Public Law 88-499

AN ACT

To provide for continuous improvement of the administrative procedure of Federal agencies by creating an Administrative Conference of the United States, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the “Administrative Conference Act”.

FINDINGS AND DECLARATION OF POLICY

SEC. 2. The Congress finds and declares that—
(a) administration of regulatory and other statutes enacted by Congress in the public interest substantially affects large numbers of private individuals and many areas of business and economic activity;
(b) the protection of public and private interests requires continuing attention to the administrative procedure of Federal agencies to insure maximum efficiency and fairness in achieving statutory objectives;
(c) responsibility for assuring fair and efficient administrative procedure is inherent in the general responsibilities of officials appointed to administer Federal statutes;
(d) experience has demonstrated that cooperative effort among Federal officials, assisted by private citizens and others whose interest, competence, and objectivity enable them to make a unique contribution, can find solutions to complex problems and achieve substantial progress in improving the effectiveness of administrative procedure; and
(e) it is the purpose of this Act to provide suitable arrangements through which Federal agencies, assisted by outside experts, may cooperatively study mutual problems, exchange information, and develop recommendations for action by proper authorities to the end that private rights may be fully protected and regulatory activities and other Federal responsibilities may be carried out expeditiously in the public interest.

DEFINITIONS

SEC. 3. As used in this Act—
(a) "Administrative program" includes any Federal function which involves protection of the public interest and the determination of rights, privileges, and obligations of private persons through rulemaking, adjudication, licensing or investigation, as those terms are used in the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U.S.C. 1001-1011), except that it does not include any military, naval, or foreign affairs function of the United States.
(b) "Administrative agency" means any authority as defined by section 2(a) of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U.S.C. 1001(a)).
(c) "Administrative procedure" means procedure used in carrying out an administrative program and shall be broadly construed to include any aspect of agency organization, procedure, or management which may affect the equitable consideration of public and private interests, the fairness of agency decisions, the speed of agency action, and the relationship of operating methods to later judicial review, but shall not be construed to include the scope of agency responsibility as established by law or matters of substantive policy committed by law to agency discretion.
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[78 STAT. 616]

ADMINISTRATIVE CONFERENCE OF THE UNITED STATES

SEC. 4. (a) There is hereby established the Administrative Conference of the United States (hereinafter referred to as the “Conference”), which shall consist of not more than ninety-one nor fewer than seventy-five members appointed as set forth in subsection (b) of this section.

(b) The Conference shall be composed of—

(1) a full-time Chairman, who shall be appointed for a five-year term by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The Chairman shall receive compensation at the highest rate established by law for the chairman of an independent regulatory board or commission, and may continue to serve until his successor has been appointed and has qualified;

(2) the chairman of each independent regulatory board or commission or a person designated by such board or commission;

(3) the head of each executive department or other administrative agency which is designated by the President, or a person designated by such head of a department or agency;

(4) when authorized by the Council, one or more appointees from any such board, commission, department, or agency, designated by the department or agency head or, in the case of a board or commission, by the head of such board or commission with the approval of the board or commission;

(5) persons appointed by the President to membership upon the Council hereinafter established who are not otherwise members of the Conference; and

(6) no more than thirty-six other members appointed by the Chairman, with the approval of the Council, for terms of two years: Provided, That the number of members appointed by the Chairman shall at no time be less than one-third nor more than two-fifths of the total number of members. Such members shall be selected in a manner which will provide broad representation of the views of private citizens and utilize diverse experience, and shall be members of the practicing bar, scholars in the field of administrative law or government, or others especially informed by knowledge and experience with respect to Federal administrative procedure.

(c) Members of the Conference other than the Chairman shall receive no compensation for service, but members appointed from outside the Federal Government shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 73b–2) for persons serving without compensation.

DUTIES AND POWERS OF THE CONFERENCE

SEC. 5. To carry out the purposes of this Act the Conference is authorized to—

(a) study the efficiency, adequacy, and fairness of the administrative procedure used by administrative agencies in carrying out administrative programs, and make recommendations to administrative agencies, collectively or individually, and to the President, the Congress, or the Judicial Conference of the United States, in connection therewith, as it deems appropriate;

(b) arrange for interchange among administrative agencies of information potentially useful in improving administrative procedure; and

(c) collect information and statistics from administrative agencies and publish such reports as it deems useful for evaluating and improving administrative procedure.
ORGANIZATION OF THE CONFERENCE

SEC. 6. (a) The membership of the Conference meeting in plenary session shall constitute the Assembly of the Conference. The Assembly shall have ultimate authority over all activities of the Conference. Specifically, it shall have power to (1) adopt such recommendations as it deems appropriate for improving administrative procedure: Provided, That any member or members who disagree with a recommendation adopted by the Assembly shall be accorded the privilege of entering dissenting opinions and alternative proposals in the record of Conference proceedings, and the opinions and proposals so entered shall accompany the Conference recommendation in any publication or distribution thereof; and (2) adopt bylaws and regulations not inconsistent with this Act for carrying out the functions of the Conference, including the creation of such committees as it deems necessary for the conduct of studies and the development of recommendations for consideration by the Assembly.

(b) The Conference shall include a Council composed of the Chairman of the Conference, who shall be the Chairman of the Council, and ten other members appointed by the President, of whom not more than one-half shall be officials or personnel of Federal regulatory agencies or executive departments. Members other than the Chairman shall be appointed for three-year terms, except that the Council members initially appointed shall serve for one, two, or three years, as designated by the President: Provided, That (1) the service of any member shall terminate whenever a change in his employment status would make him ineligible for Council membership under the conditions of his original appointment, and (2) except as provided in item (1), above, any member whose term has expired may continue to serve until a successor is appointed. The Council shall have power to (1) determine the time and place of plenary sessions of the Conference and the agenda for such meetings and it shall call at least one plenary session each year; (2) propose bylaws and regulations, including rules of procedure and committee organization, for adoption by the Assembly; (3) make recommendations to the Conference or its committees upon any subject germane to the purposes of the Conference; (4) receive and consider reports and recommendations of committees of the Conference and transmit them to members of the Conference with the views and recommendations of the Council; (5) designate a member of the Council to preside at meetings of the Council in the absence or incapacity of the Chairman and Vice Chairman; (6) designate such additional officers of the Conference as it may deem desirable; (7) approve or revise the Chairman's budgetary proposals; and (8) exercise such other powers as may be delegated to it by the Assembly.

(c) The Chairman shall be the chief executive of the Conference. In that capacity he shall have power to (1) make inquiries into matters he deems important for Conference consideration, including matters proposed by persons inside or outside the Federal Government; (2) be the official spokesman for the Conference in relations with the several branches and agencies of the Federal Government and with interested organizations and individuals outside the Government, including responsibility for encouraging Federal agencies to effectuate the recommendations of the Conference; (3) request agency heads to provide information needed by the Conference, which information shall be supplied to the extent permitted by law; (4) recommend to the Council appropriate subjects for action by the Conference; (5) appoint, with the approval of the Council, members of committees authorized by the bylaws and regulations of the Conference; (6) pre-
prepare, for approval of the Council, estimates of the budgetary requirements of the Conference; (7) appoint employees, subject to the civil service and classification laws, define their duties and responsibilities, and direct and supervise their activities; (8) rent office space in the District of Columbia; (9) provide necessary services for the Assembly, the Council, and the committees of the Conference; (10) organize and direct studies ordered by the Assembly or the Council, utilizing from time to time, as appropriate, experts and consultants who may be employed as authorized by section 13 of the Administrative Expenses Act of 1946, as amended (5 U.S.C. 55a), but at rates for individuals not to exceed $100 per diem; (11) upon request of the head of any agency, furnish assistance and advice on matters of administrative procedure; and (12) exercise such additional authority as may be delegated to him by the Council or the Assembly. The Chairman shall preside at meetings of the Council and at each plenary session of the Conference, to which he shall make a full report concerning the affairs of the Conference since the last preceding plenary session. The Chairman shall, on behalf of the Conference, transmit to the President and the Congress an annual report and such interim reports as he deems desirable.

(d) The President may designate a member of the Council as Vice Chairman, who shall serve as Chairman in the event of a vacancy in that office or in the absence or incapacity of the Chairman.

APPROPRIATIONS

Sec. 7. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary, not to exceed $250,000, to accomplish the purposes of this Act.

Approved August 30, 1964.

Public Law 88-500

AN ACT
To authorize the conveyance of certain Federal land under the jurisdiction of the Naval Ordnance Test Station, China Lake, California, to the county of Kern, State of California.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized to convey to the county of Kern, State of California, a parcel of land containing one hundred five and one-half acres, more or less, situated on the Naval Ordnance Test Station, China Lake, California, metes and boundary description of which is on file in the Navy Department.

Sec. 2. Said property is to be conveyed to the county of Kern at a price equal to 50 per centum of the fair market value as determined by the Secretary of the Navy. The conveyance shall provide that the property shall be used and maintained for park, recreational, educational, and other public purposes, and that in the event the property ceases to be used or maintained for such purposes it shall, in its then existing condition, at the option of the Secretary of the Navy, revert to the United States and to the control of the Department of the Navy. The conveyance may contain such additional terms, reservations, restrictions, and conditions as may be determined by the Secretary of the Navy to be necessary to safeguard the interests of the United States.

Approved August 30, 1964.