Public Law 94–369—JULY 22, 1976

94th Congress

An Act

To authorize a local public works capital development and investment program, to establish an antirecessionary program, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Public Works Employment Act of 1976".

TITLE I—LOCAL PUBLIC WORKS

Sec. 101. This title may be cited as the "Local Public Works Capital Development and Investment Act of 1976".

Sec. 102. As used in this title, the term—

1. "Secretary" means the Secretary of Commerce, acting through the Economic Development Administration.

2. "State" includes the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, and American Samoa.

3. "local government" means any city, county, town, parish, or other political subdivision of a State, and any Indian tribe.

Sec. 103. (a) The Secretary is authorized to make grants to any State or local government for construction (including demolition and other site preparation activities), renovation, repair, or other improvement of local public works projects including but not limited to those public works projects of State and local governments for which Federal financial assistance is authorized under provisions of law other than this Act. In addition the Secretary is authorized to make grants to any State or local government for the completion of plans, specifications, and estimates for local public works projects where either architectural design or preliminary engineering or related planning has already been undertaken and where additional architectural and engineering work or related planning is required to permit construction of the project under this Act.

(b) The Federal share of any project for which a grant is made under this section shall be 100 per centum of the cost of the project.

Sec. 104. In addition to the grants otherwise authorized by this Act, the Secretary is authorized to make a grant for the purpose of increasing the Federal contribution to a public works project for which Federal financial assistance is authorized under provisions of law other than this Act. Any grant made for a public works project under this section shall be in such amount as may be necessary to make the Federal share of the cost of such project 100 per centum. No grant shall be made for a project under this section unless the Federal financial assistance for such project authorized under provisions of law other than this Act is immediately available for such project and construction of such project has not yet been initiated because of lack of funding for the non-Federal share.

Sec. 105. In addition to the grants otherwise authorized by this Act, the Secretary is authorized to make a grant for the purpose of providing all or any portion of the required State or local share of the cost of any public works project for which financial assistance is
authorized under any provision of State or local law requiring such contribution. Any grant made for a public works project under this section shall be made in such amount as may be necessary to provide the requested State or local share of the cost of such project. A grant shall be made under this section for either the State or local share of the cost of the project, but not both shares. No grant shall be made for a project under this section unless the share of the financial assistance for such project (other than the share with respect to which a grant is requested under this section) is immediately available for such project and construction of such project has not yet been initiated.

Sec. 106. (a) No grant shall be made under section 103, 104, or 105 of this Act for any project having as its principal purpose the channelization, damming, diversion, or dredging of any natural watercourse, or the construction or enlargement of any canal (other than a canal or raceway designated for maintenance as an historic site) and having as its permanent effect the channelization, damming, diversion, or dredging of such watercourse or construction or enlargement of any canal (other than a canal or raceway designated for maintenance as an historic site).

(b) No part of any grant made under section 103, 104, or 105 of this Act shall be used for the acquisition of any interest in real property.

(c) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to authorize the payment of maintenance costs in connection with any projects constructed (in whole or in part) with Federal financial assistance under this Act.

(d) Grants made by the Secretary under this Act shall be made only for projects for which the applicant gives satisfactory assurances, in such manner and form as may be required by the Secretary and in accordance with such terms and conditions as the Secretary may prescribe, that, if funds are available, on-site labor can begin within ninety days of project approval.

Sec. 107. The Secretary shall, not later than thirty days after date of enactment of this Act, prescribe those rules, regulations, and procedures (including application forms) necessary to carry out this Act. Such rules, regulations, and procedures shall assure that adequate consideration is given to the relative needs of various sections of the country. The Secretary shall consider among other factors (1) the severity and duration of unemployment in proposed project areas, (2) the income levels and extent of underemployment in proposed project area, and (3) the extent to which proposed projects will contribute to the reduction of unemployment. The Secretary shall make a final determination with respect to each application for a grant submitted to him under this Act not later than the sixtieth day after the date he receives such application. Failure to make such final determination within such period shall be deemed to be an approval by the Secretary of the grant requested. For purposes of this section, in considering the extent of unemployment or underemployment, the Secretary shall consider the amount of unemployment or underemployment in the construction and construction-related industries.

Sec. 108. (a) Not less than one-half of 1 per centum or more than 121/2 per centum of all amounts appropriated to carry out this title shall be granted under this Act for local public works projects within any one State, except that in the case of Guam, Virgin Islands, and American Samoa, not less than one-half of 1 per centum in the
aggregate shall be granted for such projects in all three of these
jurisdictions.

(b) In making grants under this Act, the Secretary shall give
priority and preference to public works projects of local governments.

(c) In making grants under this Act, if for the three most recent
consecutive months, the national unemployment rate is equal to or
exceeds 6 1/2 per centum, the Secretary shall (1) expedite and give
priority to applications submitted by States or local governments
having unemployment rates for the three most recent consecutive
months in excess of the national unemployment rate and (2) shall give
priority thereafter to applications submitted by States or local gov­
ernments having unemployment rates for the three most recent con­
secutive months in excess of 6 1/2 per centum, but less than the national
unemployment rate. Information regarding unemployment rates may
be furnished either by the Federal Government, or by States or local
governments, provided the Secretary determines that the unemploy­
ment rates furnished by States or local governments are accurate, and
shall provide assistance to States or local governments in the calcula­
tion of such rates to insure validity and standardization.

(d) Seventy per centum of all amounts appropriated to carry out
this Act shall be granted for public works projects submitted by State
or local governments given priority under clause (1) of the first sen­
tence of subsection (c) of this section. The remaining 30 per centum
shall be available for public works projects submitted by State or
local governments in other classifications of priority.

(e) The unemployment rate of a local government shall, for the
purposes of this Act, and upon request of the applicant, be based upon
the unemployment rate of any community or neighborhood (defined
without regard to political or other subdivisions or boundaries) within
the jurisdiction of such local government, except that any grant made
to a local government based upon the unemployment rate of a commu­
nity or neighborhood within its jurisdiction must be for a project of
direct benefit to, or provide employment for, unemployed persons
who are residents of that community or neighborhood.

(f) In determining the unemployment rate of a local government
for the purposes of this section, unemployment in those adjoining areas
from which the labor force for such project may be drawn, shall, upon
request of the applicant, be taken into consideration.

(g) States and local governments making application under this
Act should (1) relate their specific requests to existing approved plans
and programs of a local community development or regional develop­
nature so as to avoid harmful or costly inconsistencies or con­
tradictions; and (2) where feasible, make requests which, although
capable of early initiation, will promote or advance longer range plans
and programs.

Sec. 109. All laborers and mechanics employed by contractors or
subcontractors on projects assisted by the Secretary under this Act
shall be paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing on similar
construction in the locality as determined by the Secretary of Labor
in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act, as amended (40 U.S.C. 276a—276a-5). The Secretary shall not extend any financial assistance
under this Act for such project without first obtaining adequate assurance that these labor standards will be maintained upon the construc­
tion work. The Secretary of Labor shall have, with respect to the
labor standards specified in this provision, the authority and func­
tions set forth in Reorganization Plan Numbered 14 of 1950 (15 F.R.

SEC. 110. No person shall on the ground of sex be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any project receiving Federal grant assistance under this Act, including any supplemental grant made under this Act. This provision will be enforced through agency provisions and rules similar to those already established, with respect to racial and other discrimination under title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964. However, this remedy is not exclusive and will not prejudice or cut off any other legal remedies available to a discriminatee.

SEC. 111. There is authorized to be appropriated not to exceed $2,000,000,000 for the period ending September 30, 1977, to carry out this Act.

TITLE II—ANTIRECESSION PROVISIONS

FINDINGS OF FACT AND DECLARATION OF POLICY

SEC. 201. FINDINGS.—The Congress finds—
(1) that State and local governments represent a significant segment of the national economy whose economic health is essential to national economic prosperity;
(2) that present national economic problems have imposed considerable hardships on State and local government budgets;
(3) that those governments, because of their own fiscal difficulties, are being forced to take budget-related actions which tend to undermine Federal Government efforts to stimulate the economy;
(4) that efforts to stimulate the economy through reductions in Federal Government tax obligations are weakened when State and local governments are forced to increase taxes;
(5) that the net effect of Federal Government efforts to reduce unemployment through public service jobs is substantially limited if State and local governments use federally financed public service employees to replace regular employees that they have been forced to lay off;
(6) that efforts to stimulate the construction industry and reduce unemployment are substantially undermined when State and local governments are forced to cancel or delay the construction of essential capital projects; and
(7) that efforts by the Federal Government to stimulate the economic recovery will be substantially enhanced by a program of emergency Federal Government assistance to State and local governments to help prevent those governments from taking budget-related actions which undermine the Federal Government efforts to stimulate economic recovery.

FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE AUTHORIZED

SEC. 202. (a) PAYMENTS TO STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS.—The Secretary of the Treasury (hereafter in this title referred to as the "Secretary") shall, in accordance with the provisions of this title, make payments to States and to local governments to coordinate budget-related actions by such governments with Federal Government efforts to stimulate economic recovery.
(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—Subject to the provisions of subsections (c) and (d), there are authorized to be appropriated for each of the five succeeding calendar quarters (beginning with the calendar quarter which begins on July 1, 1976) for the purpose of payments under this title—

(1) $125,000,000 plus

(2) $62,500,000 multiplied by the number of one-half percentage points by which the rate of seasonally adjusted national unemployment for the most recent calendar quarter which ended three months before the beginning of such calendar quarter exceeded 6 percent.

(c) Aggregate Authorization.—In no case shall the aggregate amount authorized to be appropriated under the provisions of subsection (b) for the five calendar quarters beginning with the calendar quarter which begins July 1, 1976, exceed $1,250,000,000.

(d) Termination.—No amount is authorized to be appropriated under the provisions of subsection (b) for any calendar quarter if—

(1) the average rate of national unemployment during the most recent calendar quarter which ended three months before the beginning of such calendar quarter did not exceed 6 percent, and

(2) the rate of national unemployment for the last month of the most recent calendar quarter which ended three months before the beginning of such calendar quarter did not exceed 6 percent.

Allocation

Sec. 203. (a) Reservations.—

(1) Eligible States.—The Secretary shall reserve one-third of the amounts appropriated pursuant to authorization under section 202 for each calendar quarter for the purpose of making payments to eligible State governments under subsection (b).

(2) Eligible Units of Local Government.—The Secretary shall reserve two-thirds of such amounts for the purpose of making payments to eligible units of local government under subsection (c).

(b) State Allocation.—

(1) In General.—The Secretary shall allocate from amounts reserved under subsection (a) (1) an amount for the purpose of making payments to each State equal to the total amount reserved under subsection (a) (1) for the calendar quarter multiplied by the applicable State percentage.

(2) Applicable State Percentage.—For purposes of this subsection, the applicable State percentage is equal to the quotient resulting from the division of the product of—

(A) the State excess unemployment percentage, multiplied by

(B) the State revenue sharing amount by the sum of such products for all the States.

(3) Definitions.—For the purposes of this section—

(A) the term “State” means each State of the United States;

(B) the State excess unemployment percentage is equal to the difference resulting from the subtraction of 4.5 percentage points from the State unemployment rate for that State but shall not be less than zero;
(C) the State unemployment rate is equal to the rate of unemployment in the State during the appropriate calendar quarter, as determined by the Secretary of Labor and reported to the Secretary; and

(D) the State revenue sharing amount is the amount determined under section 107 of the State and Local Fiscal Assistance Act of 1972 for the one-year period beginning on July 1, 1975.

(c) LOCAL GOVERNMENT ALLOCATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall allocate from amounts reserved under subsection (a)(2) an amount for the purpose of making payments to each local government, subject to the provisions of paragraphs (3) and (5), equal to the total amount reserved under such subsection for calendar quarter multiplied by the local government percentage.

(2) LOCAL GOVERNMENT PERCENTAGE.—For purposes of this subsection, the local government percentage is equal to the quotient resulting from the division of the product of—

(A) the local excess unemployment percentage, multiplied by

(B) the local revenue sharing amount, by the sum of such products for all local governments.

(3) SPECIAL RULE.—

(A) For purposes of paragraphs (1) and (2), all local governments within the jurisdiction of a State other than identifiable local governments shall be treated as though they were one local government.

(B) The Secretary shall set aside from the amount allocated under paragraph (1) of this subsection for all local government within the jurisdiction of a State which are treated as though they are one local government under subparagraph (A) an amount determined under subparagraph (C) for the purpose of making payments to each local government, other than identifiable local governments within the jurisdiction of such State.

(C) The amount set aside for the purpose of making payments to each local government, other than an identifiable local government, with the jurisdiction of a State under subparagraph (B) shall be—

(i) equal to the total amount allocated under paragraph (1) of this subsection for all local governments within the jurisdiction of such State which are treated as though they are one local government under subparagraph (A) multiplied by the local government percentage as defined in paragraph (2) (determined without regard to the parenthetical phrases at the end of paragraphs (4)(B) and (C) of this subsection), unless

(ii) such State submits, within thirty days, after the effective date of this title, an allocation plan which has been approved by the State legislature and which meets the requirements set forth in section 206(a), and is approved by the Secretary under the provisions of section 206(b). In the event that a State legislature is not scheduled to meet in regular session within three months after the effective date of this title, the Governor of such State shall be authorized to submit an alternative plan
which meets the requirements set forth in section 206(a), and is approved by the Secretary under the provisions of section 206(b).

(D) If local unemployment rate data (as defined in paragraph (4) (B) of this subsection without regard to the parenthetical phrase at the end of such definition) for a local government jurisdiction is unavailable to the Secretary for purposes of determining the amount to be set aside for such government under subparagraph (C) then the Secretary shall determine such amount under subparagraph (C) by using the local unemployment rate determined under the parenthetical phrase of subsection (4) (B) for all local governments in such State treated as one jurisdiction under paragraph (A) of this subsection unless better unemployment rate data, certified by the Secretary of Labor, is available.

(4) Definitions.—For purposes of this subsection—

(A) the local excess unemployment percentage is equal to the difference resulting from the subtraction of 4.5 percentage points from the local unemployment rate, but shall not be less than zero;

(B) the local unemployment rate is equal to the rate of unemployment in the jurisdiction of the local government during the appropriate calendar quarter, as determined by the Secretary of Labor and reported to the Secretary (in the case of local governments treated as one local government under paragraph (3) (A), the local unemployment rate shall be the unemployment rate of the State adjusted by excluding consideration of unemployment and of the labor force within identifiable local governments, other than county governments, within the jurisdiction of that State);

(C) the local revenue sharing amount is the amount determined under section 108 of the State and Local Fiscal Assistance Act of 1972 for the one-year period beginning on July 1, 1975 (and in the case of local governments treated as one local government under paragraph (3) (A), the local revenue sharing amount shall be the sum of the local revenue sharing amounts of all eligible local governments within the State, adjusted by excluding an amount equal to the sum of the local revenue sharing amounts of identifiable local governments within the jurisdiction of that State);

(D) the term "identifiable local government" means a unit of general local government for which the Secretary of Labor has made a determination concerning the rate of unemployment for purposes of title II or title VI of the Comprehensive Employment and Training Act of 1973 during the current or preceding fiscal year; and

(E) the term "local government" means the government of a county, municipality, township, or other unit of government below the State which—

(i) is a unit of general government (determined on the basis of the same principles as are used by the Social and Economic Statistics Administration for general statistical purposes), and

(ii) performs substantial governmental functions.

Such term includes the District of Columbia and also
includes the recognized governing body of an Indian tribe of Alaskan Native village which performs substantial governmental functions. Such term does not include the government of a township area unless such government performs substantial governmental functions.

For the purpose of paragraph (4) (D), the Secretary of Labor shall, notwithstanding any other provision of law, continue to make determinations with respect to the rate of unemployment for the purposes of such title VI.

(5) Special Limitation.—If the amount which would be allocated to any unit of local government under this subsection is less than $100, then no amount shall be allocated for such unit of local government under this subsection.

USES OF PAYMENTS

SEC. 204. Each State and local government shall use payments made under this title for the maintenance of basic services customarily provided to persons in that State or in the area under the jurisdiction of that local government, as the case may be. State and local governments may not use emergency support grants made under this title for the acquisition of supplies and materials and for construction unless such supplies and materials or construction are to maintain basic services.

STATEMENT OF ASSURANCES

SEC. 205. Each State and unit of local government may receive payments under this title only upon filing with the Secretary, at such time and in such manner as the Secretary prescribes by rule, a statement of assurances. Such rules shall be prescribed by the Secretary not later than ninety days after the effective date of this title. The Secretary may not require any State or local government to file more than one such statement during each fiscal year. Each such statement shall contain—

(1) an assurance that payments made under this title to the State or local government will be used for the maintenance, to the extent practical, of levels of public employment and of basic services customarily provided to persons in that State or in the area under the jurisdiction of that unit of local government which is consistent with the provisions of section 204;

(2) an assurance that the State or unit of local government will—

(A) use fiscal, accounting, and audit procedures which conform to guidelines established therefor by the Secretary (after consultation with the Comptroller General of the United States), and

(B) provide to the Secretary (and to the Comptroller General of the United States), on reasonable notice, access to, and the right to examine, such books, documents, papers, or records as the Secretary may reasonably require for purposes of reviewing compliance with this title;

(3) an assurance that reasonable reports will be furnished to the Secretary in such form and containing such information as the Secretary may reasonably require to carry out the purposes of this title and that such report shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the jurisdiction of such government unless the cost of such publication is excessive in relation to the amount of the payments received by such government under
this title or other means of publicizing such report is more appropriate, in which case such report shall be publicized pursuant to rules prescribed by the Secretary;

(4) an assurance that the requirements of section 207 will be complied with;

(5) an assurance that the requirements of section 208 will be complied with;

(6) an assurance that the requirements of section 209 will be complied with;

(7) an assurance that the State or unit of local government will spend any payment it receives under this title before the end of the six-calendar-month period which begins on the day after the date on which such State or local government receives such payment; and

(8) an assurance that the State or unit of local government will spend amounts received under this title only in accordance with the laws and procedures applicable to the expenditure of its own revenues.

**OPTIONAL ALLOCATION PLANS**

SEC. 206. (a) **STATE ALLOCATION PLANS FOR PURPOSES OF SECTION 203(c) (3).**—A State may file an allocation plan with the Secretary for purposes of section 203(c) (3) (C) (ii) at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require by rule. Such rules shall be provided by the Secretary not later than sixty days of the effective date of this title. Such allocation plan shall meet the following requirements:

(1) the criteria for allocation of amounts among the local governments within the State shall be consistent with the allocation formula for local governments under section 203(c) (2);

(2) the plan shall use—

(A) the best available unemployment rate data for such government if such data is determined in a manner which is substantially consistent with the manner in which local unemployment rate data is determined, or

(B) if no consistent unemployment rate data is available, the local unemployment rate data for the smallest unit of identifiable local government in the jurisdiction of which such government is located,

(3) the allocation criteria must be specified in the plan, and

(4) the plan must be developed after consultation with appropriate officials of local governments within the State other than identifiable local governments.

(b) **APPROVAL.**—The Secretary shall approve any allocation plan that meets the requirements of subsection (a) within thirty days after he receives such allocation plan, and shall not finally disapprove, in whole or in part, any allocation plan for payments under this title without first affording the State or local governments involved reasonable notice and an opportunity for a hearing.

**NONDISCRIMINATION**

SEC. 207. (a) **IN GENERAL.**—No person in the United States shall, on the grounds of race, religion, color, national origin, or sex, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity funded in whole or in part with funds made available under this title.
(b) **Authority of the Secretary.**—Whenever the Secretary determines that a State government or unit of local government has failed to comply with subsection (a) or an applicable regulation, he shall, within ten days, notify the Governor of the State (or, in the case of a unit of local government the Governor of the State in which such unit is located, and the chief elected official of the unit) of the non-compliance. If within thirty days of the notification compliance is not achieved, the Secretary shall within ten days thereafter—

1. exercise all the powers and functions provided by title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e);
2. refer the matter to the Attorney General with a recommendation that an appropriate civil action be instituted;
3. take such other action as may be provided by law.

(c) **Enforcement.**—Upon his determination of discrimination under subsection (b), the Secretary shall have the full authority to withhold or temporarily suspend any payment under this title, or otherwise exercise any authority contained in title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, to assure compliance with the requirement of nondiscrimination in federally assisted programs funded, in whole or in part, under this title.

(d) **Applicability of Certain Civil Rights Acts.**—

1. Any party who is injured or deprived within the meaning of section 1979 of the Revised Statutes (42 U.S.C. 1983) or of section 1980 of the Revised Statutes (42 U.S.C. 1985) by any person, or two or more persons in the case of such section 1980, in connection with the administration of a payment under this title may bring a civil action under such section 1979 or 1980, as applicable, subject to the terms and conditions of those sections.
2. Any person who is aggrieved by an unlawful employment practice within the meaning of title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.) by any employer in connection with the administration of a payment under this title may bring a civil action under section 706(f)(1) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 2000e-5(f)(1)) subject to the terms and conditions of such title.

**Labor Standards**

Sec. 208. All laborers and mechanics employed by contractors on all construction projects funded in whole or in part by payments under this title shall be paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing on similar projects in the locality as determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 276a to 276a-5). The Secretary of Labor shall have, with respect to the labor standards specified in this section, the authority and functions set forth in Reorganization Plan Numbered 14 of 1950 (15 C.F.R. 3176) and section 2 of the Act of June 13, 1934, as amended (40 U.S.C. 276c).

**Special Reports**

Sec. 209. Each State and unit of local government which receives a payment under the provisions of this title shall report to the Secretary any increase or decrease in any tax which it imposes and any substantial reduction in the number of individuals it employs or in services which such State or local government provides. Each State which receives a payment under the provisions of this title shall report to the Secretary any decrease in the amount of financial assistance which the State provides to the units of local governments during the twelve-
month period which ends on the last day of the calendar quarter immediately preceding the date of enactment of this title, together with an explanation of the reasons for such decrease. Such reports shall be made as soon as it is practical and, in any case, not more than six months after the date on which the decision to impose such tax increase or decrease, such reductions in employment or services, or such decrease in State financial assistance is made public.

PAYMENTS

SEC. 210. (a) IN GENERAL.—From the amount allocated for State and local governments under section 203, the Secretary shall pay not later than five days after the beginning of each quarter to each State and to each local government which has filed a statement of assurances under section 205, an amount equal to the amount allocated to such State or local government under section 203.

(b) ADJUSTMENTS.—Payments under this title may be made with necessary adjustments on account of overpayments or underpayments.

(c) TERMINATION.—No amount shall be paid to any State or local government under the provisions of this section for any calendar quarter if—

(1) the average rate of unemployment within the jurisdiction of such State or local government during the most recent calendar quarter which ended three months before the beginning of such calendar quarter was less than 4.5 percent, and

(2) the rate of unemployment within the jurisdiction of such government for the last month of the most recent calendar quarter which ended three months before the beginning of such calendar quarter did not exceed 4.5 percent.

STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIZATION

SEC. 211. Each State or unit of local government which receives payments under this title shall provide assurances in writing to the Secretary, at such time and in such manner and form as the Secretary may prescribe by rule, that it has made substantial economies in its operations and that payments under this title are necessary to maintain essential services without weakening Federal Government efforts to stimulate the economy through reductions in Federal tax obligations.

WITHHOLDING

SEC. 212. Whenever the Secretary, after affording reasonable notice and an opportunity for a hearing to any State or unit of local government, finds that there has been a failure to comply substantially with any assurance set forth in the statement of assurances of that State or units of local government filed under section 205, the Secretary shall notify that State or unit of local government that further payments will not be made under this title until he is satisfied that there is no longer any such failure to comply. Until he is so satisfied, no further payments shall be made under this title.

REPORTS

SEC. 213. The Secretary shall report to the Congress as soon as is practical after the end of each calendar quarter during which payments are made under the provisions of this title. Such report shall include information on the amounts paid to each State and units of
local government and a description of any action which the Secretary has taken under the provisions of section 212 during the previous calendar quarter. The Secretary shall report to Congress as soon as is practical after the end of each calendar year during which payments are made under the provisions of this title. Such reports shall include detailed information on the amounts paid to State and units of local government under the provisions of this title, any actions with which the Secretary has taken under the provisions of section 212, and an evaluation of the purposes to which amounts paid under this title were put by State and units of local government and economic impact of such expenditures during the previous calendar year.

ADMINISTRATION

42 USC 6734.

Sec. 214. (a) Rules.—The Secretary is authorized to prescribe, after consultation with the Secretary of Labor, such rules as may be necessary for the purpose of carrying out his functions under this title. Such rules should be prescribed by the Secretary not later than ninety days of the effective date of this title.

(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for the administration of this title.

PROGRAM STUDIES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

42 USC 6735.

Sec. 215. (a) Evaluation.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct an investigation of the impact which emergency support grants have on the operations of State and local governments and on the national economy. Before and during the course of such investigation the Comptroller General shall consult with and coordinate his activities with the Congressional Budget Office and the Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations. The Comptroller General shall report the results of such investigation to the Congress within one year after the date of enactment of this title together with an evaluation of the macroeconomic effect of the program established under this title and any recommendations for improving the effectiveness of similar programs. All officers and employees of the United States shall make available all information, reports, data, and any other material necessary to carry out the provisions of this subsection to the Comptroller General upon a reasonable request.

(b) Countercyclical Study.—The Congressional Budget Office and the Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations shall conduct a study to determine the most effective means by which the Federal Government can stabilize the national economy during periods of rapid economic growth and high inflation through programs directed toward State and local governments. Such study shall include a comparison of the effectiveness of alternative factors for triggering and measuring the extent of the fiscal coordination problem addressed by this program, and the effect of the recession on State and local expenditures. Before and during the course of such study, the Congressional Budget Office and the Advisory Commission shall consult with and coordinate their activities with the Comptroller General of the United States. The Congressional Budget Office and the Advisory Commission shall report the results of such study to Congress within two years after the date of enactment of this title. Such study shall include the opinions of the Comptroller General with respect to such study.
TITLE III—FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT AMENDMENTS

SEC. 301. There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out title II of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, other than sections 206, 208, and 209, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1977, not to exceed $700,000,000 which sum (subject to such amounts as are provided in appropriation Acts) shall be allotted to each State listed in column 1 of table IV contained in House Public Works and Transportation Committee Print numbered 94–25 in accordance with the percentages provided for such State (if any) in column 5 of such table. The sum authorized by this section shall be in addition to, and not in lieu of, any funds otherwise authorized to carry out such title during such fiscal year. Any sums allotted to a State under this section shall be available until expended.

CARL ALBERT
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JOHN CULVER
Acting President of the Senate pro tempore.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES,

The Senate having proceeded to reconsider the bill (S. 3201) entitled "An Act to authorize a local public works capital development and investment program, to establish an antirecessionary program, and for other purposes", returned by the President of the United States with his objections, to the Senate, in which it originated, it was

Resolved, That the said bill pass, two-thirds of the Senators present having voted in the affirmative.

Attest:

FRANCIS R. VALEO
Secretary.

I certify that this Act originated in the Senate.

FRANCIS R. VALEO
Secretary.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U.S.,

The House of Representatives having proceeded to reconsider the bill (S. 3201) entitled "An Act to authorize a local public works capital development and investment program, to establish an antirecessionary program, and for other purposes", returned by the President of the United States with his objections, to the Senate, in which it originated, and passed by the Senate on reconsideration of the same, it was

Appropriation authorization.
33 USC 1287 note.
33 USC 1281.
Resolved, That the said bill pass, two-thirds of the House of Representatives agreeing to pass the same.

Attest: 

EDMUND L. HENSHAW, JR. 

Clerk.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 94–1077 accompanying H.R. 12972 (Comm. on Public Works and Transportation) and No. 94–1260 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 94–710 (Comm. on Public Works) and No. 94–939 (Comm. of Conference).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 122 (1976):

Apr. 12, 13, considered and passed Senate.
May 13, considered and passed House, amended, in lieu of H.R. 12972.
June 16, Senate agreed to conference report.
June 23, House agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 12, No. 28:

July 6, vetoed; Presidential message.

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 122 (1976):

July 21, Senate overrode veto.
July 22, House overrode veto.