

SEC. 15. Except as otherwise provided herein, limitations and legislative provisions contained in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1961, shall be continued for the fiscal year 1963: *Provided*, That the limitation for "Construction Services, Department of Buildings and Grounds" contained in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1961, shall be increased from 6 to 7 per centum of appropriations for construction projects.

74 Stat. 17.

74 Stat. 23.

SEC. 16. The salary of the Controller for the Department of Public Welfare shall be at the rate of Grade GS-16 and the Commissioners are authorized to appoint supervisors of investigators for the Department of Public Welfare at Grade GS-11 and investigators at Grade GS-9.

This Act may be cited as the "District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1963".

Short title.

Approved October 23, 1962.

Public Law 87-868

AN ACT

October 23, 1962
[H. R. 10541]

To assist States and communities to carry out intensive vaccination programs designed to protect their populations, particularly all preschool children, against poliomyelitis, diphtheria, whooping cough, and tetanus.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Vaccination Assistance Act of 1962".

Vaccination Assistance Act of 1962.

SEC. 2. Part B of title III of the Public Health Service Act is amended by adding after section 316 the following new section:

58 Stat. 693;
75 Stat. 824.
42 USC 243-247a.

"GRANTS FOR INTENSIVE VACCINATION PROGRAMS

"SEC. 317. (a) There are hereby authorized to be appropriated \$14,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1963, and \$11,000,000 each for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1964, and June 30, 1965, to enable the Surgeon General to make grants to States and, with the approval of the State health authority, to political subdivisions or instrumentalities of the States under this section. Amounts appropriated pursuant to this section for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1963, and June 30, 1964, shall be available for making such grants during the fiscal year for which appropriated and the succeeding fiscal year. Such grants may be used to pay that portion of the cost of intensive community vaccination programs against poliomyelitis, diphtheria, whooping cough, and tetanus which is reasonably attributable to (1) purchase of vaccines needed to protect children under the age of five years and such additional groups of children as may be described in regulations of the Surgeon General upon his finding that they are not normally served by school vaccination programs and (2) salaries and related expenses of additional State and local health personnel needed for planning, organizational, and promotional activities in connection with such programs, including studies to determine the immunization needs of communities and the means of best meeting such needs, and personnel and related expenses needed to maintain additional epidemiologic and laboratory surveillance occasioned by such programs.

"(b) For purposes of this section an 'intensive community vaccination program' means a program of limited duration which is so designed and conducted as to achieve, with the cooperation of practicing physicians, official health agencies, voluntary organizations, and volunteers, the immunization against poliomyelitis, diphtheria, whooping

"Intensive community vaccination program."

cough, and tetanus over the period of the program of all, or practically all, susceptible persons in a community, particularly children who are under the age of five years, and which includes plans and measures looking toward the strengthening of ongoing community programs for the immunization against such diseases of infants and for maintenance of immunity in the remainder of the population. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require any State or any political subdivision or instrumentality of a State to have an intensive community vaccination program which would require any person who objects to immunization to be immunized or to have any child or ward of his immunized.

Method of payment.

“(c) (1) Payments under this section may be made in advance or by way of reimbursement, in such installments, and on such terms and conditions as the Surgeon General finds necessary to carry out the purposes of this section, and the Surgeon General may, if the applicant State or other political subdivision or instrumentality so requests, purchase and furnish vaccines in lieu of making money grants for the purchase thereof.

Vaccines to private physicians.

“(2) Each applicant under this section for a money grant for the purchase of vaccines, or for a grant of vaccines in lieu of a money grant, for use in connection with an intensive community vaccination program shall, at the time it files its application with the Surgeon General, provide the Surgeon General with assurances satisfactory to him that it will, if it receives such a grant, furnish any physician, who practices in the area in which such program is to be carried out and makes application therefor to it, with such amounts of vaccines as are reasonably necessary in order to permit such physician during the period of such program to immunize his patients who are in the group for whose immunization such grant of money or vaccines is made.

“(3) Each applicant for a grant under this section for use in connection with an intensive community vaccination program shall, at the time it files its application for such grant with the Surgeon General, provide the Surgeon General with assurances satisfactory to him that it will, if it receives such grant, furnish such other services and materials as may be necessary to carry out such program.

Reduction of grant.

“(d) The Surgeon General, at the request of a State or other public agency, may reduce the grant to such agency under this section by the amount of the pay, allowances, traveling expenses, and any other costs in connection with the detail of an officer or employee of the Public Health Service to such agency when such detail is made for the convenience of and at the request of such agency and for the purpose of carrying out a function for which a grant is made under this section. The amount by which such grant is so reduced shall be available for payment of such costs by the Surgeon General, but shall, for purposes of subsection (c), be deemed to have been paid to such agency.

“(e) Nothing in this section shall limit or otherwise restrict the use of funds which are granted to a State or to a political subdivision of a State under title V of the Social Security Act, other provisions of this Act, or other Federal law and which are available for the purchase of vaccine or for organizing, promoting, conducting, or participating in immunization programs, from being used for such purposes in connection with programs assisted through grants under this section.”

42 USC 701-731; 29 USC 45b.

Approved October 23, 1962.