

Public Law 89-675

AN ACT

October 15, 1966
[S. 3112]

To amend the Clean Air Act so as to authorize grants to air pollution control agencies for maintenance of air pollution control programs in addition to present authority for grants to develop, establish, or improve such programs; make the use of appropriations under the Act more flexible by consolidating the appropriation authorizations under the Act and deleting the provision limiting the total of grants for support of air pollution control programs to 20 per centum of the total appropriation for any year; extend the duration of the programs authorized by the Act; and for other purposes.

Clean Air Act
Amendments of
1966.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Clean Air Act Amendments of 1966".

CONSOLIDATION OF APPROPRIATION CEILINGS

77 Stat. 401;
79 Stat. 992.
42 USC 1857f.

SEC. 2. (a) Section 306 of the Clean Air Act is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 306. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated to carry out this Act, \$46,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1967, \$66,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1968, and \$74,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1969."

(b) Section 209 of such Act is hereby repealed.

Repeal.
79 Stat. 995.
42 USC 1857f-8.

AUTHORIZATION OF MAINTENANCE GRANTS FOR AIR POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAMS AND REMOVAL OF 20 PER CENTUM CEILING

77 Stat. 395;
79 Stat. 992.

SEC. 3. (a) (1) Subsection (a) of section 104 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 1857c(a)) is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 104. (a) The Secretary is authorized to make grants to air pollution control agencies in an amount up to two-thirds of the cost of developing, establishing, or improving, and grants to such agencies in an amount up to one-half of the cost of maintaining, programs for the prevention and control of air pollution: *Provided*, That the Secretary is authorized to make grants to intermunicipal or interstate air pollution control agencies (described in section 302(b) (2) and (4)) in an amount up to three-fourths of the cost of developing, establishing, or improving, and up to three-fifths of the cost of maintaining, regional air pollution control programs. As used in this subsection, the term 'regional air pollution control program' means a program for the prevention and control of air pollution in an area that includes the areas of two or more municipalities, whether in the same or different States."

42 USC 1857h.

(2) Subsection (b) of such section 104 is amended by striking out "under" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "for the purposes of", and in the next to the last sentence by inserting a comma after the word "funds" and adding "for other than non-recurrent expenditures," and in the same sentence after the word "pollution", the word "control". Such next to the last sentence is further amended by inserting immediately before the period at the end thereof the following: "; and no agency shall receive any grant under this section with respect to the maintenance of a program for the prevention and control of air pollution unless the Secretary is satisfied that such grant will be so used as to supplement and, to the extent practicable, increase the level of State, local, and other non-Federal funds that would in the absence of such grant be made available for the maintenance of such program, and will in no event supplant such State, local, and other non-Federal funds".

(b) Subsection (c) of such section 104 is amended to read as follows:

"(c) Not more than 12½ per centum of the total of funds appropri-

ated or allocated for the purposes of subsection (a) of this section shall be granted for air pollution control programs in any one State. In the case of a grant for a program in an area crossing State boundaries, the Secretary shall determine the portion of such grant that is chargeable to the percentage limitation under this subsection for each State into which such area extends."

Approved October 15, 1966.

Public Law 89-676

AN ACT

October 15, 1966
[S. 3704]

To provide for the striking of a medal in commemoration of the designation of Ellis Island as a part of the Statue of Liberty National Monument in New York City, New York.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, in commemoration of the designation by the President of the United States of Ellis Island as a part of the Statue of Liberty National Monument in New York City, New York, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to strike and furnish to the New York City National Shrines Advisory Board a fourth medallion in the liberty series of no more than two hundred and fifty-five thousand medals with suitable emblems, devices, and inscriptions to be determined by the New York City National Shrines Advisory Board and subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury. The medals shall be made and delivered at such times as may be required by the advisory board in quantities of not less than two thousand. The medals shall be considered to be national medals within the meaning of section 3551 of the Revised Statutes.

Ellis Island,
N.Y.
Commemorative
medal.
* 79 Stat. 1490.

31 USC 368.

SEC. 2. The Secretary of the Treasury shall cause such medals to be struck and furnished at not less than the estimated cost of manufacture, including labor, materials, dies, use of machinery, and overhead expenses; and security satisfactory to the Director of the Mint shall be furnished to indemnify the United States for full payment of such cost.

SEC. 3. The medals authorized to be issued pursuant to this bill shall be of such size or sizes and of such metals as shall be determined by the Secretary of the Treasury in consultation with such advisory board.

SEC. 4. After December 31, 1968, no further medals shall be struck under the authority of this Act.

Approved October 15, 1966.

Public Law 89-677

AN ACT

October 15, 1966
[S. 801]

To improve the balance-of-payments position of the United States by permitting the use of reserved foreign currencies in lieu of dollars for current expenditures.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any foreign currencies held by the United States which have been or may be reserved or set aside for specified programs or activities of any agency of the Government may be used by Federal agencies for any authorized purpose, except (1) that reimbursement shall be made to the Treasury from applicable appropriations of the agency concerned, and (2) that any foreign currencies so used shall be replaced when needed for the purpose for which originally reserved or set aside.

Reserved for
foreign currencies.
Use by Federal
agencies.

Approved October 15, 1966.