

ARTICLE III. The United States stipulate to continue to Econchati-mico, his sub-Chiefs and Warriors their proportion of the annuity of (5000) five thousand dollars to which they are entitled under the treaty of Camp Moultrie, so long as the Seminoles remain in the Territory, and to advance their proportional amount of said annuity for the balance of the term stipulated for its payment in the treaty aforesaid, whenever the Seminoles finally remove in compliance with the terms of the treaty concluded at Payne's landing on 9th May 1832.—

Annuity continued.

ARTICLE IV. If at any time hereafter, the Chiefs and Warriors, parties to this agreement, should feel disposed to migrate from the Territory of Florida to the country allotted to the Creeks and Seminoles in Arkansas; should they elect to sell their grants of land as provided for in the first article of this treaty, they must defray from the proceeds of the sales of said land, or from their private resources, all the expenses of their migration, subsistence, &c. But, if they prefer, they may, by surrendering to the U. States all the rights and privileges acquired under the provisions of this agreement, become parties to the obligations, provisions and stipulations of the treaty concluded at Payne's landing with the Seminoles on the 9th May 1832 as a constituent part of said tribe, and re-unite with said tribe in their new abode on the Arkansas, the United States, in that event agreeing to pay (3000) three thousand dollars for the reservation relinquished in the first article of this treaty; in addition to the rights and immunities the parties may acquire under the aforesaid treaty at Payne's landing.

Ante, p. 368.

Provision in case of future removal.

Ante, p. 368.

In testimony whereof the Commissioner, James Gadsden, in behalf of the U. States and the undersigned Chiefs and Warriors have hereunto subscribed their names and affixed their seals.

Done at Pope's, Fayette county in the Territory of Florida, this eighteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three, and of the independence of the U. States the fifty-eighth.—

JAMES GADSDEN.

Econ-chati-mico,  
Billy Humpkin,  
Kaley Senehah,  
Elapy Tustenukey,

Vauxey Hajo,  
Fose-e-mathla,  
Lath-la-fi-cicio.

WITNESSES—Wm. S. Pope, Sub-Agent. Robert Larance. Joe Miller, Interpreter. Jim Walker, Interpreter.

To the Indian names are subjoined marks.

## ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT AND CONVENTION,

*Made at the Otoe Village on the River Platte, between Henry L. Ellsworth, Commissioner, in behalf of the United States, and the united bands of Otoes, and Missourias dwelling on the said Platte this 21st day of September A. D. 1833.*

Sept. 21, 1833.

Proclamation,  
April 12, 1834.

ARTICLE I. The said Otoes, and Missourias, cede and relinquish to the United States, all their right and title, to the lands lying south of the following line viz.—Beginning, on the Little Nemohaw river, at the northwest corner of the land reserved by treaty at Prairie du Chien, on

Cession of land  
to U. S.

- Ante, p. 328. the 15th July 1830, in favor of certain half-breeds, of the Omahas, Ioways, Otoes, Yancton, and Santie bands of Sioux, and running westerly with said Little Nemohaw, to the head branches of the same; and thence running in a due west line as far west, as said Otoes and Missourias, have, or pretend to have any claim.
- Annuity of \$2500 continued. ARTICLE II. The United States agree, to continue the present annuity of twenty-five hundred dollars, granted by said treaty of Prairie du Chien, to said Otoes and Missourias, ten years from the expiration of the same viz. ten years from 15th July 1840.
- Annuity of \$500 continued. ARTICLE III. The United States agree to continue for ten years from said 15th July, 1840, the annuity of five hundred dollars, granted for instruments for agricultural purposes.
- \$500 per annum for school purposes. ARTICLE IV. The United States agree, to allow annually five hundred dollars, for five years, for the purposes of education, which sum shall be expended under the direction of the President; and continued longer if he deems proper. The schools however, shall be kept within the limit of said tribe or nation.
- Horse-mill, &c. ARTICLE V. The United States agree, to erect a horse-mill for grinding corn, and to provide two farmers to reside in the nation, to instruct and assist said tribe, for the term of five years, and longer if the President thinks proper.
- Stock to be delivered. ARTICLE VI. The United States agree to deliver to said Otoes and Missourias, one thousand dollars value in stock, which shall be placed in the care of the agent, or farmer, until the President thinks the same can safely be intrusted to the Indians.
- Conditions of these stipulations. ARTICLE VII. It is expressly agreed and understood, that the stipulations contained in the 3d 4th 5th and 6th articles are not to be fulfilled by the United States, until the Otoes and Missourias shall locate themselves in such convenient agricultural districts, as the President may think proper, nor shall the payments be continued, if the Otoes and Missourias shall abandon such location as the President shall think best for their agricultural interest.
- Disputes to be referred to arbitrator. ARTICLE VIII. The Otoes and Missourias declare their entire willingness to abandon the chase for the agricultural life—their desire for peace with all other tribes, and therefore agree not to make war against any tribe with whom they now are, or shall be, at peace; but should any difficulty arise between them and any other tribe, they agree to refer the matter in dispute, to some arbiter, whom the President shall appoint to adjust the same.
- Goods. ARTICLE IX. The United States agree to deliver the said Otoes and Missourias the value of four hundred dollars in goods and merchandize; which said Otoes and Missourias hereby acknowledge to have received.
- Treaty binding when ratified. ARTICLE X. This convention, or agreement, to be obligatory, when ratified by the President and Senate of the United States.

In testimony whereof, the commissioner aforesaid, and the undersigned chiefs and warriors have hereunto subscribed their names and affixed their seals, at the Otoe Village on the said Platte river, at the date first above written.

HENRY L. ELLSWORTH.

Jaton,  
Big Kaw,  
The Thief,  
Wah-ro-ne-saw,  
Rah-no-way-wah-ha-rah,  
Gra-tah-ni-kah,  
Mah-skah-gah-ha,  
Nan-cha-si-zay,  
A-sha-bah-hoo,  
Kah-he-ga,  
Wah-ne-min-nah,  
Cha-wah-che-ra,  
Pa-che-ga-he,

Wah-tcha-sing-a,  
Mon-to-ni-a,  
Gra-da-nia,  
Mock-shiga-tona,  
Wah-nah-sha,  
Wosh-kah-money,  
Cha-ah-gra,  
To-he,  
O-rah-kah-pe,  
Wah-a-ge-hi-ru-ga-rah,  
O-ha-ah-che-gi-sug-a,  
Ish-kah-tap-a,  
Meh-say-way.

In presence of Edward A. Ellsworth, Sec. pro tem. Jno. Dougherty, Ind. Agt.  
Ward S. May, M. D. John Dunlop. John T. Irving, jr. J. D. Blanchard. Charlo  
Mobrien. Oloe, Interpreter.

To the Indian names are subjoined a mark and seal.

## ARTICLES OF A TREATY

*Made at Chicago, in the State of Illinois, on the twenty-sixth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three, between George B. Porter, Thomas J. V. Owen and William Weatherford, Commissioners on the part of the United States of the one part, and the United Nation of Chippewa, Ottawa and Potawatamie Indians of the other part, being fully represented by the Chiefs and Head-men whose names are hereunto subscribed—which Treaty is in the following words, to wit:*

Sept. 26, 1833.

Proclamation,  
Feb. 21, 1835.

See Supple-  
mentary Arti-  
cles, post, 444.

ARTICLE 1st.—The said United Nation of Chippewa, Ottawa, and Potawatamie Indians, cede to the United States all their land, along the western shore of Lake Michigan, and between this Lake and the land ceded to the United States by the Winnebago nation, at the treaty of Fort Armstrong made on the 15th September 1832—bounded on the north by the country lately ceded by the Menominees, and on the south by the country ceded at the treaty of Prairie du Chien made on the 29th July 1829—supposed to contain about five millions of acres.

Lands ceded  
to U. S.

Ante, p. 370.

Ante, p. 320.

ARTICLE 2d.—In part consideration of the above cession it is hereby agreed, that the United States shall grant to the said United Nation of Indians to be held as other Indian lands are held which have lately been assigned to emigrating Indians, a tract of country west of the Mississippi river, to be assigned to them by the President of the United States—to be not less in quantity than five millions of acres, and to be located as follows: beginning at the mouth of Boyer's river on the east side of the Missouri river, thence down the said river to the mouth of Naudoway river, thence due east to the west line of the State of Missouri, thence along the said State line to the northwest corner of the State, thence east along the said State line to the point where it is intersected by the western boundary line of the Sacs and Foxes—thence north along the said line of the Sacs and Foxes, so far as that when a straight line shall be run therefrom to the mouth of Boyer's river (the place of beginning) it shall include five millions of acres. And as it is the wish of the Government of the United States that the said nation of Indians

Lands west of  
the Mississippi  
assigned to  
the Indians.