

Public Law 85-184

AN ACT

August 28, 1957
[S. 1556]

Granting the consent of Congress to the States of Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Wyoming to negotiate and enter into a compact relating to their interest in, and the apportionment of, the waters of the Little Missouri River and its tributaries as they affect such States, and for related purposes.

Little Missouri River.
Interstate compact; consent of Congress.

Reports to President and Congress.

Federal representative.

69 Stat. 394; 60 Stat. 810.
5 USC 73b-2, 55a.
63 Stat. 166.
5 USC 835 note.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of the Congress is hereby given to the States of Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Wyoming to negotiate and enter into a compact relating to the interests of such States in the development, protection from pollution, and the use of the water resources of the Little Missouri River and its tributaries, and providing for an equitable apportionment among them of the waters of the Little Missouri River and its tributaries, and for matters incidental thereto, upon the condition that one qualified person appointed by the President of the United States shall participate in such negotiations as chairman, representing the United States, and shall make a report to the President of the United States and the Congress of the proceedings and of any compact entered into. Such compact shall not be binding or obligatory upon any of the parties thereto unless or until the same shall have been ratified by the legislature of each of the respective States, and consented to by the Congress of the United States.

SEC. 2. (a) The Federal representative shall be appointed by the President, and shall report to the President either directly or through such agency or official of the Government as the President may specify.

(b) The Federal representative shall receive compensation and shall be entitled to travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, in the same manner as provided for experts and consultants under sections 5 and 15 of the Administrative Expenses Act of 1946 and the Travel Expense Act of 1949, except (1) that his term of service shall be governed by the terms of this Act and shall not be affected by the time limitations of said section 15, and (2) his per diem rate of compensation shall be in such amount, not in excess of \$100, as the President shall specify, but the total amount of compensation payable in any one calendar year shall not exceed \$15,000: *Provided*, That if the Federal representative be an employee of the United States he shall serve without additional compensation: *Provided further*, That a retired military officer, or a retired Federal civilian officer or employee, may be appointed as such representative without prejudice to his retired status, and he shall receive compensation as authorized herein in addition to his retired pay or annuity, but the sum of his retired pay or annuity and such compensation as may be payable hereunder shall not exceed \$15,000 in any one calendar year.

(c) The Federal representative shall be provided with office space, consulting, engineering, and stenographic service, and other necessary administrative services.

(d) The compensation of the Federal representative shall be paid from the current appropriation for salaries in the White House Office.

Travel and other expenses provided for in subsections (b) and (c) of this section shall be paid from any current appropriation or appropriations selected by the head of such agency or agencies as may be designated by the President to provide for such expenses.

SEC. 3. The authority granted in this Act shall expire four years from the date of enactment.

Approved August 28, 1957.

Expiration date.

Public Law 85-185

AN ACT

To provide for the conveyance to the State of Maine of certain lands located in such State.

August 28, 1957
[S. 319]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy is authorized to convey, by quitclaim deed and without consideration, to the State of Maine, for vocational or other school purposes, all right, title, and interest of the United States, except as provided in this Act, in and to the lands comprising the Fort Preble Military Reservation, South Portland, Maine, together with all buildings and other improvements located thereon, except that the part of Fort Preble Military Reservation over which the Department of the Air Force exercises jurisdiction, together with all buildings and other improvements located thereon shall not be conveyed by the aforesaid deed.

Maine.
Conveyance.

SEC. 2. The deed effecting the conveyance authorized by the first section of this Act shall provide—

Conditions.

(a) that the State of Maine agrees to use the property only for vocational or other school purposes and in the event that such lands cease to be used for such purposes, all right, title, and interest therein shall immediately revert to and revest in the United States;

(b) that during any state of war or national emergency and for six months thereafter, if the Secretary of Defense determines that such lands are useful or necessary for national defense purposes the United States may, without payment therefor, reenter such lands and use all or any part thereof (including improvements thereon), but upon the termination of such use such lands shall revert to the State of Maine; and

(c) that the conveyance shall be conditioned upon an agreement by the State of Maine—

(1) to maintain the entire property in a condition suitable for immediate use by the Department of Defense in the event of mobilization;

(2) to retain all structures and improvements except for removal which may be requested by the State of Maine and approved by the Commandant, First Naval District.

SEC. 3. In addition to conditions provided for in section 2 of this Act, the Secretary of the Navy shall impose such other conditions and such exceptions and reservations as he determines to be necessary, or desirable to safeguard the interests of the United States and to insure that such lands will be used for the purpose for which they are conveyed.

Approved August 28, 1957.