Public Law 96-481 96th Congress

An Act

To amend the Small Business Act, to provide for the payment of the United States of certain fees and costs incurred by prevailing parties in Federal agency adjudications and in civil actions in courts of the United States, and for other purposes.

Oct. 21, 1980 [H.R. 5612]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

programs and Federal litigation

PART A.—SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION MINORITY BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM AMENDMENTS

SEC. 101. Section 8(a) of the Small Business Act is amended by striking "September 30, 1980" wherever it appears and by substituting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1981".

SEC. 102. Section 202(b) of the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Small Business Act and the Small Business Investment Act of 1958" approved October 24, 1978 (15 U.S.C. 631) is amended by-

(a) redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (b)(1);

(b) striking "June 30, 1980" and inserting in lieu thereof "January 31, 1981"; and

(c) adding at the end thereof a new paragraph as follows: "(2) The Small Business Administration and the agency designated pursuant to section 8(a)(1)(B) of the Small Business Act shall submit separate quarterly reports to the Senate Select Committee on Small Business and the Committee on Small Business of the House of Representatives. Such reports shall contain a review and evaluation of all activities conducted pursuant to section 8(a)(1)(B) of the Small Business Act during the previous three-month period including-

"(A) the number, dollar value, and description of all contracts awarded or being reserved for award pursuant to such section; "(B) the status of all contracts awarded, including percent of

completion and a description of problems incurred in the per-

formance of such contracts;

"(C) the impact, if any, on small business concerns resulting from selection of any contract for award under such section; and

"(D) efforts made by the Administration to identify, match, and negotiate procurement requirements pursuant to such section.

The first such report shall be submitted commencing on January 2, 1981, for the preceding three-month period, and shall continue quarterly through, and include, the quarter ending September 30, 1981. The reports shall not be reviewed by any other agency or office prior to their submission."

SEC. 103. Section 4(b) of the Small Business Act is amended by striking all after the phrase "Capital Ownership Development" through the period and inserting in lieu thereof "and shall be responsible to the Administrator for the formulation and execution of the policies and programs under sections 7(j) and 8(a) of this Act which provide assistance to minority small business concerns.".

Small business assistance.

15 USC 637.

15 USC 637 note.

Quarterly reports to congressional committees.

15 USC 636, 637.

15 USC 636.

Sec. 104. The second sentence of section 7(j)(10) of the Small Business Act is amended to read as follows: "The program, and all other services and activities authorized under section 7(j) and 8(a) of this Act, shall be managed by the Associate Administrator for Minority Small Business and Capital Ownership Development under the supervision of, and responsible to, the Administrator.".

Prejudice or bias determination. 15 USC 637. SEC. 105. Section 8(a)(8) of the Small Business Act is amended to

read as follows:

"(8) All determinations made pursuant to paragraph (5) with respect to whether a group has been subjected to prejudice or bias shall be made by the Administrator after consultation with the Associate Administrator for Minority Small Business and Capital Ownership Development. All other determinations made pursuant to paragraphs (4), (5), (6), and (7) shall be made by the Associate Administrator for Minority Small Business and Capital Ownership Development under the supervision of, and responsible to, the Administrator."

15 USC 636.

Sec. 106. (a) Section 7(j)(10)(A)(i) of the Small Business Act is amended by striking the semicolon at the end thereof and inserting in lieu thereof "for correcting the impairment of such concern's ability to compete, as determined for such concern pursuant to section 8(a)(6) of this Act, within a fixed period of time as mutually agreed upon by the applicant and the Administrator prior to acceptance in such program: *Provided*, That not less than one year prior to the expiration of such period, and upon the request of such concern, the Administration shall review such period and may extend such period as necessary and appropriate: *Provided further*, That no determination made under this paragraph shall be considered a denial of total participation for the purposes of section 8(a)(9) of this Act;".

Business plan, submittal. 15 USC 636 note.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, for concerns eligible to receive contracts pursuant to section 8(a) of the Small Business Act on the effective date of the amendment made by this section, each such concern shall submit to the Small Business Administration within two months after the promulgation of final regulations issued within one hundred and twenty days after the enactment of this Act the business plan required under section 7(j)(10)(A)(i) of the Small Business Act, as amended by subsection (a) of this section: Provided however, That the period of time required under section 7(j)(10)(A)(i) of the Small Business Act, as amended by subsection (a) of this section, shall be fixed as mutually agreed upon by the program participant and the Small Business Administration prior to the awarding or extending of contracts to such concern pursuant to section 8(a) of the Small Business Act after June 1, 1981, but the period shall be fixed in no case later than eighteen months after the effective date of this Act: Provided further, That no determination made under this paragraph shall be considered a denial of total participation for the purposes of section 8(a)(9) of the Small Business Act.

Sec. 107. Section 7(j)(10)(C) of the Small Business Act is amended to read as follows:

"(C) No small business concern shall receive a contract pursuant to section 8(a) of this Act unless—

"(i) the business plan required pursuant to section 7(j)(10)(A)(i) is approved by the Administration; and

"(ii) the program is able to provide such concern with, but not limited to, such management, technical and financial services as may be necessary to achieve the targets, objectives, and goals of such business."

Small business concern contracts. 15 USC 636. 15 USC 637. SEC. 108. The second sentence of section 3(a) of the Small Business 15 USC 632. Act is amended by striking "business." and inserting in lieu thereof "business: *Provided*, That the Administration shall not promulgate, amend, or rescind any rule regulation with respect to size standards prior to March 31, 1981.".

PART B-SMALL BUSINESS EXPORT FINANCING

Sec. 110. This part may be cited as the "Small Business Export Expansion Act of 1980".

Sec. 111. (a) The Congress finds and declares that-

(1) a strong export policy is essential to the health and well-

being of the United States economy;

(2) exports of goods and services account for one out of every six jobs in the manufacturing sector and 10 per centum of the gross national product.

(3) every billion dollars in new exports is estimated to provide

forty thousand jobs;

(4) there is increased and fierce competition in international markets to United States goods and services;

(5) small businesses account for no more than 10 per centum of

all United States export sales;

(6) Federal Government programs are not sufficently responsive to the needs of small business for export education and development of overseas marketing opportunities necessary to insure that small businesses realize their potential; and

(7) it is in the national interest to systematically and consistently promote and encourage small business participation in

international markets.

(b) It is therefore the purpose of this part to encourage and promote small business exporting by—

(1) providing educational and marketing assistance to small

businesses:

(2) insuring better access to export information and assistance for small businesses by upgrading and expanding the export development programs and services of the Department of Commerce and the Small Business Administration; and

(3) promoting the competitive viability of such firms in export trade and encouraging increased tourism in the United States by creating a program to provide limited financial, technical, and

management assistance as may be necessary.

Sec. 112. Section 7(a) of the Small Business Act is amended by inserting before the phrase "The foregoing powers shall be subject, however," the following new sentences: "The Administration is further empowered, only to such extent and in such amounts as are provided in appropriation Acts, to make or effect either directly or in cooperation with banks or other lending institutions through agreements to participate on an immediate or deferred basis extensions and revolving lines of credit for export purposes to enable small business concerns to develop foreign markets and for preexport financing: Provided, however, That no such extension or revolving line of credit may be made for a period or periods exceeding eighteen months. A bank or participating lending institution may establish the rate of interest on extensions and revolving lines of credit as may be legal and reasonable."

SEC. 113. The Small Business Act is amended by adding after

section 21 the following new section.

Small Business Export Expansion Act of 1980. 15 USC 631 note. 15 USC 649 note.

Extensions and revolving lines of credit. 15 USC 636. Office of International Trade establishment. 15 USC 649.

Export information.

Trade fairs. shows, and missions.

Export development specialists.

"Sec. 22. (a) There is established within the Administration an Office of International Trade which shall implement the programs pursuant to this section.

"(b) The Office shall promote sales opportunities for small business goods and services abroad. To accomplish this objective the office

shall-

"(1) provide small businesses with access to current and com-

plete export information by-

"(A) making available, at the Adminstration's regional offices through cooperation with the Department of Commerce, export information, including, but not limited to, the worldwide information and trade system and world trade data reports:

"(B) maintaining a current list of financial institutions

that finance export operations:

"(C) maintaining a current directory of all Federal, regional. State and private sector programs that provide export information and assistance to small businesses; and

(D) preparing and publishing such reports as it determines to be necessary concerning market conditions, sources of financing, export promotion programs, and other information pertaining to the needs of small business exporting firms so as to insure that the maximum information is made

available to small businesses in a readily usable form; "(2) encourage through cooperation with the Department of Commerce, greater small business participation in trade fairs, shows, missions, and other domestic and overseas export develop-

ment activities of the Department of Commerce; and

"(3) facilitate decentralized delivery of export information and assistance to small businesses by assigning full-time export development specialists to each Administration regional office and assigning primary responsibility for export development to one person in each district office. Such specialists shall-

"(A) assist small businesses in obtaining export information and assistance from other Federal departments and

agencies:

"(B) maintain a current directory of all programs which provide export information and assistance to small businesses within the region;

"(C) encourage financial institutions to develop and

expand programs for export financing;

'(D) provide advice to Administration personnel involved in granting loans, loan guarantees, and extensions and revolving lines of credit, and providing other forms of assist-

ance to small businesses engaged in exports; and

"(E) within one hundred and eighty days of their appointment, participate in training programs designed by the Administrator, in conjunction with the Department of Commerce and other Federal departments and agencies, to study export programs and to examine small businesses' needs for export information and assistance.".

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect on October 1, 1980, or the date of enactment of this Act, whichever occurs later.

Effective date. 15 USC 649 note.

TITLE II—EQUAL ACCESS TO JUSTICE ACT

Equal Access to Justice Act.

SEC. 201. This title may be cited as the "Equal Access to Justice 5 USC 504 note. Act"

FINDINGS AND PURPOSE

Sec. 202. (a) The Congress finds that certain individuals, partner- 5 USC 504 note. ships, corporations, and labor and other organizations may be deterred from seeking review of, or defending against, unreasonable governmental action because of the expense involved in securing the vindication of their rights in civil actions and in administrative proceedings.

(b) The Congress further finds that because of the greater resources and expertise of the United States the standard for an award of fees against the United States should be different from the standard governing an award against a private litigant, in certain situations.

(c) It is the purpose of this title-

(1) to diminish the deterrent effect of seeking review of, or defending against, governmental action by providing in specified situations an award of attorney fees, expert witness fees, and other costs against the United States; and

(2) to insure the applicability in actions by or against the United States of the common law and statutory exceptions to the "American rule" respecting the award of attorney fees.

AWARD OF FEES AND OTHER EXPENSES IN CERTAIN AGENCY ACTIONS

Sec. 203. (a)(1) Subchapter I of chapter 5 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"§ 504. Costs and fees of parties

"(a)(1) An agency that conducts an adversary adjudication shall award, to a prevailing party other than the United States, fees and other expenses incurred by that party in connection with that proceeding, unless the adjudicative officer of the agency finds that the position of the agency as a party to the proceeding was substantially justified or that special circumstances make an award unjust.

"(2) A party seeking an award of fees and other expenses shall, within thirty days of a final disposition in the adversary adjudication, submit to the agency an application which shows that the party is a prevailing party and is eligible to receive an award under this section, and the amount sought, including an itemized statement from any attorney, agent, or expert witness representing or appearing in behalf of the party stating the actual time expended and the rate at which fees and other expenses were computed. The party shall also allege that the position of the agency was not substantially justified.

"(3) The adjudicative officer of the agency may reduce the amount to be awarded, or deny an award, to the extent that the party during the course of the proceedings engaged in conduct which unduly and unreasonably protracted the final resolution of the matter in controversy. The decision of the adjudicative officer of the agency under this section shall be made a part of the record containing the final decision of the agency and shall include written findings and conclusions and the reason or basis therefor.

"(b)(1) For the purposes of this section—

5 USC 504.

Application for fees and expenses. submittal.

Definitions.

5 USC 551.

26 USC 501.

5 USC 554.

Applications, uniform procedures.

Fee determination, review. "(A) 'fees and other expenses' includes the reasonable expenses of expert witnesses, the reasonable cost of any study, analysis, engineering report, test, or project which is found by the agency to be necessary for the preparation of the party's case, and reasonable attorney or agent fees (The amount of fees awarded under this section shall be based upon prevailing market rates for the kind and quality of the services furnished, except that (i) no expert witness shall be compensated at a rate in excess of the highest rate of compensation for expert witnesses paid by the agency involved, and (ii) attorney or agent fees shall not be awarded in excess of \$75 per hour unless the agency determines by regulation that an increase in the cost of living or a special factor, such as the limited availability of qualified attorneys or agents for the proceedings involved, justifies a higher fee.);

"(B) 'party' means a party, as defined in section 551(3) of this

title, which is an individual, partnership, corporation, association, or public or private organization other than an agency, but excludes (i) any individual whose net worth exceeded \$1,000,000 at the time the adversary adjudication was initiated, and any sole owner of an unincorporated business, or any partnership, corporation, association, or organization whose net worth exceeded \$5,000,000 at the time the adversary adjudication was initiated, except that an organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (26 U.S.C. 501(c)(3)) exempt from taxation under section 501(a) of the Code and a cooperative association as defined in section 15(a) of the Agricultural Marketing Act (12 U.S.C. 1141j(a)), may be a party regardless of the net worth of such organization or cooperative association, and (ii) any sole owner of an unincorporated business, or any partnership, corporation, association, or organization, having more than 500 employees at the time the adversary adjudication was initiated:

"(C) 'adversary adjudication' means an adjudication under section 554 of this title in which the position of the United States is represented by counsel or otherwise, but excludes an adjudication for the purpose of establishing or fixing a rate or for the purpose of granting or renewing a license; and

"(D) 'adjudicative officer' means the deciding official, without regard to whether the official is designated as an administrative law judge, a hearing officer or examiner, or otherwise, who

presided at the adversary adjudication.

"(2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (1), the definitions

provided in section 551 of this title apply to this section.

"(c)(1) After consultation with the Chairman of the Administrative Conference of the United States, each agency shall by rule establish uniform procedures for the submission and consideration of applications for an award of fees and other expenses. If a court reviews the underlying decision of the adversary adjudication, an award for fees and other expenses may be made only pursuant to section 2412(d)(3) of title 28, United States Code.

"(2) A party dissatisfed with the fee determination made under subsection (a) may petition for leave to appeal to the court of the United States having jurisdiction to review the merits of the underlying decision of the agency adversary adjudication. If the court denies the petition for leave to appeal, no appeal may be taken from the denial. If the court grants the petition, it may modify the determination only if it finds that the failure to make an award, or the calculation of the amount of the award, was an abuse of discretion.

"(d)(1) Fees and other expenses awarded under this section may be paid by any agency over which the party prevails from any funds made available to the agency, by appropriation or otherwise, for such purpose. If not paid by any agency, the fees and other expenses shall be paid in the same manner as the payment of final judgments is made pursuant to section 2414 of title 28, United States Code. "(2) There is authorized to be appropriated to each agency for each

of the fiscal years 1982, 1983, and 1984, such sums as may be necessary to pay fees and other expenses awarded under this section

in such fiscal years.

"(e) The Chairman of the Administrative Conference of the United States, after consultation with the Chief Counsel for Advocacy of the Small Business Administration, shall report annually to the Congress on the amount of fees and other expenses awarded during the preceding fiscal year pursuant to this section. The report shall describe the number, nature, and amount of the awards, the claims involved in the controversy, and any other relevant information which may aid the Congress in evaluating the scope and impact of such awards. Each agency shall provide the Chairman with such information as is necessary for the Chairman to comply with the requirements of this subsection."

(2) The table of sections of subchapter I of chapter 5 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the

following new item:

"504. Costs and fees of parties.".

(b) Section 202 of the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Small Business Act and Small Business Investment Act of 1958 to provide additional assistance under such Acts, to create a pollution control financing program for small business, and for other purposes" approved June 4, 1976 (15 U.S.C. 634b), is amended—

(1) by striking out "and" after the semicolon in paragraph (9);

(2) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (10) and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon and "and"; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph: "(11) advise, cooperate with, and consult with, the Chairman of the Administrative Conference of the United States with respect

to section 504(e) of title 5 of the United States Code."

(c) Effective October 1, 1984, section 504, and the item relating to section 504 in the table of sections, of title 5, United States Code, as added by subsection (a) of this section, are repealed, except that the provisions of such section shall continue to apply through final disposition of any adversary adjudication as defined in subsection (b)(1)(C) of such section, initiated before the date of repeal.

AWARD OF FEES AND OTHER EXPENSES IN CERTAIN JUDICIAL PROCEEDINGS

SEC. 204. (a) Section 2412 of title 28, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"§ 2412. Costs and fees

"(a) Except as otherwise specifically provided by statute, a judgment for costs, as enumerated in section 1920 of this title, but not including the fees and expenses of attorneys, may be awarded to the prevailing party in any civil action brought by or against the United States or any agency and any official of the United States acting in his or her official capacity in any court having jurisdiction of such action. A judgment for costs when taxed against the United States

Appropriation authorization.

Report to Congress.

Ante, p. 2325. Repeal. 5 USC 504.

28 USC 1920.

shall, in an amount established by statute, court rule, or order, be limited to reimbursing in whole or in part the prevailing party for the

costs incurred by such party in the litigation.

"(b) Unless expressly prohibited by statute, a court may award reasonable fees and expenses of attorneys, in addition to the costs which may be awarded pursuant to subsection (a), to the prevailing party in any civil action brought by or against the United States or any agency and any official of the United States acting in his or her official capacity in any court having jurisdiction of such action. The United States shall be liable for such fees and expenses to the same extent that any other party would be liable under the common law or under the terms of any statute which specifically provides for such an award.

"(c)(1) Any judgment against the United States or any agency and any official of the United States acting in his or her official capacity for costs pursuant to subsection (a) shall be paid as provided in sections 2414 and 2517 of this title and shall be in addition to any

relief provided in the judgment.

"(2) Any judgment against the United States or any agency and any official of the United States acting in his or her official capacity for fees and expenses of attorneys pursuant to subsection (b) shall be paid as provided in sections 2414 and 2517 of this title, except that if the basis for the award is a finding that the United States acted in bad faith, then the award shall be paid by any agency found to have acted in bad faith and shall be in addition to any relief provided in the judgment.

"(d)(1)(A) Except as otherwise specifically provided by statute, a court shall award to a prevailing party other than the United States fees and other expenses, in addition to any costs awarded pursuant to subsection (a), incurred by that party in any civil action (other than cases sounding in tort) brought by or against the United States in any court having jurisdiction of that action, unless the court finds that the position of the United States was substantially justified or that

special circumstances make an award unjust.

"(B) A party seeking an award of fees and other expenses shall, within thirty days of final judgment in the action, submit to the court an application for fees and other expenses which shows that the party is a prevailing party and is eligible to receive an award under this subsection, and the amount sought, including an itemized statement from any attorney or expert witness representing or appearing in behalf of the party stating the actual time expended and the rate at which fees and other expenses were computed. The party shall also allege that the position of the United States was not substantially justified.

"(C) The court, in its discretion, may reduce the amount to be awarded pursuant to this subsection, or deny an award, to the extent that the prevailing party during the course of the proceedings engaged in conduct which unduly and unreasonably protracted the

final resolution of the matter in controversy. "(2) For the purposes of this subsection—

"(A) 'fees and other expenses' includes the reasonable expenses of expert witnesses, the reasonable cost of any study, analysis, engineering report, test, or project which is found by the court to be necessary for the preparation of the party's case, and reasonable attorney fees (The amount of fees awarded under this subsection shall be based upon prevailing market rates for the kind and quality of the services furnished, except that (i) no expert witness shall be compensated at a rate in excess of the

Judgment payments.

28 USC 2414, 2517.

Fee and expense applications, submittal.

Awards, reduction or denial.

Definitions.

highest rate of compensation for expert witnesses paid by the United States: and (ii) attorney fees shall not be awarded in excess of \$75 per hour unless the court determines that an increase in the cost of living or a special factor, such as the limited availability of qualified attorneys for the proceedings

involved, justifies a higher fee.);

"(B) 'party' means (i) an individual whose net worth did not exceed \$1,000,000 at the time the civil action was filed, (ii) a sole owner of an unincorporated business, or a partnership, corporation, association, or organization whose net worth did not exceed \$5,000,000 at the time the civil action was filed, except that an organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (26 U.S.C. 501(c)(3)) exempt from taxation under section 501(a) of the Code and a cooperative association as defined in section 15(a) of the Agricultural Marketing Act (12 U.S.C. 1141j(a)), may be a party regardless of the net worth of such organization or cooperative association, or (iii) a sole owner of an unincorporated business, or a partnership, corporation, association, or organization, having not more than 500 employees at the time the civil action was filed; and

"(C) 'United States' includes any agency and any official of the

United States acting in his or her official capacity.

"(3) In awarding fees and other expenses under this subsection to a prevailing party in any action for judicial review of an adversary adjudication, as defined in subsection (b)(1)(C) of section 504 of title 5, United States Code, or an adversary adjudication subject to the Contract Disputes Act of 1978, the court shall include in that award fees and other expenses to the same extent authorized in subsection (a) of such section, unless the court finds that during such adversary adjudication the position of the United States was substantially justified, or that special circumstances make an award unjust.

"(4)(A) Fees and other expenses awarded under this subsection may be paid by any agency over which the party prevails from any funds made available to the agency, by appropriation or otherwise, for such purpose. If not paid by any agency, the fees and other expenses shall be paid in the same manner as the payment of final judgments is

made in accordance with sections 2414 and 2517 of this title.

"(B) There is authorized to be appropriated to each agency for each of the fiscal years 1982, 1983, and 1984, such sums as may be necessary to pay fees and other expenses awarded pursuant to this

subsection in such fiscal years.

"(5) The Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts shall include in the annual report prepared pursuant to section 604 of this title, the amount of fees and other expenses awarded during the preceding fiscal year pursuant to this subsection. The report shall describe the number, nature, and amount of the awards, the claims involved in the controversy, and any other relevant information which may aid the Congress in evaluating the scope and impact of such awards."

(b) The item relating to section 2412 in the table of sections for chapter 161 of title 28, United States Code, is amended to read as

follows:

"2412. Costs and fees.".

(c) Effective October 1, 1984, subsection (d) of section 2412, as added 28 USC 2412. by subsection (a) of this section, is repealed, except that the provisions of that subsection shall continue to apply through final disposition of any action commenced before the date of repeal.

Ante, p. 2325. 41 USC 601 note.

28 USC 2414. 2517. Appropriation authorization.

Report to Congress. 28 USC 604.

TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS

Repeal. 28 USC app. SEC. 205. (a) Subdivision (f) of rule 37 of the Federal Rules of Civil

Procedure is repealed.

(b) The table of rules of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure is amended by deleting the item relating to subdivision (f) of rule 37.

(c) Section 722 of the Revised Statutes (42 U.S.C. 1988) is amended by striking out "or in any civil action or proceeding by or on behalf of the United States of America, to enforce, or charging a violation of a

26 USC 1. provision of the United States Internal Revenue Code,"

EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS

28 USC 2412 note Ante, p. 2327.

SEC. 206. Nothing in section 2412(d) of title 28, United States Code, as added by section 204(a) of this title, alters, modifies, repeals, invalidates, or supersedes any other provision of Federal law which authorizes an award of such fees and other expenses to any party other than the United States that prevails in any civil action brought by or against the United States.

LIMITATION

5 USC 504 note.

SEC. 207. The payment of judgments, fees and other expenses in the same manner as the payment of final judgments as provided in this Act is effective only to the extent and in such amounts as are provided in advance in appropriations Acts.

EFFECTIVE DATE AND APPLICATION

5 USC 504 note.

SEC. 208. This title and the amendments made by this title shall take effect of October 1, 1981, and shall apply to any adversary adjudication, as defined in section 504(b)(1)(C) of title 5, United States Code, and any civil action or adversary adjudication described in section 2412 of title 28, United States Code, which is pending on, or commenced on or after, such date.

Ante, p. 2325.

TITLE III—SMALL BUSINESS EXPORT EXPANSION ASSISTANCE

Export promotion center, establishment. 15 USC 649a.

Sec. 301. (a) The Secretary of Commerce, after consultation with the Administrator of the Small Business Administration, the President of the Export-Import Bank of the United States, the President of the Overseas Private Investment Corporation, and the Director of the Internal Revenue Service, shall establish an export promotion center in each of two district offices of the International Trade Administration of the Department of Commerce which are located in metropolitan areas where district offices of the Small Business Administration and the Internal Revenue Service exist.

Representatives, designation.

(b) The Export-Import Bank of the United States, the Internal Revenue Service, the Overseas Private Investment Corporation, the Department of Commerce, and the Small Business Administration shall each designate at least one full-time employee to serve as such agency's full-time representative in each such center. Each person designated shall be familiar with the needs and problems of small business exporting and shall serve without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service, and without regard to chapter 51, and subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title relating to classification and General Schedule pay rates. Each export promotion center shall serve as a one-stop

5 USC 5101 et 5 USC 5331.

information center on Federal Government export assistance, financing programs available to small business, and other provisions of law

governing exporting for small business.

(c) Not later than six months after the enactment of this title, the Secretary of Commerce shall report to the Select Committee on Small Business and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Small Business and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives on the

progress made in implementing the provisions of this section.

(d) Within two years after the date of enactment of this title, the Secretary of Commerce shall evaluate these export promotion centers, including, but not limited to, an analysis of the effectiveness of the centers in developing and expanding small business exports, and a comparison of the effectiveness of the centers in relation to district offices of the Department of Commerce which do not have an export promotion center. Such evaluation shall be submitted to the committees of the Senate and the House of Representatives referred to in subsection (c).

(e) This section shall take effect on October 1, 1980, or on the date of the enactment of this section whichever occurs later and shall expire

on October 1, 1983.

SEC. 302. (a) The Secretary of Commerce (hereinafter referred to as the "Secretary") is authorized to make grants (including contracts and cooperative agreements) to a qualified applicant to encourage the development and implementation of a small business international marketing program (hereinafter referred to as "the program"). Each qualified applicant under this title may receive a Federal grant not to exceed \$150,000 annually for each of three years: Provided, That not more than one-third of these Federal funds may be used for the purpose of hiring personnel. Nothing in this section shall be construed as authorizing the Secretary to enter into contracts or incur obligations except to such extent and in such amounts as are provided in appropriation Acts.

(b)(1) To be eligible for a grant under this section, an applicant proposing to carry out a small business international marketing program must submit to the Secretary an application demonstrating,

at a minimum:

(A) the geographical area to be served: (B) the number of firms to be assisted;

(C) the staff required to administer the program;

(D) the means to counsel small businesses interested in pursuing export sales, including providing information concerning available financing, credit insurance, tax treatment, potential markets and marketing assistance, export pricing, shipping, documentation, and foreign financing and business customs;

(E) the ability to provide market analysis of the export poten-

tial of small business concerns; and

(F) the capability for developing contacts with potential foreign customers and distributors for small business and their products. including arrangements and sponsorship of foreign trade missions for small business concerns to meet with identified potential customers, distributors, sales representatives, and organizations interested in licensing or joint ventures: Provided, however, That no portion of any Federal funds may be used to directly underwrite any small business participation in foreign trade missions abroad.

(2) Program services shall be provided to small business concerns through outreach services at the most local level practicable.

Report to congressional committees

Evaluations submittal to congressional committees.

Effective date. 15 USC 649a note

Grants, contracts, and cooperative agreements. 15 USC 649b.

Application requirements.

Program outreach services.

(3) Each small business international marketing program shall have a full-time staff director to manage program activities, and access to export specialists to counsel and to assist small business

clients in international marketing.

Advisory board establishment.

(c)(1) Each small business international marketing program shall establish an advisory board of nine members to be appointed by the staff director of the program, not less than five members of whom shall be small business persons or representatives of small business associations.

(2) Each advisory board shall elect a chairman and shall advise, counsel, and confer with the staff director of the program on all policy matters pertaining to the operation of the program (including who may be eligible to receive assistance, ways to promote the sale of United States products and services in foreign markets or to encourage tourism in the United States, and how to maximize local and

regional private consultant participation in the program).

Grant requirements.

Program evaluation.

Report to Congress.

(d) The Secretary shall require, as a condition to any grant (or amendment or modification thereof) made to an applicant under this section, that a sum equal to the amount of such grant be provided from sources other than the Federal Government: Provided, That the additional amount shall not include any amount of indirect costs or in-kind contributions paid for under any Federal program, nor shall indirect costs or in-kind contributions exceed 50 per centum of the non-Federal additional amount.

(e) The Secretary shall develop a plan to evaluate programs approved under this section which shall only—

(1) determine the impact of small business international marketing programs on those small businesses assisted;

(2) determine the amount of export sales generated by small

businesses assisted through such programs; and

(3) make recommendations concerning continuation and/or expansion of the program and possible improvements in the program structure. Such evaluation shall be submitted to the Congress by October 1, 1982.

(f) For the purpose of the evaluation under subsection (e), the Secretary is authorized to require any small business international marketing program, or party receiving assistance under this section, to furnish such information as is deemed appropriate to complete the

required evaluation.

(g) As used in this section, the term "applicant" means any State government or agency or instrumentality thereof, any Small Business Administration—designated small business development center, any for profit small business, any nonprofit corporation, any regional commission, or any combination of such entities, which will carry out a small business international marketing program.

(h) The authority to enter into contracts shall be in effect for each fiscal year only to the extent or in the amounts as are provided in

advance in appropriation Acts.

SEC. 303. At least one small business international program shall be established within each region of the Department of Commerce. There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary \$1,500,000 for each fiscal year 1981, 1982, and 1983, to carry out the program established in section 302.

"Applicant."

Contract authority.

15 USC 649c.

Appropriation authorization.

SEC. 304. The Secretary through the International Trade Administration, shall, only to such extent and in such amounts as are provided in appropriation Acts on and after October 1, 1980, maintain a central clearinghouse to provide for the collection, dissemination, and exchange of information between programs established pursuant to sections 301 and 302 of this title, the Office of International Trade of the Small Business Administration, and other interested concerns.".

Central information clearinghouse. 15 USC 649d.

Approved October 21, 1980.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 96-1004 (Comm. on Small Business) and No. 96-1434 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORT: No. 96-974 (Select Comm. on Small Business). CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 126 (1980):

June 9, 10, considered and passed House.

Sept. 26, considered and passed Senate, amended. Sept. 30, Senate agreed to conference report.

Oct. 1, House receded and concurred in Senate amendments with amendments;

Senate concurred in House amendments.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 16, No. 43: Oct. 21, Presidential statement.