Public Law 91-450

AN ACT

To continue the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the District of Puerto Rico over certain cases pending in that court on June 2, 1970.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 13 of the Act entitled “An Act to provide for the appointment of additional district judges, and for other purposes”, approved June 2, 1970 (Public Law 91-272; 84 Stat. 294), is amended by striking out the period at the end thereof and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “; however, nothing in this section shall impair the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the District of Puerto Rico to hear and determine any action or matter begun in the court on or before June 2, 1970.”

Approved October 14, 1970.

Public Law 91-451

AN ACT

To amend section 3 of the Act of November 2, 1966, to extend for three years the authority to make appropriations to carry out such Act.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 3 of the Act entitled “An Act to provide for the control or elimination of jellyfish and other such pests in the coastal waters of the United States, and for other purposes”, approved November 2, 1966 (16 U.S.C. 1203), is amended by striking out “for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1970” and inserting in lieu thereof “for the period beginning July 1, 1969, and ending June 30, 1973”.

Approved October 14, 1970.

Public Law 91-452

AN ACT

Relating to the control of organized crime in the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the “Organized Crime Control Act of 1970.”

STATEMENT OF FINDINGS AND PURPOSE

The Congress finds that (1) organized crime in the United States is a highly sophisticated, diversified, and widespread activity that annually drains billions of dollars from America’s economy by unlawful conduct and the illegal use of force, fraud, and corruption; (2) organized crime derives a major portion of its power through money