

Public Law 93-380

August 21, 1974
[H. R. 69]

AN ACT

To extend and amend the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Education Amendments of 1974".

Education
Amendments of
1974.
20 USC 821
note.

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GENERAL PROVISIONS

Definitions.

SEC. 2. (a) As used in this Act—

- (1) the term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare;
- (2) the term "Assistant Secretary" means the Assistant Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare for Education; and
- (3) the term "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Education;

unless the context of such use requires another meaning.

(b) Unless otherwise specified, the redesignation of a title, part, section, subsection, or other designation by any amendment in this Act shall include the redesignation of all references to such title, part, section, subsection, or other designation in any Act or regulation, however styled.

Effective dates.
20 USC 241b
note.

(c) (1) Unless otherwise specified, each provision of this Act and each amendment made by this Act shall be effective on and after the sixtieth day after the enactment of this Act.

(2) In any case where the effective date for an amendment made by this Act is expressly stated to be effective after June 30, 1973, or on July 1, 1973, such amendment shall be deemed to have been enacted on June 30, 1973.

TITLE I—AMENDMENTS TO THE ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION ACT OF 1965

AMENDMENTS TO TITLE I OF THE ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION ACT OF 1965—SPECIAL EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS AND PROJECTS FOR EDUCATIONALLY DEPRIVED CHILDREN

20 USC 241b.

SEC. 101. (a) (1) Section 102 of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 is amended to read as follows:

"DURATION OF ASSISTANCE

"SEC. 102. During the period beginning July 1, 1973, and ending June 30, 1978, the Commissioner shall, in accordance with the provisions of this title, make payments to State educational agencies for grants made on the basis of entitlements created under this title."

20 USC 241c.

(2) (A) (i) (I) Such title I is amended by inserting immediately after the heading of part A the following new heading:

"Subpart 1—Grants to Local Educational Agencies".

Appropriation.
20 USC 241c.

(II) Section 103 (a) of such title I is amended to read as follows:

Post, p. 500.

Post, p. 494.

"SEC. 103. (a) (1) There is authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal year for the purpose of this paragraph 1 per centum of the amount appropriated for such year for payments to States under section 143 (a) (other than payments under such section to jurisdictions excluded from the term 'State' by this subsection, and payments pursuant to section 124), and there shall be authorized to be appropriated such additional sums as will assure at least the same level of funding under this title as in fiscal year 1973 for Guam, American Samoa, the Virgin Islands, the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, and to the Secretary of the Interior for payments pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (d). The amount appropriated pursuant to this paragraph shall be allotted by the Commissioner (A) among Guam, American Samoa, the Virgin Islands, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands according to their respective need for grants under this part, and (B) to the Secretary of the Interior in the

amount necessary (i) to make payments pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection (d), and (ii) to make payments pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection (d). The grant which a local educational agency in Guam, American Samoa, the Virgin Islands, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands is eligible to receive shall be determined pursuant to such criteria as the Commissioner determines will best carry out the purposes of this title.

“(2) In any case in which the Commissioner determines that satisfactory data for that purpose are available, the grant which a local educational agency in a State shall be eligible to receive under this subpart for a fiscal year shall (except as provided in paragraph (3)) be determined by multiplying the number of children counted under subsection (c) by 40 per centum of the amount determined under the next sentence. The amount determined under this sentence shall be the average per pupil expenditure in the State except that (A) if the average per pupil expenditure in the State is less than 80 per centum of the average per pupil expenditure in the United States, such amount shall be 80 per centum of the average per pupil expenditure in the United States, or (B) if the average per pupil expenditure in the State is more than 120 per centum of the average per pupil expenditure in the United States, such amount shall be 120 per centum of the average per pupil expenditure in the United States. In any case in which such data are not available, subject to paragraph (3), the grant for any local educational agency in a State shall be determined on the basis of the aggregate amount of such grants for all such agencies in the county or counties in which the school district of the particular agency is located, which aggregate amount shall be equal to the aggregate amount determined under the two preceding sentences for such county or counties, and shall be allocated among those agencies upon such equitable basis as may be determined by the State educational agency in accordance with basic criteria prescribed by the Commissioner.

Grant formula.

“(3) (A) Upon determination by the State educational agency that a local educational agency in the State is unable or unwilling to provide for the special educational needs of children described in clause (C) of paragraph (1) of subsection (c), who are living in institutions for neglected or delinquent children, the State educational agency shall, if it assumes responsibility for the special educational needs of such children, be eligible to receive the portion of the allocation to such local educational agency which is attributable to such neglected or delinquent children, but if the State educational agency does not assume such responsibility, any other State or local public agency, as determined by regulations established by the Commissioner, which does assume such responsibility shall be eligible to receive such portion of the allocation.

Special education.

“(B) In the case of local educational agencies which serve in whole or in part the same geographical area, and in the case of a local educational agency which provides free public education for a substantial number of children who reside in the school district of another local educational agency, the State educational agency may allocate the amount of the grants for those agencies among them in such manner as it determines will best carry out the purposes of this title.

“(C) The grant which Puerto Rico shall be eligible to receive under this subpart for a fiscal year shall be the amount arrived at by multiplying the number of children counted under subsection (c) by 40 per centum of (i) the average per pupil expenditure in Puerto Rico or (ii) in the case where such average per pupil expenditure is more than 120 per centum of the average per pupil expenditure in the United States, 120 per centum of the average per pupil expenditure in the United States.

Puerto Rico,
grant formula.

“State.”

“(4) For purposes of this subsection, the term ‘State’ does not include Guam, American Samoa, the Virgin Islands, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.”

20 USC 241c.

(ii) Section 103(b) of such title I is amended by striking out “aged five to seventeen, inclusive, described in clauses (A), (B), and (C) of the first sentence of paragraph (2) of subsection (a)” and inserting in lieu thereof “counted under subsection (c)”.

(B) Section 103(c) of such title I is amended to read as follows:

“(c) (1) The number of children to be counted for purposes of this section is the aggregate of (A) the number of children aged five to seventeen, inclusive, in the school district of the local educational agency from families below the poverty level as determined under paragraph (2) (A), (B) two-thirds of the number of children aged five to seventeen, inclusive, in the school district of such agency from families above the poverty level as determined under paragraph (2) (B), and (C) the number of children aged five to seventeen, inclusive, in the school district of such agency living in institutions for neglected or delinquent children (other than such institutions operated by the United States) but not counted pursuant to section 123 for the purposes of a grant to a State agency, or being supported in foster homes with public funds.”

Post, p. 494.

(C) (i) Subsection (d) of section 103 is redesignated as paragraph (2) of subsection (c).

Supra.

(ii) The first sentence of such paragraph (2), as redesignated by this section, is amended to read as follows:

“(A) For the purposes of this section, the Commissioner shall determine the number of children aged five to seventeen, inclusive, from families below the poverty level on the basis of the most recent satisfactory data available from the Department of Commerce for local educational agencies (or, if such data are not available for such agencies, for counties); and in determining the families which are below the poverty level, the Commissioner shall utilize the criteria of poverty used by the Bureau of the Census in compiling the 1970 decennial census.”

Repeal.

(iii) The second sentence of paragraph (2) of such subsection (c) (as redesignated by this section) is repealed.

Supra.

(iv) The third sentence of such paragraph (2) is amended to read as follows:

“(B) For purposes of this section, the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall determine the number of children aged five to seventeen, inclusive, from families above the poverty level on the basis of the number of such children from families receiving an annual income, in excess of the current criteria of poverty, from payments under the program of aid to families with dependent children under a State plan approved under title IV of the Social Security Act; and in making such determinations the Secretary shall utilize the criteria of poverty used by the Bureau of the Census in compiling the 1970 decennial census for a nonfarm family of four in such form as those criteria have been updated by increases in the Consumer Price Index. The Secretary shall determine the number of such children and the number of children of such ages living in institutions for neglected or delinquent children, or being supported in foster homes with public funds, on the basis of the caseload data for the month of January of the preceding fiscal year (using, in the case of children described in the preceding sentence, the criteria of poverty and the form of such criteria required by such sentence which were determined for the second calendar year preceding such month of January) or, to the extent that such data are not available to him before April 1 of the calendar year

42 USC 601.

in which the Secretary's determination is made, then on the basis of the most recent reliable data available to him at the time of such determination."

(v) The fourth sentence of such paragraph (2) (as redesignated by this section) is amended by striking out the word "When" and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Ante, p. 490.

"(C) When";

and by striking out "having an annual income less than the low-income factor (established pursuant to subsection (c))" and inserting in lieu thereof "below the poverty level (as determined under paragraph (A) of this subsection)".

(vi) Section 103(e) of such title I is repealed.

(D) Section 103 of such title I is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

Repeal.
20 USC 241c.
Out-of-State
Indian children,
payments.

"(d) (1) From the amount allotted for payments to the Secretary of the Interior under clause (B) (i) in the second sentence of subsection (a) (1), the Secretary of the Interior shall make payments to local educational agencies, upon such terms as the Commissioner determines will best carry out the purposes of this title, with respect to out-of-State Indian children in the elementary and secondary schools of such agencies under special contracts with the Department of the Interior. The amount of such payment may not exceed, for each such child, 40 per centum of (A) the average per pupil expenditure in the State in which the agency is located or (B) 120 per centum of such expenditure in the United States, whichever is the greater.

"(2) The amount allotted for payments to the Secretary of the Interior under clause (B) (ii) in the second sentence of subsection (a) (1) for any fiscal year shall be, as determined pursuant to criteria established by the Commissioner, the amount necessary to meet the special educational needs of educationally deprived Indian children on reservations serviced by elementary and secondary schools operated for Indian children by the Department of the Interior. Such payments shall be made pursuant to an agreement between the Commissioner and the Secretary containing such assurances and terms as the Commissioner determines will best achieve the purposes of this title. Such agreement shall contain (A) an assurance that payments made pursuant to this subparagraph will be used solely for programs and projects approved by the Secretary of the Interior which meet the applicable requirements of section 141(a) and that the Department of the Interior will comply in all other respects with the requirements of this title, and (B) provision for carrying out the applicable provisions of sections 141(a) and 142(a) (3)."

Post, p. 496.

(E) Such title I is amended by inserting at the end of part A the following:

20 USC 241e,
241f.
20 USC 241a
note.

"Subpart 2—State Operated Programs

"PROGRAMS FOR HANDICAPPED CHILDREN

"SEC. 121. (a) A State agency which is directly responsible for providing free public education for handicapped children (including mentally retarded, hard of hearing, deaf, speech impaired, visually handicapped, seriously emotionally disturbed, crippled, or other health impaired children who by reason thereof require special education), shall be eligible to receive a grant under this section for any fiscal year.

Grants.
20 USC 241c-1.

"(b) Except as provided in sections 124 and 125, the grant which an agency (other than the agency for Puerto Rico) shall be eligible to receive under this section shall be an amount equal to 40 per centum of the average per pupil expenditure in the State (or (1) in the case where the average per pupil expenditure in the State is less than 80

Post, pp. 494,
495.

per centum of the average per pupil expenditure in the United States, of 80 per centum of the average per pupil expenditure in the United States, or (2) in the case where the average per pupil expenditure in the State is more than 120 per centum of the average per pupil expenditure in the United States, of 120 per centum of the average per pupil expenditure in the United States), multiplied by the number of such children in average daily attendance, as determined by the Commissioner, at schools for handicapped children operated or supported by the State agency, including schools providing special education for handicapped children under contract or other arrangement with such State agency, in the most recent fiscal year for which satisfactory data are available. The grant which Puerto Rico shall be eligible to receive under this section shall be the amount arrived at by multiplying the number of children in Puerto Rico counted as provided in the preceding sentence by 40 per centum of (1) the average per pupil expenditure in Puerto Rico or (2) in the case where such average per pupil expenditure is more than 120 per centum of the average per pupil expenditure in the United States, 120 per centum of the average per pupil expenditure in the United States.

Grants, use
limitation.

“(c) A State agency shall use the payments made under this section only for programs and projects (including the acquisition of equipment and, where necessary, the construction of school facilities) which are designed to meet the special educational needs of such children, and the State agency shall provide assurances to the Commissioner that each such child in average daily attendance counted under subsection (b) will be provided with such a program, commensurate with his special needs, during any fiscal year for which such payments are made.

“(d) In the case where such a child leaves an educational program for handicapped children operated or supported by the State agency in order to participate in such a program operated or supported by a local educational agency, such child shall be counted under subsection (b) if (1) he continues to receive an appropriately designed educational program and (2) the State agency transfers to the local educational agency in whose program such child participates an amount equal to the sums received by such State agency under this section which are attributable to such child, to be used for the purposes set forth in subsection (c).

“PROGRAMS FOR MIGRATORY CHILDREN

Grants.
20 USC 241c-2.

“SEC. 122. (a) (1) A State educational agency or a combination of such agencies, upon application, shall be entitled to receive a grant for any fiscal year under this section to establish or improve, either directly or through local educational agencies, programs of education for migratory children of migratory agricultural workers or of migratory fishermen. The Commissioner may approve such an application only upon his determination—

Application,
approval.

“(A) that payments will be used for programs and projects (including the acquisition of equipment and where necessary the construction of school facilities) which are designed to meet the special educational needs of migratory children of migratory agricultural workers or of migratory fishermen, and to coordinate these programs and projects with similar programs and projects in other States, including the transmittal of pertinent information with respect to school records of such children;

“(B) that in planning and carrying out programs and projects there has been and will be appropriate coordination with pro-

grams administered under part B of title III of the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964;

“(C) that such programs and projects will be administered and carried out in a manner consistent with the basic objectives of clauses (1)(B) and (3) through (12) of section 141(a); and

“(D) that, in planning and carrying out programs and projects, there has been adequate assurance that provision will be made for the preschool educational needs of migratory children of migratory agricultural workers or of migratory fishermen, whenever such agency determines that compliance with this clause will not detract from the operation of programs and projects described in clause (A) of this paragraph after considering the funds available for this purpose.

The Commissioner shall not finally disapprove an application of a State educational agency under this paragraph except after reasonable notice and opportunity for a hearing to the State educational agency.

“(2) If the Commissioner determines that a State is unable or unwilling to conduct educational programs for migratory children of migratory agricultural workers or of migratory fishermen, or that it would result in more efficient and economic administration, or that it would add substantially to the welfare or educational attainment of such children, he may make special arrangements with other public or nonprofit private agencies to carry out the purposes of this section in one or more States, and for this purpose he may use all or part of the total of grants available for any such State under this section.

“(3) For purposes of this section, with the concurrence of his parents, a migratory child of a migratory agricultural worker or of a migratory fisherman shall be deemed to continue to be such a child for a period, not in excess of five years, during which he resides in the area served by the agency carrying on a program or project under this subsection. Such children who are presently migrant, as determined pursuant to regulations of the Commissioner, shall be given priority in this consideration of programs and activities contained in applications submitted under this subsection.

“(b) Except as provided in sections 124 and 125, the total grants which shall be made available for use in any State (other than Puerto Rico) for this section shall be an amount equal to 40 per centum of the average per pupil expenditure in the State (or (1) in the case where the average per pupil expenditure in the State is less than 80 per centum of the average per pupil expenditure in the United States, of 80 per centum of the average per pupil expenditure in the United States, or (2) in the case where the average per pupil expenditure in the State is more than 120 per centum of the average per pupil expenditure in the United States, of 120 per centum of the average per pupil expenditure in the United States) multiplied by (1) the estimated number of such migratory children aged five to seventeen, inclusive, who reside in the State full time, and (2) the full-time equivalent of the estimated number of such migratory children aged five to seventeen, inclusive, who reside in the State part time, as determined by the Commissioner in accordance with regulations, except that if, in the case of any State, such amount exceeds the amount required under subsection (a), the Commissioner shall allocate such excess, to the extent necessary, to other States whose total of grants under this sentence would otherwise be insufficient for all such children to be served in such other States. The total grant which shall be made available for use in Puerto Rico shall be arrived at by multiplying the number of children in Puerto Rico counted as provided in the preceding sentence by 40 per centum of (1) the average per pupil expenditure in Puerto Rico or (2) in the case where such average per

42 USC 2861.

Post, p. 496.

Grants, availability.
Post, pp. 494, 495.

pupil expenditure is more than 120 per centum of the average per pupil expenditure in the United States, 120 per centum of the average per pupil expenditure in the United States. In determining the number of migrant children for the purposes of this section the Commissioner shall use statistics made available by the migrant student record transfer system or such other system as he may determine most accurately and fully reflects the actual number of migrant students.

“PROGRAMS FOR NEGLECTED OR DELINQUENT CHILDREN

Grants.
20 USC 241c-3.

“SEC. 123. (a) A State agency which is directly responsible for providing free public education for children in institutions for neglected or delinquent children or in adult correctional institutions shall be entitled to receive a grant under this section for any fiscal year (but only if grants received under this section are used only for children in such institutions).

Intra.
Post, p. 495.

“(b) Except as provided in sections 124 and 125, the grant which such an agency (other than the agency for Puerto Rico) shall be eligible to receive shall be an amount equal to 40 per centum of the average per pupil expenditure in the State (or (1) in the case where the average per pupil expenditure in the State is less than 80 per centum of the average per pupil expenditure in the United States, of 80 per centum of the average per pupil expenditure in the United States, or (2) in the case where the average per pupil expenditure in the State is more than 120 per centum of the average per pupil expenditure in the United States, of 120 per centum of the average per pupil expenditure in the United States) multiplied by the number of such children in average daily attendance, as determined by the Commissioner, at schools for such children operated or supported by that agency, including schools providing education for such children under contract or other arrangement with such agency, in the most recent fiscal year for which satisfactory data are available. The grant which Puerto Rico shall be eligible to receive under this section shall be the amount arrived at by multiplying the number of children in Puerto Rico counted as provided in the preceding sentence by 40 per centum of (1) the average per pupil expenditure in Puerto Rico or (2) in the case where such average per pupil expenditure is more than 120 per centum of the average per pupil expenditure in the United States, 120 per centum of the average per pupil expenditure in the United States.

Grants, use
limitation.

“(c) A State agency shall use payments under this section only for programs and projects (including the acquisition of equipment and where necessary the construction of school facilities) which are designed to meet the special educational needs of such children.

“RESERVATION OF FUNDS FOR TERRITORIES

Appropriation.
20 USC 241c-4.
Ante, pp. 491,
492.
Supra.

“SEC. 124. There is authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal year for purposes of each of sections 121, 122, and 123, an amount equal to not more than 1 per centum of the amount appropriated for such year for such sections for payments to Guam, American Samoa, the Virgin Islands, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands under each such section. The amounts appropriated for each such section shall be allotted among Guam, American Samoa, the Virgin Islands, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands according to their respective need for such grants, based on such criteria as the Commissioner determines will best carry out the purposes of this title.

“MINIMUM PAYMENTS FOR STATE OPERATED PROGRAMS

“SEC. 125. Except as provided in section 843 of the Education Amendments of 1974, no State agency shall receive in any fiscal year prior to July 1, 1978, pursuant to sections 121, 122, or 123 an amount which is less than 100 per centum of the amount which that State agency received in the prior fiscal year pursuant to such sections 121, 122, or 123, respectively.”

20 USC 241c-5.
Post, p. 611.
Ante, pp. 491,
492, 494.

(3) Section 121 of such title I and all references thereto are redesignated as section 126.

20 USC 241d.

(4) (A) Part C of such title I is amended to read as follows:

20 USC 241d-11.

“PART C—SPECIAL GRANTS

“ELIGIBILITY AND MAXIMUM AMOUNT OF SPECIAL GRANTS

“SEC. 131. (a) Each local educational agency in a State which is eligible for a grant under this title for any fiscal year shall be entitled to an additional grant for that fiscal year if it meets the requirements of subsection (b). The amount of such grant shall be determined in accordance with subsection (c).

“(b) (1) A local educational agency shall be entitled to a grant under this part for any fiscal year if the school district of such agency is located in a county in which—

“(A) the number of children described in paragraph (2) for such year amounts to at least 200 per centum of the average number of such children in all counties in the State in which such agency is located for that fiscal year; or

“(B) the number of children so described in such county for such year is 10,000 and amounts to 5 per centum of the total number of children in such county.

“(2) For the purposes of paragraph (1), the children counted with respect to a local educational agency shall be those children in the such county who are—

“(A) in families having an annual income of \$3,000 or less; or

“(B) in families receiving an annual income in excess of \$3,000 from payments under the program of aid to families with dependent children under a State plan approved under title IV of the Social Security Act; or

42 USC 601.

“(C) living in institutions for neglected or delinquent children or being supported in foster homes with public funds.

“(3) (A) Determinations with respect to numbers of children in any county under paragraph (2) shall be made by the Commissioner on the basis of the most recent satisfactory data available to him.

“(B) (i) The number of children determined with respect to one or more counties shall be allocated by the Commissioner, for the purposes of paragraph (2), among the local educational agencies with school districts located in such county or counties.

“(ii) In any case where—

“(I) two or more local educational agencies serve, in whole or in part, the same geographical area; or

“(II) a local educational agency provides free public education for a substantial number of children who reside in the school district of another local educational agency,

the Commissioner may allocate the number of children determined under this subsection among such agencies in such a manner as will best achieve the purposes of this section.

“(C) (i) For the purposes of paragraph (2), the Commissioner shall determine the number of children from families having an annual income of \$3,000 or less on the basis of the most recent satisfactory

data available from the Department of Commerce. At any time such data for a county are available in the Department of Commerce, such data shall be used in making calculations under this subsection.

"(ii) For the purposes of this subsection, the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall determine the number of children from families receiving an annual income in excess of \$3,000 from payments under the program of aid to families with dependent children under a State plan approved under title IV of the Social Security Act and the number of children living in institutions for neglected or delinquent children or being supported in foster homes with public funds, on the basis of caseload data for the month of January of the preceding fiscal year, or to the extent that such data are not available to him before April 1 of the calendar year in which the determination is made, then on the basis of the most recent data available to him at the time of such determination. For the purposes of this subsection, the Secretary shall consider all children who are in correctional institutions to be living in institutions for delinquent children.

42 USC 601.

Grant formula.

"(c) The amount of the grant to which a local educational agency shall be entitled for any fiscal year shall be—

"(A) the number of children determined with respect to such agency under subsection (b); multiplied by—

"(B) 50 per centum of the average per pupil expenditure of all the local educational agencies in the State in which such agency is located.

Payments, limitation.

"(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, no payments for any fiscal year under this part to the local educational agencies in a single State shall exceed 12 per centum of the aggregate payments to all local educational agencies in that year under this part.

"(e)(1) The aggregate of the amount for which all local educational agencies are eligible under this part shall not exceed \$75,000,000 for any fiscal year. If, for any fiscal year, such aggregate, as computed without regard to the preceding sentence, exceeds \$75,000,000, the amount for which each local educational agency is eligible shall be reduced ratably until such aggregate does not exceed such limitation.

Appropriation.

"(2) For the purpose of making payments under this part there are authorized to be appropriated not in excess of \$75,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975.

"State."

"(f) For the purposes of this section, the term—

"(1) 'State' means the fifty States and the District of Columbia; and

"Children."

"(2) 'children' includes all children aged five through seventeen, inclusive."

Repeal; effective date.

(B) Effective July 1, 1975, part C of such title I is repealed.

Ante, p. 495.

Excess costs.

20 USC 241e.

(5) (A) Section 141(a)(1) of such title I is amended by striking out so much thereof as precedes clause (B) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(1) that payments under this title will be used for the excess costs of programs and projects (including the acquisition of equipment, payments to teachers of amounts in excess of regular salary schedules as a bonus for service in schools eligible for assistance under this title, the training of teachers, and, where necessary, the construction of school facilities and plans made or to be made for such programs, projects, and facilities) (A) which are designed to meet the special educational needs of educationally deprived children in school attendance areas having high concentrations of children from low-income families and".

(B) Section 141(a)(1)(A) of such title I is amended by adding

before the "and" at the end thereof the following: "(and at the discretion of the local educational agency, in any school of such agency not located in such a school attendance area, at which the proportion of children in actual average daily attendance from low-income families is substantially the same as the proportion of such children in such an area of that agency)".

(C) Section 141(a)(2) of such title I is amended to read as follows:

20 USC 241e.

"(2) that the local educational agency has provided satisfactory assurance that section 141A will be complied with;"

Infra.

(D) Section 141(a) of such title I is amended by striking out "and" after paragraph (12), and by striking out paragraph (13), and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(13) that, where a school attendance area does not meet the requirement of paragraph (1)(A) of this subsection for a fiscal year, or in the case of a local educational agency electing to allocate funds under section 140, where such an area does not meet the requirement of that section, but did meet the appropriate requirement in either of the two preceding fiscal years, that school attendance area shall be considered to meet the applicable criterion for that fiscal year; and

"(14) that the local educational agency shall establish an advisory council for the entire school district and shall establish an advisory council for each school of such agency served by a program or project assisted under section 143(a)(2), each of which advisory councils—

Advisory councils.
Establishment.

20 USC 241g.

"(A) has as a majority of its members parents of the children to be served,

"(B) is composed of members selected by the parents in each school attendance area,

"(C) has been given responsibility by such agency for advising it in the planning for, and the implementation and evaluation of, such programs and projects, and

"(D) is provided by such agency, in accordance with regulations of the Commissioner, with access to appropriate information concerning such programs and projects."

(E) Section 141 of such title I is amended by striking out subsection (c), by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (c), and by inserting after subsection (a) the following new subsection:

"(b) It is the intent of the Congress to encourage, where feasible, the development for each educationally deprived child participating in a program under this title of an individualized written educational plan (maintained and periodically evaluated), agreed upon jointly by the local educational agency, a parent or guardian of the child, and when appropriate, the child."

(6) Such title I is amended by inserting immediately after section 141 the following new section:

"PARTICIPATION OF CHILDREN ENROLLED IN PRIVATE SCHOOLS

"SEC. 141A. (a) To the extent consistent with the number of educationally deprived children in the school district of the local educational agency who are enrolled in private elementary and secondary schools, such agency shall make provision for including special educational services and arrangements (such as dual enrollment, educational radio and television, and mobile educational services and equipment) in which such children can participate and meeting the requirements of clauses (A) and (B) of paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of section 141, paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of such section, and clauses (A) and (B) of paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of such section 141.

20 USC 241e-1.

"(b)(1) If a local educational agency is prohibited by law from

providing for the participation in special programs for educationally deprived children enrolled in private elementary and secondary schools as required by subsection (a), the Commissioner shall waive such requirement and the provisions of section 141 (a) (2), and shall arrange for the provision of services to such children through arrangements which shall be subject to the requirements of subsection (a).

Waiver.
Ante, p. 497.

"(2) If the Commissioner determines that a local educational agency has substantially failed to provide for the participation on an equitable basis of educationally deprived children enrolled in private elementary and secondary schools as required by subsection (a), he shall arrange for the provision of services to such children through arrangements which shall be subject to the requirements of subsection (a), upon which determination the provisions of paragraph (a) and section 141 (a) (2) shall be waived.

Costs, payment.

"(3) When the Commissioner arranges for services pursuant to this section, he shall, after consultation with the appropriate public and private school officials, pay the cost of such services from the appropriate allocation or allocations under this title.

Notice and hearing.

"(4) (A) the Commissioner shall not take any final action under this section until he has afforded the State educational agency and local educational agency affected by such action at least sixty days notice of his proposed action and an opportunity for a hearing with respect thereto on the record.

Judicial review.

"(B) If a State or local educational agency is dissatisfied with the Commissioner's final action after a hearing under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, it may within sixty days after notice of such action, file with the United States court of appeals for the circuit in which such State is located a petition for review of that action. A copy of the petition shall be forthwith transmitted by the clerk of the court to the Commissioner. The Commissioner thereupon shall file in the court the record of the proceedings on which he based his action, as provided in section 2112 of title 28, United States Code.

"(C) The findings of fact by the Commissioner, if supported by substantial evidence, shall be conclusive; but the court, for good cause shown, may remand the case to the Commissioner to take further evidence, and the Commissioner may thereupon make new or modified findings of fact and may modify his previous action, and shall file in the court the record of the further proceedings. Such new or modified findings of fact shall likewise be conclusive if supported by substantial evidence.

Jurisdiction.

"(D) Upon the filing of such petition, the court shall have jurisdiction to affirm the action of the Commissioner or to set it aside, in whole or in part. The judgment of the court shall be subject to review by the Supreme Court of the United States upon certiorari or certification as provided in section 1254 of title 28, United States Code."

Appropriation adjustments.
20 USC 241h.

(7) Section 144 of such title I is amended by striking out the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "If the sums appropriated for any fiscal year for making the payments provided in this title are not sufficient to pay in full the total amounts which all local and State educational agencies are entitled to receive under this title for such year, the amount available for each grant to a State agency eligible for a grant under section 121, 122, or 123 shall be equal to the total amount of the grant as computed under each such section. If the remainder of such sums available after the application of the preceding sentence is not sufficient to pay in full the total amounts which all local educational agencies are entitled to receive under part A of this title for such year, the allocations to such agencies and allocations under part B shall, subject to adjustments under the next sentence, be ratably reduced to the extent necessary to bring the aggregate of such allocations within the limits of the amount so appro-

Ante, pp. 491,
492, 494.

20 USC 241c.

20 USC 241d.

riated, except that entitlements under such part B shall be taken into consideration only to the extent that appropriations for such title I (excluding part C thereof) exceed \$1,396,975,000 for any fiscal year and such entitlements shall not exceed \$50,000,000 in any fiscal year. The allocation of a local educational agency which would be reduced under the preceding sentence to less than 85 per centum of its allocation under part A for the preceding fiscal year, shall be increased to such amount, the total of the increases thereby required being derived by proportionately reducing the allocations of the remaining local educational agencies, under the preceding sentence, but with such adjustments as may be necessary to prevent the allocation to any remaining local educational agency from being thereby reduced to less than 85 per centum of its allocation for such year. If the aggregate of the amounts to which all States are entitled under such part B exceeds \$50,000,000 the entitlement of each State shall be reduced ratably until such aggregate does not exceed \$50,000,000 in such fiscal year."

Ante, p. 495.

20 USC 241c.

(8) Section 150 of such title I is redesignated as section 152, and such title I is further amended by adding immediately after section 149 the following new sections:

20 USC 241a note.

"ALLOCATION OF FUNDS WITHIN THE SCHOOL DISTRICT OF A LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY

"SEC. 150. (a) For any fiscal year not more than 20 local educational agencies selected for the purpose of section 821(a)(5) of the Education Amendments of 1974 may elect, with the approval of the district-wide parent advisory council which is required to be established under section 141(a)(14) of this title, to allocate funds received from payments under this title on the basis of a method or combination of methods other than the method provided under section 141(a)(1)(A). Any method selected pursuant to this section shall be so designed and administered as to be free from racial or cultural discrimination.

20 USC 241n.

Post, p. 599.

Ante, p. 497.

Ante, p. 496.

"(b) Any local educational agency to which this section applies shall submit such reports to the Director of the National Institute of Education at such time and in such manner as the Director may reasonably require to carry out his responsibilities under section 821(a)(5) of the Education Amendments of 1974.

Reports to Director of the National Institute of Education.

"PROGRAM EVALUATION

"SEC. 151. (a) The Commissioner shall provide for independent evaluations which describe and measure the impact of programs and projects assisted under this title. Such evaluations may be provided by contract or other arrangements, and all such evaluations shall be made by competent and independent persons, and shall include, whenever possible, opinions obtained from program or project participants about the strengths and weaknesses of such programs or projects.

20 USC 241o.

"(b) The Commissioner shall develop and publish standards for evaluation of program or project effectiveness in achieving the objectives of this title.

Standards.

"(c) The Commissioner shall, where appropriate, consult with State agencies in order to provide for jointly sponsored objective evaluation studies of programs and projects assisted under this title within a State.

Studies.

"(d) The Commissioner shall provide to State educational agencies, models for evaluations of all programs conducted under this title, for their use in carrying out their functions under section 143(a), which shall include uniform procedures and criteria to be utilized by local

Models.

20 USC 241g.

educational agencies, as well as by the State agency in the evaluation of such programs.

Technical assistance.

“(e) The Commissioner shall provide such technical and other assistance as may be necessary to State educational agencies to enable them to assist local educational agencies in the development and application of a systematic evaluation of programs in accordance with the models developed by the Commissioner.

“(f) The models developed by the Commissioner shall specify objective criteria which shall be utilized in the evaluation of all programs and shall outline techniques (such as longitudinal studies of children involved in such programs) and methodology (such as the use of tests which yield comparable results) for producing data which are comparable on a statewide and nationwide basis.

Report to congressional committees.

“(g) The Commissioner shall make a report to the respective committees of the Congress having legislative jurisdiction over programs authorized by this title and the respective Committees on Appropriations concerning his progress in carrying out this section not later than January 31, 1975, and thereafter he shall report to such committees no later than January 31 of each calendar year the results of the evaluations of programs and projects required under this section, which shall be comprehensive and detailed, as up-to-date as possible, and based to the maximum extent possible on objective measurements, together with any other related findings and evaluations, and his recommendations with respect to legislation.

Annual reports.

Information gathering and dissemination systems.

“(h) The Commissioner shall also develop a system for the gathering and dissemination of results of evaluations and for the identification of exemplary programs and projects, or of particularly effective elements of programs and projects, and for the dissemination of information concerning such programs and projects or such elements thereof to State and local educational agencies responsible for the design and conduct of programs and projects under this title, and to the education profession and the general public.

Appropriations, limitation.

“(i) The Commissioner is authorized, out of funds appropriated to carry out this title in any fiscal year, to expend such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this section, but not to exceed one-half of 1 per centum of the amount appropriated for such program, of which \$5,000,000 for each fiscal year ending prior to July 1, 1977, shall be available only for the surveys and studies authorized by section 821 of the Education Amendments of 1974.”

Post, p. 599.

20 USC 241e.

(9) (A) Section 141(a) (4) of such title is amended by striking out “section 145” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 433 of the General Education Provisions Act”.

20 USC 1221 note.

20 USC 241e.

(B) Section 141(a) (1) (B) of such title is amended by striking out “maximum”.

20 USC 241g.

(C) Section 143(a) (2) of such title is amended by striking out “maximum”.

20 USC 241f.

(D) Section 142 of such title is amended by striking out “described in section 141(c)” and inserting in lieu thereof “provided for in section 122”.

Ante, p. 492.

(E) Section 142(a) (1) of such title is amended by striking out “section 103(a) (5)” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 121”.

(F) Section 143(a) (2) of such title is amended by striking out “or section 131”.

(G) Section 143(b) (1) of such title is amended to read as follows:

“(1) 1 per centum of the amount allocated to the State and its local educational agencies as determined for that year under this title; or”.

20 USC 241h.

(H) The third and fourth sentences of section 144 of such title are each amended by striking out “section 103(a) (6)” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 122”.

(I) Section 146 of such title is amended by striking out "section 141 (c)" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 122". 20 USC 241j.
Ante, p. 492.

(J) Section 147 of such title is amended by striking out "section 141 (c)" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 122". 20 USC 241k.

(K) Section 403 of the Act of September 30, 1950 (Public Law 874, Eighty-first Congress), is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraphs: 20 USC 244.

"(16) For purposes of title II, the 'average per pupil expenditure' in a State, or in the United States, shall be the aggregate current expenditures, during the second fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which the computation is made (or if satisfactory data for that year are not available at the time of computation, then during the most recent preceding fiscal year for which satisfactory data are available), of all local educational agencies as defined in section 403(6)(B) in the State, or in the United States (which for the purposes of this subsection means the fifty States, and the District of Columbia), as the case may be, plus any direct current expenditures by the State for operation of such agencies (without regard to the source of funds from which either of such expenditures are made), divided by the aggregate number of children in average daily attendance to whom such agencies provided free public education during such preceding year. "Average per pupil expenditure."

"(17) For the purposes of title II, 'excess costs' means those costs directly attributable to programs and projects which exceed the average per pupil expenditure of a local educational agency in the most recent year for which satisfactory data are available for pupils in the grade or grades included in such programs or projects (but not including expenditures for any comparable State or local special programs for educationally deprived children or expenditures for bilingual programs or special education for handicapped children or children with specific learning disabilities, if such expenditures for bilingual education and special education are used to provide, to children of limited English-speaking ability and handicapped children, and children with specific learning disabilities who reside in title I project areas, services which are comparable to those provided to similarly disadvantaged children residing in nonproject areas)." "Excess costs."

(10) There is authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal year a sum not to exceed \$15,700,000 to be allocated at the discretion of the Commissioner to assist those local education agencies whose total allocation under part A of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 is 90 per centum or less than such allocation under such part A during the preceding fiscal year. Appropriation.
20 USC 241b-1.
20 USC 241c.

(b) Except as otherwise specifically provided, the amendments made by subsection (a) and the provisions of paragraph (10) of such subsection shall be effective on and after July 1, 1974. Effective date.
20 USC 241b
note.

SCHOOL LIBRARY RESOURCES, TEXTBOOKS, AND OTHER INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

SEC. 102. (a) Section 201(b) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: "and each of the five succeeding fiscal years, except that no funds are authorized to be appropriated for obligation by the Commissioner during any year for which funds are available for obligation by the Commissioner for carrying out part B of title IV". 20 USC 821.

20 USC 822.

(b) The third sentence of section 202(a)(1) of the Act is amended by striking out "for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1968, and each of the succeeding fiscal years ending prior to July 1, 1973,".

Effective date.
20 USC 821
note.

(c) The amendments made by this section shall be effective on and after July 1, 1973.

SUPPLEMENTARY EDUCATIONAL CENTERS AND SERVICES; GUIDANCE,
COUNSELING, AND TESTING

20 USC 841.

SEC. 103. (a)(1) The first sentence of section 301(b) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: ", and each of the five succeeding fiscal years, except that no funds are authorized to be appropriated for obligation by the Commissioner during any year for which funds are available for obligation by the Commissioner for carrying out part C of title IV".

(2) The second sentence of such Act is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: ", and each of the five succeeding fiscal years, except that no funds are authorized to be appropriated for obligation by the Commissioner during any year for which funds are available for obligation by the Commissioner for carrying out part C of title IV".

20 USC 842.

(b) The third sentence of section 302(a)(1) of such Act is amended by striking out "for each fiscal year ending prior to July 1, 1973,".

20 USC 844a.

(c) The first sentence of section 305(c) of the Act is amended by striking out "1973" and inserting in lieu thereof "1978".

20 USC 845.

(d) Section 307 of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

Notice and
hearing.

"(g)(1) The Commissioner shall not take any final action under subsection (f) until he has afforded the State educational agency and the local educational agency affected by such action at least sixty days notice of his proposed action and an opportunity for a hearing with respect thereto on the record.

Judicial review.

"(2) If a State or local educational agency is dissatisfied with the Commissioner's final action after a hearing under paragraph (1) of this paragraph, it may, within sixty days after notice of such action, file with the United States court of appeals for the circuit in which such State is located a petition for review of that action. A copy of the petition shall be forthwith transmitted by the clerk of the court to the Commissioner. The Commissioner thereupon shall file in the court the record of the proceedings on which he based his action, as provided in section 2112 of title 28, United States Code.

"(3) The findings of fact by the Commissioner, if supported by substantial evidence, shall be conclusive; but the court, for good cause shown, may remand the case to the Commissioner to take further evidence, and the Commissioner may thereupon make new or modified findings of fact and may modify his previous action, and shall file in the court the record of the further proceedings. Such new or modified findings of fact shall likewise be conclusive if supported by substantial evidence.

Jurisdiction.

"(4) Upon the filing of such petition, the court shall have jurisdiction to affirm the action of the Commissioner or to set it aside, in whole or in part. The judgment of the court shall be subject to review by the Supreme Court of the United States upon certiorari or certification as provided in section 1254 of title 28, United States Code."

Effective date.
20 USC 841
note.

(e) The amendments made by subsections (a), (b), and (c) of this section shall be effective on and after July 1, 1973, and the amendment

made by subsection (d) shall be effective on the date of enactment of this Act.

STRENGTHENING STATE AND LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES

SEC. 104. (a) Section 501(b) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: "and each of the five succeeding fiscal years, except that no funds are authorized to be appropriated for obligation by the Commissioner during any year for which funds are available for obligation by the Commissioner for carrying out part C of title IV".

20 USC 861.

(b) Section 521(b) of such Act is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: ", and each of the five succeeding fiscal years, except that no funds are authorized to be appropriated for obligation by the Commissioner during any year for which funds are available for obligation by the Commissioner for carrying out part C of title IV".

20 USC 866.

(c) Section 531(b) of such Act is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: ", and each of the five succeeding fiscal years, except that no funds are authorized to be appropriated for obligation during any year for which funds are available for obligation for carrying out part C of title IV".

20 USC 867.

(d) The amendments made by this section shall be effective on and after July 1, 1973.

Effective date.
20 USC 861
note.

BILINGUAL EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS

SEC. 105. (a) (1) Title VII of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 is amended to read as follows:

20 USC 880b.

"TITLE VII—BILINGUAL EDUCATION

Bilingual Edu-
cation Act.
20 USC 880b
note.

"SHORT TITLE

"SEC. 701. This title may be cited as the 'Bilingual Education Act'.

"POLICY; APPROPRIATIONS

"SEC. 702. (a) Recognizing—

20 USC 880b.

"(1) that there are large numbers of children of limited English-speaking ability;

"(2) that many of such children have a cultural heritage which differs from that of English-speaking persons;

"(3) that a primary means by which a child learns is through the use of such child's language and cultural heritage;

"(4) that, therefore, large numbers of children of limited English-speaking ability have educational needs which can be met by the use of bilingual educational methods and techniques; and

"(5) that, in addition, children of limited English-speaking ability benefit through the fullest utilization of multiple language and cultural resources.

the Congress declares it to be the policy of the United States, in order to establish equal educational opportunity for all children (A) to encourage the establishment and operation, where appropriate, of educational programs using bilingual educational practices, techniques, and methods, and (B) for that purpose, to provide financial assistance to local educational agencies, and to State educational agencies for certain purposes, in order to enable such local educational agencies

to develop and carry out such programs in elementary and secondary schools, including activities at the preschool level, which are designed to meet the educational needs of such children; and to demonstrate effective ways of providing, for children of limited English-speaking ability, instruction designed to enable them, while using their native language, to achieve competence in the English language.

Appropriation.

“(b) (1) Except as is otherwise provided in this title, for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this title, there are authorized to be appropriated \$135,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1974; \$135,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975; \$140,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976; \$150,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1977; and \$160,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1978.

Post, p. 506.

“(2) There are further authorized to be appropriated to carry out the provisions of section 721(b) (3) \$6,750,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1974; \$7,250,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975; \$7,750,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976; \$8,750,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1977; and \$9,750,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1978.

“(3) From the sums appropriated under paragraph (1) for any fiscal year—

“(A) the Commissioner shall reserve \$16,000,000 of that part thereof which does not exceed \$70,000,000 for training activities carried out under clause (3) of subsection (a) of section 721, and shall reserve for such activities 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ per centum of that part thereof which is in excess of \$70,000,000; and

“(B) the Commissioner shall reserve from the amount not reserved pursuant to clause (A) of this paragraph such amounts as may be necessary, but not in excess of 1 per centum thereof, for the purposes of section 732.

Post, p. 510.

“DEFINITIONS; REGULATIONS

20 USC 880b-1.

“SEC. 703. (a) The following definitions shall apply to the terms used in this title:

“(1) The term ‘limited English-speaking ability’, when used with reference to an individual, means—

“(A) individuals who were not born in the United States or whose native language is a language other than English, and

“(B) individuals who come from environments where a language other than English is dominant, as further defined by the Commissioner by regulations;

and, by reason thereof, have difficulty speaking and understanding instruction in the English language.

“(2) The term ‘native language’, when used with reference to an individual of limited English-speaking ability, means the language normally used by such individuals, or in the case of a child, the language normally used by the parents of the child.

“(3) The term ‘low-income’ when used with respect to a family means an annual income for such a family which does not exceed the low annual income determined pursuant to section 103 of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965.

Ante, p. 488.

“(4) (A) The term ‘program of bilingual education’ means a program of instruction, designed for children of limited English-speaking ability in elementary or secondary schools, in which, with respect to the years of study to which such program is applicable—

“(i) there is instruction given in, and study of, English and, to the extent necessary to allow a child to progress effectively through

the educational system, the native language of the children of limited English-speaking ability, and such instruction is given with appreciation for the cultural heritage of such children, and, with respect to elementary school instruction, such instruction shall, to the extent necessary, be in all courses or subjects of study which will allow a child to progress effectively through the educational system; and

“(ii) the requirements in subparagraphs (B) through (E) of this paragraph and established pursuant to subsection (b) of this section are met.

“(B) A program of bilingual education may make provision for the voluntary enrollment to a limited degree therein, on a regular basis, of children whose language is English, in order that they may acquire an understanding of the cultural heritage of the children of limited English-speaking ability for whom the particular program of bilingual education is designed. In determining eligibility to participate in such programs, priority shall be given to the children whose language is other than English. In no event shall the program be designed for the purpose of teaching a foreign language to English-speaking children.

English-speaking children, enrollment.

“(C) In such courses or subjects of study as art, music, and physical education, a program of bilingual education shall make provision for the participation of children of limited English-speaking ability in regular classes.

“(D) Children enrolled in a program of bilingual education shall, if graded classes are used, be placed, to the extent practicable, in classes with children of approximately the same age and level of educational attainment. If children of significantly varying ages or levels of educational attainment are placed in the same class, the program of bilingual education shall seek to insure that each child is provided with instruction which is appropriate for his or her level of educational attainment.

“(E) An application for a program of bilingual education shall be developed in consultation with parents of children of limited English-speaking ability, teachers, and, where applicable, secondary school students, in the areas to be served, and assurances shall be given in the application that, after the application has been approved under this title, the applicant will provide for participation by a committee composed of, and selected by, such parents, and, in the case of secondary schools, representatives of secondary school students to be served.

Application.

“(5) The term ‘Office’ means the Office of Bilingual Education.

Definitions.

“(6) The term ‘Director’ means the Director of the Office of Bilingual Education.

“(7) The term ‘Council’ means the National Advisory Council on Bilingual Education.

“(b) The Commissioner, after receiving recommendations from State and local educational agencies and groups and organizations involved in bilingual education, shall establish, publish, and distribute, with respect to programs of bilingual education, suggested models with respect to pupil-teacher ratios, teacher qualifications, and other factors affecting the quality of instruction offered in such programs.

Models.

“(c) In prescribing regulations under this section, the Commissioner shall consult with State and local educational agencies, appropriate organizations representing parents and children of limited English-speaking ability, and appropriate groups and organizations representing teachers and educators involved in bilingual education.

Consultation.

“PART A—FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR BILINGUAL EDUCATION
PROGRAMS

“BILINGUAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS

Grants.
20 USC 880b-7.

“SEC. 721. (a) Funds available for grants under this part shall be used for—

“(1) the establishment, operation, and improvement of programs of bilingual education;

“(2) auxiliary and supplementary community and educational activities designed to facilitate and expand the implementation of programs described in clause (1), including such activities as (A) adult education programs related to the purposes of this title, particularly for parents of children participating in programs of bilingual education, and carried out, where appropriate, in coordination with programs assisted under the Adult Education Act, and (B) preschool programs preparatory and supplementary to bilingual education programs;

“(3) (A) the establishment, operation, and improvement of training programs for personnel preparing to participate in, or personnel participating in, the conduct of programs of bilingual education and (B) auxiliary and supplementary training programs, which shall be included in each program of bilingual education, for personnel preparing to participate in, or personnel participating in, the conduct of such programs; and

“(4) planning, and providing technical assistance for, and taking other steps leading to the development of, such programs.

Post, p. 576.
20 USC 1201
note.

Application.

“(b) (1) A grant may be made under this section only upon application therefor by one or more local educational agencies or by an institution of higher education, including a junior or community college, applying jointly with one or more local educational agencies (or, in the case of a training activity described in clause (3) (A) of subsection (a) of this section, by eligible applicants as defined in section 723). Each such application shall be made to the Commissioner at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Commissioner deems necessary, and

“(A) include a description of the activities set forth in one or more of the clauses of subsection (a) which the applicant desires to carry out; and

“(B) provide evidence that the activities so described will make substantial progress toward making programs of bilingual education available to the children having need thereof in the area served by the applicant.

Approval.

“(2) An application for a grant under this part may be approved only if—

“(A) the provision of assistance proposed in the application is consistent with criteria established by the Commissioner, after consultation with the State educational agency, for the purpose of achieving an equitable distribution of assistance under this part within the State in which the applicant is located, which criteria shall be developed by his taking into consideration (i) the geographic distribution of children of limited English-speaking ability, (ii) the relative need of persons in different geographic areas within the State for the kinds of services and activities described in subsection (a), (iii) with respect to grants

to carry out programs described in clauses (1) and (2) of subsection (a) of section 721, the relative ability of particular local educational agencies within the State to provide such services and activities, and (iv) with respect to such grants, the relative numbers of persons from low-income families sought to be benefitted by such programs;

“(B) in the case of applications from local educational agencies to carry out programs of bilingual education under clause (1) of subsection (a) of section 721, the Commissioner determines that not less than 15 per centum of the amounts paid to the applicant for the purposes of such programs shall be expended for auxiliary and supplementary training programs in accordance with the provisions of clause (3)(B) of such subsection and section 723;

Post, p. 508.

“(C) the Commissioner determines (i) that the program will use the most qualified available personnel and the best resources and will substantially increase the educational opportunities for children of limited English-speaking ability in the area to be served by the applicant, and (ii) that, to the extent consistent with the number of children enrolled in nonprofit, nonpublic schools in the area to be served whose educational needs are of the type which the program is intended to meet, provision has been made for participation of such children; and

“(D) the State educational agency has been notified of the application and has been given the opportunity to offer recommendations thereon to the applicant and to the Commissioner.

“(3)(A) Upon an application from a State educational agency, the Commissioner shall make provision for the submission and approval of a State program for the coordination by such State agency of technical assistance to programs of bilingual education in such State assisted under this title. Such State program shall contain such provisions, agreements, and assurances as the Commissioner shall, by regulation, determine necessary and proper to achieve the purposes of this title, including assurances that funds made available under this section for any fiscal year will be so used as to supplement, and to the extent practical, increase the level of funds that would, in the absence of such funds be made available by the State for the purposes described in this section, and in no case to supplant such funds.

“(B) Except as is provided in the second sentence of this subparagraph, the Commissioner shall pay from the amounts authorized for these purposes pursuant to section 702 for each fiscal year to each State educational agency which has a State program submitted and approved under subparagraph (A) such sums as may be necessary for the proper and efficient conduct of such State program. The amount paid by the Commissioner to any State educational agency under the preceding sentence for any fiscal year shall not exceed 5 per centum of the aggregate of the amounts paid under this part to local educational agencies in the State of such State educational agency in the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year in which this limitation applies.

Ante, p. 503.

“(c) In determining the distribution of funds under this title, the Commissioner shall give priority to areas having the greatest need for programs assisted under this title.

“INDIAN CHILDREN IN SCHOOLS

“SEC. 722. (a) For the purpose of carrying out programs under this part for individuals served by elementary and secondary schools operated predominantly for Indian children, a nonprofit institution or organization of the Indian tribe concerned which operates any

20 USC 880b-8.

such school and which is approved by the Commissioner for the purposes of this section may be considered to be a local educational agency as such term is used in this title.

Payments.
Ante, p. 503.

“(b) From the sums appropriated pursuant to section 702(b), the Commissioner is authorized to make payments to the Secretary of the Interior to carry out programs of bilingual education for children on reservations served by elementary and secondary schools for Indian children operated or funded by the Department of the Interior. The terms upon which payments for such purpose may be made to the Secretary of the Interior shall be determined pursuant to such criteria as the Commissioner determines will best carry out the policy of section 702(a).

Annual report
to Congress and
President.

“(c) The Secretary of the Interior shall prepare and, not later than November 1 of each year, shall submit to the Congress and the President an annual report detailing a review and evaluation of the use, during the preceding fiscal year, of all funds paid to him by the Commissioner under subsection (b) of this section, including complete fiscal reports, a description of the personnel and information paid for in whole or in part with such funds, the allocation of such funds, and the status of all programs funded from such payments. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to relieve the Director of any authority or obligation under this part.

Assessment of
needs of Indian
children, submit-
tal to Congress
and President.

“(d) The Secretary of the Interior shall, together with the information required in the preceding subsection, submit to the Congress and the President, an assessment of the needs of Indian children with respect to the purposes of this title in schools operated or funded by the Department of the Interior, including those State educational agencies and local educational agencies receiving assistance under the Johnson-O'Malley Act (25 U.S.C. 452 et seq.) and an assessment of the extent to which such needs are being met by funds provided to such schools for educational purposes through the Secretary of the Interior.

“TRAINING

20 USC 880b-9.
Ante, p. 506.

“SEC. 723. (a) (1) In carrying out the provisions of clauses (1) and (3) of subsection (a) of section 721, with respect to training, the Commissioner shall, through grants to, and contracts with, eligible applicants, as defined in subsection (b), provide for—

“(A) (i) training, carried out in coordination with any other programs training auxiliary educational personnel, designed (I) to prepare personnel to participate in, or for personnel participating in, the conduct of programs of bilingual education, including programs emphasizing opportunities for career development, advancement, and lateral mobility, (II) to train teachers, administrators, paraprofessionals, teacher aides, and parents, and (III) to train persons to teach and counsel such persons, and (ii) special training programs designed (I) to meet individual needs, and (II) to encourage reform, innovation, and improvement in applicable education curricula in graduate education, in the structure of the academic profession, and in recruitment and retention of higher education and graduate school facilities, as related to bilingual education; and

“(B) the operation of short-term training institutes designed to improve the skills of participants in programs of bilingual education in order to facilitate their effectiveness in carrying out responsibilities in connection with such programs.

Fellowships.

“(2) In addition the Commissioner is authorized to award fellowships for study in the field of training teachers for bilingual edu-

cation. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, not less than 100 fellowships leading to a graduate degree shall be awarded under the preceding sentence for preparing individuals to train teachers for programs of bilingual education. Such fellowships shall be awarded in proportion to the need for teachers of various groups of individuals with limited English-speaking ability. For each fiscal year after June 30, 1975, and prior to July 1, 1978, the Commissioner shall report to the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Labor and Public Welfare of the Senate on the number of fellowships in the field of training teachers for bilingual education which he recommends will be necessary for that fiscal year.

Report to congressional committees.

“(3) The Commissioner shall include in the terms of any arrangement described in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a) of this section provisions for the payment, to persons participating in training programs so described, of such stipends (including allowances for subsistence and other expenses for such persons and their dependents) as he may determine to be consistent with prevailing practices under comparable federally supported programs.

Stipends.

“(4) In making grants or contracts under this section, the Commissioner shall give priority to eligible applicants with demonstrated competence and experience in the field of bilingual education. Funds provided under grants or contracts for training activities described in this section to or with a State educational agency, separately or jointly, shall in no event exceed in the aggregate in any fiscal year 15 per centum of the total amount of funds obligated for training activities pursuant to clauses (1) and (3) of subsection (a) of section 721 in such year.

Ante, p. 506.

“(5) An application for a grant or contract for preservice or inservice training activities described in clause (A)(i)(I) and clause (A)(ii)(I) and in subsection (a)(1)(B) of this section shall be considered an application for a program of bilingual education for the purposes of subsection (a)(4)(E) of section 703.

Ante, p. 504.

“(b) For the purposes of this section, the term ‘eligible applicants’ means—

“Eligible applicants.”

“(1) institutions of higher education (including junior colleges and community colleges) which apply, after consultation with, or jointly with, one or more local educational agencies;

“(2) local educational agencies; and

“(3) State educational agencies.

“PART B—ADMINISTRATION

“OFFICE OF BILINGUAL EDUCATION

“SEC. 731. (a) There shall be, in the Office of Education, an Office of Bilingual Education (hereafter in this section referred to as the ‘Office’) through which the Commissioner shall carry out his functions relating to bilingual education.

Establishment.
20 USC 880b-10.

“(b)(1) The Office shall be headed by a Director of Bilingual Education, appointed by the Commissioner, to whom the Commissioner shall delegate all of his delegable functions relating to bilingual education.

“(2) The Office shall be organized as the Director determines to be appropriate in order to enable him to carry out his functions and responsibilities effectively.

“(c) The Commissioner, in consultation with the Council, shall prepare and, not later than November 1 of 1975, and of 1977, shall submit to the Congress and the President a report on the condition of bilingual education in the Nation and the administration and operation of this

Report to Congress and President.

Contents.

title and of other programs for persons of limited English-speaking ability. Such report shall include—

“(1) a national assessment of the educational needs of children and other persons with limited English-speaking ability and of the extent to which such needs are being met from Federal, State, and local efforts, including (A) not later than July 1, 1977, the results of a survey of the number of such children and persons in the States, and (B) a plan, including cost estimates, to be carried out during the five-year period beginning on such date, for extending programs of bilingual education and bilingual vocational and adult education programs to all such preschool and elementary school children and other persons of limited English-speaking ability, including a phased plan for the training of the necessary teachers and other educational personnel necessary for such purpose;

“(2) a report on and an evaluation of the activities carried out under this title during the preceding fiscal year and the extent to which each of such activities achieves the policy set forth in section 702(a);

“(3) a statement of the activities intended to be carried out during the succeeding period, including an estimate of the cost of such activities;

“(4) an assessment of the number of teachers and other educational personnel needed to carry out programs of bilingual education under this title and those carried out under other programs for persons of limited English-speaking ability and a statement describing the activities carried out thereunder designed to prepare teachers and other educational personnel for such programs, and the number of other educational personnel needed to carry out programs of bilingual education in the States and a statement describing the activities carried out under this title designed to prepare teachers and other educational personnel for such programs; and

“(5) a description of the personnel, the functions of such personnel, and information available at the regional offices of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare dealing with bilingual programs within that region.

“NATIONAL ADVISORY COUNCIL ON BILINGUAL EDUCATION

Establishment.
20 USC 880b-11.
Post, p. 575.
Membership.

“SEC. 732. (a) Subject to part D of the General Education Provisions Act, there shall be a National Advisory Council on Bilingual Education composed of fifteen members appointed by the Secretary, one of whom he shall designate as Chairman. At least eight of the members of the Council shall be persons experienced in dealing with the educational problems of children and other persons who are of limited English-speaking ability, at least one of whom shall be representative of persons serving on boards of education operating programs of bilingual education. At least three members shall be experienced in the training of teachers in programs of bilingual education. At least two members shall be persons with general experience in the field of elementary and secondary education. At least two members shall be classroom teachers of demonstrated teaching abilities using bilingual methods and techniques. The members of the Council shall be appointed in such a way as to be generally representative of the significant segments of the population of persons of limited English-speaking ability and the geographic areas in which they reside.

“(b) The Council shall meet at the call of the Chairman, but, notwithstanding the provisions of section 446(a) of the General Education Provisions Act, not less often than four times in each year.

“(c) The Council shall advise the Commissioner in the preparation of general regulations and with respect to policy matters arising in the administration and operation of this title, including the development of criteria for approval of applications, and plans under this title, and the administration and operation of other programs for persons of limited English-speaking ability. The Council shall prepare and, not later than November 1 of each year, submit a report to the Congress and the President on the condition of bilingual education in the Nation and on the administration and operation of this title, including those items specified in section 731(c), and the administration and operation of other programs for persons of limited English-speaking ability.

“(d) The Commissioner shall procure temporary and intermittent services of such personnel as are necessary for the conduct of the functions of the Council, in accordance with section 445, of the General Education Provisions Act, and shall make available to the Council such staff, information, and other assistance as it may require to carry out its activities effectively.

20 USC 1233e.
Duties.

Report to
Congress and
President.
Ante, p. 509.

Personnel
procurement.

20 USC 1233d.

“PART C—SUPPORTIVE SERVICES AND ACTIVITIES

“ADMINISTRATION

“SEC. 741. (a) The provisions of this part shall be administered by the Assistant Secretary, in consultation with—

“(1) the Commissioner, through the Office of Bilingual Education; and

“(2) the Director of the National Institute of Education, notwithstanding the second sentence of section 405(b)(1) of the General Education Provisions Act; in accordance with regulations.

“(b) The Assistant Secretary shall, in accordance with clauses (1) and (2) of subsection (a), develop and promulgate regulations for this part and then delegate his functions under this part, as may be appropriate under the terms of section 742.

20 USC 880b-12.

20 USC 1225.

Regulations.

Infra.

“RESEARCH AND DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS

“SEC. 742. (a) The National Institute of Education shall, in accordance with the provisions of section 405 of the General Education Provisions Act, carry out a program of research in the field of bilingual education in order to enhance the effectiveness of bilingual education programs carried out under this title and other programs for persons of limited English-speaking ability.

“(b) In order to test the effectiveness of research findings by the National Institute of Education and to demonstrate new or innovative practices, techniques, and methods for use in such bilingual education programs, the Director and the Commissioner are authorized to make competitive contracts with public and private educational agencies, institutions, and organizations for such purpose.

“(c) In carrying out their responsibilities under this section, the Commissioner and the Director shall, through competitive contracts with appropriate public and private agencies, institutions, and organizations—

“(1) undertake studies to determine the basic educational needs and language acquisition characteristics of, and the most effective

Bilingual edu-
cation research.
20 USC 880b-13.
20 USC 1221e.

Competitive
contracts.

conditions for, educating children of limited English-speaking ability;

“(2) develop and disseminate instructional materials and equipment suitable for use in bilingual education programs; and

“(3) establish and operate a national clearinghouse of information for bilingual education, which shall collect, analyze, and disseminate information about bilingual education and such bilingual education and related programs.

“(d) In carrying out their responsibilities under this section, the Commissioner and the Director shall provide for periodic consultation with representatives of State and local educational agencies and appropriate groups and organizations involved in bilingual education.

Appropriations.

“(e) There is authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal year prior to July 1, 1978, \$5,000,000 to carry out the provisions of this section.”.

Effective date.
20 USC 880b
note.

(2) (A) The amendment made by this subsection shall be effective upon the date of enactment of this Act, except that the provisions of part A of title VII of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (as amended by subsection (a) of this section) shall become effective on July 1, 1975, and the provisions of title VII of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 in effect immediately prior to the date of enactment of this Act shall remain in effect through June 30, 1975, to the extent not inconsistent with the amendment made by this section.

Ante, p. 504.

20 USC 880b.

(B) The National Advisory Council on Bilingual Education, for which provision is made in section 732 of such Act, shall be appointed within ninety days after the enactment of this Act.

20 USC 880b-11
note.

Ante, p. 510.
“Other programs for persons of limited English-speaking ability.”

(b) Section 703(a) of title VII of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

Ante, p. 504.

20 USC 1607.

“(8) The term ‘other programs for persons of limited English-speaking ability’ when used in sections 731 and 732 means the program authorized by section 708(c) of the Emergency School Aid Act and the programs carried out in coordination with the provisions of this title pursuant to section 122(a) (4) (C) and part J of the Vocational Education Act of 1963, and section 306(a) (11) of the Adult Education Act, and programs and projects serving areas with high concentrations of persons of limited English-speaking ability pursuant to section 6 (b) (4) of the Library Services and Construction Act.”.

Post, p. 578.

Post, p. 607.

Post, p. 609.

STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS

SEC. 106. Title VIII of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 is amended by inserting after section 803 the following new section:

20 USC 881.

“STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS ON REFUND OF PAYMENTS

“SEC. 804. No State or local educational agency shall be liable to refund any payment made to such agency under this Act (including title I of this Act) which was subsequently determined to be unauthorized by law, if such payment was made more than five years before such agency received final written notice that such payment was unauthorized.”.

20 USC 884.

Ante, p. 488.

DROPOUT PREVENTION PROJECTS

SEC. 107. (a) Section 807(c) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: “, and each of the five succeeding fiscal

20 USC 887.

years, except that no funds are authorized to be appropriated for obligation during any year for which funds are available for obligation for carrying out part C of title IV”.

(b) The amendments made by this section shall be effective on and after July 1, 1973.

Effective date.
20 USC 887
note.

SCHOOL NUTRITION AND HEALTH SERVICES

SEC. 108. (a) Section 808(d) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: “, and each of the five succeeding fiscal years, except that no funds are authorized to be appropriated for obligation during any year for which funds are available for obligation for carrying out part C of title IV”.

20 USC 887a.

(b) The amendments made by this section shall be effective on and after July 1, 1973.

Effective date.
20 USC 887a
note.

CORRECTION EDUCATION SERVICES

SEC. 109. (a) Section 809 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

20 USC 887b.

“(c) For the purpose of carrying out this section, there is authorized to be appropriated \$500,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1974, and for the succeeding fiscal year.”

(b) The amendments made by this section shall be effective on and after July 1, 1974.

Effective date.
20 USC 887b
note.

OPEN MEETINGS OF EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES

SEC. 110. Title VIII of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

“OPEN MEETINGS OF EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES

“SEC. 812. No application for assistance under this Act may be considered unless the local educational agency making such application certifies to the Commissioner that members of the public have been afforded the opportunity upon reasonable notice to testify or otherwise comment regarding the subject matter of the application. The Commissioner is authorized and directed to establish such regulations as necessary to implement this section.”

20 USC 887e.

ETHNIC HERITAGE STUDIES CENTERS

SEC. 111. (a) (1) Section 907 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 is amended by striking out “the fiscal year ending June 30, 1973” and inserting in lieu thereof “each of the fiscal years ending prior to July 1, 1978”.

20 USC 900a-5.

(2) The amendments made by this subsection shall be effective on and after July 1, 1973.

Effective date.
20 USC 900a-5
note.

(b) Section 903 of such Act is amended by—

20 USC 900a-1.

(1) striking out “elementary and secondary schools and institutions of higher education” in clause (1) of such section, and inserting in lieu thereof “elementary or secondary schools or institutions of higher education”;

(2) striking out “elementary and secondary schools and institutions of higher education” in clause (2) of such section and inserting in lieu thereof “elementary or secondary schools or institutions of higher education”;

20 USC 900a-1.

- (3) inserting the word "or" after clause (1) of such section; and
 (4) inserting the word "or" at the end of clause (2) of such section.

Equal Educa-
 tional Opportuni-
 ties Act of 1974.

TITLE II—EQUAL EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES AND THE TRANSPORTATION OF STUDENTS

SHORT TITLE

20 USC 1701
note.

SEC. 201. This title may be cited as the "Equal Educational Oppor-
 tunities Act of 1974".

PART A—EQUAL EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES

Subpart 1—Policy and Purpose

DECLARATION OF POLICY

20 USC 1701.

SEC. 202. (a) The Congress declares it to be the policy of the United States that—

(1) all children enrolled in public schools are entitled to equal educational opportunity without regard to race, color, sex, or national origin; and

(2) the neighborhood is the appropriate basis for determining public school assignments.

(b) In order to carry out this policy, it is the purpose of this part to specify appropriate remedies for the orderly removal of the vestiges of the dual school system.

FINDINGS

20 USC 1702.

SEC. 203. (a) The Congress finds that—

(1) the maintenance of dual school systems in which students are assigned to schools solely on the basis of race, color, sex, or national origin denies to those students the equal protection of the laws guaranteed by the fourteenth amendment;

(2) for the purpose of abolishing dual school systems and eliminating the vestiges thereof, many local educational agencies have been required to reorganize their school systems, to reassign students, and to engage in the extensive transportation of students;

(3) the implementation of desegregation plans that require extensive student transportation has, in many cases, required local educational agencies to expend large amount of funds, thereby depleting their financial resources available for the maintenance or improvement of the quality of educational facilities and instruction provided;

(4) transportation of students which creates serious risks to their health and safety, disrupts the educational process carried out with respect to such students, and impinges significantly on their educational opportunity, is excessive;

(5) the risks and harms created by excessive transportation are particularly great for children enrolled in the first six grades; and

(6) the guidelines provided by the courts for fashioning remedies to dismantle dual school systems have been, as the Supreme Court of the United States has said, "incomplete and imperfect," and have not established, a clear, rational, and uniform standard for determining the extent to which a local educational agency is required to reassign and transport its students in order to eliminate the vestiges of a dual school system.

(b) For the foregoing reasons, it is necessary and proper that the Congress, pursuant to the powers granted to it by the Constitution of the United States, specify appropriate remedies for the elimination of the vestiges of dual school systems, except that the provisions of this title are not intended to modify or diminish the authority of the courts of the United States to enforce fully the fifth and fourteenth amendments to the Constitution of the United States.

USC prec.
title 1.

Subpart 2—Unlawful Practices

DENIAL OF EQUAL EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY PROHIBITED

SEC. 204. No State shall deny equal educational opportunity to an individual on account of his or her race, color, sex, or national origin, by—

20 USC 1703.

(a) the deliberate segregation by an educational agency of students on the basis of race, color, or national origin among or within schools;

(b) the failure of an educational agency which has formerly practiced such deliberate segregation to take affirmative steps, consistent with subpart 4 of this title, to remove the vestiges of a dual school system;

(c) the assignment by an educational agency of a student to a school, other than the one closest to his or her place of residence within the school district in which he or she resides, if the assignment results in a greater degree of segregation of students on the basis of race, color, sex, or national origin among the schools of such agency than would result if such student were assigned to the school closest to his or her place of residence within the school district of such agency providing the appropriate grade level and type of education for such student;

(d) discrimination by an educational agency on the basis of race, color, or national origin in the employment, employment conditions, or assignment to schools of its faculty or staff, except to fulfill the purposes of subsection (f) below;

(e) the transfer by an educational agency, whether voluntary or otherwise, of a student from one school to another if the purpose and effect of such transfer is to increase segregation of students on the basis of race, color, or national origin among the schools of such agency; or

(f) the failure by an educational agency to take appropriate action to overcome language barriers that impede equal participation by its students in its instructional programs.

BALANCE NOT REQUIRED

SEC. 205. The failure of an educational agency to attain a balance, on the basis of race, color, sex, or national origin, of students among its schools shall not constitute a denial of equal educational opportunity, or equal protection of the laws.

20 USC 1704.

ASSIGNMENT ON NEIGHBORHOOD BASIS NOT A DENIAL OF EQUAL EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY

SEC. 206. Subject to the other provisions of this part, the assignment by an educational agency of a student to the school nearest his place of residence which provides the appropriate grade level and type of education for such student is not a denial of equal educational opportunity or of equal protection of the laws unless such assignment is for

20 USC 1705.

the purpose of segregating students on the basis of race, color, sex, or national origin, or the school to which such student is assigned was located on its site for the purpose of segregating students on such basis.

Subpart 3—Enforcement

CIVIL ACTIONS

20 USC 1706.

SEC. 207. An individual denied an equal educational opportunity, as defined by this part may institute a civil action in an appropriate district court of the United States against such parties, and for such relief, as may be appropriate. The Attorney General of the United States (hereinafter in this title referred to as the "Attorney General"), for or in the name of the United States, may also institute such a civil action on behalf of such an individual.

EFFECT OF CERTAIN POPULATION CHANGES ON CERTAIN ACTIONS

20 USC 1707.

SEC. 208. When a court of competent jurisdiction determines that a school system is desegregated, or that it meets the constitutional requirements, or that it is a unitary system, or that it has no vestiges of a dual system, and thereafter residential shifts in population occur which result in school population changes in any school within such a desegregated school system, such school population changes so occurring shall not, per se, constitute a cause for civil action for a new plan of desegregation or for modification of the court approved plan.

JURISDICTION OF DISTRICT COURTS

20 USC 1708.

SEC. 209. The appropriate district court of the United States shall have and exercise jurisdiction of proceedings instituted under section 207.

INTERVENTION BY ATTORNEY GENERAL

20 USC 1709.

SEC. 210. Whenever a civil action is instituted under section 207 by an individual, the Attorney General may intervene in such action upon timely application.

SUITS BY THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

20 USC 1710.

SEC. 211. The Attorney General shall not institute a civil action under section 207 before he—

(a) gives to the appropriate educational agency notice of the condition or conditions which, in his judgment, constitute a violation of subpart 2 of this part; and

(b) certifies to the appropriate district court of the United States that he is satisfied that such educational agency has not, within a reasonable time after such notice, undertaken appropriate remedial action.

Subpart 4—Remedies

FORMULATING REMEDIES; APPLICABILITY

20 USC 1712.

SEC. 213. In formulating a remedy for a denial of equal educational opportunity or a denial of the equal protection of the laws, a court, department, or agency of the United States shall seek or impose only such remedies as are essential to correct particular denials of equal educational opportunity or equal protection of the laws.

PRIORITY OF REMEDIES

SEC. 214. In formulating a remedy for a denial of equal educational opportunity or a denial of the equal protection of the laws, which may involve directly or indirectly the transportation of students, a court, department, or agency of the United States shall consider and make specific findings on the efficacy in correcting such denial of the following remedies and shall require implementation of the first of the remedies set out below, or of the first combination thereof which would remedy such denial:

20 USC 1713.

(a) assigning students to the schools closest to their places of residence which provide the appropriate grade level and type of education for such students, taking into account school capacities and natural physical barriers;

(b) assigning students to the schools closest to their places of residence which provide the appropriate grade level and type of education for such students, taking into account only school capacities;

(c) permitting students to transfer from a school in which a majority of the students are of their race, color, or national origin to a school in which a minority of the students are of their race, color, or national origin;

(d) the creation or revision of attendance zones or grade structures without requiring transportation beyond that described in section 215;

(e) the construction of new schools or the closing of inferior schools;

(f) the construction or establishment of magnet schools; or

(g) the development and implementation of any other plan which is educationally sound and administratively feasible, subject to the provisions of sections 215 and 216 of this part.

TRANSPORTATION OF STUDENTS

SEC. 215. (a) No court, department, or agency of the United States shall, pursuant to section 214, order the implementation of a plan that would require the transportation of any student to a school other than the school closest or next closest to his place of residence which provides the appropriate grade level and type of education for such student.

20 USC 1714.

(b) No court, department, or agency of the United States shall require directly or indirectly the transportation of any student if such transportation poses a risk to the health of such student or constitutes a significant impingement on the educational process with respect to such student.

(c) When a court of competent jurisdiction determines that a school system is desegregated, or that it meets the constitutional requirements, or that it is a unitary system, or that it has no vestiges of a dual system, and thereafter residential shifts in population occur which result in school population changes in any school within such a desegregated school system, no educational agency because of such shifts shall be required by any court, department, or agency of the United States to formulate, or implement any new desegregation plan, or modify or implement any modification of the court approved desegregation plan, which would require transportation of students to compensate wholly or in part for such shifts in school population so occurring.

DISTRICT LINES

- 20 USC 1715. SEC. 216. In the formulation of remedies under section 213 or 214 of this part the lines drawn by a State, subdividing its territory into separate school districts, shall not be ignored or altered except where it is established that the lines were drawn for the purpose, and had the effect, of segregating children among public schools on the basis of race, color, sex, or national origin.

VOLUNTARY ADOPTION OF REMEDIES

- 20 USC 1716. SEC. 217. Nothing in this part prohibits an educational agency from proposing, adopting, requiring, or implementing any plan of desegregation, otherwise lawful, that is at variance with the standards set out in this part nor shall any court, department, or agency of the United States be prohibited from approving implementation of a plan which goes beyond what can be required under this part, if such plan is voluntarily proposed by the appropriate educational agency.

REOPENING PROCEEDINGS

- 20 USC 1717. SEC. 218. A parent or guardian of a child, or parents or guardians of children similarly situated, transported to a public school in accordance with a court order, or an educational agency subject to a court order or a desegregation plan under title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 in effect on the date of the enactment of this part and intended to end segregation of students on the basis of race, color, or national origin, may seek to reopen or intervene in the further implementation of such court order, currently in effect, if the time or distance of travel is so great as to risk the health of the student or significantly impinge on his or her educational process.
- 42 USC 2000d.

LIMITATION ON ORDERS

- 20 USC 1718. SEC. 219. Any court order requiring, directly or indirectly, the transportation of students for the purpose of remedying a denial of the equal protection of the laws may, to the extent of such transportation, be terminated if the court finds the defendant educational agency has satisfied the requirements of the fifth or fourteenth amendments to the Constitution, whichever is applicable, and will continue to be in compliance with the requirements thereof. The court of initial jurisdiction shall state in its order the basis for any decision to terminate an order pursuant to this section, and the termination of any order pursuant to this section shall be stayed pending a final appeal or, in the event no appeal is taken, until the time for any such appeal has expired. No additional order requiring such educational agency to transport students for such purpose shall be entered unless such agency is found not to have satisfied the requirements of the fifth or fourteenth amendments to the Constitution, whichever is applicable.

Subpart 5—Definitions

- 20 USC 1720. SEC. 221. For the purposes of this part—
- (a) The term “educational agency” means a local educational agency or a “State educational agency” as defined by section 801(k) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965.
- 20 USC 881. (b) The term “local educational agency” means a local educational agency as defined by section 801(f) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965.

(c) The term "segregation" means the operation of a school system in which students are wholly or substantially separated among the schools of an educational agency on the basis of race, color, sex, or national origin or within a school on the basis of race, color, or national origin.

(d) The term "desegregation" means desegregation as defined by section 401(b) of the Civil Rights Acts of 1964.

(e) An educational agency shall be deemed to transport a student if any part of the cost of such student's transportation is paid by such agency.

42 USC 2000c.

Subpart 6—Miscellaneous Provisions

REPEALER

SEC. 222. Section 709(a)(3) of the Emergency School Aid Act is hereby repealed.

Repeal.
20 USC 1608.

SEPARABILITY OF PROVISIONS

SEC. 223. If any provision of this part or of any amendment made by this part, or the application of any such provision to any person or circumstance, is held invalid, the remainder of the provisions of this part and of the amendments made by this part and the application of such provision to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

20 USC 1721.

PART B—OTHER PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE ASSIGNMENT AND TRANSPORTATION OF STUDENTS

PROHIBITION AGAINST ASSIGNMENT OR TRANSPORTATION OF STUDENTS TO OVERCOME RACIAL IMBALANCE

SEC. 251. No provision of this Act shall be construed to require the assignment or transportation of students or teachers in order to overcome racial imbalance.

20 USC 1751.

PROHIBITION AGAINST USE OF APPROPRIATED FUNDS FOR BUSING

SEC. 252. Part B of the General Education Provisions Act, as amended by title V of this Act, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

Post, p. 556.

"PROHIBITION AGAINST USE OF APPROPRIATED FUNDS FOR BUSING

"SEC. 420. No funds appropriated for the purpose of carrying out any applicable program may be used for the transportation of students or teachers (or for the purchase of equipment for such transportation) in order to overcome racial imbalance in any school or school system, or for the transportation of students or teachers (or for the purchase of equipment for such transportation) in order to carry out a plan of racial desegregation of any school or school system, except for funds appropriated pursuant to title I of the Act of September 30, 1950 (P.L. 874, 81st Congress), but not including any portion of such funds as are attributable to children counted under subparagraph (C) of section 3(d)(2) or section 403(1)(C) of that Act."

20 USC 1228.

20 USC 236.

Post, p. 523.
20 USC 244.

PROVISION RELATING TO COURT APPEALS

SEC. 253. Notwithstanding any other law or provision of law, in the case of any order on the part of any United States district court which requires the transfer or transportation of any student or students from

20 USC 1752.

any school attendance area prescribed by competent State or local authority for the purposes of achieving a balance among students with respect to race, sex, religion, or socioeconomic status, the effectiveness of such order shall be postponed until all appeals in connection with such order have been exhausted or, in the event no appeals are taken, until the time for such appeals has expired. This section shall expire at midnight on June 30, 1978.

PROVISION REQUIRING THAT RULES OF EVIDENCE BE UNIFORM

20 USC 1753.

SEC. 254. The rules of evidence required to prove that State or local authorities are practicing racial discrimination in assigning students to public schools shall be uniform throughout the United States.

APPLICATION OF PROVISIO OF SECTION 407 (a) OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964 TO THE ENTIRE UNITED STATES

20 USC 1754.

42 USC 2000c-6.

SEC. 255. The proviso of section 407(a) of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 providing in substance that no court or official of the United States shall be empowered to issue any order seeking to achieve a racial balance in any school by requiring the transportation of pupils or students from one school to another or one school district to another in order to achieve such racial balance, or otherwise enlarge the existing power of the court to insure compliance with constitutional standards shall apply to all public school pupils and to every public school system, public school and public school board, as defined by title IV, under all circumstances and conditions and at all times in every State, district, territory, Commonwealth, or possession of the United States, regardless of whether the residence of such public school pupils or the principal offices of such public school system, public school or public school board is situated in the northern, eastern, western, or southern part of the United States.

ADDITIONAL PRIORITY OF REMEDIES

20 USC 1755.

SEC. 256. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, after June 30, 1974 no court of the United States shall order the implementation of any plan to remedy a finding of de jure segregation which involves the transportation of students, unless the court first finds that all alternative remedies are inadequate.

REMEDIES WITH RESPECT TO SCHOOL DISTRICT LINES

20 USC 1756.

SEC. 257. In the formulation of remedies under this title the lines drawn by a State subdividing its territory into separate school districts, shall not be ignored or altered except where it is established that the lines were drawn, or maintained or crossed for the purpose, and had the effect of segregating children among public schools on the basis of race, color, sex, or national origin, or where it is established that, as a result of discriminatory actions within the school districts, the lines have had the effect of segregating children among public schools on the basis of race, color, sex, or national origin.

PROHIBITION OF FORCED BUSING DURING SCHOOL YEAR

20 USC 1757.

SEC. 258. (a) The Congress finds that—

(1) the forced transportation of elementary and secondary school students in implementation of the constitutional requirement for the desegregation of such schools is controversial and difficult under the best planning and administration; and

(2) the forced transportation of elementary and secondary school students after the commencement of an academic school year is educationally unsound and administratively inefficient.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, no order of a court, department, or agency of the United States, requiring the transportation of any student incident to the transfer of that student from one elementary or secondary school to another such school in a local educational agency pursuant to a plan requiring such transportation for the racial desegregation of any school in that agency, shall be effective until the beginning of an academic school year.

(c) For the purpose of this section, the term "academic school year" means, pursuant to regulations promulgated by the Commissioner, the customary beginning of classes for the school year at an elementary or secondary school of a local educational agency for a school year that occurs not more often than once in any twelve-month period.

(d) The provisions of this section apply to any order which was not implemented at the beginning of the 1974-1975 academic year.

"Academic school year."

REASONABLE TIME FOR DEVELOPING VOLUNTARY PLAN FOR DESEGREGATING SCHOOLS

SEC. 259. Notwithstanding any other law or provision of law, no court or officer of the United States shall enter, as a remedy for a denial of equal educational opportunity or a denial of equal protection of the laws, any order for enforcement of a plan of desegregation or modification of a court-approved plan, until such time as the local educational agency to be affected by such order has been provided notice of the details of the violation and given a reasonable opportunity to develop a voluntary remedial plan. Such time shall permit the local educational agency sufficient opportunity for community participation in the development of a remedial plan.

20 USC 1758.

TITLE III—FEDERAL IMPACT AID PROGRAMS

DURATION OF PAYMENTS UNDER PUBLIC LAW 815, EIGHTY-FIRST CONGRESS

SEC. 301. (a) (1) The first sentence of section 3 of the Act of September 23, 1950 (Public Law 815, Eighty-first Congress) is amended by striking out "June 30, 1973" and inserting in lieu thereof "June 30, 1978".

20 USC 633.

(2) Section 15(15) of such Act is amended by striking out "1968-1969" and inserting in lieu thereof "1973-1974".

20 USC 645.

(b) Section 16(a) of such Act is amended in clause (1) (A) thereof, by striking out "July 1, 1973" and inserting in lieu thereof "July 1, 1978".

20 USC 646.

(c) The amendments made by this section shall be effective on and after July 1, 1973.

Effective date.
20 USC 633
note.

AMENDMENTS TO PUBLIC LAW 815, EIGHTY-FIRST CONGRESS

SEC. 302. (a) (1) Section 5(a) (1) of such Act of September 23, 1950 (Public Law 815, Eighty-first Congress) is amended by striking out "(A) who so resided with a parent employed on Federal property (situated in whole or in part in the same State as the school district of such agency or within reasonable commuting distance from such school district), or (B) who had a parent who was on active duty in the uniformed services (as defined in section 102 of the Career Compensation Act of 1949)."

20 USC 635.

37 USC 101.

20 USC 635.

(2) Section 5(a)(2) of such Act is amended by striking out “residing on Federal property, or (B)” and by redesignating clause (C) as clause (B).

20 USC 646.

(b) Section 16(a) of such Act is amended by inserting before the last sentence thereof the following new sentence: “For the purpose of the preceding sentence, the phrase ‘cost of construction incident to the restoration or replacement of the school facilities’ includes such additional amounts as the Commissioner may approve in order to assure that the facilities, as restored or replaced, will afford appropriate protection against personal injuries resulting from a disaster.”.

DURATION OF PAYMENTS UNDER TITLE I OF PUBLIC LAW 874, EIGHTY-FIRST CONGRESS EXCEPT SECTION 3 THEREOF

20 USC 237.

SEC. 303. (a)(1) Section 2(a) of the Act of September 30, 1950 (Public Law 874, Eighty-first Congress) is amended by striking out “July 1, 1973” and inserting in lieu thereof “July 1, 1978”.

20 USC 239.

(2) Section 4(a) of such Act is amended, in that part thereof which precedes clause (1), by striking out “July 1, 1973” and inserting in lieu thereof “July 1, 1978”.

20 USC 241-1.

(3) Section 7(a) of such Act is amended—

(A) in clause (1)(A), by striking out “July 1, 1973,” and inserting in lieu thereof “July 1, 1978,”; and

(B) in clause (1)(B), by inserting after “seriously damaged” the following: “prior to July 1, 1978”.

Effective date.
20 USC 237
note.

(b) The amendments made by this section shall be effective on and after July 1, 1973.

AMENDMENTS TO PUBLIC LAW 874, EIGHTY-FIRST CONGRESS FOR FISCAL YEAR 1975

20 USC 238.

SEC. 304. (a)(1) Section 3(b) of the Act of September 30, 1950 (Public Law 874, Eighty-first Congress) is amended by striking out “July 1, 1973” and inserting in lieu thereof “July 1, 1975”.

Effective date.
20 USC 238
note.

(2) The amendments made by this subsection shall be effective on and after July 1, 1973.

(b)(1) Section 3 of the Act of September 30, 1950 (Public Law 874, Eighty-first Congress), is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

20 USC 236.

“(f) Notwithstanding any other provision of title I of this Act (including the provisions of section 5(c)), a local educational agency with respect to which the number of children determined for any fiscal year under subsection (a) amounts to at least 25 per centum of the total number of children who were in average daily attendance at the schools of such agency during such fiscal year and for whom such agency provided free public education, shall receive an amount equal to 100 per centum of the amounts to which such agency would be otherwise entitled under subsection (a) of this section.”.

Effective date.
20 USC 238
note.
20 USC 240.

(2) The amendment made by this subsection shall be effective on and after July 1, 1974.

(c)(1) Section 5(d)(2) of such Act is amended by striking out “No” and inserting in lieu thereof “Except as provided in paragraph (3), no”.

(2) Section 5(d) of such Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

“(3)(A) Notwithstanding paragraph (2) of this subsection, if a State has in effect a program of State aid for free public education for any fiscal year, which is designed to equalize expenditures for free public education among the local educational agencies of that State,

payments under this title for any fiscal year may be taken into consideration by such State in determining the relative—

“(i) financial resources available to local educational agencies in that State; and

“(ii) financial need of such agencies for the provision of free public education for children served by such agency, provided that a State may consider as local resources funds received under this title only in proportion to the share that local revenues covered under a State equalization program are of total local revenues.

Whenever a State educational agency or local educational agency will be adversely affected by any decision of the Commissioner pursuant to this subsection, such agency shall be afforded notice and an opportunity for a hearing prior to the implementation of such decision.

“(B) The terms ‘State aid’ and ‘equalize expenditures’ as used in this subsection shall be defined by the Commissioner by regulation after consultation with State and local educational agencies affected provided that, the term ‘equalize expenditures’ shall not be construed in any manner adverse to a program of State aid for free public education which provides for taking into consideration the additional cost of providing free public education for particular groups or categories of pupils in meeting the special educational needs of such children as handicapped children, economically disadvantaged, those who need bilingual education, and gifted and talented children.”

(3) The amendments made by this subsection shall be effective for fiscal year 1975 only.

(d)(1) Section 403(1) of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: “Real property which qualifies as Federal property under clause (A) of this paragraph shall not lose such qualification because it is used for a low-rent housing project.”

(2) Clause (A) of section 5(c)(1) of such Act is amended by inserting after “Economic Opportunity Act of 1964” the following: “(other than any such property which is Federal property described in section 403(1)(A))”.

Notice and hearing.

Definitions.

Effective date.
20 USC 240

note.
20 USC 244.

20 USC 240.

AMENDMENTS TO SECTIONS 3, 5, AND 7 OF PUBLIC LAW 874, EIGHTY-FIRST CONGRESS

SEC. 305. (a)(1) Section 3 of the Act of September 30, 1950 (Public Law 874, Eighty-first Congress), is amended to read as follows:

20 USC 238.

“CHILDREN RESIDING ON, OR WHOSE PARENTS ARE EMPLOYED ON, FEDERAL PROPERTY

“Children of Persons Who Reside and Work on Federal Property

“SEC. 3. (a) For the purpose of computing the amount to which a local educational agency is entitled under this section for any fiscal year, the Commissioner shall determine the number of children who were in average daily attendance at the schools of such agency, and for whom such agency provided free public education, during such fiscal year, and who, while in attendance at such schools, resided on Federal property and—

“(1) did so with a parent employed on Federal property situated (A) in whole or in part in the county in which the school district of such agency is located, or (B) if not in such county, in whole or in part in the same State as the school district of such agency; or

“(2) had a parent who was on active duty in the uniformed services (as defined in section 101 of title 37, United States Code). In making a determination under clause (2) of the preceding sentence with respect to a local educational agency for any fiscal year, the Commissioner shall include the number of children who were in average daily attendance at the schools of such agency, and for whom such agency provided free public education, during such year, and who, while in attendance at such schools, resided on Indian lands, as described in clause (A) of section 403(1).

20 USC 244.

“Children of Persons Who Reside or Work on Federal Property

“(b) For the purpose of computing the amount to which a local educational agency is entitled under this section for any fiscal year ending prior to July 1, 1978, the Commissioner shall, in addition to any determination made with respect to such agency under subsection (a), determine the number of children (other than children with respect to whom a determination is made for such fiscal year under subsection (a)) who were in average daily attendance at the schools of such agency, and for whom such agency provided free public education, during such fiscal year and who, while in attendance at such schools, either—

“(1) resided on Federal property, or

“(2) resided with a parent employed on Federal property situated (A) in whole or in part in the county in which the school district of such agency is located, or (B) if not in such county, in whole or in part in the same State as the school district of such agency, or

“(3) had a parent who was on active duty in the uniformed services (as defined in section 101 of title 37, United States Code). For such purpose, with respect to a local educational agency, in the case of any fiscal year ending prior to July 1, 1978, the Commissioner shall also determine the number of children (other than children to whom subsection (a) or the preceding sentence applies) who were in average daily attendance at the schools of such agency and for whom such agency provided free public education, during such fiscal year, and who, while in attendance at such schools resided with a parent who was, at any time during the three-year period immediately preceding the beginning of the fiscal year for which the determination is made, a refugee who meets the requirements of clauses (A) and (B) of section 2(b)(3) of the Migration and Refugee Assistance Act of 1962, except that the Commissioner shall not include in his determination under this sentence for any fiscal year any child with respect to whose education a payment was made under section 2(b)(4) of such Act.

22 USC 2601.

“Eligibility for Payments

“(c) (1) Except as is provided in paragraph (2), no local educational agency shall be entitled to receive a payment for any fiscal year with respect to a number of children determined under subsection (a) and subsection (b), unless the number of children so determined with respect to such agency amounts to—

“(A) at least four hundred such children; or

“(B) a number of such children which equals at least 3 per centum of the total number of children who were in average daily attendance, during such year, at the schools of such agency and for whom such agency provided free public education; whichever is the lesser.

“(2) (A) (i) Clause (B) of paragraph (1) shall not operate to make any local educational agency eligible for a payment under this section for any fiscal year unless the number of children with respect to whom determination was made under subsections (a) and (b) respecting such agency for that fiscal year is at least ten.

“(ii) If a local educational agency is eligible for a payment for any fiscal year by the operation of clause (B) of paragraph (1), it shall continue to be so eligible for the two succeeding fiscal years even if such agency fails to meet the requirement of such clause (B) during such succeeding fiscal years, except that the number of children determined for the second such succeeding fiscal year with respect to such agency for the purpose of any clause in paragraph (1) of subsection (d) shall not exceed 50 per centum of the number of children determined with respect to such agency for the purpose of that clause for the last fiscal year during which such agency was so eligible.

“(iii) If the Commissioner determines with respect to any local educational agency for any fiscal year that—

Waiver.

“(I) such agency does not meet the requirement of clause (B) of paragraph (1); and

“(II) the application of such requirement, because of exceptional circumstances, would defeat the purposes of this title; the Commissioner is authorized to waive such requirement with respect to such agency.

“(B) No local educational agency shall be entitled to receive a payment for any fiscal year with respect to a number of children determined under the second sentence of subsection (b) unless the number of children so determined constitutes at least 20 per centum of the total number of children who were in average daily attendance at the schools of such agency and for whom such agency, during such fiscal year, provided free public education.

“Amount of Payments

“(d) (1) Except as is provided in paragraph (2), the amount to which a local educational agency shall be entitled under this section for any fiscal year shall be—

“(A) in the case of any local educational agency with respect to which the number of children determined for such fiscal year under subsection (a) amounts to at least 25 per centum of the total number of children who were in average daily attendance at the schools of such agency during such fiscal year and for whom such agency provided free public education, an amount equal to 100 per centum of the local contribution rate multiplied by the number of children determined under such subsection plus the sum of the products obtained with respect to such agency under clauses (B) (iii), (B) (iv), and (B) (v); and

“(B) in any other case, an amount equal to the sum of—

“(i) the product obtained by multiplying 100 per centum of the local contribution rate by the number of children determined with respect to such agency for such fiscal year under clause (2) of subsection (a),

“(ii) the product obtained by multiplying 90 per centum of the local contribution rate by the number of children determined with respect to such agency for such fiscal year under clause (1) of subsection (a),

“(iii) the product obtained by multiplying 50 per centum of the local contribution rate by the number of children determined with respect to such agency for such fiscal year under clause (3) of subsection (b).

“(iv) the product obtained by multiplying 45 per centum of the local contribution rate by the number of children determined with respect to such agency for such fiscal year under clauses (1) and (2) (A) of subsection (b), and

“(v) the product obtained by multiplying 40 per centum of the local contribution rate by the number of children determined with respect to such agency for such fiscal year under clause (2) (B) of subsection (b).

“(2) (A) Not later than December 1 during each fiscal year beginning after June 30, 1977, the Commissioner shall, except as is provided in clause (iii) in the third sentence of this subparagraph, determine the total number of children with respect to whom determinations are made under subsection (b) for all local educational agencies making application for payments under this section which meet the eligibility requirements set forth in subsection (c). The Commissioner shall determine the percentage which such number constitutes of the total number of children who were in average daily attendance at the schools of such agencies during such fiscal year and for whom such agencies provided free public education. In calculating the products under clauses (B) (iii), (B) (iv), and (B) (v) of paragraph (1), with respect to any local educational agency for any fiscal year, the Commissioner shall reduce the number of children with respect to whom a determination is made under subsection (b) by a number equal to one-half of the number which the percentage determined under the preceding sentence constitutes of the total number of children with respect to whom such a determination is made and who were in average daily attendance at the schools of such agency during such fiscal year and for whom such agency provided free public education, except that—

“(i) such percentage shall not exceed 4 per centum;

“(ii) the number reduced shall not exceed three hundred; and

“(iii) this subparagraph shall not apply to any local educational agency (I) with respect to which the number of children determined under subsection (b) for any fiscal year amounts to at least 10 per centum of the total number of children who were in average daily attendance at the schools of such agency during such fiscal year and for whom such agency provided free public education, or (II) during any fiscal year in which such agency receives more than 25 per centum of the funds for its current expenditures from payments under this section.

In determining the total number of children who were in average daily attendance at the schools of an agency during any fiscal year under clause (iii) (I) in the preceding sentence, the number of children in such schools with respect to whom a determination is made under subsection (a) for such year shall not be considered.

“(B) If the Commissioner determines that—

“(i) the amount computed under paragraph (1), as is otherwise provided in this subsection with respect to any local educational agency for any fiscal year, together with the funds available to such agency from State and local sources and from other sections of this title, is less than the amount necessary to enable such agency to provide a level of education equivalent to that maintained in the school districts of the State which are generally comparable to the school district of such agency;

“(ii) such agency is making a reasonable tax effort and exercising due diligence in availing itself of State and other financial assistance;

“(iii) not less than 50 per centum of the total number of children who were in average daily attendance at the schools of such agency during such fiscal year and for whom such agency provided free public education were, during such fiscal year, determined under either subsection (a) or clause (1) of subsection (b), or both; and

“(iv) the eligibility of such agency under State law for State aid with respect to free public education of children residing on Federal property, and the amount of such aid, are determined on a basis no less favorable to such agency than the basis used in determining the eligibility of local educational agencies for State aid, and the amount thereof, with respect to the free public education of other children in the State;

the Commissioner is authorized, to increase the amount computed under paragraph (1) with respect to such agency for such fiscal year to the extent necessary to enable such agency to provide a level of education equivalent to that maintained in such comparable school districts. The Commissioner shall not, under the preceding sentence, increase the amount computed under paragraph (1) with respect to any local educational agency for any fiscal year to an amount which exceeds the product of—

“(I) the amount the Commissioner determines to be the cost per pupil of providing a level of education maintained in such comparable school districts during such fiscal year,

multiplied by—

“(II) the number of children determined with respect to such agency for such year under either subsection (a) or clause (1) of subsection (b), or both,

minus the amount of State aid which the Commissioner determines to be available with respect to such children for the fiscal year for which the computation is being made.

“(C) (i) The amount of the entitlement of any local educational agency under this section for any fiscal year with respect to handicapped children and children with specific learning disabilities for whom a determination is made under subsection (a)(2) or (b)(3) and for whom such local educational agency is providing a program designed to meet the special educational and related needs of such children shall be the amount determined under paragraph (1) with respect to such children for such fiscal year multiplied by 150 per centum.

Special education programs, entitlement.

“(ii) For the purposes of division (i), programs designed to meet the special educational and related needs of such children shall be consistent with criteria established under division (iii).

“(iii) The Commissioner shall by regulation establish criteria for assuring that programs (including preschool programs) provided by local educational agencies for children with respect to whom this subparagraph applies are of sufficient size, scope, and quality (taking into consideration the special educational needs of such children) as to give reasonable promise of substantial progress toward meeting those needs, and in the implementation of such regulations the Commissioner shall consult with persons in charge of special education programs for handicapped children in the educational agency of the State in which such local educational agency is located.

Criteria.

“(iv) For the purpose of this subparagraph the term ‘handicapped children’ has the same meaning as specified in section 602(1) of the Education of the Handicapped Act and the term ‘children with specific learning disabilities’ has the same meaning as specified in section 602(15) of such Act.

Definitions.

20 USC 1401.

Local contribution rate.

“(3) (A) Except as is provided in subparagraph (B), in order to compute the local contribution rate for a local educational agency for any fiscal year, the Commissioner, after consulting with the State educational agency of the State in which the local educational agency is located and with the local educational agency, shall determine which school districts within such State are generally comparable to the school district of the local educational agency for which the computation is being made. The local contribution rate for such agency shall be the quotient of—

Formula.

“(i) the aggregate current expenditures, during the second fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which the computation is made, which the local educational agencies of such comparable school districts derived from local sources, divided by—

“(ii) the aggregate number of children in average daily attendance for whom such agency provided free public education during such second preceding fiscal year.

“(B) (i) The local contribution rate for a local educational agency in any State shall not be less than—

“(I) 50 per centum of the average per pupil expenditure in such State, or

“(II) 50 per centum of such expenditures in all the States, whichever is greater, except that clause (II) shall not operate in such a manner as to make the local contribution rate for any local educational agency in any State exceed an amount equal to the average per pupil expenditure in such State.

“(ii) If the current expenditures in those school districts which the Commissioner has determined to be generally comparable to the school district of the local educational agency for which a computation is made under subparagraph (A) are not reasonably comparable because of unusual geographical factors which affect the current expenditures necessary to maintain, in the school district of such agency, a level of education equivalent to that maintained in such other school districts, the Commissioner is authorized to increase the local contribution rate for such agency by such an amount which he determines will compensate such agency for the increase in current expenditures necessitated by such unusual geographical factors.

“(iii) The local contribution rate for any local educational agency in—

“(I) Puerto Rico, Wake Island, Guam, American Samoa, or the Virgin Islands, or

“(II) any State in which a substantial proportion of the land is in unorganized territory, or

“(III) any State in which there is only one local education agency.

shall be determined for any fiscal year by the Commissioner in accordance with policies and principles which will best achieve the purposes of this section and which are consistent with the policies and principles provided in this paragraph for determining local contribution rates in States where it is possible to determine generally comparable school districts.

Definitions.

“(C) For the purposes of this paragraph—

“(i) the term ‘State’ does not include Puerto Rico, Wake Island, Guam, American Samoa, or the Virgin Islands; and

“(ii) the ‘average per pupil expenditure’ in a State shall be (I) the aggregate current expenditures, during the second fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which the computation is made of all local educational agencies in the State, divided by (II) the

aggregate number of children in average daily attendance for whom such agencies provide free public education during such second preceding fiscal year.

“Adjustments for Decreases in Federal Activities

“(e) Whenever the Commissioner determines that—

“(1) for any fiscal year, the number of children determined with respect to any local educational agency under subsections (a) and (b) is less than 90 per centum of the number so determined with respect to such agency during the preceding fiscal year;

“(2) there has been a decrease or cessation of Federal activities within the State in which such agency is located; and

“(3) such decrease or cessation has resulted in a substantial decrease in the number of children determined under subsections (a) and (b) with respect to such agency for such fiscal year; the amount to which such agency is entitled for such fiscal year and for any of the three succeeding fiscal years shall not be less than 90 per centum of the amount to which such agency was so entitled for the preceding fiscal year. That part of any entitlement of any local educational agency which is in excess of the amount which such entitlement would be without the operation of the preceding sentence shall be deemed to be attributable to determinations of children with respect to such agency under subsection (b) (2) (A).

“Determinations on the Basis of Estimates

“(f) Determinations with respect to a number of children by the Commissioner under this section for any fiscal year shall be made, whenever actual satisfactory data are not available, on the basis of estimates. No such determination shall operate, because of an underestimate, to deprive any local educational agency of its entitlement to any payment (or the amount thereof) under this section to which such agency would be entitled had such determination been made on the basis of accurate data.”

(2) Section 5 of such Act is amended to read as follows:

20 USC 240.

“PAYMENTS

“Applications

“SEC. 5. (a) (1) Any local educational agency desiring to receive the payments to which it is entitled for any fiscal year under sections 2, 3, or 4 shall submit an application therefor through the State educational agency of the State in which such agency is located to the Commissioner. Such applications shall be submitted at such time, in such form, and containing such information as the Commissioner may reasonably require to enable him to carry out his functions under this title and shall give adequate assurance that the applicant will submit such reports as the Commissioner may reasonably require to determine whether such agency is entitled to a payment under any of such sections and the amount of such payment.

20 USC 237.
Ante, p. 523.
20 USC 239.

Reports.

“(2) (A) Applications submitted under paragraph (1) for payments on the basis of children determined under section 3(a) or 3(b) who reside, or reside with a parent employed, on Indian lands shall set forth adequate assurance that Indian children will participate on an equitable basis in the school program of the local educational agency.

"Indian lands."

20 USC 244.

"(B) For the purposes of this paragraph, the term 'Indian lands' means that property included within the definition of Federal property under clause (A) of section 403(1).

"Payments by the Commissioner

20 USC 237.
Ante, p. 523.
20 USC 239.

"(b) The Commissioner shall pay to each local educational agency, making application pursuant to subsection (a), the amount to which it is entitled under sections 2, 3, or 4. Sums appropriated, for any fiscal year, to enable the Commissioner to make payments pursuant to this title shall, notwithstanding any other provision of law unless enacted in express limitation of this subsection, remain available for obligation and payments with respect to amounts due local educational agencies under this title for such fiscal year, until the end of the fiscal year succeeding the fiscal year for which such sums are appropriated.

"Adjustments Where Necessitated by Appropriations

"(c) If the sums appropriated for any fiscal year for making payments on the basis of entitlements established under sections 2, 3, and 4 for that year are not sufficient to pay in full the total amounts which the Commissioner estimates all local educational agencies are entitled to receive under such sections for such year, the Commissioner shall allocate such sums among local educational agencies and make payments to such agencies as follows:

"(1) He shall first allocate to each local educational agency which is entitled to a payment under section 2 and section 3 an amount equal to 25 per centum of the amount to which it is entitled as computed under section 2 or section 3(d), as the case may be, for such fiscal year.

"(2) From that part of such sums which remains after the allocation required by paragraph (1) for any fiscal year, he shall allocate an additional amount—

"(A) to each local educational agency described in clause (A) of section 3(d)(1) which equals 75 per centum of the amount to which such agency is entitled, as computed under section 3(d) with respect to a determination of a number of children under section 3(a), for such fiscal year;

"(B) to each local educational agency with respect to which a number of children is determined under clause (2) of section 3(a) which equals 65 per centum of the amount to which such agency is entitled on the basis of determining such children as computed under section 3(d), for such fiscal year;

"(C) to each local educational agency with respect to which a number of children is determined under clause (1) of section 3(a) which equals 63 per centum of the amount to which such agency is entitled on the basis of determining such children, as computed under section 3(d), for such fiscal year;

"(D) to each local educational agency with respect to which a number of children is determined under clause (3) of section 3(b) which equals 35 per centum of the amount to which such agency is entitled on the basis of determining such children, as computed under section 3(d), for such fiscal year;

"(E) to each local educational agency with respect to which a number of children determined under clause (1) and clause (2) (A) of section 3(b) which equals 32 per centum of the amount to which such agency is entitled on the basis of determining such children, as computed under section 3(d) for such fiscal year;

“(F) to each local educational agency with respect to which a number of children is determined under clause (2) (B) of section 3(b) which equals 28 per centum of the amount to which such agency is entitled on the basis of determining such children, as computed under section 3(d), for such fiscal year; and

“(G) to each local educational agency with respect to the amount to which such agency is entitled under section 2 which equals 35 per centum of the amount to which such agency is entitled on the basis of computations made under section 2 for such fiscal year.

“(3) Any sums remaining after allocations are made pursuant to paragraph (2) for any fiscal year shall be allocated by the Commissioner among local educational agencies which have unsatisfied entitlements established under sections 2, 3, and 4 in proportion to the degree to which such entitlements are unsatisfied for that fiscal year, after allocations are made pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2).

20 USC 237.
Ante, p. 523.
20 USC 239.

No allocation may be made pursuant to paragraph (2) or (3) and no payment may be paid on the basis of any such allocation unless allocations are made pursuant to paragraph (1) and payments are made on the basis of such allocations. No allocation may be made pursuant to any clause of paragraph (2) and no payment may be made on the basis of any such allocation unless allocations are made pursuant to all of the clauses of such paragraph and payments are made on the basis of such allocations.

Restrictions.

“Treatment of Payments by the States in Determining Eligibility for, and the Amount of, State Aid

“(d) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), no payments may be made under this title for any fiscal year to any local educational agency in any State (A) if that State has taken into consideration payments under this title in determining—

“(i) the eligibility of any local educational agency in that State for State aid for free public education of children; or

“(ii) the amount of such aid with respect to any such agency; during that fiscal year or the preceding fiscal year, or (B) if such State makes such aid available to local educational agencies in such a manner as to result in less State aid to any local educational agency which is eligible for payments under this title than such agency would receive if such agency were not so eligible.

“(2) (A) Notwithstanding paragraph (1) of this subsection, if a State has in effect a program of State aid for free public education for any fiscal year, which is designed to equalize expenditures for free public education among the local educational agencies of that State, payments under this title for any fiscal year may be taken into consideration by such State in determining the relative—

“(i) financial resources available to local educational agencies in that State; and

“(ii) financial need of such agencies for the provision of free public education for children served by such agency, provided that a State may consider as local resources funds received under this title only in proportion to the share that local revenues covered under a State equalization program are of total local revenues.

Whenever a State educational agency or local educational agency will be adversely affected by the operation of this subsection, such agency

Notice and hearing opportunity.
Definitions.

shall be afforded notice and an opportunity for a hearing prior to the reduction or termination of payments pursuant to this subsection.

“(B) The terms ‘State aid’ and ‘equalize expenditures’ as used in this subsection shall be defined by the Commissioner by regulation, after consultation with State and local educational agencies affected by this subsection, provided that the term ‘equalize expenditures’ shall not be construed in any manner adverse to a program of State aid for free public education which provides for taking into consideration the additional cost of providing free public education for particular groups or categories of pupils in meeting the special educational needs of such children as handicapped children, economically disadvantaged, those who need bilingual education, and gifted and talented children.

20 USC 244.

“Limitations on Payments with Respect to Children on, or Residing with a Parent Employed on, Federal Property Described in Section 403(1)(C)

Ante, p. 523.

“(e)(1) The Commissioner shall determine that part of the entitlement of each local educational agency, for each fiscal year ending prior to July 1, 1978, which is attributable to determinations under subsections (a) and (b) of section 3 of the number of children who resided on, or resided with a parent employed on, property which is described in section 403(1)(C).

“(2) No allocation or payment shall be made under paragraph (2) of subsection (c) with respect to that part of any entitlement of any local educational agency which is determined with respect to such agency for such year under paragraph (1). The limitation in this paragraph shall not operate under the last two sentences of subsection (c) to prevent allocations and payments under such paragraph (2).

“(3) The amount of the payment to any local educational agency which is determined with respect to such agency under paragraph (1) shall be used for special programs and projects designed to meet the special educational needs of educationally deprived children from low income families.

“Use of Funds Paid with Respect to Entitlements Increased Under Section 3(d)(2)(C)

20 USC 241-1.

“(f) The amount of the payment to any local educational agency for any fiscal year which is attributable to a determination of children for increased payments under subparagraph (C) of section 3(d)(2) shall be used by such agency for special educational programs designed to meet the special educational needs of children with respect to whom such determination is made.”

(3) Section 7(c) of such Act is amended by striking out the second sentence thereof and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “Pending such appropriation, the Commissioner is authorized to expend (without regard for subsections (a) and (e) of section 3679 of the Revised Statutes (31 U.S.C. 665)) from any funds appropriated to the Office of Education and at that time available to the Commissioner, such sums as may be necessary for providing immediate assistance under this section. Expenditures pursuant to the preceding sentence shall—

Report to congressional committees.

“(1) be reported by the Commissioner to the Committees on Appropriations and Education and Labor of the House of Representatives and the Committees on Appropriations and Labor and Public Welfare of the Senate within thirty days of the expenditure;

“(2) be reimbursed from the appropriations authorized by the first sentence of this subsection.

The report required to the Committees on Appropriations by clause (1) in the preceding sentence shall constitute a budget estimate within the meaning of section 201(a)(5) of the Act of June 10, 1921 (31 U.S.C. 11(a)(5)).”

Budget estimate.

The amendments made by paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a) shall be effective on and with respect to appropriations for fiscal years beginning on and after July 1, 1975, and the amendments made by paragraph (3) of subsection (a) shall be effective upon enactment of this Act.

Effective date.
20 USC 238
note.

(2)(A)(i) Notwithstanding any other provision of law unless enacted in express limitation of this subparagraph—

20 USC 238
note.

(I) in the case of any local educational agency which is entitled to a payment under section 3 of the Act of September 30, 1950 (Public Law 874, Eighty-first Congress) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1973, which constituted an amount equal to not less than 10 per centum of the current expenditures of such agency for such fiscal year, the amount paid to such agency pursuant to such Act of September 30, 1950, for any fiscal year beginning after June 30, 1974, and ending prior to July 1, 1978, on the basis of the entitlement of that agency under such section 3, shall not be less than 90 per centum of the amount paid to such agency on the basis of such entitlement for the preceding fiscal year; and

Ante, p. 523.

(II) in the case of any other local educational agency, the amount so paid during any fiscal year beginning after June 30, 1974, and ending prior to July 1, 1978, shall not be less than 80 per centum of the amount so paid for the preceding fiscal year.

20 USC 236.

In the case of any local educational agency which is eligible prior to July 1, 1975, for a payment under section 3 of the Act of September 30, 1950 (Public Law 874, Eighty-first Congress) by reason of the 3 per centum requirement in clause (B) of section 3(c)(2) of such Act, as in effect prior to the effective date of the amendment made by paragraph (1) of subsection (a), but which fails to meet such requirement in any fiscal year ending prior to July 1, 1977, such agency shall continue to be eligible for a payment under such section 3 as then in effect for the two succeeding fiscal years, but the payment under such section during the second of such succeeding fiscal years shall not exceed 50 per centum of the amount of the payment such agency was entitled to receive during the most recent fiscal year in which it was so eligible by reason of such clause (B).

(ii) Funds appropriated for any fiscal year for making payments to local educational agencies pursuant to the Act of September 30, 1950 (Public Law 874, Eighty-first Congress), which are increased by reason of the provisions of division (i) shall, to the extent of any such increase, be separate from funds appropriated for such fiscal year for payments pursuant to title I of such Act which are not so increased. If, for any fiscal year, a law making appropriations for payments pursuant to such title I is enacted and such law makes no express provision for payments increased by division (i)—

(I) all funds so appropriated shall be allocated and paid in accordance with section 5 of such Act of September 30, 1950, and without regard for the provisions of division (i); and

Ante, p. 529.

(II) not later than fifteen days after the enactment of such law, the Commissioner shall submit a report to the Committees on Appropriations and on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives and the Committees on Appropriations and

Report to congressional committees.

Labor and Public Welfare of the Senate, which report shall contain a statement detailing the dollar amounts necessary to satisfy the requirements of division (i) and constitute a budget estimate within the meaning of section 201(a)(5) of the Act of June 10, 1921 (31 U.S.C. 11(a)(5)).

Decreased enrollment.

(B) In the case of any local educational agency which experiences a decrease in the number of children determined by the Commissioner of Education under section 3 of the Act of September 30, 1950 (Public Law 874, Eighty-first Congress) of 10 per centum or more of such number—

Ante, p. 523.

(i) during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1974, or the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975; or

(ii) during the period beginning July 1, 1973, and ending June 30, 1975;

as the result of a decrease in, or cessation of, Federal activities affecting military installations in the United States announced after April 16, 1973, the amount of the payment to which such agency shall be entitled under title I of such Act, as computed under section 3 of such Act, for any fiscal year ending prior to July 1, 1978, shall not be less than 90 per centum of the amount to which the agency was so entitled during the preceding fiscal year. The provisions of this subparagraph shall be effective on and after July 1, 1974, and with respect to appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, and succeeding fiscal years, and such provisions shall be deemed to have been enacted before the beginning of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975. Nothing in this subparagraph shall be construed to decrease the amount of the payment to which any local educational agency is entitled for any fiscal year on the basis of entitlements created under section 3 of such Act of September 30, 1950.

Effective date.

(C) During the first fiscal year in which the amendments made by subsection (a) are effective and each of the succeeding fiscal years ending prior to July 1, 1978, the Commissioner shall determine with respect to each local educational agency in any State the number of children who were in average daily attendance at the schools of such agency, and for whom such agency provided free public education, during such fiscal year, and who, while in attendance at such schools resided with a parent employed on Federal property in a State or in a county other than the State or county, as the case may be, in which the school district of such agency is located but which is situated within a reasonable commuting distance from the school district of such agency. If the number of children determined under the preceding sentence is equal to at least 10 per centum of the total number of children determined with respect to such agency for such fiscal year under section 3(b) of the Act of September 30, 1950 (Public Law 874, Eighty-first Congress), the amount to which such agency shall be entitled with respect to a number of children determined under such section 3(b) for such fiscal year, shall not be less than 90 per centum of the amount which such agency received with respect to the number of children so determined during the preceding fiscal year, as computed under section 3 of such Act.

(D)(i) The Commissioner shall determine for each fiscal year beginning after June 30, 1975, and ending prior to July 1, 1978, the amount which each local educational agency would be paid for that fiscal year under section 3 of the Act of September 30, 1950 (Public Law 874, Eighty-first Congress) if the amount appropriated had been allocated as provided in section 5(c) of such Act without regard for entitlements (or portions thereof) which are attributable to determinations under subsections (a) and (b) of such section of the number

Ante, p. 529.

of children who resided on, or resided with a parent employed on, property which is part of a low-rent housing project described in section 403(1)(C). The Commissioner shall then determine the amount which each local educational agency is to be paid for that fiscal year under such section 3 and allocated in accordance with such section 5(c). If the amount determined with respect to any local educational agency under the first sentence of this division is greater than the amount determined with respect to the second sentence of this division, the Commissioner shall pay to that agency an amount equal to the difference between the amounts so determined.

20 USC 244.

(ii) Funds appropriated for any fiscal year for making payments pursuant to the third sentence of division (i) shall be separate from funds appropriated for such fiscal year for making payments pursuant to section 5 of the Act of September 30, 1950 (Public Law 874, Eighty-first Congress). If, for any fiscal year, a law making appropriations for payments pursuant to such section 5 is enacted, and such law makes no express provision for payments pursuant to such third sentence—

Ante, p. 529.

(I) all funds so appropriated shall be allocated and paid in accordance with such section 5, without regard for such third sentence; and

(II) not later than fifteen days after the enactment of such law, the Commissioner shall submit a report to the Committees on Appropriations and on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives and the Committees on Appropriations and Labor and Public Welfare of the Senate, which report shall contain a statement detailing the dollar amounts necessary to make the payments required under such third sentence and shall, with respect to such dollar amounts, constitute a budget estimate within the meaning of section 201(a)(5) of the Act of June 10, 1921 (31 U.S.C. 11(a)(5)).

Report to congressional committees.

TITLE IV—CONSOLIDATION OF CERTAIN EDUCATION PROGRAMS

CONSOLIDATION OF LIBRARY AND LEARNING RESOURCES, EDUCATIONAL INNOVATION, AND SUPPORT PROGRAMS

SEC. 401. Title IV of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, is amended to read as follows:

20 USC 331.

“TITLE IV—LIBRARIES, LEARNING RESOURCES, EDUCATIONAL INNOVATION, AND SUPPORT

“PART A—GENERAL PROVISIONS

“AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

“SEC. 401. (a) (1) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (2), there is authorized to be appropriated the sum of \$395,000,000 for obligation by the Commissioner during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976, and such sums as may be necessary for obligation by the Commissioner during each of the two succeeding fiscal years, for the purpose of making grants under part B (Libraries and Learning Resources) of this title.

20 USC 1801.

“(2) No funds are authorized to be appropriated under this subsection for obligation by the Commissioner during any fiscal year unless—

“(A) (i) aggregate amount which would be appropriated under this subsection is at least equal to the aggregate amount appropriated for obligation by the Commissioner during the preceding fiscal year in which part B was in effect, or

“(ii) in the case of appropriations under this subsection for the first fiscal year in which part B is effective, such amount is at least equal to the aggregate amount appropriated for obligation by the Commissioner for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1974, or for the preceding fiscal year, whichever is higher, under title II and so much of title III as relates to testing, guidance, and counseling of this Act, and under title III (except for section 305) of the National Defense Education Act of 1958, and

“(B) the sums appropriated pursuant to this subsection are included in an Act making appropriations for the fiscal year prior to the fiscal year in which such sums will be obligated, and are made available for expenditure prior to the beginning of such fiscal year.

“(b) (1) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (2), there is authorized to be appropriated the sum of \$350,000,000 for obligation by the Commissioner during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976, and such sums as may be necessary for obligation by the Commissioner during each of the two succeeding fiscal years, for the purpose of making grants under part C (Educational Innovation and Support) of this title.

“(2) No funds are authorized to be appropriated under this subsection for obligation by the Commissioner during any fiscal year unless—

“(A) (i) the aggregate amount which would be appropriated under this subsection is at least equal to the aggregate amount appropriated for obligation by the Commissioner during the preceding fiscal year in which part C was in effect, or

“(ii) in the case of appropriations under this subsection for the first fiscal year in which part C is effective, such amount is at least equal to the aggregate amount appropriated for obligation by the Commissioner for fiscal year ending June 30, 1974, or for the preceding fiscal year, whichever is higher, under title III (except for programs of testing, guidance, and counseling), title V, and sections 807 and 808 of this Act, and

“(B) the sums appropriated pursuant to this subsection are included in an Act making appropriations for the fiscal year prior to the fiscal year in which such sums will be obligated, and are made available for expenditure prior to the beginning of such fiscal year.

“(c) (1) In the first fiscal year in which appropriations are made pursuant to part B, 50 per centum of the funds so appropriated shall be available to the States to carry out part B of this title. The remainder of such funds shall be available to the States and shall be allotted to the States, or to the Commissioner, as the case may be, in such year, pursuant to title II and so much of title III as relates to testing, guidance, and counseling under this Act, and under title III (except for section 305) of the National Defense Education Act of 1958, for each such program in an amount which bears the same ratio to such remainder as the amount appropriated for each such program for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1974, or for the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which the determination is made, whichever is higher, bears to the aggregate of such appropriated amounts. The amounts made available under the second sentence of this paragraph shall be subject to the provisions of law governing each such program.

20 USC 821,
841,
20 USC 441.

20 USC 841,
861, 887, 887a.

“(2) In the first fiscal year in which appropriations are made pursuant to part C, 50 per centum of the funds so appropriated shall be available to carry out part C of this title. The remainder of such funds shall be available to the States and shall be allotted to the States, or to the Commissioner, as the case may be, in such year, pursuant to title III (except for programs of testing, guidance, and counseling), title V, and sections 807 and 808 of this Act, for each such program in an amount which bears the same ratio to such remainder as the amount appropriated for each such program for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1974, or for the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which the determination is made, whichever is higher, bears to the aggregate of such appropriated amounts. The amount made available under the second sentence of this paragraph shall be subject to the provisions of law governing each such program.

Post, p. 543.

20 USC 841,
861, 887, 887a.

“ALLOTMENT TO THE STATES

“SEC. 402. (a) (1) There is hereby authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal year for the purposes of this paragraph amounts equal to not more than 1 per centum of each of the amounts appropriated for such year under subsections (a) or (b), or both, of section 401. The Commissioner shall allot each of the amounts appropriated pursuant to this paragraph among Guam, American Samoa, the Virgin Islands, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands according to their respective needs for assistance under part B or part C, or both, of this title. In addition, for each fiscal year he shall allot from each of such amounts to (A) the Secretary of the Interior the amounts necessary for the programs authorized by each such part for children and teachers in elementary and secondary schools operated for Indian children by the Department of the Interior, and (B) the Secretary of Defense the amounts necessary for the programs authorized by each such part for children and teachers in the overseas dependents schools of the Department of Defense. The terms upon which payment for such purposes shall be made to the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Defense shall be determined pursuant to such criteria as the Commissioner determines will best carry out the purposes of this title.

Appropriation.
20 USC 1802.

Ante, p. 535.

Post, pp. 542,
543.

“(2) From the amounts appropriated to carry out part B or part C, or both, of this title for any fiscal year pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) of section 401, the Commissioner shall allot to each State from each such amount an amount which bears the same ratio to such amount as the number of children aged five to seventeen, inclusive, in the State bears to the number of such children in all the States. For the purposes of this subsection, the term ‘State’ shall not include Guam, American Samoa, the Virgin Islands, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The number of children aged five to seventeen, inclusive, in a State and in all the States shall be determined by the Commissioner on the basis of the most recent satisfactory data available to him.

“State.”

“(b) The amount of any State’s allotment under subsection (a) for any fiscal year to carry out part B or C which the Commissioner determines will not be required for such fiscal year to carry out such part shall be available for reallocation from time to time, on such dates during such year as the Commissioner may fix, to other States in proportion to the original allotments to such States under subsection (a) for that year but with such proportionate amount for any of such other States being reduced to the extent it exceeds the sum the Commissioner estimates such State needs and will be able to use for such year; and the total of such reductions shall be similarly reallocated among the States

Reallotment.

whose proportionate amounts were not so reduced. Any amounts reallocated to a State under this subsection during a year from funds appropriated pursuant to section 401 shall be deemed a part of its allotment under subsection (a) for such year.

Ante, p. 535.

“STATE PLANS

Advisory council.
Establishment.
20 USC 1803.

“SEC. 403 (a) Any State which desires to receive grants under this title shall establish an advisory council as provided by subsection (b) and shall submit to the Commissioner a State plan, in such detail as the Commissioner deems necessary, which—

“(1) designates the State educational agency as the State agency which shall, either directly or through arrangements with other State or local public agencies, act as the sole agency for the administration of the State plan;

Ante, p. 537.

“(2) sets forth a program under which funds paid to the State from its allotments under section 402 will be expended solely for the programs and purposes authorized by parts B and C of this title, and for administration of the State plan;

Post, p. 542,
543.

“(3) provides assurances that the requirements of section 406 (relating to the participation of pupils and teachers in non-public elementary and secondary schools) will be met, or certifies that such requirements cannot legally be met in such State;

Post, p. 541.

“(4) provides assurances that (A) funds such agency receives from appropriations made under section 401(a) will be distributed among local educational agencies according to the enrollments in public and nonpublic schools within the school districts of such agencies, except that substantial funds will be provided to (i) local educational agencies whose tax effort for education is substantially greater than the State average tax effort for education, but whose per pupil expenditure (excluding payments made under title I of this Act) is no greater than the average per pupil expenditure in the State, and (ii) local educational agencies which have the greatest numbers or percentages of children whose education imposes a higher than average cost per child, such as children from low-income families, children living in sparsely populated areas, and children from families in which English is not the dominant language; and (B) funds such agency receives from appropriations made under section 401(b) will be distributed among local educational agencies on an equitable basis recognizing the competitive nature of the grantmaking except that the State educational agency shall provide assistance in formulating proposals and in operating programs to local educational agencies which are less able to compete due to small size or lack of local financial resources; and the State plan shall set forth the specific criteria the State educational agency has developed and will apply to meet the requirements of this paragraph;

20 USC 236.

“(5) provides that each local educational agency will be given complete discretion (subject to the provisions of section 406) in determining how the funds it receives from appropriations made under section 401(a) will be divided among the various programs described in section 421, except that, in the first year in which appropriations are made pursuant to part B, each local educational agency will be given complete discretion with respect to 50 per centum of the funds appropriated for that part attributable to that local educational agency;

Post, p. 542.

“(6) provides for the adoption of effective procedures (A) for an evaluation by the State advisory council, at least annually, of the effectiveness of the programs and projects assisted under the State plan, (B) for the appropriate dissemination of the results of such evaluations and other information pertaining to such programs or projects, and (C) for the adoption, where appropriate, of promising educational practices developed through innovative programs supported under part C;

Program evaluation.

Post, p. 543.

“(7) provides that local educational agencies applying for funds under any program under this title shall be required to submit only one application for such funds for any one fiscal year;

“(8) provides—

Ante, p. 535.

“(A) that, of the funds the State receives under section 401 for the first fiscal year for which such funds are available, such agency will use for administration of the State plan not to exceed whichever is greater (i) 5 per centum of the amount so received (\$50,000 in the case of Guam, American Samoa, the Virgin Islands, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands), excluding any part of such amount used for purposes of section 431(a)(3), or (ii) the amount it received for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1973, for administration of the programs referred to in sections 421(b) and 431(b), and that the remainder of such funds shall be made available to local educational agencies to be used for the purposes of parts B and C, respectively; and that, of the funds the State receives under section 401 for fiscal years thereafter, it will use for administration of the State plan not to exceed whichever is greater (i) 5 per centum of the amount so received (\$50,000 in the case of Guam, American Samoa, the Virgin Islands, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands), excluding any part of such amount used for purposes of section 431(a)(3), or (ii) \$225,000, and that the remainder of such funds shall be made available to local educational agencies to be used for purposes of parts B and C, respectively,

Post, p. 543.

Post, p. 542.

Post, p. 542, 543.

“(B) that not less than 15 per centum of the amount received pursuant to section 401(b) in any fiscal year (not including any amount used for purposes of section 431(a)(3)) shall be used for special programs or projects for the education of children with specific learning disabilities and handicapped children, and

“(C) that not more than the greater of (i) 15 per centum of the amount which such State receives pursuant to section 401(b) in any fiscal year, or (ii) the amount available by appropriation to such State in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1973, for purposes covered by section 431(a)(3), shall be used for purposes of section 431(a)(3) (relating to strengthening State and local educational agencies);

“(9) provides assurances that in the case of any project for the repair, remodeling, or construction of facilities, that the facilities shall be accessible to and usable by handicapped persons;

Facilities, accessibility to handicapped persons.

“(10) sets forth policies and procedures which give satisfactory assurance that Federal funds made available under this title for any fiscal year will not be commingled with State funds; and

“(11) gives satisfactory assurance that the aggregate amount to be expended by the State and its local educational agencies from funds derived from non-Federal sources for programs

- Post*, p. 542. described in section 421(a) for a fiscal year will not be less than the amount so expended for the preceding fiscal year.
- “(b) (1) The State advisory council, established pursuant to subsection (a), shall—
- Membership. “(A) be appointed by the State educational agency or as otherwise provided by State law and be broadly representative of the cultural and educational resources of the State (as defined in section 432) and of the public, including persons representative of—
- Post*, p. 544. of—
- “(i) public and private elementary and secondary schools,
- “(ii) institutions of higher education, and
- “(iii) fields of professional competence in dealing with children needing special education because of physical or mental handicaps, specific learning disabilities, severe educational disadvantage, and limited English-speaking ability or because they are gifted or talented, and of professional competence in guidance and counseling;
- Duties. “(B) advise the State educational agency on the preparation of, and policy matters arising in the administration of, the State plan, including the development of criteria for the distribution of funds and the approval of applications for assistance under this title;
- “(C) evaluate all programs and projects assisted under this title; and
- Report to Commissioner. “(D) prepare at least annually and submit through the State educational agency a report of its activities, recommendations, and evaluations, together with such additional comments as the State educational agency deems appropriate, to the Commissioner.
- “(2) Not less than ninety days prior to the beginning of any fiscal year for which funds will be available for carrying out this title, each State shall certify the establishment of, and membership of (including the name of the person designated as Chairman), its State advisory council to the Commissioner.
- Meetings. “(3) Each State advisory council shall meet within thirty days after certification has been accepted by the Commissioner and establish the time, place, and manner of its future meetings, except that such council shall have not less than one public meeting each year at which the public is given an opportunity to express views concerning the administration and operation of this title.
- Personnel. “(4) Each State advisory council shall be authorized to obtain the services of such professional, technical, and clerical personnel, and to contract for such other services as may be necessary to enable them to carry out their functions under this title, and the Commissioner shall assure that funds sufficient for these purposes are made available to each council from funds available for administration of the State plan.
- State plan approval. “(c) The Commissioner shall approve any State plan and any modification thereof which complies with the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of this section.

“ADMINISTRATION OF STATE PLANS

Notice and hearing opportunity.

20 USC 1804.

“SEC. 404. The Commissioner shall not finally disapprove any State plan submitted under this title, or any modification thereof, without first affording the State educational agency reasonable notice and opportunity for a hearing.

"PAYMENTS TO STATES

"SEC. 405. From the amounts allotted to each State under section 402 for carrying out the programs authorized by parts B and C, respectively, the Commissioner shall pay to that State an amount equal to the amount expended by the State in carrying out its State plan (after withholding any amount necessary pursuant to section 406(f)).

20 USC 1805.
Ante, p. 537.
Post, pp. 542,
543.

Infra.

"PARTICIPATION OF CHILDREN ENROLLED IN PRIVATE SCHOOLS

"SEC. 406. (a) To the extent consistent with the number of children in the school district of a local educational agency (which is a recipient of funds under this title or which serves the area in which a program or project assisted under this title is located) who are enrolled in private nonprofit elementary and secondary schools, such agency, after consultation with the appropriate private school officials, shall provide for the benefit of such children in such schools secular, neutral, and nonideological services, materials, and equipment including the repair, minor remodeling, or construction of public school facilities as may be necessary for their provision (consistent with subsection (c) of this section), or, if such services, materials, and equipment are not feasible or necessary in one or more such private schools as determined by the local educational agency after consultation with the appropriate private school officials, shall provide such other arrangements as will assure equitable participation of such children in the purposes and benefits of this title.

20 USC 1806.

"(b) Expenditures for programs pursuant to subsection (a) shall be equal (consistent with the number of children to be served) to expenditures for programs for children enrolled in the public schools of the local educational agency, taking into account the needs of the individual children and other factors (pursuant to criteria supplied by the Commissioner) which relate to such expenditures, and when funds available to a local educational agency under this title are used to concentrate programs or projects on a particular group, attendance area, or grade or age level, children enrolled in private schools who are included within the group, attendance areas, or grade or age level selected for such concentration shall, after consultation with the appropriate private school officials, be assured equitable participation in the purposes and benefits of such programs or projects.

Equal expenditures.

"(c) (1) The control of funds provided under this title and title to materials, equipment, and property repaired, remodeled, or constructed therewith shall be in a public agency for the uses and purposes provided in this title, and a public agency shall administer such funds and property.

Administration.

"(2) The provision of services pursuant to this section shall be provided by employees of a public agency or through contract by such public agency with a person, an association, agency, or corporation who or which in the provision of such services is independent of such private school and of any religious organization, and such employment or contract shall be under the control and supervision of such public agency, and the funds provided under this title shall not be commingled with State or local funds.

"(d) If a State is prohibited by law from providing for the participation in programs of children enrolled in private elementary and secondary schools, as required by this section, the Commissioner may waive such requirement and shall arrange for the provision of services to such children through arrangements which shall be subject to the requirements of this section.

Waiver.

“(e) If the Commissioner determines that a State or a local educational agency has substantially failed to provide for the participation on an equitable basis of children enrolled in private elementary and secondary schools as required by this section, he shall arrange for the provision of services to such children through arrangements which shall be subject to the requirements of this section.

“(f) When the Commissioner arranges for services pursuant to this section, he shall, after consultation with the appropriate public and private school officials, pay the cost of such services from the appropriate allotment of the State under this title.

Notice and
hearing opportu-
nity.

“(g) (1) The Commissioner shall not take any final action under this section until he has afforded the State educational agency and local educational agency affected by such action at least sixty days notice of his proposed action and an opportunity for a hearing with respect thereto on the record.

Judicial review.

“(2) If a State or local educational agency is dissatisfied with the Commissioner's final action after a hearing under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, it may within sixty days after notice of such action, file with the United States court of appeals for the circuit in which such State is located a petition for review of that action. A copy of the petition shall be forthwith transmitted by the clerk of the court to the Commissioner. The Commissioner thereupon shall file in the court the record of the proceedings on which he based his action, as provided in section 2112 of title 28, United States Code.

“(3) The findings of fact by the Commissioner, if supported by substantial evidence, shall be conclusive; but the court, for good cause shown, may remand the case to the Commissioner to take further evidence, and the Commissioner may thereupon make new or modified findings of fact and may modify his previous action, and shall file in the court the record of the further proceedings. Such new or modified findings of fact shall likewise be conclusive if supported by substantial evidence.

Jurisdiction.

“(4) Upon the filing of such petition, the court shall have jurisdiction to affirm the action of the Commissioner or to set it aside, in whole or in part. The judgment of the court shall be subject to review by the Supreme Court of the United States upon certiorari or certification as provided in section 1254 of title 28, United States Code.”

“PART B—LIBRARIES AND LEARNING RESOURCES

“PROGRAMS AUTHORIZED

Grants to
States.
20 USC 1821.

“SEC. 421. (a) The Commissioner shall carry out a program for making grants to the States (pursuant to State plans approved under section 403)—

“(1) for the acquisition of school library resources, textbooks, and other printed and published instructional materials for the use of children and teachers in public and private elementary and secondary schools;

“(2) for the acquisition of instructional equipment (including laboratory and other special equipment, including audio-visual materials and equipment suitable for use in providing education in academic subjects) for use by children and teachers in elementary and secondary schools, and for minor remodeling of laboratory or other space used by such schools for such equipment; and

“(3) for (A) a program of testing students in the elementary and secondary schools, (B) programs of counseling and guidance services for students at the appropriate levels in elementary and

secondary schools designed (i) to advise students of courses of study best suited to their ability, aptitude, and skills, (ii) to advise students with respect to their decisions as to the type of educational program they should pursue, the vocation they should train for and enter, and the job opportunities in the various fields, and (iii) to encourage students to complete their secondary school education, take the necessary courses for admission to postsecondary institutions suitable for their occupational or academic needs, and enter such institutions, and such programs may include short-term sessions for persons engaged in guidance and counseling in elementary and secondary schools, and (C) programs, projects, and leadership activities designed to expand and strengthen counseling and guidance services in elementary and secondary schools.

“(b) It is the purpose of this part to combine within a single authorization, subject to the modifications imposed by the provisions and requirements of this title, the programs authorized by title II and so much of title III as relates to testing, counseling, and guidance, of this Act, and title III (except for section 305 thereof) of the National Defense Education Act of 1958, and funds appropriated to carry out this part must be used only for the same purposes and for the funding of the same types of programs authorized under those provisions.

20 USC 821,
841.
20 USC 441.

“PART C—EDUCATIONAL INNOVATION AND SUPPORT

“PROGRAMS AUTHORIZED

“SEC. 431. (a) The Commissioner shall carry out a program for making grants to the States (pursuant to State plans approved under section 403)—

Grants to
States.
20 USC 1831.
Ante, p. 538.

“(1) for supplementary educational centers and services to stimulate and assist in the provision of vitally needed educational services (including preschool education, special education, compensatory education, vocational education, education of gifted and talented children, and dual enrollment programs) not available in sufficient quantity or quality, and to stimulate and assist in the development and establishment of exemplary elementary and secondary school programs (including the remodeling, lease, or construction of necessary facilities) to serve as models for regular school programs;

“(2) for the support of demonstration projects by local educational agencies or private educational organizations designed to improve nutrition and health services in public and private elementary and secondary schools serving areas with high concentrations of children from low-income families and such projects may include payment of the cost of (A) coordinating nutrition and health service resources in the areas to be served by a project, (B) providing supplemental health, mental health, nutritional, and food services to children from low-income families when the resources for such services available to the applicant from other sources are inadequate to meet the needs of such children, (C) nutrition and health programs designed to train professional and other school personnel to provide nutrition and health services in a manner which meets the needs of children from low-income families for such services, and (D) the evaluation of projects assisted with respect to their effectiveness in improving school nutrition and health services for such children;

“(3) for strengthening the leadership resources of State and local educational agencies, and for assisting those agencies in the establishment and improvement of programs to identify and meet educational needs of States and of local school districts; and

“(4) for making arrangements with local educational agencies for the carrying out by such agencies in schools which (A) are located in urban or rural areas, (B) have a high percentage of children from low-income families, and (C) have a high percentage of such children who do not complete their secondary school education, of demonstration projects involving the use of innovative methods, systems, materials, or programs which show promise of reducing the number of such children who do not complete their secondary school education.

“(b) It is the purpose of this part to combine within a single authorization, subject to the modifications imposed by the provisions and requirements of this title, the programs authorized by title III (except for programs of testing, counseling, and guidance) and title V, and sections 807 and 808 of this Act, and funds appropriated to carry out this part must be used only for the same purposes and for the funding of the same types of programs authorized under those provisions.

20 USC 841,
861, 887, 887a.

“USE OF CULTURAL AND EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES

20 USC 1832.

“Cultural and
educational re-
sources.”

“SEC. 432. Programs or projects supported pursuant to this part (other than those described in section 431(a)(3)) shall involve in the planning and carrying out thereof the participation of persons broadly representative of the cultural and educational resources of the area to be served. The term ‘cultural and educational resources’ includes State educational agencies, local educational agencies, private nonprofit elementary and secondary schools, institutions of higher education, public and nonprofit private agencies such as libraries, museums, musical and artistic organizations, educational radio and television, and other cultural and educational resources.”

CONSOLIDATION OF CERTAIN FEDERALLY OPERATED EDUCATION PROGRAMS

20 USC 331
note.
Special Proj-
ects Act.
20 USC 1851
note.

SEC. 402. (a) (1) The Act of July 26, 1954 (Public Law 531, Eighty-third Congress) is amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “That this Act may be cited as the ‘Special Projects Act’.

“PURPOSE

20 USC 1851.

“SEC. 2. It is the purpose of this Act to authorize the Commissioner of Education (hereinafter referred to as the ‘Commissioner’) to carry out special projects—

“(1) to experiment with new educational and administrative methods, techniques, and practices;

“(2) to meet special or unique educational needs or problems; and

“(3) to place special emphasis on national education priorities.

“CONTRACTING AUTHORITY

20 USC 1852.

“SEC. 3. (a) The Commissioner is authorized, during the period beginning July 1, 1975, and ending June 30, 1978, to make contracts with public and private agencies, organizations, associations, institutions, and with individuals in order to carry out the purposes of this Act as set forth in section 2.

“(b) In exercising his authority under this section, the Commissioner shall comply with such priorities and preferences as may be expressly provided by law, with respect to this section.

“APPROPRIATIONS

“SEC. 4. (a) (1) In order to enable the Commissioner to make contracts under section 3, there is authorized, subject to subsection (b), to be appropriated to the Office of Education \$200,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976, and each of the two succeeding fiscal years.

20 USC 1853.

“(2) Sums appropriated pursuant to paragraph (1) shall, notwithstanding any other provisions of law, unless enacted in express limitation of this paragraph, remain available until expended.

“(b) (1) Not later than February 1 of each year, the Commissioner shall submit to the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Labor and Public Welfare of the Senate a plan in accordance with which the Commissioner has determined to expend funds to be appropriated for the succeeding fiscal year. Such plan shall be accompanied by a report describing each contract made during the calendar year preceding that fiscal year under the authority of this Act involving an expenditure in excess of \$100,000.

Expenditure plan and report, submittal to congressional committees.

“(2) (A) The funds appropriated pursuant to subsection (a) for any fiscal year shall be expended in accordance with the plan submitted for that year pursuant to paragraph (1), unless prior to sixty days after the submission of such plan, either the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives or the Committee on Labor and Public Welfare of the Senate adopts a resolution disapproving such plan.

“(B) If either or both such committees adopts a resolution of disapproval as provided in subparagraph (A), the Commissioner shall, not later than fifteen days after the adoption of any such resolution, submit a new plan in accordance with paragraph (1) and subparagraph (A).”

(2) The title of such Act of July 24, 1954, is amended to read as follows: “An Act to authorize special projects, surveys, and studies by the Office of Education.”

(b) (1) In carrying out his functions under section 3 of the Special Projects Act, the Commissioner shall reserve not less than 50 per centum of the sums appropriated pursuant to section 4 of such Act for the purposes given preference under paragraph (3) of this subsection and apportioned in accordance with paragraph (2) of this subsection. With respect to the funds to which this paragraph applies, the Commissioner's authority under such section 3 shall include authority to make grants as well as contracts.

20 USC 1861.

(2) Except as is otherwise provided with respect to section 409, the Commissioner shall apportion an amount for each of the purposes set forth in paragraph (3) which bears the same ratio to the sums reserved pursuant to paragraph (1) as the amount permitted to be expended for each such purpose bears to the aggregate of the amounts permitted to be expended for all such purposes.

Apportionment of funds.
Post, p. 556.

(3) The sums reserved pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be expended for programs otherwise authorized by an applicable statute and described in the following subparagraphs:

Reserved funds.

Education for the Use of the Metric System of Measurement

(A) A program to encourage educational agencies and institutions to prepare students to use the metric system of measurement, as provided in section 403.

Gifted and Talented Children

(B) A program for the education of gifted and talented children through grants to the States for such purpose, as provided in section 404 (except subsection (f) thereof).

Post, p. 547.

Community Schools

(C) A program of grants to local educational agencies to assist them in planning, establishing, expanding, and operating community education programs, as provided in section 405.

Post, p. 549.

Career Education

(D) A program to assess, and to encourage establishment and operation of, career education programs, as provided in section 406.

Post, p. 551.

Consumers' Education

(E) A program of grants and contracts designed to provide consumer education to the public, as provided in section 811 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965.

Post, p. 553.

Women's Equity in Education

(F) A program of grants and contracts designed to provide educational equity for women in the United States, as provided in section 408.

Post, p. 554.

Arts in Education Programs

(G) A program of grants and contracts designed to assist and encourage the use of the arts in elementary and secondary school programs as provided in section 409.

(4) No appropriation may be made for any fiscal year for the purposes of section 811 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 or sections 403, 404, 405, 406, 408, and 409 of this Act during which funds are available for the purposes of such sections under the provisions of this subsection.

(c) (1) The amendments made by subsection (a) and the provisions of subsection (b) shall be effective on and after July 1, 1975.

(2) Effective July 1, 1975, title III of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 is amended—

- (i) by striking out section 305(d);
- (ii) by striking out section 306; and
- (iii) by striking out section 307(c).

(3) Effective July 1, 1975, section 809 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, is repealed.

20 USC 1851
note.

20 USC 844a
note.

20 USC 841.

20 USC 844a.

20 USC 844b.

20 USC 845.

Repeal.

20 USC 887b

and note.

EDUCATION FOR THE USE OF THE METRIC SYSTEM OF MEASUREMENT

20 USC 1862.

SEC. 403. (a) (1) The Congress finds that—

(A) the metric system of measurement is in general use in industrially developed nations and its use is increasing;

(B) increased use of such metric system in the United States is inevitable, and such a metric system will become the dominant system of weights and measures in the United States; and

(C) there is no existing Federal program designed to teach children to use such metric system and such a program is necessary if the American people are to adapt to the use of the metric system of weights and measures.

(2) It is the policy of the United States to encourage educational agencies and institutions to prepare students to use the metric system of measurement with ease and facility as a part of the regular education program.

(3) For the purposes of this section, the term "metric system of measurement" means the International System of Units as established by the General Conference of Weights and Measures in 1960 and interpreted or modified for the United States by the Secretary of Commerce.

"Metric system of measurement."

(b)(1) The Commissioner shall carry out a program of grants and contracts in order to encourage educational agencies and institutions to prepare students to use the metric system of measurement.

Grants and contracts.

(2) The Commissioner is authorized to make grants to, and contracts with, institutions of higher education, State and local educational agencies, and other public and private nonprofit agencies, organizations, and institutions to develop and carry out the policy set forth in subsection (a).

(c)(1) Financial assistance under this section may be made available only upon application to the Commissioner. Any such application shall be submitted at such time, in such form, and containing such information as the Commissioner shall prescribe by regulation and shall be approved only if it—

Financial assistance, application.

(A) provides that the activities and services for which assistance is sought will be administered by, or under the supervision of, the applicant;

(B) describes a program which holds promise of making a substantial contribution toward attaining the purposes of this section;

(C) sets forth such policies and procedures as will insure adequate evaluation of the activities intended to be carried out under the application; and

(D) contains such other provisions as the Commissioner determines necessary in order to accomplish the purposes of this title.

(2) An application from a local educational agency under this section may be approved only if the State educational agency of the State in which such local agency is located has been notified of the application and has been given a reasonable opportunity to offer recommendations with respect to the approval thereof.

Approval.

(d) For the purpose of carrying out this section, the Commissioner is authorized to expend \$10,000,000 for each of the fiscal years ending prior to July 1, 1978.

Appropriation.

GIFTED AND TALENTED CHILDREN

SEC. 404. (a) The Commissioner shall designate an administrative unit within the Office of Education to administer the programs and projects authorized by this section and to coordinate all programs for gifted and talented children and youth administered by the Office.

20 USC 1863.

(b) The Commissioner shall establish or designate a clearinghouse to obtain and disseminate to the public information pertaining to the education of gifted and talented children and youth. The Commissioner is authorized to contract with public or private agencies or organizations to establish and operate the clearinghouse.

Information clearinghouse.

(c)(1) The Commissioner shall make grants to State educational agencies and local educational agencies, in accordance with the provisions of this subsection, in order to assist them in the planning, development, operation, and improvement of programs and projects designed to meet the special educational needs of gifted and talented children at the preschool and elementary and secondary school levels.

Grants.

Applications.

(2) (A) Any State educational agency or local educational agency desiring to receive a grant under this subsection shall submit an application to the Commissioner at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Commissioner determines to be necessary to carry out his functions under this section. Such application shall—

(i) provide satisfactory assurance that funds paid to the applicant will be expended solely to plan, establish, and operate programs and projects which—

(I) are designed to identify and to meet the special educational and related needs of gifted and talented children, and

(II) are of sufficient size, scope, and quality as to hold reasonable promise of making substantial progress toward meeting those needs;

(ii) set forth such policies and procedures as are necessary for acquiring and disseminating information derived from educational research, demonstration and pilot projects, new educational practices and techniques, and the evaluation of the effectiveness of the program or project in achieving its purpose; and

(iii) provide satisfactory assurance that, to the extent consistent with the number of gifted and talented children in the area to be served by the applicant who are enrolled in nonpublic elementary and secondary schools, provision will be made for the participation of such children.

(B) The Commissioner shall not approve an application under this subsection from a local educational agency unless such application has been submitted to the State educational agency of the State in which the applicant is located and such State agency has had an opportunity to make recommendations with respect to approval thereof.

(3) Funds available under an application under this subsection may be used for the acquisition of instructional equipment to the extent such equipment is necessary to enhance the quality or the effectiveness of the program or project for which application is made.

(4) A State educational agency receiving assistance may carry out its functions under an approved application under this subsection directly or through local educational agencies.

(d) The Commissioner is authorized to make grants to State educational agencies to assist them in establishing and maintaining, directly or through grants to institutions of higher education, a program for training personnel engaged or preparing to engage in educating gifted and talented children or as supervisors of such personnel.

(e) The Commissioner is authorized to make grants to institutions of higher education and other appropriate nonprofit institutions or agencies to provide training to leadership personnel for the education of gifted and talented children and youth. Such leadership personnel may include, but are not limited to, teacher trainers, school administrators, supervisors, researchers, and State consultants. Grants under this subsection may be used for internships, with local, State, or Federal agencies or other public or private agencies or institutions.

(f) Notwithstanding the second sentence of section 405(b)(1) of the General Education Provisions Act, the National Institute of Education shall, in accordance with the terms and conditions of section 405 of such Act, carry out a program of research and related activities relating to the education of gifted and talented children. The Commissioner is authorized to transfer to the National Institute of Education such sums as may be necessary for the program required by this subsection. As used in the preceding sentence the term "research and related

Personnel
training grants.

Research pro-
gram.
20 USC 1221e.

Transfer of
funds.

Definition.

activities” means research, research training, surveys, or demonstrations in the field of education of gifted and talented children and youth, or the dissemination of information derived therefrom, or all of such activities, including (but without limitation) experimental and model schools.

(g) In addition to the other authority of the Commissioner under this section, the Commissioner is authorized to make contracts with public and private agencies and organizations for the establishment and operation of model projects for the identification and education of gifted and talented children, including such activities as career education, bilingual education, and programs of education for handicapped children and for educationally disadvantaged children. The total of the amounts expended for projects authorized under this subsection shall not exceed 15 per centum of the total of the amounts expended under this section for any fiscal year.

(h) For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this section, the Commissioner is authorized to expend not to exceed \$12,250,000 for each fiscal year ending prior to July 1, 1978.

Model projects,
contracts.

Appropriation.

COMMUNITY SCHOOLS

SEC. 405. (a) This section may be cited as the “Community Schools Act”.

Community
Schools Act.
20 USC 1864.

(b) In recognition of the fact that the school, as the prime educational institution of the community, is most effective when the school involves the people of that community in a program designed to fulfill their education needs, and that community education promotes a more efficient use of public education facilities through an extension of school buildings and equipment, it is the purpose of this section to provide educational, recreational, cultural, and other related community services, in accordance with the needs, interests, and concerns of the community, through the establishment of the community education program as a center for such activities in cooperation with other community groups.

(c) For purposes of this section and subparagraph (C) of section 402(b)(3), a “community education program” is a program in which a public building, including but not limited to a public elementary or secondary school or a community or junior college, is used as a community center operated in conjunction with other groups in the community, community organizations, and local governmental agencies, to provide educational, recreational, cultural, and other related community services for the community that center serves in accordance with the needs, interests, and concerns of that community. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit any applicant under this section from carrying out any activity with funds derived from other sources.

“Community
education pro-
gram.”
Ante, p. 544.

(d)(1) In order to carry out the purposes and provisions of this section, the Commissioner is authorized to make grants to State educational agencies and to local educational agencies to pay the Federal share of the cost of planning, establishing, expanding, and operating community education programs.

Grants.

(2) Fifty percent of the funds made available pursuant to clause (1) of subsection (i) shall be available for grants to State educational agencies. The remainder of such funds shall be available for grants to local educational agencies.

(3) For the purpose of paragraph (1) of this subsection, the Federal share shall be—

Federal share.

(A) 80 per centum of a program to establish a new community education program,

(B) 65 per centum of a program to expand or improve a community education program for the first year in which such program is assisted under this section, and 55 per centum in any fiscal year thereafter, and

(C) 40 per centum of a program to maintain or carry out a community education program.

Application.

(4) Any State or local educational agency desiring to receive a grant under this section for any fiscal year shall submit an application to the Commissioner at such time, in such manner, and in such form as the Commissioner shall prescribe by regulation. Each such application shall contain provisions—

(A) assuring that local community colleges, social, recreational, and health groups will be consulted with respect to programs to be offered and facilities to be used for the purpose of this section;

(B) assuring that the applicant will pay from non-Federal sources the remaining costs of carrying out the application; and

(C) containing a description of each community education program for which assistance is sought in sufficient detail to apply the appropriate Federal share specified in clause (3) of this subsection.

The Commissioner shall not approve an application submitted by a local educational agency unless the State educational agency of the State in which that local educational agency is located has been given an opportunity to review, and make comment on, such application.

Training grants.

(e) The Commissioner is authorized to make grants to institutions of higher education to develop and establish, or to expand, programs which will train persons to plan and operate community education programs.

Information clearinghouse.

(f) (1) The Commissioner shall establish or designate a clearinghouse to gather and disseminate information received from community education programs, including but not limited to information regarding new programs, methods to encourage community participation, and ways of coordinating community education programs with other community services. The Commissioner is authorized to contract with public or private agencies or organizations to establish and operate the clearinghouse.

Technical assistance.

(2) The Commissioner shall make available to each community education program such technical assistance and information as the program may require, and such technical assistance shall be coordinated with the national clearinghouse.

Community Education Advisory Council.
Establishment; membership.
Post, p. 575.

(g) (1) There is established, subject to part D of the General Education Provisions Act, in the Office of the Commissioner, a Community Education Advisory Council (referred to in this section as the "Advisory Council") to be composed of eleven members. The members of the Advisory Council shall be appointed by the Secretary.

(2) A substantial number of the members of the Advisory Council shall be persons experienced in the operation of community education programs and the training of such persons. The Council shall include representatives from various disciplines involved in providing services in community school programs.

(f) (1) The Commissioner shall establish or designate a clearinghouse within three months after enactment of this section.

(4) The Commissioner shall make available to the Advisory Council such staff, information, and other assistance as it may require to carry out its activities.

(5) The Advisory Council shall advise the Commissioner on policy matters relating to the interests of community schools.

(6) In the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, the Advisory Council shall be responsible for advising the Commissioner regarding the establishment of policy guidelines and regulations for the operation and administration of this section. In addition, the Council shall create a system for evaluation of the programs. The Council shall present to Congress a complete and thorough evaluation of the programs and operation of this section for each fiscal year ending after June 30, 1975.

Policy guide-
lines and regula-
tions.

Evaluation, sub-
mittal to Congress.

(h) In approving applications under this section the Commissioner shall insure that there is an equitable geographical distribution of community education programs throughout the United States in both urban and rural areas.

(i) The Commissioner is authorized to expend (1) for the purpose of subsection (d), \$15,000,000 for each fiscal year ending prior to July 1, 1978; and (2) for the purposes of subsection (e), \$2,000,000 for each fiscal year ending prior to July 1, 1978.

Appropriation.

CAREER EDUCATION

SEC. 406. (a) It is the sense of Congress that—

20 USC 1865.

(1) every child should, by the time he has completed secondary school, be prepared for gainful or maximum employment and for full participation in our society according to his or her ability;

(2) it is the obligation of each local educational agency to provide that preparation for all children (including handicapped children and all other children who are educationally disadvantaged) within the school district of such agency; and

(3) each State and local educational agency should carry out a program of career education which provides every child the widest variety of career education options which are designed to prepare each child for maximum employment and participation in our society according to his or her ability.

(b) It is the purpose of this section to assist in achieving the policies set forth in subsection (a) by—

(1) developing information on the needs for career education for all children;

(2) promoting a national dialogue on career education designed to encourage each State and local educational agency to determine and adopt the approach to career education best suited to the needs of the children served by them;

(3) assessing the status of career education programs and practices, including a reassessment of the stereotyping of career opportunities by race or by sex;

(4) providing for the demonstration of the best of the current career education programs and practices by the development and testing of exemplary programs and practices using various theories, concepts, and approaches with respect to career education;

(5) providing for the training and retraining of persons for conducting career education programs; and

(6) developing State and local plans for implementing career education programs designed to insure that every child has the opportunity to gain the knowledge and skills necessary for gainful or maximum employment and for full participation in our society according to his or her ability.

(c) (1) In order to carry out the policies, purposes, and provisions of this section, there is established in the Office of Education an Office of Career Education (hereafter in this section referred to as the "Office"). The Office shall be headed by a Director.

Office of Career
Education.
Establishment.

(2) The Director of the Office shall report directly to the Commissioner.

“Career education.”

(d) For the purposes of this section, the term “career education” means an education process designed—

(1) to increase the relationship between schools and society as a whole;

(2) to provide opportunities for counseling, guidance and career development for all children;

(3) to relate the subject matter of the curricula of schools to the needs of persons to function in society;

(4) to extend the concept of the education process beyond the school into the area of employment and the community;

(5) to foster flexibility in attitudes, skills, and knowledge in order to enable persons to cope with accelerating change and obsolescence;

(6) to make education more relevant to employment and functioning in society; and

(7) to eliminate any distinction between education for vocational purposes and general or academic education.

(e) The Commissioner shall conduct a survey and assessment of the current status of career education programs, projects, curriculums, and materials in the United States and submit to the Congress, not later than November 1, 1975, a report on such survey and assessment. Such report shall include recommendations of the Advisory Council created under subsection (g) for new legislation designed to accomplish the policies and purposes set forth in subsections (a) and (b). In exercising his authority under clauses (ii)(III) and (ii)(V) of section 434(b)(1)(A) of the General Education Provisions Act, for any fiscal year, the Commissioner shall require State educational agencies and local educational agencies to report on their efforts to prepare students for gainful or maximum employment.

(f)(1) During the period beginning with the enactment of this section and ending June 30, 1978, the Commissioner is authorized to make grants to State and local educational agencies, institutions of higher education, and other nonprofit agencies and organizations to support projects to demonstrate the most effective methods and techniques in career education and to develop exemplary career education models (including models in which handicapped children receive appropriate career education either by participation in regular or modified programs with nonhandicapped children or where necessary in specially designed programs for handicapped children whose handicaps are of such severity that they cannot benefit from regular or modified programs). Grants made under this subsection shall be consistent with the policies set forth in subsection (a) of this subsection.

(2) During the period beginning one year after the enactment of this section and ending June 30, 1977, the Commissioner is authorized to make grants to State educational agencies to enable them to develop State plans for the development and implementation of career education programs in the local educational agencies of the States. Such plans shall be designed to carry out the policies and purposes set forth in subsections (a) and (b).

(g)(1) Subject to part D of the General Education Provisions Act and within ninety days after the enactment of this section, there is established a National Advisory Council for Career Education which shall be composed of—

(A) the Assistant Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare for Education, the Commissioner of Education, the Director of the Office of Career Education, the Director of the National Institute of Education, the Administrator of the National Center for

Survey and assessment.

Report to Congress.

Post, p. 569.

Career education models, grants.

Local State educational program plans, grants.

National Advisory Council for Career Education. Establishment. Post, p. 575.

Education Statistics, the Director of the National Science Foundation, the Chairman of the National Foundation for the Arts, the Chairman of the National Foundation for the Humanities, the Chairman of the National Advisory Council for Vocational Education, all of whom shall serve in a nonvoting ex officio capacity; and

(B) not less than twelve public members broadly representative of the fields of education, the arts, the humanities, the sciences, community services, business and industry, and the general public, a majority of whom shall be engaged in education or education-related professions.

(2) The public members shall be appointed by the Secretary. The Secretary shall select the Chairman from among the public members. The members shall serve for terms of three years with not more than four seats rotating in any one year. The Commissioner shall provide such staff and funds for the Council as deemed necessary and such staff and funds shall be in addition to those provided elsewhere in this title.

Chairman; term.

(3) The duties of the Council shall be to advise the Commissioner on the implementation of this section and carry out such advisory functions as it deems appropriate, including reviewing the operation of this section and all other programs of the Division of Education pertaining to the development and implementation of career education, evaluating their effectiveness in meeting the needs of career education throughout the United States, and in determining the need for further legislative remedy in order that all citizens may benefit from the purposes of career education as prescribed in this section.

Duties.

(4) The Council with the assistance of the Commissioner shall conduct a survey and assessment of the current status of career education programs, projects, curricula, and materials in the United States and submit to Congress, not later than November 1, 1975, a report on such survey and assessment. Such report shall include recommendations of the Council for new legislation designed to accomplish the policies and purposes set forth in subsections (a) and (b).

Survey and assessment.

Report to Congress.

(h) For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this section, the Commissioner is authorized to expend not to exceed \$15,000,000 for each fiscal year ending prior to July 1, 1978.

Appropriation.

CONSUMERS' EDUCATION

SEC. 407. (a) (1) Section 811(a) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 is amended to read as follows:

20 USC 887d.

"SEC. 811. (a) (1) There shall be within the Office of Education an Office of Consumers' Education (hereafter in this section referred to as the 'Office') which shall be headed by a Director of Consumers' Education (hereafter in this section referred to as the 'Director') who, subject to the management of the Commissioner, shall have responsibility for carrying out the provisions of this section.

Office of Consumers' Education.
Establishment.

"(2) The Director shall be appointed by the Commissioner in accordance with the provisions of title 5 of the United States Code relating to appointments to the competitive service."

5 USC 101 et seq.

(2) Such section 811(b) of such Act is amended, in clause (ii) in the second sentence of paragraph (1)(C), by striking out "paragraph (2)" and inserting in lieu thereof "subparagraph (B)".

(3) Section 811(d) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"(d) For the purpose of carrying out this section, the Commissioner is authorized to expend not to exceed \$15,000,000 for each fiscal year ending prior to July 1, 1978."

(b) The amendments made by paragraph (3) of subsection (a) shall be effective on and after July 1, 1973.

Effective date.
20 USC 887d
note.

WOMEN'S EDUCATIONAL EQUITY

Women's Educa-
tional Equity Act
of 1974.
20 USC 1866.

SEC. 408. (a) This section may be cited as the "Women's Educational Equity Act of 1974."

(b)(1) The Congress hereby finds and declares that educational programs in the United States (including its possessions), as presently conducted, are frequently inequitable as such programs relate to women and frequently limit the full participation of all individuals in American society.

(2) It is the purpose of this section to provide educational equity for women in the United States.

(c) As used in this section, the term "Council" means the Advisory Council on Women's Educational Programs.

(d)(1) The Commissioner is authorized to make grants to, and enter into contracts with, public agencies and private nonprofit organizations and with individuals for activities designed to carry out the purposes of this section at all levels of education, including preschool, elementary and secondary education, higher education, and adult education. These activities shall include—

(A) the development, evaluation, and dissemination by the applicant of curricula, textbooks, and other educational materials related to educational equity;

(B) preservice and inservice training for educational personnel including guidance and counseling with special emphasis on programs and activities designed to provide educational equity;

(C) research, development, and educational activities designed to advance educational equity;

(D) guidance and counseling activities, including the development of nondiscriminatory tests, designed to assure educational equity;

(E) educational activities to increase opportunities for adult women, including continuing educational activities and programs for underemployed and unemployed women;

(F) the expansion and improvement of educational programs and activities for women in vocational education, career education, physical education and educational administration.

(2) A grant may be made and a contract may be entered into under this section only upon application to the Commissioner, at such time, in such form, and containing or accompanied by such information as the Commissioner may prescribe. Each such application shall—

(A) provide that the program or activity for which assistance is sought will be administered by or under the supervision of the applicant;

(B) describe a program for carrying out one of the purposes set forth in subsection (a) which holds promise of making a substantial contribution toward attaining such purposes; and

(C) set forth policies and procedures which insure adequate evaluation of the activities intended to be carried out under the application.

(3) The Commissioner shall approve applicants and amendments thereto which meet the requirements of paragraph (2).

(4) Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting men from participating in any programs or activities assisted under this section.

(e) In addition to the authority of the Commissioner under subsection (d), the Commissioner shall carry out a program of small grants, not to exceed \$15,000, each, in order to support innovative approaches to achieving the purpose of this section; and for that

"Council."

Grants and
contracts.

Applications.

Nondiscrimina-
tion.

Additional
grants.

purpose the Commissioner is authorized to make grants to public and private nonprofit agencies and to individuals.

(f) (1) There is established in the Office of Education an Advisory Council on Women's Educational Programs. The Council shall be composed of—

Advisory Council on Women's Educational Programs.
Establishment; membership.

(A) seventeen individuals, some of whom shall be students, who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, from among individuals broadly representative of the general public who, by virtue of their knowledge or experience, are versed in the role and status of women in American society;

(B) the Chairman of the Civil Rights Commission;

(C) the Director of the Women's Bureau of the Department of Labor; and

(D) the Director of the Women's Action Program of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare.

The Council shall elect its own Chairman.

(2) The term of office of each member of the Council appointed under clause (A) of paragraph (1) shall be three years, except that—

Term.

(A) the members first appointed under such clause shall serve as designated by the President, six for a term of one year, five for a term of two years, and six for a term of three years; and

(B) any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which his predecessor was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder of such term.

(3) The Council shall—

Duties.

(A) advise the Commissioner with respect to general policy matters relating to the administration of this section;

(B) advise and make recommendations to the Assistant Secretary concerning the improvement of educational equity for women;

(C) make recommendations to the Commissioner with respect to the allocation of any funds pursuant to this section, including criteria developed to insure an appropriate geographical distribution of approved programs and projects throughout the Nation; and

(D) develop criteria for the establishment of program priorities.

(4) From the sums available for the purposes of this section, the Commissioner is authorized and directed to conduct a national, comprehensive review of sex discrimination in education, to be submitted to the Council not later than a year after the date of enactment of this section. The Council shall review the report of the Commissioner and shall make such recommendations, including recommendations for additional legislation, as it deems advisable.

Sex discrimination in education, review.

(5) The provisions of part D of the General Education Provisions Act shall apply with respect to the Council established under this subsection.

Post, p. 575.

(f) The Commissioner is directed, at the end of each fiscal year, to submit to the President and the Congress and to the Council a report setting forth the programs and activities assisted under this section, and to provide for the distribution of this report to all interested groups and individuals, including the Congress, from funds authorized under this section. After receiving the report from the Commissioner, the Council shall evaluate the programs and projects assisted under this section and include such evaluation in its annual report.

Report to President, Congress and Council.

Program evaluation.

(h) For the purpose of carrying out this section, the Commissioner is authorized to expend not to exceed \$30,000,000 for each fiscal year prior to July 1, 1978.

Appropriation.

ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOL EDUCATION IN THE ARTS

20 USC 1867.

SEC. 409. The Commissioner shall, during the period beginning after June 30, 1974 and ending on June 30, 1978, through arrangements made with the John F. Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts, carry out a program of grants and contracts to encourage and assist State and local educational agencies to establish and conduct programs in which the arts are an integral part of elementary and secondary school programs. Not less than \$750,000 shall be available for the purposes of this section during any fiscal year during the period for which provision is made in the preceding sentence.

EFFECTIVE DATE

20 USC 1801
note.

SEC. 410. Except where otherwise specified in this title, the amendments made by, and the provisions of, this title shall be effective on and after the date of enactment of this Act.

TITLE V—EDUCATION ADMINISTRATION

NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

SEC. 501. (a) Part A of the General Education Provisions Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

“NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

Establishment.
20 USC 1221e-1.

“SEC. 406. (a) There is established, within the Office of the Assistant Secretary, a National Center for Education Statistics (hereafter in this section referred to as the ‘Center’). The Center shall be headed by an Administrator who shall be appointed by the Assistant Secretary in accordance with the provisions of title 5, United States Code, relating to appointments in the competitive service.

5 USC 101 et
seq.

Functions.

“(b) The purpose of the Center shall be to collect and disseminate statistics and other data related to education in the United States and in other nations. The Center shall—

“(1) collect, collate, and, from time to time, report full and complete statistics on the conditions of education in the United States;

“(2) conduct and publish reports on specialized analyses of the meaning and significance of such statistics;

“(3) assist State and local educational agencies in improving and automating their statistical and data collection activities; and

“(4) review and report on educational activities in foreign countries.

Advisory Council
on Education Sta-
tistics.Establishment;
membership.

“(c) (1) There shall be an Advisory Council on Education Statistics which shall be composed of 7 members appointed by the Secretary and such ex officio members as are listed in subparagraph (2). Not more than 4 of the appointed members of the Council may be members of the same political party.

“(2) The ex officio members of the Council shall be—

“(A) the Commissioner of Education,

“(B) the Director of the National Institute of Education,

“(C) the Director of the Census, and

“(D) the Commissioner of Labor Statistics.

Terms.

“(3) Appointed members of the Council shall serve for terms of 3 years, as determined by the Secretary, except that in the case of initially appointed members of the Council, they shall serve for shorter terms to the extent necessary that the terms of office of not more than 3 members expire in the same calendar year.

“(4) The Assistant Secretary shall serve as the non-voting presiding officer of the Council.

“(5) (A) The Council shall meet at the call of the presiding officer, except that it shall meet—

“(i) at least four times during each calendar year; and

“(ii) in addition, whenever three voting members request in writing that the presiding officer call a meeting.

“(B) Six members of the Council shall constitute a quorum of the Council.

“(6) The provisions of section 448(b) of part D of this title shall not apply to the Council established under this subsection.

84 Stat. 172;
86 Stat. 326.
20 USC 1233g.

“(7) The Council shall review general policies for the operation of the Center and shall be responsible for establishing standards to insure that statistics and analyses disseminated by the Center are of high quality and are not subject to political influence.

“(d) (1) The Assistant Secretary shall, not later than March 1 of each year, submit to the Congress an annual report which—

Report to
Congress.

“(A) contains a description of the activities of the Center during the then current fiscal year and a projection of its activities during the succeeding fiscal year;

“(B) sets forth estimates of the cost of the projected activities for such succeeding fiscal year; and

“(C) includes a statistical report on the condition of education in the United States during the two preceding fiscal years and a projection, for the three succeeding fiscal years, of estimated statistics related to education in the United States.

“(2) The Center shall develop and enforce standards designed to protect the confidentiality of persons in the collection, reporting, and publication of data under this section. This subparagraph shall not be construed to protect the confidentiality of information about institutions, organizations, and agencies receiving grants from or having contracts with the Federal Government.

Data publica-
tion standards.

“(e) In order to carry out the objectives of the Center, the Assistant Secretary is authorized, either directly or by grant or contract, to carry out the purposes set forth in subsection (b), and for that purpose the Assistant Secretary is authorized to make grants to, and contracts with public and private institutions, agencies, organizations and individuals.

Grants.

“(f) (1) (A) The Center is authorized to furnish transcripts or copies of tables and other statistical records of the Office of Education, the Assistant Secretary, and the National Institute of Education to, and to make special statistical compilations and surveys for, State or local officials, public and private organizations, or individuals. The Center shall furnish such special statistical compilations and surveys as the Committees on Labor and Public Welfare and on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committees on Education and Labor and on Appropriations of the House of Representatives may request. Such statistical compilations and surveys, other than those carried out pursuant to the preceding sentence, shall be made subject to the payment of the actual or estimated cost of such work. In the case of nonprofit organizations or agencies, the Assistant Secretary may engage in joint statistical projects, the cost of which shall be shared equitably as determined by the Assistant Secretary: *Provided*, That the purposes of such projects are otherwise authorized by law.

Special statis-
tical compilations
and surveys, sub-
mittal to congres-
sional committees.

“(B) All funds received in payment for work or services enumerated under subparagraph (A) shall be deposited in a separate account which may be used to pay directly the costs of such work or services, to repay

appropriations which initially bore all or part of such costs, or to refund excess sums when necessary.

Educational data consortium with other Federal agencies.

"(2) (A) The Center shall participate with other Federal agencies having a need for educational data in forming a consortium for the purpose of providing direct joint access with such agencies to all educational data received by the Center through automated data processing. The Library of Congress, General Accounting Office, and the Committees on Labor and Public Welfare and Appropriations of the Senate and the Committees on Education and Labor and Appropriations of the House of Representatives shall, for the purposes of this subparagraph, be considered Federal agencies.

"(B) The Center shall, in accordance with regulations published for the purpose of this paragraph, provide all interested parties, including public and private agencies and individuals, direct access to data collected by the Center for purposes of research and acquiring statistical information.

"(3) The Commissioner and the National Institute of Education are directed to cooperate with the Center and make such records and data available to the Center as may be necessary to enable the Center to carry out its functions under this subsection.

Funds, limitation.

"(g) (1) The amount available for salaries and expenses of the Center shall not exceed \$5,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, \$10,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976, and \$14,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1977.

"(2) The amount available for grants and contracts by the Assistant Secretary under subsection (e) shall not exceed \$20,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, \$25,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976, and \$30,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1977.

"(3) Sums appropriated for activities and expenses of the Center which are not limited by paragraph (2) of this subsection shall be appropriated apart from appropriations which are so limited, as separate line items."

Effective date.
20 USC 1221e-1 note.
84 Stat. 168;
86 Stat. 326.
20 USC 1231f.

(b) (1) The amendments made by subsection (a) shall be effective on the tenth day after the date of enactment of this Act.

(2) Section 427 of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"AUTHORIZATION TO FURNISH INFORMATION

Transfer of records.

"SEC. 427. The Commissioner is authorized to transfer transcripts or copies of other records of the Office of Education to State and local officials, public and private organizations, and individuals."

20 USC 1221e-1 note.

(3) (A) All functions and authority vested in the Commissioner of Education which, immediately prior to the date upon which the amendments made by subsection (a) become effective, are related to the collection, analysis, and dissemination of statistics about, and reports on the condition of, education in the Nation as determined by the Assistant Secretary are transferred, on such date to the National Center for Education Statistics established under section 406 of the General Education Provisions Act.

Ante, p. 556.
20 USC 1231f note.
Supra.

(B) The functions and authority of the Commissioner of Education under section 427 relating to statistics prior to the date upon which the amendments made by subsection (a) become effective, together with all funds deposited in any account under such section, are transferred, on such date to the National Center for Education Statistics.

Survey.
20 USC 880b-10 note.
Ante, p. 509.

(4) The National Center for Education Statistics shall conduct the survey required by section 731(c)(1)(A) of title VII of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965.

GENERAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO OFFICERS IN THE EDUCATION
DIVISION

SEC. 502. (a) (1) The General Education Provisions Act is amended by adding after section 406 the following new sections:

Ante, p. 556.

“RULES FOR EDUCATION OFFICERS OF THE UNITED STATES

“SEC. 407. (a) For the purposes of this section, the term ‘education officer of the United States’ means any person appointed by the President pursuant to this part, except members of commissions, councils, and boards.

“Education officer of the United States.”
20 USC 1221e-2.

“(b) Each education officer of the United States shall serve at the pleasure of the President.

“(c) No education officer of the United States shall engage in any other business, vocation, or employment while serving in the position to which he is appointed; nor may he, except with the express approval of the President in writing, hold any office in, or act in any capacity for, or have any financial interest in, any organization, agency, or institution to which an agency in the Education Division makes a grant or with which any such agency makes a contract or any other financial arrangement.

Conflict-of-interest.

“(d) No person shall hold, or act for, more than one position as an education officer of the United States for more than a 30 day period.

“GENERAL AUTHORITY OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEADS OF EDUCATION
AGENCIES

“SEC. 408. (a) Each administrative head of an education agency, in order to carry out functions otherwise vested in him by law, is, subject to limitations as may be otherwise imposed by law, authorized—

20 USC 1221e-3.

“(1) to make, promulgate, issue, rescind, and amend rules and regulations governing the manner of operation of the agency of which he is head;

“(2) in accordance with those provisions of title 5, United States Code, relating to the appointment and compensation of personnel and subject to such limitations as are imposed in this part, to appoint and compensate such personnel as may be necessary to enable such agency to carry out its functions;

5 USC 101
et seq.

“(3) to accept unconditional gifts or donations of services, money, or property (real, personal, or mixed; tangible or intangible);

“(4) without regard for section 3648 of the Revised Statutes of the United States (31 U.S.C. 529), to enter into and perform such contracts, leases, cooperative agreements, or other transactions as may be necessary for the conduct of such agency;

“(5) with funds expressly appropriated for such purpose, to construct such facilities as may be necessary to carry out functions vested in him or in the agency of which he is head, and to acquire and dispose of property; and

“(6) to use the services of other Federal agencies and reimburse such agencies for such services.

“(b) Any administrative head of an education agency is, subject to any other limitations on delegations of authority provided by law, authorized to delegate any of his functions under this section to an officer or employee of that agency.

Delegation of functions.

“(c) For the purposes of this section, the term ‘administrative head of an education agency’ means the Commissioner and the Director of the National Institute of Education. To the extent that the Assistant

“Administrative head of an education agency.”

Secretary is directly responsible for the administration of a program and to the extent that the Assistant Secretary is responsible for the supervision of the National Center for Education Statistics, the Assistant Secretary shall, for such purposes, be considered within the meaning of such term.”

(2) The General Education Provisions Act is amended—

20 USC 1221b.

(A) in section 402(b), by striking out the second sentence thereof;

20 USC 1221e.

(B) in section 405—

(I) by striking out that part of the first sentence of subsection (d) (1) which follows “Senate” and inserting in lieu thereof a period, and

(II) by striking out subsection (f).

Effective date.

20 USC 1221e-2 note.

(b) The amendments made by this section shall be effective on the tenth day after the date of enactment of this Act.

AMENDMENT WITH RESPECT TO THE OFFICE OF EDUCATION; REGIONAL OFFICES

20 USC 1221c.

SEC. 503. (a) Section 403 of such Act is amended to read as follows:

“THE OFFICE OF EDUCATION

“SEC. 403. (a) There shall be an Office of Education (hereinafter in this section referred to as the ‘Office’) which shall be the primary agency of the Federal Government responsible for the administration of programs of financial assistance to educational agencies, institutions, and organizations. The Office shall have such responsibilities and authorities as may be vested in the Commissioner by law or delegated to the Commissioner in accordance with law.

“(b) The Office shall be headed by the Commissioner of Education who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and who shall be subject to the direction and supervision of the Secretary.

“(c) (1) The Office shall, consistent with such organization thereof which is provided by law, be divided into bureaus, and such bureaus shall be divided into divisions as the Commissioner determines appropriate.

“(2) (A) There shall be regional offices of the Office established in such places as the Commissioner, after consultation with the Assistant Secretary, shall determine. Such regional offices shall carry out such functions as are specified in subparagraph (B).

“(B) The regional offices shall serve as centers for the dissemination of information about the activities of the agencies in the Education Division and provide technical assistance to State and local educational agencies, institutions of higher education, and other educational agencies, institutions, and organizations and to individuals and other groups having an interest in Federal education activities.

“(C) The Commissioner shall not delegate to any employee in any regional office any function which was not carried out, in accordance with regulations effective prior to June 1, 1973, by employees in such offices unless the delegation of such function to employees in regional offices is expressly authorized by law enacted after the enactment of the Education Amendments of 1974.

“(3) The Commissioner shall submit to the Committee on Labor and Public Welfare of the Senate and the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives not later than November 1 of each year a report on the personnel needs and assignments of the Office.

Report to congressional committees.

Such report shall include a description (A) of the manner in which the Office is organized and the personnel of the Office are assigned to the various functions of that agency and (B) of personnel needs of that agency in order to enable it to carry out its functions, as authorized by law.”

(b) The provisions of the amendments made by subsection (a) shall be effective on the tenth day after the date of enactment of this Act, except that the provisions of limitation set forth in section 403(c)(2)(C) of the General Education Provisions Act shall have effect on the date of such enactment, and shall be retroactive to June 1, 1973.

Effective date.
20 USC 1221c
note.

Ante, p. 560.

AMENDMENTS WITH RESPECT TO THE EDUCATION DIVISION

SEC. 504. (a) Section 401 of the General Education Provisions Act is amended to read as follows:

20 USC 1221a.

“THE EDUCATION DIVISION

“SEC. 401. (a) There shall be, within the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, an Education Division, composed of the agencies listed in subsection (b), which shall be headed by the Assistant Secretary.

“(b) (1) The Education Division shall be composed of the following agencies:

“(A) The Office of Education; and

“(B) The National Institute of Education.

“(2) In the Office of the Assistant Secretary there shall be a National Center for Education Statistics.”

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall be effective on the tenth day after the date of enactment of this Act.

Effective date.
20 USC 1221a
note.

AMENDMENTS WITH RESPECT TO APPLICABILITY, AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, AND OTHER GENERAL MATTERS

SEC. 505. (a) (1) Section 400 of the General Education Provisions Act is amended to read as follows:

20 USC 1221.

“SHORT TITLE; APPLICABILITY; DEFINITIONS; APPROPRIATIONS

“SEC. 400. (a) This title may be cited as the ‘General Education Provisions Act’.

“(b) Except where otherwise specified, the provisions of this title shall apply to any program for which an administrative head of an education agency has administrative responsibility as provided by law or by delegation of authority pursuant to law.

“(c) (1) For the purposes of this title, the term—

“(A) ‘applicable program’ means any program to which this title is, under the terms of subsection (b), applicable;

“(B) ‘applicable statute’ means—

“(i) the Act or the title, part or section of an Act, as the case may be, which authorizes the appropriation for an applicable program;

“(ii) this title; and

“(iii) any other statute which under its terms expressly controls the administration of an applicable program;

“(C) ‘Assistant Secretary’ means the Assistant Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare for Education;

“(D) ‘Commissioner’ means the Commissioner of Education;

“(E) ‘Director’ means the Director of the National Institute of Education; and

“(F) ‘Secretary’ means the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare.

42 USC 2000a
note.

“(2) Nothing in this title shall be construed to affect the applicability of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 to any program subject to the provisions of this title.

Appropriations.

“(3) No Act making appropriations to carry out an applicable program shall be considered an applicable statute.

Limitations.

“(d) Except as otherwise limited in this title, there are authorized to be appropriated for any fiscal year such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this title.

“(e) (1) The aggregate of the appropriations to the agencies in the Education Division and to the Office of the Assistant Secretary for any fiscal year shall not exceed the limitations set forth for that fiscal year in subparagraph (2).

“(2) (A) Except as is provided in subparagraph (B), the appropriations to which paragraph (1) applies—

“(i) shall not exceed \$7,500,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, \$8,000,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976, and \$9,000,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1977; and

“(ii) shall not exceed such amounts as may be authorized by the law and limited by this subparagraph.

“(B) The limitations set forth in subparagraph (A) shall not apply—

20 USC 1071.

20 USC 1132c,
1132d.

20 USC 1078a
note.

“(i) to uncontrollable expenditures under obligations created under part B of title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965, parts C and D of title VII of such Act, and the Emergency Insured Student Loan Act of 1969; and

“(ii) to any other expenditure under an obligation determined by the Commissioner pursuant to, or in accordance with, law to be an uncontrollable expenditure of the Office of Education.”

20 USC 1221g.

(2) Section 442(d) of the Education Amendments of 1972 is amended by striking out “400(c)” and inserting in lieu thereof “400(d)”.

Effective date.
20 USC 1221
note.

(b) The amendments made by subsection (a) shall be effective on the tenth day after the date of enactment of this Act.

REVISION OF APPROPRIATIONS AND EVALUATIONS PROVISIONS

20 USC 1221.

SEC. 506. (a) (1) Part B of the General Education Provisions Act is amended—

(A) by inserting immediately after the heading thereof the following:

“Subpart I—Appropriations”

20 USC 1222,
1224.

20 USC 1223,
20 USC 1225.

(B) by striking out section 411 and section 413;

(C) by redesignating section 412 as 411;

(D) by redesignating section 414 as section 412; and

(E) by striking out subsection (b) of such section 412, as redesignated by this paragraph, and adding in lieu thereof the following new subsections:

“(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, unless enacted in specific limitation of the provisions of this subsection, any funds from appropriations to carry out any programs to which this title is applicable during any fiscal year, ending prior to July 1, 1978, which are not obligated and expended by educational agencies or institutions prior to the beginning of the fiscal year succeeding the fiscal year for

which such funds were appropriated shall remain available for obligation and expenditure by such agencies and institutions during such succeeding fiscal year.

“(c) If any funds appropriated to carry out any applicable program are not obligated pursuant to a spending plan submitted in accordance with section 3679 (d) (2) of the Revised Statutes and become available for obligation after the institution of a judicial proceeding seeking the release of such funds, then such funds shall be available for obligation and expenditure until the end of the fiscal year which begins after the termination of such judicial proceeding.”

31 USC 665.

(2) Part B of such Act is further amended—

Ante, p. 562.
20 USC 1226.

(A) by redesignating section 415 as 413; and

(B) by adding immediately after section 413, as redesignated by this paragraph, the following new section:

“CONTINGENT EXTENSION OF PROGRAMS

“SEC. 414. (a) Unless the Congress in the regular session which ends prior to the beginning of the terminal fiscal year—

20 USC 1226a.

“(1) of the authorization of appropriations for an applicable program; or

“(2) of the duration of an applicable program; either—

“(A) has passed or has formally rejected legislation which would have the effect of extending the authorization or duration (as the case may be) of that program; or

“(B) by action of either the House of Representatives or the Senate, approves a resolution stating that the provisions of this section shall no longer apply to such program;

such authorization or duration is hereby automatically extended for one additional fiscal year. The amount appropriated for such additional year shall not exceed the amount which the Congress could, under the terms of the law for which the appropriation is made, have appropriated for such program during such terminal year.

“(b) (1) For the purposes of clause (A) of subsection (a), the Congress shall not have been deemed to have passed legislation unless such legislation becomes law.

“(2) In any case where the Commissioner is required under an applicable statute to carry out certain acts or make certain determinations which are necessary for the continuation of an applicable program, if such acts or determinations are required during the terminal year of such program, such acts and determinations shall be required during any fiscal year in which that part of subsection (a) which follows clause (B) thereof is in operation.”

(3) Part B of such Act is further amended—

(A) by redesignating section 417 as section 419,

20 USC 1227.

(B) by striking out “section 400(c)” in such section 419, as redesignated by this paragraph, and inserting in lieu thereof “section 400(d)”, and

(C) by adding immediately after section 414, as added by paragraph (2) of this subsection, the following:

Supra.

“Subpart 2—Planning and Evaluation of Federal Education Activities

“PROGRAM PLANNING AND EVALUATION

“SEC. 416. Sums appropriated pursuant to section 400(d) may include for any fiscal year for which appropriations are otherwise

20 USC 1226b.
Ante, p. 561.

authorized under any applicable program not to exceed \$25,000,000 which shall be available to the Secretary, in accordance with regulations prescribed by him, for expenses, including grants, contracts, or other payments, for (1) planning for the succeeding year for any such program, and (2) evaluation of such programs.

“ANNUAL EVALUATION REPORTS

Transmittal to
congressional
committees.
20 USC 1226c.

“SEC. 417. (a) (1) Not later than November 1 of each year, the Secretary shall transmit to the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Labor and Public Welfare of the Senate an annual evaluation report which evaluates the effectiveness of applicable programs in achieving their legislated purposes together with recommendations relating to such programs for the improvement of such programs which will result in greater effectiveness in achieving such purposes. In the case of any evaluation report evaluating specific programs and projects, such report shall—

“(A) set forth goals and specific objectives in qualitative and quantitative terms for all programs and projects assisted under the applicable program concerned and relate those goals and objectives to the purposes of such program;

“(B) contain information on the progress being made during the previous fiscal year toward the achievement of such goals and objectives;

“(C) describe the cost and benefits of the applicable program being evaluated during the previous fiscal year and identify which sectors of the public receive the benefits of such program and bear the costs of such program;

“(D) contain plans for implementing corrective action and recommendations for new or amended legislation where warranted;

“(E) contain a listing identifying the principal analyses and studies supporting the major conclusions and recommendations in the report; and

“(F) be prepared in concise summary form with necessary detailed data and appendices.

Ante, p. 488.

Ante, p. 490.

“Educationally
disadvantaged
children.”

“(2) In the case of programs and projects assisted under title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, the report under this subsection shall include a survey of how many of the children counted under section 103(c) of such Act participate in such programs and projects, and how many of such children do not, and a survey of how many educationally disadvantaged children participate in such programs and projects, and how many educationally disadvantaged children do not. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the term ‘educationally disadvantaged children’ refers to children who are achieving one or more years behind the achievement expected at the appropriate grade level for such children.

“(b) Each evaluation report submitted pursuant to subsection (a) shall contain: (1) a brief description of each contract or grant for evaluation of any program (whether or not such contract or grant was made under section 416) any part of the performance of which occurred during the preceding year, (2) the name of the firm or individual who is to carry out the evaluation, and (3) the amount to be paid under the contract or grant.

“RENEWAL EVALUATION REPORTS

20 USC 1226d.

“SEC. 418. (a) In the case of any applicable program for which—

“(1) the authorization of appropriations expires; or

“(2) the time during which payments or grants are to be made expires;
not later than one year prior to the date of such expiration, the Assistant Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Labor and Public Welfare of the Senate a comprehensive evaluation report on such program.

“(b) Any comprehensive evaluation report submitted pursuant to subsection (a) shall contain—

“(1) a history of the program concerned, including—

“(A) a history of authorizations of appropriations, budget requests, appropriations, and expenditures for such programs;

“(B) a history of legislative recommendations with respect to such program made by the President and the disposition of such recommendations, and

“(C) a history of legislative changes made in applicable statutes with respect to such program;

“(2) assuming a continuation of such program, recommendations for improvements (including legislative changes and funding levels) in such program with a view toward achieving the legislative purposes of such program;

“(3) a compilation and summary of all evaluations of such program; and

“(4) a recommendation with respect to whether such program should be continued, and the date of its expiration, and the reasons for such recommendation.”.

(b) The amendments made by subsection (a) of this section shall become effective on the date of enactment of this Act.

Effective date.
20 USC 1223
note.

APPLICABILITY OF PART C

SEC. 507. (a) Section 421 of the General Education Provisions Act, and all references thereto, is redesignated as section 421A; and such Act is amended by inserting after the heading of part C of such Act the following new section:

20 USC 1231.

“APPLICABILITY

“SEC. 421. The provisions of this part shall apply to any program for which the Commissioner has administrative responsibility, as specified by law or by delegation of authority pursuant to law.”.

20 USC 1230.

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall be effective on and after July 1, 1974.

Effective date.
20 USC 1230
note.

PUBLICATION OF INDEXED COMPILATION OF INNOVATIVE PROJECTS; REVIEW OF APPLICATIONS

SEC. 508. (a) Part C of the General Education Provisions Act is amended by redesignating sections 424 through 427 as sections 426 through 429, respectively, and by inserting after section 423 the following new sections:

20 USC 1231c,
1231d, 1231e,
1231f.

“COMPILATION OF ASSISTED INNOVATIVE PROJECTS

“SEC. 424. The Assistant Secretary shall publish annually a compilation of all innovative projects assisted under programs administered in the Education Division, including title III and part C of title IV of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, in any

20 USC 1231b-1.

20 USC 841.
Ante, p. 543.

year funds are used to carry out such programs. Such compilation shall be indexed according to subject, descriptive terms, and locations.

“REVIEW OF APPLICATIONS

20 USC 1231b-2.

“SEC. 425. (a) In the case of any applicable program under which financial assistance is provided to (or through) a State educational agency to be expended in accordance with a State plan approved by the Commissioner, and in the case of the program provided for in title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, any applicant or recipient aggrieved by the final action of the State educational agency, and alleging a violation of State or Federal law, rules, regulations, or guidelines governing the applicable program, in (1) disapproving or failing to approve its application or program in whole or part, (2) failing to provide funds in amounts in accord with the requirements of laws and regulations, or (3) terminating further assistance for an approved program, may within thirty days request a hearing. Within thirty days after it receives such a request, the State educational agency shall hold a hearing on the record and shall review such final action. No later than ten days after the hearing the State educational agency shall issue its written ruling, including reasons therefor. If it determines such final action was contrary to Federal or State law, or the rules, regulations, and guidelines, governing such applicable program it shall rescind such final action.

20 USC 236.

Appeal.

“(b) Any applicant or recipient aggrieved by the failure of a State educational agency to rescind its final action after a review under such subsection (a) may appeal such action to the Commissioner. An appeal under this subsection may be taken only if notice of such appeal is filed with the Commissioner within twenty days after the applicant or recipient has been notified by the State educational agency of the results of its review under subsection (a). If, on such appeal, the Commissioner determines the final action of the State educational agency was contrary to Federal law, or the rules, regulations, and guidelines governing the applicable program, he shall issue an order to the State educational agency prescribing appropriate action to be taken by such agency. On such appeal, findings of fact of the State educational agency, if supported by substantial evidence, shall be final. The Commissioner may also issue such interim orders to State educational agencies as he may deem necessary and appropriate pending appeal or review.

Records, availability.

“(c) Each State educational agency shall make available at reasonable times and places to each applicant or recipient under a program to which this section applies all records of such agency pertaining to any review or appeal such applicant or recipient is conducting under this section, including records of other applicants.

Noncompliance.

“(d) If any State educational agency fails or refuses to comply with any provision of this section, or with any order of the Commissioner under subsection (b), the Commissioner shall forthwith terminate all assistance to the State educational agency under the applicable program affected.”

Effective date.
20 USC 1231b-1
note.

(b) The amendments made by subsection (a) shall be effective on the date of enactment of this Act.

AMENDMENTS TO SECTION 431 OF THE GENERAL EDUCATION PROVISIONS ACT RELATING TO RULES, REGULATIONS, AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS OF GENERAL APPLICABILITY

20 USC 1232.

SEC. 509. (a) (1) Section 431 (b) of the General Education Provisions Act is amended by inserting “(1)” after “(b)” and by adding at the end thereof the following:

“(2) (A) During the thirty-day period prior to the date upon which such standard, rule, regulation, or general requirement is to be effective, the Commissioner shall, in accordance with the provisions of section 553 of title 5, United States Code, offer any interested party an opportunity to make comment upon, and take exception to, such standard, rule, regulation, or general requirement and shall reconsider any such standard, rule, regulation, or general requirement upon which comment is made or to which exception is taken.

“(B) If the Commissioner determines that the thirty-day requirement in paragraph (1) will cause undue delay in the implementation of a regulation, thereby causing extreme hardship for the intended beneficiaries of an applicable program, he shall notify the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Labor and Public Welfare of the Senate. If neither committee disagrees with the determination of the Commissioner within 10 days after such notice, the Commissioner may waive such requirement with respect to such regulation.”

(2) Section 431 of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsections:

“(d) (1) Concurrently with the publication in the Federal Register of any standard, rule, regulation, or requirement of general applicability as required in subsection (b) of this section, such standard, rule, regulation, or requirement shall be transmitted to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate. Such standard, rule, regulation, or requirement shall become effective not less than forty-five days after such transmission unless the Congress shall, by concurrent resolution, find that the standard, rule, regulation, or requirement is inconsistent with the Act from which it derives its authority, and disapprove such standard, rule, regulation, or requirement.

“(2) The forty-five-day period specified in paragraph (1) shall be deemed to run without interruption except during periods when either House is in adjournment sine die, in adjournment subject to the call of the Chair, or in adjournment to a day certain for a period of more than four consecutive days. In any such period of adjournment, the forty-five days shall continue to run, but if such period of adjournment is thirty calendar days, or less, the forty-five-day period shall not be deemed to have elapsed earlier than ten days after the end of such adjournment. In any period of adjournment which lasts more than thirty days, the forty-five-day period shall be deemed to have elapsed after thirty calendar days has elapsed, unless, during those thirty calendar days, either the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives, or the Committee on Labor and Public Welfare of the Senate, or both, shall have directed its chairman, in accordance with said committee's rules, and the rules of that House, to transmit to the appropriate department or agency head a formal statement of objection to the proposed standard, rule, regulation, or requirement. Such letter shall suspend the effective date of the standard, rule, regulation, or requirement until not less than twenty days after the end of such adjournment, during which the Congress may enact the concurrent resolution provided for in this subsection. In no event shall the standard, rule, regulation, or requirement go into effect until the forty-five-day period shall have elapsed, as provided for in this subsection, for both Houses of the Congress.

“(e) Whenever a concurrent resolution of disapproval is enacted by the Congress under the provisions of this section, the agency which issued such standard, rule, regulation, or requirement may thereafter issue a modified standard, rule, regulation, or requirement to

Waiver.

Ante, p. 566.

Transmittal to Speaker of the House and President of the Senate.

Effective date.

govern the same or substantially identical circumstances, but shall, in publishing such modification in the Federal Register and submitting it to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate, indicate how the modification differs from the proposed standard, rule, regulation, or requirement of general applicability earlier disapproved, and how the agency believes the modification disposes of the findings by the Congress in the concurrent resolution of disapproval.

“(f) For the purposes of subsections (d) and (e) of this section, activities under sections 404, 405, and 406 of this title, and under title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 shall be deemed to be applicable programs.

“(g) Not later than sixty days after the enactment of any part of any Act affecting the administration of any applicable program, the Commissioner shall submit to the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Labor and Public Welfare of the Senate a schedule in accordance with which the Commissioner has planned to promulgate rules, regulations, and guidelines implementing such Act or part of such Act. Such schedule shall provide that all such rules, regulations, and guidelines shall be promulgated within one hundred and eighty days after the submission of such schedule. Except as is provided in the following sentence, all such rules, regulations, and guidelines shall be promulgated in accordance with such schedule. If the Commissioner finds that, due to circumstances unforeseen at the time of the submission of any such schedule, he cannot comply with a schedule submitted pursuant to this subsection, he shall notify such committees of such finding and submit a new schedule. If both such committees notify the Commissioner of their approval of such new schedule, such rules, regulations, and guidelines shall be promulgated in accordance with such new schedule.”

(b) The amendment made by paragraph (2) of subsection (a) shall be effective on the date of enactment of this Act and shall be effective with respect to the provisions of this Act.

AUDITS AND RECORDKEEPING

SEC. 510. Section 434(a) of the General Education Provisions Act is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 434. (a) (1) Each recipient of Federal funds under any applicable program through any grant, subgrant, contract, subcontract, loan, or other arrangement entered into (other than by formal advertising) shall keep such records as the Assistant Secretary shall prescribe, including records which fully disclose the amount and disposition by such recipient of the proceeds of such assistance, the total cost of the project or undertaking in connection with which such funds are given or used, the amount of that portion of the cost of the project or undertaking supplied by other sources, and such other records as will facilitate an effective audit.

“(2) The Secretary and the Comptroller General of the United States, or any of their duly authorized representatives, shall, until the expiration of five years after the completion of the project or undertaking to which reference is made in paragraph (1), have access, for the purpose of audit and examination, to any books, documents, papers, and records of such recipients which, in the opinion of the Comptroller General, after consultation with the Assistant Secretary, may be related, or pertinent to, the grants, subgrants, contracts, subcontracts, loans, or other arrangements to which reference is made in paragraph (1).”

20 USC 1221d,
1221e.

Ante, p. 556.

20 USC 1681.

Schedule, submittal to congressional committees.

Effective date.
20 USC 1232 note.

84 Stat. 169;
86 Stat. 326.
20 USC 1232c.

SIMPLIFIED STATE APPLICATION

20 USC 1232c.

SEC. 511. (a) Section 434 of the General Education Provisions Act is amended by striking out subsection (b) thereof and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“(b) (1) (A) In the case of any State which applies, contracts, or submits a plan, for participation in any applicable program in which Federal funds are made available for assistance to local educational agencies through, or under the supervision of the State educational agency of that State, such State shall submit to, and maintain on file with, the Commissioner a general application meeting the requirements of this subsection. Such general application shall (i) provide for the submission by the State and approval by the Commissioner of an annual program plan with respect to the particular programs in which the State desires to participate and (ii) provide assurances—

“(I) that the State will, through its State educational agency, provide for such methods of administration as are necessary for the proper and efficient administration of the programs to which the general application applies;

“(II) that the State will make provision for such fiscal control and fund accounting procedures as may be necessary to assure proper disbursement of, and accounting for, Federal funds paid to the States under any applicable program;

“(III) that the State will make provision for making such reports as the Commissioner may require to carry out his functions;

“(IV) that the State will follow such policies and use such methods and practices of administration as will insure that non-Federal funds will not be supplanted by Federal funds; and

“(V) that the State will submit to, and have approved by, the Commissioner an annual program plan in accordance with subparagraph (B).

“(B) The annual program plan submitted by any State for any fiscal year with respect to any program to which this paragraph applies shall—

Annual program plan.

“(i) be prepared and administered in a manner consistent with specific State plan requirements of the appropriate applicable statutes affecting the program for which the annual program plan is applicable;

“(ii) set forth a statement describing the purposes for which Federal funds will be expended during the fiscal year for which the annual program plan is submitted; and

“(iii) comply in all other respects with the specific requirements of the appropriate applicable statutes.

“(2) In accordance with determinations and regulations of the Commissioner, the requirements of paragraph (1) shall be in lieu of comparable requirements for State plans in applicable statutes authorizing appropriations for programs to which paragraph (1) applies.

“(3) In the case of any application for assistance under any applicable program to which paragraph (1) does not apply and with respect to which the Commissioner determines that this section would simplify the administration of an applicable program, each such application shall be submitted to the Commissioner at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Commissioner shall prescribe by regulation and, as a precondition for approval, shall—

“(A) provide for such methods of administration as are necessary for the proper and efficient administration of the program or project for which application is made;

“(B) make provision for such fiscal control and fund accounting procedures as may be necessary to assure proper disbursement of, and accounting for, Federal funds paid to the applicant under the application; and

“(C) provide for making such reports as the Commissioner may require to carry out his functions.

Noncompliance.

“(c) Whenever the Commissioner, after reasonable notice and an opportunity for hearing, finds that there has been a failure, by any recipient of funds under any applicable program, to comply substantially with the terms to which such recipient has agreed in order to receive such funds, the Commissioner shall notify such recipient that further payments will not be made to such recipient under that program until he is satisfied that such recipient no longer fails to comply with such terms. Until the Commissioner is so satisfied, no further payments shall be made to such recipient. Pending the outcome of any termination proceeding initiated under this paragraph, the Commissioner may suspend payments to such recipient, after such recipient has been given reasonable notice and opportunity to show cause why such action should not be taken.

Judicial review.

“(d) (1) If any State has submitted an application for funds under any applicable program under which appropriations for such program are, by the applicable statute, allotted or apportioned among the States or under which the State (or local educational agencies in that State) is entitled to a portion of an appropriation therefor and the Commissioner disapproves such application, or if the Commissioner withholds payments to a State under paragraph (1) of subsection (c), that State shall be entitled to judicial review of the actions of the Commissioner in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph.

“(2) (A) If any State, under circumstances qualifying for judicial review under this paragraph, desires judicial review of the Commissioner's action, such State may, within sixty days of such action, file with the United States Court of Appeals for the circuit in which such State is located a petition for review of such action. A copy of the petition shall be forthwith transmitted by the clerk of the court to the Commissioner. The Commissioner thereupon shall file in the court the record of the proceedings on which he based the action brought under this division, as provided in section 2112 of title 28, United States Code.

“(B) The findings of fact by the Commissioner, if supported by substantial evidence, shall be conclusive; but the court, for good cause shown, may remand the case to the Commissioner to take further evidence, and the Commissioner may thereupon make new or modified findings of fact and may modify his previous action, and shall certify to the court the record of the further proceedings. Such new or modified findings of fact shall likewise be conclusive if supported by substantial evidence.

“(C) The court shall have jurisdiction to affirm the action of the Commissioner or to set it aside, in whole or in part. The judgment of the court shall be subject to review by the Supreme Court of the United States upon certiorari or certification as provided in section 1254 of title 28, United States Code.

“Application.”

“(e) For the purposes of this section, the term ‘application’ includes—

“(1) an application for a grant;

“(2) an offer to make a contract;

“(3) a State plan for the administration of an applicable program;

“(4) State assurances with respect to the administration of such a program; and

“(5) any other methods for seeking Federal funds from the Commissioner of Education; under which an agency, institution, organization, or other organized entity may become the recipient of Federal funds.”

(b) (1) The amendments made by subsection (a) shall be effective on and after July 1, 1974.

(2) Nothing in the amendment made by subsection (a) shall be construed to affect the applicability of chapter 5 of title 5, United States Code, to the Office of Education or actions by the Commissioner.

Effective date.
20 USC 1232c
note.
20 USC 1232c
note.
5 USC 500.

FURNISHING INFORMATION

SEC. 512. (a) Part C of the General Education Provisions Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

“RESPONSIBILITY OF STATES TO FURNISH INFORMATION

“SEC. 437. (a) The Commissioner shall require that each State submit to him, within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, a report on the uses of Federal funds in that State under any applicable program for which the State is responsible for administration. Such report shall—

Report to Commissioner.
20 USC 1232f.

“(1) list all grants and contracts made under such program to the local educational agencies and other public and private agencies and institutions within such State during such year;

“(2) include the total amount of funds available to the State under each such program for such fiscal year and specify from which appropriation Act or Acts these funds were available;

“(3) with respect to the second preceding fiscal year, include a compilation of reports from local educational agencies and other public and private agencies and institutions within such State which sets forth the amount of such Federal funds received by each such agency and the purposes for which such funds were expended;

“(4) with respect to such second preceding fiscal year, include a statistical report on the individuals served or affected by programs, projects, or activities assisted with such Federal funds; and

“(5) be made readily available by the State to local educational agencies and other public and private agencies and institutions within the State, and to the public.

“(b) On or before October 15 of each year, the Commissioner shall submit to the Committee on Labor and Public Welfare of the Senate and to the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives an analysis of these reports and a compilation of statistical data derived therefrom.”

Report analysis and statistical data, submittal to congressional committees.

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall be effective upon enactment of this Act.

Effective date.
20 USC 1232f
note.

PROTECTION OF THE RIGHTS AND PRIVACY OF PARENTS AND STUDENTS

SEC. 513. (a) Part C of the General Education Provisions Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974.

“PROTECTION OF THE RIGHTS AND PRIVACY OF PARENTS AND STUDENTS

“SEC. 438. (a) (1) No funds shall be made available under any applicable program to any State or local educational agency, any institution of higher education, any community college, any school, agency

20 USC 1232g.

offering a preschool program, or any other educational institution which has a policy of denying, or which effectively prevents, the parents of students attending any school of such agency, or attending such institution of higher education, community college, school, preschool, or other educational institution, the right to inspect and review any and all official records, files, and data directly related to their children, including all material that is incorporated into each student's cumulative record folder, and intended for school use or to be available to parties outside the school or school system, and specifically including, but not necessarily limited to, identifying data, academic work completed, level of achievement (grades, standardized achievement test scores), attendance data, scores on standardized intelligence, aptitude, and psychological tests, interest inventory results, health data, family background information, teacher or counselor ratings and observations, and verified reports of serious or recurrent behavior patterns. Where such records or data include information on more than one student, the parents of any student shall be entitled to receive, or be informed of, that part of such record or data as pertains to their child. Each recipient shall establish appropriate procedures for the granting of a request by parents for access to their child's school records within a reasonable period of time, but in no case more than forty-five days after the request has been made.

Hearing.

"(2) Parents shall have an opportunity for a hearing to challenge the content of their child's school records, to insure that the records are not inaccurate, misleading, or otherwise in violation of the privacy or other rights of students, and to provide an opportunity for the correction or deletion of any such inaccurate, misleading, or otherwise inappropriate data contained therein.

Release of records, parental consent requirement.

"(b) (1) No funds shall be made available under any applicable program to any State or local educational agency, any institution of higher education, any community college, any school, agency offering a preschool program, or any other educational institution which has a policy of permitting the release of personally identifiable records or files (or personal information contained therein) of students without the written consent of their parents to any individual, agency, or organization, other than to the following—

"(A) other school officials, including teachers within the educational institution or local educational agency who have legitimate educational interests;

"(B) officials of other schools or school systems in which the student intends to enroll, upon condition that the student's parents be notified of the transfer, receive a copy of the record if desired, and have an opportunity for a hearing to challenge the content of the record;

"(C) authorized representatives of (i) the Comptroller General of the United States, (ii) the Secretary, (iii) an administrative head of an education agency (as defined in section 409 of this Act), or (iv) State educational authorities, under the conditions set forth in paragraph (3) of this subsection; and

"(D) in connection with a student's application for, or receipt of, financial aid.

"(2) No funds shall be made available under any applicable program to any State or local educational agency, any institution of higher education, any community college, any school, agency offering a preschool program, or any other educational institution which has a policy or practice of furnishing, in any form, any personally identifiable information contained in personal school records, to any persons other than those listed in subsection (b) (1) unless—

“(A) there is written consent from the student’s parents specifying records to be released, the reasons for such release, and to whom, and with a copy of the records to be released to the student’s parents and the student if desired by the parents, or

“(B) such information is furnished in compliance with judicial order, or pursuant to any lawfully issued subpoena, upon condition that parents and the students are notified of all such orders or subpoenas in advance of the compliance therewith by the educational institution or agency.

“(3) Nothing contained in this section shall preclude authorized representatives of (A) the Comptroller General of the United States, (B) the Secretary, (C) an administrative head of an education agency or (D) State educational authorities from having access to student or other records which may be necessary in connection with the audit and evaluation of Federally-supported education program, or in connection with the enforcement of the Federal legal requirements which relate to such programs: *Provided*, That, except when collection of personally identifiable data is specifically authorized by Federal law, any data collected by such officials with respect to individual students shall not include information (including social security numbers) which would permit the personal identification of such students or their parents after the data so obtained has been collected.

Records, accessibility for audit.

“(4) (A) With respect to subsections (c) (1) and (c) (2) and (c) (3), all persons, agencies, or organizations desiring access to the records of a student shall be required to sign a written form which shall be kept permanently with the file of the student, but only for inspection by the parents or student, indicating specifically the legitimate educational or other interest that each person, agency, or organization has in seeking this information. Such form shall be available to parents and to the school official responsible for record maintenance as a means of auditing the operation of the system.

Written request.

“(B) With respect to this subsection, personal information shall only be transferred to a third party on the condition that such party will not permit any other party to have access to such information without the written consent of the parents of the student.

“(c) The Secretary shall adopt appropriate regulations to protect the rights of privacy of students and their families in connection with any surveys or data-gathering activities conducted, assisted, or authorized by the Secretary or an administrative head of an education agency. Regulations established under this subsection shall include provisions controlling the use, dissemination, and protection of such data. No survey or data-gathering activities shall be conducted by the Secretary, or an administrative head of an education agency under an applicable program, unless such activities are authorized by law.

Surveys.

“(d) For the purposes of this section, whenever a student has attained eighteen years of age, or is attending an institution of postsecondary education the permission or consent required of and the rights accorded to the parents of the student shall thereafter only be required of and accorded to the student.

“(e) No funds shall be made available under any applicable program unless the recipient of such funds informs the parents of students, or the students, if they are eighteen years of age or older, or are attending an institution of postsecondary education, of the rights accorded them by this section.

“(f) The Secretary, or an administrative head of an education agency, shall take appropriate actions to enforce provisions of this section and to deal with violations of this section, according to the provisions of this Act, except that action to terminate assistance may

be taken only if the Secretary finds there has been a failure to comply with the provisions of this section, and he has determined that compliance cannot be secured by voluntary means.

“(g) The Secretary shall establish or designate an office and review board within the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare for the purpose of investigating, processing, reviewing, and adjudicating violations of the provisions of this section and complaints which may be filed concerning alleged violations of this section, according to the procedures contained in sections 434 and 437 of this Act.”

Ante, pp. 568-571.
Effective date.
20 USC 1232g
note.

(b) (1) (i) The provisions of this section shall become effective ninety days after the date of enactment of section 438 of the General Education Provisions Act.

20 USC 1232g
note.

(2) (i) This section may be cited as the “Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974”.

PROTECTION OF PUPIL RIGHTS

Ante, p. 571.

SEC. 514. (a) Part C of the General Education Provisions Act is further amended by adding after section 438 the following new section:

“PROTECTION OF PUPIL RIGHTS

20 USC 1232h.

“SEC. 439. All instructional material, including teacher’s manuals, films, tapes, or other supplementary instructional material which will be used in connection with any research or experimentation program or project shall be available for inspection by the parents or guardians of the children engaged in such program or project. For the purpose of this section ‘research or experimentation program or project’ means any program or project in any applicable program designed to explore or develop new or unproven teaching methods or techniques.”

Definition.

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall be effective upon enactment of this Act.

Effective date.
20 USC 1232h
note.

LIMITATION ON WITHHOLDING OF FEDERAL FUNDS

Supra.

SEC. 515. (a) Part C of the General Education Provisions Act is further amended by adding after section 439 the following new section:

“LIMITATION ON WITHHOLDING OF FEDERAL FUNDS

20 USC 1232i.
Ante, p. 572.

“SEC. 440. Except as provided in section 438(b) (1) (D) of this Act, the refusal of a State or local educational agency or institution of higher education, community college, school, agency offering a pre-school program, or other educational institution to provide personally identifiable data on students or their families, as a part of any applicable program, to any Federal office, agency, department, or other third party, on the grounds that it constitutes a violation of the right to privacy and confidentiality of students or their parents, shall not constitute sufficient grounds for the suspension or termination of Federal assistance. Such a refusal shall also not constitute sufficient grounds for a denial of, a refusal to consider, or a delay in the consideration of, funding for such a recipient in succeeding fiscal years. In the case of any dispute arising under this section, reasonable notice and opportunity for a hearing shall be afforded the applicant.”

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall be effective upon enactment of this Act.

Effective date.
20 USC 1232i
note.

APPOINTMENT OF MEMBERS OF AND FUNCTIONING OF ADVISORY COUNCILS

SEC. 516. (a) Section 443 of the General Education Provisions Act is amended by inserting "(a)" after "Sec. 433." and by adding at the end thereof the following:

20 USC 1233b.

"(b) Where the President fails to appoint a member to fill a vacancy in the membership of a Presidential advisory council within sixty days after it occurs (or after the effective date of the statute creating such council), then the Secretary shall immediately appoint a member to fill such vacancy."

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall be effective upon enactment of this Act.

Effective date.
20 USC 1233b
note.

OTHER AMENDMENTS RELATING TO ADVISORY COUNCILS

SEC. 517. (a) (1) Section 445 of the General Education Provisions Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

20 USC 1233d.

"(d) No employee of an advisory council, appointed and compensated pursuant to this section, shall be compensated at a rate in excess of that which such employee would receive if such employee were appointed subject to the appropriate provisions of title 5, United States Code, regarding appointments to, and compensation with respect to, the competitive service, except that—

5 USC 101 et
seq.

"(1) executive directors of Presidential advisory councils shall be compensated at the rate specified for employees placed in grade 18 of the General Schedule set forth in section 5332 of such title 5;

5 USC 5332
note.

"(2) executive directors of all other statutory advisory councils shall be compensated at the rate provided for employees in grade 15 of such General Schedule; and

"(3) in accordance with regulations promulgated by the Assistant Secretary, other employees of advisory councils shall be compensated at such rates as may be necessary to enable such advisory councils to accomplish their purposes."

(2) Such section 445 is amended by striking out "Commissioner" where it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "Assistant Secretary."

(b) Section 447(b) of the General Education Provisions Act is amended by striking out "each statutory advisory council" and inserting in lieu thereof "each advisory council which is subject to the operation of this part".

20 USC 1233f.

RELATION TO OTHER LAWS

SEC. 518. (a) Part D of the General Education Provisions Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

20 USC 1233.

"RELATION TO OTHER LAWS

"SEC. 449. (a) No provision of any law establishing, authorizing the establishment of, or controlling the operation of, an advisory council which is not consistent with the provisions of this part shall apply to any advisory council to which this part applies.

20 USC 1233h.

"(b) The provisions of subsections (e) and (f) of section 10 of the Federal Advisory Committee Act shall not apply to Presidential advisory councils (as defined in section 441)."

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall be effective upon enactment of this Act.

20 USC 1233h
note.

OFFICE OF LIBRARIES AND LEARNING RESOURCES

Establishment.
20 USC 1221i.

SEC. 519. (a) There is established, in the Office of Education, an Office of Libraries and Learning Resources (hereafter in this section referred to as the "Office"), through which the Commissioner shall administer all programs in the Office of Education related to assistance for, and encouragement of, libraries and information centers and education technology.

(b) The Office shall be headed by a Director, to whom the Commissioner shall delegate his delegable functions with respect to the programs administered through the Office.

TITLE VI—EXTENSION AND REVISION OF RELATED
ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION
PROGRAMS

PART A—ADULT EDUCATION

DEFINITION OF "COMMUNITY SCHOOL PROGRAM"

20 USC 1202.

SEC. 601. Section 303 of the Adult Education Act is amended by (1) redesignating subsections (e), (f), (g), (h), and (i), and all references thereto, as subsections (f), (g), (h), (i), and (j), respectively, and (2) inserting after subsection (d) the following new subsection:

"(e) The term 'community school program' is a program in which a public building, including but not limited to a public elementary or secondary school or a community or junior college, is used as a community center operated in conjunction with other groups in the community, community organizations, and local governmental agencies, to provide educational, recreational, cultural, and other related community services for the community that center serves in accordance with the needs, interests, and concerns of that community."

SPECIAL PROJECTS RESERVATION ELIMINATED

20 USC 1203.

Sec. 602. Section 304 of the Adult Education Act is amended (1) by striking out subsection (a), and (2) by striking out in subsection (b) the following: "(b) From the remainder of such sums, the" and inserting in lieu thereof "The".

NEW STATE PLAN REQUIREMENTS

20 USC 1205.

SEC. 603. (a) Section 306 of the Adult Education Act is amended by redesignating clauses (6), (7), (8), and (9), and all references thereto, as clauses (8), (9), (10), and (11), respectively, and by inserting after clause (5) of such section the following new clauses:

"(6) provide for cooperation with manpower development and training programs and occupational education programs, and for coordination of programs carried on under this title with other programs, including reading improvement programs, designed to provide reading instruction for adults carried on by State and local agencies;

"(7) provide that such agency will make available not to exceed 20 per centum of the State's allotment for programs of equivalency for a certificate of graduation from a secondary school;"

(b) Section 306(a)(1) of such Act is amended by inserting after "adult population" the following: ", including institutionalized persons," and by inserting before the semicolon at the end thereof a

comma and the following: "That not to exceed 20 per centum of the funds used to carry out this Act for any fiscal year may be used for the education of institutionalized persons".

USE OF FUNDS FOR SPECIAL PROJECTS

SEC. 604. Section 309 of the Adult Education Act is amended to read as follows:

20 USC 1208.

"USE OF FUNDS FOR SPECIAL EXPERIMENTAL DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS AND TEACHER TRAINING

"SEC. 309. Of the funds allotted to a State under section 305 for a fiscal year, not less than 15 per centum shall be used for—

"(1) special projects which will be carried out in furtherance of the purposes of this title, and which—

"(A) involve the use of innovative methods, systems, materials, or programs which may have national significance or be of special value in promoting effective programs under this title, or

"(B) involve programs of adult education which are part of community school programs, carried out in cooperation with other Federal, federally assisted, State, or local programs which have unusual promise in promoting a comprehensive or coordinated approach to the problems of persons with educational deficiencies; and

"(2) training persons engaged, or preparing to engage, as personnel in programs designed to carry out the purposes of this title."

CLEARINGHOUSE ON ADULT EDUCATION

SEC. 605. The Adult Education Act is amended by inserting immediately after section 309 thereof the following new section:

Supra.

"CLEARINGHOUSE ON ADULT EDUCATION

"SEC. 309A. The Commissioner shall establish and operate a clearinghouse on adult education, which shall collect and disseminate to the public information pertaining to the education of adults and adult education programs, together with ways of coordinating adult education programs with manpower and other education programs. The Commissioner is authorized to enter into contracts with public agencies or private organizations to operate the clearinghouse established or designated under this section."

20 USC 1208-1.

Contract authority.

STATE ADVISORY COUNCILS

SEC. 606. The Adult Education Act is amended by inserting immediately after section 310 thereof the following new section:

"STATE ADVISORY COUNCILS

"SEC. 310A. (a) Any State which receives assistance under this title may establish and maintain a State advisory council, or may designate and maintain an existing State advisory council, which shall be, or has been, appointed by the Governor or, in the case of a State in which members of the State board which governs the State education agency are elected (including election by the State legislature), by such board.

20 USC 1208b.

“(b) (1) Such a State advisory council shall include as members persons who, by reason of experience or training, are knowledgeable in the field of adult education or who are officials of the State educational agency or of local educational agencies of that State, persons who are or have received adult educational services, and persons who are representative of the general public.

“(2) Such a State advisory council, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Commissioner, shall—

“(A) advise the State educational agency on the development of, and policy matters arising in, the administration of the State plan approval pursuant to section 306;

“(B) advise with respect to long-range planning and studies to evaluate adult education programs, services, and activities assisted under this Act; and

“(C) prepare and submit to the State educational agency, and to the National Advisory Council for Adult Education established pursuant to section 310, an annual report of its recommendations, accompanied by such additional comments of the State educational agency as that agency deems appropriate.

“(c) Upon the appointment of any such advisory council, the appointing authority under subsection (a) of this section shall inform the Commissioner of the establishment of, and membership of, its State advisory council. The Commissioner shall, upon receiving such information, certify that each such council is in compliance with the membership requirements set forth in subsection (b) (1) of this section.

“(d) Each such State advisory council shall meet within thirty days after certification has been accepted by the Commissioner under subsection (c) of this section and select from among its membership a chairman. The time, place, and manner of subsequent meetings shall be provided by the rules of the State advisory council, except that such rules shall provide that each such council meet at least four times each year, including at least one public meeting at which the public is given the opportunity to express views concerning adult education.

“(e) Each such State advisory council is authorized to obtain the services of such professional, technical, and clerical personnel as may be necessary to enable them to carry out their functions under this section.”

AMENDMENTS RELATING TO BILINGUAL EDUCATION

SEC. 607. (a) Section 306(a) of the Adult Education Act is amended by striking out “and” at the end of clause (10) of such section, by redesignating clause (11), and all references thereto, as clause (12), and by adding after clause (10) the following new clause:

“(11) provide that special assistance be given to the needs of persons of limited English-speaking ability (as defined in section 703(a) of title VII of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965), by providing bilingual adult education programs in which instruction is given in English and, to the extent necessary to allow such persons to progress effectively through the adult education program, in the native language of such persons, carried out in coordination with programs of bilingual education assisted under such title VII and bilingual vocational education programs under the Vocational Education Act of 1963; and”

(b) (1) Section 309(b) (1) of such Act is amended by inserting a comma and “including methods for educating persons of limited English-speaking ability” immediately after “methods”.

Ante, p. 576;
Infra.

Annual report.

20 USC 1208a.

Ante, p. 576.

Ante, p. 504.

Ante, p. 503.

20 USC 1241

note.

20 USC 1208.

(2) Section 309(b) (2) of such Act is amended by inserting a comma and “including education for persons of limited English-speaking ability” immediately after “education”. 20 USC 1208.

(3) Section 311(b) of such Act is amended by inserting a comma and “including education for persons of limited English-speaking ability in which instruction is given in English and, to the extent necessary to allow such persons to progress effectively through the adult education program, in the native language of such persons” immediately after “adult education”. 20 USC 1209.

EXTENSION OF AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS; TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS

SEC. 608. (a) Section 313(a) of the Adult Education Act is amended— 20 USC 1211.

(1) by striking out “section 310” and inserting in lieu thereof “sections 310 and 314”;

(2) by striking out the word “and” after “June 30, 1971,”; and

(3) by inserting after “June 30, 1973,” the following: “\$150,000,000 for each of the fiscal years ending June 30, 1974, and June 30, 1975, \$175,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976, and \$200,000,000 for each of the fiscal years ending June 30, 1977, and June 30, 1978: *Provided*, That, effective with respect to fiscal years after June 30, 1974, grants to each State under section 305 shall not be less than 90 per centum of the grants made to such State agencies in fiscal year 1973.”

(b) Section 314(d) of such Act, is amended by striking out “two” and inserting after “years” the following: “ending prior to July 1, 1978”. 20 USC 1211a.

EFFECTIVE DATES

SEC. 609. (a) The amendments made by this part shall be effective on the date of enactment of this Act, except that— 20 USC 1202 note.

(1) the amendments made by section 608 shall be effective on and after July 1, 1973; and

(2) the amendments made by sections 603 and 607 shall be effective on, and with respect to appropriations for fiscal years beginning after June 30, 1973.

(b) The amendments made by sections 603 and 604 shall not take effect with respect to any multi-year program or project approved prior to the date of enactment of this Act.

PART B—EDUCATION OF THE HANDICAPPED

SHORT TITLE

SEC. 611. This title may be cited as the “Education of the Handicapped Amendments of 1974”. Education of the Handicapped Amendments of 1974.

BUREAU FOR THE EDUCATION AND TRAINING OF THE HANDICAPPED 20 USC 1402 note.

SEC. 612. (a) Section 603 of the Education of the Handicapped Act is amended by inserting “(a)” after “SEC. 603.” and by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection: 20 USC 1402.

“(b) (1) The Bureau established under subsection (a) shall be headed by a Deputy Commissioner of Education who shall be appointed by the Commissioner, who shall report directly to the Commissioner, be compensated at the rate specified for, and placed in, grade 18 of the General Schedule set forth in section 5332 of title 5, United States Code.

5 USC 5332 note.

"(2) In addition to such Deputy Commissioner, there shall be placed in such Bureau five positions for persons to assist the Deputy Commissioner in carrying out his duties, including the position of Associate Deputy Commissioner, and such positions shall be placed in grade 16 of the General Schedule set forth in section 5332 of title 5, United States Code."

5 USC 5332
note.
20 USC 1402
note.
Ante, p. 579.

(b) (1) The positions created by subsection (b) of section 603 of the Education of the Handicapped Act shall be in addition to the number of positions placed in the appropriate grades under section 5108 of title 5, United States Code, and such positions shall be in addition to, and without prejudice against, the number of positions otherwise placed in the Office of Education under such section 5108 or under other law. Nothing in this section shall be deemed as limiting the Commissioner from assigning additional General Schedule positions in grades 16, 17, and 18 to the Office should he determine such additions to be necessary to operate programs for educating handicapped children authorized by this Act.

Effective date.
20 USC 1402
note.

(2) The amendments made by subsection (a) shall become effective upon the enactment of this Act.

ADVISORY COMMITTEE

20 USC 1403.

SEC. 613. (a) Section 604(b) of the Education of the Handicapped Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "The Advisory Committee shall continue to exist until July 1, 1977."

(b) Section 604 of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(c) There are authorized to be appropriated for the purposes of this section \$100,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1974, and for each of the three succeeding fiscal years."

STATE ENTITLEMENTS

Effective date.
20 USC 1411
and note.

SEC. 614. (a) Effective for fiscal year 1975 only, section 611 of the Education of the Handicapped Act is amended to read as follows:

"GRANTS TO STATES FOR EDUCATION OF HANDICAPPED CHILDREN

"SEC. 611. (a) The Commissioner shall, in accordance with the provisions of this part, make payments to States for the purpose of assisting the States in the initiation, expansion, and improvement of programs and projects for the education of handicapped children at the pre-school, elementary school, and secondary school levels in order to provide full educational opportunities to all handicapped children. Such payments may be used for the early identification and assessment of handicapping conditions in children under three years of age.

20 USC 1412.

"(b) (1) Subject to the provisions of section 612, the maximum amount of the grant to which a State shall be entitled under this part shall be equal to—

"(A) the number of children aged three to twenty-one inclusive, in that State in the most recent fiscal year for which satisfactory data are available;

multiplied by—

"(B) \$8.75.

"State."

"(2) For the purpose of this subsection, the term 'State' does not include the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the Virgin Islands, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

“(c) (1) The jurisdictions to which this subsection applies are the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the Virgin Islands, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

“(2) Each jurisdiction to which this subsection applies shall, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, be entitled to a grant in an amount equal to an amount determined by the Commissioner, in accordance with criteria established by regulations, needed to initiate, expand, or improve programs and projects for the education of handicapped children at the preschool, elementary school, and secondary school levels, in that jurisdiction, except that the aggregate of the amount to which such jurisdictions are so entitled for any fiscal year shall not exceed an amount equal to 2 per centum of the aggregate of the amounts to which all States are entitled under subsection (b) of this section for that fiscal year. If the aggregate of the amounts, determined by the Commissioner pursuant to the preceding sentence, to be so needed for any fiscal year exceeds an amount equal to such 2 per centum limitation, the entitlement of each such jurisdiction shall be reduced proportionately until such aggregate does not exceed such 2 per centum limitation.

“(d) The Commissioner is authorized for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, to make payments to the Secretary of the Interior according to the need for such assistance for the education of handicapped children on reservations serviced by elementary and secondary schools operated for Indian children by the Department of the Interior, and the terms upon which payments for such purposes shall be made to the Secretary of the Interior shall be determined pursuant to such criteria as the Commissioner determines will best carry out the purposes of this part. The amount of such payment for any fiscal year shall not exceed 1 per centum of the aggregate amounts to which States are entitled under subsection (b) of this section for that fiscal year.”

Indian reservation schools, assistance.

(b) Effective for fiscal year 1975 only, section 612 of such Act is amended to read as follows:

Effective date, 20 USC 1412 and note.

“ALLOCATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS

“SEC. 612. (a) Sums appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, shall be made available to States and allocated to each State, on the basis of unsatisfied entitlements under section 611, in an amount equal to the amount it received from the appropriation for this part for the fiscal year 1974.

Ante, p. 580.

“(b) Any sums appropriated to carry out this part for any fiscal year which remain after allocations under subsection (a) of this section shall be made to States in accordance with entitlements created under section 611 (to the extent that such entitlements are unsatisfied) ratably reduced.

“(c) In the event that funds become available for making payments under this part for any fiscal year after allocations have been made under subsections (a) and (b) for that year, the amounts reduced under subsection (b) shall be increased on the same basis as they were reduced.”

(c) Effective for fiscal year 1975 only, section 613(a) of such Act is amended by striking out “desires to receive grants” in the first sentence of such subsection and inserting in lieu thereof “is entitled to receive payments”.

20 USC 1413 and note.

(d) Section 613(a) of such Act is further amended by (1) striking out the word “and” at the end of paragraph (10), (2) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (11) and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon, and (3) by adding at the end thereof the following two paragraphs:

“(12) (A) establish a goal of providing full educational opportunities to all handicapped children, and (B) provide for a procedure to assure that funds expended under this part are used to accomplish the goal set forth in (A) of this paragraph and priority in the utilization of funds under this part will be given to handicapped children who are not receiving an education; and

“(13) provide procedures for insuring that handicapped children and their parents or guardians are guaranteed procedural safeguards in decisions regarding identification, evaluation and educational placement of handicapped children including, but not limited to (A) (i) prior notice to parents or guardians of the child when the local or State educational agency proposes to change the educational placement of the child, (ii) an opportunity for the parents or guardians to obtain an impartial due process hearing, examine all relevant records with respect to the classification or educational placement of the child, and obtain an independent educational evaluation of the child, (iii) procedures to protect the rights of the child when the parents or guardians are not known, unavailable, or the child is a ward of the State including the assignment of an individual (not to be an employee of the State or local educational agency involved in the education or care of children) to act as a surrogate for the parents or guardians, and (iv) provision to insure that the decisions rendered in the impartial due process hearing required by this paragraph shall be binding on all parties subject only to appropriate administrative or judicial appeal; and (B) procedures to insure that, to the maximum extent appropriate, handicapped children, including children in public or private institutions or other care facilities, are educated with children who are not handicapped, and that special classes, separate schooling, or other removal of handicapped children from the regular education environment occurs only when the nature or severity of the handicap is such that education in regular classes with the use of supplementary aids and services cannot be achieved satisfactorily; and (C) procedures to insure the testing and evaluation materials and procedures utilized for the purposes of classification and placement of handicapped children will be selected and administered so as not to be racially or culturally discriminatory.”

Ante, p. 580.

(e) (1) Section 611(a) of the Education of the Handicapped Act is amended by inserting before the period the following: “in order to provide full educational opportunity to all handicapped children”.

(2) Subsection (b) of section 611 of the Education of the Handicapped Act is amended to read as follows:

“(b) For the purpose of making grants under this part, there are authorized to be appropriated \$100,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976, and \$110,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1977.”

(3) The amendment made by subsection (e) shall become effective and shall be deemed to have been enacted on July 1, 1975.

(f) (1) Section 612(a) (1) (B) of such Act is amended by striking out “1973” and inserting in lieu thereof “1977”.

(2) The amendment made by this subsection shall be effective on and after July 1, 1973.

Effective date.
20 USC 1411
note.

20 USC 1412.

Effective date.
20 USC 1412
note.

ADDITIONAL STATE PLAN REQUIREMENT

Effective date.
20 USC 1412
and note.

SEC. 615. (a) (1) Effective on and after July 1, 1975, section 612(a) (2) of the Education of the Handicapped Act is amended by striking out “\$200,000” and inserting in lieu thereof “\$300,000”.

(2) Effective on and after July 1, 1975, section 612(a) of such Act is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

Effective date.
20 USC 1412
and note.

“(3) No State shall, in any fiscal year, be required to expend amounts allotted pursuant to this section to carry out the provisions of paragraph (1) of section 613(b) unless that State receives an amount greater than the amount allotted to that State for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1973.”

20 USC 1413.

(b) Section 613(a)(1) of such Act is amended by striking out “\$100,000” and inserting in lieu thereof “\$200,000”.

(c) (1) Section 613 of such Act is amended by redesignating subsections (b), (c), and (d) of such section, and all references thereto, as subsections (c), (d), and (e), respectively, and by inserting after subsection (a) the following:

“(b) (1) Any State which desires to receive a grant under this part for any fiscal year beginning after June 30, 1975, shall submit to the Commissioner for approval not later than one year after the enactment of the Education of the Handicapped Amendments of 1974, through its State educational agency an amendment to the State plan required under subsection (a), setting forth in detail the policies and procedures which the State will undertake in order to assure that—

Ante, p. 579.

“(A) all children residing in the State who are handicapped regardless of the severity of their handicap and who are in need of special education and related services are identified, located, and evaluated, including a practical method of determining which children are currently receiving needed special education and related services and which children are not currently receiving needed special education and related services;

“(B) policies and procedures will be established in accordance with detailed criteria prescribed by the Commissioner to protect the confidentiality of such data and information by the State;

“(C) there is established (i) a goal of providing full educational opportunities to all handicapped children, (ii) a detailed timetable for accomplishing such a goal, and (iii) a description of the kind and number of facilities, personnel, and services necessary throughout the State to meet such a goal; and

“(D) the amendment submitted by the State pursuant to this subsection shall be available to parents and other members of the general public at least thirty days prior to the date of submission of the amendment to the Commissioner.

For the purpose of this part, any amendment to the State plan required by this subsection and approved by the Commissioner shall be considered, after June 30, 1975, as a required portion of the State plan.

“(2) The requirement of paragraph (1) of this subsection shall not be effective with respect to any fiscal year in which the aggregate of the amounts allotted to the States for this part for that fiscal year is less than \$45,000,000.”

(2) Section 613(e)(1) of such Act (as redesignated by this section) is amended by striking out “subsection (c)” and inserting in lieu thereof “subsection (d)”.

(d) The amendment made by subsections (a)(1) and (b) of this section shall be effective in any fiscal year for which the aggregate of the amounts allotted to the States for that fiscal year for carrying out part B of the Education of the Handicapped Act is \$45,000,000 or more.

Effective date.
20 USC 1412
note.

20 USC 1411.

REGIONAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS FOR DEAF AND OTHER HANDICAPPED PERSONS

SEC. 616. Part C of the Education of the Handicapped Act is amended by redesignating sections 625 and 626 thereof as sections 626 and 627, respectively, and by inserting a new section as follows:

20 USC 1425, 1426.

“REGIONAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS

20 USC 1424a.

“SEC. 625. (a) The Commissioner is authorized to make grants to or contracts with institutions of higher education, including junior and community colleges, vocational and technical institutions, and other appropriate nonprofit educational agencies for the development and operation of specially designed or modified programs of vocational, technical, postsecondary, or adult education for deaf or other handicapped persons.

“(b) In making grants or contracts authorized by this section the Commissioner shall give priority consideration to—

“(1) programs serving multistate regions or large population centers;

“(2) programs adapting existing programs of vocational, technical, postsecondary, or adult education to the special needs of handicapped persons; and

“(3) programs designed to serve areas where a need for such services is clearly demonstrated.

“Handicapped persons.”

“(c) For purposes of this section, the term ‘handicapped persons’ means persons who are mentally retarded, hard of hearing, deaf, speech impaired, visually handicapped, emotionally disturbed, crippled, or in other ways health impaired and by reason thereof require special education programming and related services.”

CENTERS AND SERVICES

SEC. 617. Section 627 of the Education of the Handicapped Act (as redesignated by section 616) is amended to read as follows:

“AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

20 USC 1426.

“SEC. 627. There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out the provisions of section 621, \$12,500,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, \$18,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976, and \$19,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1977. There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out the provisions of section 622, \$15,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, \$20,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976, and for the succeeding fiscal year. There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out the provisions of section 623, \$25,500,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, \$36,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976, and \$38,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1977. There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out the provisions of section 625, \$1,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, and such sums as may be necessary for each of the two succeeding fiscal years.”

PERSONNEL TRAINING

20 USC 1436.

SEC. 618. Section 636 of the Education of the Handicapped Act is amended to read as follows:

"AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

"SEC. 636. There are authorized to be appropriated for carrying out the provisions of this part (other than section 633) \$45,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, \$52,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976, and \$54,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1977. There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out the provisions of section 633, \$500,000 for each of the fiscal years ending June 30, 1975, and June 30, 1976, and \$1,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1977."

RESEARCH

SEC. 619. Section 644 of the Education of the Handicapped Act is amended to read as follows:

20 USC 1444.

"AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

"SEC. 644. For the purpose of carrying out this part, there are authorized to be appropriated \$15,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, \$20,000,000 for each of the fiscal years ending June 30, 1976, and June 30, 1977."

INSTRUCTIONAL MEDIA

SEC. 620. (1) Sections 652(b)(3), 652(b)(4), and 652(b)(5) of the Education of the Handicapped Act are each amended by inserting "by grant and contract," after "provide".

20 USC 1452.

(2) Section 654 of such Act is amended to read as follows:

20 USC 1454.

"AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

"SEC. 654. For the purposes of carrying out this part there are hereby authorized to be appropriated not to exceed \$18,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, and \$22,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976, and for each succeeding fiscal year thereafter."

SPECIFIC LEARNING DISABILITIES

SEC. 621. Section 661(c) of the Education of the Handicapped Act is amended to read as follows:

20 USC 1461.

"(c) For the purpose of making grants and contracts under this section there are authorized to be appropriated \$10,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, \$20,000,000 for each of the fiscal years ending June 30, 1976, and June 30, 1977."

PART C—INDIAN EDUCATION

EXTENSION OF PROGRAMS FOR THE EDUCATION OF INDIAN CHILDREN

SEC. 631. (a) Section 810(g) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 is amended by striking out "two succeeding fiscal years" and inserting in lieu thereof "succeeding fiscal years ending prior to July 1, 1978".

20 USC 887c.

(b) Section 303(a)(1) of the Act of September 30, 1950 (Public Law 874, Eighty-first Congress), as added by the Indian Education Act, is amended by striking out "July 1, 1975" and inserting in lieu thereof "July 1, 1978".

20 USC 241bb.

(c) The amendments made by this section shall be effective on and after July 1, 1973.

Effective date.
20 USC 887c
note.

REVISION OF PROGRAMS RELATING TO INDIAN EDUCATION

20 USC 887c.

SEC. 632. (a) Section 810(f) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 is amended by inserting after the third sentence the following new sentence: "The Commissioner shall not approve an application for a grant under subsection (b), (c), or (d) unless he is satisfied that such an application, to the extent consistent with the number of eligible children in the area to be served who are enrolled in private nonprofit elementary and secondary schools whose needs are of the type which the program is intended to meet, makes provision for the participation of such children on an equitable basis."

20 USC 241bb.

(b) Section 303(b) of the Act of September 30, 1950 (Public Law 874, Eighty-first Congress), is amended by striking out "5 per centum" and inserting in lieu thereof "10 per centum".

20 USC 821
note.

(c) Part B of the Indian Education Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sections:

"SPECIAL EDUCATIONAL TRAINING PROGRAMS FOR TEACHERS OF INDIAN CHILDREN

20 USC 887c-1.

"SEC. 422. (a) The Commissioner is authorized to make grants to and enter into contracts with institutions of higher education, Indian organizations, and Indian tribes for the purpose of preparing individuals for teaching or administering special programs and projects designed to meet the special educational needs of Indian children and to provide in-service training for persons teaching in such programs. Priority shall be given to Indian institutions and organizations. In carrying out his responsibilities under this section, the Commissioner is authorized to award fellowships and traineeships to individuals and to make grants to and to enter into contracts with institutions of higher education, Indian organizations, and Indian tribes for cost of education allowances. In awarding fellowships and traineeships under this section, the Commissioner shall give preference to Indians.

"(b) In the case of traineeships and fellowships, the Commissioner is authorized to grant stipends to, and allowances for dependents of, persons receiving traineeships and fellowships.

"(c) There is authorized to be appropriated \$2,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, and for each of the three succeeding fiscal years to carry out the provisions of this section.

"FELLOWSHIPS FOR INDIAN STUDENTS

20 USC 887c-2.

"SEC. 423. (a) During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, and each of the three succeeding fiscal years, the Commissioner is authorized to award not to exceed two hundred fellowships to be used for study in graduate and professional programs at institutions of higher education. Such fellowships shall be awarded to Indian students in order to enable them to pursue a course of study of not less than three, nor more than four, academic years leading toward a professional or graduate degree in engineering, medicine, law, business, forestry and related fields. In addition to the fellowships authorized to be awarded in the first sentence of this subsection, the Commissioner is authorized to award a number of fellowships equal to the number previously awarded during any fiscal year under this subsection but vacated prior to the end of the period during which they were awarded, except that each fellowship so awarded shall be only for a period of study not in excess of the remainder of the period of time for which the fellowship it replaces was awarded, as the Commissioner may determine.

“(b) The Commissioner shall pay to persons awarded fellowships under this subsection such stipends (including such allowances for subsistence of such persons and their dependents) as he may determine to be consistent with prevailing practices under comparable federally supported programs.

“(c) The Commissioner shall pay to the institution of higher education at which the holder of a fellowship under this subsection is pursuing a course of study, in lieu of tuition charged such holder, such amounts as the Commissioner may determine to cover the cost of education for the holder of such a fellowship.”

(d) The amendments made by this section shall be effective on and after July 1, 1974.

Effective date.
20 USC 887c
note.

PART D—EMERGENCY SCHOOL AID

EXTENSION OF THE EMERGENCY SCHOOL AID ACT

SEC. 641. (a) Section 704(a) of the Emergency School Aid Act (title VII of Public Law 92-318) is amended by striking out “for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1974” and inserting in lieu thereof “for the period ending June 30, 1976”.

20 USC 1603.

(b) With respect to the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976, the authorization level for the Emergency School Aid Act shall, for the purposes of section 414 of the General Education Provisions Act, be equal to the amount appropriated for the purposes of the Emergency School Aid Act for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976.

20 USC 1603
note.
20 USC 1601
note.
Ante, p. 563.

REPEAL OF RESERVATION FOR CERTAIN METROPOLITAN PROJECTS

SEC. 642. (a) Section 704(b) of the Emergency School Aid Act is amended by striking out paragraph (1) and by striking out “(2)” of such section.

(b) The matter preceding paragraph 1 of section 709(a) of such Act is amended to read as follows: “Sums available to the Secretary under section 708 for metropolitan area projects shall be available for the following purposes:”

20 USC 1608.

20 USC 1607.

AMENDMENT WITH RESPECT TO ELIGIBILITY

SEC. 643. (a) Section 706(a) of the Emergency School Aid Act is amended (1) by striking out paragraph (3), (2) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (1)(D) and inserting, “; or” and (3) by adding at the end of such paragraph (1) the following:

20 USC 1605.

“(E) which will establish or maintain one or more integrated schools as defined in section 720(7) and which—

20 USC 1619.

“(i) has a sufficient number of minority group children to comprise more than 50 per centum of the number of children in attendance at the schools of such agency, and

“(ii) has agreed to apply for an equal amount of assistance under subsection (b).”

(b) Section 706(b) of such Act is amended by inserting “(1)” after “subsection (a)”.

(c) Section 710(c) of such Act is amended by inserting in paragraph (2) after “(iii)” the following: “or under section 706(a)(1)(E)”. In the same paragraph insert “or activity” after “plan” the second time it appears.

20 USC 1609.

(d) Section 720(7) of such Act is amended by striking “section 706(a)(3)” and by inserting “section 706(a)(1)(E)”.

Supra.

SPECIAL PROJECTS FOR THE TEACHING OF MATHEMATICS

20 USC 1607.

SEC. 644. Section 708(a) of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

“(3) The Assistant Secretary is authorized to make grants to, and contracts with, one or more private, nonprofit agencies, institutions, or organizations, for the conduct, in cooperation with one or more local educational agencies, of special programs for the teaching of standard mathematics to children eligible for services under this Act through instruction in advanced mathematics by qualified instructors with bachelor degrees in mathematics, or the mathematical sciences from colleges or other institutions of higher education, or equivalent experience.”

AMENDMENT RELATING TO NONPROFIT GROUPS

20 USC 1605.

SEC. 645. Section 708(b) of the Elementary School Aid Act is amended by striking out “706(a)” both times it appears in such section and inserting in lieu thereof “706” in each instance.

EFFECTIVE DATE

20 USC 1603
note.

SEC. 646. The amendments made by and the provisions of this part shall be effective on and after July 1, 1974, and with respect to appropriations for fiscal years beginning on and after such date except that the provisions of section 641(b) shall be effective only with respect to fiscal year 1977.

PART E—NATIONAL DEFENSE EDUCATION ACT

EXTENSION OF TITLE III

20 USC 441.

SEC. 651. (a) Section 301 of the National Defense Education Act of 1958 is amended by striking out “1975” both times it appears and inserting “1977” in lieu thereof, by striking out “for the fiscal year ending” after “\$130,500,000” in the first sentence, and by inserting in lieu thereof “for each of the fiscal years ending prior to”, and by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: “Notwithstanding the preceding two sentences, no funds are authorized to be appropriated for obligation during any year for which funds are available for obligation for carrying out part B of title IV of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965.”

(b) The amendment made by this section shall be effective on and after July 1, 1974.

TITLE VII—NATIONAL READING IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

20 USC 1901.

SEC. 701. It is the purpose of this title—

(1) to provide financial assistance to encourage State and local educational agencies to undertake projects to strengthen reading instruction programs in elementary grades;

(2) to provide financial assistance for the development and enhancement of necessary skills of instructional and other educational staff for reading programs;

(3) to develop a means by which measurable objectives for reading programs can be established and progress toward such objectives assessed;

(4) to develop the capacity of preelementary school children for reading, and to establish and improve preelementary school programs in language arts and reading; and

(5) to provide financial assistance to promote literacy among youth and adults.

PART A—READING IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS

PROJECTS AUTHORIZED

SEC. 705. (a) (1) The Commissioner is authorized to enter into agreements with either State educational agencies or local educational agencies, or both, for the carrying out by such agencies, in schools having large numbers or a high percentage of children with reading deficiencies, of projects involving the use of innovative methods, systems, materials, or programs which show promise of overcoming such reading deficiencies.

20 USC 1921.

(2) The Commissioner is further authorized to enter into agreements with State educational agencies, local educational agencies, or with nonprofit educational or child care institutions for the carrying out by such agencies and institutions, in areas where such schools are located, of such projects for preelementary school children. Such projects are to be instituted in kindergartens, nursery schools, or other pre-school institutions.

(b) No agreement may be entered into under this part, unless upon an application made to the Commissioner at such time, in such manner, and including or accompanied by such information as he may reasonably require. Each such application shall set forth a reading program which provides for—

Applications,
reading program
requirements.

(1) diagnostic testing designed to identify preelementary and elementary school children with reading deficiencies, including the identification of conditions which, without appropriate other treatment, can be expected to impede or prevent children from learning to read;

(2) planning for and establishing comprehensive reading programs;

(3) reading instruction for elementary school pupils whose reading achievement is less than that which would normally be expected for pupils of comparable ages and in comparable grades of school;

(4) preservice training programs for teaching personnel including teacher-aides and other ancillary educational personnel, and in-service training and development programs, where feasible, designed to enable such personnel to improve their ability to teach students to read;

(5) participation of the school faculty, school board members, administration, parents, and students in reading-related activities which stimulate an interest in reading and are conducive to the improvement of reading skills;

(6) parent participation in development and implementation of the program for which assistance is sought;

(7) local educational agency school board participation in the development of programs;

(8) periodic testing in programs for elementary school children on a sufficiently frequent basis to measure accurately reading achievement, and for programs for preelementary school children a test of reading proficiency at the conclusion, minimally, of the first-grade program into which the nursery and kindergarten programs are integrated;

(9) publication of test results on reading achievement by grade level, and where appropriate, by school, without identification of achievement of individual children;

(10) availability of test results on reading achievement on an individual basis to parents or guardians of any child being so tested;

(11) participation on an equitable basis by children enrolled in nonprofit private elementary schools in the area to be served (after consultation with the appropriate private school officials) to an extent consistent with the number of such children whose educational needs are of the kind the program is intended to meet;

(12) the use of bilingual education methods and techniques to the extent consistent with the number of elementary school-age children in the area served by a reading program who are of limited English-speaking ability;

(13) appropriate involvement of leaders of the cultural and educational resources of the area to be served, including institutions of higher education, nonprofit private schools, public and private nonprofit agencies such as libraries, museums, educational radio and television, and other cultural and education resources of the community; and

(14) assessment, evaluation, and collection of information on individual children by teachers during each year of the pre-elementary program, to be made available for teachers in the subsequent year, in order that continuity for the individual child not be lost.

Additional requirements.

(c) Each such applicant, in addition to meeting the requirements of subsection (b), shall provide assurances that—

(1) appropriate measures have been taken by the agency to analyze the reasons why elementary school children are not reading at the appropriate grade level;

(2) the agency will develop a plan setting forth specific objectives which shall include the goals of having the children in project schools reading at the appropriate grade level at the end of grade three; and

(3) whenever appropriate, sufficient measures will be taken to coordinate each preelementary reading program with the reading program of the educational agencies or institutions which such preelementary school children will be next in attendance.

(d) No grant may be made under this part unless the application for such grant provides assurances that the provisions of this subsection are met. Each State educational agency shall—

State advisory councils on reading.

(1) establish an advisory council on reading appointed by such agency which shall be broadly representative of the education resources of the State and of the general public, including persons representative of—

(A) public and private nonprofit elementary and secondary schools,

(B) institutions of higher education,

(C) parents of elementary and secondary school children, and

(D) areas of professional competence relating to instruction in reading, and

(2) authorize the advisory council established under clause (1) to receive and designate priorities among applications for grants under this section in that State,

if—

(i) that State educational agency desires to receive a grant under this part, or

(ii) any local educational agency of that State desires to receive a grant under this part, and notifies the State educational agency concerned, or

(iii) in the case of a preelementary school program any non-profit educational agency or child care institution in that State desires to receive a grant under this part, and notifies the State educational agency concerned.

(e) No agreement may be entered into under this part unless the application submitted to the Commissioner—

Application approval.

(1) has first been approved by the State educational agency, and

(2) is accompanied by assurances that such agency will supervise compliance by the local educational agency in that State with the requirements set forth in subsection (b) of this section.

(f) The Commissioner may approve any application submitted under this part which meets the requirements of subsections (b), (c), (d), and (e). In approving such applications, the Commissioner may not use any panel (other than employees of the Office of Education) for the purpose of such approval.

(g) In approving applications under this part the Commissioner shall, to the maximum extent feasible, assure an equitable distribution of funds throughout the United States and among urban and rural areas. Not more than 12½ percent of the funds expended under this part in any fiscal year may be expended in any State in that year.

Equitable distribution of funds.

PART B—STATE READING IMPROVEMENT PROGRAMS

STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

SEC. 711. It is the purpose of this part to provide financial assistance to the States to enable them—

20 USC 1941.

(1) to provide financial assistance for projects designed to facilitate reaching the objectives of this title;

(2) to develop comprehensive programs to improve reading proficiency and instruction in reading in the elementary schools of the State;

(3) to provide State leadership in the planning, improving, execution, and evaluation of reading programs in elementary schools; and

(4) to arrange for and assist in the training of special reading personnel and specialists needed in programs assisted under this title.

APPLICABILITY AND EFFECTIVE DATE

SEC. 712. (a) The provisions of this part shall become effective only in any fiscal year in which appropriations made pursuant to section 732(a) exceed \$30,000,000 and then only with respect to the amount of such excess.

20 USC 1942.

Post, p. 596.

(b) The provisions of this part shall be effective on and after the beginning of fiscal year 1976.

ALLOTMENTS TO STATES

SEC. 713. (a) (1) From the sums appropriated pursuant to section 732(a) for each fiscal year which are available for carrying out this part, the Commissioner shall reserve such amount, but not in excess of 1 per centum of such sums, as he may determine, and shall

20 USC 1943.

apportion such amount to Guam, American Samoa, the Virgin Islands, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands according to their respective needs for assistance under this title. Of the remainder of such sums, he shall allot an amount to each State which bears the same ratio to the amount available for allotment as the number of school age children (aged 5 to 12, inclusive) in each such State bears to the total number of such children in all the States, as determined by the Commissioner on the basis of the most recent satisfactory data available to him. The allotment of a State which would be less than \$50,000 under the preceding sentence shall be increased to \$50,000, and the total of the increases thereby required shall be derived by proportionately reducing the allotments to the remaining States under the preceding sentence, but with such adjustments as may be necessary to prevent the allotments to any such remaining States from being reduced to less than \$50,000.

“State.”

(2) For the purpose of this section the term “State” includes the District of Columbia and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

Reallotment.

(b) The amount allotted to any State under subsection (a) for any fiscal year which the Commissioner determines will not be required for that year shall be available for reallotment from time to time, on such dates during that year as the Commissioner may fix, to other States in proportion to the amounts originally allotted among those States under subsection (a) for that year, but with the proportionate amount for any of the other States being reduced to the extent it exceeds the sum the Commissioner estimates the local educational agencies of such State need and will be able to use for that year; and the total of these reductions shall be similarly reallotted among the States whose proportionate amounts were not so reduced. Any amount reallotted to a State under this subsection from funds appropriated pursuant to section 732 for any fiscal year shall be deemed part of the amount allotted to it under subsection (a) for that year.

Post, p. 596.

AGREEMENTS WITH STATE EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES

20 USC 1944.

SEC. 714. (a) Any State which desires to receive grants under this part shall, through its State educational agency, enter into an agreement with the Commissioner, in such detail as the Commissioner deems necessary, which—

(1) designates the State educational agency as the sole agency for administration of the agreement;

(2) provides for the establishment of a State advisory council on reading, appointed by the State educational agency, which shall be broadly representative of the educational resources of the State and of the general public, including persons representative of—

(A) public and private nonprofit elementary school children, and

(B) institutions of higher education,

(C) parents of elementary school children, and

(D) areas of professional competence relating to instruction in reading,

to advise the State educational agency on the formulation of a standard of excellence for reading programs in the elementary schools and on the preparation of, and policy matters arising in the administration of, the agreement (including the criteria for approval of applications for assistance under such agreement) and in the evaluation of results of the program carried out pursuant to the agreement;

(3) describes the reading programs in elementary schools for which assistance is sought under this part and procedures for giving priority to reading programs which are already receiving Federal financial assistance and show reasonable promise of achieving success;

(4) sets forth procedures for the submission of applications by local educational agencies within that State, including procedures for an adequate description of the reading programs for which assistance is sought under this part;

(5) sets forth criteria for achieving an equitable distribution of that part of the assistance under this part which is made available to local educational agencies pursuant to the second sentence of subsection (b) of this section, which criteria shall—

(A) take into account the size of the population to be served, beginning with preschool, the relative needs of pupils in different population groups within the State for the program authorized by this title, and the financial ability of the local educational agency serving such pupils,

(B) assure that such distribution shall include grants to local educational agencies having high concentrations of children with low reading proficiency, and

(C) assure an equitable distribution of funds among urban and rural areas;

(6) sets forth criteria for the selection or designation and training of personnel (such as reading specialists and administrators of reading programs) engaged in programs assisted under this part, including training for private elementary school personnel, which shall include qualifications acceptable for such personnel;

(7) provides for the coordination and evaluation of programs assisted under this part;

(8) provides for technical assistance and support services for local educational agencies participating in the program;

(9) makes provision for the dissemination to the educational community and the general public of information about the objectives of the program and results achieved in the course of its implementation;

(10) provides for making an annual report and such other reports, in such form and containing such information, as the Commissioner may reasonably require to evaluate the effectiveness of the program and to carry out his other functions under this title;

(11) provides that not more than 5 per centum of the amount allotted to the State under section 713 for any fiscal year may be retained by the State educational agency for purposes of administering the agreement; and

(12) provides that programs assisted under this part shall be of sufficient size, scope, and quality so as to give reasonable promise of substantial progress toward achieving the purposes of this title.

(b) Grants for projects to carry out the purposes of this part may be made to local educational agencies (subject to the provision of subsection (e) relating to the participation of private elementary and secondary school pupils), institutions of higher education, and other public and nonprofit private agencies and institutions. Not less than 60 per centum of the amount allotted to a State under section 713 for any fiscal year shall be made available by the State for grants to local educational agencies within that State.

Reports to
Commissioner.

Ante, p. 591.

(c) The Commissioner shall enter into an agreement which complies with the provisions of subsection (a) with any State which desires to enter into such an agreement.

20 USC 827.

(d) The Commissioner's final action with respect to entering into an agreement under subsection (a) shall be subject to the provisions of section 207 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, relating to judicial review.

Ante, p. 497.

(e) The provisions of section 141A of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 relating to the participation of children enrolled in private elementary and secondary schools shall apply to programs assisted under this part.

PART C—OTHER READING IMPROVEMENT PROGRAMS

SPECIAL EMPHASIS PROJECTS

Contract
authority.
20 USC 1961.

SEC. 721. (a) The Commissioner is authorized to contract with local educational agencies for special emphasis projects to determine the effectiveness of intensive instruction by reading specialists and reading teachers. Each such project should provide for—

(1) the teaching of reading by a reading specialist for all children in the first and second grades of an elementary school and the teaching of reading by a reading specialist for elementary school children in grades three through six who have reading problems; and

(2) an intensive vacation reading program for elementary school children who are found to be reading below the appropriate grade level or who are experiencing problems in learning to read.

(b) No contract may be entered into under this section unless upon an application made to the Commissioner at such time, in such manner, and including or accompanied by such information as he may reasonably require. Each such application shall provide assurances that—

Ante, p. 589.

(1) the provisions of section 705 (b) are met; and

(2) the State educational agency has certified that individuals employed as reading specialists and reading teachers meet the requirements of subsections (e) and (f).

(c) No contract may be entered into under this section unless the project has been approved by the State educational agency.

Districtwide
project.

(d) The Commissioner is authorized to enter into at least one arrangement with a local educational agency for a districtwide project conducted in all schools of such agencies. In selecting the districtwide project, the Commissioner shall give priority to an application from a local educational agency if the Commissioner finds that—

Post, p. 595.

(1) the local educational agency will give credit for any course to be developed for reading teachers or reading specialists under section 722 and will encourage participation by the teachers of such agency in the training;

(2) the local public educational television station will present or distribute, in the event supplementary noncommercial telecommunication is utilized, any course to be developed under section 722 at an hour convenient for the viewing by elementary school teachers, and, if possible, at a time convenient for such teachers to take the course, as a group, at the elementary school where they teach; and

(3) the local educational agency will make arrangements with the appropriate officials of institutions of higher education to obtain academic credit for the completion of such a course.

(e) In any project assisted under this section a reading teacher may be used in lieu of a reading specialist, if the Commissioner finds that the local educational agency participating in a reading emphasis project is unable to secure individuals who meet the requirements of a reading specialist and if such reading teacher is enrolled or will enroll in a program to become a reading specialist. A regular elementary teacher may be used in lieu of a reading teacher if the Commissioner finds that the local educational agency participating in a reading emphasis project is unable to secure individuals who meet the requirements of the reading teacher, and if such regular elementary teacher is enrolled or will enroll in a program to become a reading teacher.

(f) For the purpose of this section and section 722 the term—

Infra.
"Reading specialist."

(1) "reading specialist" means an individual who has a master's degree, with a major or specialty in reading, from an accredited institution of higher education and has successfully completed three years of teaching experience, which includes reading instruction, and

"Reading teacher."

(2) "reading teacher" means an individual, with a bachelor's degree, who has successfully completed a minimum of twelve credit hours, or its equivalent, in courses of the teaching of reading at an accredited institution of higher education, and has successfully completed two years of teaching experience, which includes reading instruction.

READING TRAINING ON PUBLIC TELEVISION

SEC. 722. (a) The Commissioner is authorized, through grants or contracts, to enter into contractual arrangements with institutions of higher education, public or private agencies or organizations, and individuals for—

20 USC 1962.

(1) the preparation, production, evaluation, and distribution for use on public educational television stations of courses for elementary school teachers who are or intend to become reading teachers or reading specialists; and

(2) the preparation and distribution of informational and study course material to be used in conjunction with any such course.

(b) In carrying out the provisions of this section the Commissioner shall consult with recognized authorities in the field of reading, specialists in the use of the communications media for educational purposes, and with the State and local educational agencies participating in projects under this title.

Consultation with specialists.

READING ACADEMIES

SEC. 723. (a) The Commissioner is authorized to make grants to and to enter into contracts with State and local educational agencies, institutions of higher education, community organizations and other nonprofit organizations, having the capacity to furnish reading assistance and instruction to youths and adults who do not otherwise receive such assistance and instruction.

20 USC 1963.

(b) Grants made and contracts entered into under this section shall contain provisions to assure that such reading assistance and instruction will be provided in appropriate facilities to be known as "reading academies".

PART D—GENERAL PROVISIONS

EVALUATION

SEC. 731. (a) The Commissioner shall submit an evaluation report to the Committee on Labor and Public Welfare of the Senate and the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives not later than March 31, in each fiscal year ending prior to fiscal year 1979. Each such report shall—

(1) contain a statement of specific and detailed objectives for the program assisted under the provisions of this title;

(2) include a statement of the effectiveness of the program in meeting the stated objectives, measured through the end of the preceding fiscal year;

(3) make recommendations with respect to any changes or additional legislation deemed necessary or desirable in carrying out the program;

(4) contain a list identifying the principal analyses and studies supporting the major conclusions and recommendations contained in the report; and

(5) contain an annual evaluation plan for the program through the ensuing fiscal year for which the budget was transmitted to Congress by the President, in accordance with section 201(a) of the Budget and Accounting Act, 1921.

(b) From the sums appropriated pursuant to section 732 for any fiscal year, the Commissioner may reserve such amount, not in excess of 1 per centum of such sums, as he deems necessary for evaluation, by the Commissioner or by public or private nonprofit agencies, of programs assisted under this title.

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 732. (a) There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out the provisions of parts A and B of this title \$30,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, \$82,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976, \$88,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1977, and \$93,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1978.

(b) There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out the provisions of section 721, relating to special emphasis projects, \$15,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, \$20,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976, and \$25,000,000 for each of the fiscal years ending June 30, 1977 and 1978.

(c) There are authorized to be appropriated for the purpose of carrying out section 722, relating to reading training on public television, \$3,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975. Sums appropriated pursuant to this subsection shall remain available for obligation and expenditure through the succeeding fiscal year.

(d) There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out the provisions of section 723, relating to reading academies, \$5,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, \$7,500,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976, and \$10,000,000 for each of the fiscal years ending June 30, 1977 and 1978.

Report to congressional committees.
20 USC 1981.

Contents.

31 USC 11.

20 USC 1982.
Ante, pp. 589,
591.

TITLE VIII—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

PART A—POLICY STATEMENTS AND WHITE HOUSE CONFERENCE ON EDUCATION

NATIONAL POLICY WITH RESPECT TO EQUAL EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY

SEC. 801. Recognizing that the Nation's economic, political, and social security require a well-educated citizenry, the Congress (1) reaffirms, as a matter of high priority, the Nation's goal of equal educational opportunity, and (2) declares it to be the policy of the United States of America that every citizen is entitled to an education to meet his or her full potential without financial barriers.

20 USC 1221-1.

POLICY WITH RESPECT TO ADVANCE FUNDING OF EDUCATION PROGRAMS

SEC. 802. The Congress declares it to be the policy of the United States to implement immediately and continually section 411 of the General Education Provisions Act, relating to advance funding for education programs, so as to afford responsible State, local, and Federal officers adequate notice of available Federal financial assistance for education authorized under this and other Acts of Congress.

20 USC 1223
note.

Ante, p. 562.

POLICY OF THE UNITED STATES WITH RESPECT TO MUSEUMS AS EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS

SEC. 803. The Congress, recognizing—

20 USC 1221-2.

(1) that museums serve as sources for schools in providing education for children,

(2) that museums provide educational services of various kinds for educational agencies and institutions and institutions of higher education, and

(3) that the expense of the educational services provided by museums is seldom borne by the educational agencies and institutions taking advantage of the museums' resources,

declares that it is the sense of the Congress that museums be considered educational institutions and that the cost of their educational services be more frequently borne by educational agencies and institutions benefiting from those services.

WHITE HOUSE CONFERENCE ON EDUCATION

SEC. 804. (a) The President is authorized to call and conduct a White House Conference on Education in 1977 (hereafter in this section referred to as the "Conference") in order to stimulate a national assessment of the condition, needs, and goals of education and to obtain from a group of citizens broadly representative of all aspects of education, both public and nonpublic, a report of findings and recommendations with respect to such assessment.

20 USC 1221-1
note.

Report.

(b) (1) In carrying out the provisions of this section, participants in conferences and other activities at local, State, and Federal levels are authorized to consider all matters relevant to the purposes of the Conference set forth in subsection (a), but shall give special consideration to the following:

(A) The implementation of the policy set forth in section 801.

(B) The means by which educational systems are financed.

(C) Preschool education (including child care and nutrition programs), with special attention to the needs of disadvantaged children.

(D) The adequacy of primary education in providing all children with the fundamental skills of communication (reading, writing, spelling, and other elements of effective oral and written expression) and mathematics.

(E) The effectiveness of secondary education in preparing students for careers, as well as for postsecondary education.

(F) The place of occupational education (including education in proprietary schools) in the educational structure and the role of vocational and technical education in assuring that the Nation's requirements for skilled manpower are met.

(G) The structure and needs of postsecondary education, including methods of providing adequate levels of student assistance and institutional support.

(H) The adequacy of education at all levels in meeting the special educational needs of such individuals as handicapped persons, economically disadvantaged, racially or culturally isolated children, those who need bilingual instruction, and gifted and talented children.

(I) Ways of developing and implementing expanded educational opportunities for adults at the basic and secondary education equivalency levels.

(J) The contribution of nonpublic primary and secondary education in providing alternate educational experiences for pupils and a variety of options for parents in guiding their children's development.

(2) Participants in conference activities at the State and local levels are authorized to narrow the scope of their deliberations to the educational problems which they consider to be most critical in their respective areas, but shall be encouraged by the National Conference Committee (established pursuant to subsection (c)) to consider such problems in the context of the total educational structure.

(c) (1) There is established a National Conference Committee (hereafter in this section referred to as the "Committee"), composed of not more than thirty-five members, fifteen of whom shall be appointed by the President, ten of whom shall be appointed by the President pro tempore of the Senate, and ten of whom shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The Committee shall at its first meeting select a Chairman and a Vice Chairman.

(2) (A) The Committee shall provide guidance and planning for the Conference and shall make a final report (and such interim reports as may be desirable) of the results, findings, and recommendations of the Conference to the President and to the Congress not later than December 1, 1977.

(B) The Committee is authorized to provide such assistance as may be necessary for State and local conference activities in preparation for the National Conference.

(3) The Commissioner shall support the activities of the Committee by providing technical assistance, advice, and consultation.

(4) Members of the Committee shall serve without compensation, but may receive travel expenses (including per diem in lieu of subsistence) as authorized by section 5703(b) of title 5, United States Code, for persons in the Government service employed intermittently, while employed in the business of the Committee away from their homes or regular places of business.

(5) The Committee is authorized to appoint, without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service, a Conference Director and such professional, technical, and clerical personnel as may be necessary to assist in carrying out its functions under this section.

National
Conference Com-
mittee.
Establishment;
membership.

Report to
President and
Congress.

Travel
expenses.

5 USC 101 et
seq.

(d)(1) From the sums appropriated pursuant to subsection (e) the Commissioner is authorized to make a grant to each State, upon application of the Governor thereof, in order to assist in meeting the costs of that State's participation in the Conference program (including the conduct of conferences at the State and local levels).

Grants.

(2) Grants made pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be made only with the approval of the Chairman of the Committee.

(3) Funds appropriated for the purposes of this subsection shall be apportioned among the States by the Commissioner in accordance with their respective needs for assistance under this subsection, except that no State shall be apportioned more than \$75,000 nor less than \$25,000.

Apportionment of funds.

(e) There are authorized to be appropriated, without fiscal year limitations, such sums as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this section; and sums so appropriated shall remain available for expenditure until June 30, 1978.

Appropriation.

(f) For the purposes of this section, the term "State" includes the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the Virgin Islands, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

"State."

PART B—EDUCATIONAL STUDIES AND SURVEYS

STUDY OF PURPOSES AND EFFECTIVENESS OF COMPENSATORY EDUCATION PROGRAMS

SEC. 821. (a) In addition to the other authorities, responsibilities and duties conferred upon the National Institute of Education (hereinafter referred to as the "Institute") by section 405 of the General Education Provisions Act and notwithstanding the second sentence of subsection (b) (1) of such section 405, the Institute shall undertake a thorough evaluation and study of compensatory education programs, including such programs conducted by States and such programs conducted under title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965. Such study shall include—

20 USC 1221e note.

20 USC 1221e.

Ante, p. 488.
20 USC 236.

(1) an examination of the fundamental purposes of such programs, and the effectiveness of such programs in attaining such purposes;

(2) an analysis of means to identify accurately the children who have the greatest need for such programs, in keeping with the fundamental purposes thereof;

(3) an analysis of the effectiveness of methods and procedures for meeting the educational needs of children, including the use of individualized written educational plans for children, and programs for training the teachers of children;

(4) an exploration of alternative methods, including the use of procedures to assess educational disadvantage, for distributing funds under such programs to States, to State educational agencies, and to local educational agencies in an equitable and efficient manner, which will accurately reflect current conditions and insure that such funds reach the areas of greatest current need and are effectively used for such areas;

(5) not more than 20 experimental programs, which shall be reasonably geographically representative, to be administered by the Institute, in cases where the Institute determines that such experimental programs are necessary to carry out the purposes of clauses (1) through (4), and the Commissioner of Education is

Ante, p. 488.
20 USC 236.

authorized, notwithstanding any provision of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, at the request of the Institute, to approve the use of grants which educational agencies are eligible to receive under such title I (in cases where the agency eligible for such grant agrees to such use) in order to carry out such experimental programs; and

(6) findings and recommendations, including recommendations for changes in such title I or for new legislation, with respect to the matters studied under clauses (1) through (5).

Information,
availability.

(b) The National Advisory Council on the Education of Disadvantaged Children shall advise the Institute with respect to the design and execution of such study. The Commissioner of Education shall obtain and transmit to the Institute such information as it shall request with respect to programs carried on under title I of the Act.

Report to
President and
Congress.

(c) The Institute shall make an interim report to the President and to the Congress not later than December 31, 1976, and shall make a final report thereto no later than nine months after the date of submission of such interim report, on the result of its study conducted under this section. Any other provision of law, rule, or regulation to the contrary notwithstanding, such reports shall not be submitted to any review outside of the Institute before their transmittal to the Congress, but the President and the Commissioner of Education may make to the Congress such recommendations with respect to the contents of the reports as each may deem appropriate.

Ante, p. 499.

Study plan,
submittal to
Congress.

(d) Sums made available pursuant to section 151 (i) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 shall be available to carry out the provisions of this section.

(e) (1) The Institute shall submit to the Congress, within one hundred and twenty days after the date of the enactment of this Act, a plan for its study to be conducted under this section. The Institute shall have such plan delivered to both Houses on the same day and to each House while it is in session. The Institute shall not commence such study until the first day after the close of the first period of thirty calendar days of continuous session of Congress after the date of the delivery of such plan to the Congress.

(2) For purposes of paragraph (1)—

(A) continuity of session is broken only by an adjournment of Congress sine die; and

(B) the days on which either House is not in session because of an adjournment of more than three days to a day certain are excluded in the computation of the thirty-day period.

SURVEY AND STUDY FOR UPDATING NUMBER OF CHILDREN COUNTED

20 USC 241c
note.

SEC. 822. (a) The Secretary of Commerce shall, in consultation with the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, expand the current population survey (or make such other survey) in order to furnish current data for each State with respect to the total number of school-age children in each State to be counted for purposes of section 103(c)(1)(A) of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Act of 1965. Such survey shall be made, and a report of the results of such survey shall be made jointly by the Secretary of Commerce and the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare to the Congress, not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Ante, p. 488.
Report to
Congress.

(b) The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare and the Secretary of Commerce shall study the feasibility of updating the number of children counted for purposes of section 103(c) of title I of the Act

in school districts of local educational agencies in order to make adjustments in the amounts of the grants for which local educational agencies within a State are eligible under section 103(a)(2) of the Act, and shall report to the Congress, no later than one year after the date of enactment of this Act, the results of such study, which shall include an analysis of alternative methods for making such adjustments, together with the recommendations of the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare and the Secretary of Commerce with respect to which such method or methods are most promising for such purpose, together with a study of the results of the expanded population survey, authorized in subsection (a) (including analysis of its accuracy and the potential utility of data derived therefrom) for making adjustments in the amounts paid to each State under section 144(a)(1) of title I of such Act.

Ante, p. 488.
Report to
Congress.

20 USC 241h.

(c) No method of making adjustments directed to be considered pursuant to subsection (a) or subsection (b) shall be implemented unless such method shall first be enacted by the Congress.

STUDY OF THE MEASURE OF POVERTY USED UNDER TITLE I OF THE
ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION ACT OF 1965

SEC. 823. The Assistant Secretary shall supervise, with the full participation of the National Institute of Education and the National Center for Education Statistics, a thorough study of the manner in which the relative measure of poverty for use in the financial assistance program authorized by title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 may be more accurately and currently developed. The study of the relative measure of poverty required by this subsection shall be adjusted for regional, climatic, metropolitan, urban, suburban, and rural differences and for family size and head of household differences. The study required by this section shall consider—

20 USC 241a
note.

Ante, p. 488.
20 USC 236.

Study consider-
ations.

(A) the availability of data more current than the decennial census including data collected by any agency of the Federal Government which are relevant except that data so collected shall not disclose the name of any individual or any other information customarily held confidential by that agency, but shall include aggregate information to the extent possible;

(B) the availability and usefulness of cost of living data;

(C) the availability and usefulness of cost of housing data;

(D) the availability and usefulness of labor market and job availability data;

(E) the availability and usefulness of data with respect to prevailing wage rates, unemployment rates, and income distribution; and

(F) the availability of data with respect to eligibility criteria for aid to families with dependent children under a State plan approved under title IV of the Social Security Act.

42 USC 601.

(2) The Assistant Secretary is authorized and directed to prepare and submit to the Congress not later than one year after the effective date of this Act a report of the study conducted under this subsection including recommendations with respect to the availability of data designed to improve the relative measure of poverty for the program of financial assistance authorized by title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965. Whenever the Assistant Secretary determines that data specified in paragraph (1) of this subsection are not available or that it is impractical to obtain data for each relevant area or category, the report shall contain an explanation of the reasons therefor.

Report to
Congress.

STUDY OF LATE FUNDING OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION
PROGRAMS

20 USC 241a
note.

SEC. 824. (a) The Commissioner shall make a full and complete investigation and study to determine—

(1) the extent to which late funding of Federal programs to assist elementary and secondary education handicaps local educational agencies in the effective planning of their education programs, and the extent to which program quality and achievement of program objectives is adversely affected by such late funding, and

(2) means by which, through legislative or administrative action, the problem can be overcome.

Report to
Congress.

(b) Not later than one year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commissioner shall make a report to the Congress on the study required by subsection (a), together with such recommendations as he may deem appropriate.

SAFE SCHOOL STUDY

20 USC 241a
note.

SEC. 825. (a) The Secretary shall make a full and complete investigation and study, including necessary research activities, during the period beginning upon the date of enactment of this Act and ending June 30, 1976, to determine—

(1) the frequency, seriousness, and incidence of crime in elementary and secondary schools in the States;

(2) the number and location of schools affected by crime;

(3) the per-pupil average incidence of crimes in elementary and secondary schools in urban, suburban, and rural schools located in all regions of the United States;

(4) the cost of replacement and repair of facilities, books, supplies, equipment, and other tangible objects seriously damaged or destroyed as the result of crime in such schools; and

(5) the means by which crimes are attempted to be prevented in such schools and the means by which crimes may more effectively be prevented in such schools.

Information,
submittal to
Secretary.

(b) Within thirty days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall request each State educational agency to take the steps necessary to establish and maintain appropriate records to facilitate the compilation of information under clauses (2) and (3) of subsection (a) and to submit such information to him no later than seven months after the date of enactment of this Act. In conducting this study, the Secretary shall utilize data and other information available as a result of any other studies which are relevant to the objectives of this section.

Report to
Congress.

(c) Not later than December 1, 1976, the Secretary shall prepare and submit to the Congress a report on the study required by this section, together with such recommendations as he may deem appropriate. In such report, all information required under each paragraph of subsection (a) of this section shall be stated separately and be appropriately labeled, and shall be separately stated for elementary and secondary schools, as defined in sections 801 (c) and (d) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965.

20 USC 881.
Reimbursement
to State agencies.

(d) The Secretary may reimburse each State educational agency for the amount of expenses incurred by it in meeting the requests of the Secretary under this section.

Appropriation.

(e) There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this section.

STUDY OF ATHLETIC INJURIES

SEC. 826. (a) The Secretary shall make a full and complete investigation and study to determine—

20 USC 241a
note.

(1) the number of athletic injuries to, and deaths of male and female students occurring in athletic competition between schools, in any practice session for such competition, and in any other school-related athletic activities for the twelve-month period beginning sixty days after the date of enactment of this Act;

(2) the number of athletic injuries and deaths occurring (for the twelve-month period under clause (1)) at each school with an athletic trainer or other medical or health professional personnel trained to prevent or treat such injuries and at each school without such personnel.

(b) Within fifty days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall request each school to maintain appropriate records to enable it to compile information under subsection (a) and shall request such school to submit such information to the Secretary immediately after the twelve-month period beginning sixty days after the date of enactment of this Act. Not later than eighteen months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall make a report to the Congress on the study required by subsection (a), together with such recommendations as he may deem appropriate. In such report, all information required under each paragraph of subsection (a) shall be stated separately for the two groups of schools under clauses (1) and (2) of subsection (c), except that the information shall also be stated separately (and shall be excluded from the group under clause (2)) for institutions of higher education which provide either of the two-year programs described in section 801 (E) (3) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965.

Information,
submittal to
Secretary.

Report to
Congress.

20 USC 881.

"School."

(c) For the purposes of this section, the term "school" means (1) any secondary school or (2) any institution of higher education, as defined in section 801 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965.

(d) There is authorized to be appropriated the sum of \$75,000 to carry out the provisions of this section.

Appropriation.

PART C—AMENDMENTS TO THE HIGHER EDUCATION ACT OF 1935

COMMUNITY SERVICE AND CONTINUING EDUCATION AMENDMENTS

SEC. 831. Section 111 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Subject to section 448(b) of the General Education Provisions Act, the Advisory Council shall continue to exist through June 30, 1975."

20 USC 1009.

20 USC 1233g.

DEVELOPING INSTITUTIONS AMENDMENT

SEC. 832. Section 302(a)(2) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "The Commissioner is authorized to waive three years of the requirements set forth in clause (C) of paragraph (1) in the case of applications for grants under this title by institutions if the Commissioner determines such action will substantially increase higher education for Spanish-speaking people."

Waiver.
20 USC 1052.

BILINGUAL EDUCATION AMENDMENTS

SEC. 833. (a)(1) Clause (B) of section 417B(b)(3) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 is amended by inserting "(i)" after the word "who" and by inserting before the semicolon at the end thereof a

20 USC 1070d-1.

comma and the following: "or (ii) by reason of limited English-speaking ability, are in need of bilingual educational teaching, guidance, and counseling in order to enable them to pursue a post-secondary education".

20 USC 1070d-1.

(2) Section 417B of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(d) Recipients of grants or contracts for the purposes of clause (3) (ii) of subsection (b) shall include in their curriculum a program of English language instruction for students of limited English-speaking ability."

Effective date.
20 USC 1070d-1
note.

(b) The amendments made by this section shall be effective upon the enactment of this Act.

VETERANS COST OF INSTRUCTION PAYMENTS AMENDMENTS

20 USC 1070e-1.

SEC. 834. (a) (1) Paragraph (1) of section 420(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 is amended to read as follows:

"(1) During the period beginning July 1, 1972, and ending June 30, 1975, each institution of higher education shall be entitled to a payment under, and in accordance with, this section during any fiscal year if—

38 USC 1501.
38 USC 1651.

"(A) the number of persons who are veterans receiving vocational rehabilitation under chapter 31 of title 38, United States Code, or veterans receiving educational assistance under chapter 34 of such title, and who are in attendance as undergraduate students at such institution during any academic year, equals at least—

"(i) 110 per centum of the number of such recipients who were in attendance at such institution during the preceding academic year, or

"(ii) 10 per centum of the total number of undergraduate students in attendance at such institution during such academic year and if such number does not constitute a per centum of such undergraduate students which is less than such per centum for the preceding academic year; and

"(B) the number of such persons is at least 25."

(2) The first sentence of paragraph (2) of section 420(a) of such Act is amended by inserting before the period a comma and the following: "or equals at least the minimum number of such persons necessary to establish eligibility to entitlement under paragraph (1) during the preceding academic year, whichever is less".

(3) Section 420(d) of such Act is amended by inserting "(1)" after "(d)" and by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(2) The maximum amount of payments to any institution of higher education, or any branch thereof which is located in a community which is different from that in which the parent institution thereof is located, in any fiscal year, shall be \$135,000. In making payments under this section for any fiscal year, the Commissioner shall apportion the appropriation for making such payments, from funds which become available as a result of the limitation on payments set forth in the preceding sentence, in such a manner as will result in the receipt by each institution which is eligible for a payment under this section of first \$9,000 (or the amount of its entitlement for that fiscal year, whichever is less) and then additional amounts up to the limitation set forth in the preceding sentence."

(4) Section 420(e) of such Act is amended by striking out the matter preceding the word "except" and inserting in lieu thereof the fol-

lowing: "Not less than 75 per centum of the amounts paid to any institution under subsection (d) in any fiscal year shall be used to implement the requirement of clause (B) (i) of paragraph (1) of subsection (c), and, to the extent that such funds remain after implementing such requirements, funds limited by such 75 per centum requirement shall be used for implementing the requirements of clauses (B) (ii), (iii), and (iv) of such paragraph (1)."

(b) The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.

Effective date.
20 USC 1070e-1
note.

TEACHER CORPS AMENDMENTS

SEC. 835. (a) (1) Section 511 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 is amended—

20 USC 1101.

(A) by inserting after "teacher preparation" in the matter preceding paragraph (1) the following: "and to encourage institutions of higher education and local educational agencies to improve programs of training and retraining for teachers and teacher aides";

(B) by striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (3);

(C) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (4) and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon and "and";

(D) by inserting after paragraph (4) the following new paragraph:

"(5) supporting demonstration projects for retraining experienced teachers and teacher aides serving in local educational agencies."

(2) Section 513(a) of such Act is amended by inserting in paragraph (1) after "experienced teachers" a comma and the following: "teacher aides".

20 USC 1103.

(3) Section 513 (c) of such Act is amended—

(A) by striking out "3 per centum" in paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof "5 per centum";

(B) by striking out in paragraph (2) "and the Virgin Islands" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands"; and

(C) by striking out in paragraph (2) "or the Virgin Islands" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, or the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands".

(4) Section 514(a) (2) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

Compensation.
20 USC 1104.

"(2) a teacher intern shall be compensated at such rates as the Commissioner may determine to be consistent with the nature of the program and with prevailing practices under comparable federally supported programs or local projects, not to exceed \$150 per week plus \$15 per week for each dependent; and"

(b) The amendments made by subsection (a) shall be effective on and after July 1, 1974.

Effective date.
20 USC 1101
note.

AMENDMENT TO TITLE IX RESPECTING TRAINING IN THE LEGAL PROFESSION

SEC. 836. (a) Part D of title IX of the Higher Education Act of 1965 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"ASSISTANCE FOR TRAINING IN THE LEGAL PROFESSION

"SEC. 966. (a) The Commissioner is authorized prior to July 1, 1978, to make grants to, or enter into contracts with, public and private agencies and organizations other than institutions of higher education for the purpose of assisting individuals from disadvantaged

20 USC 1134r-1.

backgrounds, as determined in accordance with criteria prescribed by the Commissioner, to undertake training for the legal profession.

“(b) Grants made, and contracts entered into under, subsection (a) may cover, in accordance with regulations of the Commissioner, all or part of the cost of—

“(1) selecting individuals from disadvantaged backgrounds for training for the legal profession,

“(2) facilitating the entry of such individuals into institutions of higher education for the purpose of pursuing such training,

“(3) providing counseling or other services designed to assist such individuals to complete successfully such training,

“(4) providing, for not more than three months prior to the entry of such individuals upon their courses of training for the legal profession, preliminary training for such individuals designed to assist them to complete successfully such training for the legal profession,

“(5) paying such stipends (including allowances for travel and for dependents) as the Commissioner may determine for such individuals for any such period of preliminary training or for any period of training for the legal profession during which such individuals maintain satisfactory academic proficiency, as determined by the Commissioner, and

“(6) paying for administrative activities of the agencies and organizations which receive such grants, or with which such contracts are entered into, to the extent such activities are for the purpose of furthering activities described in clauses (1) through (5).

“(c) The activities authorized under this section may be carried out without regard to the requirements and limitations set forth in sections 962 and 963 of this part.”.

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall become effective on September 1, 1974.

COMMUNITY COLLEGE AND OCCUPATIONAL EDUCATION AMENDMENT

20 USC 1135.

SEC. 837. Section 1001(b)(1) is amended by striking out “1974” and inserting in lieu thereof “1975”.

PART D—OTHER MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

AMENDMENTS TO THE LIBRARY SERVICES AND CONSTRUCTION ACT AND THE VOCATIONAL EDUCATION ACT OF 1963 RELATING TO BILINGUAL EDUCATION AND VOCATIONAL TRAINING

20 USC 1242.

SEC. 841. (a)(1) Section 102 of the Vocational Education Act of 1963 is amended by redesignating subsection (c), and all references thereto, as subsection (d), and by adding after subsection (b) thereof the following new subsection:

Appropriation.

“(c) There are authorized to be appropriated \$17,500,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, for the purpose of carrying out section 122(a)(4)(C). Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to affect the availability for such purpose of appropriations made pursuant to subsection (a).”.

Post, p. 607.

20 USC 1244.

(2) Clause (D) of section 104(a)(1) of such Act is amended by inserting before the comma at the end thereof the following: “and of persons of limited English-speaking ability (as defined in section 703(a) of title VII of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965)”.

Ante, p. 504.

20 USC 1134o,
1134p.
Effective date.
20 USC 1134r-1
note.

(3) Clause (A) (vii) of section 104(b) (1) of such Act is amended by inserting before the comma at the end thereof the following: "(and may include, where appropriate, students who are persons of limited English-speaking ability (as defined in section 703(a) of title VII of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965))".

20 USC 1244.

(4) Section 108 of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraphs:

Ante, p. 504.

20 USC 1248.

"(14) The term 'vocational training' means training or retraining which is conducted as part of a program designed to prepare individuals for gainful employment as semiskilled or skilled workers or technicians or subprofessionals in recognized occupations and in new and emerging occupations, but excluding any program to prepare individuals for employment in occupations which the Commissioner determines, and specifies by regulation, to be generally considered professional which requires a baccalaureate or higher degree; such term includes guidance and counseling (either individually or through group instruction) in connection with such training or for the purpose of facilitating occupational choices; instruction related to the occupation or occupations to which the students are in training or instruction necessary for students to benefit from such training; the training of persons engaged as, or preparing to become, instructors in a vocational training program; travel of students and vocational training personnel while engaged in a training program; and the acquisition, maintenance, and repair of instructional supplies, aids, and equipment, but such term does not include the construction, acquisition, or initial equipment of buildings or the acquisition or rental of land.

"Vocational training."

"(15) The term 'postsecondary educational institution' means a nonprofit institution legally authorized to provide postsecondary education within a State for persons sixteen years of age or older, who have graduated from or left elementary or secondary school."

"Postsecondary educational institution."

(5) (A) Clause (4) of section 122(a) of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

20 USC 1262.

"(C) vocational education for students of limited English-speaking ability (as defined in section 703(a) of title VII of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965) carried out in coordination with bilingual education programs under such title VII and bilingual adult education programs under section 306(a) (11) of the Adult Education Act;"

Ante, p. 578.

(6) Section 191 of such Act, and all references thereto, is redesignated as section 189.

20 USC 1391.

(7) Title I of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new part:

"PART J—BILINGUAL VOCATIONAL TRAINING

"STATEMENT OF FINDINGS

"SEC. 191. The Congress hereby finds that one of the most acute problems in the United States is that which involves millions of citizens, both children and adults, whose efforts to profit from vocational training is severely restricted by their limited English-speaking ability because they come from environments where the dominant language is other than English; that such persons are therefore unable to help to fill the critical need for more and better trained personnel in vital occupational categories; and that such persons are unable to make their maximum contribution to the Nation's economy and must, in fact, suffer the hardships of unemployment or underemployment. The Congress further finds that there is a critical shortage of instructors

20 USC 1393.

possessing both the job knowledge and skills and the dual language capabilities required for adequate vocational instruction of such language-handicapped persons, and a corresponding shortage of instructional materials and of instructional methods and techniques suitable for such instruction.

“GENERAL RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE COMMISSIONER

20 USC 1393a.

“SEC. 192. (a) The Commissioner and the Secretary of Labor together shall—

“(1) develop and disseminate accurate information on the status of bilingual vocational training in all parts of the United States;

“(2) evaluate the impact of such bilingual vocational training on the shortages of well-trained personnel, the unemployment or underemployment of persons with limited English-speaking ability, and the ability of such persons to contribute fully to the economy of the United States; and

“(3) report their findings annually to the President and the Congress.

Report to President and Congress.
Consultation with Secretary of Labor.

“(b) The Commissioner shall consult with the Secretary of Labor with respect to the administration of this part. Regulations and guidelines promulgated by the Commissioner to carry out this part shall be consistent with those promulgated by the Secretary of Labor pursuant to section 301(b) of the Comprehensive Employment and Training Act of 1973 and shall be approved by the Secretary of Labor before issuance.

29 USC 871.

“AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

20 USC 1393b.

“SEC. 193. There are authorized to be appropriated \$17,500,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, to carry out the provisions of this part.

“AUTHORIZATION OF GRANTS

Bilingual vocational training.
20 USC 1393c.

“SEC. 194. (a) From the sums made available for grants under this part pursuant to section 193, the Commissioner is authorized to make grants to and enter into contracts with appropriate State agencies, local educational agencies, postsecondary educational institutions, private nonprofit vocational training institutions, and to other nonprofit organizations especially created to serve a group whose language as normally used is other than English in supplying training in recognized occupations and new and emerging occupations, and to enter into contracts with private for-profit agencies and organizations, to assist them in conducting bilingual vocational training programs for persons of all ages in all communities of the United States which are designed to insure that vocational training programs are available to all individuals who desire and need such bilingual vocational training.

“(b) The Secretary shall pay to each applicant which has an application approved under this part an amount equal to the total sums expended by the applicant for the purposes set forth in that application.

Payments to applicants.

“USE OF FEDERAL FUNDS

20 USC 1393d.
Post, p. 609.

“SEC. 195. Grants and contracts under this part may be used, in accordance with applications approved under section 197, for—

“(1) bilingual vocational training programs for persons who have completed or left elementary or secondary school and who are available for training by a postsecondary educational institution;

“(2) bilingual vocational training programs for persons who have already entered the labor market and who desire or need training or retraining to achieve year-round employment, adjust to changing manpower needs, expand their range of skills, or advance in employment; and

“(3) training allowances for participants in bilingual vocational training programs subject to the same conditions and limitations as are set forth in section 111 of the Comprehensive Employment and Training Act of 1973.

29 USC 821.

“APPLICATIONS

“SEC. 196. (a) A grant or contract for assistance under this part may be made only upon application to the Commissioner at such time, in such manner, and containing or accompanied by such information as the Commissioner deems necessary. Each such application shall—

20 USC 1393e.

“(1) provide that the activities and services for which assistance under this part is sought will be administered by or under the supervision of the applicant;

“(2) set forth a program for carrying out the purposes described in section 195; and

Ante, p. 608.

“(3) set forth a program of such size, scope, and design as will make a substantial contribution toward carrying out the purposes of this part.

“(b) No grant or contract may be made under this part directly to a local educational agency or a postsecondary educational institution or a private vocational training institution or any other eligible agency or organization unless that agency, institution, or organization has submitted the application to the State board established under part B of this title, or in the case of a State that does not have such a board, the similar State agency, for comment and includes the comment of that board or agency with the application.

20 USC 1261.

“APPLICATION APPROVAL BY THE COMMISSIONER

“SEC. 197. (a) The Commissioner may approve an application for assistance under this part only if—

Conditions.
20 USC 1393f.

“(1) the application meets the requirements set forth in subsection (a) of the previous section;

“(2) in the case of an application submitted for assistance under this part to an agency, institution, or organization other than the State board established under part B of this title, the requirement of subsection (b) of the previous section is met; and

“(3) in the case of an application submitted for assistance under this part, the Commissioner determines that the program is consistent with criteria established by him, where feasible, after consultation with the State board established under part B of this title, for achieving equitable distribution of assistance under this part within that State.

“(b) An amendment to an application shall, except as the Secretary may otherwise provide, be subject to approval in the same manner as the original application.”

(b) Clause (4) of section 6(b) of the Library Services and Construction Act is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof a comma and the following: “and to programs and projects which serve areas with high concentrations of persons of limited

20 USC 351d.

Ante, p. 504.

Effective date.
20 USC 1242
note.

English-speaking ability (as defined in section 703(a) of title VII of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, as amended)".

(c) The amendments made by this section shall be effective on and after July 1, 1974.

ASSISTANCE TO STATES FOR STATE EQUALIZATION PLANS

Reimbursement
to States.
20 USC 246.

Submittal to
Commissioner.

SEC. 842. (a) (1) Any State desiring to develop a plan for a program of financial assistance to local educational agencies in that State to assist such agencies in the provision of free public education may, upon application therefor, be reimbursed for the development or administration of such a plan in accordance with the provisions of this section. Each plan developed pursuant to, or which meets the requirements of, this section shall be submitted to the Commissioner not later than July 1, 1977, and shall, subject to the provisions of this section, be consistent with the guidelines developed pursuant to paragraph (3). Such plan shall be designed to implement a program of State aid for free public education—

(A) which is consistent with such standards as may be required by the fourteenth article of amendment to the Constitution; and

(B) the primary purpose of which is to achieve equality of educational opportunity for all children in attendance at the schools of the local educational agencies of the State.

Guidelines.
Publication in
Federal Register;
submittal to Pres-
ident of the Sen-
ate and Speaker
of the House.

(2) The Commissioner shall develop guidelines defining the principles set forth in clauses (A) and (B) of paragraph (1). Not later than April 1, 1975, the Commissioner shall publish such guidelines in the Federal Register and submit such guidelines to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Republication
in Federal
Register.

(3) During the sixty-day period following such publication, the Commissioner shall provide interested parties with an opportunity to present views and make recommendations with respect to such guidelines. Not later than July 1, 1975, the Commissioner shall (A) republish such guidelines in the Federal Register, together with any amendments thereto as may be merited and (B) publish in the Federal Register a summary of the views and recommendations presented by interested parties under the preceding sentence, together with the comments of the Commissioner respecting such views and recommendations.

Submittal to
President of the
Senate and
Speaker of the
House.

(4) (A) The guidelines published in accordance with paragraph (3), together with any amendments, shall, not later than July 1, 1975, be submitted to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. If either the Senate or the House of Representatives adopts, prior to December 1, 1975, a resolution of disapproval of such guidelines, the Commissioner shall, prior to December 15, 1975, publish new guidelines. Such new guidelines shall take into consideration such views and policies as may be made in connection with such resolution and shall become effective thirty days after such publication.

New guidelines.

Resolution of
disapproval.

(B) A resolution of disapproval under this paragraph may be in the form of a resolution of either the Senate or the House of Representatives or such resolution may be in the form of a concurrent resolution of both Houses. If such a resolution of disapproval is in the form of a concurrent resolution, the new guidelines published in accordance with the second sentence of subparagraph (A) of this paragraph shall be consistent with such policies as may be established by such concurrent resolution.

(C) If each of the Houses adopts a separate resolution with respect to guidelines submitted in accordance with this paragraph for any year and in connection therewith makes policy statements which differ substantially, then such differences may be resolved by the adoption of a concurrent resolution by both Houses. Any such concurrent resolution shall be deemed to be adopted in accordance with subparagraph (B).

(b) Any State developing a plan pursuant to this section may reject any guidelines developed and published under subsection (a) of this section if such State, as a provision of its plan, states the reasons for each such rejection.

(c) (1) Each State that develops a plan under this section shall be reimbursed for the reasonable amounts expended by the State in the development or administration of such a plan based upon the ratio of the population of that State to the population of all States except that no State shall receive less than \$100,000 and no State shall receive more than \$1,000,000.

(2) For the purposes of this section the term "State" means the fifty States.

Reimbursement
to States, limita-
tion.

"State."

TREATMENT OF PUERTO RICO AS A STATE

SEC. 843. (a) (1) Section 143(b) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, 202(a) (1), and 302(a) (1) of such Act are each amended by striking out "Puerto Rico,"

20 USC 241g,
822, 842.

(2) Section 202(a) (2), 302(a) (2), 307(b), 502(a) (1), 522(a), 531(c) (1) (A), and 531(c) (1) (B) of such Act are each amended by striking out "the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico," each time it appears.

20 USC 845,
862, 866a, 867.

(3) Sections 202(a) (1) and 302(a) (1) of such Act are each amended by striking out "3 per centum" and inserting in lieu thereof "1 per centum". Sections 502(a) (1), 522(a), and 531(c) (1) (A) of such Act are each amended by striking out "2 per centum" and inserting in lieu thereof "1 per centum".

(b) (1) Effective after June 30, 1975, section 612(a) (1) of the Education of the Handicapped Act is amended by striking out "Puerto Rico,"

Effective dates.
20 USC 1412
and note.

(2) Effective after June 30, 1975, sections 612(a) (2) and 613(a) (1) of the Education of the Handicapped Act are each amended by striking out "the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico,"

20 USC 1413.

(3) Effective after June 30, 1975, section 612(a) (1) of the Education of the Handicapped Act is amended by striking out "3 per centum" and inserting in lieu thereof "1 per centum".

(c) (1) Section 303(f) of the Adult Education Act is amended by striking out "the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico," where it occurs, and by inserting "the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico," after "the District of Columbia,"

20 USC 1202.

(2) Section 305(a) of such Act is amended by striking out "Puerto Rico,"

20 USC 1204.

(3) Section 305(a) of the Adult Education Act is amended by striking out "2 per centum" and inserting in lieu thereof "1 per centum".

(d) Notwithstanding any provision of part A of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, the amount which the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico is eligible to receive under subpart 1 of such part A or under sections 121, 122, or 123 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, shall not exceed 50 per centum of the full amount the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico would receive (after required

20 USC 241c
note.
20 USC 241c.

Ante, p. 491.

ratable reductions) under such subpart or section but for this subsection, and for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1976, June 30, 1977, and June 30, 1978, such amount shall not exceed 75 per centum of the full amount the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico would receive (after required ratable reductions) under such subpart or section but for this subsection.

Effective date.
20 USC 241g
note.

(e) Unless otherwise specifically provided, the amendments made by this section shall be effective on and after July 1, 1974.

PROVISION RELATING TO SEX DISCRIMINATION

Proposed regulations, publication.
20 USC 1681
note.
20 USC 1681.

SEC. 844. The Secretary shall prepare and publish, not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, proposed regulations implementing the provisions of title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 relating to the prohibition of sex discrimination in federally assisted education programs which shall include with respect to intercollegiate athletic activities reasonable provisions considering the nature of particular sports.

EXTENSION OF ADVISORY COUNCILS

20 USC 241l.

SEC. 845. (a) Section 148(c) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Subject to section 448(b) of the General Education Provisions Act, the National Council shall continue to exist until July 1, 1978."

20 USC 1233g.

(b) Section 309(c) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Subject to section 448(b) of the General Education Provisions Act, the Council shall continue to exist until July 1, 1978, except that the Council shall not exist during any year for which funds are available for obligation by the Commissioner for carrying out title IV."

20 USC 847a.

(c) Section 708(a) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Subject to section 448(b) of the General Education Provisions Act, the Advisory Committee shall continue to exist until July 1, 1978."

20 USC 1221.

20 USC 880b-5.

(d) Section 442(a) of the Education Amendments of 1972 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Subject to section 448(b) of the General Education Provisions Act, the National Council shall continue to exist until July 1, 1978."

20 USC 1615.

(e) Section 716(b) of the Emergency School Aid Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Subject to section 448(b) of the General Education Provisions Act, such Council shall continue to exist until July 1, 1975."

20 USC 1209.

(f) Section 310(b) of the Adult Education Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Subject to section 448(b) of the General Education Provisions Act, the Council shall continue to exist until July 1, 1978."

20 USC 1244.

(g) Section 104(a) of the Vocational Education Act of 1963 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Subject to section 448(b) of the General Education Provisions Act, the National Council shall continue to exist until July 1, 1976."

SEPARABILITY

SEC. 846. If any provision of, or any amendment made by, titles I and IV of this Act is held invalid by reason of being inconsistent with the Constitution, all provisions of this Act and amendments made by this Act which are separable from such invalid provision or amendment shall remain in effect. If any such provision or amendment is held invalid in one or more applications of such provision or amendment, such provision or amendment shall remain in effect in all valid applications which are separable from any such application.

Approved August 21, 1974.

20 USC 241b
note.
Ante, pp. 488,
535.
USC prec.
title 1.

Public Law 93-381

AN ACT

Making appropriations for the Treasury Department, the United States Postal Service, the Executive Office of the President, and certain Independent Agencies, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, and for other purposes.

August 21, 1974
[H. R. 15544]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Treasury Department, the United States Postal Service, the Executive Office of the President, and certain Independent Agencies, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, and for other purposes, namely:

Treasury,
Postal Service,
and General Gov-
ernment Appro-
priation Act,
1975.

TITLE I—TREASURY DEPARTMENT

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses in the Office of the Secretary, including the operation and maintenance of the Treasury Building and Annex thereof; hire of passenger motor vehicles; and not to exceed \$10,000 for official reception and representation expenses; \$25,850,000, of which not to exceed \$100,000 shall be available for unforeseen emergencies of a confidential character, to be allocated and expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury and to be accounted for solely on his certificate, and of which \$3,600,000 shall be for repairs and improvements to Treasury buildings and shall remain available until expended.

Treasury De-
partment Appro-
priations Act,
1975.

FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT TRAINING CENTER

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center, including purchase of six passenger motor vehicles for police-type use; and the hire of passenger motor vehicles; \$3,100,000.