Private Law 171 — CHAPTER 265

AN ACT

July 30, 1951
[H. R. 1443]

For the relief of Paul Matelli.

Paul Matelli.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Paul Matelli, Chicago, Illinois, the sum of $900. The payment of such sum shall be in full settlement of all claims of the said Paul Matelli against the United States for refund of part of the amount of $1,000 which he posted as cash bail bond in the case of The United States of America against Edward Caselli, and which was forfeited by the United States District Court for the Northern District of Illinois on December 6, 1932. Such court, on October 29, 1935, ordered the refund of $900 of such amount to the said Paul Matelli ($100 being deducted as court costs) but such refund could not be made because such amount had been covered into the Treasury: *Provided*, That no part of the amount appropriated in this Act in excess of 10 per centum thereof shall be paid or delivered to or received by any agent or attorney on account of services rendered in connection with this claim, and the same shall be unlawful, any contract to the contrary notwithstanding. Any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding $1,000.

Approved July 30, 1951.

Private Law 172 — CHAPTER 266

AN ACT

July 30, 1951
[H. R. 1973]

For the relief of Sanae Iida.

43 Stat. 162.
8 U. S. C. § 213 (c).

Be is enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions of section 13 (c) of the Immigration Act of 1924, as amended, relating to the exclusion of aliens inadmissible because of race, shall not hereafter apply to Sanae Iida, the Japanese fiancée of Douglas F. Reeves, a citizen of the United States, and that the said Sanae Iida may be eligible for a nonquota immigration visa if she is found otherwise admissible under the immigration laws: *Provided*, That the administrative authorities find that the marriage between the above-named parties occurred before three months after the enactment of this Act.

Approved July 30, 1951.

Private Law 173 — CHAPTER 267

AN ACT

July 30, 1951
[H. R. 2064]

For the relief of Doctor Ihor Sevcenko.

Quota deduction.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purposes of the immigration and naturalization laws, Doctor Ihor Sevcenko shall be held and considered to have been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence as of the date of the enactment of this Act, upon the payment of the required visa fee and head tax. Upon the granting of permanent residence to such alien as provided for in this Act, the Secretary of State shall instruct the proper quota-control officer to deduct one number from the number

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