

## TITLE VII

## RESERVE FORCES FACILITIES

SEC. 701. Subject to chapter 133 of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of Defense may establish or develop additional facilities for the Reserve Forces, including the acquisition of land therefor, but the cost of such facilities shall not exceed—

Reserve Forces  
Facilities Author-  
ization Act, 1971.  
70A Stat. 120.  
10 USC 2231.

(1) For the Department of the Army:

(a) Army National Guard of the United States,  
\$13,700,000.

(b) Army Reserve, \$9,300,000.

(2) For the Department of the Navy: Naval and Marine Corps  
Reserves, \$4,500,000.

(3) For the Department of the Air Force:

(a) Air National Guard of the United States, \$6,500,000.

(b) Air Force Reserve, \$3,500,000.

SEC. 702. The Secretary of Defense may establish or develop installations and facilities under this title without regard to section 3648 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (31 U.S.C. 529), and sections 4774(d) and 9774(d) of title 10, United States Code. The authority to place permanent or temporary improvements on lands includes authority for surveys, administration, overhead, planning, and supervision incident to construction. That authority may be exercised before title to the land is approved under section 355 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (40 U.S.C. 255), and even though the land is held temporarily. The authority to acquire real estate or land includes authority to make surveys and to acquire land, and interests in land (including temporary use), by gift, purchase, exchange of Government-owned land, or otherwise.

Ante, p. 835.

SEC. 703. This title may be cited as the "Reserve Forces Facilities Authorization Act, 1971".

Citation of title.

Approved October 26, 1970.

## Public Law 91-512

## AN ACT

To amend the Solid Waste Disposal Act in order to provide financial assistance for the construction of solid waste disposal facilities, to improve research programs pursuant to such Act, and for other purposes.

October 26, 1970  
[H. R. 11833]

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That this Act may be cited as the "Resource Recovery Act of 1970".

Resource Recov-  
ery Act of 1970.

## TITLE I—RESOURCE RECOVERY

SEC. 101. Section 202(b) of the Solid Waste Disposal Act is amended to read as follows:

79 Stat. 997.  
42 USC 3251.

"(b) The purposes of this Act therefore are—

"(1) to promote the demonstration, construction, and application of solid waste management and resource recovery systems which preserve and enhance the quality of air, water, and land resources;

"(2) to provide technical and financial assistance to States and local governments and interstate agencies in the planning and development of resource recovery and solid waste disposal programs;

“(3) to promote a national research and development program for improved management techniques, more effective organizational arrangements, and new and improved methods of collection, separation, recovery, and recycling of solid wastes, and the environmentally safe disposal of nonrecoverable residues;

“(4) to provide for the promulgation of guidelines for solid waste collection, transport, separation, recovery, and disposal systems; and

“(5) to provide for training grants in occupations involving the design, operation, and maintenance of solid waste disposal systems.”

Definitions.  
79 Stat. 998.  
42 USC 3252.

SEC. 102. Section 203 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following:

“(7) The term ‘municipality’ means a city, town, borough, county, parish, district, or other public body created by or pursuant to State law with responsibility for the planning or administration of solid waste disposal, or an Indian tribe.

“(8) The term ‘intermunicipal agency’ means an agency established by two or more municipalities with responsibility for planning or administration of solid waste disposal.

“(9) The term ‘recovered resources’ means materials or energy recovered from solid wastes.

“(10) The term ‘resource recovery system’ means a solid waste management system which provides for collection, separation, recycling, and recovery of solid wastes, including disposal of nonrecoverable waste residues.”

Research, authority of Secretary.  
42 USC 3253.

SEC. 103. (a) Section 204(a) of the Solid Waste Disposal Act is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 204. (a) The Secretary shall conduct, and encourage, cooperate with, and render financial and other assistance to appropriate public (whether Federal, State, interstate, or local) authorities, agencies, and institutions, private agencies and institutions, and individuals in the conduct of, and promote the coordination of, research, investigations, experiments, training, demonstrations, surveys, and studies relating to—

“(1) any adverse health and welfare effects of the release into the environment of material present in solid waste, and methods to eliminate such effects;

“(2) the operation and financing of solid waste disposal programs;

“(3) the reduction of the amount of such waste and unsalvageable waste materials;

“(4) the development and application of new and improved methods of collecting and disposing of solid waste and processing and recovering materials and energy from solid wastes; and

“(5) the identification of solid waste components and potential materials and energy recoverable from such waste components.”

(b) Section 204(d) of the Solid Waste Disposal Act is repealed.

Repeal.  
42 USC 3253.  
42 USC 3255,  
3254.

SEC. 104. (a) The Solid Waste Disposal Act is amended by striking out section 206, by redesignating section 205 as 206, and by inserting after section 204 the following new section:

“SPECIAL STUDY AND DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS ON RECOVERY OF USEFUL ENERGY AND MATERIALS

“SEC. 205. (a) The Secretary shall carry out an investigation and study to determine—

“(1) means of recovering materials and energy from solid waste, recommended uses of such materials and energy for

national or international welfare, including identification of potential markets for such recovered resources, and the impact of distribution of such resources on existing markets;

“(2) changes in current product characteristics and production and packaging practices which would reduce the amount of solid waste;

“(3) methods of collection, separation, and containerization which will encourage efficient utilization of facilities and contribute to more effective programs of reduction, reuse, or disposal of wastes;

“(4) the use of Federal procurement to develop market demand for recovered resources;

“(5) recommended incentives (including Federal grants, loans, and other assistance) and disincentives to accelerate the reclamation or recycling of materials from solid wastes, with special emphasis on motor vehicle hulks;

“(6) the effect of existing public policies, including subsidies and economic incentives and disincentives, percentage depletion allowances, capital gains treatment and other tax incentives and disincentives, upon the recycling and reuse of materials, and the likely effect of the modification or elimination of such incentives and disincentives upon the reuse, recycling, and conservation of such materials; and

“(7) the necessity and method of imposing disposal or other charges on packaging, containers, vehicles, and other manufactured goods, which charges would reflect the cost of final disposal, the value of recoverable components of the item, and any social costs associated with nonrecycling or uncontrolled disposal of such items.

The Secretary shall from time to time, but not less frequently than annually, report the results of such investigation and study to the President and the Congress.

Report to President and Congress.

“(b) The Secretary is also authorized to carry out demonstration projects to test and demonstrate methods and techniques developed pursuant to subsection (a).

Demonstration projects.

“(c) Section 204 (b) and (c) shall be applicable to investigations, studies, and projects carried out under this section.”

79 Stat. 998.  
42 USC 3253.

(b) The Solid Waste Disposal Act is amended by redesignating sections 207 through 210 as sections 213 through 216, respectively, and by inserting after section 206 (as so redesignated by subsection (a) of this section) the following new sections:

82 Stat. 1013.  
42 USC 3256-3259.

#### “GRANTS FOR STATE, INTERSTATE, AND LOCAL PLANNING

“SEC. 207. (a) The Secretary may from time to time, upon such terms and conditions consistent with this section as he finds appropriate to carry out the purposes of this Act, make grants to State, interstate, municipal, and intermunicipal agencies, and organizations composed of public officials which are eligible for assistance under section 701 (g) of the Housing Act of 1954, of not to exceed 66⅔ per centum of the cost in the case of an application with respect to an area including only one municipality, and not to exceed 75 per centum of the cost in any other case, of—

82 Stat. 530.  
40 USC 461.  
Cost limitation.

“(1) making surveys of solid waste disposal practices and problems within the jurisdictional areas of such agencies and

“(2) developing and revising solid waste disposal plans as part of regional environmental protection systems for such areas, providing for recycling or recovery of materials from wastes whenever possible and including planning for the reuse of solid waste

disposal areas and studies of the effect and relationship of solid waste disposal practices on areas adjacent to waste disposal sites,

"(3) developing proposals for projects to be carried out pursuant to section 208 of this Act, or

"(4) planning programs for the removal and processing of abandoned motor vehicle hulks.

"(b) Grants pursuant to this section may be made upon application therefor which—

"(1) designates or establishes a single agency (which may be an interdepartmental agency) as the sole agency for carrying out the purposes of this section for the area involved;

"(2) indicates the manner in which provision will be made to assure full consideration of all aspects of planning essential to areawide planning for proper and effective solid waste disposal consistent with the protection of the public health and welfare, including such factors as population growth, urban and metropolitan development, land use planning, water pollution control, air pollution control, and the feasibility of regional disposal and resource recovery programs;

"(3) sets forth plans for expenditure of such grant, which plans provide reasonable assurance of carrying out the purposes of this section;

"(4) provides for submission of such reports of the activities of the agency in carrying out the purposes of this section, in such form and containing such information, as the Secretary may from time to time find necessary for carrying out the purposes of this section and for keeping such records and affording such access thereto as he may find necessary; and

"(5) provides for such fiscal-control and fund-accounting procedures as may be necessary to assure proper disbursement of and accounting for funds paid to the agency under this section.

"(c) The Secretary shall make a grant under this section only if he finds that there is satisfactory assurance that the planning of solid waste disposal will be coordinated, so far as practicable, with and not duplicate other related State, interstate, regional, and local planning activities, including those financed in part with funds pursuant to section 701 of the Housing Act of 1954.

*Post*, p. 1780,  
1804.

#### "GRANTS FOR RESOURCE RECOVERY SYSTEMS AND IMPROVED SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL FACILITIES

"SEC. 208. (a) The Secretary is authorized to make grants pursuant to this section to any State, municipal, or interstate or intermunicipal agency for the demonstration of resource recovery systems or for the construction of new or improved solid waste disposal facilities.

"(b) (1) Any grant under this section for the demonstration of a resource recovery system may be made only if it (A) is consistent with any plans which meet the requirements of section 207(b) (2) of this Act; (B) is consistent with the guidelines recommended pursuant to section 209 of this Act; (C) is designed to provide areawide resource recovery systems consistent with the purposes of this Act, as determined by the Secretary, pursuant to regulations promulgated under subsection (d) of this section; and (D) provides an equitable system for distributing the costs associated with construction, operation, and maintenance of any resource recovery system among the users of such system.

"(2) The Federal share for any project to which paragraph (1) applies shall not be more than 75 percent.

"(c) (1) A grant under this section for the construction of a new or improved solid waste disposal facility may be made only if—

Federal share,  
limitation.



“(A) a State or interstate plan for solid waste disposal has been adopted which applies to the area involved, and the facility to be constructed (i) is consistent with such plan, (ii) is included in a comprehensive plan for the area involved which is satisfactory to the Secretary for the purposes of this Act, and (iii) is consistent with the guidelines recommended under section 209, and

“(B) the project advances the state of the art by applying new and improved techniques in reducing the environmental impact of solid waste disposal, in achieving recovery of energy or resources, or in recycling useful materials.

“(2) The Federal share for any project to which paragraph (1) applies shall be not more than 50 percent in the case of a project serving an area which includes only one municipality, and not more than 75 percent in any other case.

“(d) (1) The Secretary, within ninety days after the date of enactment of the Resource Recovery Act of 1970, shall promulgate regulations establishing a procedure for awarding grants under this section which—

Regulations.

“(A) provides that projects will be carried out in communities of varying sizes, under such conditions as will assist in solving the community waste problems of urban-industrial centers, metropolitan regions, and rural areas, under representative geographic and environmental conditions; and

“(B) provides deadlines for submission of, and action on, grant requests.

“(2) In taking action on applications for grants under this section, consideration shall be given by the Secretary (A) to the public benefits to be derived by the construction and the propriety of Federal aid in making such grant; (B) to the extent applicable, to the economic and commercial viability of the project (including contractual arrangements with the private sector to market any resources recovered); (C) to the potential of such project for general application to community solid waste disposal problems; and (D) to the use by the applicant of comprehensive regional or metropolitan area planning.

“(e) A grant under this section—

“(1) may be made only in the amount of the Federal share of (A) the estimated total design and construction costs, plus (B) in the case of a grant to which subsection (b) (1) applies, the first-year operation and maintenance costs;

“(2) may not be provided for land acquisition or (except as otherwise provided in paragraph (1) (B) for operating or maintenance costs;

“(3) may not be made until the applicant has made provision satisfactory to the Secretary for proper and efficient operation and maintenance of the project (subject to paragraph (1) (B)); and

“(4) may be made subject to such conditions and requirements, in addition to those provided in this section, as the Secretary may require to properly carry out his functions pursuant to this Act.

For purposes of paragraph (1), the non-Federal share may be in any form, including, but not limited to, lands or interests therein needed for the project or personal property or services, the value of which shall be determined by the Secretary.

“(f) (1) Not more than 15 percent of the total of funds authorized to be appropriated under section 216(a) (3) for any fiscal year to carry out this section shall be granted under this section for projects in any one State.

Limitation.  
Post, p. 1234.

“(2) The Secretary shall prescribe by regulation the manner in which this subsection shall apply to a grant under this section for a project in an area which includes all or part of more than one State.

Regulation.

## "RECOMMENDED GUIDELINES"

Publication in  
Federal Register.

"SEC. 209. (a) The Secretary shall, in cooperation with appropriate State, Federal, interstate, regional, and local agencies, allowing for public comment by other interested parties, as soon as practicable after the enactment of the Resource Recovery Act of 1970, recommend to appropriate agencies and publish in the Federal Register guidelines for solid waste recovery, collection, separation, and disposal systems (including systems for private use), which shall be consistent with public health and welfare, and air and water quality standards and adaptable to appropriate land-use plans. Such guidelines shall apply to such systems whether on land or water and shall be revised from time to time.

"(b) (1) The Secretary shall, as soon as practicable, recommend model codes, ordinances, and statutes which are designed to implement this section and the purposes of this Act.

"(2) The Secretary shall issue to appropriate Federal, interstate, regional, and local agencies information on technically feasible solid waste collection, separation, disposal, recycling, and recovery methods, including data on the cost of construction, operation, and maintenance of such methods.

## "GRANTS OR CONTRACTS FOR TRAINING PROJECTS"

"Eligible  
organization."

"SEC. 210. (a) The Secretary is authorized to make grants to, and contracts with, any eligible organization. For purposes of this section the term 'eligible organization' means a State or interstate agency, a municipality, educational institution, and any other organization which is capable of effectively carrying out a project which may be funded by grant under subsection (b) of this section.

"(b) (1) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (2), grants or contracts may be made to pay all or a part of the costs, as may be determined by the Secretary, of any project operated or to be operated by an eligible organization, which is designed—

"(A) to develop, expand, or carry out a program (which may combine training, education, and employment) for training persons for occupations involving the management, supervision, design, operation, or maintenance of solid waste disposal and resource recovery equipment and facilities; or

"(B) to train instructors and supervisory personnel to train or supervise persons in occupations involving the design, operation, and maintenance of solid waste disposal and resource recovery equipment and facilities.

"(2) A grant or contract authorized by paragraph (1) of this subsection may be made only upon application to the Secretary at such time or times and containing such information as he may prescribe, except that no such application shall be approved unless it provides for the same procedures and reports (and access to such reports and to other records) as is required by section 207(b) (4) and (5) with respect to applications made under such section.

Ante, p. 1230.

Study.

"(c) The Secretary shall make a complete investigation and study to determine—

"(1) the need for additional trained State and local personnel to carry out plans assisted under this Act and other solid waste and resource recovery programs;

"(2) means of using existing training programs to train such personnel; and

"(3) the extent and nature of obstacles to employment and occupational advancement in the solid waste disposal and resource recovery field which may limit either available manpower or the advancement of personnel in such field.

He shall report the results of such investigation and study, including his recommendations to the President and the Congress not later than one year after enactment of this Act.

Report to President and Congress.

“APPLICABILITY OF SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL GUIDELINES TO EXECUTIVE AGENCIES

“SEC. 211. (a) (1) If—

“(A) an Executive agency (as defined in section 105 of title 5, United States Code) has jurisdiction over any real property or facility the operation or administration of which involves such agency in solid waste disposal activities, or

80 Stat. 379.

“(B) such an agency enters into a contract with any person for the operation by such person of any Federal property or facility, and the performance of such contract involves such person in solid waste disposal activities,

then such agency shall insure compliance with the guidelines recommended under section 209 and the purposes of this Act in the operation or administration of such property or facility, or the performance of such contract, as the case may be.

Compliance.

“(2) Each Executive agency which conducts any activity—

“(A) which generates solid waste, and

“(B) which, if conducted by a person other than such agency, would require a permit or license from such agency in order to dispose of such solid waste,

shall insure compliance with such guidelines and the purposes of this Act in conducting such activity.

“(3) Each Executive agency which permits the use of Federal property for purposes of disposal of solid waste shall insure compliance with such guidelines and the purposes of this Act in the disposal of such waste.

“(4) The President shall prescribe regulations to carry out this subsection.

Presidential regulations.

“(b) Each Executive agency which issues any license or permit for disposal of solid waste shall, prior to the issuance of such license or permit, consult with the Secretary to insure compliance with guidelines recommended under section 209 and the purposes of this Act.

“NATIONAL DISPOSAL SITES STUDY

“SEC. 212. The Secretary shall submit to the Congress no later than two years after the date of enactment of the Resource Recovery Act of 1970, a comprehensive report and plan for the creation of a system of national disposal sites for the storage and disposal of hazardous wastes, including radioactive, toxic chemical, biological, and other wastes which may endanger public health or welfare. Such report shall include: (1) a list of materials which should be subject to disposal in any such site; (2) current methods of disposal of such materials; (3) recommended methods of reduction, neutralization, recovery, or disposal of such materials; (4) an inventory of possible sites including existing land or water disposal sites operated or licensed by Federal agencies; (5) an estimate of the cost of developing and maintaining sites including consideration of means for distributing the short- and long-term costs of operating such sites among the users thereof; and (6) such other information as may be appropriate.”

Report to Congress.

(c) Section 215 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act (as so redesignated by subsection (b) of this section) is amended by striking out the head-

Ante, p. 1229.

ing thereof and inserting in lieu thereof "GENERAL PROVISIONS"; by inserting "(a)" before "Payments"; and by adding at the end thereof the following:

Grants, prohibition.

"(b) No grant may be made under this Act to any private profit-making organization."

Appropriation.

SEC. 105. Section 216 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act (as so redesignated by section 104 of this Act) is amended to read as follows:

Ante, p. 1230.

"SEC. 216. (a) (1) There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare for carrying out the provisions of this Act (including, but not limited to, section 208), not to exceed \$41,500,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1971.

"(2) There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare to carry out the provisions of this Act, other than section 208, not to exceed \$72,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1972, and not to exceed \$76,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1973.

"(3) There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare to carry out section 208 of this Act not to exceed \$80,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1972, and not to exceed \$140,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1973.

"(b) There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of the Interior to carry out this Act not to exceed \$8,750,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1971, not to exceed \$20,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1972, and not to exceed \$22,500,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1973. Prior to expending any funds authorized to be appropriated by this subsection, the Secretary of the Interior shall consult with the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare to assure that the expenditure of such funds will be consistent with the purposes of this Act.

Program evaluation.

"(c) Such portion as the Secretary may determine, but not more than 1 per centum, of any appropriation for grants, contracts, or other payments under any provision of this Act for any fiscal year beginning after June 30, 1970, shall be available for evaluation (directly, or by grants or contracts) of any program authorized by this Act.

Funds, availability.

"(d) Sums appropriated under this section shall remain available until expended."

## TITLE II—NATIONAL MATERIALS POLICY

Citation of title.

SEC. 201. This title may be cited as the "National Materials Policy Act of 1970".

SEC. 202. It is the purpose of this title to enhance environmental quality and conserve materials by developing a national materials policy to utilize present resources and technology more efficiently, to anticipate the future materials requirements of the Nation and the world, and to make recommendations on the supply, use, recovery, and disposal of materials.

National Commission on Materials Policy; establishment; membership.

SEC. 203. (a) There is hereby created the National Commission on Materials Policy (hereafter referred to as the "Commission") which shall be composed of seven members chosen from Government service and the private sector for their outstanding qualifications and demonstrated competence with regard to matters related to materials policy, to be appointed by the President with the advice and consent of the Senate, one of whom he shall designate as Chairman.

Travel expenses, etc.

(b) The members of the Commission shall serve without compensation, but shall be reimbursed for travel, subsistence, and other neces-



sary expenses incurred by them in carrying out the duties of the Commission.

SEC. 204. The Commission shall make a full and complete investigation and study for the purpose of developing a national materials policy which shall include, without being limited to, a determination of—

Study.

(1) national and international materials requirements, priorities, and objectives, both current and future, including economic projections;

(2) the relationship of materials policy to (A) national and international population size and (B) the enhancement of environmental quality;

(3) recommended means for the extraction, development, and use of materials which are susceptible to recycling, reuse, or self-destruction, in order to enhance environmental quality and conserve materials;

(4) means of exploiting existing scientific knowledge in the supply, use, recovery, and disposal of materials and encouraging further research and education in this field;

(5) means to enhance coordination and cooperation among Federal departments and agencies in materials usage so that such usage might best serve the national materials policy;

(6) the feasibility and desirability of establishing computer inventories of national and international materials requirements, supplies, and alternatives; and

(7) which Federal agency or agencies shall be assigned continuing responsibility for the implementation of the national materials policy.

(b) In order to carry out the purposes of this title, the Commission is authorized—

(1) to request the cooperation and assistance of such other Federal departments and agencies as may be appropriate;

Agency cooperation.

(2) to appoint and fix the compensation of such staff personnel as may be necessary, without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service, and without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of such title relating to classification and General Schedule pay rates; and

Personnel.

(3) to obtain the services of experts and consultants, in accordance with the provisions of section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, at rates for individuals not to exceed \$100 per diem.

80 Stat. 443,  
467; *Ante*, p. 198-1.  
5 USC 5101,

5331.  
Experts and  
consultants.

(c) The Commission shall submit to the President and to the Congress a report with respect to its findings and recommendations no later than June 30, 1973, and shall terminate not later than ninety days after submission of such report.

80 Stat. 416.  
Report to President and Congress.  
Termination.

(d) Upon request by the Commission, each Federal department and agency is authorized and directed to furnish, to the greatest extent practicable, such information and assistance as the Commission may request.

Agency assistance.

SEC. 205. When used in this title, the term "materials" means natural resources intended to be utilized by industry for the production of goods, with the exclusion of food.

"Materials."

SEC. 206. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated the sum of \$2,000,000 to carry out the provisions of this title.

Appropriation.

Approved October 26, 1970.