Public Law 90-14

May 5, 1967
[H. R. 286]

AN ACT

To permit duty-free treatment pursuant to the Trade Expansion Act of 1962 of dicyandiamide and of limestone when imported to be used in the manufacture of cement.

Dicyandiamide and limestone. Duty-free entry.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for purposes of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962, section 201(b)(1) (relating to limit on decrease in duty), sections 221, 223, and 224 (relating to certain requirements concerning negotiations), and section 253 (relating to staging requirements) of such Act shall not apply with respect to dicyandiamide provided for in item 425.40 of the Tariff Schedules of the United States, and shall not apply with respect to limestone, when imported to be used in the manufacture of cement, provided for in item 513.34 of such Schedules.

76 Stat. 872.
19 USC 1821.
77A Stat. 186.
19 USC 1202.
80 Stat. 1748.

Approved May 5, 1967.

Public Law 90-15

May 8, 1967
[S. 1039]

AN ACT

To extend the authority of the Postmaster General to enter into leases of real property for periods not exceeding thirty years, and for other purposes.

Postmaster General. Leasing authority, extension.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) the portion of section 2103(a), title 39, United States Code, which precedes paragraph (2) thereof is amended to read as follows:

74 Stat. 590.

"(a) Whenever the Postmaster General determines after consultation with the Administrator of General Services, that it is not desirable or feasible to construct a postal facility under the provisions of the Public Buildings Act of 1959, as amended (40 U.S.C. 601–615), the Postmaster General, in addition to the authority conferred upon him by section 2102 of this title may—

73 Stat. 479.

"(1) negotiate and enter into lease agreements which do not bind the Government for periods exceeding thirty years, on such terms as the Postmaster General deems to be in the best interest of the United States, for the erection by the lessor of special-purpose post office buildings on lands sold, leased, or otherwise disposed of by the Postmaster General to or otherwise acquired by, the lessor;".

(b) Section 2103, title 39, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsections:

Definition.

"(d) As used in this section the term 'special purpose post office building' means a building which has the following characteristics:

"(1) it is situated in a particular geographical location to make it convenient for processing mail;

"(2) it is designed in a particular configuration to make it convenient for processing mail; and

"(3) it is not readily usable or convertible to use as a general-purpose office building.

Report to congressional committees.

"(e) At least thirty days prior to entering into a lease agreement under this section or under section 2102 of this title for a special purpose post office building having gross floor space exceeding twenty thousand square feet, the Postmaster General shall transmit to the Committee on Public Works of the Senate and the Committee on Post

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