenue Act of 1983.....419
Social Security Amendments of 1983.....65
Veterans' Health Care Amendments of 1983.....993
Arms Control and Disarmament Act, amendments.....1381, 1382
Arms control and disarmament provisions, extension.....1381
Arms Export Control Act, amendments.....969
Asia Foundation Act, The.....1038
Asian Development Bank Act, amendments.....1285
Assiniboine Tribe of Montana, distribution and use of funds.....817
Atlantic Salmon Convention Act of 1982, amendments.....216
Atlantic Tunas Convention Act of 1975, amendments.....216
Automobiles. *See* Motor Vehicles.

B

Bahamas, Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act.....384
Bankruptcy Rules, amendment.....607
Banks and Banking, Export-Import Bank, authority extension.....916
Barbados, Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act.....384
Barbuda. *See* Antigua and Barbuda.
Beale Wagon Road.....45
Beef:
Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act.....384
Dairy and Tobacco Adjustment Act of 1983.....1128
Belize, Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act.....384
Belle Fourche Irrigation Project, rehabilitation authorization.....989
Bicentennial of the Constitution, Commission on, establishment.....719
Birds, wetlands, extension of provisions.....1378
Page
Bizz Johnson Trail.....50
Blind Persons:
Articles for, temporary import duty reductions.....1548
Education of the Handicapped Act Amendments of 1983.....1357
Board for International Broadcasting Act of 1973, amendments.....1036, 1037
Board for International Broadcasting Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1984 and 1985.....1036
Bretton Woods Agreements Act, amendments.....1267, 1268, 1270–1276
British Virgin Islands, Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act.....384
Buildings and Grounds. *See* Public Buildings and Grounds.
Burns Paiute Tribe, Oreg., lands in trust.....185

C

Caicos Islands. *See* Turks and Caicos Islands.
California:
Golden Gate National Recreation Area, dedication to Congressman Phillip Burton.....188
Military Construction Authorization Act, 1984.....757
National Trails System Act Amendments of 1983.....42
Phillip Burton Federal Building and U.S. Courthouse, designation.....491
Public Lands and National Parks Act of 1983.....909
The Asia Foundation Act.....1038
Canada:
Acid rain control policies.....1059
Shipping.....500
Canal Zone, biological area.....293
Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act.....384
Carl Vinson Veterans' Administration Medical Center, Ga., designation.....1324
Cattle, Dairy and Tobacco Adjustment Act of 1983.....1128
Cayman Islands, Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act.....384
Challenge Grant Amendments of 1983.....708
Charles A. Halleck Federal Building, Mich., designation.....813
Children and Youth:
Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984.....614
Education of the Handicapped Act Amendments of 1983.....1357
Educationally deprived children, educational provisions for.....1412
Health, international, sense of Congress.....1355

NOTE: Page references are to beginning pages of each law, excepting acts being amended or repealed, which cite to pages where they actually appear.

Page

Children and Youth—Continued
Social Security Amendments of 1983.....65
Chippewa Tribe, distribution and use of funds..... 815
Civil Rights, Commission on, establishment.....1301
Claims:
[*Note: For action concerning individuals see Individual Index following this Subject Index.*]
Mashantucket Pequot Indian Claims Settlement Act..... 851
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, settlement of claims.....1124
Public Lands and National Parks Act of 1983.....909
Radio Broadcasting to Cuba Act.....749
Clean Air Act, amendments..... 1461
Coast and Geodetic Survey Commissioned Officers' Act of 1948, amendments.....642
Coffee, trade agreements amendments.....809
Colleges. *See* Schools and Colleges.
Communications Act of 1934, amendments.....1467-1469, 1471
Communications and Telecommunications:
Board for International Broadcasting Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1984 and 1985.....1036
Radio Broadcasting to Cuba Act.....749
Community Development, insurance programs, extension.....197
Compacts Between States, Connecticut River Basin Atlantic Salmon Compact..... 866
Compensation. *See* Wages.
Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act of 1970, amendments..... 177, 179–183
Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act Amendments of 1979, amendments.....183
Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, amendments.....485
Concurrent Resolutions:
Bolivar, Simon, commemoration of birth..... 1500
Burma, terrorist attack on 17 Korean victims, expression of sympathy and condemnation..... 1530
Congress—
Adjournment...1489, 1491, 1500, 1523, 1527, 1530

Page

Adjournment sine die.....1534
Joint session to receive Presidential communication.....1489
Congressional budget, fiscal years 1984—1986 and revision for fiscal year 1983..... 1501
Elizabeth II, Queen, welcome.....1490
Enrolled bills, corrections—
Emergency jobs appropriations (H.R. 1718)..... 1490
Extra Long Staple Cotton Act of 1983 (H.R. 3190)..... 1529
Radio Broadcasting to Cuba Act (S. 602)..... 1530
Small business, improvement in access to Federal procurement information (S. 272).....1528
Social Security Amendments of 1983 (H.R. 1900)..... 1491
Hayden, Carl, bust placement in Capitol or Senate Office Buildings.....1527
Kampuchea invasion, support of ASEAN for peaceful solution, sense of Congress.....1531
Kennedy, John F., commemoration of death.....1532
Librarian of Congress, book study.....1533
MX missile funding, Congressional approval..... 1499
Philip, Prince, welcome..... 1492
Publication, printing of additional copies of "The Capitol".....1523
Rivlin, Alice Mitchell, expression of gratitude..... 1529
Thailand and U.S., 150th anniversary of diplomatic relations..... 1499
Truman, Harry S, commemoration of birth.....1525
United Nations decade of disabled persons, sense of Congress..... 1524
Walesa, Lech, congratulations on receiving Nobel Peace Prize..... 1532
Congregate Housing Services Act of 1978, amendments.....1191
Congress:
See also Concurrent Resolutions.
Ninety-eighth, convening second session.....1127
Congressional Award Act, amendments.....194
Congressional Award Board, membership increase.....194
Connecticut:
Connecticut River Basin Atlantic Salmon Compact..... 866
Mashantucket Pequot Indian Claims Settlement Act..... 851
Conservation:
See also Historic Preservation.
Acid rain, control policies.....1059
Belle Fourche Irrigation Project, rehabilitation authorization..... 989

NOTE: Page references are to beginning pages of each law, excepting acts being amended or repealed, which cite to pages where they actually appear.

Page

Connecticut River Basin Atlantic Salmon Compact....866
Extra Long Staple Cotton Act of 1983....494
International Environment Protection Act of 1983....1045
Lee Metcalf Wilderness and Management Act of 1983....901
National Trails System Act Amendments of 1983....42
Wetlands, extension of provisions....1378
Consumer Protection:
Dairy and Tobacco Adjustment Act of 1983....1128
Federal Anti-Tampering Act....831
Mail Order Consumer Protection Amendments of 1983....1315
Product liability provisions....1344
Contracts:
Belle Fourche Irrigation Project, rehabilitation authorization....989
Dairy and Tobacco Adjustment Act of 1983....1128
Debt collection service requirements....1104
Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984....614
Education of the Handicapped Act Amendments of 1983....1357
Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine Act of 1983....200
Grand Ronde Restoration Act....1064
Military Construction Authorization Act, 1984....757
Product liability provisions....1344
Public Lands and National Parks Act of 1983....909
Radio Broadcasting to Cuba Act....749
Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Reservation, land leases arbitration....1016
Shipping....500
Small Business, improved access to federal procurement information....403
Soviet-Eastern European Research and Training Act of 1983....1047
Veterans' Health Care Amendments of 1983....993
Corn, Dairy and Tobacco Adjustment Act of 1983....1128
Corporations:
Coffee, trade agreements amendments....809
Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine Act of 1983....200
Portsmouth Submarine Memorial Association, Inc., transfer of vessel "Albacore"....958
Social Security Amendments of 1983....65
The Asia Foundation Act....1038
Costa Rica, Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act....384

Page

Cotton:
Extra Long Staple Cotton Act of 1983....494
Payment-in-kind program....301
Courts, U.S., Dairy and Tobacco Adjustment Act of 1983....1128
Crimes and Misdemeanors, housing and community development, insurance program extension....197
Cuba, Radio Broadcasting to Cuba Act....749
Cultural Programs:
Articles for, temporary import duty reductions....1548
Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984....614
United States-India Fund for Cultural, Educational, and Scientific Cooperation Act....1051
Cumberland Island National Seashore, boundary amendments....1116

D

Dairy Production Stabilization Act of 1983....1128
Dairy and Tobacco Adjustment Act of 1983....1128
Deaf Persons, Education of the Handicapped Act Amendments of 1983....1357
Debt Collection Act of 1982, amendments....1104
Debt collection services, contract requirements....1104
Defense and National Security, Lebanon Emergency Assistance Act of 1983....214
Defense Production Act of 1950, amendments....53, 1267
Delaware, land conveyance....1349
Department of Defense Appropriation Act, 1983, amendments....309
Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1981, amendments....629, 634
Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1983....631, 683
Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984....614
Department of Education Organization Act, amendments....692
Department of State Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1982 and 1983, amendments....1017
Department of State Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1984 and 1985....1030
Department of Transportation and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1983, amendments....15, 60
Depository Institutions Management Interlocks Act, amendments....1267
Diplomatic Relations Act, amendments....1042

NOTE: Page references are to beginning pages of each law, excepting acts being amended or repealed, which cite to pages where they actually appear.

Page

Disabled Persons. *See* Handicapped Persons.
Disadvantaged Persons:
Educationally deprived children, educational provisions for..... 1412
Unemployment compensation, federal supplement..... 608
Discrimination, Prohibition:
Local Government Fiscal Assistance Amendments of 1983..... 1309
Student Loan Consolidation and Technical Amendments Act of 1983..... 476
United States Commission on Civil Rights Act of 1983..... 1301
District of Columbia:
Masonic Relief Association, provision for directors..... 1308
Nancy Hanks Center, designation..... 3
National Endowment for Democracy Act..... 1039
Old Post Office Building, designation..... 3
Police officers and fire fighters disability retirement rates..... 727
District of Columbia Retirement Reform Act, amendments..... 727
District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act, amendments..... 367
Domestic Housing and International Recovery and Financial Stability Act..... 1155
Dominica, Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act..... 384
Dominican Republic, Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act..... 384
Drug Abuse Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act, amendments..... 177, 180–183
Drugs and Drug Abuse:
Alcohol and Drug Abuse Amendments of 1983..... 175
Military Justice Act of 1983..... 1393
Veterans' Health Care Amendments of 1983..... 993

E

Education:
See also Schools and Colleges.
Articles for, temporary import duty reductions..... 1548
Challenge Grant Amendments of 1983..... 708
Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984..... 614
Educationally deprived children, provisions for..... 1412
Emergency Veterans' Job Training Act of 1983..... 443
Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine Act of 1983..... 200

Page

Indians, tribally controlled community colleges, provisions for development..... 1335
Mail Order Consumer Protection Amendments of 1983..... 1315
Soviet-Eastern European Research and Training Act of 1983..... 1047
Student Loan Consolidation and Technical Amendments Act of 1983..... 476
United States-India Fund for Cultural, Educational, and Scientific Cooperation Act..... 1051
Education Amendments of 1980, amendments..... 483, 484
Education Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981, amendments..... 1412–1418
Education of the Handicapped Act, amendments..... 1357–1360, 1363, 1369, 1372, 1374
Education of the Handicapped Act Amendments of 1983..... 1357
Edwin D. Eshleman Post Office Building, Penn., designation..... 834
Eggs, Dairy and Tobacco Adjustment Act of 1983..... 1128
El Salvador:
Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act..... 384
Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1984..... 1473
U.S. citizens, murder of, investigations..... 287
Elderly Persons. *See* Aged Persons.
Eleanor Roosevelt Centennial, Commission on the, establishment..... 1013
Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, amendments..... 1418
Emergency Veterans' Job Training Act of 1983..... 443
Employment and Unemployment:
Emergency Veterans' Job Training Act of 1983..... 443, 1011
Federal Supplemental Compensation Amendments of 1983..... 857
Nationals, extension of voluntary departure status..... 1062
Railroad Retirement Solvency Act of 1983..... 411
Social Security Amendments of 1983..... 65
Unemployment compensation, federal supplement..... 608
Energy Conservation in Existing Buildings Act of 1976, amendments..... 1235
Environmental Protection:
See also Conservation; Pollution.
Pesticides, scientific advisory panel on, provisions for..... 1379

NOTE: Page references are to beginning pages of each law, excepting acts being amended or repealed, which cite to pages where they actually appear.

Page

Ethics in Government Act of 1978, amendments....959
Exclusive Economic Zone, U.S..... 1557
Export Administration Act of 1979, amendments....744, 1391
Export-Import Bank, authority extension....916
Export-Import Bank Act of 1945, amendments.... 746, 916, 1254–1262
Export-Import Bank Act Amendments of 1978, amendments.... 1262, 1263
Export-Import Bank Act Amendments of 1983....1254
Export Trading Company Act of 1982, amendments....1257
Exports:
See also Imports.
Authority extension....1391
Control policy, authority extension.... 744
Nuclear-related equipment and technology policy.... 1059
Extra Long Staple Cotton Act of 1983....494

F

Farms and Farming. *See* Agriculture and Agricultural Commodities.
Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1978, amendments....459
Federal Anti-Tampering Act....831
Federal Communications Commission Authorization Act of 1983.... 1467
Federal Deposit Insurance Act, amendments....189, 1267
Federal Domestic Assistance Programs Catalog, transfer of publication responsibility.... 1113
Federal Employees' Retirement Contribution Temporary Adjustment Act of 1983....1106
Federal Flood Insurance Act of 1956.... 1229
Federal Home Loan Bank Act, amendments....1267
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Act, amendments....198
Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, amendments.... 1379
Federal National Mortgage Association Charter Act, amendments....1239
Federal Physicians Comparability Allowance Act of 1978, amendments....1105
Federal Physicians Comparability Allowance Amendments of 1983.... 1105
Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, amendments....1331
Federal Public Transportation Act of 1982, amendments....11

Page

Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970, amendments....148
Federal Supplemental Compensation Act of 1982, amendments...54, 141, 143, 144, 608, 803, 857
Federal Supplemental Compensation Amendments of 1983....857
Filberts, marketing research authorization....1117
Fish and Fishing:
Belle Fourche Irrigation Project, rehabilitation authorization.... 989
Connecticut River Basin Atlantic Salmon Compact....866
Shipping....500
Fish and Wildlife Act of 1956, amendments....216
Fishery Conservation Zone Transition Act, amendments.... 217
Flood Control, housing and community development, insurance program extension....197
Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, amendments....1229
Florida:
George W. Whitehurst Federal Building and United States Courthouse, designation.... 957
Military Construction Authorization Act, 1984....757
Public Lands and National Parks Act of 1983....909
Radio Broadcasting to Cuba Act....749
Florida National Scenic Trail.... 44
Food Stamp Act of 1977, amendments....1385, 1386
Food Stamps, Puerto Rico, nutrition assistance program.... 1385
Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, amendments.... 1045, 1052, 1053
Foreign Assistance Act of 1969, amendments....1051
Foreign Missions Amendments Act of 1983....1042
Foreign Relations Authorization Act, 1978, amendments....1061
Foreign Relations Authorization Act, 1979, amendments....1061
Foreign Service Act of 1980, amendments....1026–1028
Foreign Service Buildings Act, 1926, amendments....1029
Forests and Forest Products. *See* National Forest System.
Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine Act of 1983.... 200
Fur Seal Act of 1966, amendments....835
Fur Seal Act Amendments of 1983....835

G

Gas. *See* Natural Gas.

NOTE: Page references are to beginning pages of each law, excepting acts being amended or repealed, which cite to pages where they actually appear.

Page

General Crook Trail.....45
General Education Provisions Act, amendments.....1417
George W. Whitehurst Federal Building and United States Courthouse, Fla., designation.....957
Georgia:
Carl Vinson Veterans' Administration Medical Center, designation.....1324
Juliette Gordon Low Federal Building, designation.....1387
National Trails System Act Amendments of 1983.....42
German-American Tricentennial, Presidential Commission for, term and report extension.....1353
GI Bill Improvements Act of 1977, amendments.....703
Gifts and Property, Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine Act of 1983.....200
Golden Gate National Recreation Area, dedication to Congressman Phillip Burton.....188
Government Organization and Employees:
Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984.....614
Environmental Protection Agency, Assistant Administrators.....485
Federal Employees' Retirement Contribution Temporary Adjustment Act of 1983.....1106
Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine Act of 1983.....200
Government Ethics, Office of, authority changes, etc.....959
Justice Department, travel expense authorization.....492
Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act Amendments of 1983.....1325
Pay adjustments.....802
Radio Broadcasting to Cuba Act.....749
Social Security Amendments of 1983.....65
United States Commission on Civil Rights Act of 1983.....1301
Grand Ronde Restoration Act.....1064
Grants:
Challenge Grant Amendments of 1983.....708
Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984.....614
Education of the Handicapped Act Amendments of 1983.....1357
Indians, tribally controlled community colleges, provisions for development.....1335
National Endowment for Democracy Act.....1039
Radio Broadcasting to Cuba Act.....749

Page

Student Loan Consolidation and Technical Amendments Act of 1983.....476
The Asia Foundation Act.....1038
United States Information Agency Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1984 and 1985.....1030
Green Mountain National Forest, N.Y., land acquisition.....1123
Grenada, Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act.....384
Grenadines. *See* Saint Vincent and the Grenadines.
Guam:
Capital improvement projects funding.....1459
Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984.....614
Guatemala, Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act.....384
Guyana, Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act.....384

H

Haiti, Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act.....384
Handicapped Persons:
See also Blind Persons; Deaf Persons.
Articles for, temporary import duty reductions.....1548
Education of the Handicapped Act Amendments of 1983.....1357
Educationally deprived children, educational provisions for.....1412
Parking, International Symbol of Access.....473
Social Security Amendments of 1983.....65
Harold L. Runnels Federal Building, N. Mex., designation.....814
Harry S Truman National Historic Site, Mo., establishment.....193
Hawaii:
Commercial motor vehicle width limitation standards.....59
Social Security Amendments of 1983.....65
Hazardous Materials:
Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984.....614
Pesticides, scientific advisory panel on, provisions for.....1379
Shipping.....500
Veterans' Health Care Amendments of 1983.....993
Health and Medical Care:
Alcohol and Drug Abuse Amendments of 1983.....175
Child health, international, sense of Congress.....1355
Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984.....614
Education of the Handicapped Act Amendments of 1983.....1357

NOTE: Page references are to beginning pages of each law, excepting acts being amended or repealed, which cite to pages where they actually appear.

Page
Federal Physicians Comparability Allowance Amendments of 1983.....1105
Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine Act of 1983.....200
Puerto Rico, nutrition assistance program.....1385
Railroad Retirement Solvency Act of 1983.....411
Rural Health Clinics Act of 1983.....1345
Veterans' Administration, contract medical services, extension.....730
Henry M. Jackson Federal Building, Wash., designation.....1122
Henry M. Jackson Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine, designation.....849
Higher Education Act of 1965, amendments.....476, 481, 482, 708
Highways:
Baltimore-Washington Parkway, dedication to Gladys Noon Spellman.....241
Commercial motor vehicle width limitation standards.....59
Hispanic Americans, educationally deprived children, education provisions for.....1412
Historic Preservation, Eleanor Roosevelt National Historic Site.....1013
Home Mortgage Disclosure Act of 1975, amendments.....1266
Honduras, Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act.....384
Hopi Indian Relocation Commission, Navajo and, funding.....244
Hospitals:
Alcohol and Drug Abuse Amendments of 1983.....175
Hospices reimbursement requirements.....606
Rural Health Clinics Act of 1983.....1345
Social Security Amendments of 1983.....65
Three Affiliated Tribes of Fort Berthold Reservation, N. Dak., judgment funds.....407
Housing:
Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984.....614
Insurance programs, extension.....197, 7457
Military Construction Authorization Act, 1984.....757
Housing Act of 1949, amendments...198, 746, 1175, 1240–1244, 1247, 1249, 1250, 1254
Housing Act of 1950, amendments.....895
Housing Act of 1959, amendments...1189, 1190
Housing Act of 1964, amendments...746, 1174
Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, amendments...1159–1170, 1175, 1206, 1232
Page
Housing and Community Development Amendments of 1978, amendments.....1186
Housing and Community Development Amendments of 1981, amendments.....1164
Housing and Urban Development Act of 1965, amendments.....1175, 1178, 1187
Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968, amendments.....1236
Housing and Urban Development Act of 1969, amendments.....1175
Housing and Urban Development Act of 1970, amendments.....198, 1236
Housing and Urban-Rural Recovery Act of 1983.....1155

I

Idaho:
American Falls, land conveyance.....298
Land conveyance.....1352
National Trails System Act Amendments of 1983.....42
Illinois, National Trails System Act Amendments of 1983.....42
Illinois Trail.....44
Immigration and Nationality Act, amendments.....1061
Imports:
See also Exports.
Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act.....384
Coffee, trade agreements amendments.....809
Educational, scientific, and cultural materials, temporary import duty reductions.....1548
Motorcycles, temporary duty increase and tariff-rate quota.....1574
Natural gas, import policy.....1060
Steel, stainless and alloy tool, duty increases and quantitative limitations.....1598
Sugars, sirups, etc., quotas.....1595, 1627
Income Capital Certificates, issuance.....189
Independent Safety Board Act of 1974, amendments.....204
India:
Nuclear-related equipment and technology, export policy.....1059
United States-India Fund for Cultural, Educational, and Scientific Cooperation Act.....1051
Indians:
Alcohol and Drug Abuse Amendments of 1983.....175
Assiniboine Tribe of Montana, distribution and use of funds.....817
Burns Paiute Tribe, Oreg., lands in trust.....185
Chippewa Tribe, distribution and use of funds.....815

NOTE: Page references are to beginning pages of each law, excepting acts being amended or repealed, which cite to pages where they actually appear.

Page

Indians—Continued
Fur Seal Act Amendments of 1983.....835
Grand Ronde Restoration Act.....1064
Kaw Tribe, Okla., lands in trust.....1121
Kootenai Tribe, leasing of lands in trust.....401
Las Vegas Paiute Tribe, Nev., lands in trust.....1383
Luiseno Mission Indians, leasing of lands in trust.....401
Mashantucket Pequot Indian Claims Settlement Act.....851
Navajo and Hopi Indian Relocation Commission, funding.....244
Per capita payments.....365
Salish Tribe, leasing of lands in trust.....401
Salt River Pima-Maricopa Reservation, land leases arbitration.....1016
Three Affiliated Tribes of Fort Berthold, N. Dak., judgment funds.....407
Tribally controlled community colleges, provisions for development.....1335
Information, Public. *See* Public Information.
Insurance:
Contracts, product liability provisions.....1344
District of Columbia, police officers and fire fighters disability retirement rates.....727
Federal Supplemental Compensation Amendments of 1983.....857
Foreign Missions Amendments Acts of 1983.....1042
Housing and community development programs, extension.....197, 745
Payment-in-Kind Tax Treatment Act of 1983.....7
Railroad Retirement Solvency Act of 1983.....411
Social Security Amendments of 1983.....65
Unemployment compensation, federal supplement.....608
Veterans' Health Care Amendments of 1983.....993
Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1984.....1473
Inter-American Development Bank Act, amendments.....1284
Interest and Dividend Tax Compliance Act of 1983.....369
Internal Revenue Code of 1954, amendments...69, 70, 80, 85, 118, 121–123, 126–128, 130, 146–148, 395, 419–421, 424–426, 430, 860
International Agreements:
Coffee, trade agreements amendments.....809

Page

Foreign Missions Amendments Act of 1983.....1042
Natural gas, import policy.....1060
International Coffee Agreement Act of 1980, amendments.....809
International Development Cooperation Act of 1979, amendments.....1061
International Environment Protection Act of 1983.....1045
International Financial Institutions Act, amendments.....1286
International Lending Supervision Act of 1983.....1278
International Organizations, Department of State Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1984 and 1985.....1017
International Organizations Immunities Act, amendments.....1023
International Security and Development Cooperation Act of 1981, amendments.....287
Iowa, Public Lands and National Parks Act of 1983.....909
Israel:
Department of State Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1984 and 1985.....1017
Multinational Force in Lebanon Resolution.....805

J

Jack D. Watson Post Office Building, Tex., designation.....487
Jamaica, Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act.....384
James E. Van Zandt Veterans' Administration Medical Center, Penn., designation.....1324
Jedediah Smith Trail.....44
John F. Kennedy Center Act, amendments.....1388
"John W. Brown," vessel conveyance.....850
Juan Bautista de Anza Trail.....44
Juliette Gordon Low Federal Building, Ga., designation.....1387

K

Kaw Tribe, Okla., lands in trust.....1121
Kentucky, National Trails System Act Amendments of 1983.....42
King, Martin Luther, Jr., birthday, enactment of holiday.....917
Kootenai Tribe, leasing of lands in trust.....401
Korea
Airlines Flight, death of American citizens.....1613
Emergency Veterans' Job Training Act of 1983.....443
Soviet destruction of airliner, condemnation.....715

NOTE: Page references are to beginning pages of each law, excepting acts being amended or repealed, which cite to pages where they actually appear.

Page

L

Lands. *See* Public Lands.
Las Vegas Paiute Tribe, Nev., lands in trust 1383
Lebanon
Death of American and French diplomatic and military personnel in Beirut 1581, 1641
Multinational Force in Lebanon Resolution 805
Lebanon Emergency Assistance Act of 1983 214
Lee Metcalf Wilderness and Management Act of 1983 901
Loans:
Coffee, trade agreements amendments 809
Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984 614
Extra Long Staple Cotton Act of 1983 494
Housing and community development, insurance program extension 197
Social Security Amendments of 1983 65
Student Loan Consolidation and Technical Amendments Act of 1983 476
Veterans' Health Care Amendments of 1983 993
Local Government Fiscal Assistance Amendments of 1983 1309
Louisiana World Exposition, commemorative medals 863
Luiseno Mission Indians, leasing of lands in trust 401

M

MX missile funding, Congressional approval 1499
Mail Order Consumer Protection Amendments of 1983 1315
Maryland:
Baltimore-Washington Parkway, dedication to Gladys Noon Spellman 241
Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine Act of 1983 200
National Trails System Act Amendments of 1983 42
Mashantucket Pequot Indian Claims Settlement Act 851
Masonic Relief Association, provision for directors 1308
Massachusets:
Connecticut River Basin Atlantic Salmon Compact 866
Local Government Fiscal Assistance Amendments of 1983 1309
Public Lands and National Parks Act of 1983 909
Matagorda Island, Tex., management exchange agreement 368
Medals and Decorations:
Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984 614
Louisiana World Exposition, striking of commemorative medals 863
Ryan, Leo J., family of, awarding of special congressional gold medal 992
Thomas, Danny, awarding of special gold medal 1119
Medical Facilities Construction and Modernization Amendments of 1970, amendments 182
Medicare, hospices reimbursement requirements 606
Michigan:
Charles A. Halleck Federal Building, designation 813
National Trails System Act Amendments of 1983 42
Public Lands and National Parks Act of 1983 909
Military Construction Authorization Act, 1981, amendments 785
Military Construction Authorization Act, 1982, amendments 699
Military Construction Authorization Act, 1984 757
Military Justice Act of 1983 1393
Milk, Dairy and Tobacco Adjustment Act of 1983 1128
Mines and Mining:
Idaho land conveyance 1352
Public Lands and National Parks Act of 1983 909
Minorities, Veterans' Health Care Amendments of 1983 993
Mississippi:
National Trails System Act Amendments of 1983 42
Veterans' Health Care Amendments of 1983 993
Missouri:
Harry S Truman National Historic Site, establishment 193
National Trails System Act Amendments of 1983 42
Montana:
Assiniboine Tribe, distribution and use of funds 817
Federal Supplemental Compensation Amendments of 1983 857
Kootenai Tribe, leasing of lands in trust 401
Lee Metcalf Wilderness and Management Act of 1983 901
Salish Tribe, leasing of lands in trust 401
Montserrat, Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act 384
Motor Vehicles, commercial motor vehicle width limitation standards 59

NOTE: Page references are to beginning pages of each law, excepting acts being amended or repealed, which cite to pages where they actually appear.

Page

Motorcycles, importation, temporary duty increase and tariff-rate quota....1574
Multifamily Mortgage Foreclosure Act of 1981, amendments....1237
Multinational Force in Lebanon Resolution....805
Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961, amendments....1034, 1045

N

Nancy Hanks Center, Washington, D.C., designation....3
Natchez Trace National Scenic Trail....44
National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958, amendments....284, 285
National Aeronautics and Space Administration Authorization Act, 1984....281
National Endowment for Democracy Act....1039
National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, amendments....198, 746, 1229
National Forest System:
Green Mountain National Forest, N. Y., land acquisition....1123
Lee Metcalf Wilderness and Management Act of 1983....901
Public Lands and National Parks Act of 1983....909
National Historical Publications and Records Commission, appropriations authorization, extension....1323
National Housing Act, amendments...197, 198, 745, 746, 1186, 1187, 1194, 1195, 1206–1213, 1216–1226, 1228–1230
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Marine Fisheries Program Authorization Act....1409
National Parks, Monuments, Seashores, Etc.:
Cumberland Island National Seashore, boundary amendment....1116
Eleanor Roosevelt National Historic Site....1013
Extra Long Staple Cotton Act of 1983....494
Golden Gate National Recreation Area, dedication to Congressman Phillip Burton....188
National Trails System Act Amendments of 1983....42
National Security. *See* Defense and National Security.
National Security Act of 1947, amendments....1477
National Trails System Act, amendments....42–49
National Trails System Act Amendments of 1983....42

Page

National Wilderness Preservation System, Lee Metcalf Wilderness and Management Act of 1983....901
National Wildlife Refuge System, Matagorda Island, Tex., management exchange agreement....368
Natural gas, import policy....1060
Navajo Community College Act, amendments....1343
Navajo and Hopi Indian Relocation Commission, funding....244
Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation Act, amendments....1175
Netherlands Antilles, Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act....384
Nevada:
Las Vegas Paiute Tribe, lands in trust....1383
National Trails System Act Amendments of 1983....42
Nevis. *See* Saint Christopher-Nevis.
New Hampshire, Connecticut River Basin Atlantic Salmon Compact....866
New Mexico, Harold L. Runnels Federal Building, designation....814
New York:
Buffalo, Shea's Buffalo Theater and Kleinhans Music Hall, sale or lease authorization....34
Eleanor Roosevelt National Historic Site....1013
Green Mountain National Forest, land acquisition....1123
Nicaragua:
Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act....384
Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1984....1473
Nondiscrimination. *See* Discrimination, Prohibition.
"Norden," coastwise trade and documentation....216
North Carolina
National Trails System Act Amendments of 1983....42
Public Lands and National Parks Act of 1983....909
North Dakota, Three Affiliated Tribes of Fort Berthold Reservation, judgment funds....407
Northern Mariana Islands:
Capital improvement projects funding....1459
Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984....614
Nuts. *See* Filberts

O

Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act Amendments of 1983....1325

NOTE: Page references are to beginning pages of each law, excepting acts being amended or repealed, which cite to pages where they actually appear.

Page

Ohio, Military Construction Authorization Act, 1984.....757
Oklahoma:
Kaw Tribe, lands in trust.....1121
National Trails System Act Amendments of 1983.....42
Old Post Office Building, Washington, D.C., designation.....3
Olympics, Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984.....614
Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981, amendments....700, 1235, 1374, 1418
Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1982, amendments.....734, 802
Omnibus Education Reconciliation Act of 1981, amendments.....711, 1419
Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1982, amendments.....73
Oregon:
Burns Paiute Tribe, lands in trust.....185
Grand Ronde Restoration Act.....1064
Lane County, land conveyance.....864
National Trails System Act Amendments of 1983.....42
Organic Act of Guam, amendments.....1460

P

Panama:
Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act.....384
Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984.....614
Patents and Trademarks, Federal Anti-Tampering Act.....831
Pay. *See* Wages
Payment-in-Kind Tax Treatment Act of 1983.....7
Pennsylvania:
Edwin D. Eshleman Post Office Building, designation.....834
James E. Van Zandt Veterans' Administration Medical Center, designation.....1324
Pennsylvania Avenue Development Corporation Act of 1972, amendments.....910
Pesticides, scientific advisory panel on, provisions for.....1379
Phillip Burton Federal Building and U.S. Courthouse, Calif., designation.....491
Poland, rates of duty.....1572
Pollution, acid rain control policies.....1059
Pork, Dairy and Tobacco Adjustment Act of 1983.....1128
Potato Research and Promotion Act, amendments.....1117
Potomac Heritage National Scenic Trail.....43
Poultry, Dairy and Tobacco Adjustment Act of 1983.....1128

Page

Pribilof Islands, Fur Seal Act Amendments of 1983.....835
Prisoners:
Federal Supplemental Compensation Amendments of 1983.....857
Social Security Amendments of 1983.....65
Proclamations:
Educational, scientific, and cultural materials, temporary import duty reductions.....1548
Exclusive economic zone, U.S.....1557
Korean Airlines flight, death of American citizens.....1613
Lebanon, death of American and French diplomatic personnel in Beirut.....1581, 1641
Motorcycles, tariff-rate quota modification.....1574
Poland, rates of duty.....1572
Special Observances—
Afghanistan Day.....1561
Designation.....41
Alaska Statehood Day, designation authorization.....212
American Business Women's Day.....1626
Designation authorization.....290
American Heart Month.....1546
American Indian Day.....1573
Anti-Defamation League Day, designation.....987
Asian/Pacific American Heritage Week.....1562
Baltic Freedom Day.....1592
Designation authorization.....208
Bicentennial of Air and Space Flight.....1537
Bicentennial Year of the Birth of Simon Bolivar.....1597
Cancer Control Month.....1568
Captive Nations Week.....1591
Carrier Alert Week, designation authorization.....1319
Child Health Day.....1608
Citizenship Day and Constitution Week.....1612
Columbus Day.....1615
Crime Victims Week.....1569
FBI Day.....1605
Father's Day.....1591
Federal Credit Union Week, designation authorization.....402
Fire Prevention Week.....1613
Flag Day and National Flag Week.....1584
Florence Crittenton Mission Week, designation.....988
General Pulaski Memorial Day.....1616
Green County, Mo., 150th anniversary.....1538
Helsinki Human Rights Day.....1604
Designation authorization.....294
Jewish Heritage Week.....1580
Designation authorization.....64

NOTE: Page references are to beginning pages of each law, excepting acts being amended or repealed, which cite to pages where they actually appear.

Page

Proclamations—Continued
Special Observances——Continued
Law Day U.S.A.....1579
Leif Erikson Day.....1621
Lithuanian Independence Day.....1551
Designation.....5
Loyalty Day.....1559
Lupus Awareness Week.....1637
Designation authorization.....830
Management Week in America.....1588
Metropolitan Opera Day.....1640
Designation authorization.....847
Minority Enterprise Development Week.....1610
Missing Children Day.....1589
Mother's Day.....1567
Municipal Clerk's Week, designation.....991
Myasthenia Gravis Awareness Week.....1635
Designation authorization.....755
National Adult Day Care Center Week.....1629
Designation authorization.....713
National Aeronautics and Space Administration, 25th anniversary.....1632
Designation authorization.....731
National Agriculture Day.....1554
Designation authorization.....1390
National Alzheimer's Disease Month.....1631
Designation.....724
National Amateur Baseball Month.....1586
Designation authorization.....57
National Andrei Sakharov Day.....1588
Designation authorization.....190
National Animal Agriculture Week.....1605
Designation authorization.....297
National Arthritis Month.....1572
Designation.....61
National Atomic Veterans' Day.....1599
Designation authorization.....288
National Child Abuse Prevention Month.....1564
Designation authorization.....12
National Child Support Enforcement Month.....1608
Designation authorization.....399
National Children and Television Week.....1552
National Children's Liver Disease Awareness Week.....1594
Designation.....211
National Christmas Seal Month.....1647
Designation authorization.....985
National Closed-Captioned Television Month.....1537
National Coin Week.....1554
National Consumers' Week.....1543

Page

National Cystic Fibrosis Week.....1624
Designation authorization.....613
National Day of Mourning.....1618
National Day of Prayer.....1544
National Defense Transportation Day and National Transportation Week.....1570
National Diabetes Month.....1644
Designation authorization.....918
National Disabled Veterans Week, designation.....983
National Drug Abuse Education Week.....1643
Designation authorization.....915
National Drunk and Drugged Driving Awareness Week, designation authorization.....725
National Employ the Handicapped Week.....1630
National Eye Donor Month.....1560
Designation authorization.....10
National Family Week.....1646
Designation authorization.....956
National Farm-City Week.....1637
National Farm Safety Week.....1581
National Fetal Alcohol Syndrome Awareness Week, designation authorization.....1321
National Forest Products Week.....1617
National High School Activities Week.....1631
National Hispanic Heritage Week.....1611
National Historically Black Colleges Day.....1623
Designation authorization.....488
National Home Care Week, designation authorization.....984
National Housing Week.....1620
Designation authorization.....489
National Inventors' Day.....1540
National Jaycee Week.....1539
National Maritime Day.....1562
National Mental Health Counselors Week.....1563
Designation.....39
National Mental Health Week.....1578
Designation authorization.....63
National Organ Donation Awareness Week, designation authorization.....717
National P.O.W.-M.I.A. Recognition Day.....1558
National Paralyzed Veterans Recognition Day.....1606
Designation authorization.....300
National Parkinson's Disease Week.....1587
Designation authorization.....187
National Physical Fitness and Sports Month.....1582
Designation authorization.....174
National Poison Prevention Week...1553, 1642

NOTE: Page references are to beginning pages of each law, excepting acts being amended or repealed, which cite to pages where they actually appear.

Page
National Productivity Improvement Week....1634
Designation....754
National Respiratory Therapy Week....1620
Designation authorization....400
National Reye's Syndrome Week....1645
Designation authorization....291
National Safe Boating Week....1590
National School Lunch Week....1614
National Schoolbus Safety Week....1636
Designation authorization....756
National Scleroderma Week....1593
Designation....210
National Sewing Month....1629
Designation....714
National Sickle-Cell Anemia Awareness Month....1625
National Surveyors Week, designation authorization....1300
National Tourism Week, designation authorization....1126
National Year of Partnerships in Education....1634
National Year of Voluntarism....1583
Older Americans Month....1583
Pan American Day and Pan American Week....1565
Prayer for Peace, Memorial Day....1566
Public Employees' Appreciation Day....1539
Red Cross Month....1542
Save Your Vision Week....1547
Small Business Week....1555
Swedish-American Friendship Day....1564
Designation authorization....56
Thanksgiving Day....1622
Treaty of Paris, two hundredth anniversary of signing....1609
Designation authorization....409
Tricentennial Anniversary Year of German Settlement in America....1541
United Nations Day....1628
Veterans Day....1623
White Cane Safety Day....1617
Women's Equality Day....1607
Women's History Week....1556
Designation....6
World Food Day....1638
Designation authorization....747
World Trade Week....1571
Wright Brothers Day....1639
Year of the Bible....1545
Youth of America Week....1619
Designation authorization....490
Zoo and Aquarium Month....1551
Steel, stainless and alloy tool, imports, duty increases and quantitative limitations....1588
Sugars, sirups, etc., import quotas....1595, 1627

Page
Product Liability Risk Retention Act of 1981, amendments....1344
"Protector Alpha," coastwise trade documentation....1410
Public Buildings and Grounds:
Carl Vinson Veterans' Administration Medical Center, Ga., designation....1324
Charles A. Halleck Federal Building, Mich., designation....813
Edwin D. Eshleman Post Office Building, Penn., designation....834
George W. Whitehurst Federal Building and United States Courthouse, Fla., designation....957
Harold L. Runnels Federal Building, N. Mex., designation....814
Harry S. Truman National Historic Site, Mo., establishment....193
Henry M. Jackson Federal Building, Wash., designation....1122
Jack D. Watson Post Office Building, Tex., designation....487
James E. Van Zandt Veterans' Administration Medical Center, Penn., designation....1324
Juliette Gordon Low Federal Building, Ga., designation....1387
Nancy Hanks Center, Washington, D.C., designation....3
Old Post Office Building, Washington, D.C., designation....3
Phillip Burton Federal Building and U.S. Courthouse, Calif., designation....491
William A. Steiger Post Office Building, Wis., designation....848
Public Debt Limit, increase....196, 1012
Public Health Service Act, amendments...176–182, 184, 245, 642, 1345
Public Information:
Emergency Veterans' Job Training Act of 1983....443
Federal domestic assistance programs, catalog of, transfer of publication responsibility....1113
Public Lands:
See also National Parks, Monuments, Seashores, Etc.
American Falls, Idaho, land conveyance....298
Boise, Idaho, land conveyance....1352
Burns Paiute Tribe, Oreg., lands in trust....185
Delaware, land conveyance....1349
Fur Seal Act Amendments of 1983....835
Grand Ronde Restoration Act....1064
Kaw Tribe, Okla., lands in trust....1121
Kootenai Tribe, lands in trust....401
Lane County, Oreg., land conveyance....864

NOTE: Page references are to beginning pages of each law, excepting acts being amended or repealed, which cite to pages where they actually appear.

Page

Public Lands—Continued
Las Vegas Paiute Tribe, lands in trust....1383
Luiseno Mission Indians, lands in trust....401
Mashantucket Pequot Indian Claims Settlement Act....851
Matagorda Island, Tex., management exchange agreement....368
Military Construction Authorization Act, 1984....757
Payment-in-Kind Tax Treatment Act of 1983....7
Salish Tribe, lands in trust....401
Public Lands and National Parks Act of 1983....909
Puerto Rico:
Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act....384
Food assistance program....1385
Veterans' Administration, contract medical services, extension....730
Veterans' Health Care Amendments of 1983....993

R

Radio Broadcasting to Cuba Act....749
Railroad Retirement Act of 1974, amendments...411, 413, 414–418, 430, 431, 433–438
Railroad Retirement Revenue Act of 1983....419
Railroad Retirement Solvency Act of 1983....411
Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act, amendments...32, 432, 434, 436, 440, 441, 1298
Railroads:
Lee Metcalf Wilderness and Management Act of 1983....901
National Trails System Act Amendments of 1983....42
Social Security Amendments of 1983....65
Rattlesnake National Recreation Area and Wilderness Act of 1980, amendments....907, 908
Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act of 1974, amendments....1230–1232
Real Property:
Military Construction Authorization Act, 1984....757
Veterans' Health Care Amendments of 1983....993
Recreation Areas. *See* National Parks, Monuments, Seashores, Etc.
Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973, amendments....1297
Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1970, amendments....485, 486
Research and Development:
Alcohol and Drug Abuse Amendments of 1983....175
Soviet-Eastern European Research and Training Act of 1983....1047
Retirement:
Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984....614
District of Columbia police officers and fire fighters disability retirement rates....727
Federal Employees' Retirement Contribution Temporary Adjustment Act of 1983....1106
Railroad Retirement Solvency Act of 1983....411
Social Security Amendments of 1983....65
Revised Organic Act of the Virgin Islands, amendments....1460
Rivers and Harbors Act of 1970, amendments....1293
Roy Taylor Forest....51
Rural Areas:
Housing and community development, insurance program extension....197
Rural Health Clinics Act of 1983....1345
Social Security Amendments of 1983....65
Rural Health Clinics Act of 1983....1345
Rural Housing Amendments of 1983, amendments....1240

S

Saccharin Study and Labeling Act, amendments....173
Saccharin Study and Labeling Act Amendment of 1983....173
Safety, shipping....500
Saint Christopher-Nevis, Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act....384
Saint Lucia, Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act....384
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act....384
Salish Tribe, leasing of lands in trust....401
Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Reservation, land leases arbitration....1016
Schools and Colleges:
Challenge Grant Amendments of 1983....708
Education of the Handicapped Act Amendments of 1983....1357
Educationally deprived children, educational provisions for....1412
Emergency Veterans' Job Training Act of 1983....443
Social Security Amendments of 1983....65
Student Loan Consolidation and Technical Amendments Act of 1983....476
Science and Technology:
Articles for, temporary import duty reductions....1548

NOTE: Page references are to beginning pages of each law, excepting acts being amended or repealed, which cite to pages where they actually appear.

Page

United States-India Fund for Cultural, Educational, and Scientific Cooperation Act....1051
Securities Exchange Act of 1934, amendments....205
Senior Citizens. *See* Aged Persons.
Shipping, enactment as Subtitle II of title 46, U. S. Code....500
Small Business Act, amendments....243, 403
Small Business Development Center Program, extension....1125
Smithsonian Institution:
Board of Regents, appointment of Jeannine Smith Clark....493
Board of Regents, appointment of Samuel Curtis Johnson....1392
Fred Lawrence Whipple Observatory, land purchase in Arizona....406
Soccer, hosting World Cup event in U.S....192
Social Security Act, amendments...67, 70–73, 76, 79, 92, 95, 98, 99, 102, 103, 105, 107, 108, 112, 113, 115, 120, 121, 124–131, 133–140, 144, 146–149, 162–166, 169–172, 419, 425, 606, 803, 804, 861
Social Security Amendments of 1983.... 65
Solar Energy and Energy Conservation Bank Act, amendments....1233, 1234
South Carolina, Public Lands and National Parks Act of 1983....909
South Dakota, Belle Fourche Irrigation Project, rehabilitation authorization....989
Soviet Destruction of Korean Airliner, condemnation....715
Soviet-Eastern European Research and Training Act of 1983.... 1047
Special Drawing Rights Act, amendments....1270
State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956, amendments...1023, 1025, 1042, 1043
State and Local Governments:
Alcohol and Drug Abuse Amendments of 1983....175
Commercial motor vehicle width limitation standards....59
Education of the Handicapped Act Amendments of 1983....1357
Educationally deprived children, educational provisions for....1412
Extra Long Staple Cotton Act of 1983....494
Local Government Fiscal Assistance Amendments of 1983....1309
Military Construction Authorization Act, 1984....757
Social Security Amendments of 1983....65
Unemployment compensation, federal supplement....608

Page

Steel, stainless and alloy tool, imports, duty increases and quantitative limitations....1598
Student Financial Assistance Technical Amendments of 1982, amendments....479
Student Loan Consolidation and Technical Amendments Act of 1983....476
Students. *See* Education.
Sugars, Sirups, Etc.:
Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act....384
Import quotas....1595, 1627
Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1973, amendments....266
Surface Transportation Assistance Act of 1982, amendments....59, 60
Suriname, Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act....384
Syria, Multinational Force in Lebanon Resolution....805

T

Taiwan Relations Act, amendments....1061
Tariff Act of 1930, amendments....1266
Tariff Schedules of the U.S., amendments...387, 392, 393, 1551, 1578, 1598, 1602, 1627
Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982, amendments....152, 169, 369
Taxes:
Capital improvement projects funding....1459
Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act....384
Interest and Dividend Tax Compliance Act of 1983....369
Payment-in-Kind Tax Treatment Act of 1983....7
Railroad Retirement Solvency Act of 1983....411
Social Security Amendments of 1983....65
Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983....35
Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983, amendments....608
Tennessee, National Trails System Act Amendments of 1983....42
Texas:
Jack D. Watson Post Office Building, designation....487
Matagorda Island, management exchange agreement....368
The Asia Foundation Act.... 1038
Three Affiliated Tribes of Fort Berthold Reservation, N. Dak., judgment funds....407
Thrift Institutions Restructuring Act, amendments....1237

NOTE: Page references are to beginning pages of each law, excepting acts being amended or repealed, which cite to pages where they actually appear.

Page

Tobacco:
Alcohol and Drug Abuse Amendments of 1983....175
Dairy and Tobacco Adjustment Act of 1983....1128
Price support levels....296
Tobacco Adjustment Act of 1983....1143
Tobago. *See* Trinidad and Tobago.
Toxic Substances Control Act, amendments....485
Trade, coffee, trade agreements amendments....809
Trade Act of 1974, amendments....809
Trade Agreements Act of 1979, amendments....393
Trade and Development Enhancement Act of 1983....1263
Trail of Tears....44
Trails Systems. *See* National Parks, Monuments, Seashores, Etc.
Training. *See* Education.
Tribally Controlled Community College Assistance Act of 1978, amendments....1335
Trinidad and Tobago, Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act....384
Turks and Caicos Islands, Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act....384

U

Uniformed Services:
Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984....614
Shipping....500
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics:
Arms control and disarmament provisions, extension....1381
Soviet-Eastern European Research and Training Act of 1983....1047
United Nations:
Department of State Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1984 and 1985....1017
Multinational Force in Lebanon Resolution....805
United Nations Participation Act of 1945, amendments....1035
United States Commission on Civil Rights Act of 1983....1301
United States Housing Act of 1937, amendments...1176, 1178, 1179, 1181–1185, 1196, 1206, 1246
United States-India Fund for Cultural, Educational, and Scientific Cooperation Act....1051
United States Information Agency Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1984 and 1985....1030
United States Information and Educational Exchange Act of 1948, amendments....1035, 1036
Urban Areas, Social Security Amendments of 1983....65

Page

Utah:
National Trails System Act Amendments of 1983....42
Social Security Amendments of 1983....65

V

Vermont, Connecticut River Basin Atlantic Salmon Compact....866
Vessels:
"ACT-100," coastwise trade operation....1483
"Albacore," transfer to submarine memorial association....958
Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984....614
Fur Seal Act Amendments of 1983....835
"John W. Brown," conveyance....850
"Norden," coastwise trade and documentation....216
"Protector Alpha," coastwise trade documentation....1409
Shipping....500
"Yukon Princess," coastwise trade operation....1483
Veterans, Emergency Veterans' Job Training Act of 1983....443
Veterans' Health Care Amendments of 1983....993
Vietnam, Emergency Veterans' Job Training Act of 1983....443
Virgin Islands, British. *See* British Virgin Islands.
Virgin Islands, U.S.:
Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act....384
Veterans' Administration, contract medical services, extension....730
Veterans' Health Care Amendments of 1983....993
Virginia:
Military Construction Authorization Act, 1984....757
National Trails System Act Amendments of 1983....42
Voluntarism:
Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984....614
Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine Act of 1983....200
National Trails System Act Amendments of 1983....42

W

Wages, Federal supplemental compensation, program extension....803
Washington:
Henry M. Jackson Federal Building, designation....1122
Henry M. Jackson Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine, designation....849

NOTE: Page references are to beginning pages of each law, excepting acts being amended or repealed, which cite to pages where they actually appear.

Page

McNeil Island Federal Penitentiary, transfer of real property.....1456
National Trails System Act Amendments of 1983.....42
Washington, D.C. *See* District of Columbia.
Water, wetlands, extension of provisions.....1378
Weapons:
Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984.....614
Department of State Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1984 and 1985.....1017
Military Construction Authorization Act, 1984.....757
Wetlands, extension of provisions for.....1378
Wheat, feed grain programs, 1984 and 1985, announcement.....718
Wildlife Refuges. *See* National Wildlife Refuge System.
William A. Steiger Post Office Building, Wis., designation.....848
William Bartram Heritage Trail.....52
Wisconsin, William A. Steiger Post Office Building, designation.....848
Women:
Social Security Amendments of 1983.....65
Veterans' Health Care Amendments of 1983.....993
World Cup, hosting of soccer event in U.S.....192
Wyoming, National Trails System Act Amendments of 1983.....42

Y

"Yukon Princess I," coastwise trade operation.....1483

NOTE: Page references are to beginning pages of each law, excepting acts being amended or repealed, which cite to pages where they actually appear.

Page

B

Bartram, William....52
Bilder, Anna....1058
Bolivar, Simon....1502
Burton, Phillip....188, 491

C

Clark, Jeannine Smith....493

D

Daniel, Margaret Truman....193
Dymond, Gregory B....1484

E

Elizabeth II, Queen....1490

F

Ferguson, James A....1486

G

Gatson, Carlos Mebrano....1486
Gibbons, Samuel K....1484
Goldstock, Ronald....1483

H

Hanks, Nancy....493
Hayden, Carl....1527

J

Jackson, Helen H....1288
Jackson, Henry M....1288
James, Jesse Joseph....185
Johnson, Harold T. 'Bizz'....50
Johnson, Samuel Curtis....1392

Page

K

Kaplan, Jan....1058, 1059
Kaplan, Mrs. Jan....1058
Kean, Jack C....1484
Kennedy, John F....1532
King, Martin Luther, Jr....917
Kline, Michael....287

M

McDonald, Kathryn Jackson....1290
McDonald, Larry P....715, 1290

N

Nichols, James D....1484

P

Philip, Prince....14902

R

Redmond, Roy A....1484
Rivlin, Alice Mitchell....1529
Roosevelt, Eleanor....1013
Ruks, Stephen C....1485
Ryan, Leo J....992

S

Spellman, Gladys Noon....241
Statham, Augustus M....1483

T

Taylor, Roy....51
Thomas, Danny....1119
Truman, Harry S....1525

W

Walesa, Lech....1532
Wallenberg, Raoul....1058, 1059

B

Brennan, William 32
Bilder, Anna 1002
Bolivar, Simon 1002
Brown, Phillip 188, 401

C

Clark, Jeremy Smith 402

D

Daniel, Margaret Truman 188
Dymond, Gregory B. 1401

E

Elizabeth II, Queen 1000

F

Ferguson, James A. 1478

G

Garson, Caroline Mulroney 1478
Gibbons, Samuel R. 134
Goldstein, Ronald 1485

H

Hanks, Nancy 482
Hercus, Cecil 1002

J

Jackson, Helen H. 1000
Jackson, Henry M. 1000
James, Jesse Lynch 1000
Johnson, Harold T. Elder 30
Johnson, Stanley T. 1000