

Public Law 85-755

AN ACT

August 25, 1958
[H. R. 7866]

To amend title 28, United States Code, relating to the Court of Customs and Patent Appeals.

Court of Customs and Patent Appeals.
62 Stat. 899.

USC prec. Title 1.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 211 of title 28 of the United States Code is amended by inserting after the first sentence thereof a new sentence as follows: "Such court is hereby declared to be a court established under article III of the Constitution of the United States."

SEC. 2. Section 291 of title 28 of the United States Code, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"§ 291. Circuit judges

"(a) The Chief Justice of the United States may designate and assign temporarily any circuit judge to act as circuit judge in another circuit upon presentation of a certificate of necessity by the chief judge or circuit justice of the circuit where the need arises.

"(b) The Chief Justice of the United States may designate and assign temporarily any circuit judge to serve as a judge of the Court of Claims or the Court of Customs and Patent Appeals upon presentation to him of a certificate of necessity by the chief judge of the court in which the need arises.

"(c) The chief judge of a circuit or the circuit justice may, in the public interest, designate and assign temporarily any circuit judge within the circuit, including a judge designated and assigned to temporary duty therein, to hold a district court in any district within the circuit."

SEC. 3. Section 292 of title 28 of the United States Code, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"§ 292. District judges

"(a) The chief judge of a circuit may designate and assign one or more district judges within the circuit to sit upon the court of appeals or a division thereof whenever the business of that court so requires. Such designations or assignments shall be in conformity with the rules or orders of the court of appeals of the circuit.

"(b) The chief judge of a circuit may, in the public interest, designate and assign temporarily any district judge of the circuit to hold a district court in any district within the circuit.

"(c) The Chief Justice of the United States may designate and assign temporarily a district judge of one circuit for service in another circuit, either in a district court or court of appeals, upon presentation of a certificate of necessity by the chief judge or circuit justice of the circuit wherein the need arises.

"(d) The Chief Justice of the United States may designate and assign temporarily any district judge to serve as a judge of the Court of Claims, the Court of Customs and Patent Appeals or the Customs Court upon presentation to him of a certificate of necessity by the chief judge of the court in which the need arises."

SEC. 4. Section 293 of title 28 of the United States Code, as amended is amended to read as follows:

"§ 293. Judges of other courts

"(a) The Chief Justice of the United States may designate and assign temporarily any judge of the Court of Claims or the Court of Customs and Patent Appeals to serve, respectively, as a judge of the Court of Customs and Patent Appeals or the Court of Claims upon presentation of a certificate of necessity by the chief judge of the court

wherein the need arises, or to perform judicial duties in any circuit, either in a court of appeals or district court, upon presentation of a certificate of necessity by the chief judge or circuit justice of the circuit wherein the need arises.

“(b) The Chief Justice of the United States may designate and assign temporarily any judge of the Customs Court to perform judicial duties in a district court in any circuit upon presentation of a certificate of necessity by the chief judge or circuit justice of the circuit wherein the need arises.

“(c) The chief judge of the Court of Customs and Patent Appeals may, upon presentation to him by the chief judge of the Customs Court of a certificate of necessity, designate and assign temporarily any judge of the Court of Customs and Patent Appeals to serve as a judge of the Customs Court.

“(d) The chief judge of the Customs Court may, upon presentation to him by the chief judge of the Court of Customs and Patent Appeals of a certificate of necessity, designate and assign temporarily any judge of the Customs Court to serve as a judge of the Court of Customs and Patent Appeals.”

SEC. 5. Section 294 of title 28 of the United States Code, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

“§ 294. Assignment of retired Justices or judges to active duty

“(a) Any retired Chief Justice of the United States or Associate Justice of the Supreme Court may be designated and assigned by the Chief Justice of the United States to perform such judicial duties in any circuit, including those of a circuit justice, as he is willing to undertake.

“(b) Any judge of the United States who has retired from regular active service under section 371 (b) or 372 (a) of this title shall be known and designated as a senior judge and may continue to perform such judicial duties as he is willing and able to undertake, when designated and assigned as provided in subsections (c) and (d).

“(c) Any retired circuit or district judge may be designated and assigned by the chief judge or judicial council of his circuit to perform such judicial duties within the circuit as he is willing and able to undertake. Any other retired judge of the United States may be designated and assigned by the chief judge of his court to perform such judicial duties in such court as he is willing and able to undertake.

“(d) The Chief Justice of the United States shall maintain a roster of retired judges of the United States who are willing and able to undertake special judicial duties from time to time outside their own circuit, in the case of a retired circuit or district judge, or in a court other than their own, in the case of other retired judges, which roster shall be known as the roster of senior judges. Any such retired judge of the United States may be designated and assigned by the Chief Justice to perform such judicial duties as he is willing and able to undertake in a court outside his own circuit, in the case of a retired circuit or district judge, or in a court other than his own, in the case of any other retired judge of the United States. Such designation and assignment to a court of appeals or district court shall be made upon the presentation of a certificate of necessity by the chief judge or circuit justice of the circuit wherein the need arises and to any other court of the United States upon the presentation of a certificate of necessity by the chief judge of such court. No such designation or assignment shall be made to the Supreme Court.

“(e) No retired Justice or judge shall perform judicial duties except when designated and assigned.”

SEC. 6. The first paragraph of section 295 of title 28 of the United States Code, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"No designation and assignment of a circuit or district judge in active service shall be made without the consent of the chief judge or judicial council of the circuit from which the judge is to be designated and assigned. No designation and assignment of a judge of any other court of the United States in active service shall be made without the consent of the chief judge of such court."

Jurisdiction.

SEC. 7. Nothing contained in this Act shall be construed in any way to limit or alter the jurisdiction heretofore conferred upon the United States Court of Customs and Patent Appeals by any provision of law.

SEC. 8. Item 293 in the analysis of chapter 13 of title 28 of the United States Code, immediately preceding section 291 of such title, is amended to read as follows:

"293. Judges of other courts."

Approved August 25, 1958.

Public Law 85-756

AN ACT

August 25, 1958
[H. R. 10173]

To provide for the transfer of title to certain land at Sand Island, Territory of Hawaii, to the Territory of Hawaii, and for other purposes.

Sand Island Military Reservation,
T.H.
Transfer of land.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States is authorized, when he determines that land comprising any portion or portions of Sand Island Military Reservation, Honolulu, island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, including submerged lands therein, not to exceed in the aggregate two hundred and two acres, is no longer required or is not required for military purposes, to transfer to the Territory of Hawaii, by Executive order, all the right, title, and interest of the United States in said land, together with the improvements thereon, and to grant nonexclusive easements over other land comprised within the Sand Island Military Reservation and the Navy Harbor Entrance Control Post in favor of the Territory of Hawaii which he shall deem necessary for the proper enjoyment of the premises transferred. Such transfer shall be subject to the conditions set forth in this Act.

Terms and conditions.

SEC. 2. Such transfer as may be made pursuant to the provisions of this Act shall be without monetary consideration but subject to—

(a) terms and conditions that may be determined by the President to be in the interest of national defense; and

(b) avigation or restrictive easements, or both, as may be considered necessary by the President.

Relocation of Naval facilities.

SEC. 3. The Territory of Hawaii shall relocate or procure the relocation at another location on Sand Island of the Navy tower and other facilities on the southern shore of Sand Island, if the land on which such facilities are now located shall be transferred to the Territory of Hawaii pursuant to this Act. Until this requirement is fulfilled by the Territory, there are hereby reserved to the United States all such portions of the premises authorized to be transferred as are needed for the full enjoyment of such facilities.

Disposition of transferred land.

SEC. 4. (a) Any land transferred pursuant to this Act may be sold, leased, or otherwise disposed of by the Territory of Hawaii for any purposes consistent with the provisions of this Act and the terms and conditions set forth in any Executive order issued pursuant thereto. Any such sale, lease, or other disposition shall be by public auction to the highest responsible bidder, but at not less than the appraised value: *Provided*, That the notice of sale, lease, or other disposition shall be by