“(1) if the applicant is a practitioner who is determined by the Secretary to be qualified (under standards established by the Secretary) to engage in the treatment with respect to which registration is sought;

“(2) if the Attorney General determines that the applicant will comply with standards established by the Attorney General respecting (A) security of stocks of narcotic drugs for such treatment, and (B) the maintenance of records (in accordance with section 307) on such drugs; and

“(3) if the Secretary determines that the applicant will comply with standards established by the Secretary (after consultation with the Attorney General) respecting the quantities of narcotic drugs which may be provided for unsupervised use by individuals in such treatment.

SEC. 4. (a) Section 304(a) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 824(a)) is amended by adding after and below paragraph (3) the following: “A registration pursuant to section 303(g) to dispense a narcotic drug for maintenance treatment or detoxification treatment may be suspended or revoked by the Attorney General upon a finding that the registrant has failed to comply with any standard referred to in section 303(g).”

(b) Section 304(d) of such Act is amended (1) by inserting after the first sentence the following: “A failure to comply with a standard referred to in section 303(g) may be treated under this subsection as grounds for immediate suspension of a registration granted under such section.”; and (2) by striking out “Such suspension” and inserting in lieu thereof “A suspension under this subsection”.

SEC. 5. Section 307(c)(1)(A) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 827(c)(1)(A)) is amended to read as follows:

“(1)(A) with respect to any narcotic controlled substance in schedule II, III, IV, or V, to the prescribing or administering of such substance by a practitioner in the lawful course of his professional practice unless such substance was prescribed or administered in the course of maintenance treatment or detoxification treatment of an individual; or”.

Approved May 14, 1974.

Public Law 93-282

AN ACT

To extend through fiscal year 1974 certain expiring appropriations authorizations in the Public Health Service Act, the Community Mental Health Centers Act, and the Developmental Disabilities Services and Facilities Construction Act, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

TITLE I—FEDERAL ASSISTANCE FOR STATE AND LOCAL ALCOHOLISM AND ALCOHOL ABUSE PROGRAMS
PART A—SHORT TITLE; FINDINGS AND PURPOSE

SHORT TITLE

SEC. 101. This title may be cited as the “Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act Amendments of 1974”.

FINDINGS AND PURPOSE

SEC. 102. (a) The Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act of 1970 is amended by adding after section 1 the following new section:

“FINDINGS AND PURPOSE

(1) alcohol is one of the most dangerous drugs and the drug most frequently abused in the United States;

(2) of the Nation’s estimated ninety-five million drinkers, at least nine million, or 7 per centum of the adult population, are alcohol abusers and alcoholics;

(3) problem drinking costs the national economy at least $15,000,000,000 annually in lost working time, medical and public assistance expenditures, and police and court costs;

(4) alcohol abuse is found with increasing frequency among persons who are multiple-drug abusers and among former heroin users who are being treated in methadone maintenance programs;

(5) alcohol abuse is being discovered among growing numbers of youth; and

(6) alcoholism is an illness requiring treatment and rehabilitation through the assistance of a broad range of community health and social services, and with the cooperation of law enforcement agencies.

(b) It is the policy of the United States and the purpose of this Act to (1) approach alcohol abuse and alcoholism from a comprehensive community care standpoint, and (2) meet the problems of alcohol abuse and alcoholism not only through Federal assistance to the States but also through direct Federal assistance to community-based programs meeting the urgent needs of special populations and developing methods for diverting problem drinkers from criminal justice systems into prevention and treatment programs.”.

(b) The Congress declares that, in addition to the programs under the Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act of 1970, programs under other Federal laws which provide Federal or federally assisted research, prevention, treatment, or rehabilitation in the fields of health and social services should be appropriately utilized to help eradicate alcohol abuse and alcoholism as a major problem.
PART B—GRANTS TO STATES

PROGRAM EXTENSION

SEC. 105. (a) Section 301 of the Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act of 1970 is amended by inserting immediately after “for each of the next two fiscal years” the following: “, $80,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, and $80,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976.”;

(b) The section heading for such section is amended to read as follows:

“AUTHORIZATION FOR FORMULA GRANTS”.

PROGRAM IMPROVEMENTS

SEC. 106. (a) (1) Section 302 of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

“(d) On the request of any State, the Secretary is authorized to arrange for the assignment of officers and employees of the Department or provide equipment or supplies in lieu of a portion of the allotment of such State. The allotment may be reduced by the fair market value of any equipment or supplies furnished to such State and by the amount of the pay, allowances, traveling expenses, and any other costs in connection with the detail of an officer or employee to the State. The amount by which such payments are so reduced shall be available for payment of such costs (including the costs of such equipment and supplies) by the Secretary, but shall for purposes of determining the allotment under section 302(a), be deemed to have been paid to the State.”;

(2) Section 302(b) of such Act is amended (A) by striking out in the first sentence “so allotted to a State” and inserting in lieu thereof “allotted to a State in a fiscal year”; and (B) by striking out in the second sentence “for a fiscal year” and inserting in lieu thereof “in a fiscal year”;

(b) Section 303(a) of such Act is amended—

(1) by striking out in paragraph (3) “or groups” and inserting in lieu thereof “, of groups to be served with attention to assuring representation of minority and poverty groups”;

(2) by striking out “and” at the end of paragraph (9);

(3) by redesignating paragraph (10) as paragraph (11); and

(4) by adding after paragraph (9) the following new paragraph:

“(10) set forth, in accordance with criteria to be set by the Secretary, standards (including enforcement procedures and penalties) for (A) construction and licensing of public and private treatment facilities, and (B) for other community services or resources available to assist individuals to meet problems resulting from alcohol abuse; and”.

UNIFORM ALCOHOLISM AND INTOXICATION TREATMENT ACT

SEC. 107. Part A of title III of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:
"SPECIAL GRANTS FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF THE UNIFORM ALCOHOLISM AND INTOXICATION TREATMENT ACT

42 USC 4574.

"Sec. 304. (a) To assist States which have adopted the basic provisions of the Uniform Alcoholism and Intoxication Treatment Act (hereinafter in this section referred to as the 'Uniform Act') to utilize fully the protections of the Uniform Act in their efforts to approach alcohol abuse and alcoholism from a community care standpoint, the Secretary, acting through the Institute, shall, during the period beginning July 1, 1974, and ending June 30, 1977, make grants to such States for the implementation of the Uniform Act. A grant under this section to any State may only be made for that State's costs (as determined in accordance with regulations which the Secretary shall promulgate not later than July 1, 1974) in implementing the Uniform Act for a period which does not exceed one year from the first day of the first month for which the grant is made. No State may receive more than three grants under this section.

"(b) No grant may be made under this section unless an application therefor has been submitted to, and approved by, the Secretary. Such application shall be in such form, submitted in such manner, and contain such information as the Secretary shall by regulation prescribe. The Secretary may not approve an application of a State under this section unless he determines the following:

"(1) The State and each of its political subdivisions are committed to the concept of care for alcoholism and alcohol abuse through community health and social service agencies, and, in accordance with the purposes of sections 1 and 19 of the Uniform Act, have repealed those portions of their criminal statutes and ordinances under which drunkenness is the gravamen of a petty criminal offense, such as loitering, vagrancy, or disturbing the peace.

"(2) The laws of the State respecting acceptance of individuals into alcoholism and intoxication treatment programs are in accordance with the following standards of acceptance of individuals for such treatment (contained in section 10 of the Uniform Act):

"(A) A patient shall, if possible, be treated on a voluntary rather than an involuntary basis.

"(B) A patient shall be initially assigned or transferred to outpatient or intermediate treatment, unless he is found to require inpatient treatment.

"(C) A person shall not be denied treatment solely because he has withdrawn from treatment against medical advice on a prior occasion or because he has relapsed after earlier treatment.

"(D) An individualized treatment plan shall be prepared and maintained on a current basis for each patient.

"(E) Provision shall be made for a continuum of coordinated treatment services so that a person who leaves a facility or a form of treatment will have available and utilize other appropriate treatment.

"(3) The laws of the State respecting involuntary commitment of alcoholics are consistent with the provisions of section 14 of the Uniform Act which protect individual rights.

"(4) The application of the State contains such assurances as the Secretary may require to carry out the purposes of this section. For purposes of subsection (a), the term 'basic provisions of the Uniform Alcoholism and Intoxication Treatment Act' shall not in the..."
case of a State which has a State plan approved under section 303 include any provision of the Uniform Act respecting the organization of such State’s treatment programs (as defined in the Uniform Act) which are inconsistent with the requirements of such State plan.

"(c) The amount of any grant under this section to any State for any fiscal year may not exceed the sum of $100,000 and an amount equal to 10 per centum of the allotment of such State for such fiscal year under section 302 of this Act. Payments under grants under this section may be made in advance or by way of reimbursement, and at such intervals and on such conditions, as the Secretary finds necessary.

"(d) For the purpose of making payments under grants under this section, there are authorized to be appropriated $13,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, and for each of the next two fiscal years.

CONFORMING AMENDMENT

Sec. 108. The heading for part A of title III of such Act is amended by striking out “FORMULA GRANTS” and inserting in lieu thereof “GRANTS TO STATES”.

PART C—PROJECT GRANTS AND CONTRACTS

GRANTS AND CONTRACTS FOR PREVENTION AND TREATMENT PROJECTS

Sec. 111. Section 311 of the Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act of 1970 is amended to read as follows:

“GRANTS AND CONTRACTS FOR THE PREVENTION AND TREATMENT OF ALCOHOL ABUSE AND ALCOHOLISM

“Sec. 311. (a) The Secretary, acting through the Institute, may make grants to public and nonprofit private entities and may enter into contracts with public and private entities and with individuals—

“(1) to conduct demonstration, service, and evaluation projects,

“(2) to provide education and training,

“(3) to provide programs and services in cooperation with schools, courts, penal institutions, and other public agencies, and

“(4) to provide counseling and education activities on an individual or community basis,

for the prevention and treatment of alcohol abuse and alcoholism and for the rehabilitation of alcoholic abusers and alcoholics.

“(b) Projects and programs for which grants and contracts are made under this section shall (1) whenever possible, be community based, seek to insure care of good quality in general community care facilities and under health insurance plans, and be integrated with, and provide for the active participation of, a wide range of public and nongovernmental agencies, organizations, institutions, and individuals; and (2) where appropriate utilize existing community resources (including community mental health centers).

“(c) (1) In administering this section, the Secretary shall require coordination of all applications for projects and programs in a State.

“(2) Each applicant from within a State, upon filing its application with the Secretary for a grant or contract under this section, shall submit a copy of its application for review by the State agency designated under section 303 of this Act, if such designation has been made. Such State agency shall be given not more than thirty days from the date of receipt of the application to submit to the Secretary, in writing, an evaluation of the project or program set forth in the applica-
such evaluation shall include comments on the relationship of the project to other projects and programs pending and approved and to the State comprehensive plan for treatment and prevention of alcohol abuse and alcoholism under section 303. The State shall furnish the applicant a copy of any such evaluation.

"(3) Approval of any application for a grant or contract by the Secretary, including the earmarking of financial assistance for a program or project, may be granted only if the application substantially meets a set of criteria established by the Secretary that—

"(A) provides that the projects and programs for which assistance under this section is sought will be substantially administered by or under the supervision of the applicant;

"(B) provides for such methods of administration as are necessary for the proper and efficient operation of such programs and projects;

"(C) provides for such fiscal control and fund accounting procedures as may be necessary to assure proper disbursement of and accounting for Federal funds paid to the applicant; and

"(D) provides reasonable assurance that Federal funds made available under this section for any period will be so used as to supplement and increase, to the extent feasible and practical, the level of State, local, and other non-Federal funds that would in the absence of such Federal funds be made available for the projects and programs described in this section, and will in no event supplant such State, local, and other non-Federal funds.

"(d) To make payments under grants and contracts under this section, there are authorized to be appropriated $80,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, and $95,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976."

PART D—ADMISSION TO HOSPITALS; CONFIDENTIALITY OF RECORDS

HOSPITAL ADMISSIONS

"ADMISSION OF ALCOHOL ABUSERS AND ALCOHOLICS TO PRIVATE AND PUBLIC HOSPITALS

"Sec. 321. (a) Alcohol abusers and alcoholics who are suffering from medical conditions shall not be discriminated against in admission or treatment, solely because of their alcohol abuse or alcoholism, by any private or public general hospital which receives support in any form from any program supported in whole or in part by funds appropriated to any Federal department or agency.

"(b) (1) The Secretary is authorized to make regulations for the enforcement of the policy of subsection (a) with respect to the admission and treatment of alcohol abusers and alcoholics in hospitals which receive support of any kind from any program administered by the Secretary. Such regulations shall include procedures for determining (after opportunity for a hearing if requested) if a violation of subsection (a) has occurred, notification of failure to comply with such subsection, and opportunity for a violator to comply with such subsection. If the Secretary determines that a hospital subject to such regulations has violated subsection (a) and such violation continues after an opportunity has been afforded for compliance, the Secretary..."
may suspend or revoke, after opportunity for a hearing, all or part of any support of any kind received by such hospital from any program administered by the Secretary. The Secretary may consult with the officials responsible for the administration of any other Federal program from which such hospital receives support of any kind, with respect to the suspension or revocation of such other Federal support for such hospital.

"(2) The Administrator of Veterans' Affairs, through the Chief Medical Director, shall, to the maximum feasible extent consistent with their responsibilities under title 38, United States Code, prescribe regulations making applicable the regulations prescribed by the Secretary under paragraph (1) of this subsection to the provision of hospital care, nursing home care, domiciliary care, and medical services under such title 38 to veterans suffering from alcohol abuse or alcoholism. In prescribing and implementing regulations pursuant to this paragraph, the Administrator shall, from time to time, consult with the Secretary in order to achieve the maximum possible coordination of the regulations, and the implementation thereof, which they each prescribe."

(b) The Administrator of Veterans' Affairs shall submit to the appropriate committees of the House of Representatives and the Senate a full report (1) on the regulations (including guidelines, policies, and procedures thereunder) he has prescribed pursuant to section 321(b)(2) of the Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act of 1970, (2) explaining the bases for any inconsistency between such regulations and regulations of the Secretary under section 321(b)(1) of such Act, (3) on the extent, substance, and results of his consultations with the Secretary respecting the prescribing and implementation of the Administrator's regulations, and (4) containing such recommendations for legislation and administrative actions as he determines are necessary and desirable. The Administrator shall submit such report not later than sixty days after the effective date of the regulations prescribed by the Secretary under such section 321(b)(1), and shall timely publish such report in the Federal Register.

CONFIDENTIALITY

Sec. 122. (a) Section 333 of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"Section 333. (a) Records of the identity, diagnosis, prognosis, or treatment of any patient which are maintained in connection with the performance of any program or activity relating to alcoholism or alcohol abuse education, training, treatment, rehabilitation, or research, which is conducted, regulated, or directly or indirectly assisted by any department or agency of the United States shall, except as provided in subsection (e), be confidential and be disclosed only for the purposes and under the circumstances expressly authorized under subsection (b) of this section.

"(b) (1) The content of any record referred to in subsection (a) may be disclosed in accordance with the prior written consent of the patient with respect to whom such record is maintained, but only to such extent, under such circumstances, and for such purposes as may be allowed under regulations prescribed pursuant to subsection (g).

"(2) Whether or not the patient, with respect to whom any given record referred to in subsection (a) of this section is maintained, gives
his written consent, the content of such record may be disclosed as follows:

"(A) To medical personnel to the extent necessary to meet a bona fide medical emergency.

"(B) To qualified personnel for the purpose of conducting scientific research, management audits, financial audits, or program evaluation, but such personnel may not identify, directly or indirectly, any individual patient in any report of such research, audit, or evaluation, or otherwise disclose patient identities in any manner.

"(C) If authorized by an appropriate order of a court of competent jurisdiction granted after application showing good cause therefor. In assessing good cause the court shall weigh the public interest and the need for disclosure against the injury to the patient, to the physician-patient relationship, and to the treatment services. Upon the granting of such order, the court, in determining the extent to which any disclosure of all or any part of any record is necessary, shall impose appropriate safeguards against unauthorized disclosure.

"(e) Except as authorized by a court order granted under subsection (b)(2)(C) of this section, no record referred to in subsection (a) may be used to initiate or substantiate any criminal charges against a patient or to conduct any investigation of a patient.

"(d) The prohibitions of this section continue to apply to records concerning any individual who has been a patient, irrespective of whether or when he ceases to be a patient.

"(e) The prohibitions of this section do not apply to any interchange of records—

"(1) within the Armed Forces or within those components of the Veterans' Administration furnishing health care to veterans, or

"(2) between such components and the Armed Forces.

"(f) Any person who violates any provision of this section or any regulation issued pursuant to this section shall be fined not more than $500 in the case of a first offense, and not more than $5,000 in the case of each subsequent offense.

"(g) Except as provided in subsection (h) of this section, the Secretary shall prescribe regulations to carry out the purposes of this section. These regulations may contain such definitions, and may provide for such safeguards and procedures, including procedures and criteria for the issuance and scope of orders under subsection (b)(2)(C), as in the judgment of the Secretary are necessary or proper to effectuate the purposes of this section, to prevent circumvention or evasion thereof, or to facilitate compliance therewith.

"(h) The Administrator of Veterans' Affairs, through the Chief Medical Director, shall, to the maximum feasible extent consistent with their responsibilities under title 38, United States Code, prescribe regulations making applicable the regulations prescribed by the Secretary under subsection (g) of this section to records maintained in connection with the provision of hospital care, nursing home care, domiciliary care, and medical services under such title 38 to veterans suffering from alcohol abuse or alcoholism. In prescribing and implementing regulations pursuant to this subsection, the Administrator shall, from time to time, consult with the Secretary in order to achieve the maximum possible coordination of the regulations, and the implementation thereof, which they each prescribe."

(b) Section 308(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 242a(a)) is amended by striking out "the use and effect of drugs" and
inserting in lieu thereof “mental health, including research on the use and effect of alcohol and other psychoactive drugs.”

(c) The Administrator of Veterans’ Affairs shall submit to the appropriate committees of the House of Representatives and the Senate a full report (1) on the regulations (including guidelines, policies, and procedures thereunder) he has prescribed pursuant to section 333(h) of the Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act of 1970, (2) explaining the basis for any inconsistency between such regulations and regulations of the Secretary under section 333(g) of such Act, (3) on the extent, substance, and results of his consultations with the Secretary respecting the prescribing and implementation of the Administrator’s regulations, and (4) containing such recommendations for legislation and administrative actions as he determines are necessary and desirable. The Administrator shall submit such report not later than sixty days after the effective date of the regulations prescribed by the Secretary under such section 333(g), and shall timely publish such report in the Federal Register.

PART E—INTERAGENCY COMMITTEE

INTERAGENCY COMMITTEE

Sec. 131. Title I of the Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act of 1970 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“INTERAGENCY COMMITTEE ON FEDERAL ACTIVITIES FOR ALCOHOL ABUSE AND ALCOHOLISM

“Sec. 103. (a) The Secretary shall establish an Interagency Committee on Federal Activities for Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism (hereinafter in this section referred to as the ‘Committee’). The Committee shall (1) evaluate the adequacy and technical soundness of all Federal programs and activities which relate to alcoholism and alcohol abuse and provide for the communication and exchange of information necessary to maintain the coordination and effectiveness of such programs and activities, and (2) seek to coordinate efforts undertaken to deal with alcohol abuse and alcoholism in carrying out Federal health, welfare, rehabilitation, highway safety, law enforcement, and economic opportunity laws.

(b) The Secretary or the Director of the National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism (or the Director’s designee) shall serve as Chairman of the Committee, the membership of which shall include (1) appropriate scientific, medical, or technical representation from the Department of Transportation, the Department of Justice, the Department of Defense, the Veterans’ Administration, and such other Federal agencies and offices (including appropriate agencies and offices of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare) as the Secretary determines administer programs directly affecting alcoholism and alcohol abuse, and (2) five individuals from the general public appointed by the Secretary from individuals who by virtue of their training or experience are particularly qualified to participate in the performance of the Committee’s functions. The Committee shall meet at the call of the Chairman, but not less often than four times a year.

(c) Each appointed member of the Committee shall be appointed for a term of four years, except that—

(1) any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which his predecessor was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder of such term; and
“(2) of the members first appointed, two shall be appointed for a term of four years, two shall be appointed for a term of three years, and one shall be appointed for a term of one year, as designated by the Secretary at the time of appointment.

Appointed members may serve after the expiration of their terms until their successors have taken office.

“(d) Appointed members of the Committee shall receive for each day they are engaged in the performance of the functions of the Committee compensation at rates not to exceed the daily equivalent of the annual rate in effect for grade GS-18 of the General Schedule, including traveltime; and all members, while so serving away from their homes or regular places of business, may be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, in the same manner as such expenses are authorized by section 5703 of title 5, United States Code, for persons in the Government service employed intermittently.

“(e) The Secretary shall make available to the Committee such staff, information, and other assistance as it may require to carry out its activities effectively.”.

TITLE II—ADMINISTRATION AND COORDINATION OF THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF MENTAL HEALTH, THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE ON ALCOHOL ABUSE AND ALCOHOLISM, AND THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE ON DRUG ABUSE

ALCOHOL, DRUG ABUSE, AND MENTAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

Sec. 201. (a) The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall establish, in the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, the Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health Administration (hereinafter in this section referred to as the “Administration”). The Administration shall be headed by an Administrator appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The Administrator, with the approval of the Secretary, may appoint a Deputy Administrator and may employ and prescribe the functions of such officers and employees, including attorneys, as are necessary to administer the activities to be carried out through the Administration.

(b) The Secretary, acting through the Administration, shall supervise the functions of the National Institute of Mental Health, the National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism, and the National Institute on Drug Abuse in order to assure that (1) the programs carried out through each such Institute receive appropriate and equitable support, and (2) there is cooperation among the Institutes in the implementation of such programs.

(c) The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall establish a National Panel on Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health (hereinafter in this subsection referred to as the “panel”) to advise, consult with, and make recommendations to the Secretary concerning the activities to be carried out through the Administration. The panel shall consist of three members appointed by the Secretary as follows: One member shall be appointed from the public members of the National Advisory Mental Health Council established under section 217 of the Public Health Service Act, one member shall be appointed from the public members of the National Advisory Council on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism established under such section, and one member shall be appointed from the public members of the National Advisory Council on Drug Abuse established under such section.
SEC. 202. Title IV of the Public Health Service Act is amended by redesignating part G as part H, by redesignating section 454 as section 461, and by inserting after part F the following new part:

"PART G—NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF MENTAL HEALTH"

"ESTABLISHMENT OF INSTITUTE"

"Sec. 455. (a) There is established the National Institute of Mental Health (hereinafter in this part referred to as the 'Institute') to administer the programs and authorities of the Secretary with respect to mental health. The Secretary, acting through the Institute, shall, in carrying out the purposes of sections 301 and 303 of this Act and the Mental Retardation Facilities and Community Mental Health Centers Construction Act of 1963 (other than part C of title II) with respect to mental illness, develop and conduct comprehensive health, education, training, research, and planning programs for the prevention and treatment of mental illness and for the rehabilitation of the mentally ill. The Secretary shall carry out through the Institute the administrative and financial management, policy development and planning, evaluation, and public information functions which are required for the implementation of such programs and authorities.

"(b) (1) The Institute shall be under the direction of a Director who shall be appointed by the Secretary.

"(2) The Director, with the approval of the Secretary, may employ and prescribe the functions of such officers and employees, including attorneys, as are necessary to administer the programs and authorities to be carried out through the Institute.

"(c) The programs to be carried out through the Institute shall be administered so as to encourage the broadest possible participation of professionals and paraprofessionals in the fields of medicine, science, the social sciences, and other related disciplines."

NATIONAL INSTITUTE ON ALCOHOL ABUSE AND ALCOHOLISM

SEC. 203. (a) Section 101 of the Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act of 1970 is amended to read as follows:

"ESTABLISHMENT OF THE INSTITUTE"

"Sec. 101. (a) There is established the National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism (hereafter in this Act referred to as the 'Institute') to administer the programs and authorities assigned to the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare (hereafter in this Act referred to as the 'Secretary') by this Act and part C of the Community Mental Health Centers Act. The Secretary, acting through the Institute, shall, in carrying out the purposes of sections 301 and 303 of the Public Health Service Act with respect to alcohol abuse and alcoholism, develop and conduct comprehensive health, education, training, research, and planning programs for the prevention and treatment of alcohol abuse and alcoholism and for the rehabilitation of alcohol abusers and alcoholics. The Secretary shall carry out through the Institute the administrative and financial management, policy development and planning, evaluation, and public information functions which are required for the implementation of such programs and authorities."
"(b) (1) The Institute shall be under the direction of a Director who shall be appointed by the Secretary.

(2) The Director, with the approval of the Secretary, may employ and prescribe the functions of such officers and employees, including attorneys, as are necessary to administer the programs to be carried out through the Institute.

(c) The programs to be carried out through the Institute shall be administered so as to encourage the broadest possible participation of professionals and paraprofessionals in the fields of medicine, science, the social sciences, and other related disciplines."

(b) (1) Section 102(2) of such Act is amended by inserting "and every three years thereafter" after "Act".

(2) (A) Section 102 of such Act is amended by striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (3), by striking the period at the end of paragraph (4) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and", and by adding after paragraph (4) the following:

"(5) submit to Congress on or before the end of each calendar year a report on the extent to which other Federal programs and departments are concerned and dealing effectively with the problems of alcohol abuse and alcoholism."

Before submitting a report under paragraph (5), the Secretary shall give each department and agency of the Government which (or a program of which) is referred to in the report he proposes to submit under such paragraph an opportunity to comment on the proposed report; and the Secretary shall include in the report submitted to Congress under such paragraph the comments received by him from any such department or agency within 30 days from the date the proposed report was submitted to such department or agency."

(B) The first report to be submitted by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare under section 102(5) of the Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act of 1970 shall be submitted not later than December 31, 1974.

NATIONAL INSTITUTE ON DRUG ABUSE

Sec. 204. Subsections (a) and (b) of section 501 of the Drug Abuse Office and Treatment Act of 1972 are amended to read as follows:

"(a) There is established the National Institute on Drug Abuse (hereinafter in this section referred to as the 'Institute') to administer the programs and authorities of the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare (hereinafter in this section referred to as the 'Secretary') with respect to drug abuse prevention functions. The Secretary, acting through the Institute, shall, in carrying out the purposes of sections 301, 302, and 303 of the Public Health Service Act with respect to drug abuse, develop and conduct comprehensive health, education, training, research, and planning programs for the prevention and treatment of drug abuse and for the rehabilitation of drug abusers. The Secretary shall carry out through the Institute the administrative and financial management, policy development and planning, evaluation, and public information functions which are required for the implementation of such programs and authorities.

(b) (1) The Institute shall be under the direction of a Director who shall be appointed by the Secretary.

(2) The Director, with the approval of the Secretary, may employ and prescribe the functions of such officers and employees, including attorneys, as are necessary to administer the programs and authorities to be carried out through the Institute."
TITLE III—TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS

Sec. 301. Section 5108 (c) of title 5, United States Code, is amended—
(1) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (10) (B) and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon;
(2) by redesignating the paragraph (10) relating to the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration as paragraph (11) and by striking out the period at the end of that paragraph and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon;
(3) by redesignating the paragraph (10) relating to the Chief Judge of the United States Tax Court as paragraph (12) and by striking out “and” at the end of that paragraph;
(4) by redesignating the paragraph (11) relating to the Chairman of the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission as paragraph (13) and by striking out the period at the end of that paragraph and inserting in lieu thereof “; and”; and
(5) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:
"(14) the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, subject to the standards and procedures prescribed by this chapter, may place a total of eleven positions in the National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism in GS-16, 17, and 18.”.

Sec. 302. Section 247 of the Community Mental Health Centers Act (42 U.S.C. 2688j-2) is repealed.

Sec. 303. (a) Section 408 of the Drug Abuse Office and Treatment Act of 1972 (21 U.S.C. 1175) is amended to read as follows:

"§ 408. Confidentiality of patient records

(a) Records of the identity, diagnosis, prognosis, or treatment of any patient which are maintained in connection with the performance of any drug abuse prevention function conducted, regulated, or directly or indirectly assisted by any department or agency of the United States shall, except as provided in subsection (e), be confidential and be disclosed only for the purposes and under the circumstances expressly authorized under subsection (b) of this section.

(b) (1) The content of any record referred to in subsection (a) may be disclosed in accordance with the prior written consent of the patient with respect to whom such record is maintained, but only to such extent, under such circumstances, and for such purposes as may be allowed under regulations prescribed pursuant to subsection (g).

(2) Whether or not the patient, with respect to whom any given record referred to in subsection (a) of this section is maintained, gives his written consent, the content of such record may be disclosed as follows:

(A) To medical personnel to the extent necessary to meet a bona fide medical emergency.

(B) To qualified personnel for the purpose of conducting scientific research, management audits, financial audits, or program evaluation, but such personnel may not identify, directly or indirectly, any individual patient in any report of such research, audit, or evaluation, or otherwise disclose patient identities in any manner.

(C) If authorized by an appropriate order of a court of competent jurisdiction granted after application showing good cause therefor. In assessing good cause the court shall weigh the public interest and the need for disclosure against the injury to the patient, to the physician-patient relationship, and to the treatment services. Upon the granting of such order, the court, in deter-
mining the extent to which any disclosure of all or any part of any record is necessary, shall impose appropriate safeguards against unauthorized disclosure.

"(c) Except as authorized by a court order granted under subsection (b)(2)(C) of this section, no record referred to in subsection (a) may be used to initiate or substantiate any criminal charges against a patient or to conduct any investigation of a patient.

"(d) The prohibitions of this section continue to apply to records concerning any individual who has been a patient, irrespective of whether or when he ceases to be a patient.

"(e) The prohibitions of this section do not apply to any interchange of records—

"(1) within the Armed Forces or within those components of the Veterans' Administration furnishing health care to veterans, or

"(2) between such components and the Armed Forces.

"(f) Any person who violates any provision of this section or any regulation issued pursuant to this section shall be fined not more than $500 in the case of a first offense, and not more than $5,000 in the case of each subsequent offense.

"(g) The Director of the Special Action Office for Drug Abuse Prevention, after consultation with the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs and the heads of other Federal departments and agencies substantially affected thereby, shall prescribe regulations to carry out the purposes of this section. These regulations may contain such definitions, and may provide for such safeguards and procedures, including procedures and criteria for the issuance and scope of orders under subsection (b)(2)(C), as in the judgment of the Director are necessary or proper to effectuate the purposes of this section, to prevent circumvention or evasion thereof, or to facilitate compliance therewith.

(b) (1) Effective on the date specified in section 104 of the Drug Abuse Office and Treatment Act of 1972 (21 U.S.C. 1104), the first sentence of section 408(g) of that Act (21 U.S.C. 1175) is amended by striking "Director of the Special Action Office for Drug Abuse Prevention" and inserting in lieu thereof "Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare", and the second sentence of such section is amended by striking "Director" and inserting "Secretary" in lieu thereof.

(2) Effective on the date specified in paragraph (1) of this subsection, section 408 of such Act is further amended by—

(A) striking out "The" and inserting in lieu thereof "Except as provided in subsection (h) of this section, the" in the first sentence of subsection (g) of such section; and

(B) adding at the end of such section the following new subsection:

"(h) The Administrator of Veterans' Affairs, through the Chief Medical Director, shall, to the maximum feasible extent consistent with their responsibilities under title 38, United States Code, prescribe regulations making applicable the regulations established by the Secretary under subsection (g) of this section to records maintained in connection with the provision of hospital care, nursing home care, domiciliary care, and medical services under such title 38 to veterans suffering from drug abuse. In prescribing and implementing regulations pursuant to this subsection, the Administrator shall, from time to time, consult with the Secretary in order to achieve the maximum possible coordination of the regulations, and the implementation thereof, which they each prescribe.".
(c) The Administrator of Veterans' Affairs shall submit to the appropriate committees of the House of Representatives and the Senate a full report (1) on the regulations (including guidelines, policies, and procedures thereunder) he has prescribed pursuant to section 408(h) of the Drug Abuse Office and Treatment Act of 1972, (2) explaining the bases for any inconsistency between such regulations and the regulations of the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare under section 408(g) of that Act, (3) on the extent, substance, and results of his consultations with the Secretary respecting the prescribing and implementation of the Administrator's regulations, and (4) containing such recommendations for legislation and administrative actions as he determines are necessary and desirable. The Administrator shall submit such report not later than sixty days after the effective date of the regulations prescribed by the Secretary under such section 408(g), and shall timely publish such report in the Federal Register.

(d) Any regulation under or with respect to section 408 of the Drug Abuse Office and Treatment Act of 1972 (21 U.S.C. 1175) issued by the Director of the Special Action Office for Drug Abuse Prevention prior to the date specified in section 104 of that Act (21 U.S.C. 1104), whether before or after the enactment of this Act, shall remain in effect until revoked or amended by the Director or the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, as the case may be.

Approved May 14, 1974.

Public Law 93-283

AN ACT

To amend certain laws affecting the Coast Guard.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That title 14, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) Section 83 is amended by inserting the words “in or adjacent to the waters subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, its territories or possessions, or the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, or on the high seas if that person, or public body, or instrumentality is subject to the jurisdiction of the United States,” between the word “navigation” and the word “without” in the first sentence thereof.

(2) Section 85 is amended—

(A) by deleting the words “on fixed structures” from the catchline;

(B) by inserting the words “and floating” between the word “fixed” and the word “structures” in the first sentence thereof;

(C) by deleting the word “navigable” between the word “over” and the word “waters” and by inserting the words “subject to the jurisdiction” between the word “waters” and the words “of the United States”;

(D) by adding the following words at the end of the first sentence thereof: “and in the high seas for structures owned or operated by persons subject to the jurisdiction of the United States”.

(3) Section 86 is amended by deleting the word “any” preceding the words “navigable waters” and substituting therefor the word “the” and by inserting the words “or waters above the continental shelf” between the words “navigable waters” and the words “of the United States” in the first sentence thereof.