

Public Law 91-160

JOINT RESOLUTION

December 24, 1969
[S. J. Res. 90]

To enable the United States to organize and hold a diplomatic conference in the United States in fiscal year 1970 to negotiate a Patent Cooperation Treaty and authorize an appropriation therefor.

Whereas all countries issuing patents, and especially countries such as the United States having an examination system, deal with large and constantly growing numbers of patent applications of increasing complexity; and

Whereas in any one country a considerable number of patent applications duplicate or substantially duplicate applications relating to the same inventions in other countries, thereby increasing further the volume of applications to be processed; and

Whereas a resolution of the difficulties attendant upon duplications in filings and examination would result in more economical, quicker, and more effective protection for inventions throughout the world thus benefiting inventors, the general public, and government; and

Whereas a treaty for international patent cooperation providing a central filing, search and examination system should provide a practicable means of resolving the difficulties arising out of the duplications in the filing and examination of patent applications; and

Whereas governments concerned with international patent problems have spent a number of years in consultation and in the development of a draft treaty for international patent cooperation to alleviate these problems: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Commerce, in consultation with other concerned departments and agencies, are authorized to take all necessary steps to organize and hold a diplomatic conference to negotiate a Patent Cooperation Treaty in Washington, District of Columbia, in fiscal year 1970.

Patent
Cooperation
Treaty,
conference to
negotiate.

SEC. 2. There is authorized to be appropriated to the Department of State, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, a sum not to exceed \$175,000 for the purpose of defraying the expenses incident to organizing and holding such an international conference. Funds appropriated pursuant to this authorization shall be available for expenses incurred on behalf of the United States as host government, including without limitation personal services without regard to civil service and classification laws, except that no salary rate shall exceed the maximum rate payable under section 5332 of title 5, United States Code; employment of aliens, printing and binding without regard to the provisions of any other law; travel expenses without regard to the Standardized Government Travel Regulations and to the rates of per diem allowances in lieu of subsistence expenses under section 5707 of title 5, United States Code; rent or lease of facilities in the District of Columbia or elsewhere by contract or otherwise; hire of passenger motor vehicles; and official functions and courtesies.

Appropriation.

5 USC 5332
note.

80 Stat. 500;
Ante, p. 190.

SEC. 3. The Secretary of State and the Secretary of Commerce, or either of them, are authorized to accept and use contributions of funds, property, services, and facilities for the purpose of organizing and holding such an international conference. For the purpose of Federal

Contributions
of funds,
property, etc.

income, estate, and gift taxes, any gift, devise, or bequest accepted by the Secretary of State or the Secretary of Commerce under authority of this Act shall be deemed to be a gift, devise, or bequest to or for the use of the United States.

SEC. 4. The head of any department, agency, or establishment of the United States is authorized on request, to assist with or without reimbursement the Department of State and the Department of Commerce in carrying out the functions herein authorized, including the furnishing of personnel and facilities.

Approved December 24, 1969.

Assistance
by other
Government
agencies.

Public Law 91-161

December 24, 1969
[S. 3169]

AN ACT

To amend the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, and for other purposes.

Atomic Energy
Act of 1954,
amendment.

78 Stat. 376.
42 USC 2183.

68 Stat. 958.
42 USC 2272.

Restricted
data.
42 USC 2274-
2276.

Enforcement.
70 Stat. 1070.
42 USC 2271-
2281.

68 Stat. 930.
42 USC 2073,
2077, 2092,
2093, 2111,
2112, 2131,
2133, 2134,
2137, 2139.
42 USC 2236.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. Subsection 153h. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"h. The provisions of this section shall apply to any patent the application for which shall have been filed before September 1, 1974."

SEC. 2. Section 222 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, is amended by striking out "imprisonment for not more than five years" and inserting in lieu thereof "imprisonment for not more than ten years".

SEC. 3. (a) Section 222 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, is amended by striking out "death or imprisonment for life (but the penalty of death or imprisonment for life may be imposed only upon recommendation of the jury), or by a fine of not more than \$20,000 or by imprisonment for not more than twenty years, or both" and inserting in lieu thereof "imprisonment for life, or by imprisonment for any term of years or a fine of not more than \$20,000 or both".

(b) Sections 224, 225, and 226 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, are each amended by striking out "death or imprisonment for life (but the penalty of death or imprisonment for life may be imposed only upon recommendation of the jury), or by a fine of not more than \$20,000 or imprisonment for not more than twenty years, or both" and inserting in lieu thereof "imprisonment for life, or by imprisonment for any term of years or a fine of not more than \$20,000 or both".

SEC. 4. Chapter 18 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"SEC. 234. CIVIL MONETARY PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS OF LICENSING REQUIREMENTS.—

"a. Any person who (1) violates any licensing provision of section 53, 57, 62, 63, 81, 82, 101, 103, 104, 107, or 109 or any rule, regulation, or order issued thereunder, or any term, condition, or limitation of any license issued thereunder, or (2) commits any violation for which a license may be revoked under section 186, shall be subject to a civil penalty, to be imposed by the Commission, of not to exceed \$5,000 for each such violation: *Provided*, That in no event shall the total penalty payable by any person exceed \$25,000 for all violations by such person occurring within any period of thirty consecutive days. If any violation is a continuing one, each day of such violation shall constitute a separate violation for the purpose of computing the applicable civil penalty. The Commission shall have the power to compromise, mitigate, or remit such penalties.