of the United States, credit shall be given for amounts for which liability is relieved by this section.

SEC. 2. The names of each individual referred to in the first section of this Act, the amount of overpayments made to each individual, the period during which the overpayments were made, and the naval installation employing each individual, are as follows:

(1) United States Naval Ammunition Depot, Bangor, Bremerton, Washington.

Name of employee and period of overpayment:	Amount overpaid
Frank Grey, Junior, from December 23, 1962, through October 10, 1964	$607.20
Carroll L. Klieves, from April 16, 1963, through April 25, 1964	452.00
Helen M. Morehouse, from April 16, 1963, through October 9, 1965	1,391.10
Jerome R. Weathermon, from February 19, 1963, through October 9, 1965	1,063.93

(2) United States Polaris Missile Facility, Pacific.

Name of employee and period of overpayment:	Amount overpaid
George C. Solman, from November 22, 1964, through September 11, 1965	$235.20

(3) United States Naval Torpedo Station, Keyport, Washington.

Name of employee and period of overpayment:	Amount overpaid
Howard K. Asher, from May 24, 1964, through September 25, 1965	$228.80
Charles A. Bary, from December 23, 1962, through October 9, 1965	668.80
James L. Dalton, from January 19, 1964, through October 9, 1965	432.00
Francis J. Hedeen, from August 2, 1964, through March 2, 1965	109.45
Richard M. Lynch, from November 29, 1964, through January 2, 1965	28.80
Douglas P. McAllister, from September 15, 1963, through September 11, 1965	459.60
Amos J. Pickrell, from January 19, 1964, through January 16, 1965	228.80
Robert B. Stewart, from February 2, 1964, through October 9, 1965	492.80
Richard L. Thompson, Senior, from July 19, 1964, through July 17, 1965	210.20

SEC. 3. The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to each individual named in section 2 of this Act, the sum of any amounts received or withheld from him on account of the overpayments referred to in the first section of this Act. No part of the amounts appropriated in this Act shall be paid or delivered to or received by any agent or attorney on account of services rendered in connection with any of these claims, and the same shall be unlawful, regardless of any contract to the contrary. Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding $1,000.

Approved June 4, 1968.

Private Law 90-250

AN ACT

For the relief of the estate of Josiah K. Lilly.

June 4, 1968
[S. 2409]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That upon delivery within thirty days following the enactment of this Act to the Smithsonian Institution by the Merchants National Bank and Trust Company of Indianapolis, as executor of the estate of Josiah K. Lilly, of the title to, ownership, and possession of the collection of gold coins left by the said Josiah K. Lilly and comprising approximately six

Josiah K. Lilly estate.

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thousand one hundred and twenty-five items, the said estate shall be entitled to a credit against its obligation for Federal estate tax, effective as of the date upon which the return was due to be filed, in the amount of $5,534,808.00.

Approved June 4, 1968.

Private Law 90-251

June 5, 1968
[S. 233]

AN ACT

For the relief of Chester E. Davis.

Chester E. Davis.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Chester E. Davis the sum of $2,000. The payment of such sum shall be in full satisfaction of all claims of the said Chester E. Davis against the United States for clothing, furniture, and household effects lost by him while serving in Cuba as an attaché of the Department of Agriculture, the said Chester E. Davis having been forced to abandon such clothing, furniture, and household effects in such country when the United States and Cuba broke diplomatic relations: *Provided*, That no part of the amount appropriated in this Act in excess of 10 per centum thereof shall be paid or delivered to or received by any agent or attorney on account of services rendered in connection with this claim, and the same shall be unlawful, any contract to the contrary notwithstanding. Any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding $1,000.

Approved June 5, 1968.

Private Law 90-252

June 5, 1968
[S. 1052]

AN ACT

For the relief of Nicholas S. Cvetan, United States Air Force (retired).

Nicholas S. Cvetan, USAF.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Nicholas S. Cvetan, United States Air Force (retired), the sum of $2,556. The payment of such sum shall be in full satisfaction of all claims of the said Nicholas S. Cvetan against the United States for emergency cost-of-living allowances for the period May 9, 1965, through July 18, 1965, during which his dependents, pursuant to instructions of superior military authority, temporarily resided in Lima, Peru, until dependents of military personnel stationed at Santo Domingo, Dominican Republic, were authorized to return to the Dominican Republic, the said Nicholas S. Cvetan having had his dependents with him while he was on authorized leave and visiting Lima, Peru, at the time all dependents were ordered evacuated from Santo Domingo, Dominican Republic: *Provided*, That no part of the amount appropriated in this Act shall be paid or delivered to or received by any agent or attorney on account of services rendered in connection with this claim, and the same shall be unlawful, any contract to the contrary notwithstanding. Any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a