Public Law 92-293

AN ACT

To amend title 18 of the United States Code to authorize the Attorney General to provide care for narcotic addicts who are placed on probation, released on parole, or mandatorily released.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 3651 of title 18 of the United States Code is amended by inserting the following paragraph before the last one:

“The court may require a person who is an addict within the meaning of section 4251(a) of this title, or a drug dependent person within the meaning of section 2(q) of the Public Health Service Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 201), as a condition of probation, to participate in the community supervision programs authorized by section 4255 of this title for all or part of the period of probation: Provided, That the Attorney General certifies a suitable program is available. If the Attorney General determines that the person’s participation in the program should be terminated, because the person can derive no further significant benefits from participation or because his participation adversely affects the rehabilitation of other participants, he shall so notify the court, which shall thereupon, by order, make such other provision with respect to the person on probation as it deems appropriate.”

SEC. 2. Section (a) of section 4203 of such title is amended by inserting the following paragraph between the third and fourth:

“The Board may require a parolee, or a prisoner released pursuant to section 4164 of this title, who is an addict within the meaning of section 4251(a) of this title, or a drug dependent person within the meaning of section 2(q) of the Public Health Service Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 201), as a condition of parole or release to participate in the community supervision programs authorized by section 4255 of this title for all or part of the period of parole: Provided, That the Attorney General certifies a suitable program is available. If the Attorney General determines that the person’s participation in the program should be terminated, because the person can derive no further significant benefits from participation or because his participation adversely affects the rehabilitation of other participants, he shall so notify the Board of Parole, which shall thereupon make such other provision with respect to the person as it deems appropriate.”

SEC. 3. Subsection 343(b) of part E of title III of the Public Health Service Act is repealed.

Approved May 11, 1972.

Public Law 92-294

AN ACT

To amend the Public Health Service Act to provide for the control of sickle cell anemia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SHORT TITLE

SECTION 1. This Act shall be cited as the “National Sickle Cell Anemia Control Act”.

May 16, 1972
[S. 2676]